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ELEGANT EXTRACTS?

or useful and Entertaining PIECES of POETRY, . lefected for the ' IMPROVEMENT of YOUTH,

L.V Speaking, Reading, Thinking, Composing; and in the

CONDUCT of LIFE;

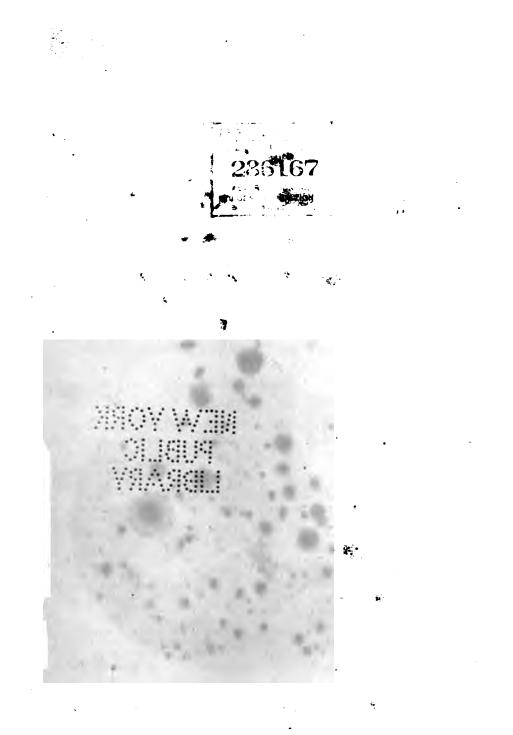
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1791



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PREFACE.

S INCE Poetry affords young perfons an innocent pleafure, a tafte for it under certain limitations, fhould be indulged. Why fhould they be forbid den to expatiate, in imagination, over the flowery fields of Arcadia, in Elyfium in the Ifles of the Bleft, and in the Vale of Tempe? The harmlefs delight which they derive from Poetry, is furely fufficient to recommend an attention to it, a an age when pleafure is the chief purfuit, even if the fweets of it were no blended with utility.

But if pleafure were the ultimate object of Poetry, there are fome who, in the rigour of auftere wifdom, would maintain that the precious days of youth might be more advantageoufly employed than in cultivating a tafte for it. To obviate their objections, it is neceffary to remind them, that Poetry has ever claimed the power of conveying inftruction in the most effectual manner, by the vehicle of pleafure.

There is reafon to believe that many young perfons of natural genius would have given very little attention to learning of any kind, if they had been introduced to it by books appealing only to their reafon and judgment, and not to their fancy. Through the pleafant paths of Poetry, they have been gradually led to the heights of fcience: they have been allured, on first fetting out, by the beauty of the fcene prefented to them into a delightful land, flowing with milk and honey; where, after having been nourifhed like the infant from the mother's breaft, they have gradually acquired ftrength enough to relish and digest the folidest food of philosophy.

This opinion feems to be confirmed by actual experience; for the greateft men, in every liberal and honourable profession, have given their early years to the charms of Poetry. Many of the most illustrious worthies in the church and in the state, were allured to the land of learning by the long of the Muse; and they would perhaps have never entered it, if their preceptors had forbidden them to lend an ear. Of so much confequence is Poetry to the genera advancement of learning.

And

And as to morals, "Poetry," in the words of Sir Philip Sydney, "doth not "only fhew the way, but giveth fo fweet a profpect of the way, as will entice any man to enter into it; nay, the Poet doth, as if your journey fhould be "through a fair vineyard, at the very firft give you a clufter of grapes, that, "full of that tafte, you may long to pais farther. He beginneth not with ob-"foure definitions, but he cometh to you with words fet in delightful propor-"tion, either accompanied with, or prepared for, the well-enchanting fkill of "mufic;—and with a tale;—he cometh unto you with a tale, which holdeth "children from play, and old men from the chimney-corner. Even those hard-"hearted evil men, who think virtue a fchool-name, and despife the austere admonitions of the philosopher, and feel not the inward reasons they fland upon, yet will be contented to be delighted; which is all the good fellow core feems to promife; and fo fleal to fee the form of goodnes; which feen, "they cannot but love, ere themselves be aware, as if they took a medicine of "cherries."

Thus Poetry, by the gentle, yet certain method of allurement, leads both to learning and to virtue. I conclude, therefore, that, under a few felf-evident reftrictions, it is properly addreffed to all young minds, in the course of a liberal education.

It muft be confeffed, at the fame time, that many fenfible men, both in the world and in the fchools of philosophy, have objected to it. They have thought that a tafte for it interfered with an attention to what they call the MAIN CHANCE. What poet ever fined for fberiff? fays Oldham. It is feldom feen that any one difeovers mines of gold and filver in Parnassus, fays Mr. Locke. Such ideas have predominated in the exchange and in the warehouse; and while they continue to be confined to those places, may perhaps, in fome inflances, be advantageous. But they ought not to operate on the mind of the gentleman, or the man of a liberal profession; and indeed there is no good reason to be given why the mercantile classes, at least of the higher order, should not amuse their leifure with any pleasures of polite literature.

That fome object to the ftudy of Poetry as a part of education, is not to be wondered at, when it is confidered that many, from want of natural fenfibility, or from long habits of inattention to every thing but fordid intereft, are totally unfurnifhed with faculties for the perception of poetical beauty. But fhall we deny the cowflip and violet their vivid colour and fweet fragrance, becaufe the quadruped who feeds in the meadow, tramples over them without perceiving either their hues or their odours? Against the oppoters of Poetry, the tafte of mankind, from China to Peru, powerfully militates.

Young

Young minds have commonly a tafte for Poetry. Unfeduced by the love of money, and unhacknied in the ways of vice, they are indeed delighted with nature and fact, though unembellished; because all objects with them have the grace of novelty: but they are transported with the charms of Poetry, where the funfhine of fancy diffuses over every thing the fine gloss, the rich colouring, of beautiful imagery and language. "Nature" (to cite Sir Philip Sydney again) "never fet forth the earth in fo rich tapeftry as diverse poets have done, " neither with fo pleafant rivers, fruitful trees, fweet-fmelling flowers, nor " what foever may make the earth more lovely.—The world is a brazen world " judgment, quite out of tafte, and not in the fweet food of SWEETLY-UTTERED " KNOWLEDGE."

It will be readily acknowledged, that ideas and precepts of all kinds, whether of morality or fcience, make a deeper impression when inculcated by the vivacity, the painting, the melody of poetical language. And what is thus deeply impreffed will alfo long remain; for metre and rhyme naturally catch hold of the memory, as the tendrils of the vine cling round the branches of the elm.

Old Orpheus and Linus are recorded in fable to have drawn the minds of favage men to knowledge, and to have polifhed human nature, by Poetry. And are not children in the flate of nature? And is it not probable that Poetry may be the best instrument to operate on them, as it was found to be on nations in the favage flate? Since, according to the mythological wifdom of the ancients, Amphion moved ftones, and Orpheus brutes, by mufic and verfe, is it not reasonable to believe, that minds which are dull, and even brutally infensible. may be penetrated, fharpened, foftened, and irradiated, by the warm influence of fine Poetry ?

But it is really superfluous to expatiate either on the delight or the utility of Poetry. The fubject has been exhausted; and, whatever a few men of little tafte and feeling, or of minds entirely fordid and fecular, may object, fuch are the charms of the Goddefs, fuch her powerful influence over the heart of man, that fhe will never want voluntary votaries at her fhrine. The Author of Nature has kindly implanted in man a love of Poetry, to folace him under the labours and forrows of life. A great part of the Scriptures is poetry and verfe. The wife fon of Sirach enumerates, among the most honourable of mankind, SUCH AS FOUND OUT MUSICAL TUNES, AND RECITED VERSES IN WRITING.

With respect to this Compilation, the principal subject of this Preface (but from which I have been feduced into a digretion, by giving my fuffrage in fayour of an art I love)-if I should be asked what are its pretentions, 1 must Freelv freely answer, that it professes nothing more than (what is evident at first fight) to be a larger Collection of English Verse, FOR THE USE OF SCHOOLS, than has ever yet been published IN ONE VOLUME. The original intention was to comprize in it a great number and variety of such pieces as were already in use in schools, or which seemed proper for the use of them; such a number and variety as might furnish something satisfactory to every taste, and serve as a little Poetical Library for school-boys, precluding the inconvenience and expence of a multitude of volumes.

Such was the defign of the Publication. The Editor can claim no praife beyond that of the defign. The praise of ingenuity is all due to the Poets whose works have fupplied the materials. What merit can there be in directing a famous and popular paffage to be inferted from Shakspeare, Milton, Pope, Gray, and many others of lefs fame, indeed, but in great effeem, and of allowed genius? Their own luftre pointed them out, like flars of the first magnitude in the heavens. There was no occasion for fingular acuteness of vision, or of optical glaffes, to difcover a brightness which obtruded itself on the eye. The best pieces are usually the most popular. They are loudly recommended by the voice of Fame, and indeed have been already felected in a variety of volumes of preceding collections. To confess an humiliating truth, in making a book like this, the hand of the artifan is more employed than the head of the writer. Utility and innocent entertainment are the fole defigns of the Editor; and if they are accomplifhed, he is fatisfied, and cheerfully falls back into the fhade of obscurity. He is confident that the Book cannot but be useful and entertaining; but he is, at the fame time, fo little inclined to boaft of his work, that he is ready to confess, that almost any man, willing to incur a confiderable expence, and undergo a little trouble, might have furnished as good a collection.

As tafte will for ever differ, fome may wish to have seen in it passages from fome favourite, yet obscure poet, and some also from their own works; but it was the business of the Editor of a *febrol-book like this*, not to infert scarce and curious works, such as please virtues readers, chiefly from their rarity, but to collect such as were *publicly known and univerfully celebrated*. The more known, the more celebrated, the better they were adapted to this Collection; which is not defigned, like the leffons of some dancing-masters, for grown gentlemen, but for young learners only; and it will readily occur to every one, that what is old to men and women, may be, and for the most part mush be, NEW to boys and girls receiving their education. Private judgment, in a work like this, mush often give way to public. Some things are interted in this Volume, entirely in fubmidlive deference to public opinion; which when general and long continued, is

P R E F A C E.

is the leaft fallible teft of merit in the fine arts, and particularly in Poetry. Whatever was found in previous collections, which experience had pronounced proper for fchools, has been freely taken and admitted : the ftamp of experience gave it currency. The freedom of borrowing, it is hoped, will be pardoned, as the collectors, with whom it has been used, first set the example of it.

It is unneceffary, and perhaps might be deemed impertinent, to point out the mode of using the Collection to the best advantage. It is evident that it may be used in schools, either in recitation, transcription, the exercise of the memory, or in imitation. It furnishes an abundance of models, which are the best means of exciting genius. Such Arts of Poetry as those of Gildon, Bysshe, Newbery, and their imitators, effect but little in the dry method of technical precept; and the young Poet, like the Sculptor, will improve most by working after a model. It is evident that this Collection may be usefully read at ENG-LISH SCHOOLS, in the classe, just as the Latin and Greek authors are read at the grammar-schools, by explaining every thing grammatically, historically, metrically, and critically; and then giving a portion to be learned by memory. The Book, it is hoped, will be particularly agreeable and useful in the private fudies of the amiable young fludent, whose first love is the love of the Muse, and who courts her in his fummer's walk, and his winter's folitude.

In the latter part many little pieces are admitted, mere *lufus poetici*, chiefly for the diversion of the ftudent. They are, it must be confessed, no more than flowrets at the bottom of Parnassius; but it is hoped, that their admission will be approved, as they may gradually lead the scholar to ascend higher up the hill, who might have been deterred from approaching it if he had seen nothing in the first prospect, but the sublime, the solemn, and the sombrous.

To every Edition a great variety of long and valuable Poems has been added, and the volume is confequently much enlarged. A few pieces have been of necessity omitted, the infertion of which would have rendered the Book unwieldy. Their omission is amply supplied by the copious addition of new Materials.—If some missikes have infinuated themfelves, in confequence of the Editor's distance from the press, it is hoped they will be considered with candour.

The reader will have no caufe to complain, if, inftead of *Extracts*, he often finds whole poems inferted. This has been done whenever it feemed confiftent with the defign, and could be done without *injufice*. In this matter, the opinion of those who must be supposed best qualified to give it, was asked, and followed. The wish was to take nothing but what seemed to lie on the *common*, relinquished or neglected by the lord of the manor.

A 3

Though

Though the Book is divided into Four Parts, yet the formality of regular and fyftematical arrangement of the component pieces, has not been firicily obferved. Such compilations as these have not unfrequently been called garlands and nosegays: but in a garland or nosegay, who would place the tulips, the lilies, the pinks, and the roses in separate compartments? In this artificial disposition, their beauty and fragrance would be less pleasing than if they were carelessly mingled with all the ease and wildness of natural variety. I hope the analogy will hold; if not, I must throw myself in this, as I do in all other circumstances of this Publication, upon my readers indulgence. I expect not praise; but I confide in receiving pardon.

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5 1. An Aldrefs to the Deity. THOMSON. **FATHER** of light and life! Thou GOOD SUPREME!

O teach me what is good. Teach me THYSELF! Save me from folly, vanity, and vice; From ev'ry low purfuit! and feed my foul With knowledge, confcious peace, and virtue pure; Sacred, fubftantial, never-fading blifs!

§ 2. Another Addrefs to the Deity. YOUNG. O THOU great Arbiter of life and death ! Nature's immortal, immaterial Sun ! Whofe all-prolific beam late call'd me forth From darknefs, teeming darknefs, where I lay The worm's inferior, and in rank beneath The duft I tread on, high to bear my brow; To drink the fipirit of the golden day, And triumph in exiftence; and couldft know No motive but my blifs; and haft ordain'd A rife in bleffing ! with the Patriarch's joy, Thy call I follow to the land unknown. I truft in Thee, and know in whom I truft; Or life or death is equal; neither weighs ! All weight in this—O let me live to Thee !

§ 3. The Morning Hymn of Alam and Eve. Milton.

THESE are thy glorious works, Parent of good, Almighty, thine this univerfal frame, Thus wond'rous fair; thy felf how wond'rous then! Unfpeakable, who fitt'h above thefe Heavens To us invitible, or dimly feen In thefe thy loweft works; yet thefe declare Thy goodnefs beyond thought, and pow'r divine. Speak ye who bett can tell, ye fons of light, Angels; for ye behold him, and with fongs And choral fymphonies, day without night, Circle his throne rejoicing; ye in heav'n, On earth, join all ye creatures to extol Him firft, him laft, him midft, and without end. Faireft of flars, laft in the train of night, If better thou belong not to the dawn, Sure pledge of day, that crown'ft the fimiling morn With thy bright circlet, praife him in thy iphere, While day arifes, that iweet hour of prime. Thou Sun, of this great world both eye and foul, Acknowledge Him thy greater; found his praife In thy eternal courfe, both when thou climb'ft, And when high noon has gain'd, and when thou fall'ft.

Moon, that now meet'ft the orient fun, now fly'ft With the fix'd ftars, fix'd in their orb that flies, And ye five other wand'ring fires that move In myflic dance, not without fong, refound His praise, who out of darknet's call'd up light. Air, and ye elements, the eldest birth Of Nature's womb, that in quaternion run Perpetual circle, multiform, and mix And nourifh all things; let your ceafelefs change Vary to our great Maker still new praise. Ye Mifts and Exhalations that now rife From hill or ftreaming lake, dufky or grey, Till the fun paint your fleecy fkirts with gold, In honour to the world's great Author rife ! Whether to deck with clouds th'uncolour'd fky, Or wet the thirsty earth with falling show'rs, Rifing or falling, still advance his praise. His praise, ve Winds, that from four quarters blow, Breathe foft or loud; and wave your tops, ye Pines, With every plant in fign of worthip wave. Fountains, and ye that warble as ye flow Melodious muimurs, warbling, tune his praife. Join voices, all ye living Souls; ye Birds, That finging up to Heav'n's gate afcend, Bear on your wings and in your notes his praife. Ye that in waters glide, and ye that walk The earth, and flately tread, or lowly creep; Witneß R

Watnefs if I be filent, morn or even, To hill or valley, fountain, or fresh shade Made vocal by my fong, and taught his praife. Hail, univerfal Lord ! be bounteous still To give us only good ; and if the night Have gather'd aught of evil, or conceal'd, Disperie it, as now light dispels the dark.

§ 4. The Universal Prayer. POPE. Deo opt. max.

FATHER of all ! in ev'ry age, In ev'ry clime, ador'd, By Saint, by Savage, and by Sage, Jehovah, Jove, or Lord ! Thou Great First Cause, least understood, Who all my fenfe confin'd To know but this, that Thou art good, And that myself am blind ; Yet gave me, in this dark estate To fee the good from ill ; And, binding nature fast in fate. Left free the human will. What confcience dictates to be done, Or warns me not to do, This teach me more than hell to fhun ; That more than heav'n purfue. What bleffings thy free bounty gives Let me not caft away ; or God is paid when man receives ; 'T'enjoy is to obey. Yet not to earth's contracted fpan Thy goodness let me bound. Or think Thee Lord alone of man, When thousand worlds are round, Prefume thy bolts to throw, On each I judge thy foe. Still in the right to ftay; If I am wrong, Oh teach my heart To find that better way. Save me alike from foolifh pride, Or impious difcontent; At aught thy wifdom has deny'd, Or aught thy goodnefs lent. Teach me to feel another's woc; To hide the fault I fee ; That mercy I to others show, That mercy flow to me. Mean tho' I am, not wholly fo, Since quicken'd by thy breath; O lead me wherefoe'er I go, Thro' this day's life or death. This day, be bread and peace my lot : All clie beneath the fun Thou know'st if best bestow'd or not ; And let thy will be done.

To Thee, whose temple is all space; Whofe altar, earth, fea, fkics ! One chorus let all being raife ! All nature's incense rife !

§ c. Hymn on Gratitude. ADDISON.

WHEN all thy mercies, O my God, My rifing foul furveys; Transported with the view, I'm loft In wonder, love, and praife. O how fhall words with equal warmth The gratitude declare That glows within my ravifh'd heart ? But thou canft read it there.

Thy providence my life fuftain'd. And all my wants redreft, When in the filent womb I lay,

And hung upon the breaft.

To all my weak complaints and cries Thy mercy lent an car,

To form themfelves in pray'r.

Thy tender care beftow'd,

With heedlefs fteps I ran,

And led me up to man.

It gently clear'd my way,

More to be fear'd than they.

Reviv'd my foul with grace.

Thy bounteous hand with worldly blifs Has made my cup run o'er,

Has doubled all my ftore.

Ten thousand thousand precious gifts; My daily thanks employ;

Nor is the least a cheerful heart That tailes those gifts with joy.

Through every period of my life Thy goodness Pll purfue ; And after death in diftant worlds

The glorious theme renew.

When nature fails, and day and night Divide thy works no more,

My ever-grateful heart, O Lord, Thy mercy shall adore.

Through all eternity to Thee A joyful fong I'll raife; For O ! Eternity's too thort

To utter all thy praise !

§ 6. Hym

Let not this weak, unknowing hand And deal damnation round the land

If I am right, thy grace impart

Ere yet my feeble thoughts had learnt

Unnumber'd comforts to my foul

Before my infant heart conceiv'd From whom those comforts flow'd.

When in the flipp'ry paths of youth

Thine arm unfeen convey'd me fafe,

Thro' hidden dangers, toils, and deaths,

And through the pleafing fnares of vice,

When worn with fickness, oft hast thou With health renew'd my face,

And when in fins and forrows funk,

And in a kind and faithful friend

Hymn on Providence, from Psalm 23d. ADDISON.

Lord my pafture fhall prepare, i feed me with a fhepherd's care : ence fhall my wants fupply, ard me with a watchful eye; n-day walks he fhall attend, my midnight hours defend.

n the fultry glebe I faint, te thirfty mountains pant; le vales, and devy meads, ury wand'ring fteps he leads; peaceful rivers, foft and flow, te verdant landfkip flow.

the paths of Death I tread, oomy horrors overfpread, fast heart shall fear no ill, 1, O Lord, art with me still; andly crook shall give me aid, de me through the dreadful shade.

a bare and rugged way, 1 devious lonely wilds I ftray, 1 nty fhall my pains beguile: ren wildernefs fhall finile, 1 den greens and herbage crown'd; ams fhall murmur all around.

in, from the beginning of the 19th Plalm. Addison.

pacious firmament on high, h all the blue ethereal fky, Igled heav'ns, a fhining frame, reat Original proclaim : aried fun, from day to day, Creator's pow'r difplay, lifhes to ev'ry land k of an Almighty hand.

he evening fhades prevail, n takes up the wond'rous tale, tly to the lift'ning earth he ftory of her birth : Il the flars that round her burn, he planets in their turn, he tidings as they roll, ad the truth from pole to pole.

ugh in folemn filence all ind the dark terreffrial ball ! " nor real voice nor found ir radiant orbs be found ! s ear they all rejoice, forth a glorious voice, inging as they fine, as that made us is divine".

§ 8. Hymn. Mrs. Rowe. prious armies of the fky uee, Almighty King, nt anthems confectate, hallelujahs fing.

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But ftill their most exalted flights Fall vasily short of thee : How distant then must human praise From thy perfections be !

Yet how, my God, fhall I refrain, When to my ravifh'd fenfe Each creature, everywhere around, Difplays thy excellence !

The active lights that fhine above, In their eternal dance,

Reveal their skilful Maker's praise With filent elegance.

The bluthes of the morn confess That thou art fill more fair, When in the East its beams revive,

To gild the fields of air.

The fragrant, the refreshing breeze Of ev'ry flow'ry bloom

In balmy whifpers own, from Thee Their pleafing odours come.

The finging birds, the warbling winds, And waters murm'ring fall,

To praife the first Almighty Cause, With diff'rent voices call.

Thy num'rous works exalt thee thus, And fhall I filent be?

No; rather let me ceafe to breathe, Than ceafe from praifing Thee !

§ 9. Hymn. Mrs. Rowe.

THOU didft, O mighty God! exift Ere time began its race; Before the ample elements

Fill'd up the void of fpace :

Before the pond'rous earthly globe In fluid air was ftay'd; Before the ocean's mighty fprings Their liquid ftores difplay'd:

Ere through the gloom of ancient night The fitreaks of light appear'd; Before the high celeftial arch Or flarry poles were rear'd:

Before the loud melodious fpheres Their tuneful round begun; Before the fhining roads of heav'a Were meafur'd by the fun:

Ere thro' the empyrean courts One hallelujah rung;

Or to their harps the fons of light Extaric anthems fung :

Ere men ador'd, or angels knew, Or prais'd thy wond'rous name ; Thy blifs, O facred Spring of life ! Thy glory was the fame.

And when the pillars of the world With fidden ruin break,

And all this vaft and goodly frame Sinks in the mighty wreck ;

B s



When from her orb the moon shall start, Th'aftonish'd fun roll back, And all the trembling flarry lamps Their ancient course forfake ;

For ever permanent and fix'd, From agitation free, Unchang'd in everlafting years, Shall thy existence be.

§ 10. Hymn, from Pfalm 148th. OGILVIE.

BEGIN, my foul, th'exalted lay ! Let each enraptur'd thought obey, And praife th'Almighty's name : Lo! heaven and earth, and feas and fkies, In one melodious concert rife, To fwell th'infpiring theme.

Ye fields of light, celeftial plains, Where gay transporting beauty reigns,

Ye fcenes divinely fair ! Your Maker's wond'rous power proclaim;

Tell how he form'd your fhining frame, And breath'd the fluid air.

Ye angels, catch the thrilling found ! While all th'adoring thrones around

His boundlefs mercy fing : Let ev'ry lift'ning faint above Wake all the tuneful foul of love,

And touch the fweeteft ftring.

Join, ye loud fpheres, the vocal choir : Thou dazzling orb of liquid fire, The mighty chorus aid :

Soon as grey ev'ning gilds the plain, Thou moon protract the melting strain,

And praife him in the fhade.

Thou heav'n of heav'ns, his vaft abode. Ye clouds, proclaim your forming God,

Who call'd yon worlds from night : "Ye fhades, difpel !"-th'Eternii faid ! At once th'involving darkness fled,

And nature forung to light. Whate'er a blooming world contains,

That wings the air, that fkims the plains, United praise bestow :

Ye dragons found his awful name To heav'n aloud ! and roar acclaim Ye fwelling deeps below.

Let ev'ry element rejoice : Ye thunders, burft with awful voice

To him who bids you roll ;

His praise in foster notes declare, Each whifpering breeze of yielding air, And breathe it to the foul.

To him, ye graceful cedars, bow ; Ye row'ring mountains, bending low,

Your great Creator own ; Tell when affrighted nature shook, How Sinai kindled at his look,

And trembled at his frown.

Ye flocks that haunt the humble vale, Ye infects fluttering on the gale,

In mutual concourfe rife ? Crop the gay roles vermeil bloom, And waft its fpoils, a fweet perfume, In incenfe to the fkies. Wake all ye mounting tribes, and fing ; Ye plumy warblers of the ipring, Harmonious anthems raife To him who fhap'd your finer mould, Who tipp'd your glittering wings with gold, And turn'd your voice to praise. Let man, by nobler paffions fway'd, The feeling heart the judging head, In heav'nly praife employ; Spread his tremendous name around, Till heav'n's broad arch rings back the found, The gen'ral burft of joy. Ye whom the charms of grandeur pleafe, Nurs'd on the downy lap of eafe, Fall proftrate at his throne : Ye princes, rulers, all adore ; Praife him, ye kings, who make your pow'r An image of his own. Ye fair by nature, form'd to move, O praife th'eternal Source of love,

With youth's enlivening fire: Let age take up the tuneful lay, Sigh his blefs'd name-then foar away,

And afk an angel's lyre.

§11. Hymn. ANON.

HOW are thy fervants bleft, O Lord ? How fure is their defence ! Eternal Wifdom is their guide; Their help Ommpotence. In foreign realms and lands remote,

Supported by thy care, Through burning clumes I pafs'd unhurts And breath'd in tainted air.

Thy mercy fweeten'd every foil, Made every region pleafe ;

The hoary Alpine hills it warm'd, And finooth'd the Tyrrhene fcas.

Think, O my foul, devoutly think, How with affrighted eyes

Thou faw'ft the wide extended deep In all its horrors rife !

Confusion dwelt in ev'rv face, And fear in ev'ry heart,

When waves on waves, and gulphs in gulph O'ercame the pilot's art.

Yet then from all my griefs, O Lord, Thy mercy let me free;

While in the confidence of pray'r My foul took hold on thee.

For tho' in dreadful whirls we hung High on the broken wave,

I knew thou wert not flow to hear, Nor impotent to fave.

orm was laid, the winds retir'd, bedient to thy will; a that roar'd at thy command, t thy command was ftill. If of dangers, fears, and deaths, 'hy goodne's 1'l! adore; raife thee for thy mercies paft, nd humbly hope for more. c, if thou preferv'ft my life, hy facrifice fhall be; eath, if death muft be my doom, nall join my foul to thee.

§ 12. Hymn. ANON.

EN rifing from the bed of death, 'erwhelm'd with guilt and fear, y Maker face to face, ! how fhall I appear ?

while pardon may be found, nd mercy may be fought, art with inward horror fhrinks, nd trembles at the thought; thou, O Lord fhalt fland difelos'd

inajeity fevere, in judgment on my foul,

! how fhall I appear !

ou haft told the troubled foul, 'ho does her fins lament, nely tribute of her tears all endlefs woes prevent.

ee the forrows of my heart, e yet it be too late; ar my Saviour's dying groans, o give those forrows weight.

er fhall my foul de(pair r pardon to procure, nows the only Son has dy'd make that pardon fure.

§ 13. Pfalm 4th. MERRICK.

NDER of my rightful caule, nile anguish from my bosom draws :p-felt figh, the ocalcles pray'r, thy fervant ftill thy care. d, which oft my griefs has heal'd, again, intrcated, yield. . ng, ye fons of pride, how long lihood arm your impious tongue, ing rage your breaft inflame. v'r to thwart, my acts defame? I my heart shall vent its woe, rompt his bleffing to befrow whofe breaft has learn'd his fear, my plaint the willing car. uld'ft thou pleafe ? With rev'rent awe the dictates of his Law : : on thy couch reclin'd o its depth thy reftlefs mind, h'd to peace the tumult lie, ub and firife within thee die.

With pureft gifts approach his fhrine, And fafe to him thy care refign. I hear a hopelefs train demand, " Where's now the wifh'd Deliv'rer's hand ?" Do Thou, my God, do thou reply, And let thy prefence from on high, In full effusion o'er our head Its all-enlivining influence fhed. What joy my confeious heart o'erflows ! Not fuch th'exulting lab'rer knows, When to his long expecting eyes The Vintage and the harvests rife And, fladowing wide the cultur'd foil, With full requital crown his toil. My weary eyes in fleep I close ; My limbs, fecure, to reft compose; For Thou, great God, shall screen my head, And plant a guard around my bed.

§ 14. Pfulm 5th. MERRICK.

THE words that from my lips proceed, [read) My thoughts (for Thou those thoughts can'it My God, my King, attentive weigh, And hear, Q hear me, when I pray. With earlieft zeal, with wakeful care, To Thee my foul shall pour its pray'r, And, ere the dawn has ftreak'd the iky, To thee direct its longing eye : To Thee, whom nought obfcur'd by flain Can please ; whose doors to feet profane Inexorable fland; whose Law Offenders from thy fight shall awe. Let each whole tongue to lies is turn'd, Who leffons of deceit has learn'd, Or thirsts a brother's blood to fhed, Thy hate and heavieft vengeance dread, But I, whole hope thy Love fupports (How great that Love!) will tread thy Courts, My knees in lowlieft rev'rence bend, And tow'rd thy fhrine my hands extend. Do thou, just God, my path prepare, And guard me from each hoftile inare; O lend me thy conducting ray, And level to my fteps thy way. Behold me by a troop inclos'd, Of fallhood and of guilt compos'd : Their throat a fepulchre difplays, Deep, wide, infatiate; in their praife Lurks flatt'ry, and with fpecious art Belies the purpose of their heart, O let the mifchiefs they intend. Retorted on themfelves defeend And let thy wrath correct their fin, Whole hearts thy mercy fails to wn May all whofe truft on Thee is plac'd Peace and delight perpetual tafte, Sav'd by thy care, in fongs of joy Their ever grateful voice employ, And thare the gifts on those bestow'd, Who love the name of Jacob's God. To each who bears a guiltlefs heart, Thy grace its bleffings shall impart Strong as the brazen fhield, thy aid Around him cafts its cov'ring fhade.

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§ 15. Pfalm 6th. MERRICK. O SPARE me, Lord, nor o'er my head The fulnefs of thy vengeance fhed. With pitying eye my weakness view, Heal my vex'd Soul, my ftrength renew ! And O, if yet my fins demand The wife corrections of thy hand, Yet give my pains their bounds to know, And fix a period to my woe. Return, great God, return, and fave Thy fervant from the greedy grave. Shall Death's long-filent tongue, O fay, The records of thy pow'r difplay, Or pale Corruption's startled car Thy praise within its prison hear? By languor, grief, and care oppreft, With groans perpetual heaves my breaft, And tears, in large profusion shed, Inceffant lave my fleeplefs bed. My life, though yet in mid career, Beholds the winter of its year (While clouds of grief around me roll, And hoftile ftorms invade my foul) Relentless from my cheek each trace Of youth and blooming health erafe, And fpread before my walting fight The fhades of all-obscuring night.

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Hence, ye profane: My Saviour hears; While yet I fpeak, he wipes my tears, Accepts my pray'r, and bids each foe With fhame their vain attempts forego, And, fruck with horror from on high, In wild diforder backward fly.

§ 16. Pfalm Sth. MERRICK. I Mmortal King ! through Earth's wide frame How great thy honour, praise, and name ! Whole reign o'er distant worlds extends, Whole glory heav'n's vaft height transcends ! From infants Thou canft ftrength upraife, And form their lisping tongues to praise : By thefe the vengeance-breathing Foe, Thy mightier terrors taught to know, In mute aftonishment shall stand, And bow beneath thy conqu'ring hand. When, rapt in thought, with wakeful eye I view the wonders of the fky, Whole frame thy fingers o'er our head In rich magnificence have foread. The filent Moon, with waxing horn Along th'ethereal region borne; The Stars with vivid luftre crown'd, That mighty walk their deftin'd round, Lord! What is man, that in thy care His humble lot fhould find a fhare! Or what the Son of Man, that Thou Thus to his wants thy ear fhouldst bow? His rank awhile, by thy decree, Th'Angelic Tribes beneath them fee, Till round him thy imparted rays With unextinguish'd glory blaze. Subjected to his feet by thee, To Him all Nature bows the knee;

The beafts in him their Lord behold The grazing herd, the bleating fold, The favage race, a countlefs train, That range at large th'extended plain, The fowls, of various wing, that fly O'er the vaft defart of the fky, And all the wat'ry tribes, that glide Through paths to human fight deny'd. Immortal King! through Earth's wide frame, How great thy honour, praife, and name!

§ 17. Pfalm 23d. MERRICK. LO, my Shepherd's hand divine ! Want shall never more be mine. In a pasture fair and large He shall feed his happy Charge, And my couch with tend'reft care, 'Midft the fpringing grafs prepare. When I faint with fummer's heat, He shall lead my weary feet To the streams that still and slow Though the verdant meadow flow. Here my foul anew shall frame, And, his mercy to proclaim, When through devious paths I stray, Teach my steps the better way. Though the dreary vale I tread, By the shades of death o'erspread; There I walk from terror free, While my ev'ry wifh I fee By thy rod and staff supply'd; This my guard, and that my guide. While my foes are gazing on, Thou thy fav'ring care haft flown ; Thou my plenteous board haft fpread; Thou with Oil refresh'd my head; Fill'd by Thee, my cup o'erflows; For thy Love no limit knows: Conftant, to my lateft end, This my footsteps shall attend, And shall bid thy hallow'd Dome Yield mc an eternal home.

§ 18. Pfalm 122d. MERRICK.

THE feftal Morn, my God, is come, That calls me to thy honour'd Doine, Thy prefence to adore : My fect the fummons fhall attend, With willing fleps thy Courts afcend, And tread the hallow'd floor. 2. Ev'n now to our transported eves Fair Sion's tow'rs in prospect rife; Within her gates we fland, And, loft in wonder and delight,

Behold her happy Sons unite In friendship's firmest band.

Hither from Judah's utmost end The Heav'n-protected Tribes ascend;

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Their off rings hither bring; Here, cager to atteft their joy, In hymns of Praile their tongues employ, And hail th'immortal King.

By his Command impelled, to Her Contending Crowds their caufe refer; While Princes from her Throne, With equal doom, th'anerring Law Difpente, who boast their birth to draw From Jeffe's favour'd Son.

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Be Peace by each implor'd on Thee, O Salem, while with bended knee To Jacob's God we pray: How bleft, who calls himfelf thy Friend 1 Succefs his labour fhall attend, And fafety guard his way.

6.

O may'ft thou, free from hoftile fear, Nor the loud voice of tumult hear, Nor war's wild waftes deplore: May plenty nigh thee take her ftand, And in thy Courts with lavifh hand Diffribute all her ftore.

Seat of my Friends and Brethren, hail I How can my tongue, O Salem, fail To blefs thy lov'd Abode? How ceafe the zeal that in me glows Thy good to fick, whofe walls inclofe The manfion of my God !

§ 19. The 8th Pfalm translated. CHRISTOPHER PITT.

O KING eternal and divine ! The world is thine alone : Above the ftars thy glories fhine, Above the heav'ns thy throne.

How far extends thy mighty name ! Where'er the Sun can roll,

That fun thy wonders shall proclaim, Thy decds from pole to pole.

The infant's tongue shall speak thy power, And vindicate thy laws!

The tongue that never fpoke before Shall labour in thy caufe.

For when I lift my thoughts and eyes, And view the heav'ns around, Yon ftretching wafte of azure fkies,

With Stars and Planets crown'd;

Who in their dance attend the Moon, The emprefs of the night, And pour around her filver throne Their tributary light :

Lord ! what is mortal man ? that he Thy kind regard fhould fhare ?

What is his Son, who claims from thee, And challenges thy care ? Next to the bleft Angelic kind, Thy hands created man, And this inferior world atfign'd, To dignify his fpan.

Him all revere, and all obey His delegated reign;

The flocks that through the valley firay, The herds that graze the plain.

The furious tiger fpeeds his flight, And trembles at his power;

In fear of his Superior might, The lions ceafe to roar.

Whatever horrid monfters tread The paths beneath the fea,

Their King at awful diftance dread, And fullenly obey.

O Lord, how far extends thy name ! Where'er the fun can roll,

That fun thy wonders shall proclaim; Thy deeds from pole to pole.

§ 20. Plalm the 24th, paraphrased. PITT.

FAR as the world can stretch its bounds,

The Lord is King of all,

His wond'rous power extends around The circuit of the ball.

For he within the gloomy deeps Its dark foundations caft, And rear'd the pillars of the earth Amid the watery wafte.

Who shall ascend his Sion's hill, And see Jehovah there? Who from his sacred shrine shall breaths

The facrifice of prayer ?

He only whofe unfully'd foul Fair virtue's paths has trod,

Who with clean hands and heart regards His neighbour and his God.

On him shall his indulgent Lord Diffusive bounties shed;

From God his Saviour shall descend All bleffings on his head.

Of those who seek his righteous ways Is this the chosen race,

Who bask in all his bounteous smiles, And flourish in his grace.

Lift up your stately heads, ye doors, With hasty rev'rence rife;

Ye everlafting doors, who guard The passes of the fkies.

Swift from your golden hinges leap, Your barriers roll away,

Now throw your blazing portals wide, And burft the gates of day.

For fee! the King of Glory comes Along th'ethereal road :

The cherubs through your folds shall bear The triumph of your God. B 4

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Who is this great and glorious King? Oh''tis the Lord, whole might Decides the conqueft, and fulpends The balance of the fight. Lift up your flately heads, ye doors.

Lift up your ftately heads, ye doors, With hafty rev'rence rife; Ye everlafting doors, who guard

The passes of the skies.

Swift from your golden hinges leap, Your barriers roll away,

Now throw your blazing portals wide, And burit the gates of day.

For fee ! the King of Glory comes Along th'ethereal road :

The cherubs through your folds shall bear The triumphs of their God.

Who is this great and glorious King? Oh ! 'ris the God, whofe care Leads on his Ifrael to the field,

Whole pow'r controuls the War.

§ 21. Pfalm 29th. PITT. YE mighty princes, your Oblations bring, And pay due honours to your awful King ; His boundless power to all the world proclaim, Bend at his flirine, and tremble at his name. For hark ! his voice, with unrefifted fway, Rules and controuls the raging of the Sea; Within due bounds the mighty ocean keeps, And in their watery cavern awes the deeps : Shook by that voice, the nodding groves around Start from their roots, and fly the dreadful found. The blafted cedars low in duft are laid, And Lebanon is left without a shade. See! when he speaks, the lofty mountains crowd, And fly for shelter from the thundering God : Sirion and Lebanon, like hinds, advance, And in wild meafures lead th'unwieldy dance. His voice, his mighty voice, divides the fire. Back from the blaft the fhrinking flames retire. Ev'n Cades trembles when Jehovah fpeaks; With all his Savages the defart shakes. At the dread found the hinds with fear are flung, And in the lonely foreft drop their young : While in his hallow'd temple all proclaim His glorious honours, and adore his name. High o'er the foaming furges of the fea He fits, and bids the liftening deeps obey : He reigns o'er all; for ever lafts his power Till nature finks, and time fhall be no more. With ftrength the fons of Ifrael shall he blefs, And crown our tribes with happines and peace.

§ 22. Pfulm 46th paraphrajed. PITT.

O^N God we build our fure defence; In God our hope repose: His hand protects us in the fight, And guards us from our woes. Then, be the earth's unwieldy frame

From its foundations hurl'd, We may, unmov'd with fear, enjoy The ruins of the world.

What though the folid rocks be rent ? In tempefts whirl'd away ? What though the hills fhould burft their roots, And roll into the Sea? Thou fea, with dreadful tumults fwell, And bid thy waters rife In furious furges, till they dash The flood-gates of the fkics. Our minds fhall be ferene and calm, Like Siloah's peaceful flood ; Whofe foft and filver streams refresh The City of our God. Within the proud delighted waves The wanton turrets play; The streams lead down their humid train, Reluctant to the Sea. Amid the fcene the temple floats, With its reflected towers, Gilds all the furface of the flood, And dances to the fhores. With wonder fee what mighty power Our facred Sion chears, Lo ! there, amidit her flately walls, Her God, her God appears. Fixt on her bafis we shall stand, And, innocently proud, Smile on the tuinults of the world, Beneath the wings of God. See ! how their weaknefs to proclaim, The heathen tribes engage ! See! how with fruitlefs wrath they burn, And impotence of rage! But God has fpoke; and lo! the world, His terrors to difplay, With all the melting globe of earth, Drops filently away. Still to the mighty Lord of hofts Securely we refort ; For refuge fly to Jacob's God, Our fuccour and fupport. Hither, ve numerous nations, crowd, In filent rapture fland, And fee o'er all the earth difplay'd The wonders of his hand. He bids the din of war be still. And all its tumults ceafe ; He bids the guiltlefs trumpet found The harmony of peace. He breaks the tough reluctant bow, He builts the brazen fpear ; And in the crackling fire his hand Confumes the blazing ear. Hear then his formidable voice. " Be ftill and know the Lord, " By all the heathen I'll be fear'd; " By all the earth ador'd." Still to the mighty Lord of hofts Securely we refort ; For refuge fly to Jacob's God ! Our fuccour and fupport,

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§ 23. Pfalm 90th paraphrased. PITT. T HY hand, O Lord, through rolling years Has fav'd us from despair, From period down to period ftretch'd The profpects of thy care. Before the world was first conceiv'd, Before the pregnant earth Call'd forth the Mountains from her womb, Who ftruggled to their birth; Eternal God ! thy early days Beyond duration run, Ere the first race of startling time Was meafur'd by the Sun. We die; but future nations hear Thy potent voice again, Rife at the fummons, and reftore The perifh'd race of man; Before thy comprehensive fight, Duration fleets away; And rapid ages on the wing, Fly fwifter than a day. As great Jehovah's piercing eyes Eternity explore, The longest æra is a night; A period is an hour. We at thy mighty call, O Lord, Our fancy'd beings leave, Rouz'd from the flattering dream of life, To fleep within the grave. Swift from their barrier to their goal The rapid moments pais, And leave poor man, for whom they run, The emblem of the grafs. In the first morn of life it grows, And lifts its verdant head ; At noon decays, at evening dies, And withers in the mead. We in the glories of thy face Our fecret fins furvey And fee how gloomy those appear; How pure and radiant they. To death as our appointed goal Thy anger drives us on To that full period fix'd at length This tale of life is done. With winged fpeed, to flated bounds And limits we must fly, While feventy rolling funs complete Their circles in the fky. Or if ten more around us roll, 'Tis labour, woe, and strife, Till we at length are quite drawn down To the last dregs of life. But who, O Lord, regards thy wrath, Though dreadful and fevere ? That wrath, whatever fear he feels, Is equal to his fear. So teach us, Lord, to count our days, And eye their constant race,

Book I.

To measure what we want in time, By wildom and by grace. With us repent, and on our hearts Thy choiceft graces fhed, And fhow'r from thy celeftial throne Thy bleffings on our head. Oh! may thy mercy crown us here, And come without delay; Then our whole course of life will scena One glad triumphant day. Now the bleft years of joy reftore, For those of grief and strife, And with one pleafant drop allay The bitter draught of life. Thy wonders to the world difplay, Thy fervants to adorn, That may delight their future fons, And children yet unborn; Thy beams of Majefty diffuse; With them thy great commands,

And bid profperity attend The labours of our hands.

§ 24. Pfalm 144th paraphrafed. PITT, MY foul, in raptures rife to blefs the Lord, Whotaught my hands to draw the fatal fword Led by his arm, undaunted I appear In the first ranks of death, and front of war. He taught me first the pointed fpear to wield, And mow the glorious harvest of the field. By him infpir'd, from ftrength toftrength I pat, Plung'd through the troops, and laid the battle

In him my hopes I center and repole, [wafte. He guards my life, and fhields me from my foes. He held his ample buckler o'er my head, And fereen'd me trembling in the mighty fhade : Againft all hoftile violence and power, He was my fivord, my bulwark, and my tower. He o'er my people will maintain my fivay, And teach my willing fubjects to obey.

Lord! what is man, of vile and humble birth, Sprung with his kindred reptiles from the earth, That he fhould thus thy fecret counfels fhare? Or what his fon, who challenges thy care? Why does thine eye regard this nothing, man? His life a point, his meafure but a fpan! The fancy'd pageant of a moment made, Swift as a dream, and fleeting as a fhade.

Come in thy power, and leave th'ethereal plain, And to thy harnefs'd tempeft give the rein; Y on ftarry arch thall bend beneath the load, So load the chariot, and fo great the God! Soon as his rapid wheels Jehovah rolls, The folding fkies thall tremble to the poles: Heaven's gaudy axle with the world thall fall, Leap from the centre, and unhinge the ball.

Touch'd by thy hands, the lab'ring hills expire, Thick clouds of fmoke, and deluges of fire; On the tall groves the red deftroyer prevs, And wraps th'eternal mountains in the blaze: Full on my foes may all thy lightnings fly, On purple pinions through the gloomy fky.

Extend thy hand, thou kind all-gracious God, Down from the heaven of heavens, thy brigh abode,

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And thield me from my foes, whole towering pride Lowrs like a ftorm, and gathers like a tide : Againft ftrange children vindicate my caufe, Who curfe thy name, and trample on thy laws; Who fear not vengeance which they never felt, Train'd to blafpheme, and eloquent in guilt: Their hands are impious, and their deeds profane; They plead their boafted innocence in vain.

Thy name fhall dwell for ever on my tongue, And guide the facred numbers of my fong; To Thee my Mule fhall confectate her lays, And every note fhall labour in thy praife; The hallow'd theme fhall teach me how to fing, Swell on the lyre, and tremble on the ftring.

Oft has thy hand from fight the monarch led, When death flew raging, and the battle bled; And inatch'd thy fervant, in the laft defpair, From all the rifing tumult of the war.

Againft ftrange children vindicate my caufe, Who curfe thy name, and trample on thy laws; That our fair fons may finile in early bloom, Our fons, the hopes of all our years to come : Like plants that nurs'd by fostering fhowers arife, And lift their fpreading honours to the fkies; That our chafte daughters may their charms difplay,

Like the bright pillars of our temple, gay, Polifh'd, and tall, and fmooth, and fair as they. Pil'd up with plenty let our barns appear, And burft with all the Seafons of the Year; Let pregnant flocks in ev'ry quarter blear, And drop their tender young in ev'ry fireet. Safe from their labours may our oxen come, Safe may they bring the gather'd fummer home. Oh! may no fighs, no fireams of forrow flow, Te flain our triumphs with the tears of woe.

Bleis'd is the nation, how fincerely blefs'd! Of fuch unbounded happinefs possible's'd, To whom Jehovah's facted name is known, Who claim the God of Israel for their own.

§ 25. The 3d Chapter of Jub. PITT.

TOB curs'd his birth, and hade his curfes flow In words of grief, and cloquence of woe; Loft be that day which dragg'd me to my doom, Recent to life, and ftruggling from the womb; Whofe beams with fuch malignant luftre fhone, Whence all my years in anxious circles run. Loft be that night in undetermin'd fpace, And veil with deeper fhades her gloomy face, Which crowded up with woes this flender fpan, While the dull mails role quick'ning into man. O'er that curs'd day let fable darknefs rife, Shroud the blue vault, and blacken all the fkies; May God o'erlook it from his heavenly throne, Nor rouze from fleep the fedentary fun O'er its dark face, to fhed his genial ray, And warm to joy the melancholy day. May the clouds frown, and livid poilons breathe, And itain heaven's azure with the fhade of death.

May ten - fold darknels from that dreadful night

Seize and arreft the ftraggling gleams of light :

To pay due Vengeance for its fatal crime, Still be it banifh'd from the train of time; Nor in the radiant lift of months appear, To ftain the fhining circle of the Year: There through her dufky range may filence roam.

There may no ray, no glimple of gladnels come; No voice to cheer the folitary gloom. May every flar his gaudy light with-hold, Nor through the vapour thoot his beamy gold : Nor let the dawn with radiant fkirts come on, Tipp'd with the glories of the rifing fun; Because that dreadful period fix'd my doom, Nor feal'd the dark receffes of the womb. To that original my ills I owe; Heir of affliction, and the fon of woe. Oh ! had I dy'd unexercis'd in pain, And wak'd to life, to fleep in death again ! Why did not Fare attend me at my birth, And give me back to my congenial earth ? Why was I, when an infant, footh'd to reft, Lull'd on the knce, or hung upon the breaft? For now the grave would all my cares compose, Conceal my forrows, and inter my woes: There wrapp'd and lock'd within his cold embrace, Safe had I flumber'd in the arms of peace; There with the mighty kings, who lie inroll'd In clouds of incenfe, and in beds of gold : There with the princes, who in grandeur shone, And aw'd the trembling nations from the throne, Afflicted Job an equal reft must have, And fhare the dark retirement of the grave; Or as a fhapelefs Embryo feek the tomb, Rude and imperfect from the abortive womb : Ere motion's early principle began, Or the dim fubitance kindled into man. [ceafe,

There from their monstrous crimes the wicked Their labouring guilt is weary'd into peace ; There blended fleep the coward and the brave; Stretch'd with his lord, the undiftinguish'd flave Enjoys the common refuge of the grave. An equal lot the mighty Victor fhares, And lies amidst the captives of his wars; With his, those captives mingle their remains, The fame in death, nor leffen'd by their chains. Why are we doom'd to view the genial ray ! Why curft to bear the painful light of day ! O! with what joy the wretches yield their breath! And pant in bitternefs of foul for death ! As a rich prize, the diftant blifs they crave, And find the glorious treasure in the grave. Why is the wretch condemn'd without relief To combat woe, and tread the round of grief, Whom in the toils of Fate his God has bound, And drawn the line of Miferics around ?

When nature calls for aid, my fighs intrude; My tears prevent my neceffary food: Like a full ftream o'crcharg'd, my forrows flow In burfts of anguifh, and a tide of woe; For now the dire affliction which I fled, Pours like a roaring torrent on my head. My terrors fill the phantom view'd, and wrought The 'dreadful image into every thought: At length pluck'd down, the fatal ftroke I feel, And lofe the fancy'd in the real ill.

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§ 26. The 25th Chapter of Job paraphrased. PITT.

Then will vain man complain and murmur fill? And ftand on terms with his Creator's will? Shall this high privilege to clay be given ? Shall duft arraign the providence of Heaven ? With reafon's line the boundlefs diftance fcan ? Oppofe heaven's awful Majefty to man ! To what a length his vaft dimensions run ! How far beyond the journies of the fun ! He hung yon golden balls of light on high, And launch'd the planets through the liquid fky : To rolling worlds he mark'd the certain fpace, Fixt and fuftain'd the elemental peace.

Unnumber'd as those worlds his armies move, And the gay legions guard his realms above ! High o'er th'ethereal plains the myriads rife, And pour their flaming ranks along the fkies : From their bright arms inceffant splendors fitream, And the wide azure kindles with the gleam.

To this low world he bids the light repair, Down through the gulphs of undulating air : For man he taught the glorious fun to roll, From his bright barrier to his weftern goal.

How then shall man, thus infolently proud, Plead with his Judge, and combat with his God? How from his mortal mother can he come, Unstain'd from fin, untinctur'd from the womb?

The Lord from his fublime empyreal throne, As a dark globe, regards the filver moon. Thofe flars, that grace the wide celefial plain, Are but the humbleft fiveepings of his train; Dim are the brighteft folendors of the fky; And the fun darkens in Jchovah's eye. But does not fin diffufe a fouler flain, And thicker darknefs cloud the foul of man? Shall he the depths of endlefs wildom know? This fhort-liv'd fovereign of the world below? His frail original confounds his boaft, [duft. Sprung from the ground, and quicken'd from the

§ 27. The Song of Moles, in the Fiftcenth Chapter of Exodus, paraphrased. PITT.

THEN to the Lord, the vast triumphant throng Of Israel's fons, with Moses, rais'd the song. To God our grateful accents will we raife, And every tongue shall celebrate his praise : Behold difplay'd the wonders of his might; Behold the Lord triumphant in the fight ! With what immortal fame and glory grac'd ' What trophies rais'd amid the watery wafte ! How did his power the steeds and riders fweep, Ingulph'din heaps, and whelm'd beneath the deep? Whom fhould we fear, while he, heav'n's awful Unsheaths for Israel his avenging sword ? [Lord, His outstretch'd arm, and tutelary care, Guarded and fav'd us in the last defpair : His mercy eas'd us from our circling pains, Unbound our fhackles, and unlock'd our chains. To him our God, our father's God, I'll rear A facred temple, and adore him there With yows and incenfe, facrifice and prayer.

The Lord commands in war; his matchlefs might

Hangs out and guides the balance of the fight : By him the war the mighty leaders form, And teach the hovering tumult where to form. His name, O Ifrael, heav'n's eternal Lord, For ever honour'd, reverenc'd, and ador'd.

When to the fight from Egypt's fruitful foil, Pour'd forth in myriads all the fons of Nile; The Lord o'erthrew the courfer and the car, Sunk Pharaoh's pride, and o'erwhelm'd his war. Beneath th'encumber'd deeps his legions lay, For many a league impurpling all the fea : The chiefs, and fteeds, and warriors whirl'd around.

Lay midft the roarings of the furges drown'd. Who fhall thy power, thou mighty God, withftand,

And check the force of thy victorious hand? Thy hand, which red with wrath in terror rofe, To cruft that day thy proud Egyptian foes. Struck by that hand, their drooping fquadrons fall, Crowding in death; one fate o'erwhelms them all.

Soon as thy anger, charg'd with vengeance came, They funk like flubble cracking in the flame. At thy dread voice the fummon'd billows crowd, And a fiill filence lulls the wondering flood : Roll'd up, the cryftal ridges flrike the fkies, Waves peep o'er waves, and feas o'er feas arife, Around in heaps the liftening furges fland, Mute and obfervant of the high command. Congeal'd with fear attends the watery train, Rous'd from the feeret chambers of the main.

With favage joy the fons of Egypt cry'd (Vaft were their hopes, and boundlefs was their Let us purfue those fugitives of Nile, [pride) This fervile nation, and divide the fpoil : And fpread fo wide the flaughter, till their blood Dyes with a ftronger red the blufhing flood. Oh ! what a copious prey their hofts afford, To glut and fatten the devouring fivord !

As thus the yawning gulf the boafters pafe'd, At thy command rufh'd forth the rapid blaft. Then, at the figual given, with dreadful fway, In one huge heap roll'd down the roaring fea; And now the dilentangled waves divide, Unlock their folds, and thaw the frozen tide. The deeps alarm'd, call terribly from far The loud embattled furges to the war; Till her proud fons altonifh'd Egypt found Cover'd with billows, and in tempefts drown'd.

What God can emulate thy power divine, Or who oppofe his miracles to thine ? When joyful we adore thy glorious name, Thy trembling foes confefs their fear and fhame. The world attends thy abfolute command, And nature waits the wonders of thine hand. That hand, extended o'er the fwelling fea, The confcious billows rev'rence and obey. O'er the devoted race the furges fweep, And whelm the guilty nation in the deep. That hand redeem'd us from our fervile toil, And each infulting tyrant of the Nile : Our nation came beneath that mighty hand. From Egypt's realms to Canaau's facred land.

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ThouwerttheirGuide, their Saviour, and their God, To fmooth the way, and clear the dreadful road. The diftant kingdoins shall thy wonders hear, The fierce Philistipes shall confess their fear; Thy fame thall over Edom's princes tpread, And Moab's kings, the universal dread ; While the vast scenes of miracles impart A thrilling horror to the braveft heart. As through the world the gathering terror runs, Canaan shall shrink, and tremble for his fons. Till thou haft Jacob from his bondage brought, At fuch a vaft expence of wonders bought, To Canaan's promis'd realms and bleft abodes, Led through the dark receffes of the floods. Crown'd with their tribes shall proud Moriah rife, And rear his fuminit nearer to the fkies.

Through ages, Lord, fhall ftretch thy boundless power,

Thy throne shall stand when time shall be no more: For Pharaoh's fleeds, and cars, and warlike train, Leap'd in, and boldly rang'd the fandy plain, While in the dreadful road and defart way, The thining crowds of gatping fifnes lay : Till, all around with liquid toils befet, The Lord fwept o'er their heads the watery net. He freed the ocean from his fecret chain, And on each hand difcharg'd the thundering main. The loofen'd billows burft from every fide, And whelm the war and warriors in the tide; But on each hand the folid billows flood, Like lofty mounds to check the raging flood; Till the bleft race to promis'd Canaan paft O'cr the dry path, and trod the watery wafte.

§ 28. The 139th Pfalm paraphrased. PITT.

O DREAD Jehovah! thy all-piercing eyes Explore the motions of this mortal fraine, This tenement of dust : Thy fretching fight Surveys th'harmonious principles, that move In beauteous rank and order, to inform This cafk, and animated mafs of clay. Nor are the profpects of thy wond'rous fight To this terrestrial part of man confin'd; But fhoot into his foul, and there difeern The first materials of unfashion'd thought; Yet dim and undigested, till the mind, Big with the tender images, expands, And, fwelling, labours with th'ideal birth. Where'er I move, thy cares purfue my feet Attendant. When I drink the dews of fleep, Stretch'd on my downy bed, and there enjoy A fweet forgetfulnef, of all my toils, Unfeen, thy joy reign prefence guards my fleep, Wafts all the terrors of my dreams away, Sooths all my foul, and foftens my repole, Before conception can employ the tongue, And mould the dustile images to found ; Before imagination ftand difplay'd, Thine eye the future eloquence can read, Yet unarray d with speech. Thou, mighty Lord! Haft moulded man from his congenial duft, And fpoke him into being : while the clay, Beneath thy forming hand, leap'I forth, infpir'd, And started into life : through every part,

At thy command, the wheels of motion play'd. But fuch exalted knowledge leaves below, And drops poor man from its fuperior fphere.

In vain, with reafon's ballaft, would he try To ftem th'unfathomable depth ; his bark O'erfets, and founders in the vait abyfs. Then whither shall the rapid fancy run, Though in its full career, to fpeed my flight From thy unbounded prefence ? which, alone, Fills all the regions and extended fpace Beyond the bounds of nature! Whither, Lord! Shall my unrein'd imagination rove, To leave behind thy Spirit, and outfly [fpread, Its influence, which, with brooding wings out-Hatch'd unfledg'd nature from the dark profound.

If mounted on my tow'ring thoughts I climb Into the heaven of heavens, I there behold The blaze of thy unclouded Majefty! In the pure empyrcan thee I view, High thron'd above all height, thy radiant fhrine, Throng'd with the proftrate Seraphs, who receive Beatitude paft utterance ! If I plunge Down to the gloom of Tartarus profound, There too I find thee, in the loweft bounds Of Erebus, and read thee in the fcenes Of complicated wrath : I fee thee clad In all the majefty of darkness there.

If, on the ruddy morning's purple wings Upborne, with indefatigable courfe I feek the glowing borders of the east, Where the bright fun, emergent from the deeps, With his first glories gilds the sparkling feas, And trembles o'er the waves ; ev'n there thy hand Shall through the watery defart guide my courie, And o'er the broken furges pave my way, While on the dreadful whirls I hang fecure, And mock the warring ocean. If, with hopes As fond as falfe, the darkness I expect To hide, and wrap me in its mantling fhade, Vain were the thought; for thy unbounded ken Darts thro' the thick'ning glooin, and pries thro' The palpable obscure. Before thy eyes [all [all The vanquish d night throws off her dusky shrowd, And kindles into day: the fhade and light To man still various, but the same to thee. On thee is all the ftructure of my frame Dependant. Lock'd within the illent womb, Sleeping I lay, and rip'ning to my birth ; Yet, Lord, thy outfiretch'darm preferv'd me there; Before I mov'd to entity, and trod The verge of being. To thy hallow'd name I'll pay due honours; for thy mighty hand Built this corporeal fabric, when it laid The ground work of existence. Hence I read The wonders of thy art. This frame l view With terror and delight; and, wrapt in both, I flartle at myfelf. My bones, unform'd As yet, nor hardening from the vifcous parts, But blended with th'unanimated mafs, Thy eye diffinctly view'd; and, while I lay Within the earth, imperfect, nor perceiv'd The first faint dawn of life, with eafe furvey'd The vital glimmerings of the active feeds, Just kindling to existence, and beheld My fubstance scarce material. In thy book 20 11

Was the fair model of this structure drawn, Where every part, in just connection join'd, Compos'd and perfected th'harmonious piece, Ere the dim fpeck of being learn'd to ftretch Its ductile form, or entity had known To range and wanton in an ampler fpace. How dear, how rooted in my inmost foul, Are all thy counfels, and the various ways Of thy eternal providence 1 the fum So boundlefs and immense, it leaves behind The low account of numbers, and outflies All that imagination e'er conceiv'd : Lefs numerous are the fands that crowd the shores, The harriers of the ocean. When I rife From my foft bed, and fufter joys of fleep, I rife to thee. Yet lo ! the impious flight Thy mighty wonders. Shall the fons of vice Elude the vengeance of thy wrathful hand, And mock thy ling'ring thunder which withholds Its forky terrors from their guilty heads ? [fly Thou great tremendous GOD; -Avaunt, and All ye who thirst for blood !-- for, fwol'n with pride, Each haughty wretch blafphemes thy facred name, And bellows his reproaches to affront Thy glorious Majefty. Thy foes I hate Worfethanmy own. O Lord ! explore my foul ! See if a flaw or ftain of fin infects My guilty thoughts; then, lead me in the way That guides my feet to thy own heaven and thee.

BOOK I.

§ 29. An Hymn to the Supreme Being. An Inutation of the 104th Pfalm. BLACKLOCK.

> Quid prius dicam folitis parentis Landibus? qui res hominum ac deorum, Qui mare & terras, variisque mundum Temperat horis ? HOR.

ARISE, my foul ! on wings feraphic rife ! And praife th'almighty Sov'reign of the fkies; In whom alone effential glory fhines, Which not the heav'n of heav'ns, nor boundlefs fpace confines.

When darkness rul'd with universal sway, He fpoke, and kindled up the blaze of day; Firft, faireft offspring of th'omnific word ! Which like a garment cloath'd its fov'reign Lord. On liquid air he bade the columns rife, That prop the starry concave of the skies Diffus'd the blue expanse from pole to pole, And foread circumfluent æther round the whole.

Soon as he bids impetuous tempefts fly, To wing his founding chariot thro' the fky, Impetuous tempefts the command obev, Suftain his flight, and fweep th'aerial www. Fraught with his mandates, from the realms on i Unnumber'd hofts of radiant heralds fly [high,] From orb to orb, with progress unconfin'd, As lightning swift, reliftles as the wind.

In ambient air this pond'rous ball he hung, And bade its centre reft for ever ftrong; Heav'n, air, and fea, with all their ftorms, in vain Affault the basis of the firm machine. At thy almighty voice old Ocean raves, Wakes all his force, and gathers all his waves; And repercuffive hills repeat the found.

Nature lies mantled in a wat'ry robe, And therelefs billows revel round the globe : O'er higheft hills the higher furges rife, Mix with the clouds, and meet the fluid fkies. But when in thunder the rebuke was givin, That flook th'eternal firmament of heav'n; The grand rebuke th'affrighted waves obey, And in confution fcour their uncouth way; And posting rapid to the place decreed, Wind down the hills, and fweep the humble mead. Reluctant in their bounds the waves fublide; The bounds, impervious to the lafhing tide, Reftrain its rage ; whilft with inceffant roar, It shakes the caverns, and assaults the shore.

By him, from mountains cloath'd in lucid fnow, Through fertile vales and mazy rivers flow ;

Here the wild horfe, unconfeious of the rein, That revels boundlefs o'er the wide campaign, Imbibes the filver furge, with heat oppreff, To cool the fever of his glowing breaft. [pride,

Here rifing boughs, adorn'd with fummer's Project their waving umbrage o'er the tide; While, gently perching on the leafy fpray, Each feather'd warbler tunes his various lay: And, while thy praife they fymphonize around, Creation echoes to the grateful found. Wide o'er the heav'ns the various bow he bends ; Its tinctures brighten, and its arch extends: At the glad fign the airy conduits flow, Soften the hills, and cheer the meads below a By genial fervour and prolific rain, Swift vegetation clothes the fmiling plain: Nature profutely good, with blifs o'erflows, And ftill is pregnant, tho' fhe ftill beftows.

Here verdant pastures wide extended lie, And yield the grazing herd exuberant fupply. Luxuriant waving in the wanton air, Here golden grain rewards the peafant's care: Here vines mature with fresh carnation glow, And heav'n above diffufes heav'n below. Erect and tall her mountain cedars rife. Wave in the flarry vault, and emulate the fkies. Here the wing'd crowd that fkim the yielding -With artful toil their little doines prepare; [air, Here hatch their tender young, and nurfe the rifing care.

Up the fleep hill afcends the nimble doe, While timid conics four the plains below, Or in the pendant tock clude the fcenting foe.

He bade the filver majeity of night Revolve her circles, and increase her light; Affign'd a province to each rolling (phere, And taught the fun to regulate the year. At his command, wide hov'ring o'er the plain, Primaval night refumes her gloomy reign : Then from their dens, impatient of delay, The favage moniters bend their fpeedy way. Howl thro' the fpacious wafte, and chace their frighted prey.

Here stalks the shaggy monarch of the wood, Taught from thy providence to alk his food ! To thee, O Father, to thy bounteous fkies, He rears his mane, and rolls his glaring ever; He roars; the defart trembles wide around,

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Now orient gems the caftern fkies adorn, And joyful nature hails the op'ning morn : The rovers, confcious of approaching day, Fly to their fhelters, and forget their prey. Laborious inan with mod'rate flumber bleft, Springs cheerful to his toil from downy reft; Till grateful evening, with her argent train, Bids labour ceale, and eate the weary fwain.

"Hail for reign goodnets! all-productive mind! On all thy works thyfelf infcrib'd we find: How various all, how varioufly endow'd, How great their number, and each part how good ! How perfect then muft the great Parent fhine, Who, with one act of energy divine, Laid the vaft plan, and finifh'd the defign !"

Where'er the pleafing fearch my thoughts pur-Unbounded goodnels rifes to my view: [fue, Nor does our world alone its influence fhare; Exhauftlefs bounty and unwearied care Extends thro' all th'infinitude of fpace, And circles nature with a kind embrace.

The azure kingdoms of the deep below, Thy pow'r, thy wifdom, and thy goodness show : Here multitudes of various beings ftray, Crowd the profound, or on the furface play: Tall navies here their doubtful way explore, And ev'ry product waft from thore to thore Hence meagre want expell'd, and fanguine strife, For the mild charms of cultivated life; Hence focial union fpreads from foul to foul, And India joins in friendship with the pole. Here the huge potent of the fealy train Enormous fails incumbent o'er the main, An animated ille ! and in his way, Dashes to heav'n's blue arch the foamy fea : When fkies and ocean mingle ftorm and flame, Portending inftant wreck to nature's frame, Pleas'd in the fcene, he mocks with confcious pride,

The volley'd lightning and the furging tide; And while the watchful elements engage, Foments with horrid fport the tempeft's rage. All thefe thy watchful providence fupplies, To thee alone they turn their waiting eyes; For them thou open'ft thy exhauftlefs flore, Till the capacious wifh can grafp no more.

But, if one moment thou thy face fhould'ft hide, Thy glory clouded, or thy finiles deny'd, Then widow'd nature veils her mouraful eyes, And vents her grief in univerfal cries : Then gloomy death, with all his meagre train, Wide o'er the nations fpreads his difinal reign; Sca, earth, and air the boundlefs ravage mourn, And all their hofts to native duft return.

But when again thy glory is difplay'd, Reviv'd creation lifts her cheerful head; New rifing forms thy potent finiles obey, And life rekindles at the genial ray: United thanks replenifh'd nature pays, [praife. And heav'n and earth retound their Maker's

When time fhall in eternity be loit, And heary nature languish into dust, For ever young, thy glory shall remain, Vast as thy being, endless as thy reign. Thou from the regions of eternal day, Vieweft all thy works at one immenie furvey: Pleas'd thou behold'ft the whole propenfely tend To perfect happinefs, its glorious end.

If thou to earth but turn thy wrathful eyes, Her basis trembles, and her offspring dies : Thou unit's the hills, and at th'Almighty blow, Their summits kindle, and their inwards glow.

While this immortal fpark of heav'nly flame Diftends my breaft, and animates my frame, To thee my ardent praifes fhall be borne On the firft breeze that wakes the blufhing morn; The lateft flar fhall hear the pleafing found, And nature in full choir fhall join around. When full of thee my foul excursive flies Thro' earth, air, ocean, or thy regal fkies; From world to world, new wonders ftill I find, And all the Godhead flafhes on my mind. When wing'd with whirlwinds, vice fhall take its To the deep bofom of eternal night, [flight To thee my foul fhall endlefs praifes pay; Join, men and angels, join th'exalted lay!

§ 30. A Hymn on the Seafons. THOMSON.

THESE, as they change, Almighty Father, these Are but the varied God. The rolling year Is full of Thec. Forth in the pleafing Spring Thy beauty walks, thy tenderness and love. Wide flush the fields; the fostening air is balm; Echo the mountains round; the forest finiles; And every fenfe and every heart is joy. Then comes thy glory in the Summer months, With light and heat refulgent. Then thy fun Shoots full perfection thro' the fivelling year : And oft thy voice in dreadful thunder speaks, And oft at dawn, deep noon, or falling eve, By brooks and groves, in hollow-whifp'ring gales. Thy bounty thines in Autumn unconfin'd, And foreads a common feast for all that lives. In Winter awful Thou ! with clouds and ftorins Around Thee thrown, tempeft o'er tempeft roll'd, Majeftic darkneis! On the whirlwind's wing, Riding fublime, Thou bidft the world adore, And humbleft nature with thy northern blaft.

Mysterious round ! what skill, what force divine, Deep-felt, in these appear ! a simple train, Yet fo delightful mix'd, with fuch kind art, Such beauty and beneficence combin'd ; Shade, unperceiv'd, fo foftening into fhade; And all fo forming an harmonious whole, That as they still succeed, they ravish still. But wandering oft, with rude unconfeious gaze Man marks not Thee, marks not the inighty hand That, ever bufy, wheels the filent fpheres; Works in the fecret deep; fhoots fleaming thence The fair profusion that o'erspreads the spring, Flings from the fun direct the flaming day; Feeds ev'ry creature; hurls the tempest forth, And, as on earth this grateful change revolves, With transport touches all the springs of life.

Nature, attend! join, every living foul Beneath the fpacious temple of the fky, In adoration join; and ardent raife

One

One general fong ! To him, ye vocal gales, Breathcloft, whole fpirit in your freshnelsbreathes: Oh talk of him in folitary glooms, Where o'er the rock the fcarcely waving pine Fills the brown fhade with a religious awe ! And ye, whole bolder note is heard afar, Who shake th'astonish'd world, lift high to heav'n Th'impetuous long, and fay from whom you rage. His praife, ye brooks, attune, ye trembling rills; And let me catch it as I mule along. Ye headlong torrents, rapid and profound; Ye foster floods, that lead the humid maze Along the vale; and thou majeftic main, A fecret world of wonders in thyfelf, Sound his flupendous praife, whole greater voice Or bids you roar, or bids your roaring fall. So roll your incenfe, herbs, and fruits, and flowers, In mingled clouds to Him, whole fun exalts, Whole breath perfumes you, and whole pencil paints.

Ye forests band, ye harvests wave, to Him Breathe your still fong into the reaper's heart, As home he goes beneath the joyous moon. Ye that keep watch in heav'n, as earth affeep Unconfcious lies, effuse your mildest beams, Ye conftellations, while your angels firike, Amid the fpangled fky, the filver lyre. Great fource of day ! bleft image here below Of thy Creator, ever pouring wide, From world to world, the vital ocean round, On nature write with every beam his praise. The thunder rolls : he hufh'd the profirate world; While cloud, to cloud returns the folemn hymu. Bleat out afresh, ye hills ; ye mosfy rocks, Retain the found : the broad responsive lowe, Ye vallies, raife; for the Great Shepherd reigns; And his unfuffering kingdom yet will come. Ye woodlands all awake : a boundlefs fong Burft from the groves! and when the reftiels day, Expiring, lays the warbling world afleep, Sweeteft of birds ! fweet Philomela, charm The liftening fhades, and teach the night his praife. Ye chief for whom the whole creation finiles At once the head, the heart, the tongue of all, Crown the great hymn ! in fwarming cities vaft, Affembled men to the deep organ join The long-refounding voice, of breaking clear, At foleran paufes, thro' the fwelling bafe ; And, as each mingling flame encreases each, In one united ardor rife to heav'n. Or if you rather chufe the rural fhade, And find a fane in every facred grove; There let the shepherd's flute, the virgin's lay, The prompting feraph, and the poet's lyre, Sull fing the God of Seafons as they roll. For me, when I forget the darling theme, Whether the bloffoin blows ; the Summer ray Ruffets the plain; in/piring Autumn gleams; Or Winter rifes in the blackening east; Be my tongue mute, my fancy paint no more, And dead to joy, forget my heart to beat.

Should fate command me to the fartheft verge Of the green earth, to distant barbarous climes, Rivers unknown to fong; where first the fun Gilds Indian mountains, or his fetting beam Flames on th'Atlantic isles, 'tis nought to me : Since God is ever prefent, ever felt, In the void wafte as in the city full; And where He vital fpreads, there must be joy. When even at last the folemn hour shall come, And wing my mystic flight to future worlds, I cheerful will obey; there with new powers, Will rifing wonders fing : I cannot go Where univerfal love not fmiles around, Suftaining all yon orbs, and all their funs: From feeming evil ftill educing good, And better thence again, and better still, In infinite progression .- But I lose Myself in Him, in light incfable! Come then, expretfive filence, mufe his praife,

§ 31. Hymn for Morning . PARNELL. EE the ftar that leads the day. SEE the har time golden ray To make the shades of darkness go From heaven above and earth below; And warn us early with the fight, To leave the beds of filent night; From an heart funcere and found, From its very deepeft ground; Send devotion up on high, Wing'd with flame to reach the fky. See the time for fleep has run, Rife before, or with the fun : Lift thy hands, and humbly pray, The Fountain of eternal day; That, as the light ferenely fair, Illustrates all the tracts of air, The Sacred Spirit fo may reft, With quickening beams, upon thy breaft; And kindly clean it all within From darker blemishes of fin; And fhine with grace until we view The realm it gilds with glory too. See the day that dawns in air. Brings along its toil and care : From the lap of night it fprings, With heaps of bus'nefs on its wings; Prepare to meet them in a mind, That bows fubmillively refign'd That would to works appointed fall, That knows that God has order'd all. And whether, with a finall repaft, We break the fober morning fast; Or in our thoughts and houses lay The future methods of the day; Or early walk abroad to meet Our bulincis, with industrious feet : Whate'er we think, whate'er we do, His glory still be kept in view. O, Giver of cternal blifs, Heavenly Father, grant me this :

⁵ Thefe, pieces of Parnell feem to have been left in an incorrect and unfinished flate; but as they been a glowing piety, and are not deficient in poetry, they are here instruct,

Grant

Grant ii all, as well as me, All whole hearts are fix'd on thee; Who revere thy Son above, Who thy Sacred Spirit love.

§ 32. Hymn for Noon. PARNELL.

THE fun is fwiftly mounted high, It glitters in the fouthern fky; Its beams with force and glory beat, And fruitful earth is fill'd with heat. Father, also with thy fire Warm the cold, the dead defire, And make the facred love of thee, Within my foul, a fun to me. Let it fhine fo fairly bright, That nothing elfe be took for light; That worldly charms be feen to fade, And in its luftre find a shade. Let it ftrongly fhine within, To featter all the clouds of fin That drive, when gufts of paffion rife, And intercept it from our cyez. Let its glory more than vie With the fun that lights the fky : Let it fwiftly mount in air, Mount with that, and leave it there; And foar with more afpiring flight, To realms of everlafting light. Thus, while here I'm forc'd to be, I daily wifh to live with thee; And feel that union which thy love Will, after death, complete above. From my foul I fend my prayer, Great Creator, bow thine ear ; Thou, for whole propitious fway The world was taught to fee the day; Who spoke the word, and earth begun, And fhew'd its beauties in the fun; With pleafure I thy creatures view, And would, with good affection too; Good affection fweetly free, Loofe from them, and move to thee; O, teach me due returns to give,

And to thy glory let me live; And then my days shall thine the more, Or pais more bleffed than before.

§ 33. Hymn for Evening. PARNELL.

THE beam-repelling mifts arife, And evening fpreads obfcurer fkies: The twilight will the night forerun, And night itfelf be foon begun. Upon thy knees devoutly bow, And pray the Lord of glory, now To fill thy breaft, or deadly fin May caufe a blinder night within. And whether pleafing vapours rife, Which greatly dim the clofing eyes; Which makes the weary members bleft, With fweet refrefiment in their reft; Or whether fpirits in the brain Difpel their foft embrace again;

And on my watchful bed I ftay, Forfook by fleep, and waiting day; Be God for ever in my view, And never he forfake me too; But still as day concludes in night, To break again with new-born light, His wondrous bounty let me find, With still a more enlighten'd mind ; When grace and love in one agree; Grace from God, and love from me; Grace that will from heaven infpire; Love that feals it in defire : Grace and love that mingle beams, And fill me with increasing flames. Thou that haft thy palace far Above the moon and every ftar; Thou that fitteft on a throne To which the night was never known, Regard my voice and make me bleft, By kindly granting its requeft. If thoughts on thee my foul employ, My darkneis will afford me joy Till thou shalt call, and I shall foar, And part with darkness evermore.

§ 34. The Soul in Sorrow. PARNELL. WITH kind compassion hear my cry; O, Jefu, Lord of Life, on high I As when the fummer's featons beat With fcorching flame and parching The trees are burnt, the flowers fac And thirfty gaps in carth are made; My thoughts of comfort languish fo, And fo my foul is broke by woe. Then on thy fervant's drooping head Thy dews of bleffing fwcetly fhed; Let those a quick refreshment give, And raife my mind, and bid me live. My fears of danger, while I breathe, My dread of endlefs hell beneath : My fenfe of forrow for my fin, To fpringing comfort, change within ; Change all my fad complaints for eafe, To cheerful notes of endless praise; Nor let a tear mine eyes employ, But fuch as owe their birth to joy : Joy transporting, fweet and ftrong, Fit to fill and raife my fong; Joy that shall refounded be, While days and nights succeed for me, Be not as a Judge fevere; For fo thy prefence who may bear ? On all my words and actions look (I know they're written in thy book); But then regard my mournful cry, And look with mercy's gracious eye; What needs my blood, fince thine will do, To pay the debt to Juffice due ? O, tender mercy's art divine ! Thy forrow proves the cure of mine ! Thy dropping wounds, thy woeful fmart, Allay the bleedings of my heart : Thy death, in death's extreme of pain, Reftorcs my foul to life again.

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hen, for here I burn, y Saviour fome return. that will pleafe him, ftill; ve heard him own it will); s fteps, and bear my crots, sery grief and lois; :fpiling pain and fhame, up his, and did the fame.

The Happy Man. PARNELL. :fs'd the man, how fully fo, as man is blefs'd below, ıg up his crofs, effays Jefus all his days; ation to obey, :nlarging in his way ! r of the faints above 1 with a father's love, his bofom throughly fhine lrous ftores of grace divine; : divine, the pledge of joy, is foul above employ lat, when his time is done, s portion as a fon. he fweet infus'd defires, wishes, holy fires, s a melted heart refine, is, and fuch be mine. e despising all besides als, or ocean hides ; in in either prize, one he fets his eyes. e his hope is on the wings, renews, his fafety fprings, dazes up below, : ftreams of comfort flow. his Saviour King above, rcy, Lord of love; a kingly care defend, fmile, and love defcend, :o guide him in the ways 1 world's deceitful maze : h the wicked earth difplay in their fierce array; wide that horror fhows lete with endless woes; ur keeps him clear of ill. o good, and dauntless fill. 7 Providence's hands, idft an occan ftands; ithout a trembling dread, ft beating round its head ; its fide repels the wave, low feems a coming grave : the deeps, are heard to roar; tands fettled as before. th whom he has to do, e life which bleffes you ; a foe, that aids a friend, bye defigning end ; g real intereft lies zht fide of yonder skies, ving made a title fair, and leaves the world to care.

While he that feeks for pleafing days In earthly joys and evil ways, Is but the fool of toil or fame (Though happy be the fpecious name) And made by wealth, which makes him great, A more confpicuous wretch of flate.

§ 36. The Way to Happiness. PARNELL. HOW long, ye miferable blind, Shall idle dreams engage your mind ; How long the pathons make their flight At empty fhadows of delight ! No more in paths of error ftray, The Lord thy Jefus is the way The fpring of happiness; and where Should men feek happines but there ? Then run to meet him at your need, Run with boldnefs, run with fpeed, For he forfook his own abode To meet thee more than half the road. He laid afide his radiant crown, And love for mankind brought him down To thirst and hunger, pain and woe, To wounds, to death itfelf below ; And he, that fuffer'd thefe alone For all the world, defpifes none. To bid the foul that's fick, be clean; To bring the loft to life again ; To comfort those that grieve for ill, Is his peculiar goodness still. And, as the thoughts of parents run Upon a dear and only fon, So kind a love his mercies fhow, So kind and more extremely fo. Thrice happy men; (or find a phrafe That fpeaks your blifs with greater praife) Who most obedient to thy call, Leaving pleafures, leaving all, With heart, with foul, with ftrength incline, O fweeteft Jefu ! to be thine. Who know thy will, obferve thy ways, And in thy fervice fpend their days Ev'n death, that feems to fet them free, But brings them clofer still to thee.

§ 37. The Convert's Love. PARNELL. BLESSED light of faints on high, Who fill the manfions of the fky; Sure defence, whole mercy fill Preferves thy fubjects here from ill; Oh, my Jetusł make me know How to pay the thanks I owe!

As the fond theep that idly ftrays, With wanton play, through winding ways, Which never hits the road of home, O'er wilds of danger learns to roam, Till, wearied out with idle fear, And pafing there, and turning here, He will, for reft, to covert run, And meet the wolf he wifh'd to fhun : Thus wretched I, through wanton will, Run blind and headlong on in ill : 'Twas thus from fin to fin I flew, And thus I might have perift'd too; C

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But mercy dropt the likeness here. And thew'd and fav'd me from my fear. While o'er the darkness of my mind The facred spirit purely shin'd, And mark'd and brighten'd all the way Which leads to everlating day ; And broke the thickening clouds of fin, And fix'd the light of love within.

From hence my ravith'd foul afpires, And dates the rife of its defires: From hence to thee, my God ! I rurn. And fervent withes fay I burn; I burn thy glorious face to fee, And live in endless joy with thee,

There's no fuch ardent kind of flame Between the lover and the dame; Nor fuch affection parents bear To their young and only heir ; Though join'd together, both confpire, And boaft a doubled force of fire. My tender heart, within its feat, Diffolves before the fcorching heat; As foftening wax is taught to run Before the warmnels of the fun.

Oh, my flame, my pleafing pain, Burn and purify my flain; Warm me, burn me, day by day, Till you purge my earth away ; Till at the laft I throughly fhine, And turn a torch of love divine.

§ 38. A Defire to Praife. PARNELL. PROPITIOUS Son of God, to thee.

With all my foul, I bend my knee ; My with I fend, my want impart, And dedicate my mind and heart ; For as an abient parent's fon, Whofe fecond year is only run, When no protecting friend is near, Void of wit and void of fcar, With things that hurt him fondly plays, Or here he fails, or there he ftrays ; So, fhould my foul's eternal guide, The facred fpirit, be deny'd, Thy fervant foon the lots would know, And fink in fin, or run to woe.

O, fpirit bountifully kind, Warm, poffers, and fill my mind; Differte my fms with light divine, And ratic the flames of love with thine ; Before thy pleatures rightly priz'd, Let wealth and honor be despised, And let the Father's glory be More dear than he itfelf to me,

Sing of Jelus ! Virgins ting Him, your everlatting King Sing of Jefus' cheerful wouth, Him, the God of love and truth ! Write, and raife a long divine, Or come and hear, and borrow mine, Son Eternal, word supreme, Who made the universal frame,-Heaven, and all its thining thow, Harth and all st holds below ;

Bow with mercy, bow thine car, While we fing thy praifes here; Son Eternal, ever-bleft, Retting on the Father's breaft, Whofe tender love for all provides, Whofe power over all prefides ; Bow with pity, bow thine ear, While we fing thy praifes here !

Thou, by pity's fost extreme, Mov'd, and won, and fet on flame, Affum'd the form of man, and fell In pains, to refcue man from hell; How bright thine humble glories rife, And match the luftre of the fkies, From death and hell's dejected frate Arifing, thou refum'd thy feat; And golden throne: of blifs prepar'd Above, to be thy faints reward !

How bright thy glorious honers rife, And with new luftre grace the fkies ! For thee, the fweet feraphic choir Raife the voice and tune the lyre ; And praifes with harmonious found Through all the highest heaven rebound.

O make our notes with theirs agree, And blefs the fouls that fing of thee 1 To thee the churches here rejoice, The folemn organs aid the voice ; To facred roofs the found we raise The facred roofs refound thy pti And while our notes in one agree. O! blefs the church that fings to thee !

§ 39. On Happinels in this Life. PARNELLS

THE morning opens, very freshly ga And life itself is in the month of May. With green my fancy paints an arbour o'er, And flow'rets, with a thousand colours more Then falls to weaving that, and fpreading their, And foftly thakes them with an eafy breeze. With golden fruit adorns the bending fhade, Or trails a blver water o'er its bed. Glide, gentle water, still more gently by, While in this fummer-bower of blifs I And fweetly ing of fenfe-delighting fitters And nymphs and thepherds, fort invented names; Or view the branches which around me twine, And praite their fruit, diffuting fprightly wine; Or find new ple dures in the world to praife, And still with this return adorn my lays " Range round your gardens of cternal fpring, " Go, range my fenfes, while I fweetly fing :"

In vain, in vain, alas ! feduc d by ill, And acted wildly by the force of will ! I tell my toul, it will be constant May, And charm a feation never made to flay ; My beautoous arbour will not fland a florm ; The world but promifes, and can't perform : Then fade, ve leaves; and wither, all ye flowers; I'll doat no longer in enchanted bowers; But fadly mourn, in melancholy fong, The vain concerts that held my foul to long; The lufts that tempt us with delutive flow ; And fin, bronght forth for everlatting wee.

all the notes to Sorrow's object rife, requent firs procure a place for fighs; I moan upon the maked plain, the burthen clofing every firain : n, my fenfes; range no more abroad; only find his blifs who feeks for God."

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§ 40. Extacy. PARNELL. fleeting joys, which all affords tow, rk the fond heart with unperforming flow; fh that makes our happier life complete, fps the wealth nor honors of the great ; fely fails on Pleasure's easy ftream, hers wreaths from all the groves of fame; nan, whole charms to thele alone confine, my prayer, and learn to make it thine. 1 thy rich throne, where circling trains of ay that's endlefs, infinitely bright; [light Heav'nly Father ! thence with mercy dart im of brightness to my longing heart : hro' the mind, drive Error's clouds away, Il the rage in Paffion's troubled fca; e poor banish'd foul, ferene and free, e from earth, to visit heaven and thee ! :, Peace divine ! fhed gently from above, my willing bofom, wondrous Love; rpled pinions to my fhoulders tye, int the paffage where I want to fly.

whither, whither now ! what powerful fire is the influence equals my defire ? or the, the kind deluder, reigns, is influency fuch enchanted feenes); frening flies, the parting fikies retreat, ecy clouds my waving feathers beat; wy the fin and now the flars are gone, I methjaks the fpirit bears me on, tracks of æther purer blue difplay, ge the golden realm of native day. trange onjoyment of a blifs unfeen ! ithment ! Oh, facred rage within ! uous pleafure, rais'd on peace of mind, exceffive, from the world refin'd; e light that veils the throne on high, unpiere'd by man's impurer cye;

words, that iffuing thence proclaim, 's attendants praide his awful name !" eids unnumber'd bend before the fhrine, ous feat of Majefty divinc ! nds unnumber'd firike the filver firing, agues unnumber'd Hallelujah fing. ere the thining Scraphims appear, k their decent eyes with holy fear. hts of angels all their feathers raife, ge the orbs, and, as they range, they praife! the great Apostles, fivectly met, zh on pearls of azure æther fet. the Prophets, full of heavenly fire, andering finger wake the trembling lyre; ar the Martyrs tune, and all around arch triumphant makes the region found. arps of gold, with bows of ever-green, bes of white, the pious throngs are feen; anthems all their hours employ; is mulic and excels of joy !

Charm'd with the fight, I long to bear a part; The pleature flutters at my ravith'd heart. Sweet faints and angels of the heavenly choir, If love has warm'd you with celefial hre, Affift my words, and, as they move along, With Hallelujahs crown the burthen'd fong.

Father of all above, and all below, O great, and far beyond expression fo; No bounds thy knowledge, none thy power confine, For power and knowledge in their fource are thine; Around thee glory spreads are golden wing: Sing, glittering angels, Hallelujah sing.

Son of the Father, first-begotten Son, Ere the fhort measuring line of time begun, The world has seen thy works, and joy'd to fee The bright effulgence manifest in thec. [fipring; The world must own the Love's unfathon'd Sing, glittering angels, Hallelujah fing. Proceeding Spirit, equally divine, In whom the Godhead's full perfections thine, With various graces, comforts unexprest, With holy transports you refine the breat; And earth is heavenly where your gifts you bring; Sing, glittering angels, Hallelujah fing.

But where's my rapture, where my wondrous What interruption makes my blifs retreat? [heat? This world's got in, the thoughts oft'other's croft, And the gay picture's in my fancy loft. With what an eager zeal the confcious foul Would claim its feat, and, foaring, pais the pole! But our attempts thefe chains of earth reftrain, Deride our toil, and drag us down again. So from the ground afpiring meteors go, And, rank'd with planets, light the world below; But their own bodies fink them in the fky, [to fly. When the warmth's gone that taught them how

§ 41. On Divine Love, by meditating on the Wounds of Ghrift. PARNELL.

HOLY Jefus! God of Love! Look with pity from above: Shed the precious purple tide From thine hands, thy feet, thy fide; Let thy ftreams of comfort roll, Let them pleafe and fill my foul; Let me thus for ever be Full of gladnets, full of thee ! This, for which my withes pine, Is the cup of love divine; Sweet affections flow from hence, Sweet, above the joys of fende; Bleffed philtre ! how we find Its facred worfhips ! how the mind, Of all the world, forgetful grown, Can defpife an earthly throne ; Raife-its thoughts to realms above, Think of God, and fing of love

Love celeftial, wondrous heat, O, beyond expretiion great! What refiftlefs charms were thine, In thy good, thy beft defign! When God svas hated, Sin obey'd, And man undone without thy aid, C z

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Teron I

The boast of heraldry, the pomp of pow'r,

And all that beauty, all that health e'er gave, Await, alike, th'inevit ible hoer;

The paths of giory lead but to the grave.

Nor you, ye proud, impute to these the fault, If mem'ry o'er their tomb no trophies raife,

Where thro' the long-drawn ile and fretted vault, The pealing anthem fwells the note of praife:

Can ftoried urn, or animated buft, Back to its manifon call the fleeting breath !

Can Honoer's voice provoke the filent duft, Or Flatt'ry foothe the dull cold ear of death.

Perhaps, in this neglected fpot is laid Some heart once pregnant with celeftial fire :

Hands, that the rod of compire might have fivay'd, Or wak'd to extafy the living lyre.

But knowledge to their eyes her ample page, Rich with the fpoils of Time, did ne'er unroll;

Chill Penury express'd their noble rage, And froze the genial current of the toul.

Full many a gem, of pureft ray ferene, The dark unfathom'd caves of ocean bear;

Full many a flow'r is born to blufh unfeen, And wafte its fweetneis on the defart air.

Some village-Hampden, that with dauntlefs breaft The little tyrant of his fields withfrod;

Some mute inglorious Milton here may reft; Some Cromwell guiltlefs of his country's blood.

Th'applause of list ning fenates to command, The threats of pain and ruin to despise,

To featter plenty o'er a finiling land, And read their hittory in a nation's eyes,

Their lot forbade : nor circumferib'dalone [fin'd; Their growing virtues, but their crimes con-

Forbade to wade through flaughter to a throne, And thut the gates of mercy on mankind;

The ftruggling panes of confeious truth to hide, To quench the blufhes of ingenious fhame,

Or heap the fhrine of Luxury and Pride With incenfe kindled at the Mufe's flame.

Far from the madding crowd's ignoble firife Their tober withes never learn'd to itray;

Along the cool fuquefter'd vale of life They kept the noiselefs tenor of their way.

Yet ev'n thefe bones from infult to protect, Some frail memorial itill credted righ,

With uncouth rhines and thapelets feuplure Implores the paffing tribute of a light [deck'd,

Their name, their years, fpelt by th'unletter'd The place of fame and elegy fupply: ____mate,

And many a holy text around the firews, That teach the ruitic moralifi to d.c.

For who, to dumb forgetfulnefs a prey, This pleafing anxious being ever relign'd,

Left the warm precincts of the cheerful day, Nor caft one longing, ling'ring, look behind?

On fome fond breat the parting foul relies, Some pious dreps the clofing eye requires :

E 'n from the tomb the voice of nature cries; Ev a in our allies live their wonted fires. For thee, who, mindful of th'unhonour'd dead, Doft in their lines their artisfs tale relate;

If, chance, by lonely Contemplation led, Some kindred fpirit shall inquire thy fate :

Haply fome hoary-headed fwain may fay, "Oft have we feen him, at the peep of dawn,

Brushing, with hafty steps, the dews away, Fo meet the sun upon the upland lawn.

There stathe foot of yonder nodding beech, That writhes its old fantaftic roots to high,

His liftlefs length at noon-tide would he firetch, And pore upon the brook that bubbles by.

Hard by yon wood, now finiling, as in fcorn, Mutt'ring his wayward fancies, he would rore;

Now drooping, woeful wan, like one forlorn, Or craz'd with care, or crofs'd in hopelefs love.

One morn I mile'd him on the cuftom'd hill, Along the heath, and near his fav'rite tree:

Another came; nor yet befide the rill, Nor up the lawn, nor at the wood was he.

The next, with dirges due, in fad array, [borne, Slow thro' the church-yard path we faw him

Approach and read (for thou canft read) the lay Grav'd on the ftone beneath yon aged thorn."

ТНЕ ЕРІТАРН.

Here refts his head upon the lap of earth, A youth to Fortune and to Famerunknown;

Fair Science frown'd not on his the birth, And Melancholy mark'd him for ter own.

Large was his bounty, and his foul fincere; Heav'n did a recompence as largely fend:

He gave to Mis'ry all he had, a tear; [afriend. He gain'd from Heav'n ('twas all he wifh'd)

No farther feek his means to difelofe Or draw his frailties from their dread abode

(There they alike in trembling hope repose) The bofom of his Father and his God,

the colom of his radict and his Ood,

§ 47. Humns. By Mrs. BARBAULD.

Duid prine dicam folitis parentis Laudibus? qui res hominum, ac Qui more, ab terras, wariifque m Temperat horis? Howar.

HYMN I.

JEHOVAH reigns: let ev'ry nation hear, And at his footbool bow with holy fear; Let heavin's high arches echo with his name. And the wide peopled earth his prate proclam;

Then fend it down to hell's deep glooms refounding, [ing, Thro' all her caves in dreadful mumurs found-

He rules with wide and abfolute command O'er the broad ocean and the itraffati land :

O'er the broad ocean and the itedfatt land; Jehovah reight, unbounded, and alone; And all creation hangs beneath his throne: He reigns alone; let no inferior nature

Usurp, or thare the throne of the Creator.

He faw the firuggling beams of infant light Shoot thro' the maily gloom of ancient night i

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His spirit hush'd the elemental strife,

And brooded o'er the kindling feeds of life : Seafons and months began the long procession, And measur'd o'er the year in bright succession.

The joyful fun fprung up th'ethereal way,

Strong as a giant, as a bridegroom gay;

And the pale moon diffus'd her thadowy light Superior o'er the dufky brow of night;

Ten thousand glitt'ring lamps the skies adorning, Numerous as dew - drops from the womb of morning.

Earth's blooming face with rifing flow'rs he dreft.

And fpread a verdant mantle o'er her breaft; Then from the hollow of his hand he pours The circling waters round her winding thores;

The new-born world in their cool arms embracing.

And with foft murmurs still her banks careffing.

At length the role complete in finish'd pride, All fair and fpotlefs, like a virgin bride; Fresh with untarnish'd lustre as she stood, Her Maker blefs'd his work, and call'd it good ; The morning-stars, with joyful acclamation,

Exulting fung, and hail'd the new creation.

Yet this fair world, the creature of a day, Tho'built by God's right hand, must pais away; And long oblivion creep o'er mortal things, The failing empires, and the pride of kings : Eternal input thall veil their proudeft flory,

And drop the curtain o'er all human glory.

The fun himfelf, with weary clouds oppreft, Shall in his filent, dark pavilion reft ; His golden urn shall, broke and useles, lie Amidit the common ruins of the fky !

The ftars ruft headlong in the wild commotion, And bathe their glitt'ring forcheads in the ocean,

But fix'd, O God! for ever stands thy throne; Jehovah reigns, a univerte alone; Th'eternal fire that feeds each vital flame,

Collected or diffus'd, is still the fame. He dwells within his own unfathom'd effence, And fills all fpace with his unbounded prefence.

h ! our higheft notes the theme debafe, And filence is our least injurious praise : [troul, Ceafe, ceale your fongs, the daring flight con-

Revere him in the filnets of the foul ; With filent duty meckly bend before him, And deep within your inmost hearts adore him.

§46. HYMN II.

PRAISE to God, immortal praife *, For the love that crown our days; Bountcous fource of ev'ry joy, Let thy praise our tongues employ ; For the bleffings of the field,

For the flores the gardens yield,

For the vine's exalted juice, For the gen'rous olive's ule :

Flocks that whiten all the plain. Yellow fheaves of ripen'd grain, Clouds that drop their fatt'ning dews, Suns that temp'rate warmth diffuse :

All that Spring, with bounteous hand, Scatters o'er the fmiling land : All that lib'ral Autumn pours From her rich o'erflowing flores :

These to thee, my God, we owe; Source whence all our bleffings flow ; And for theie, my foul shall raife Grateful vows and tolemn praite.

Yet fhould rifing whirlwinds tear From its ftem the rip'ning car ; Should the fig-tree's blafted fhoot Drop her green untimely fruit;

Should the vine put forth no more, Nor the olive yield her ftore; Though the fick ning flocks fhould fall, And the herds defert the stall;

Should thine alter'd hand reftra.n The early and the latter rain; Blaft each op'ning bud of joy, And the rifing year deftroy;

Yet to thee my foul fhould raife Grateful vows and folemn praife; And, when ev'ry bleffing's flown, Love thee-for thyfelf alone.

§47. HYMN III,

For Easter-Sunday.

AGAIN the Lord of Life and Light Awakes the kindling ray; Unfeals the evelids of the morn, And pours increasing day. O what a night was that which wrapt The heathen world in gloom ! O what a fun which broke this day, Triumphant from the tomb ! This day be grateful homage paid, And loud hofannas fung ; Let gladness dwell in ev'ry heart, And praise on ev'ry tongue. Ten thousand diff'ring lips shall join To hail this welcome morn, Which featters bleffings from its wings, To nations yet unborn. Jefus, the friend of human kind, With ftrong compafiion mov'd, Defcended, like a pitying God,

To fave the fouls he lov'd.

* Although the fig-tree shall not blossom, neither shall fruit be in the vines, the labour of the olive shall fail, and the helds fhall yield no meat, the flocks thall be cut off from the fold, and there shall be no herd in the fails : yet I will rejuice in the Lord, I will joy in the God of my falvation. HABAREUR iii. 17, 18.

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The pow'rs of darknefs leagu'd in vain To bind his foul in death; He fhook their kingdom when he fell, With his expiring breath.

Not long the toils of hell could keep The hope of Judah's line; Corruption never could take hold On aught fo much divine.

And now his conqu'ring chariot wheels Afcend the lofty fkies;

While broke, beneath his pow'rful crofs, Death's iron fceptre lies.

Exalted high at God's right hand, And Lord of all below, Thro' him is pard'ning love difpens'd, And boundlefs bleffings flow.

And fill for erring, guilty man, A brother's pity flows; And ftill his bleeding heart is touch'd With mem'ry of our wocs.

To thee, my Saviour and my King, Glad homage let me give; And frand prepar'd like thee to die, With thee that I may live.

§ 48. HYMN IV.

BEHOLD where, breathing love divine, Our dying Mafter ftands! His weeping followers gath'ring round, Receive his laft commands. From that mild Teacher's parting lips

What tender accents fell ! The gentle precept which he gave

Became its Author well.

" Blefs'd is the man whole foft'ning heart "Feels all another's pain ;

" To whom the fupplicating eye " Was never rais'd in vain :

"Whole breaft expands with gen'rous warmth A ftranger's woes to feel;

" And bleeds in pity o'er the wound " He wants the pow'r to heal.

" He fpreads his kind fupporting arms " To ev'ry child of grief;

" His fecret bounty largely flows, "And brings unafk'd relief.

" To gentle offices of love " His feet are never flow;

" He views, thro' mercy's melting eye, " A brother in a foc.

" Peace from the bofom of his God. " My peace to him I give ;

" And when he kneels before the throne, " His trembling foul shall live.

" To him protection shall be shewn; " And mercy from above

" Defcend on those who thus fulfil " The perfect law of love."

§49. HYMN V.

A WAKE, my foul ! lift up thine eyes, See where thy foes against thee rife, In long array, a num'rous host; Awake my foul, or thou art lost.

Here giant danger threat'ning flands, Muft'ring his pale terrific bands; There pleafure's filken banners fpread, And willing fouls are captive led.

Sce where rebellious paffions rage, And fierce defires and lufts engage; The meaneft foe of all the train Has thousands and ten thousands stain.

Thou tread's upon enchanted ground, Perils and fnarcs beset thee round; Beware of all, guard ev'ry part, But most, the traitor in thy heart.

Come then, my foul, now learn to wield The weight of thine immortal fhield; Put on the armour from above Of heav'nly truth and heav'nly love.

The terror and the charm repel, And pow'rs of earth, and pow'rs of hell ; The Man of Calvary triumph'd here ; Why fhould his faithful followers fear ?

> § 50. An Addrefs to the Deity. Mrs. Burbauld

Deus est quodcunque vides, quocunque moveris. LUCAN,

GOD of my life ! and Author of my days ! Permit my feeble voice to lifp thy praife ; And, trembling, take upon a mortal tongue That hallow'd name to harps of Seraphs iung ; Yet here the brighteft Seraphs could no more Than hide their faces, tremble, and adore. Worms, angels, men, in ev'ry diffrent fphere Are equal all ; for all are nothing here. All nature faints beneath the mighty name Which Nature's works, thro' all her parts, proclaim.

I feel that name my inmost thoughts controul, And breathe an awful fillnefs thro' my foul; As by a charm the waves of grief fubfide, Impetuous pailion ftops her headlong tide : At thy felt prefence all emotions ceafe, And my hufh'd spirit finds a fudden peace, Till ev'ry worldly thought within me dies, And earth's gay pageants vanish from my cyes; Till all my fenfe is loft in infinite, And one vaft object fills my aching fight.

But foon, alas! this holy calm is broke; My foul fubmits to wear her wonted yoke; With fhackled pinions ftrives to foar in vain, And mingles with the drofs of earth again. But he, our gracious Mafter, kind as juft, Knowing our frame, remembers man is duft. His fpirit, ever brooding o'er our mind, Sees the firft wift to better hopes inclin'd; Marks the young dawn of ev'ry virtuous aim, And fans the fmoking flax into a flame.

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s are open to the fofteft cry, ce descends to meet the lifted eye; is the language of a filent tear; the are incense from a heart fincere. e the vows, the facrifice I give ; the vow, and bid the fuppliant live : ach terrestrial bondage set me free ; 'ry wifh that centers not in thee; r fond hopes, my vain disquiets ccase, sint my path to everlafting peace. e foft hand of winning pleafure leads ng waters, and thro' flow'ry meads, all is fmiling, tranquil and ferene, ernal beauty paints the flatt'ring fcene, each me to elude each latent fnare, hifper to my fliding heart, Beware ! aution let me hear the Syren's voice, pubtful, with a trembling heart, rejoice. dlefs, in a vale of tears I ftray, briars wound, and thorns perplex my way, t my fleady foul thy goodness fce, ith ftrong confidence lay hold on thee; qual eye my various lot receive, 'd to die, or refolute to live ; 'd to kifs the fceptre or the rod, God is feen in all, and all in God. id his awful name, emblazon'd high -golden letters on th'illumin'd fky; is the mystic characters I see tht in each flow'r, infcrib'd on ev'ry tree; y left that trembles to the breeze the voice of God among the trees; hee in fhady folitudes I walk; hee in buly crowded cities talk; y creature own thy forming pow'r; i event thy providence adore. opes shall animate my drooping foul, recepts guide me, and thy fear controul. hall I reft, unmov'd by all alarms, within the temple of thine arms; inxious cares, from gloomy terrors free, el myfelf omnipotent in thee. when the laft, the clofing hour draws nigh, irth recedes before my fwimming eve ; trembling on the doubtful edge of fate and ftretch my view to either flate, me to quit this transitory fcene lecent triumph and a look ferene; me to fix my ardent hopes on high, aving liv'd to thee, in thee to die !

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51. A Summer Evening's Meditation. Mrs. BARBAULD.

fun by day, by night ten thoufuna shine. Young.

paft! The fultry tyrant of the fouth as fpent his fhort-liv'd rage : more grateful hours

ilent on ; the fkies no more repel zzled fight, but with mild maiden beams per'd light, invite the cherifh'd eye ider o'er their fiphere ; where hung aloft bright creftent, like a filver bow ung in heaven, lifts high its beamy horns, Impatient for the night, and feems to pufh Her brother down the fky. Fair Venus fhines Ev'n in the eye of day : with fweetest beam Propitious fluines, and fhakes a trembling flood Of ioften'd radiance from her dewy locks. The fhadows foread apace; while meeken'd eve, Her check yet warm with blufhes, flow retires Thro' the Hesperian gardens of the west, And fhuts the gates of day. 'Tis now the hour When contemplation, from her funless haunts, The cool damp grotto, or the lonely depth Of unpierc'd woods, where wrapt in folid shade She mus'd away the gaudy hours of noon, And fed on thoughts unripen'd by the fun, Moves forward; and with radiant finger points To yon blue concave fwell'd by breath divine, Where, one by one, the living eyes of heav'n Awake, quick kindling o'er the face of æther One boundless blaze; ten thousand trembling fires,

And dancing luftres, where th'unfteady eye, Reftless and dazzled, wanders unconfin'd O'er all this field of glories : spacious field, And worthy of the Master : he, whole hand With hieroglyphics elder than the Nile, Inferib'd the myftic tablet, hung on high To public gaze, and faid, Adore, O man, The finger of thy God ! From what pure wells Of milky light, what toft o'erflowing urn, Are all thefe lamps fo fill'd? thefe friendly lamps, For ever fireaming o'er the azure deep To point our path, and light us to our home. How foft they flide along their lucid fpheres ! And filent as the foot of time, fulfil Their deftin'd courfes : Nature's felf is hufh'd, And but a fcatter'd leaf, which ruftles thro' The thick-wove foliage, not a found is heard To break the midnight air, tho' the rais'd ear, Intenfely lift'ning, drinks in ev'ry breath. How deep the filence, yet how loud the praife ! But are they filent all ? or is there not A tongue in ev'ry ftar that talks with man, And woocs him to be wife? nor wooes in vain. This dead of midnight is the noon of thought, And wifdom mounts her zenith with the flars. At this still hour the felf-collected foul Turns inward, and beholds a ftranger there Of high descent, and more than mortal rank; An embryo God; a spark of fire divine, Which must burn on for ages, when the fun (Fair transitory creature of a day !) Has clos'd his golden eye, and, wrapt in shades, Forgets his wonted journey thro' the caft.

Ye citadels of light, and feats of Gods ! Perhaps my future home, from whence the foul Revolving periods path, may oft look back, With recollected tenderneis, on all The various bufy feenes the left below, Its deep laid projects and its ftrange events, As on fome fond and doating tale that footh'd Her infant hours; O be it lawful now To tread the hallow'd circle of your courts, And with mute wonder and delighted awe Approach your burning confines. Sein'd in On fancy's wild and rowing wing! fail [thought. From the green borders of the peopled earth. And the pale moon, her duteous fair attendant ; From folitary Mars; from the vaft orb Of Jupiter, whole huge gigantic bulk Dances in other like the lighteft leaf ; To the dim verge, the fuburbs of the fyftem, Where cheerle's Satura, 'midft his wat'ry moons, Girt with a lucid zone, in gloomy pounp, Sits like an exil'd monarch : fearlefs thence I launch into the tracklets deeps of fpace, Where, burning round, ten thouland funs appear, Of elder beam ; which afk no leave to thine Of our terrestrial star, nor borrow light From the proud regent of our feanty day ; Sons of the morning, first-born of creation, And only lefs than Him who marks their track, And guides their fiery wheels. Here must I stop, Or is there aught beyond ? what hand unfeen Impels me onward thro' the glowing orbs Of habitable nature, far remote, To the dread confines of eternal night, To folirudes of vaft unpcopled fpace, The defarts of creation, wide and wild; Where embyro fystems and unkindled funs Sleep in the womb of chaos ? Fancy droops, And thought aftonish'd, stops her bold career. But oh thou mighty mind ! whole pow'rful word Said, Thus let all things be, and thus they were, Where shall I feek thy prefence ? how unblam'd Invoke thy dread perfection ! Have the broad eye-lids of the morn beheld thee? Or does the beamy fhoulder of Orion Support thy throne ? O look with pity down On erring, guilty man ; not in thy names Of terror clad; not with those thunders arm'd That confcious Sinai felt, when fear appal'd The fcatter'd tribes ; thou haft a gentler voice, That whilpers comfort to the fwelling heart, Abath'd, yet longing to behold her Maker.

But now my foul, unus'd to firetch herpow'rs In flight fo daring, drops her weary wing, And feeks again the known accuftom'd fpot. Dreft up with fun, and fl.ade, and lawns, and A mantion fair and fpacious ferit gueft, [ftreams, And full replete with wonders. Let me here; Content and grateful, wait th'appointed time, And ripen for the fkies : the hour will come When all thefe iplendours burfting on my fight Shall fraud unveil'd, and to my ravifh'd fenfe Unlock the glories of the vorld unknown.

Omnibus effe acdit, fi quis cognoverit uti. CLAUDIAN.

O THOU, the Numph with placid eye ! O feldom found, yet ever nigh ! Receive my temp'rate yow : Not all the froms that fhake the pole Can e'er diffurb thy haleyon foul, And fmooth unalter'd brow.

O come, in imple yeft array'd, With all thy iober cheet difp! y'!,

To blefs my longing fight; Thy mein compos'd, thy even pace, Thy meek regard, thy matron grace, And chafte fubdu'd delight. No more by varving paffions beat, O gently guide my pilgrim feet To find thy hermit cell; Where in fome pure and equal fky, Beneath thy foft indulgent eyc, The modeft virtues dwell. Simplicity in attic veft, And Innocence with candid breaft, And clear undaunted eye ; And Hope, who points to diftant years, Fair op'ning thro' this vale of tears A vista to the sky. There Health, thro' whole calm bolom glide The temp'rate joys in even tide, That rarely chb or flow ; And Patience there, thy fifter meek, Prefents her mild, unvarying cheek To meet the offer'd blow. He influence taught the Phrygian fage A tyrant master's wanton rage With fettled finiles to meet : Inur'd to toil and bitter bread, He bow'd his meek fubmitted head, And kifs'd thy fainted feet. But thou, oh Nymph retir'd and coy I

In what brown hamlet doft thou joy To tell thy tender tale? The lowlieft children of the ground, Mofs-rofe and violet bloffom round, And lily of the vale.

O fay what foft propitious hour I beft may choose to hail thy pow'r, And court thy gentle sway ? When Autumn, friendly to the Mule, Shall thy own modest tints diffuse, And shed thy milder day.

When Eve, her dewy ftar beneath, Thy halmy fpirit loves to breathe, And ev'ry ftorm is laid; If fuch an hour was e'er thy choice, Oft let me hear thy foothing voice Low whitp'ring thro' the fhade.

§ 53. To Wiflom. Mrs BARBAULD.

Dona profintis rape latus hora, ac Lunque fevera. HORAT.

O WISDOM ! if thy foft controul Can footh the ficknefs of the foul; Can bid the warring pathons ceafe, And breathe the calm of tender peace; Wifdom ! I blefs thy gentle fway, And ever, ever will obey.

But if thou com'ft with frown auftere To nurfe the brood of care and fear; To bid our fweeteft paffions die, And leave us in their room a figh;

Book I

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afpect ftern have pow'r r each poor transfient flow'r rs this pilgrimage of woe, the fprings whence hope fhould flow; thine empire I difclaim, pty boaft of pompous name ! y fhade of cloifters dwell, haunt my cheerful cell.

pleafure's frolic train ! mcy's golden reign ! irth and laughter wild, fportful as the child ! h eager fparkling eyes, faith, and fond furprife ! , in fairy colours dreft, fhare my carelefs breaft : o' wife I may not be, themfelves fhall envy me.

Despondency. An Ode. BURNS.

LSS'D with grief, opprefs'd with care, rden more than I can bear, me down and figh : ou art a galling load, 1 rough, a weary road, etches fuch as I ? (ward as I caft my view, fick'ning fcenes appear ! rows yet may pierce me thro', filly may I fear ! caring, defpairing, luft be my bitter doom ; woes here fhall clofe ne'er, ut with the clofing tomb !

ye fons of bufy life, ual to the buffing firife, .er view regard ! m the wifhed end's deny'd, the bufy means are ply'd, bring their own reward : , a hope-abandon'd wight, with an aim, ry fad returning night ylefs morn the fame : ., buffing and juffling, orget each grief and pain; tilefs, yet reftlefs, ind every profpect vain.

ft the Solitary's lot, I forgetting, all forgot, n his humble cell; rn wild with tangling roots, his newly-gather'd fruits, his cryftal well; y, to his ev'ning thought, frequented ftream, /* of men are diftant brought, tt collected dream : ille praifing, and raifing lis thoughts to Heav'n on high, wand'ring, meand'ring, le views the folenam fty.

Than I no lonely Hermit plac'd Where never human footstep trac'd, Leis fit to play the part, The lucky moment to improve, And just to stop, and just to move, With felf-respecting art : But ah ! those pleasures, loves, and joys, Which I too keenly tafte, The Solitary can defpife, Can want, and yet be bleft ! He needs not, he heeds not, Or human love or hate; Whilft I here, muft cry here, At perfidy ingrate ! Oh ! enviable early days When dancing thoughtlefs Pleafure's maze, To care to gilt unknown ! How ill exchang'd for riper times, To feel the follies or the crimes Of others, or my own ! Ye tiny elves that guiltless fport, Like linnets in the bufh, Ye little know the ills ye court, When manhood is your wifh ! The loss, the croffes,

That active man engage; The fears all, the tears all, Of dim declining Age!

55. Death. Dr. PORTEUS, Bp. of London.

FRIEND to the wretch whom every friend forfakes,

I woo thee, Death ! In fancy's fairy paths Let the gay fongiter rove, and gently trill The ftrain of empty joy. Life and its joys I leave to those that prize them. At this hour, This folemn hour, when filence rules the world, And wearied nature makes a gen'ral pause; Wrapt in night's sable robe, through cloysters. And charnels pale, tenanted by a throng [drear Of meagre phantoms shooting cross my path With filent glance, I feek the shadowy vale Of Death. Deep in a murky cave's receis, Lav'd by Oblivion's liftless stream, and fenc'd By shelving rocks, and intermingled horrors Of yew and cypress shade, from all intrusion Of buly noontide beam, the Monarch fits In unfubstantial majesty enthron'd. At his right hand, nearest himself in place And frightfulness of form, his parent Sin With fatal industry and cruel care Bufics herfelf in pointing all his ftings, And tipping every thaft with venom drawn From her infernal store : around him rang'd In terrible array, and mixture frange Of uncouth shapes, stand his dread Ministers. Foremost Old Age, his natural ally And firmeft friend : next him difeafes thick, A motly train; Fever, with check of fire Confumption wan; Palfy, half warm with life, And half a clay-clod lump ; joint-tort'ring Gout, And ever-gnawing Rheum; Convultion wild ! Swoin Dropfy; panting Afthma; Apoplex Full-gorg'd. There too the Petilence that walk

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In darknefs, and the Sicknefs that deftroys Atbroad noon-day. Thefe, and a thouland more, Horrid to tell, attentive wait; and, when ByHeav'n's command Deathwaves his chon wand, Sudden ruth forth to execute his purpole, And featter defolation o'er the earth.

Ill-fated Man, for whom fuch various forms Of mis'ry wait, and mark their future prey ! Ah I why, all-rightcous Father, didft thou make This creature, Man ? why wake th'unconfeious To life and wretchedness? O better far [duft Still had he flept in uncreated night, If this the lot of Being ! Was it for this Thy Breath divine kindled within his breaft The vital flame? For this was thy fair image Stampt on his foul in godlike lineaments ? For this dominion giv'n him absolute O'er all thy works, only that he might reign Supreme in woe? From the bleft fource of Good CouldPain and Death proceed? Could fuch foul ills Fall from fair Mercy's hands ? Far be the thought, The impious thought ! God never made a creature But what was good. He made a living Soul; The wretched Mortal was the work of Man. Forth from his Maker's hands he fprung to life Fresh with immortal bloom ; no pain he knew, No fear of change, no check to his defires, [ftood Save one command : that one command, which 'Twixt him and Death, the teft of his obedience, Urg'd on by wanton curiofity, He broke. There in one moment was undone The faireft of God's works. The fame rath hand, That pluck'd in evil hour the fatal fruit, Unbarr'd the gates of Hell, and let loofe Sin And Death, and all the family of Pain, To prey on Mankind. Young Nature faw

The monfrous crew, and flook thro'all her frame. Then fled her new-born luftre, then began Heaven's cheerful face to lowr, then vapours cheak'd

The troubled air, and ferm'd a veil of clouds To hide the willing Sun. The earth, convuls'd With painful threes, threw forth a briftly crop Of thoms and briars | and Infect, Bird, and Bealt, That wont before with admiration fond To gaze at Man, and fearlefs crowd around him, Now fled before his face, fluenning in hafte Th'infection of his milery. He alone, Who justly might, th'of ended Lord of Man, Turn'd not away his face ; he, full of pity, Forfook not in this uttermost diffrefs His beft lov'd work. That comfort ftill remain'd (That beft, that greateft comfort in affliction) The countenance of God; and theo' the gloom Shot forth fome kindly gleams, to cheer and warm Th'offender's inkingtoul. Hope fent from Heav'n, Uprais'd his drooping head, and thew'd afar A happier fcene of things ; the Promis'd Seed Trampling upon the Serpent's humbled creft ; Death of his fling difarm'd; and the dark grave, Made pervious to the realms of endlefs day, No more the limit but the gate of life. [ground,

Cheer'd with the view, Man went to till the From whence he role; fentene'd indeed to toil As to a punishment, yet (ev'n in wrath,

So merciful is Heav'n) this toil became The folace of his woes, the fweet employ Of many a live-long hour, and fureft guard Againft Difease and Death. Death, tho'denounc'c, Was yet a diftant ill, by feeble arm Of Age, his fole fupport, led flowly on. Not then, as fince, the fhort-liv'd fons of men Flock'd to his realms in countlefs multitudes; Scarce in the course of twice five hundred years One folitary ghoft went fhiv'ring down To his unpeopled fhore. In fober flate, Through the fequeiter'd vale of rural life, The venerable Patriarch guilelefs held The tenor of his way ; Labour propar'd His fimple fare, and Temp'rance rul'd his board, Tir'd with his daily toil, at early eve He funk to fudden reft; gentle and pure As breath of evening Zephyr, and as fweet, Were all his flumbers; with the Sun he role, Alert and vigorous as He, to run ftrength, His deftin'd courfe. Thus nerv'd with giant He ftemm'd the tide of time, and ftood the flock Of ages rolling harmlefs o'er his head. At life's meridian point arriv'd, he ftood, And looking round, faw all the vallies fill'd With nations from his loins ; full-well content, To leave his race thus featter'd o'er the earth, Along the gentle flope of life's decline He bent his gradual way, till full of years He dropt like mellow fruit into his grave,

Such in the infancy of time was Man; So calm was life, fo impotent was Death ! O had he but preferv'd thefe few remains, The fhatter'd fragments of loft happinefs, Snatch'd by the hand of Heav'n from the fad wreck, Of innocence primeval, ftill had he liv'd In ruin great; tho' fall'n, yet not forlorn; Though mortal, yet not everywhere befet With Death in every fhape ! But he, impatient To be completely wretched, haftes to fill up The measure of his woes.—'Twas Man himfelf Brought Death into the world; and Man himfelf Gave keennefs to his darts, quicken'd his pace, And multiply'd deftruction on mankind.

First Envy, eldest-born of Hell, embrued Her hands in blood, and taught the Sons of Men To make a Death which Nature never made, And God abhorr'd; with violence rude to break The thread of life ere half its length was run, And rob a wretched brother of his being. With joy Ambition faw, and foon improv'd The execrable deed. 'Twas not enough By fubtle fraud to inatch a fingle life : Puny impiety ! whole kingdoms fell To fate the luft of power : more horrid ftill, The fouleft flain and fcandal of our nature Became its boaft. Oze Murder made a Villain, Millions a Hero. Princes were privileg'd To kill; and numbers fanctified the crime. Ah! why will Kings forget that they are Men? And Men that they are brethren ? Why delight In human facrifice ? Why burft the ties Of Nature, that fhould knit their fouls together In one foft bond of amity and love Yet still they breathe destruction, still go on Inhumanly

unly ingenious to find out ins for life, new terrors for the grave, rrs of Death ! Still Monarchs dream verfal empire growing up inivertal ruin. Blatt the defign, God of Hofts, nor let thy creatures fall d victims at Ambition's thrine ! lay, thould Tyrants learn at last to feel, e loud din of battle ceale to bray; dove-ey'd Peace o'er all the earth extend ve branch, and give the world repole, Death be foil'd ? Would health, and ftrength, and youth is pow'r ? Has he no arts in ftore, er thafts fave those of war? Alas! the finile of Peace, that finile which fheds r'nly funshine o'er the foul, there basks erpent Luxury. War its thousands flays, its ten thousands. In th'embattled plain Death exults, and claps his raven wings, igns he not ev'n there fo abfolute, cilefs, as in yon frantic fcenes dnight revel and tumultuous mirth, : in th'intoxicating draught conceal'd, ich'd beneath the glance of lawless Love, resthe fimple youth, who nought fufpecting, to be bleft-but finds himfelf undone. n the fmooth ftream of life the ftripling darts, ; the morn; bright glows the vernal fky, wells his fails, and pattion fteers his courfe. lides his little bark along the fhore e virtue takes her stand; but if too far inches forth beyond diferention's mark, n the tempeft fcowls, the furges roar, is fair day, and plunge him in the deep. but fure mischance ! O happier far : like gallant Howe 'midit Indian wilds athlefs corfe, cut off by favage hands liest prime, a generous facrifice udom's holy caufe, than fo to fall, immature from life's meridian joys, y to Vice, Intemp'rance, and Dilcafe. die ev'n thus, thus rather perifh flill, ns of Pleafure, by th'Almighty ftrick'n, ever dare (though oft, alas! ye dare) it against yourfelves the murd'rous steel, reft from God's own hand the fword of Justice,

æ your own avengers! Hold, rafh Man, gh with anticipating fpeed thou'll rang'd igh every region of delight, nor left oy to gild the evening of thy days; gh life feem one uncomfortable void, at thy heels, before thy face defpair ; av this fcene, and light this load of woe, ar'd with thy hereafter. Think, O think, ere thou plunge into the valt abyts, on the verge a while, look down and fee future manifon. Why that ftart of horror? thy flack hand why drops th'uplifted fleel? thou not think fuch vengeance must await vretch that, with his crimes all fresh about s irreverent, unprepar'd, uncall'd, [him, is Maker's prefence, throwing back infolent difdain his choiceft gift ?

Live then, while Heav'n in pity lends thee life, And think it all too fhort to wath away, By penitential tears and deep contrition, The fcarlet of thy crimes. So thalt thou find Reft to thy foul, fo unappall'd thait meet Death when he comes, not wantonly invite His ling'ring ftroke. Be it thy fole concern With innocence to live, with patience wait Th'appointed hour; too foon that hour will come, Tho' Nature run her courfe. But Nature's God, If need require, by thousand various ways, Without thy aid, can thorten that fhort ipan, And quench the lamp of life. O when he comes, Rous'd by the cry of wickedness extreme To Heav'n afcending from fome guilty land, Now ripe for vengeance ; when he comes array'd In all the terrors of Almighty wrath, Forth from his bosom plucks his ling'ring arm, And on the mifercants pours destruction down, Who can abide his coming ? Who can bear His whole difpleafure ? In no common form Death then appears, but ftarting into fize Enormous, measures with gigantic fride Th'aftonith'd earth, and from his looks throws Unutterable horror and difmay. [round All nature lends her aid. Each element Arms in his caufe. Ope fly the doors of heav'n ; The fountains of the deep their barriers break ; Above, below, the rival torrents pour And drown Creation; or in floods of fire Descends a livid cataract, and confumes An impious race. Sometimes, when all feemspeace, Wakes the grim whirlwind, and with rude embrace Sweeps nations to their grave, or in the deep Whelms the proud wooden world; full many a Floats on his wat'ry bier, or lies unwept [youth On fome fad defart thore ! At dead of night, In fullen filence stalks forth Pestilence Contagion, close behind, taints all her steps With pois'nous dew; no finiting hand is feen, No found is heard, but foon her feeret path Is mark'd with defolation; heaps on heaps Promitcuous drop. No filend, no refuge, near; All, all, is falle and treachcrous around; All that they touch, or taffe, or breathe, is Death,

Butah! whatmeans that ruinous roar? why fail Thefe tott'ring feet? Earth to its center feels The Godhead's power, and trembling at histonch Through all its pillars, and in ev'ry pore, Hurls to the ground with one convulive heave Precipitating domes, and towns, and tow'rs. The work of ages. Crufh'd beneath the weight Of gen'ral devaltation, millions find One common grave; not ev'n a widow left To wail her fcms: the houfe, that fhould protect, Entombs its insiter; and the faithlefs plain, If there he flies for help, with fudden yawn Starts from beneath him. Shield inc, gracious Heav'n,

O fnatch me from deftruction ! If this Globe, This folidGlobe, which thine own hand hath made So firm and fure, if this my fleps betray; If my own mother Earth, from whence I fprung, Rife up with rage unnaturated devour Her wretched offspring, whither field I fee When Where look for faccour ? Where, but up to thee, Almighty Father? Save, O fave, thy fuppliant From horrors such as there ! At thy good time LerDeath approach; I reck not-let him but come In genuine form, not with thy vengeance arm'd, Too much for man to bear. O rather lend Thy kindly aid to mitigate his ftroke; And at that hour when all aghaft I fland (A trembling candidate for thy compatition) On this World's brink, and lock into the next; When my foul starting from the dark unknown Cafts back a wifhful look, and fondly clings To her frail prop, unwilling to be wrench'd From this fair fcene, from all her cuftom'd joys, And all the lovely relatives of life ; Then fied thy comforts o'er me, then put on The gentleft of thy looks. Let no dark crimes, In all their hideous forms then flatting up, Plant themfelves round my couch in grim array, And ftab my bleeding heart with two-edged torture,

Senfe of pait guilt, and dread of future woe. Far be the ghaftly crew ? And in their flead Let cheerful Memory, from her pureft cells, Lead forth a goodly train of Virtues fair. Cherifh'd in earlieft youth, now paying back With tenfold utury the pious care, And pouring o'er my wounds the heav'nly bahn Of confcious innocence. But chiefly Thou, Whom foft-eyed Pityonce led down from Heav'n To bleed for man, to teach him how to live, And, oh ! ftill harder lefton ! how to die ; Difdain not Thou to fmooth the refiles bed Of Sicknefs and of Pain. Forgive the tear That feeble Nature drops, calm all her fears, Wake all her hopes, and animate her faith, Till my rapt Soul, anticipating Heav'n, Burfts from the thraldom of incumbring clav, And on the wing of Extafy upborne, Springs into Liberty, and Light, and Life.

\$ 56. The Grave. ROBT. BLAIR.

The house appointed for all living. JOB.

WHILST fome affect the fun, and fome the fhade,

Some flee the city, fome the hermitage (Their aims as various as the roads they take In journeying through life) the tark he mine To paint the gloomy horners of the 10m/h; Th'appointed place of rendezvous, where all Thefe travillers meet. Thy fuccours I implore, Eternal King ! whofe potent arm fultiains The keys of hell and death. The Grave, dread thing !

Men fhiver when thou'rt ram'd: Nature appal'd Shakes off ther wonted firmnefs. At ' how dark Thy long-extended realms and ruef it wafter, Where nought but filence reigns, and night, dark Dark as was Chaos ere the infant fin [night, Was roll'd together, or had tried its beams Athwart the gloom profound! The fickly taper, By glimm'ring thro' thy low-brow'd inity vaults,

Jurr'd round with mouldy damps, and ropy flime,

Lets fall a fupernumerary horror, And only ferves to make thy night more irkloms. Well do I know thee by thy trufty yew, Cheerlefs, unfocial plant ! that lowes to dwell 'Midft fcalls and coffins, epitaphs and worms; Where light-heel'd ghofts, and vifionary fhades, Beueath the wan cold moon (as fame reports) Embodied thick, perform their myftic rounds. No other merriment, dull tree !' is thine.

Sce yonder hallow'd fane ! the pious work Of names once fam'd, now dubious or forgot, And buried 'midft the wreck of things which were; There lie interr'd the more illuftrious dead. The wind is up: hark how it howls! Methinks, Till now, I never heard a found io dreary : [bid Doors creak, and windows clap, and night's foul Rook'd in the fpire forcams loud; the gloomy iles Black plafter'd, and hung round with fareds of fourtheons,

And tatter'd coats of arms, fend back the found Laden with heavier airs, from the low vaults, The mantions of the dead. Rous'd from their In grim array the grizly spectres rife, [flumbers, Grin horrible, and obfinately fullen Pafs and repafs, hufh'd as the foot of night. Again' the fereech-ow's thricks: ungraeious found I'll hear no more; it makes one's blood run chill. Quite round the pile, a row of rev'rend elms,

Coeval near with that all ragged fhew, Long lafh'd by the rude winds: forme rift half down Their branchlefs trunks : others fo thin a-top, That fearce two crows could lodge in the fame tree. [pen'd here:

Strange things, the neighbours fay, have hap-Wild fhrieks have iffued from the hollow tombs: Dead men have come again, and walk'd about; And the great bell has toll'd, unrung, untouch'd. Such tales their cheer, at wake or gofiping, When it draws near to witching-time of night.

Oft in the lone church-yard at night I've feen, By glimpte of moon-fhine, chequ'ring thro' the trees.

The fchool-boy, with his fatchel in his hand, Whiftling aloud to bear his courage up, And lightly tripping o'er the long flat ftones (With nettles fkirted, and with mofs o'ergrown) That tell in homely-phrafe who lie below; Sudden he ftarts! and hears, or thinks he hears, The found of fomething purring at his heels: Full faft he flies, and dares not look behind him, Till out of breath he overtakes his fellows; Who pather round and wonder at the tale Or hound apparition, null and ghaftly, That walks at dead of night, or takes his fland O'er four new-open'd grave; and, ftrange to tell ! Evanifies at crowing of the cock.

The new-made widow too I've formetimes fpied, Sad fight ' flow moving o'er the proftrate dead i Littlefs the crawls along in doteful black, While burfs of forrow gufh from either eye, Faft falling down her now untafted cheek. Prone on the lonely grave of the dear man She drops; whilft bufy meddling memory, In barbareus fucceffion, mufters up

Book I.

The part endearments of their fofter hours, Tenacious of its theme. Still, still she thinks She sees him, and indulging the fond thought, Clings yet more closely to the sense turf, Nor heads the partenger who looks that way.

Invidious Grave | how doft thou rend in funder Whom love has knit, and fympathy made one! A tie more flubborn far than nature's band. Friendship! mysterious cement of the foul ! Sweet'ner of life, and folder of fociety ! I owe thee much. Thou haft deferv'd from me Far, far bevond what I can ever pay. Oft have I prov'd the labours of thy love, And the warm efforts of thy gentle heart, Anxious to pleafe. O! when my friend and I In fome thick wood have wander'd heedlefs on, Hid from the vulgar eye, and fat us down Upon the floping cowflip-cover'd bank, Where the pure limpid ftream has flid along In grateful errors thro' the under-wood [thrush Sweet murm'ring, methought, the thrill-tongu'd Mended his fong of love; the footy blackbird Mellow'd his pipe, and foften'd ev'ry note ; The eglantine fmcll'd fweeter, and the rofe Affum'd a dye more deep; whilft ev'ry flower Vied with his fellow-plant in luxury Of drefs. O! then the longeft fummer's day Seem'd too, too much in hafte ; still the full heart Had not imparted half : 'twas happinefs Too exquisite to last. Of joys departed,

Not to return, how painful the remembrance ! Dull Grave ! thou fpoil's the dance of youthful blood,

Strik'ft out the dimple from the check of mirth, And ev'ry finirking feature from the face; Branding our laughter with the name of madnefs. Where are the jefters now ? the man of health Complexionally pleafant ? where the droll, Whole ev'ry look and gefture was a joke To clapping theatres and fhouting crowds, And made ev'n thick-lipp'd mufing Melancholy To gather up her face into a finile Before fhe was aware ? Ah ! fullen now, And dumb as the green turf that covers them !

Where are the mighty thunderbolts of war, The Roman Cæfars and the Græcian chiefs, The boaft of flory ? Where the hot-brain'd youth, Who the tiara at his pleafure tore From kings of all the then difcover'd globe ; And cried, forfooth, becaufe his arm was ham-And had not room enough to do his work ? [per'd, Alas ! how flim, diffionorably flim ! And cramm'd into a fpace we blufh to name, Proud royalty ! how alter'd in thy looks ! How blank thy features, and how wan thy huc ! Son of the morning ! whither art thou gone ? Where haft thou hid thy many-fplangled head, And the majeftic menace of thine eyes Felt from afar ? pliant and pow'rlefs now ; Like new-born infant bound up in his fwathes, Or victim tumbled flat upon his back, That throbs beneath the facrificer's knife; Mute muft thou bear the ftrife of little tongues, And coward infults of the bafe-born crowd,

That grudge a privilege thou never hadft, But only hop'd for in the peaceful Grave, Of being unmolefted and alone. Araby's gums and odoriferous drugs, And honors by the heralds duly paid In mode and form, ev'n to a very feruple; O cruel irony ! thele come too late; And only mock whom they were meant to honor. Surely, there's not a dungeon-flave that's buried In the highway, unfhrowded and uncofin'd, But lies as foft, and fleeps as found as he. Sorry pre-eminence of high defeent Above the vulgar, born to not in firste !

But fee! the well-plum'd hearte comes nodding Stately and flow; and properly attended [on, By the whole fable tribe, that painful watch The fick man's door, and live upon the dead, By letting out their perfons by the hour To mimic forrow, when the heart's not fad ! How rich the trappings, now they're all unfurl'd And glitt'ring in the iun ! triumphant entries Of conquerors, and coronation pomps, In glory fcarce exceed. Great glues of people Retard th'unwickly fhow; whilf from the cafements

And house tops, ranks behind ranks clofe wedg'd, Hang bellying o'er. But tell us, why this waite? Why this ado in earthing up a carcafe That's fall'n into dignace, and in the noftril Smells horrible? Ye undertakers! tell us, 'Midit all the gorgeous figures you exhibit, Why is the principal conceal'd, for which You make this mighty fire? This wifely done : What would offend the eye in a good picture, The Painter cafts differently into findes.

Proud lineage, now how little thou appear it t Below the envy of the private man ! Honor, that meddlefome officious ill, Purfues thee e'en to death; nor there fope fhort. Strange perfecution ! when the grow ittelf Is no protection from the rude fufferance.

Abfurd ! to think to over-reach the grave, And from the wreck of names to refeve out ." The beft concerted fehenors men lay for fame Die fast away : only themielves die faster. The far-fam'd fculptor, and the laurel'd bard, Those bold infurers of eternal fame, Supply their little feeble aids in vain. The tap'ring pyramid, th'Egyptian's pride, And wonder of the world ! whole spiky top Has wounded the thick cloud, and long our-liv'd The angry flaking of the winter's form ; Yet fpent at laft by th'injuries of heav'a, Shatter'd with age, and furrow'd o'er with year ; The myttic cone with hieroglyphics crufted, Gives way. O lamentable light ! at once The labour of whole ages lumbers down, A hideous and mit-fhapen length of ruins. Sepulchral columns wreitle but in vain With all-fubduing Time : her cank'ring hand, With calm deliberate malice, watteth them : Worn on the edge of days, the brais confinner, The buffo moulders, and the deep cut marble, Uniteady to the fiel, gives up its charge.

Ambition, half convicted of her folly, Hangs down the head, and reddens at the tale.

Here all the mighty troublers of the carth, Who fivam to fov'reign rule thro' feas of blood; Th'oppreflive, flurdy, man-deftroying villains, Who ravag'd kingdoms, and laid empires wafte, And in a cruel wantonnels of pow'r

Thinn'd ftates of half their people, and gave up To want the reft, now, like a florm that's fpent, Lie huth'd, and meanly fneak behind thy covert, Vain thought, to hide them from the gen'ral fcorn, That haunts and dog't them like an injur'd ghoft Implacable. Here too, the petty tyrant, Whote fcant domains geographer ne'er notic'd, And well for neighb'ring grounds of arm as fhort; Who fix'd his iron talons on the poor, And grip'd then like fome lordly beaft of prey, Deaf to the forceful crics of gnawing hunger, And piteous plaintive voice of mifery (As if a flave was not a fhred of nature, Of the fame common nature with his lord)

Of the fame common nature with his lord) Now tame and humble, like a child that's whipp'd, Shakes hands with duft, and calls the worm his kinfman;

Nor pleads his rank and birthright. Under ground Precedency's a jeft; vaffal and lord, Großly familiar, fide by fide confume.

When felf-citcem, or others adulation, Would cunningly perfuade us we were fomething Above the common level of our kind, [flatt'ry, The grave gainfays the fmooth-complexion'd And with blunt truth acquaints us what we are.

Beauty ! thou pretty plaything ! dear deceit ! That steals fo foftly o'er the stripling's heart, And gives it a new pulfe unknown before ! The Grave diferedits thee : thy charms expung'd, Thy roles faded, and thy lilies foil'd, What haft thou more to boaft of ? Will thy lovers Flock round thee now, to gaze and do thee homage? Methinks I fee thee with thy head low laid; Whilft furfeited upon thy damafk check, The high-fed worm in lazy volumes roll'd, Riots unfear'd. For this was ... Il thy caution ? For this thy painful labours at thy glafs, T'improve those charms, and keep them in repair, For which the fpoiler thanks thee not? Foul feeder! Courie fare and carrion pleafe thee full as well, And leave as keen a relifh on the fenfe.

1 ook how the fair one weeps ' the confeious tears Stand thick as dew-drops on the bells of flow'rs : Boneft effufion ! the fwoln heart in vain Works hard to put a glofs on its diffrefs.

Strength too't thou furly, and lefs gentle boaft Of those that laugh load at the village ring ! A fit of common licknets pulls thee down With greater cafe than e'er thou didfi the fit pling That rathly da'd thee to th'unequal fight. With anguith heavy laden ! let ne trace it : From youder bed it comes, where the firong man By fironger arm belabeur'd, gafts for breath Like a hard hunted beath. How his great heart Foast thick ! his room, whet has too feant To give the lungs full play ! what now avail

The ftrong-built finewy limbs and well-fpread fhoulders?

See how he tugs for life, and lays about him, Mad with his pain ! eager he catches hold Of what comes next to hand, and grafps it hard, Juft like a creature drowning ! hideous fight ! O! how his eyes ftand out, and ftare full ghaftly ' Whilf the diftemper's rank, and deadly venom Shoots like a burning arrow crofs his bowels, And drinks his marrow up. Heard you that groan? It was his laft. See how the great Goliah, Juft like achild that brawl'd itfelf to reft, [boafter ! Lies ftill. What mean'ft thou then, O mighty To vaunt of nerves of thine? What means the bull, Unconfcious of his ftrength, to play the coward, And ftee before a fceble thing like man; That knowing well the flacknefs of his arm, Trufts only in the well-invented knife !

With fludy pale, and midnight vigils fpent, (The flar-furveying fage clofe to his eye Applies the fight-invigorating tube; And traviling thro' the boundle's length of fpace, Marks well the courfes of the far-feen orbs That roll with regular confusion there, In extacy of thought. But ah! proud man ' Great heights are kazardous to the weak head: Soon, very foon, thy firmeft footing fails; And down thou dropp'f into that dark fome place, Where nor device nor knowledge ever came.

Here the tongue-warrior lies ! difabled now, Difarm'd, difhonor'd, like a wretch that's gagg'd, And cannot tell his ail to paffers-by. [change, Great man of language ! whence this mighty This dumb defpair, and drooping of the head ? Though strong perfuasion hung upon thy lip, And fly Infinuation's fofter arts In ambush lay about thy flowing tongue, Alas! how chop-fall'n now! thick mifts and filence Reft, like a weary cloud, upon thy breaft Unceaung. Ah! where is the lifted arm, The ftrength of action, and the force of words, The well-turn'd period, and the well-tun'd voice. With all the leffer ornaments of phrafe ? Ah! fied for ever, as they ne'er had been ! Raz'dfrom the book of fame : or, more provoking, Perhaps fome hackney hunger-bitten feribbler Infults thy memory, and blots thy tomb With long flat narrative, or duller rhimes With heavy halting pace that drawl along; Enough to rouze a dead man into rage, And warm with red refentment the wan cheek.

Here the great matters of the healing art, Thefe mighty mock-defrauders of the tomb ! Spite of their juleps and catholicons, Reign to fate. Proud Æfculapius' fon, Where are thy boatted implements of art, And all thy well-cranm'd magazines of health? Nor hill, nor vale, as far as flip could go, Nor margin of the gravel-bottom'd brook, Efcap'd thy rilling hand ! from flubborn fhrubs Thou wrung'ft their fly retiring virtues out, And vex'd them in the fire; nor fly, nor infeft, Nor withy hase, efcap'd thy deep refearch. But why this apparatus ? why this coff ?

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s, thou doughty keeper from the grave ! : are thy recipcs and cordials now, the long lift of vouchers for thy cures ! thou fpeak'st not. The bold impostor not more filly when the cheat's found out. : the lank-fided miler, worft of felons ! neanly ftole, difcreditable fhift ! . back and belly too their proper cheer; of a tax it irk'd the wretch to pay own carcafe, now lies cheaply lodg'd, m'rous appetites no longer teaz'd, dious bills of charges and repairs. 11 where are his rents, his comings in ? 10w you've made the rich man poor indeed : I of his gods, what has he left behind ? ed luft of gold ! when for thy fake ol throws up his int'reft in both worlds, arv'd in this, then damn'd in that to come. / fhocking must thy fummons be, O Death ! n that is at ease in his possessions, counting on long years of pleafure here, e unfurnish'd for that world to come ! : dread moment, how the frantic foul round the walls of her clay tenement, o each avenue, and thricks for help, tieks in vain ! how withfully the looks fhe's leaving, now no longer hers t : longer, yet a little longer, it fe ftay to wath away her ftains, : her for her passage ! mournful sight ! ry eyes weep blood, and ev'ry groan ives is big with horror : but the foe, ftaunch murd'rer fteady to his purpole, : her close through ev'ry lanc of life, ffes once the track, but preffes on ; rc'd at last to the tremendous verge, e the finks to everlating ruin. 'tis a ferious thing to die ! my foul ! I ftrange moment must it be, when near urney's end, thou haft the gulph in view ! wful gulph no mortal e'er repaís'd, what's doing on the other fide ! runs back and shudders at the fight, ry life-ftring bleeds at thoughts of parting ! t they must : body and foul must part ; uple ! link'd more clofe than wedded pair. igs its way to its Almighty Source, tness of its actions, now its Judge; ops into the dark and notifome grave, difabled pitcher of no ufe. ith was nothing, and nought after death; n men died, at once they ceas'd to be, ng to the barren womb of nothing, : first they sprung, then might the demuchee drunkard bling mouthe the heav'ns; then might the er his full bowl, and when 'tis drain'd,

another to the brim, and laugh [wretch poor bugbear Death ;---then might the veary of the world, and tir'd of life, give each inquietude the flip, ing out of being when he pleas'd, what way, whether by hemp or fleel : thousand doors fland open. Who could C DOE

The ill-pleas'd gueft to fit out his full time. Or blame him if he goes? Sure he does well That helps himfelf as timely as he can, When able. But if there is an hereafter (And that there is, confiience, uninfluenc'd And fuffer'd to fpeak out, tells ev'ry man) Then must it be an awful thing to die ; More horrid yet to die by one's own hand. Self-murder ! name it not ; our island's shame, That makes her the reproach of neighb'ring flates. Shall nature, fwerving from her earlieft dictate, Self-prefervation, fall by her own act ? Forbid it, Heav'n ! let not upon difguft The shameless hand be foully crimion'd o'er With blood of its own lord. Dreadful attempt ! Just reeking from self-slaughter, in a rage, To rush into the presence of our Judge I As if we challeng'd him to do his worft, And matter'd not his wrath. Unheard-of tortures Muft be referv'd for fuch : thefe herd together ; The common damn'd fhun their fociety And look upon themfelves as fiends lefs foul. Our time is fix'd ! and all our days are number'd ! How long, how fhort, we know not : this we know, Duty requires we calmly wait the fummons, Nor dare to ftir till Heav'n shall give permission: Like centries that must keep their deftin'd stand, And wait th'appointed hour, till they're reliev'd. Those only are the brave who keep their ground, And keep it to the last. To run away Is but a coward's trick : to run away From this world's ills, that at the very worft Will foon blow o'er, thinking to mend ourfelves By boldly vent'ring on a world unknown, And plunging headlong in the dark ! 'tis mad : No frenzy half fo defperate as this.

Tell us, ye dead ! will none of you in pity To those you left behind disclose the fecret a O! that fome cour cous ghoft would blab it out, What 'tis you are, and we must shortly be. I've heard, that fouls departed have fometimes Forewarn'd men of their death : 'twas kindly done To knock and give th'alarum. But what means This stinted charity? 'tis but lame kindness That does its work by halves. Why might you not Tell us what 'tis to die ? Do the ftrict laws Of your fociety forbid your fpeaking Upon a point fo nice ? I'll afk no more ; Sullen, like lamps in fepulchres, your thine Enlightens but yourfelves : well-'tis no matter : A very little time will clear up all, And make us learn'd as youa re, and as clofe.

Death's fhatts fly thick ! Here falls the village fwain, [round; And there his pamper'd lord ! The cup goes And who fo artful as to put it by? ' Tis long fince Death had the majority ; Yet, strange ! the living lay it not to heart. See yonder maker of the dead man's bed, The fexton, hoary headed chronicle ! Of hard unmeaning face, down which ne'er ftole A gentle tear; with mattock in his hand Digsthro' whole rows of kindred and acquaintance By far his juniors | Scarce a scull's caft up, But well he knew its owner, and can will ם

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Some paffage of his life. Thus, hand in hand, The fot has walk'd with death twicetwenty years; And yet ne'er younker on the green laughs louder, Or clubs a fmuttier tale; when drunkards meet, None fings a merrier catch, or leads a hand More willing to his cup. Poor wretch! he minds That foon fome trufty brother of the trade [not Shall do for him what he has done for thoufands.

On this fide, and on that, men fee their friends Drop off, like leaves in Autumn; yet launch out Into fantastic schemes, which the long livers In the world's hale and undegen'rate days Could scarce have leifure for ; fools that we are ! Never to think of death and of ourfelves At the fame time 1 as if to learn to die Were no concern of ours. O more than fottifh ! For creatures of a day, in gamefome mood To frolic on eternity's dread brink Unapprehenfive; when for aught we know The very first swoln surge shall sweep us in. Think we, or think we not, time hurries on With a refiftlefs unremitting fream, Yet treads more foft than e'er did midnight thief, That flides his hand under the mifer's pillow And carries off his prize. What is this world? What but a spacious burial-field unwall'd, Strew'd with death's spoils, the spoils of animals, Savage and tame, and full of dead mens bones ! The very turf on which we tread once liv'd; And we that live must lend our carcases To cover our own offspring: in their turns They too must cover theirs. 'Tis here all meet ! The shiv'ring Icelander, and fun-burnt Moor; Men of all climes, that never met before, And of all creeds, the Jew, the Turk, the Chriftian. Here the proud prince, and favorite yet prouder, His fov'reign's keeper, and the people's fcourge, Are huddled out of fight. Here lie abath'd The great negociators of the earth, And celebrated mafters of the balance, Deep read in stratagems and wiles of courts : How vain their treaty-fkill ! Death forms to treat. Here the o'erloaded flave flings down his burthen From his gall'd floulders; and when the cruel tyrant,

With all his guards and tools of pow'r about him, Is meditating new unheard-of hardfhips, Mocks his fhort arm, and quick as thought efcapes, Where tyrants vex not, and the weary reft. Here the warm lover, leaving the cool fhade, The tell-tale echo, and the bubbling ftream, Time out of mind the fav'rite feats of love, Faft by his gentle miftrefs lays him down Unblasted by foul tongue. Here friends and foes Lie clofe, unmindful of their former feuds. The lawn rob'd prelate and plain prefbyter, Ere while that flood aboof, as fhy to meet, Familiar mingle here, like fifter-freams That fome rude interposing rock had split. Here is the large-limb'd peafant; here the child Of a fpan long, that never faw the fun, Nor prefs'd the nipple, ftrangled in life's porch; Here is the mother with her fons and daughters; The barren wife; the long-demurring maid, Whole lonely unappropriated fwcets

Smil'd like you knot of cowflips on the chiff, Not to be come at by the willing hand. Here are the prude fevere, and gay coquette, The fober widow, and the young green virgin, Cropp'd like a role, before 'tis fully blown, Or half its worth difclos'd. Strange medley here! Here garrulous old age winds up his tale; And jovial youth, of lightfome vacant heart, Whose ev'ry day was made of melody, [fhrew, Hears not the voice of mirth : the fhrill tongu'd Meek as the turtle-dove, forgets her chiding. Here are the wife, the gen'rous, and the brave; The juft, the good, the worthlets, the profane, The downright clown, and perfectly well-bred; The fool, the churl, the fooundrel, and the mean, The supple statesman, and the patriot ftern ; The wrecks of nations, and the fpoils of time, With all the lumber of fix thousand years.

Poor man ! how happy once in thy first state ! When vet but warm from thy great Maker's hand, He ftamp'd thee with his image, and well pleas'd, Smil'd on his last fair work ! Then all was wells Sound was the body, and the foul ferene; Like two fweet inftruments ne'er out of tune, That play their feveral parts. Nor head, nor heart, Offer'd to ache; nor was there caufe they fhould, For all was pure within : no fell remorfe, Nor anxious caffings up of what may be, Alarm'd his peaceful bofom : fummer feas Shew not more fmooth when kifs'd by fouthern Just ready to expire. Scarce importun'd, [winds, The gen'rous foil with a luxuriant hand Offer'd the various produce of the year, And ev'ry thing most perfect in its kind. Blessed, thrice blessed days ! but ah, how short ! Blefs'd as the pleafing dreams of holy men, But fugitive, like thole, and quickly gone. O flipp'ry flate of things ! What fudden turns, What ftrange viciffitudes, in the first leaf Of man's fad history ! to-day most happy, And ere to-morrow's fun has fct, most abject ! How scant the space between these vaft extremes ! Thus far'd it with our Sire; Not long he enjoy'd His paradife ! fcarce had the happy tenant Of the fair fpot due time to prove its fweets, Or fum them up, when ftraight he must be gone, Ne'er to return again. And muft he go? Can nought compound for the first dire offence Of erring man? Like one that is condemn'd, Fain would he trifle time with idle talk, And parley with his fate. But 'tis in vain. Not all the lavish odours of the place, Offer'd in incense, can procure his pardon, Or mitigate his doom. A mighty anget With fiaming fword forbids his longer ftay, And drives the loit'rer forth ; nor must be take One last and farewell round. At once he lost His glory and his God. If mortal now, And forely maim'd, no wonder ! Man has finn'd. Sick of his blifs, and bent on new adventures, Evil he would needs try : nor try'd in vain. Dreadful experiment ! deftructive measure ! Where the worft thing could happen, is fuccefu Alas 1 too well he fped : the good he fcorn'd Stalk'd off reluctant, like an ill-us'd ghoft,

Not

return; or if it did, its vifits, sole of angels, fhort, and far between : the black dæmon with his hell-scap'd train, ed once into its better room, oud and mutinous, nor would be gone; g it o'er the man, who now too late e rash error, which he could not mend; or fatal not to him alone, his future fons, his fortune's heirs. ous bondage ! human nature groans 1 a vaffalage fo vile and cruel, vaft body bleeds through ev'ry vein. thavoc haft thou made, foul monfter, Sin ! t and first of ills ! the fruitful parent s of all dimensions! but for thee had never been. All noxious things t nature, other forts of evils, dly circumfcrib'd, and have their bounds. rce volcano, from its burning entrails clches molten stone and globes of fire, 1 in pitchy clouds of fmoke and ftench, le adjacent fields for some leagues round, The big fwoln inundation, re it ftops. hief more diffusive, raving loud, vhole tracts of country, threat'ning more; r too has its shore it cannot pass. readful far than thefe, fin has laid wafte, e and there a country, but a world; ling at a wide extended blow nankind, and for their fakes defacing : creation's beauty with rude hands; the foodful grain, the loaded branches, rking all along its way with ruin. 1 thing ! O where shall fancy find r name to call thee by, expressive iy horrors? pregnant womb of ills! er fo transcendently malign, ids and ferpents of most deadly kind d to thee are harmlefs. Sickneffes fize and fymptom, racking pains, eft plagues are thine ! See how the fiend r fcatters the contagion round ! [heels, eep-mouth'd flaughter, bellowing at her rep in blood new fpilt ; yet for to-morrow ut new work of great uncommon daring, pines till the dread blow is ftruck. ld! I've gone too far ; too much difcover'd :r's nakednefs, and fature's fhame. me paufe! and drop an honeft tear, t of filial duty and condolence hofe ample defarts Death hath fpread, os of mankind. O great man-eater ! v'ry day is carnival, not fated yet! of epicure, without a fellow ! eft gluttons do not always cram; ervals of abitinence are fought the appetite ; thou feekest none. the countles fwarms thouhast devour'd, ifands that each hour thou gobbleft up, than this, might gorge thee to the full. rapacious still, thou gap'st tor more ; whole days defrauded of his meals, 1 lank hunger lays his fkinny hand, ts to kceneft esgernefs his cravings : ales, Mailacres, and Poilon.

Famine and War, were not thy caterers ! But know that thou must render up thy dead. And with high intereft too ! they are not thine ; But only in thy keeping for a leafon, Till the great promis'd day of reftitution ; When loud diffusive found from brazen trump Of ftrong-lung'd cherub shall alarm thy captives, And roufe the long, long fleepers into life, Day-light, and liberty. Then must thy gates fly open, and reveal The mines that lay long forming under ground, In their dark cells immur'd; but now full ripe, And pure as filver from the crucible, That twice has flood the torture of the fire. And inquisition of the forge. We know, Th'Illuftrious Deliverer of mankind, The Son of God, thee foil'd. Him in thy pow'z Thou couldft not hold ; felf-vigorous he rofe, And, faking off thy fetters, foon retook Those spoils his voluntary yielding lent. (Sure pledge of our releasement from thy thrall !) Twice twenty days he fojourn'd here on earth, And fhew'd himfelf alive to chofen witneffes By proofs to strong, that the most flow affenting Had not a fcruple left. This having done, He mounted up to heav'n. Methinks I fee him. Climb the aërial heights, and glide along Athwart the fevering clouds; but the faint eve, Flung backward in the chace, foon drops its hold, Difabled quite, and jaded with purfuing. Heaven's portals wide expand to let him in ; Nor are his friends thut out; as fome great prince Not for himfelf alone procures admittion, But for his train; it was his royal will, That where he is, there should his followers be. Death only lies between, a gloomy path ! Made yet more gloomy by our coward fears ! .. But nor untrod, nor tedious ; the fatigue Will foon go off. Befides, there's no by-road To blifs. Then why, like ill-condition'd children, Start we at transient hardships in the way That leads to purer air and fofter fkies, And a ne'er-fetting fun ? Fools that we are ! We wish to be where fweets unwith'ring bloom; But strait our wish revoke, and will not go. So have I feen, upon a fummer's even, Faft by the rivilet's brink a youngiter play; How wifhfally he looks to flem the tide I This moment refolute, next unrefolv'd, At last he dips his foot ; but as he dips, His fears redouble, and he runs away From th'inoffentive stream, unmindful now Of all the flow'rs that paint the further bank, And fmil'd fo fweet of late. Thrice welcome That, after many a painful bleeding ftep, [Death I Conducts us to our home, and lands us fafe On the long with'd-for thore. Prodigious changel Our bane turn'd to a bleffing ! Death difarm'd Lofes his felnefs quite ; all thanks to him Who fcourg'd the venom out ! Sure the laft end Of the good man is peace. How calm his exit! Night-dews fall not more gently to the ground, Nor weary worn-out winds expire to loft. Behold him in the evining-tide of life, A life well fpent, whole early care it was,

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His riper years should not upbraid his green : By unperceiv'd degrees he wears away ; Yet, like the fun, feems larger at his fetting ! High in his faith and hopes, look how he reaches After the prize in view! and, like a bird That's hamper'd, ftruggles hard to get away ! Whilft the glad gates of fight are wide expanded To let new glories in, the first fair fruits Of the faft-coming harveft ! Then ! O then ! Each earth-born joy grows vile, or difappears, Shrunk to a thing of nought. O how he longs To have his pafiport fign'd, and be difmifs'd ! 'Tis done, and now he's happy ! The glad foul Has not a wifh uncrown'd. Év'n the lag flefh Refts too, in hope of meeting once again Its better half, never to funder more. Nor shall it hope in vain : the time draws on When not a fingle spot of burial-earth, Whether on land or in the fpacious fea, But must give back its long committed dust Inviolate : and faithfully shall these Make up the full account ; not the least atom Embezzled, or miflaid, of the whole tale. Each foul shall have a body ready furnish'd ; And each shall have his own. Hence, ye prophane! Afk not, how this can be ? Sure the fame pow'r That rear'd the piece at first, and took it down, Can re-affemble the loofe featter'd parts, And put them as they were. Almighty God Has done much more ; nor is his arm impair'd Thro' length of days; and what he can he will: His faithfulnels flands bound to fee it donc. When the dread trumpet founds, the flumb'ring Not unattentive to the call, shall wake; [dust, And ev'ry joint posses its proper place, With a new elegance of form, unknown To its first state. Nor shall the confeious foul Mistake his partner; but amidst the crowd, Singling its other half into its arms, Shall ruth, with all th'impatience of a man That's new come home, who having long been

abfent, With hafte runs over every different room, In pain to fee the whole. Thrice happy meeting! Nor time, nor death, shall ever part them more.

'Tis but a night, a long and moonlefs night, We make the grave our bed, and then are gone.

Thus, at the fhut of even, the weary bird Leaves the wide air, and in fome lonely break Cow'rs down, and dozes till the dawn of day, Thenclaps his well-fledg'd wings, and bears away.

§ 57. On the Eternity of the Supreme Being. SMART.

HAIL, wond'rous Being, - who in power fupreme

Exifts from everlafting ! whofe great name Deep in the human heart, and every atom The Air, the Earth, or azure Main contains, In undecypher'd characters is wrote-Incomprehensible !-- O what can words, The weak interpreters of mortal thoughts, Or what can thoughts (tho' wild of wing they rove If to the Heaven of Heavens they wing their way Adventurous, like the birds of night, they're lon, And delug'd in the flood of dazzling day .-

May then the youthful uninfpired Bard Prefume to hymn th'Eternal ? may he foar Where Seraph and where Cherubim on high Refound th'unceafing plaudits, and with them In the grand chorus mix his feeble voice ?

He may-if thou, who from the witlefs babe Ordainest honor, glory, strength, and praise, Uplift th'unpinion'd Muse, and deign'st t'affist, Great Poet of the Universe, his song.

Before this earthly Planet wound her courfe Round Light's perennial fountain; before Light Herfelf 'gan fhine, and at th'infpiring word Shot to existence in a blaze of day; Before "the Morning-Stars together fang," And hail'd Thee Architect of countlefs worlds; Thou art—All-glorious, All-beneficent, All Wildom and Omnipotence thou art.

But is the æra of Creation fix'd At when thefe worlds began ? Could aught retard Goodneis, that knows no bounds, from bleffing Or keep th'immense Artificer in floth ? ever, Avaunt the duft-directed crawling thought, The Puitfance immcafurably vaft, And Bounty inconceivable, could reft Content, exhausted with one week of action-No-in th'exertion of thy rightcous power, Ten thousand times more active than the Sun, Thou reign'd, and with a mighty hand compos'd Syftems innumerable, matchlefs all. All ftampt with thine uncounterfeited feal. But vet (if full no more flupendous heights The Mule unblam'd her aching fenfe may ftrain) Perhaps wrapt up in contemplation deep, The beft of Beings on the nobleft theme Might ruminate at leifure, Scope immenfe Th'eternal Power and Godhead to explore, And with itfelf th'omnifcient mind replete. This were enough to fill the boundles All. This were a Sabbath worthy the Supreme I Perhaps enthron'd amidft a choicer few Of fpirits inferior, he might greatly plan The two prime pillars of the Universe. Creation and Redemption - and a while Paufe with the grand prefentiments of glory. Perhaps-but air's conjecture here below, All ignorance, and felf-plum'd vanity-O Thou, whole ways to wonder at's distruit, Whom to deteribe's prefumption (all we can And all we may) be glorify'd, be prais'd. [perifh,

A day shall come when all this Earth shall Nor leave behind ev'n Chaos; it shall come When all the armies of the elements Shall war against themselves, and mutual rage, To make Perdition triumph ; it shall come When the capacious atmosphere above Shall in fulphurcous thunders groan, and die, And vanish into void ; the earth beneath Shall fever to the center, and devour Th'enormous Llaze of the deftructive flames. Ye rocks that mock the raving of the floods, And proudly frown upon the th'impatient deep, Thre' the vall concave of the sthereal round) ? | Where is your grandeur now? Ye foaming waves, That all along th'immenfe Atlantic roar, a ve fwell; will a few drops fuffice ench the inextinguishable fire ? [cedars untains, on whole cloud-crown'd tops the ffen'd into fhrubs, magnific piles, orop the painted chambers of the heavens, x the earth continual ; Athos, where ? , Teneriff's, thy ftatelinefs to-day ? Ætna, are thy flames to theie? No more the poor glow-worm to the golden fun. shall the verdant vallies then remain their meck fubmillon; they the debt are and of justice too must pay. must weep for you, ye rival fair, ind Andalufia; but for thee largely, and with filial tears must weep, ion ! O my country ! thou must join, I diffever'd from the reft, must join rrors of th'inevitable ruin. thou, illustrious monarch of the day; ou, fair queen of night; nor you, ye ftars, illion leagues and million still remote, et furvive that day ; ye must submit, i, not bright spectators of the scene. tho' the earth shall to the centre perish, we behind ev'n Chaos; tho' the air ill the elements must pass away, : an idiot's dream; tho' the huge rocks. randifh the tall cedars on their tops, numbler vales must to perdition yield; he gilt Sun, and filver treffed Moon, ill her bright retinue must be lost ; 100, Great Father of the world, furviv'ft l, as thou wert : Yet ftill furvives ul of man immortal, perfect now, indidate for unexpiring joys. Thear; comes ! He comes ! the awful trump I ming fword's intolerable blaze He comes ! th'Archangel from above. e ye tenants of the filent grave, ke incorruptible, and arife : n east to west, from the Antarctic pole regions Hyperborean, all ye fons, ons of Adam, and ye heirs of heav'ne ye tenants of the filent grave, ke incorruptible, and arife." then, nor fooner, that the reftlefs mind nd itfelf at home; and like the ark, n the mountain-top, shall look aloft e vague passage of precarious life; rinds and waves, and rocks and tempefts the everlasting calm of Heaven : [paft, en, nor sooner, that the deathless soul ftly know its nature and its rife : in the human tongue new tun'd shall give more worthy the Eternal car. at we can, we ought; and therefore Thou, Thou my heart, Omnipotent and Good ! Thou my heart with hyflop, left like Cain, ruitless facrifice, and with gifts and not propitiate the Ador'd. ratitude were bleft with all the powers fting heart could long for, tho' the fwift, ry-wing'd Imagination foar'd ambition's with - yet all were vain

To fpeak Him as he is, who is ineffable. Yet ftill let Reafon, thro' the eye of Faith View him with fearful love; let Truth pronounce, And Adoration on her bended knee. With heaven-directed hands, confets his reign, And let the angelic, archangelic band, With all the hofts of Heaven, cherubic forms, And forms feraphic, with her filver trump And golden lyres attend :- " For Thou art holy, " For Thou art one, th'Eternal, who alone " Exerts all goodnets, and transcends all praife !"

§ 58. On the Immensity of the Supreme Being. SMART.

ONCE more I dare to roule the founding firing, The Poet of my God - Awake, my glory, Awake, my lute and harp - myfelf shall wake. Soon as the flately night-exploding bird In lively lay fings welcome to the dawn.

Lift ye! how nature with ten thousand tongues Begins the grand thankfgiving, Hail, all hail, Ye tenants of the foreft and the field; My fellow fubjects of th'Eternal King, I gladly join your matins, and with you Confels his presence, and report his praise.

O Thou, who or the lambkin, or the dove, When offer'd by the lowly, meek and poor, Prefer'ft to pride's whole hecatomb, accept This mean effay, nor from thy treasure-house Of glory immense the Orphan's mite exclude.

What the' the Almighty's regal throne be rais'd High o'er yon azure Heaven's exalted doine. By mortal eye unkenn'd -- Where Eaft nor Weft, Nor South, nor bluftering North has breath to AlbeitHethere with angels and with faints [blow; Holds conference, and to his radiant hoft Ev'n face to face ftand visibly confest; Yet know, that nor in prefence or in power Shines He less perfect here; 'tis man's dim eye That makes th'obscurity. He is the fame; Alike in all his univerfe the fame.

Whether the mind along the fpangled fky Measures her pathlels walk, studious to view The works of valter fabric, where the planets Weave their harmonious rounds, their march di-Still faithful, ftill inconftant to the fun; [recting Or where the comet, thro' fpace infinite (Tho' whirling worlds oppofe in globes of fire) Darts like a javelin, to his diffant goal ; [vens, Or where in Heaven above, the Heaven of Hea-Burn brighter funs, and goodlier planets roll With fatellites more glorious-Thou art there.

Or whether on the ocean's boifterous back Thou ride triumphant, and with ouftretch'd arm Curb the wild winds and difcipline the billows, The fuppliant failor finds Thee there, his chief, His only help - When thou rebuk'ft the form It ceafes - and the veffel gently glides Along the gloffy level of the calm. O! could I fearch the bolom of the fea,

Down the great depth defeending; there thy works Would also speak thy refidence; and there Would I, thy fervant, like the still profound Aftonish'd into filence mule thy praise ! D 3

Behold !

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Behold! behold ! th'unplanted garden round Of vegetable coral, fea-flowers gay, And thrubs of amber from the pearl-pav'd bottom Rule richly varied, where the finny race In blithe fecurity their gambols play : While high above their heads Leviathan, The terror and the glory of the main, His pastime takes with transport, proud to see The ocean's vaft dominion all his own.

Hence thro' the genial bowels of the earth Eafy may fancy pais; till at thy mines, Gani or Raolconda, the arrive, And from the adamant's imperial blaze, Form weak ideas of her Maker's glory. Next to Pegu or Ceylon let me rove, Where the tich ruby (deem'd by fages old Of fov'reign virtue) fparkles ev'n like Sirius, And bluthes into flames. Thence will I go To undermine the treasure-fertile womb Of the huge Pyrenean, to detect The agate and the deep-intrenched gem Of kindred jalper - Nature in them both Delights to play the mimic on herfelf; And in their veins the oft pourtrays their forms Of leaning hills, of trees crect, and streams Now stealing foftly on, now thundering down In defperate cafcade, with flowers and beafts, And all the living landskip of the vale. In vain thy pencil, Claudio, or Pouffin, Or thine, immortal Guido, would effay Such skill to imitate - it is the hand Of God himfelf --- for God himfelf is there. [vance

Hence with th'afcending fprings let me ad-Thro' beds of magnets, minerals, and spar, Up to the mountain's fummit, there t'indulge Th'ambition of the comprehensive eye, That dares to call th'horizon all her own. Behold the foreft, and th'expansive verdure Of yonder level lawn, whole fmooth-shorn fod No object interrupts, unless the oak His lordly head uprears, and branching arms Extends - Behold, in regal folitude And pastoral magnificence he stands So fimple and fo great, the under-wood Of meaner rank, an awful distance keep. Yct thou art there, yet God himfelf is there, Ev'n on the bufh (tho' not as when to Mofes He shone in burning majefty reveal'd). Nathless confpicuous in the linnet's throat Is his unbounded goodnels - Thee her Maker, Thee her Preferver chaunts fhe in her fong ; While all the emulative vocal tribe The grateful leffon learn — no other voice Is heard, no other found — for, in attention Buried, ev'n babbling Echo holds her peace.

Now from the plains, where th'unbounded prof-Gives liberty her utmost fcope to range, Turn we to von enclosures, where appears [pect Chequer'd variety in all her forms, Which the vague mind attract, and still fuspend With fweet perplexity. What are yon towers, The work of labouring man and clumfy art, Scen with the ring-dove's neft? On that tall beech Her penfile houfe the feather'd artift builds -The rocking winds moleft her not; for fee,

With fuch due poife the wond'rous fabric's hung, That, like the compais in the bark, it keeps True to itfelf, and ftedfaft ev'n in ftorms. Thou idiot, that afferts there is no God, View, and be dumb for ever Go bid Vitruvius or Palladio build The bee his manfion, or the ant her cave-Go call Correggio, or let Titian come [cherry To paint the hawthorn's bloom, or teach the To blufh with just vermillion - Hence away-Hence, ye profane ! for God himfelf is here. Vain were th'attempt, and impious, to trace Thro' all his works th'Artificer Divine-And the' nor fhining fun, nor twinkling ftar Bedeck'd the crimfon curtains of the fky; Tho' neither vegetable, beaft, nor bird Were extant on the furface of this ball. Nor lurking gem beneath; tho' the great iea Slept in profound stagnation, and the air Had left no thunder to pronounce its Maker; Yet man at home, within himfelf might find The Dcity immense, and in that frame, So fearfully, to wonderfully made, See and adore his providence and power-I fee, and I adore - O God moft bounteous ! O infinite of goodness and of glory, [Thee; The knee, that thou haft shap'd, shall bend to The tongue which thou haft tun'd, shall chaust thy praife;

And thine own image, the immortal foul, Shall confecrate herielf to Thee for ever.

§ 59. On the Omniscience of the Supreme Being. SMART.

ARISE, divine Urania, with new strains Tohymn thy God! and thou, immortal Fame, Arife and blow thy everlaiting trump ! All glory to the Omnifcient, and praife, And power, and domination in the height ! And thou, cherubic Gratitude, whole voice To pious ears founds filverly fo fweet, Come with thy precious incense, bring thy gifu, And with thy choices fores the altar crown Thou too, my heart, whom He, and He alone Who all things knows, can know, with love re-Regenerate, and pure, pour all thyfelf [plett, A living facrifice before his throne ! And may th'oternal, high mysterious tree, That in the centre of the arched heavens [branch Bears the rich fruit of knowledge, with forms Stoop to my humble reach, and blefs my toil ! When in my mother's womb conceal'd I lay, A fenfeleis embryo, then my foul thou knew # Knew'ft all her future workings, every thought, And every faint idea yet unform'd, When up the imperceptible afcent Of growing years, led by thy hand, I role, Perception's gradual light, that ever dawns Infenfibly to day thou didft vouchfafe, And taught me by that reason thou inspir de, That what of knowledge in my mind was low, Imperfect, incorrect — in Thee is wond'rous, Uncircumfcrib'd, unfearchably profound,

And

mable folely by itfelf.

is that fecret power that guides the brutes, gnorance calls Instinct? 'Tis from Thee, operation of thine hands nte, inftantaneous; 'tis thy wifdom prious fhines transparent thro' thy works. aght the pye, or who forwarn'd the jay the deadly night shade? Tho' the cherry ot a gloffier hue, nor does the plum h more feeming fwcets the amorous eye, not the fagacious birds, decoy'd ppearance, touch the noxious fruit. ow the tafte is fatal, whence alarm'd, the winnowingwinds they work their way. roud reas'ner, philosophic Man, a fuch prudence, thou fuch knowledge? ay a race has fell into the fnare [-No. ricious looks, of pleafing furface; in defart illes the famish'd pilgrim, s of fruit, and luscious taste beguil'd, forefather Adam, cats and dies. his wifdom on the leaden feet Experience, dully tedious, creeps nes, like vengeance, after long delay. enerable fage, that nightly trims ned lamp, t'inveftigate the powers s medicinal, the earth, the air, dark regions of the foffil world, d in following what he ne'er shall find : in vain! till haply, at the laft a mift, then fhapes into mountains, eless fabrics from conjecture builds: e domeftic animal that guards ight hours his threshold, if oppres'd n fickness, at his master's feet that aid his fervices might claim, sown phyfician; knows the cafe, n th'emetic herbage works his cure. om afar the feather'd matron * fcreams, her brood alarms! The docile crew se fignal one and all, expert t of Nature and unlearn'd deceit : e fod, in counterfeited death, otionless they lie; full well appriz'd rapacious adverfary's near. inform'd her of th'approaching danger ? ht the cautious mother that the hawk ght the cautious motion and her destruction ? prophetic foul is active in her, e than human providence her guard. Philomela, ere the cold domain 'd Winter 'gins t'advance, prepares al flight, and in fome poplar fhade r melodius leave, who then's her pilot ? nts her paffage thro' the pathlefs void s from us remote, to us unknown ? ce is the fcience of her God. nagnetic index to the North tains her courfe, nor buoy, nor beacon : ven-taught voyager, that fails in air, r coy Weft nor East, but instant knows wton + or not fought, or fought in vain. sus name ! irrefragable proof

Of man's vaft genius, and the foaring foul ! Yet what wert thou to Him, who knew his works Before creation form'd thëm; lông before He meafur'd in the hollow of his hand Th'exulting Ocean, and the higheft Heavens He comprehended with a fran, and weigh'd The mighty mountains in his golden feales; Who fhone fupreme, who was himfelf the light, Ere yet refraction learn'd her fkill to paint, And bend schwart the clouds her insureme here

And bend athwart the clouds her beauteous bow. When Knowledge at her father's dread com-Refign'd to Israel's king her golden key, [mand O! to have join'd the frequent auditors In wonder and delight, that whilom heard Great Solomon defcanting on the brutes ! O! how fublimely glorious to apply To God's own honour, and good-will to man, That wildom he alone of men poffels'd In plenitude fo rich, and fcope fo rare. How did he roufe the pamper'd filken fons Of bloated eafe, by placing to their view The fage industrious Ant, the wifest infect, And beft ceconomift of all the field ! Tho' fhe prefumes not by the folar orb To measure times and seasons, nor consults Chaldean calculations, for a guide; Yet, confcious that December's on the march. Pointing with icy hand to Want and Woe, She waits his dire approach, and undifmay'd Receives him as a welcome gueft, prepar'd Against the churlish Winter's fiercest blow. For when as yet the favourable Sun Gives to the genial earth th'enlivening ray, Not the poor fuffering flave, that hourly toils To rive the groaning earth for ill-fought gold, Endures fuch trouble, fuch fatigue, as the; While all her fubterraneous avenues, Incet And form-proof cells, with management most And unexampl'd houfewifery the forms : Then to the field fhe hies, and on her back, Burthen immense ! she bears the cumbrous corn. Then many a weary step, and many a strain. And many a gricvous groan fubdued, at length Up the huge hill the hardly heaves it home : Nor refts the here her providence, but nips With fubtle tooth the grain, left from her garner In mischievous fertility it steal, And back to day-light vegetate its way Go to the Ant, thou fluggard, learn to live, And by her wary ways reform thine own. But if thy deaden'd fense and liftles thought More glaring evidence demand, behold, Where yon pellucid populous hive prefents A yet uncopied model to the world ! There Machiavel in the reflecting glafs May read himfelf a fool. The chemist there May with aftonishment invidious view His toils out-done by each plebeian bee Who, at the royal mandate, on the wing From various herbs, and from difcordant flowers, A perfect harmony of fweets compounds.

Avaunt, Conceit, Ambition, take thy flight Back to the Prince of vanity and air !

* The Hen Turkey.

The Longitude. D 4

ei' 10

O! 'tis a thought of energy molt piercing; [force Form'd to make Pride grow humble; form'd to Its weight on the reluctant mind, and give her A true but irkfome image of herielf. Woeful vicifitude! when man, fall'n man, Who first from Heaven, from gracious God himfelf Learn'd knowledge of the brutes, mult know, by brutes

Inftructed and reproach'd, the fcale of being; By flow degrees from lowly fteps afcend, And trace Omnifcience upwards to its fpring! Yet murmur not, but praife—for tho' we ftand Of many a godlike privilege amerc'd By Adam's dire tranfgreffion; tho' no more Is Paradife our home, but o'er the portal Hang in terrific pomp the burning blade; Still with ten thoufand beauties blooms the earth With pleafures populous, and with riches crown'd.

Still is there fcope for wonder and for love, Ev'n to their laft exertion—fhowers of bleffings Far more than human virtue can deferve, Or hope expect, or gratitude return. Then, O ye people, O ye fons of men, Whatever be the colour of your lives, Whatever portion of itfelf his Wifdom Shall deign t'allow, ftill patiently abide, And praife him more and more; nor ceafe to chaunt "All glory to th'Omnifcient, and praife, "And power, and domination in the height! "And thou, cherubic Gratitude, whofe voice "To pious ears founds filverly fo fweet, "Come with thy precious incenfe, bring thy gifts, "And with thy choiceft ftores the altar crown."

ΤΩ ΘΕΩ ΔΟΕΑ.

§ 60. On the Power of the Supreme Being. SMART.

"TREMPLE, thou Earth !" th'anointed poet [tains ! faid. " At God's bright prefence, tremble all ye moun-" And all ye hillocks on the furface bound !" Then once again, ye glorious thunders, roll ! The Muse with transport hears ve once again Convulse the folid continent ! and shake, Grand mufic of Omnipotence, the illes ! 'Tis thy terrific voice, thou God of power, 'Tis thy terrific voice; all nature hears it Awaken'd and alarm'd ; fhe feels its force ; In ev'ry fpring the feels it, every wheel, And every movement of her vaft machine. Behold ! quakes Appenine, behold ! recoils Athos; and all the hoary-headed Alps Leap from their bases at the godlike found. But what is this, celeftial tho' the note, And proclamation of the reign fupreme, Compar'd with fuch as, for a mortal ear Too great, amaze the incorporeal worlds? Should Ocean to his congregated waves Call in each river, cataract, and lake, And with the wat'ry world down an huge rock Fall headlong in one horrible cafcade, 'Twere but the echo of the parting breeze,

When zephyr faints upon the lily's breaft ; 'Twere but the ceafing of fome inftrument, When the last lingering undulation Dies on the doubting ear, if nam'd with founds So mighty | fo ftupendous ! fo divine !

But not alone in the aerial vault Does He the dread theocracy maintain; For oft, enrag'd, with his inteffine thunders, He harrows up the bowels of the earth, And thocks the central magnet-Cities then Totter on their foundations, flately columns, Magnific walls, and heaven-affaulting fpires. What though in haughty eminence creft Stands the ftrong citadel, and frowns defiance On adverse hosts, tho' many a bastion jut Forth from the rampart's elevated mound, Vain the poor providence of human art, And mortal firength how vain ! while underneath Triumphs his mining vengeance in th'uproar Of shatter'd towers, riven rocks and mountains, With clamour inconceivable uptorn, And hurl'd adown the abyfs. Sulphurcous

pyrites Burfting abrupt from darknefs into day, With din outrageous and deffructive ire, Augment the hideous tumult, while it wounds The afflictive ear, and terrifies the eye, And rends the heart in twain. Twice have we felt, Within Augusta's walls twice have we felt Thy threaten'd indignation: but even Thou, Incens'd Omnipotent, art gracious ever; Thy goodnefs infinite but mildly warn'd us With mercy blended wrath; O fpare us fill, Nor fend more dire conviction ! We confels That thou art He, th'Almighty : we believe. For at thy rightcous power whole fystems quake; For at thy nod tremble ten thoufand worlds.

Hark ! on the winged whirlwind's rapid rage, Which is and is not in a moment—hark ! On th'hurricane's tempeftuous fweep he rides Invincible, and oaks, and pines, and cedars, And forefts are no more. For, conflict dreadful ! The Weft encounters Eaft, and Notus meets In his career the Hyperborean blaft. The lordly lions fluddering feck their dens, And fly like timorous deer; the king of birds, Who dar'd the folar ray, is weak of wing, And faints, and falls, and dies;—while He fupreme

Stands ftedfaft in the centre of the ftorm. Wherefore, ye objects terrible and great,

Ye thunders, carthquakes, and ye fire-fraught wombs

Of fell vulcanos, whirlwinds, hurricanes, And boiling billows, hail, in chorus join To celebrate and magnify your Maker, Who yet in words of a minuter mould Is not lefs manifeft, is not lefs mighty.

Survey the magnet's fympathetic love, That woos the yielding needle; contemplate Th'attractive amber's power, invisible Ev'n to the mental eye; or when the blow Sent from th'electric fphere affaults thy frame, Shew me the hand that dealt it !--Baffled here

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nnipotence, Philofophy r thoughts inadequate revolves, s, with all his circling wonders round y Saturn in th'ethereal fpace [her, h an inexplicable ring. the operations of his power, all feafons, and in every place eftablish'd laws and current nature) attention; who! O who fhall tell iraculous? when his own decrees e, or fuspends, when by the hand or of Joshua, or the mouths phetic fcers, fuch deeds he wrought, aftonish'd fun's all-feeing eye 1 was fcarce a virtue. Need I fing of Pharaoh and his numerous band e reflux of the wat'ry walls, ted to their fluid ftate again? count how Samfon's warlike arm e than mortal nerves was ftrung t'o'er-Philiftia? Shall I tell throw id triumph'd, and what Job fustain'd ? fupreme unutterable mercy ! equall'd, mystery immense, ngels long t'unfold! 'tis man's remption was thy glory, and thy power confirms, the great, th'uncontroverted claim. im the Virgin's unpolluted womb th the Sun of Righteousness reveal'd, enighted reason pour'd the day; re be peace !" (he faid) and all was calm the warring world—calm as the fea O be fill, ye boifterous winds!" he y'd, a breath was blown, nor murmur heard. 1 life of miracles and might, ity and love, ere yet he tafte r draught of death, ere yet he rife s o'er the universal foc, h. and fin, and hell in triumph lead. e right of conquest is mankind, veet fervitude and golden bonds 'd to him for ever .--- O how eafy galling voke, and all his burdens y to bear ! Him, bleffed Shepherd, s shall follow thro' the maze of life, les that tend to day-fpring from on high; ne radiant rofes, after fading, foliage and more fragrant breath fmiling fpring, to thall it fare fe that love him-for fweet is their fasternity shall be their spring. [vour, II the gates and everlafting doors, [fure the King of Glory enters in, faints unbarr'd : and there, where pleaundying bloom, where dubious hope

ity, and grief-attended love rom pathon-there we'll celebrate, rthier numbers, Him who is, and was, nmortal prowefs King of Kings, the Monarch of all worlds for ever.

§ 61. On the Goodnefs of the Supreme Being. SMART. ORPHEUS, for fo the Gentiles* call'd thy

name, Ifracl's fweet Pfalmift, who alone couldft wake Th'inanimate to motion; who alone The joyful hillocks, the applauding rocks. And floods, with mufical perfuation drew Thou who to hail and fnow giv'ft voice and found, And mad'ft the mute melodious !---greater yet Was thy divincit skill, and rul'd o'er more Than art or nature; for thy tuneful touch Drove trembling Satan from the heart of Saul, And quell'd the evil Angel :- in this breaft Some portion of thy genuine fpirit breathe, And lift me from mytelf ; each thought impure Banish ; each low idea raise, refine, Enlarge, and fanctify ;-fo fhall the Mufe Above the flars afpire, and aim to praife Her God on earth as he is prais'd in heav'n.

Immenfe Creator ! whole all-powerful hand Fram'd univerfal Being, and whofe eye Saw like thyfelf, that all things form'd were good ; Where shall the timorous bard thy praise begin, Where end the pureft facrifice of fong, flight, And just thank igiving ?- The thought-kindling Thy prime production, darts upon my mind Its vivifying beams, my heart illumines, And fills my foul with gratitude and Thee. Hail to the cheerful rays of ruddy morn, That paint the ftreaky Eaft, and blithfome roufe The birds, the cattle, and mankind from reft ! Hail to the freshness of the early breeze, And Iris dancing on the new-fall'n dew ! Without the aid of yonder golden globe, Loft were the garnet's luftre, loft the lily, The tulip and auricula's spotted pride; Loft were the peacock's plumage, to the fight So pleafing in its pomp and gloffy glow. O thrice illustrious ! were it not for Thee Those pansies, that reclining from the bank, View thro' th'immaculate pellucid ftream Their portraiture in the inverted heaven. Might as well change their triple boaft, the white, The purple, and the gold, that far outvie The Eastern monarch's gasb, ev'n with the dock. Ev'n with the baleful hemlock's irkfome green. Without thy aid, without thy gladfome beams, The tribes of woodland warblers would remain Mute on the bending branches, nor recite The praise of Him, who, ere he form'd their lord, Their vices tun'd to transport, wing'd their flight, And bade them call for nurture, and receive : And lo ! they call; the blackbird and the thrufh, The woodlark, and the redbreast jointly call; He hears, and feeds their feather'd families; He feeds his fweet mulicians,-nor neglects Th'invoking ravens in the greenwood wide ; And tho' their throats coarfe rattling hurt the ear, They mean it all for mulic, thanks and praife They mean, and leave ingratitude to man.-But not to all,-for hark, the organs blow

* See this conjecture frongly supported by Delany, in his Life of David.

T beix

And let the fong of Charity begin

Their fwelling notes round the cathedral's dome, And grace th'harmonious choir, celestial feast To pious ears, and med'cine of the mind; The thrilling trebles and the manly base Join in accordance meet, and with one voice All to the facred fubject fuit their fong. While in each breast fiveet melancholy reigns Angelically penfive, till the joy Improves and purifies ; the folemn fcene The Sun thro' ftoried panes furveys with awe, And bashfully with-holds each bolder beam. Here, as her home, from morn to eve frequents The cherub Gratitude ; behold her eyes With love and gladnefs weepingly they fhed Ecstatic finiles; the incenfe that her hands Uprear is fweeter than the breath of May Caught from the nectarin's bloffom, and her voice Is more than voice can tell; to him the fings, To Him who feeds, who clothes, and who adorns, Who made, and who preferves, whatever dwells In air, in stedfast earth, or fickle sea. O He is good, He is immenfely good ! [man; Who all things form'd, and form'd them all for Who mark'd the climates, varied every zonc, Difpening all his bleffings for the beft, In order and in beauty :--- rife, attend, Attest, and praise, ye quarters of the world ! Bow down, ye elephants, fubmiffive bow To Him who made the mite ! Tho' Afia's pride ! Ye carry arinies on your tower-crown'd backs, And grace the turban'd tyrants, bow to Him Who is as great, as perfect, and as good In his lefs firiking wonders, till at length The eye's at fault, and fecks th'affifting glafs. Approach, and bring from Araby the Bleft The fragrant caffia, frankincenfe, and myrrh, And meekly kneeling at the altar's foot, Lay all the tributary incense down. Stoop, feeble Africa, with reverence stoop, And from thy brow take off the painted plume; With golden ingots all thy camels load T'adorn his temples; hasten with thy spear Reverted, and thy trufty bow unftrung, While unpurfu'd thy lions roam and roar, And ruin'd towers, rude rocks, and caverns wide Remurnur to the glorious, furly found. And thou, fair Indian, whole immenfe domain To counterpoife the Hemisphere extends, fers, Hafte from the Weft, and with thy fruits and flow-Thy mines and med'cines, wealthy maid, attend. More than the plenteoufnets fo fam'd to flow Ry fabling bards from Amalthea's horn Is thine ; thine therefore be a portion due [crown Of thanks and praife: come with thy brilliant And veft of fur; and from thy fragrant lap Pomegranates, and the rich ananas pour. But chiefly thou, Europa, feat of Grace And Christian excellence, his Goodness own, Forth from ten thousand temples pour his praife. Clad in the armour of the living God, Approach, untheath the Spirit's flaming fword ; Faith's fhield, falvation's glory-compais'd helm With fortitude affume, and o'er your heart Fair Trutis's invulnerable breakplate fpread; Then join the general chorus of all worlds,

In strains seraphic, and melodious prayer. "Of all-sufficient, all-beneficent, " Thou God of Goodneis and of Glory, hear! " Thou, who to loweft minds doft condescend, " Affuming paffions to enforce thy laws, " Adopting jealousy to prove thy love : " Thou who refign'd humility uphold'ft, " Ev'n as the florist props the drooping role, " But quell'it tyrannic pride with peerlefs power, "Ev'n as the tempest rives the stubborn oak : " O all-fufficient, all beneficent, "Thou God of Goodneis and of Glory, hear! "Blefs all mankind, and bring them in the end " To heaven, to immortality, and Thee !" § 62. The Day of Judgment : a Cambridge Prize-Poem. By Dr. GLYNN. THY Juffice, Heav'nly King! and that great day When Virtue, long abandon'd and forlorn, Shall raife her penfive head ; and Vice, that erft Rang'd unreprov'd and free, shall fink appall'd; I fing advent'rous-But what eye can pierce The vaft immeasurable realms of space O'er which Meffiah drives his flaming car To that bright region, where enthron'd he fits, First-born of heav'n, to judge affembled worlds, Cloath'd in celeftial radiance ! Can the Muse, Her feeble wing all damp with earthly dew Soar to that bright empyreal, where around, Myriads of angels, God's perpetual choir, Hymn hallelujahs, and in concert loud Chaunt fongs of triumph to their Maker's praife?--Yet will I strive to fing, albeit unus'd To tread poetic foil. What though the wiles Of Fancy me enchanted, ne'er could lure To rove o'er Fairy lands; to fwim the ftreams That through her vallies wave their mazy way; Or climb her mountain tops ; yet will I raife My feeble voice to tell what harmony (Sweet as the mufic of the rolling fpheres) Attunes the moral world : that Virtue still May hope her promis'd crown; that vice maydread Vengeance, though late; that reasing Pride may own Juft, though unfearchable, the ways of Heavin. Sceptic ! whoe'er thou art, who fay'ft the foul,

That divine particle which God's own breach Inspir'd into the mortal mass, shall reft Annihilate, till Duration has unroll'd Her never-ending line; tell, if thou know'ft, Why every nation, every clime, though all In laws, and rites, in manners difagree, With one confent expect another world, Where wickedness shall weep? Why Paynim bards Fabled Elysian plains, Tartarcan lakes, Styx and Cocytus? Tell, why Hali's fons Have feign'd a paradife of mirth and love, Banquets, and blooming nymphs? Or rather tell, Why, on the brink of Orellana's stream, Where never fcience rear'd her facred torch, Th'untutor'd Indian dreams of happier worlds Behind the cloud-topt hill? Why in each breaft Is plac'd a friendly monitor, that prompts, Laforas 15. directs, encourages, forbids ? why on unknown evil grief attends, on fecret good ? Why confeience acts tenfold force when lickness, age, or pain tott'ring on the precipice of death ? y fuch horror gaaws the guilty foul ng finners, while the good man fleeps ul and calm, and with a finile expires? round the world ! with what a partial hand ale of blifs and mis'ry is fuftain'd ! h the fhade of cold obscurity lirtue lies; no arm supports her head, endly voice speaks comfort to her foul, oft-ey'd Pity drops a melting tear n their ftead, Contempt and rude Difdain the banish'd wanderer : on she goes, cted and forlorn : Difeafe and Cold, Famine, worft of ills, her fteps attend : atient, and to Heav'n's just will refign'd, e'er is seen to weep, or heard to figh. rturn your eyes to yon fweet-fmelling bow'r, e, flush'd with all the infolence of wealth, amper'd Vice ! For him th'Arabian gale nes forth delicious odours; Gallia's hills im pour nectar from the purple vine. hink for these he pays the tribute due eav'n : of Heav'n he never names the name, when with imprecations dark and dire ints his jeft obscene. Yet buxom Health n his roly cheek ; yet Honour gilds igh exploits ; and downy-pinion'd fleep

a foft opiate o'er his peaceful couch. i thou this, righteous Father 1 Sceft thou this, wilt thou ne'er repay ? Shall good and ill rried undiffinguith'd to the land re all things are forgot ?—Ah ! no; the day come, when Virtue from the cloud fhall burft, long obfcur'd her beams; when fin fhall fly to her native Hell; there fink eclips'd nal darknefs; where nor ftar fhall rife, :ver funfhine pierce th'impervious gloom. that great day the folemn trump fhall found at trumpwhich once in heav'n, on man's revolt ok'd the aftonifh'd feraphs) at whofe voice npeopl'd gravesfhall pour forth all theirdead. thall th'affembled nations of the earth

ev'ry quarter at the judgment-feat ;; Egyptians, Babylonians, Greeks, ians; and they who dwelt on Tyber's banks, es fam'd of old: or who of later age, fe and Ruffian, Mexican and Turk, nt the wild terrene; and they who pitch r tents on Niger's banks; or, where the fun s on Golconda's fpires his early light, c Ganges' facred ftream. At once fhall rife, m diftant ages to each other fight long denied: before the throne fhall kneel great Progenitor, while at his fide l his defcendants through a thoufand lines.

this detection is through a triounand interte'er their nation, and whate'er their rank, es and patriarchs, flaves and fcepter'd kings, equal eye the God of all fhall fee, judge with equal love. What tho' the great coffly pomp and aromatic fiveets um'd his poor remains; or thre' the dome

A thousand tapers shed their gloomy light. While folemn organs to his parting foul Chaunted flow orifons ? Say, by what mark Doft thou difeern him from that lowly fwain Whofe mouldering bones beneath the thorn bound Long lay neglected ? All at once shall rife; [turf But not to equal glory ; for, alas ! With howlings dire and execrations loud, Some wail their fatal birth-First among these Behold the mighty murd'rers of mankind : They who in fort whole kingdoms flew; or they Who to the tott'ring pinnacle of power, Waded thro' feas of blood ! How will they curfe The madness of ambition ! how lament Their dear bought laurels, when the widow'd wife And childless mother at the judgment feat [they Plead trumpet-tongued against them !---Here are Who funk an aged father to the grave Or with unkindness hard, and cold difdain. Slighted a brother's fuff'rings .- Here are they Whom fraud and skilful treachery long securid; Who from the infant virgin tore her dow'r, And ate the orphan's bread :-- who fpent their ftores In felfish luxury; or o'er their gold Proftrate and pale ador'd the ufelefs heap Here too who ftain'd the chafte connubial bed !-Who mix'd the pois' nous bowl;--or broke the tics Of hospitable friendship ;--- and the wretch Whofe liftlefs foul, fick with the cares of life. Unfummon'd, to the prefence of his God Rufh'd in with infult rude. How would they joy Once more to vifit carth ; and tho' opprefs'd With all that pain and famine can inflict, Pant up the hill of life ! Vain with ! the Judge Pronounces doom eternal on their heads, Perpetual punifhment. Seek not to know What punifhment ! for that th'Almighty will Has hid from mortal eyes : and shall vain mah With curious fearch refin'd prefume to pry Into thy fecrets, Father ? No ! let him With humble patience all thy works adore, And walk in all thy paths; fo fhall his meed Be great in heav'n, fo haply shall he 'fcape Th'immortal worm and never-ceating fire.

But who are they, who, bound in tenfold chains Stand horribly aghaft ? This is that crew Who strove to pull Jchovah from his throne. And in the place of heav'n's eternal King, Set up the phantom chance. For them in vain Alternate feafons cheer'd the rolling year ; In vain the fun o'er herb, tree, fruit, and flow'r, Shed genial influence mild; and the pale moon Repair'd her waning orb .- Next thefe is plac'd The vile blafphemer; he whole impious wit Profan'd the facred mysteries of faith. And 'gainft th'impenetrable walls of Heav'n Planted his feeble battery. By these stands The Arch-Apostate : he with many a wile Exharts them still to foul revolt. Alas ! No hope have they from black defpair, no ray Shines thro' the gloom to cheer their finking fouls: In agonies of grief they curfe the hour When first they left Religion's onward way.

These on the left are rang'd: but on the right A choicn band appears, who fought beneath

The banner of Jehovah, and defy'd Satan's united legions. Some, unmov'd At the grim tyrant's frown, o'er barb'rous climes Diffus'd the Golpel's light : fome, long immur'd (Sad fervitude !) in chains and dungeons pin'd; Or rack'd with all the agonies of pain, [they Breath'd out their faithful lives. Thrice happy Whom Heav'n elected to that glorious ftrife !-Here are they plac'd, whofe kind munificence Made heav'n-born Science raile her drooping And on the labours of a future race [head ; Entail'd their just reward. Thou amongst these, Good Seaton ! whofe well-judg'd benevolence Foft'ring fair Genius, bade the poet's hand Bring annual off'rings to his Maker's fhrine, Shalt find the generous care was not in vain. Here is that fav'rite band, whom mercy mild, God's best-lov'd attribute, adorn'd ; whose gate Stood ever open to the ftranger's call ; Who fed the hungry; to the thirsty lip Reach'd out the friendly cup; whole care benign From the rude blaft fecur'd the pilgrim's fide; Who heard the widow's tender tale, and fhook The galling fhackle from the pris'ner's feet; Who each endearing tie, each office knew Of meek-ey'd heav'n-deicended Charity. O Charity, thou nymph divinely fair ! Sweeter than those whom ancient poets bound In amity's indiffoluble chain, The Graces ! how shall I esfay to paint Thy charms, celeftial maid ! and in rude verfe Blazon those deeds thyfelf didit ne'er reveal ? For thee nor rankling Envy can infect, Nor rage transport, nor high o'erweening pride Puff up with vain conceit : ne'er didft thou fmile To fee the finner as a verdant tree Spread his luxuriant branches o'er the ftream ; While, like fome blafted trunk, the righteous fall Prostrate, forlorn. When prophecies shall fail, When tongues shall ccafe, when knowledge is no more.

And this great day is come, thou by the throne Shalt fit triumphant. Thither, lovely maid ! Bear mc, O bear mc on thy foaring wing, And through the adamantine gates of heav'n Conduct my fieps, fafe from the fiery gulph And dark abyfs, where Sin and Satan reign !

But can the Mule, her numbers all too weak, Tell how that reftlefs element of fire Shall wage with feas and earth inteffine war, And deluge all creation ? Whether (fo Some think) the comet, as through fields of air Lawlefs he wanders, fiall rufh headlong on, Thwarting th'ecliptic, where th'unconfcious earth Rolls in her wonted courfe ; whether the fun With force centripetal into his orb Attract her, long reluctant; or the caves, Those dread volcanos, where engend'ring lie Sulphurcous minerals, from their dark abvfs Pour freams of liquid fire ; while from above, As erft on Sodom, Heav'n's avenging hand Rains fierce combustion ?---Where are now the Of art, the toil of ages ?--- Where are now [works Th'imperial cities, fepulchres and domes, Trophies and llars? Where is Egypt's boaft,

Those lofty pyramids, which high in air Rear'd their aspiring heads, to diftant times Of Memphian pride a lasting monument '---Tell me where Athens rais'd her tow'rs---where Thebes

Open'd her hundred portals ?-Tell me where Stood fea-girt Albion ? where imperial Rome, Propt by feven hills, fat like a fcepter'd queen, And aw'd the tributary world to peace ?-Shew me the rampart which o'er many a hill, Thro' many a valley, ftretch'd its wide extent, Rais'd by that mighty monarch to repel The roving Tartar, when with infult rude 'Gainst Pekin's tow'rs he bent th'unerring bow, But what is mimic art? E'en Nature's works, Seas, meadows, paftures, the meand'ring ftreams, And cverlafting hills, fhall be no more. No more fhall Teneriff, cloud-picrcing height! O'erhang th'Atlantic furge ; nor that fam'd cliff, Thro' which the Persian steer'd with many a fail, Throw to the Lemnian isle its evening shade O'er half the wide Ægæan.—Where are now The Alps that confin'd with unnumber'd realms, And from the Black Sea to the ocean ftream Stretch'd their extended arms ?---Where's Ararat, That hill on which the faithful patriarch's ark, Which feven long months had vovag'd o'er its top, First rested, when the earth with all her fons, As now by ftreaming cataracts of fire, Was whelm'd by mighty waters ?-All at once Are 'vanish'd and disolv'd; no trace remains, No mark of vain diffinction : Heav'n itfelf, That azure vault, with all those radiant orbs, Sinks in the univerfal ruin loft .-No more shall planets round their central fun Move in harmonious dance; no more the moon Hang out her filver lamp; and those fix'd stars, Spangling the golden canopy of night, Which oft the Tufcan with his optic glafs Call'd from their wondrous height, to read their And magnitude, fome winged minister [names Shall quench; and (furcft fign that all on earth Is loft) shall rend from heav'n the myflic bow.

Such is that awful, that tremendous day, Whofe coming who fhall tell ? For as a thief Unheard, unfeen, it fteals with filent pace Thro'night's dark gloom.—Perhaps as here I fit, And rudely carol thefe incondite lays, [mouth Soon fhall the hand be check'd, and dumb the That lifps the falt'ring ftrain.—O! may it ne'er Intrude unwelcome on an ill-fpent hour ! But find me wrapt in meditations high, Hymning my great Creator '—

"Pow'r Supreme !

- " O everlafting King ! to thee I kneel,
- " To thee I lift my voice. With fervent heat
- " Melt, all ye elements ! And thou, high heav'n,
- " Shrink like a fhrivel'd fcroll! Butthink, O Lord,
- "Think on the beft, the nobleft of thy works; "Think on thine own bright image! Think on "him
- "Who died to fave us from thy righteous wrath;
- "And 'midft thewreck of worlds remember man!"

Deity.

Boot I.

§ 63. Deity. BOYSE.

Unde nil majus generatur Ipfo, Nec viget quidquam fimile aut fecundum. Hor.

FROM earth's low profipects and deceitful aims, From wealth's allurements, and ambition's dreams,

The lover's raptures, and the hero's views, All the falle joys miftaken man purfues; The fchemes of fcience, the delights of wine, Or the more pleafing follies of the Nine! Recall, fond Bard, thy long-enchanted fight, Deluded with the vifionary light! A nobler theme demands thy facred fong, A theme beyond or man's or angel's tongue!

. But oh alas ! unhallow'd and prophanc, How fhalt thou dare to raife the heav'nly ftrain ? Do thou, who from the altar's living fire Haiah's tuneful lips did once infpire, Come to my aid, celeftial Wifdon, come; From my dark mind difpel the doubtful gloom : My pathons fill, my purer breaft inflame, To fing that God, from whom exiftence came; Till heav'n and nature in the concert join, And own the Author of their birth divine.

I. ETERNITY.

Whence fprung this glorious frame ! or whence The various forms the universe compole? [arole From what Almighty Caule, what mystic springs Shall we derive the origin of things ? Sing, heav'nly Guide ! whose all-efficient light Drew dawning planets from the womb of night! Since reason, by thy facred cictates taught, Adores a Pow'r beyond the reach of thought.

First Caufe of caufes! Sire fupreme of birth ! Sole light of heav'n ! acknowledg'd life of earth ! Whole Word from nothing call'd this beauteous whole,

This wide expanded All from pole to pole ! Who fhall prefcribe the boundary to Thee ? Or fix the ærs of Eternity !

Should we, deceiv'd by error's fceptic glafs, Admit the thought abfurd—that Nothing was! Thence would this wild, this falfe conclusion flow,

That Nothing rais'd this beautcous All below ! When from difclofing darknefs fplendor breaks, Affociate atoms move, and matter fpeaks ! When non-exiftence burfts its clofe difguife, How blind are mortals ?----not to own the thics !

If one vaft void eternal held its place, Whence flarted time ? or whence expanded fpace! What gave the flumb'ring mafs to feel a change? Or bid confenting worlds harmenious range ! Cbuld nothing link the univerfal chain ? No, 'tis impoffible, abfurd, and vain ! Here reafon its eternal Author finds, The whole who regulates, unites, and binds, Enlivens matter, and produces minds ! Inactive Chaos fleeps in dull repofe, Nor knowledge thence, nor free volition flows ! A nobler fource thofe pow'rs ethereal flow, By which we think, defign, reflect, and know;

These from a cause superior date their rife, "Abstract in effence from material tyes." An origin immortal, as supreme, From whose pure day, celestial rays! they came: In whom all possible perfections thine Eternal, felf-existent, and divine !

From this Great Spring of uncreated might ! This all-refplendant Orb of vital light: Whence all created beings take their rife, Which beautify the earth, or paint the fkics ! Profufcly wide the boundlefs bleffings flow, Which heav'n enrich, and gladden worlds below! Which are no lefs, when properly defin'd, Than emanations of th'Eternal Mind ! Hence triumphs truth beyond objection clear (Let unbelief attend, and fhrink with fear !) That what for ever was—muft furely be Beyond commencement, and from period free; Drawn from himfelf his native excellence, His date eternal, and his fpace immenfe ! And all of whom that man can comprehend, Is, that he ne'er begun, nor ne'er fhall end.

In Him, from whom exiftence boundlefs flows, Let humble faith its facred truft repofe; Affur'd, on his eternity depend, "Eternal Father ! and eternal Friend !" Within that myftic circle fafety feek, No time can leffen, and no force can break; And, loft in adoration, breathe his prafe, High Rock of ages, ancient Sirc of days !

II. UNITY.

Thus recogniz'd, the fpring of life and thought 1 Eternal, felf-deriv'd, and unbegot ! Approach, celeftial Mufe, th'empyreal throne, And aw fully adore th'exalted One ! In nature pure, in place fupremely free, And happy in effential unity ! Blefs'd in himfelf, had from his forming hand No creatures fprung to hail his wide command; Bleis'd, had the facred fountain ne'er run o'er, A boundlefs fea of blifs that knows no fhore !

Nor fenfe can two prime origins conceive, Nor reafon two eternal Gods believe ! Could the wild Manichæan own that guide, The good would triumph, and the ill fubfidet Again would vanquift'd Arimanius bleed, And datknef, from prevailing light recede !

In diffrent individuals we find An evident difparity of mind ; Hence ductile thought a thousand changes gains, And actions vary as the will ordains; But fhould two Beings, equally fupreme, Divided pow'r and parted empire claim, How foon would univerfal order ceafe ! How foon would difcord harmony difplace ! Eternal fchemes maintain eternal fight, Nor yield, supported by eternal might; Where each would uncontroul'd his aim purfue, The links diffever, or the chain renew ! Matter from motion crofs impreffions take, As ferv'd each pow'r his rival's pow'r to break, While neutral Chaos, from his deep receis, Would view the never-ending strife increase, And blefs the contest that fecur'd his peace \ While new creations would appoing rife, And elemental war deform the fixies ! Around wild uproar and confusion hurl'd, Eclipse the heav'ns, and waste the ruin'd world.

Two independant caufes to admit, Deftroys religion, and debafes wit; The firft by fuch an anarchy undone, The laft acknowledges its fource but one. As from the main the mountain rills are drawn, That wind irriguous thro' the flow'ry lawn; So, mindful of their fpring, one courfe they keep, Exploring, till they find their native deep!

Exalted Pow'r invifible, fupreme, Thou fow'reign, fole unutterable Name ! As round thy throne thy flaming feraphs fland, And touch the golden lyre with trembling hand; Too weak thy pure effulgence to behold, With their rich plumes their dazzled eyes infold; Transported with the ardors of thy praise, The holy ! holy ! anthem raise ! To them responsive, let creation fing Thee, indivisible eternal King !

III. SPIRITUALITY.

O fay, celeftial Mufe ! whofe purer birth Difdains the low material ties of carth ! By what bright images fhall be defin'd The myftic nature of th'eternal Mind ? Or how fhall thought the dazzling height explore, Where all that reafon can—is to adore.

That God's an immaterial effence pure, Whom figure can't defcribe, nor parts immure; Incapable of pathons, impulse, fear, In good pre-eminent, in truth fevere; Unmix'd his nature, and fublim'd his pow'rs, From all the grofs allay that tempers ours; In whofe clear eye the bright angelic train Appear fuffus'd with imperfection's ftain t Impervious to the man's, or feraph's eye, Beyond the ken of each exalted high ; Him would in vain material femblance feign, Or figur'd fhrines the boundlefs God contain; Object of faith !--- he fhuns the view of fenfe, Loft in the blaze of fightlefs excellence! Most perfect, most intelligent, most wife, In whom the fanctity of purenels lies; In whofe adjusting mind the whole is wrought, Whole form is fpirit ! and whole effence, thought ! Are truths inferib'd by Wifdom's brighteft ray, In characters that gild the face of day Reafon confeis'd (howe'er we may difpute) Fix'd boundary ! difcovers man from brute; But dim to us, exerts its fainter ray, Deprefs'd in matter, and ally'd to clay ! In forms fuperior kindles-lefs confin'd, Whole drefs is zether, and whole fubitance mind ; Yet all from Him, Supreme of Causes, flow, To him their pow'rs and their existence owe; From the bright cherub of the nobleft birth, To the poor reasoning glow-worm plac'd on carth; From matter then to fpirit still ascend, Thro' fpirit still refining, higher tend ;

Pursue, on knowledge bent the pathless road, Pierce thro' infinitude in quest of Gudi Still from thy fearch, the centre fail shall fly, Approaching still-thou never shall come nigh! So its bright orb, th'aspiring shame would join, But the wast distance mocks the fond defign.

If He, Almighty! whole decree is fate, Could, to difplay his pow'r, fubvert his flate; Bid from his plaftic hand a greater rife, Produce a mafter ! and refign his fates ! Impart his incommunicable flame, The myftic number of th'Eternal Name ! Then might revolting reafon's feeble ray, Alpire to queftion God's all-perfect day ! Vain tafk ! the clay in the directing hand, The reafon of its form might fo demand, As man prefume to queftion his difpofe, From whom the pow'r, he thus abules, flows.

Here point, fair Muse! the worship God requires,

The foul inflam'd with chafte and holy fires ! Where love celeftial warms the happy breaft, And from fincerity the thought's expreft; Where genuine piety and truth refin'd, Re-confecrate the temple of the mind; With grateful flames the living altars glow, And God defeends to vifit man below !

IV. OMNIPRESENCE.

Thro' the unmealurable tracts of fpace, Go, Mule divine ! and prefent Godhead trace ! See where by place, uncircum/crib'd as time, He reigns extended, and he fhines fublime ! Should'ft thou above the heav'n of heav'ns afcend,

Couldft thou below the depth of depths defcend; Could thy fond flight beyond the flarry fiphere, The radiant morning's lucid plaions bear! There fhould his brighter prefence fhine confeft, There his almighty arm thy courfe arreft!. Couldft thou the thickeft veil of night affume, Or think to hide thee in the central gloom ! Yet there, all patent to his piercing fight, Darknefs itfelf would kindle into light: Not the black manfions of the filent grave; Nor darker hell from her perception fave; What pow'r, alas ! thy footfleps can convey Beyond the reach of omniprefent day !

In his wide grafp and comprehenfive eve, Immediate, worlds on worlds unnumber'd lie: Svftems inclos'd in his perception roll, Whofe all-informing mind directs the whole: Lodg'd in his grafp, their certain ways they know; Plac'd in that fight from whence can nothing ge. On earth his foorftool fix'd, in heav'n his feat; Enthron'd he dictates, and his word is fate.

Nor want his fining images below, In ftreams that murnur, or in winds that blow; His fpirit broxds along the boundlefs flood, Smiles in the plain, and whifpers in the wood; Warms in the genial fun's enliv'ning ray, Breathes in the air, and beautifies the day! Should man his great immenfity deny, Man might as well ufurp the vacant fky: For were he limited in date, or view, Thence were his attributes imperfect too;

Hie

wledge, pow'r, his goodnefs all confin'd, ft th'idea of a ruling Mind ! the truft, and comfortless the fense, fective partial Providence ! might then his arm injustice brave, scence in vain his mercy crave; ed virtue lift its hopelefs eye ravy forrow vent the heartlefs figh ! ent God no abler to defend, , or punish, than an absent friend ; alike, our wants or griefs to know, e the anguish, or prevent the blow ! Supreme Director, were not near, ere our hope, and empty were our fear ; ish'd vice would o'er the world prevail, nrewarded virtue toil-to fail ! ioral world a fecond chaos lie, ature ficken to the thoughtful eye ! a the weak embryo, ere to life it breaks, his high pow'r its flender texture takes ; in his book the various parts inroll'd, fing, own eternal Wifdom's mould. views he only the material whole, erces thought, and penetrates the foul ! in the lips the vocal accents part, faint purpose dawns within the heart ! ady eye the mental birth perceives, t to us the new idea lives ! s what we fay, ere yet the words proceed, re we form th'intention, marks the deed ! Confcience, fair vicegerent-light within, s its Author, and reftores the scene ! out the beauty of the govern'd plan, I vindicates the ways of God to man." in facred Muse, by the vast prospect fir'd, heav'n descended, as by heav'n inspir'd, -enlight ning Omniprefence own, [known; ce first thou feelst thy dwindling prefence ide Omniscience, justly grateful fing, ce thy weak science prunes its callow wing! slefs th'eternal-all-informing foul, : fight pervades, whole knowledge fills the whole !

I.

V. IMMUTABILITY.

the Eternal and Omnifcient Mind, vs not limited, nor bounds confin'd, ays independent, always free, thines confets'd Immutability ! e, whether the fpontaneous child of will, th of force, ----is imperfection still. ;, all-perfect, in himfelf contains felf-deriv'd, and from himfelf he reigns ! :r'd by constraint, we could suppose God his fix'd stability should lose, tartles reason at a thought fo strange ! pow'r can force Omnipotence to change? n his own divine productive thought, the yet firanger alteration wrought, excellence fupreme new rays acquire ? ing perfection raise its glories higher ? his high meridian brightnels glows, d Ìdecreases, never overflows ! s no addition, yields to no decay, laze of incommunicable day !

Below, through different forms doth matter And life tublifts from elemental change, [range, Liquids condenfing fhapes terrefirial wear, Earth mounts in fire, and fire diffolves in air; While we, enquiring phantoms of a day, Inconftant as the ihadows we furvey ! With them, a long time's rapid current pafs, And hafte to mingle with the parent mafs; But Thou, Etternal Lord of Life divine ! In youth immortal fhalt for ever fhine ! No change fhall darken thy exalted name; From everlafting ages ftill the fame !

If God, like man, his purpose could renew, His laws could vary, or his plans undo, Desponding faith would droop its cheetlefs wing; Religion deaden to a lifelefs thing ! Where could we, rational, repose our truft, But in a Pow'r immutable as just ? How judge of revelation's force divine, If truth unerring gave not the design ; Where, as in nature's fair according plan, All finiles benevolent and good to man.

Plac'd in this narrow clouded fpot below, We darkly fee around, and darkly know ! Religion lends the falutary beam That guides our reafon thro' the dubious gleam; Till founds the hour, when he who rules the fkics Shall bid the curtain of Omnifeience rife ! Shall diffipate the mifts that veil our fight, And fhew his creatures—all his ways are right !

Then when aftonifh'd nature feels its fate, And fetter'd time fhall know his lateft date ! When earth fhall in the mighty blaze expire, Heav'n melt with heat, and worlds diffolve in fire! The univerfal fyftem fhrink away, And ceafing orbs confefs th'almighty fway ! Immortal He, amidit the wreck fecure, Shall fit exalted, permanently pure ! As in the Sacred Bufh, fhall fhine the fame, And from the run raife a fairer frame !

VI. OMNIPOTENCE.

Far hence, ye visionary charming maids, Ye fancy'd nymphs that haunt the Greeian shades! Your birth, who from conceiving fiction drew, Yourfelves producing phantons as untrue; But come, superior Muse! divinely bright, Daughter of heav'n, whose off-pring still are light; Oh condefeend, celetial facred guest 1 To purge my sight, and animate my breast, While I prefume Omnipotence to trace, And sing that Pow'r who peopl'd boundles's space !

Thou prefent wert when forth th'Almighty rode,

While Chaos trembl'd at the voice of God ' Thou faw, when o'er th'immenfe his line he drew, When Nothing from his Word exiftence knew ! His Word, that wak'd to life she vaft profound, While confeious light was kindl'd at the found ! Creation fair ! furpriz'd th'angelic eyes, And fov'reign Wildom faw that all was wife !

Him, fole almighty nature's book diplays, Diffinct the page, and legible the rays! Let the wild fceptic his attention throw To the broad horizon, or earth below;

H

What hand, Almighty Architect ! but thine Could give the model of this vaft defign ? What hand but thine adjuft th'anazing whole, And bid confenting fyftems beauteous roll ? What hand but thine (upply the folar light ? Ever beftowing, yet for ever bright ! What hand but thine the ftarry train array, Or give the moon to fhed her borrow'd ray ? What hand but thine the azure convex fpread ? What hand but thine the azure convex fpread ? What hand but thine the fandy barrier throw, And with the feeble curb reftrain the foe ! What hand but thine the wint'ry flood affwage, Or ftop the tempeft in its wildeft rage !

The infinite ! what finite can explore ? Imagination finks beneath thy pow'r ; Thee could the ableft of thy creatures know, Loft were thy unity, for he were Thou ! Yet prefent to all faints thy pow'r remains, Reveal d in nature, Nature's Author reigns ! In vain would error from conviction fly, Thou ev'rywhere art prefent to the eye ! The fenfe how flupid, and the tight how blind, That fails this universal truth to find !

Go, all the fightlets realms of fpace furvey, Returning trace the Planetary Way! The fun, that in his central glory thines, White ev'ry planet round his orb inclines; Then at our intermediate globe repole, And view yon lunar Satellite that glows! Or caft along the azure vault thy eve, When golden day entightens all the fky; Around, behold earth's variegated fcene, The mingling profpects, and the flow'ry green; The mountain brow, the long-extended wood, Or the rude rock that threatens o'er the flood! And fay, are their the wild effects of chance? Oh, ftrange effect of reasining ignorance!

Nor pow'r alone confels'd in grandeur lies, The glittering planet or the painted fkies ! Equal, the tlephant's or cummet's duefs, The willion of Omnipotence confels; Equal, the cumbrous whale's encumous mafs With the fimall infeft in the crouded grafs; The mite that gambols in its acid ita, In fhape a porpus, though a fpeck to thee ! Ev'n the blue down the purple plumb furrounds, A living world, thy failing fight confounds, To him a peopled habitation flows, Where millions taffe the bounty God beflows !

Great Lord of life, whole all-controuling might, Thro' wide creation beams divinely briefly, Nor only does thy pow'r in forming thine, But to annihilate, dread King ! is thone. Shouldft thou withdraw the full-fupporting hand, How languid nature would attouthed thand ! Thy frown the ancient realm of night reflore, And sails a blank -- where lyftems fimiled before ! See in corruption, all furprizing flate, How flruggling life eludes the flroke of fate; Shock'd at the fcene, tho' fenfe averts its eye, Nor flops the wond'rous procefs to defery; Yet juffer thought the myflic change purfues, And with delight Almighty Wildom views! The brute, the vegetable world furveys, Sees life fubfifting ev'n from life's decays! Mark there, felf taught, the penfive reptile come, Spins his thin fhroud, and living builds his tomb! With confcious care his former pleafures leave, And drefs him for the bus'nefs of the grave ! Thence, pafs'd the fhort-liv'd change, renew'd he fprings,

Admires the fikies, and tries his filken wings ! With airy flight the infect roves abroad, And fcorns the meaner earth he lately trod !

Thee, potent, let delivered Ifrael praife, And to thy name their grateful homage raife ! Thee, potent God ! let Egypt's land declare, That felt thy justice awfully fevere ! How did thy frown benight the fhadow'd land? Nature revers'd, how own thy high command ? When jarring elements their use forgot, And the fun felt thy overcafting blot ! When earth produc'd the peftilential brood; And the foul ftream was crimfon'd into blood! How deep the horrors of that awful night, How ftrong the terror, and how wild the fright ! When o'er the land thy fword vindictive paft, And men and infants breath'd at once their laff, How did thy arm thy favour'd tribes convey Thy light conducting point the patent way I Obedient ocean to their march divide The wat'ry wall diffinct on either fide; While thro' the deep the long procession led, And faw the wonders of the oozy bed ! Nor long they march'd till black'ning in the rear, The vengeful tyrant and his hoft appear ! Plunge down the fleep, the waves thy nod obey, And whelm the threat'ning form beneath the feal,

Nor yet thy pow'r thy chofen train forfook, When thro' Arabia's fands their way they took; By day thy cloud was prefent to the fight, Thy fiery pillar led the march by night; Thy hand amidft the waffe their table foread, With feather'd viands, and with heav'nly bread: When the dry wildernefs no ftreams fupply'd Gufh'd from the vielding rock the vital tide ! What limits can Omnipotence confine ? What obffacles oppofe thy arm divine ? Since tiones and waves their fettled laws forego, Since tiones can harden, and fince rocks can flow!

Since feas can harden, and fince rocks can flow! On Sinai's top, the mare with ardent wing The triumphs of Omnipotence would fing ! When o'er its air+ brow thy cloud difplay'd, Ievolv'd the nations in its awful flade ! When fluck the earth from thy approaching And the tock trembled to its rooted bafe; [face, Yet where thy Majefly divine appear'd, Where fluone thy glory, and thy voice was

heard ; Evin in the blaze of that tremendous day, Idolatry its impious rites could pay !

Oh

me to thought ! - Thy facred throne invade,

rave the bolt that linger'd round its head !

VII. WISDOM.

u, who when th'Almighty form'd this All, I the fcale, and weigh'd each balanc'd ball; i his hand completed each defign, r'd the work, and fix'd the feal divine; dom infinite; creation's foul, : rays diffufe new luftre o'er the whole,

tongue shall make thy charms celestial known?

hand, fair Goddefs! paint thee but thy own? at tho' in nature's univerfal ftore r the wonders of Almighty pow'r ! unattended terror would infpire; muit we gaze, and comfortlefs admire. hen fair wildom joins in the defign, auty of the whole refult's divine ! ce life acknowledges its glorious caufe, latter owns its great Difpofer's laws; in a thoufand different models wrought, x'd to quiet, now ally'd to thought; flow the forms and properties of things, rifes harmony, and order fprings; id the mais a fhapeleis chaos lay, er felt the dawn of Wildom's day ! how affociate round their central fun, faithful rings the circling planets run; ui-diftant, never yet too near, y tracing their appointed fphere. how the moon our flying orb purfues, from the fun her monthly light renews; es her wide influence on the world below, ds the tides alternate cbb and flow ow in courfe the conftant feafons rife, 1 the earth, or beautify the fkies : pring advancing, with her flow'ry train; summer's hand, that fpreads the fylvan fcene :

Lutumn, with her yellow harvefts crown'd; embling Winter close the annual round. getable tribes obfervant trace, he tall cedar to the creeping grafs : ain of animated beings fcale, he finall reptile to th'enormous whale : he firong eagle ftooping thro' the ikies, low infect that efcapes thy eves ! e, if fee thou canft, in ev'ry frame, t Wildom fhine confefs'd the fame : per organs to the leaft affign'd, per means to propagate the kind, the structure, and as wife the plan, his lord of all -debating man ! ce, reasining creature, thy diffunction find, iger to the ways of Heav'n be blind. n in outward beauty ftrikes the mind, tward beauty points a charm behind. gives the earth, the ambient air, or feas, ain, the river, or the wood to pleafe? , in whom does beauty's felf refide, autifver, or the beautify'd?

There dwells the Godhcad in the bright difguile, Beyoad the ken of all created eves; His works our love and our attention fical; His works (furptizing thought!) the Makerveil; Too weak our fight to pierce the radiant cloud Where witdom thines, in all her charms avow'd.

O gracious God, omnipotent and wife, Unerring Lord, and Ruler of the fkies; All condetcending to my feeble heart, One beam of thy celethal light impart; I feek not fordid wealth, or glitt'ing pow'r; O grant me wildom — and I afk no more !

VIII. PROVIDENCE.

As from fome level country's fhelter'd ground, With towns replete, with green inclofures bound, Where the eye kept within the verdant maze, But gets a transfeat with as it thrays, The pilgrim to fome raing fur unit tends, Whence opens all the frene as be aftends : So Providence the friendly height fupplies, Where all the charms of Deity furprize; Here Geodnefs, Power, and Witdom all unite, And dazzling Glories whelm the ravih'd fight !

Almighty Caufe ; 'tis thy preferving care That keeps thy works for ever fresh and fair; The fun from thy fuperior radiance bright, Eternal fleds his delegated light; Lends to his fifter orb inferior day, And paints the filver moon's alternate ray : Thy hand the wafte of eating time renews, Thou fhedd'ft the tepid morning's balmy dews; When raging winds the blacken'd deep deform, Thy fpirit rides committion'd in the ftorm; Bids at thy will the flack ning tempeft ceale, While the calm ocean fmooths its ruffled face; When lightnings thro' the air tremendou, fly, Or the blue plague is loofen'd to defiroy, Thy hand directs, or turns adde the floke; Thy word the fiend's committion can revoke ; When fubterraneous fires the furface heave, And towns are bury'd in the vawning grave, Thou fuffer'ft not the minchier to presail; Thy fov'reign touch the recent word doon heal. ToZembla's rocks thou fend is the cheef ad plant; O'er Lybia's fands thou pour fithe cooling it cam; Thy watchful Providence ofer all intends; Thy works obey their great Creater's ands.

When man too long the path of one partial, Thy hand prepared the universal flood j Ginetous to Nonh gave the timely from, To fave a remnant from the wrath divide ! One thining wafte the globe terrentrial lay, And the ark heavid close the troubled for; Thou badif the deep his ancient bed explore. The clouds their watter deluge pour'd no mine! The fixies were clear'd -- the mountain rops viere The dove pacific brought the olive green, [icen; On Ararat the happy Patriarch toft, Found the recover'd world his hopes had left; There his fond eyes review'd the plrating iceae, The earth all verdant, and the air terene Its precious freight the guardian ark diff hay'd, While Noah grateful adoration yaid'

Bitolding

Beholding in the many-tinctur'd bow The promife of a fafer world below.

When wild ambition rear'd its impious head, And rifing Babel Heav'n with pride furvey'd, Thy word the mighty labour could confound, And leave the mais to moulder with the ground.

From Thee all human actions take their forings, The rife of empires, and the fall of kings! See the vali theatre of time difplay'd, While o'er the fcene fucceeding heroes tread 1 With pomp the flining images fucceed, What leaders triumph! and what monarchs bleed! Perform the parts thy providence affign'd; Their pride, their patfions to thy ends inclin'd: A while they glitter in the face of day, Then at thy nod the phantoms pafs away; No traces left of all the bufy fcene, But that remembrance fays--*The things have been!* • But (queftions doubt) whence fickly nature feels

The ague-fits her face fo oft reveals? [breaft?
Whenceearthquakes heave the earth's affonish'd
Whencetempests rage? or yellow plagues infest?
Whence draws rank Afric her empoison'd store?
Or liquid fires explosive Ætna pour?"
Go, sceptic mole ! demand th'eternal cause, The fecret of his all-preferving laws !
The depths of wisdom infinite explore, And ask thy Maker--why he knows no more ?

Thy error still in moral things as great, As vain to cavil at the ways of fate. To alk why profperous Vice to oft fucceeds, Why fuffers Innocence, or Virtue bleeds ! Why monfters, nature must with blushes own, By crimes grow pow'rful, and difgrace a throne ! Why faints and fages, mark'd in every age, Perifh, the victims of tyrannic rage; Why Socrates for truth and freedom fell, Or Nero reign'd the delegate of hell : In vain by reafon is the maze purfu'd, Of ill triumphant, and afflicted good. Fix'd to the hold, fo might the failor aim To judge the pilot, and the fteerage blame, As we direct to God what should belong, Or fay that fov'reign wildom governs wrong. Nor always vice does uncorrected go, Nor virtue unrewarded pais below Oft facred juffice lifts her awful head, And dooms the tyrant and th'ufurper dead ; Oft Providence, more friendly than fevere, Arrefts the hero in his wild career; Directs the fever, poniard, or the ball, By which an Ammon, Charles, or Carfar fall: Or when the curied Borgias brew the cup For merit, bids the monfters drink it up; On violence oft retorts the cruel fpear, Or fetters cunning in its crafty fnare : Relieves the innocent, exalts the juft, And lays the proud oppreffor in the duft !

But fast as time's twift pinions can convey, Hastens the pomp of that tremendous day, When to the view of all created eyes, God's high tribunal shall majeftic rise, When the loud trumpet shall assemble round I he dead, reviving at the piercing found ! Where men and angels fhall to audit come, And millions yet unborn receive their doom I Then fhall fair Providence, to all difplay'd, Appear divinely bright without a fhade; In light triumphant all her acts be shown, And blushing Doubt eternal Wildom own !

Meanwhile, thou great Intelligence fupreme, Sow'reign Director of this mighty frame, Whofe watchful hand and all-obferving kea Fathions the hearts, and views the ways of men, Whether thy hand the plenteous table foread, Or meafure fparingly the daily bread; Whether or wealth or honours gild the fcene, Or wants deform, and wafting anguifh ftain; On Thee let truth and virtue firm rely, Blefs'd in the care of thy approving eye ! Know that thy Providence, their conflant friend, Thro' life fhall guard them, and in death attend; With everlafting arms their caule embrace, And crown the paths of piety with peace.

IX. GOODNESS.

Ye feraphs, who God's throne encircling fill, With holy zeal your golden cenfers fill; Ye flaming minifters to diftant lands, Who bear, obfequious, his divine commands; Ye cherubs who compofe the facred choir, Attuning to the voice th'angelic lyre! Or ye fair natives of the heav'nly plain, Who once were mortal—now a happier train! Who fpend in peaceful love your joyful hour, In blifsful meads and annaranthine bow'rs, Oh lend one fpark of your celeftial fire, Oh deign my glowing bofom to infpire, And aid the Mufe's unexperienc'd wing, While Goodnefs, theme divine, fhe foars to fing!

Tho' all thy attributes divinely fair, Thy full perfection, glorious God, declare: Yet if one beams fuperior to the reft, Oh let thy goodnels faireft be confeft: As fhines the moon amidft her flarry train, As breathes the rofe amongft the flow'ry fcens, As the mild dove her filver plumes difplays, So fheds thy mercy its diftinguift'd rays.

This led, Creator mild, thy gracious hand, When formlefs Chaos heard thy high command; When pleas'd, thy cyc thy matchlefs works review'd,

And Goodnefs, placid, fpoke that all was good! Nor only does in heav'n thy goodnefs fhine; Delighted nature feels its warmth divine; The vital fun's illuminating beam, The filver crefeent, and the ftarry gleam; As day and night, alternate they command, Proclaim that truth to ev'ry diftant land.

See finiling nature, with thy treafures fair, Confeis thy bounty and parental care; Renew'd by thee, the faithful feations rife, And earth with plenty all her fons fupplies. The generous lion and the brinded boar, As nightly thro' the foreft-walks they roar, From thee, Almighty Maker, feek their prey; Nor from thy hand unfated go away:

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me for meat the callow ravens cry, rted by thy all-preferving eye thee, the feather'd natives of the plain, le who range the field, or plough the main, e with conftant courfe th'appointed food, ufte the cup of universal good ; and thou open'ft, million'd myriads live ; rown'ft, they faint ;- thou fmil'ft, and they rirtue's acre, as on rapine's ftores, [revive! :av'n, impartial, deal the fruitful show'rs! s common bleffings all her children fhare, the fame earth, and breathe a gen'ral air! ut diftinction, boundless bleffings fall, loodnefs, like the fun, enlightens all ! man, degenerate man ! offend no more ! arn of brutes thy Maker to adore ! hefe, thro' ev'ry tribe, his bounty own; his works ungrateful thou alone ! then the tuneful voice of mercy cries. lind when fov'reign Goodness charms the eyes ! phemes, how the wretch his awful name blafy fpares,-his clemency reclaims ! e his patience with the guilty strive, id the criminal repent and live : :he fugitive with gentle eye, h the obstinate, he would not die ! ng tendernefs-amazing moft, ul on whom fuch mercy fhould be loft ! would'ft thou view the rays of goodness join ftrong point of radiance all divine ! , celeftial muse ! yon eastern light ; thlem's plain, adoring, bend thy fight ! he glad message to the shepherds giv'n, -will on earth to man, and peace in heav'n.' the fwains, purfue the ftarry road, ail to earth the Saviour and the God ! mption ! oh thou beauteous mystic plain ! falutary fource of life to man ! :ongue can fpeak thy comprehensive grace? thought thy depths unfathomable trace ? loft in fin our ruin'd nature lay, awful juffice claim'd her righteous pay ! mild Saviour bend his pitying cye, op the lightning just prepar'd to fly ! nge effect of unexampl'd love !) im defcend the heav'nly throne above : , the ills of mortal lite endure ; tho' revil'd, and innocent, tho' poor ! ain his abode, and coarfe his food, : one fair continu'd scene of good !

Etim of eternal juftice bleed ! to the crofs the Lord of Life is ty'd, ierce his hands, and wound his facred fide ! d expires ! our forfeit to atone, nature trembles at his parting groan ! ance thou hopelefs mortal fteel'd in guilt, , and if thou can'ft, forbear to ment ! efus die thy freedom to regain, ilt thou drag the voluntary chain ? iou refufe thy kind afcent to give, dying he looks down to bid thee live ! e, wilt thou reject the proffer'd good !

fuftain the wrath to man decreed,

Whofe virtue can thy deepeft crimes efface, Re-heal thy nature, and confirm thy peace 1 Can all the errors of thy life atone, And raife thee from a rebel to a for 1

O bleft Redeemer, from thy facred throne, Where faints and angels fing thy triumphs won ! (Where, from the grave thou rais'd thy glorious Chain'd to thy car the pow'rs infernal led) [head, From that exalted height of blifs fupreme, Look down on thofe who bear thy facred name; Refore their ways, infpire them by thy grace, Thy laws to follow, and thy fteps to trace; Thy bright example to thy doctrine join, And by their morals prove their faith divine !

Nor only to thy church confine thy ray; O'er the glad world thy healing light difplay; Fair Sun of Righteoufnets! in beauty rife, And clear the mifts that cloud the mental fkies! To Judah's remnant, now a featter'd train, Oh great Medfiah! fhow thy promis'd reign; O'er earth as wide, thy faving warmth diffufe, As fpreads the ambient air, or falling dews, And hafte the time when, vanquilit'd by thy

pow'r,

Death shall expire, and fin defile no more !

X. RECTITUDE.

Hence diftant far, ye fons of earth profane, The loofe, ambitious, covetous, or vain : Ye worms of pow'r! ye minion'd flaves of ftate, The wanton vulgar, and the fordid great ! But come, ye purer fouls, from drois refin'd, The blamele's heart and uncorrupted mind ! Let your chafte hands the holy altars raife, Frefh incenfe bring, and light the glowing blaze; Your grateful voices aid the mufe, to fing The (potlefs juffice of th'Almighty King !

As only Rectitude divine hc knows, As truth and fanctity his thought compole; So these the dictates which th'*Eternal Mind* To reasonable beings has assign'd; These has his care on ev'ry mind impress'd, The conscious scals the Hand of heav'n attest ! When man, perverse, forwrong forsakes the right, He still attentive keeps the fault in sight; Demands the strict atonement should be made, And claims the forseit on th'offender's hold !

But Doubt demands -- "Why man difpos'd " this way ?

"Why left the dang'rous choice to go aftrav ? "If Heav'n that made him did the fault forefee, "Thence follows, Heav'n is more to blame than No; had to good the heart alone inclin'd, [he." What toil, what prize had virtue been affign'd? From obstacles her nobless triumphs flow, Her spirits languish when she finds no foe ! Man might perhaps have so been happy still, Happy, without the privilege of will, And just, because his hands were ty'd from ill ! O wond'rous scheme to mend th'almighty plan, By finking all the dignity of man '

Yet turn thy eyes, vain sceptic, own thy pride, And view thy happines and choice ally'd; See virtue from herfelf her blifs derive, A blifs, beyond the pew'r of thrones to give; E a See vice of empire and of wealth poffefs'd, Pine at the heart, and feel herfelf unblefs'd. And fay, were yet no farther marks affign'd, Is man ungrateful? or is Heav'n unkind?

"Yes, all the woes from Heav'n periniffive fall, "The wretch adopts,--the wretch improves them all."

From his wild luft, or his opprefive deed, Rapes, battles, murders, facrilege proceed; His wild ambition thins the peopled earth, Or from his avirice, Farmane takes his birth; Had nature given the hero wings to fly, His pride would lead hi a to attempt the fky! To angels make the prgmy's folly known, And draw even pity r, on the ternal throne.

Yet, while on earth triumphant vice prevails, Celetii il juffice balances her feales; With eye unbias'd all the feene furveys; With hand impartial, ev'ry erime fhe weighs; Oft clofe purfuing at his trembling heels, The man of blood her awful prefence feels; Oft from her arm, amidft the blaze of flate, The regal tyrant, with fuccefs clate, Is fore'd to leap the precipice of fate! Or if the villain pafs unpunith'd here, 'T is but to make the future firoke fevere; For foon or late, eternal Juffice pays Mankind the juft defert of all their ways.

'Tis in that awful all-dif lofing day ! When high Omnifcience (hall her books difplay; When Juffice (hall prefent her ftrict account, While Confcience (hall atteft the due amount, That all who feel, condemn'd, the dreadful rod, Shall own that righteous are the ways of God !

Oh then, while penitence can fate difarm, While ling'ring Juffice yet with-holds its arm; While heav'nly patience grants the precious time, Let the loft inner think him of his crime; Immediate, to the feat of mercy fly, Nor wait to morrow—left to-night he die !

But tremble, all ye fins of blackeft birth, Ye giants, that deform the face of earth; Tremble, ye fons of aggravated guilt, And, ere too late, let forrow learn to melt; Remotifelefs Murder ! drop thy hand fevere, And bathe thy bloody weapon with a tear; Go, Last impure ! converte with friendly light, Forfake the manfious of defiling night; Quit, dark Hypocrity, thy thin d'iguife, Nor think to cheat he notice of the fkies! Unfocial Avarice, thy grafp forego, And bid the ufeful treafure learn to flow ; Reftore, Injuffice, the defrauded gain ! Opprefiion, bend to cafe the captive's chain, Ere awful Juffice ftrike the fatal blow, And drive you to the realms of night below !

But Doubt refumes,—" If Juffice has decreed "The punifiment proportion'd to the deed,

" Eternal mifery feems too fevere,

" Too diead a weight for wretched man to bear !

" Too harfh !-- that endle is torments fhould repay "The crimes of life, -- the errors of the day !"

In vain our reafon would prefamptuous pry; Heav'n's counfel; are beyond conception high; In vain would thought his meafur'd juftice fcan! His ways how different from the ways of man! Too deep for thee his fecrets are to know; Enquire not, but more wifely fhun the woe: Warn'd by his threat'nings, to his laws attend, And learn to make Omnipotence thy friend!

Our weaker laws, to gain the purpos'd ends, Oft pass the bounds the law-giver intends; Oft partial power, to ferve its own defign, Warps from the text, exceeding reafon's line; Strikes, bias'd, at the perfon, not the deed, And fees the guiltlefs unprotected bleed !

But God alone, with unimpafion'd fight, Surveys the nice barrier of wrong and right; And, while fubfervient, as his will ordains, Obedient Nature yields the prefent means; While neither force nor pafilons guide his view; Ev'n Evil works the pupple he purfues! That bitter fpring! the fource of human pain! Heal'd by his touch, does mineral health contain! And dark Affliction, at his potent nod, Withdraws its cloud, and brightens into good.

Thus human juffice—(far as man can go) For private fafety firikes the dubious blow, But Rectifude divine, with nobler foul, Confults each individual in the whole ! Directs the iffues of each moral firife, And fees creation firuggle into life !

And you, ve happier fouls ! who in his ways Obfervant walk, and fing his daily praife ! Ye righteous few ! whole calm unruffled breafts No fears can darken, and no guilt infefts, To whom his gracious promifes extend, In whom they centre, and in whom fhall end, Which (blefs'd on that foundation fure who Shall with cternal juffice be fulfill'd : [build] Ye fons of life, to whole glad hope is giv'n The bright reversion of approaching heav'n, With grateful hearts his glorious praife recite, Whofe love from darknefs call'd you out to So let your piety reflective fhine, [light; As men may thence confeis his truth divine! And when this mortal veil, as foon it muti, Shall drop, returning to its native duft, The work of life with approbation done, Receive from God your bright immortal crown!

XJ. GLORY.

But oh, adventirous Mufe, reftrain thy flight, Dare not the blaze of uncreated light ! Before whole glorious throne with dread furpife, Th'adoring feraph veils his dazzled eyes; Whole pure effulgence, radiant to excets, No colours can deteribe, or words exprefs ! All the fair beauties, all the lucid flores, Which o'erthy works thy hand refplendent pour, Feebic, thy brighter glories to diplay,

Pale as the moon before the folar ray! See on his throne the gaudy Perfian plac'd, In all the pomp of the luxuriant eaff ! While mingling gems a berrow'd day unfold, And the rich prople wave embofs'd with gold; Yer mark this focus of a unted grandeur yield To the fair lifty that adors, the field !

Obfcurd,

'd, behold that fainter lilv lies rich bird's inimitable dyes; fe furvey, contounded and outdone, fuperior luftre of the fun; in himfelf withdraws his leffen'd beam Thee, the glorious Author of his frame! ifcendent Pow'r! fole Arbiter of fate! reat thy glory! and thy blifs how great ! w from thy exalted throne above al fource of light, and life, and love !) iber'd creatures draw their finiling birth, is the heav'ns, or beautify the earth; fystems roll, obedient to thy view, orlds rejoice-which Newton never knew. n raife the fong, the gcn'ral anthem raife, vell the concert of eternal praife ! 'e orbs, that form this boundles' whole, in the womb of fpace unnumber'd roll; nets, who compose our leffer scheme, end, concertive, round the folar frame; eve of nature! whole extensive ray indlefs charms adorns the face of day; ting raife th'harmonious joyful found, ar his praifes thro' the vaft profound : use, ye winds that fan the cheerful air, s they pais along your pinions bear ! life let ocean thro' her realms difplay, her circling billows can convey life ye mifty vapours wide diffule, s deteending, or in milder dews; tifes whilper, ye majeftic trees, ir tops rufile to the gentle breeze ! ife around, ye flow'ry tribes, exhale, your fweets embalm the fpicy gale ! uie, ye dimpled ftreams, to earth reveal, as'd ye mumur thro' the flow'ry vale: ife, ye feather'd choirs diftinguish'd fing, rour notes the vocal forefts ring ! ife proclaim, ye monsters of the deep, n the vaft abyfs your revels keep ! fair natives of our earthly fcene, range the wilds, or haunt the paflure green !

ou, vain lord of earth, with carclefs ear, niverfal hymn of worfhip hear ! dent in the facred chorus join, but transported with the tafk divine ! by his works th'Almighty is confers'd, nelv glorious, and fupremely blefs'd ! at Lord of Life ! from whom this humble frame

s the pow'r to fing thy holy name, 'es the lowly Mufe, whole artlefs lay ar'd thy facred Attributes furvey ! ited oft thro' Nature's beauteous field, e ador'd thy Wildom bright reveal'd; ve her wifhes aim'd the fecret fong, vful rev'rence fill with-held her tongue : thy bount / leut the reas'ning beam, ls my confeious breaft the vital flame, ift Creator, let thy fervant pay te of gratitude this feeble way, loodnet's own, thy Providence adore, ield thee only—what was thine before.

§ 64. Ode to Wildom. Mifs CARTER. THE folitary bird of night Thro' the pale fhades now wings his flight, And quits the time-fhook tow'r, Where, fhelter'd from the blaze of day, In philosophic gloom he lay, Beneath his ivy bow'r. With joy I hear the folemn found, Which midnight echoes waft around, And fighing gales repeat : Fav'rite of Pallas ! I attend, And, faithful to thy fummons, bend At Wildom's awful fcat. She loves the cool, the filent eve, Where no falle flows of life deceive, Beneath the lunar ray : Here Folly drops each vain difguife, Nor sports her gaily-colour'd dyes, As in the glare of day. O Pallas ! queen of ev'ry art, That glads the fenfe, or mends the heart," Bleft fource of purer joys; In ev'ry form of beauty bright, That captivates the mental fight With pleafure and furprife; To thy unfpotted farine I bow, Affift thy modeft fuppliant's vow, That breathes no wild defires : But, taught by thy unerring rules, To fhun the fruitlefs with of fools, To nobler views afpires. Not Fortune's gein, Ambition's plume, Nor Cytherea's fading bloom, Be objects of my pray'r: Let av'rice, vanity, and pride, These glitt'ring envy'd toys, divide The dull rewards of care. -To me thy better gifts impact, Each moral beauty of the heart, By fludious thought refin'd : For wealth, the finites of glad content; For pow'r, its ampleft, beft extent, An empire o'er my mind. When Fortune drops her gay parade, When Pleafure's transient roles fade, And wither in the tomb, Unchang'd is thy immortal prize, Thy ever-verdant laarels rife In undecaying bloom. By thee protected, I defy The coxcomb's fneer, the flupid lie Of ignorance and fpite; Alike conterns the leaden fool, And all the pointed ridicule Of undifferning wit. From envy, hurry, noife, and ftrife, The dull impertinence of life, In thy retreat I reft; Purfue thee to thy placeful groves, Where Plato's facred fpirit roves, In all thy graces dreft. E 3

He bid Ilyffus' tuneful Rream Convey the philosophic theme Of perfect, fair, and good : Attentive Athens caught the found, And all her lift'ning fons around In awful filence ftood. Reclaim'd, her wild licentious youth Confelt the potent voice of truth, And felt it's just controul : The paffions ceas'd their loud alarms, And virtue's foft perfualive charms O'er all their fenses stole. Thy breath infpires the poet's fong, The patriot's free unbials'd tongue, The hero's gen'rous strife : 'Thine are retirement's filent joys, And all the fiveet endearing ties Of still domestic life. No more to fabled names confin'd, To Thee, fupreme, all-perfect mind, My thought direct their flight : Wifdom's thy gift, and all her force From thee deriv'd, unchanging fource Of intellectual light ! O fend her fure, her fteady ray To regulate my doubtful way, Thro' life's perplexing road; The mifts of error to controul ! And thro' it's gloom direct my foul To happiness and good ! Beneath her clear difeerning eye The visionary shadows fly Of folly's painted flow She fees, thro' ev'ry fair difguife, That all, but Virtue's folid joys, Is vanity and woe. § 65. Elegy on the Death of Lady Coventry. Written in M.DCC.LX. MASON. THE midnight clock has toll'd; and hark ! the bell [found?

Of death beats flow ' Heard ye the note pro-It paufes now; and now, with rifing knell, Flings to the bollow gale its fullen found.

Yes; Coventry is dead. Attend the ftrain, Daughters of Albion ! ye that, light as air,

So oft have tripp'd in her fantaftic train, With hearts as gay, and faces half as fair :

For the was fair beyond yon brighteft bloom (This envy owns, fince now her bloom is fled);

Fair as the forms that, wove in fancy's loom, Float in light vifion round the poet's head.

Whene'er with foft ferenity fhe fmil'd, Or caught the orient blufh of quick furprize, How fweetly mutable, how brightly wild,

The liquid luftre darted from her eyes !

Each look, each motion, wak'd a new-born grace, That o'er her form its transient glory caft: Some lovelier wonder foon ufurp'd the place, Chac'd by a charm fill lovelier than the laft. That bell again ! It tells us what the is; On what the was, no more the ftrain prolong: Luxuriant fancy, pause ! an hour like this Demands the tribute of a ferious fong. head; Maria claims it from that fable bier, Where cold and wan the flumb'rer refts her In still small whispers to reflection's ear She breathes the folemn dictates of the dead. catch the awful notes, and lift them loud ! Proclaim the theme by fage, by fool, rever'd; Hear it, ye young, ye vain, ye great, ye proud! 'Tis Nature speaks, and Nature will be heard. Yes; ye shall hear, and tremble as you hear, While, high with health, your hearts exulting E'en in the midft of pleasure's mad career, [leap; The mental monitor shall wake and weep! For fay, than Coventry's propitious ftar, What brighter planet on your births arole ? Or gave of fortune's gifts an ampler thare, In life to lavish, or by death to lose ? Early to lofe ! While borne on bufy wing, Ye fip the nectar of each varying bloom; Nor fear, while basking in the beams of spring The wint'ry form that fweeps you to the tomb; Think of her fate ! revere the heav'nly hand That led her hence, tho' foon, by fteps fo flow: Long at her couch Death took his patient stand, And menac'd oft, and oft withheld the blow : To give reflection time, with lenient art, Each fond delution from her foul to fteal; Teach her from folly peaceably to part, And wean her from a world fhe lov'd fo well. Say, are ye fure his mercy fhall extend To you fo long a fpan? Alas, ye figh! [friend, Make then, while yet ye may, your God your And learn with equal eafe to fleep or die ! Nor think the Mufe, whofe fober voice ye hear, Contracts with bigot frown her fullen brow; Cafts round religion's orb the mifts of fear, [glow. Or fhades with horrors what with finiles fhould No; fhe would warm you with feraphic fire, Heirs as ye are of heav'n's eternal day; Would bid you boldly to that heav'n afpire, Not fink and flumber in your cells of clay. Know, ye were form'd to range yon azure field, In yon etherial founts of blifs to lave : For then, fecure in faith's protecting fhield, The fling from death, the vict'ry from the grave! Is this the bigot's rant? Away, ye vain, [fleep: Your hopes, your fears, in doubt, in dulnets Go foothe your fouls, in ficknefs, grief, or pain, With the fad folace of eternal fleep ! Yet will I praise you, triflers as ye are, [creed, More than those preachers of your favinte Who proudly fwell the brazen throat of war, Who form the phalanx, bid the battle bleed,

Nor wifh for more; who conquer but who die. Hear, Folly, hear, and triumph in the tale! Like you they reafon, not like you enjoy

The breeze of blifs that fills your filken fail :

Book I.

On pleasure's glitt'ring ftream ye gaily fteer

Your little course to cold oblivion's shore ; They dare the storm, and thro' th'inclement year

Stemthe roughfurge, and brave the torrent'sroar.

Is it for glory? That just Fate denies :

- Long must the warrior moulder in his shroud, Ere from her trump the heav'n-breath'd accents Thatlift the hero from the fighting crowd! [rife,
- Is it his grafp of empire to extend?

To curb the fury of infulting foes?

Ambition, ceafe ! the idle conteft end : 'Tis but a kingdom thou canft win or lofe.

And why must murder'd myriads lose their all (If life be all); why defolation lowr

With famish'd frown on this attrighted ball, That thou may's flame the meteor of an hour?

Go, wifer ye, that flutter life away, Crown with the mantling juice the goblet high !

Weave the light dance, with feftive freedom gav, And live your moment, fince the next ye die !

Yet know, vain sceptics! know th'Almighty Mind,

Who breath'd on man a portion of his Sire, Bade his free foul, by earth nor time confin'd, To heav'n, to immortality afpire.

Nor fhall the pile of hope his mercy rear'd, By vain philosophy be ere deftroy'd:

Eternity, by all or with'd or fear'd, Shall be by all or fuffer'd or enjoy'd!

§ 66. Elegy to a young Nobleman leaving the University. MASON.

ERE yet, ingenuous youth, the fleps retire [vale, From Cam's fmooth margin, and the peaceful

Where fcience call'd thee to her fludious quire, And met thee musing in her cloifters pale;

O let thy friend (and may he boaft the name !) Breathe from his artlefs reed one parting lay :

- A lay like this thy carly virtues claim, And this let voluntary friendfhip pay.
- Yet know, the time arrives, the dang'rous time, When all those virtues, op'ning now fo fair,

Transplanted to the world's tempestuous clime, Must learn each passion's boilt rous breath to bear;

There, if ambition, peffilent and pale, Or luxury fhould taint their vernal glow;

If cold felf-intereft, with her chilling gale, [blow; Should blaft th'unfolding bloffoms ere they

- If mimic hues, by art or fashion spread, Their genuine simple colouring should supply;
- O may with them these laureate honours fade, And with them (if it can) my friendship die!
- Then do not blame, if, tho' thyfelf infpire,

Cautious I strike the panegyric string; The mule full oft purfues a meteor fire,

And, vainly ven'trous, foars on waxen wing : Too actively awake at friendship's voice,

. •

The poet's bolom pours the fervid frain,

Till fad reflection blames the hafty choice, And oft invokes oblivion's aid in vain. Call we the fhade of Pope from that blefs'd bow'r, Where thron'd he fits with many a tuneful fage;

Afk if he ne'er bemoans that haplefs hour When St. John's name illumin'd glory's page.

Ask, if the wretch, who dar'd his mem'ry stain; Ask, if his country's, his religion's foe,

Deferv'd the meed that Marlbro' fail'd to gain; I he deathlefs meed he only could beftow:

The bard will tell thee, the mifguided praise Clouds the celeftial funfhine of his breaft;

E'en now, repentant of his erring lays, He heaves a figh amid the realms of reft.

If Pope thro' friendship fail'd, indignant view, Yet pity, Dryden-hark, whene'er he fings,

How adulation drops her courtly dew On titled tymers and ingtorious kings!

- See, from the depths of his exhaustless mine, His glitt'ring stores the tuneful spendthrift throws:
- Where fear or int'refl bids, behold they fhine; Now grace a Cromwell's, now a Charles's brows.

Born with too gen'rous, or too mean a heart, Dryden 1 in vain to thee those stores were lent:

Thy fweetest numbers but a trifling art ; Thy strongest diction idly eloquent.

The fimpleft lyre, if truth directs its lays, Warbles a melody ne'er heard from thine:

Not to difguft with falls or venal praise Was Parnell's modeft fame, and may be mine.

Go then, my friend, nor let thy candid breaft Condemn me, if I check the plaufive fring:

Go to the wayward world; complete the reft; Be what the pureft mule would wifh to fing.

Be fill thyfelf; that open path of truth, Which led thee here, let manhood firm purfue;

Retain the fweet fimplicity of youth, And all thy virtue dictates dare to do.

Still fcorn, with confcious pride, the mafk of art; On vice's front let fearful caution lowr,

And teach the diffident diferent ere part [pow'r. Of knaves that plot, and fools that fawn for

So, round thy brow when age's honours fpread, When death's cold hand unftrings thy Mafon's

When the green turf lies lightly on his head, [lyre, Thy worth shall some superior bard inspire :

He to the ampleft bounds of time's domain On rapture's plume thall give thy name tofly;

For truft, with rev'rence truft, this Sabine ftrain, ' The Muse forbids the virtuous man to die.'

§ 67. The Choice of Hercules : from the Greek of Prodicus. Bp. LOWTH.

NOW had the fon of Jove, mature, attain'd The joyful prime; when youth, clate and gay, Steps into life, and follows unreftrain'd Where paffion leads, or prudence points to way.

E4

In the pure mind, at those ambiguous years, Or vice, rank weed, first strikes her pois nous

Or haply virtue's op'ning bud appears [root;

By just degrees : fair bloom of fairest fruit ! For, if on youth's untainted thought imprest,

The gen'rous purpole still shall warm the manly breast.

As on a day, reflecting on his age

Foi higheft deeds now ripe, Alcides fought Retirement, nurse of contemplation fage,

Step following itep, and thought fucceeding thought;

Mufing, with fleady pace the youth purfu'd His walk, and, loft in meditation, flray'd

Far in a lonely vale, with folitude Converfing; while intent his mind furvey'd The dubious path of life: before him lay [way.

Here virtue's rough at cent, there pleafure's flow'ry Much did the view divide his way'ting mind :

Now glow'd his breat with gen'rous thirft of

Now love of ease to fosser thoughts inclin'd[fame; His yielding foul, and quench'd the rising flame:

When, lo ! far oil two female forms he 'fpies; Direct to him their fleps they feem to bear;

Both large and tall, exceeding human fize; Both, far exceeding human beauty, fair.

Graceful, yet each with diff 'rent grace they move ; This firiking faceed awe ; that, fofeer winning love.

The first in native dignity surpatiends; Artlefs and unadoin'd she pleased the more;

Health o'er her looks a genuine laftle caft; A veit more white than new-fallin flow fhe

Auguit the trod, yet modeft was her air, [wore : Serene her eve, yet darting herwinly fire.

Still flie drew near; and nearer fill more fair, More mild, appear'd: yet fuch as might infpire

Pleafure, corrected with an awful fear;

Majeffically forcet, and amiably fevere.

The other dame feem'd ev'n of fairer hue ; But bold her mien, unguarded rov'd her eve,

And her fluth'd checks confets'd at nearer view The borrow'd bluthes of an artful dye.

All foft and delicate, with nirv fwim, Lightly flie dane'd along ; her robe betray'd

Thio' the clear texture every tender limb,

Height'ning the claams it only feem'd to fhade : And as it dow'd adown, fo loofe and thin, [fkin, Herffature flow'd more tall, more mowy white her

Of t with a finile flo view'd herfilf afkonce; Evin on her flude a confeious look the threw :

Then all around her eift a catelofs glance, To mark what gazing eves her beauty drew :

As they came near, before that other maid Annuous hing descent experts the prefs?d

Approaching decent, eagerly the prefs'd With hafty frep: nor of reputie afraid, [drefs'd; With freedom bland the wond'ring youth ad-

With vincing fourboars or his neck the hung;

Sweet as the honey-dew flow'd her enchanting tongue.

"Dear Hercules whence this unkind delay? Dear youth, what dealsts can thus diffract thy

Dear youth, what doubts can thus diffract thy Secondly follow where I lead the way, [mind? and range thro' wilds of pleafure unconfinid. With me retire from noife, and pain, and care, Embath'd in blifs, and wrapt in endlefs eafe:

Rough is the road to fame, thro' blood and war; Smooth is my way, and all my paths are peace.

- With me retire, from toils and perils free; Leave honour to the wretch! pleafures were made
- for thee.
- Then will I grant thee all thy foul's defire; All that may chaim thine car, and pleafe thy fight;
- All that the thought can frame, or wifh require, To freep thy ravifh'd fenfes in delight :
- The fumptuous feast, enhanc'd with mufic's Fitteft to tune the melting foul to love, [found,
- Rich odours, breathing choiceft fweets around ; The fragrant bow'r, cool fountain, fhady grove ;
- Fresh flow'rs to strew thy couch, and crown thy head : [thy bed.
- Joy shall attend thy steps, and ease shall smooth
- These will I freely, constantly fupply, Pleasures, not earn'd with toil, nor mix'd with

Far from thy reft repining want fhall fly, [woe; Nor labour bathe in fweat thy careful brow.

Mature the copious harvest shall be thine, Let the laborious hind subdue the toil;

Leave the rafh foldier fpoils of war to win, Won by the foldier thou fhalt fhare the fpoil: Thefe fofter cares my beft allies employ,

New pleafures to invent, to with, and to enjoy."

Her winning voice the youth attentive caught : He gaz'd importient on the finiling maid;

Still gaz'd, and liften'd; then her name befought: "My name, fair youth, is Happinels," the faid:

"Well can my friends this envice truth maintain; They thare my blifs, they beft can fpeak my praife :

The' Slander call me Sloth (detraction vain !) Heed not what Slander, vain detracter, fays;

Slander, itill prompt true merit to defame, To blot the brightett worth, and blaft the faireft name."

By this, arriv'd the fair majeftic maid :

(She all the while, with the fame modeft pace, Compos'd advanc'd) Know, Hercules," the faid,

With manly tone, " thy birth of heav'nly race, Thy tender age that low dinftruction's voice,

Promis'd theegenerous, patient, brave, and wife: When manhood fhould confirm thy glorious

Now expectation waits to fee thee rife. [choice;

- Rife, vouth ' exalt thyfelf, and me; approve
- Thy high defeent from heaven,—and dare be worthy Jove.
- But what truth prompts, my tongue fhall not difguife:

The fleep afcent muft be with toil fubdu'd; Watching and cares muft win the lofty prize

Propos'd by Heav'n; true blifs and real good. Honour rewards the brave and bold alone;

She fpurns the timorous, indolent, and bafe : Danger and toil fland flern before her throne,

And guard (fo Jove commands) the facred place: Who feeks her must the mighty cost fusition,

And pay the price of fame—labour, and care, and pain. Wouldft Wouldft thou engage the gods peculiar care ? O Hercules, th'immortal pow'rs adore ! With a pure heart, with facrifice, and pray'r Attend their altars, and their aid implore. Or,wouldft thou gain thy country's loud applaufe,

Lov'd as her father, as her god ador'd? Be thou the bold afferter of her caule;

Her voice in council, in the fight her fword: In peace, in war, purfue thy country's good;

For her bare thy bold breaft, and pour thy generous blood.

Wouldft thou, to quell the proud and lift th'oppreft, In arts of war and matchlefs ftrength excel?

First conquer thou thyfelf: to cafe, to reft, To each fost thought of pleafure, bid farewell. The night alternate, due to fweet repofe,

- In watches wafte; in painful march, the day: Congeal'd amidft the rigorous winter's flows,
- Scorch'd by the fummer's thirft-inflaming ray. Thy harden'd limbs fhall boaft fuperior might : Vigour fhall brace thine arm, refiftlefs in the fight."
- "Hear'ft thou what monfters then thou muft engage ? [prove,"

What dangers, gentle youth, fhe bids thee (Abrupt, fays Sloth) "ill fit thy tender age-

Tumult and wars; fit age for joy and love. Tum, gentle youth, to me, to love and joy ! To thefe I lead : no monfters here thall ftay

To these I lead : no moniters here shall stay Thine cafy course; no cares thy peace annoy : I lead to blifs a nearer, smoother way :

Short is my way, fair, eafy, fmooth, and plain : Turn, gentle youth—with me eternal pleatures reign."

"What pleafures, vain miftaken wretch, are thine? (Virtue with fcorn replied)"who fleep'ft in cafe

Infentate; whole foft limbs the toil decline That feafons blifs, and makes enjoyment pleafe :

Draining the copious bowl ere thirst require : Feafting ere hunger to the feast invite;

Whole taftelefs joys anticipate defire, Whom luxury fupplies with appetite :

Yet nature loaths, and you employ in vain Variety and art to conquer her difdain.

The fparkling nectar, cool'd with fummer fnows, The dainty board with choiceft viands fpread,

To thee are taftelefs all ! fincere repofe Flies from thy flow'ry couch and downy bed.

For thou art only tir'd with indolence; Nor is thy fleep with toil and labour bought,

Th'imperfect fleep, that lulls thy languid fenfe In dull oblivious interval of thought;

Thatkindly steals th'inactive hours away [the day. From the long ling'ring space, that lengthens our From bountcous nature's unexhausted stores

Flows the pure fountain of fincere delights : Averfe to hear, you wafte the joylefs hours ;

Sleep drowns thy days, and riot rules thy nights.

Immertal the' thou art, indignant Jove [place, Hurl'd thee from heav'n, th'immortal's blifsful

For ever banish'd from the realms above, To dwell on earth with man's degenerate race :

Fitter abode 1 on earth alike difgrac'd ; ... Rejected by the wife, and by the fool embrac'd. Fond wretch, that vainly weeneft all delight To gratify the fenfe, referv'd for thee !

Yet the most pleasing object to the fight, Thine own fair action, never didit thou fee.

- Tho' lull'd with fortest founds thou lieft along, Soft mulic, warbling voices, melting lays; [fong
- Ne'er didft thou hear, more fweet than fweeteft Charming thefoui, thou ne'er didft hear thy praifet
- No-to thy revels let the fool repair;

To fuch go finooth thy fpeech; and fpread thy tempting fnare.

Vaft happiness injoy thy gav allies!

A youth of follies, an old age of cares; Young vet enervate, old vet never wife,

Vice waftes their vig. ur, and their minds impairs. Vain, idle, delicate, in thoughtlefs eafe,

Referving woes for age, their prime they fpend; All wretched, hopelefs, in the evil days,

With forrow to the verge of life they tend. Griev'd with the prefent, of the paft afham'd,

They live and are defpis'd; they die, nor more are nam'd.

But with the gods, and godlike men, I dwell; Mc, his fupreme delight, th'Almighty Sire

Regards well pleas'd : whatever works excel, All, or divine, or human, I infpire.

Counfel with ftrength, and induftry with art, In union meet conjoin'd, with me refide :

My dictates arm, inftruct, and mend the heart; The fureft policy, the wifeft guide. [bind

With me true friendship dwells: she deigns to Those generous souls alone, whom I before have join'd.

Nor need my friends the various coftly feaft ; Hunger to them th'effects of art fupplies ;

Labour prepares their weary limbs to reft; [rife. Sweet is their fleep; light, cheerful, ftrong, they

Thro health, thro joy, thro pleafure, and renown, They tread my paths; and by a foft defcent,

At length to age all gently finking down,

Look back with transport on a life well spent; In which no hour flew unimprov'd away; [day. In which some generous deed diftinguish'd ev'ry

And when, the defin'd term at length complete, Their afhes reft in peace, eternal fame

Sounds wide their praise : triumphant over fate, In facred fong for ever lives their name.

This, Hercules, is happinets ! obey My voice, and live : Let thy celeftial birth

Lift and enlarge thy thoughts : behold the way That leads to fame, and raifes thee from earth

Immortal ! Lo, I guide thy fteps. Arife, [fkies. Purfue the glorious path, and claim thy native

Her words breathe fire celeftial, and impart

New vigour to his foul, that fudden caught The generous flame : with great intent his heart

Swells full, and labours with exalted thought. The mift of error from his eyes difpell'd,

Thro' all her fraudful arts, in cleareft light, Sloth in her native form he now beheld;

Unveil'd fhe ftord confefs'd before his fight : Falfe Siren !— All her vaunted charms, that fhone So frefh erewhile and fair, now wither'd, pale and gone. No No more the rafy bloom in fiveet difguife

Masks her diffembl'd looks; each borrow'd grace Leaves her wan check; pale fickness clouds her

eyes, Livid and funk, and paffions dim her face. As when fair Iris has a while difplay'd

Her wat'ry arch, with gaudy painture gay, While yet we gaze the glorious colours fade,

And from our wonder gently feal away : Where Acone the beauteous phantom erft fo bright,

Now lowrs the low-hung cloud, all gloomy to the fight.

But Virtue, more engaging, all the while

Difclos'd now charms, more lovely, more ferene, Bearsing sweet influence : a milder smile

Soften'd the terrors of her lofty mien. * Lead, goddels, I am thine !" transported cried

Alcides ; "O propitious pow'r, thy way Teach me ! poffels my foul ! be thou my guide : From thee, O never, never let me ftray !"

While ardent thus the youth his vows address'd, With all the goddess fill'd, already glow'd his

break. The heav'nly maid with firength divine endu'd His daring foul; there all her pow'rs combin'd:

Firm conftancy, undaunted fortitude,

Enduring patience, arm'd his mighty mind. Unnov'd in toils, in dangers undifmay'd,

By many a hardy deed and bold emprize, From fierceft moniters, thro' her pow'rful aid,

He freed the earth ' thro' her he gain'd the fkies. 'Twas virtue plac'd him in the bleft abode; Crown'd with eternal youth, among the gods a god.

5 68. The Hermit. PARNELL.

FAR in a wild, unknown to public view, From youth to age a rev'rend Hermit grew; The mois his bed, the cave his humble cell, His food the fruits, his drink the crystal well: Remote from man, with God he pais'd his days, Prayer all his business, all his pleasure praise.

A life to facted, fuch forene repole, Seen'd heav'n idelf, till one fuggeftion role— That vice fhould triumph, virtue vice obey; This forung fome doubt of Providence's fway: His hopes no more a certain profpect boaft, And all the tenour of his foul is loft. So when a finooth expanse receives impreft Cake nature's image on its wat'ry breaft, Down bend the banks, the trees depending grow, And fikies beneath with anfw'ring colours glow: But if a flong the gentle fea divide, Swift ruffling circles curl on ev'ry fide, And glimm'ring fragments of a broken fun; Banks, trees, and fikies, in thick diforder run.

To clear this doubt, to know the world by tight, To find if books or fwains report it right (For yet by fwains alone the world he know, Whofe feet came wand'ring o'er the nightly dew) He quits his cell; the pilgrim-ftaff he bore, And fix'd the fallop in his hat before; Then with the fun a rifing journey went, Sedate to think, and watching each event.

The morn was wafted in the pathlefs graft, And long and lonefome was the wild to pafs; But when the fouthern fun had warra'd the day, A youth came pofting o'er a croffing way; His raiment decent, his complexion fair, And foft in graceful ringlets wav'd his hair: Then near approaching, "Father, hail !" he cry'd, And ' hail, my fon !' the rev'rend fire reply'd; Words follow'd words, from queftion anfwer flow'd,

And talk of various kind deceiv'd the road; Till each with other pleas'd, and loth to part, While in their age they differ, join in heart. Thus flands an aged elm in ivy bound, Thus youthful ivy clasps an elm around.

Now funk the fun; the clofing hour of day Came onward, mantl'd o'er with fober grey; Nature in filence bid the world repose : When near the road a flately palace role. [pais, There, by the moon, through ranks of trees the Whole verdure crown'd their floping fides of grafs. It chanc'd the noble mafter of the dome Still made his house the wand'ring stranger'shome; Yet still the kindness, from a thirst of praise, Prov'd the vain flourish of expensive ease. The pair arrive : the livery'd fervants wait; Their lord receives them at the pompous gate. The table groans with coftly piles of food, And all is more than hospitably good. Then, led to reft, the day's long toil they drown, Deep funk in fleep, and filk, and heaps of down.

At length 'tis morn, and at the dawn of day Along the wide canals the zephyrs play; Frefh o'er the gay parterres the breezes creep, And fhake the neighb'ring wood to banifh fleep. Up rife the guefts, obedient to the call; An early banquet deck'd the fplendid hall; Rich lufcious wine a golden goblet grac'd, Which the kind mafter fore'd the guefts to take. Then pleas'd and thankful, from the porch they go;

And, but the landlord, none had caufe of woe: His cup was vanifh'd; for in fecret guife The younger gueft purloin'd the glitt'ring prize.

As one who fpies a ferpent in his way, Glift'ning and bafking in the fummer ray, Diforder'd ftops to thun the danger near, [fer; Then walks with faintnefs on, and looks with So fcem'd the fire, when far upon the road, The fhining fpoil his wiley partner fhow'd. He ftopp'd with filence, walk'd with trembling heart,

And much he wish'd, but durst not ask, to part: Murm'ring he lists his eves, and thinks it hard That gen rous actions meet a base reward.

While thus they pais, the fun his glory throuds; The changing fkics hang out their fable clouds; A found in air prefag'd approaching rain, And beafts to covert fcud acrofs the plain. Warn'd by the figns, the wand'ring pair retreat To feek for thelter at a neighb'ring fcat : * 'Twas built with turrets on a rifing ground, And ftrong, and large, and unimprov'd around; Its owner's temper tim'rous and fevere, Unkind and griping, caus'd a defart there.

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r the mifer's heavy doors they drew. rifing gufts with fudden fury blew; mble lightning mix'd with fhow'rs began, er their heads loud rolling thunder ran. ong they knock, but knock or call in vain, by the wind and batter'd by the rain. gth fome pity warm'd the master's breast s then his threshold first receiv'd a guest) : reaking turns the door with jealous care, alf he welcomes in the fhiv'ring pair; ugal faggot lights the naked walls, ature's fervour through their limbs recals : of the coarest fort, with meagre wine hardly granted) ferv'd them both to dine; vhen the tempest first appear'd to cease, ly warning bid them part in peace. i ftill remark the pond'rous Hermit view'd,

fo rich, a life to poor and rude 'hy fhould fuch (within himfelf he cry'd) the loft wealth a thousand want befide? hat new marks of wonder foon take place y fettling feature of his face,

from his veft the young companion bore :up the gen'rous landlord own'd before, aid profulely with the precious bowl inted kindness of this churlish soul. now the clouds in airy tumult fly; in emerging opes an azure fky her green the imelling leaves difplay, glitt'ring as they tremble, cheer the day : reather courts them from the poor retreat, he glad mafter bolts the wary gate. ile hence they walk, the Pilgrim's bofom wrought

all the travel of uncertain thought; rener's acts without their caufe appear : there a vice, and feem'd a madnels here : ing that, and pitying this, he goes, nd confounded with the various fhows. ight's dim fhades again involve the fky; the wand'rers want a place to lie; they fearch, and find a lodging nigh. oil improv'd around, the manfion neat, either poorly low nor idly great; n'd to fpeak its matter's turn of mind, st, and not for praife but virtue kind. her the walkers turn with weary feet, blefs the manfion, and the mafter greet greeting fair, beftow'd with modelt guife, ourteous master hears, and thus replies : Vithout a vain, without a grudging heart, m who gives us all, I yield a part; Him you come, for Him accept it here, ik and fober, more than coftly cheer." ske, and bid the welcome table fpread, talk'd of virtue till the time of bed; the grave household round his hall repair, 'd by a bell, and close the hours with pray'r. length the world, renew'd by calm repole, trong for toil, the dappl'd morn arole; the pilgrims part, the younger crept he clos'd cradle, where an infant flept, rith'd his neck : the landlord's little pride, ge return! grew black, and gafp'd, and dy'd.

Horror of horrors ! what ! his only fon : How look'd our Hermit when the fact was done? Not hell, tho' hell's black jaws in funder part, And breathe blue fire, could more affault his heart.

Confus'd, and ftruck with filence at the deed. He flies, but, trembling, fails to fly with fpeed. His steps the youth purfues; the country lay Perplex'd with roads ; a fervant fhow'd the way: A river crofs'd the path; the paffage o'er Was nice to find ; the fervant trod before ; Long arms of oaks an open bridge fupply'd, And deep the waves beneath the bending glide. The youth, who feem'd to watch a time to fin, Approach'd the careless guide, and thrust him in; Plunging he falls, and rifing lifts his head, Then flashing turns, and finks among the dcad.

Wild sparkling rage inflames the father's cycs, He burfts the bands of fear, and madly cries, Detefted wretch !- But scarce his speech began, When the ftrange partner feem'd no longer man: His youthful face grew more ferenely fweet; His robe turn'd white, and flow'd upon his feet; Fair rounds of radiant points invest his hair; Celeftial odours breathe through purpl'd air; And wings, whole colours glitter'd on the day, Wide at his back their gradual plumes difplay. The form ethereal burfts upon his fight, And moves in all the majefty of light.

Tho' loud at first the Pilgrim's passion grew, Sudden he gaz'd, and wift not what to do Surprize in fecret chains his words fufpends, And in a calm his fettling temper ends. But filence here the beauteous angel broke The voice of mufic ravish'd as he spoke). Thy pray'r, thy praise, thy life to vice unknown, In fiveet memorial rife before the throne : These charms success in our bright region find, And force an angel down to calm thy mind ; For this committion'd, I forlook the fky ;

And let these scruples be no longer thine.

The Maker justly claims that world he made, In this the right of Providence is laid; Its facred majefty through all depends On using fecond means to work his ends ; 'Tis thus, withdrawn in ftate from human eye, The Pow'r exerts his attributes on high. Your actions uses, nor controuls your will, And bids the doubting fons of men be still.

What strange events can strike with more furprize, eyes? Than those which lately struck thy wond ring Yet, taught by thefe, confels th'Almighty juft, And where you can't unriddle, learn to truft.

The great, vain man, who far'd on coftly food, Whole life was too luxurious to be good Who made his iv'ry flands with goblets fhine, And forc'd his guefts to morning draughts of wine, Has, with the cup, the graceless cuftom loft, And ftill he welcomes, but with lefs of coft.

The mean fuspicious wretch, whole bolted door Ne'er mov'd in pity to the wand'ring poor, With

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With him I left the cup, to teach his mind That heav'n can blots, if mortals will be kind. Conticious of wanting worth, he views the bowl, And feels compafiion touch his grateful foul. Thus artifts melt the fullen ore of lead, With heaping coals of fire upon its head; In the kind warmth the metal learns to glow, And, loofe from drofs, the filver runs below.

Long had our pious friend in virtue trod, But now the child half-wean'd his heart from (Child of his age) for him heliv'd in pain, [God; And measur'd back his fteps to earth again. To what excelles had his dotage run ! But God, to fave the father, took the fon. To all but thet in fits he feem'd to go; And 'twas my miniftry to deal the blow. The poor fond parent humbl'd in the duft, Now owns in tears the punifhment was juft.

But how had all his fortunes felt a wrack, Had that falle fervant fped in fafety back ! This night his treafur'd heaps he meant to fleal, And what a fund of charity would fail !

Thus Heav'n instructs thy mind : this trial o'er, Depart in peace, refign, and fin no more.

On founding pinions here the youth withdrew; The fage flowd wond ring as the foraph flew. Thus look'd Elitha, when, to mount on high, His mafter took the chariot of the fky: The nerv pomp alcending, left the view; The prophet gaz'd, and with'd to follow too.

The bending here it here a pray'r begun : Lord foar in herevin, oa earth die douff he done : Then gladly turning, fought his ancient place, And pais'd a life of piety and peace.

§ 69. Steep. YOUNG.

TIR'D Nature's fweet refforer, balmy Sleep; He, like the world, his ready vifit pays Where Fortune finiles' the wretched he forfakes! Sy ift on his downy pinion flits from woe, And lights on his unfully'd with a tear.

§ 70. Add. ofs to the Dairy. Young.

THOU, who didft put to flight Primæval Silence, when the morning flars, Exulting, thouted o'er the riling ball; OT 1900, whole word from fold darknels flruck That fpark, the fun, firike wildom from my foul; My foul which flies to Thee, her truft, her treature, As mifers to their gold, while others reft.

Thro' this opaque of Nature and of Soul, This loable night, transmit one pitying ray, To lighten and to cheer. O lead my mind (A mind that fain would wander from its woe) Lead it thro' various feener of Life and Death; And from each feene the nobleft truths infpire. Nor leas infpire my Conduct than my Song; Teach my beit reafen, reafon; my beit will Teach rectirude; and hx my firm refolve Withom to wed, and pay her long arrear; Nor let the phial of thy vengence, pour'd On this devoted head, be pour'd in vain.

§ 71. Time. Young.

THE bell firikes One. We take no note of Time But from its lots. To give it then a tongue Is wife in man. As if an angel fooke, I feel the folemn found. If heard aright, It is the knell of my departed hours: [flood. Where are they? With the years beyond the It is the fignal that dema.ds dilpatch : How much is to be done? My hopes and fears Start up alarm'd, and o'er life's harrow verge Look down-on wha? a fathomlefs abyfs; A dread eternity! how furely mine! And can eternity bolong to me, Poor penfioner on the bounties of an hour!

§ 72. Reflection on Man. YOUNG.

How complicate, how wonderful is man! How paffing wonder He who made him fuch ! Who centred in our make fuch frange extremes! From diff'rent natures marveloufly mixt, Connection exquitite of diftant worlds : Diffinguish'd link in being's endless chain ! Midway from nothing to the Deity ! A beam ethereal, fully'd and abforpt ! Tho' fully'd and diffionour'd, ftill divine ! Dim miniature of greatnels abfolute ! An heir of glory ! a frail child of duft ! Helplefs immortal ! infect infinite ! A worm ! a god '-I tremble at myfelf, And in myfelf am loft ! at home a ftranger, Thought wanders up and down, furpriz'd, aghaft, And wond'ring at her own : How reafon reels ! O what a miracle to man is man, Triumphantly diffrefs d ! what joy, what dread ! Alternately transported and alarm'd; What can preferve my life ! or what deftroy ! An angel's arm can't fhatch me from the grave; Legions of angels can't confine me there.

§ 73. Life and Elernity. Young.

THIS is the bud of being, the dim dawn, The twilight of our day, the veftibule; Life's theatre as vet is flue, and death, Strong death, alone can heave the maify bar; This grofs impediment of clav remove, And make us empiyos of existence free. ' From real life but fulle more remote Is he, not yet a candidate for light, The future embiyo, flumb'ring in his fire. Embryos we mult be till we burk the shell, You ambient azore thell, and tpring to life, The life of gods, O transport' and of man.

Yet man, footman trace benesall insthoughts; Inters celetial hopes without one figh. Prifoner of earch, and pent beneath the moon, Here pinions all his withes; wing'd by Heav'n To fly at infinite : end reach it there, Where feraphs gather immortality, On life's fair tree, fall by the throne of God. What golden iors embrodie cluftering glow, In His full beam, and tipen for the juft,

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Where

e momentary ages are no more ! [expire ! | § 75. Oppreffion, Want, and Difeafe. Young. e time, and pain, and chance, and death s it in the flight of threefcore years th eternity from human thought, mother fouls immortal in the duft? l immortal, frending all her fires, ng her ftrength in ftrenuous idlencfs, vn into tumult, raptur'd, or alarm'd, ght this scene can threaten or indulge, ibles ocean into tempeft wrought, ift a feather, or to drown a fly.

§ 74. Time and Death. Young.

'H moment has its fickle, emulous f Time's enormous fcythe, whole ample

fweep sempires from the root; each moment plays tle weapon in the narrower fphere eet domeftic comfort, and cuts down aireft bloom of fublunary blifs. s! fublunary blifs !-- proud words and vain; it treafon to divine decree d invation of the rights of Heav'n! 'd the phantoms, and I found them air. I weigh'd it cre my fond embrace, darts of agony had mifs'd my heart ! th ! great proprietor of all ! 'tis thine ad out empire, and to quench the ftars. in himfelf by thy permiffion thines; ne day thou thalt pluck him from his tphere. fuch mighty plunder, why exhauft artial quiver on a mark fo mean ? hy peculiar rancour wreck'd on me? te archer | could not once fuffice? [flain; | Our very withes give us not our wift. haft flew thrice, and thrice my peace was price, ere thrice yon moon had nil? dherhorn. thia! why fo pale ? Doft thou lament retched neighbour? Grieve to fee thywheel felefs change outwhirt'd in human life ? wanes my borrow'd blifs! from fortune's ious courtefy ! not virtue's fure, [finile, iven, folar ray of found delight. v'ry vary'd pofture, place, and hour, vidow'd ev'ry thought of ev'ev joy ! th, bufy thought 1 too bufy for my peace ! the dark postern of time long laps'd, ftly, by the stillness of the night, ike a murderer (and fuch it proves !) (wretched rover) o'er the pleafing paft; ft of wretchedness perversely ftravs; nds all defart now; and meets the ghofts departed joys; a numirous train ! he riches of my former fate ; Comfort's blafted clufters I lament : ble at the bleffings once fo dear, v'ry pleafure pains me to the heart. , why complain ? or why complain for one? out the fun his luftre but for me, ngle man ? Are angels all beficle ? 'n for millions : 'Tis the common lot; thape, or in that has fate entail'd other's throes on all of woman born, ore the children, than fure heirs of pain.

WAR, Famine, Peft, Volcano, Storm, and Fire, Inteftine broils, Oppreflion, with her heart Wrapt up in triple brats, befiege mankind, God's image ditinherited of day, Here, plung'd in mines, forgets a fun was made: There, beings, deathlefs as their haughty lord, Are hammer'd to the galling oar for life, And plow the winter's wave, and reap defpair. Some, for hard mafters, broken under arms, In battle lopt away, which half their limbs, Beg bitter bread thro' realms their valour fav'd : If io the tyrant, or his minion, doom, Want, and incurable difeafe (fell pair ') On hopelefs multitudes remortelefs feize At once, and make a refuge of the grave. How groaning hospitals eject their dead ! What numbers groan for fad admiffion there ! What numbers, once in fortune's lap high fed, Solicit the cold hand of charity ! To fhock us more, folicit it in vain ! Ye filken fons of pleafure! fince in pains You rue more modifh visits, visit here, [duce And breathe from your debauch : give, and re-Surfeit's dominion o'cr you : but fo great Your impudence, you bluth at what is right.

Happy ! did forrow feize on fuch alone. Not prudence can defend, or virtue fave ; Difeafe invades the chatteft temperance; And punifhment the guiltlefs; and alarm, Thro' thickeft fnades, purfues the fond of peace. Man's caution often into danger turns, And, his guard falling, cruthes him to death. Not happinefs itfelf makes good her name; How diffant off the things we deat on most From that for which we doat, felicity ! The fmootheft course of nature has its pains ! And trueft frienes, throt error, wound our reft. Without misfortune, what calamities ! And what hoffilities without a foe ! Nor are foes wanting to the beft on earth. But endlefs is the lift of imman ills. And fighs might fooner fail than caufe to figh.

§ 76. Death. Young.

BEWARE, Lorenzo t a flow fulden death. How dreadful that dealer ute furprife t Be wife to-day; 'tis made eff to defer; Next day the fatel precedent will plead ; Thus on, till wifdola is puth'd out of life. Procratination is the thicl of time; Year after year it fields, till all are fled, And to the increase of a moment leaves The vaft concerns of an eternal icene. If not fo frequent, would not this be ftrange ? That 'tis fo frequeut, this is ftranger fill. Of man's miraculous miftakes, this bears The palm, " That all men are about to live." .. For ever on the brink of being born. All pay themfelves the compliment to think They one day thall not drivel; and their prite-On this revenion take up ready praife; At

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At least, their own ; their future felves applauds; [How excellent that life they ne'er will lead ! Time lodg'd in their own hands is Folly's vails; That lodg'd in fate's, to wildom they confign; The thing they can't but purpose they postpone : 'Tis not in folly not to fcorn a fool ; And fcarce in human wifdom to do more. All promife is poor dilatory man; And that thro' cv'ry ftage : when young, indeed, In full content we, fometimes, nobly reft, Unanxious for ourfelves, and only wifh, As duteous fons, our famers were more wife. At thirty, man fufpects himfelf a fool ; Knows it at forty, and reforms his plan ; At fifty chides his infamous delay, Pushes his prudent purpose to resolve ; In all the magnanimity of thought Refolves, and re-refolves; then dies the fame.

And why? Becaufe he thinks himfelf immortal. All men think all men mortal but themfelves; Themfelves, when fome alarming flock of fate Strikes through their wounded hearts the fudden dread;

But their hearts wounded, like the wounded air, Soon clofe; where paft the fhaft, no trace is found, As from the wing no fear the fky retains; The parted wave no furrow from the keel; So dies in human hearts the thought of death. Ev'n with the tender tear which nature fheds O'er those we love, we drop it in their grave.

§ 77. Inconfistency of Man. Young.

A H ! how unjust to nature and himself Is thoughtless, thankless, inconsistent man ! Like children babbling nonsense in their sports, We cenfure nature for a fpan too fhort ; That span too short, we tax as tedious too; Torture invention, all expedients tire, To lash the ling'ring moments into speed, And whirl us (happy riddance !) from ourfelves. Art, brainlefs art ! our furious charioteer (For Nature's voice unftified would recall) Drives headlong tow'rds the precipice of death ; Death, most our dread ; death thus more dreadful ſmade : O what a riddle of abfurdity ! Leisure is pain ; takes off our chariot-wheels ; How heavily we drag the load of life ! Bleft leifure is our curfe ; like that of Cain, It makes us wander ; wander earth around To fly that tyrant, Thought. As Atlas groan'd The world beneath, we groan beneath an hour. We cry for mercy to the next amufement ; The next amufement mortgages our fields ; Slight inconvenience ! prifons hardly frown, From hateful Time if prifons fet us free. Yet, when Death kindly tenders us relief, We call him cruel ; years to moments thrink, Ages to years. The telescope is turn'd To man's false optics (from his folly false) : Time, in advance, behind hun hides his wings, And feems to creep, decrepid with his age; Behold him when paft by ; what then is feen But his broad pinions, fwifter than the winds ?

And all mankind, in contradiction firong, Rucful, aghaft ! cry out on his career. We rave, we wreftle, with Great Nature's plan; We thwart the Deity ; and 'tis decreed, Who thwart his will fhall contradict their own. Hence our unnatural quarrels with ourfelves; Our thoughts at enmity ; our bofom broils; We pufh Time from us, and we wifth him back; Lavifh of Juftrums, and yet fond of life; [fhun; Life we think long, and fhort : Death feek, and Body and foul, like previfth man and wife, United jar, and yet are loth to part.

§ 78. Varity. Young.

OH the dark days of vanity ! while here, How taftelefs ! and how terrible when gose ! Gone ! they ne'er go; when paft, they haunt as The fpirit walks of ev'ry day deceas'd; [fill : And finiles an angel, or a fury frowns. Nor death, nor life delight us. If time paft And time poffeft both pain us, what can pleafe ? That which the Deity to pleafe ordain'd, Time us'd. The man who confectates his hours By vig'rous effort and an honeft aim, At once he draws the fting of life and death; He walks with Nature; and her paths are peace.

§ 79. Paternal Love. Young.

FATHERS alone a Father's heart can know; What fecret tides of fill enjoyment flow When brothers love ! but if their hate fucceeds, They wage the war; but 'tis the Father bleeds.

§ 80. Confcience. Young.

TREACH'ROUS Confeience ! while fat feems to fleep On role and myrtle, lull'd with fyren long a While fhe feems, nodding o'er her change, to drop On headlong Appetite the flacken'd rein, And give us up to licence, unrecall'd, Unmark'd ;-fee, from behind her fecret stand, The fly informer minutes ev'ry fault, And her dread diary with horror fills. Not the grofs act alone employs her pen ; She reconnoitres Fancy's airy band, A watchful foe ! the formidable fpy, Lift'ning, o'erhears the whilpers of our camp : Our dawning purpofes of heart explores, And steals our embryos of iniquity. As all-rapacious ufurers conceal Their doomfday-book from all confuming heirs, Thus, with indulgence most fevere, the treats Us spendthrifts of inestimable Time; Unnoted, notes each moment mifapply'd : In leaves more durable than leaves of brafe, Writes our whole hittory; which Death that In ev'ry pale delinquent's private ear ; [rea And judgment publish ; publish to more world Than this; and endless age in groans refound.

§ 81. Old Age. YOUNG.

WHEN men once reach their Autumn, fickly joys

Fall off apace as yellow leaves from trees, At evry little breath misfortune blows; Till, left quite naked of their happiness, In the chill blasts of winter they expire. — This is the common lot.

§ 82. Self-Love. Young.

WHO venerate themfelves, the world defpife. For what, gay friend ! is this efcutchion'd world.

Which hangs out death in one eternal night ? A night that glooms us in the noon-tide ray, And wraps our thought, at banquets, in the Life's little flage is a finall eminence, [fhroud. Inch-high the grave above; that home of man, Where dwells the multitude: We gaze around; We read their monuments; we figh; and while We figh, we fink, and are what we deplor'd; Lamenting, or lamented, all our lot !

Is death at diftance : no, he has been on thee ; And giv'n fure earneft of his final blow. [now? Those hours that lately finil'd, where are they Pallid to thought, and ghaftly ! drown'd, all drown'd

In that great deep, which nothing difembogues ! And, dying, they bequeath'd thee finall renown. The reft are on the wing : How fleet their flight ! Already has the fatal train took fire ;

A moment, and the world's blown up to thee; The fun is darknefs, and the stars are dust.

§ 83. Communion with Paft Hours. YOUNG.

'T IS greatly wife to talk with our paft hours; And afk them, what report they bore to heav'n;

And how they might have borne more welcome Their aniwers form what men Experience call; If Wifdom's friend, her beft; if not, worft foe. O reconcile them; Kind Experience cries,

"There's nothing here but what as nothing

weighs;

"The more our joy, the more we know it vain : "And by fuccefs are tutor'd to defpair." Nor only is it thus, but muft be fo. Who knows not this tho' grey, is ftill a child. Loofe then from earth the grafp of fond defire, Weigh anchor, and fome happier clime explore.

§ 84. Confeience. Young.

CONSCIENCE, what art thou? Thou tremendous pow'r !

Who doft inhabit us without our leave; And art within ourfelves another felf; A matter felf, that loves to domineer, And the the monarch frankly as the flave. How doft thou light a torch to diftant deeds ? Make the paft, prefent; and the future, frown?

How, ever and anon, awake the foul, As with a peal of thunder, to furange horrors, In this long reftlefs dream, which idiots hug; Nay, wife men flatter with the name of life ?

§ 85. Life. Young.

LIFE fpeeds away From point to point, tho' feeming to ftand ftill. The cunning fugitive is fwift by flealth, Too fubtile is the movement to be feen ; Yet foon man's hour is up, and we are gone. Warnings point out our danger; Gnomons, time: As these are useles when the fun is fet, So those, but when more glorious Reason shines. Reafon should judge in all; in reafon's eye, That fedentary fliadow travels hard. But fuch our gravitation to the wrong, So prone our hearts to whifper that we with, 'Tis latter with the wife than he's aware : A * Wilmington goes flower than the fun : And all mankind miftake their time of day; Ev'n age itself. Fresh hopes are hourly fown In furrow'd brows. To gentle life's defcent We fhut our eyes, and think it is a plain. We take fair days in winter for the fpring, And turn our bleffings into banc. Since oft Man must compute that age he cannot feel, He scarce believes he's older for his years. Thus, at life's lateft eve, we keep in ftore One difappointment fure, to crown the reft,-The difappointment of a promis'd hour.

§ 86. Blifs. Young.

§ 87. Friendship. Young.

KNOW'ST thou, Lorenzo ! what a friend con-

As bees mixt nectar draw from fragrant flow'rs, So men from Friendship, Wisdom, and Delight; Twins ty'd by nature, if they part, they die. Hait thou no friend to fet thy mind abroach ? [air, Goodfenfe will stagnate. Thoughts shut up, want And spoil, like bales unopen'd to the fun.

Had thought been all, fweet fpeech had been deny'd; [terion too ! Speech, thought's canal ! fpeech, thought's eri-Thought is the mine, may come forth gold, or drofs;

When coin'd in words, we know its real worth. If fterling, flore it for thy future use ;

* Lord Wilmington.

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Book L

Twill buy thee benefit; perhaps, renown. Thought, too, deliver'd, is the more poffeft; Teaching we learn; and giving, we retain The births of intellect; when dumb, forgot.
Speech ventilates our intellectual fire;
Speech burnifhes our mental magazine;
Brightens for ornament, and whets for ufc.
What numbers, fheath'd in erudition, lie
Plung'd to the hilts in venerable tombs,
And rufted in, who might have borne an edge,
And rufted in, who might have borne an edge,
And play'd a fprightly beam, if born to fpeech;
If born bleft heirs of half their mother's tongue !
Tis thought's exchange, which, like th'alternate puth

Of waves conflicting, breaks the learned feum, And defecates the fludent's flanding pool.

88. Wifdom, Friendship, Joy, and Happiness. Young.

WISDOM, the' richer than Peruvian mines, And fweeter than the fweet ambrofiel hive, What is fhe, but the means of happinefs? That unobtain'd, than folly more a fool; A melancholy fool without her bells. Friendfhip, the means of wildom, richly gives The precious end which makes our wildom wife. Nature, in zeal for human amity, Denies, or damps, an undivided joy. Joy files menopolitis : it calls for two; Richfruit ! Heav'n planted ! never pluck thy One. Needful auxiliars are our friends, to give To focial man true relifh of himfelf. Full on ourfelves, deteending in a line, Pleature's bright beam is fool in delight; Delight intenfe, is take v by rebound; Reverberated pleafures fire the breaff.

Celeftial Happinets, whene'er the thoops To vifit earth, one thrine the goddet's finds, And one alone, to make her fiveet amends For ablent heav'n—the bofom of a friend ; Where heart meets heart, reciprocally foft, Each other's pillow to repore divine, Beware the counterfeit : In pathon's flame Hearts nielt, but nich like ice, foon hurder froze. True love firikes root in Reafon, pathon's foc: Virtue alone entenders us for life : I wrong her much-entenders us for ever. Of Friendship's fairest traits, the fruit most fair Is Virtue kindling at a rival fire, And, emulouily, rep.d in her race. O the foft enuity 1 endcaring thrife ! This carries friendling to her noontide point, And gives the rivet of eternity.

From Friendihip, which outlives my forner Glorious furvivor of old Time and death! ford, From Friendihip, thus, that flow'r of heav'nly The wife extract carth's moft Hyblean blifs, Superior wifdom, crown'd with finding jov.

But for whom bloffours this Elvian flower? Abroad they find, who cheriffi is at home. Lorenzo, pardon what my love extorts, An honeft love, and not afraid to frown. Tho' choice of follies faften on the Great,

None clings more obftinate, than fancy fond That facred friendship is their cafy prey ; Caught by the wafture of a golden lure, Fout Or fafcination of a high-born fmile. Their finiles, the Great and the Coquette throw For others hearts, tenacious of their own ; And we no lefs of ours, when fuch the bait. Ye fortune's cofferers ! Ye pow'rs of wealth ! Can gold gain friendthip ? Impudence of hope ! As well mere man an angel might beget. Love, and Love only, is the loan for love. Lorenzo, pride reprefs; nor hope to find A friend, but what has found a friend in thee. All like the purchase ; few the price will pay ; And this makes friends fuch miracles below.

§ 89. Friendship. Young.

DELIBERATE on all things with thy friend ; But fince friends grow not thick on eviry Nor cv'ry friend unrotten at the core, [bough, First, on thy friend, delib'rate with thyfelf; Paule, ponder, lift; not cager in the choice, Nor jealous of the chofen; fixing, fix; Judge before friendship, then confide till death. Well for thy friend ; but nobler far for thee ; How gallant danger for carth's higheft prize ! A friend is worth all hazards we can run. " Poor is the friendlefs mafter of a world : " A world in purch fe for a friend is gain." O! for the bright complexion, cordial warmth, And elevating fpirit, of a friend, For twenty fummers ripening by my fide ; All feculence of falfhood long thrown down; All focial virtues rifing in his foul, As crytial clear, and fmiling as they rife ! Here nectar flows ; it fparkles in our fight ; Rich to the taffe, and genuine from the heart. High-flavour'd blifs for gods! on earth how rate!

§ 90. Happinels. Young.

THRICE happy they who fleep in humble life, I lieneath the form ambition flows. 'Tis meet The Great flouid have the fame of happinefs, The confolation of a little envy; 'Tis all their pay for those function care, .' Those pangs of heart, their yaffals ne'er can feel.

§ 91. Diffelution of a Virtuous Man. YOUNG. THE chamber where the good man meets his fate,

(themes, [1s privileg'd beyond the common walk of former Of virtuous life, quite in the verge of heav'n.
(d.1 feed , Fly, ye profane 1 If not, draw near with awe, neav'nly Receive the biefling, and adore the chance That the win this Bethefda your diffafe; If unreflor'd by this, defpir your cure. For here, refiftlefs demonstration dwells; me. A death-bed's a detector of the heart. Here tir'd diffirulation drops her mafque, n. Timo' life's grimace, that miftrefs of the icent 1 there are the fame.

You

: the man; you fee his hold on heav'n, 1 his virtue; as Philander's found. [friends

waits not the laft moment; owns her fide death, and points them out to men ure filent, but of fov'reign pow'r ! ;, confusion; and to virtue, peace. itever farce the boalfful hero plays, alone has majesty in death; eater fill, the more the tyrant frowns.

§ 92. Love. Young.

i E calls for love. Not all the pride of beauty ;

eyes that tell us what the fun is made of; ips, whofe touch is to be bought with life! uills of driven fnow, which feen are felt : fe poffeft are nought, but as they are oof, the fubftance of an inward paffion, e rich plunder of a taken heart.

. Pleasures of Meditation. Young

A Dreams, where thought in fancy's maze runs mad,

fon, that heav'n-lighted lamp in man, ore I wake; and at the deftin'd hour, al as lovers to the moment fworn, my affignation with my woc. oft to virtue, loft to manly thought, the noble fallies of the foul ! ink it folitude to be alone. nion fweet ! communion large and high! afon, Guardian Angel, and our God ! earest these, when others most remote; , ere long, shall be remote but thefe, eadful, then, to meet them all alone, zer | unacknowledg'd ! unapprov'd ! so them; wed them; bind them to thy thy wifh creation has no more : [breaft; e wish a fourth, it is a friend ads, how mortal ! dang'rous the defire.

§ 94. Beauty. Young.

TY alone is but of little worth; when the foul and body of a piece, ine alike; then they obtain a price, : a fit reward for gallant actions.

§ 95. Paffions. YOUNG.

N Reafon, like the fkilful charioteer, in break the fiery paffions to the bit, ite of their licentious fallies, keep iant track of glory ; paffions, then, and ornaments. Triumphant Reafon, her feat and fwift in her career, heir violence ; and, fmiling, thanks wmidable flame for high renown. § 96. Picture of Narcista, Description of her Funeral, and a Reflection upon Man. YOUNG.

SWEET harmonift ! and beautiful as fiveet ! And young as beautiful ! and foft as young ! And gay as foft ! and innocent as gay ! And happy (if aught happy here) as good ! For fortune fond had built her neft on high. Like birds quite exquifite of note and plume, Transfixt by fare (who loves a lofty mark) How from the fummit of the grove the feil, And left it unharmonious ! All its charms Extinguift'd in the wonders of her fong ! Her fong fill vibrates in my ravift'd ear, Still melting there, and with voluptuous pain (O to forger ther !) thrilling thre' my hear !

(O to forget her !) thrilling thro' my heart ! Song, Beauty, Youth, Love, Virtue, Joy ! Of bright ideas, flow'rs of paradile, [this group As yet unforfeit ! in one blaze we blnd, Kneel, and prefent it to the fkies ; as all We guess of heav'n, and there were all her own, And the was mine; and I was -- was ! -- moft [bleft-Gay title of the deepeft mifery ! As bodies grow more pond'rous robb'd of life. Good loft weighs more in grief than gain'd in jov. Like bloffom'd trees o'erturn'd by vernal ftorm, Lovely in death the beauteous ruin lay; And if in death still lovely, lovelier there ; Far lovelier ! pity fwells the tide of love. And will not the fevere excuse a figh ? Scorn the proud man that is afham'd to weep ; Our tears indulg'd indeed deferve our fhame. Ye that e'er loft an angel ! pity me.

Soon as the luftre languifht in her eye, Dawhing a dimmer day on human fight; And on her check, the refidence of fpring, Pale Omen fat, and fcatter'd feats around On all that faw (and who would ceafe to gaze That once had feen?) With hafto, parental hafto, I flew, I fnatch'd her from the rigid north, Her native bed, on which bleak Boreas blew, And bore her nearer to the fun; the fun (As if the fun could envy) checkt his beam, Deny'd his wonted fuccour; nor with more Regret beheld her drooping than the bells Of lilies; faireft lilies not to fair 1

Queen lilies ! and ye painted populace ! Who dwell in fields, and lead ambrofial lives, In morn and ev'ning dew your beauties bathe; And drink the fun, which gives your checks to And out-blufh(mine excepted) every fair; [glow, You gladlier grew, ambitious of her hand, Which often cropt your odours, incente meet To thought fo pure ! Ye lovely fugitives ! Coëval race with man ! for man you finile; Why not finile at him too ? You fhare indeed His fudden pafs, but not his conftant pain.

So man is made nought ministers delight But what his glowing passions can engage; And glowing passions bent on aught below, Muft, soon or late, with anguish turn the scale; And anguish, after rapture, how severe! Rapture! bold man! who tempts the wrath division By plucking fruit deny'd to mortal tafte, While here prefuming on the rights of Heav'n.

For transport doft thou call on ev'ry hour, . Lorenzo? At thy friend's expence be wife; Lean not on earth; 'twill pierce thee to the heart; A broken reed at beft but, oft a spear: On its sharp point peace bleeds, and hope expires.

Turn, hopelefs thoughts ! turn from her :-Thought repell'd,

Refenting rallies, and wakes ev'ry woe. Snatch'd cre thy prime ! and in thy bridal hour! And when kind fortune, with thy lover, fmil'd! And when high flavour'd thy fresh op'ning joys! And when blind man pronounc'd thy blits complete !

And on a foreign fhore, where strangers wept ! Strangers to thee; and more furprizing ftill, Strangers to kindness wept : Their eyes let fall Inhuman tears; ftrange tears! that trickled down From marble hearts ! obdurate tendernefs ! A tenderness that call'd them more fevere ; In fpite of nature's foft perfuation, fteel'd ; While nature melted, fuperflition rav'd ! That mourn'd the dead, and this deny'd a grave. Their fighs incens'd; fighs foreign to the will ! Their will the tyger fuck'd, outrag'd the ftorm. For oh ! the curit ungodline's of zeal ! While finful flefh relented, fpirit nurft In blind infallibility's embrace, The fainted fpirit petrify'd the breaft : Deny'd the charity of duit to forcad O'er duft ! a charity their dogs enjoy. What could I do? What fuccour? What refource? With pious facrilege, a grave I ftole; With impious piety, that grave I wrong'd; Short in my duty; coward in my grief ! More like her murderer, than friend, I crept, With fost fuspended step, and muffled deep In midnight darknefs, whilper'd my laft figh. I whifper'd what fhould echo thro' their realms; Nor writ her name whole tomb fhould pierce the fkies.

Prefumptuous fear! How durft I dread her foes, While nature's loudeft dictates I obey'd ? Pardon necessity, bleft fhade ! Of grief And indignation rival burfts 1 pour'd ; Half exectation mingled with my pray'r; Kindled at man, while I his God ador'd; Sore grudg'd the favage land her facred duft ; Stampt the curft foil; and with humanity (Deny'd Narchfa) with'd them all a grave.

Can equal violations of the dead ? The dead how facred ! Sacred is the duft Of this heav'n-labour'd form, crect, divine; This heav'n-affum'd majeftic robe of carth He deign'd to wear, who hung the vali expanse With azure bright, and cloath'd the fun in gold. When ev'ry pation fleeps that can offend; When strikes us ev'ry motive that can melt; When man can reak his rancour uncontroul'd, That ftrongeft curb on infult and ill-will; Then, fpleen to duft ? the duft of innocence; An angel's duft :-- This Lucifer transcends ; When he contended for the patriarch's bones, 'Twas not the ftrife of malice, but of pride; The light of pontiff pride, not pontiff gall.

Far lefs than this is fhocking in a race Moft wretched, but from ftreams of mutual love; And uncreated, but for love divine ; And, but for love divine, this moment, loff, By fate reforb'd, and funk in endlefs night. Man hard of heart to man ! of horrid things Moft horrid ! 'Mid ftupendous, highly ftrange! Yct oft his courtefies are fmoother wrongs; Pride brandifhes the favours He confers, And contumelious his humanity : What then his vengeance? Hear it not, yestars ! And thou pale moon ! turn paler at the found; Man is to man the forest, furest ill. A previous blaft foretels the rifing ftorm ; O'erwhelming turrets threaten ere they fall; Volcanos bellow ere they difembogue Earth trembles ere her yawning jaws devour; And imoke betrays the wide-confurning fire a Ruin from man is most conceal'd when near, And fends the dreadful tidings in the blow. Is this the flight of fancy ? Would it were ! Heav'n's Sovereign faves all beings, but himfelf, That hideous fight, a naked human heart.

§ 97. Jealoufy. Young.

-IT is Jealoufy's peculiar nature To fwell finall things to great; nav, out of nought To conjure much; and then to lofe its reason Amid the hideous phantoms it has form'd.

§ 98. Paffions. YOUNG.

WHILE paffions glow, the heart, like heated fteel.

Takes each impression, and is work'd at pleasure.

§ 99. Dring Friends. YOUNG.

O^{UR} dying friends come o'er us like a cloud, To damp our brainless ardours, and abate That glare of life, which often blinds the wife. Our dying friends are pioneers, to fmooth Our rugged pais to death ; to break those bars Of terror and abhorrence nature throws Crofs our obstructed way; and, thus to make Welcome, as fafe, our port from ev'ry ftorm. Glows my refentment into guilt? What guilt |Each friend by fate finatch'd from us, is a plume Pluckt from the wing of human vanity, Which makes us floop from our aerial heights, And, dampt with omen of our own difeafe, On drooping pinions of ambition lower'd, I Juft fkim carth's furface, ere we break it up, O'er putrid earth to fcratch a little duft, And fave the world a nuifance. Smitten friends Are angels fent on errands full of love; For us they languish, and for us they die : And fhall they languish, shall they die in vain? Ungrateful, shall we grieve their hov'ring shades, Which wait the revolution in our hearts ? Shall we difdain their filent foft address : Their posthumous advice, and pious pray'r ? Senicicis as herds that graze the hallow'd graves Tread l under-foot their agonies and groans ; ate their anguifh, and deftroy their deaths ? repzo ! no; the thought of death indulge; it its wholefome empire ! let it reign, kind chaftifer of thy foul in joy ! gn will fpread thy glorious conquefts far, till the tumults of thy ruffled breaft : eious Æra ! golden days, begin ! hought of death fhall, like a god, infpire.

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100. Thanks to the Deity. YOUNG.

ST be that hand divine, which gently laid r heart at reft, beneath this humble shed. vorld's a stately bark on dang'rous seas, pleafure feen, but boarded at our peril; on a fingle plank, thrown fafe afhore, the tumult of the diftant throng, it of feas remote, or dying ftorms reditate on scenes more filent still; : my theme, and fight the Fear of Death. like a shepherd gazing from his hut, ing his reed, or leaning on his ftaff, ambition's fiery chace I fee; he circling hunt of noify men aw's inclosure, leap the mounds of right, og, and purfu'd, each other's prey; lves for rapine; as the fox for wiles; eath, that mighty hunter, earths them all.

§ 101. Human Life. Young.

-----AH! what is human life ? ke the dial's tardy-moving fhade, ter day flides from us unperceiv'd ! unning fugitive is fivift by ftealth; ibtle is the movement to be feen : an the hour is up—and we are gone.

§ 102. Man. YOUNG.

N! know thyfelf. All wifdom centres there !

ie man feems ignoble but to man; that grandeur, men o'erlook, admire : ong shall human nature be their book, rate mortal ! and unread by thee ? am dim reafon theds thews wonders there ; high contents! Illustrious faculties ! : grand comment, which difplays at full man height, fcarce fever'd from divine, w'n compos'd, was publish'd on the cross.) looks on that, and fees not in himfelf ful strange, a terrestrial god? ious partner with the Deity high attribute, immortal life ? d bleeds, he bleeds not for a worm; and, as I gaze, my mounting foul frange fire, Eternity 1 at Thee; ops the world-or rather, more enjoys : ang'd the face of nature ! how improv'd ! eem'd a chaos fhines a glorious world, at a world, an Eden; heighten'd all !

It is another fcene ! another felf ! And ftill another as time rolls along; And that a felf far more illustrious still. Beyond long ages; yet roll'd up in stades, Unpiere'd by bold conjecture's keeness ray, What evolutions of furprising fate! How nature opens, and receives my foul [gods In boundlefs walks of raptur'd thought! where Encounter and embrace me ! What new births Of strange adventure, foreign to the fun, Where what now charms, perhaps, whate'er Old time, and fair creation, are forgot! [exists,

Is this extravagant ? Of man we form Extravagant conception to be juft: Conception unconfin'd wants wings to reach him ! Beyond its reach, the Godhead only more. He, the great Father ! kindled at one flame The world of rationals; one ipirit pour'd From fpirit's awful fountain; pour'd Himfelf Thro' all their fouls; but not in equal ftream, Profufe or frugal, of th'infpiring God, As his wife plan demanded; and when paft Their various trials, in their various fpheres, If they continue rational as made, Reforbs them all into himfelf again; Histhrone their centre, and his fimile their crown,

§ 103. Peeling. YOUNG.

WHO never lov'd ne'er fuffer'd; he feels nothing,

Who nothing feels but for himfelf alone; And when we feel for others, reaion reels, O'erloaded, from her path, and man runs mad. As love alone can exquisitely bles, Love only feels the marvellous of pain; Opens new veins of torture in the foul, And wakes the nerve where agonies are born.

§ 104. Religion. YOUNG.

R ELIGION's all. Descending from the fkies To wretched man, the goddes in her left Holds out this world, and, in her right, the next; Religion ! the foul voucher man is man; Supporter fole of man above himfelf; Ev'n in this night of frailty, change, and death, She gives the foul a foul that acts a god. Religion ! Providence ! an after-ftate ! Here is firm footing; here is folid rock ! This can support us; all is sea bestides; Sinks under us; bestorms, and then devours. His hand the good man fastens on the fkies, And bids earth roll, nor feels her idle whirl.

As when a wretch, from thick, polluted air, Darknefs, and ftench, and fuffocating damps, And dungeon-horrors, by kind fate difcharg'd, Climbs fome fair eminence, where æther pure Surrounds him, and Elyfian profpects rife, His heart exults, his fpirits caft their load 1 As if new-born, he triumphs in the change i So joys the foul when, from inglorious aims And fordid fweets, from feculence and from Of ties terreftrial, fet at large, the mounts

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To Reafon's region, her own element, Breathes hopes immortal, and affects the fkies.

Religion! thou the foul of happines; And groaning Calvary, of thee! There thine The nobleft truths ; there ftrongeft motives fting : There facred violence affaults the foul ; There nothing but compulsion is forborn. Can love allure us, or can terror awe? He weeps !- the falling drop puts out the fun; He fighs !- the figh earth's deep foundation If in his love fo terrible, what when [fhakes. His wrath inflam'd ? his tendernels on fire ? Like foft, fmooth oil, outblazing other fires ? Can pray'r, can praife avert it :--Thou, my All! My theme ! my infpiration and my crown ! My ftrength in age ! my rife in low eftate !

My foul's ambition ! pleafure ! wealth !---my world !

My light in darknefs ! and my life in death ! My boaft thro' time ! blifs thro' eternity ! Eternity ! too fhort to fpeak thy praife ! Or fathom thy profound of love to man; To man of men the meaneft, ev'n to me : My facrifice ! my God !-what things art thefe !

§ 105. Jealoufy. Young.

O JEALOUSY, each other pathon's calm To thee, thou conflagration of the foul ! Thou king of torments ! thou grand counter-For all the transports beauty can inspire ! [poile

§ 106. Faith and Realon. Young.

FOND as we are, and juilly found, of faith. Reafon, we grant, demands our firft regard, The mother honour'd, as the daughter dear. Reafon the root, fair faith is but the flower; The fading flower thall die ; but reafon lives Immortal, as her Father in the fkies. When faith is virtue, reason makes it fo. Wrong not the Christian; think not reafon vours :

'Tis reation our great Mafter holds fo dear ; 'Tis reason's injur'd rights His wrath refents ; 'Tis reafon's voice obey'd his glorics crown ; To give lost reason life, He pour'd his own : Believe, and fliew the reation of a man; Believe, and tafte the pleafure of a God 3 Believe, and look with triumph on the tomb; Thro' reafon's wounds alone thy faith can die; Which dving, tenfold terror gives to death, And dips in venom his twice-mortal fling.

§ 107. Mi fortune. Young.

MISFORTUNE flands with her bow ever bent O'er the world; and he who wounds ano-Directs the goddels by that part he wounds, [ther, Where to thike deep her arrows in hunfelf.

§ 108. Finity and Adulation. Young. L ORENZO ' to recriminate is juff. Fonduct's for fame is avarice of air. I grant, the man is vain who writes for praife. Praife no man e'er deferv'd who fought no more. As just thy second charge. I grant, the mus Has often blufht at her degen'rate fons, Retain'd by fenie to plead her filthy caufe To raile the low, to magnify the mean, And fubtilize the grofs into refin'd : As if to magic numbers powerful charm 'Twas given, to make a civet of their fong Obscene, and sweeten ordure to perfume. Wit, a true pagan, deifies the brute, And lifts our fwine-enjoyments from the mire.

The fact notorious, nor obscure the cause. We wear the chains of pleafure and of pride; These share the man; and these distract him too; Draw different ways, and clash in their commands.

Pride, like an eagle, builds among the ftars ; But pleafure, lark-like, nefts upon the ground. Joys shar'd by brute-creation, pride relents; Pleafure embraces : Man would both enjoy, And both at once : A point how hard to gain But what can't wit, when ftung by ftrong defire ?

Wit darcs attempt this arduous enterprife. Since joys of fenfe can't rife to reafon's tafte ; In fubile fophiftry's laborious forge, Wit hammers out a realon new, that ftoops To fordid icenes, and meets them with applaule. Wit calls the Graces the chafte zone to loofe; Nor lefs than a plump god to fill the bowl: A thoufand phantoms, and a thoufand fpells, A thouland opiates featters, to delude. To faicinate, incbriate, lav afleep, And the fool'd mind delightfully confound. Thus, that which shock'd the judgment shocks no more ; r

That which gave gride offence, no more offends. Pleafure and pride, by nature mortal focs, At war eternal which in man shall reign, By wit's address, patch up a fatal peace, And hand in hand lead on the rank debauch, From rank, refin'd to delicate and gay Art, curied art ! wipes off th'indebted blufh. From nature's check, and bronzes ev'ry fhame. Man fmiles in ruin, glories in his guilt, And Infamy flands candidate for praife.

All writ by man in favour of the foul, These sensual ethics far, in bulk, transcend The flow'rs of eloquence, profusely pour'd O'er fpotted vice, till half the letter'd world, Can powers of genius exercise their page, And confectate enormities with fong ?

§ 109. Reflection on the World. Young. WHAT is this world ? - Thy fchool, O mifery ! Our only lefton is to learn to fuffer; [thing.

And he who knows not that, was born for no-

§ 110. Darknefs and Solitude. Young. LET Indians, and the gay, like Indians, fond Of feather'd toppenes, the fun adore; Darkness has more divisity for me; It fitikes thought inward ; it drives back the foul

le on Herself our point supreme ! lies our theatre ! there fits our judge. is the curtain drops o'er life's dull fcene; e kind hand of Providence stretcht out man and vanity; 'tis reafon's reign, rtue's too; thefe tutelary fhades in's afylum from the tainted throng. s the good man's friend and guardian too; :fs refçues virtue than infpires. ie, for ever frail as fair, below, ider nature fuffers in the crowd, iches on the world without a ftain : orld's infectious; few bring back at eve, alate, the manners of the morn. ing we thought, is blotted; we refolv'd, en ; we renounc'd, returns again. lutation may flide in a fin ight before, or fix a former flaw. Itrange : Light, motion, concourse, noife, itter us abroad; thought outward bound, ful of our home affairs, flies off : and diffipation, quits her charge, ives the breaft unguarded to the foe. nt example gets within our guard, ts with double force; by few repell'd. on fires ambition; love of gain like a peftilence, from breaft to breaft; ride, perfidy, blue vapours breathe; humanity is caught from man, niling man. A flight, a fingle glance, nt at random, often has brought home in fever to the throbbing heart, , rancour, or impure defire. we hear, with peril; fafety dwells from multitude; the world's a fchool ng, and what proficients fwarm around ! It or imitate, or difapprove; It as their accomplices, or focs; uns our innocence ; this wounds our peace. ature's birth, hence wildom has been fmit vect receis, and languisht for the shade. facred fhade, and folitude, what is it ? : felt prefence of the Deity. : the faults we flatter when alone: ks in her allurements, is ungilt, ks, like other objects, black by night. t an Atheift half-believes a God. : is fair virtue's immemorial friend; ifcious moon, thro' ev'ry diftant age, 1 a lamp to wildom, and let fall emplation's eye her purging ray. a'd Athenian, he who woo'd from heav'n shy the fair, to dwell with men, m their manners, not inflame their pride, yer his head, as fearful to moleft ring mind, the ftars in filence flide, m all gazing on their future gueft, foliciting his ardent fuit te audience ; all the live-long night, thought, and motionlefs, he ftands; ts his theme, or pofture, till the fun lrunkard, rifing roly from the main ') his nobler intellectual beam,

es him to the tumult of the world.

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Hail, precious moments ! ftol'n from the black wafte

Of murder'd time ! Aufpicious midnight, hail ! The world excluded, cv'ry paffion hufh'd, And open'd a calm intercourfe with Heav'n, Here the foul fits in council ; ponders paft, Predeftines future action ; fecs, not feels, Tumultuous life, and reations with the florn; All her lyes anfwers, and thinks down her charms.

§ 111. Ingratitude. YOUNG. H^E that's ungrateful has no guilt but one; All other crimes may pass for virtues in him.

§ 112. Reflections in a Church-yard. YOUNG. THE man how bleft, who, fick of gaudy fcenes,

(Scenes apt to thruft between us and ourfelves !) Is led by choice to take his fav'rite walk Beneath death's gloomy, filent, cypreis fhades, Unpierc'd by vanity's fantaitic ray To read his monuments, to weigh his duft, Vifit his vaults, and dwell among the tombs ! Lorenzo, read with me Narciffa's ftone (Narcilla was thy fav'rite); let us read Her moral ftone; few doctors preach fo well; Few orators fo tenderly can touch The feeling heart. What pathos in the date ! Apt words can firike : and yet in them we fee Faint images of what we here enjoy. What caufe have we to build on length of life ? Temptations feize when fcar is laid alleep; And ill foreboded is our ftrongeft guard.

See from her tomb, as from an humble fhrine." Truth, radiant goddefs ' fallies on my foul, And puts Delufion's dufky train to flight; Difpels the mifts our fultry paffions raife, From objects low, terrestrial, and obscene, And fnews the real effimate of things; Which no man, unafflicted, ever faw Pulls off the veil from virtue's rifing charms ; Detects temptation in a thouland lyes. Truth bids me look on men as autumn leaves, And all they bleed for, as the fummer's duft, Driv'n by the whirlwind: Lighted by her beams, I widen my horizon, gain new pow'rs, See things invifible, feel things remote; Am prefent with futurities; think nought To man to foreign as the joys poffert; Nought fo much his as those beyond the grave.

No folly keeps its colour in her fight; [Pale worldly wiklom lofes all her charms; In pompous promile, from her tchemes profound. If future fate the plans, 'tis all in leaves, Like Sibyl, unfubftantial, fleeting blifs ! At the first blaft it vanishes in air. [and yet

What grave preferibes the beft in A friend's: From a friend's grave how foon we difengage ! Ev'n to the deareft, as his marble, cold. Why are friends ravifht from us? 'Tis to bind, By foft affection's ties, on human hearts F 3

§ 121. Hope. YOUNG.

HOPE, of all paffions, moft befriends us here; Paffions of prouder name befriend us lefs. Joy hus her tears; and Tranfport has her death : Mope, like a cordial, innocent, tho' ftrong, Man's heart at once infpirits, and ferenes; Nor makes him pay his wildom for his joys; 'Tis all our pretent flate can fafely bear, Health to the frame ! and vigour to the mind ! A joy attemper'd! a chaftis'd delight ! Like the fair fummer evining mild, and fweet ! 'Tis man's full cup; his paradife below !

§ 122. Human Life compared to the Ocean. Young.

OCEAN! Thou dreadful and tumultuous home Of dangers, at eternal war with man ! Death's capital, where moft he domineers, With all his chofen terrors frowning round, (Tho' lately feafted high at * Albion's coft) Wide-op'ning, and loud-roaring ftill for more ! Too faithful mirror ! how doft thou reflect The melancholy face of human life ? The firong refemblance tempts me farther ftill; And, haply, Britain may be deeper ftruck By moral truth, in fuch a mirror feen, Which nature holds for ever at her eye.

Self flatter'd, unexperienc'd, high in hope, When young, with fanguine cheer, and ftreamers We cut our cable, launch into the world, [gay, And fondly dream each wind and itar our friend; All, in fome darling enterprife embarkt : But where is he can fathom its extent ? Amid a multitude of artlefs hands, Ruin's fure perquifite ! her lawful prize ! Some fteer aright; but the black blaft blows hard, And puffs them wide of hope : With hearts of proof,

Full againft wind and tide, fome win their way; And when firong effort has deferv'd the port, And tugg'd it into view, 'tis won! 'tis loft! Tho' firwig their oar, fill fironger is their fate; They firike; and while they triumply, they expire. In firets of weather, moft; fome fink outright; O'er them, and o'er their names, the billows clofe; To-morrow knows not they were ever born. Others a fhort memorial leave behind, Like a flag floating, when the bark's ingulph'd; It floats a moment, and is feen no more : One Casfar lives, a thoufand are forgot,

How few, beneath autpicious planets born (Darlings of Providence! fond fate's elect!) With ivelling fails make good the promis'd port, With all their withes freighted! Yet ev't thele, Freighted with all their withes, foon complain; Free from misjortune, not from nature free, They full are men; and when is man fecure? As fataltime, as from ' the tuth of years [efcapes Bears down their firength; — their numberlefs In ruin end : And, now, their proud fuccefs

But plants new terrors on the victor's brow: What pain to quit the world, juft made their own! Their neft fo deeply down'd, and built fo high! Too low they build, who build beneath the ftars.

§ 123. Humility true Greatnefs. YOUNG.

DOST thou demand a teft, A teft, at once infallible and fhort, Of real Greatnefs? That man greatly lives, Whate'er his fate, or fame, who greatly dies; High-fluth'd with hope, where heroes fhall de-If this a true criterion, many courts, [fpair.] Illuftrious, might afford but few grandees.

Th'Almighty, from histhrone, on earth furveys Nought greater than an honeft, humble Heart; An humble heart His refidence ! pronoune'd His fecond feat, and rival to the fkies. The private path, the fecret acts of mena If noble, far the nobleft of our lives !

§ 124. Pleasure. Young.

PLEASURE's the miftrefs of etherial powers; For her contend the rival gods above; Pleafure's the miftrefs of the world below; And well it was for man that pleafure charms: How would all ftagnate, but for pleafure's ray i How would all ftagnate, but for pleafure's ray i How would the frozen ftream of action ceafe i What is the pulfe of this fo bufy world? The love of pleafure : That, thro' ev'ry vein, Throws motion, warmth; and fhuts out death from life.

Tho' various are the tempers of mankind, Pleafure's gay family hold all in chaims : Some most affect the black ; and fome the fair ; Some honeft pleafure court ; and fome, obfcene. Pleafures obscene are various, as the throng Of paffions, that can err in human hearts; Mistake their objects, or transgress their bounds. Think you there's but one whoredom ? Whore-But when our reafon licences delight. [dom all, Doft doubt, Lorenzo? Thou shalt doubt no more. Thy father chides thy gallantrics; yet hugs An ugly, common harlot in the dark; A rank adulterer with others gold ! And that hag Vengeance, in a corner, charms. Hatred her brothel has, as well as love, Where horrid epicures debauch in blood. Whate'er the motive, Pleafure is the mark : For Her, the black affattin draws his fword ; For Her, dark statesmen trim their midnight lamp, F To which no fingle facrifice may fall; For Her, the faint abstains; the miser starves; The Stoic proud, for Pleasure, Pleasure scorn'd; For Her, Affliction's daughters grief indulge, And find, or hope, a luxury in tears : For Her, guilt, fhame, toil, danger, we defy; And, with an aim voluptuous, rush on death. Thus universal her despotic power!

And as her empire wide, her praife is just. Patron of pleafure ! doater on delight !

* Admiral B.I.hen, &c.

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y rival; pleasure I profes; e the purpose of my gloomy song. e is nought but virtue's gayer name ; g her still, I rate her worth too low; the root, and pleafure is the flow'r; meft Epicurus' foes were fools. [fence ! this founds harsh, and gives the wife offtrain'd wifdom still retains the name, nits aufterity her cloudy brow, ames, as bold and hazardous, the praife fure to mankind, unprais'd, too dear! dern ftoics ! hear my foft reply; fenfes men will truft : we can't impofe; we could, is imposition right? oney fweet ; but, owning, add this fting : n mixt with poifon, it is deadly too." never was indebted to a lie. the but virtue to be prais'd as good? hen is health preferr'd before difeafe ? nature loves is good, without our leave; here no future drawback cries, " Beware,' e, tho' not from virtue, fhould prevail. Im to life, and gratitude to Heaven; old our thanks for bounties unenjoy'd ! ve of pleafure is man's cldeft-born, his cradle, living to his tomb; n her younger fifter, tho' more grave, eant to minister, and not to mar, il pleasure, queen of human hearts.

§ 125. Piety. YOUNG. Piety humanity is built; id on humanity much happines; t ftill more on piety itself in commerce with her God is heaven; ot the tumults and the shocks of life, hirls of passions, and the strokes of heart. y believ'd, is joy begun; y ador'd, is joy advanc'd; y belov'd, is joy matur'd. ranch of piety delight infpires ; uilds a bridge from this world to the next, ath's dark gulph, and all its horror hides; the fweet exhalation of our joy, y exalts, and makes it fweeter still; ardent opens heav'n, lets down a stream y on the confecrated hour in audience with the Deity. orfhips the Great God, that inftant joins ft in heav'n, and fets his foot on hell.

126. Earthly Happinefs. YOUNG. San is happy, till he thinks, on earth ere breathes not a more happythan himfelf: nvy dies, and love o'erflows on all; re o'erflowing makes an angel here. igels, all, intitled to repofe 1 who governs fate: Tho' tempeft frowns, ture thakes, how foft to lean on Heav'n ! 1 on Him, on whom archangels lean ! ward eyes, and filent as the grave, and collecting every beam of thought, ir hearts kindle with divine delight; For all their thoughts, like angels, fcen of old In Ifrael's dream, come from, and go to, heav'ng Hence are they fludious of fequefier'd fcenes; While noife and diffipation comfort thee.

§ 127. Joy. YOUNG.

VAIN are all fudden fallies of delight; Convultions of a weak, diftemper'd joy. Joy's a fixt flate; a tenure, not a flart. Blifs there is none, but unprecarious blifs: That is the gem : Sell all, and purchafe that. Why go a begging to contingencies, Not gain'd with eale, nor fafely lov'd, if gain'd? At good fortuitous, draw back, and paule; Sufpect it; what thou canft enfure, enjoy; And nought, but what thou giv'ft thyfelf, is fure. Reafon perpetuates joy that reafon gives, And makes it as immortal as herfelf: To mortals, nought immortal but their worth.

§ 128. Worth. YOUNG.

WORTH, conficious worth | should abfolutely reign;

And other joys alk leave for their approach; Nor, unexamin'd, ever leave obtain. Thou art all anarchy; a mob of joys Wage war, and perifh in inteffine broils; Not the leaft promife of eternal peace ! No bofom-comfort ! or unborrow'd blifs ! Thy thoughts are vagabonds; all outward-bound, 'Mid fands, and rocks, and ftorms, to cruize for

pleafure; [gain'd. If gain'd, dear bought; and better mifs'd than Much pain muft expiate what much pain procur'd. Fancy and fenfe, from an infected fhore, Thy cargo bring; and peftilence the prize. Then, fuch thy thirft (infatiable thirft! By fond indulgence but inflam'd the more!) Fancy ftill cruizes when poor fenfe :s tir'd.

§ 129. Picture of a good Man. YOUNG.

SOME angel guide my pencil, while I draw, What nothing lefs than angel can exceed ; A man on carth devoted to the fkies, Like fhips at fea, while in, above the world.

With afpect mild, and elevated eye, Behold him feated on a mount ferenc, Above the fogs of fenfe, and paffion's fform; All the black cares and tumults of this life, Like harmlefs thunders, breaking at his feet, Excite his pity, not impair his peace. Earth's genuine fons, the fceptred, and the flave, A mingled mob! a wand'ring herd ! he fees, Bewilder'd in the vale; in all unlike ! His full reverfe in all ! What higher praife ? What fitronger demonstration of the right ?

The pretent all their care; the future his. When public welfare calls, or private want, They give to fame; his bounty he conceals. Their virtues varnith nature; his exalt. Mankind's effecin they court; and he, his own. Theirs, the wild chace of falle felicities;

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He fees with other eyes than theirs :---Where Behold a fun, he fpics a Deity; Tthey What makes them only fmile, makes him adore; Where they fee mountains, he but atoms fees; An empire in his balance weighs a grain. They things terrestrial worship, as divine : His hopes immortal blow them by, as duft That dims his fight, and fhortens his furvey, Which longs, in Infinite, to lofe all bound. Titles and honours (if they prove his fate) He lays alide to find his dignity ; No dignity they find in aught befides. They triumph in externals (which conceal Man's real glory) proud of an ecliple. Himfelf too much he prizes to be proud, And nothing thinks fo great in man, as man. Too dear he holds his int'reft, to neglect Another's welfare, or his right invade; Their int'reft, like a lion, lives on prey. They kindle at the shadow of a wrong; Wrong he fuftains with temper, looks on heaven, Nor floops to think his injurer his foe ; [peace. Nought but what wounds his virtue wounds his A cover'd heart their character defends ; A cover'd heart denies him half his praife. Winh nakedness his innocence agrees ! While their bread foilage teftifies their fall ! Their no-joys end where his full feast begins : His joys create, theirs murder, future blifs. To triumph in existence, his alone : And his alone, triumphantly to think

His true exiftence is not yet begun. His glorious courfe was yefterday complete ; Death, then, - as welcome ; yet life ftill is fweet.

§ 130. Night. Young.

O majeftic Night ! Nature's great anceftor ! day's elder-born ! And fated to furvive the transient fun ! By mortals and inmortals feen with awe ! A ftarry crown thy raven brow adorns, Anazure zone thy waift; clouds, in heav'n's loom Wrought through varieties of fhape and fhade, In ample folds of drapery divine, [out, Thy flowing mantle form; and, heav'n through Voluminoully pour thy pompous train.

§ 131. The Contraft. Young.

MOROSE is funk with fhame, whene'er fur-In linen clean, or peruke undifguis'd. [priz'd No fublunary chance his veftments fear; Valu'd, like leopards, as their fjots appear. A fam'd furtout he wears, which once was blue, And his foot fivins in a capacious fhoe: One day his wife (for who can wives reclaim?) Levell'd her barb'rous needle at his fame: But open force was vain; by night the went, And, while he flept, furpriz'd the darling rent: Where yawn'd the frieze is now become a doubt; "And glory, at one entrance, quite flut out^{*}."

He fcorns Florello, and Florello him; This hates the filthy creature; that, the prim: Thus, in each other, both these fools defpise Their own dear selves, with undifcerning eyes; Their methods various, but alike their aim; The floven and the sopling are the same.

§ 132. Reflection on Death. Young.

W Here the prime actors of the laft year's feene; Their port fo proud, their bufkin, and their plume ?

How many fleep who kept the world awake ? With luftre, and with noife ! has death proclaim'd A truce, and hung his fated lance on high ! 'Tis brandifh'd ftill; nor fhall the prefeat year Be more tenacious of her human leaf, Or fpread of feeble life a thinner fall.

But needlefs monuments to wake the thought; Life's gayeft fcenes fpeak man's mortality; Though in a ftyle more florid, full as plain, As maufoleums, pyramids, and tombs. What are our nobleft ornaments, but deaths Turn'd flatterers of life, in paint or marble, The well-flain'd canvas, or the featur'd flore ? Our fathers grace, or rather haunt the fcene. Joy peoples her pavilion from the dead. "Profeft diverfions ! cannot thele efcape?"—

"Profeft diverfions ! cannot thele escape ?"— Far from it : Thele prefent us with a fhroud, And talk of death, like garlands o'er a grave. As fome bold plunderers for bury'd wealth, We ranfack tombs for paftime : from the duft Call up the fleeping hero; bid him tread The feene for our amusement : How like gods We fit; and, wrapt in immortality, Shed gen'rous tears on wretches born to die; Their fate deploring, to forget our own !

What all the pomps and triumphs of our lives But legacies in bloffom ? Our lean foil Luxuriant grown, and rank in vanities, From friends interr'd beneath ; a rich manure ! Like other worms, we banquet on the dead; Like other worms fhall we crawl on, nor know Our prefent frailties, or approaching fate !

Lorenzo, fuch the glories of the world ! What is the world it/elf? Thy world—A grave. Where is the duft that has not been alive? The fpade, the plough, difturb our anceftors; From human mould we reap our daily bread. The globe around earth's hollow furface fhakes, And is the ceiling of her fleeping fons. O'er devaftation we blind revels keep; Whole bury'd towns fupport the dancer's heel.

§ 133. Solitude. YOUNG.

O SACRED Solitude ! divine retreat ! Choice of the Prudent ! envy of the Great ! By thy pure fiream, or in thy yaying fhade, We court fair wifdom, that celeftial maid :

Milton.

The

enuine offspring of her lov'd embrace gers on earth !) are innocence and peace : , from the ways of men laid fafe athore, uile to hear the diftant tempeft roar ; , blefs'd with health, with bus'nefs unperife we relifh, and enfure the next; [plex'd, to the Mules fport ; thefe numbers free, a Eaftbury ! I owe to thee.

34. The Day of Judgment. YOUNG.

the wide theatre, whole ample fpace lust entertain the whole of human race, :av'n's all pow'rful edict is prepar'd, enc'd around with an immortal guard. , provinces, dominions, worlds, o'erflow highty plain, and deluge all below : v'ry age and nation pours along; d and Bourbon mingle in the throng : falutes his youngeft fon ; no fign those ages which their births disjoin. v empty learning, and how vain is art, it mends the life, and guides the heart ! volumes have been fwell'd, what time been : a hero's birth-day or defcent ? [fpent, joy must it now yield, what rapture raife, : the glorious race of ancient days ! eet those worthies, who perhaps have stood ious on record before the flood !

a nearer care your foul demands. un-noted in your presence stands. v vaft the concourfe ! not in number more /aves that break on the refounding fhore. :aves that tremble in the fhady grove, imps that gild the fpangled vaults above; overwhelming armies, whose command) one empire, Fall; another, Stand: [dawn e rear lay wrapt in night, while breaking d the broad front, and call'd the battle on; Xerxes' world in arms, proud Cannæ's field, e Carthage taught victorious Rome to yield, ther blow had broke the fates decree, arth had wanted her fourth monarchy) rtal Blenheim, fam'd Ramillia's hoft all are here, and here they all are loft : millions fwell to be difcern'd in vain, s a billow in th'unbounded main. is echoing voice now rends the yielding air : judgment, judgment, fons of men, prepare!" fhakes anew; I hear her groans profound; ell thro' all her trembling realms refound. loe'er thou art, thou greateft pow'r of earth ; with most equal planets at thy birth; e valour drew the most fuccessful fword, realms united in one common lord; on the day of triumph, faidst, Be thine kies, Jehovah, all this world is mine ; not to lift thine eye-Alas 1 my mule, rt thou loft! what numbers canft thou chufe? udden blufh inflames the waving fky, low the crimfon curtains open fly; ar within, and far above all height, e heav'n's great Sov'reign reigns in worlds of light,

Whence nature He informs, and with one ray Shot from his eye, does all her works furvey; Creates, fupports, confounds 1 where time and place,

Matter, and form, and fortune, life, and grace, Wait humbly at the footftool of their God, And move obedient at his awful nod; Whence he bcholds us vagrant emmets crawl At random on this air-fufpended ball (Speck of creation): if he pour one breath, The bubble breaks, and 'tis cternal death.

Thence iffuing, I behold (but mortal fight Suftains not fuch a rufhing fea of light!) I fee, on an empyreal flying throne Sublimely rais'd, Heav'n's everlafting Son; Crown'd with that majefty which form'd the world,

And the grand rebel flaming downward hurl'd. Virtue, dominion, praife, omnipotence, Support the train of their triumphant Prince. A zone, beyond the thought of angels bright, Around him, like the zodiac, winds its light. Night flades the folemn arches of his brows, And in his cheek the purple morning glows. Where'er ferene he turns propitious eyes, Or we expect, or find, a paradife : But if refentment reddens their mild beams, The Eden kindles, and the world's in flames. On one hand, knowledge fhines in purefi light; On one, the fword of juffice, fiercely bright. Now bend the knee in fport, prefent the reed ; Now tell the fcourg'd Impoftor he fhall bleed f

Thus glorious thro' the courts of heav'n, the Of life and death eternal bends the courfe; [fource Loud thunders round him roll, and lightnings Th'angelic hoft is rang'd in bright array: [play; Some touch the ftring, forme ftrike the founding. And mingling voices in rich concert fwell; [fhell, Voices feraphic; bleft with fuch a ftrain, Could Satan hear, he were a god again.

Triumphant King of Glory! Soul of blifs! What a flupendous turn of fate is this! O! whither art thou rais'd above the fcorn And indigence of him in Bethlem born; A needlefs, helplefs, unaccounted gueft, And but a fecond to the fodder'd beaft ? How chang'd from him who meekly proftrate laid, Vouchfaf'd to waft the feet himfelf had made! From him who was betray'd, forfook, deny'd, Wept, languifh'd, pray'd, bled, thirfted, groan'd, and dy'd;

Hung pierc'd and bare, infulted by the foe; All heav'n in tears above, earth unconcern'd below.

And was't enough to bid the Sun retire ? Why did not Nature at thy groan expire ? I fee, I hear, I feel, the pangs divine; The world is vanifh'd.—I an wholly thine.

The world is vanifi'd.—I am wholly thine. Miftaken Caiaphas! Ah! which blafphem'd; Thou or thy pris'ner' which fhall be condemn'd ? Well might'it thou rend thy garments, well ex-Deep are the horrors of eternal flame! [claim; But God is good! 'tis wond'rous all ! Ev'n He Thou gav'ft to death, fhame, torture, dy'd for thee. Now Now the defcending triumph ftops its flight From earth full twice a planetary height. There all the clouds condens'd, two columns raife Diffinct with orient veins, and golden blaze : One fix'd on earth, and one in fea; and round Its ample foot the fwelling billows found. Thefe an immediately arth fupport, The grand tribunal of this awful court. Sheets of bright azure, from the pureit fky, Stream from the cryftal arch, and round the columns fly.

Death, wrapt in chains, low at the bafis lies, And on the point of his own arrow dies.

Here high enthron'd th'eternal Judge is plac'd; With all the grandeur of his Godhead grac'd; Stars on his robes in beauteous order meet, And the fun burns beneath his awful feet.

Now an archangel eminently bright, From off his filver ftaff, of wond'rous height, Unfurls the Chriftian flag, which waving flies, And fhuts and opens more than half the fkies : The Crofs fo ftrong a red, it fheds a ftain Where'er it floats, on earth, on air, and main ; Flufhes the hill, and fets on fire the wood, And turns the deep-dy'd ocean into blood.

Oh formidable Glory ! dreadful bright ! Refulgent torture to the guilty fight. Ah turn, unweary mule, nor dare reveal What horrid thoughts with the polluted dwell. Say not (to make the Sun fhrink in his beam) Dare not affirm, they wifh it all a dieam; Wifh, or their fouls may with their limbs decay, Or God be fpoil'd of his eternal fway. But rather, if thou know'ft the means, unfold How they with transport might the feene behold.

Ah how ! but by Repentance, by a mind Quick, and fevere its ovin offence to find ? By tears, and groans, and never-ceafing care, And all the pious violence of Pray'r? Thus then, with fervency till now unknown, I caft my heart before th'eternal throne, In this great temple, which the fkies furround, For homage to its Lord, a narrow bound. [weigh, 'O Thon ! whofe balance does the mountains 'Whofe will the wild tumultuous feas obey, 'Whofe breath can turn thole wat'ry worlds to

- flame,
- That flame to tempeft, and that tempeft tame;
- Earth's meaneft fon, all trembling, proitrate falls,
- And on the boundless of thy goodness calls. • O! give the winds all past offence to fweep,
- To featter wide, or bury in the deep :
- Thy pow'r, my weaknefs, may I ever fee,
- And wholly dedicate my foul to thee :
- " Reign o'er my will; my pathons ebb and flow
- At thy command, nor human motive know !
- " If anger boil, let anger be my praife,
- And fin the graceful indignation raile.
- My love be warm to fuccour the diffrefs'd,
- And lift the burden from the foul opprefs'd.
- O may my understanding ever read
- This glorious volume, which thy wifdom made!
 Who decks the maiden Spring with flow'ry

 pride ?
- Who calls forth furamer, like a fparkling bride ?

" Who joys the mother Autumn's bed to crown? · And bids old Winter lay her honours down? Not the Great Ottoman, or Greater Czar, Not Europe's arbitress of peace and war. May fea and land, and carth and heav'n be join'd. To bring th'eternal Author to my mind "When oceans roar, or awful thunders roil, foul; " May thoughts of thy dread vengeance thake my " When earth's in bloom, or planets proudly thine, ' Adore, my heart, the Majesty divine ! ' Thro' ev'ry feene of life, or peace, or war, ' Plenty, or want, Thy glory be my care ! Shine we in arms? or fing beneath our vine? Thine is the vintage, and the conquest Thine: " Thy pleafure points the haft and bends the bow, . The clufter blafts, or bids it brightly glow : "Tis Thou that lead'ft our pow'rful armies forth, " And giv'ft great Anne thy fceptre o'er the north. Grant I may ever, at the morning-ray, ' Open with pray'r the confecrated day . Tune thy great praile, and bid my foul arife, " And with the mounting fun afcend the fkics; " As that advances, let my zeal improve, " And glow with ardour of confummate love; " Nor ceafe at eve, but with the fetting fun · My endlefs worfhip fhall be ftill begun. ' And, oh, permit the gloom of folemn night . To facred thought may forcibly invite. "When this world's fhut, and awful planets rife, · Call on our minds, and raife them to the fkies: ' Compose our fouls with a lefs dazzling fight, And fnew all nature in a milder light " How ev'ry boift'rous thought in calins fubfides; " How the finooth d fpirit into goodnefs glides! " O how divine ! to tread the milky way . To the bright palace of the Lord of day; " His court admire, or for his favour fue, · Or leagues of friendship with his faints renew; " Pleas'd to look down, and fee the world afleep, While I long vigils to its Founder keep ! " Canit thou not thake the centre ? Oh controul, ' Subdue by torce the rebel in my foul; ' Thou, who can still the raging of the flood, "Reftrain the various tumults of my blood; ' Teach me, with equal firmness, to futtain " Alluring pleafure and affaulting pain. 'O may I pant for Thee in each defire ! " And with ftrong faith foment the holy fire ! · Stretch out my foul in hope, and grafp the prize . " Which in Eternity's deep bofom lies ! " At the Great Day of recompence behold, " Devoid of fear, the fatal book unfold ! . Then wafted upward to the blifsful feat, " From age to age my grateful fong repeat; " My Light, my Life, my God, my Saviour fee, " And rival angels in the praife of Thee !" FABLES, by the late Mr. GAY.

Introduction to the FABLES. Paul the Firft.

§ 135. The Shepherd and the Philosopher. REMOTE from cities liv'd a fivain, Unvex'd with all the cares of gain; His head was filver'd o'er with age, And long experience made him fage;

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mer's heat and winter's cold his flock, and penn'd the fold : urs in cheerful labour flew; vv nor ambition knew: fdom and his honeft fame gh all the country rais'd his name. ecp Philosopher (whose rules ral life were drawn from fchools) repherd's homely cottage fought, ius explor'd his reach of thought : ence is thy learning ! Hath thy toil ooks confum'd the midnight oil ? 10u old Greece and Rome furvey'd. ne vaft scnfe of Plato weigh'd ? socrates thy foul refin'd ? aft thou fathom'd Tully's mind? e the wife Ulyffes, thrown ious fates on realms unknown, iou through many cities ftray'd, cuftoms, laws, and manners weigh'd ? : fhepherd modettly reply'd, the paths of learning try'd; we I roam'd in foreign parts id mankind, their laws and arts; an is practis'd in difguife; ats the most difeerning eyes ; by that fearch shall wifer grow, we ourfelves can never know ? ttle knowledge I have gain'd Il from fimple nature drain'd ; my life's maxims took their rife; grew my fettl'd hate to vice. aily labours of the bee : my foul to industry. an observe the careful ant, ot provide for future want ? g (the truftieft of his kind) gratitude inflames my mind. his true, his faithful way, 1 my fervice copy Tray. stancy and nuptial love, my duty from the dove. en, who from the chilly air, pious wing, protects her care; r'ry fowl that flies at large is me in a parent's charge. n nature too I take my rule, in contempt and ridicule : r, with important air, verfation overbear. ave and formal pass for wife, men the folemn owl defpite? ague within my lips I rein ; 10 talks much must talk in vain. om the wordy torrent fly; ittens to the chatt'ring pye ? ould I with felonious flight, Ith invade my neighbour's right. ous animals we have : lawks, and wolves, deferve their fate. we just abhorrence find t the toad and ferpent kind ? vy, calumny, and fpite, ronger venom in their bite,

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Thus ev'ry object of creation Can furnish hints to contemplation ; And from the most minute and mean, A virtuous mind can morals glean.

Thy fame is just, the fage replies; Thy virtue proves thee truly wife. Pride often guides the author's pen; Books as affected are as men : But he who ftudies nature's laws, From certain truth his maxims draws ; And those, without our schools, suffice To make men moral, good and wife.

To his Highne's William Duke of Cumberland. § 136. Fable I. The Lion, the Tyger, and the Traveller.

A CCEPT, young prince, the moral lay, And in these tales mankind furvey ; With carly virtues plant your breast; The fpecious arts of vice deteft. Princes, like beauties, from their youth Are ftrangers to the voice of truth ; Learn to contemn all praise betimes : For flattery's the nurle of crimes : Friendship by fweet reproof is shown (A virtue never near a throne); In courts fuch freedom must offend; There none prefumes to be a friend. To those of your exalted station Each courtier is a dedication. Must I too flatter like the reft. And turn my morals to a jeft ? The mufe difdains to fteal from those Who thrive in courts by fulfome profe, But shall I hide your real praise, Or tell you what a nation fays? They in your infant bolom trace The virtues of your royal race; In the fair dawning of your mind Difcern you gen'rous, mild, and kind : They fee you grieve to hear diffreis, And pant already to redress. Go on, the height of good attain, Nor let a nation hope in vain. For hence we justly may pretage The virtues of a riper age. True courage shall your bosom fire, And future actions own your fire. Cowards are cruel, but the brave Love mercy, and delight to fave.

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The lion thus befooke his gueft : What hardy beaft fhall dare conteft My matchlefs ftrength ! you faw the fight, And muft atteft my pow'r and right. Forc'd to forego their native home, My ftarving flaves at diftance roam; Within thefe woods I reign alone; The boundlefs foreft is my own. Bears, wolves, and all the favage brood, Have dy'd the regal den with blood. Thefe carcafes on either hand, Thofe bones that whiten all the land, My former deeds and trumphs tell, Beneath thefe jaws what numbers fell.

True, fays the man, the ftrength I faw Might well the brutal nation awe : But fhall a monarch, brave like you, Place glory in fo falfe a view ? Robbers invade their neighbour's right. Be lov'd : let juftice bound your might. Mean are ambitious heroes boafts Of wafted lands and flaughter'd hofts. Pirates their pow'r by murders gain ; Wife kings by love and mercy reign. To me your clemency hath fhown The virtue worthy of a throne. Heav'n gives you pow'r above the reft, Like Heav'n to fuccour the diftreft.

The cafe is plain, the monarch faid; Falfe glory hath my youth mifled; For beafts of prey, a fervile train, Have been the flatt'rers of my reign. You reafon well: Yet tell me, friend, Did ever you in courts attend ? For all my fawning rogues agree, That human heroes rule like me.

137. Fable II. The Spaniel and the Camelson.

A SPANIEL, bred with all the care That waits upon a fav'rite heir, Ne'er felt correction's rigid hand; Indulg'd to difobey command. In pamper'd eafe his hours were fpent; He never knew what learning meant. Such forward airs, fo pert, fo finart, Were fure to win his lady's heart : Each little mifchief gain'd him praife; How pretty were his fawning ways !

The wind was fouth, the morning fair, He ventures forth to take the air : He ranges all the meadow round, And rolls upon the fofteft ground; When near him a Cameleon feen, Was fearce diffinguifh'd from the green.

Was fearce diffinguith'd from the green. Dear emblem of the flatt'ring hoft, What, live with clowns ? a genius loft ? To cities and the court repair; A fortune cannot fail thee there : Preferment fhall thy talents crown, Believe me, friend; I know the town. Sir, fays the Sycophant, like you,

• Of old, politer life I knew : Like you, a courtier horn and bred, Kings lean'd an car to what I faid.

My whifper always met fuccefs; The ladies prais'd me for address I knew to hit each courtier's pathon, And flatter'd ev'ry vice in fathion. But Jove, who hates the liar's ways, At once cut fhort my profp'rous days; And, fentenc'd to retain my nature, Transform'd me to this crawling creature. Doom'd to a life obfcure and mean, I wander in the fylvan scene. For Jove the heart alone regards ; He punifics what man rewards. How diff'rent is thy cafe and mine ! With men at least you fup and dine ; While I, condemn'd to thinneft fare, Like those I flatter'd, feed on air.

§ 138. Fable III. The Mother, the Nurfe, and the Fairy.

GIVE me a fon. The bleffing fent, Were ever parents more content ? How partial are their doating eyes ! No child is half fo fair and wife. Wak'd to the morning's pleating care, The mother rofe, and fought her heir. She faw the Nurfe, like one poffefs'd, With wringing hands, and fobbing breaft.

Sure some difaster has befel; Speak, nurse; I hope the boy is well.

Dear Madam, think not me to blame; Invifible the Fairy came : Your precious babe is hence convey'd, And in the place a changeling laid. Where are the father's mouth and nofe, The mother's eyes, as black as floës ? See here, a flocking aukward creature, That fpeaks a fool in ev'ry feature.

The woman's blind, the Mother cries; I fee wit fparkle in his eyes.

Lord ! Madam, what a fquinting lees ! No doubt the Fairy hath been here.

Just as she spoke, a Pigmy Sprite Pops through the key-hole, swift as light ; Perch'd on the cradle's top he flands, And thus her folly reprimands :

Whence fprung the vain conceited lye, That we the world with fools fupply ? What ! give our fprightly race away For the dull helple's fons of clay ! Befides, by partial fondnefs fhown, Like you, we doat upon your own. Where yet was ever found a mother, Who'd give her booby for another ? And fhould we change with human breed, Well might we pais for fools indeed.

§ 139. Fable IV. The Eagle and the Affembig of Animals.

AS Jupiter's all-feeing eye Survey'd the worlds beneath the fky, From this finall fpeck of earth were fent Murmurs and founds of difcontent; thing alive complain'd ne hardeft life fuftain'd. his eagle. At the word n stands the royal bird. obedient, from heav'n's height 1 directs his rapid flight; d ev'ry living thing, he mandates of his king :ful creatures, whence arife rmurs, which offend the fkies? diforder ? fay the caufe : re Jove's eternal laws. his discontent reveal. our Dog I first appeal. ; my lot, the hound replies : fleet nerves the Greyhound flies ! with weary step and flow, 1s and vales, and mountains go. ning fees my chace begun, it till the fetting fun. (fays the Greyhound) I purfue, : is loft, or caught in view; ny fight the prey's fecure : ind is flow, but always fure : I his fagacious fcent, r had heard my discontent. ion crav'd the Fox's art; the Lion's force and heart : k implor'd the Pigeon's flight, rings were rapid, ftrong, and light : on ftrength of wing defpis'd, Cock's matchlefs valour priz'd : ics with'd to graze the plain : fts to fkim beneath the main. vious of another's flate, m'd the partial hand of Fate. ird of heav'n then cry'd aloud, ; difperfe the murm'ring crowd; i rejects your idle prayers : re, rebellious mutineers, change your name and nature, the very envy'd creature ? lent all, and none confent ! y then, and learn content : ate the reftlefs mind ud ambition of mankind.

Fable V. The Wild Boar and the Ram.

NST an elm a fheep was ty'd, : butcher's knife in blood was dy'd ; ient flock, in filent fright, r beheld the horrid fight. e Boar, who near them flood, ock'd to fcorn the fleecy brood : wards fhould be ferv'd like you : your murd'rer is in view; irple hands, and recking knife, s the fkin yet warm with life : iarter'd fires, your bleeding dams, ng bleat of harmlefs lambs revenge. O flupid race ! irt that wants revenge is bafe. I grant, an ancient ram replies, We bear no terror in our eyes; Yet think us not of foul fo tame, Which no repeated wrongs inflame; Infenfible of ev'ry ill, Becaufe we want thy tufks to kill. Know, thofe who violence purfue, Give to themfelves the vengeance due; For in these maffacres they find The two chief plagues that wafte mankind. Our fkin fupplies the wrangling bar; It wakes their flumb'ring fons to war; And well revenge may reft contented, Since drums and parchment were invented.

§ 141. Fable VI. The Mifer and Platas.

THE wind was high, the window fhakes; With fudden flart the Mifer wakes; Along the filent room he flalks; Looks back and trembles as he walks ! Each lock and ev'ry bolt he tries, In ev'ry creek and corner pries, Then opes the cheft with treafure flor'd, And flauds in rapture o'er his board; But now, with fudden qualms pofieft, He wrings his hands, he beats his breaft. By confeience flung, he wildly flares; And thus his guilty foul declares :

Had the deep earth her flores confin'd, This heart had known fweet peace of mind. But virtue's fold ! Good gools ! what price Can recompenfe the pangs of vice ! O bane of good ! feducing cheat ! Can man, weak man, thy pow'r defeat ? Gold banifh'd honor from the mind, And only left the name behind ; Gold fow'd the world with ev'ry ill ; Gold taught the murd'mer's fword to kill ? 'T was gold inftructed coward hearts In treach'ry's more permicious arts. Who can recount the mifchiefs o'er ? Virtue refides on earth no more !

He fpoke, and figh'd. In angry mood, Plutus, his god, before him flood. The Mifer, trembling, lock'd his cheft, The vision frown'd, and thus addrest:

Whence is this vile ungrateful rant, Each fordid rafcal's daily cant ? Did I, bale wretch, corrupt mankind? The fault's in thy rapacious mind. Becaufe my bleffings are abus'd, Must I be censur'd, curs'd, accus'd ! Ev'n virtue's felf by knaves is made A cloak to carry on the trade; And pow'r (when lodg'd in their peffeffion) Grows tyranny and rank oppression. Thus, when the villain crams his cheft, Gold is the canker of the breaft ! 'Tis av'rice, infolence, and pride, And ev'ry flocking vice belide; But when to virtuous hands 'tis given, It bleffes like the dews of heav'n: Like Like Heav'n, it hears the orphan's cries, And wipes the tears from widows eyes ; Their crimes on gold shall mifers lay, Who pawn'd their fordid fouls for pay ! Let bravoes then (when blood is spilt) Upbraid the paffive fword with guilt.

§ 142. Fable VII. The Lion, the Fox, and the Geefe.

A LION, tir'd with flate affairs, Quite fick of pomp, and worn with cares, Refolved (remote from noise and strife) In peace to pass his latter life.

It was proclaim'd ; the day was fet : Behold the gen'ral council met. The Fox was Viceroy nam'd. The crowd To the new Regent humbly bow'd. Wolves, bears, and mighty tygers bend, And firive who most shall condescend. He strait assumes a folemn grace, Collects his wildom in his face. The crowd admire his wit, his fenfe; Each word hath weight and confequence The flatt'rer all his art displays : He who hath pow'r is fure of praife. A Fox stept forth before the rest, And thus the fervile throng addreft :

How vast his talents, born to rule, And train'd in virtue's honeft fchool ! What clemency his temper fways ; How uncorrupt are all his ways ! Beneath his conduct and command Rapine shall cease to waste the land, His brain hath stratagem and art; Prudence and mercy rule his heart ; What bleffings must attend the nation Under this good administration ! He faid. A goole, who diftant flood,

Harangu'd apart the cackling brood :

Whene'er I hear a knave commend, He bids me fhun his worthy friend. What praife ! what mighty commendation ! But 'twas a Fox who fpoke th'oration, Foxes this government may prize, As gentle, plentiful, and wife ; If they enjoy the fiveets, 'tis plain, We geefe must feel a tyrant reign. What havock now shall thin our race, When ev'ry petty clerk in place, To prove his tafte, and feem polite, Will feed on Geete both noon and night !

§ 143. Fable VIII. The Lady and the Wafp.

WHAT whilpers must the beauty bear ! What hourly nontenfe haunts her ear ! Where'er her eyes difpenfe their charms, Impertinence around her fivarms. Did not the tender nonfenie strike. Contempt and fcorn might foon diflike : Forbidding airs might thin the place, The lighteft flap a fly can chace.

But who can drive the num'rous breed ! Chace one, another will fucceed. Who knows a fool must know his brother; One fop will recommend another: And with this plague fhe's rightly curft, Because she listen'd to the first.

As Doris, at her toilet's duty, Sat meditating on her beauty, She now was penfive, now was gay, And loll'd the fultry hours away.

As thus in indolence fhe lies, A giddy Walp around her flies. He now advances, now retires, Now to her neck and cheek afpires. Her fan in vain defends her charms ; Swift he returns, again alarms; For by repulse he bolder grew. Perch'd on her lip, and fipt the dew.

She frowns, she frets. Good gods ! she cries, Protect me from thefe teazing flies ! Of all the plagues that Heav'n hath fent, A Wafp is most impertinent.

The hov'ring infect thus complain'd : Am I then flighted, fcorn'd, difdain'd ! Can fuch offence your anger wake ! 'Twas beauty caus'd the bold mistake. Those cherry lips, that breathe perfume, That cheek fo ripe with youthful bloom, Made me with ftrong defire purfue The fairest peach that ever grew.

Strike him not, Jenny, Doris cries. Nor murder Walps like vulgar flies : For tho' he's free (to do him right) The creature's civil and polite.

In ecstacies away he posts; Where'er he came the favour boafts ; Brags how her fweeteft tea he fips, And thews the fugar on his lips

The hint alarm'd the forward crew a Sure of fuccefs, away they flew. They fhare the dainties of the day ; Round her with airy mulic play; And now they flutter, now they reft, Now foar again, and fkim her breaft. Nor were they banish'd till she found That Wafps have ftings, and felt the wound.

§ 144. Fable IX. The Bull and the Massife

EEK you to train your fay'rite boy? Each caution, ev'ry care employ : And cre you venture to confide, Let his preceptor's heart be try'd : Weigh well his manners, life, and fcope; On these depends thy future hope.

As on a time, in peaceful reign, A Bull enjoy'd the flow'ry plain, A Mastiff pass'd; inflam'd with ire, His eye-balls thot indignant fire ; He foam'd, he rag'd with thirst of blood, Spurning the ground the monarch ftood, And roat'd aloud, Sufpend the fight; In a whole fkin go fleep to-night: Or tell me, ere the battle rage, What wrongs provoke thee to engage ?

nbirion fires thy breaft. rice that ne'er can reft ? these alone unjustly fprings orld-deftroying wrath of kings. : furly Mastiff thus returns : a my bofom glory burns. erocs of eternal name, 1 poets fing, I fight for fame. utcher's fpirit-ftirring mind ily war my youth inclin'd; in'd me to heroic deed ; it me to conquer, or to bleed. s'd Dog! the Bull reply'd, no more der at thy thirst of gore; ou (beneath a butcher train'd, : hands with cruelty are flain'd, ily murders in thy view) like thy tutor, blood purfue. then thy fate. With goring wound, :e he lifts him from the ground; :he fprawling hero flies; 'd he falls, he howls, and dies.

Fable X. The Elephant and the Book feller.

man who with undaunted toils ils unknown feas to unknown foils, various wonders feafts his fight : ftranger wonders does he write ! ad, and in defcription view res which Adam never knew : hen we rifk no contradiction, apts the tongue to deal in fiction. things that Rartle me or you, are itrange; yet may be true. oubts that Elephants are found ence and for fenfe renown'd ? ecords their ftrength of parts, of thought, and skill in arts; ney perform the law's decrees, we the ftate the hangman's fees; ow by travel understand nguage of another land. sie who question this report, ny's ancient page refort : :arn'd was that lagacious breed ! ow like them the Greek can read t ne of those, in days of yore, ag'd a shop of learning o'er; ce our modern dealers, minding ne margin's breadth and binding, c his curious eye detains, , with exacteft care and pains, :v'ry beaft and bird pourtray'd, 'er the fearch of man furvey'd ; natures and their pow'rs were writ Il the pride of human wit. ge he with attention fpread, .us remark'd on what he read : with ftrong reafon is endow'd; : scarce instinct is allow'd. this author's worth be try'd, in that neither was his guide. discern the diff rent natures, igh the pow'r of other creatures,

Who, by the partial work, hath fhown He knows to little of his own ? How fallely is the spaniel drawn I Did man from him first learn to fawn? " A dog proficient in the trade! He the chief flatt'rer nature made ! Go, Man, the ways of courts difcern, You'll find a spaniel still might learn. How can the Fox's theft and plunder Provoke his cenfure or his wonder ? From courtier's tricks, and lawyer's arts, The fox might well improve his parts. The lion, wolf, and tyger's brood, He curies for their thirst of blood : But is not man to man a prey? Beafts kill for hunger, men for pay.

The Bookfeller, who heard him ipeak, And faw him turn a page of Greek, Thought, what a genius have I found ! Then thus address'd, with bow profound ;

Learn'd Sir, if you'd employ your pen Against the fenfeless fons of men, Or write the hiftory of Siam, No man is better pay than I am : Or, fince you're learn'd in Greek, let's fe Something against the Trinity.

When, wrinkling with a fneer his trunk, Friend, quoth the Elephant, you're drunk ; E'en keep your money, and be wife: Leave man on man to criticife; For that you ne'er can want a pen Among the fenfeleis ions of men. They, unprovok'd, will court the fray; Envy's a tharper fpur than pay. No author ever fpar'd a brother ; Wits are game-cocks to one another.

§ 146. Fable XI. The Peacock, the Turkey, and the Goofe.

IN beauty faults confpicuous grow; The finalleft fpeck is feen on fnow. As near a barn, by hunger led, A Peacock with the poultry fed, All view'd him with an envious eve, And mock'd his gaudy pageantry. He, confcious of fuperior merit, Contemns their bafe reviling fpirit; His fate and dignity affumes, And to the fun difplays his plumes; Which, like the heav'n's o'er-arching fkies, Are fpangl'd with a thoufand eyes. 11 8. The circling rays, and varied light, At once confound their dazzl'd fight : On ev'ry tongue detraction burns, And malice prompts their fpleen by turns.

Mark with what infolence and pride The creature takes his haughty ftride, The Turkey cries. Can ipleen contain ? Sure never bird was half to vain ! But, were intrinfic merit feen, We Turkies have the whiter fkin.

From tongue to tongue they caught abufe ; And next was heard the hifting Goofs : G

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What hideous legs ! what filthy claws ! I feorn to cenfure little flaws. Then what a horrid fqualling throat !

Ev'n owls are frighted at the note.

True. Thele are faults, the Peacock cries; My feream, my fhanks you may defpife; But fuch blind critics rail in vain : What ! overlook my radiant train ! Know, did my legs (your feorn and fport) The Turkev or the Goofe fupport, And did ye feream with harfher found, Thofe faults in you had ne'er been found ! To all apparent beauties blind, Each blemißh firikes an envious mind.

Thus in Affemblies have I feen A nymph of brighteft charms and mien Wake envy in each ugly face; And buzzing feandal fills the place.

§ 147. Fable XII. Cupid, Hymen, and Plutus.

A S Cupid in Cythera's grove Employ'd the leffer powers of love; Some fhape the bow, or fit the ftring; Some give the taper fhaft its wing, Or turn the polifi'd quiver's mould, Or head the darts with temper'd gold.

Amidit their toil and various care, Thus Hymen, with affuming air, Address'd the God : Thou purblind cit, Of awkward and ill-judging wit, If matches are not better made, At once I must forfwear my trade. You fend me fuch ill-coupl'd folks, That 'ris a fhame to fell them yokes; They iquabble for a pin, a feather, And wonder how they came together. The hufband's fullen, dogged, thy ; The wife grows flippant in reply He loves command and due restriction; And the as well likes contradiction : She never flavishly submits ; She'll have her will, or have her fits : He this way tugs, fhe t'other draws; The man grows jealous, and with caufe : Nothing can fave him but divorce; And here the wife complies of courfe.

When, fays the boy, had I to do With either your affairs or you ? I never idly fpent my darts ; You trade in mercenary hearts. For fettlements the lawyet's fee'd ; Is my hand witnefs to the deed ? If they like cat and dog agree, Go rail at Plutus, not at me.

Plutus appear'd, and faid, 'Tis true, In marriage gold is all their view; They teek no beauty, wit, or fenfe; And love is feldom the pretence. All offer incenfe at my firme, And I alone the bargain fign. How can Belinda blanc her fate ? She only afk'd a great effate. Doris was rich enough, 'tis true; Her lord must give her title too: And ev'ry man, or rich or poor, A fortune afks, and afks no more. Av'rice, whatever shape it bears, Must still be coupl'd with its cares.

§ 148. Fuble XIII. The Tame Stag.

A^S a young Stag the thicket paft, The branches held his antlers faft; A clown, who faw the captive hung, Acrofs the horns his halter flung.

Now fafely hamper'd in the chord, He bore the prefent to his lord. His lord was pleas'd ; as was the clown, When he was tipp'd with half a crown. The Stag was brought before his wife; The tender lady begg'd his life. How fleck's the fkin ! how fpeck'd like ermine Sure never creature was fo charming !

At first, within the yard confin'd, He flies and hides from all mankind; Now bolder grown, with fix'd amaze, And distant awe, prefumes to gaze : Munches the linen on the lines, And on a hood or spron dines; He steals my little master's bread, Follows the fervants to be fed . Nearer and nearer now he stands, To feel the praise of parting hands; Examines every fift for meat, And tho' repuls'd, disdains retreat; Attacks again with levell'd horns; And man, that was his terror, fcorns.

Such is the country maiden's fright, When firft a red-coat is in fight; Behind the door fhe hides her face; Next time at diffance eyes the lace; She now can all his terrors fland, Nor from his fqueeze withdraws her hand. She plays familiar in his arms; And ev'ry foldier hath his charms. From tent to tent fhe fpreads her flame; For cuftom conquers fear and fhame.

§ 149. Fable XIV. The Monkey who had fe the World.

A MONKEY, to reform the times, Refolv'd to vifit foreign climes : For men in diftant regions roam To bring politer manners home. So forth he fares, all toil defies : Misfortune ferves to make us wife. At length the treach'rous fuare was laid; Poor Pug was caught, to town convey'd. There fold. How envy'd was his doom ! Made captive in a lady's room ! Proud as a lover of his chains, He day by day her favour gains. Whene'er the duty of the day The toilet calls, with minic play

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ris her knots, he cracks her fan, 1y other Gentleman. s too his parts and wit, jefts grew dull, were fure to hit. with applaufe, he thought his mind y courtly art refin'd ; rpheus, burnt with public zeal, lize the monkey weal : h'd occasion, broke his chain, ught his native woods again. hairy fylvans round him prefs, h'd at his ftrut and drefs. raife his fleeve, and others glote is rich embroider'd coat; per perriwig commending, he black tail behind depending; vder'd back, above, below, pary froft, or fleecy fnow; with envy and defire tring fhoulder-knot admire. and improve, he pertly cries; to make a nation wife. your own worth, fupport your place, xt in rank to human race. ; long I país'd my days, i'd with men, and learn'd their ways. refs, their courtly manners fee; your state, and copy me. to thrive ? in flatt'ry deal ; orn, your hate, with that conceal. ily to regard your friends; them for your private ends. t to truth the flow of wit; apt to lye whene'er 'tis fit. vour force to Spatter merit; is conversation's spirit. to ev'ry thing attend, in your talents shall commend. the great. Observe me right; you grow like man polite. oke, and bow'd. With mutt'ring jaws nd'ring circle grinn'd applaufe. arm with malice, envy, fpite, oft obliging friends they bite; nd to copy human ways, new mischiefs all their days. the dull lad, too tall for fchool, avel finishes the fool; 1 of ev'ry coxcomb's airs, ks, games, dreffes, whores, and fwears; is with foorn all virtuous arts ; is fitted to his parts,

Sable XV. The Philosopher and the Pheafants.

Sage, awak'd at early day, to' the deep foreft took his way; by the mufic of the groves, he winding gloom he roves: te to tree the warbling throats the fiweet alternate notes. if he path he terror threw; g broke fhort, the warblers flew; The thrufhes chatter'd with affright, And nightingales abhort'd his fight; All animals before him ran, To fhun the hateful fight of man. Whence is the dread of ev'ry creature?

Fly they our figure or our nature ? As thus he walk'd in mufing thought, His ear imperfect accents caught; With cautious flep he nearer: drew ? By the thick fhade conceal'd from view, High on the branch a Pheafant flood;

Around her all her lift'ning brood a

Proud of the bleffings of her neft, She thus a mother's care expret : No dangers here fhall circumvent a Within the woods enjoy content. Sooser the hawk or vulture truft Than man, of animals the worft ; In him ingratitude you find; A vice peculiar to their kind. The fheep, whofe annual fleece is dy'd To guard his health and ferve his pride, Forc'd from his fold and native plain, Is in the cruel fhambles flain. The fwarms who, with industrious skill. His hives with wax and honey fill, In vain whole fummer days employ'd. Their ftores are fold their race deftroy'd. What tribute from the goofe is paid I Does not her wing all fcience aid ? Does it not lovers hearts explain, And drudge to raife the merchant's gain ? What now rewards this gen'ral ufe? He takes the quills, and eats the goofe. Man then avoid, deteft his ways So fafety shall prolong your days. When fervices are thus acquitted, Be sure we Pheasants must be spitted.

§ 151. Fable XVI. The Pin and the Needle.

A PIN, who long had ferv'd a beauty, Proficient in the toilet's dut y, Had form'd her fleeve, confin'd her hair, Or giv'n her knot a fimarter air, Now neareft to her heart was plac'd, Now in her mantua's tail difgrac'd : But could fhe partial fortune blame, Who faw her lover ferv'd the fame }

At length, from all her honours caft, Thro' various turns of life the pais'd; Now glitter'd on a taylor's arm; Now kept a beggar's infant warm; Now, rang'd within a miler's coat, Contributes to his yearly groat ; Now, rais'd again from low approach, She vifits in the doctor's coach ; Here, there, by various fortune toft, At last in Gresham-hall was lost. Charm'd with the wonders of the flow, On every fide, above, below She now of this or that inquires ; What least was understood admires. Tis plain, each thing fo struck her mind, Her head's of virtuolo kind. G a

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And pray what's this, and this, dear Sir ? A needle, fays th'interpreter. She knew the name. And thus the fool Addrefs'd her as a taylor's tool.

A needle with that filthy ftone, Quite idle, all with ruft o'ergrown ! You better might employ your parts, And aid the fempftrefs in her arts. But tell me how the friendfhip grew Between that paltry flint and you ?

Friend, fays the Needley ceafe to blame; I follow real worth and fame. Know'ft thou the loadftone's pow'r and art, That virtue virtues can impart; Of all his talents I partake, Who then can fuch a friend forfake ? 'Tis I direct the pilor's hand To fhun the rocks and treach'rous fand; By me the diftant world is known, And either India is our own. Had I with milliners been bred, What had I been? The guide of thread, And drudg'd, as vulgar Needles do, Of no more confequence than you.

§ 152. Fable XVII. The Shepherd's Dog and the Wolf.

A WOLF, with hunger fierce and bold, Ravag'd the plains, and thinn'd the fold; Deep in the wood fecure he lay; The thefts of night regal'd the day. In vain the thepherd's wakeful care Had fpread the toils, and watch'd the fnare: In vain the Dog purfu'd his pace, The fleeter robber mock'd the chace.

As Lightfoot rang'd the forest round, By chance his foe's retreat he found.

A truce, replies the Wolf. 'Tis done. The Dog the parley thus begun:

How can that ftrong intrepid mind Attack a weak defencelefs kind? Thofe jaws fhould prey on nobler food, And drink the bear's and lion's blood; Great fouls with gen'rous pity melt, Which coward tyrants never felt. How harmlefs is our fleecy cate! Be brave, and let thy mercy fpare.

Friend, favs the Wolf, the matter weigh; Nature defign'd us beafts of prey; As fuch, when hunger finds a treat, 'Tis neceffary Wolves fhould eat. If, mindful of the bleating weal, Thy bolom burn with real zeal, Hence, and thy tyrant lord befeech; To him repeat the moving fpeech : A Wolf eats theep but now and then; Ten thoufands are devour'd by men. An open foe may prove a curfe; But a pretended friend is worfe. LEST men fufpelt your tale untrue, Keep probability in view. The trav'ller leaping o'er thole bounds, The credit of his book confounds. Who with his tongue hath armies routed, Makes ev'n his real courage doubted : But flatt'ry never feems abfurd ; The flatter'd always take your word : Impoflibilities feem juft ; They take the ftrongeft praife on truft. Hyperboles, tho' ne'er fo great, Will ftill come fhort of felf-concen.

So very like a painter drew, That cv'ry eye the picture knew; He hit complexion, feature, air, So just, the life itfelf was there. No flatt'ry with his colours laid, To bloom reftor'd the faded maid ; He gave each mufcle all its ftrength ; The mouth, the chin, the nofe's length. His honest pencil touch'd with truth, And mark'd the date of age and youth. He loft his friends, his practice fail'd; Truth fhould not always be reveal'd; In dufty piles his pictures lay, For no one fent the fecond pay. Two buftos, fraught with ev'ry grace, A Venus' and Apollo's face, He plac'd in view ; refolv'd to pleafe Whoever fat, he drew from thefe; From these corrected ev'ry feature, And fpirited each awkward creature.

All things were fet; the hour was come, His pallet ready o'er his thumb, My Lord appear'd; and feated right In proper attitude and light, The painter look'd, he fketch'd the piece, Then dipt his pencil, talk'd of Greece, Of Titian's tints, of Guido's air; Thofe eyes, my Lord, the fpirit there Might well a Raphael's hand require, To give them all the native fire; The features fraught with fenfe and wir, You'll grant are very hard to hit; But yet with patience you fhall view As much as paint and art can do.

As much as paint and art can do. Obferve the work. My Lord reply'd, Till now I thought my mouth was wide; Betides, my nofe is fornewhat long; Dear Sir, for me 'tis far too young !

Oh! pardon me, the artift cry'd, In this the painters must decide. The piece ev'n common eyes must strike; I warrant it extremely like.

My Lord examin'd it a-new; No looking-glafs feen'd half fo true. A Lady came; with borrow'd grace He from his Venus form'd her faco. Her lover prais'd the Painter's art; So like the picture in his heart !

To ev'ry age fome charm he lent ; Ev n beauties were almost content.

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igh all the town his art they prais'd; on grew, his price was rais'd. he real likenefs fhewn, any man the picture own? n thus happily he wrought, and the likenefs in his thought.

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Fable XIX. The Lion and the Cub.

fond are men of rule and place, to court it from the mean and bafe ! innot bear an equal nigh, 1 superior merit fly. ve the cellar's vulgar joke, : their hours in ale and fmoke. er fome petty club prefide; to paltry is their pride! n with fools whole nights will fit, to be fupreme in wit. :an read, to these I write, icir worth in trucft light. n-cub, of fordid mind, all the lion-kind ; applaufe, he fought the feafts ir and ignoble beafts; es all his time he fpent; ub's perpetual prefident. ht their manners, looks, and airs: 1 ev'ry thing but ears ! is Highness meant a joke, inn'd applause before he spoke; sch word what shouts of praise! ods! how natural he brays! with flatt'ry and conceit, his royal fire's retreat; , and fond to shew his parts, hnefs brays; the Lion starts: , that curs'd vociferation hy life and conversation : bs, an ever-noify race, npets of their own difgrace. fo fevere > the Cub replies; ne always held me wife. weak is pride ! returns the fire ; s are vain when fools admire ! w, what stupid affes prize, d noble beafts despise.

Fable XX. The Old Hen and the Cock.

RAIN your child; you'll foon believe text which fays, 'Wc fprung from Evc.' Old Hen led forth her train, m'd to peck to fhew the grain; d the chaff, fhe feratch'd the ground, an'd the fpacious yard around; 'chick, to try her wings, well's narrow margin fprings, me fhe drops. The mother's breaft with forrow was poffeft. ck fhe met; her fon fhe knew, her heart affection grew. on, fays fhe, I grant your years ach'd beyond a mother's cares. I fee you vig'rous, ftrong, and bold; I hear with joy your triumphs told. 'Tis not from Cocks thy fate I dread; But let thy ever-wary tread Avoid yon well; the fatal place Is fure perdition to our race. Print this my counfel on thy breaft; To the juft gods I leave the reft.

He thank'd her care; yet day by day His bofom burn'd to difobey; And ev'ry time the well he faw, Scorn'd in his heart the foolifh law : Near and more near each day he drew, And long'd to try the dang'rous view.

Why was this idle charge ? he cries ; Let courage female fears defpife ; Or did the doubt my heart was brave, And therefore this injunction gave ? Or does her harveft flore the place, A treafure for her younger race ? And would the thus my fearch prevent ? I frand refolv'd, and dare th'event.

Thus faid, he mounts the margin's round, And prices into the depth profound. He ftretch'd his neck; and from below, With ftretching neck, advanc'd a foe: With wrath his ruffl'd plumes he rears, The foe with ruffl'd plumes appears: Threat anfwer'd threat, his fury grew; Headlong to meet the war he flew; But when the wat'ry death he found, He thus lamented as he drown'd:

I ne'er had been in this condition, But for my mother's prohibition.

§ 156. Fable XXI. The Rat-Catcher and Cats.

THE Rats by night fuch mifchief did, Betty was ev'ry morning chid : They undermin'd whole fides of baron; Her cheefe was fapp'd, her tarts were taken; Her pafties, fenc'd with thickeft pafte, Were all demolifie'd and laid warte. She curs'd the Cat for want of dety, Who left her foes a conflant booty. An Engineer of noted fkill Engag'd to ftop the growing ill.

From room to room he now furveys Their haunts, their works, their feeret ways; Finds where they 'feare an ambufcade, And whence their nightly fally's made. An envious Cat, from place to piace, Unfeen, attends his Clent pace. She faw that, if his trade went on, The purring race muft be undone; So fecretly removes his baits, And ev'ry ftratagem Jefeats. Again be fort the pullor'd toils

Again he fets the poston'd toils, And Pufs again the labour foils. What foe (to fruftrate my defigns) My fehemes thus nightly countermines? Incens'd, he cries : " this very hour

" This wretch thall bleed beneath my pow'r." So faid, a pond'rous trap he brought; And in the fact poor Puís was caught.

G 3 "Sourgeter,"

" Smuggler," fays he, " thou shalt be made" A victum to our loss of trade."

- The captive Car, with pitcous mews,
- For pardon, life, and freedom fues.
- A lifter of the science spare;
- One int'reft is our common care.' • What infolence!" the man reply'd;
- " Shall Cats with us the game divide?
- " Were all your interloping band
- " Extinguish'd, or expell'd the land,
- " We Rat-catchers might raile our fees,
- " Sole guardians of a nation's cheefe !" A Cat who faw the lifted knife,
- Thus fpoke, and fav'd her fifter's life: 'In ev'ry age and clime, we fee
- Two of a trade can ne'er agree.
- " Each hates his neighbour for encroaching;
- · 'Squire fligmatifes' fquire for poaching;
- · Beauties with beautics are in arms,
- " And fcandal pelts each others charms;
- . Kings too their neighbour kings dethrone,
- "In hope to make the world their own.
- · But let us limit our defires ;
- . Not war like beauties, kings, and 'fquires;
- For tho' we both one prey purfue,
- " There's game enough for us and you."

§ 157. Fable XXII. The Goat without a Beard.

*TIS certain, that the modifh paffions Defcend among the crowd, like faifhions. Excute me then, if pride, conceit (The manners of the fair and great) I give to monkies, affes, begs, Fleas, owls, goats, butterflies, and dogs. I fay that thefe are proud: what then ? I never faid they equal men.

A Goat (as vain as Goat can be) Affected fingularity. Whene'er a thymy bank he found, He roll'd upon the fragrant ground; And then with fond attention flood, Fix'd o'er his image in the flood.

" I hate my frowzy beard," he crics;

- " My youth is loft in this difguife.
- " Did not the females know my vigour,
- " Well might they loath this rev'rend figure." Refolv'd to fmooth his fhaggy face,

He fought the barber of the place. A flippant monkey, foruce and finart, Hard by, profefs'd the dapper art; His pole with pewter bafons hung; Black rotten teeth in order firung; Rang'd cups that in the window flood, Lin'd with red rags, to look like blood, Did well hi, threefold trade explain; Who fhav'd, drew teeth, and breath'd a vein.

The goat he welcomes with an air, And feats him in his wooden chair: Mouth, nofe, and check, the lather hides: Light, fmooth, and fwirt, the razer glides.

• I hope your cuftom, Sir,' favs pug; • Sure never face was half to finug.' The Goat, impatient for applaufe, Swift to the neighb'ring hill withdraws; The fhaggy people grinn'd and flar'd: 'Heighday! what's here without a beard!' 'Say, brother, whence the dire difgrace ? What envious hand hath robb'd your face ?'

When thus the fop, with finiles of fcorn, "Are beards by civil nations worn? E'en Muſcovites have mow'd their chias. Shall we, like fornal Capuchins, Stubborn in pride, retain the mode, And bear about the hairy load ! Whene'er we thto' the village ftray, Are we not mock'd along the way; Infulted with loud fhouts of fcorn, By boys our beards diſgrac'd and torn?" ' Were you no more with Goats to dwell,

Brother, I grant you reafon well, Replies a bearded chief, 'Befide, If boys can morify thy pride, How wilt thou fland the ridicule Of our whole flock? Affected fool ! Coxcombs, diftinguifh'd from the reft, To all but coxcombs are a jeft.'

§ 158. Fable XXIII. The Old Woman and her Gais

 $\mathbf{W}^{\mathbf{HO}}$ friendship with a knave hath made. Is judg'd a partner in the trade. The matron who conducts abroad A willing nymph, is thought a bawd ; And if a modeft girl is feen With one who cures a lover's fplcen, We guess her not extremely nice, And only wifh to know her price. 'Tis thus that on the choice of friends Our good or evil name depends. A wrinkl'd Hag, of wicked fame, Befide a little fmoky flame, Sat hov'ring, pinch'd with age and froft : Her shrivel'd hands, with veins emboss'd, Upon her knees her weight fustains, While palfy thook her crazy brains : She muniples forth her hackward pray'rs, An untam'd fcold of fourfcore years. About her fwarm'd a num'rous brood Of Cats, who lank with hunger mew'd.

Teaz'd with their cries, her choler grew; And thus fhe fputter'd : 'Hence ye crew. Fool that I was, to entertain Such imps, fuch fiends, a hellifh train; Had ye been never hous'd and nurs'd, I for a witch had ne'er been curs'd. To you I owe that crowds of boys Worry me with eternal noife; Straws laid acrofs, my pace retard; The horfe-fhoe's nail'd (each threthold's guard) The frunted broom the wenches hide, For fear that I fhould up and ride; They flick with pins my bleeding feat, And bid me fhow my fecret teat.' "To hear you prate would yex a faint; Who hath moft reafon of complaint ?"

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Replies a Cat. "Let's come to proof : Had we ne'er flarv'd beneath your roof, We had, like others of our race, In credit liv'd, as beafts of chace, 'Tis infamy to ferve a hag; Cats are thought imps, her broom a nag; And boys againft our lives combine, Becaufe 'tis faid, your cats have nine."

§ 159. Fable XXIV. The Butterfly and Snail-

A LL upftarts infolent in place, Remind us of their vulgar race.

As, in the funchine of the morn, A Butterfly (but newly born) Sat proudly perking on a rofe, With pert conceit his boforn glows; His wings (all glorious to behold) Bedropt with azure, jet, and gold, Wide he difplays; the fpangled dew Reflects his eyes, and various hue.

His now-forgotten friend, a Snail, Beneath his houfe, with flimy trail, Crawls o'er the grafs; whom, when he fpies, In wrath he to the gard'ner cries,

"What means yon peafant's daily toil, From choaking weeds to rid the foil ? Why wake you to the morning's care ? Why with new arts correct the year ? Why glows the peach with crimfon hue ? And why the plumb's inviting blue ? Were they to feast his taste defign'd, That vermin of voracious kind ? Crush then the flow, the pilf'ring race; So purge thy garden from difgrace."

What arrogance !' the Snail reply'd ; " How infolent is upftart pride ! Had'st thou not thus, with infult vain. Provok'd my patience to complain, I had conceal'd thy meaner birth, Nor trac'd thee to the four of earth. For fcarce nine funs have wak'd the hours, To fwell the fruit and paint the flow'rs, Since I thy humbler life furvey'd. In base and fordid guise array'd; A hideous infect, vile, unclean, You dragg'd a flow and noifome train; And from your fpider-bowels drew Foul film, and fpun the dirty clue. I own my humble life, good friend; Snail was I born, and Snail shall end. And what's a Butterfly ? At beft He's but a catterpillar dreft ; And all thy race (a num'rous feed) Shall prove of caterpillar breed.'

§ 160. Fuble XXV. The Scold and the Parrot. THE husband thus reprov'd his wife :

Art thou the herald of difgrace, Denouncing war to all thy race? Can nothing quell thy thunder's rage, Which fpares no friend, nor fex, nor age? That vixen tongue of your's, my dear, Alarms our neighbours far and near. Good Gods! 'tis like a rolling river, That murm'ring flows, and flows for ever ! Ne'er tir'd, perpetual difcord fowing ! Like fame, it gathers firength by going."

Heighday !' the flippant tongue replies,
How folemn is the fool, how wife ! Is nature's choiceft gift debarr'd ? Nay, frown not, for I will be heard.
Women of late are finely ridden;
A Parrot's privilege forbidden ! You praife his talk, his fqualling fong;
But wives are always in the wrong !' Now reputations flew in pieces,
Of mothers, daughters, aunts, and nieces : She ran the Parrot's language o'er,
Bawd, huffy, drunkard, flattern, whore;
On all the fex fhe vents her fury;
Tries and condemns without a jury.

At once the torrent of her words Alarm'd cat, monkey, dogs, and birds; All join their forces to confound her Pufs fpits, the monkey chatters round her; The yelping cur her heels affaults; The magpye blabs out all her faults; Poll, in the uproar, from his cage, With this rebuke out-fcream'd her rage : A Parrot is for talking priz'd, But prattling women are delpis'd. ્યુંગ She who attacks another's honour Draws ev'ry living thing upon her. Think, Madam, when you ftretch your lungs, That all your neighbours too have tongues ; One flander must ten thousand get The world with int'reft pays the debt.

§ 161. Fable XXVI. The Cur and the Mastiff.

A SNEAKING Cur, the mafter's (py, Rewarded for his daily lyc, With fecret jealoufies and fears Set all together by the cars. Poor Puls to-day was in difgrace; Another cat fupply'd her place; The Hound was beat, the Maftiff chid, The Monkey was the room forbid; Each to his deareft friend grew fhy, And none could tell the reafon why.

A plan to rob the house was laid; The thief with love seduc'd the maid; Cajol'd the Cur, and strok'd his head, And bought his fecreey with bread. He next the Massiff's honour try'd; Whose honest jaws the bribe dety'd. He stretch'd his hand to profiler more; The surged by the stroke to the stroke

Swift ran the Cur; with indignation The mafter took his information. Hang him, the villain's curs'd, he cries; And round his neck the halter ties.

The Dog his humble fuit preferr'd, And begg'd in juffice to be heard. The mafter fat. On either hand The cited Dogs confronting fland; The Cur the bloody tale relates, And, like a lawyer, aggravates. GA

Judge

Judge not unheard, the Maftiff cry'd, But weigh the caufe of either fide. Think not that treach'ry can be juft; Take not informers words on truft; They ope their hand to ev'ry pay, And you and me by tuns betray.

He spoke. And all the truth appear'd : The Cur was hang'd, the Mastiff clear'd.

§ 162. Fable XXVII. The Sick Man and the Angel.

IS there no hope ? the Sick Man faid. The filent doctor fhook his head, And took his leave with figns of forrow, Defpairing of his fee to-morrow.

When thus the Man, with gafping breath : I feel the chilling wound of death : Since I must bid the world adieu, Let me my former life review. I grant, my bargains well were made, But all men over-reach in trade; 'T'is felf-defence in each profession : Sure, felf-defence is no transgreffion. The little portion in my hands, By good fecurity on lands, Is well increas'd. If, unawares, My juffice to myfelf and heirs Hath let my debtor rot in jail, For want of good fufficient bail; If I by writ, or bond, or deed, Reducid a family to need, My will hath made the world amends; My hope on charity depends. When I am number'd with the dead, And all my pious gifts are read, By heav'n and earth 'twill then be known, My charities were amply fhown.

An Angel came. Ah friend ! he cry'd, No more in flatt'ring hope confide. Can thy good deeds in former times Outweigh the balance of thy crimes ? What widow or what orphan prays To crown thy life with length of days ? A pious action's in thy pow'r, Embrace with joy the happy hour. Now, while you draw the vital air, Prove your intention is funcere. This influint give a hundred pound ; Your neighbours want, and you abound.

But why fuch hafte, the Sick Man whines; Who knows as yet what Heav'n defigns? Perhaps I may recover ftill; That fum and more are in my will.

Fool, favs the Vilion, now 'tis plain, Your life, your foul, your heav'n was gain. From ev'ry fide, with all your might, You ferap'd, and ferap'd beyond your right; And after death would fain atone, By giving what is not your own. While there is life there's hopes, he cry'd; Then why fuch hafte? So groan'd, and dy'd. § 163. Fable XXVIII. The Perfian, the Sun, and the Cloud.

IS there a bard whom genius fires, Whofe ev'ry thought the God infpires, When Envy reads the nervous lines, She frets, fhe rails, fhe raves, fhe pines; Her hiffing fnakes with venom fwell; She calls her venal train from hell: The fervile fiends her nod obey, And all Curl's authors are in pay. Fame calls up calumny and fpite; Thus fnadow owes its birth to light.

As profirate to the God of day, With heart devout, a Perfian lay, His invocation thus begun : Parent of light, all-feeing Sun,

Prolific beam, whofe rays difpenfe The various gifts of Providence, Accept our praise, our daily pray'r, Smile on our fields, and blefs the year ! A Cloud, who mock'd his grateful tongue, The day with fudden darknets hung; With pride and envy fwell'd aloud A voice thus thunder'd from the Cloud : Weak is this gaudy God of thine, Whom I at will forbid to fhine. Shall I nor vows nor incenfe know? Where praise is due, the praise bestow. With fervent zeal the Perfian mov'd, Thus the proud calumny reprov'd : It was that God, who claims my pray'r, Who gave thee birth, and rais'd thee there; When o'er his beams the veil is thrown, Thy fubstance is but plainer shown. A pailing gale, a puff of wind, Difpels thy thicket troops combin'd. The gale arole ; the vapour, toft The fport of winds) in air, was loft. The glorious orb the day refines ;

Thus envy breaks, thus merit thines.

§ 164. Fable XXIX. The Fox at the point of Death.

A FOX in life's extreme decay, Weak, fick, and faint, expiring lay; All appetite had left his maw, And age difarm'd his mumbling jaw. His num'rous race around him fland, To learn their dying fire's command : He rais'd his head with whining moan, And thus was heard the feeble tone :

Ah, fons! from evil ways depart; My crimes lie heavy on my heart. See, fee, the murder'd geefe appear! Why are those bleeding turkies there? Why all around this cackling train, Who haunt my ears for chickens flain?

The hungry Foxes round them flarid, And for the promis'd feast prepar'd. Where, Sir, is all this dainty cheer? Nor turkey, goofe, nor hen is here. Thefe are the phantoms of your brain, And your fons lick their lips in vain.

O glut-

uttons ! fays the drooping fire, 1 inordinate defire. qu'rish taste you shall deplore, peace of conscience is no more. ot the hound betray our pace, ns and guns deftroy our race ? s dread the fearching eye of pow'r, ever feel the quiet hour. : (which few of us shall know) uts a period to my woe. you true happiness attain, hefty your passions rein ; in credit and efteem, e good name you loft, redecm. counfel's good, a Fox replies, we perform what you advife. what our anceftors have done; of thieves from fon to fon : defcends the long difgrace; famy hath mark'd our race. h we, like harmlefs sheep, should feed, in thought, in word, and deed; ver hen-rooft is decreaft, ill be thought to fhare the feaft. arge fhall never be believ'd ; good name is ne'er retriev'd. then, replies the feeble Fox, ark ! I hear a hen that clocks) t be mod'rate in your food; cen too might do me good.

Fable XXX. The Setting Dog and the Partridge.

ranging Dog the stubble trics, d fearches ev'ry breeze that flies; int grows warm; with cautious fear ps, and points the covey near; in, in filence, far behind, us of game, the net unbind. rtridge, with experience wife, udful preparation fpies : cks their toils, alarms her brood; vey fprings, and feeks the wood; her certain wing the tries, > the creeping Spaniel cries : I fawning flave to man's deccit, imp of lux'ry, fneaking cheat, whole fpecies thou difgrace; all difown thee of their race ! judge their native parts, : born with open honeft hearts; : they ferv'd man's wicked ends, en'rous foes, or real friends. n thus the Dog, with fcornful fmile : of wing, thou dar'ft revile. are to polifh'd manners blind; n'rant is the ruftic mind ! rth, fagacious courtiers fee, preferment rife, like me. iving pimp, who beauty fets, t enhanc'd a nation's debts : lets his friend, without regard; nifters his skill reward : ain'd by man, I learnt his ways, owing favour feafts my days.

I might have guefs'd, the Partridge faid, The place where you were train'd and fed; Servants are apt, and in a trice Ape to a hair their mafter's vice. You came from court, you fay, adieu : She faid, and to the covey flew.

§ 166. Fable XXXI. The Universal Apparition.

A RAKE, by ev'ry paffion rul'd, With ev'ry vice his youth had cool'd; Difcafe his tainted blood affails; His fpirits droop, his vigout fails : With fecret ills at home he pines, And, like infirm old age, declines.

As twing'd with pain he penfive fits, And raves, and prays, and fivears by fits; A ghaftly phantom, lean and wan, Before him rofe, and thus began :

My name, perhaps, hath reach'd your ear; Attend, and be advis'd by Care. Nor love, nor honour, wealth, nor pow'r, Can give the heart a cheerful hour When health is loft. Be timely wife: With health all tafte of pleafure flies. Thus faid, the phantom difappears, The weary counfel wak'd his fears; He now from all excefs abftains; With phyfic purifies his veins; And, to procure a fober life, Refolves to venture on a wife.

But now again the Sprite afcends; Where'er he walks his ear attends; Infinuates that beauty's frail; That perfeverance mult prevail; With jealoufies his brain inflames, And whifpers all her lovers names. In other hours fhe reprefents His houfehold charge, his annual rents, Increafing debts, perplexing duns, And nothing for his younger fons.

Strait all his thought to gain he turns, And with the thirst of lucre burns. But when poffefs'd of fortune's ftore, The Spectre haunts him more and more : Sets want and miferv in view, Bold thieves, and all the murd'ring crew : Alarms him with eternal frights, Infefts his dreams, or wakes his nights. How shall he chace this hideous guest ? Pow'r may perhaps protect his reft. To pow'r he rofe : again the Sprite Befets him morning, noon, and night; Talks of Ambition's tott'ring feat; How Envy perfecutes the great ; Of rival hate, of treach'rous friends, And what difgrace his fall attends.

The court he quits, to fly from Care, And fecks the peace of rural air : His groves, his fields, amus'd his hours; He prun'd his trees, he rais'd his flow'rs. But Care again his fleps purfues; Warns him of blafts, of blighting dews, Of plund'ring infects, fnails, and rains, And droughts that ftarv'd the labour'd plai

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§:167. Fable XXXII. The Two Owls and the Sparrow.

TWO formal Owls together fat, Conferring thus in civil chat : How is the modern tafte decay'd ! Where's the referent to wildom paid ? Our worth the Grecian fages knew ; They gave our fires the honour due, ; They weigh'd the dignity of fowls, And pry'd into the depth of Owls. Athens, the feat of learned fame, With gen'ral voice rever'd our name.; On merit title was conferr'd, And all ador'd th'Athenian bird.

Brother, you reafon well, replies The folemn mate, with half-fhut eyes; Right. Athens was the feat of learning; And truly wildom is differning. Befides, on Pallas' helm we fir, The type and ornament of wit; But now, alas ! we're quite neglected; And a pert Sparrow's more refpected !

A Sparrow, who was lodg'd befide, O'erhears them footh each other's pride, And thus he nimbly vents his heat :

Who meets a fool must find conceit. I grant, you were at Athens grac'd, And on Minerva's helm were plac'd ; But ev'ry bird that wings the fky, Except an Owl, can tell you why. From hence they taught their fchools to know How falle we judge by outward flow ; That we should never looks effecin, Since fools as wife as you might feem. Would ye contempt and fcorn avoid, Let your vainglory he deftroy'd : Humble your arrogance of thought; Purfue the ways by nature taught : So shall you find delicious fare, And grateful farmers praile your care ; So shall fleek mice your chace reward, And no keen cat find more regard.

§ 168. Fable XXXIII. The Courtier and Proteus.

WHENE'ER a courtier's out of place, The country thelters his ditgrace; Where, doom'd to exercife and health, His houfe and gardens own his wealth, He builds new fehemes, in hope to gain The plunder of another reign : Like Philip's fon, would fain be doing, And fighs for other realms to ruin.

As one of these (without his wand) Pensive, along the winding strand Funploy'd the solitary hour,

Frojects to regain his pow'r ;

The waves in fpreading circles ran, Proteus arole, and thus began :

Came you from court ? for in your mien A felf-important air is feen.

He frankly own'd his friends had trick'd hin, And how he fell his party's victim.

Know, fays the God, by matchlefs fkill, I change to ev'ry fhape at will; But yet I'm told, at court you fee Thole who prefume to rival me.

Thus faid—a fnake, with hideous trail, Proteus extends his fealy mail.

Know, fays the man, though proud in place, All courtiers are of reptile race. Like you, they take that dreadful form, Bafk in the fun, and fly the florm; With malice hifs, with envy glote, And for convenience change their coat.; With new-got luftre rear their head, Though on a dunghill born and bred.

Sudden the God a lion ftands; He shakes his mane, he spurns the sands; Now a sierce lynx, with siery glare, A wolf, an ass, a fox, a bear.

Had I ne'er liv'd at court, he cries, Such transformation might furprize; But there, in queft of daily game, Each abler courtier acts the fame. Wolves, lions, lynxes, while in place, Their friends and fellows are their chace. They play the bear's and fox's part; Now rob by force, now fteal with art. They fometimes in the fenate bray; Or chang'd again to beafts of prey; Down from the lion to the ape Practife the frauds of cv'ry fhape.

So faid, upon the God he flies; In cords the flruggling captive ties.

Now, Proteus, now (to truth compell'd) Speak, and confefs thy art excell'd. Use firength, surprize, or what you will, The courtier finds evasions still: Not to be bound by any ties. And nover forc'd to leave his lyes.

§ 169. Fable XXXIV. The Mastiffs.

THOSE who in quarrels interpofe, Muft often wipe a bloody nofe. A Maftiff, of true English blood, Lov'd fighting better than his food. When dogs were fnarling for a bone, He long'd to make the war his own; And often, found (when two contend) To interpofe obtain'd his end; He glory'd in his limping pace; The fcars of honour fcam'd his face; In ev'ry limb a gash appears, And frequent fights retrench'd his cars. As on a time he heard from far Two dogs engag'd in noify war, Away he fcours, and lays about him,

Refolv'd no fray thould be without him.

rom his yard a tanner flics, the bold intruder cries, dgel shall correct your manners; e fprung this curfed hate to tanners ? on my Dog you vent your fpite, 'tis me you dare not bite. the battle thus perplex'd, qual rage a butcher vex'd; fcreaming from the circl'd crowd, curs'd Mastiff cries aloud : Hockley-hole and Marybone mbats of my Dog have known. :r, like bullies coward-hearted, s in public, to be parted. not, rafh fool, to fhare his fame ;. the honour or the fhame. s faid, they fwore, and rav'd like thunder; lragg'd their fasten'd Dogs asunder; clubs and kicks from ev'ry fide aded from the Mastiff's hide. recking now with fweat and blood. le the parted warriors flood, your'd upon the meddling foe; worry'd, howl'd and fprawl'd below. e, and, limping from the fray, h fides mangl'd, fneak'd away.

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Fable XXXV. The Barley More and the Dunghill.

V many faucy airs we meet rom Temple-bar to Aldgate-ftreet ? rogues, who that'd the South-fea prey, oring like mufhrooms in a day ! think it mean to condefeend ow a brother or a friend ; blufh to hear their mother's name ; y their pride expose their shame. crofs his yard, at early day, ful farmer took his way pp'd, and leaning on his fork, 'd the flail's inceffant work. ught he meafur'd all his ftore ele, his hogs, he number'd o'er : cy weigh'd the fleeces fhorn, ultiply'd the next year's corn. arley-mow, which ftood befide, to its musing master cry'd : , good Sir, is it fit or right at me with neglect and flight ? ho contribute to your cheer, aife your mirth with ale and beer, thus infulted, thus difgrac'd, hat vile Dunghill near me plac'd ? lofe poor fweepings of a groom, ilthy fight, that naufcous fume, objects here ? Command it hence : ig fo mean must give offence. : humble Dunghill thus reply'd, nafter hears, and mocks thy pride : not thus the meek and low; thy benefactor know ; arm affiftance gave thee birth, ou hadft perifh'd low in carth;

But upftarts, to support their station, Cancel at once all obligation.

§ 171. Fable XXXVI. Pythagoras and the Countryman.

PYTHAG'RAS role at early dawn, By foaring meditation drawn, To breathe the fragrance of the day. Through flow'ry fields he took his way. In muting contemplation warm, His fteps milled him to a farm, Where, on the ladder's topmoft round, A peafant flood: the hammer's found Shook the weak barn. Say, friend, what care Calls for thy honeft labour there t

The Clown, with furly voice, replies, Vengeance aload for juffice cries. This kite, by daily rapine-fel, My heps: nanoy, my turkies dread, At length his forfeit life hath paid; See on the wall his wings difplay'd; Here nail'd; a terror to his kind, My fowls: thall future fafery find; My yard the thriving poultry feed; And my barns refuie fat the breed.

Friend, fays the Sage, the doom is wife; For public good the murd'rer dies. But if these tyrants of the air Demand a fontence fo fevere, Think how the glutton man devours; What bloody feafts regale his hours! O, impudence of pow'r and might, Thus to condemn a hawk or kite, When thou perhaps, carniv'rous finner, Hadft pullets yefterday for dinner !

Hold, cry'd the Clown, with paffion heated, Shall kites and men alike be treated ? When Heav'n the world with creatures ftor'd, Man was ordain'd their fov'reign lord.

Thus tyrants boaft, the Sage reply'd, Whofe murders fpring from power and pride. Own then, this manlike kite is flain Thy greater lux'ry to fuffain; For * "Petty rogues fubmit to fate, "That must come over a part of the the the

" That great ones may enjoy their state."

§ 172. Fable XXXVII. The Farmer's Wife and the Raven.

WHY are those tears? why droops your head? Is then your other husband dead? Or does a worfe difgrace betide; Hath no one fince his death apply'd? Alas! you know the cause too well; The falt is spilt; to me it fell. Then, to contribute to my loss, My knife and fork were laid aerofs; On Friday too! the day I dread ! Would I were fafe at home in bed ! Last night (I vow to Heav'n 'tis true) Bounce from the fire a coffin flew. Next post forme fatal news shall tell: God fend my Cornish friends be well !

* Garth's Difpenfatory.

Unhappy

Unhappy widow, ceafe thy tears, Nor feel affliction in thy fears : Let not thy fromach be fufjended ; Fat now, and weep when dinner's ended ; And when the butler clears the table, For thy defert I'll read my fable.

Betwixt her fwagging panniers load A farmer's wife to market rode, And jogging on, with thoughtful care, Summ'd up the profits of her ware; When ftarting from her filver dream,

Thus far and wide was heard her feream : That raven on yon left-hand oak (Curfe on his ill betiding croak) Bodes me no good. No more the faid. When poor blind Ball, with fumbling tread,

Fell prone; o'erturn'd the pannier lay; And her mafh'd eggs beftrew'd the way. She, fprawling in the yellow road,

Rail'd, fivore, and curs'd: Thou croaking toad, A murrain take thy whorefon throat ! I knew misfortune in the note.

Dame, quoth the Raven, fpare your oaths, Unclench your fift, and wipe your cloaths. But why on me thole curfes thrown? Goody, the fault was all your own: For had you laid this brittle ware On Dun, the old fure-footed mare, Though all the Ravens of the hundred With croaking had your tongue out-thunder'd, Sure-footed Dun had kept his legs, And you, good woman, fav'd your eggs.

§ 173. Fable XXXVIII. The Turkey and Ant.

IN other men we faults can fpy, And blame the mote that dims their eye; Each little speck and blemish find; To our own stronger errors blind.

A Turkey, tir'd of common food. Forlook the barn, and fought the wood ; Behind her ran her infant train, Collecting here and there a grain. Draw near, my birds, the mother cries, This hill delicious fare fupplies; Behold, the bufy Negro race : See, millions blacken all the place ! Fear not. Like me, with freedom eat; An Ant is most delightful meat. -How blefs'd, how envy'd were our life, Could we but 'scape the poult'rer's knife ! But man, curs'd man, on Turkey preys, And Chriftmas fhortens all our days : Sometimes with oyfters we combine, Sometimes affift the fav'ry chine. From the low peafant to the lord, The Turkey fmokes on ev'ry board. Sure, men for gluttony are curft : Of the fev'n deadly fins the worft.

An Ant, who climb'd beyond his reach, Thus answer'd from the neighb'ring beech; Ere you remark another's fin, Bid thy own confeience look within; Controul thy more voracious bill, Nor for a breakfaft nations kill.

§ 174. Fable XXXIX. The Father and Jupiter.

THE Man to Jove his fuit preferr'd; He begg'd a wife. His pray'r was heard. Jove wonder'd at his bold addrefling: For how precatious is the blefling '

For how precarious is the bleffing ! A wife he takes. And now for heirs Again he worries Heav'n with prayers. Jove nods affent. Two hopeful boys And a fine girl reward his joys. Now more folicitous he grew,

And fet their future lives in view ; He faw that all refpect and duty Were paid to wealth, to pow'r, and beauty.

Once more, he cries, accept my pray'r; Make my lov'd progeny thy care. Let my firft hope, my fav'rite boy, All fortune's richeft gifts enjov. My next with firong ambition fire : May favour teach him to afpire; Till he the ficp of pow'r afcend, And courtiers to their idol bend. With ev'ry grace, with ev'ry charm, My daughter's perfect features arm. If Heav'n approve, a father's bleft. Jove fmiles, and grants his full requeft.

The first, a miser at the heart, Studious of ev'ry griping art, Heaps heards on hoards with anxious pain; And all his life devotes to gain. He feels no joy, his cares increafe, He neither wakes nor fleeps in peace; In fancy'd want (a wretch complete) He starves, and yet he dares not eat.

The next to fudden honours grew : The thriving art of courts he knew ; He reach'd the height of pow'r and place, Then fell, the victim of difgrace.

Beauty with early bloom fupplies His daughter's check, and points her eyes. The vain coquette each fuit didains, And glories in her lover's pains. With age the fades, each lover flies; Contemn'd, forlorn, fhe pines and dies.

When Jove the father's grief furvey'd, And heard him Heav'n and Fate upbraid, Thus fpoke the God : — Bv outward fhow Men judge of happinets and woe : Shall ignorance of good and ill Dare to direct th'Eternal Will ? Seek virtue; and, of that poffeft, To Providence refign the reft.

§ 175. Fable XL. The Two Monkies.

THE learned, full of inward pride, The Fops of outward flow deride : The fop, with learning at defiance, Scoffs at the pedant and the feience : Jon, a formal, folemn strutter, les Montieur's airs and flutter; : Monfieur mocks the formal fool, looks, and speaks, and walks by rule. n, a medley of the twain, rt as France, as grave as Spain, icy wifer than the reft, is at them both, of both the jeft. the poet's chiming close r'd by all the fons of profe ? : bards of quick imagination fe the fleepy profe narration. augh at apes, they men contemn; hat are we, but apes to them ? o monkies went to Southwark fair; itics had a fourer air : forc'd their way through draggl'd folks, gap'd to catch Jack-pudding's jokes : took their tickets for the flow, jot by chance the foremost row. their grave, observing face,

k'd a laugh through all the place. ther, fays Pug, and turn'd his head, abble's monstrously ill-bred! v through the booth loud hiffes ran; nded till the fhow began. umbler whirls the flip-flap round, fomerfets he fhakes the ground ; ord beneath the dancer fprings; in air the vaulter fwings; ted now, now prone depends, hrough his twifted arms afcends : rowd, in wonder and delight, clapping hands applaud the fight. :h fmiles, quoth Pug, If pranks like thefe iant apes of reafon pleafe, vould they wonder at our arts ! must adore us for our parts. on the twig I've feen you cling, wift, and turn in airy ring : an those clumfy things, like me, th a bound from tree to tree? t, by this applause, we find emulators of our kind n our worth, our parts regard, our mean mimics thus reward. her, the grinning mate replies, I grant that man is wife. good example they purfue, uit allow fome praife is due; ten they firain beyond their guide, 1 to fcorn the mimic pride; w fantastic is the fight, et men always bolt upright, e we fometimes walk on two ! X the imitating crew.

. Fable XLI. The Owl and the Furmer. Owl, of grave deport and mien, Vho (like the Turk) was feldom feen, 1 a barn had chofe his flation, for prey and contemplation.

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Upon a beam aloft he fits, And nods, and feems to think by fits. So have I feen a man of news Or Poft-boy o'er Gazette perufe; Smoke, nod, and talk with voice profound, And fix the fate of Europe round. Sheaves pil'd on fheaves hid all the floor. At dawn of morn, to view his flore, The Farmer came. The hopping gueft His felf-importance thus exprest:

Reafon in man is mere pretence : How weak, how fhallow is his fenfe ! To treat with feorn the Bird of Night, Declares his folly, or his fpite. Then, too, how partial is his praife ! The lark's, the linnet's chirping lays, To his ill-judging ears are fine, And nightingales are all divine. But the more knowing feather'd race See wifdom ftamp'd upon my face, Whene'er to vifit light I deign, What flocks of fowl compofe my train ! Like flaves, they crowd my flight behind, And own me of fuperior kind.

The Farmer laugh'd, and thus reply'd: Thou dull important lump of pride, Dar'ft thou, with that harff grating tongue, Depreciate birds of warbling fong ? Indulge thy fpleen. Know, men and fowl Regard thee as thou art, an Owl. Befides, proud blockhead, be not vain Of what thou call'ft thy flaves and train. Few follow wifdom, or her rules; Fools in derifion follow fools.

§ 177. Fable XI.II. The Jugghrs.

A JUGGLER long through all the town Had rais'd his fortune and renown; You'd think (10 far his art transcends) The devil at his fingers ends

Vice heard his fame, fhe read his bill; Convine'd of his inferior fkill, She fought his booth, and from the crowd Defy'd the man of art aloud:

Is this then he to fam'd for flight? Can this flow bungler cheat your fight? Dares he with me difpute the prize? I leave it to impartial eves.

Provok'd, the Juggler cry'd, 'Tis done; In feience I fubmit to none.

Thus faid, the cups and balls he plav'd; By turns, this here, that there convey'd. The cards, obedient to his words, Are by a fillip turn'd to birds. His little boxes change the grain : Trick after trick deludes the train. He fhakes his bag, he fhews all fair; His fingers forcad, and nothing there; Then bids it rain with fhow'rs of gold : And now his iv'ry eggs are told : But when from thence the hen he dr. ws, Amaz'd fpectators hum applause.

Vice

Vice now flept forth, and took the place With all the forms of his grimace.

This magic looking-glais, the cries, (There, hand it round) will chann your eyes. Each eager eye the fight defir'd, And ev'ry man himfelf admir'd.

Next, to a fenator addreffing, See this bank-note; obferve the bleffing; Breathe on the bill. Heigh, país! 'Tis gone. Upon his lips a padlock fhone. A fecond puff the magic broke : The padlock vanish'd, and he spoke.

Twelve bottles rang'd upon the board, All full, with heady liquor ftor'd, By clean conveyance difappear; And now two bloody (words are there !

A purie fhe to a thief exposid: At once his ready fingers closid, He opes his fift, the treafure's fled;

He fees a halter in its flead. She bids ambition hold a wand ;

He grafpe a hatchet in his hand.

A box of charity the flows : Blow here (and a churchwarden blows); 'Tis vanifh'd with conveyance neat, And on the table finokes a treat.

She fhakes the dice, the board fhe knocks, And from all pockets fills her box.

She next a meagre rake addreft : This picture ice ; her fhape, her breaft ! What youth, and what inviting cycs ! Hold her, and have her. With furprife His hand exposed a box of pills, And a loud laugh proclaim'd his ills.

A counter, in a miler's hand, Grew twenty guineas at command. She bids his heir the fum retain, And 'tis a counter now again. A guinea with her touch, you fee, Takes ev'ry fhape but Charity; And not one thing you faw or drew, But chang'd from what was first in view. The Juggler now, in grief of heart, With this fubmiffion own'd her art : Can I fuch matchlefs flight withftand ! How practice hath improv'd your hand ? But now and then I cheat the throng; You ev'ry day, and all day long.

§ 178. Fable XLIII. The Council of Horfes.

UPON a time, a neighing Steed Who graz'd among a num'rous breed, With muiny had fir'd the train, And fpread differition through the plain. On matters that concern'd the flate The council met, in grand debate. A Colt, whole eye-balls flam'd with ire, Elate with ftrength and youthful fire, In hafte flept forth before the reft, And thus the lift'ning throng addreft :

Good gods ! how abject is our race, Condemn'd to flav'ry and difgrace !

Shall we our fervitude retain, Becaule our fires have borne the chain ? Confider, friends, your ftrength and might ! 'Tis conquest to affert your right. How cumbrous is the gilded coach ! The pride of man is our reproach. Were we defign'd for daily toil, To drag the ploughthare through the foil, To fweat in harnels through the road, To groan beneath the carrier's load ? How feeble are the two-legg'd kind ! What force is in our nerves combin'd I Shall then our nobler jaws fubmit To foam and champ the galling bit ? Shall haughty man my back beftride ? Shall the sharp spur provoke my fide ? Forbid it, Heav'ns ! Reject the rein ; Your shame, your infamy difdain. Let him the Lion first controul, And still the tyger's famish'd growl. Let us, like them, our freedom claim, And make him tremble at our name. A gen'ral nod approv'd the caufe, And all the circle neigh'd applause.

And all the circle neigh a appaule. When lo! with grave and folemn pace, A Steed advanc'd before the race; With age and long experience wife, Around he caft his thoughtful eves; And, to the murmurs of the train, Thus fpoke the Neftor of the plain:

When I had health and ftrength, like you, The toils of fervitude I knew ; Now grateful man rewards my pains, And gives me all these wide domains. At will I crop the year's increase; My latter life is reft and peace. I grant, to man we lend our pains, And aid him to correct the plains : But doth not he divide the care Through all the labours of the year ? How many thouland ftructures rife, To fence us from inclement fkies ! For us he bears the fultry day, And ftores up all our winter's hay. He fows, he reaps the harveft's grain ; We fhare the toil, and thare the gain. Since cv'ry creature was decreed To aid each other's mutual need, Appeale your difeontented mind, And act the part by Heav'n affign'd. The tumult cens'd. The Colt fubritted, And, like his ancestors, was bitted.

§179. Fable XLIV. The Hound and the Huntferer.

IMPERTINENCE at first is borne With heedless flight or finiles of fcorn; Teaz'd into wrath, what patience bears The noify fool who perfeveres ! The morning wakes, the Huntiman founds, At once rush forth the joyful hounds. They feek the wood with cager pace; Through bush, through brier, explore the chace.

'Now,

atter d wide, they try the plain, aff the dewy turf in vain. are, what industry, what pains ! miverfal filence reigns! wood, a Dog of little fame, , pert, and ignorant of game, e difplays his babbling throat; ck, regardless of the note, the fcent; with louder ftrain | perfifts to vex the train. Hundinan to the clamour flies; acking lash he fmartly plies. s all welk'd, with howling tone ippy thus express'd his moan : ow the mulic of my tongue ince the pack with envy flung. will not fpite? These bitter finarts to my fuperior parts. en puppies prate, the Huntfman cry'd, hew both ignorance and pride : nay our fcorn, not envy raife ; vy is a kind of praise. x thy forward noify tongue im'd thee always in the wrong, might'ft have mingl'd with the reft, c'er thy foolish noise confeft : ols, to talking ever prone, re to make their follies known.

5. Fable XLV. The Poet and the Rofe.

TE the man who builds his name ruins of another's fame. prudes, by characters o'erthrown, ne that they raife their own. fcribblers, covetous of praife, . flander can transplant the bays, cs and bards have equal pride; both all rivals are decry'd. praises Lesbia's eyes and feature. call her fifter awkward ereature ; e kind flatt'ry's fure to charm, we fome other nymph difarm, in the cool of carly day t fought the fweets of May, arden's fragrant breath afcends, v'ry stalk with odour bends. fe he pluck'd, he gaz'd, admir'd, finging, as the mufe infpir'd : .ofe, my Chloe's bofom grace ! w happy fhould I prove, : I fupply that envy'd place th never-fading love ! , Phœnix-like, beneath her eye,

v'd in fragrance, burn and die ! ', haplefs flower, that thou fhalt find re fragrant roles there : 'hy with'ring head reclin'd th envy and defpair ! ommon fate we both muft prove; lie with envy, I with love.

re your comparison⁸, reply'd 1gry Rofe, who grew beside. mankind, you should not flout us : 1 can a Poet do without us ? In ev'ry love-fong rofes bloom ; We lend you colour and perfume. Does it to Chloe's charms conduce, To found her praife on our abufe ? Muft we, to flatter her, be made To wither, envy, pine, and fade ?

§ 181. Fable XLVI. The Cur, the Harfe; and the Shepherd's Dog.

THE lad of all fufficient merit, With modefty ne'er damps his fpirit; Prefuming on his own deferts, On all alike his tongue exerts; His noify jokes at random throws, And pertly fpatters friends and foes; In wit and war the bully race Contribute to their own difgrace. Too late the forward youth fhall find That jokes are fometimes paid in kind; Or if they canker in the breaft, He makes a foe who makes a jeft.

A Village-cur, of fnappifh race, The perteft Puppy of the place, Imagin'd that his treble throat Was bleft with mufic's fweeteft note; In the mid road he barking lay, The yelping nuifance of the way; For not a creature pafs'd along, But had a fample of his fong.

Soon as the trotting fleed he hears, He flarts, he cocks his dapper ears; Away he fcow'rs, affaults his hoof; Now near him fnarls, now barks aloof; With fhrill impertinence attends; Nor leaves him till the village ends.

It chanc'd, upon his evil day, A Pad came pacing down the way: The Cur, with never-ceasing tongue, Upon the paling traviler fprung. The Horfe, from fcorn, provok'd to ire. Flung backward : — rolling in the mire, The Puppy howl'd, and bleeding lay :— The Pad in peace purfu'd his way.

A Shepherd's Dog, who faw the deed, Detefting the vexatious breed, Beipoke him thus: When coxcombs prate They kindle wrath, contempt, or hate: Thy teazing tongue had judgment ty'd, Thou hadit not, like a Puppy, dy'd.

§ 182. Fable XLVII. The Court of Death. DEATH, on a folemn night of flate, In all his pomp of terror fate; Th'attendants of his gloomy reign, Difeafes dire, of ghaftly train ! Croud the vaft court. With hollow to ne, A voice thus thunder'd from the throne : This night our minister we name, Let ev'ry fervant speak his claim; Merit fhall bear this ebon wand.--All, at the word, firetch'd forth their hand.

: mroif

Fever, with burning heat posseft, Advanc'd, and for the wand addrest :

I to the weekly bills appeal, Let those express my fervent zeal : On ev'ry slight occasion near, With violence I perfevere.

Next Gout appears, with limping pace, Pleads how he thifts from place to place : From head to foot how fwift he flies, And ev'ry joint and finew plies ; Still working when he feems tuppreft, A most tenacious stubborn guest.

A haggard Spectre from the crew Crawls forth, and thus, afferts his due : 'Tis I who taint the fweeteft joy, And in the fhape of love defiroy : My fhanks, funk eyes, and nofelels face, Prove my pretention to the place.

Stone urg'd his ever-growing force ; And, next, Confumption's meagre corfe, With feeble voice, that fearce was heard, Broke with fhort coughs, his fuit preferr'd: Let none object my ling'ring way, I gain, like Fabius, by delay; Fatigue and weaken ev'ry foe By long attack, fecure, though flow.

Plague reprefents his rapid pow'r, Who thinn'd a nation in an hour.

All fpoke their claim, and hop'd the wand : Now expectation hufh'd the band, When thus the monarch from the throne :

Merit was ever modeft known.

What, no Phylician fpeak his right ! None here ! but fees their toils requite. Let then Intemp'rance take the wand, Who fills with gold their zealous hand. You, Fever, Gout, and all the reft (Whom wary men, as foes, dereft) Forego your claim; no more pretend; Intemp'rance is effeem'd a friend; He fhares their mirth, their foeial joys, And, as a courted gueft, deftroys. Fhe charge on him muft juftly fall, Who finds employment for you all.

§ 183. Fable XLVIII. The Gardener and Hog.

A GARD'NER, of peculiar tafte, On a young Hog his favour plac'd; Who fed not with the common herd; His tray was to the hall preferr'd. He wallow'd underneath the board, Or in his mafter's chamber fnor'd; Who fondly firok'd him ev'ry day, And taught him all the puppy's play. Where'er he went the grunning friend Ne'er fail'd his pleafure to attend.

As on a time the loving pair-Walk'd forth to tend the garden's care,

The Matter thus addrefs'd the Swine : My houfe, my garden, all is thine. On turnips feaft whene'er you pleafe, And riot in my beans and peafe; If the potatoe's taite delights, Or the red carrot's fweet invites, Indulge thy morn and evining hours; But let due care regard my flow'rs; My tulips are my garden's pride: What vaft expence those beds supply'd!

The Hog by chance one morning roam'd, Where with new alc the veffels foam'd: He munches now the fleaming grains; Now with full fwill the liquor drains. Intoxicating fumes arife; He reels, he rolls his winking eyes ! Then flagg'ring, through the garden fcours, And treads down painted ranks of flow'rs. With delving fnout he turns the foil, And cools his palate with the fpoil.

The Mafter came, the ruin fpy'd; Villain, fufpend thy rage, he cry'd; Haft thou, thou moft ungrateful fot, My charge, my only charge forgot? What, all my flow'rs! No more he faid, But gaz'd, and figh'd, and hung his head.

The Hog with ftutt'ring fpeech returns : Explain, Sir, why your anger burns. See there, untouch'd your tulips ftrown; For I devour'd the roots alone.

At this the Gard'ner's paffion grows; From oaths and threats he fell to blows. The flubborn brute the blows fuftains, Affaults his leg, and tears his veins.

Ah ! foolifh fwain, too late you find, That flies were for fuch friends defigned !

Homeward he limps with painful pace, Reflecting thus on paft difgrace : Who cherifhes a brutal mate Shall mourn the folly, foon or late.

§ 184. Fable XLIX. The Man and the Flee,

WHETHER in earth, in air, or main, Sure ev'ry thing alive is vain ' Does not the hawk all fowls furvey. As defin'd only for his prey?

And do not tyrants, prouder things, Think men were born for flaves to kings ? When the crab views the pearly firands,-

Or Tagus, bright with golden fands; Or crawls befide the coral grove, And hears the ocean roll above,— Nature is too profufe, fays he, Who gave all thefe to pleafure me !

When bord'ring pinks and rofes bloom, And ev'ry garden breathes perfume; When peaches glow with funny dyes, Like Laura's check when blufhes rife; When with huge figs the branches bend; When clufters from the vine depend,— The faail looks round on flow'r and tree, And cries, All thefe were made for me!

What dignity's in human nature! Says Man, the most conceited creature, As from a cliff he cast his eyes, And view'd the fea and arched fkies; The fun was funk beneath the main; The moon, and all the ftarry train, Hung the vast vault of heav'n. The Man His contemplation thus began:

When

in I behold this glorious flow. e wide wat'ry world below, ilv people of the main, afts that range the wood or plain, ing'd inhabitants of air, y, the night, the various year, iow all these by Heav'n defign'd s to pleafure human kind. t raife my worth too high; t vaft confequence am I! of th'importance you fuppofe, a Flca upon his nofe : ible, learn thyfelf to fcan; pride was never made for Man. nity that fwells thy mind. icav'n and earth for thee defign'd ! c! made only for our need, ore important Fleas might feed.

Fable L. The Hare and many Friends.

NDSHIP, like love, is but a name, els to one you ftint the flame. ld, who many fathers share, dom known a father's care. s in friendship; who depend v, rarely find a friend. ire, who in a civil way 'd with ev'ry thing, like GAY, own by all the bestial train unt the wood, or graze the plain. : was never to offend ; ry creature was her friend. rth fhe went, at early dawn, the dew-befprinkled lawn, the hears the hunter's cries. m the deep-mouth'd thunder flies : s, fhe ftops, fhe pants for breath; s the near advance of death ; bles to milicad the hound, afures back her mazy round; nting in the public way, id with fear the galping lay. transport in her bosom grew rft the horfe appear'd in view ! e, fays the, your back afcend, c my faiety to a friend. ow my feet betray my flight; dihip ev'ry burthen's light. Iorfe reply'd, Poor honeft Pufs, s my heart to fee thee thus : orted, relief is near ; your friends are in the rear. ext the flately Bull implor'd; is reply'd the mighty lord : 'ry beaft alive can tell incerely with you well vithout offence, pretend the freedom of a friend. Is me hence; a fav'rite cow me near yon barley-mow; en a lady's in the cafe, ow, all other things give place.

To leave you thus might feem unkind; But fee, the Goat is just behind. The Goat remarked her pulle was high, Her languid head, her heavy cyc; My back, fays he, may do you harm; The Sheep's at hand, and wool is warm. The Sheep was feeble, and complain'd His fides a load of wool fustain'd:

Said he was flow, confefs'd his fears; For hounds eat Sheep as well as Hares. She now the trotting Calf addreft, To fave from death a friend diftreft.

Shall I, fays he, of tender age, In this important care engage ? Older and abler pafs'd you by; How firong are thofe ! how weak am I ! Should I prefume to bear you hence, Thofe friends of mine may take offence. Excufe me, then. You know my heart: But deareft friends, alas ! muft part. How fhall we all lament ! Adicu ; For, fee, the hounds are juft in view.

Fables for the Female Sex. MOORE. § 186. Fable I. The Eagle and the Affembly of Birds.

To her Royal Highness the Princess of Wales.

THE moral lay, to beauty due, I write, Fair Excellence, to you; Well pleas'd to hope my vacant hours Have been employ'd to fweeten yours. Truth under fiction I impart, To weed out folly from the heart, And fhew the paths that lead aftray The wand'ring nymph from wifdom's way.

I flatter none. The great and good Are by their actions underflood; Your monument, if actions raile, Shall I deface by idle praife? I echo not the voice of Fame, That divells delighted on your name; Her friendly tale, however true, Were flatt'ry, if I told it you.

The proud, the envious, and the vain, The jilt, the prude, demand my ftrain; To thefe, detefting praife, I write, And vent, in charity, my fpite : With friendly hand I hold the glafs To all, promifcuous as they pais; Should Folly there her likenels view, I fret not that the mirror's true; If the fantaftic form offend, I made it not, but would amend.

Virtue, in ev'ry clime and age, Spurns at the folly-foothing page, While Satire, that offends the car Of Vice and Patfion, pleafes her.

Premifing this, your anger spare, And claim the fable you who dare.

The birds in place, by fictions prefs'd, To Jupiter their pray'rs addrefs'd; H 97

The Pye, to truft and pow'r preferr'd, Demands permittion to be heard. Says he, Prolixity of phrafe You know I hate. This libel fays, "Some birds there are, who, prome to noife, "Are hir'd to filence wildom's voice; "And, fkill'd to chatter out the hour, "Rife by their emptines to pow'r." That this is aim'd direct at me, No doubt you'll readily agree; Yet well this fage affembly knows, By parts to government I rofe; My prudent counfels prop the ftate; Magpies were never known to prate.

The Kite role up. His honeft heart In virtue's fuff'rings bore a part. That there were birds of prey he knew; So far the libelier faid true; "Voracious, bold, to rapine prone, "Who knew no int'reft but their own; "Who, hov'ring o'er the farmer's yard, "Nor pigeon, chick, nor duckling ipar'd." This might be true; but if apply'd To him, in troth the fland'rer ly'd. Since ign'rance then might be mifled, Such things, he thought, were beft unfaid.

The Crow was vex'd. As yefter-morn He flew acrofs the new-fown corn, A fcreaming boy was fet for pay, He knew, to drive the crows away; Scandal had found him out in turn, And buzz'd abroad that crows love corn,

The Owl arole, with folemn face, And thus harangu'd upon the cafe : That magpies prate, it may be true ; A kite may be voracious too; Crows fonctimes deal in new-fown peafe; He likels not who firikes at thefe ; The ilander's here—" But there are birds, " Whofe wildom lies in looks, not words ; " Hund'rers, who level in the dark, " And always fhoot befide the mark." He numes not me; but thefe are hints, Which manifeft at whom he fquints ; I were indeed that blund'ring fowl, To quetion if he meant an owl.

Ye wretches, hence ! the Eagle cries, 'Tis confidence, confidence that applies; The volutions mind takes no alarm, Secur'd by Innocence from harm; While Guilt, and his affociate Fear, Are flarth'd at the paffing air.

§ 187. Fuble 11. The Panther, the Horfe, and other Beaglts.

THE man who feeks to win the fair (So culion fays) mult cruth forbear; Muft fawn and flatter, cringe and lye; And raife the goddeis to the fky : For truth is hateful to her ear; A rudenefs which fhe cannot bear. A rudenefs !! Yes. I fpeak my thoughts; For truth upbraids her with her faults. How wretched, Chloe, then am I, Who love you, and yet cannot lye ! And ftill, to make you lefs my friend, I ftrive your errors to amend ! But fhall the fenfelefs fop impart The fofteft paffion to your heart, While he, who tells you honeft truth, And points to happinefs your youth, Determines, by his care, his lot, And lives neglected and forgot ?

Truft me, my dear, with greater eafe, Your tafte for flatt'ry I could pleafe, And fimilies in each dull line, Like glow-worms, in the dark fhould fhine. What if I fay your lips difclofe The frefhnels of the op'ning rofe ? Or that your cheeks are beds of flow'rs, Enripen'd by refrefhing flow'rs ? Yet certain as thefe flow'rs fhall fade, Time ev'ry beauty thall invade. The butterfly, of various hue, More than the flow'r refembles you; Fair, flutt'ring, fickle, bufy thing, To pleafure ever on the wing ; Gaily coquetting for an hour, To die, and ne'er be thought of more.

Would you the bloom of youth fhould laft? 'Tis virtue that muft bind it faft; An cafy carriage, wholly free From four referve or levity; Good-natur'd mirth, an open heart, And looks unfkill'd in any art; Humility, enough to own The frailties which a friend makes known, And decent pride, enough to know The worth that virtue can beftow.

These are the charms which ne'er decay, Tho' youth and beauty fade away; And time, which all things elfe removes, Still heightens virtue, and improves.

You'll frown, and afk, To what intent This blunt addrefs to you is fent? I'll fpare the queftion, and confefs I'd praife you, if I lov'd you lefs; But rail, be angry, or complain, I will be rude while you are vain.

Beneath a lion's peaceful reign, When beafts met friendly on the plain, A panther of majeftic port, (The vaineft female of the court) With fpotted fkin, and eyes of fire, Fill'd ev'ry bofom with defire. Where'er fhe mov'd, a fervile crowd Of fawning creatures cring'd and bow'd: Affemblies ev'ry week fhe held (Like modern belles) with coxcombs fill'd s Where noife, nontenfe, and grimace, And lyes and frandal fill'd the place.

Behold

ld the gay fantaftic thing, d by the fpacious ring. wing, with important look, in rank, the Monkey spoke: d take me, madam, but I iwcar, igel ever look'd fo fair : ve my rudenefs ; but I vow, were not quite divine till now; : limbs | that fhape ! and then those eyes ! sfe them, or the gazer dies !" Gentle Pug, for goodness hush, id fwear you make me blufh; e angry at this rate ike flatt'ry, which I hate. Fox, in deeper cunning vers'd, uties of her mind rehears'd. k'd of knowledge, tafte, and fenfe, sh the fair have vaft pretence ! I he knew them always vain they strive not to attain ; y'd io cunningly his part, ig was rivall'd in his art. Foat avow'd his am'rous flame, nt-for what he durft not name; 'd a meeting in the wood take his meaning underftood. ry at the bold address, 'n'd; but yet she must confes uties might inflame his blood, his phrafe was fomewhat rude. log her neatnefs much admir'd; nal Afs her fwiftnefs fir'd; Il to feed her folly ftrove, their praifes fhar'd her love, lorfe, whofe gen'rous heart difdain'd ., by fervile flatt'ry gain'd, iceful courage filence broke, s with indignation spoke: flatt'ring monkies fawn and prate. tly raife contempt or hate; t's turn'd to ridicule. ed by the grinning fool. ul Fox your wit commends, you to his felfish ends; : vile flatt'rer turn awa es make friendships to betray. he train of fops and fools, n to live by wifdom's rules; utics might the lion warm, rour folly break the charm ; would court that lovely fhape, ; rival of an ape ? l, and fnorting with difdain, t the crowd, and fought the plain.

able III. The Nightingale and Glowworm.

udent nymph, whole checks difclofe lily and the blufhing rofe, slic view her charms will ferren, ly in the crowd be feen; sle truth fhall keep her wife, weft fruits attract the flies."

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One night, a Glow-worm, proud and vain, Contemplating her glitt'ring train, Cry'd, Sure there never was in nature So elegant, fo fine a creature. All other infects that I fee, The frugal ant, industrious bee, Or filk-worm, with contempt I view; With all that low, mechanic crew, Who fervilely their lives employ In bus'nefs, enemy to joy. Mean, vulgar herd ! ye are my fcorn ; For grandeur only I was born; Or fure am fprung from race divine, And plac'd on earth to live and fhine. Those lights that sparkle so on high, Are but the glow-worms of the fky ; And kings on earth their gems admire,

Becaufe they imitate my fire. She fpoke. Attentive on a fpray, A Nightingale forbore his lay; He faw the fhining morfel near, And flew, directed by the glare; A while he gaz'd with fober look, And thus the trembling new beforke

And thus the trembling prey befpoke: Deluded fool, with pride elate, Know, 'tis thy beauty brings thy fate : Lefs dazzling, long thou might'ft have lain Unheeded on the velvet plain : Pride, foon or late, degraded mourns, And Beauty wrecks whom fhe adorns.

§ 189. Fable IV. Hymen and Death. SIXTEEN, d'ye fay? Nay then 'tis time, Another year deftroys your prime. But flay—the fettlement !—" That's made." Why then's my finple girl afraid ? Yet hold a moment, if you can, And heedfully the fable fcan.

The fhades were fled, the morning blufh'd, The winds were in their caverns hufh'd, When Hymen, penfive and fedate, Held o'er the fields his mufing gait. Behind him, through the green-wood fhade, Death's meagre form the god furvey'd; Who quickly, with gigantic firide, Out-went his pace, and join'd his fide. The chat on various fubjects ran, Till angry Hymen thus began :

Relentlefs Death, whofe iron fivay Mortal reluctant muft obey, Still of thy pow'r fhall I complain, And thy too partial hand arraign ? When Cupid brings a pair of hearts, All over ftruck with equal darts, Thy cruel fhafts my hopes deride, And cut the knot that Hymen ty'd.

Shall not the bloody and the bold, The mifer, hoarding up his gold, The harlot, recking from the flew, Alone thy fell revenge purfue? But muft the gentle and the kind Thy fury, undiffinguifh'd, find? The monarch calmly thus reply'd,

Weigh well the cause, and then decide.

That

I.

That friend f yours you lately nam'd, Cupid alone is to be blam'd; Then let the charge be juftly laid: That idle boy neglects his trade; And hardly once in twenty years A couple to your temple bears. The wretches, whom your office blends, Sileaus now, or Plutus fends; Hence c..., and bitterne's, and firife, Are common to the nuptial life.

Believe me; more than all mankind Your votries my compation find. Yet cruel and I callid, and bafe. Who field the wretched to release, The captive from his bonds to free, Indiffoluble but for me.

Tis I entice him to the yoke; By me your crowded altars finoke: For mortals boldly dare the noofe, Secure that Death will fet them loofe.

§ 190. Fable V. The Poet and his Patres. WHY, Caelia, is your foreading waift So loofe, fo negligently lac'd? Why muft the wrapping bed-gown hide Your fnowy bolom's fwelling pride? How ill that drets alorns your head, Diftain'd, and rumpl'd from the bed ! Those clouds that finade your blooming face, A little water might difplace, As Nature ev'ry morn beftows The cryftal dev to cleante the rofe. Those traces, as the raven black; That wav'd in ringlets down your back, Uncomb'd, and injur'd by neglect, Deftroy the face which once they deck't.

Whence this forgetfulnefs of drefs? Pray, Madam, are you marry'd?—Yes. Nay, then indeed the wonder ceafes, No matter now how loofe your drefs is; The end is won, your fortune's made; Your fifter now may take the trade.

Alas! what pity 'tis to find This fault in half the female kind! From hence proceed averfion, firife, And all that four, the wedded life. Betuty can only point the dart, 'Tis nearnefs guides it to the heart; Let nearnefs then and beauty firive To keep a wayring flame alive.

'Tis harder far (:ou'll find it true) To keep the conqueit than fubdue; Admit as once behind the tereen, What is there farther to be feen? A newer face may raite the flame; But ev'ry woman is the fame.

Then fludy chiefly to improve The charm that fix'd your hulband's love. Weigh well his humour. Was it drefs That gave your beauty pow'r to blefs? Purfue it find; be neater fleen; 'Tis always frugal to be clean; So thall you keep alive defate. And time's fwift wing fhall fan the fire. In garret high (as ftories fay) A Poet fung his tuneful lay; So foft, fo finooth his verfe, you'd fwear Apollo and the Mufes there: Thro' all the town his praifes rung; His fonnets at the playhoufe fung; High waving o'er his lab'ring head, The goddefs Want her pinions foread, And with poetic fury fir'd What Pheebus faintly had infpir'd.

A noble youth of taffe and wit, Approv'd the forightly things he writ, And fought him in his cobweb dome, Difcharg'd his rent, and brought him home.

Behold him at the flately board, Who but the Poet and my Lord! Each day delicioufly he dines, And, greedy, quaffs the gen'rous wince; His fides were plump, his fkin was fleek, And plenty wanton'd on his cheek; Aftonifh'd at the change io new, Away th'infpiring goddefs flew.

Now, dropt for politics and news, Neglected lay the drooping mule, Unmindful whence his fortune came, He tiil'd the poetic flame; Nor tale, nor fonnet, for my lady; Lampoon nor epigram was ready.

With just contempt his Patron faw (Refolv'd his bounty to withdraw) And thus, with anger in his look, The late-repenting fool befpoke :

Blind to the good that courts thee grown, Whence as the fun of favour fhone ? Delighted with thy tuneful art, Effect was growing in my heart; But idly thou reject'ft the charm That gave it birth, and kept it warm. Unthinking fools alone defpife

The arts that taught them first to rise.

§ 191. Fable VI The Wolf, the Sheep, and the Lamb.

DUTY demands, the parent's voice Should fanctify the daughter's choice ; In that is due obedience flown ; To choose belongs to her alone.

May horror feize this midnight hour, Who builds upon a parent's pow'r, And claims, by purchafe vilé and bafe, The loathing maid for his embrace; Hence virtue fickens; and the breaft, Where peace had built her downy neft, Becomes the troubl'd feat of care, And pines with anguith and defpair.

A Wolf, rapacious, rough, and bold, Whofe nightly plunders thinn'd the fold, Contemplating his ill-fpent life, And cloy'd with theffs, would take a wife. His purpofe known, the favage race, Iu num'rous crowds attend the place; For why, a mighty Wolf he was, And held cominion in his jawa.

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av'rite whelp each mother brought, humbly his alliance fought; old by age, or elfe too nice, found acceptance in his eyes. appen'd as at early dawn litary crofs d the lawn, d from the fold, a sportive Lamb wanton by her fleecy Dam; "Cupid, foe to man and beaft, arg'd an arrow at his breaft. s tim'rous breed the robber knew. rembling o'er the meadow flew; nimblest speed the Wolf o'ertook, courteous, thus the Dam bespoke : faireft, and suspend your fear, me, no enemy is near; jaws, in flaughter oft imbu'd, igth have known enough of blood ; under bus'nefs brings me now, lish'd, at beauty's feet to bow. ave a daughter-Sweet, forgive olf's addreis-In her I live ; rom her eyes like light'ning came, it my marrow all on flame; ur confent confirm my choice, stify our nuptial joys. ample wealth and pow'r attend, o'er the plains my realms extend ; midnight robber dare invade ild, if I the guard am made ? ne the fhepherd's cur may fleep, I fecure his mafter's theep. rfe like this attention claim'd sur the mother's breaft inflam'd; :arlefs by his fide fhe walk'd; lements and jointures talk'd; 'd, and doubl'd her demands "ry fields and turnip-lands. /olf agrees. Her bolom fwells ; is her happy fate the tells ; f the grand alliance vain. ins her kindred of the plain. loathing Lamb with horror hears, earies out her Dam with pray'rs; in vain; mamma best knew anexperienc'd girls flould do. te neighb'ring meadow carry'd, al afs the couple marry'd. i from the tyrant-mother's fide, mbler goes, a victim-bride; int meets the rude embrace, eats among the howling race. iorror oft her eyes behold irder'd kindred of the fold; w a fifter-lamb is ferv'd, the glutton's table carv'd ; afhing bones he grinds for food, kcs his thirst with streaming blood. , who the crucl mind detefts, lges but in gentle brealts, w no more. Enjoyment past, rage hunger'd for the feaft; we find in human race, conceals the villain's face)

Juffice must authorise the treat; Till then he long'd, but durft not eat. As forth he walk'd in queft of prey, The hunters met him on the way Fear wings his flight; the marsh he fought; The fnuffing dogs are fet at fault. His ftomach baulk'd, now hunger gnaws, Howling he grinds his enipsy jaws : Food must be had, and Lamb is nigh ; His maw invokes the fraudful lys Is this (diffembling rage, he cry'd) The gentle virtue of a bride ? That leagu'd with man's deftroying race, She fets har hufband for the chace ? By treach'ry prompts the noify hound To feent his footfteps on the ground ? Thou trait'refs vile ! for this thy blood Shall glut my rage and dye the wood 1 So faying, on the Lamb he flies :

Bencath his jaws the victim dies.

§ 192. Fable VII. The Goofe and the Swans, HATE the fate, however fair, That carries an affected air ; The luping tone, the shape constrain'd, The fludy'd look, the paffion feign'd, Are fopperies, which only tend To injure what they ftrive to mend. With what fuperior grace enchants The face which nature's pencil paints ! Where eyes, unexercis'd in art, Glow with the meaning of the heart ! Where freedom and good-humour fit, And eafy gaicty and wit ! Though perfect beauty be not there, The matter lines, the finish'd air, We catch from every look delight, And grow enamour'd at the fight : For beauty, though we all approve, Excites our wonder more than love, While the agreeable strikes fure,

And gives the wounds we cannot cure. Why then, my Amoret, that care, That forms you, in effect, lefs fair ? If nature on your check befrows A bloom that emulates the role, Or from fome heav'nly image drew A for..., Apelles never knew, Your ill-judg'd aid will you impart, And tpoil by merctricious art ! Or had you, nature's error, come Abortive from the mother's womb, Your forming care the full rejects, Which only heightens her defects. When fach, of glitt'ring jewels proud, Still prefs the forement in the crowd, At eviry public flow are feen, With look awry, and awky and mien, The gaudy dress attracts the eye, And magnifies deformity.

Nature may underdo her part, But feldom wants the help of art ; Truft her, the is your furch friend, Nor made your form for you to mend. H 3

A Gooie,

A Goofe, affected, empty, vain, The finitient of the cackling train, With proud and elevated creft, Precedence claim'd above the reft.

Savs the, I laugh at human race, Who fay geefe hobble in their pace; Look here !---the fland'rous lyc detect; Not haughty man is to erect. That peacock yonder ! lord, how vain The creature's of his gaudy train ! If both were ftript, I'd pawn my word A goofe would be the finer bird. Nature, to hide her own defects, Her bungled work with finery decks; Were geefe fet off with half that fhow, Would men admire the peacock ? No.

Thus vaunting, crofs the mead fhe ftalks, The cackling breed attend her walks; The fun fhot down his noon-tide beams, The Swans were fporting in the ftreams; Their fnowy plumes and ftately pride Provok'd her fpleen. Why there, fhe cry'd, Again what arrogance we ice !----Thofc creatures ! how they mimic me ! Shall ev'ry fowl the waters fkim, Becaufe we geefe are known to fwim ! Humility they foon fhall learn, And their own emptinefs difern.

So faying, with extended wings, Lightly upon the wave fhe fprings; Her bofom fwells, fhe fpreads her plumes, And the fwan's fately creft affumes. Contempt and mockery enfu'd, And burfts of laughter fhook the flood.

A Swan, fuperior to the reft, Sprung forth, and thus the fool addreft : Conceited thing, clate with pride 1 Thy affectation all deride : Thefe airs thy awkwardnefs impart, And fhew thee plainly as thou art. Among thy equals of the flock Thou hadit efcap'd the public mock, And as thy parts to good conduce, Been deem'd an honeft hobbling goofe.

Learn hence to ftudy wifdom's rules; Know, foppery's the pride of fools; And, ftriving nature to conceal, You only her defects reveal.

§ 193. Fable VIII. The Lawyer and Jufice. L OVE ! thou divineft good below ! Thy pure delights few mortals know; Our rebel hearts thy fivay difown, While tyrant luft ufurps thy throne. The bountrous God of nature made The foxes for each other's aid, Their mutual talents to employ, To leffen ills, and heighten joy. To weaker woman he affign'd That foft'ning gentlenefs of mind, That can, by fyinpathy, impart Its likenefs to the roughett heart. Her eyes with magic pow'r endu'd, To fire the dull, and awe the rude.

His rofy fingers on her face Shed lavish ev'ry blooming grace, And stamp'd (perfection to display) His mildest image on her clay.

Man, active, refolute, and bold, He fathion'd in a diff'rent mould; With ufeful arts his mind inform'd, His breaft with nobler patfions warm'd; He gave him knowledge, tafte, and fenfe, And courage, for the fair's defence. Her frame, refiftlefs to each wrong, Demands protection from the ftrong; To man the flies when fear alarms, And claims the temple of his arms.

By nature's Author thus declar'd The woman's fov'reign and her guard, Shall man, by treach'rous wiles invade The weaknefs he was meant to aid ? While beauty, given to infpire Protecting love, and foft defire, Lights up a wild-fire in the heart, And to its own breaft points the dart, Becomes the fpoiler's bafe pretence To triumph over innocence.

The wolf, that tears the tim'rous fheep, Was never fet the fold to keep; Nor was the tyger, or the pard, Meant the benighted trav'ller's guard; But man, the wildeft beaft of prcy, Wears friend/hip's femblance to betray; His firength againft the weak employs; And, where he fhould protect, deftroys.

Paft twelve o'clock, the watchman cry'd, His brief the fludious Lawyer ply'd; The all-prevailing fee lay nigh, The earneft of to-morrow's lyc. Sudden the furious winds arife, The jarring cafement flatter'd flics; The doors admit a hollow found, And rattling from their hinges bound; When Juffice, in a blaze of light, Revcal'd her radiant form to fight.

The wretch with thrilling horror fhock ; Loofe every joint, and pale his look ; Not having feen her in the courts, Or found her mention'd in reports, He afk'd, with fault'ring tongue, her name, Her errand there, and whence the came ? Sternly the white-rob'd Shade reply'd (A crimfon glow her vifage dy'd) Canft thou be doubtful who I am ? Is Juffice grown fo ftrange a name ? Were not your courts for Juffice rais'd ? 'Twas there, of old, my altars blaz'd. My guardian thee I did elect, My facred temple to protect, That thou and all thy venal tribe Should fpurn the goddefs for the bribe. Aloud the ruin'd client cries, Juffice has neither cars nor eyes ; In foul alliance with the bar, 'Gainst me the judge denounces war; And rarchy iffues his decree, But with intent to baffle me.

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paus'd. Her breaft with fury burn'd; mbling Lawyer thus return'd : n, the charge is juilly laid, eak th'excule that can be made; rch the fpacious globe, and fee ankind are not like me. gown-man, skill'd in Romish lycs, h's false glass deludes our eyes ; nfcience rides without controul, bs the man, to fave his foul. doctor, with important fice, defign miltakes the cafe ; bes, and fpins out the difeafe. k the parient of his fees. foldier, rough with many a fcar, d with flaughter, leads the war; nation's truft betray, e has offer'd double pay in vice o'er all mankind prevails, eighty int'reft turns the feales, be better than the reft, irbour Juffice in my breaft ? fide only take the fee, t with poverty and thee ? u blind to fenfe, and vile of mind, .sperated Shade rejoin'd, e from the world is flown, thers faults excuse thy own ? cly fouls the prieft was made; ans for the body's aid ; Idier guarded liberty; voman, and the lawyer me. re faithlefs to their truft, eave not thee the lefs unjuft. orth your pleadings I difclaim, ir the fanction of my name; your courts it shall be read, uffice from the law is fled. poke; and hid in shades her face, ardwicke footh'd her into grace.

Fable IX. The Farmer, the Spaniel, and the Cat.

Y knits my dear her angry brow? What rude offence alarms you now ? hat Delia's fair, 'tis true; | I fay the equall'd you ! another's face commend, ter virtues be a friend, tantly your forehead lours, cr merit leffen'd your's ? emale envy never free ; ift be blind becaufe you fee. cy the gardens, fields, and bow'rs, ids, the bloffoms, and the flow'rs, ell me where the woodbine grows ies in fweetnefs with the role; ere the lilv's fnowy white, hrows fuch beauties on the fight ? ly is it to declare, nese are neither sweet nor fair. ystal shines with fainter rays the di'mond's brighter blaze;

And fops will fay, the di'mond dies Before the luftre of your eyes : But I, who deal in truth, deny That neither fhine when you are by.

When zephyrs o'er the bloffoms ftray, And fweets along the air convey, Sha'n't I the fragrant breeze inhale, Becaufe you breathe a fweeter gale ?

Sweet is the fineli the bloffoms yield; Sweet is the fineli the bloffoms yield; Sweet is the fummer gale that blows; And fweet, tho' fweeter you, the role. Shall envy then torment your breaft, If you are lovelier than the reft? For while I give to each her due, By praifing them I flatter you; And praifing moft, I flill declare You fourth where the reft are fair

You faireft, where the reft are fair. As at his board a Farmer fate, Replenifh'd by his homely treat, His fav'rite Spaniel near him flood, And with his mafter fhar'd the food; The crackling bones his jaws devour'd, His lapping tongue the trenchers fcour'd; Till, fated now, fupine he lay, And fnor'd the rifung fumes away.

The hungry Cat, in turn, drew near, And humbly crav'd a fervant's fhare; Her modeft worth the mafter knew, And ftraight the fatt'ning morfel threw : Enrag'd, the fnarling Cur awoke, And thus, with fpateful envy, fpoke :

They only claim a right to eat, Who carn by fervices their meat; Me, zcal and industry inflame To fcour the fields, and fpring the game ; Or, plunged in the wint'ry wave, For man the wounded bird to fave. With watchful diligence I keep From prowling wolves his firecy theep; At home his midnight hours tecure, And drive the robber from the door ; For this his breaft with kindnefs glows; For this, his hand the food beftows; And fhall thy indolence impart A warmer friendthip to his heart, That thus he robs me of my due, To pamper fuch vile things as you ?

I own (with meekneis, Puls reply'd) Superior merit on your fide; Nor does my breaft with envy fwell, To find it recompens'd to well; Yet I, in what my nature can, Contribute to the good of man. Whofe claws deftroy the pilf 'ring moufe ? Who drives the vermin from the houfe ? Or, watchful for the lab'ring iwain, From lurking rats {ecures the grain ? From hence, if he rewards beftow, Why fhould your heart with gall o'erflow ? Why pine my happiness to fee, Since there's enough for you and me ? Thy words are just, the Farmer cry'd; And fourn'd the fnarler from his fide.

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Fable

And burns with ardour, to inherit The gifts and workings of the fpirit. If learning crack her giddy brains, No remedy but death remains. Sum up the various ills of life, And all are fweet to fuch a wife. At home fuperior wit fhe vaunts, And twits her hufband with his wants ; Her ragged offspring all around, Like pigs, are wallowing on the ground ; Impatient ever of controul, She knows no order but of foul; With books her litter'd floor is fpread, Of namelefs authors, never read; Foul linen, petticoats, and lace, Fill up the intermediate fpace. Abroad, at visitings, her tongue Is never still, and always wrong ; All meanings the defines away

And ftands with truth and fenfe at bay. If e'er the meets a gentle heart, Skill'd in the houfewife's ofeful art, Who makes her family her care, And builds contentment's temple there, She ftarts at fuch miftakes in nature, And cries, Lord help us !--- what a creature ! Meliffa, if the moral firike,

You'll find the fable not unlike.

An Owl, puff'd up with felf-conceit, Lov'd learning better than his meat; Old manufcripts he treafur'd up, And runmag'd every grocer's fhop; At paftry-cooks was known to ply, And ftrip for foience every pyc. For modern poetry and wit, He had read all that Blackmore writ: So intimate with Curl was grown, His learned treafures were his own; To all his author's had accefs, And fornetimes would correct the prefs. In logic he acquir'd fuch knowledge, You'd fwear him fellow of a college;

Alike to every art and feience, His daring genius bid defiance, And fwallow'd wifdom with that hafte That cits do cuffards at a feaft.

Within the fliciter of a wood, One evaning, as he mufing flood, Hard by, upon a leafy ipray, A Nightingale began his lay. Sudden he flarts, with anger flung, And fcreeching, interrupts the fong :

Pert, bufy thing, thy airs give o'cr, And let my contemplation foar. What is the mufic of thy voice, But jarring diffonance and noife? Be wife. True harmony thou'lt find Not in the throat, but in the mind; By empty chirping not attain'd, But by laborious fludy gain'd. Go, read the author's Pope explodes; Fathom the depth of Cibber's Odes; With modern plays improve thy wit; Read all the learning Henley writ;

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And if thou needs muft fing, fing then, And emulate the ways of men; So shalt thou grow, like me, refin'd, And bring improvement to thy kind. Thou wretch, the little Warbler cry'd, Made up of ignorance and pride, Ask all the birds, and they'll declare, A greater blockhead wings not air. Read o'er thyfelf, thy talents fcan ; Science was only meant for man. No fenfelefs authors me moieft, I mind the duties of my neft; With careful wing protect iny young, And cheer their evinings with a fong; Make fort the wear v trav'ller's way, And warble in the poet's lay.

Thus, following nature and her laws, From men and birds I claim applaufe; While, nurs'd in pedantry and floth, An Owl is fcorn'd alike by both.

§ 199. Fuble XIV. The Sparrow and the Dove

I T was, as learn'd traditions fay, Upon an April's blitheforme day, When pleature, ever on the wing, Return'd, companion of the fpring, And cheer'd the birds with am'rous heat, Inftructing little hearts to beat; A Sparrow, frolic, gay, and young, Of bold addrefs, and flippant tongue, Juft left his lady of a night, Like him to follow new delight.

The youth, of many a conquest vain, Flew off to feck the chirping train ; The chirping train he quickly found, And with a faucy cafe bow'd round. For ev'ry the his bofom burns. And this and that he woos by turns ; And here a figh, and there a bill ; And here- those eyes, so form'd to kill ! And now, with ready tongue, he ftrings Unmeaning, foft, reliftlefs things With vows, and dem-me's skill'd to woo, As other pretty fellows do. Not that he thought this fhort effay A prologue needful to his play No, truft me, fays our learned letter. He knew the virtuous fex much better ; But these he held as specious arts, To thew his own fuperior parts, The form of decency to thield, And give a just pretence to yield.

Thus finishing his courtly play, He mark'd the fav'rite of a day; With careles impudence drew near, And whisper'd Hebrew in her car; A hint, which like the mason's fign, The confeious can alone divine.

The flutt'ring nymph, expert at feigning, Cry'd, Sir !---pray Sir, explain your meaning---Go prate to thole that may endure ye ----To me this rudenets !----I'll affure ye !----

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Book I.

Then off the glided, like a fwallow As faying - you guels where to follow. To fuch as know the party fet, 'Tis needlefs to declare they met ; The parfon's barn, as authors mention, Confels'd the fair had apprehension. Her honour there fecure from ftain, She held all farther trifling vain ; No more affected to be coy, But rush'd licentious on the joy. Hift, Love !- the male companion cry'd, Retire a while; I fear we're fpy'd. Nor was the caution vain ; he faw A Turtle ruftling in the ftraw, While o'er her callow brood fhe hung, And fondly thus addrefs'd her young :

Ye tender objects of my care! Peace, peace, ye little helplefs pair; Anon he comes, your gentle fire, And brings you all your hearts require. For us, his infants and his bride, For us, with only love to guide, Our lord affumes an eagle's fpeed, And, like a lion, dares to l leed. Nor yet by wint'ry fkies confin'd, He mounts upon the rudeft wind, From danger tears the vital spoil, And with affection fweetens toil. Ah ceafe, too vent'rous ! ceafe to dare ; In thine, our dearer fafety fpare ! From him, ye cruel falcons, ftray, And turn, ye fowlers, far away ! Should I furvive to fee the day

Should I furvive to fee the day That tears me from myfelf away, That cancels all that Heav'n could give, The life by which alone I live, Alas, how more than loft were I, Who in the thought already die !

Ye Pow'rs, whom men and birds obey, Great rulers of your creatures, fay, Why mourning comes, by bli's convey'd, And ev'n the fweets of love allay'd? Where grows enjoyment, tall and fair, Around it twines entangling care; While fear for what our fouls poffers Enervates ev'ry pow'r to blefs; Yet friendfhip forms the blifs above; And, life! what art thou without love?

Our hero, who had heard apart, Felt fomething moving in his heart; But quickly, with difdain fuppreft The virtue rifing in his breaft; And firft he feign'd to laugh aloud; And next, approaching, fimil'd and bow'd: Madam you muft not think me rude;

Thou pretty ignorance ! thy will Is meafur'd to thy want of fkill ; That good old-fashion'd dame, thy mother. Has taught thy infant years no other — The greatest ill in the creation Is fure the want of education.

But think ye — tell me without feigning, Have all these charms no farther meaning? Dame nature, if you don't forget her, Might teach your ladyship much better. For shame, reject this mean employment; Enter the world, and taste enjoyment; Where time by circling blifs we measure : Beauty was form'd alone for pleasure; Come, prove the bleffing, follow me, Be wise, be happy, and be free. Kind Sir, reply'd our matron chafte,

Your zeal feems pretty much in hafte; I own, the fondnefs to be bleft Is a deep thirft in every breaft; Of bleftings too I have my ftore, Yet quartel not, fhould Heav'n give more; Then prove the change to be expedient, And think mc, Sir, your most obedient.

Here turning, as to one inferior, Our gallant fpoke, and finil'd fuperior. Methinks, to quit your boafted station Requires a world of hefitation; Where brats and bonds are held a bleffing, The cafe I doubt is past redressing. Why, child, fuppofe the joys I mention Were the mere fruits of my invention. You've caufe fufficient for your carriage. In flying from the curfe of marriage ; That fly decoy, with vary'd fnares, That takes your widgeons in by pairs; Alike to hufband and to wife, The cure of love and bane of life; The only method of forecasting To make misfortune firm and lafting : The fin, by Heav'n's peculiar fentence, Unpardon'd, through a life's repentance. It is the double fnake that weds A common tail to different heads, That leads the carcale ftill aftray, By dragging each a diff'rent way. Of all the ills that may attend me, From marriage, mighty gods, defend me!

Give me frank nature's wild demefne, And boundlefs tract of air ferene, Where fancy, ever wing'd for chango, Delights to fport, delights to range; There, Liberty ' to thee is owing Whate'er of blifs is worth beftowing; Delights ftill vary'd, and divine, Sweet goddefs of the hills ! are thine.

What fay you now, you pretty pink, you ? Have I for once fpoke reafon, think you ? You take me now for no romancer — Come, never fludy for an anfwer; Away, caft ev'ry care behind ye, And fly where joy alone fhall find ye.

Soft yet, return'd our female fencer, A queftion more, or fo — and then, Sir. You've rally'd me with fenfe exceeding, With much fine wit, and better breeding;

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But pray, Sir, how do you contrive it ? Do thole of your world never wive it ? "No, no." How then ? "Why, dare I tell ? "What does the bus'nefs full as well." Do you ne'er love ? "An hour at leifure." Have you no friendfhips ? "Yes, for pleafure." No care for little ones ? "We get 'em." "The reft the mothers mind— and let 'em."

Thou wretch, rejoin'd the kindling Dove, Quite loft to life as loft to love ! Whene'er misfortune comes, how juft ! And come misfortune furely muft; In the dread featon of difinay, In that, your hour of trial, fay, Who then fhall prop your funking heart ? Who bear affliction's weightier part ?

Say, when the black-brow'd welkin bends. And winter's gloomy form impends, To mourning turns all transient cheer, And blafts the melancholy year; For times at no perfusion flay, Nor vice can find perpetual May; Then where's that tongue, by folly fed, That foul of pertnels whither fled ? All thrunk within thy lonely neft, Forlorn, abandon'd, and unbleft ! No friends, by cordial bonds ally'd, Shall feek thy cold, unfocial fide ; No chirping prattlers to delight, Shall turn the long enduring night; No bride her words of balm impart, And warm thee at her conftant heart.

Freedom, reftrain'd by reafon's force, Is as the fun's unvarying courfe, Benignly active, fweetly bright, Affording warmth, affording light; But torn from virtue's facred rules, Becomes a comet, gaz'd by fools, Foreboding cares, and ftorms, and ftrife, And fraught with all the plagues of life.

Thou fool ! by union ev'ry creature Subiuts, through univerfal nature; And this, to beings void of mind, Is wedlock of a meaner kind.

While womb'd in fpace, primæval clay, A yet unfafhion'd embryo lay, The Source of endlefs good, above, Shot down his fpark of kindling love; Touch'd'by the all-enliv'ning flame, Then motion firft exulting came; Each atom fought its fep'rate clafs Throught many a fair, enamour'd mafs; Love caft the central charm around, And with eternal nuptials bound. Then form and order o'er the fky Firft train'd their bridal pomp on high; The fun difplay'd his orb to fight, And burnt with hymeneal light.

Hence nature's virgin-womb conceiv'd, And with the genial burden heav'd ! Forth came the oak, her first born beir, And feal'd the breathing fleep of 'air ; Then infant stems, of various use, Lubib'd ther fost maternal juice ; The flow'rs, in early bloom difelos'd, Upon her fragrant breaft repos'd; Within her warm embraces grew A race of endle's form, and hue; Then pour'd her leffer offspring round, And fondly cloath'd their parent ground, Nor here alone the virtue reign'd, By matter's cumb'ring form detain'd; But thence, fubliming and refin'd, Afpir'd, and reach'd its kindred mind. Caught in the fond celetital fire, The mind perceiv'd unknow a defire; And now with kind effufion flow'd,

And now with cordial ardour glow'd, Beheld the fympathetic fair, And lov'd its own refemblance there ; On all with circling radiance fhone, But cent'ring, fix'd on one alone ; There clafp'd the heav'n-appointed wife, And doubled ev'ry joy of life.

Here ever bleffing, ever bleft, Refides this beauty of the breaft, As from his palace, here the god Still beams effulgent blifs abroad; Here gems his own eternal round, The ring by which the world is bound; Here bids his feat of empire grow, And builds his little heav'n below.

The bin al partners thus ally'd, And thus in fweet accordance ty'd, One body, heart, and fpirit live, Enrich'd by ev'ry joy they give; Like echo, from her vocal hold, Return'd in music twenty-fold. Their union, firm and undecay'd, Nor time can shake, nor pow'r invade, But as the stem and scion stand; Ingrafted by a fkilful hand, They check the tempeft's wint'ry rage, And bloom and ftrengthen into age. A thousand amities unknown, And pow'rs, perceiv'd by love alone, Endearing looks and chafte defire Fan and support the mutual fire, Whole flaine, perpetual as refin'd, Is fed by an immortal mind. Nor yet the nuptial fanction ends ; Like Nile it opens, and defcends, Which, by apparent windings led, We trace to its celeftial head. The fire, first springing from above, Becomes the fource of life and love, And gives his filial heir to flow In fondness down on fons below : Thus roll'd in one continu'd tide, To time's extremeft verge they glide, While kindred fireams, on either hand, Branch forth in bleffings o'er the land.

Thee, wretch ! no lifping babe fhall name; No late-returning brother claim ; No kinfman on thy road rejoice ; No fifter greet thy ent'ring voice ; With partial eyes no parents fee, And blefs their years reftor'd in thee. In age rejected, or declin'd, An alien, ev'n among thy kind; The partner of thy fcorn'd embrace Shall play the wanton in thy face; Each fpark unplume thy little pride; All friendfhip fly thy faithlefs fide. Thy name thall like thy carcafe rot, In ficknefs fpurn'd, in death forgot.

All-giving Pow'r! great Source of life 1 O hear the parent! hear the wife ! That life thou lendeft from above, Though little, make it large in love; O bid my feeling heart expand To ev'ry claim on ev'ry hand; To thole from whom my days I drew To thefe, in whom those days renew; To all my kin, however wide, In cordial warmth as blood ally'd; To friends, with freely fetters twin'd; And to the cruch act unkind!

But chief, the lord of my defire, My life, myfelf, my foul, my fire, Friends, children, all that wish can claim, Chafte pailion claip, and rapture name; O fpare him, spare him, gracious Pow'r l O give him to my lateft hour ! Let me my length of life employ To give my foul-enjoyment joy. His love, let mutual love excite, Turn all my cares to his delight, And ev'ry needlefs bleffing fpare, Wherein my darling wants a share. When he with graceful action wcos, And fweetly bills, and fondly coos, Ah, deck me, to his eyes alone, With charms attractive as his own ; And in my circling wings carefs'd, Give all the lover to my breaft. Then in our chafte connubial bed, My bofom pillow'd for his head, His eyes with blifsful flumbers clofe, And watch, with me, my lord's repose ; Your peace around his temples twine ; And love him with a love like mine.

And, for I know his gen'rous flame, Beyond whate'er my fex can claim, Me too to your protection take, And fpare me for my hufband's fake. Let one unruffled calm delight The loving and belov'd unite; One pure defire our bofoms warm, One will direct, one with inform; Through life, one mutual aid fuftain; In death, one peaceful grave contain.

While, fivelling with the darling theme, Her accents poin'd an endlefs fiream, The well-known wings a found impart, That reach'd her ear, and touch'd her heart; Quick dropp'd the mufic of her tongue, And forth, with cager joy, the fprung. As fivift her ent'ring confort flew, And plum'd and kindled at the view; Their wings, their fouls, embracing meet, Their hearts with anfivering meature beat; Half loft in facred fweets, and blefs'd With raptures felt, but ne'er express'd. Straight to her humble roof the led The partner of her spotless bed ; Her young, a flutt'ring pair, arife, Their welcome fparkling in their eyes; Transported, to their fire they bound, And hang with speechlets action round. In pleafure wrapt, the parents stand, And fee their little wings expand ; The fire, his life-fuftaining prize To each expecting bill applies, There fondly pours the wheaten fpoil, With transport giv'n, tho' won with toil; While, all collected at the fight. And filent through fupreme delight, The Fair high heav'n of blifs beguiles, And on her lord and infants fmiles.

The Sparrow, whole attention hung Upon the Dove's enchanting tongue, Of all his little flights difarm'd, And from himfelf, by virtue, charm'd, When now he faw, what only feem'd A fact fo late, a fable deem'd, His foul to envy he refign'd, His hours of folly to the wind ; In fecret with a turtle too, And, fighing to himfelf, withdrew.

§ 200. Fable XV. The Female Seducers.

"T IS faid of widow, maid, and wife, That honor is a woman's life; Unhappy fcx ! who only claim A being in the breath of fame; Which tainted, not the quick'ning gales That fweep Sabæa's fpicy vales, Nor all the healing iveets reflore, That breathe along Arabia's fhore.

The traviller, if he chance to firay, May turn uncenfur'd to his way; Polluted fireams again are pure, And deepeft wounds admit a cure; But woman ! no redempt on knows; The wounds of honor never close.

The' diffant ev'ry hand to guide. Nor fkill'd on life's tempefuons tide, If once her feeble bark recede,' Or deviate from the courfe decreed, In vain the tecks the friendlets fhore, Her fwifter folly flies before; The circling ports againft her.clofe, And fhut the wand'rer from report; Till, by conflicting waves oppreft, Her found'ring pinnace finks to reft.

Are there no offrings to atone For but a fingle error ? — None. Tho' woman is avow'd, of old, No daughter of celeftial mould, Her temp'ring not without allay. And form'd but of the finer clay, We challenge from the mortal dame The firength angelic natures claim; Was form'd to fall, and rife renew'd. The ftars no fix'd duration know; Wide oceans ebb again to flow; The moon repletes her waning face, All beauteous, from her late difgrace; And funs, that mourn approaching night, Refulgent rife with new-born light.

In vain may death and time fubdue, While nature mints her race anew, And holds fome vital fpark apart, Like virtue, hid in ev'ry heart; 'Tis hence reviving warmth is feen, To clothe a naked world in green. No longer barr'd by winter's cold, Again the gates of life unfold; Again each infect tries his wing, And lifts frefh pinions on the fpring; Again from ev'ry latent root The bladed ftem and tendril fhoot, Exhaling incenfe to the fkies, Again to perifh, and to rife.

And muft weak women then difown The change to which a world is prone ? In one meridian brightnefs fhine, And ne'er like ev'ning funs decline ? Refoly'd and firm alone ? — Is this What we demand of woman ? — Yes.

But should the spark of vestal fire In fome unguarded hour expire, Or thould the nightly thief invade Hefperia's chafte and facred fhade. Of all the blooming fpoil poffeft, The dragon honor charm'd to reft, Shall virtue's flame no more return ? No more with virgin fplendor burn ? No more the ravag'd garden blow With fpring's fucceeding bloffom ? - No. Piry may mourn, but not reflore; And woman falls - to rife no more ! Within this fublunary fphere A country lies -no matter where : The clime may readily he found By all who tread poetic ground; A fircam, call'd Life, acrofs it glides, And equally the land divides; And here, of vice the province lies : And there, the hills of virtue rife.

Upon a mountain's airy fland, Whofe fummit look'd to either land, An ancient pair their dwelling chofe, As well for protped as repote; For mutual faith they long were fam'd, And Temp'rance and Religion nam'd.

A num'rous progeny divine Confefs'd the honors of their line; But in a little daughter fair, Was center'd more than half their care; For Heav'n, to gratulate her birth, Gave figns of future joy to earth; White was the robe this infant wore, And Chaftity the name the bore.

As now the maid in ftature grew (A flow'r juft op'ning to the view) Oft thro' her native lawns fhe ftray'd, And, wreftling with the lambkins, play'd; Her looks diffufive fweets bequeath'd; The breeze grew purer as the breath'd; The morn her radiant bluth atlum'd; The fpring with earlier fragrance bloom'd, And nature yearly took delight, Like her, to drefs the world in white.

But when her rifing form was feen To reach the crifis of fifteen, Her parents up the mountain's head, With anxious flep their darling led; By turns they fnatch'd her to their breaff, And thus the fears of age expreft:

O! joyful caufe of many a care t O! daughter too divincly fair) Yon world, on this important day, Demands thee to a dang'rous way; A panful journey all muft go, Whofe doubted period none can know; Whofe due direction who can find, Where reafon's mute and fenfe is blind ? /---Ah, what unequal leaders thefe, Thro' fuch a wide perplexing maze ! Then mark the warnings of the wife, And learn what love and years advife.

Far to the right thy profpect bend, Where youder tow'ring hills afcend; Lo, there the arduous paths in view Which Virtue and her fons purfue; With toil o'er lefs'ning earth they rife, And gain, and gain upon the fkies. Narrow's the way her children tread, No walk for pleafure fmoothly fpread, But rough, and difficult, and fteep; Painful to climb, and hard to keep.

Fruits immature thole lands difpense, A food indelicate to sense, Of taske unpleasant; yet from those Pure health, with cheerful vigour flows, And fireagth, unfeeling of decay, Throughout the long laborious way.

Hence, as they feale that heav'nly road, Each limb is lighten'd of its load; From earth refining full they go, And leave the mortal weight below; Then fpreads the firait, the doubtful clears, And finooth the rugged path appears; For cuftorn turns fatigue to eafe, And, taught by virtue, pain can pleafe.

At length, the toilfome journey o'er, And near the bright celeftial fhore, A gulph, black, fearful, and profound, Appears, of either world the bound, Thro' darkneis leading up to light 3 Senfe backward thrinks, and fhums the fights For there the transitory train Of time, and form, and care, and pain, And matter's grois incumb'ring mais, Man's law allociates, cannot pais; ing, quit th'immortal charge, re the wond'ring foul at large; the wings her obvious way, ngles with eternal day. cr, O thither wing thy fpeed, sature charm, or pain impede; th'all-bountcous Pow'r has giv'n, ent carth, a future heav'n; tal lofs, unmeafur'd gain; ilefs blifs for transient pain. fear, ah ! fear to turn thy fight yonder flow'ry fields invite : n the left the path-way bends, th pernicious eafe defcends; fweet to fense and fair to show, anted Edens feem to blow, :hat delicious poifon bear ; th is vegetable there. e is the frame of health unbrac'd, new flack'ning at the tafte, il to paffion yields her throne, s with organs not her own; like the flumb'rer in the night, with the shadowy dream of light, her alienated eyes ines of fairy-land arife; ppet world's amufing thow, the gaily-colour'd bow, i, and wreaths, and glitt'ring things, is of infants and of kings mpt, along the baneful plain, ly wife and lightly vain, rging on the gulphy fhore, they fink-and rife no more. lift to what thy fates declare : 10u art woman, frail as fair, thy fliding foot fhould ftray, uit yon heav'n-appointed way, e, loft maid, for thee alone, ay'rs fhall plead, nor tears atone; ch, fcorn, infamy, and hate, returning fteps fhall wait; rm be loath'd by ev'ry eye, r'ry foot thy prefence fly. s arm'd with words of potent found, uardian angels plac'd around, m, by truth divinely caft, d our young advent'rer pass'd, from her facred eve-lids fent, iorn, fore-running radiance went, Honour, handmaid late allign'd, I her lucid train behind. :-ftruck, the much-admiring crowd the virgin vition bow'd; with an ever-new delight, sught fresh virtue at the fight; t of earth's unequal frame icem the heav'n-compounded Dame ; ter, fure the most refin'd, vrought and temper'd into mind, larling daughter of the day, ody'd by her native ray. ere'er the pastes, thousands bend, ioufands where the moves attend ;

Her ways observant eyes confess. Her steps purfuing praises blefs; While to the elevated Maid Oblations, as to Heav'n, are paid. 'Twas on an ever-blithefome day, The jovial birth of rofy May, When genial warmth, no more suppress, New-melts the froft in ev'ry breaft The cheek with fecret flushing dyes; And looks kind things from chafteft cyes, The fun with healthier vifage glows, Afide his clouded kerchief throws, And dances up th'etherial plain, Where late he us'd to climb with pain, While nature, as from bonds fet free, Springs out, and gives a loofe to glee.

And now, for momentary reft, The nymph her travell'd ftep repreft, Just turn'd to view the ftage attain'd, And glory'd in the height fhe gain'd.

Out-firetch'd before her wide furvey The realms of fweet perdition lay, And pity touch'd her foul with woe, To fee a world fo loft below; When ftraight the breeze began to breathe Airs, gently wafted from beneath, That bore commifiin'd witchcraft thence, And reach'd her fympathy of fenfe; No founds of difcord, that difclofe A people funk and loft in woes, But as of prefent good poffefs'd, The very triumph of the blefs'd. The maid in rapt attention hung, While thus approaching Sirens fung :

> Hither, faireft, hither hafte, Brighteft beauty, come and tafte What the pow'rs of blifs unfold, Joys too mighty to be told; Tafte what ecftalies they give; Dying raptures, tafte and live.

In thy lap, difdaining measure, Nature empties all her treasure, Soft defires, that fweetly languifh; Fierce delights, that rife to anguith; Faireft, doft thou yet deluy? Brighteft beauty, come away.

Lift not when the froward chide, Sons of pedantry and pride, Snarlers, to whole feeble fenfe April's funfhine is offence;. Age and envy will advife Ev'n against the joy they prize.

Come, in pleafure's balmy bowl Slake the thirftings of thy foul, Till thy raptur'd pow'rs are fainting With enjoyment, paft the painting; Faireft, doft thou yet delay? Brighteft beauty, come away.

So fung the Sirens, as of yore, Upon the falle Aufonian fhore; And O^{\dagger} for that preventing chain That bound Ulyffes on the main,

That

That so our fair one might withstand The covert ruin, now at hand.

The iong her charm'd attention drew, When now the tempters flood in view; Curiofity, with prying eyes, And hand of bufy, bold emprize; Like Hermes, feather'd were her feet, And, like fore-running fancy, fleet; By fearch untaught, by toil untir'd, To novelty flee fill afpir'd, Taftelefs of ev'ry good polifelf, And but in expectation bleft.

With her, affociate, Pleafure came, Gay Pleafure, frolic-loving dame, Her mien, all fwimming in delight, Her beauties half reveal'd to fight; Loofe flow'd her garments from the ground, And caught the killing winds around. As erft Medufa's looks were known To turn beholders into ftone, A dire revertion here they felt, And in the eye of Pleafure melt. Her glance with fweet perfuation charm'd, Unnerv'd the ftrong, the fteel'd difarm'd; No fafety ev'n the flying find, Who, vent'rous, look but once behind.

Thus was the much admiring Maid, While diftant, more than half betray'd. With finiles, and adulation bland, They join'd her fide, and feiz'd her hand; Their touch envenom'd fweets diftill'd, Her frame with new pullations thrill'd; While half contenting, half denying, Reluctant now, and now complying, Amidit a war of hopes and fears, Of trembling wifhes, fmiling tears, Still down and down, the winning pair Compell'd the struggling, yielding Fair. As when fome stately vessel, bound To bleft Arabia's diftant ground, Borne from her couries, haply lights Where Barca's flow'ry clime invites, Conceal'd around whole treach'rous land Lurk the dire rock and dang'rous fand; The pilot warns, with fail and oar, To thun the much-fulpected thore, In vain : the tide, too fubrly frong, Still bears the wreftling bark along, Till found ring, flie religns to fate, And finks, o'crwhelm'd, with all her freight.

So, battling ev'ry bar to fin, And Heav'n's own pilot, plac'd within, Along the devious, finooth defeent, With pow'rs increating as they went, The dames, arcufton'd to fubdue, As with a rapid cuiteart drew, And o'er the fatal bounds convey'd The loft, the long reluctant Maid.

Here flop, ye fair ones, and beware, Nor fend your fond affections there; Yet, yet your darling, now deplor'd, May turn, to you and heav'n reftor'd! Till then, with weeping H user, wait The fervant of her better face; With Honor, left upon the fhore, Her friend and handmaid now no more; Nor, with the guilty world, upbraid The fortunes of a wretch betra/d; But o'er her failing cait a veil, Rememb'ring, you yourfelves are frail.

And now, from all inquiring light, Fast fled the confcious finades of night; The Damfel, from a short repose, Confounded at her plight, arole.

As when, with flumb'rous weight opprefl, Some wealthy miler finks to reft, Where felons eye the glitt'ring prey, And fteal his hoard of joys away; He, borne where golden Indus flreams, Of pearl, and quarry'd di'mond dreams, Like Midas, turns the glebe to ore, And ftands all wrapt amidft his flore; But wakens, naked, and defpoil'd Of that for which his years had toil'd.

So far'd the nymph, her treafure flown, And turn'd, like Niobe, to ítone; Within, without, obícure and void, She felt all ravag'd, all deftroy'd. And, O thou curft, infidious coaft ! Are thefe the bleffings thou canft boaft ? Thefe, Virtue ! their the joys they fud, Who leave thy heav'n-tep'd hills behind ? Shade me, ye pines, ye caverns, hide, Ye mountains, cover me, the cry'd !

Her trumpet Slander rais'd on high, And told the tidings to the fky; Contempt difcharg'd a living dart, A fide-long viper to her heart; Reproach breath'd poifons o'er her face, And foil'd and blafted ev'ry grace; Officious fhame, her handmaid new, Still turn'd the mirror to her view, While thofe in crimes the deepeft dy'd, Appt sach'd to whiten at her fide. And ev'r lewd infulting dame Upon her folly rofe to fame.

What fheuld fhe do? Attempt once more To gain the late-deferted fhore? So truiling, back the mourner flew, As fall the train of heads purfue.

Again the fatther flore's attain'd. Again the land of Virtue gain'd; But echo gathers in the wind, And theys her inftant fees behind. Amaz'd, with headlong fpeed the tends, Where late far left an hoft of friends ; Alas! those thrinking friends decline, Nor longer own that form divine : With fear they mark the following cry, And from the lonely trembler fly, Or backward drive her on the coaft, Where peace was wreck'd, and honour loft. From earth, thus hoping aid in vain, To Heav'n, not daring to complain ; No truce by hoffile clamour giv'n, And from the face of friendhip driv'n, The Nymph funk profirate on the ground. With all her weight of woes around,

Enthron'd

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Enthron'd within a circling fky, pon a mount o'er mountains high, Il radiant iat, as in a fhrine, irtue, first effluence divine; ir, far above the fcenes of woe, hat shut this cloud-wrapt world below; sperior goddels, effence bright, auty of uncreated light, Thom should mortality furvey, s doom'd upon a certain day, he breath of frailty must expire, he world diffolve in living fire, he geins of heav'n, and folar flame, e quench'd by her eternal beam, nd nature, quick'ning in her eye, 'o rife a new-born phœnix, die. Hence, unreveal'd to mortal view,

OOK I.

veil around her form fhe threw, V hich three fad fifters of the fhade, ain, Care, and Melancholy made.

Thro' this her all-enquiring eye, (ttentive from her flation high, eheld, abandon'd to defpair, 'he ruins of her fav'rite fair; und with a voice, whofe awful found (ppul'd the guilty world around, id the rumultuous winds be flill, 'o numbers bow'd each lift'ning hill, 'ncurl'd the furging of the main, ind fimoath'd the thorny bed of pain; 'he golden harp of heav'n fhe ftrung, und thus the runeful goddefs fung:

Lovely Penitent, arife, Come, and claim thy kindred fkics; Come, thy fifter-angels fay Thou haft wept thy ftains away.

Let experience now decide 'Twixt the good and evil try'd. In the finooth, enchanted ground, Say, unfold the treafures found.

Structures, rais'd by morning dreams; Sands, that trip the flitting fircams; Down, that anchors on the air; Clouds, that paint their changes there.

Seas, that fmoothly dimpling lie, While the form impends on high, Shewing, in an obvious glafs, Joys that in pofferfion pafs;

Transfient, fickle, light, and gay, Flatt'ring, only to betray; What, alas, can life contain ! Life, like all its circles—vain.

Will the fork, intending reft, On the billow build her neft? Will the bee demand his flore From the bleak and bladelefs flore?

Man alone, intent to ftray, Ever turns from wifdom's way; Lays up wealth in foreign land, Sows the fca, and plows the fand.

Soon this elemental mafs, Soon th'incumb'ring world shall pafs; Form be wrapt in wasting fire, Time be spent, and life expire.

Then, ye boafted works of men, Where is your afylum then ? Sons of pleafure, fons of care, Tell me, mortals, tell me where ?

Gone, like traces on the deep, Like a feeptre grafp'd in fleep, Dews, exhal'd from morning glades, Melting fnows, and gliding fhades.

País the world, and what's behind ? Virtue's gold, by fire refin'd; From an universe deprav'd, From the wreck of nature fav'd.

Like the life-fupporting grain, Fruit of patience and of pain, On the fivain's autumnal day, Winnow'd from the chaff away.

Little trembler, fear no more, Thou haft plenteous crops in flore; Seed, by genial forrows fown, More than all thy fcorners own.

What tho' hoftile carth defpife, Heav'n beholds with gentler eyes; Heav'n thy friendlefs fteps fhall guide, Cheer thy hours, and guard thy lide.

When the fatal trump fhall found, When th'immortals pour around, Heav'n fhall thy return atteft, Hail'd by myriads of the bleft.

Little native of the fkies, Lovely penitent, arife; Calm thy bofom, clear thy brow, Virtue is thy fifter now.

More delightful are my woes Than the rapture pleafure knows: Richer far the weeds I bring Than the robes that grace a king.

On my wars, of fhorteft date, Crowns of endlefs triumph wait; On my cares a period bleft; On my toils eternal reft.

Come, with virtue at thy fide; Come, be ev'ry bar defy'd, Till we gain our native fhore : Sifter, come, and turn no more.

§ 201. Fable XVI. Love and Fanity.

THE breezy morning breath'd perfume, The wak'ning flow'rs unveil'd their bloom, Up with the fun, from flort repole, Gay health and lufty labour role; The milkmaid carol'd at her pail, And fhepherds whiftled o'er the dale: When Love, who led a rural life, Remote from buftle, flate, and ftrife, Forth from his thatch'd roof'd cottage ftray'd, And ftroll'd along the dewy glade. A nymph, who lightly tripp'd it by,

To quick attention turn'd his eye, I Х

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He mark'd the gefture of the Fair, Her felf-fufficient grace and air, Her felf-fufficient grace and air, Her fteps, that mincing meant to pleafe, Her tiudy'd negligence and eafe; And curious to enquire what meant This thing of prettinels and paint, Approaching ipoke, and bow'd observant; The Lady, lightly—Sir, your fervant.

Such beauty in fo rude a place ! Fair one, you do the country grace ; At court no doubt the public care ; But Love has imall acquaintance there.

Yes, Sir, reply'd the flutt'ring dame, This form confeffes whence it came; But dear variety, you know, Can make us pride and pomp forego. My name is Vanity. I fway The utmoft iflands of the fea; Within my court all honor centres; I raile the meaneft foul that enters; Endow with latent gifts and graces, And model fools for pofts and places.

As Vanity appoints at pleafure, The world receives its weight and pleafure; Hence all the grand concerns of life; Joys, cares, plagues, patfions, peace and firife.

Keflect how far my pow'r prevails, When I flep in where nature fails, And, ev'ry breach of fense repairing, Am bounteous ftill where Heav'n is sparing.

But chief in all their arts and airs, Their playing, painting, pouts and pray'rs, Their various habits and complexions, Fits, frolics, foibles, and perfections, Their robing, curling, and adorning, From noon to night, from night to morning; From fix to fixty, fick or found, I rule the female world around.

Hold there a moment, Cupid cry'd, Nor boaft dominion quite fo wide. Was there no province to invade, But that by Love and mecknefs fiway'd ? All other empire I refign; But be the fphere of beauty mine. For in the downy lawn of reft, That opens on a woman's breaft, Attended by my peaceful train, I chufe to live, and chufe to reign.

Far-fighted Faith I bring along, And Truth, above an army firong; And Chaffity, of icy mould, Within the burning tropics cold; And Lowline?', to whole mild brow The pow'r and pride of nations bow; And Modefty, with downcaft eye, That lends the morn her virgin dye; And Innocence, array'd in light; And Honor, as a tow'r upright; With fivectly winning graves, more Than poets ever dreamt of yore, In unaffected conduct free, All finding fifters, three times three; Ard roly Peace, the cherub bleft, That nightly fings us all to reft. Hence, from the bud of nature's prime, From the first step of infant time, Woman, the world's appointed light, Has skirted ev'ry shade with white; Has flood for initation high, To ev'ry heart and ev'ry eye; From ancient deeds of fair renown, Has brought her bright memorials down; To time affix'd perpetual youth, And form'd each tale of love and truth.

Upon a new Promethean plan, She moulds the effence of a man; Tempers his mass, his genius fires, And, as a better soul, inspires.

The rude the foftens, warms the cold, Exalts the meck, and checks the bold; Calls Sloth from his fupine repofe; Within the coward's bolom glows; Of pride, unplumes the lofty creft, Bids bahful merit frand confeft, And, like coarfe metal from the mines, Collects, irradiates, and refines.

The gentle teience fhe imparts, All manners (mooths, informs all hearts; From her fweet influence are felt Paffions that pleafe, and thoughts that melt; To formy rage fhe bids controul, And finks ferenely on the foul; Softens Deucalion's flinty race, And tunes the warring world to peace.

Thus arm'd to all that's light and vain, And freed from thy fantaftic chain, She fills the fphere by Heav'n aflign'd, And, rul'd by me, o'er-rules mankind. He fpoke. The nymph impatient ftood, And, laughing, thus her fpeech renew'd:

And pray, Sir, may I be fo hold To hope your pretty tale is told : And next demand, without a cavil, What new Utopia do you travel ! Upon my word, these high-flown fancies Shew depth of learning—in romances.

Why, what unfafhion'd ftuff you tell us Of buckram daines, and tiptoe fellows ! Go, child; and when you're grown maturer, You'll fhoot your next opinion furer.

O fuch a pretty knack at painting ! And all for foft ning, and for fainting ! Guts now, who can, a fingle feature Thro' the whole piece of female nature, Then mark ! my loofer hand may fit The lines, too coarfe for Love to hit.

'Tis faid that woman, prone to changing, Thro' all the rounds of folly ranging, On life's uncertain ocean riding, No reafon, rule, nor rudder guiding, Its like the comet's wand'ring light, Eccentric, ominous, and bright; Tracklets, and thifting as the wind; A fca, whole fathom none can find; A moon, fill changing and revolving; A riddle, paft all human folving; A blits, a plague, a heav'n, a hell; A--fomething that no man can teil.

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No

learn a feeret from a friend, p your council and attend. in their tempers thought fo diftant, h their fex nor felves confistent, the diffrence of a name, ry woman is the fame; ne world, however vary'd, ough unnumber'd changes carry'd, ental modes and forms. meteors, colours, calms, and ftorms, a thousand fuits array'd, e fubject matter made ; a woman's conftitution, rld's enigma, finds folution; her form be what you will, e fubject effence still. the first spark of female sense. ck of being, I commence ; the womb make fresh advances. tate future qualms and fancies; in the growing form expand, uldhood travel hand in hand, e a tafte for all their joys aws, rattles, pomp, and noife. 10w, familiar and unaw'd, he flutt'ring foul abroad. for her shape, her air, her mien, le godde's, and the queen, t her infant fhrine oblation, nks fweet draughts of adulation. blooming, tall, erect, and fair, 's becomes her darling care; 104 Ims of beauty then I bound; he hoop's enchanted round, n the waift's defcending fize, in the fnowy bofom, rife, the flowing lappet fail, 'd in treffes, kifs the gale, her glass I lead the fair, w the lovely idol there; ftruck as by divine emotion, 's with most fincere devotion, mh'ring ev'ry beauty o'er, t bids the world adore. I for parking and parading, ing, dancing, malquerading; s, plays, courts, and crowds what paffion ! urches, sometimes-if the fashion ; nan's fenfe of right and wrong by the almighty throng ; ns, to each meander tame, ims the ftraw of ev'ry ftream. l intrinfic worth rejects, slift'd only in defects; cellence is her ambition, . er wifest acquisition; 'n from pity and difdain ull fome reafon to be vain. , Sir, from ev'ry form and feature, alth and wants of female nature, 'n from vice, which you'd admire, r fuel to my fire; the very base of shame ly monument of fame.

Let me another truth attempt, Of which your godfhip has not dreamt. Those fhining virtues which you muster, Whence think you they derive their luftre? From native honour and devotion? O yes, a mighty likely notion ! Truft me, from titled dames to fpinners, 'Tis I make faints, whoe'er make finners ; 'Tis I instruct them to withdraw, And hold prefumptuous man in awe; For female worth, as I infpire, In just degrees, still mounts the higher ; And virtue, fo extremely nice, Demands long toil and mighty price. Like Sampfon's pillars, fix'd elate, I bear the fex's tott'ring flate; Sap thefe, and in a moment's fpace Down finks the fabric to its bafe.

Alike from titles and from toys I fpring, the fount of female joys; In ev'ry widow, wife, and mifs, The fole artificer of blifs; From them each topic I explore, I cleave the fand of ev'ry fhore ; To them uniting Indies fail, Sabæa breathes her fartheft gale : For them the bullion I refine, Dig fenfe and virtue from the mine, And from the bowels of invention Spin out the various arts you mention. Nor blifs alone my pow'rs befow, They hold the fov'reign balm of woe g Beyond the ftoic's boafted art I footh the heavings of the heart ; To pain give fplendour and relief, And gild the pallid face of grief.

Alike the palace and the plain Admit the glories of my reign ! Thro' ev'ry age, in ev'ry nation, Tafte, talents, tempers, flate, and flation, Whate'er a woman fays, I fay; Whate'er a woman fpends, I pay; Alike I fill and empty bags, Flutter in finery and rags; With light coquettes thro' folly range; And with the prude difdain to change.

And now you'd think, 'twixt you and I, That things were ripe for a reply— But foft, and while I'm in the mood, Kindly permit me to conclude, Their utmoft mazes to unravel, And touch the fartheft flep they travel.

When ev'rv pleafure's run aground, And folly tir'd thro' many a round, The nymph, conceiving difcontent hence, May ripen to an hour's repentance, And vapours, fhed in pious moifture, Difmifs her to a church or cloyfler; Then on I lead her, with devotion Confpicuous in her drefs and motion, Infpire the heav'nly-breathing air, Roll up the lucid eve in prav'r, Soften the voice, and in the face Look melting harmony and grace.

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Thus far extends my friendly pow'r. Nor quits her in her latest hour; The couch of decent pain I spread, In form recline her languid head; Her thoughts I methodize in death, And part not with her parting breath ; Then do I fet in order bright, A length of fun'ral pomp to fight, The glitt'ring tapers and attire, The plumes that whiten o'er her bier; And last prefenting to her eye Angelic finerics on high, To scenes of painted blifs I waft her, And form the heav'n fhe hopes hereafter.

In truth, rejoin'd Love's gentle God, You've gone a tedious length of road, And ftrange, in all the toiliome way, No house of kind refreihment lay; No nymph, whofe virtues might have tempted To hold her from her fex exempted.

For one, we'll never quarrel, man; Take her, and keep her, if you can; And pleas'd, I vield to your petition, Since ev'ry fair by fuch permittion, Will hold herfelf the one felected ; And fo my fystem stands protected.

O, deaf to virtue, deaf to glory, To truths divinely vouch'd in ftory ! The Godhead in his zeal return'd, And, kindling at her malice, burn'd. Then fweetly rais'd his voice, and told Of heav'nly nymphs, rever'd of old; Hyphpyle, who fav'd her fire, And Portia's love, approv'd by fire ; Alike Penelope was quoted, Nor laurel'd Daphne pafs'd unnoted, Nor Laodamia's fatal garter, Nor fam'd Lucretia, honour's martyr, Alcefte's voluntary fleel,

And Catherine, fmiling on the wheel. But who can hope to plant conviction, Where cavil grows on contradiction ? Some the evades or difavows, Demurs to all, and none allows; A kind of ancient thing call'd fables ' And thus the Goddefs turn'd the tables.

Now both in argument grew high, And choler flash'd from either eye; Nor wonder each refus'd to yield The conquest of so fair a field.

When happily arriv'd in vlew A Goddels whom our grandames knew, Of afpect grave, and fober gait, Majeftic, awful, and fedate,

As heav'n's autumnal eve ferene, When not a cloud o'ercafts the feene; Once Prudence call'd, a matron fam'd, And in old Rome Cornelia nam'd. Quick, at a venture, both agree To leave their strife to her decree.

And now by each the facts were stated, In form and manner as related. The cafe was fhort. They crav'd opinion, Which held o'er females chief dominion ?

When thus the Goddefs, anfw'ring mild, First shook her gracious head, and smil'd : Alas, how willing to comply, Yet how unfit a judge am I! In times of golden date, 'tis true, I that'd the fickle fex with you; But from their prefence long precluded, Or held as one whole form intruded; Full lifty annual funs can tell, Prudence has bid the fex farewell.

In this dilemma what to do, Or who to think of, neither knew; For both still, bias'd in opinion, And arrogant of fole dominion, Were forc'd to hold the cafe compounded, Or leave the quarrel where they found it.

When in the nick a rural fair, Of inexperienc'd gait and air, Who ne'er had crofs'd the neighb'ring lake, Nor feen the world beyond a wake, With cambric coif and kerchief clean, Tript lightly by them o'er the green.

Now, now ! cry'd Love's triumphant Child, And at approaching conquest smil'd, If Vanity will once be guided, Our diff'rence foon may be decided; Behold yon wench : a fit occafion To try your force of gay perfuaiion. Go you, while I retire aloof, Go, put these boasted pow'rs to proof ; And if your prevalence of art Transcends my yet unerring dart, I give the fav'rite contoft o'er, And ne'er will boaft my empire more.

At once, fo faid, and fo confented ; And well our Goddels feetn'd contented, Nor paufing, made a moment's fland, But tript, and took the girl in hand.

Meanwhile, the Godhead, unalarm'd, As one to each occasion arm'd, Forth from his quiver cull'd a dart, That erft had wounded many a heart; Then bending, drew it to the head ; The bow-string twang'd, the arrow fled, And, to her secret soul address, Transfix'd the whiteness of her breast.

But here the Daine, whole guardian care Had to a moment watch'd the fair, At once her pocket mirror drew, And held the wonder full in view ; As quickly rang'd in order bright, A thousand beautics rush to fight, A world of charms, till now unknown, A world reveal'd to her alone; Enraptur'd stands the love fick maid, Sufpended o'er the darling fhade, Here only fixes to admire, And centres ev'ry fond defire.

§ 202. The Young Ludy and Looking-Glass NILK

 $\mathbf{Y}_{\mathbf{r}}^{\mathbf{E}}$ deep philosophers, who can Explain that various creature, Man, Say, is there any point fo nice As that of off ring an advice ?

your friend his errors mend, t certain to offend : u in softest terms advise, him good, admit him wife; you fweeten the difcourfe, s you call him fool, or worfe. nt his character, and try ll own it, and apply; : a name reprove and warn; ne are hurt, and all may learn :) muft fail; the picture fhewn, will take it for his own. I lectures treat the cafe, is honeft, that is bafe; rfation, none will bear it; the pulpit, few come near it. here then no other way : leffon to convey ? that shall attempt to teach, fh, fatirize, or preach ? re is one, an ancient art, found to reach the heart, nce, with diffinctions nice, d what virtue is, and vice ; g all the various names h the moralift declaims: ould by fimple tales advise, :ook the hearer by furprife; his confcience, unprepar'd, e had put it on its guard ; de him from himfelf receive ons that they meant to give. s device will oft prevail n its ends when others fail, all pretend to doubt, : which follows makes it out. : was a little stubborn dame, 10 authority could tame; by long indulgence grown, fhe minded but her own : s oft the'd fcold and frct, a corner take a feat, urly moping all the day, alike to work or play. all fofter arts had try'd, rper remedies apply'd ; 1 were vain; for ev'ry course , ftill made her worfe and worfe. nge to think how female wit ould make a lucky hit; an, with all his high pretence er judgment, founder fenfe, , and measures false purfue-/ ftrange, I own, but true.-observ'd the rising lass h retiring to the glass, tice little arts unfeen, ue genius of thirteen ; deep defign fhe laid, the humour of the maid; ig, like a prudent mother, : one folly cure another. : wall, against the feat effy us'd for her retreat,

Whene'er by accident offended, A looking-glais was ftraight fulpended, That it might fhew her how deform'd She look'd, and frightful, when fhe ftorm'd; And warn her, as fhe priz'd her beauty, To bend her humour to her duty. All this the looking-glafs atchiev'd; Its threats were minded and believ'd.

The maid, who fpurn'd at all advice, Grew tame and gentle in a trice : So, when all other means had fail'd, The filent monitor prevail'd. Thus, Fable to the human-kind

I hus, Fable to the human-kind Prefents an *image* of the mind; It is a *mirror*, where we fpy At large our own deformity; And learn of courfe those faults to mend, Which but to mention would offend.

§ 203. The Boy and the Rainbow. WILKIE.

DECLARE, ye fages, if ye find 'Mongft animais of ev'ry kind, Of each condition, fore, and fize, From whales and elephauts to flies, A creature that miftakes his plan, And ent: fo confantly as man. Each kind purfues his proper good, And feeks for pleature, reft, and food, As nature points, and never errs In what it choofes and prefers; Man only blunders, though poffeft Of talents far above the reft.

Defcend to instances, and try; An ox will fcarce attempt to fly, Or leave his pasture in the wood, With fifthes to explore the flood. Man only acts, of ev'ry creature, In opposition to his nature. The happiness of human kind Confifts in rectitude of mind; A will fubdu'd to reaton's fway, And paffions practis'd to obey; An open and a gen'rous heart, Refin'd from felfishaets and art; Patience, which mocks at fortune's pow'r, And wifdom, never fad nor four : In these consist our proper blifs; Else Plato reasons much amiss : But foolifh mortals still purfue False happiness in place of true; Ambition ferves us for a guide. Or luft, or avarice, or pride; While Reafon no affent can gain, And Revelation warns in vain. Hence thro' our lives, in ev'ry ftage, From infancy itfelf to age, A happinels we toil to find, Which still avoids us like the wind; Ev'n when we think the prize our own, At once 'tis vanish'd, loft, and gone. You'll afk me why I thus rehearfe All Epistetus in my verse ?

I 3

And

And if I fondly hope to pleafe With dry reflections, fuch as thefe, So trite, to hackney'd, and fo ftale, I'll take the hint, and tell a tale.

Onc ev'ning, as a fimple fwain His flock attended on the plain, The fhining bow he chanc'd to fpy, Which warns us when a fhow'r is nigh ; With brighteft rays it feem'd to glow; Its diftance eighty yards, or fo. This bumpkin had, it feems, been told The ftory of the cup of gold, Which fame reports is to be found Juft where the Rainbow means the ground ; He therefore felt a fudden itch To feize the goblet, and be rich ; Hoping, yet hopes are oft but vain, No more to toil thro' wind and rain, But fit indulging by the fire, 'Midit ease and plenty, like a 'squire : He mark'd the very fpot of land Qu which the Rainbow feem'd to ftand, And stepping forwards at his leifure, Expected to have found the treasure. But, as he mov'd, the colour'd ray Still chang'd its place, and flipt away, As feeming his approach to fhun. From walking he began to run ; But all in vain, it still withdrew As nimbly as he could purfue. At laft, thro' many a bog and lake, Rough craggy road, and thorny brake, It led the easy fool, till night Approach'd, then vanish'd in his fight, And left him to compute his gains, With nought but labour for his pains.

§ 204. The Ruke and the Hermit. WILKIE.

YOUTH, a pupil of the town, A Philosopher and atheist grown, Benighted once upon the road, Found out a hermit's lone abode, Whofe hofpitality in need Reliev'd the trav'ller and his fieed : For both fufficiently were tir'd, Well drench'd in ditches, and beinir'd. Hunger the first attention claims; Upon the coals a rafher flames. Dry crufts, and liquor fomething ftale, Were added to make up a meal; At which our traviller, as he fat, By intervals began to chat.-'Tis odd, quoth he, to think what ftrains Of folly governs fome folks brains : What makes you choose this wild abode? You'll fay, 'tis to converse with God. Alas, I fear 'tis all a whim; You never faw or fpoke with him, They talk of Providence's pow'r, And fay, it rules us ev'ry hour ; To me, all nature feems confusion ; / And fuch weak fancies mere delution.

Say, if it rul'd and govern'd right, Could there be fuch a thing as night; Which, when the fun has left the fkies, Puts all things in a deep difguise ? If then a trav'ller chance to ftray The leaft ftep from the public way, He's foon in endlefs mazes loft, As I have found it to my coft. Befides, the gloom which nature wears Affifts imaginary fears Of ghofts and goblins from the waves Of fulph'rous lakes and yawning graves ; All fprung from fuperfitious feed, Like other maxims of the creed. For my part, I reject the tales Which Faith fuggefts when Reafon fails ; And Reafon nothing underfiands, Unwarranted by eyes and hands. Thefe fubtile effences, like wind, Which fome have dreamt of, and call mind, It ne'er admits; nor joins the lye, Which favs men rot, but never die. It holds all future things in doubt. And therefore wifely leaves them out : Suggesting what is worth our care, To take things prefent as they are, Our wifeft course : the reft is folly, The fruit of fpleen and melancholy.-

Sir, quoth the Hermit, I agree That reason still our guide should be: And will admit her as the teft Of what is true, and what is beft; But reafon fure would bluth for thame At what you mention in her name ; Her dictates are fublime and holy; Impiety's the child of folly; Reafon, with meafur'd fteps, and flow, To things above from things below Ascends, and guides us thro' her sphere With caution, vigilance, and care. Faith in the utmost frontier stands, And Reafon puts us in her hands ; But not till her commission giv'n Is found authentic, and from Heav'n. 'Tis ftrange that man, a reas'ning creature Should mifs a God in viewing nature : Whofe high perfections are difplay'd In ev'ry thing his hands have made : Ev'n when we think their traces loft, When found again we lee them most : The night itfelf, which you would blame As fomething wrong in nature's frame, Is but a curtain to inveft Her weary children, when at reft : Like that which mothers draw, to keep The light off from a child afleep. Befides, the fears which darkness breeds (At least augments) in vulgar heads, Are far from useles, when the mind Is narrow, and to earth confin'd; They make the worldling think with pain On frauds, and oaths, and ill-got gain ; Force from the ruffian's hand the knife Juft rais'd against his neighbour's life ;

And

in defence of virtue's caufe, each fanction of the laws. uls ferenc, where wifdom dwells, uperstitious dread expels, lent majefty of night s to take a nobler flight; faints and angels to explore vonders of creating pow'r; ifts on Contemplation's wings : the fphere of mortal things : forth, and tread those dewy plains = night in awful filence reigns; ty's ferene, the air is still, roods stand list ning on each hill, tch the founds that fink and fwell, floating from the evining bell, foxes howl, and beetles hum, s which make filence still more dumb, ry if Folly, rash and rude, on the facred hour intrude. turn your eyes to heav'n's broad frame, pt to quote those lights by name 1 fhine fo thick and fpread fo far; ve a fun in ev'ry ftar, which unnumber'd planets roll, comets thoot athwart the whole. lyftem still to fritem ranging, various benefits exchanging, laking from their flaming hair lings most needed everywhere. e this glorious fcene, and fay, light difcovers lefs than day; tis quite ufelefs, and a fign hance disposes, not defign : cr maintains it, I'll pronounce ther mad, or elfe a dunce; ilon, tho' 'tis far from ftrong, oon find out that nothing's wrong, igns and evidences clear, : contrivance ev'rywhere. Hermit ended, and the youth a convert to the truth t he yielded, and confeft Il was order'd for the beft.

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105. The Youth and the Philosopher. W. WHITEHEAD.

RECIAN youth, of talents rare, 'hom Plato's philosophic care rm'd for virtue's nobler view, cept and example too, often boaft his matchlefs skill b the feed, and guide the wheel : he pass'd the gazing throng rraceful eafe, and fmack'd the thong, iot wonder they expreft raife and transport to his breaft. ength, quite vain, he needs would fhew fter what his art could do ; ide his flaves the chariot lead ademus' facred fhade. unbling grove confess'd its freight, ood-nymphs started at the fight;

The Mules dropt the learned lyre, And to their inmost fhades retire. Howe'er, the vouth, with forward air, Bows to the fage, and mounts the car; The lath refounds, the courfers fpring, The chariot marks the rolling ring; And gath'ring crowds, with eager eyes And fhouts, purfue him as he flies.

Triumphant to the goal return'd, With nobler thirft his bofon burn'd; And now along th'indented plain The felf-fame track he marks again; Purfues with care the nice defign, Nor ever deviates from the line.

Amazement feiz'd the circling crowd; The youths with emulation glow'd; Ev'n bearded fages hail'd the boy, And all but Plato gaz'd with joy For he, deep-judging fage, beheld With pain the triumphs of the field : And, when the charioteer drew nigh, And, flush'd with hope, had caught his eye, Alas! unhappy youth, he cry'd, Expect no praise from me (and figh'd). With indignation I furvey Such skill and judgment thrown away. The time profusely squander'd there On vulgar arts, bencath thy care, If well employ'd, at lefs expense, Had taught thee honour, virtue, fenfe, And rais'd thee from a coachman's fate To govern men, and guide the state.

§ 206. The Bee, the Ant, and the Sparrow. Addreffed to Phoebe and Kitty C. at Boarding-School. Dr. COTTON. MY dears, 'tis faid, in days of old, That beafts could talk and birds could feold:

But now, it feems the human race Alone engrofs the fpeaker's place. Yet lately, if report be true (And much the tale relates to you) There met a Sparrow, Ant, and Bee, Which reafon'd and convers'd as we.

Who reads my page will doubtlels grant' That Phe's the wife industrious Ant; And all with half an eye may fee That Kitty is the bufy Bee. Here then are two—but where's the third ? Go fearch the fchool, you'll find the bird. Your fchool ! I afk your pardon, Fair; I'm fure you'll find no fparrow there.

Now to my tale—One fummer's morn A Bee rang'd o'er the verdant lawn; Studious to hufhand ev'ry hour, And make the moft of ev'ry flow'r. Nimble, from ftalk to ftalk fhe flies, And loads with yellow wax her thighs; With which the artift builds her comb, And keeps all tight and warm at home: Or from the cowflip's golden bells Sucks honey, to enrich her cells: Or ev'ry tempting rofe purfues, Or fips the lily's fragrant dews; I 4 Yct never robs the fhining bloom Or of its beauty or perfume. Thus fhe discharg'd in ev'ry way The various duties of the day. It chanc'd a frugal Ant was near, Whole brow was wrinkl'd o'er by care; A great ceconomift was fhe, Nor lefs laborious than the Bee; By penfive parents often taught What ills arife from want of thought; That poverty on floth depends; On poverty the lofs of friends. Hence ev'ry day the Ant is found With anxious fleps to tread the ground; With curious fearch to trace the grain, And drag the heavy load with pain.

The active Bee, with pleafure, faw The Ant fulfil her parent's law. Ah ! fifter-labourer, fays fhe, How very fortunate are we ! Who, taught in infancy to know The comforts which from labour flow, Are independent of the great, Nor know the wants of pride and flate. Why is our food to very fweet? Becaufe we earn before we eat. Why are our wants fo very few? Because we nature's calls pursue. Whence our complacency of mind? Because we act our parts affign'd. Have we inceffant talks to do? Is not all nature bufy too? Doth not the fun, with conftant pace, Perfift to run his annual race? Do not the flars, which fhine fo bright, Renew their courfes ev'ry night ? Doth not the ox, obedient, how His patient neck, and draw the plough ? Or when did e'er the gracious fleed Withhold his labour or his fpeed ? If you all nature's fystem fcan, The only idle thing is man.

A wanton Sparrow long'd to hear Their fage difcourfe, and ftraight drew near. The bird was talkative and loud, And very pert and very proud; As worthless and as vain a thing, Perhaps, as ever wore a wing. She found, as on a spray the fat, The little friends were deep in chat ; That virtue was their fav'rite theme, And toil and probity their tcheme Such talk was hateful to her breaft; She thought them arrant prudes at beft. When, to display her naughty mind, Hunger with cruelty combin'd, She view'd the Ant with favage eyes, And hopt and hopt to fnatch the prize, The Bee, who watch'd her op'ning bill, And guefs'd her fell defign to kill Aik'd her, from what her anger role, And why the treated Auts as focs ?

The Sparrow her reply began; And thus the convertation ran: Whenever I'm difpos'd to dine, I think the whole creation mine; That I'm a bird of high degree, And ev'ry infect made for me. Hence oft I fearch the emmet-brood (For emmets are delicious food) And oft, in wantonnefs and play, I flay ten thoufand in a day. For truth it is, without difguife, That I love mifchief as my eyes. Oh fie! the honeft Bee reply'd,

I fear you make bale man your guide; Of ev'ry creature fure the worft, Tho' in creation's feale the firft ! Ungrateful man ! 'tis firange he thrives, Who burns the Bees to rob their hives ! I hate his vile adminifiration, And fo do all the emmet nation. What fatal foes to birds are men, Quite to the Eagle from the Wren ! O! do not mens example take, Who mifchief do for mifchief's fake; But fpare the Ant—her worth demands Effecm and friendfhip at your hands. A mind with ev'ry virtue bleft, Muft raife compafifon in your breaft.

Virtue! rejoin'd the incering bird, Where did you learn that Gothic word ? Since I was hatch'd, I never heard That virtue was at all rever'd. But fay it was the ancients claim, Yet moderns difavow the name; Unlefs, my dear, you read romances, I cannot reconcile your fancies. Virtue in fairy tales is feen To play the goddefs or the queen ; But what's a queen without the pow'r 2 Or beauty, child, without a dow'r ? Yet this is all that virtue brags, At best 'tis only worth in rags Such whims my very heart derides : Indeed you make me burft my fides. Trust me, Miss Bee-to speak the truth, I've copy'd men from earlieft youth; The fame our tafte, the fame our fchool, Paffion and appetite our rule; And call me bird, or call me finner,

I'll ne'er forego my fport or dinner. A prowling cat the mifcreant fpics, And wide expands her amber eyes: Near and more near Grimalkin daws; She wags her tail, protends her paws; Then, fpringing on her thoughtlefs prey, She bore the vicious bird away.

Thus, in her cruelty and pride, The wicked wanton Sparrow dy'd.

§ 207. The Bears and Bees. MERRICK.

A^S two young Bears, in wanton mood, Forth issuing from a neighbring wood, Came where th'industrious Bees had ftor'd In artful cells their luscious hoard,

O'crjoy'd

y'd, they feiz'd with eager hafte ious on the rich repast. I'd at this, the little crew their ears vindictive flew. easts, unable to fustain equal combat, quit the plain; lind with rage, and mad with pain, native shelter they regain ; fit, and now, difcreeter grown, ate their rashness they bemoan; his by dear experience gain, pleafure's ever bought with pain. hen the gilded baits of vice lac'd before our longing eyes, greedy hafte we fnatch our fill, wallow down the latent ill; hen experience opes our eyes, the fancy'd pleafure flies : ;; but oh ! too late we find es a real fling behind.

208. The Cameleon. MERRICK. ? has it been my lot to mark proud conceited talking fpark, eyes that hardly ferv'd at most ard their mafter 'gainft a post ; und the world the blade has been, : whatever could be feen : ning from his finish'd tour. 1 ten times perter than before; ever word you chance to drop, ravell'd fool your mouth will flop : if my judgment you'll allowfeen-and fure I ought to know."-'s you'd pay a due fubmillion, cquiesce in his decision. o travellers of fuch a caft, r Arabia's wilds they past, n their way, in friendly chat, alk'd of this, and then of that, irs'd a while, 'mongft other matter, Cameleon's form and nature. anger animal,' cries one, never liv'd beneath the fun : ard's body, lean and long, h's head, a ferpent's tongue ; oth with triple claw disjoin'd; what a length of tail behind ! flow its pace ! and then its hueever faw fo fine a blue? old there," the other quick replies, green,-I faw it with these cycs, ate with open mouth it lay, warm'd it in the funny ray; ch'd at its ease the beast I view'd, faw it eat the air for food." re feen it, Sir, as well as you, muft again affirm it blue. ifure I the beaft furvey'd, ided in the cooling fhade. 'is green, 'tis green, Sir, I affure ye."-1 !' cries the other in a fury-

The Art and

K. 2. L. Chaperl

"Why, Sir, d'ye think I've loft my eves ?" "'Twere no great lofs," the friend replies; " For, if they always ferve you thus, "You'll find 'em but of little ufe." So high at laft the contest role, From words they almost came to blows : When luckily came by a third-To him the question they referr'd; And begg'd he'd tell them, if he knew, Whether the thing was green or blue? ' Sirs,' cries the umpire, ' ceafe your pother, ' The creature's neither one nor t'other : ' I caught the animal last night, ' And view'd it o'er by candle-light : ' I mark'd it well-'twas black as jet-' You stare-but, Sirs, I've got it yet, ' And can produce it.' " Pray, Sir, do: " I'll lay my life, the thing is blue." ' And I'll be fworn, that when you've feen ' The reptile, you'll pronounce him green.' "Well then, at once, to ceafe the doubt," Replies the man, " I'll turn him out : "And when before your cyes I've fet him, " If you don't find him black, I'll eat him." He faid ; then full before their fight Produc'd the beaft, and lo-'twas white. Both ftar'd; the man look'd wond'rous wife-"My children,' the Cameleon crics (Then first the creature found a tongue) 'You all are right, and all are wrong : "When next you talk of what you view, Think others fee as well as you : ' Nor wonder, if you find that none ' Prefers your eye-fight to his own.' § 209. The Monkies. ATale. MERRICK. WHOE'ER, with curious eye, has rang'd Thro' Ovid's tales, has feen How Jove, incens'd, to Monkies chang'd A tribe of worthlefs men. Repentant foon, th'offending race Intreat the injur'd pow'r To give them back the human face, And reafon's aid reftore. Jove, footh'd at length, his ear inclin'd, And granted half their pray'r ! But t'other half he bade the wind Difperse in empty air. Scarce had the Thund'rer giv'n the nod That shook the vaulted skies, With haughtier air the creatures ftrode, And stretch'd their dwindled fize. The hair in curls luxuriant, now Around their temples spread The tail, that whilom hung below, Now dangled from the head. The head remains unchang'd within, Nor alter'd much the face;

It still retains its native grin, And all its old grimace,

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Thus, half transform'd, and half the fame, Jove bade them take their place (Reftoring them their ancient claim) Among the human race. Man with contempt the brute furvey'd, Nor would a name beftow; But woman lik'd the motley breed, And call'd the thing a Beau. § 210. The Fire-Side. COTTON. DEAR Chloe, while the bufy crowd, The vain, the wealthy, and the proud, In Folly's maze advance; Tho' fingularity and pride Be call'd our choice, we'll ftep alide, Nor join the giddy dance. From the gay world we'll oft retire To our own family and fire, Where love our hours employs; No noily neighbour enters here; No intermeddling ftranger near, To fpoil our heartfelt joys. If folid happiness we prize, Within our breaft this jewel lies; And they are fools who roam : The world has nothing to beftow; From our own felves our joys must flow, And that dear hut, our home. Of reft was Noah's dove bereft, When with impatient wing the left That fafe retreat, the ark ; Giving her vain excursion o'er, The difappointed bird once more Explor'd the facred bark. The' fools fourn Hymen's gentle pow'rs, We, who improve his golden hours, By fweet experience know, That marriage, rightly underftood, Gives to the tender and the good A paradife below. Our babes shall richest comforts bring ; If tutor'd right, they'll prove a fpring Whence pleafures ever rife : We'll form their minds, with studious care, To all that's manly, good, and fair, And train them for the fkies. While they our wifest hours engage, They'll joy our youth, support our age, And crown our hoary hairs : They'll grow in virtue ev'ry day; And thus our fondeft loves repay, And recompense our cares. No berrow'd joys, they're all our own, While to the world we live unknown, Or by the world forgot : Monarchs! we envy not your flate; We look with pity on the great,

And blcfs our humbler lot.

Our portion is not large, indeed; But then how little do we need ! For nature's calls are few : In this the art of living lies, To want no more than may fuffice, And make that little do. We'll therefore relifh with content Whate'er kind Providence has fent, Nor aim beyond our pow'r; For, if our flock be very finall, 'Tis prudence to enjoy it all, Nor lose the present hour. To be refign'd when ills betide, Patient when favours are deny'd, And pleas'd with favours giv'n ; Dear Chloe, this is wifdom's part; This is that incense of the heart, Whole fragrance finells to heav'n. We'll afk no long protracted treat, Since winter life is feldom fweet ; But, when our feaft is o'er, Grateful from table we'll arife,

Nor grudge our fons with envious eyes The relics of our ftore.

Thus, hand in hand, thro' life we'll go; Its chequer'd paths of joy and woe With cautious fteps we'll tread; Quir its vain fcenes without a tear,

Without a trouble or a fear, And mingle with the dead.

While Confeience, like a faithful friend, Shall thro' the gloomy vale attend, And cheer our dying breath; Shall, when all other comforts ceafe, Like a kind angel, whifper peace, And fmooth the bed of death.

§ 211. Visions for the Entertainment and Infintion of younger Minds. COTTON.

Virginibus puerisque canto. Hor.

TO THE READER.

A UTHORS, vou know, of greateft fame, Thro' modefty, fupprefs their name *; And would you wifh me to reveal What thefe fuperior wits conceal, Forego the fearch, my curious friend, And hufband time to better end. All my ambition is, I own, To profit and to pleafe unknown; Like ftreams fupply'd from fprings below, Which featter bleftings as they flow. Were you difeas'd, or prefs'd with pain, Straight you'd apply to Warwick Lane: The thoughtful Doctor feels your pulse (No matter whether Mead or Hulfe)

Writes—Arabic to you and me— Then figns his hand, and takes his fee.

• Though Dr. Corton is well known to have been the author of these Visions, they have hithertobe publicked without prefixing his name.

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rould the fage omit his name, not the eure remain the fame ? phyficians fign their bill, n they cure, or when they kill, often known, the mental race ond ambitious fires difgrace. avow a parent's claim, night fneer, and friends might blame. ing'rous fecret let me hide, you ev'ry thing befide : t it boots the world a tittle, er the author's big or little ; ther fair, or black, or brown ; :er's hue concerns the town. is the filent rural hour, e to wealth, no tool to pow'r: nfion's warm, and very neat; ay, ' A pretty fnug retreat !' ms no costly paintings grace; mbler print fupplies their place. the house my garden lies, ens to the fouthern fkies : tant hills gay profpects yield, enty fmiles in ev'ry field. faithful mastiff is my guard ; ther'd tribes adorn my yard ; iy joy, my treat when dead, sir foft plumes improve my bed. ow rewards me all fhe can leave ingratitude to man);

ly, thankful to her lord, with nectareous fweets my board : ifeas'd-the cure is known; zeter juices mend my own. : my houfe, and feldom roam ; its pleafe me more than home : hat unhappy elf wes all company but felf; paffions borne away ra, masquerade, or play; those hives where folly reigns, itain's peers receive her chains; the pert virgin flights a name, orns to redden into fhame. yy, my fair, to whom belong et and his artlefs fong, emale cheeks refuse to glow, I to virtue here below ! is loft to ev'ry rule; : diffinction, knave or fool. your innocence we run; ye fair, or we're undone : n your modefty and station, en fhall preferve the nation. ers, 'tis faid, in days of old, d their girls more choice than gold; Il a daughter's worth they knew, te her cheap by public view : who their diamonds value weigh, those diamonds ev'ry day.) F Sir Plume drew near, and fmil'd, ent trembl'd for her child : t advance alarm'd her breaft; icy pictur'd all the reft :

But now no mother fears a foe; No daughter fhudders at a beau; Pleafure is all the reigning theme; Our noon-day thought, our midnight dream. In folly's chace our youths engage, And fhamelefs crowds of tott'ring age. The dic, the dance, th'intemp'rate bowl, With various charms ingrofs the foul. Are gold, fame, health, the terms of vice ***** The frantic tribes fhall pay the price. But tho' to ruin poft they run, They'll think it hard to be undone.

Do not arraign my want of tafte Or fight, to ken where joys are plac'd. They widely err who think me blind; And I difclaim a ftoic's mind. Like yours are my fenfations quite; I only frive to feel aright. My joys, like ftreams, glide gently by; Tho' finall their channel, never dry; Keep a fill, even, fruifful wave, And blefs the neighb'ring meads they lave.

My fortune (for I'll mention all, And more than you dare tell) is fmall ; Yet ev'ry friend partakes my flore, , And want goes finiling from my door. Will forty fhillings warm the breaft Of worth or induftry diftreft ? This fum I cheerfully impart, 'Tis fourfcore pleafures to my heart ! And you may make, by means like thefe, Five talents ten, whenc'er you pleafe. 'Tis true, my little purfe grows light ; But then I fleep fo fiveet at night ! This grand fpecific will prevail When all the doctor's opiates fail.

You alk what party I purfue? Perhaps you mean, 'Whole fool are you A The names of party I deteft ; Badges of flavery at beft : I've too much grace to play the knave, And too much pride to turn a flave.

I love my country from my foul, And grieve when knaves or fools controul : I'm pleas'd when vice and folly fmart, Or at the gibbet or the cart : Yet always pity whore I can ; Abhor the guilt, but mourn the man.

Now the religion of your poet— Does not this little preface flow it ? My Vifions if you fean with care, 'Tis ten to one you'll find it there. And if my actions fuit my fong, You can't in confeience think me wrong.

§ 212. Vision I. Slander. Inferibed to Miss-MY lovely girl, I write for you, And pray believe my Visions true; They'll form your mind to ev'ry grace; They'll add new beauties to your face; And when old age impairs your prime, You'll triumph o'er the fpoils of time. Childhood and youth engage my pen; 'Tis labour loft to talk to men.:

Youth

Youth may, perhaps, reform when wrong : Age will not liften to my fong. He who at fifty is a fool,

Is far too flubborn grown for fchool. What is that vice which ftill prevails, When almost ev'ry pation fails; Which with our very dawn begun, Nor ends but with our fetting fun; Which, like a noxious weed, can fpoil The faireft flow'rs, and choak the foil ? 'Tis Slander—and, with fhane I own, The vice of human-kind alone.

Be Slander, then, my leading dream, Tho' you're a ftranger to the theme; Thy fofter breaft and honeft heart, Scorn the defamatory art; Thy foul afferts her native fkies, Nor afks Detraction's wings to rife; In forcign fpoils let others fhine, Intrinfic excellence is thine. The bird in peacock's plumes who fhone Could plead no merit of her own : The filly theft betray'd her pride; And fpoke her poverty befide.

Th'infidious flandering thief is worfe Than the poor rogue who fteals your purfe. Say, he purloins your glitt'ring ftore : Who takes your gold, takes trafh—no more; Perhaps he pilfers—to be fed— Ah ! guiltlefs wretch, who fteals for bread ! But the dark villain, who fhall aim To blaft, my fair, thy fpotlefs name, He'd fteal a precious gem away, Steal what both Indies can't repay ! Here the ftrong pleas of want are vain, Or the more impious pleas of gain. No finking family to fave ! No gold to glut th'infatiate knave !

Improve the hint of Shakefpeare's tongue; 'Twas thus immortal Shakefpeare fung *: And truft the bard's unerring rule; For nature was that Poet's fehool. As I was nodding in my chair, I faw a rueful wild appear: No verdure met my aching fight, But hemlock and cold aconite; Two very pois'nous plants, 'tis true, But not fo bad as vice to you.

The dreary profpect forcad around ! Deep fnow had whiten'd all the ground, A black and barren mountain nigh, Expos'd to ev'ry friendlefs fky ! Here foul-mouth'd Slander lav reclin'd; Her fnaky treffes hifs'd behind; ' A bloated toad-ftool rais'd her head; ' The plumes of ravens were her bed †;' She fed upon the viper's brood, And flak'd her impious thirft with blood. The rifing fun and weftern ray Were witnefs to her diftant fway. The tyrant claim'd a mightier hoft Than the proud Perfian e'er could boaft. No conqueft grac'd Darius' fon ‡, By his own numbers half undone : Succefs attended Slander's pow'r ; She reap'd frefh laurels ev'ry hour. Her troops a deeper fearlet wore Than ever armies knew before.

No plea diverts the fury's rage, The fury fpares nor fex nor age. E'en Merit, with deftructive charms, Provokes the vengeance of her arms.

Whene'er the tyrant founds to war, Her canker'd trump is heard afar. Pride, with a heart unknown to yield, Commands in chief, and guides the field; He ftalks with vaft gigantic ftride, And fcatters fear and ruin wide : So the impetuous torrent fweep At once whole nations to the deep.

Revenge, that bafe Hefperian ||, known A chief fupport of Slander's throne, Amidft the bloody crowd is feen, And treach'ry brooding in his mien; The monfter often chang'd his gait, But march'd refolv'd, and fix'd as fate : Thus the foll kite, whom hunger ftings, Now flowly moves his out-firetch'd wings; Now fivift as lightning bears avay, And darts upon his trembling prey.

Envy commands a facred band. With fword and poifon in her hand. Around her haggard eye-balls roll ; A thousand fiends poffess her foul. The artful unfufpected fprite, With fatal aim attacks by night. Her troops advance with filent tread, And stab the hero in his bed ; Or shoot the wing'd malignant lye, And female honours pine and die. So prowling wolves, when darkness reigns, Intent on murder, fcour the plains; Approach the folds where lambs repofe. Whole guilclefs breafts fulpect no foes; The favage gluts his fierce defires. And bleating innocence expires.

Slander fmil'd horribly, to view How wide her conquefts daily grew : Around the crowded levees wait, Like oriental flaves of flate; Of either fex whole armies preft, But chiefly of the fair and beft.

Is it a breach of friendship's law, To fay what female friends I faw ? Slander affume's the idol's part, And claims the tribute of the heart;

Othello.

+ Garth's Dispensatory.

* Xerxes, King of Perfia, and fon of Darius. He invaded Greece with an army confiding of more than a million of men (fome fay more than two millions); who, together with their cattle, perilhed in a great measure through the inability of the countries to supply such a vast host with provision.

|| Hefperia includes Italy as well as Spain ; and the inhabitants of both are remarkable for their revengful difpolit.ons.

Th,

:ft, in fome unguarded hour. low'd the knee, and own'd her pow'r; et the poct not reveal candour wifhes to conceal. beheld fome faulty fair, worse delinquents crowded there : s in facred lawn I faw, phyfic, and loquacious law; ers, like fummer flies, abound ; ungry poets fwarm around. w my partial ftory ends, akes my females full amends. lbion's ifle fuch dreams fulfils, lbion's ifle which cures thefe ills : of ev'ry worth and grace warm the heart and flufh the face. cy difclos'd a finiling train tifh nymphs, that tripp'd the plain. nature, first, a sylvan queen, l in robes of cheerful green : and finiling virgin fhe ! ev'ry charm that thines in thee. ice affum'd the chief command. ore a mirror in her hand; was the matron's head by age, ind by long experience fage; ry diftant ill afraid, nxious for the fimp'ring maid. iraces danc'd before the fair ; vhite-rob'd Innocence was there. ees with golden fruits were crown'd, fing flow'rs adorn'd the ground ; in difplay'd each brighter ray, 10ne in all the pride of day : en Slander ficken'd at the fight, culk'd away to fhun the light.

§ 213. Vision II. Pleasure. IR, ye fair mothers of our ille, or fcorn your Poet's homely ftyle. tho' my thoughts be quaint or new, rrant that my doctrine's true : my fentiments be old, aber, truth is sterling gold. judge it of important weight ep your rifing offspring ftraight ; is fuch anxious moments feel, Ik the friendly aids of fteel 5 is import the diftant cane, ¹ the monarch of the main. iall the foul be warp'd afide fion, prejudice, and pride ? nity of heart I call orft deformity of all. ares to body are confin'd ; ar obliquity of mind. sot adorn the better part ? : a nobler theme for art. hat is form, or what is face, e foul's index, or its cafe ? [,] take a fimile at hand, re the mental foil to land.

Shall fields be till'd with annual care, And minds lie fallow ev'ry year ? O, fince the crop depends on you, Give them the culture which is due : Hoe ev'ry weed, and drefs the foil, So harveft fhall repay your toil. If human minds refemble trees

If human minds refemble trees (As ev'ry moralift agrees) Prune all the firagglers of your vine, Then fhall the purple clufters fhine. The gard'ner knows, that fruitful life Demands his falutary knife : For ev'ry wild luxuriant fhoot, Or robs the bloom, or ftarves the fruit.

A fatirift*, in Roman times, When Rome, like Britain, groan'd with crimes, Afferts it for a facred truth, That pleafures are the bane of youth; That forrows fuch purfuits attend, Or fuch purfuits in forrows end. That all the wild advent'rer gains Are perils, penitence, and pains. Approve, ye fair, the Roman page, And bid your fons revere the fage ; In ftudy fpend their midnight oil And ftring their nerves by manly toil. Thus shall they grow, like Temple, wife; Thus future Lockes and Newtons rife; Or hardy chiefs to wield the lance, And fave us from the chains of France. Yes, bid your fons betimes forego Those treach'rous paths where pleasures grow; Where the young mind is Folly's flave; Where ev'ry virtue finds a grave.

Let each bright character be nam'd For wifdom, or for valour fam'd : Are the dear youths to fcience prone, Tell how th'immortal Bacon fhone ! Who, leaving meaner joys to kings, Soar'd high on contemplation's wings ; Rang'd the fair fields of nature o'cr, Where never mortal trod before : Bacon ! whofe vaft, capacious plan Befpoke him angel, more than man 1

Does love of martial fame infpire, Cherifh, ye fair, the gen'rous fire; Teach them to fpurn inglorious reft, And roufe the hero in their breaft : Paint Creffy's vanquifh'd field ancw, Their fouls fhall kindle at the view; Refolv'd to conquer or to fall, When liberty and Britain call. Thus fhall they rule the crimfon plain, Or hurl their thunders thro' the main; Gaia with their blood, nor grudge the coft, What their degen'rate fires have loft : The laurel thus fhall grace their brow, As Churchill's once, or Warren's now.

One fummer's evening, as I ftray'd Along the filent moon-light glade, With those reflections in my breat, Beneath an oak I funk to reft;

+ Perfius.

A gentle

A gentle flumber intervenes, And fancy drefs'd inftructive feenes. Methought a fpacious road I fpy'd, And ftately trees adorn'd its fide; Frequented by a giddy crowd Of thoughtlefs mortals, vain and loud; Who tripp'd with jocund heel along, And bade me join their finiling throng.

I ftraight obey'd—perfuation hung Like honey on the fpeaker's tongue : A cloudlets fun improv'd the day, And pinks and rofes ftrew'd our way.

Now as our journey we purfue, A beauteous fabric role to view; A flately dome, and fweetly grac'd With ev'ry ornament of tafte. This flructure was a female's claim, And Pleafure was the monarch's name. The hall we enter'd uncontrol'd,

And faw the queen enthron'd on gold : Arabian fweets perfum'd the ground, And laughing Cupids flutter'd round; A flowing velt adorn'd the fair, And flow'ry chaplets wreath'd her hair. Fraud taught the queen a thoufand wiles, A thoufand foft infidious fmiles;

Love taught her lifping tongue to fpeak,
And form'd the dimple in her check;
The lily and the damafk role
The tincture of her face compole;
Nor did the god of wit difdain
To mingle with the fhining train.
Her vot'ries flock from various parts,
And chiefly youth refign'd their hearts;
The old in fparing numbers preft;
But awkward devotees at beft.

' Now let us range at large,' we cry'd, "Thro' all the garden's boafted pride." Here jafmines fpread the filver flow'r, To deck the wall or weave the bow'r; The woodbines mix in am'rous play, And breathe their fragrant lives away. Mere rifing myrtles form a shade ; There roles blufh, and fcent the glade; The orange, with a vernal face, Wears ev'ry rich autumnal grace ; While the young bloffoms here unfold, There thines the fruit like pendant gold. Citrons their balmy fweets exhale, And triumph in the diftant gale. Now fountains, murm'ring to the fong, Roll their tranflucent ftreams along ; 'Thro' all the aromatic groves The faithful turtles coo their loves ; The lark, afcending, pours his notes; And linnets fivell their rapt'rous throats.

Pleafure, imperial fair ! how gay Thy empire, and how wide thy fiway ! Enchanting queen, how foft thy reign ! How man, fond man ! implores thy chain } Yet thine each meretricious arr, That weakens and corrupts the heart : The childifh toys and wanton page, Which fink and profittute the frage !

The malquerade, that just offence To virtue, and reproach to fense ! The midnight dance, the mantling bowl. And all that diffipate the foul; All that to ruin man combine, Yes, fpecious harlot, all are thine ! Whence fprung th'accurfed luft of play, Which beggars thousands in a day? Speak, forc'refs, fpeak (for thou canft tell) Who call'd the treach'rous card from hell ? Now man profanes his reas'ning pow'rs, Profanes fiveet friendfhip's facred hours ; Abandon'd to inglorious ends, And faithlefs to himfelf and friends ; A dupe to ev'ry artful knave, To cv'ry abject wifh a flave : But who against himself combines, Abets his enemy's defigns. When rapine meditates a blow, He fhares the guilt who aids the foe. Is man a thief who fteals my pelf-How great his theft who robs himfelf ! Is man, who gulls his friend, a cheat-How heinous, then, is felf-deceit ! Is murder justly deem'd a crime-How black his guilt who murders time ? Should cuftom plead, as cuftom will, Grand precedents to palliate ill; Shall modes and forms avail with me, When reafon difavows the plea ? Who games, is felon of his wealth, His time, his liberty, his health : Virtue forfakes his fordid mind, And Honour fcorns to flay behind. From man when thefe bright cherubs parts Ah, what's the poor deferted heart 1 A favage wild that fhocks the fight, Or chaos, and impervious night I Each gen'rous principle deftroy'd, And damons crowd the frightful void f Shall Siam's elephant fupply The bancful defolating die !

Againft the honeft fylvan's will, You taught his iv'ry tufk to kill. Heav'n, fond its favours to difpenfe, Gave him that weapon for defence : That weapon, for his guard defign'd, You render'd fatal to mankind. He plann'd no death for thoughtlefs youth ; You gave the venom to his tooth. Blufh, tyrant, blufh 1 for, oh 1 'tis true, That no fell ferpent bites like you.

The gueffs were order'd to depart ; Reluctance fat on ev'ry heart : A porter fhew'd a diffrent door, Not the fair portal known before. The gates, methought, were open'd wide ; The crowds defeended in a tide : But oh ! ye heav'ns, what vaft furprize Struck the advent'rers frighted eyes ! A barren heath before us lay, And gath'ring clouds obfeur'd the day ; The darknefs rofe in finoky fpires ; The lightnings flafh'd their livid fires :

Los

als of thunder rent the air, congeance chill'd our hearts with fear. ruthless tyrants fway'd the plain, unph'd o'er the mangl'd flain. t Distaste, with fickly mien, ore than half devour'd with fpleen ; tood Remorfe, with thought oppreft, pers feeding on his breaft : Vant, dejected, pale, and thin, ones just starting thro' his fkin ; :ly fiend !----and clofe behind, his aching head reclin'd ! rlafting thirft confeit es which rag'd within his breaft : :los'd the train ! the hideous form unrelenting, in the form ; straight a doleful shrick was heard ; :----the vifion difappear'd. lot the unexperienc'd boy hat pleafures will deftroy; that dreams are vain and wild, iry tales, to please a child. int hints the wife may reap allies of the foul in fleep : ice there's meaning in my dream, oral merits your effeem.

I.

§ 214. Vision III. Health. END my Visions, thoughtless youths, e long you'll think them weighty truths; t it were to think fo now, : has filver'd o'er your brow : who at his early years vn in vice, fhall reap in tears. 7 has poffeis'd his prime, shall gather strength in time ; fhall rage in ev'ry veinnitence dilute the ftain : hen each hour shall urge his fate, it, like the doctor, comes too late, fubject of my fong is Health; fuperior far to wealth. : young mind distruit its worth' : the monarchs of the earth : il czars and fultans own is fo bright that decks their throne ; or this pearl his crown would quit, rn a ruftic, or a cit. k, tho' the bleffing's loft with cafe, t recover d when you pleafe. : that gruels shall avail; utary gruels fail : , Apollo's fons fucceed ; 's fon is Egypt's " reed. uitlefs the phyfician's fkill, in the penitential pill, arbie monuments proclaim; imbler turf confirms the faine ! tion is the better cure ; the proverb; and 'tis fure. ild you extend your narrow fpan, ake the most of life you can;

Would you, when med'cines cannot lave, Defeend with eafe into the grave-Calmly retire, like evining light, And cheerful Bid the world good night ?--Let Temp'rance conftantly prefide; Our beft phylician, friend, and guide! Would you to wildom make pretence, Proud to be thought a man of fenfe?--Let Temp'rance (always friend to fame) With fleady hand direct your sim; Or, like an archer in the dark, Your random fhaft will mis the mark : For they who flight her golden rules, In Wifdom's volume ftand for fools.

But morals, unadorn'd by art, Arc feldom known to reach the heart : I'll therefore firive to raife my theme With all the fcenery of a dream.

Soft were my flumbers, fweet my reft, Such as the infant's on the breaft; When Fancy, ever on the wing, And fruitful as the genial fpring, Prefented, in a blaze of light, A new creation to my fight.

A rural landfcape I defcry'd, Drefs'd in the robes of fummer pride; The herds adom'd the floping hills, That glitter'd with their tinkling rills; Below, the fleecy mothers firay'd, And round their fportive lambkins play'd.

Nigh to a murm'ring brook I faw An humble cottage, thatch'd with ftraw; Behind, a garden, that fupply'd All things for ufc, and none for pride: Beauty prevail'd thro' ev'ry part; But more of nature than of art.

' Hail, thou iweet, calm, unenvy'd feat !'
I faid, and blefs'd the fair retreat;
' Here would I pafs my remnant days,
' Unknown to cenfure or to praife;
' Forget the world, and be forgot,
' As Pope deferibes his veftal's lot.'
While thus I musid a becauteous maid

While thus I mus'd, a beauteous maid Stepp'd from a thicket's neighb'ring fhade; Not Hampton's gallery can boalt, Nor Hudion paint, fo fair a toaft : She claim'd the cottage for her own; To Health a cottage is a thronc.

The annals fay (to prove her worth) The Graces folenniz'd her birth. Garlands of various flow'rs they wrought : The orchard's blufhing pride they brought : Hence in her face the lily fpeaks, And hence the rofe which paints her checks ; The cherry gave her lips to glow ; Her eyes were debtors to the floe ; And, to complete the lovely fair, 'Tis faid the chefnut ftain'd her hair.

The

The virgin was averfe to courts; But often feen in rural fports: When in her rofy veft the morn Walks o'er the dew-befpangled lawn,

• In allufion to a Kings, xviii. 21.

The nymph is first to form the race, Or wind the horn, and lead the chace.

Sudden I heard a fhouting train; Glad acclamations fill'd the plain ; Unbounded joy improv'd the fcene,

For Health was loud proclaim'd a queen. Two finiting cherubs grac'd her throne (To modern courts, I fear, unknown): One was the nymph that loves the light, Fair Innocence, array'd in white; With fifter Peace in close embrace, And heav'n all op'ning in her face.

The reign was long, the empire great, And Virtue minister of flate. In other kingdoms, ev'ry hour, You hear of Vice preferr'd to pow'r : Vice was a perfect stranger here ; No knaves engrofs'd the royal ear ; No fools obtain'd the monarch's grace; Virtue difpos'd of ev'ry place.

What fickly appetites are ours, Still varying with the varying hours ! And tho' from good to bad we range, "No matter,' fays the fool, ' 'tis change.'

Her fubjects now express'd apace Diffatisfaction in their face : Some view the flate with Envy's eye; Some were difpleas'd, they knew not why; When Faction, ever bold and vain, With rigour tax'd their monarch's reign. Thus, fhould an angel from above, Fraught with benevolence and love, Defcend to earth, and here impart Important truths to mend the heart, Would not th'instructive guest dispense With passion, appetite, and sense, We should his heav'nly lore despise, And fend him to his former fkics. A dang'rous hoftile pow'r arofe To Health, whole houlchold were her foes : A harlot's loofe attire the wore. And Luxury the name fhe bore. This prince is of unbounded fway, Whom Afia's fofter fons obey. Made war against the queen of Health, Affifted by the troops of Wealth.

The queen was first to take the field, Arm'd with her helmet and her fhield; Temper'd with fuch fuperior art, That both were proof to ev'ry dart. Two warlike chiefs approach'd the green, And wond'rous fav'rites with the queen ; Both were of Amazonian race; Both high in merit and in place. Here Refolution march'd, whofe foul No fear could shake ; no pow'r contioul ; The heroine wore a Roman vest ; A lion's heart inform'd her breaft. There Prudence fhone; whofe bofom wrought With all the various plans of Thought; 'Twas hers to bid the troops engage, And teach the battle where to rage And now the Syren's armics prefs;

Their van was headed by Excels;

The mighty wings that form'd the fide, Commanded by that giant, Pride; While Sickness, and her fifters Pain And Poverty, the centre gain : Repentance, with a brow fevere, And Death were station'd in the rear. Health rang'd her troops with matchlefs art, And acted the defensive part : Her army, posted on a hill, Plainly befpoke fuperior skill. Hence were discover'd, thro' the plain The motions of the hoftile train : While Prudence, to prevent furprize, Oft fally'd with her trufty fpies; Explor'd cach ambuscade below, And reconnoiter'd well the foe. Afar when Luxurv defery'd Inferior force by art fupply'd, The Syren fpake - ' Let fraud prevail, Since all my num'rous hofts muft fail; " Henceforth hoftilities thall ceafe ; " I'll fend to Health, and offer peace." Straight the difpatch'd, with pow'rs complete, Pleafure, her minister, to treat.

This wicked itrumpet topp'd her part, And fow'd fedicion in the heart ! Thro' ev'ry troop the poifon ran ; All were infected to a man : The weary generals were won By Pleafure's wiles, and both undone. Jove held the troops in high difgrace,

And bade difeafes blaft their race a Look'd on the queen with melting eyes, And fnatch'd his darling to the fkies : Who still regards those wifer few. That dare her dictates to purfue. For where her ftricter law prevails, Tho' paffion prompts, or vice affails, Long thall the cloudlefs fkics behold, And their calm fun-fet beam with gold.

§ 215. Vision IV. Content.

MAN is deceived by outward flow -'Tis a plain homefpun truth, I know: The fraud prevails at ev'ry age So fays the fchool-boy and the fage : Net ftill we hug the dear deceit, And fill exclaim against the cheat. But whence this inconfistent part ? Sav, moralifts, who know the heart : If you'll this labyrin:h purfue, I'll go before, and find the clue.

I dream'd ('twas on a birth-day night) A fumptuous palace role to fight : The builder had, thro' ev'ry part, Obferv'd the chafteft rules of art ; Raphael and Titian had display'd All the full force of light in thade. Around the livery'd fervants wait ; An aged porter kept the gate. As I was travering the hall, Where Bruffels looms adorn'd the wall

(Wha

le tap'ftry shews, without my aid, is no fuch ufelefs maid) eful perfon came in view orm, it feems, is known to few); efs was unadorn'd with lace, arms I a thousand in his face. his, Sir, your property ?' I cry'd; er and manfion coincide : re all, indeed, is truly great, proves that blifs may dwell with state. , Sir, indulge a ftranger's claim, grant the favor of your name." ntent,' the lovely form reply'd; hink not here that I refide : lives a courtier, bafe and fly; pen, honeft ruffic, I. tafte and manners difagree ; evee boafts no charms for me : itles and the fmiles of kings, he are cheap unheeded things. virtue can alone impart patent of a ducal heart : is this herald speaks him great, t shall avail the glare of state ') e fecret charms are my delight, :h fhine remote from public fight : ms fubdu'd, defires at refthence his chaplain fhares my breaft. here was a time (his Grace can tell) w the Duke exceeding well; v ev'ry fecret of his heart; ith we never were apart : vhen the court became his end, ırn'd his back upon his friend. e day I call'd upon his grace, is the Duke had got a place : ught (but thought amifs, 'tis clear) uld be welcome to the peer; welcome to a man in pow'r; fo I was - for half an hour ; ie grew weary of his guest, foon difcarded me his breaft; aided me with want of merit, noft for poverty of spirit. u relifh not the great man's lot ! ;, haften to my humbler cot. k me not partial to the great, i fworn foe to pride and state; ionarch fhares my kind embrace; e's fcarce a monarch knows my face; ent fhuns courts, and oft'ner dwells modeft worth in rural cells; e's no complaint, tho' brown the bread, e rude turf fuftain the head ; hard the couch and courfe the meat, the brown loaf and fleep are fweet. r from the city I refide, a thatch'd cottage all my pride. to my heart, I feldom roam, ife I find my joys at home : oreign visits then begin n the man feels a void within. t tho' from towns and crowds I fly, morift, nor cypic, I.

Amidft fequefter'd fhades I prize
The friend/hips of the good and wife:
Bid Virtue and her fons attend,
Virtue will tell thee, I'm her friend;
Tell thee, I'm faithful, conflant, kind,
And meck, and lowly, and refign'd i
Will fay, there's no diffinction known
Betwixt her houfhold and my own.'

AUTHOR.

If these the friendships you pursue, Your friends, I fear, are very few. So little company, you fay, Yet fond of home from day to day ! How do you flut Detraction's rod ? I doubt your neighbours think you odd !

CONTENT.

I commune with myfelf at night, And alk my heart if all be right : If ' Right' replies my faithful breaft, I finile, and close my eyes to reft.

AUTHOR.

You feem regardless of the town : Pray, Sir, how stand you with the gown ?

CONTENT.

The clergy fay they love me well ; Whether they do, they beft can tell : They paint me modeft, friendly, wile, And always praife me to the fkics ; But if conviction's at the heart, Why not a correspondent part ? For shall the learned tongue prevail, If actions preach a diffrent tale ? Who'll feek my door, and grace my walls, When neither dean nor prelate calls ?

With those my friendfalps most obtain, Who prize their duty more than gain; Soft flow the hours whene'er we meet, And conficious virtue is our treat; Our harmlefs breafts no envy know, And hence we fear no secret foe; Our walks Ambition ne'er attends, And hence we afk no pow'rful friends; We wish the best to church and state, But leave the sterage to the great; Carelefs who rifes or who falls, And never dream of vacant stalls: Much lefs, by pride or int'reft drawn, Sigh for the mire and the lawn.

Obferve the fecrets of my art, I'll fundamental truths impart : If you'll my kind advice purfue, I'll quit my hut, and dwell with you.

The paffions are a num rous crowd, Imperious, positive, and loud; Curb thefe licentious fons of strife; Hence chiefly rife the storms of life: If they grew mutinous, and rave, They are thy masters, thou their slave. Regard the world with cautious eye, Nor raife your expectation high; See that the balane'd scales be such, You neither fear nor hope too much: For difappointment's not the thing; 'Tis pride and paffion point the fting. Life is a fea, where florms muft rife; 'Tis folly talks of cloudle's fking: He who contracts his fwelling fail, Eludes the fury of the gale.

Be still, nor anxious thoughts employ; Distruit embitters prefent joy : On God for all events depend ; You cannot want when God's your Friend. Weigh well your part, and do your beft ; Leave to your Maker all the reft. The Hand, which form'd thee in the womb, Guides from the cradle to the tomb. Can the fond mother flight her boy ? Can the forget her prattling joy ? Say, then, thall Sov reign Love defert The humble and the honeft heart ? Heav'n may not grant thee all thy mind; Yet fay not thou that Heav'n's unkind. God is alike both good and wife In what he grants and what denies : Perhaps, what Goodness gives to-day, To-morrow Goodneis takes away.

You fay, that troubles intervene; That forrows darken half the fcenc. True — and this confequence you fce, The world was ne're deign'd for thee : You're like a paffenger below, That ftays perhaps a night or fo; But ftill his native country lies Beyond the bound'ries of the fkies.

Of Heav'n afk virtue, wildom, health; But never let thy pray'r be wealth. If food be thine (tho' little gold) And raiment to repel the cold; Such as may Nature's want fuffice, Nor what from pride and folly rife; If foft the motions of thy foul, And a calm conficience crowns the whole, Add but a friend to all this flore, You can't in reafor with for more. And if kind Heav'n this comfort brings, 'Tis more than Heav'n beftows on kings.

He fpake —the airy fpectre flies, And trait the fiveet illution dies. The Vision, at the early dawn, Confign'd me to the thoughtful morn; To all the cares of waking clay, And inconfiftent dreams of day.

§ 216. Vision V. Happinefs.

Y-E ductile youths, whofe rifing fun Hath many circles fill to run; Who witch with the pilot's chart To their thro' life th'unfleady heart; And, all the thoughtful voyage paft, To gain a happy port at laft, — Attend a Seer's influctive fong; For moral truths to dreams belong. I faw this wond'rous Vifion foon ; Long ere my fun had reach'd its noon ; Juft when the rifing beard began To grace my chin, and call me man. One night, when balmy flumbers fhed Their peaceful poppies o'er my head, My fancy led me to explore A thoufand fcenes unknown before. I faw a plain extended wide, And crowds pour'd in from ev'ry fide; All fceni'd to frart a diffrent game, Y et all declar'd their views the fame : The chace was Happinefs, I found; But all, alas ! enchanted ground.

Indeed, I judg'd it wond'rous itrange, To fee the giddy numbers range Thro' roads which promis'd nought, at beff, But forrow to the human breaft. Methought, if blifs was all their view, Why did they diff'rent paths purfue ? The waking world has long agreed, That Bagflot's not the road to Tweed; And he who Berwick feeks thro' Staines, Shall have his labour for his pains.

As Parnell fays *, my bolom wrought With travail of uncertain thought; And, as an angel help'd the dean, My angel choic to intervene. The drefs of each was much the fame; And Virtue was my feraph's name. When thus the angel filence broke (Her voice was mufic as fhe fpoke):

Attend, O man ! nor leave my fide,
And fafety shall thy footsteps guide;
Such truths I'll teach, such fecrets show,
As none but favour'd mortals know.'

She faid — and firait we march'd along To join Ambition's active throng: Crowds urg'd on crowds, with eager pace, And happy he who led the race. Axes and daggers lay unfeen In ambufcade along the green : While vapours fhed delufive light, And bubbles mock'd the diftant fight.

We faw a fhining mountain rife, Whofe tow'ring fummit reach'd the fkies The flopes were fteep, and form'd of glafs, Painful and hazardous to pais : Courtiers and fratelines led the way; The faithless paths their steps betray ; This moment licen aloft to foar, The next to fall, and rife no more. 'Twas here Ambition kept her court A phantom of gigantic port : The fav'rite that fuffain'd her throne Was Falfehood, by her vizard known; Next flood Mifiruft, with frequent figh. Diforder'd look, and iquinting eye'; While meagre Envy claim'd a place, And Jealoufy with jaundic'd face. " But where is Happinels " I cry'd.

My guardian turn'd, and thus reply'd :

" See the Hormit, Page 73.

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rtal, by Folly ftill beguil'd, haft not yet outfripp'd the child; who haft twenty winters teen dly think thee paft fifteen) : if happiness can dwell ev'ry dirty imp of hell ! the ichool-boy, he ihall preach twenty winters cannot teach ; ell thee, from his weekly theme, hy purfuit is all a dream; lifs ambitious views difowns, felf-dependant, laughs at thrones; : the inades and lowly feats, er fair Innocence retreats; coy lily of the vale eminence, and loves the dale." h'd; and now we crois'd the plain, the money-getting train ; lent, fnug, commercial bands, ify looks and dirty hands. hefe thoughtful crowds, the old, i their happinets in gold : cly, if there's blifs below, oarv heads the fecret know. ney'd with the plodding crew, son a temple role to view; c pile ! with mois o'ergrown; vere the walls, and built with itone. :, a thousand mastiffs wait : and bolts fecure the gate. in admittion long in vain; all favours fell for gain. edy porter yields to gold ; eccivid, the gates unfold. d nations here were found, v'd the cringing herds around, ly facrific'd to Wealth nor, confeience, peace, and health. charms that could engage; appear'd like fordid age, oked nofe, and famish'd jaws, nt's eyes, and harpy's claws : ood Fear, that reftlefs fprite, aunts the watches of the night; r Care, that ftings fo deep, eadly venom murders fleep. ften now to Pleafure's bow'rs, ie gay tribes fat crown'd with flow'rs: uty ev'ry charm dilplay'd, inflam'd the yielding maid; wine our taffe employs; on bowl exalts our joys. zen'rous pow'r, and thought I was found that long I fought. 'd here to fix my home, he change, nor with'd to roam ; oh difapprov'd my ftay; r fair plumes, and wing'd away. whene'er we talk of blifs, ie is man to judge amils ! g train of ills confpires ge our uncontroul'd desires; mer swarms, diseases crowd ; s a crutch, or each a fhroud :

Fever, that thirsty fury, came, With inextinguishable flame; Confumption, fworn ally of Death ! Crept flowly on with panting breath ; Gout mar'd, and thew'd his throbbing feet; And Dropfy took the drunkard's feat ; Stone brought his tort'ring racks; and near Sat Pally, flaking in her chair.

A mangled youth, beneath a fhade, A melancholy icene difplay'd : His notcie's face and loathfome ftains, Proclaim'd the poiton in his veins ; He rais'd his eyes, he finote his breaft, He wept aloud, and thus addreft :

· Forbear the harlot's falle embrace, " Tho' lewdnefs wear an angel's face : " Be wife, by my experience taught; I die, alas, for want of thought !! As he who travels Lybia's plains, Where the fierce lion lawlefs reigns, Is feiz'd with fear and wild difinav, When the grim foe obtructs his way ; My foul was pierc'd with equal fright, My tott'ring limbs oppos'd my flight : I call'd on Virtue, but in vain; Her absence quicken'd every pain. At length the flighted angel heard; The dear refulgent form appear'd.

"Prefumptuous youth !' fhe faid, and frown'd (My heart-ftrings flutter'd at the found); Who turns to me reluctant cars, " Shall fhed repeated floods of tears. Thefe rivers shall for ever last; ' There's no retracting what is paft : ' Nor think avenging ills to thun ; 6 Play a falfe card, and you're undone. " Of Pleafure's gilded baits beware, Nor tempt the Syren's fatal fnare : Forego this curs'd, detefted place ; 6 Abhor the ftrumpet and her race. Had you those foster paths purfu'd, Perdition, ftripling, had enfu'd; Yes, fly - you fland upon its brink ; 6 To-morrow is too late to think, ' Indeed, unwelcome truths I tell, But mark my facred leffon well : . With me whoever lives at ftrife, " Lofes his better friend for life; "With me who lives in friendthip's ties, · Finds all that's fought for by the wife. . Folly exclaims, and well the may, Becaule I take her malk away; · If once I bring her to the fun. " The painted harlot is undone. "But prize, my child, oh ! prize my rules, " And leave Deception to her fools. Ambition deals in tinfel toys; " Her traffic gewgaws, flecting joys ! " An errant juggler in difguife, "Who holds falle optics to your eyes, But ah ' how quick the fhadow pafs! " Tho' the bright vitions thro' her glais " Charm at a diffance; yet, when near, The bafelefs fabrics difappear. K 2

· Nor riches boalt intrinfic worth a " Their charms, at beit, iuperior earth : . Theic oft the heav'n-born mind enflave, And make an honeft man a knave." " Wealth cures my wants !" the miler cries : " Be not deceiv'd, the miler lyes " One want he has, with all his fore " That world of wants - the want of more." " Take Pleafure, Wealth, and Pomp away, " And where is Harvinefs ?" you fay. "Tis here - and may be yours - for know, · I'm all that's happinets below. " To Vice I leave tumultuous joys : " Mine is the full and fofter voice, • That whilpers peace when ftorms invade, • And mulic through the midnight flade. " Course, then, be mine in ev ry part, Nor give me lefs than all your heart; · When troubles difcompate your breaft, I'll enter there a cheerful gueft : · My converse shall your cares beguile ; • The little world within thall fmile ; "And then it fearce imports a jot, Whether the great world frowns or not. " And when the closing fcenes prevail, "When wealth, flate, pleafure, all shall fail;

• All that a foolifh world admires,

· Or Passion craves, or Pride inspires;

At that important hour of need,

- " Virtue shall prove a friend indeed !
- " My hands shall smooth thy dying bed,
- " My arms fuftain thy drooping head :
- · And when the painful ftruggle's o'er,
- " And that vain thing, the world, no more,
- · I'll bear my fav'rite fon away
- " To rapture, and eternal day,"

§ 217. Vision. VI. Friendship.

FRIENDSHIP! thou foft propitious pow'r ! Sweet regent of the focial hour! Sublime thy joys, nor underftood But by the virtuous and the good ! Cabal and Riot take thy name, But 'tis a falle affected claim ; In heav'n if love and friendfhip dwell, Can they affociate e'er with heil?

Thou art the fame thro 'change of simes, Thro' frozen zones and burning climes ; From the equator to the pole, The fame kind angel thro' the whole : And fince thy choice is always free, I blefs thee for thy fimiles on me.

When forrows fwell the tempeft high, Thoo, a kind port, art always nigh; For aching heartra for reign cure, Not fort Nepenthe 3 half fo fare. And, when returning comforts rife, Thou the bright fun that gilds our fkies.

While these ideas warm'd my breaft, My weary cyc-lids ftole to reft; When fartcy re-affum'd the theme, And furnish'd this instructive dream, I fail'd upon a stormy fea (Thoufands embark'd alike with me); My skiff was small, and weak beside, Not built, methought, to stem the tide. The winds along the furges fiveep, The wrecks lie featter'd thro' uhe deep; Aloud the feaming billows rear; Unfriendly rocks forbid the shore.

While all our various courfe purfue, A fpacious ifle falutes our view : Two queens, with tempers diffring wide, This new differer'd world divide; A river parts their proper claim, And truth its celebrated name.

One fide a beautzous track of ground Prefents, with living verdure crown'd; The feafons temp'rate, foft, and mild, And a kind fun that always finil'd: Few florms moleft the naives here; Cold is the only ill they fear. This happy clime and grateful foil, With plenty crowns the !ab'rer's toil.

Here Friendihip's happy kingdom grew, Her realms were imall, her fubjects few : A thou and charms the palace grace : A rock of adamant its bafe. Tho' thunders roll, and lightnings fly, This firucture braves th'inclement fly : E'en time, which other piles devours, And mocks the pride of human pow'rs, Partial to Friendihip's pile alone, Cements the joints, and binds the ftone; Ripens the beauties of the place, And calls to life each latent grace.

Around the throne is order fland Four Amazons, a trufty band ! Friends ever faithful to advife, Or to defend when dangers rife. Here Fortitude, in cost of mail ; There Juffice lifts her golden fcale ! Two hardy chiefs, who perfevere, With form ereft and brow fevere ; Who finile at perils, pains, and death, And triumph with their lateft breath.

Temp'rance, that comely matron, 's mear, Guardian of all the virtues here; Adom'd with ev'ry blooming grace, Without one wrinkle in her face. But Prudence most attracts their fight, And thines pre-eminently bright. To yiew her various shoughts that sife, She holds a mirror to his eyes; The mirror, faithful in its charge, Reflects the virgin's foul in large. A Virtue with a forter air Was handmaid to the regal fair, This nymph, infolgent, conftant, kind; Derives from hear's her fixed of the result of the should a

Perives from heaven her spotlefs mind ; When actions wear a dubious face, Puts the best meaning on the cafe !

* Nepenthe is an herb which, being infufed in wine, difpels grief. It is unknown to the shoderns; be fome believe it a kind of options; and others take it for a fpecies of buglofs. Plin. xti. 25. f. & xxv. 5.

reads her arms, and bares her breaft, in the naked and diftreft ; the hungry orphan's cries, om her queen obtains fupplies. aid who acts this lovely part, d in her hand a bleeding heart. harity, be thou my guest, e thy conftant couch my breaft ! virtues of inferior name round the throne with equal claim; ilty by none furpafs'd, hold allegiance to the laft. cient records e'er can fhow me deferted to the foe. river's other fide difplay'd ate plots of flow'rs and fhade, : poppies fhone with various hue. : yielding willows plenteous grew; unole plants *, by trav'llers thought, low but certain poifon fraught. i these scenes the eye defery'd 'rful realm extended wide bound'ries from north-caft begun. retch'd to meet the fouth-weft fun. latt'ry boafts defpotic fway, isks in all the warmth of day z practis'd in Deception's school, rant knew the hearts to rule ; with th'imperial robe, ns the conquest of the globe ! ded by her fervile trains, kings, and fons of kings, in chains. rling minister is Pride ne'er was known to change his fide) d to all her int'refts juft, tive to discharge his trust ; d alike by high and low; ol of the belle and beau : 7 fhape he fhews his skill, rms her fubject to his will; their houses and their hearts, ins his point before he parts. ever minister was known ous for his tov'reign's throng ! ze tisters, finnilar in mien, naids of honour to the queen ; arther favours shar'd belide. shters of a flatefman, Pride. it, Conceit, with tow ing creft, with form upon the reft; herfelf, nor lefs I deem, uchefs in her own effeem. Affectation, fair and young, alf-form'd accents on her tongue ; antic shape, and various face, d ev'ry native grace. Vanity, a wanton maid ng in brudels and brocade; c, frolicfome, and wild, il the trinkets of a child. people, ioyal to the quten, heir attachment in their micn :

With cheerful heart they homage paid, And happieft he who most obey'd; While they who fought their own applause, Promoted most their for'reign's cause. The minds of all were fraught with guile; Their manners diffolute and vile; And ev'ry tribe, like Pagans, run To kneel before the rising fun.

But now fome clam'rous founds arife, And all the pleafing vision flies.

Once more I clos'd my eyes to fleep, And gain'd th'imaginary deep; Fancy prefided at the helm, And fleer'd me back to Friendfhip's realm. But, oh! with horror I relate The revolutions of her flate; The Trojan chief could hardly more His Afiatic tow'rs deplore.

For Flatt'ry view'd thole fairer plains With longing eyes, where Friendship reigns With envy heard her neighbour's fame, And often sigh'd to gain the fame. At longth, by pride and int'reft fir'd, To Friendship's kingdom she aspir'd.

And now, commencing open fue, She plans in thought fome mighty blow; Draws out her forces on the green, And marches to invade the queen.

The river Truth the hofts withftood, And roll'd her formidable flood : Her current flrong, and deep, and clear; No fords were found, no ferries near. But as the troops approach the waves, Their fears fuggeft a thouland graves; They all retir'd with hafte extreme, And fludder'd at the dang'rous flream.

Hypocrify the gulph explores : She forms a bridge, and joins the fhores. Thus often art or fraud prevails, When military prowefs fails : The troops an eafy paffage find, And vic?ry follows clofe behind,

Friendfhip with ardour charg'd her foes, And now the fight promifcuous grows; But flatting threw a porfon'd dart, And piere'd the emprefs to the heart. The Virtues all around, were feen To fall in heaps about the queen. The tyrant ftripp'd the mang!'d fair; She wore her fpoils, affum'd her air ! And mounting next the fuffrer's throne, Claim'd the queen's titles as her own.

'Ah, injur'd maid !' aloud I crv'd; 'Ah, injur'd maid !' the rocks reply'd. Bu: judge my griefs, and thare them too, For the fad tale pertains to you; Judge, reader, how fevere the wound, When Friendthip's foes were mine, I found; When the fad feene of pride and guile Was Britain's poor degen'rate ifle!

The Amazons, who propp'd the state, Haply surviv'd the gen'ral fate.

humble plant bends down before the touch, as the fenfitive plant fhrinks from the touch; and is faid, to be the flow poison of the Indians.

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Juffice

Juftice to Powis Houfe is fled, And Yorke fultains her radiant head. The virtue, Fortitude, appears In open day at Ligonier's; Illufitious heroine of the fky, Who leads to vanquifh or to die ! 'Twas the our vet'rans breafis infpir'd, When Belgia's faithlefs fons retir'd : For Tournay's treach'rous tow'rs can tell Britannia's children greatly fell.

No partial virtue of the plain ' She rous'd the lions of the mata : Hence Vernon's clittle fleet fuceceds, And hence the gen'rous Comwall + bleeds. Hence Grenville ; glorious !— for the finil'd On the young hero from a child.

They'll fuit plebein breafts as well, They'll fuit plebein breafts as well. Say, that the nighty and the great Blaze, like meridian funs of ftate; Effugent excellence difplay, Like Hailifax, in floods of day; Our lefter orbs may pour their light, J ike the mild creteent of the night. They pale our beams, and our imall fphere, Still we may thing freme and clear.

Give to the judge the fearlet gown ; To martial fouls the civic crown : What then ? Is merit theirs alone ? Have we no worth to call our own ? Shall we not viadicate our part In the firm breat and upright heart ? Reader, thefe virtues may be thine, Tho' in tuperior life they fhine. I can't dicharge great Hardwicke's truft— True — but my foul may full be juft : And tho' I can't the flate defend, I'll draw the floord to ferve my friend.

Two golden virtues are behind, Of equal import to the mind ; Prudence to point out wifdom's way, Or to reclaim us when we ftray ; Temp'rance, to guard the vouthful heart. When Vice and Folly throw the dart : Each virtue, let the world agree, Daily refides with you and me. And, when our fouls in friendthip join, We'll deem the focial bond divine ; Thro' ev'ry feene maintain our truft, Nor e'er be timid or unjuft. That breaft where Honor builds his throne. That breaft which virtue calls her own, Nor Int'reft warps, nor Fear appals, When Danger frowns, or Lucre calls. No ! the true friend collected flands, Fearlefs his heart and pure his hands : Let Int'reft plead, let ftorms arife, He dares be honeft, tho' he dies!

§ 218. Vision VII. Marriage. Inferibels Mils ------

F AIREST, this Vision is thy due ; I form'd th'instructive plan for you, Slight not the rules of thoughtful age ; Your welfare actuates ev'ry rage; But ponder well my facred theme, And tremble while you read my dream.

Thofe awful words, "Till death do part," May well alarm the youthful heart : No after-thought, when once a wife ; The due is caft, and caft for life ; Yet thoutands venture ev'ry day, As fome bale pation leads the way. Pert Sylvia talks of wedlock feenes, Tho' hardly enter'd on her teens : Smiles on her whining fpark, and hears The fugar'd fpeech with raptur'd ears; Impatient of her parent's rule, She leaves her fire, and weds a fool. Want enters at the guardlefs door, And loye is fled,— to come no more.

Some few there are, of fordid mould, Who barter youth and bloom for gold; Carclefs with what or whom they mate; Their ruling paffion's all for ftate. But Hymen, gen'rous, juft, and kind, Abhors the mercenary mind : Such rebels groan beneath his rod; For Hymen's a vindictive god : ' Be joylefs ev'ry night,' he faid; ' And barren be their nuptial bed !'

Attend, my fair, to wildom's voice; A better fate shall crown thy choice. A marry'd life, to fpeak the beft, Is all a lottery confeft : Yet, if my fair one will be wife, I will infure my girl a prize, Tho' not a prize to match thy worth, Perhaps thy equal's not on carth !

'Tis an important point, to know There's no perfection here below. Man's an odd compound, after all; And ever has been fince the fall, Say, that he loves you from his foul, Still man is proud, nor brooks controul; And, tho' a flave in love's foft fchool, In wedlock claims his right to rule. The beft, in fhort, has faults about him ; If few those faults you must not flout him. With fome, indeed, you can't difjenfe, As want of temper and of fenfe : For when the fun deferts the fkies, And the dull winter evenings rife, Then for a hufband's focial pow'r To form the calm conversive hour, The treafures of thy breaft explore, From that rich mine to draw the ore : Fondly each gen'rous thought refine, And give thy native gold to fhine;

At Porto Bello:
 Against the combined fleets of France and Spain.
 Died in a latter engagement with the French fleet.

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hee, as really thou art, fair, yet fairer still at heart. when life's purple bloffoms fade. in they must, thou charming maid ! in thy cheek the roles die, cknefs clouds that brilliant eye ! then or age or pains invade, hofe dear limbs shall call for aid, art fetter'd to a fool, not his transient paffion cool? when thy health and beauty end, hy weak mate perfift a friend ? a man of fenfe, my dear, hen thou lovely fhalt appear; hare the griefs that wound thy heart, veeping, claim the larger part : ge impairs that beauteous face. rize the pearl beyond its cafe. edlock when the fexes meet, thip is only then complete. d state ! where fouls each other draw; re love is liberty and law !' loiceft bleffing found below. 1an can wifh, or Heav'n beftow ! ne, these raptures are divine, cly Chloe once was mine ; th the varnish of my style; oct, I'm eftrang'd to guile. : I my faithful lips impart nuine language of my heart ! n bards extol their patrons high, 'tis gold extorts the lye; the poor reward of bread o burns incente to the dead? om a fond affection draws, i of cenfure or applaufe ; foul is upright and fincere, sught to with and nought to fear. to my vilionary fcheme and profit by my dream. ft the flumbers of the night, y to uple role to fight : ient as the human race, e's purposes you trace : ic, by all the wife rever'd, ock's pow'rful god was rear'd. I faw a graceful fage, s were frofted o'er by age; was plain, his mind ferene, dom dignify'd his micn. rious fearch his name I fought, nd 'twas Hymen's fav'rite, Thought. the giddy crowds advance, wd fatyr led the dance. "d to fee whole thoufands run, what thousands were undone !

, when thefe mad troops he fpy'd,
 ew to join their fide :
 oncerted pairs began
 gainft him to a man;
 cy were ftrangers to his name,
 v from whence the dotard came,
 wk the fequel — for this truth
 oncerns impetuous youth,

Long ere the honey-moon could wane, Perdition feiz'd on ev'ry twain; At ev'ry houfe, and all day long, Repentance ply'd her fcorpion thong : Difguft was there with frowning mien, And ev'ry wayward child of fpleen.

Hymen approach'd his awful fan :. Attended by a num rous train. Love, with each foft and namelefs grace. Was first in favour and in place : Then came the god, with folenn gait, Whofe ev'ry word was big with fate ; His hand a flaming raper bore, That facred funbol, fim'd of vore. Virtue, adorn'd with ev'ry charm, Suftain'd the . wi's incumbent arm ; Beauty improv'd the glowing fcene With all the rofes of eighteen : Youth led the gaily finiling fair; His purple pinions way'd in air ; Wealth, a clofe hunks, walk'd hobbling nigh, With vulture claw and ear le-eye. Who threefcore years had iten or more ('Tis faid his coat had feen a fcore); Proud was the wretch, tho? clad in rags, Prefuming much upon his bags.

A female next her arts diff-lay'd; Poets alone can paint the maid : Truft me, Hogarth (tho' great thy fame) 'Twould pole thy fkill to draw the fame; And yet thy mimic pow'r is more Than ever painter's was before. Now fhe was fair as cygnet's down, Now, as Mat Prior's Emma, brown; And, changing as the charging flow'r, Her drefs the varv'd ev'ry hour. 'Twas Fancy, child — you know the fair — Who pins your gown and fets your hair.

Lo? the ged mounts his throne of flate, And fits the arbitrer of fate: His head with radiant glories dreft, Gently reclin'd on Virtue's breaft. Love took his flation on the right; His quiver beam'd with golden light: Beauty uturp'd the fecond place, Ambitious of diftinguifh'd grace; She claim'd this ceremonial joy, Becaufe related to the boy; Said, it was hers to point his dart, And fpeed its paffage to the heart; While on the god's inferior hand Fancy and Wealth obtain'd their fland,

And now the hallo w'd rites proceed, And now a thouthind he un-firings bleed, I faw a blooming, trendblarg bride, A toothlefs lover join'd her fide; Averfe file turn'd her weeping face, And fhudder'd at the cold embrace.

But various baits their force impart; This titles lie at Celia's heart. A pathon much too foul to name, Cofts fupercilious prudes their fame: Prudes wed to publicans and finners; The hunger poet weds for dinners.

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The god, with frown indignant, view'd The rabble coverous or lewd; By ev'ry vice his altar ftain'd, By ev'ry fool his rites prophan'd: When Love complain'd of Wealth aloud, Affirming Wealth debauch'd the crowd; Drew up in form his heavy charge, Defiring to be heard at large.

The god confents, the throng divide, The young cloous'd the plaintiff's fide ; The old declar'd for the defendant, For age is money's (worn attendant.

Love faid, that wedlock was defign'd By gracious Heav'n to match the mind; To pair the tender and the juft, And his the delegated truft : That Wealth had play'd a knavifh part, And taught the tongue to wrong the heart. But what avails the faithlefs voice? The injur'd heart difdains the choice.

Wealth ftraight reply'd, that Love was blind, And talk'd at random of the mind : That killing eyes, and bleeding hearts, And all th'artillery of darts, Were long ago exploded fancies, And laugh'd at, even in romances. Poets indeed ftyle love a treat, Perhaps for want of better meat : And love might be delicious fare, Could we, like pocts, live on air. But grant that angels feaft on love (Thole purce effences above) Yet Albion's fons, he understood, Preferr'd a more substantial food. Thus while with gibes he drefs'd his caufe, His grey admirers hemm'd applaute. With sceming conquest, pert and proud, Wealth shook his fides, and chuckl'd loud; When Fortune, to reitrain his pride, And fond to favour Love belide, Op'ning the miler's tape-ty'd veft, Difclos'd the cares which flung his breaft ; Wealth ftood abash'd at his difgrace,

And a deep crimion flush'd his face. Love fweetly funper'd at the fight ; His gay adherents laugh'd outright. The god, tho' grave his temper, fmil'd; For Hymen dearly priz'd the child. But he who triumphs o'er his brother, In turn is lough'd at by another. Such cruel fcores we often find Repaid the criminal in kind : For Poverty, that familh'd fiend ! Ambitious of a wealthy friend, Advanc'd into the miler's place And ftar'd the ftripling in the face ; Whofe lips grew pale, and cold as clay : I thought the chit would fwoon away. The god was studious to employ His cares to aid the vanquish'd boy; And therefore iffu'd his decree, That the two parties ftraight agree y When both obev'd the god's commands, And Love and Riches join'd their hands.

What wond'rous change in each was wrough, Believe me, fair, furpaffes thought. If Love had many charms before, He now had charms ten thousand more : If Wealth had ferpents in his breaft, They were dead, or hull'd to reft. Beauty, that vain, affected thing, Who join d the hymeneal ring, Approach'd with round, unthinking face ; And thus the trifler flates her cafe : She faid, that Love's complaints, 'twas known, Exactly tally'd with her own That Wealth had learn'd the felon's arts, And robb'd her of a thousand hearts ; Defiring judgment against Wealth, For falfchood, perjury, and flealth : All which the could on oath depofe ; And hop'd the court would flit his nofe, But Hymen, when he heard her name,

Call'd her an interloping dame; Look'd thro' the crowd with angry flate, And blam'd the porter at the gate, For giving entrance to the fair, When the was no effential there.

To fink this haughty tyrant's pride, He order'd Fancy to prefide. Hence, when debates on beauty 1ife, And each bright fair diputes the prize, To Fancy's court we ftraight apply, And wait the fertence of her eye; In Beauty's realms the holds the feals, And her awards preclude appeals.

§ 219. Vifion VIII. Life.

LET not the young my precepts fhun; Who flight good counfels are undone. Your poet fung of love's delights, Of halcyon days and joyous nights; To the gay fancy lovely themes ; And fain I'd hope they're more than dreams., But, if you please, hefore we part, I'd fpcak a language to your heart. We'll talk of Life, tho' much I fear Th'ungrateful tale will wound your car. You taile your fanguine thoughts too high, And hardly know the reason why : But fay, Life's tree bears golden fruit, Some canker shall corrade the root ; Some unexpected ftorm shall rife, Or fcorching funs, or chilling fkics ; And (if experienc'd truths avail) All your autumnal hopes thall fail. But, poet, whence fuch wide extremes? Well may you five your labours dicams. A fon of forrow thou, I ween, . Whofe Visions are the brats of Spleen. ' Is blifs a vague, unmeaning name ? ' Speak then the pations use or aim : . Why rage deares without controul And roufe fuch whirlwinds in the foul ? Why Hope crefts her tow'ring creft, · And laughs and riots in the breatt >

. Think

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. not my weaker brain turns round : . not I tread on fairy ground ; not your pulfe alone beats truemakes as healthful mufic too. ys, when Life's foft fpring we trace, rth their early buds apace. e bloom loads the tender thoot; doom conceals the future fruit. nanhood's warm meridian fun ripen what in fpring begun. infant roles, ere they blow, rminating elufters grow ; only wait the fummer's ray, urit and bloifoin to the day. at faid the gay unthinking boy? ught Hilario taik'd of joy ! f thou can'ft, whence joys arife, at those mighty joys you prize. find (and zruft fuperior years) ale of life a vale of tears. wildom teach where joys abound, hes purchase them when found, I feepter'd Solomon complain, ill was fleeting, falfe, and vain ? epter'd Solomon could fay, ung ciouds obfcur'd his day. maxims, which the preacher drew, oval fage experienc'd true. cw the various ills that wait ifant and meridian ftate; toys our earlieft thoughts engage, liff 'sent toys maturer age ; gnef at ev'ry ftage appears, iff 'rent gricfs at diff 'rent years ; vanity is feen, in part, o'd on cv'ry human heart; : child's breaft the fpark began, s with his growth, and glares in man. then in life we journey late, lies die, do griefs abate ? what is life at fourfcore years ? [tears ! lark, rough road, of fighs, groans, pains, and haps you'll think I act the fame fly fharper plays his game : triumph ev'ry deal that's paft, fure to triumph at the last ! often wins fome thousands more twice the fums you won before. 'm a lofer with the reft; ife is all a deal at beft ; re not the prize of wealth or fame ys the trouble of the gameuth no winner e'er deny'd, our before that winner dy'd). hat with me these prizes thine ; wither fame nor wealth are mine. ards, a weak plebeian band, 1 fcarce an honour in my hand I , fince my trumps are very few, t have I more to beaft than you? am I gainer by your fall; harlot, Fortune, bubbles all ! truth (receive it ill or well) melancholy truth I tell.

Why fhould the preacher take your pence, And finother truth to flatter ienie? I'm fure phyficians have no merit, Who kill thro' lenity of fpirit.

That life's a game, divines confess; This tays at eards, and that at chefs; But, if our views be center'd here, 'Tis all a losing game, I fear.

Tis all a lofing game, I fear. Sailors, you know, when wars obtain, And houtile veficis crowd the main, If they differer from afar A bark as diftant as a flar, Hold the perfpective to their eyes, To learn its colours, ftrength, and fize; And, when this fearer once they know,' Make ready to receive the foe. Let you and I from failors learn Important truths of like concern.

I clos'd the day, as cufforn fed, With reading, till the time of bed ; Where Fancy, at the midnight hour, Again difplay'd her magic pow'r-(For know, that Fancy, like a fprite, Prefers the filent fcenes of night). She lodg'd me in a neighb'ring wood, No matter where the thicket flood ; The Genius of the place was nigh, And held two pictures to my eyc. The curious painter had pourtray'd Life in each just and genuine shade. They, who have only known its dawn. May think thefe lines too deeply drawn; But riper years, I fear, will thew The wifer artifts paint too true.

One piece prefents a rueful wild, Where not a fummer's fun had finil'd: The road with thorns is cover'd wide, And grief fits weeping by the fide; Her tears with conftant tenor flow; And form a mournful lake below; Whofe filent waters, dark and deep, Thro' all the gloomy valley creep.

Paffions that flatter, or that flay, Are beats that fawn, or birds that prey. Here Vice affumes the ferpent's fhape; There Folly perfonates the ape: Here Av'rice gripes with harpy's claws; There Malice grins with tige.'s jaws; While fons of Mifchief, Art and Guile, Are alligators of the Nile.

E'en Pleasure acts a treach rous part; She charms the fense, but ftings the heart. And when the gulls us of our wealth, Or that superior pearl, our health, Reftores us nought but pains and woe, And drowins us in the take below.

There a commution'd angel ftands, With defolation in his hands ! He fends the all-derouring flame, And cities hardly boah a name : Or wings the petilential blaft, And, lo ! ten thousands breathe their lafte He spreaks-obedient tempefts roar, And guiky pations are no more :

He

" Oh ! what a wretch is man !' I cry'd; " Expos'd to death on cv'ry fide !

- And fure as born to be undone
- By evils which he cannot fhun ! " Befides a thousand baits to fin,
- 4
- A thoufand traitors lodg'd within ! • For foon as Vice affaults the heart.
- The rebels take the dæmon's part.'

I figh, my aching bofom bleeds; When straight the milder plan succeeds : The lake of tears, the dreary thore, The fame as in the piece before. But gleams of light are here difplay'd To cheer the eye, and gild the fhade : Affliction speaks a softer style, And Difappointment wears a fmile. A group of virtues blossom near; Their roots improve by ev'ry tear.

Here Patience, gentle maid ! is nigh, To calm the form and wipe the eye : Hope acts the kind phyfician's part, And warms the folitary heart : Religion nobler comfort brings, Difarms our griefs, or blunts their ftings; Points out the balance on the whole, And Heav'n rewards the ftruggling foul. But while thefe raptures I purfue,

The Genius fuddenly withdrew.

§ 220. Vision the luft. Death.

'TIS thought my visions are too grave"; A proof I'm no defigning knave. Perhaps, if int'reft held the feales, I had devis'd quite diff'rent tales Had join'd the laughing, low buffoon, And icribbl'd fatire and lampoon; Or ftirr'd each fource of foft defire, And fann'd the coals of wanton fire : Then had my paltry Visions fold ; Yes, all my dreams had turn'd to gold ; Had prov'd the darlings of the town, And I-a poet of renown !

Let not my awful theme furprife; Let no unmanly fears arife. I wear no inclancholy huc; No wreaths of cyprefs, or of yew. The fhroud, the coffin, pall, or hearfe, Shall ne'er deform my fofter verie. Let me confign the fun'ral plume. The herald's paint, the fculptur'd tomb, And all the folemn farce of graves, To undertakers and their flaves.

You know, that moral writers fay The world's a ftage, and life a play: That, in this drama to fucceed, Requires much thought and toil indeed !

There full remains one labour more, Perhaps a greater than before. Indulge the fearch, and you shall find The harder talk is still behind : That harder talk, to quit the stage In early youth, or riper age ; To leave the company and place With firmness, dignity, and grace.

Come, then, the clofing fcenes furvey ; 'Tis the last act which crowns the play. Do well this grand decifive part, And gain the plaudit of your heart. Few greatly live in Wifdom's eye-But, oh ! how few who greatly die ! Who, when their days approach an end, Can meet the foe as friend meets friend ?

Instructive heroes ! tell us whence Your noble fcorn of flefh and fenfe ! You part with all we prize to dear, Nor drop one soft reluctant tear : Part from those tender joys of life, The friend, the parent, child, and wife. Death's black and ftormy gulph you brave, And ride exulting on the wave; Deem thrones but trifles all '-no more-Nor fend one wishful look to shore.

For foreign ports, and lands unknown, Thus the firm failor leaves his own ; Obedient to the rifing gale, Unmoors his bark, and fpreads his fail; Defies the ocean and the wind, Nor mourns the joys he left behind.

Is Death a pow'rful monarch? True-Perhaps you dread the tyrant too Fear, like a fog, precludes the light, Or fwells the object to the fight. Attend my visionary page, And I'll difarm the tyrant's rage. Come, let this ghaftly form appear ; He's not fo terrible when near. Diftance deludes th'unwary eye, So clouds feem monfters in the fky : Hold frequent converte with him now. He'll daily wear a milder brow. Why is my theme with terror fraught ? Becaufe you thun the frequent thought. Say, when the captive pard is nigh, Whence thy pale check and frighted eye ? Say, why difmay'd thy manly breaft, When the grim lion thakes his creft ? Becaufe thefe favage fights are new ; No keeper fhudders at the view : Keepers, accustom'd to the fcene, Approach the dens with look ferene ! Fearlefs, their grifly charge explore, And finile to hear the tyrants roar.

• Aye-but to die ! to bid adieu ! • An everlafting farewell too !

- Farewell to ev'ry joy around !
- ' Oh ! the heart fickens at the found !' Stay, ftripling-thou art poorly taught-Joy, didit thou fay ? discard the thought.

• See the Monthly Review of new books, for February, 1751.

Jys

Joys are a rich celeftial fruit, And fcorn a fublunary root; What wears the face of joy below, Is often found but iplendid woe. Joys here, like unfubftantial fame, Are nothings with a pompous name; Or elfe, like comets in the fphere, Shine with destruction in their rear.

Pattions, like clouds, obscure the fight, Hence mortals feldom judge aright. The world's a harfh unfruitful foil, Yet ftill we hope, and ftill we toil ; Deceive ourfelves with wond'rous art, And difappointment wrings the heart.

Thus when a mift collects around, And hovers o'cr a barren ground, The poor deluded trav'ller fpics Imagin'd trees and ftructures rife ; But, when the fhrouded fun is clear, The defart and the rocks appear.

· Ah-but when youthful blood runs high, Sure 'tis a dreadful thing to die ! • To die ! and what exalts the gloom, " I'm told that man furvives the tomb! • O ' can the learned prelate find • What future scenes await the mind ? "Where wings the foul, diflodg'd from clay ? Some courteous angel point the way ! That unknown fomewhere in the fkies, Sav, where that unknown fomewhere lies; " And kindly prove, when life is o'er, • That pains and forrows are no more : " For, doubtlefs, dying is a curfe, " If prefent ills be chang'd for worfe." Hufh, my young friend, forego the theme, And liften to your poet's dream. Ere while I took an ev'ning walk, Honorio join'd in focial talk. Along the lawns the zephyrs fweep; Each ruder wind was lull'd afleep. The fky, all beauteous to behold, Was ftreak'd with azure, green, and gold ; But, tho' ferenely foft and fair, Fever hung brooding in the air Then fettl'd on Honorio's breaft, Which shudder'd at the fatal guest. No drugs the kindly with fuifil; Diteate cludes the doctor's skill : The poifon fpreads thro' all the frame, Ferments, and kindles, into flame. From fide to fide Honorio turns, And now with thirft infatiate burns : His eyes refign their wonted grace ; Those friendly lamps expire apace ! The brain's an useless organ grown ;

And reafon tumbl'd from his throne. But, while the purple furges glow, The currents thicken as they flow : The blood in ev'ry diftant part Stagnates and difappoints the heart; Defrauded of its crimfon flore,

The vital engine plays no more. Honorio dead, the fun'ral bell Call'd ev'ry friend to bid farewell. I join'd the melancholy bier,

And dropp'd the unavailing tear. The clock ftruck twelve-when nature fought Repofe from all the pangs of thought ; And, while my limbs were funk to reft, A Vision sooth'd my troubl'd breast.

I dreamt the spectre Death appear'd 1 I dreamt his hollow voice I heard ! Methought th'imperial tyrant wore A ftate no prince affum'd before; All nature fetch'd a gen'ral groan, And lav expiring round his throne.

I gaz'd-when ftraight arole to fight The most detested fiend of night. He fhuill'd with unequal pace, And confcious thame deform'd his face. With jealous leer he fquinted round, Or fix'd his eyes upon the ground. From hell this frightful monfter came; Sin was his fire, and Guilt his name.

This fury, with officious care, Waited around the fov'reign's chair ; In robes of terror drefs'd the king, And arm'd him with a baneful fting; Gave fiercenefs to the tyrant's eye, And hung the fword upon his thigh. Discases next, a hideous crowd ! Proclaim'd their mafter's empire loud ; And all, obedient to his will, Flew in commission'd troops to kill.

A rifing whirlwind fhakes the poles, And lightning glares, and thunder rolls. The monarch and his train.prepare To range the foul tempeftuous air. Straight to his fhoulders he applies Two pinions of enormous fize I Methought I faw the ghaftly form Stretch his black wings, and mount the ftorm: When Fancy's airy horie I ftrode, And join'd the army on the road. As the grim conqu'ror urg'd his way, He fcatter'd terror and difinay. Thoufands a penfive afpect wore, Thousands who fneer'd at death before. Life's records tife on ev'ry fide, And Confcience fpreads those volumes wide : Which faithful registers were brought By pale-cy'd Fear and bufy Thought. Those faults which artful men conceal, Stand here engrav'd with pen of fteel, 14 By Confeience, that impartial feribe ! Whole honeft palm difdains a bribe : 4 Their actions all like critics view, And all like faithful critics too. As Guilt had ftain'd life's various ftage, What tears of blood bedew'd the page 1 All fhudder'd at the black account, And fcarce believ'd the vaft amount ! All vow'd a fudden change of heart, Would Death relent and theath his dart. But when the awful foe withdrew. All to their follies fled anew.

So when a wolt, who fcours at large, Springs on the thepherd's fleecy charge, The flock in wild diforder fly, And cafi behind a frequent eye; But when the victim's borne away, They rufh to pafture and to play.

Indulge my dream, and let my pen Paint those unmeaning creatures, men.

Carus, with pain and ficknefs worn, Chides the flow night, and fighs for morn. Soon as he views the eaftern ray, He mourns the quick return of day; Hourly launents protracted breath, And courts the healing hand of death.

Verres, oppress'd with guilt and shame, Shipwreck'd in fortune, health, and fame, Pines for his dark sepulchral bed, To mingle with th'unheeded dead.

With fourfcore years grey Natho bends A burden to humfelf and friends ! And with impatience feems to wait The friendly hand and ling'ring Fate. So hirefungs with their labour done, And often eye the weftern fun.

The monarch hears their various grief; Defeends, and brings the wifh'd relief. On Death with wild furprize they ftar'd; All feen'd averfe! all unprepar'd !

As torrents fweep with rapid force, The grave's pale chief purfu'd his courfe. No human pow'r can or withftand, Or than, the conquests of his hand. Oh ! could the prince of upright mind, And as a guardian-angel kind, With ev'ry heart-felt worth befide, Turn the keen thaft of Death afide When would the brave Augustus join The ashes of his facred line ? But Death maintains no partial war; He mocks a fultan or a czar; He lays his iron hand on all -Yes, kings, and fons of kings, muft fall I A truth Britannia lately felt, * 1 And trembl'd to her centre --

Could ableft flatefmen ward the blow, Would Granville own this common foe? Fo. greater talents ne'er were known To grace the fay'rite of a throne.

Could genius fave — wit, learning, fire – Tell me, would Chefterfield expire ? Say, would his glorious fun decline, And fet like your pale ftar or mine ? Could evry virtue of the fky — Would Herring +, Butler ±, Secker ||, die ?

Why this addrefs to peerage all !--Untitl'! Allen's virtues call ! If Allen's worth demands a place, Lords, with your leave, 'tis no difgrace. Though high your ranks in heralds rolls, Know, Virtue too ennobles fouls. By her that private man's renown'd Who pours a thoufand bleffings round. While Allen takes Affliction's part, And draws out all his gen'rous heart, Anxious to feize the fleeting day, Left unimprov'd it fleets away; While thus he walks with jealous firife, Through goodneis, as he walks through life; Shall not I mark his radiant path ' — Rife, Mufe, and fing the Man of Bath I Publifi abroad, could goodneis fave, Allen would difappoint the grave; Tranflated to the heav'nly fhore, Like Enoch, when his walk was o'er.

Nor Beauty's pow'rful pleas reftrain — Her pleas are trifling, weak, and vain; For women pierce with fhricks the air, Smite their bare breafts, and rend their hair; All have a doleful tale to tell, How friends, fons, daughters, huf! ands fell !

Alas ! is life, our fav'rite theme-'Tis all a vain or painful dream : A dream which fools or cowards prize, But flighted by the brave or wife. Who lives for others ills muft groan, Or bleed for torrows of his own ; Muft journey on with weeping eye, Then pant, fink, agonize, and die. ' And shall a man arraign the skies. "Because man lives, and mourns, and dies ? Impatient reptile !' Reafon cry'd ; Arraign thy paffion and thy pride: Retire, and commune with thy heart; 6 6 Alk, whence thou cam'ft, and what thou art Explore thy body and thy mind, Thy station too, why here affign'd. ' The fearch shall teach thee life to prize And make thee grateful, good, and wife. ' Why do you roam to foreign climes, To fludy nations, modes, and times a · A feience often dearly bought, " And often what avails you nought ? Go, man, and act a wifer part, 6 * Study the fcience of your heart : This home philosophy, you know, "Was priz'd fome thousand years ago " Then why abroad a frequent guest ? " Why fuch a ftranger to your break? ' Why turn fo many volumes o'er, " Till Dodfley can fupply no more ' Not all the volumes on thy thelf Are worth that fingle volume, Self : · For who this facred book declines, " Howe'er in other arts he shines, " Tho' fmit with Pindar's noble rage, " Or vers'd in Tully's manly page ; ' Tho' deeply read in Plato's fchool, With all his knowledge, is a fool. 4 Proclaim the truth-Say, what is man ? " His body from the dust began ;

• And, when a few fhort years are o'er, • The crumbling fabric is no more.

• Referring to the death of his late Royal Highnefs Frederick Prince of Wales.

+ Archbithop of Canterbury. 1 Late Bilbop of Durham. Bilbop of Oxford.

§ 'Know thy felf;' a velebrated faying of Chilo, one of the Seven Wife Men of Greece.

constants while of caused one of the Series while Takes of Orecces

But whence the foul ?- From Heav'n it came ! | " · Fools measure by revolving ipheres. " O prize this intellectual flame ! Go thou, and fetch th'unerring rule . This nobler felf with rapture fcan; ' From Virtue's and from Wildom's Ichool. "Tis mind alone which makes the man. · Trust me, there's not a joy on earth, . But from the foul derives its birth. Aik the young rake (he'll answer right) "Who treats by day, and drinks by night, "What makes his entertainments fhine? . What gives the relifh to his wine? "He'il tell thee (if he fcorns the beaft) • That focial pleafures form the feast. " The charms of beauty too fhall cloy, Unlefs the foul exalts the joy. • The mind must animate the face, • Or cold and taftelefs ev'ry grace. " What ! must the foul her pow'rs difpenfe, . To raife and fwell the joys of fenfe? "K now, too, the joys of lenfe controul, And clog the motions of the foul : Forbid her pinions to afpire, Damp and impair her native fire ; And fure as Senfe (that tyrant) reigns, She holds the empreis, Soul, in chains, Inglorious bondage to the mind, · Heav'n-born, fublime, and unconfin'd ! · She's independent, fair, and great, And juftly claims a large effate ; · She alks no borrow'd aids to thine ; She boafts within a golden mine; . But, like the treasures of Peru, Her wealth lies deep, and far from view. Say, fhall the man, who knows her worth, Debase her dignity and birth ? · Or e'er repine at Heav'n's decree, Who kindly gave her leave to be? · Call'd her from nothing into day, · And built her tenement of clay. Hear, and accept me for your guide (Reason shall ne'er defert your side) : Who listens to my wifer voice, Can't but applaud his Maker's choice; Pleas'd with that first and fov'reign caule, Pleas'd with unerring Wildom's laws ; Secure, fince fov'reign goodnefs reigns; · Secure, fince fov'reign pow'r obtains. "With curious eyes review thy frame; " This fcience shall direct thy claim. · Doft thou indulge a double view, A long, long life, and happy too ? · Perhaps a farther boon you crave-" To lie down eafy in the grave. "Know, then, my dictates must prevail, · Or furely each fond with thall fail. ' Come, then, is happines thy aim ? ⁴ Let mental joys be all thy game. · Repeat the fearch, and mend your pace, • The capture fhall reward the chace. Lct ev'ry minute, as it fprings, · Convey fresh knowledge on its wings; · Let ev'ry minute, as it flies, · Record the good as well as wife. While fuch purfuits your thoughts engage,

· In a few years you'll live an age.

'Will fcarce regret its fetting ray; · Contented with his fhare of light, Nor fear nor with th'approach of night : And when discase affaults the heart, When fickness triumphs over art, Reflection on a life well paft, Shall prove a cordial to the laft; . This med'cine shall the foul fustain. And foften or fuspend her pain; Shall break Death's fell tyrannic pow'r, And calin the troubl'd dying hour.' Blefs'd rules of cool prudential age ! I liften'd, and rever'd the fage ; When, lo! a form, divinely bright, Defcends, and burfts upon my fight; A feraph of illustrious birth (Religion was her name on earth) : Supremely fweet her radiant face, And blooming with celefial grace ! Three shining cherubs form'd her train, Wav'd their light wings, and reach'd the plain, Faith, with fublime and piercing eye, And pinions flutt'ring for the fky; Here Hope, that finihing angel, flands, And golden anchors grace her hands; There Charity, in robes of white, Faireft and fav'rite maid of light ! The feraph spake-' 'Tis Reason's part To govern and to guard the heart; " To full the wayward foul to reft When hopes and fears diffract the breaft. · Reafon may calm this doubtful ftrife, " And feer thy bark through various life : ' But when the forms of Death are nigh, And midnight darkness veils the fky, Shall Reafon then direct thy fail, " Difperfe the clouds, or fink the gale ? Stranger, this fkill alone is mine, " Skill that transcends his feanty line. " That hoary fage has counfell'd right a "Be wife, nor fcorn his friendly light. * Revere thy felf-thou'rt near allay'd ' To angels on thy better fide. . How various e'er their ranks or kinds, " Angels are but unbody'd minds ; " When the partition walls decay • Men emerge angels from their clay; 'Yes, when the frailer body dics, . The foul afferts her kindred fkies; "But minds, tho' fprung from heav'nly race, " Must first be tutor'd for the place. " (The joys above are underftood, And relifh'd only by the good.) Who fliall affume this guardian care? . Who shall secure their birthright there ? "Souls are my charge-to me 'tis giv'n ' To train them for their native heav'n.

Who measures life by rolling years ?

Who well improves life's fhortest day

Know, then-Who bow the early knee, And give the willing heart to me ;

BOOK I.

- Who wifely, when Temptation waits,
- · Elude her frauds, and fpurn her baits ;
- Who dare to own my injur'd caute,
- Tho' fools deride my facred laws ;
- Or fcorn to deviate to the wrong,
- Tho' Perfecution lifts her thong ;
- Tho' all the fons of hell confpire
- To raife the fiake, and light the fire ;
- . Know, that for fuch fuperior fouls,
- There lies a blifs beyond the poles;
- Where spirits shine with purer ray,
- And brighten to meridian day;
- Where Love, where boundless Friendship rules
- (No friends that change, no love that cools !)
- Where ming floods of knowledge roll, • And pour, and pour upon the foul !?
- "But where's the paffage to the fkies ?"-The road thro' Death's black valley lies.
- " Nav, do not fhudder at my tale;
- "Tho' dark the fhades, yet fafe the vale.
- This path the best of men have trod,
- " And who'd decline the road to God ?
- O! 'tis a glorious boon to die!
- " This favout can't be priz'd too high." While thus the fpake, my looks exprest The raptures kindling in my breaft : My foul a fix'd attention gave ; When the ftern Monarch of the Grave, With haughty ftrides, approach'd-amaz'd I ftood, and trembl'd as I gaz'd. The teraph calm'd each anxious fear, And kindly wip'd the falling tear; Then haften'd with expanded wing To meet the pale, terrific king. But now what milder fcenes arife ! The tyrant drops his hoftile guife : He feems a youth divinely fair; In graceful ringlets waves his hair; His wings their whit'ning plumes difplay ; His burnith'd plumes reflect the day : Light flows his thining azure veft, And all the angels fland confest.

I view'd the change with fweet furprize, And, oh! I panted for the fkies; Thank'd Heav'n, that e'er I drew my breath, And triumph'd in the thoughts of Death.

§ 221. Songs of Praise *. WATTS.

A general Song of Praise to God.

HOW glorious is our heav'nly King, Who reigns above the fky ! Now fhall a child prefume to fing His dreadful Majefty !

How great his pow'r is none can tell, Nor think how large his grace;

Not men below, nor faints that dwell On high before his face.

- Not angels, that ftand round the Lord, Can fearch his fecret will!
- But they perform his heav'nly word, And fing his praifes still.

Then let me join this holy train,

- And my first offrings bring; Th'eternal God will not disdain To hear an infant fing.
- My heart refolves, my tongue obeys;
- And angels shall rejoice, To hear their mighty Maker's praise Sound from a feeble voice.

Praise for Creation and Providence.

- I SING th'almighty pow'r of God,
- That made the mountains rife;
- That fpread the flowing feas abroad, And built the lofty fkies !
- I fing the wifdom that ordain'd The fun to rule the day;
- The moon fhines full at his command, And all the ftars obey.
- I fing the goodness of the Lord, That fill'd the earth with food :

He form'd the creatures with his word, And then pronounc'd them good.

- Lord, how thy wonders are difplay'd, Where'er I turn mine eye !
- If I furvey the ground I tread, Or gaze upon the fky !
- There's not a plant or flow'r below But makes thy glories known;
- And clouds arife, and tempefts blow, By order from thy throne.
- Creatures (as num'rous as they bc) Are subject to thy care;
- There's not a place where we can flee, But God is prefent there.
- In heav'n he fhines with beams of love; With wrath in hell beneath !
- 'Tis on his carth I stand or move, And 'tis his air I breathe.
- His hand is my perpetual guard;
- He keeps me with his eye : Why fhould 1 then forget the Lord, Who is for ever nigh ?

Praife to God for our Redemption. BLEST be the wildom and the pow's, The justice and the grace, That join'd in council to reftore And fave our ruin'd race !

- Our father eat forbidden fruit, And from his glory fell; And we his children thus were brought To death, and near to hell.
- Bleft be the Lord that fent his Son To take our flefh and blood ;

He for our lives gave up his own, To make our peace with God.

He honour'd all his Father's laws, Which we have difobey'd; He bore our fins upon the crofs,

And our full ranfom paid.

Behold

. It mult be obvious to the reader, that thefe Songs, &c. of Watts are defigned for children only.

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him rifing from the grave; Id him rais'd on high; Ids his merit, there to fave Infgreffors doom'd to die.

on a glorious throne he reigns, , by his pow'r divine, ns us from the flavifh chains iatan and of fin.

e fhall the Lord to judgment come, , with a fov'reign voice, :all and break up ev'ry tomb, ile waking faints rejoice.

I then with joy appear ore the Judge's face, with the blefs'd affembly there, this redeeming grace !

uje for Mercies Spiritual and Temporal.

NE'ER I take my walks abroad, v many poor I fee ! fhall I render to my God all his gifts to me ?

ore than others I deferve, God has giv'n me more ; have food while others flarve, beg from door to door.

nany children in the freet f naked I behold ! : I am cloth'd from head to feet, I cover'd from the cold?

: fome poor wretchos fcarce can tell tere they may lay their head, : a home wherein to dwell, 1 reft upon my bed.

: others early learn to lwear, 1 curic, and lie, and fteal, I am taught thy name to fear, 1 do thy holy will.

nefe thy favours, day by day, me above the reft ? let me love thee more than they, d try to forve thee beft.

for Birth and Education in a Ghriftian Land.

AT God, to thee my voice I raife, thee my youngeft hours belong; Id begin my life with praife, I growing years improve the fong.

thy fov'reign grace I owe at I was born on British ground;
c ftreams of heav'nly mercy flow,
d words of fweet falvation found.

ld not change my native land rich Peru, with all her gold : sler prize lies in my hand an Eaft or Western Indies hold.

do I pity thofe that dwell iere ignorance or darknefs reigns ! know no heav'n, they fear no hell ; se endlefs joys, those endlefs pains. Thy glorious promifes, O Lord, Kindle my hopes and my defire ; While all the preachers of thy word Warn me to 'fcape eternal fire.

Thy praife fhall ftill employ my breath, Since thou haft mark'd my way to heav'n; Nor will I run the road to death,

And wafte the bleffings thou haft giv'n.

Praise for the Gospel.

LORD, I afcribe it to thy grace, And not to chance, as others do, That I was born of Chriftian race, And not a Heathen or a Jew.

What would the ancient Jewish kings And Jewish prophets once have giv'n,

Could they have heard those glorious things Which Chrift reveal'd, and brought from

heav'n ! How glad the Heathens would have been, That worfhipp'd idols, wood and ftone, If they the book of God had feen,

Or Jefus and his gofpel known ! Then if this granted I refute

Then, if this gofpel I refufe, How thall I e'er lift up mine eyes ! For all the Gentiles and the Jews Against me will in judgment rife.

Praise to God for learning to read.

THE praifes of my tongue I offer to the Lord, That I was taught and learnt fo young To read his holy word.

That I am brought to know The danger I was in,

By nature and by practice too, A wretched flave to fin.

That I am led to fee I can do nothing well; And whether fhall a finner flee

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To fave himfelf from hell?

Dear Lord, this book of thine Informs me where to go

For grace to pardon all my fin, And make me holy too.

Here I can read, and learn How Christ, the Son of God, Did undertake our great concerns Our ransom cost his blood.

And now he reigns above, He fends his Spirit down

To fhew the wonders of his love, And make his gofpel known.

O may that Spitit teach, And make my heart receive, Thofe truths, which all thy fervants preach

And all thy faints believe.

Then shall I praise the Lord, In a more cheerful strain,

That I was taught to read his word, And have not learnt in vain. § 222. The Excellency of the Bible demonstrated. | § 224. Solemn Thoughts concerning God and Dea WATTS.

GREAT God, with wonder and with praife, On all thy works I look ; But still thy wifdom, pow'r, and grace, Shine, brighteft in thy book.

The ftars that in their courfes roll, Have much instruction giv'n;

But thy good word informs my foul How I may climb to heav'n.

The fields provide me food, and thew The goodness of the Lord ; But fruits of life and glory grow In thy most holy word.

Here are my choiceft treasures hid, Here my best comfort lies : Here my defires are fatisfy'd, And hence my hopes arife.

Lord, make me underftand thy law; Shew what my faults have been; And from thy gospel let me draw Pardon for all my fin.

Here would I learn how Chrift has dy'd To fave my foul from hell : Not all the books on earth befide Such heavinly wonders tell.

Then let me love my Bible more, And take a fresh delight By day to read thefe wonders o'er, And meditate by night.

§ 223. The All-feeing God. WATTL

ALMIGHTY God, thy piercing eye Strikes thro' the fhades of night, And our most fecret actions lie All open to thy fight.

There's not a fin that we commit, Nor wicked word we fay, But in thy dreadful book 'tis write Against the judgment-day.

And muft the crimes that I have done Be read and publith'd there? Be all expos'd before the Sun, While men and angels hear ?

Lord, at thy foot afham'd I lie ; Upward I dare not look ! Pardon my fins before I die, And blot them from thy book.

Remember all the dying pains That my Redeemer felt, And let his blood wash out my flains, And answer for my guilt.

O may I now for ever fear T'indulge a finful thought, Since the great God can fee and hear, And writes down ev'ry fault.

WATT THERE is a God that reigns above, Lord of the heav'ns, and carth, and feas: I fear his wrath, I afk his love, And with my lips I fing his praife. here is a law, which he has writ, To teach us all what we must do: My foul, to his commands fubmit. For they are holy, juft, and true. There is a gospel of rich grace, Whence finners all their comforts draw a Lord, I repent, and feek thy face, For I have often broke thy law. There is an hour when I muft die, Nor do I know how foon 'twill come a A thousand children, young as I, Are call'd by death to hear their doom. Let me improve the hours I have, Before the day of grace is fled : There's no repentance in the grave, Nor pardons offer'd to the dead. Juft as the tree, cut down, that fell To north or fouthward, there it lies ;

So man departs to heav'n or hell, Fix'd in the flate wherein he dies.

§ 235. Heaven and Hell. WATTS

THERE is beyond the fky A heav'n of joy and love ; And holy children, when they die, Go to that world above.

There is a dreadful hell.

And everlasting pains : There finners must with devils dwells In darkness, fire, and chains,

Can fuch a wretch as I Escape this curfed end ? And may I hope, whene'er I die, I shall to heav'n ascend ?

Then will I read and pray, While I have life and breath a Left I thould be cut off to-day,

And fent t'eternal death.

§ 226. The Advantages of Early Religin WAT

HAPPY the child whofe tender years Receive instructions well : Who hates the finner's path, and fears The road that leads to hell.

When we devote our youth to God, 'Tis pleasing in his eyes;

A flow'r, when offer'd in the bud, Is no vain facrifice.

Tis cafier work, if we begin, To fear the Lord betimes While finners that grow old in fin Are harden'd in their crimes.

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lave us from a thousand inares, ind religion young; vill preferve our following years, make our virtue ftrong.

, Almighty God, to thee childhood we refign ; pleafe us to look back and fee our whole lives were thine.

fweet work of pray'r and praife oy my youngeft breath ; 'm prepar'd for longer days, t for early death.

7. The Danger of Delay. WATTS.

I should I fay, "'Tis yet too foon To feek for heav'n, or think of death ?" r may fade before 'tis noon, I this day may lofe my breath.

rebellious heart of mine ife the gracious calls of Heav'n, æ harden'd in my fin, never have repentance giv'n.

f the Lord grow wroth and fwear, e I refuse to read and pray, :'ll refuse to lend an ear ll my groans another day !

f his dreadful anger burn, e I refuie his offer'd grace, his love to fury turn, frike me dead upon the place!

igerous to provoke a God ! ow'r and vengeance none can tell ; ske of his almighty rod fend young finners quick to hell.

will for ever be in vain ry for pardon and for grace; ι I had my time again, ope to fee my Maker's face !

Examples of Early Piety. WATTS.

AT blefs'd examples do I find Vrit in the word of truth, Iren that began to mind ion in their youth !

tho reigns above the fky, kceps the world in awe, ce a child as young as I, kept his Father's law.

ve years old he talk'd with men Jews all wond'ring fand) bey'd his mother then, came at her command.

1 a fweet hofanna fung, bleft our Saviour's name ! we him honour with their tongue, s feribes and priefts blafpheme!

Samuel, the child, was wean'd and brought To wait upon the Lord; Young Timothy betimes was taught To know his holy word.

Then why should I fo long delay What others learnt to foon a I would not pass another day Without this work begun.

§ 229. Againfl Lying. WATTS.

'TIS a lovely thing for youth To walk betimes in wildom's way; To fear a lie, to speak the truth, That we may truft to all they fay.

But liars we can never truft, Tho' they fhould speak the thing that's true! And he that does one fault at first, And lies to hide it, makes it two.

Have we not known, nor heard, nor read, How God abhors deceit and wrong? How Ananias was struck dead,

So did his wife Sapphira die, When the campin and grew to bold As to confirm that wicked lie

That just before her husband told.

The Lord delights in them that fpeak The words of truth; but ev'ry liar Must have his portion in the lake

That burns with brimstone and with fire.

Then let me always watch my lips Left I be flruck to death and hell, Since God a book of reckining keeps For ev'ry lie that children tell.

§ 230. Against Quarrelling and Fighting. WALTS.

ET dogs delight to bark and bite, For God hath made them fo ;

Let bears and lions growl and fight, For 'tis their nature too:

But, children, you should never let Such angry pations rife; Your little hands were never made.

To tear each other's eyes.

Let love thro' all your actions run, And all your words be mild ; Live like the bleffed Virgin's Son,

That fweet and lovely child. His foul was gentle as a lamb;

And, as his stature grew, He grew in favour both with man And God his Father too.

Now, Lord of all, he reigns above; And from his heav'nly throne

He fees what children dwell in love, And marks them for his own. L

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§ 231. Love between Brothers and Sifters. WATTS.

WHATEVER brawls diffurb the fireet, There fhould be peace at home; Where fifters dwell, and brothers meet, Quarrels fhould never come.

Birds in their little net's agree; And 'tis a fhat ful fight, When children of one family Fall out, and chide, and fight!

Hard names at firft, and threat'ning words, That are but noify breath, May grow to clubs and naked fwords,

To murder and to death. The devil tempts one mother's fon To rage againft another; So wicked Cain was hurry'd on

Till he had kill'd his brother. The wife will make their anger cool, At least before 'tis night; But in the bosom of a fool

It burns till morning-light. Pardon, O Lord, our childifh s

Our little brawls remove ; That as we grow to riper ag Our hearts may all be love.

§ 232. Against Scoffing and calling Names. WATTS.

OUR tongues were made to blefs the Lord, And not speak ill of men ; When others give a railing word, We must not rail again. Grofs words and angry names require To be chaftis'd at fehool; And he's in danger of hell-fire That calls his brother fool. But lips that dare be fo profane, To mock, and jeer, and fcoff, At holy things, or holy men, The Lord thail cut them off. When children in their wanton play Serv'd old Elitha fo; And bid the prophet go his way, "Go up, thou bald-head, go;" God quickly ftopp'd their wicked breath, And fent two riging bears, That tore them limb from limb to death, With blood, and groans, and tears. Giear God, now terrible art thou To hances eler to young ! Grant me thy grace, and teach me how To tame and rule my tongue ! § 233. Again, i Sconaring, and Curfing, and taking C. P. Name in vain. WATTS.

A NGELS, that high in glory dwelf, Adore thy name, Almighty God4 And devis tremble down in hell, Beneath the terrors of thy rod. And yet how wicked children dare Abufe thy dreadful glorious name ! And, when they're angry, how they fivear, And curfe their fellows, and blaipheme ! How will they fland before thy face, Who treated thee with fuch difdain, While thou fhalt doom them to the place Of everlaiting fire and pain ! Then never shall one cooling drop To quench their burning tongues be giv's But I will praise these here, and hope Thus to employ my tongue in heav'n. My heart shall be in pain to hear Wretches affront the Lord above, Tis that great God whole pow'r I fear, That Heav'nly Father, whom I love. If my companions grow profane, I'll leave their friendfhip when I hear Young finners take thy name in vain, And learn to curfe, and learn to fwear, § 234. Againft Idlenefs and Mijchief. WATTI HOW doth the little bufy bes Improve each fhining hour, And gather honey all the day From ev'ry op'ning flow'r ! How skilfully the builds her cell ? How neat fire foreads the wax ! And labours hard to ftore it welf

With the fweet food fhe makes,

In works of labour, or of fkill, I would be bufy too;

For Satan finds fome mifchief still For idle hands to do.

In books, or work, or healthful play, Let my first years be past,

That I may give for ev'ry day Some good account at laft.

§ \$35. Against Ervil Company. WATTS.

WHY should I join with those in play In whom I've no delight; Who curfe and fwear, but never pray Who call ill names and fight. I hate to hear a wanton fong, Their words offend mine cars ; I fhould not dare defile my tongue With language fach as theirs. Away from fools I'll turn mine eyes; Nor with the fcoffers go : I would be waiking with the wife, That wifer I may grow. From one rude boy that's us'd to mock, They learn the wicked jeft : One fickly theep infects the flock. And poitons all the reft.

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BOOK L

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36. Against Pride in Clothes. WATTS.

HY fhould our garments, made to hide Our parents fhame, provoke our pride ? art of drefs did ne'er begin Il Eve, our mother, learnt to fin.

a first file put the cov'ring on, r robe of innocence was gone a vet her children vamly boat the fad marks of glory loft.

proud we are! how fond to fhew' r clothes, and call them rich and new ! n the poor fheep and filkworm wore at very clothing long before.

ulip and the butterfly pear in gayer coats than I: re be dreft fine as I will, es, worms, and flow'rs, exceed me fill.

will I fet my heart to find vard adornings of the mind ; redge and virtue, truth and grace : efe are the robes of richeft drefs.

ore shall worms with the compare; is is the raiment angels wear; son of God, when here below, t on this bleft apparel too.

rer fades, it ne'er grows old, r fears the pain, nor moth nor mould : es no fpot, but fill refines ; e more 'tis worn, the more it fhines.

s on earth fhould I appear, en go to heav'n and wear it there, vill approve it in his fight; s his own work, and his delight.

137. Obedience to Parents. WATTS.

C children that would fear the Lord, lear what their teachers fay; rev'rence-meet their parents word, d with delight obey.

you not heard what dreadful plagues : threaten'd by the Lord, m that breaks his father's law, mocks his mother's word ?

heavy guilt upon him lies! w curfed is his name ! avens fhall pick out his eyes, d eagles eat the fame.

tofe who worfhip God, and give eir parents honour due, on this earth they long fhall live, d live hereafter too.

§ 238. The Child's Complaint. WATTS.

WHY fhould I love my fport fo well, So conftant at my play, And lofe the thoughts of heav'n and hell, And then forget to pray 1

What do I read my Bible for, But, Love, to learn thy will? And fhall 1 daily know thee more, And lefs obey thee ftill?

How fenfeless is my heart, and wild ! How vain are all my thoughts ! Pity the weakness of a child,

And pardon all my faults. Make me thy heav'nly voice to hear,

And let me love to pray; Since God will lend a gracious ear To what a child can fay.

§ 139. A Morning and Evening Song. WATTS.

. Morning Song.

MY God, who makes the fun to know His proper hour to rife, And to give light to all below, Doth fend him round the fkies !

When from the chambers of the east His morning race begins,

He never tires, nor ftops to reft, But round the world he fhines;

So, like the fun, would I fulfil The bus'nefs of the day : Begin my work betimes, and fiill March on my heav'nly way.

Give me, O Lord, thy early grace, Nor let my foul complain That the young morning of my days Has all been fpent in vain !

Evening Song.

AND now another day is gone, I'll fing my Maker's praife;

My comforts ev'ry hour make known His providence and grace.

But how my childhood runs to waste ! My fins, how great their fum ! Lord give me pardon for the past, And firength for days to come.

I lay my body down to fleep ; Let angels guard my head, And, thro' the hours of darknefs, keep Their watch around my bed.

With cheerful heart I close my eyes, Since thou wilt not remove ;

And in the morning let me rife, Rejoicing in thy love.

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BOOK L

§ 240. For the Lord's Day Morning. WATTS.

THIS is the day when Chrift arole So carly from the dead ; Why thould I keep my cyc-lids clos'd, And wafte my hours in bed?

This is the day when Jefus broke The pow'r of death and hell ; And thall I still wear Satan's yoke, And love my fins fo well?

To-day with pleafure Christians meet, To pray and hear the word : And I would go with cheerful feet To learn thy will, O Lord.

I'll leave my fport to read and pray, And fo prepare for heav'n; O may I love this bleffed day The best of all the fev'n !

§ 241. For the Lord's Day Evening. WATTS.

ORD, how delightful 'tis to fee L A whole affembly worthip thee ! At once they fing, at once they pray; They hear of heav'n, and learn the way.

I have been there, and still would go; 'T islike a little heav'n below No tall my pleafure and my play Shal tempt me to forget this day.

O write upon my mem'ry, Lord, The text and doctrines of thy word; That I may break thy laws no more, But love thee better than before.

With thoughts of Christ and things divine Fill up this foolifh heart of mine; That, hoping pardon thro' his blood, I may lie down, and wake with God.

§ 242. The Ten Commandments, out of the Old Tiplament ; with the Sum of the Commandments out of the New Teflament. WATTS.

EXODUS XX.

1. THOU fhalt have no more gods but me. 2. Before no idol bow thy knee.

3. Take not the name of God in vain,

4. Nor dare the Sabbath-day profane.

5. Give both thy parents honour due.

6. Take held that thou no murder do.

7. Abitain from words and deeds unclean,

8. Nor fleal tho' thou art poor and mean ;

9. Nor make a wilful lie, nor love it.

10. What is thy neighbour's dare not covet.

MATT. XXII. 37.

WITH all thy foul love God above; And as thyielf thy neighbour love.

§ 243. Our Saviour's Golden Rule. WATTS.

MATT. vii. 12.

BE you to others kind and true, As you'd have others be to you; And neither do nor fay to men Whate'er you would not take again.

§ 244. Duty to God and our Neighlour. WATTS.

OVE God with all your foul and ftrength, LOVE God with all your heart and mind; With all your heart and mind; And love your neighbour as yourfelf; Bc faithful, juft, and kind.

Deal with mother as you'd have Another deal with you; What you're unwilling to receive, Be fure you never do.

§ 245. The Hofanna; or Salvation aferibed w Chrift.-Long, Common, and Short Metre. WATTS.

HOSANNA to king David's Son, Who reigns on a fuperior throne ; We blefs the Prince of heav'nly birth, Who brings falvation down on carth.

Let ev'ry nation, ev'ry age, In this delightful work engage; Old men and babes in Zion fing The growing glories of her King !

HOSANNA to the Prince of Grace : Sion, behold thy King ! Proclaim the Son of David's race,

And teach the babes to fing. Hofanna to th'eternal word,

Who from the Father came ; Afcribe falvation to the Lord, With bleffings on his name.

HOSANNA to the Son Of David and of God, Who brought the news of pardon down, And bought it with his blood.

To Chrift, th'anointed King, Be endlets bleffings giv'n ; Let the whole earth his glory fing. Who made our peace with Heav'n.

§ 246. Civry to the Father, and to the Son, St. Long, Common, and Short Metre. WATTS.

10 God the Father, God the Son. And God the Spirit, three in one, Be honour, praite, and glory giv'n, By all on earth, and all in heav'n.

NOW let the Father and the Son, And Spirit be ador'd,

Where there are works to make him known, Or laints to love the Lord.

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GIVE to the Father praife, Give glory to the Son ; And to the Spirit of his grace Be equal honour done.

§ 247. The Sluggard. WATTS.

TIS the voice of a fluggard; Inteard him "You have wak?" Too foon, J-muft flumber As the door on its hinges, fo he on his bed [head. Turns his fides and his fhoulders, and his heavy

" A little more fleep and a little more flumber," Thus he waftes half his days and his hours

without number; And when he gets up he fits folding his hands, Or walks about faunt'ring, or trifling he ftands.

I pass'd by his garden, and faw the wild brier,

The thorn and the thiftle grow broader and higher; The clothes that hang on him are turning to rags; And his moneyftill waftes, till he starves or he begs.

I made him a vifit, still hoping to find

He had took better care for improving his mind He told me his dreams, talk'd of cating and drinking; thinking.

But he fcarce reads his Bible, and never loves

Said I then to my heart, " Here's a leffon for me, That man's but a picture of what I might be :

But thanks to my friends for their care in my breeding, [reading. Who taught me betimes to love working and

§ 148. Innocent Play. WATTS.

A BROAD in the meadows, to fee the young lambı

Run fporting about by the fide of their dams, With fleeces fo clean and fo white,

Or a neit of young doves in a large open cage,

When they play all in love without anger or rage, How much we may learn from the fight !

If we had been ducks, we might dabble in mud; Or dogs, we might play till it ended in blood;

So foul and to herce are their natures :

But Thomas and William, and fuch pretty names, Should be cleanly and harmlefs as doves or as Those lovely fweet innocent creatures. [lambs,

Not a thing that we do, nor a word that we fay, Should hinder another in jefting or play;

For he's ftill in carneft that's hurt : [mirc ! How rude are the boys that throw pebbles and There's none but a madman will fling about fire, And tell you, " 'Tis all but in fport."

§ 249. The Rofe. WATTS.

HOW fair is the role! what a beautiful flow'r! The glory of April and May!

But the leaves are beginning to fade in an hour. And they wither and die in a day.

Yet the role has one powerful virtue to boaft,

Above all the flow'rs of the field : |loft. When its leaves are all dead, and fine colours are Still how fweet a perfume will it yield !

So frail is the youth and the beauty of men, Tho' they bloom and look gay like the rofe:

But all our fond care to preferve them is vain; Time kills them as fait as he goes.

Then I'll not be proud of my youth or my beauty, Since both of them wither and fade :

But gain a good name by well doing my duty; This will fcent like a rofe when I'm dead.

§ 250. The Thirf. WATTS.

WHY should I deprive my neighbour Of his goods against his will?

Hands were made for honeft labour ; Not to plunder or to fleal.

'Tis a foolifh felf-deceiving, By fuch tricks to hope for gain :

All that's ever got by thieving

Turns to forrow, fhame, and pain.

Then fad profit to compute?

To what difinal flate they brought us, When they fole forbidden fruit !

Oft we fee a young beginner Practife little pilfring ways,

Till grown up a harden'd finner; Then the gallows ends his days.

Theft will not be always hidden, Tho' we fancy none can fpy : When we take a thing forbidden,

God beholds it with his eye.

Guard my heart, O God of heav'n, Left I covet what's not mine :

Left I fical what is not giv'n. Guard my heart and hands from fin.

§ 251. The Ant, or Emmet. WATTS.

HESE Emmets, how little they are in our eyes! TWe tread them to duft, and a troop of them

Without our regard or concern : [dies, Yet, as wife as we are, if we went to their fchool, There's many a fluggard and mony a fool,

Some leffons of wildom might learn.

They don't wear their time out in fleeping or play, But gather up corn in a fun-fhiny day;

And for winter they lay up their ftores They manage their work in fuch regular forms, One would think they forefaw all the frofts and the ftorms,

And fo brought their food within doors

But I have lefs fenfe than a poor creeping ant, If I take not due care for the things I shall want,

Nor provide against dangers in time.

When death or old age shall stare in my face, What a wretch shall I be in the end of my days,

If I trifle away all their prime I L 3

Now.

BOOK I.

Have not Eve and Adam taught us,

Now, now, while my ftrength and my youth are to bloom, [fhall come,

Let me think what will ferve me when fickness And pray that my fins be forgiv'n :

Let me read in good books, and believe and oney, That, when death turns me out of this cottage of I may dwell in a palace in heav'n. [clay,

§ 252. Good Refolutions. WATTS.

THOUGH I am now in younger days, Nor can tell what shall befal me, I'll prepare for ev'ry place Where my growing age shall call me. Should I e'er be rich or great, Others shall partake my goodness; I'll fupply the poor with meat, Never thewing fcorn or rudenefs. Where I fee the blind or lame, Deaf or duinb, I'll kindly treat them; I deferve to feel the lame, If I mock, or hurt, or cheat them. If I meet with railing tongues, Why should I return them railing, Since I beft revenge my wrongs By my patience never failing ! When I hear them telling lies, Talking foolifh, curfing, fwearing ; First I'll try to make them wife, Or I'll foon get out of hearing. What though I be low and mean, Pill engage the rich to love me

While I'm modeft, neat, and clean, And fubmit when they reprove me.

If I fhould be poor and fick, I fhall meet, I hope, with pity; Since I love to help the weak, Tho' they're neither fair nor witty.

I'll not willingly offend, Nor be eafily offended ! What's amifs I'll firive to mend, And endure what can't be mended.

May I be fo watchful fill O'er my humours and my paffion, As to speak and do no ill, Tho' it fhould be all the fashion.

Wicked fathions lead to hell; Ne'er may I be found complying; But in life behave fo well, Not to be afraid of dying.

§ 253. A Summer Evening. WATTS.

HOW fine has the day been ! how bright was the fun ! How lovely and joyful the courfe that he run !

Tho' he role in a milt when his race he begun,

And there follow'd fome droppings of rain! But now the fair traveller's come to the weft, His rays are all gold, and his beautics are beft; He paints the fky gay as he finks to his reft,

And foretells a bright rifing again.

Just fuch is the Christian: his courfe he begins, Like the fun in a mift, when he mourns for his fine, And melts into tears; then he breaks out and fhines, And travels his heav'nly way:

And gives a fille hope at the end of his days, Of rifing in brighter array !

§ 264. A Cradle Hymm. WATTS.

HUSH ! my dear, lie fill and flumber, Holy angels guard thy bed ! Heav'nly bleffings, without number, Gently falling on thy head. Sleep, my babe; thy food and raiment, Houfe and home thy friends provide; All without thy care or payment, All thy wants are well fupply'd. How much better thou'rt attended Than the Son of God could be;

When from heav'n he defcended, And became a child like thee !

Soft and eafy is thy cradle, Coarle and hard thy Saviour lay : When his birth-place was a stable, And his fostest bed was hay.

Bleffed babe ! what glorious features, Spotlefs fair, divinely bright !

Must he dwell with brutal creatures ! How could angels bear the fight !

Was there nothing but a manger Curfed finners could afford, To receive the heav'nly ftranger ! Did they thus affront their Lord !

Soft, my child; I did not chide thee, Tho' my fong might found too hard :

'Tis thy { } fits befide thee, And her arms fhall be thy guard,

Yet to read the fhameful flory, How the Jews abus'd their King ! How they ferv'd the Lord of Glory,

Makes me angry while I fing. . . See the kinder fhepherds round him.

Telling wonders from the fky !

Where they fought him, there they found him; With his Virgin mother by.

See the lovely babe a-dreffing; Lovely infant, how he fmil'd ! When he wept, the mother's bleffing Sooth'd and hufh'd the holy child.

* Here you may use the words Brother, Sifler, Neighbour, Friend, &c.

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Lo,

e flumbers in his manger, here the horned oxen fed; , my darling, here's no danger, re's no ox a-near thy bed.

s to fave thee, child, from dying, 'e my dear from burning flame, groans, and endlefs crying, at thy bleft Redeemer came.

ft thou live to know and fear him, uft and love him all thy days; go dwell for ever near him, his face, and fing his praife!

ld give thee thoufand kiffes, ping what I muft defire; mother's fondeft wifhes 1 to greater joys afpire !

155. The Nunc Dimittis. MERRICK.

S enough-the hour is come : Now within the filent tomb iis mortal frame decay led with its kindred clay; thy mercies, oft of old y chosen seers foretold, ful now and stedfast prove, of truth, and God of love ! at length my aged eye he day ipring from on high ! f righteoufacia, to thec. the nations bow the knce; the realms of distant kings the healing of thy wings. e whom death had overfpread his dark and dreary fhade, heir eyes, and from afar the light of Jacob's Star; ing till the promis'd ray their darkneis into day. he beams, intenfely fhed, : o'er Sion's favour'd head ! r may they hence remove, of truth, and God of love !

5. The Benedicite paraphrased. MERRICK.

works of God, on him alone, In earth his footfool, heav'n his throne, Be all your praife beftow'd; ife hand the beauteous fabric made, ife eye the finifh'd work furvey'd, And faw that all washood.

ngels, that with loud acclaim uring view'd the new-born frame, And hail'd th'Eternal King, n proclaim your Maker's praife; in your thankful voices raile, And touch the tuneful firing.

e him, ye blefa'd ætheseal plains, re, in full majefly, he deigns

To fix his awful throne : Ye waters that above him roll, From orb to orb, from pole to pole, O make his praises known ! Ye thrones, dominions, virtues, pow'rs, Join ye your jayful fongs with ours; With us your voices raife; From age to age extend the lay, To heav'n's Eternal Monarch pay Hymns of eternal praise. Celeftial orb! whole pow'rful ray Opes the glad eyclids of the day, Whole influence all things own; Praise him, whose courts effulgent shine With light as far excelling thine, As thine the paler moon. Ye glitt'ring planets of the fky, Whole lamps the ablent fun fupply, With him the fong purfue; And let himfelf fubmiflive own, He borrows from a brighter Sun The light he lends to you. Ye flow'rs and dews, whole moisture fled Calls into life the op'ning feed, To him your praises yield, Whofe influence wakes the genial birth, Drops fatnefs on the pregnant earth, And crowns the laughing field. Ye winds, that oft tempestuous sweep The ruffled furface of the deep, With, us coufess your God See thro' the heav'ns the King of Kings, Upborne on your expanded wings, Comes flying all abroad. Ye floods of fire, where'er ye flow, With just submission humbly bow To his fuperior pow'r, Who ftops the tempest on its way, Or bids the flaming deluge ftray, And gives it ftrength to roar. Ye fummer's heat and winter's cold, By turns in long fucceffion roll'd, The drooping world to cheer, Praife him who gave the fun and moon To lead the various feafons on, And guide the circling year. Ye frofts, that bind the wat'ry plain,

Yc filent fhow'rs of fleecy rain, Purfue the heav'nly thene; Praife him who fheds the driving fnow, Forbids the harden'd waves to flow, And ftops the rapid fircam.

Ye days and nights, that fiviftly borne, From morn to eve, from eve to morn,

Alternate glide away, Praife him, whofe never-varying light, Abfent, adds horror to the night, But prefent, gives the day.

Light, from whole rays all beauty fprings; Darknels, whole wide-expanded wings

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Involve the dufky globe; Praife him, who, when the heav'ns he fpread, Darknefs his thick pavilion made, And light his regal robe.

Praife him, ye lightnings, as ye fly Wing'd with his vengeance thro' the fky, And red with wrath divine; Praife him, ye clouds, that wand'ring ftray, Or fix'd by him, in clofe array Surround his awful fhrine.

Exalt, O earth ! thy Heav'nly King, Who bids the plants, that form the fpring, With annual verdure bloom ; Whofe frequent drops of kindly rain Prolific fweil the rip'ning grain, And blefs thy fertile womb.

Ye mountains, that ambitious rife, And heave your fummits to the fkies, Revere his awful nod; Think how you once affrighted fled, When Jordan fought his fountain-head, And own'd th'approaching God.

Ye trees, that fill the rural fcene; Ye flow'rs, that o'er th'enamell'd green In native beauty reign; O praife the Ruler of the fkles, Whofe hand the genial fap fupplies, And clothes the finiling plain.

Ye fecret fprings, ye gentle rills, That murm'ring rife among the hills, Or fill the humble vale; Praife him, at whofe Almighty nod The rugged rock diffolving flow'd; And form'd a fpringing well.

Praise him ye floods, and feas profound,
Whose waves the spacious earth furround,
And roll from shore to shore;
Aw'd by his voice, ye feas, subside;
Ye floods, within your channels glide,
And tremble and adore.

Ye whales, that flir the boiling deep, Or in its dark receffes fleep,

Remote from human cyc, Praife hum by whom ye all are fed ; Praife him, without whofe heav aly aid Ye languifh, faint, and die.

Ye birds, exalt your Maker's name; Begin, and with th'important theme Your articles lays improve; Waké with your fongs the rifing day, Let mulic found on ev'ry foray, And fill the vocal grove.

Praise him, ye beasts, that nightly roam Amid the solitary gloom,

Th'expected prey to feize; Ye flaves of the laborious plough, Your flubborn necks fubmiffive bowa And bend your weary'd knees.

Ye fons of men, his praife difplay, Who frampt his image on your clay,

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And gave it pow'r to move; Ye that in Judah's confines dwell, From age to age fucceffive tell The wonders of his love.

Let Levi's tribe the lay prolong, Till angels liften to the fong, And bend attentive down ; Let wonder feize the heav'nly train, Pleas'd while they hear a mortal firain So fweet, fo like their own. And you your thankful voices join, That oft at Salem's facred fhrine Before his altars kneel ; Where thron'd in majefty he dwells, And from the mystic cloud reveals The dictates of his will. Ye fpirits of the just and good, That, eager for the blefs'd abode, To heav nly manfions foar; O let your fongs his praise display, Till heav'n itself shall melt away, And time fhall be no more ! Praise him, ye meek and humble train, Ye faints, whom his decrees ordain The boundlefs blifs to fhare ; O praise him, till ye take your way

To regions of eternal day, And reign for ever there. Let us, who now impafive ftand, Aw'd by the tyrant's ftern command, Amid the fiery blaze; While thus we triumph in the flame, Rife, and our Maker's love proclaum,

In hymns of endless praise.

§ 257. The Ignorance of Man. MERRICK.

BEHOLD yon new-born infant, griev'd With hunger, thirft, and pain; That afks to have the wants reliev'd It knows not to complain. Aloud the fpeechlefs fuppliant crics,

And utters, as it can, The wors that in its bofom rife,

And speaks its nature - man.

That infant, whole advancing hour Life's various forrows try

(Sad proof of fin's transmissive pow'r ') That infant, Lord, am I.

A childhood yet my thoughts confeis, Though long in mars mature ;

Unknowing whence I feel diffrefs, And where, or what, its'cure.

Author of Good, to thee I turn : Thy ever-wakeful eye

Alone can all my wants difeern ; Thy hand alone fupply.

O let thy fear within me dwell, Thy love my footficps guide; That love fhall vainer loves expel;

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D! by error's force fubdu'd, ce oft my fubborn will ft'rous fhuns the latent good, d grafps the fpecious ill;

b my wifh, but to my want,
thou thy gifts apply :
'd, what good thou knoweft grant;
nat ill, tho' afk'd, deny.

58. The Trials of Virtue. MERRICK.

\C'D on the verge of youth, my mind ife's op'ning icene furvey'd: v'd its ills of various kind, Bicted and afraid.

hief my fear the dangers mov'd, at virtue's path incloie : eart the wife purfuit approv'd; t O, what toils oppofe !

:e, ah fee! while yet her ways th doubtful ftep I tread, tile world its terrors raife; fnares delufive fpread.

* fhall I, with heart prepar'd, ofe terrors learn to meet ? from the thousand fnares to guard ' unexperienc'd feet ?

us I mus'd, opprefive fleep t o'er my temples drew ion's veil.— The wat'ry deep, object ftrange and new,

e me rofe : on the wide fhore fervant as I ftood, ;ath'ring ftorms around me roar, d heave the boiling flood.

and more near the billows rife; a now my fteps they lave; leath to my affrighted eyes proach'd in ev'ry wave.

hope, or whither to retreat, h nerve at once unfirung, fear had fetter'd faft my feet, d chain'd my fpeechlefs tongue.

my heart within me die; ien fudden to mine ear ce defcending from on high, rov'd my erring fear:

at tho' the fwelling furge thou fee npatient to devour; mortal, reft on God's decree,

i thankful own his pow'r. w, when he bade the deep appear, hus far," th'Almighty faid,

hus far," th'Almighty faid, is far, nor farther, rage; and here et thy proud waves be ftay'd."

d; and lo! at once controul'd, : waves, in wild retreat, on themfelves reluctant roll'd, i murmuring, left my fect., Deeps to affembling deeps, in vain, Once more the fignal gave : The flores the rufhing weight fuftain; And check th'ulurping wave.

Convinc'd, in Nature's volume wife, The imag'd truth I read ; And fudden from my waking eyes Th'inftructive vision fled.

• Then why thus heavy, O my foul ! • Say why, diftrufful fill,

Thy thoughts, with vain impatience roll O'er fcenes of future ill

Let faith suppress each rising fear,
 Each anxious doubt exclude;

Thy Maker's will has plac'd thee heres A Maker wife and good !

He to thy ev'ry trial knows
 Its just restraint to give;

• Attentive to behold thy wocs, • And faithful to relieve.

Then why thus heavy, O my foul t
 Say why, diftruftful ftill,

• Thy thoughts with vain impatience roll • O'er fcenes of future ill ?

' Tho' griefs unnumber'd throng thee round, ' Still in thy God confide,

Whole finger marks the feas their bound, And curbs the headlong tide.'

§ 259. Chrift's Paffion : from a Greek Ode of Mr. MASTER's, formerly of New College. PITT.

NO more of earthly fubjects fing; To Hcaven, my mufe, afpire To raife the fong, charge ev'ry ftring, And ftrike the living lyre. Begin, in lofty numbers fhow Th'Eternal King's unfathom'd love, Who reigns the Sov'reign God above, And fuffers on the crofs below. Prodigious pile of wonders I rais'd too high

For the dim ken of frail mortality. What numbers thall I bring along ! From whence thall I begin the fong ? The mighty mystery I'll fing, infpir'd Beyond the reach of human wildon wrought, Beyond the compais of an angel's thought, How by the rage of man his God expir'd.

I'll make the tracklels depths of mercy know How to redeem his foe, God render'd up his Son I'll raife my voice to tell mankind

The victor's conquest o'er his doom ; How in the grave he lay confin'd,

To feal more fure the rav'nous tomb. Three days, th'infernal empire to fubdue, He pafs'd triumphant through the coafts of woeg With his own dart the tyrant Death he flew, And led hell captive through her realms below. A mingled round from Calvary I hear, And the loud tumult thickens on my ear; The flouts of nurd'rers that infult the flain, The voice of torment and the flaicks of pain.

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I caft my eyes with horror up To the curft mountain's guilty top; See there ! whom hanging in the midd I view ! Ah ! how unlike the other two ! I tee him high above his focs, And gently bending from the wood His head in pity down to thofe, Whofe guilt confpires to fhed his blood. His wide-extended arms I fee

Transfix'd with nails, and faften'd to the tree. Man! fenfelefs man! canft thou look on ? Nor make thy Saviour's pains thy own, The rage of all thy griefs exert, Rend thy garments and thy heart : Beat thy breaft and grovel low, Beneath the burden of thy woe; Bleed through thy bowels, tear thy hairs,

Breathe gales of fighs, and weep a flood of tears. Behold thy King, with purple cover'd round, Not in the Tyrian tinctures dy'd,

Nor dipt in poifon of Sidonian pride, [wound. But in his own rich blood that itreams from ev'ry

Doft thou not fee the thorny circle red ? The guilty wreath that blufhes round his bead ? And with what rage the bloody feourge apply'd ; Curls round his limbs, and ploughs into his fide ! At fuch a fight let all thy anguith rife ; Break up, break up the fountains of thy eyes. Here bid thy tears in gufning torcents flow, Indulge thy grief, and give a loofe to woe.

Weep from thy foul, till earth be drown'd; Weep, till thy forrows drench the ground. Could thou, ungrateful man! his tormeats fee, Nor drop a tear for him, who pours his blood for thee?

§ 260. A Funeral Hymn. MALLET.

YE midnight fhades o'er nature fpread ! Dumb filence of the dreary hour ! In honor of th'approaching dead, Around your awful terrors pour. Yes, pour around, On this pale ground, Through all this deep furrounding gloom, The fober thought, The fober thought, The fear untaught, Thofe meeteft mourners at a tomb. Lo ! as the furplic'd train draw near To this laft manfion of mankind, The flow fad bell, the fable bier,

In holy mufings wrap the mind ! And while their beam, With trembling fitream, Attending tapers faintly dart; Each mould'ring bone, Each feulptur'd ftone, Strikes mute inftruction to the heart !

Now, let the facred organ blow, With folemn paufe and founding flow; Now, let the voice due meafure keep, In farains that figh, and words that weep; Till all the current blended roll, Not to depreis, but lift the foaring foul. To lift it in the Maker's praife, Who first inform'd our frame with breath And, after foine few ftormy days, Now, gracious, gives us o'er to Death. No King of Fears In him appears, Who shuts the scene of human woes : Bencath his shade, Securely laid, The dead alone find true repose. Then, while we mingle duft with duft, To One, fupremely good and wife, Raife hallelujahs ! God is juft, And man most happy when he dies ! His winter path Fair fpring at laft

Receives him on her flow'ry flore; Where pleafure's role Immortal blows, And fin and forrow are no more!

§ 261. Veni Creator Spiritus, paraphrafe DRYD

CREATOR Spirit, by whole aid The world's foundations first were laid, Come visit ev'ry pious mind; Come pour thy joys on human kind; From in and forrow set us free, And make thy temples worthy thee.

O Source of uncreated light, The Father's promis'd Paraclete I' Thrice holy fount, thrice holy fire, Our hearts with heav'nly love infigire; Come, and thy facred uncfus bring To fanctify us while we fing.

Plenteous of grace, defcead from high, Rich in thy fevenfold energy ! Thou ftrength of his Almighty hand, Whofe pow'r does heaven and earth comms Proceeding Spirit, our defence, Who doft the gifts of tongues difpenfe, And crown'ft thy gift with eloquence !

Refine and purge our carthly parts; But, oh, inflame and fire our hearts! Our frailties help, our voice controul, Submit the fenfes to the foul; And when rebellious they are grown, Then lay thy head, and hold them down.

Chace from our minds th'infernal foe, And peace, the fruit of love, beflow; And, left our feet thould ftep aftray, Protect and guide us in the way.

Make us eternal truths receive, And practife all that we believe : Give us thyfelf, that we may fee The Father and the Son by thee.

Immortal honour, endlefs fame, Attend th'Almighty Father's name : The Saviour Son be glorify'd, 'Ino for loft man's redemption dy'd; And equal adoration be, Exernal Paraclete, to thee!

§ 262. A Night Piece. Mils CARTER.

HILE night in folemn fhade invefts the pole, And calm reflection foothes the penfive foul; hile reafon undiffurb'd afferts her fway, rd life's deceitful colours fade away; to the, All-confcious Prefence I I devote his peaceful interval of fober thought: ere all my better faculties confine; nd be this hour of facred filence thine !

If, by the day's illufive feenes mifled, y cring foul from virtue's path has ftray'd; rar'd by example, or by paffon warm'd, ome falle delight my giddy fenie has charm'd; y calmer thoughts the wretched choice reprove, And my beft hopes are center'd in thy love. Depriv'd of this, can life one joy afford? ts utmoft boatt a vain unmeaning word.

But, ah! how oft my lawless pations rove, And break those awful precepts I approve ! Purfue the fatal impulie I abhor, And violate the virtue I adore ! Sft, when thy better Spirit's guardian care Warn'd my fond foul to fhun the tempting fnare, My flubborn will his gentle aid repreft, And check'd the rifing goodnels in my breaft; Mad with vain hopes, or urg'd by falle defires, Still'd his foft voice, and quench'd his facred fires. With grief oppreis'd, and profirate in the duft, Should'it thou condemn, I own thy fentence just. But, oh, thy fofter titles let me claim, And plead my caufe by Mercy's gentle name. Mercy ! that wipes the penitential tear, And diffipates the horrors of delpair; From righteous justice steals the vengeful hour, Softens the dreadful attribute of pow'r, Difarms the wrath of an offended God, And feals my pardon in a Saviour's blood !

All-powerful Grace, exert thy gentle fway, And teach my rebel paffions to obey; Left lurking Folly, with infidious art, Regain my volatile inconftant heart 1 Shall every high refolve Devotion frames Be only lifeles founds and specious names ? O rather, while thy hopes and fears controul, In this ftill hour, each motion of my foul, Secure its fafety by a fudden doorn, And be the foft retreat of fleep my tomb ! Calm let me flumber in that dark repofe, Till the laft morn its orient beam difclose : Then, when the great archangel's potent found Shall echo thro' creation's ample round, Wak'd from the fleep of death, with joy furvey The op'ning fplendors of eternal day.

§ 153. Ode to Melancholy. CARTER. COME, Melancholy ! filent pow'r, Companion of my lonely hour, To fober thought confin'd ! Thou fweetly fad ideal gueft, In all thy foothing charms confett, Indulge my penfive mind.

No longer wildly hurried through The tides of mirth that ebb and flow In folly's noify firenm, I from the bufy growd retire, To court the objects that infpire Thy philotophic dream. Thro' yon dark grove of mournful yews, With folitary flegs, I mute,

By thy direction led : Here, cold to pleafare's tempting forms, Contociate with my fifter worms, And mingle with the dead.

Ye midnight horrors ! awful gloom ! Ye filent regions of the tomb, My future peaceful bed ; Here fhall my weary eyes be clos'd, And ev'ry forrow lie repos'd

In death's refreshing shade. Ye pale inhabitants of night, Before my intellectual sight In solemn pomp ascend : O tell how trissing now appears The train of idle hopes and fears,

That varying life attend ! Ye faithlefs idols of our fenfe, Here own how vain your fond pretence,

Ye empty names of joy ! Your transient forms like shadows pass, Frail offspring of the magic-glass,

Before the mental eye. The dazzling colours, falfely bright,

Attract the gazing vulgar fight: With fuperficial flate:

Thro' reafon's clearer optics view'd,

How ftripp'd of all its pomp, how rude, Appears the painted cheat !

Can wild ambition's tyrant pow'r, Or ill-got wealth's fuperfluous flore,

The dread of death controul ? Can pleafure's more bewitching charms Avert or foothe the dire alarms

That flake the parting foul ? Religion ! ere the hand of Fate

Shall make Reflection plead too late, My erring fenfes teach, Amidft the flatt ring hopes of youth, To meditate the folemn truth

These awful relics preach.

Thy penetrating beams difperfe The mift of error, whence our fears Derive their fatal fpring: 'Tis thine the trembling heart to warm, And foften to an angel form The pale terrific king.

When funk by guilt in fad defpair, Repentance breathes her humble pray'r,

And

And owns thy threat'nings juft; Thy voice the fhudd'ring fuppliant cheers, With mercy calms her torturing fears, And hits her from the duft.

Sublim'd by thee, the foul afpires Beyond the range of low defires, In nobler views elate; Unmov'd her defin'd change furveys, And arm'd by faith, intrepid pays The universal debt.

In death's foft flumber lull'd to reft, She fleeps, by finiling vitions bleft, That gently whifper peace, Till the laft morn's fair op'ning ray Unfolds the bright eternal day Of active life and blifs.

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§ 264. Written at Midnight in a Thunder-Storm. CARTER.

LET coward Guilt, with pallid Fear, To thelt'ing caverns fly, And juilly dread the vengeful fate That thunders through the fky.

Protected by that hand, whole law The threat'ning florms obey, Intrepid Virtue finiles fecure, As in the blaze of day.

In the thick cloud's tremendous gloom, The lightnings lurid glare, It views the fame all-gracious Pow'r That breathes the vernal air.

Thro' Nature's ever-varying fcene, By diff'rent ways purfu'd, The one eternal end of Heav'n Is univertal good.

With like beneficent effect O'er flaming a ther glows, As when it tunes the linnet's voice, Or blufhes in the rofe.

By reafon taught to foorn thole fears That vulgar minds moleft, Let no fantaftic terrors break My dear Narciffa's reft.

Thy life may all the tend'reft care Of Providence defend; And delegated ange!s, round Their guardian wings extend!

When thro' creation's vaft expanse The last dread thunders roll, • Untune the concord of the spheres, And thake the rising soul;

Unmov'd may't thou the final form Of jarring worlds furvey, That ufters in the glad terene Of everlafting day ! § 265. Know Thyfelf. ARBUTHNOT.

WHAT am I? how produc'd? and for what end?

Whence drew I being ? to what period tend ? Am I th'abandon'd orphan of blind chance, Dropp'd by wild atoms in diforder'd dance ? Or from an endless chain of causes wrought, And of unthinking fubftance, born with thought? By motion which began without a caufe, Supremely wife, without defign or laws ? Am I but what I feem, mere field and blood ? A branching channel, with a mazy flood ? The purple fiream that thro' my veffels glides, Dull and unconfcious flows, like common tides; The pipes thro' which the circling juices firmy,. Are not that thinking I, no more than they: This frame compacted with transcendent fkill, Of moving joints obedient to my will, Nurs'd from the fruitful glebe, like yonder tree, Waxes and waftes; I call it mine, not me. New matter still the mould'ring mass suffains; The manfion chang'd, the tenant still remains And from the fleeting ftream, repair'd by food, Diffinct, as is the fwimmer from the flood.

What am I then? fure of a noble birth; By parents right, I own as mother, Earth; But claim fuperior lineage by my fire, Who warm'd th'unthinking clod with hear aly Effence divine, with lifelets clay allay'd, [fire; By double nature, double inftinct fway'd : With look creft, I dart my longing eye. Seem wing'd to part, and gain my native ky; I ftrive to mount, but ftrive, alas ! in vain, Ty'd to this maify globe with magic chain. Now with fwift thought I range from pole to pole, View worlds around their flaming centres roll: What ficady pow'rs their endlefs motions guide Thro' the fame trackless paths of boundlets void ! I trace the blazing comet's fiery tail, And weigh the whirling planets in a fcale; These godlike thoughts, while eager I purfue, Some glitt'ring trifle offer'd to my view, A gnat, an infect of the meaneft kind, Erafe the new-born image from my mind: Some beaftly want, craving, importunate, Vile as the grinning maftiff at my gate, Calls off from heav'nly truth this reas'ning me, And tells me I'm a brute as much as he. If, on fublimer wings of love and praife, My foul above the ftarry vault I raife, Lur'd by fome vain conceit, or fhameful luf, I flag, I drop, and flutter in the duft. The tow ring lark thus, from her lofty frain, Stoops to an enunct, or a barley grain. By adverfe guft, of jarring inftincts toft, I rove to one, now to the other coaft ; To blifs unknown my lofty foul afpires, My lot unequal to niv valt defires. As 'mongft the hinds a child of royal birth Finds his high pedigree by confeious worth, So man, amongit his follow brutes exprised, Sees he's a king; but 'tis a king depos'd.

Piy

BOOK I.

Pity him, beafts ! you by no law confin'd, Are barr'd from devious paths by being blind; Whilft man, thro' op'ning views of various ways Confounded, by the aid of knowledge ftrays; Too weak to choose, yet choosing still in haste, One moment gives the pleafure and diffaste; Bilk'd by past minutes, while the present cloy, The flatt'ring future still must give the joy : Not happy, but amus'd upon the road, And (like you) thoughtlefs of his laft abode, Whether next fun his being shall restrain To endless nothing, happiness, or pain. Around me, lo ! the thinking thoughtlefs crew (Bewilder'd each) their diff'rent paths purfue; Of them I alk the way; the first replies, Thou art a god; and fends me to the skies: Down on the turf, the next, two two-legg'd beast, There fix thy lot, thy blifs, and endlefs reft : Between these wide extremes the length is fuch, I find I know too little or too much. Almighty Pow'r, by whole most wife command, " Helplefs, forlorn, uncertain here I fland; Take this faint glimm'ring of thyfelf away, · Or break into my foul with perfect day I' This faid, expanded lay the facred text, The balm, the light, the guide of fouls perplex'd. Thus the benighted traveller that firays Thro' doubtful paths, enjoys the morning rays : The nightly mift, and thick defcending dew, Parting, unfold the fields and vaulted blue. • O Truth divine ! enlighten'd by thy ray, " I grope and guess no more, but see my way ; " Thou clear'dit the fecret of my high defcent, ⁴ And told me what those mystic tokens meant; "Marks of my birth, which I had worn in vain, . . Too hard for worldly fages to explain. Zeno's were vain, vain Epicurus' fchemes, "Their fuftems falfe, delufive were their dreams; " Unskill'd my twofold nature to divide, " One nurs'd my pleafure, and one nurs'd my pride; Those jarring truths which human art beguile, • Thy facred page thus bids me reconcile.' Offspring of God, no lefs thy pedigree, [be,] What thou once wert, art now, and still may Thy God alone can tell, alone decree ; Faultless thou dropp'dst from his unerring skill, With the bare pow'r to fin, fince free of will : Yet charge not with thy guilt his bounteous love : For who has pow'r to walk has pow'r to rove : Who acts by force impell'd can nought deferve; And wildom thort of infinite may fwerve. Borne on thy new-imp'd wings, thou took'ft thy Left thy Creator, and the realms of light; [flight, Difdam'd his gentle precept to fulfil ; And thought to grow a god by doing ill : Tho' by foul guilt thy heav'nly form defac'd, In nature chang'd, from happy manfions chac'd, Thou still retain'st fome sparks of heav'nly fire, T ... faint to mount, yet reffless to afpire ; Angel enough to feek thy blifs again, And brute enough to make thy fearch in vain. "I ' creatures now withdraw their kindly ufe; Stine fly thee, fome torment, and fome feduce ; Repart ill-juited to fuch different guefts, For what thy fenie defires, thy foul diffaftes;

Thy luft, thy curiofity, thy pride, Curb'd, or deferv'd, or baulk'd, or gratify'd, Rage on, and make thee equally unblefs'd [fets'd. In what thou want'ft, and what thou haft poi-In vain thou hop'ft for blifs on this poor clod; Return and feck thy Father and thy God; Yet think not to regain thy native fky, Borne on the wings of vain philofophy; Myfterious paffage 1 hid from human eves; Soaring vou'll fiak, and finking you will rife: Let humble thoughts thy wary footfleps guide; Repair by mecknets what you loft by pride.

§ 266. The Frailty and Folly of Man. PRIOR.

REAT Heav'n 1 how frail thy creature man is G How by himfelf infenfibly betray'd | [made ! In our own ftrength unhappily fecure, Too little cautious of the adverse pow'r ; And by the blaft of felf-opinion mov'd, We wish to charm, and feek to be belov'd. On pleafure's flowing brink we idly ftray, Mafters as vet of our returning way : Seeing no danger, we difarm our mind ; And give our conduct to the waves and wind s Then in the flow'ry mead, or verdant fhade, To wanton dalliance negligently laid, We weave the chaplet, and we crown the bowl, And finiling fee the nearer waters roll; Till the ftrong guits of raging paffion rife; Till the dire tempeft mingles earth and fkies ; And fwift into the boundlefs ocean borne, Our foolifh confidence too late we mourn : Round our devoted heads the billows beat : [treat. And from our troubled view the leffen'd lands re-

§ 267. A Paraphrale on the latter Part of the Sixth Chapter of Si. Matthew. THOMSON.

WHEN my breaft labours with opprefive care, And o'er my cheek defeends the falling tear; While all my warring paffions are at ftrife, O, let me liften to the words of life! Raptures deep-felt his doctrine did impart, And thus he rais'd from earth the drooping hears,

Think not, when all your fcanty ftores afford, Is fpread at once upon the fparing board ; Think not, when worn the homely robe appears, While on the roof the howling tempeft bears, What farther shall this feeble life fustain, And what shall clothe these shiving limbs again. Sav, does not life its nourifhment exceed ? And the fair body its invefting weed ? Behold ! and look away your low defpair-See the light tenants of the barren air To them, nor flores nor granaries belong; Nought but the woodland and the pleafing fong; Yet, your kind heav'nly Father bends his eye On the least wing that flirs along the sky. To him they fing when spring renews the plain; To him they cry in winter's pinching reign; Nor is their mulic nor their plaint in vaia : He hears the gay and the difirefiful call. And with uniparing bounty fills them all アミネゴン Obferve the rifing lily's fnowy grace, Obferve the various vegetable race; They neither toil nor fpin, but carelefs grow, Yet fee how warm they blufh ! how bright they glow !

What regal vefiments can with them compare ! What king to thining ! or what queen to tair !

If, ceafelels, thus the fowls of heav'n he feeds, If o'er the fields fuch lucid robes he fpreads; Will he not care for you, ve faithlefs, fay? Is he unwite? or, are ye lefs than they?

§ 268. The Generalogy of Chrift, as it is reprefunced on the Eafl Window of Winchefter College Chapel. Written at Winton School, by Dr. LOWTH.

A T once to raife our rev'rence and delight, To elevate the mind, and pleafe the fight, To pour in virtue at th'attentive eve, And waft the foul on wings of extacy; For this the painter's art with nature vies, And hids the vitionary faint arife: Who views the facted forms in thought afpires, Catches pune zeal, and as he gazes, fires; Feels the fame ardour to his breaft convey'd; Is what he faces, and cinulates the thade.

Thy ftrokes, great Artift, fo fublime appear, They check our pleafure with an awful fear; While thro' the mortal line the God you trace; Author himfelf, and Heir of Jeffe's race; In raptures we admire thy bold defign, And, as the fubject, own the hand divine. While thro' thy work the rifing day thall ftream, So long thall laft thine honour, praife, and name. And may thy labours to the Mufe impart Some emanation from her fifter art, To animate the verfe, and bid it fhine In colours eaty, bright, and ftrong as Thine !

Supine on earth an awful figure lies, While forteft flumbers feem to feal his eves; The heary fire Heavin's guardian care demands, And at his feet the watchful an el fian is. The form august and large, the mich divine Betray the 'founder of **Meffa**b's line. Lo! from his loins the promis'd ftem steends, And high to Heavin its facred boughs extends; Each limb productive of fome hero fprings, And blooms luxuriant with a race of kings. Th'eternal plant wide fpreads its arms around, And with the mighty branch the myflic top is crown'd.

And lo ! the glories of thilluftrious line At their first dawn with ripen'd splendors fline; In David all express'd ; the good, the great, The king, the hero, and the man complete. Serene he fits, and fweeps the golden lyre, And blends the prophet's with the poet's fire. See ! with what art he firskes the word firings, The God, his theme, infpiring what he fings ! Hark,—or our cars delude us—from his tongue Sweet shows,—or feems to flow,—four heav'nly long.

Oh could thine art arreft the fleeting found, And paint the voice in magic numbers bound; Could the warm fun, as crit when Memnon play'd, Wake with his rifing beam the vocal fhade, Then might he draw th'attentive angels down, Bending to hear the lay, fo fweet, fo like their own. On either fide the monarch's offspring thine, And tome adorn, and fome difgrace their line. Here Ammon glories; proud inceftuous lord! This hand fuffains the robe, and that the fword. Frowning and fierce, with haughty firides he And on his horrid brow defiance lowrs. [tow'rs, There Abfalom the ravish'd feeptre fwavs, And his ftol'u honour all his fhame difplays: The bale usurper Youth ! who joins in one The rebel fubject and th'ungrateful fon.

Amid the royal race, fee Nathan stand : Fervent he feems to fpeak, and lift his hand; His looks th'emotion of his foul disclose, And eloquence from ev'ry gefture flows. Such, and fo ftern he came, ordain'd to bring Th'ungrateful mandate to the guilty King : When, at his dreadful voice, a fudden fmart Shot thro'the trembling monarch's confeious heat From his own lips condemn'd ; fevere decreet Had his God prov'd fo thern a Judge as He. But man with frailty is ally'd by birth ; Confummate purity ne'er dwelt on earth : Thro' all the foul, tho' virtue holds the rein, Beats at the heart, and fprings in ev'ry vein, Yet ever from the clearest fource have ran Some grofs alloy, fonce tincture of the man.

But who is he-deep-mufing-in his mind, He feems to weigh in reation's feales mankind; Fix'd contemplation hold, his fleady eves-I know the fage 1, the which of the wife. Bleft with all man could wifh, or prince obtain, Ye this great heart pronoune'd thofe bl. flings van. And lo! bright glittering in his facred hands, In miniature the glorious temple flands. Effulgent frame ! flupendous to behold ! Gold the throng valves, the noof of burnifh'd gold. The wand'ring ark, in that bright doom enform' Spreads the flrong light, eternal, unconfind ! Above th'unutterable glory plays Prefence divine ! and the full-fliceaning rays Pour thro' reluftant clouds intolerable blaze.

But ftern oppression rends Reboam's reign; See the gay prince, injurious, proud, and vain! Th'imperial fceptre totters in his hand, And proud rebellion triumphs in the land. Curs'd with corruption's ever-fruitful fpring, A beardlefs tenate and a haughty king.

There Afia, good and great, the feepre beat, Juffice attends his peace, fuccefs his wars: While virtue was his fiverd and Heav'n his fhield, Without controut the warrior fivept the field; Loaded with fpoils, triumphant he return'd, And half her fwathy fons fad Ethiopia moun'd. But fince thy flugging piety decay'd, And barter'd God's defence for human aid; See their fair banch wither on thy brow, Nor herbs nor healthful arts avail thee now, Noris Heav' n chang'd, apoliaxe prince, but thou

* Jeffe

+ Sul soon

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No mean atonement does this lapfe require ; But fee the Son, you muft forgive the Sire : ie, + the just prince-with ev'ry virtue blefs'd, Ie reign'd, and goodnefs all the man poffefs'd ; Around his throne fair happiness and peace imooth'd ev'ry brow, and fmil'd in ev'ry face. As when along the burning wafte he ftray'd, Where no pure streams in bubbling mazes play'd, Where drought incumbent on the thirfty ground, .ongfince had breath'd her feorching blafts around The 1 prophet calls, th'obedient floods repair To the parch'd fields, for Jofaphat was there. The new foring waves, in many a gurgling vein, Frickle luxurious thro' the fucking plain ; irefh honours the reviving fields adorn, And o'er the defart Plenty pours her horn. io, from the throne his influence he fleds. And bids the virtues raife their languid heads : Where'er he goes, attending Truth prevails, **Deprection** flies, and Justice lifts her scales. ice, on his arm the royal cagle stand, Freat type of conquest and supreme command : Th'exulting bird diftinguish'd triumph brings, And greets the Monarch with expanded wings. vierce Moab's fons prevent th'impending blow, tush on themselves, and fall without the foe. The pious hero vanquish'd Heav'n by pray'r; fis faith an army, and his vows a war. Thee too, Ozias, fates indulgent bleft, And thy days shone in fairest actions dreft : Fill that rafh hand, by fome blind frenzy fway'd, Inclean, the facred office durit invade. Juick o'er thy limbs the fcurfy venom ran, And hoary filth befprinkled all the man.

Transmittive worth adorns the pious § Son, The father's virtues with the father's throne, _o1 there he flands : he who the rage fubdu'd)f Ammon's fons, and drench'd his fword in blood; And doft thou, Ahaz, Judah's scourge, difgrace With thy bale front the glories of thy race ? ice the vile king his iron (ceptre bear His only praife attends the pious || Heir ; Ie, in whole foul the virtues all confpire, The best good fon from the worst wicked fire. And lo! in Herekiah's golden reign, .ong exil'd Piety returns again ; Again in genuine purity fhe fhines, [fhrines. And with her prefence gilds the long - neglected Ill-ftarr'd does proud Affyria's impious * Lord Bid Heav'n to arms, and vaunthis dreadful fword; His own vain threats th'infulting king o'erthrow, But breathe new courage on the gea'rous foe. Th'avenging Angel, by divine command, The fiery fword full-blazing in his hand, cant down from Heav'n : amid the ftorm, he ' March'd Peftilence before him; ashe trad, rode Pale Detolation bath'd his fleps in blood Thick wrapt in night, thro' the proud holt he paft, Difpenting Death, and drove the furious blaft; Nor bade destruction give her revels o'er [gore. **Fill the gorg'd fword was drunk with human** But what avails thee, pious Prince ? In vain Thy fceptre refcu'd, and th'Affyrian flain l

Ev'n now the foul maintains her latest strife. And death's chill grafp congeals the fount of life. Yet fee, kind Heav'n renews thy brittle thread, And rolls full fifteen fummers o'er thy head; Lo! the receding fun repeats his way, And, like thy life, prolongs the falling day. Tho' nature her inverted courfe forego, The day forget to reft, the time to flow, Yet shall Jehovah's fervants stand fecure, His mercy fix'd, eternal fhall endure On them her ever-healing rays thall thine ; Moremild and bright, and fure, O fun ! than thine, At length the long-expected Prince behold, The last good King; in ancient days foretold, When Bethel's altar spoke his future fame, Rent to its bafe, at good Jofiah's name. Bleft, happy prince ! o'er whole lamented urn. In plaintive fong, all Judah's daughters mourn; For whom fad Sion's fofteft forrow flows, And Jeremiah pours his fweet melodious woes,

But now fall'n Sion, once the fair and great, Sits deep in duft, abandon'd, defolate; Bleeds her fad heart, and ever ftream her eyes, And anguift tears her with convulfive fighs. The mournful captive ipreads her hands in vain, Her hands that rankle with the fervile chain; Till he, ++ Great Chief ! in Heav'n's appointed time.

Leads back her children to their native clime. Fair liberty revives with all her joys, And bids her envy'd walls fecurely rife. And thou, great hallow'd doom, in ruin fpread, Again fhall lift fublime thy facred head. But, ah ! with weeping eyes, the antients view A faint refemblance of the old in you. No more th'effulgent glory of thy God Speaks awful anfivers from the myftic cloud : No more thine altars blaze with fire divine, And Heav'n has left thy folitary fhrine. Yet, in thy courts, hereafter fhalt thou fee Prefence immediate of the Deity, [in Thee.] The light himfelf reveal'd, the God confefs'd

And now at length the fated term of years The world's defire have brought, and lo! the God appear. !

The Heavalv Babe the Virgin Mother bears, And her fond looks confels the parent's cares; The pleafing burden on her breafts the lays, Hangs o'er his charms, and with a finile furveyst The Infant finiles, to her fond bofom preft, And wantons, foortive, on the mother's breaft. A radiant glory freaks him all Divine; And in the Child the beams of Godhead thine,

But now, alas ! far other views difclofe The blackeft comprehensive (cene of woos. See where man's voluntary facrifice Bows his meek head, and God eternal dies ! Fixt to the Crofs, his healing arms are bound, While copious Mercy ftreams from ev'ry wound. Mark the blood-drops that life exhaufting roll, And the ftrong pang that rends the flubborn foul! As all death's tortures, with fevere delay, Exult and riot in the nobleft prev :

| + Jolaphan | ‡ Elitha. | § Jotham. | Hrzekish- | • Senacherib. | tt Zorobabel. |
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And canft thou, flupid man, those forrows fce, Nor thare the anguith which He bears for thee ? Thy fin, for which his facred flesh is torn, Points ev'ry nail, and sharpens ev'ry thorn ; Canft thou ?---while nature finarts in cv'ry wound And each pang cleaves the fympathetic ground ! Lo! the black fun, his chariot backward driv'n, Blots out the day, and perifhes from Heav'n : Earth, trembling from her entrails, bears a part, And the rent rock upbraids man's flubborn heart.

The yawning grave reveals his gloomy reign, And the cold clay-clad dead ftart into life again.

And thou, O tomb, once more shall wide display Thy fatiate jaws, and give up all thy prey. Thou, groaning carth, fhalt heave, abforpt in flame, As the last pangs convulse thy lab'ring frame; When the fame God unshrouded thou shalt fee, Wrapt in full blaze of pow'r and majefty, Ride on the clouds; whilft, as his chariot flies, The bright effusion ftreams thro' all the fkies. Then shall the proud dissolving mountains glow, And vielding rocks in fiery rivers flow : The molten deluge round the globe shall roar, And all man's arts and labour be no more. Then shall the splendors of th'chliven'd glass Sink undiffinguish'd in the burning mais. And O! till carth, and feas, and heav'n decay, Ne'er may that fair creation fade away ! [fpare ! May winds and ftorms those beauteous colours Still may they bloom, as permanent as fair 1 All the vain rage of wafting time repel, And his tribunal fee, whole Crofs they paint fo well !

§ 269. Death. EMILY.

THE feftive mar of laughter, the warm glow Of britk-cy'd joy, and friendship's genial bowl, Wit's feafon'd converse, and the liberal flow

Of unfuspicious youth, profuse of foul, Delight not ever; from the boifterous fcene

Of riot far, and Comus' wild uproar, From folly's crowd, whole vacant brow lerene Was never knit to wildom's frowning lore,

Permit me, ye time-hallow'd domes, ye piles

Of rude magnificence, your folemn reft, Amid your fretted vaults and length'ning ifles, Lonely to wander; no unholy gueft

That means to break, with facrilegious tread, The marble flumbers of your monumented dead.

Permit me, with fad mulings, that infpire Unlabour'd numbers apt, your filence drear

Blameleis to wake, and with the Orphean lyre, Fitly attemper'd, footh the mercileis ear

Of Hades, and stern death, whose iron sway Great nature owns thro' all her wide domain ;

All that with oary fin cleave their fmooth way Thro' the green bofom of the fpawny main,

And those that to the streaming wher spread, In many a wheeling glide, their feathery fail,

And those that creep ; and those that flatelies read, That roam o'er foreft, hill, or browfy dale; The victims each of ruthless fate must fall; [all.

And ye, the young, the giddy, and the gay,

That startle from the scepful lid of light The curtain'd reft, and with the diffonant bray Of Bacchus, and loud jollity, atfright

Yon radiant goddefs, that now fhoots among Thefe many-window'd iflesher glimmering beam Know, that or ere its flarr'd career along

Thrice shall have roll'd her filver wheeled team, Some parent breaft may heave the answering figh,

To the flow paufes of the funeral knoll; E'en now black Atropos, with fcowling eye, Roars in the laugh, and revels o'er the bowl;

E'en now in rofy-crown'd pleafure's wreath Entwines in adder folds all unfufpected Death.

Know, on the stealing wing of time shall flee Some few, fome fhort-liv'd years, and all is paft,

A future bard these awful domes may see, Mule o'er the prefent age, as I the laft ;

Who mouldering in the grave, yet once like you The various maze of life were feen to tread;

Each bent their own peculiar to purfue, As cuftom urg'd or wilful nature led;

Mix'd with the various crowds inglorious clay, The nobler virtues undiffinguish'd lie;

No more to melt with beauty's heav'n-born ray, No more to wet compation's tearful eye,

Catch from the poet raptures not their own,

And feel the thrilling melody of fwcet renown. Where is the master-hand, whose semblant at

Chiffel'd the marble into life, or taught From the well-pencil'd portraiture to ftart

The nerve that beat with foul, the brow that thought 1

Cold are the fingers that in ftone-fix'd trance The mute attention rivetting, to the lyre

Struck language : dimm'd the poet's quick-ey'd glance,

All in wild raptures flathing heav'n's own fre. Shrunk is the finew'd energy, that ftrung [break

The warrior arm: where fleeps the parriet Whilom that heav'd impaffion'd ! Where the tongue

That lanc'd its lightning on the tow'ring creft Of fcepter'd infolence, and overthrew [crew! Giant Opprefion, leagu'd with all her earth-bon

These now are past; long, long, ye fleeting year, Purfue with glory wing'd, your fated way,

Ere from the womb of time unwelcome peers The dawn of that inevitable day, [friend

When wrapt in shrouded clay their warmes The widow'd virtues shall again deplore,

When o'er his urn in pious grief shall bend His Britain, and bewail one patriot more;

For foon must thou, too foon I who fpread's Thy beaming emanations unconfin'd, [abroad,

Doom'd, like fome better angel fent of God To featter bleffings over humankind.

Thou too must fall, O Pitt ! to shine no more,-And tread these dreadful paths a Faulkland rod before.

Faft to the driving winds the marshall'd clouds Sweep difcontinuous o'er th'ethereal plan ;

Another still upon another crowds ; All haft ning downward to their mative meis The

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&'en God's own image, inen, high paramount of 1

Tes o'er thro' varied life's career, flections age ; the Scafons as they fly om us in their courfe, year after year, west connection, fome endearing tic. nt, ever-honour'd, ever-dear, ; from the filial breaft the pious figh ; r's urn demands the kindred Rar, entle forrows gufh from friendfhip's cyc. ve frolic in the rofy bloom [tomb. ind youth-the morrow knolls us to the wation foon in this fepulchral foot leav'n to me the drear abode affigit i 1 the palt irrevocable lot e, that reft beneath me, shall be mine. hen Zephyr to thy native boilin [wave, vaft thee o'er the ftorm'd Hibernian le breaft, my Taviftock, shall mourn i me fleeping in the fenfeleis grave. the focial leifure to divide, fweet intercourfe of foul and fouls of graver brow; no more to chide ig'ring years impatient as they roll. iy cultur'd virtues fhall difplay, [day. m'd, their bright honours to the gazing ft youth ! thefe vows perhaps unheard, de wind featters o'er the billowy main; yers, at friendthip's holyfhrine preferr'd, le to grafp their father's knees in vain. 1 may nod the fad funereal plume lemn horror o'er thy timelets hearfe, vive to grave upon thy tomb ournful tribute of memorial verfe. : to Heav'n's decision --- Be it thine, than yet a parent's wifnes flew, bright pre-eminence, and fhine lf-earn'd honours, eager to purfue ory, with her clear unfully'd rays, born fpirit lights to deeds of mightieft ife.

thy godlike Ruffell's bofom fteel'd infidence untam'd, in his laft breath ing. She, with calm composure, held riot axe of Sidney, edg'd with death. the warmth of her impulive flame, gallant virtue flies to worlds afar, o pluck freth wreathes of well-carn'd R

e grim frowning brow of laurel'd war. that, on the morn of direful birth, y young bofom to the fatal blow, Armytage !---the bleeding youth ! him in the pearly caves below, s! and ye nymphs of Canus hoar, ye oft have feen him on your haunted re.

ie with glory, than recline off lap of ignominious peace; a out the dull droning life fupine iih apathy and gowned cale. Better cliploy'd in honour's bright career The leaft divition on thestial's round, Than thrice to compare Saturn's live-long year,

Grown old in floth, the burthen of the ground; Than tug with fwenting toil the lavish.oar Of unredeem'd affliction, and futiain

The fev'rous rage of herce diferies fore. Unnumber'd, that in fympathetic chain

Hangever thro' the thick circumfluous air, f phere, All from the drizzly verge of yonder flar-girt

Thick in the many beaten road of life A thousand maladies are posted round, With wretched man to wage cternal grife

Unfeen, like ambuth'd Indians, till they wound There the fwola hydrop stands, the wat'ry rheum,

The northern feury, blotch with lep'rous And moping ever in the cloifter'd gloom **ficele**; Of learned floth, and bookifh aithma pale:

And the fluin'd hag unfightly, that ordain'd On Europe's lons to wreak the faithlets foord

Of Cortez, with the blood of millions flam'd, O'er dog-cy'd luft the tort'ring fcourge abhorr'd, [her flight Shakes threat'ning; fince the while file wing'd

From Amazon's brand wave, and Andes' fnowclad height.

Where the wan daughter of the yellow year, The chatt'ring ague chill, the writhing fione, And he of ghatily feature, on whofe ear [moan,

Unheeded croaks the death-bird's warning Marafinus; knotty gout; and the dead life

Of nerveleis palfy; there on purpofe feil Dark brooding, whete his interdicted knife

Grim fuicide, the damaed fiend of hell. There too is the flunn'd apoplexy pight *,

The bloated child of gorg'd intemp'rance foul; Self-wafting melancholy, black as night,

Lowering, and foaming fierce with hideous The dog hydrophoby, and near ally'd [howl;

Scar'd madnefs, with her moon-struck eye; balls staring wide.

There, ftretch'd one huge, beneath the rocky mine, † [iog nres : With boiling fulphur fraught, and moulder-He the dread delegate of wrath dwine,

Ere while that flood o'er Taio's hundred fpires Vindictive; thrice he way'd th' earth thaking

Powerful as that the fon of Amrain bore, [wand, And thrice he rais'd, and thrice he check'd his hand. [d'rous roar,

He ftruck — the rocking ground, with thun-Yawn'd! Here from ftreet to ftreet hurries, and there [amain,

Now runs, then ftops, then fhricks and fcours Staring diffraction : many a palace fair [fane, With millions finks ungulph'd, and pillar'd

Old Ocean's fartheft waves conteis the flock; Even Albion trembl'd, confeious, on his ftedfaft rock.

Placed.

† Alluding to the Earthquake at Lifbon, I Nomber, 1755.

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The

The measure famine there, and stunk with blood Stern war, and the leathed monfter whom of The flimy Naiad of the Memphian flood [yore]

Engend'ring, to the bright-hair'd Phæbusbore,

Foul peftilence, that on the wide-firetch'd wings Of commerce, fpeeds from Cairo's fwarthy bay

- His westering flight, and thro' the fick air flings Spotted contagion; at his heels difinay And defolation urge their fire-wheel'd yoke
- Terrible; as long of old, when from the height

Of Paran came unwreath'd the mightieft, fhook Earth's firm fixt bafe tottering; thro'the black night [abroad]

- Glanc'd the flash'd lightnings : heaven's rent roof Thunder'd, and universal native felt its God.
- Who on that scene of terror, on that hour
- Of roufed indignation, shall withstand

Th'Almighty, when he meditates to shower The burfting vengeance o'er a guilty land ! Canft thou, fecure in reason's valuted pride,

Tongue-doughty mifereant, who but now didft gore

With more than Hebrew rage the innocent fide Of agonizing mercy, bleeding fore,

Canft thou confront, with furfat eye unaw'd, The fivorded judgment falking far and near?

Well may it thou tremble, when an injur'd God Difclaims thee —guilt is ever quick of fear — Loud whirlwinds howl in zephyr's fofteft breath, And every glancing incteor glares imagin'd death. The good alone are fearlefs; they alone,

Firm and collected in their virtue, brave Thewreck of worlds, and look unfhrinkingdown

On the dread yawnings of the rav nous grave: Thrice happy ! who the blamelefs road along Of honeft praife hath reach'd the vale of death ;

Around him, like ministrant cherubs, throng His better actions to the parting breath,

Singing their bleffed requiems; he the while Gently repofing on fome friendly breaft,

Breathes out his benizons; then with a finile Of foft complaifance, lays him down to reft, Calm as the flumbering infant : from the goal Free and unbounded flies the difembodied foul.

Whether fome delegated charge below, [claim; Some much lov'd friend its hovering care may Whether it hovering and form again to hove

Whether it heavenward foars, again to know That long-forgotten country whence it came; Conjecture-ever, the misfeatur'd child

Of letter'd arrogance, delights to run Thro' focculation's puzzling mazes wild,

And all to end at last where it begun.

Fain would we trace, with reafon's erring clue, The darkiome paths of definy aright;

In vain, the talk were cafter to purfue The tracklets wheelings of the twallow's flight.

From mortal ken himfelf the Almighty fhrouds, Paulion¹ in thick night and circumambient ciouds.

§ 2-2. A Birth-Day Thought.

CAN I. di gradious Providence I Can I deforce thy care ? Ald so, l've not the leaft pretence

To bounties which I fiare.

From dangers, and from dem?? Been fafe preferv'd from ev'ry ill E'er fince thou gave me breath? I live once more, to fee the day Thasbought me first to light :

Have I not been defended ftill

That brought me first to light; O! teach my willing heart the way. To take thy mercies right.

Tho' dazzling fplendor, pomp, and fhow, My fortune has deny'd;

Yet (more than grandeur can bestow) Content hath well supply'd.

No ftrife has e'er difturb'd my peace ; No mis'ries have I known ;

And, that I'm blefs'd with health and eafe, With humble thanks I own.

I envy no one's birth or fame, Their titles, train, or drefs;

Nor has my pride e'er ftretch'd its aim Beyond what I poffefs.

I ask and wish not to appear More beauteous, rich, or gay ;

Lord, make me wifer ev'ry year, And better ev'ry day.

§ 271. A Moral Reflection. Written on the fr. Day of the Year 1782.

SEVENTEEN Hundred Eighty-one

D Is now for ever paft ; Seventeen Hundred Eighty-two

Will fly away as fast. But whether life's uncertain scene

Shall hold an equal pace ; Or whether death fhall come between, And end my mortal race ;

Or whether ficknefs, pain, or health, My future lot shall be;

Or whether poverty or wealth, Is all unknown to me.

One thing I know, that needful 'tis To watch with careful cye;

Since ev'ry fealon fpent amils Is register'd on high.

Too well I know what precious hours My wayward pathons wafte;

And oh ! I find my mortal pow'rs To duft and darknefs hafte.

Earth rolls her rapid feafons round, To meet her final fire;

But virtue is with glory crown'd, Tho' funs and stars expire.

What awful thoughts ! what truth fublime i What ufeful leffon this !

O! let me well improve my time ! Oh! let me die in peace !

§ 272. The Welcome Meffenger. WATT LORD, when we fee a faint of thine Lie gatping out his breath, With longing eyes, and looks divine, Smiling and pleas'd in death.

Book I.

How we could e'en contend to lay to Our limbs upon that bed ! We alk thine envoy to convey Our fpirits in his flead.

ASACRED

:

WATTS.

Our fouls arifing on the wing, To venture in his place; For when grin death has loft his fling. He has an angel grace.

Jefus, then purge my crimes away, *Tis guilt effectes my fears; *Tis guilt gives death its fierce array, And all the arms it bears.

Oh I if my threat'ning fins were gone, And death had lolt his fting,

a could invite the angel on, And chide his lazy wing.

Away their interpoing days, And let the lovers meet; The angel has a cold embrace, But kind, and loft, and iweet.

I'd leap at once my feventy years, I'd ruin into his arms, And lote my breath and all my cares, Amidit thole heav'nly charms.

Joyful I'd lay this body down, And leave the lifelets clay, Without a ligh without a groan, And firetch and foar away.

§ 273. The Song of Angels above.

| E ARTH has detain'd me pris'ner long, And I'm grown weary now : My heart, my hand, my car, my tongue, |
|--|
| My heart, my hand, my car, my tongue, There's nothing here for you. |
| Fir'd in my thoughts, I ftretch me down, And upwards glance my eyes; Upward, my Father, to thy throne, And to my native fkies. |
| There the dear Man, my Saviour, fits, The God how bright he fhines ! And fcatters infinite delights On all the happy minds. |
| Beraphs with elevated firains, Circle the throne around, And move and charm the ftarry plains With an immortal found. |
| Jefus, the Lord, their harps employs; Jefus, my love, they fing: Jefus, the name of both our joys, Sounds fiveet from ev'ry ftring. |
| Hark, how, beyond the narrow bounds Of time and space they run, And speak, in most majestic founds, The Godhead of the Son 1 |
| How on the Father's breaft he lay, The darling of his foul, Infinite years before the day Or heavens berow to roll. |

AND, MORAL And now they link the lofty tone, And gentler notes they play And bring th'eternal (odhead down To dwell in humble clay. O facred beauties of the Man ! (The God refides within) His fleth all pure without a flain ; His foul without a fin, Then how he look'd and how he fmil'd t What wond'rous things he faid ! Sweet cherubs, stay, dwell here a while, And tell what Jefus did 1 At his command the blind awake, And feel the gladfome rays; He bids the dumb attempt to fpeak ; They try their tongues in praise. He fhed a thousand Beffings round Where'er he turn'd his eye : He fpoke, and, at the fov'reign found, The hellifh leigons fly. Thus, while, with unambitious strife, Th'ethereal minitrels rove Through all the labours of his life, And wonders of his love, In the full choir a broken string Groans with a ftrange furprize; The reft in filence mourn their King That bleeds, and loves, and dies. Seraph and Gint with drooping wings Ceafe their harmonious breath : No blooming trees nor bubbling fprings While Jelus fleeps in death. Then all at once to living strains They fummon ev'ry chord; Break up the tomb, and burft his chains, And fhew their rifing Lord. Around the flaming army throngs, To guard him to the fkies, With loud hofannas on their tongues, And triumph in their eyes. In awful flate the conqu'ring God Afcends his fhining throne, While tuneful angels found abroad The vict'ries he has won. Now let me rife and join their fong, Aud be an angel too : My heart, my hand, my ear, my tongue, Here's joyful work for you ! I would begin the mufic here, And fo my foul fhould rife.

Oh for some heav nly notes, to bear My spirit to the skies !

There, ye that love my Saviour, fit There I would fain have place

Among your thrones, or at your feet, So I might fee his face.

I am confin'd to earth no more, But mount in hafte above, To blefs the God that I adore, And fing t ie Man I love. M s

Magg

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§ 174. Happy Frailty. WATTS. HOW meanly dwells th'immortal mind! "How vile these bodies are ! "Why was a clod of earth delign'd " T'encloic a heav'nly ftar ? "Weak cottage where our fouls refide ! " This fleft a tott'ring wall ; " With frightful breaches gaping wide, " The building bends to fall. " All round it ftorms of trouble blow, " And waves of forrow roll; " Cold waves and winter-florms beat thro', " And pain the tenant-foul. " Alas! how frail our ftate !" faid I ; And thus went mourning on, Till fudden, from the cleaving fky, A gleam of glory thone# My foul all felt the glory come, And breath'd her native air; Then the remember'd heav'n her home, And the a prisiner here. Straight fhe began to change her key, And, joyful in her pains, She fang the frailty of her clay In pleafurable ftrains. " How weak the pris'n is where I dwell ! " Flefh but a tott'ring wall ! " The breaches cheerfully fortel " The houfe must shortly fall. " No more, my friends, shall I complain, " Though all my heart-ftrings ache: " Welcome difeafe, and ev'ry pain That makes the cottage make. " Now let the tempeft blow all round;" " Now fwell the furges high, "And beat this house of bondage down, " To let the ftranger fly. " I have a manfion built above, " By the Eternal Hand ; " And fhould the earth's old bafis move, " My heav nly house must stand. " Yes, for 'tis there my Saviour reigns " (I long to fee the God); And his immortal ftrength fuftains " The courts that coft him blood !"

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Mark, from on high my Saviour calls :
" I come, my Lord, my Love :"
Devotion breaks the prifon walls, And fpeeds my laft remove.

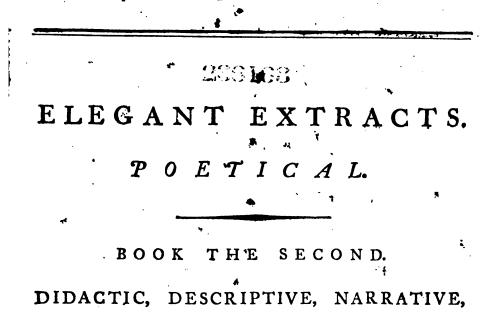
§ 275. The God of Thunder. WATTS.

O THE immeric, the amazing height, The boundlet's grandeur of our God I Who treads the worlds beneath his feet, And fways the nations with his nod ! He fpeaks stand los all nature fhakes : Heav'n's everlaiting pillars bow ; He rends the clouds with hideous cracks, And thoots his tiery arrows through. Well, let the nations ftart and fly At the blue lightning's horrid gare 1 Atheifts and emperors thrink and die, When flame and noife torment the air. Let noife and flame confound the fkies, And drown the fpecious realms below, Yct will we fing the Thund'rer's praife, And fend our loud Hofannas through. Celeftial King, thy blazing pow'r Kindles our hearts to flaming joys; We fhout to hear thy thunders roar, And echo to our Father's voice. Thus shall the God our Saviour come, And lightnings round his chariot play I Ye lightnings fly to make him room ; Ye glorious ftorms prepare his way.

§ 276. On Elernity. GIBBONS. WHAT is cternity? Can aught Paint its duration to the thought ? -Tell evry beam the fun emits, When in fublimeft noon he fits; Tell ev'ry light wing'd mote that ftrays Within its ample round of rays; Tell all the leaves and all the buds That crown the garden, fields, and woods ; Tell all the fpires of grafs the meads Produce, when fpring propitious leads The new-born year; tell all the drops That night, upon their bended tops, Sheds in foft filence, to difplay Their beauties with the rifing day; Tell all the fand the ocean laves, Tell all its changes, all its waves-Or tell with more laborious pains, The drops its mighty mais contains ; Be this aftonishing account Augmented with the full amount Of all the drops the clouds have fhed, Where'er their wat'ry fleeces ipreada Thro' all time's long protracted tour From Adam to the prefent hour ; Still fhort the fum, nor can it vie With the more num'rous years that lie Embofom'd in Eternity. Was there a belt that could contain

In its vaft orb the earth and main; In its vaft orb the earth and main; With figures was it clufter'd o'er, Without one cypher in the fcore; And would your lab'ring thought affign The total of the crowded line, How fcant th'amount ? th'attempt how vain? To reach duration's endlefs chain ! For when as many years are run, Unbounded age is but begun ! * Attend, O man, with awe divine § For this eternity is thine !

END OF THE FIRST BOOK.



AND PATHETIC.

§ 1. A Paftoral. In Four Parts. POPE.

To Sir William Trumbal.

PASTORAL I. SPRING.

FIRST in these fields I try the fylvan ftrains, Nor blush to sport on Windsor's blissful plains : Fair Thames, flow gently from thy facred spring, While on thy banks Sicilian Muses fing; Let vernal airs thro' trembling offices play, And Albion's cliffs resound the rural lay.

You, that too wife for pride, too good for pow'r, Enjoy the glory to be great no more, And carrying with you all the world can boaft, To all the world illuftrioufly are loft ! O let my Mufe her flender reed infpire, Tiil in your native fhades you tune the lyre : So when the Nightingale to reft removes, The Thruth may chant to the forfaken groves; But charm'd to filence, liftens while fhe fings, And all th'aërial audience clap their wings.

Soon as the flocks fhook off the nightly dews, Two Swains, whom love kept wakeful, and the Mufe,

Pour'd o'er the whitening vale their fleecy care, Frefh as the morn, and as the feafon fair : The dawn now blufhing on the mountain's fide, Thus Daphnis spoke, and Strephon thus reply'd :

DAPHNIS.

Hear how the birds, on ev'ry bloomy fpray, With joyous mufic wake the dawning day ! Why fit we mute when early linnets fing, When warbling Philomel falutes the fpring ? Why fit we fad when Phofphor fhines to clear, And lavish Nature paints the purple year?

STREPHON.

Sing then, and Damon thall attend the ftrain, While von flow oxen turn the furrow'd plain. Here the bright crocus and blue vi'let glow; Here weftern winds on breathing rofes blow. I'll flake yon lamb that near the fountain **phys**, And from the brink his dancing flade turveys.

DAPHNIS.

And I this bowl, where wanton ivy twines, And fwelling clutters bend the curing vines : Four figures rifing from the work, appear The various featons of the rolling year; And what is that, which binds the radiant fky, Where twelve fair figns in beaucous order lie?

DAMON.

Then fing by turns, by turns the Mufes fing, Now hawthorns bloffom, now the daifies fpring, Now leaves the trees, and flow'rs adorn the ground; Begin, the vales shall ev'ry note rebound.

STREPHON.

Infpire me, Phœbus, in my Delia's praife, With Waller's ftrains, or Granville's moving lays ! A milk-white Bull fhall at your altars ftand, That threacs a fight, and fpurns the rifing fand.

DAPHNIS.

O Love ! for Sylvia let mergan the prize, And make my tongue victorious as her eyes : M 3 No 166

No lambs or fheep for victims I'll impart ; Thy victim, Love, shall be the shepherd's heart.

STREPHON.

Mc gentle Delia beckons from the plain, Then, hid in thades, eludes her eager fivain; But feigns a laugh to fee me fearch around, And by that laugh the willing fair is found.

DAPHNIS.

The fprightly Sylvia trips along the gress; She runs, but hopes the does not run unfecn; While a kind glance at her purfuer flies, How much at variance are her feet and cyes!

STREFHON.

O'er golden fands let rich Pactolus flow, And trees weep amber on the banks of Po; Bleft Thames's flores the brighteft beauties yield; Feed here, my lambs, I'll feek no diftant field.

DAPHNIS.

Celeftial Venus haunts Idalia's groves; Diana Cynthus, Ceres Hybla loves; If Windfor-fhades delight the matchlefs maid, Cynthus and Hybla yield to Windfor-fhade.

STREPHON.

All nature mourns, the fkies relent in fhow'rs, Hufh'd are the birds, and clos'd the drooping If Delia finile, the flow'rs begin to fpring, [flow'rs; The fkies to brighten, and the birds to fing.

DAPHNIS,

All nature laughs, the groves are fresh and fair, The fun's mild lustre warms the vital air; If Sylvia smiles, new glorics gild the shore, And manquish'd nature seems to charm no more.

STREPHON.

In fpring the fields, in autumn hills I love, At morn the plains, at noon the fhady grove, But Delia always; abfent from her fight, Nor plains at morn, nor groves at noon delight.

DAPHNIS.

Sylvia's like autumn ripe, yet mild as May, More bright than noon, yet frefh as early day; E'en firing difpleafes when the fhines not here; But, blefs'd with her, 'tis firing throughout the year.

STREPHON.

Say, Daphnis, fay, in what glad foil appears A wond'rous tree that facted monarchs bears; Tell me but this, and I'll difelaim the prize, And give the conqueit to thy Sylvia's eyes.

DAPHNIS.

Nav, tell me first, in what more happy fields The Thisse forings to which the lily yields: And then a nobler prize I will resign; For Sylvia, charming Sylvia, shall be thine.

.

Ceafe to contend; for, Daphnis, I decree The bowl to Strephon, and the lamb to thee: Bleft Swains, whole Nymphs in every grace excel; Bleft Nymphs, whole Swains those graces fing fo well !

Now rife, and hafte to yonder woodbine bow'rs, A foft retreat from fudden vernal fhow'rs; The turf with rural dainties fhall be crowd, While op'ning blooms diffufe their fiveets around. For fee ! the gath'ring flocks to fhelter tend, And from the Pleiads fruitful fhow'rs defcend.

PASTORAL II. SUMMER.

Addreffed to Dr. Garth.

A Shepherd's Boy (he feeks no better itame) Led forth his flocks along the filver Thame, Where dancing fun-beams on the waters play'd, And verdant alders form'd a quiv'ring fhade. Soft as he mourn'd, the ftreams forgot to flow, The flocks around a dumb compation flow, The Naiads wept in ev'ry wat'ry bow'r, And Jove confented in a filent flow'r.

Accept, Q Garth, the Muse's early lays, That adds this wreath of ivy to thy bays; Hear what from Love unpractis'd hearts endure, From Love, the sole difease thou canft not cure.

Ye fhady beeches, and ye cooling ftreams, Defence from Phrebus', not from Cupid's beaus, To you I mourn, nor to the deaf I fing; The woods fhall answer, and their echo ring. The hills and rocks attend my doleful lay, Why art thou prouder and more hard than the?? The bleating theep with my complaints agree; They parch'd with heat, and I inflam'd by the The fultry Sirius burns the thirfty plains, While in thy heart eternal winter reigns.

Where ftrav ye, Mufes, in what lawn or grow, While your Alexis pines in hopelefs love? In those fair fields where facred Ifis glides, Or elfe where Cam his winding vales divide? As in the cryftal fpring I view my face, Fresh rifing bluther paint the wat'ry glafs; But fince those graces please thy eves no more, I fliun the fountains which I fought before. Once I was skill'd in ev'ry herb that grew, And ev'ry plant that drinks the morning dew; Ah, wretched fhepherd, what avails thy art, To cure thy lambs, but not to heal thy heart!

Let other fivains attend the rural care, Feed fairer flocks, or richer fleeces fheer: But nigh yon mountain let me tune my lays, Embrace my Love, and bind my brows with bay. That flute is mine which Colin's tuneful brath Infpir'd when living, and bequeath'd in death: He faid; Alexis, take this pipe, the fame That taught the groves my Rofalinda's name: But now the reeds fhall hang on yonder tree, For ever filent, fince defpis'd by thee. Oh! were I made by fome transforming pow'r The captive bird that fings within thy bow'r! might my voice thy lift ning ears employ, those kiffes he receives enjoy. 1 yet my numbers pleafe the rural throng, Satyrs dance, and Pan applauds the fong : lymphs, forfaking ev'ry cave and fpring, carly fruit and milk-white turtles bring ! un'rous nymph prefers her gifts in vain, u their gifts are all bestowd again ; ou the fivains the mireft flow'rs defign, 1 one garland all their beauties join : t the wreath which you deferve alone, om all beauties are compriz'd in one. what delights in fylvan fcenes appear ! iding Gods have found Elyfium here. ods bright Venus with Adonis ftray'd, haste Diana haunts the forest shade. lovely nymph, and blefs the filent hours,

fiving from thering fick their nightly weary reapers quit the fultry field, [bow'rs; rown'd with corn their thank to Ceres yield. armlefs grove no lurking vapour bides, my breaft the ferpent Love abides. sees from bloffoms fip the rofy dew, our Alexis knows no fweets but you. gn to vifit our forfaken feats, offy fountains, and the green retreats !

er you walk, cool gales shall in the glade, where you sit, shall crowd into a shade :

er you tread, the blufhing flow'rs shall rife,

I things flourifh where you turn vour eyes. ow I long with you to pafs my days, * : the Mufes, and refound your praife ! waife the birds fhall chant in evry grove, rinds fhall waft it to the pow'rs above. ould you fing, and rival Orpheus' ftrain, ond'ring forefts foon fhould dance again, ioving mountains hear the pow'rful call, cadlong ftreams hang lift'ning in their fall ! fee, the fhepherds fhun the noon-day heat, wing herds to murm'ring brooks retreat; fer fhades the panting flocks remove; ds ! and is there no relief for love ? on the fun with milder rays defcends : cool ocean, where his journey ends :

Love's fiercer flames for ever prey; ht he fcorches, as he burns by day.

PASTORAL III. AUTUMN.

Addreffed to Mr. Wycherley.

ATH the fhade a forcading beech difplays, and Ægon fung their rural lays: nourn'd a faithlefs, that an abfent love; velia's name and Doris' fill'd the grove. ntuan nymphs, your facred fuccour bring; and Ægon's rural lays I fing.

, whom the Nine with Plautus' wit infpire, t of Terence, and Menander's fire;

fenfe instructs us, and whose humour charms, [warms!

judgment fways us, and whofe humour ill'd in nature! fee the hearts of fwains, utlefs paffions, and their tender pains. Now letting Phoebus shone ferenely bright, And fleecy clouds were streak'd with purple light; When tuneful, Hylas, with melodious moan, Taught rocks to weep, and made the mountains groan.

Go, gentle gales, and bear my fighs away I To Delia's ear the tender notes convey. As fome fad turtle his loft love deplores, And with deep murmurs fills the founding fhores Thus, far from Delia, to the winds I mourn, Alike unheard, unpity'd, and forlorn.

Go, gentle gales, and bear my fighs along ! For her, the feather'd quires neglect their long: For her, the limes their pleafing fhades deny; For her, the lilies hang their heads and die. Ye flow'rs that droop, for laken by the fpring; Ye birds that, left by fimmer, ceale to fing; Ye trees that fade when autumn heats remove, Say, is not absence death to those who love ?

Go, gentle gales, and bear my fighs away! Curs'd be the fields that caule my Delia's flay; Fade ev'ry bloffom, wither ev'ry tree, ie ev'ry flow'r, and perifh all, but the. What have I faid? where'er my Delia flies, Let fpring attend, and fudden flow'rs arife; Let op'ning rofes knotted oaks adorn, And liquid amber drop from ev'ry thorn. Go, gentle gales, and bear my fighs along ! The birds shall cease to tune their evining tong, The winds to breathe, the waving woods to move, And ftreams to murmur, ere I ceafe to love. Not bubbling fountains to the thirsty fwain, Not balmy fleep to lab'rers faint with pain, Not show'rs to larks, or funshine to the bee, Are half to charming as thy fight to me.

Go, gentle gales, and bear my fighs away! Come, Delia, come; ah, why this long delay? Thro'rocks and caves the name of Delia founds; Delia, each cave and echoing rock rebounds. Ye pow'rs, what pleafing frenzy fooths my mind! Do lovers dream, or is my Delia kind? [lay, She comes, my Delia comes! — Now ceafe my And ceafe, ye gales, to bear my fighs away! Next Ægon fung, while Windfor groves admir'd; Rehearfe, ye Mufes, what yourfelves infpir'd.

Refound, ye hills, refound my mournful ftrain ! Of perjur'd Doris, dying, I complain : Here, where the mountains, lefs'ning as they rife, Lofe the low vales, and fteal into the fkies ! While lab'ring oxen, fpent with toil and heat, In their loofe traces from the field retreat : While curling fmokes from village tops are feen, And the fleet fhades glide o'er the dufky green.

Refound, ye hills, refound my mournful lay! Beneath yon p plar of we pafs the day: Oft on the rind I carv'd the am'rous vows, While the with garlands hung the bending boughs The garlands fade, her vows are worn away; So dies her love, and fo my hopes decay.

Reformed, ye hills, refound my mournful ftrain ! Now bright Arcturus glads the teeming grain; Now golden fruits on loaded branches thine, And grateful clufters fwell with floods of wine; Now blufhing berries paint the yellow grove; Juft Gods! fhall all things yield returns but love ! M 4 Reformed. Refound, we hills, refound my mournful lay! The flophoids cry, "Thy flocks are left a prey." Ah! what avails it me the flocks to keep, Who loft my heart while I prefervid my floc**ps** Pan came, and afk'd what magic causid my finart, Or what ill eyes malignant glances dart i What eyes but hers, alas! have pow'r to move! And is there magic but what dwells in love!

Refound, ve hills, refound my mournful ftrains! I'll fly from thepherds, flocks, and flow'ry **plains**; From thepherds, flocks, and plains, I may remove, Forfake maakind, and all the world—but Love! J know thee, Love! on foreign mountains bred, Wolves gave thee fuck, and favage tigers fed: Thou wert from Etna's burning entrails torn, Got by fierce whichwinds, and in thunder horn!

Refound, we hills, refound my mournful lay! Farewell, we woods, adicu the light of day! One leap from vonder cliff thall end my pains; No more, ye hills, no more refound my firains! Thus fung the thepherds till th'approach of night, The fkies yet bluthing with departing light, When falling dews with figangles deck'd the glade. And the low fun had lengthen devry thade.

PASTORAL IV. WINTER.

To the Memory of Mrs. Tempeft.

LYCIDAS.

THYRSIS, the multe of that murmiring fpring Is not to mourneal as the firains you fing; Nor rivers winding thro' the vales below, So fiveetly warble, or to imouthly flow. Now fleeping flocks on their fort fleeces lie, The moon, forche in glory, mounts the fky, While filent birds forget their tuneful lays, Oh fing of Daphae's fate and Daphae's praife!

THYRSIS.

Bebold the groves that fhine with filver froft, Their beauty wither 'd, and their verdure loft. Here fhall I try the fiveet Alexis' ftrain, That call'd the lift'ning Dryads to the plain' Thanes heard the numbers, as he flow'd along, And bade his willows learn the moving fong.

LYCIDAS,

So may kind rains their vital moiffure yield, And fwell the future harveit of the field. Begin ; this charge the dving Daphne gave, And faid, 'Ye fhepherds, fing around my grave.' Siag, while befide the fhaded tomb I mourn, And with freth bays her rural fhrine adorn.

THYRSIS.

Ye ventle Mufes, leave your cryftal fpring, Let N mphs and Sylvans cyprefs garlands bring; Ye weeping Loves, the ftream with myrtles hide, And break your bows as when Adonis dy'd; And with your golden darts, now ufclefs grown, Inferibe a verte on this relenting ftone :

• Let nature change, let heav'n and earth deplore; • Fair Daphne's dead, and Love is now no more.'

Tis done, and nature's various charms decay, Sec. Shomy clouds obfence the cheerful day !

Now hung with pearls the dropping trees appear Their faded honours featter'd on her bier. See where, on earth, the flow ry glories lie; With her, they flourifa'd, and with her they die. Ah, what avail the beauties nature wore? Fair Daphne's dead, and beauty is no more!

For her the flocks refuie their verdant food, The thirfty heifers flun the gliding flood, The fliver fivans her haplets fate bemoan In notes more tad than when they fing their own; In hollow caves fweet echo filent lies, Silent, or only to her name replies; [fhore; Her name with pleafure once fle taught the Now Daphne's dead, and pleature is no more!

No grateful dews defeend from ev'ning fkies, Nor morning odours from the flow'rs arife; No rich perfumes refresh the fruitful field. Nor fragrant herbs their native incente yield. The baliny Zephyrs, filent fince her death, Lament the cealing of a fweeter breath ; Th'industrious bees neglect their golden shore! Fair Daphne's dead, and fweetness is no more! No more the mounting larks, while Daphne ings, Shall, lift'ning in mid air, fufpend their wings; No more the birds thall imitate her lavs, Or, hufh'd with wonder, hearken from the fpravs; No more the ftreams their murmurs shall forbear A fweeter mulic than their own to hear; But tell the reeds, and tell the vocal fhore, Fair Daphne's dead, and mufic is no more!

Her fate is whiter'd by the gentle breeze, Aid told in fighs to all the trembling trees; The trembling trees, in ev'ry plain and wood, Her fate remumur to the filver flood : The filver flood, to lately calm, appears Swell'd with new paffion, and o' erflows with tears; The winds, and trees, and floods her death deplote, Daphne, our grief! our glory now no more!

But fee! where Daphne, wond'ring, mounts on Above the clouds, above the ftarry fky! [high, Eternal beauties grace the fhining fcene, Fields ever freth, and groves for ever green! There, while you reft in Amaranthine bow'n, Or from those meads felect unfading flow'rn, Behold us kindly, who your name implore, Daphne, our Goddefs, and our grief no more!

LYCIDAS.

How all things liften, while thy Mufe complains! Such filence waits on Philomela's firains. In fome fill evining, when the whifp'ring breeze Pants on the leaves, and dies upon the trees, To thee, bright goddefs, oft a lamb fhall bled, If teeming ewes increase my fleecy breed. [gwe, While plants their fhade, or flow'rs their odours Thy name, thy honour, and thy praife thall live!

THYRSIS.

But fee, Orion fheds unwholeforme dews; Arife, the pines a noxious fhade diffufe; Sharp Borcas blows, and nature feels decay; Time conquers all, and we muft Time obev. Adicu, ve vales, ye mountains, fireams, and grows; Adicu, ve thepherds, rural lays, and loves; Adicu, my flocks; farewell, ye fylvan crew; Dapline, farewell; and all the world adica!

Winis

BIDACTIC, DESCRIPTIVE, &c.

§ 2. Windfor-Forest. POPE.

e Rt. Hon. George Lord Lanfdown. orefts, Windfor 7 and thy green retreats, nce the Monarch's and the Mules feats, y lays. Be prefent, fylyan maids ! your fprings, and open all your thades. e commands; your aid, O Mutes bring ! Iufe for Granville can refute to fing ! Froves of Eden, vanish'd now to long, lefcription, and look green in fong : cere my breaft infpir'd with equal flame, m in beauty, flould be like in fame. Is and vales, the woodland and the plain, th and water feem to strive again; os-like, together cruth'd and bruis'd, he world, harmonioully confus'd: ordeffin variety we fee, ere, tho' all things differ, all agree. ving groves a chequer'd forme difplay, t admit, and part exclude the day; coy nymph her lover's warm addrefs e indulges, nor can quite reprefs : nteripers'd in lawns and op'ning glades, es arife that fhun each other's fhades : full light the ruffet plains extend : vrapt in clouds, the bluifh hills afcend. wild heath difplays her purple dyes, dit the defart fruitful fields arife, wn'd with tufted trees and fringing corn, dant ifles, the fable wafte adorn. a boaft her plants, nor envy we ping amber or the balmy tree, y our oaks the precious loads are borne, ms commanded which those trees adorn. id Olympus vields a nobler fight, ds affembled grace his tow'ring height, 1at more humble mountains offer here, in their bleffings, all those gods appear. with flocks, with fruits Pomona crown'd; thing Flora paints th'enamell'd ground; res' gifts in waving profpect stand, dding, tempt the joyful reaper's hand; luftry fits finiling on the plains, ice and Plenty tell, a Stuart reigns. ius the land appear'd in ages paft, defart, and a gloomy wafte; je beafts and favage laws a prey ; gs more furious and fevere than they; im'd the fkies, difpeopled air and floods, ily lords of empty wilds and woods: d wafte, they ftorm'd the dens and caves er brutes were backward to be flaves). uld be free, when lawlefs beafts obcy'd, 1 the elements a tyrant fway'd? cind featons fivell'd the teeming grain, w'rs diftill'd, and funs grew warm in vain;

in with tears his fruftrate labour yields, uifh'd dies amidft his ripen'd fields. onder then, a beaft or fubject flain ual crimes in a defpotic reign ? om'd alike, for fportive tyrants blcd; le the fubject ftarv'd, the beaft was fed. Proud Nimrod first the bloody chace began ; A mighty hunter, and his prey was man : Our haughty Norman boafts that barb'rous name. And makes his trembling flaves the royal game. The fields are ravifh'd from th'industrious fwains, From men their cities, and from Gods their fanes: The levell'd towns with weeds lie cover'd o'er: The hollow winds thro' naked temples roar; Round broken columns clafping ivy twin'd; O'er heaps of ruins falk'd the flately kind ; The fox obscene to gaping tombs retires; And favage howlings fill the facred quires, Aw'd by his nobles, by his commons curft, Th'oppreffor rul'd tyrannic where he durit; Stretch'd o'er the poor and church his iron rod, And ferv'd alike his vaffals and his God. Whom ev'n the Saxon fpar'd, and bloody Dane. The wanton victims of his fport remain. But fee, the man who fpacious regions gave A wafte for beatts, himfelf deny'd a grave ! Stretch'd on the lawn, his fecond hope furvey, At once the chacer, and at once the prey : Lo! Rufus, tugging at the deadly dart, Bleeds in the foreft, like a wounded hart. Succeeding monarchs heard the fubjects cries, Nor faw difpleas'd the peaceful cottage rife. Then gath'ring flocks on unknown mountains feda O'er fandy wilds were yellow harvefts fpread; The forefts wonder'd at th'unufual grain, And fecret transport touch'd the confeious fwain. Fair Liberty, Britannia's Goddefs, rears Her cheerful head, and leads the golden years.

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Ye vig'rous swains! while youth ferments your And purer fpirits fwell the fprightly flood, [blood, Now range the hills, the gameful woods befet, Wind the shrill horn, or spread the waving net. When milder autumn fummer's heat fucceeds, And in the new-fhorn field the partridge feeds, Before his lord the ready fpaniel bounds, Panting with hope, he tries the furrow'd grounds ; But when the tainted gales the game betray, Couch'd close he lies, and meditates the prey : Secure, they truft th'unfaithful field befet, Till, hov'ring o'er 'em, fweeps the fivelling net. Thus (if fmall things we may with great compare) When Albion fends her eager fons to war, [bleft, Some thoughtlefs town, with cafe and plenty Near and more near the clofing lines invest; Sudden they feize th'amaz'd, defencelefs prize, And high in air Britannia's standard flies.

See! from the brake the whirring pheafant fprings,

And mounts, exulting, on triumphant wings : Short is his joy; he feels the fiery wound, Flutters in blood, and panting beats the ground. Ah ! what avail his gloffy varying dyes, His purple creft, and fearlet circled eyes ! The vivid green his fhining plumes unfold, His painted wings, and breaft that flames with gold !

Nor yet, when moift Arcturus clouds the fky, The woods and fields the r pleafing toils deny. To plains with well-breath d beagles we repair, And trace the mazes of the circling have:

(Priall'

(Bcafts, urg'd by us, their fellow bcafts purfue, And learn of man each other to undo) froves, With flaught'ring guns th'unwearied fowler When frofts have whiten'd all the naked groves, Where doves in flocks the leaflefs trees o'ershade, And lonely woodcocks haunt the wat'ry glade. He lifts the tube, and levels with his eve; Straight a fhort thunder breaks the frozen fky: Oft, as in airy rings they fkim the heath, The clam'rous lapwings feel the leaden death : Oft, as the mounting larks their notes prepare, They fall, and leave their little lives in air. In genial fpring, beneath the quiv'ring fhade, Where cooling vapours breath along the mead, The patient fifther takes his filent ftand, Intent, his angle trembling in his hand . With looks unmov'd, he hopes the fcaly breed, And eyes the dancing cork and bending reed. Our plenteous ftrcams a various race fupply, The bright-ey'd perch, with fins of Tyrian dye, The filver cel, in fhining volumes roll'd, The yellow carp, in feales bedrop'd with gold, Swift trouts, diversify'd with crimfon stains, And pykes, the tyrants of the wat'ry plains.

Now Cancer glows with Phoebus' fiery car : The youth rulh eager to the fylvan war, Swarin o'er the lawns, the forest walks furround, Roufe the fleet hart, and cheer the op'ning hound. Th'impatient courfer pants in cv'ry vein, And, pawing, feems to beat the diftant plain : Hills, vales, and floods appear already crofs'd, And, ere he starts, a thousand steps are lost. See the bold youth ftrain up the threat'ning fteep, Rush thro' the thickets, down the valleys fiveep, Hang o'er their courfers heads with cager fpeed ; And carth rolls back beneath the flying fteed. Let old Arcadia boaft her ample plain, Th'immortal huntrefs, and her virgin-train; Nor envy, Windfor ! fince thy fhades have feen As bright a Goddefs, and as chafte a Queen; Whofe care, like her's, protects the fylvan reign; The Earth's fair light, and Empress of the main.

Here too, 'tis fung, of old Diana ftray'd, And Cynthus' top forfook for Windfor fhade; Here was fhe feen o'er airy waftes to rove, Seek the clear fpring, or haunt the pathlefs grove; Here, arm'd with filver bows, in early dawn, Her bufkin'd virgins trac'd the dewy lawn.

Above the reft a rural nymph was fam'd, Thy offspring, Thames! the fair Lodona nam'd; (Lodona's fate, in long oblivion caft, [laft.) The Muse fhall fing, and what fhe fings fhall Scarce could the Goddels from her Nymph be known,

But by the crefcent, and the golden zone. She fcorn'd the praife of beauty, and the care; A belt her waift, a fillet binds her hair; A pointed quiver on her fhoulder founds, And with her dart the flying deer fhe wounds. Ir chanc'd, as, eager of the chace, the maid Beyond the foreft's verdant limits ftray'd, Pan faw and lov'd; an", burning with defire, Purfu'd her flight; her flight increas'd his fire. Nuclearly for fivift the trembling doe can fly, When the fierce eagle cleaves the liquid fky;

Not half to fwiftly the fierce cagle moves, When thro' the clouds he wises the trembling doves,

As from the God the flew with furious pace, Or as the God, more furious, urg'd the chace. Now fainting, finking, pale, the nymph appears; Now close behind, his founding steps the hears; And now his shadow reach'd her as she run. His fhadow lengthen'd by the fetting fun; And now his fhorter breath, with fultry air, Pants on her neck, and fans her parting hair. In vain on father Thames fhe calls for aid, Nor could Diana help her injur'd maid. [vain; Faint, breathlefs, thus fhe pray'd, nor pray'd in " Ah Cynthia ! ah-tho' banish'd from thy train, " Let me, O let me, to the shades repair, " My native thades-there weep, and murmur She faid, and melting as intears the lay, [there." In a foft filver ftream diffolv'd away. The filver ftream her virgin coldness keeps, For ever murmurs, and for ever weeps; Still bears the name the haplefs virgin bore, And bathes the foreft where the rang'd before. . In her chaste current oft the Goddels laves, And with celefial tears augments the waves. Oft in her glafs the musing shepherd spies The headlong mountains and the downward skies :

The wat'ry landskip of the pendant woods, And abfent trees that tremble in the floods; In the clear azure gleam the flocks are feen, And floating forests paint the waves with green; Thro' the fair sceneroll flow the ling' fing fireams, Then foaming pour along, and rush into the Thames.

Thou, too, great father of the British floods ! With joyful pride furvey'ft our lofty woods ; Where tow'ring oaks their growing honours rear, And future navies on thy thores appear, Not Neptune's felf from all her ftreams receives A wealthier tribute than to thine he gives, No feas fo rich, fo gay no banks appear, No lake fo gentle, and no fpring fo clear ; Nor Po fo fwells the fabling poet's lays, While led along the fkies his current ftrays, As thine, which vifits Windfor's fam'd abodes, To grace the manfion of our earthly Gods: Nor all his ftars above a luftre fhow Like the bright beauties on thy banks below; Where Jove, fubdu'd by mortal pathon ftill, Might change Olympus for a nobler hill.

Happy the man whom this bright court approves,

His fov reign favours, and his country loves : Happy next him, who to thefe fhades retires, Whom nature charms, and whom the Muse infpires :

Whom humbler joys of home-felt quiet pleafe, Succeffive ftudy, exercife, and eafe. He gathers health from herbs the foreft yields, And of their fragrant phyfic fpoils the fields: With chemic arts exalts the min'ral pow'rs, And draws the aromatic fouls of flow'rs: Now marks the courfe of rolling orbs on high; O'er figur'd worlds now travels with his eye; ; Of

Book II.

cient writ unlocks the learned flowe, ilts the dead, and lives paft ages o'er : and ring thoughtful in the filent wood, ds the duties of the wife and good, erve a mean, be to himfelf a friend, illow nature, and regard his end; oks on heav'n with more than mortal eyes, his free foul expatiate in the fkies, ther kindred ftars familiar roam, y the region, and confels her home t was the life great Scipio once admir'd,

Atticus and Trumbal thus retird. facred Nine! that all my foul poffefs, le raptures fire me, and whole vitions blels, me, oh bear me to fequefter'd fcenes, bow'ry mazes, and furrounding greens; 'hames's banks with fragrant breezes fill, here ye Mufes fport on Cooper's Hill. Cooper's Hill eternal wreaths shall grow, e lafts the mountain, or while Thames shall n thro' confectated walks to rove, [flow.) r foft mufic die along the grove: by the found, I roam from fhade to fhade, ad-like poets venerable made: his firft lays majeftic Denham fung ; e the last numbers flow'd from Cowley's ly loft ! what tears the river fied [tongue. n the fad pomp along his banks was led! rooping fwans on cv'ry note expire, on his willows hung each Mule's lyre. ce Fate relentless ftopp'd their heav'nly voice, ore the forests ring, or groves rejoice; now shall charm the shades where Cowley ftrung

ving harp, and lofty Denham fung? ark ! the groves rejoice, the forest rings ! hefe reviv'd? or is it Granville fings? yours, my Lord, to blefs our foft retreats, call the Muses to their ancient seats; aint anew the flow'ry fylvan fcenes, rown the forefts with immortal greens, : Windfor hills in lofty numbers rife, lift her turrets nearer to the fkics; ng those honours you deferve to wear, add new lustre to her filver star. noble Surrey feit the facred rage, v-the Granville of a former age : hlefs his pen, victorious was his lance, in the lifts, and graceful in the dance : c fame shades the Cupids tun'd his lyre, ie fame notes, of love and foft defire: Beraldine, bright object of his vow, fill'd the groves, as heav'nly Mira now.

! would'it thou fing what heroes Windfor bore,

t kings first breath'd upon her winding fhore, ife old warriors, whote ador'd remains eping vaults her hallow'd earth contains ! Edward's acts adorn the fhining page, h his long triumphs down thro' ev'ry age. monarchs chain'd, and Creffi's glorious ilies blazing on the regal fhield : [field, , from her roofs when Verrio's colours fall, leave inanimate the naked wall, Still in thy fong fhould vanquifh'd^TFrance appear, And bleed for ever under Britain's fpear. Let fofter ftrains ill-fated Henry mourn, And palms eternal flourith round his urn. Here o'er the Martyr King the marble weeps, And faft, beide him, once-fear'd Edward fleeps w Whom not th'extended Albion could contain, From old Belerium to the northern main, The grave unites; where e'en the great find reft; And blended lie th'oppreffor and th'oppreft !

Make facred Charles's tomb for ever known (Obfcure the place, and uninferib'd the ftone) : Oh fact accurs'd! what tears has Albion fhed! Heav'ns, what new wounds!—and how her old have bled!

She faw her fons with purple deaths expire, Her facted domes involv'd in rolling fire, A dreadful feries of inteftine wars, Inglorious triumphs, and difhoneft fcars. At length great Anna faid,—' Let difcord ceafe !' She faid, the world obey'd, and all was peace !

In that bleft moment, from his oozy bed, Old father Thames advanc'd his rev'rend head ; His treffes dropp'd with dews, and o'er the ftream His fhining horns diffus'd a golden gleam : Grav'd on his urn appear'd the Moon, that guides His fwelling waters and alternate tides; The figur'd ftreams in waves of filver roll'd, And on her banks Augusta role in gold; Around his throne the fea-born brothers flood, Who fwell'd with tributary urns his flood ! First, the fam'd authors of his ancient name, The winding Ifis and the fruitful Thame: The Kennet swift, for filver cels renown'd; The Loddon flow, with verdant alders crown'dy Cole, whole dark fireams his flow'ry iflands lave; And chalkey Wey, that rolls a milky wave: The blue, transparent Vandalis appears; The gulphy Lee his fedgy treffes rears; And fullen Mole, that hides his diving flood ; And filent Darent, stain'd with Danish blood. High in the midft, upon his urn reclin'd

(His fea-green mantle waving with the wind) The God appear'd he turn'd his azure eyes Where Windfor domes and pompous turrets rife!

Then bow'd and fpoke; the winds forget to roar, And the hush'd waves glide foftly to the fbore. Hail, facred Peace! hail, long-expected days. That Thames's glory to the ftars shall raife! Tho' Tyber's freams immortal Rome behold, Tho' foaming Hermus fwells with tides of gold, From heav'n itself tho' leven-fold Nilus flows, And harvefts on a hundred realms beitows; Thefe now no more shall be the Muse's themes, Loft in my fame, as in the fea their ftreams. Let Volga's banks with iron fquadrons fhine, And groves of lances glitter on the Rhine; Let barb'rous Ganges arm a fervile train; Be mine the bleffings of a peaceful reign. No more my fons shall dve with British blool Red Iber's fands, or Ister's foaming flood : Safe on my fhore, each unmolefted fwain Shall tend the flocks, or reap the bearded gr

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The flady empire fhall retain no trace Of war or blood, but in the fylvan chace; [blown, The trumpet fleep, while cheerrul horns are And arms employ'd on birds and beafts alone. Behold ! th'alcending villas on my fide Project long fhadows o'er the crystal tide. Behold ! Augusta's glitt'ing spires increase, And temples rife, the beauteous works of peake. I fee, I fee, where two fair cities.bend Their ample bow, a new Whitehall afcend ! There mighty nations shall enquire their doom, The world's great oracle in times to come ; There kings thall fue, and fuppliant states be feen Once more to bend before a British queen. Thy trees, fair Windsor! now shall leave their

woods.

And half thy forefts rufh into thy floods, Bear Britain's thunder, and her crofs difplay, To the bright regions of the rifing day : Tempt icv leas, where fearce the waters roll. Where clearer flames glow round the frozen pole: Or under fouthern fkies exalt their fails, Led by new ftars, and borne by fpicy gales ! For me the balm thall bleed, and amber flow; The coral redden, and the ruby glow, The pearly shell its lucid globe infold, And Phoebus warm the rip'ning ore to gold. The time thall come, when, free as feas or wind, Unbounded Thames shall flow for all mankind; Whole nations enter with each fwelling tide, And feas but join the regions they divide; Earsh's distant ends our glory shall behold, And the new world launch forth to feck the old. Then thips of uncouth form fhall flem the tide, And feather'd people crowd my wealthy fide, And naked youths and painted chiefs admire Our speech, our colour, and our strange attire! Oh strepch thy reign, fair Peace! from shore to fhore.

Tiel Conquett ccufe, and Slav'ry be no more; Till the freed Indians in their native groves Reap their own fruits, and woo their fable loves; Peru once more a race of kings behold, And other Mexicos be roof'd with gold. Exil'd by thee from earth to deepeft hell, In brazen bonds fhall barb'rous difcord dwell: Gigantic Pride, pale Terror, gloomy Care, And mad Ambition shall attend her there : There purple Vengeance bath'd in gore retires, Her weapons blunted, and extinct her fires : There hateful Envy her own inakes thall feel, And Perfecution mourn her broken wheel : There Faction roar, Rehellion bite her chain, And gasping Furies thirst for blood in vain.

Here ceafe thy flight, nor with unhallow'd lays Touch the fair fame of Albion's golden days: The thoughts of Gods let Granville's verse recite, And bring the fcenes of op'ning fate to light : My humble Muse, in unambitious strains, Paints the green forefts and the flow'ry plains.

Where Prace defeending bids her olives fp. And featters bleffings from her dove-like v Ev'n I more fweetly pafs my carelefs days, Pleas'd in the filent shade with compty praif Enough for me, that to the lift'uing fwains First in these fields I sung the sylvan strain

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§ 3. Two Cheruffes to the Tragedy of Brut

CHORUS OF ATHENIANS.

STROPHE I.

 \mathbf{Y}^{E} fhades, where facred truth is fought: Groves, where immortal Sages taught : Where heav'nly visions Plato fir'd, And Epicurus lay infpir'd! In vain your guiltlefs laurels ftood Unfpotted long with human blood. War, horrid war, your thoughtlefs walks inv And fteel now glitters in the Mules shades.

ANTISTROPHE I.

Oh heav'n-born fifters ! fource of art ! Who charm the fenfe or mend the hear Who lead fair Virtue's train along, Moral Truth and myftic Song ! To what new clime, what diftant fky, Forfaken, friendlefs, thall ye fly ? Say, will ve blefs the bleak Atlantic fhore ? Or bid the furious Gaul be rude no more ?

STROPHE II.

When Athens finks by fates unjuft. When wild Barbarians fpurn her duft; Perhaps ev'n Britain's utmost shore Shall ceafe to blufh with ftranger's gore See Arts her favage fons controul, And Athens rifing near the pole !

Till fome new Tyrant lifts his purple hand, And civil madness tears them from the land.

ANTISTROPHE II.

Ye Gods ! what justice rules the ball ! Freedom and arts together fall; Fools grant whate'er Ambition craves, And men, once ignorant, are flaves. Oh curs'd effects of civil hate, In ev'ry age, in ev'ry flate ! Still, when the luft of tyrant pow'r fucceeds, Some Athens perifhes, fome Tully bleeds.

CHORUS OF YOUTHS AND VIRGIN

SEMICHORUS.

OH, Tyrant Love! haft thou poffeft The prudent, learn'd, and virtuous breaft? Wildom and Wit in vain reclaim, And Arts but foften us to feel thy flame.

Altered from Shakefpear by the Duke of Buekingham, at whole defire thefe two Choruffes were co posed, to fuiply as many wanting in his play. They were fet, many years afterwards, by the fam Bonomeini, and performed at Buckingham-houle.

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fift intruder, enters here; m'ring learns to be fincere. us with bluftes owns he loves; Brutus tenderly reproves. hy, Virtue, doft thou blame defire, ~ Which Nature has impreft? ^ hy, Nature, doft thou fooneft fire The mild and gen'rous breaft?

CHORUS.

purer flames the Gods approve; ods and Brutus bend to love; for abfent Portia fighs, er Caffius melts at Junia's eyes. s loofe love? A transient guft, 1 a fudden florm of luft; ur, fed from wild defire, 1'ring, felf-confuming fire. Hymen's kinder flames unite, nd burn for ever one; fe as cold Cynthia's virgin light, eductive as the Sun.

SEMICHORUS.

arce of ev'ry focial tye, wifh, and mutual joy ! various joys on one attend, s father, brother, hufband, giend ! ier his hoary fire he fpics, thoufand grateful thoughts arife; ts his fpoufe's fonder eye; ws his finiling progeny; at tender patiions take their turns ! /hat home-felt raptures move ! art now melts, now leaps, now burns, /ith rev'rence, hope, and love.

CHORUS.

guilty joys, diftaftes, furmifes; falfe tears, deceits, difguifes; doubts, delays, furprifes; 'res that feerch, yet dare not fhine: 'e's unwafting treafure, faith, fair hope, long leifure; afe, and nights of pleature; acred Hymen! thefe are thine.

4. Ode on Solitude*. POPE.

Y the man, whofe wifh and care w paternal acres bound; to breathe his native air,

In his own ground.

erds with milk, whole fields with bread, : flocks fupply him with attire, ces in fummer yield him fhade, In winter fire.

o can unconcern'dly find days, and years flide foft away; of body, peace of mind, Quiet by day. Sound flee by night; fludy and eafe, Together mix'd; fweet recreation ! And innocence, which most does pleafe With meditation.'

Thus let me live, unfeen, unknown, Thus unlamented let me die; Steal from the world, and not a from Tell where I lie.

§ 5. The Dying Christian to his Soul. POPE.

VITAL fpark of heaving flame ! Quit, oh quit this mortal frame ! Trembling, hoping, ling'ring, flying, Oh the pain, the blifs of dying ! Ceafe, fond Nature, ceafe thy ftrife, And let me languish into life !

Hark ! they whifper ; angels fay, Sifter Spirit come away !

What is this abforbs mc quite ? Steals my fenfes, fluts my fight, Drowns my fpirits, draws my breath? Tell me, my Soul, can this be Death?

The world recedes; it difappears ! Heav'n opens on my eyes ! my ears With founds feraphic ring :

Lend, lend your wings! I mount! I fly! O Grave ! where is thy victory ?

O Death! where is thy fting?

§6. An Essay on Criticism. Pops.

'TIS hard to fay, if greater want of fkill Appear in writing, or in judging ill; But, of the two, lefs dang'rous is th'offence To tire our patience, than millead our fenfe. Some few in that, but numbers err in this; Ten cenfure wrong for one who writes amifs. A fool might once himfelf alone expose; Now one in verfe makes many more in profe.

'Tis with our judgments as our watches, none Go juft alike, yet each believes his own. In Poets, as true Genius is but rare, True Tafte as feldom is the Critic's fhare, Both muft alike from Heav'n derive their light, Thefe born to judge, as well as those to write. Let such teach others who themfelves excel, And censure freely who have written well. Authors are partial to their wit, 'tis true; But are not Critics to their judgment too?

Yet, if we look more clofely, we fhall find Moft have the feeds of judgment in their mind; Nature affords at leaft a glimm'ring light; The lines, tho'touch'd but faintly, are drawn right. But as the flighteft fketch, if juftly trac'd, Is by ill colouring but the more difgrac'd, So by falle learning is good fente defac'd. Some are bewilder'd in the maze of fchools, And fome made coxcombs Nature meant but fools.

* This was a very early production of our Author, written at about twelve years old.

In fearch of wit thefe lofe their common fenfe, A. 1 then turn Critics in their own defence : Each burns alike, who can or cannot write, Or with a Rival's or an Eunuch's inte. Ail fools have thill an itching to deride, And tain would be upon the laughing fide. If Maxius foribble in Apallo's fright, There are who judge full work than he can write.

Some have first for Wits, then Poets paft, Turn'd Critics next, an 1 prov'd plain fools at laft. Some neither can for Wits nor Critics pais; As heavy mules are neither horie nor afs. Their had-learn'd withings, num'rous in our ifle, As helf-form'd infects on the banks of Nile; Unfinith'd things, one knows not what to call, Their goneration's fo equivocal: To tell 'en would a hundred tongues require,

Or one vain wit's, that might a hundred tire.

But you who feek to give and merit fame, And juftly bear a Critic's noble name, Be fure yourfelf and your own reach to know, How far your genius, tafte, and learning go; Lounch not beyond your depth, but be diferent. And mark that point where tenfe and dulnets meet.

Nature to all things fix'd the limits fit, And wifely curb'd proud man's pretending wit. As on the land while here the ocean gains, In other parts it leaves wide findy plains; Thus in the foul, while memory prevails, The folid powr of understanding fails : Where beins of warm imagination play, The memory's fort figures melt away. One feience only will one genius fit ; So vait is art, fo narrow human wit : Not only bounded to peculiar arts, But oft in those confin'd to fingle parts, Like kings, we lofe the conquests gain'd before, By vain ambition still to make them more : Each might his fervile province well command, Would all but ftoop to what they understand.

First follow Nature, and your judgment frame By her just standard, which is still the fame : Unerring Nature, ftill divinely bright, One clear, unchang'd, and univertal light, Life, force, and beauty, must to all impart ; At once the fource, and end, and tell of Art. Art from that fund each just fupply provides ; Works without flow, and without pomp prefides : In fome fair body thus th'informing foul With spirits feeds, with vigour fills the whole, Each motion guides, and ev'ry nerve fuftains ; Itfelf unfeen, but in th'effects remains. Some, to whom Heav'n in wit has been profuse, Want as much more, to turn it to its ule ; For wit and judgment often are at fuife, Tho' meant each other's aid, like man and wife. 'Tis more to guide, than fpur the Mule's fteed ; Rettrain his fury, than provoke his fpeed : The winged courfer, like a gen'rous horfe, Shows most true mettle when you check his course.

These rules of old difeover'd, not devis'd, Are Nature fiill, but Nature methodiz'd : Nature, like liberty, is but reftrain'd By the fame laws which first hertelf ordain'd.

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Hear how learn'd Greece her ufeful rules indian, When to reprefs, and when indulge our flights: High on Parnaffus' top her fons the thow'd, And pointed out those arduous paties they trody Heid from afar, aloft, th'immortal prize, And urg'd the reft by equal fleps to rife. Just precepts thus from great examples givin, She drew from them what they deriv'd from The gen'rous Critic tann'd the Poet's fire, Heav's. And taught the world with region to admire. Then Criticijin the Mule's hand-maid prov'd To drefs her charms, and make her more belov'd: But following wits from that intention frav'd, Who could not win the miftrefs woo'd the maidy Against the poets their own arms they turn'd; Sure to hate most the men from whom they learn d. So modern 'Pothecaries taught the art, By Doctors bills, to play the Doctor's part ; Bold in the practice of mistaken rules, Preferibe, apply, and call their mafters fools. Some on the leaves of ancient authors prev; Nortime nor months e'er fpoil'd fo much as they: Some drily plain, without invention's aid, Write dull receipts how poems may be made. Thefe leave the fenfe, their learning to difplay; Ard those explain the meaning quite away.

You then whole judgment the right course would fleer,

Know well each Antient's proper character : His Fable, Subject, fcope in ev'ry page; Religion, Country, genius of his age : Without all thefe at once before your eyes, Cavil you may, but never criticize. Be Homer's works your itudy and delight; Read them by day, and meditate by night : Thence form your judgment, thence your markims bring,

And trace the Mules upward to their fpring. Still with itlelf compar'd his text perufe ; And let your comment be the Mantuan Mule.

When first young Maro in his boundlefs mind, A work t'outiaft immortal Rome defign'd, Pethaps he feem'd above the Critic's law, And but from Nature's fountains form'd todraw: But when t'examine et'ry part he came, Nature and Homer were, he found, the fame. Convinc'd, amaz'd, he checks the bold defign; And rules as frift his labour'd work confine, As if the Stagirite o'erlook'd each line, Learn hence for ancient rules a juft effects; To copy nature is to copy them.

Some beautics yet no precepts can declare; For there's a happinefs as well as care. Mufic refembles Poetry; in each Are namelefs graces which no methods teach, And which a mafter-hand alone can reach. If, where the rules not far enough extend (Since rules were made but to promote their end) Some lucky Licence answer to the full Th'intent propov'd, that Licence is a rule. Thus Pegafus, a nearer way to take, May boldly deviate from the common track. Great Wits formetimes may glorioufly offerd. And rife to faults true Critics dare not mend ; From

Igar bounds with prave diforder part, tch a grace beyond the reach of art ;-. without paffing thro' the judgment, gains repand all its end at once attains. ects thus, fome objects pleafe our eyes,] out of nature's common order rife, pelefs rock, or hanging precipice. the Antients thus their rules invade gs difpente with laws themfelves have i, beware ! or if you must offend [made) the precept, neger transgreis its end ; : feldom, and compell'd by freed re, at least, their precedent to plead. tic elfe proceeds without remorfe, our fame, and puts his laws in force. ow there are, to whole prefumptuous houghts

reer beauties, ev'n in them, feem faults. rures monstrous and mis-shap'd appear, r'd fingly, or beheld too near; but proportion'd to their light, or place, tance reconciles to form and grace. ent chief not always must display r'rs in equal ranks, and fair array h th'occasion and the place comply, his force ; nay, feem forhetimes to fly. ft are ftratagems which errors feem ; t Homer nods, but we that dream. green with bays each ancient Altar stands, the reach of facrilegious hands # from Flames, from Envy's fiercer rage, tive War, and all-involving Age. a each clime the learn'd their incense bring! 1 all tongues confenting Prans ring ! le fo just let ev'ry voice be john'd, I the gen'ral chorus of mankind. ards triumphant ! born in happier days; al heirs of universal praise ! honours with increase of ages grow, ams roll down, enlarging as they flow; s unborn your mighty names shall found, xids applaud that must not yet be found ! fome spark of your celestial fire, t the meaneft of your fons infpire [flights; on weak wings, from far, purfues your while he reads, but trembles as he writes) ch vain Wits a science little known ; ire fuperior fenfe, and doubt their own ! ll the causes which conspire to blind erring judgment, and mifguide the mind, he weak head with ftrongeft bias rules, e, the never failing vice of fools. ver Nature has in worth deny'd, es in large recruits of needlefs Pride; in bodies, thus in fouls, we find [wind : wants in blood and fpirits, fwell'd with where Wit fails, steps in to our defence, ils up all the mighty void of fenfe. right reason drives that cloud away, breaks upon us with reliftles day. not yourfelf; but your defects to know, use of ev'ry friend-and ev'ry foe. · learning is a dang'rous thing; deep, or tafte not the Pierian foring :

There fhallow draughts intoxicate the brain, And drinking largely fobers us again. Fir'd at firft light with what the Mufe imparts, In fearlefs youth we tempt the heights of Arts, While from the bounded level of our mind, Short views we take, nor fee the lengths behind; But more advanc'd, behold with ftrange furprife New diftant foenes of endlefs feience rife ! So pleas'd at firft, the row'ring Alps we try, Mount o'er the vales, and feem to tread the fky; Th'eternal fnows appear already paft, And the firft clouds and mountains feem the laft : Bug, thofe attain'd, we tremble to furvey The growing labours of the lengthen'd way; Th'increafing prospect tires our wand'ring eyes, Hills peep o'er hills, and Alps on Alps atife !

A perfect judge will read each work of Wit With the fame ipirit that its author writ : Survey the whole, nor feek flight faults to find Where nature moves, and rapture warms the Nor lofe, for that malignant dull delight, [mind ; The gen'rous pleafure to be charm'd with wit. But in fuch lays as neither ebb nor flow, Correctly cold, and regularly low, That fhunning faults, one quiet tenor keep ; We cannot blame indeed-but we may fleep. In Wit, as Nature, what affects our hearts Is not th'exactness of peculiar parts: 'Tis not a lip, or eye, we beauty call But the joint force and full refult of all. Thus when we view fome well proportion'd dome (The world's just wonder, and ev'n thine, O No fingle parts unequally furprife; [Rome!) All comes united to th'admiring cyes; [pear; No monstrous height, or breadth, or length ap-The whole at once is bold and regular.

Whoever thinks a faultlefs piece to fee, Thinks what ne'er was, nor is, nor e'er fhall be. In ev'ry work regard the writer's end, Since none can compafs more than they intend ; And if the means be juft, the conduct true, Applaufe, in fpite of trivial faults, is due. As men of breeding, fometimes men of wit, T'avoid great errors, muft the lefs commit ; Neglect the rules each verbal Critic lays, For not to know fome trifles is a praife. Moft Critics, fond of fome fublervient art, Still make the Whole depend upon a Part : They talk of principles, but notions prize, And all to one lov'd folly factifice.

Once one a time, La Mancha's Knight, they fay, A certain Bard encount'ring on the way, Difcours'd in terms as just, with looks as fage, As e'er could Dennis, of the Grecian stage Concluding all were defp'rate fots and fools Who durft depart from Ariftotle's rules. Our Author, happy in a judge to nice, [vice; Produc'd his play, and begg'd the Knight's ad-Made him observe the fubject and the plot, The manners, paffions, unities; what not? All which, exact to rule, were brought about, Were but a Combat in the lifts left out. "What I leave the Combat out?" exclaims the Yes, or we mult renounce the besty rice. [Knight . 1 ÷

" Not fo, by heav'n (he answers in a rage)

" Knights, 'fquires, and fleeds, muft enter on the flage."

So vaft a throng the ftage can ne'er contain. "Then build a new, or act it in a plain."

Thus Critics of lefs judgment than caprice, Curious, not knowing, not exact, but nice, Form thort ideas ; and offend in arts (As moft in manners) by a love to parts.

Some to Conceit alone their tafte confine, And glitt'ring thoughts firuck out at ev'ry line; Pleas'd with a work where nothing's just or fit ; One glaring Chaos and wild heap of wit. Poets, like painters, thus, unfkill'd to trace The naked nature and the living grace, With gold and jewels cover ev'ry part, And hide with ornaments their want of art. True wit is Nature to advantage drefs'd ; What oft was thought, but ne'er fowell express'd; Something, whofe truth convinc'd at fight we That gives us back the image of our mind. [find, As fhades more fiveetly recommend the light, So modeft plainnets fets off fprightly wit. For works may have more wit than does 'em As bodies perith thro' exceps of blood. [good,

Others for language all their care exprets, And value books, as women men, for drefs : Their praife is fill,—The ityle is excellent; The Senfe, they humbly take upon content. Word, are like leaves; and where they moft abound,

Much fauit of fenfe beneath is rarely found. Falte eloquence, like the prifmatic glafs, Its gaudy colours fpreads on ev'ry place; The face of Nature we no more furvey; All glares alike, without diffinction gay : But true Expression, like th'unchanging Sun, Clears and improves whate'er it fhines upon ; It gilds all objects, but it alters none. Expretfion is the drefs of thought, and ftill Appears more decent as more fuitable ; A vile conceit in pompous words exprets'd, Is like a clown in regal purple drefs'd : For diff'rent ftyles with diff'rent fubjects fort, As fev'ral garbs with country, town, and court. Some, by old words, to fame have made pretence; Antients in phrafe, mere moderns in their fenfe : Such labour d nothings, in to ftrange a ftyle, Amaze th'unlearn'd, and make the learned finile. Unlucky, as Fungofo in the play. Thele fparks, with aukward vanity, difplay What the fine gentleman wore veilerday ; And but to mimic ancient with at beit, As apes our grandfires, in their doublets dreft. In words, as fachions, the fame rule will hold ; Alike fantaftic, if too new or old. Be not the first by whom the new are try'd, Nor yet the last to lay the old afide.

But most by numbers judge a port's fong; And fittoothorrough, with them, is right or wrong: In the buly by Mode, the though of charms confpire, Her voice is all the transfer fools admire; We have Farmilles but to please their ext, Not not the doctione, but the mulie there.

Thefe equal fyllables alone require, Tho' oft the car the open vowels tire ; While expletives their feeble aid do join ; And ten low words oft creep in one dill line : While they ring round the fame unvary d chimes, With fure returns of ftill expected rhymes; Where'er you find " the cooling weftern breeze," In the next line, " it whatpers thro' the trees:" If cryftal ftreams " with pleating murmurs creep," The reader's threaten'd (not in vain) with "fleep." Then, at the laft and only couplet fraught With fome unmeaning thing they call a thought, A needless Alexandrine ends the fong, [along. That, like a wounded inake, drags it flow length Leave fuch to tune their own dull rhymes, and know

What's roundly finooth, or languifhingly flow; And praife the eafy vigour of a line [nefs iou. Where Denham's itrength and Waller's fwet-True cafe in writing comes from art, not chance, As those move callest who have learn'd to dance 'Tis not enough no harfhnefs gives offence, The found must feem an echo to the fenie : Soft is the ftrain when zephyr gently blows. And the fmooth ftream in finoother numbers flows But when loud furges lafh the founding thore, The hoarfe, rough verie thould like the torrest roar. [throw, When Ajax ftrives fome rock's vaft weight to The line too labours, and the words move liow: Not fo, when fwift Camilla fcours the plain, Flies o'er th'unbending corn, and fkims along the main.

Hear how Tamotheus' vary'd lays furprife, And bid alternate pations fall and rife ! While, at each change, the fon of Libyan Jore Now burns with glory, and then melts with low; Now his fierce eyes with fparkling fury glow, Now fighs fleal out, and tears begin to flow : Perfians and Greeks like turns of nature found. And the world's victor flood fubdu'd by found ! The pow'r of mufic all our hearts allow, And what Timotheus was is Dryden now.

Avoid extremes; and fhun the fault of fuch Who fiill are pleas'd too little or too much. At ev'ry trifle foorn to take offence; That always thews great pride, or little fenfe: Thote heads, as ftomachs, are not fure the beft, Which naufeate all, and nothing can digeft. Yet let not each gay turn thy rapture move; For fools admire, but men of fenfe approve: As things feem large which we three mills defery, Dalneis is ever apt to magnify.

Some foreign writers, fome our own defpife; The antients only, or the moderns prize. Thus wir, like faith, by each man is apply'd To one finall feet, and all are damn'd beide. Meanly they feet the bloffing to confine, And force that fun but on a part to fhine, Which not alone the fouthern wit fublimes, But ripens fpirits in cold northern climes; Which from the firft has fhone on ages paft. Enhypts the prefent, and fhall warm the laft; They each may feel encreafes and decays. And fee now cleater and now darket dare; Rent

é,

1 not then if wit be old or new, ame the fa!fe, and value ftill the true. e ne'er advance a judgment of their own, tch the fpreading notion of the town; reason and conclude by precedent, wn stale nonsense which they ne'er invent. udge of authors names, not works, and then aife nor blame the writings, but the men. this fervile herd, the worft is he n proud dulness joins with quality : ftant critic at the great man's board, ch and carry nonfenfe for my lord : woful stuff this madrigal would be, e ftarv'd hackney fonneteer, or me! t a lord once own the happy lines, he wit brightens ! how the ftyle refines ! his facred name flies ev'ry fault, ach exalted stanza teems with thought ! : vulgar thus thro' imitation err; the learn'd, by being fingular; ch they foorn the crowd, that if the throng ince go right, they purposely go wrong: ifmatics the plain believers quit, re but damn'd for having too much wit. praise at morning what they blame at night; ways think the last opinion right. fe by these is like a mistres us'd; our fhe's idoliz'd, the next abus'd; their weak heads, like towns unfortify'd, t sense and nonsense daily change their fide. em the cause; they're wifer still, they fay; ill to-morrow's wifer than to-day. ink our fathers fools, fo wife we grow; ifer fons, no doubt, will think us fo. chool-divines this zealous ifle o'erfpread; knew most fentences was deepest read : Gospel, all scem'd made to be disputed, one had fenfe enough to be confuted : s and Thomists now in peace remain t their kindred cobwebs in Duck-lanc. 1 itfelf has diff'rent dreffes worn, wonder modes in wit fhould take their turn ! aving what is natural and fit, urrent folly proves the ready wit; uthors think the reputation fafe 1 lives as long as fools are pleas'd to laugh. e valuing those of their own fide or mind, ake themselves the measure of mankind : / we think we honour merit then, we but praise ourselves in other men. in wit attend on those of state, ublic faction doubles private hate. malice, folly, against Dryden role, ious shapes of parsons, critics, beaus; ale furviv'd when merry jefts were paft; ing merit will buoy up at laft. he return, and blefs once more our eyes, llackmores and new Milbourns must arife: hould great Homer lift his awful head, again would ftart up from the dead. will merit, as its shade, pursue; ce a shadow, proves the substance true : vy'd wit, like Sol eclips'd, makes known poling body's groffnels, not its own.

When first that fun too pow'rful beams difplays, It draws up vapours which obscure its rays; But ev'n those clouds at last adorn its way, Reflect new glories, and augment the day.

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Be thou the first true merit to befriend; His praife is loft who flays till all commend. Short is the date, alas, of modern rhymes, And 'tis but just to let them live betimes. No longer now that golden age appears, When patriarch-wits furviv'd a thouland years: Now length of fame (our fecond life) is loft, And bare threefcore is all ev'n that can boaft ; Our fons their fathers failing language fee; And fuch as Chaucer is shall Dryden be. So when the faithful pencil has defign'd Some bright idea of the master's mind, Where a new word leaps out at his command, And ready Nature waits upon his hand ; When the ripe colours foften and unite, And fweetly melt into just shade and light; When mellowing years their full perfection give, And each bold figure just begins to live, The treach'rous colours the fair art betray, And all the bright creation fades away !

Unhappy wit, like molt mittaken things, Atones not for that envy which it brings. In youth alone its empty praife we boaft; But foon the fhort-liv'd vanity is loft : Like fome fair flow'r the early fpring fupplies, That gaily blooms, but ev'n in blooming dies. What is this wit, which muft our cares employ? The owner's wife, that other men enjoy; Then moft our trouble ftill when moft admir'd, And ftill the more we give, the more requir'd; Whofe fame with pains we guard, but lofe with Sure fome to vex, but never all to pleafe; [eafe, 'Tis what the vicious fear, the virtuous fhun, By fools 'tis hated, and by knaves undone 1

If wit fo much from ign'rance undergo, Ah let not learning too commence its foe ! Of old, those met rewards, who could excel, And fuch were prais'd who but endcavour'd well: Tho' triumphs were to gen'rals only due, Crowns were referv'd to grace the foldiers too. Now, they who reach Parnalfus' lofty crown, Employ their pains to fpurn fome others down; And while felf-love each jealous writer rules, Contending wits become the fport of fools : But ftill the worft with most regret commend, For each ill author is as bad a friend. To what bafe ends, and by what abject wavs, Are mortals urg'd thro' facred luft of praife1 Ah ne'er fo dire a thirft of glory boaft, Nor in the critic let the man be loft. Good-nature and good fense must ever join ; To err is human ; to forgive, divine.

But if in noble minds fome dregs remain Not yet purg'd off, of fpleen and four difdain, Difcharge that rage on more provoking crimes, Nor fear a dearth in thefe flagitious times. No pardon vile obfcenity fhould find, The' wit and art confpire to move your mind; But dulnefs with obfcenity muft prove As fhaneful, fure, as imporease in love. In the fat age of pleafure, wealth, and cafe, Sprung the rank weed, and thriv'd with large increase :

When love was all an eafy monarch's care; Seldom at council, never in a war, Jilts rul'd the ftate, and ftatcfman farces writ ; Nay wits had penfions, and young lords had wit; The fair fat panting at a courtier's play, And not a maik went unimprov'd away : The modelt fan was lifted up no more ; And virgins finil'd at what they bluth'd before. The following licence of a foreign reign Did all the Dregs of bold Socinus drain; Then unbelieving priefts reform'd the nation, And taught more pleafant methods of falvation; Where Heav'n's free fubjects might their rights dispute,

Left God himfelf fhould feem too abfolute : Pulpits their facred fatire learn'd to fpare, And vice admir'd to find a flatt'rer there ! Encourag'd thus, wit's Titans brav'd the fkies ; And the prefs groan'd with licens'd blafphemics. These monsters, critics ! with your darts engage; Here point your thunder, and exhauft your rage! Yct fhun their fault who, fcandaloufly nice, Will needs miftake an author into vice ; All feem infected that th'infected fpy, As all looks yellow to the jaundie'd eye.

Learn then what moral critics ought to flow, For 'tis but half a judge's talk to know. 'Tis not enough, tafte, judgment, learning, join; In all you fpeak, let truth and candour fhine : That not alone what to your fense is due All may allow; but feek your friendship too.

Be filent always when you doubt your fenfe; And fpeak, tho' fure, with feeming diffidence. Some politive, perfifting fops we know, Who if once wrong, will needs be always fo; But you with pleafure own your errors paft, And make each day a critique on the laft.

'Tis not enough your counfel ftill be true; Blunt truths more milchief than nice falschoods du:

Men must be taught as if you taught them not, And things unknown propos'd as things forgot. Without good-breeding, truth is difapprov'd; That only makes superior fende belov'd.

Be niggards of advice on no pretence ! For the worft avarice is that of fenfe. With mean complacence ne'er betray your truft, Nor be to civil as to prove unjuft. Fear not the anger of the wife to raife ; Those best can bear reproof who merit praise.

'Twere well might critics ftill this freedomtake. But Appius reddens at each word you fpeak, And fiares tremendous, with a threat ning eye, Like tome fierce tyrant in old tapeftry. Fear most to tax an honorable fool, Whole right it is, uncenfur'd, to be dull; Such, without wit, are poets when they pleafe, As without learning they can take degrees. . Leave dang'rous truths to unfucceisful fatires, And flattery to fulfome dedicators; more Whom, when they praite, the world believes no He who, fupreme in judgment as in wit, Than when they promife to give feribbling o'er. Might boldly centure, as he boldly writ;

'Tis best fometimes your cenfure to reftrain, And charitably let the dull be vain : Your filence there is better than your fpite; For who can rail fo long as they can write? Still hunming on, their drowzy course they keep. And lash'd to long, like tops, are lash'd asleep. Falle fteps but help them to renew their race, As, after flumbling, jades will mend their pace, What crowds of thefe, impenitently bold, In founds and jingling fyllables grown old, Still run on poets in a raging vein, Ev'n to the dregs and fqueezings of the brain; Strain out the last dull dropping of their fenfe, And rhyme with all the rage of impotence !

Such fhamelefs bards we have; and yet 'tis There are as mad abandon'd critics too. [true, The bookful blockhead, ignorantly read, With loads of learned lumber in his head, With his own tongue ftill edifies his cars, And always lift'ning to himfelf appears. All books he reads, and all he reads affails, From Dryden's Fables down to Durfey's Talet: With him, most authors steal their works, or buy; Garth did not write his own Difpenfary. Name a new play, and he's a Poet's friend, Nay, flow'd his faults - but when would Poets No place fo facred from fuch fops is barr'd, [mend? Nor is Paul's church more fafe than Paul's church yard':

Nay, fly to Altars ; there they'll talk you dead; For Fools rufh in where Angels fear to tread. Diftruftful fente with modelt caution fpeaks, It fill looks home, and thort excursions makes; But rattling nonfenie in full vollies breaks, And never thock'd, and never turn'd afide, Burfts out, refiftlefs, with a thund'ring tide.

But where's the man who counfel can beftow, Still pleas'd to teach, and yet not proud to know ? Unbias'd or by favour or by fpite; Nor dully prepoffets'd, nor blindly right; Tho' learn'd, well-bred; and tho' well-bred, fincere;

Modefuly bold, and humanely fevere : Who to a friend his faults can freely flow. And gladly praise the merit of a foe ? Bleft with a tafte exact vet unconfin'd ; A knowledge both of books and human kind; Gen'rous converse; a soul exempt from pride; And love to praife, with reafon on his fide?

Such once were Critics; fuch the happy few Athens and Rome in better ages knew. The might y Stagyrite first left the flore, Spread all his fails, and durit the deeps explore. He steer'd securely, and discover'd far, Led by the light of the Maonian Star. Poets, a race long unconfin'd, and free, Still fond and proud of favage liberty, Receiv'd his laws and frood convinc'd; 'twas fit, Who conquer'd Nature should prefide o'er Wit.

Horace still charms with graceful negligence, And without method talks us into fente; Will, like a friend, familiarly convey The trueft notions in the cancil way.

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Yet

Such was the Muse, whose rules and practice tell, "Nature's chief master-piece is writing well." Suchwas Roscommou, not more learn'dthangood, With manners gen'rous as his noble blood; To him the wit of Greece and Rome was known, And ev'ry author's merit, but his own. [friend, Such late was Walsh — the Muse's judge and Who judtly knew to blame or to commend : To failings mild, but zealous for defert; The clearest head, and the fincerest heart.

The cleareft head, and the fincereft heart. This humble praife, lamented fhade ! receive ; This praife at leaft a grateful Mufe may give : The Mufe, whofe early voice you taught to fing, Prefcrib'd her heights, and prun'd her tender wing, (Her guide now loft) no more attempts to rife; But in low numbers fhort excursions tries : [view ; Content, if hence th'unlearn'd their wants may The learn'd reflect on what before they knew ; Carelefs of cenfure, nor too fond of fame ; Still pleas'd to praife, yet not afraid to blame : Averfe alike to flatter or offend ;

Not free from faults, nor yet too vain to mend.

§ 7. The Rape of the Lock. POPE. Nolucram, Belinda, twos violare capillos; Sed juvat, hoc precibus me tribuisffe tuis.

MART.

CANTO I.

WHAT dire offence from am'rous caufes fprings,

What mighty conteffs nife from trivial things, I fing — This verfe to CARYL, Mufe, is due : This, ev'n Belinda may vouchfafe to view; Slight is the fubject, but not fo the praife, If She infpire, and He approve my lays.

Say what ftrange motive, Goddefs!could compel A well-bred Lord t'affault a gentle Belle ? O fay what ftranger caufe, yet unexplor'd, Could make a gentle Belle reject a Lord ? In tafks fo bold, can little men engage,

And in foft bofoms dwells fuch mighty rage? Sol thro' white curtains fhot a tim'rous ray, And ope'd thofe eyes that muft eclipfe the day : Now lap-dogs gave themfelves the rouzing fhake, And fleeplc's lovers, juft at twelve awake : Thrice rung the bell, the flipper knock'd the ground,

And the prefs'd watch return'd a filver found. Belinda ftill her downy pillow preft, Her guardian Sylph prolong'd the balmy reft : 'Twas He had fummon'd to her filent bed The morning dream that hover'd o'er her head, A youth more glitt'ring than a birth-night beau (That ev'n in flumber caus'd her check to glow) Seem'd to her ear his winning lips to lay; And thus, in whifpers, faid, or feem'd to fay :

Faireft of mortals, thou diffinguifh'd care Of thousands bright inhabitants of air ! If e'er one vision touch thy infant thought, Of all the Nurfe and all the Prieft have taught; Of airy clues by moonlight thadows seen. The filver token, and the circled green.

ecepts teach but what his works infpire. ritics take a contrary extreme ; udge with fury, but theywritewith phlegm: iffers Horace more in wrong translations ts, than critics in as wrong quotations. Dionyfius Homer's thoughts refine, all new beauties forth from ev'ry line ! cy and art in gay Petronius pleafe; :holar's learning, with the courtier's eafe. grave Quintillian's copious work, we find iftest rules and clearest method join'd : useful arms in magazines we place, ng'd in order, and dispos'd with grace; is to please the eye than arm the hand; t for use, and ready at command. e, bold Longinus ! all the Nine infpire. lefs their Critic with a Poet's fire. dent Judge, who, zealous in his truft, warmth gives sentence, yet is always just : e own example ftrengthens all his laws ; s himfelf that great Sublime he draws. us long fucceeding Critics juftly reign'd, e reprefs'd, and ufeful laws ordain'd. ing and Rome alike in empire grew; Arts still follow'd where her Eagles flew ; the fame foes, at laft, both felt their doom, he fame age faw Learning fall, and Rome. Tyranny then Superfitition join'd; at the body, this enflav'd the mind : 1 was believ'd, but little underftood, to be dull was conftru'd to be good ; and deluge Learning thus o'er run, he Monks finish'd what the Goths begun. length Eraímus, that great injur'd name glory of the Priesthood, and the shame !) d the wild torrent of a barb'rous age, drove those holy Vandals off the stage. : see ! each Muse in Leo's golden days from her trance, and truns her wither'd bays; 's ancient Genius, o'er its ruins spread, s off the dust, and rears his rev'rend head. Sculpture and her fifter-arts revive ; : leap'd to form, and rocks began to live ; fweeter notes each rifing Temple rung; phael painted, and a Vida fung. rtal Vida : on whole honour'd brow Poet's bays and Critic's ivy grow : ona now shall ever boast thy name : xt in place to Mantua, next in fame ! : foon by impious arms from Latium chac'd, ancient bounds the banish'd Muses pass'd; ce Arts o'er all the northern world advance, ritic-learning flourish'd most in France; ules a nation, born to ferve, obeys; Boileau still in right of Horace sways. e, brave Britons, foreign laws despis'd, cept unconquer'd, and unciviliz'd; : for the libertics of wit, and bold, ill defy'd the Romans, as of old. me there were, among the founder few] ofe who lefs prefum'd, and better knew, durst affert the juster ancient cause, here reftor'd Wit's fundamental laws;

dg'd with coolnefs, tho' he fung with fire; |

Or virgins vifited by Angel-pow'rs, flow'rs; With golden crowns, and wreaths of heav'nly Hear and believe ! thy own importance know, Nor bound thy narrow views to things below. Some fecret truths, from learned pride conceal'd, To maids alone and children are reveal d : What tho' no credit doubting wits may give ? The fair and Innocent shall still believe. Know then, unnumber'd fpirits round thee fly, The light militia of the lower fky : Thefe, tho' unfeen, are ever on the wing, Hang o'er the box, and hover round the ring, Think what an equipage thou haft in air, And view with fcorn two pages and a chair. As now your own, our beings were of old, And once inclos'd in woman's beautcous mould; Thence, by a foft transition, we repair Ffled, From carthly vehicles to those of air. Think not when woman's transient breath is That all her vanities at once are dead; Succeeding vanities fhe ftill regards, And they fhe plays no more, o'erlooks the cards. Her joy in gilden chariots, when alive, And love of Ombre, after death furvive For when the Fair in all their pride expire, To their first elements their fouls retire : The sprites of fiery Termagants in flame Mount up, and take a falamander's name. Soft vielding minds to water glide away, And fip, with nymphs, their clemental tea. The graver prude finks downward to a gnome, In fearch of mifchief still on earth to roam. The light coquettes in fylphs aloft repair, And foort and flutter in the fields of air.

Know further yet; whoever fair and chafte Rejects mankind, is by fome fylph embrac'd; For fpirits, freed from mortal laws, with eafe Affume what fexes and what fhapes they pleafe. What guards the purity of melting maids In courtly balls and midnight maiguerades. Safe from the treach'rous fiend the daring fpark, The glance by day the whifper in the dark, When kind occafion prompts their warm defires, When mulic fostens, and when dancing fires ? 'Tis but their (ylph, the wife Celefials know, Tho' Honor is the word with men below.[face,

Some nymphs there are, too conficious of their For life predefinid to the gnomes embrace. Thefe fivell their profpects and exalt their pride, When offers are diddain'd, and love deny'd: Then gay ideas crowd the vacant brain, [train, While peers and dukes, and all their fiveeping And gatters, fiars, and coronets, appear, And in foft founds, your grace falutes their ear. "Tis thefe that early taint the female foul,

- Instruct the eyes of young coquettes to roll, Teach infant checks a bidden blush to know, And little hearts to flutter at a beau. Oft, when the world imagine women stray, The fylphs thro' mystic mazes guide their way Thro' all the giddy circle they purfue,
- And old impertinence expel by new. What tender maid but must a victim fall To one mau's treat, but for another's ball ?

When Florio fpraks, what virgin could withftand, If gentle Damon did not fqueeze her hand ? With varying vanities, from ev'ry part, They fhift the moving toy-fhop of their heart; Where wigs with wigs, with fivord-knots fordknots firive,

Beaux banith beaux, and coaches coaches drive. This erring mortals levity may call;

Oh blind to truth ! the Sylph's contrive it all. Of thefe am I, who thy protection claim, A watchful fprite, and Ariel is my name. Late as I rang'd the cryftal wilds of air, In the clear mirror of thy ruling flar, I faw, alas ! fome dread event impend, Ere to the main this morning fun defcend; But Heav'n reveals not what, or how, or where: Warn'd by the Sylph, oh, pious maid, bewar! This to difclofe is all thy guardian can : Beware of all, but moft beware of man ! [log.

He faid; when Shock, who thought the flept w Leap'd up, and wak'd his miftrefs with his toogue. 'Twas then, Belinda, if report fav true, Thy eyes first open'd on a billet-doux; Wounds, charins, and ardors, were no foor read,

But all the vision vanish'd from thy head. And now, unveil'd, the toilet ftands difplay's Each filver vale in myftic order laid. First rob'd in white, the nymph intent adores, With head uncover'd, the colmetic pow's: A heav'nly image in the glafs appears, To that the bends, to that her eves the rears; Th'inferior prickels, at her altar's fide, Trembling, begins the facred rites of pride. Unnumber'd treatures ope at once, and here The various off'rings of the world appear; From each the nicely culls with curious toil, And decks the Goddefs with the glitt'ring fpol This cafket India's glowing gems unlocks, And all Arabia breathes from yonder box: The tortoife here and elephant unite, Transform'd to combs, the fpeckl'd and the whit Here files of pins extend their fhining rows, Puffs, powders, patches, bibles, billet-doux. Now awful beauty puts on all its arms : The fair each moment rifes in her charms, Repairs her finiles, awakens ev'ry grace, And calls forth all the wonders of her face; Sees by degrees a purer blufh arife, And keener lightnings quicken in her eyes. The buty Sylphs furround their darling care; Thefe fet the head, and those divide the har; Some fold the fleeve, whilft others plait the gound And Betty's prais'd for labours not her own-

CANTO II.

NOT with more glories, in th'ethereal plus The fun first rifes o'er the purpled main, Than illuing forth, the rival of his beams Launch'd on the bofum of the filver Thames. Fair Nymphs, and well-direfs'd youths, around a But ev'ry eye was fix'd on her alone. [flogs On her white breaft a fparkling crofs file war. Which Jews might kils, and Infidels ador.

vely looks a fprightly mind difclofe, tias her eyes, and as unfix'd as thole : rs to none, to all fhe fmiles extends ; e rejects, but never once offends. as the fun, her eyes the gazers strike, like the fun, they fhine on all alike. 'aceful cafe and fweetnefs, void of pride, : hide her faults, if Belles had faults to hide : er fhare fome female errors fall, on her face, and you'll forget 'em all. is Nymph, to the destruction of mankind, fh'd two Locks, which graceful hung beal curls, and well confpir'd to deck [hind fhining ringlets the fmooth iv'ry neck. n these labyrinths his flaves detains, nighty hearts are held in flender chains. hairy fpringes we the birds betray; lines of hair furprize the finny prey; effes man's imperial race infnare, eauty draws us with a fingle hair. advent'rous Baron the bright locksadmir'd; v, he wish'd, and to the prize aspir'd. 'd to win, he meditates the way, ce to ravish, or by fraud betray; hen fuccefs a Lover's toil attends, fk, if fraud or force attain'd his ends. this, ere Phœbus rofe, he had implor'd ious Heav'n, and ev'ry pow'r ador'd; iefly Love - to Love an altar built :lve vast French Romances, neatly gilt. lay three garters, half a pair of gloves ; Il the trophies of his former loves : tender billet-doux he lights the pyre, reathes three am'rous fighs to raile the fire. proftrate falls, and begs with ardent eyes o obtain and long poffets the prize. ow'rs gave ear, and granted half his pray'r; :ft the winds difpers'd in empty air. now fecure the painted veffel glides, in-beams trembling on the floating tides, melting music steals upon the fky, often'd founds along the waters dic; a flow the waves, the Zephyrs gently play, a fmil'd, and all the world was gay. t the Sylph-with careful thoughts oppreft; pending woe fat heavy on his breaft. nmons strait his Denizens of air; cid fquadrons round the fails repair : er the shrouds acrial whispers breathe, cem'd but Zephyrs to the train beneath. to the fun their infect-wings unfold, on the breeze, or fink in clouds of gold; arent forms, too fine for mortal fight, fluid bodies half diffolv'd in light. to the wind their airv garments flew, litt'ring textures of the filmy dew, in the richeft tincture of the fkies, light difports in ever-mingling dyes ; every beam new transient colours flings, s that change whene'er they wave their he circle on the gilded maft, [wings, r by the head, was Ariel plac'd; rple pinions op'ning to the fun, 'd his azure wand, and thus begun :

Ye Sylphs and Sylphids, to your chief give ear: Fays, fairies, genii, elves, and dæmons hear ! Ye know the lpheres, and various tafks affign'd By laws eternal to th'aërial kind. Some in the fields of pureft æther play, And bask and whiten in the blaze of day. Some guide the courfe of wand'ring orbs on high-Or roll the planets thro' the boundless fky. Some lefs refin'd, beneath the moon's pale light, Purfue the ftars that fhoot athwart the night, Or fuck the mifts in groffer air below, Or dip their pinions in the painted bow, Or brew fierce tempests on the wint'ry main, Or o'er the glebe diftil the kindly rain. Others, on earth o'er human race prefide, Watch all their ways, and all their actions guide : Of these the chief the care of nations own, And guard with arms divine the British throne.

Our humbler province is to tend the Fair, Not a lefs pleafing, tho' lefs glorious care; To fave the powder from too rude = gale, Nor let th'imprison'd effences exhale; To draw fresh colours from the vernal flow'rs; To fteal from rainbows ere they drop in fhow'rs, A brighter wash; to curl their waving hairs, Affift their blufhes, and infpire their airs; Nay, oft in dreams, invention we beftow, To change a flounce or add a furbelow.

This day black omens threat the brighteft fair That e'er deferv'd a watchful fpirit's care ; Some dire difaster, or by force, or slight; But what, or where, the fates have wrapt in night. Whether the nymph fhall break Diana's law, Or fome frail China-jar receive a flaw; Or stain her honor, or her new brocade; Forget her pray'rs, or mifs a mafquerade ; Or lofe her heart, or necklace, at a ball; [fall. Or whether Heav'n has doom'd that Shock muft Hafte then, ye fpirits ! to your charge repair : The flutt'ring fan by Zephyretta's care; The drops to thee, Brillante, we confign; And, Momentilla, let the watch be thine ; Do thou, Chrispissa, tend her fav'rite Lock ; Ariel himfelf shall be the guard of Shock.

To fifty choicn Sylphs of fpecial note, We truft th'important charge, the Petticoat : Oft have we known that fevenfold fence to fail, Tho' fliff with hoops, and arm'd with ribs of Form a ftrong line about the filver bound, [whale; And guard the wide circumference around.

Whatever spirit, careless of his charge, His polt neglects, or leaves the fair at large, Shall feel sharp vengeance foon o'ertake his fins, Be ftopp'd in vials, or transfix'd with pins; Or plung'd in lakes of bitter washes lie, Or wedg'd whole ages in a bodkin's eve : Gums and pomatums shall his flight restrain, While clogg'd he beats his filken wings in vain ; Or allum ftyptics with contracting pow'r Shrink his thin effence like a fhrivell'd flow'r : Or, as Ixion fix'd, the wretch shall feel The giddy motion of the whirling mill, In fumes of burning chocolate shall glow, And tremble at the fea that froths below ! N_3

к II.

He fpoke; the fpirits from the fails defcend; Some, orb in orb, around the nymph extend; Some thrid the mazy ringlets of her hair; Some hang upon the pendants of her ear; With beating hearts the dire event they wait, Anxious and trembling for the birth of Fate.

CANTO III.

CLOSE by those meads, for ever crown'd with flow'rs, [tow'rs,

Where Thames with pride furveys his rifing There flands a ftructure of majeftic frame, [name. Which from the neighb'ring Hampton takes its Here Britain's flatefinen oft the fall foredoom Of foreign tyrants, and of nymphs at home; Here thou, great Anna! whom three tealms obey, Doft fometimes counfel take, and fometimes tea.

Hither the heroes and the nymphs refort, To tafte awhile the pleafure's of a court; In various talk th'inftructive hours they paft, Who gave the ball, or paid the vifit laft; One fpeaks the glory of the British Queen, And one deferibes a charming Indian Iereen; A third interprets motions, looks, and eyes; At ev'ry word a reputation dies. Snuff, or the fau, supply each paufe of chat,

With finging, laughing, ogling, and all that. Meanwhile, declining from the noon of day, The fun obliquely fhoots his burning ray; The hungry judges foon the fentence fign, And wretches hang, that jurymen may dine; The merchant from th'Exchange returns in peace, And the long labours of the toilet ceafe. Belinda now, whom thirst of fame invites, Burns to encounter two advent'rous knights At Ombre fingly, to decide their doom ; And fwells her breaft with conquests yet to come. Strait the three bands prepare in arms to join, Each band the number of the facred nine. Soon as the fpreads her hand th'acrial guard Defcend, and fit on each important card : First Ariel, perch'd upon a matadore ; Then each according to the rank he bore; For Sylphs, yet mindful of their ancient race, Arc, as when women, wond'rous fond of place.

Behold, four kings in majefty rever'd, With hoary whifkers and a forky beard; And four fair queens whole hands fuftain a flow'r,

Th'expressive emblem of their foster pow'r; Four knaves in garbs fuccinct, a trusty band; Cap: on their heads and halberts in their hand; And party-colour'd troops, a fhining train, Drawn forth to combar on the velvet plain.

The fkilful aymph review ther force with care: Let Spades be trumps! the faid, and trumps they

Now move to war her fable matadores, [were. In fhow like leaders of the fwarthy Moors. Spadillo firft, unconquerable lord ! Led off two captive trumps, and fwept the board. As many more Manillio fore'd to yield, And march'd a victor from the verdant field. Him Bafto follow'd; but his fate more hard, Gain'd but one trump, and one Plebeian card.

With his broad fabre next, a chief in years, The hoary Majefty of Spades appears, Puts forth one manly leg, to fight reveal'd, The reft, his many-coloured robe conceal'd. The Rechel Knave, who dares his prince engage, Proves the juft victim of his royal rage. [threw, E'en mighty Pam, that Kings and Queens o'er-And mow'd down armies in the fights of Loo, Sad chance of war ! now defitute of aid, Falls undiftinguifh'd by the victor Spade !

Thus far both armies to Belinda yield; Now to the Baron fate inclines the field. His warlike Amazon her holt invades, Th'imperial confort of the crown of Spades. The Club's black tyrant firft her victim dy'd, Spite of his haughty mien, and barb'rous pide: What boots the regal circle on his head, His giant limbs, in ftate unwieldy foread; That long behind he trails his pompous robe, And, of all monarchs, only grafps the globe?

The Baron now his Diamonds pours apace; Th'embroider'd King who fhews but half hisface, And his refulgent Queen, with pow'rs combin's, Of broken troops an eafy conqueft find. Clubs, Diamonds, Hearts, in wild diforder feen, With throngs promifcuous firew the level green. Thus when difpers'd a routed army runs, Of Afia's troops and Afric's fable fons, With like confusion diff'rent nations fly, Of various habit, and of various dye, The pierc'd battalions difunited fall, In heaps on heaps; one fate o'erwhelms them all.

The Knave of Diamonds tries his wily are, And wins (oh fhameful chance !) the Queen of Hearts.

At this, the blood the virgin's cheek forfook; A livid palencis fpreads o'er all her look; She fees, and trembles at th'approaching ill, Juft in the jaws of ruin, and Codille. And now(as oft in fome diftemper'd State) On one nice trick depends the gen'ral fate, An Ace of Hearts fteps forth: the King, unfeen, Lurk'd in her hand, and mourn'd his captive Queen;

He forings to vengeance with an eager pace, And falls like thunder on the profitrate Ace. The nymph exulting, fills with fhouts the fky; The walls, the woods, and long canals reply.

O thoughtless mortals ! ever blind to fate, Too foon dejected, and too foon elate. Sudden these honours shall be fnatch'd away, And curs'd for ever this victorious day.[crown'd,

For lo! the board with cups and fpoons is The berries crackle, and the mill turns round: On fining altars of japan they raife The filver lamp; the fiery fpirits blaze: From filver fpouts the grateful liquors glide, While China's earth receives the finoking ide: At once they gratify their feent and taffe, A'd frequent cups prolong the rich repaft. Strait hover round the Fair her airy band; Some as the fipp'd, the fuming liquor fann'd; Some o'er her lap their careful plumes difplard, Trembling, and confcious of the rich broede. : (which makes the politician wife, ees thro' all things with his half-fhut eves) ip in vapours to the Baron's brain tratagems, the radiant Lock to gain. afe, rash youth ! desist ere 'tis too late, he just Gods, and think of Scylla's fate ! 'd to a bird, and fent to flit in air, :arly pays for Nifus' injur'd hair ! when to mischief mortals bend their will, gon they find fit inftruments of ill ! ien. Clariffa drew, with tempting grace, -edg'd weapon from her fhining cafe : dies, in romance, affist their Knight, t the fpear, and arm him for the fight. ces the gift with rev'rence, and extends ttle engine on his fingers ends; uft behind Belinda's neck he fpread, 'er the fragrant steams she bends her head. to the Lock a thousand sprites repair, ıfand wings by turns, blow black the hair; trice they twitch'd the diamond in her ear; : fhe look'd back, and thrice the foc drew that instant, anxious Aricl fought [near. ofe receffes of the Virgin's thought; the nofegay in her breaft reclin'd, tch'd th'ideas rifing in her mind, 1 he view'd, in spite of all her art, thly lover lurking at her heart. d, confus'd, he found his pow'r expir'd,

'd to fate, and with a figh retir'd. [wide, Peer now fpreads the glitt'ring forfex ole the Lock; now joins it to divide. hen, before the fatal engine clos'd, tehed Sylph too fondly interpos'd; rg'd the fheers, and cut the Sylph in thin iry fubftance foon unites again) reeting points the facred air diffever the fair head for ever, and for ever ! flafh'd the living lightning from her eves, reams of horror rend th'affrighted fkies. uder fhricks to pitying heav'n are caft hufbands, or when lap-dogs, breathe their laft:

en rich China veffels, fall'n from high, tering duft and painted fragments lie ! wreaths of triumph now my temples twine Victor cry'd) the glerious prize is mine ! Fish in streams, or birds delight in air,

g as Atalantis, shall be read,

finall pillow grace a Lady's bed, vifits fhall be paid on folemn days, num'rous wax-lights in bright order blaze, nymphs take treats, or affignations give, g my honour, name, and praife fhall live! Tine would fpare, from Steel receives its date,

ionuments, like men, fubmit to fate ! ould the labour of the Gods defiroy, rike to duft th'imperial tow'rs of Troy; ould the works of mortal pride confound, ew triumphal arches to the ground. [feel wonder then fair Nymph ! thy hairs fhould onqu'ring force of unrefuted ficel !

CANTO IV.

BUT anxious cares the penfive nymph oppreft, And fecret paffions labour'd in her breaft. Not youthful kings in battle feiz'd alive, Not feornful virgins who their channs furvive, Not ardent lovers robb'd of all their blits, Not ancient ladies when refus'd a kifs, Not tyrants fierce that unrepenting die, Not Cvnthia when her mantua's pinn'd awry, E'er felt fuch rage, refentment, and defpair, As thou, fad Virgin ! for thy ravifh'd Hair.

For, that fad moment, when the Sylphs with-And Ariel, weeping, from Belinda flew, [drew, Umbriel, a dufky, melancholy fprite, As ever fully'd the fair face of light, Down to the central earth, his proper fcene, Repair'd, to fearch the gloomy cave of Spleen.

Swift on his footy pinions flits the Gnome, And in a vapour reach'd the difmal dome. No cheer'd breeze the fullen region knows ; The dreaded Eaft is all the wind that blows. Here, in a grotto, fhelter'd clofe from air, And fercen'd in fhades from day's detefted glare, She fighs for ever on her penfive bed, Pain at her fide, and megrim at her head.

Twohandmaids wait the throne: alike in place, But diffring far in figure and in face. Here ftood Ill-nature, like an ancient maid, Her wrinkled form in black and white array'd; With ftore of prayers, for mornings; nights, and noons,

Her hand is fill'd ; her bofom with lampoons.

There Affectation, with a fickly mien, Shows in her check the roles of eighteen; Practis'd to lifp, and hang the head afide, Faints into airs, and languifhes with pride; On the rich quilt finks with becoming woe, Wrapt in a gown for ficknefs and for fhow. The fair ones feel fuch maladies as thefe, When each new night-drefs gives a new difeafe.

A conftant vapour o'er the palace flies ; Strange phantoms rifing as the mifts arife; Dreadful as hermits dreams in haunted fhades; Or bright, as vifions of expiring maids. Now glaring fiends, and thakes on rolling fpires, Pale fpectres, gaping tombs, and purple fires : Now lakes of liquid gold, Elyfian fcenes, And cryftal domes, and angels in machines.

Unnumber'd throngs on ev'ry fide are feen, Of bodies chang'd to various forms by Spleen, Here living tea-pots fland, one arm held out, One bent; the handle this, and that the fpout: A pipkin there, like Homer's tripod walks; Here fighs a jar, and there a goofe-pye talks; Men prove with child, as pow'rful fancy works; And maids, turn'd bottles, call aloud for corks.

Safe paft the Gnome thro' this fantaftic band, A branch of healing fpleenwort in his hand : Then thus addrefs'd the Pow'r-Hail, wayward

Queen ! Who rule the fex to fifty from fifteen : Parent of vapours, and of female wit, Who give th'hyfieric, or poetic fit; N A

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On various tempers act, by various ways, Make fome take phyfic, others feribble plays; Who caufe the proud their vifits to delay, And fend the godly in a pet to pray. A Numph there is that all thy pow'r difdains, And thoulands more in equal mirth maintains, But oh ! if e'er thy Guome could fpoil a grace, Or raife a pimple on a beauteous face, Like citron-waters, matrons checks inflame, Or change complexions at a losing game; If e'er with airy horns I planted heads? Or rumpled petticoats, or tumbled beds, Or caus'd fufpicion when no foul was rude, Or difcompos'd the head-drefs of a prude, Or e'er to coffive lap-dog gave discale, Which not the tears of brighteft eyes could eafe, Hear me, and touch Belinda with chagrin . That fingle act gives half the world the fpleen.

The Goddefs, with a difcontented air, Seems to reject him, tho' the grants his pray'r. A wond'rous bag with both her hands the binds, Like that where once Ulyffes held the winds; There the collects the force of female lungs, Sighs, fobs, and paffions, and the war of tongues. A vial next the fills with fainting fears, Soft forrows, melting griefs, and flowing tears. The Gnome, rejoicing, bears her gifts away, Spreads his black wings, and flowly mounts to day.

Sunk in Thaleftris' arms the nymph he found, Her eyes dejected, and her hair unbound. Full o'er their heads the fwelling bag he rent, And all the Furies iffu'd at the vent. Belinda burns with more than mortal ire, And heree Thaleftris fans the rifing fire. [cry'd O wetched maid! the fpread her hands, and (While Hampton's echoes, wretched maid! reply'd)

Was it for this you took fuch conftant care The bodkin, comb, and effence to prepare ? For this your Locks in paper durance bound ? For this with tort'ring irons wreath'd around? For this with fillets ftrain'd your tender head, And bravely bore the double loads of lead ! Go Is ! fhall the ravifher difplay your hair, While the fogs covy and the ladies flare ! Honor furbid 1 at whole unrival'd fhrine Ease, pleafure, virtue, all our fex refign. Methinks already I your tears furvey, Already hear the horrid things they fay; Already fee you a degraded toath, And all your honor in a whifper loft ! H w thall I, then, your helplet's fame defend ? 'T will then be infainy to feem your friend ! And thall this prize, th'ineftimable prize, Exposed throe cryftal to the gazing eyes, And heighten'd by the diamond's circling rays, On that rapacious hand for ever blaze ? 5. oner thall glats in Hyde-park Circus grow, And wits take lodgings in the found of Bow; Shoner let earth, air, f.a, to Chaos fall; Men, monkeys, lap-dogs, parrots, perifh all!

She faid; then raging to Sir Plaine repairs, **And** bids her beau deinand the precious hairs :

(Sir Plume, of amber fnuff-box juffly vain, And the nice conduct of a clouded cane) With carneft eyes and round unthinking face, He firft the fnuff-box open'd, then the cafe, And thusbroke out—" My Lord, why, what the "devil! [" civil! " Z—ds ! damn the Lock! 'fore God, you muft be " Plague on't ! 'tis paft a jeft—nay prithee, por! "Give her the hair"—he fpoke, and rapp'd hit box!

It grieves me much (reply'd the Peer again) Who fpeaks fo well fhould ever fpeak in vain; But by this Lock, this facred Lock I fwear (Which never more fhall join its parted hair; Which never more its honours fhall renew, Clipp'd from the lovely head where late it grew) That while my noftrils draw the vital air, This hand, which won it, fhall for ever wear. He fpoke, and fpeaking, in proud triumph fpread The long contended honors of her head.

But Umbriel, hateful Gnoine! forbears not6; He breaks the vial whence the forrows flow. Then fee! the nymph in beauteous grief appear, Her eyes half lauguifhing, half drown'd in tears; On her heav'd bofom hung her drooping bead, Which, with a figh, fhe rais'd; and thus the fust:

For ever curs'd be this detefted day, Which inatch'd my beft, my fav'rite curl away! Happy ! ah ten times happy had I been, If Hampton-court these eyes had never scen! Yet am not I the first mistaken maid, By love of courts to num'rous ill; betray'd. O had I rather unadmir'd remain'd In fine lone ifle, or diftant northern land, Where the gilt chariot never marks the way Where none learn Ombre, none e'er tafte bohes! ere kept my charms conceal'd from mortal eve, Like roles, that in defarts, bloom and die. Whatmov'd my mind with youth ful lords to rosm? Oh had I ftay'd, and faid my prayers at home! 'Twas this the morning omens feem'd to tell, Thrice from my trembling hand the patch-box The tott'ring China shook without a wind fell; Nav Poll fat mute, and Shock was most unkind! A Sylph too warn'd me of the threats of Fate In mystic visions, now believ'd too late! See the poor reinnants of the flighted hairs; My hands shall rend what ev'n thy rapine spares: Thefe in two fable ringlets taught to break, Once gave new beauties to the fnowy neck; The fifter-lock now fits uncouth, alone, And in its fellow's fate forefecs its own; Uncurl'd it hangs, the fatal fheers demands And tempts, once more, thy facrilegious hands, Oh hadft thou ! crucl, been content to feize Hairs less in fight, or any hairs but thefe!

CANTO V.

SHE faid : the pitving audience melt in tean; But Fate and Jove had ftopp'd the Baron's car. In vain Thaleftris with reproach affails ; For who can move when fair Belinda fails? Not half fo fix'd the Trojan could remain, While Anna begg'd, and Dido rag'd in vaia. grave Clariffa, graceful, wav'd her fan; e eniu'd, and thus the nymph began: , why are beautics prais'd and honor'd moft, vife man's paffion, and the vain man's toaft ? deck'd with all that land and fea afford, angels call'd, and angel-like ador'd ? round our coaches crowd the white-glov'd beaux.

bows the fide-box from its inmoft rows? vain are all thefe glorics, all our pains, s good fenfe preferve what beauty gains ! men may fay, when we the front-box grace, Id the firft in virtue as in face ! if to dance all night, and drcfs all day, m'd the fmall-pox, or chac'd old age away, would not fcorn what houfewife's cares produce,

ho would learn one earthly thing of ufe ? atch, nay ogle, might become a faint; could it fure be fuch a fin to paint. ince, alas ! frail beauty muft decay, d, or uncurl'd, fince locks will turn to grey; ; painted, or not painted, all fhall fade, fhe who fcorns a man muft die a maid; it then remains but well our pow'r to ufe, keep good-humour ftill whate'er we lofe ? truft me, dear! good humour can prevail, n airs, and flights, and fcreams, and fcolding fail.

ties in vain their pretty eyes may roll; ms strike the fight, but merit wins the foul. fpoke the dame, but no applause ensu'd; da frown'd, Thalestris call'd her Prude. rms, to arms ! the fierce Virago-crics, fwift as lightning to the combat flics. ide in parties, and begin th'attack : [crack; clap, filks ruftle, and tough whalebones es and Heroines fhouts confus'dly rife, bass and treble voices strike the skies. ommon weapon in their hands are found ; gods they fight, nor dread a mortal wound. when bold Homer makes the gods engage, heav'nly breafts with human paffions rage; ist Pallas, Mars; Latona, Hermes arms; all Olympus rings with loud alarms; 's thunder roars, heav'n trembles all around, Neptune ftorms, the bellowing deeps refound; h shakes her nodding tow'rs, the ground gives way,

the pale ghofts ftart at the flash of day ! riumphant Umbriel on a fconce's height p'd his glad wings, and fat to view the fight: i'd on their bodkin spears, the sprites furvey growing combat, or affist the fray. 'hile thro' the press enrag'd Thalestris flies, fcatters death around from both her eyes, au and withing perish'd in the throng; dy'd in metaphor, and one in fong. :rucl nymph! a living death I bear,' d Dapperwit, and funk beside his chair. oursful glance Sir Fopling upwards cast, ofe eyes are made fo killing'—was his last. s on Mæander's flow'ry margin lies xpiring Swan, and as he fings he dies.

When bold Sir Plume had drawn Clariffa down, Chloe ftepp'd in, and kill'd him with a frown, She finil'd to fee the doughty hero flain; But, at her finile, the beau reviv'd again.

Now Jove fulpends his golden fcales in air, Weighs the mens wits againft the lady's hair; The doubtful beam long nods from fide to fide; At length the wits mount up, the hairs fubfide,

See fierce Belinda on the Baron flies, With more than ufual lightning in her eyes: Nor fear'd the chief th'unequal fight to try, Who fought no more than on his foe to die. But this bold lord, with manly firength endu'd. She with one finger and a thumb fubdu'd: Juft where the breath of life his noftrils drew, A charge of fnuff the wily virgin threw; The Gnomes direct, to ev'ry atom juft, The pungent grains of titillating duft. Sudden, with flarting tears each eye o'erflows, And the high dome re-echoes to his nofe.

Now meet thy fate, incens'd Belinda cry'd, And drew a deadly bodkin from her fide. (The fame, his ancient perfonage to deck, Her great-great-grandfire wore about his neck, In three feal rings; which, after melted down, Form'd a vaft buckle for his widow's gown : Her infant grandame's whiftle next it grew, The bells fhe jingled, and the whiftle blew; Then in a bodkin grac'd her mother's hairs, Which long fhe wore, and now Belinda wears.)

Boaft not my fall (he cry'd) infulting foe! Thou by fome other thalt be laid as low; Nor think to die dejects my lofty mind : All that I dread is leaving you behind ! Rather than fo, ah let me ftill furvive, And burn in Cupid's flames—but burn alive.

Reftore the Lock ! the cries, and all around Reftore the Lock ! the vaulted roofs rebound. Not fierce Othello in fo loud a ftrain Roar'd for the handkerchief that caus'd his pain. But fee how oft ambitious aims are croft, And chiefs contend till all the prize is loft ! The Lock, obtain'd with guilt, and kept with pain,

In ev'ry place is fought, but fought in vain : With fuch a prize no mortal muft be bleft, So Heav'n decrees ! with Heav'n who can conteft }

Some thought it mounted to the lunar fphere, Since all things loft on earth are treafur'd there. There heroes wits are kept in pond'rous vafes, And beaux in fnuff-boxes and tweezer-cafes; There broken vows, and death-bed alms are found, And lovers hearts with ends of ribband bound; The courtier's promifes, and fick man's pray're. The fmiles of harlots, and the tears of heirs, Cages for gnats, and chains to yoke a flea, Dry'd butterflies, and tomes of cafuiftry.

But truft the muse, she faw it upward rife, Tho' mark'd by none but quick poetic eyes : (So Rome's great founder to the heav'ns withdrew,

To Proculus alone confefs'd in view) A fudden flar, it shot thro' liquid air, And drew behind a radiant trail of hair. 185

Not Berenice's Locks first role to bright, The heav'ns beipangling with dishevel'd light. The Sylphs behold it kindling as it flies, And pleas'd, purfue its progress thro' the fkies.

This the Beau-monde thall from the Mall fur-And hail with mufic its propitious ray : [vey, This the bleft lover thall for Venus take, And tend up vows from Rofamonda's lake. This Partridge foon thall view in cloudlet's fikes, When next he looks through Galilæo's eyes; And hence th'egregious wizard thall foredoom The fate of Louis, and the fate of Rome.

Then ceafe, bright nymph ! to mourn thy ravifh'd hair,

Which adds new glory to the fhining fphere! Not all the traces that fair head can boaft, Shall draw fuch envy as the Lock you lot. For, after all the murders of your eve, When, after millions flain, yourfelf fhall die; When thofe fair funs fhall fet, as fet they muft, And all thofe treffes fhall be laid in duft, This Lock the Mufe fhall confectate to fame, And 'midft the ftars inferibe Belinda's name.

§ 8. Elegy to the Memory of an Unfortunate Lady. POPE.

WHAT beck'ning ghoft, along the moonlight fhade,

Invites my fteps, and points to yonder glade? 'Tis fhe !--but why that bleeding bofom gor'd ! Why dimly gleams the vitionary fword ! Oh ever beauteous, ever friendly ! tell, Is it in heav'n a crime to love too well? To bear too tender, or too firm a heart, To act a lover's or a Roman's part ? Is there no bright revertion in the fky For thofe who greatly think, or bravely die?

Why bade ye elfe, ye pow'ns ' her foul afpire Above the vulgar flight of low defire ? Ambition first forung from your bleft abodes; The glorious fault of angels and of gods : Thence to their images on earth it flows, And in the breafts of kings and heroes glows. Moft fouls, 'tis true, but peep out once an age, Dull fullen pris'ners in the body's cage : Dim lights of life, that burn a length of years, Ufelefs, unfeen, as lamps in fepulchres; Like caftern kings, a lazy flate they keep, And, cloce confin'd to their own palace, lleep.

From these perhaps (ere Nature bade her die) Fate fnatch'd her early to the pitying sky. As into air the purer spirits flow, And sep'rate from their kindred dregs below, So flew the foul to its congenial place, Nor left one virtue to redeem her race.

But thou, falle guardian of a charge too good, Thou, mean deferter of thy brother's blood ! See on thefe ruby Jips the trembling breath, There checks now fading at the blaft of death; Cold is that breaft which warm'd the world before, And those love-darring eves must roll no more. Thus, if Eternal Justice rules the ball, Thus that Jour wives, and thus your children fall:

On all the line a fudden vengeance waits, And frequent hearfes fhall befiege your gates; There paffengers fhall ftand, and, pointing, fay (While the long fun'rals blacken all the way) Lo? thefe were they, whole fouls the Furies fted'd, And curs'd with hearts unknowning how toyield. Thus unlamented pafs the proud away, The gaze of fools, and pageant of a day ? So perifh all whole breafts ne'er learn'd to glow For others good, or melt at others woe.

What can atone (oh ever injur'd fhade!) Thy fate unpity'd, and thy rites unpaid? No friend's complaint, no kind domeftic tear Pleas'd thy pale ghoft, or grac'd thy mournfulbie: By foreign hands thy dying eyes were clos'd, By foreign hands thy decent limbs composid, By foreign hands thy humble grave adorn'd, By ftrangers honor'd, and by ftrangers mourn'd! What tho' no friends in fable weeds appear, Grieve for an hour, pethaps, then mourn a year, And hear about the mockery of woe To midnight dances and the public flow ? What tho' no weeping loves thy afhes grace, Nor polifh'd marble emulate thy face ? What the' no facred earth allow thee room, Nor hallow'd dirge be mutter'd o'er thy tomb? Yet shall thy grave with rising flow'rs be dreft. And the green turf lie lightly on thy breaft : There shall the morn her earliest tears befow; There the first roles of the year shall blow; While angels with their filver wings o'erfhade The ground, now facred by thy reliques made.

So peaceful refts, without a ftone, a name; What once had beauty, titles, wealth, and fame. How lov'd, how honor'd once, avails the not; To whom related, or by whom begot; A heap of duft alone remains of thee : 'Tis all thou art, and all the proud fhall be'

Poets themfelves muft fall, like those they sung. Deaf the prais'd ear, and mute the tuneful tongue. Ev'n he, whose sould now melts in mournful lay, Shall shortly want the gen'rous tear he pays; Then from his closing eves thy form shall part, And the last pang shall tear thee from his bast; Life's idle bus'ness at one gass be o'er, The muse forgot, and thou belov'd no more!

§ 9. The Temple of Fame. POPE.

IN that foft feafon, when defcending flow's Call forth the greens, and wake the rifingflow's When op'ning buds falute the welcome day, And earth, relenting, feels the genial ray; As balmy fleep had charm'd my cares to ref, And love itfelf was banish'd from my breaft (What time the morn myfterious vifions bring) While purer flumbers fpread their golden wing) A train of phantoms in wild order rofe, And join'd, this intellectual feene compose.

I food, methought, betwist earth, feas, and The whole creation open to my eyes: [fkis; In air felf-balanc'd hung the globe below, Where mountains, rife, and circling occans flow; Here naked rocks and empty waftes were feas; There tow'ry civies, and the forells green : New

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failing fhips delight the wand'ring eyes; trees and intermingl'd temples rife : 1 clear fun the fhining scene displays, ranfient landscape now in clouds decays. r the wide prospect as I gaz'd around, n I heard a wild promiscuous sound, proken thunders that at distance roar, lows murm'ring on the hollow fhore: gazing up, a glorious pile beheld, e tow'ring fummit ambient clouds conceal'd. on a rock of ice the structure lay, its afcent, and flippery was the way vond'rous rock like Parian marble fhone. eem'd, to diftant fight, of folid ftone. ptions here of various names I view'd, reater part by hoftile time fubdu'd ; ide was forcad their fame in ages paft, soets once had promis'd they should last. fresh engrav'd, appear'd of wits renown'd; 'd again, nor could the trace be found. ; I faw that other names deface, ix their own, with labour, in their place : own, like others, foon their place refign'd, appear'd, and left the first behind. as the work impair'd by ftorms alone, :It th'approaches of too warm a fun ; me, impatient of extremes, decays ore by envy than excels of praife. art no injuries of heav'n could feel, :ryftal, faithful to the graving fteel : ock's high fummit, in the temple's shade, eat could melt, nor beating ftorm invade. names infcrib'd unnumber'd ages paft time's first birth, with time itfelf shall laft; ever new, nor fubject to decays, I, and grow brighter with the length of

days.

Lembla's rocks (the beauteous work of frost) vhite in air, and glitter o'er the coaft; uns, unfelt, at distance roll away, on th'impaffive icc the lightnings play; al fnows the growing mais fupply he bright mountains prop th'incumbent fky : tlas fix'd, each hoary pile appears ather'd winter of a thousand years. is foundation Fame's high temple stands; ndous pile ! not rear'd by mortal hands. c'er proud Rome or artful Greece beheld, ler Babylon, its frame excell'd. faces had the dome, and ev'ry face rious structure, but of equal grace : brazen gates, on columns lifted high, the diff rent quarters of the fky. fabled chiefs, in darker ages born, orthics old, whom arms or arts adorn, cities rais'd, or tam'd a monstrous race, valls in venerable order grace : s in animated marble frown, egiflators feem to think in ftone. :ftward, a fumptuous frontispicce appear'd, oric pillars of white marble rear'd, a'd with an architrave of antique mold, culpture rifing on the roughen'd gold. ggy fpoils here Thefeus was beheld, Perfeus dreadful with Minerva's fhield :

There great Alcides, ftooping with his toil, Refts on his Club, and holds th'Hefperian fpoil: Here Orpheus fings; trees moving to the found, Start from their roots, and form a fhade around: Amphion there the loud creating lyre Strikes, and beholds a fudden Thebes afpire! Cythæron's echoes anfwer to his call, And half the mountain rolls into a wall : There might you fee the length'ning fpires afcend, The domes fwell up, the wid'ning arches bend, The growing tow'rs, like exhalations rife, And the huge columns heave into the fkies.

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The Eastern front was glorious to behold, With di'mond flaming, and Barbaric gold. There Ninus fhouc, who fpread th'Asiyrian fame, And the great founder of the Persian name : There, in long robes, the royal Magi fland; Grave Zoroafter waves the circling wand : The fage Chaldeans, rob'd in white, appear'd, And Brachmans, deep in defart woods rever'd. These ftopp'd the moon, and call'd th'unbody'd

fhades To midnight banquets in the glimmering glades; Made vifionary fabrics round them rife, And airy fpectres fkim before their eyes; Of Talifmans and Sigils knew the pow'r, And careful watch'd the planetary hour. Superior, and alone, Confucius flood, Who taught that ufeful feience, to be good.

But on the South, a long majeftic race Of Egypt's priefts the gilded niches grace, Who meafur'd earth, deferib'd the ftarry fpheres, And trac'd the long records of lunar years. High on his car Sefoftris ftruck my view, Whom fcepter'd flaves in golden harnefs drew : His hands a bow and pointed jav'lin hold ; His giant limbs are arm'd in feales of gold. Between the ftatues obelifks were plac'd, And the learn'd walls with hieroglyphics grac'd.

Of Gothic structure was the northern fide, O'crwrought with ornaments of barb'rous pride. There huge Coloffus rofe, with trophies crown'd; And Runic characters were grav'd around. There fat Zamolxis with creeted eyes; And Odin here in mimic trances dies. There, on rude iron columns, fmear'd with blood, The horrid forms of Scythian heroes flood, Druids and Bards (their once loud harps unftrung) And youths that dy'd to be by poets fung Thefe, and a thousand more of doubtful fame, To whom old fables gave a lafting name, In ranks adorn'd the Temple's outward face ; The wall in luftre and effect like glafs, Which o'er each object cafting various dyes, Enlarges fome, and others multiplies : Nor void of emblem was the mystic wall; For thus romantic Fame increases all.

The Temple shakes, the founding gates unfold, Wide vaults appear, and roofs of fretted gold: Rais'd on a thousand pillars, wreath'd around With laurel foliage, and with eagles crown'd: Of bright transparent beryl were the walls, The freezes gold, and gold the expitals: As heav'n with stars, the roof with jewels glows And ever-living lamps depend in rows. Full in the passage of each spacious gate, The fage Hiftorians in white garments wait . Grav'd o'er their feats the form of Time was found, His feythe revers'd, and both his pinions bound. Within flood Heroes, who thro' loud alarms In bloody fields purfu'd renown in arms. High on a throne, with trophies charg'd, I view'd The Youth that all things but himfelf fubdu'd ; His feet on sceptres and tiaras trod, And his horn'd head bely'd the Libyan God. There Cæfar, grac'd with both Minei vas, thone; Cæfar, the world's great mafter, and his own ; Unmov'd, superior still in ev'ry state. And fcarce detefted in his country's fate. But chief were those who not for empire fought, But with their toils their people's fafety bought. High o'er the reft Epaminondas ftood ; Timoleon, glorious in his brother's blood ; Bold Scipio, faviour of the Roman state; Great in his triumphs, in retirement great ; And wife Aurelius, in whofe well-taught mind With boundlets pow'r unbounded virtue join'd, His own strict judge, and patron of mankind.

Much full ring heroes next their honours claim; Thofe of lefs notiv, and lefs guilty fame, Fair Virtue's filent train: fupreme of thefe Here ever thines the gollike Socrates: He whom ungrateful Athens could expel, At all times juft, but when he fign'd the fhell: Here his abode the martyr'd Phoeion claims With Agis, not the laft of Spartan names: Unconquer'd Cato fhows the wound he tore; And Brutus his ill genius meets no more.

But in the centre of the hallow'd choir, Six pompous columns o'er the reft afpire ; Around the fhrine itfelf of Fame they ftand, Hold the chief honours, and the fane command; High on the first the mighty Homer thone ; Eternal adamant compos'd his throne ; Father of Verfe ! in holy fillets dreft, His filver beard way'd gently o'er his breaft; Tho' blind, a boldnets in his looks appears; In years he feem'd, but not impair'd by years, The wars of Troy were round the pillar feen : Here fierce Tydides wounds the Cyprian queen; Here Hector glorious from Patroclus' fall, Here dragg'd in triumph round the Trojan wall: Motion and life did ev'ry part infpire, Bold was the work, and prov'd the mafter's fire ; A ftrong expretiion most he feem'd t'affect, And here and there difclos'd a brave neglect.

Tros flam'd in burning gold, and o'er the throne Arm: and the Man in golden cyptics those. Four fwans fuftain a car of filver bright, With heads advanc'd, and pinions ftretch'd for flight:

Here, like fome furious prophet, Pindar rode, And feem'd to labour with th'infpiring God. Acrofs the harp a carelefs hand he flings, And boldly finks into the founding firings. The figur'd games of Greece the column grace; Neptune and Jove furvey the rapid race. The youths hang o'er their chariots as they run; The fiery fleeds feem flarting from the flone: The champions, in difforted poftures, threat; And all appear'd irregularly great. Here happy Horace tun'd th'Aulonian lyre

Here happy Horace tun'd th'Aufonian lyre To fweeter founds, and temper'd Pindar's fire: Pleas'd with Alczus' manly rage, t'infufe The fofter fpirit of the Sapphic Mufe. The polifh'd pillar diff'rent fculptures grace; A work outlafting monumental brafs. Here finiling Loves and Bacchanals appear; The Julian flar, and great Auguftus here. The Joves that round the infant post foread Myrtles and bays, hang hov'ring o'er his hesd.

Here, in a fhrine that caft a dazzling light, State fix'd in thought the mighty Stagirite; His facted head a radiant Zodiac crown'd, And various animals his fides furround; His piercing eves, erect, appear to view Superior worlds, and look all nature through. With equal rays immortal Tully fhone;

With equal rays immortal Tully fhome; The Roman roftra deck'd the conful's throne: Gath'ring his flowing robe, he feem'd to ftand In act to fpeak, and graceful ftretch'd his hand. Behind, Rome's genius waits with civic crowns. And the great Father of his country owns.

These massy columns in a circle rife, O'er which a pompous dome invades the fkies : Scarce to the top I ftretch'd my aching fight, So large it fpread, and fwell'd to fuch a height. Full in the midit proud Fame's imperial feat With jewels blaz'd, magnificently great ; The vivid em'ralds there revive the eye; The flaming rubies flow their fanguine dye, Bright azure rays from lively fapphires ftream, And lucid amber cafts a golden gleain. With various-colour'd light the pavement flow, And all on fire appear'd the glowing throne; The dome's high arch reflects the mingled blaze, And forms a rainbow of alternate rays. When on the Goddefs first I caft my fight, Scarce feem'd her flature of a cubit's height ; But fwell'd to larger fize, the more I gaz'd, Till to the roof her tow'ring front the rais'd. With her, the temple ev'ry moment grew; And ampler viftas open'd to my view : Upward the columns fhoot, the roofs afcend, And arches widen, and long ifles extend. Such was her form, as ancient bards have told, Wings raife her arms, and wings her feet infold; A thoufand bufy tongues the Goddefs bears, And thousand open eyes, and thousand list ning Beneath, in order rang'd, the tuneful Nine [cars. (Her virgin handmaids) ftill attend the fhrins : With eyes on Fame for ever fix'd, they fing; For Fame they raife the voice, and rune the fring

time's first birth began the heav'nly lays, aft, eternal, thro' the length of days. ound these wonders as I cast a look, rumpet founded, and the temple fhook ; ill the nations, fummon'd at the call, diffrent quarters fill the crowded hall : ious tongues the mingled founds were heard; ious garbs promifcuous throngs appear'd; : as the bees, that with the fpring renew flow'ry toils, and fip the fragrant dew, I the wing'd colonies first tempt the fky, lufky fields and fhaded waters fly, tling, feize the fweets the bloffoms yield, a low murmur runs along the field. ons of fuppliant crowds the fhrine attend, all degrees before the Goddess bend; poor, the rich, the valiant and the fage, boafting youth, and narrative old age. · pleas were diff'rent, their request the fame : ood and bad alike are fond of Fame.

fhe difgrac'd, and fome with honours e fuccesses equal merits found. [crown'd; her blind fifter, fickle Fortune, reigns, undiforming, featters crowns and chains. ft at the fhrine the learned world appear, to the Goddess thus prefer their pray'r : have we fought t'instruct and please mankind ftudies pale, with midnight vigils blind; hank'd by few, rewarded vet by none, here appeal to thy fuperior throne : rit and learning the just prize bestow ; rame is all we must expect below. ie Goddels heard, and bade the Mules rails golden trumpet of cternal praife : pole to pole the winds diffuse the found fills the circuit of the world around ; ill at once, as thunder breaks the cloud notes at first were rather fweet than loud: ift degrees they ev'ry moment rife, he wide earth, and gain upon the fkies. r'ry breath were balmy odours thed, ch ftill grew fweeter as they wider fpread; fragrant fcents th'unfolding role exhales, ices breathing in Arabian gales. ext thefe the good and juft, an awful train, s on their knees addrefs the facred fane. living virtue is with envy curs'd, the beft men are treated like the worft, hou, just Goddefs, call our merits forth, give each deed th'exact intrinsic worth. with bare juffice thall your act be crown'd I Fame) but high above defert renown'd : uller notes th'applauding world amaze, the loud clarion labour in your praife. his band difmifs'd, behold another crowd ir the fame requeft, and lowly bow'd; conftant tenour of whofe well-fpent days :fs deferv'd a just return of praise. traight the direful trump of flander founds ; o' the big dome the doubling thunder bounds; I as the burft of cannon rends the fkies, dire report thro' ev'ry region flies ; 'ry ear inceffant humours rung, gath'ring fcandals grew on ev'ry tongue.

From the black trumpet's ruity concave broke Sulphureous flames, and clouds of rolling fmoke: The pois'nous vapour blots the purple fkies, And withers all before it as it flies. [wore,

A troop came next, who crowns and armour And proud defiance in their looks they bore: For thee (they cry'd) amidft alarns and firife, We fail'd in tempefts down the ftream of life; For thee whole nations fill'd with flames and blood, And fwam to empire thro' the purple flood. Thofe ills we dar'd, thy infpiration own; What virtue feem'd, was done for thee alone. Ainbitious fools! (theQueen reply'd, and frown'd) Be all your acts in dark oblivion drown'd : There fleep forgot, with mighty tyrants gone, Your ftatues moulder'd, and your names un-

known ! [fight, A fudden cloud ftraight fnatch'd them from my And each majeftic phantom funk in night.

Then came the fmalleft tribe I yet had feen; Plain was their drefy, and modeft was their miea. Great idol of mankind ! we neither claim The praife of merit, nor afpire to fame ! But fafe in defarts from th'applaufe of men, Would die unheard of, as we liv'd unfeen. 'Tis all we beg thee, to conceal from fight Thofe acts of goodnefs which themfelves requite. O let us ftill the fecret joy partake, To follow virtue ev'n for virtue's fake.

And live there men who flight immortal fame? Who then with incenfe shall adore our name? But, mortals! know, 'tis still our greatest pride To blaze those virtues which the good would hide. Rife! muses, rise! add all your tuneful breath; These must not sleep in darkness and in death. She faid: in air the trembling music floats, And on the winds triumphant swell the notes; So fost, tho' high, so loud, and yet so clear, Ev'n listing angels lean from heav'n to hear: To furthest thores th'ambrofial spirit flies, Sweet to the world, and grateful to the fkies.

Next thefe, a youthful train their vows ex-[drefs'd ; prefs'd, With feathers crown'd, with gay embroid'ry Hither, they cry'd, direct your eyes, and fee The men of pleafure, drefs, and gallantry Ours is the place at banquets, balls, and plays; Sprightly our nights, polite are all our days; Courts we frequent, where 'tis our pleafing care To pay due vilits, and addrefs the fair : In fact, 'tis true, no nymph we could perfuade, But still in fancy vanquish'd ev'ry maid Of unknown ducheffes lewd tales we tell ; Yet, would the world believe us, all were well. The joy let others have, and we the name; And what we want in pleasure, grant in fame.

The queen affents, the trumpet rends the fkies, And at each blaft a lady's honour dies. [preft Pleas'd with the ftrange fuccefs, vaft numbers Around the fhrine, and made the fame requeft : What you (fhe cry'd) unlearn'd in arts to pleasfe, Slaves to yourfelves, and ev'n fatigu'd with eafe, Who lofe a length of undeferving days, Would you usurp the lover's dear-bought praife In human works, tho' labour'd on with pain, A thoufand movements fearce one purpose gain; In God's, one fingle can its end produce; Yet ferves to fecond too fome other use; So man, who here seems principal alone, Perhaps acts fecond to fome sphere unknown, Touches some wheel, or verges to some goal; 'Tis but a part we see, and not a whole.

When the proud fleed fhall know why man reftrains

His fiery courfe, or drives him o'er the plains; When the dull ox, why now he breaks the clod, Is now a victima, and now Egypt's god : Then fhall man's pride and dulnefs comprehend His actions', paffions', being's, ufe and end; Why doing, fuff'ring, check'd, impell'd; and why This hour a flave, the next a deity.

Then fay not man's imperfect, Heav'n in fault; Say rather, man's as perfect as he ought: His knowledge meafur'd to his flate and place; His time a moment, and a point his fpace. If to be perfect in a certain fphere, What matter, foon or late, or here or there; The bleft to day is as completely fo As who began a thoufand years ago. [Fate;

Heav'n from all creatures hides the book of All but the page preferib'd, their prefent flate : From brutes what men, from men what fpirits Or who could fuffer Being here below? [know; The lamb thy riot dooms to bleed to-day, Had he thy Reafon, would he fkip and play? Pleas'd to the laft, he crops the flow'ry food, And licks the hand juft rais'd to fhed his blood. Oh blindnefs to the future! kindly giv'n, That each may fill the circle mark'd by Heav'n: Who fees with equal eye, as God of all, A hero perifh or a fparrow fall; Atoms or fyftems into ruin hurl'd; And now a bubble burft, and now a world.

Hope humbly then; with trembling pinions foar;

Wait the great teacher Death, and God adore. What future blifs he gives not thee to know, But gives that Hope to be thy bleffing now. Hope fprings eternal in the Human breaft : Man never Is, but always To be bleft, The foul uneaty, and confin'd from home, Refts and expatiates in a life to come.

Lo, the poor Indian ! whofe untutor'd mind Sees God in clouds, or hears him in the wind; His foul proud fcience never taught to ftray, Far as the folar walk, or milky way; Yet fimple nature to his hope has giv'n, Behind the cloud-topt hill, an humbler heav'n; Some fafer world in depth of woods embrac'd. Some happier ifland in the wat'ry wafte, Where flaves once more their native land behold; No fiends torment, no Christians thirst for gold. To Be, contents his natural defire; He afks no Angel's wing, no Seraph's fire; But thinks, admitted to that equal fky, His faithful dog shall bear him company. Go, wifer thou ! and in thy fcale of fenie, Weigh thy Opinion against Providence;

Call imperfection what thou fancy'ft fuch a Say here he gives too little, there too much: Deftroy all creatures for support or guft, Yet cry, If Man's unhappy, God's unjuft; If Man alone ingrois not Heav'n's high care, Alone made perfect here, immortal there : Snatch'd from his hand the balance and the rod, Re-judge his justice, be the God of God. In Pride, in reasining Pride, our error lies; All quit their fphere, and rufh into the fkies. Pride still is aiming at the bleft abodes Men would be Angels, Angels would be Gods Afpiring to be Gods, if Angels fell, Afpiring to be Angels, Men rebel : And who but wifhes to invert the laws Of Order, fins against th'Eternal Cause. Afk for what end the heav'nly bodies thine? Earth for whole use?--Pride answers, " 'Tisfor mine :

" For me kind Nature wakes her genial pow'r,

- " Suckles cach herb, and fpreads out ev'ry flow'r;
- " Annual for me, the grape, the role renew
- " The juice nectareous, and the balmy dew;
- " For me, the mine a thousand treasures brings
- " For me, health gushes from a thousand springs;
- " Seas roll to waft me, funs to light me rife; " My foot-ftool earth, my canopy the fkies."
- But errs not Nature from this gracious end,
- From burning funs when livid deaths defend, When earthquakes fivallow, or when tempels fweep
- Towns to one grave, whole Nations to the deep? " No ('tis reply'd) the first Almighty Caufe
- " Acts not by partial, but by gen'ral laws;
- " Th'exceptions few; fome change fince all began :
- And what created perfect!'—Why then Man? If the great end be human Happinefs, Then Nature deviates; and can Man do lefs? As much that end a conflant courfe requires Of fhow'rs and funfhine, as of Man's defires; As much eternal firings and cloudlefs fkies, As men for ever temp'rate calm and wife. [igs. If plagues or earthquakes break not Heav'n's de-Why then a Borgia, or a Catiline ? [forma, Who knows but He, whofe hand the lightning Who heaves old Ocean, and who wings the florms, Or turns young Ammon loofe to fcourge mmb-
- kind ? [ipring? From pride, from pride, our very reas'aing Account for moral as for nat'ral things: Why charge we Heav'n in thofe, in thefeaquit? In both, to reafon right, is to fubmit. Better for us, perhaps, it might appear, Were there all harmony, all virtue here; That never air or occan felt the wind; That never paffion difcompos'd the mind. But all fubfifts by elemental ftrife; And paffions are the elements of Life. The gen'ral order, fince the whole began, Is kept in Nature, and is kept in Man. [for,
- What would this Man? Now upward will be And little lefs than Angel, would be more!

looking downwards, just as griev'd appears ant the ftrength of bulls, the fur of bears. for his use all creatures if he call, hat their ufe, had he the pow'rs of all ? e to these, without profusion, kind, roper organs, proper pow'rs ailign'd ; feeming want compensated of course, with degrees or fwiftnefs, there of force; "exact proportion to the ftate; ng to add, and nothing to abate. beaft, each infect, happy in its own : w'n unkind to Man, and Man alone? he alone, whom rational we call, as'd with nothing, if not bleft with all? : blifs of man (could Pride that bleffing find) to act or think beyond mankind ; w'rs of body or of foul to thare, hat his nature and his flate can bear. has not man a microfcopic eye? is plain reason, Man is not a Fly. hat the use, were finer optics giv'n eet a mite, not comprehend the heav'n? ch, if tremblingly alive all o'er, art and agonize at ev'ry pore ? ick effluvia darting thro' the brain, a refe in aromatic pain ? ire thunder'd in his op'ning ears, :unn'd him with the mufic of the fpheres would he wish that Heav'n had left him still vhifp'ring Zephyr, and the purling rill ! finds not Providence all good and wife, in what it gives and what denies ? as Creation's ample range extends, ale of fenfual, mental pow'rs alcends : how it mounts to Man's imperial race, the green myriads in the peopled grafs : modes of fight betwixt each wide extreme, ole's dim curtain and the lynx's beam : :ll, the headlong lionefs between, ound fagacious on the tainted green : ring, from the life that fills the flood, it which warbles through the vernal wood? nder's touch, how exquisitely fine! it each thread, and lives along the line : nice bee what fenfe fo fubtly true pois'nous herbs extracts the healing dew l fiftinct varies in the grov'ling fwine, r'd half-reas'ning elephant, with thine ? that and Reafon, what a nice barrier ? r sep'rate, yet for ever near 1 ibrance and Reflection how ally'd; hin partitions Senfe from Thought divide! iddle natures how they long to join, ver pafs th'infuperable line ut this just gradation could they be ed, these to those, or all to thee? w'rs of all fubdu'd by thee alone, hy Reafon all these pow'rs in one? hro' this air, this ocean, and this earth, tter quick, and buifting into birth. how high progrefive life may go ! L, how wide ! how deep extend below ! ain of being ! which from God began; : ethercal, human, angel, man,

Beaft, bird, fifh, infect, what no eye can fee, No glafs can reach ; from Infinite to thee, From thee to Nothing.—On fuperior pow'rs Were we to prefs, inferior might on ours: Or in the full creation leave a void, Where one fleep broken, the great fcale's deftroy'd:

From Nature's chain whatever link you firike, Tenth, or ten thoufandth, breaks the chain alike.

And, if each fystem in gradation roll Alike effential to th'amazing Whole, The least confusion but in one, not all That fystem only, but the Whole must fall. Let earth unbalane'd from her orbit fly, Planets and Suns run lawlefs thro' the fky; Let ruling Angels from their fpheres be hurl'd, Being on Being wreck'd, and world on world; Heav'n's whole foundations to their centre nod, Aud nature trembles to the throug of God. All this dread Order break — for whom ? for

thee? Vile worm ' oh Madnefs! Pride! Impiety! What if the foot, ordain'd the duft to tread, Or hand, to toil, afpir'd to be the head? What if the head, the eye, or ear repin'd To ferve mere engines to the ruling Mind? Juft as abfurd for any part to claim To be another in this gen'ral frame; Juft as abfurd, to mourn the tafks or pains The great directing Mind of all ordains.

All are but parts of one fupendous whole, Whole body Nature is, and God the foul; That chang'd thro' all, and yet in all the fame; Great in the carth as in th'ethereal frame; Warms in the fun, refreshes in the breeze, Glows in the fars, and bloßoms in the trees; Lives thro all life, extends thro' all extent; Spreads undivided, operates unspent; Breathes in our foul, informs our mortal part As full, as perfect, in a hair as heart; As full, as perfect, in vile Man that mourns, As the rapt Seraph that adores and burns « To him no high, no low, no great, no fmall; He fills, he bounds, connects, and equals all.

Ccafe then, nor Order imperfection name : Our proper blifs depends on what we blame. Know thy own point : This kind, this due degree Of blindnefs, weaknefs, Heav'n beftows on thee, Submit — In this, or any other fphere, Secure to be as bleft as thou canft bear : Safe in the hand of one difpofing Pow'r, Or in the natal, or the mortal hour. All nature is but art unknown to thee; All Chance, Direction, which thou canft not fee; All Difcord, Harmony not underflood; All partial Evil, univerfal Good : And, fpite of Pride, in erring Reafon's fpite, One truth is clear, Whatever is, is right.

ARGUMENT OF EPISTLE II.

Of the Nature and State of Man with refrect to Himfelf, as an Individual.

The bufinefs of Man not to pry into God, but to fludy Himfelf. His Middle Nature : his Powers and O Frainces. Froilies. - T.e Limits of his Capacity. - The two Principles of Man, Self-love and Reafon, bolh ner-Wary. - Self-love the fironger, and | Deduct but what is Vanity or Dreis, why .- Their end the fame. - The Paffiens, and their ute. - The Presisminant Passon, and its | force.-Its Neceffay, in directing Men to different Purpojes .- Its providential Uje, in fixing our Principle, and alcert uning our Virtue-Virtue and Vice joined in our mixed Nature; the limits near, yet the things feparate and evi-dent. What is the Office of Reafon.—How olious Vice in itjeif, and how we decrive our-Jelves into it.-That, however, the Ends of Providence and general Good are answered in our Pattens and Imperfections .- How wfefully theje are distributed to all Orders of Men. -How wieful they are to Society- And to Individuals - In every flate, and every age of life.

EPISTLE II.

KNOW then thy felf, prefume not God to fcan, The proper fludy of Mankind is Man. Plac'd on this itthmus of a middle fiate, A being darkly wife, and rudely great : With too much knowledge for the Sceptic fide, With too much weaknet's for the Stoic's pride, He hangs between ; in doubt to act or reft ; In doubt to deem himfelf a God or Beaft ; In doubt his Mind or Body to prefer, Born but to die, and reasining but to err ; Alike in ignorance, his reafon fuch, Whether he thinks too little or too much : Chaos of Thought and Paffion, all confusid; Still by himfelf abus'd or difabus'd ; Created half to tile, and half to fall; Great lord of all things, yet a prey to all ; Sole judge of Truth, in endlefs Error hurl'd: The glory, jeft, and ridile of the world !

Go, wond'rous creature! mount where Science gnides;

Go, incuffice earth, weigh air, and flate the tides; Instruct the planets in what orbs to run, Correct old Time, and regulate the Sun ; Go, four with Plato to th'empyreal fphere, To the fird good, full periot, and failt fair; Or tread the name cound his follow'rs trod, And quinlog fease, call initating God; As materic prietts in galdy circles run, And the a their heads to inditate the Sun. Go, usch Larnel Wildom how to rule -Then drop more invielf, and be a fool !

Smerror beings, when of late they faw A merror M in bound all Nature's law, A fairth is to wallow in an cortaly flage, And the vid a Newton as we thew an Ape.

Could he, whole rules the rapid Comet hind, Deferiles or fix one is summent of his Mind ? Who faw its first here Me, and there defeend, Explain his own beginning, or his end ? Alas, what wonder I. Muit's function part Unchecked man alte, and climb from art to art; Bet when his or a goot work is but Legue, D har Remon weaver, by Pallion is undone.

Trace Science then, with Modelty thy guide First frip off all her equipage of Pride; Or Learning's Luxury, or Idlenefs ; Or tricks to fhew the ftretch of human brain, Mere curious pleafure, or ingenious pain; Expange the whole, or lop th'excretcent parts Of all our vices have created Arts; Then fee how little the remaining fum, Which ferv'd the paft, and must the time to come!

Two Principles in human nature reign; Self-love to urge, and Reafon to reftrain ; Nor this a good, nor that a bad we call, Each works its end, to move or govern all : And to their proper operation ftill. Afcribe all Good ; to their improper, Ill.

Self-love, the fpring of motion, acts the foul; Reaton's comparing balance rules the whole. Man, but for that, no action could attend ; And, but for this, were active to no end: Fix'd like a plant on his peculiar fpot, To draw nutrition, propagate and rot : Or, metcor-like, flame lawlets thro' the void, Deftroying others, by himfelf deftroy'd. Most firength the moving principle requires Active its tafk, it prompts, impels, infpires. Sedute and quict the comparing lies ; Form'd but to check, delib'rate, and advife. Self-love, still stronger, as its object's nigh; Reafon's at diftance, and in profpect lie : That fees immediate good by prefent fenfe; Reafon, the future and the confequence. Thicker than arguments, temptations throng; At beft more watchful this, but that more frome. The action of the ftronger to fufpend, Reaton still ufe, to Reaton still attend. Attention, habit, and experience gains; Each firengthens Reafon, and Self-love refirains. Let fubile schoolmen teach these friends to fight, More studious to divide than to unite; And Grace and Virtue, Senfe and Reafon fpit, With all the rafh dexterity of wit. Wits, just like Fools, at war about a name, Have full as of: no meaning, or the fame. Self-love and Reafon to one end afpire; Pain their averfion, Picafure their defire : But greedy That, its object would devour : This take the honey, and not wound the funit: Pleafure, or wrong or rightly understood, Our greateft evil. or our greateft good. .

Modes of Self-love the Paffions we may cal: 'Tis real good, or feeming, moves them all: But fince not ev'ry good we can divide, And Reaton bids us for our own provide; Pathons, the' fellille, if their means be fair, Lift under Reafon, and deferve her care ; Those, that imparted, court a nobler aim, East their kind, and take forme Virtue's azers

In lazy Apathy let Stoics boaft Their Virtue fix'd ; 'tis fix'd as in a froft ; Contracted all, retiring to the breaft ; But firength of mind is Exercife, not Reff : The riting tempest puts in act the foul ; Parts it may ravage, but proferves the whole 's vaft ocean diverfely we fail, the card, but Paifion is the gale; d alone in the ftill calm we find; ints the ftorm, and walks upon the wind. ous, like elements, tho' born to fight, x'd and foften'd, in his work unite : tis enough to temper and employ; at compoles Man, can Man deftroy? that Reafon keep to Nature's road, , compound them, follow her and God. Hope, and Joy, fair Pleafure's fimiling train;

'car, and Grief, the family of Pain. nixt with art, and to due bounds confin'd, ind maintain the balance of the mind : tts and fhades, whole well accorded ftrife I the ftrength and colour of our life. fures are ever in our hands or eyes; hen in act they ceale, in prospect rife : to grafp, and future still to find, nole employ of body and of mind. cad their charms, but charm not all alike ; 'rent fenfes diff'rent objects ftrike ; diff'rent Paffions more or lefs inflame, ng or weak the organs of the frame; nce one matter Pallion in the breaft, aron's ferpent, fwallows up the reft. 1an, perhaps, the moment of his breath, s the lurking principle of death; ung difeafe, that must fubdue at length, with his growth, and ftrengthens with his ftrength :

and mingled with his very frame, ind's difeafe, its ruling pation came; tal humour which thould feed the whole, ows to this, in body and in foul: ver warms the heart, or fills the head, mind opens, and its functions sprcad, ation plics her dang'rous art, urs it all upon the peccant part. re its mother, Habit is its nurle; irit, faculties, but make it worfe; itfelf but gives it edge and pow'r; "n's bleft beam turns vinegar more four. wretched fubjects, tho' to lawful fway, weak queen, fome fav'rite ftill obey : fhe lend not arms, as well as rules, an fhe more than tell us we are fools? as to mourn our nature, not to mend; secufer, but a helplefs friend ! 1 a judge turn pleader, to perfuade oice we make, or justify it made, of an eafy conqueft all along, removes weak paffions for the ftrong : in fmall humours gather to a gout, Ctor fancies he has driv'n them out. nature's road muft ever be preferr'd; is here no guide, but ftill a guard; s to rectify, not overthrow, at this pallion more as friend than foe; tier Pow'r the ftrong direction fends, "ral men impels to fev'ral ends :

rying winds, by other pathons toft, ives them confight to a certain coaft. Let pow'r or knowledge, gold or glory pleafe, Or (oft more firong than all) the love of eale; Thro' life 'tis follow'd, ev'n at life's expence; The merchant's toil, the fage's indolence, The monk's humility, the hero's pride; All, all alike, find Reafon on their fide.

Th'Eternal Art educing good from ill, Grafts on this pathon our beft principle: 'Tis thus the Mercury of Man is fix'd, Strong grows the Virtue with his nature mix'd; The drofs cements what elfe were too refin'd, And in one int'reft body acts with mind.

As fruits, ungrateful to the planter's care, On favage flocks inferted, learn to bear; The fureft Virtues thus from palfions floot, Wild Nature's vigour working at the root. What corps of wit and honefly appear From fpleen, from obflinacy, hate, or fear ! See Anger, zeal and fortitude fupply; Ev'n Av'rice, prudence; Sloth, philofophv; Luft, thro' fome certain ftrainers, well refia'd, Is gentle love, and charms all womankind; Envy, to which th'ignoble mind's a flave, Is enulation in th'learn'd or brave; Nor Virtue, male or female, can we name, But what will grow on Pride, or grow on Shame.

Thus Nature gives us (let it check our pride) The virtue nearcft to our vice ally'd: Reaton the bias turns to good from ill, And Nero reigns a Titus, if he will. The fiery foul abhorr'd in Catiline, In Decius charms, in Curtius is divine: The fame ambition can deftroy or fave, And makes a patriot as it makes a knave. This light and darknefs in our chaos join'd,

What shall divide ? The God within the mind.

Extremes in Nature equal ends produce; In man they join to fome mysterious ufs; Tho' each by turns the other's bounds invade, As, in fome well wrought picture, light and fhade, And oft fo mix, the diffrence is too nice Where ends the Virtue or begins the Vice.

Fools ! who from hence into the notion fall, That Vice or Virtue there is none at all. If white and black blend, foften, and unite A thousand ways, is there no black and white ? Afk your own heart, and nothing is fo plain; 'Tis to mistake them costs the time and pain.,

Vice is a monfter of fo frightful micn, As, to be hated, needs but to be fcen; Yet feen too oft, familiar with her face, We first endure, then pity, then embrace. But where th'Extreme of Vice, was ne'er agreed? Afk where's the North ? At York, 'us on the Tweed;

In Sectland, at the Orcades; and there, At Greenland, Zembla, or the Lord knows where. No creature owns it in the first degree, But thinks his neighbour further gone than he: Ev'n those who dwell beneath its very zone, Or never feel the rage, or never own; What happier nature thrinks at with affright, The hard inhabitant contends is right.

0 2

Virnous

Virtuous and vicious ev'ry Man muft be; Few in th'extreme, but all in the degree: The rogue and fool, by fits, is fdir and wife ; And ev'n the beft, by fits, what they defpile. 'Tis but by parts we follow good or ill ; For, Vice or Virtue, Self directs it fill; Each individual fecks a fey'ral godl; But Heaven's great view is One, and that the Whole :

That counterworks each folly and caprice; That difappoints th'effect of ev'ry vice; That, happy fructies to all ranks apply'd: Shame to the virgin, to the matron pride, Fear to the flat finan, rafinels to the churf. To kings prefumption, and to crowds belief: That, Virtue's ends from vanity can raife, Which feeks no int'reft, no reward but praife; And build on want, and on defects of mind, The joy, the pcace, the glory of Mankind.

Heav'n forming each on other to depend, A mafter, or a forwart, or a friend, Bids each on other for affittance call, Till one Man's weakness grows the ftrength of all.

Wants, frailties, paffions, clofer fill ally The common int/reft, or endear the tie. To thele we owe true friendthip, love fincere, Each home-felt joy that life inherits here; Yet from the fame we learn in its decline, Thofe joys, those loves, those intrefts to refign; Taught half by Reafon, half by mere decay, To welcome death, and calmly pafs away.

Whate'er the Pafiion, knowledge, fame, or pelf,

Not one will change his neighbour with himfelf. The learn'd is happy nature to explore; The fool is happy that he knows no more; The rich is happy in the plenty giv'n; The poor contents him with the care of Heav'n. See the blind beggar dance, the cripple fing, The fot a hero, lumatic a king; The farving chemift in his golden views Supremely bleft; the poet in his Mufe. See fome fitrange comfort ev'ry flate attend, And pride beflow'd on all, a common friend : See fome fit paffich ev'ry age fupply; Hope travels thro', nor quits us when we die.

Behold the child, by nature's kindly law, Pleas'd with a rattle, tickl'd with a fliaw : Some livelier plaything gives his youth delight, A l'ttle louder, but as empty quite : Scalls, garters, gold, amufe his riper flage, And beels and pray'r-boolss are the toys of age: Pleas'd with this bauble full, as that before ; Till tir'd he fleeps, and life's poor play is o'er. Meany hile Optation gilds with varying rays Those painted clouds that beautify our days 1 Each want of Happinels by Hope fupply'd, And each vacuity of fenfe by Pride: There build as fail as knowledge can deftroy ; to folist cap dill laughs the bubble, Joy ; One protped loft, another ftill we gain ; 5-d per a capaty is giv a in vala.

Ev'n mean Self-love becomes by force divine, The fcale to measure others wants by thine. See ! and confess, one comfort still must rife; 'Tis this, Tho' Man's a fool, yet God is wife.

ARGUMENT OF EPISTLE III.

Of the Nuture and State of Man, with refeel u Society.

The whole Universe one system of Society .- No thing made subolly for itfelf, nor yet wholly another. — The happinefs of Animals mutual. Reason or Instinct operate alike to the good of each Individual. Reason or Instinct operate alfo to Society in all animals .- How far Stciety curried by infline. - How much farther to Reason .- Of that which is called the State of Nature .- Reafon infiruded by Infind into Invention of Arts, and in the Forms of Society. -Origin of Political Societies.-Origin of Ma narchy .--- Patriarchal Government .---Origin of true Religion and Government, from the fa prin iple of Love.-Origin of Superfition and Tyranny, from the fame principle of Rem.-The Influence of Self-love operating to the fo-cial and public Good. - Refloration of true Religion and Government on their first Principle. -Mixt Government.-Various Ferms of each and the true end of all.

EPISTLE III.

* HERE then we reft: ' The Univerfal Casef ' Afts to one end, but afts by various laws.' In all the madnets of fuperfluous health, The train of pride, the impudence of wealth, Let this great truth be prefent night and day; But most be prefent, if we preach or prav.

Look round our World ; behold the chain of Combining all below and all above. [Lon See plaftic Nature working to this end; The fingle atoms each to other tend; Attract, attracted to the next in place, Form'd and impell'd its neighbour to embrace. Sce matter next with various life endu'd, Prefs to one centre still, the gen'ral Good, See dying Vegetables life fuffain, See life diffolving vegetate again : All forms that perifh other forms fupply (By turns we catch the vital breath, and die) Like bubbles on the fea of Matter borne. They rile, they break, and to that fea return. Nothing'is foreign; Parts relate to whole; One all-extending, all-preferving Soul Connects each being, greateft with the leaft; Made Beaft in aid of Man, and Man of Beaft; All ferv'd, all ferving; nothing flands alone; The chain holds on, and where it ends unknews

Has God, thou fool ! work'd folely for thy Thy joy, thy patime, thy attire thy food ?[gool, Who for thy table feeds the wanton fawa, For him as kindly fpread the flow'ry lawn: Is it for the the lark afcends and fings? Joy tunes his voice, joy clevates his wing.

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or thee the linnet pours his throat ? of his own and raptures fwell the note. sounding fleed you pompoully beftride, s with his lord the pleature and the pride. ic alone the feed that ftrews the plain ? pirds of heav'n fhall vindicate their grain. : the full harvest of the golden year? ays, and juftly, the deferving fleer : log, that plows not, nor obeys thy call, on the labours of his lord of all. ow, Nature's children shall divide her care; ur that warms a monarch warm'd a bear. : Man exclaims, 'See all things for my ufe!' man for mine !" replies a painper'd goofe. uft as thost of reason he must fall, thinks all made for one, not one for all. t that the pow'rful ftill the weak controul; in the Wit and Tyrant of the whole :

that Tyrant checks; he only knows, elps another creature's wants and woes. ill the falcon, ftooping from above, ith her varying plumage, fpare the dove ? es the jay the infect's gilded wings ? rs the hawk when Philomela fings ? ares for all : to birds he gives his woods. its his pastures, and to fith his floods; ne his int'reft prompts him to provide, re his pleafure yet for more his pride : d on one vain Patron, and enjoy infive bleffing of his luxury. ery life his learned hunger craves. is from famine, from the favage faves; afts the animal he dooms his feaft, Il he ends the being, makes it bleft; lees no more the ftroke, or feels the pain, avour'd Man by touch ethereal flain. ature had his featt of life before ; so mult perifh when thy feaft is o'er 1 1 unthinking being, Heav'n a friend, ot the ufelels knowledge of its end : n imparts it; but with fuch a view le he dreads it, makes him hope it too : ur conceal'd, and fo remote the fear, ill draws nearer, never feeming near. anding miracle ! that Heav'n affign'd thinking thing this turn of mind. ther with Reafon or with Inftinct bleft, Il enjoy that pow'r which fuits them beft; alike by that direction tend, d the means proportion'd to their end. cre full Initiact is th'uncrring guide, ope or Council can they need befide ? however able, cool at beft, ot for fervice, or but ferves when preft, I we call, and then not often near, est Instinct comes a volunteer, er to o'er fhoot, but just to lat; till too wide or fhort in human Wit; quick Nature happiness to gain, reavier Reaton labours at in vain.) ferves always, Reafon hever long; ft go right, the other n'my go wrong. the acting and comparing pow'rs heir nature, which are two in ours;

And Reason raise o'er Instinct as you can ; In this 'tis God directs, in that 'tis Man.

Who taught the nations of the field and wood To fhun their poifon, and to choole their food ? Prefeient, the tides or tempefts to withfrand, Build on the wave, or arch beneath their fand ? Who made the fpider parallels defign, Sure as De Moivre, without rule or line? Who bid the flork, Columbus-like, explore Heav'ns not his own, and worlds unknown before? Who calls the council, flates the certain day, Whoformsthephalanx, and whopoints the way?

God, in the nature of each being, founds Its proper blifs, and fets its proper bounds : But as he fram'd a Whole, the whole to blefs, On mutual Wants built mutual Happinets : So from the first, eternal order ran, And creature link'd to creature, man to man. Whate'er of life all-quick'mog ather keeps, Or breathes thro' air, or shoots beneath the

deeps, Or pours profuse on earth, one nature feeds

The vital flame, and fivells the genial feeds. Not man alone, but all that roam of wood, Or wing the fky, or roll along the flood, Each loves itfelf, but not itfelf alone; Each fex defires alike, till two are one. Nor ends the pleafure with the fierce embrace; They love themfelves, a third time, in their race. Thus beaft and bird their common charge attend;

The mothers nurfe it, and the fires defend; The young difmits'd to wander earth or air, There ftops the Inflinct, and there ends the care; The link diffolves, each feeks a freth embrace, Another love fucceeds, another race. A longer care Man's helplefs kind demands; That longer care contracts more lafting bands: Reflection, Reafon, ftill the ties improve, At once extend the int'reft, and the love : With choice we fix, with lympathy we burn; Each Virtue in each Pathon takes its turn; And still new needs, new helps, new habits rife, That grafts benevolence on charities. Still as one brood, and as another role, These nat'ral love maintain, habitual those : The last scarce ripen'd into perfect Man, Saw helplets him from whom their life began; Mem'ry and forecast just returns engage; That pointed back to youth, this on to age ; While pleafure, gratitude, and hope, combin'd, Still foread the int'reft, and preferv'd the kind.

Nor think, in Nature's State they blindly trod; The State of Nature was the reign of God. Self-love and focial at her birth began, Union the bond of all things, and of Man. Pride then was not; nor Arts, that Pride to aid; Man walk'd with beaft, joint tenant of the fhade; The fame his table, and the fame his bed No murder cloath'd him, and no murder fed. In the fame temple, the refounding wood, All vocal beings hvmn'd their equal God : The fhrine with gore unitain'd, with gold undreft. Unbrib'd, unbloody, frood the blamelels priett : Hoav'a'r

Heav'n's attribute was Universal Care, And man's prerogative to sule, but spare. Ah! how unlike the man of times to come ! Of half that live the butcher and the tomb; Who, foe to Nature, hears the gentral groan, Murders their fpecies, and betrays his own. But just difeafe to luxury fucceeds, And ev'ry death its own avenger breeds; The fury pathons from that blood began, And turn'd on Man a fiercer favage, Man.

See him from Nature rifing flow to Art ! To copy Infinct then was Reafon's part; Thus then to Man the voice of Nature fpake-"Go, from the Creatures thy inftructions take ! " Learn from the birds what food the thickets " vield ;

" Learn from the beafts the physic of the field ; " Thy arts of building from the bee receive ; " Learn of the mole to plow, the worm to weave; " Learn of the little Nautilus to fail, " Spread the thin oar, and catch the driving gale. " Here too all forms of focial union find, " And hence let Reafon, late, inftruct mankind : " Here fubterranean works and cities fee; " There towns aërial on the waving tree, " Learn each finall People's genius, policies, " The Ant's republic, and the realm of Bees ; " How those in common all their wealth bestow, " And Anarchy without confusion know; " And thefe for ever, the' a Monarch reign, " Their icp'rate cells and properties maintain. " Mark what unvary'd laws preferve each flate, " Laws wife as Nature, and as fix'd as Fate. " In vain thy Reafon finer webs fhall draw, " Entangled Juffice in her net of Law, " And right, too rigid, harden into wrong ; "Yet go ! and thus o'er all the creatures fway, | " Thus let the wifer make the reft obey : " And for those arts mere Inflinct could afford, Be crown'd as Monarchs, or as gods ador'd.' Great Nature fpoke ; obfervant Man obey'd ;

Cities were built, Societies were made : Here rofe one little fiate ; another near Grew by like means, and join'd, thro' love or fear. Did here the trees with ruddier burdens bend, And there the fireams in purer rill, defend ? What War could ravifh, Commerce could beftow, And he return'd a friend who came a foe. Converse and Love mankind might frongly draw, When Love was Liberty, and Nature Law. Thus flates were form'd; the name of king unknown.

Till common int'reft plac'd the fway in one. 'Twas Virtue only (or in arts or arms, Diffuting bleffings, or averting harms) The fame which in a Sire the Sons obev'd.

A Prince the Father of a Beople made.

Till then, by Nature crown'd, each Patriarch fate

King, prieft, and parent. of his growing flate ; On him, their fecond Providence, they hung; Their law his eve, their oracle his tongue. He from the wond'ring furrow call'd the food, Taught to command the fire, controul the flood,

Draw forth the monfters of th'abyfs profound, Or fetch th'aërial eagle to the ground. Till drooping, fick'ning, dying they began, Whom they rever'd as God, to mourn as Man: Then, looking up from fire to fire, explor'd One great First Father, and that first ador'd. Or plain tradition that this All begun, Convey'd unbroken faith from fire to fon ; 🤊 The worker from the work diftinct was known, And fimple Reafon never fought but one : Ere Wit oblique had brought that fleady light, Man, like his Maker, faw that all was right; To Virtue, in the paths of Pleafure trod, And own'd a Father when he own'd a God Love all the faith, and all th'allegiance then \$ For Nature knew no right divine in Men, No ill could fear in God; and underftood A Sov'reign being but a fov'reign good. True faith, true policy, united ran ;

That was but love of God, and this of Man. Who first taught fouls enflav'd, and realms un-Th'enormous faith of many made for one; [done, That proud exception to all Nature's laws, T'invert the world, and counterwork its Caufe? Force first made Conquest, and that Conquest, Till Superflition taught the Tyrant awe, [Law; Then fhar'd the Tyrany, then lent it aid, And Gods of Conqu'rors, Slaves of Subjects made : She, 'midft the lightning's blaze, and thunder's the ground, found. When rock'd the mountains, and when groan'd She taught the weak to bend, the proud to pray, To Pow'r unfeen, and mightier far than they She, from the rending earth, and burfting fkics, Saw Gods defcend, and fiends infernal rife : Here fix'd the dreadful, there the bleft abodes: " Still for the firong too weak, the weak too firong. | Fear made her Devils, and weak Hope her Gods; Gods partial, changeful, pallionate, unjuft, Whofe attributes were Rage, Revenge, or Luft ; Such as the fouls of cowards might conceive, And, form'd like tyrants, tyrants would believe. Zeal then, not charity, became the guide I And hell was built on fpite, and heav'n on pride. Then facred feem'd th'ethercal vault no more; Altars grew marble then, and reck'd with gore : Then first the Flamen tasted living food ; Next his grim idol fmear'd with human blood; With Heav'n's own thunders thook the world be-And play'd the God an engine on his foe. [low,

So drives felf love, thro' juft, and thro' unjuft; To one man's pow'r ambition, lucre, luft : The fame felf-love, in all, becomes the caufe Of what reftrains him, government and laws. For, what one likes, if others like as well, What ferves one will, when many wills rebel ? How shall he keep, what, fleeping or awake, A weaker may furprife, a ftronger take ? His fafety must his liberty restrain : All join'd to guard what each defires to gain. Forc'd into virtue thus, by felf-defence, Ev'n kings learn'd juffice and benevolence : Self-love forfook the path it first purfu'd, And found the private in the public good.

' I was then the fludious head or gen rous mind, Follow'r of God, or friend of human kind,

Poct

Poet or patriot, role but to reftore The faith and moral Nature gave before; Refum'd her ancient light, not kindled new ; If not God's image, yet his ihadow drew : Taught pow'r's due uic to people and to kings, Taught nor to flack, nor strain its tender strings; The lefs or greater, fet fo justly true, That touching one must strike the other too; Till jarring int'refts of themfelves create Th'according mulic of a well-mix'd state. Such is the world's great harmony, that fp;ings From order, union, full confent of things : Where finall and great, where weak and mighty, made

To ferve, not fuffer, ftrengthen, not invade; More pow'rful each as needful to the reft, And, in proportion as it bleffes, bleft; Draw to one point, and to one centre bring Beaft, man, or angel, fervant, lord, or king.

For forms of government let fools contest; Whate'er is beit administer'd is best : For modes of faith, let graceles zealots fight; His can't be wrong whole life is in the right : In faith and hope the world will difagree, But all mankind's concern is charity : All must be false that thwart this one great end; And all of God that blefs mankind, or mend. Man, like the gen'rous vine, fupported lives : The strength he gains is from th'embrace he gives. On their own axis as the planets run, Yct make at once their circle round the fun ; So two confistent motions act the foul; And one regards itfelf, and one the whole.

Thus God and Nature link'd the gen'ral frame, And bade felf-love and focial be the fame.

ARGUMENT OF EPISTLE IV.

Of the Nature and State of Man, with refpect to Huppinefs.

F. slfe Notions of Happines, Philosophical and Pe-pular-It is the End of all Men, and attainable by all-God intends Happiness to be equal; and to be fo, it must be focial, fince all particuiar Happiness depends on general, and fince he governs by general, not particular Laws -As it is neceffury for Order, and the peace and rve!fure of Society, that external goods fould be unequal, Happiness is not made to configl in theje, -But notwithstanding that inequality, the balance of Happiness among mankind is kept even by Providence, by the two Palfions of Hope and Fear-What the Happiness of Individuals is, as far as is confiftent z ith the conftitution of this svorld; and that the Good Man has here the advantage - The error of imputing to Virtue what are only the calamities of Nature or of Fortune-The folly of expecting that God should alter his general Laws in favour of particulars — That we are not judges who are good; but that whoever they are, they must be happieft - That eternal goods are not the proper rewards, but often inconfistent with, or destructive of, Virtue - That even thefe can make no Man happy without Virtue: Inflanced in Riches | If all are equal in their happineis;

-Honours-Nobility-Greatness-Fame-Superior Talents-With pictures of human infelicity in Men poffeffed of them all-That Virtue only conflitutes a Happinefs, whose object is univerfal, and whole prospect eternal - That the perfection of Virtue and Happiness confists in a conformity to the Order of Providence here, and a Refignation to it here and hercafter.

EPISTLE IV.

O HAPPINESS ! our being's end and aim ! Good, P cafure, Eafe, Content! whate'er thy name : That fomething still which prompts th'eternal For which we bear to live, or dare to die; [figh, Which still fo near us, yet beyond us lies O'erlook'd, feen double, by the fool and wife. Plant of celeftial feed ! if dropt below, Say, in what mortal foil thou deign'ft to grow ? Fair op'ning to fome Court's prepitious fhine, Or deep with di'monds in the fiaming mine ? Twin'd with the wreaths Parnafian laurels yield, Or reap'd in iron harvefts of the field ? [toi], Where grows? where grows it not? if vain our We ought to blame the culture, not the foil : Fix'd to no fpot is Happinet's fincere ; 'Tis nowhere to be found, or ev'rywhere : 'Tis never to be bought, but always free, [thee.

And fled from monarchs, St. John! dwells with Afk of the learn'd the way ? The learn'd are blind :

This bids to ferve, and that to fhun mankind ; Some place the blifs in action, fome in cafe; Those call it pleasure, and contentment these; Some, funk to beafts, find pleafure end in pain ; Some, fwell'd to gods, confeis ev'n virtue vain; Or indolent, to each extreme they fall, To truft in ev'ry thing, or doubt of all.

Who thus define it, fay they more or lefs Than this, that happinets is happinets ?

Take Nature's path, and mad opinions leave; All ftates can reach it, and all heads conceive ; Obvious her goods, in no extreme they dwell There needs but thinking right, and meaning well; And mourn our various portions as we pleafe, Equal is common fence and common cate.

Remember Man, " the universal caufe "Acts not by partial, but by gen'ral laws;" And makes what Happiness we justly call, Subfift not in the good of one, but all. There's not a bleffing individuals find, But fome way leans and hearkens to the kind; No bandit fierce, no tyrant mad with pride, No cavern'd hermit refts felf-fatisfy'd : Who most to shun or hate mankind pretend, Seek an admirer, or would fix a friend : Abstract what others feel, what others think, All pleafures ficken, and all glories fink : Each has his fhare; and who would more obtain, Shall find, the pleafure pays not half the pain.

Order is Heav'n's first law; and this confest, Some are, and must be, greater than the reft, More rich, more wife; but who infers from hence That such are happier, shocks all common sense. Heav'n to mankind impartial we confeis,

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But mutual wants this happinels increafe; A l nature's diff 'rence keeps all nature's peace. Condition, circumflance, is not the thing; Blifs is the fame in fubject or in king. Ia who obtain defence, or who defend, In him who is, or him who finds a triend : Heav'n breathes thro' ev'ry member of the whole One common bleffing, as one common foul. But fortune's gifts, if each alike poffelt, And each were equal, mult not all conteft? If then to all men hippinels was meant, God in externals could net place content.

Fortune her gifts may varioufly difpofe, And thefe be happy call'd, unhappy thofe; But Heav'n's juft balance equal will appear, While those are plac'd in hope, and thefe in fear: Not pretent good or ill, the joy or curfe; But future views of better, or of worfe.

Oh fons of earth ! attempt ve ftill to rife, By mountains pil'd on mountains, to the fkies ? Heav'n ftill with laughter the vain toil furveys, And buries madmen in the heaps they raife.

Know, all the good that individuals find, Or God and nature meant to mere mankind, Reafon's whole pleafure, all the joys of fente, Licin three words, Health, Peace, and Competence; But health confifts with temperance alone; And peace, oh virtue ! peace is all thy own. The good or bad the gifts of fortune gain ; But thefe lefs tafte them as they worfe obtain. Say, in pursuit of profit or delight, Who rifk the moft, that take wrong means or right? Of vice or virtue, whether bleft or curft, Which meets contempt, or which compation first? Count all th'advantage profp'rous vice attains, 'Tis but what virtue flies from and difdains : And grant the bad what happiness they wou'd, One they must want, which is, to pass for good. Oh blind to truth, and God's whole fcheme below, Who fancy blifs to vice, to virtue woe ! Who fees and follows that great fcheme the beft, Boft knows the bleffing, and will moft be bleft. But fools, the good alone, unhappy call, For ills or accidents that chance to all. See Faikland dies, the virtuous and the juft ! See godlike Turenne proftrate on the duft ! See Sydney bleeds amid the martial ftrife ! Was this their virtue, or contempt of life > Sav, was it virtue, more tho; Heav'n ne'er gave, Lamented Digby ! funk thee to the grave ? Tell me, if virtue made the fon expire, Why, full of days and honour, lives the fire ? Why drew Marfeilles' good bifhop purer breath, When Nature ficken'd, and each gale was death ? Or why fo long (in life if long can be) Lent Heav'n a parent to the poor and me ?

What makes all phytical or moral ill? There deviates nature, and here wonders will. God fends not ill; if rightly underflood, Or partial ill is universal good, Or change admits, or nature lets it fall, Short, and but rare, till man improvid it all. We juit as wifely might of Heavin complain, That righteous Abel was defirey d by Cain,

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As that the virtuous fon is still at ease When his lewd father gave the dire disease. Think we, like some weak prince, th'EternalCaue Prone for his fav'rites to reverse his laws.

Shall burning Ætna, if a fage requires, Forget to thunder, and recal her fires ? On air or fea new motions be impreft, Oh blamelets Bethel ! to relieve thy breaft ? When the loof: mountain trembles from on high, Shall gravitation ceafe. if you go by ? Or fome old temple, nodding to its fall, For Chartres' head releave the hanging wall ?

But still this world (fo fitted for the knave) Contents us not. A better fhall we have ? A kingdom of the just then let it be : But first confider how those just agree. The good must merit God's peculiar care; But who, but God, can tell us who they are? One thinks, on Calvin Heav'n's own Spirit fell; Another, deems him inftrument of heli? If Calvin feels Heav'n's bleffing, or its rod, This cries, there is ; and that, there is no God. What thocks one part will edify the reft, Nor with one fystem can they all be buft. The very best will variously incline, And what rewards your virtue, punifh mine. Whatever is, is right.—This world, 'tis true, Was made for Cæfar—but for Titus too; And which more bleft? who chain'd his country, Or he whofe virtue figh'd to lofe a day ? i ūr, "But fometimes virtue ftarves, while vice is id."

What then > Is the reward of virtue bread? That, vie may merit, 'tis the price of rol; The knave defirves it when he tills the foil. The knave deferves it when he tempto the maia, Where folly fights for kings, or dive. for gain. The g od man may be weak, be indolent; Nor is his claim to plenty, but content. But grant him riches, your demand is o'er? "No-fhall the good want health, the good want "pow'r?"

Add health and pow'r, and ev'ry earthly thing, 'Why bounded pow'r? why private? why mo 'king ?'

Nav, why external for internal giv'n ? Why is not man a god, and earth a heav'n? Who aik and reafon thus, will fcarce conceive God gives enough, while he has more to give; Immenfe the pow'r, immenfe were the demaad; Sav. at what part of nature will they frand?

What nothing earthly gives, or can defiror, The foul's calm funfhine and the heart-felt of Is virtue's prize : A better would you fix ? Then give humility a coach and fix, Juffice a conqu'ror's fivord, or truth a gowa, Or public fpirit its great cure, a crown. Weak, foolifh man ! will Heav'n reward us there With the fame trafh mad mortals with for here? The boy and man an individual makes, Yet fight'ft thou now for apples and for cakes? Go, like the Indian, in another life Expect thy dog, thy bottle, and thy wife; As well as dream fuch trifles are affign'd, As toys and empires for a godlike mind.

Rewards

that either would to virtue bring be destructive of the thing; y these at fixty are undone es of a faint at twenty-one l can riches give repute, or truft, or pleafure, but the good and juft ? d fenates have been bought for gold; id love were never to be fold. to think God hates the worthy mind, and the love of human kind, [clear, fe is healthful, and whole confcience e wants a thoufand pounds a year ! r and thame from no condition rlie; your part, there all the honour lies. n men has fome fmall diff rence made; its in rags, one flutters in brocade : er apron'd, and the parfon gown'd, hooded, and the monarch crown'd. differ more (you cry) than crown and

cowl ?" ou, friend ! a wife man and a fool. id, if once the monarch acts the monk, r-like, the parfon will be drunk, akes the man, and want of it the fellow : is all but leather or prunella. [ftrings, o'er with titles, and hung round with u may'ft be by kings, or whores of kings, pure blood of an illustrious race, flow from Lucrece to Lucrece : our fathers worth if your's you rate, e those only who were good and great. our ancient, but ignoble blood t thro' fcoundrels ever fince the flood, I pretend your family is young vour fathers have been fools fo long. n ennoble fots, or flaves, or cowards it all the blood of all the Howards. [lies? next on greatness; fay where greatness :, but among the heroes and the wife ?" re much the fame, the point's agreed, acedonia's madman to the Swede ; ole ftrange purpose of their lives, to find : an enemy of all mankind ! looks backward, onward ftill he goes; r looks forward further than his nofe. ilike the politic and wife; low things, with circumfpective eyes : their loofe unguarded hours they take, themfelves are wife, but others weak. it that those can conquer, these can cheat, afe abfurd to call a villain great : ickedly is wife, or madly brave, ie more a fool, the more a knave. ble ends by noble means obtains, g, finiles in exile or in chains, od Aurelius let him reign, or bleed crates, that man is great indeed. 's fame ? A fancy'd life in others breath; beyond us, ev'n before our death. t you hear, you have, and what's unknown ie (my Lord) if Tully's, or your own. we feel of it begins and ends mall circle of our foes or friends; efide, as much an empty fhade ene living, as a Cælar dead ;

Alike or when, or where, they fhone or fhine, Or on the Rubicon, or on the Rhine. A wit's a feather, and a chief a rod; An honeft man's the nobleft work of God. Fame but from death a villain's name can fave, As justice tears his body from the grave; When what t'oblivion better were refign'd, Is hung on high, to poison half mankind. All fame is foreign, but of true defert; Plays round the head,—but comes not to the heart:

One felf-approving hour whole years outweighs Of ftupid flarers, and of loud huzzas; And more true joy Marcellus exil'd feels, Than Cæfar with a fenate at his heels.

In parts fuperior what advantage lics? Tell (for you can) what is it to be wife? 'Tis but to know how little can be known; To fee all others faults, and feel our own: Condemn'd in bus'nefs or in arts to drudge, Without a fecond, or without a judge. Truths would you teach, or fave a finking land? All fear, none aid you, and few underfland. Painful pre-eminence! yourielf to view Above life's weaknefs, and its comforts too.

Bring then these bleffings to a ftrict account : Make fair deductions ; fee to what they mount : How much of other each is fure to coff; How each for other oft is wholly loft; How inconfistent greater goods with thefe; How fometimes life is rifqu'd, and always eafe : Think, and if still the things thy envy call, Say, would it thou be the man to whom they fall ? To figh for ribbands, if thou art fo filly, Mark how they grace Lord Umbra, or Sir Billy ! Is yellow dirt the passion of thy life ? Look but on Gripus, or on Gripus' wife ! If parts allure thee, think how Bacon fhin'd, The wifeft, brighteft, meaneft of mankind : Or ravish'd with the whistling of a name. See Cromwell; damn'd to everlafting fame ! If all, united, thy ambition call, From ancient flory learn to fcorn them all. There, in the rich, the honour'd, fam'd, and great, See the falle scale of happiness complete ! In hearts of kings, or arms of queens who lay, How happy those to ruin, these betray. Mark by what wretched fteps their glory grows, From dirt and fea-weed as proud Venice role ; In each how guilt and greatness equal ran. And all that rais'd the hero funk the man : Now Europe's laurels on their brows behold. But ftain'd with blood, or ill exchang'd for gold: Then fee them broke with toils, or funk in cafe, Or infamous for plunder'd provinces. Oh wealth ill-fated ! which no act of fame E'er taught to fhine, or fanctify'd from fhame ! What greater blifs attends their clofe of life ? Some greedy minion, or imperious wife. The trophy'd arches, ftory'd halls invade, And haunt their flumbers in the pompous fhade. Alas | not dazzled with their noon-tide ray, Compute the morn and ev'ning to the day; The whole amount of that enormous fame. A tale, that blends their glory with their thame KO

Know then this truth-(enough for man to " Virtue alone is happinets below." [know] The only point where human blifs flands ftill, And takes the good without the fall to ill : Where only merit confrant pay receives, Is bleft in what it takes, and what it gives; The joy unequall'd, if its end it gain ; And if it lofe, attended with no pain : Without fatiety, tho' e'er fo blefs'd, And but more relith'd as the more diffrefs'd : The broadest mirth unfeeling folly wears, Lefs pleating far than virtue's very tears : Good, from each object, from each place acquir'd, For ever exercis'd, yet never tir'd; Never elated while one man's opprefs'd ; Never dejected while another's blefs'd ; And where no wants, no wiftes can remain, Since but to with more virtue, is to gain.

See the fole blifs Heav'n could on all beftow ! Which who but feels can taite, but thinks can know :

Yct poor with fortune, and with learning blind, The balmuit mits, the good, untaught, will find; Slave to no feet, who takes no private road, But looks thro' nature, up to nature's God : Purifies that chain which links th'immenfe defign, Joins heav'n and earth, and mortal and divine; Sees that no being any blifs can know, But touches fome above, and fome below ; Learns, from this union of the rifing whole, The first, last purpose of the human foul; And knows where faith, law, morals, all began, All end, in love of God and love of man. For him alone hope leads from goal to goal, And opens ftill, and opens on his foul; Till lengthea'd on to faith, and unconfin'd, It pours the blub that fills up all the mind. He fees why nature plants in man alone Hope of known blifs, and faith in blifs unknown : (Nature, whofe dictates to no other kind Are giv'n in vain, but what they fick they find) Wife is her prefent ; the connects in this His greatest virtue with his greatest blits At once his own bright profpect to be bleft, And frongeft motive to ailift the reft.

Self-love thus pufied to focial, to divine, Gives thee to make thy neighbour's bleffing thine. Is this too lattle for the boundlet's heart? Extend it, let thy enemies have part : Grafp the whole worlds of reafon, life, and fenfe, | In one cloic fyficm of benevolence : Happier as kinder, in whate'er degree, And height of blifs but height of chality.

God loves from whole to parts : but human foul Muft rife from individual to the whole. Self-love but ferves the virtuous mind to wake, As the finall public firs the peaceful lake; The centre mov'd, a circle firait fucceeds; Another fill, and fill another forcads; Friend, parent, neighbour, fift it will embrace; His country next; and next all human race; Wide and more wide, th'o'erflewings of the mind | Like following life, thro' creatures you diffelt, Take e. 'ry creature in, of ev'ry kind; Earth finiles around, with boundlefs bounty bleft, And Heav'n beholds its image in his break.

Come then, my friend ! my genius ! come along; Oh matter of the poet, and the fong ! And while the Mufe now floops, or now afreads, To man's low pations, or their glorious ends, Teach me, like thee, in various nature wile, To fall with dignity, with temper rife; Form'd by thy converse, happily to fleer From grave to gay, from lively to fevere; Correct with fpirit, eloquent with eafe, Intent to reason, or polite to please. Oh ! while along the fiream of time thy name Expanded flies, and gathers all its fame, Say, shall my little bark attendant fail, Purfue the triumph, and partake the gale > When flatefmen, heroes, kings, in dust repole, Whole fons fhall blufh their fathers were thy for Shall then this verfe to future age pretend Thou wert my guide, philosopher, and friend? That, urg'd by thee, I turn'd the tuneful art, From founds to things, from fancy to the hear; For wit's false mirror held up nature's light; Shew'd erring pride, whatever is, is right; That reason, passion, answer one great aim; That true felf-love and focial are the fame; That virtue only makes our blifs below : And all our knowledge is, ourfelves to know.

§ 14. Moral Estays. In Four Epifles. Port.

To Sir Richard Temple, L. Cobham.

EPISTLE I.

 Y^{ES} , you defpife the man to books confinid, Who from his fact Who from his fludy rails at human kind; Tho' what he learns he ipeaks, and may advant Some gen'ral maxims, or be right by chance. The coxcomb bird, fo talkative and grave, That from his cage cries Cuckold, Whore, and Tho' many a passenger he rightly call, [Knaw, You hold him no philosopher at all.

And yet the fate of all extremes is fuch, Men may be read, as well as books, too much. To observations which ourselves we make, We grow more partial for th'obferver's fake; To written Wildom, as another's, lefs: [Gues Maxims are drawn from Notions, their frea There's fome peculiar in each leaf and grain, Some unmark'd fibre, or fome varying vein; Shall only Man be taken in the grofs? Grant but as many forts of mind as mofs :

That each from other differs, first confest: Next, that he varies from himfelf no lefs; Add Nature's, Culion's, Reafon's, Pattion's firit, And all Opinion's colours caft on life.

Our depths who fathoms, or our shallows finds, Quick whichs, and thifting eddies of our minds? On human actions realon tho' you can, It may be Reafon, but it is not Min: His Principle of action once explore, That inflant 'tis his Principle no more. You lofe it in the moment you detect. Yet more; the diff rence is as great between The optics from as the objects from ¥...

lanners take a tincture from our own'; ne discolour'd thro' our Paffions shown. ncy's beam enlarges, multiplies, acts, inverts, and gives ten thousand dyes. t will Life's ftream for observation flay; ries all too fast to mark their way : in fedate reflections we would make, 1 half our knowledge we must fnatch, not the Pation's wild rotation toft, [take. pring of action to ourfelves is loft: , not determin'd, to the laft we yield; what comes then is master of the field. e last image of that troubled heap, 1 Senfe fublides, and Fancy fports in fleep past the recollection of the thought) nes the fluff of which our dream is wrought, thing as dim to our internal view, 1s, perhaps, the cause of most we do. ue, fome are open, and to all men known; 's fo very clofe, they're hid from none: arknet's strikes the fense no lefs than light) gracious Chandos is belov d at fight: ev'ry child hates Shylock, tho' his foul its at fquat, and peeps not from its hole. If mankind when gen'rous Manly raves, now 'tis virtue, for he thinks them knaves. n univertal homage Umbra pays, e 'tis vice, and itch of vulgar praife. n flatt'rv glares, all hate it in a queen, cone there is who charms us with his fpleen. t these plain characters we rarely find : ftrong the bent, yet quick the turns of mind: azzling contraries confound the whole; fectations quite reverse the foul. Dull, flat Falfehood ferves for policy : in the Cunning, Truth itfelf's a lie. ought-of frailties cheat us in the wife; fool lies hid in inconfistencies. : the fame man in vigour, in the gout; c, in company; in place, or out; r at bus nefs, and at hazard late; at a fox-chace, wife at a debate; ik at a borough, civil at a ball; idly at Hackney, faithlefs at Whitchall. tius is ever moral, ever grave, ks, who endures a knave is next a knave, just at dinner-then prefers, no doubt, gue with ven'fon to a faint without. ho would not praife Patricio's high defert, and unstain'd, his uncorrupted heart, comprehensive head ! all int'refts weigh'd, Europe fav'd, vet Britain not betrav'd. lanks you not, his pride is in picquette, market-fame, and judgment at a bett. t made (fay Montagne, - or more fage Charron !]

a warrior, Cromwell a buffoon ? rjur'd prince a leaden faint revere, eliefs regent tremble at a ftar ? throne a bigot keep, a genius quit, lefs thro' piety, and dup'd thro' wit? be a woman, child, or dotard rule, juft her wifeft monarch made a fool? ow, God and Nature only are the fame: an, the judgment fhoots at flying game;

A bird of passage ! gone as foon as found ; Now in the moon perhaps, now under ground. In vain the fage, with retrofpective eye, Would from th'apparent What conclude the Why, Infer the motive from the deed, and thew, That what we chanc'd was what we meant to do. Behold ! if Fortune or a miftrefs frowns, Some plunge in bufinefs, others flave their crowns: To cafe the foul of one oppretive weight, This quits an empire, that embroils a flate; The fame adult complexion has impell'd Charles to the convent, Philip to the field. Not always actions fhew the man ; we find Who does a kindness is not therefore kind: Perhaps prosperity becalm'd his breast; Perhaps the wind just shifted from the east : Not therefore humble he who feeks retreat. Pride guides his fteps, and bids him thun the great. Who combats bravely is not therefore brave; He dreads a death-bed like the meaneft flave : Who reafons wifely is not therefore wife; His pride in reas'ning, not in acting, lies.

But grant that actions beft discover man; Take the most strong, and fort them as you can-The few that glare, each character must mark; You balance not the many in the dark. What will you do with fuch as difagree ? Suppress them, or miscall them policy ? Must then at once (the character to fave) The plain rough hero turn a crafty knave? Alas! in truth the man but chang'd his mind . Perhaps was fick, in love, or had not din'd. Afk why from Britain Cæfar would retreat ? Cæfar himfelf might whifper he was beat. Why rifk the world's great empire for a punk? Cæfar perhaps might anfwer, he was drunk. But, fage hitiorians ! 'tis your tafk to prove One action conduct; one, heroic love.

'Tis from high life high characters are drawn; A faint in crape is twice a faint in lawn; A judge is juft, a chanc'llor jufter ftill; A gownman learn'd; a bifhop what you will; Wife, if a minister; but, if a king, [thing] More wife, more learn'd, more juft, more ev'ry Court-Virtues bear, like geins, the highest rate, Born where Heav'n's influence fearce can pene-In life's low vale, the foil the virtues like, [trate : They pleafe as beauties, here as wonders ftrike. Tho' the fame fun, with all diffusive rays. Blufh in the rofe, and in the di'mond blaze, We prize the ftronger effort of his pow'r, And justly fet the gein above the flow'r. 'Tis education forms the common mind ; Juft as the twig is bent the tree's inclin'd, Boaftful and rough, your first ion is a 'fquire; The next a tradefman, meek, and much a liar; Tom ftruts a foldier, open, bold, and brave; Will fncaks a fcriv'ner, an exceeding knave : Is he a churchman i then he's fond of pow'r; A quaker ? fly ; a prefbyterian ? four ; A finart free-thinker ! all things in an hour.

Afk mens opinions: Scoto now fhall tell How trade increases, and the world goes well; Strike off his penfion, by the fetting tun, And Britain, if not Europe, is undoue.

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That gay free-thinker, a fine talker once, What turns him now a frupid filent dunce? Some God, or Spirit, he has lately found; Or chanc'd to meet a minister that frown'd.

Judge we by nature? Habit can efface, Int'reft o'croome, or policy take place : By actions? those uncertainty divides : By patfions? these diffimulation hides : Opinions? they fill take a wider range : Find, if you can, in what you cannot change.

Manners with fortunes, humours turn with climes,

Tenets with books, and principles with times. Search then the ruling paffion : There, alone, The wild are constant, and the cunning known; The fool confistent, and the falfe fincere; Priefts, princes, women, no diffemblers here. This clue once found, unravels all the reft, The prospect clears, and Wharton stands confest. Wharton, the fcorn and wonder of our days, Whofe ruling paffion was the luft of praife : Born with whate'er could win it from the wife, Women and fools must like him, or he dies : The wond'ring fenates hung on all he fpoke, The Club must hail him, Master of the Joke. Shall parts fo various aim at nothing new ? He'll fhine a Tully and a Wilmot too. Then turns repentant, and his God adores With the fame fpirit that he drinks and whores; Enough if all around him but admire, And now the Punk applaud, and now the Friar. Thus with each gift of nature and of art, And wanting nothing but an honeft heart; Grown all to all, from no one vice exempt: And most contemptible to fhun contempt; His pathon fill to covet gen'ral praife, His life, to forfeit it a thoufand ways ; A constant bounty which no friend has made; An angel tongue, which no man can perfuade; A fool, with more of wit than half mankind. Too rash for thought, for action too refin'd: A tyrant to the wife his heart approves ; A rebel to the very king he loves; He dies, fad outcaft of each church and ftate, And, harder ftill ! flagitious, yet not great. Afk you why Wharton broke thro' ev'ry rule? 'Twas all for fear the knaves should call him Nature well known, no prodigies remain, [fool ! Comets are regular, and Wharton plain. Yet in this fearch the wifeft may miftake, If fecond qualities for first they take. When Catiline by rapine fwell'd his ftore; When Casfar made a noble dame a whore; In this the luft, in that the avarice Were means, not ends; ambition was the vice; That very Casfar, born in Scipio's davs, Had aim'd, like him, by chaftity, at praise. Lucullus, when frugality could charm, Had roafted turnips in the Sabin farm. In vain th'observer eyes the builder's toil ; But quite miftakes the fcaffold for the pile.

In this one paifion man can firength enjoy, As fits give vigour juft when they defiroy. Time, that on all things lays his lenient hand, Yet tames not this; it flicks to our laft fand. Confiftent in our follies and our fins,

Here honeft Nature ends as flee begins. Old politicians chew on wifom paft,

And torter on in business to the laft; As weak, as earness; and as gravely out, As fober Laness'row dancing in the gout.

Behold a rev'rend fire, whom want of grace Has made the father of a namelefs race, Show'd from the wall perhaps, or rudely prefix By his own fon, that paffes by unblefs'd : Still to his wench he crawls on knocking knes, And envies ev'ry fparrow that he tees.

A falmon's belly, Helluo, was thy fate; The doctor call'd, declares all help too late: "Mercy! cries Helluo, mercy on my foul!

" Is there no hope '- Alas ! then bring the jowl". The frugal crone, whom praying priefts attend, Still firives to fave the hallow'd taper's end; Collects her breath as ebbing life retires,

For one puff more, and in that puff expires. • Odious! in woollen! 'twould a faint provoke!

- (Were the laft words that poor Narciffa fpoke) 'No, let a charming chintz and Bruffels lace
- Wrapmy cold limbs, and thade my lifeles face

• One would not fure be frightful when one's dead-

'And-Betty-give this cheek a little red.'

The Courtier, fimooth, who forty years had An humble fervant to all human kind, [fhind Juft brought out this, when fearce his torgue could ftir,

" If-where I'm going-I could ferve you, Sir" " I give and I devife (old Euclio faid,

And figh'd) ' my lands and tenemients to Net' Your money, Sir?—' My money, Sir? what al? ' Why,—if I muft—(then wept) I give it Paul' The manor, Sir?—' The manor! hold, 'heey'd ' Not that,—I cannot part with that?—and dri

And you, brave Cobham, to the lateft breath. Shall feel your ruling paffion ftrong in death: Such in those moments as in all the raft, 'O fave my country, Heav'n !' fhall be you

Laft.

EPISTLE II.

To a Lady.

Of the Characters of Women.

NOTHING fo true as what you once let fall, "Moft women have no characters at all." Matter too foft a lafting mark to bear, And beft diftinguifh'd by black, brown, or fair.

How many pictures of one nymph we view, All how unlike each other, all how true ! Arcadia's Countels, here, in ermin'd pride, Is there, Paftora, by a fountain fide. Here Faunia, leering on her own good man; And there, a naked Leda with a fivan. Let then the fair one beautifully cry, In Magdalene's loofe hair and lifted eye, Or dreft in finiles of fiveet Cecilia fhine, With fimp'ring angels, palms, and harps divise; Whether the charmer finner it or faint it, If folly grow romanue, & mult paint it.

Com

Come then, the colours and the ground pre- | Critiqu'd your wine, and analyz'd your meat : Dip in the rainbow, trick her off in air; [pare; Chuse a firm cloud, before it fall, and in it Catch, ere she change, the Cynthia of this minute.

BOOK IL.

Rufa, whofe eye, quick glancing o'er the Park, Attracts each light gay meteor of a fpark, Agrees as ill with Rufa studying Locke, As Sappho's di'monds with her dirty finock ; Or Sappho at her toilet's greaty talk, With Sappho fragrant at an evining malk : So morning infects, that in muck begun, Shine, buzz, and flyblow in the fetting tun.

How foft is Silia ! fearful to offend; The frail one's advocate, the weak one's friend ! To her, Califta prov'd her conduct nice; And good Simplicius afks of her advice. Sudden, the forms ! the raves ! You tip the wink, But spare your censure; Silia does not drink. All eyes may fee from what the change arole ; All eyes may fee-a pimple on her nofe.

Papillia, wedded to her am'rous spark, Sighs for the shades-' How charming is a park !' A park is purchas'd, but the fair he fees All bath'd in tears-' Oh odious, odious trees !'

Ladies, like variegated tulips, flow, 'Tis to their changes half their charms we owe; Fine by defect, and delicately weak, Their happy fpots their nice admirer take. 'Twas thus Calypio once each heart alarm'd, Aw'd without virtue, without beauty charm'd; Her tongue bewitch'd as oddly as her eyes; Lefs wit than mimic, more a wit than wife; Strange graces still, and stranger flights she had, Was just not ugly, and was just not mad; Yet ne'er fo fure our paffion to create, As when the touch'd the brink of all we hate.

Narciffa's nature, tolerably mild, To make a wafh would hardly flew a child ! Has ev'n been prov'd to grant a lover's pray'r, And paid a tradefman once, to make him ftare ! Gave alms at Easter, in a Christian trim, And made a widow happy for a whim I Why then declare good-nature is her fcorn, When 'ris by that alone 'fhe can be borne ? Why pique all mortals, yet affect a name? A fool to pleafure, yet a flave to fame: Now deep in Taylor and the Book of Martyrs, Now drinking citron with his Grace and Chartres : Now conficence chills her, and now paffion burns; And atheifm and religion take their turns; A very heathen in the carnal part, Yet still a fad good Christian at her heart.

See Sin in state majestically drunk ; Proud as a peerefs, prouder as a punk; Chafte to her hufband, frank to all befide, A teeming mistres, but a barren bride. What then? Let blood and body bear the fault, Her head's untouch'd, that noble feat of thought; Such this day's doctrine—in another fit She fins with poets, thro' pure love of wit. What has not fir'd her bolom, or her brain ? Cafar and Tall-boy, Charles and Charlema'ne. As Helluo, late dictator of the feast, The nose of Haut-gout, and the tip of taste,

Yet on plain pudding deign'd at home to eat, So Philomeds, lect'ring all mankind On the foft pation and the take refin'd, Th'address, the delicacy floops at once. And makes her hearty meal upon a dunce.

Flavia's a wit, has too much fenfe to pray; To toaft our wants and wifnes is her way; Nor alks of God, but of her ftars, to give The mighty bleffing, " while we live, to live." Then all for death, that opiate of the foul! Lucretia's dagger, Rofamonda's bowl. Say, what can caufe fuch impotence of mind ? A spark too fickle, or a spoule too kind. Wife wretch ! with pleafures too refin'd to pleafe; With too much fpirit to be e'er at eafe; With too much quickness ever to be taught; With too much thinking to have common thought;

You purchate Pain with all that Joy can give, And die of nothing but a rage to live.

Turn then from wits; and look on Simo's Mate ;

No afs fo meek, no afs fo obfinate. Or her that owns her faults, but never mends, Because she's honest, and the best of friends. Or her, whole life the church and fcandal fhare, For ever in a paffion, or a pray'r. Or her, who laughs at hell, but (like her Grace) Cries, " Ah how charming, if there's no fuch Or who in fweet viciffitude appears [place!" Of mirth and opium, ratific and tears, The daily anodyne, and nightly draught, To kill those foes to fair ones, time and thought; Woman and fool are too hard things to hit; For true no-meaning puzzles more than wir.

But what are there to great Atoffa's mind? Scarce once herfelf, by turns all womankind ! Who, with herfelf, or others, from her birth Finds all her life one warfare upon earth : Shines in exposing knaves, and painting fools, Yet is whate'er fhe hates and ridicules. No thought advances, but her eddy brain Whifks it about, and down it goes again. Full fixty years the world has been her trade; The wifeft fool much time has ever made. From lovelefs youth to unrefpected age, No paffion gratify'd, except her rage, So much the fury still out-ran the wit, The pleafure mifs'd her, and the fcandal hit. Who breaks with her provokes revenge from But he's a bolder man who dares be well. [Hell; Her ev'ry turn with violence purfu'd, No more a florm her hate than gratitude : To that each paffion turns, or foon or late; Love, if it makes her yield, must make her hate: Superiors! death! and equals! what a curfe! But an inferior not dependant ! worfe. Offend her, and the knows not to forgive ; Oblige her, and the'll hate you while you live: But die, and she'll adore you-Then the buft And temple rife-then fall again to duft. Last night her lord was all that's good and great; A knave this morning, and his Will a cheat. Strange 1 Strange! by the means defeated of the ends, By (pirit robb'd of Pow'r, by warmth of friends, By wealth of foliow'rs! without one diffrefs Sick of herfelf, thro' very felfifinefs! Atoffa, curs'd with ev'ry granted prav'r, Childlets with all her children, wants an heir. To heirs unknown defends th'unguarded ftore, Or wanders, Heav'n directed, to the poor.

Pictures, like thele, dear Madam, to defign, Afk no firm hand, and no unerring line; Some wand ring touches, tome reficed light, Some flying flyoke alone can hit 'em right; For how fhould equal colours do the knack? Cameleons who can paint in white and black?

"Yet Chloe fure was form'd without a fpot." Nature in her then err'd not, but forgot. " With ev'ry pleafing, ev'ry prudent part, " Sav, what can Chloe want? --- She wants a heart. She tpeaks, behaves, and acts just as the ought; But never, never, reach'd one gen'rous thought. Virtue the finds too painful an endeavour; Content to dwell in decencies for ever. So very reafonable, fo unmov'd, A- never yet to love, or to be lov'd. She, while her lover pants upon her breaft, Can mark the figures on an Indian cheft ; And when the fees her friend in deep defpair, Observes how much a chintz exceeds mohair I Forbid it Henvin, a favour or a debt She e'er should cancel-but the may forget. Safe is your forer still in Chloc's ear; But note of Chioe's fhall you ever hear. Or all her dears fue never flander'd one, But cares not if a thousand are undone. Would Chine know if you're alive or dead? She hids her footman put it in her head. Chloe-is prudent-Would you too he wife? Then never break your heart when Chloe dies.

One cartain perfait may (1 grant) be feed, Which Heavia has varnified out, and made a Queen :

The fame for ever ! and defcrib'd by all With routh and goodners, so with crewn and ball. Poets help virtues, paraters from at will, And their their zeal, and hide their want of fkill, "Tis well-but artitis! who can paint or write, To draw the naked is your true delinet. That robe of quainty fo Brads and full , None fee what parts of nature it conceals: This sector traits of bedy or of mind, We owe to models of an humble kind. If Quanterry to they there is no compelling, "Fis Fem a nandmaid we not bake on Helen. From I cer or Bilhop 'tis no city thing To draw the man who love his God, or King: Alas ! I copy (or my draught world fail) From houset Mahinist, or plain Partos. Hale, Butgrant, in public, Men formetimes are thown,

Butgrant, in public, Men formetimes are thown, A Woman's feen in private life alone: Our tolder talents in full light difplay'd; Your virtues open faireil in the fhade. Bred to dirgeite, in public 'tis you hade; There, none dufinguith 'twist your flame or pride, Weaknets or delicacy; all fo nice, That each may feem a virtue or a vice.

In Men we various ruling pations find; In Women, two almost divide the kind; Those, only fix'd, they first or last obey, The love of pleasure and the love of sway.

That, Nature gives; and where the leffor taught

Is but to pleate, can pleafure feem a fault? Experience, this; by Man's oppretion curft, They feek the fecond not to lofe the firft.

Mon, fome to bus'nefs, fome to pleafure takes But ev'ry Woman is at heart a rake: Men, foine to quiet, fome to public ftrife; But ev'ry Lady would be queen for life. Yet mark the fate of a whole fex of queens! Pow'r all their end, but beauty all the means: In youth they conquer with fo wild a rage, As leaves them fearce a fubject in their age : For foreign glory, foreign joy they roam; No thought of peace or happinefs at home. But wildom's triumpli is well tim'd retreat. As hard a fcience to the fair as great ! Beauties, like tyrants, old and friendlefs growne Yet hate repole, and dread to be alone. Worn out in public, weary ev'ry eye, Nor leave one figh behind them when they die,

Pleatures the lex, as children birds, purfue; Still out of reach, yet never out of view; Sure, if they catch, to fpoil the toy at moft, To covet flying, and regret when loft: At laft, to folliet youth could fearce defend, It grows their appear prudence to pretend; Atham'd to own they gave delight before, Reduc'd to feign it when they give no more: As hags hold Sabbaths, lefs for joy than fpight, So there their merry, miterable night; Still round and round the ghofts of beauty glide, Aud haunt the places where their honeur dy'd

See how the world its veterans rewards: A wouth of frolics, an old age of cards; Fair to no purpole, artful to no end, Young without lovers, old without a friend; A fop their prifium, but their prize a fot, Alive, ridiculous, and dead, forgot !

Ah' friend ! to dazzle let the vain defign; To raife the thought, and touch the heart be thine? That charm shall grow, while what fatigues the ring,

Flaunts and goes down an unregarded thing : So when the Sun's broad beam has tir'd the fight,

All tailed alconds the Moon's more fober light; Succase in virgin modelly the thines,

And, unobleiv'd, the glaring orb declines. Oh! bleft with temper, whofe unclouded ray Can make to-morrow cheerful as to-day; She who can love a fifter's charms, or hear Sighs for a daughter with unwounded ear; She who ne'er anfwers till a hufband cools; Or, if the rules him, never thews the rules; Charms by accepting, by fubmitting fways, Yet has her humour molt when the obeys: Let fops or fortune fly which way they will; Difdams all lots of thekets, or codille; Spletn, vapours, or finall-pox, above them all, And mitters of herfelf, tho' china fall.

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B

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F.

, believe me, good as well as ill, at best a contradiction still. ien it strives to polish all it can, work, but forms a fofter man; each fex, to make the fav'rite bleft, of pleafure, our defire of reft : exception to all gen'ral rules, of follies with our fcorn of fools: ith franknefs, art with truth ally'd, ith foftness, modefty with pride; ciples, with fancy ever new together, and produces-You. a Woman's fame ; with this unbleft, : a fcorn, and queens may die a jeft. bus promis'd (I forget the year) fe blue eyes first open'd on the sphere; Phoebus watch'd that hour with care, alf your parents fimple pray'r you beauty, but deny'd the pelf your fex a tyrant o'er itfelf. ous God, who wit and gold refines, s spirits as he ripens mines, for ducheffes, the world shall know it, we fenfe, good-humour, and a Poet.

EPISTLE III.

To Allen, Lord Bathurft.

fhall decide, when doctors difagree, left cafuifts doubt, like you and me ? the word, from Jove to Momus giv'n, was made the ftanding jeft of Heav'n but fent to keep the fools in play; to heap, and fome to throw away. who think more highly of our kind :ly, Heav'n and I are of a mind) at Nature, as in duty bound, the fhining mifchief under ground : 1 by man's audacious labour won, rth this rival to its fite, the fun; :ful Heav'n fupply'd two forts of men; der these, and those to hide agen. octors thus, when much difpute has paft, our tenets just the fame at last. y owning, riches in effect, of Heav'n, or token of th'elect; he fool, the mad, the vain, the evil, l, to Waters, Chartres, and the devil. lat Nature wants, commodious gold flows :

we eat the bread another fows. how unequal it beftows, obferre, we riot, while, who fow it ftarve: ture wants (a phrafe I muft diftruft) o luxury, extends to luft: (rant, it ferves what life requires; iful too, the dark affatfin hires. de it may help, fociety extend : lures the pirate, and corrupts the friend. ifes armies in a nation's aid: bribes a fenate, and the land's betray'd. tay heroes fight, and patriots rave, rold fap on from knaye to knaye. Once, we confefs, beneath the patriot's cloak, From the crack'd bag the dropping guinea ipoke, And, iingling down the back-fitairs, told the crew, "Old Cato is as great a rogue as you." Bleft paper-credit ! laft and beft iupply ! That lends corruption lighter wings to fiv ! Gold, imp'd by thee, can compafs hardeft things, Can pocket flates, can fetch or carry kings; A lingle leaf fhall waft an army o'cr, Or thup off fenates to fome diftant fhore; A leaf, like Sibyl's, featter to and fro Our fates and fortunes, as the wind 'fhall blow: Pregnant with thou[ands fits the ferap unifeen, And filent fells a king, or buys a queen.

Oh ! that fuch bulky bribes as all might fee, Still, as of old, incumber'd villany ! Could France or Rome divert our brave defigns With all their brandies, or with all their wines, What could they more than knights and 'fquires. confound,

Or water all the quorum ten miles round? Attatefman's flumbers how this fpeechwould fpoil1 'Sir, Spain has fent a thou fund jars of oil; 'Huge bales of British cloth blockade the door:

• A hundred oxen at your levee roar." Poor avarice one torment more would find ;

A could profusion founder all in kind. Aftride his checfe Sir Morgan might we meet; And Worldly crying coals from firect to firect; Whom, with a wig fo wild, and mich fo maz'd, Pity miftakes for fome poor tradefinan craz'd. Had Colepepper's whole wealth been hops and hogs,

Could he himfelf have fent it to the dogs ? His Grace will game : to White's a bull be led, With fourning heels and with a butting head. To White's be carry'd, as to ancient games, Fair courfers, vafes, and alluring dames. Shall then Uxorio, if the ftakes he fivee, Bear home fix whores, and make his lady weep ? Or foft Adonis, fo perfum'd and fine, Drive to St. James's a whole herd of fivine ? Oh filthy check on all induftrious fkill, To fpoil the nation's laft great trade, Quadrille t Since then, my Lord, on fuch a world we fall, What fay you ? B. Say ? Why take it, gold

and all. P. What riches gives us, let us then inquire:

Meat, fire, and cloaths. B. What more. P. Meat, cloaths, and fire.

Is this too little ? would you more than live ? Alas! 'tis more than Turner finds they give. Alas! 'tis more than (all his vifions paff) Unhappy Wharton, waking, found at laft ? What can they give? to dying Hopking, heirs; To Chattres vigour; Japhet, nofe and cars ? Can they, in gens bid pallid Hippia glow? In Fulvia's buckle cafe the throbs below? Or heal, old Narfes, thy obfeener ail, With all th'embroid'ry plafter'd at thy tail ? They might (were Harpax not too wife to fpend?) Give Harpax felf the bleffing of a friend; Or find fome doctor that would fave the life Of wretched Shylock, fpite of Shylock's wife:

Braz

But thousands die, without or this or that; Die, and endow a college, or a cat ! To some, indeed, Heav'n grants the happier fate,

T'enrich a baftard, or a fon they hate. [part?

Perhaps you think the poor might have their Bond damns the poor, and hates them from his heart :

The grave Sir Gilbert holds it for a rule, That ev'ry man in want is knave or fool: "God cannot love (favs | lunt, with tearlefs eves) • The wretch he ftarves --- and pioufly denies : But the good bithop, with a macker air, Admits, and leaves them Providence's care.

Yct, to be just to those poor men of pelf, Each docs but hate his neighbour as himfelf: Damn'd to the mines, an equal fate betides The flowe that digs it, and the flowe that hides.

B. Who f ffer thus, mere charity should own, Muff aft on motives pow'rfal, the' unknown.

P. Somewar, forme plague, or famine they forefee, Some revelation hid from you and me. Why Shylock wants a meal the caule is found; He thinks a loaf will rife to fifty pound. What made Director cheat in South-Sea year? To live on vention when it fold fo dear. Afk you why Phryne the whole auction buys? Phryne forefees a general excile. Why file and S ppho rails that monftrous fum ? Alas! they fear a man will coff a plum.

Wife Peter f. es the world's refpect for gold, And therefore hopes this mation may be fold: Glorious ambinon ! Peter fiell the flore, And he what Rome's great Didius was before.

The crown of Poland, venal twice an age, To just three millions flinted modest Gage. But nobler feenes Maria's dreams unfold, Hereditary realms, and woulds of gold. Congenial fouls ' whole life one av'rice joins. And one fate buries in th'Afturian mines.

Much-injur'd Biunt ! why bears he Britain's hate ?

A wizard told him in these words our fate: At length corruption, Fke a gentral flood (So long by watchful ministers withflood) • Shall deb to all t and as the creeping on,

* Spread like a low-born mift, and blot the fun;

Statefinan and patriot ply alike the flocks,

· Peecels and butter frare alike the box.

And judges job, and bifhops bite the town,

And might v dukes pack cards for half a crown.

See Britain forth in lacre's fordid chains,

 And Finnee revent'I of Anne's and Edward's. ' arms !' [brain,

"Twas no court ballee, great Scriv'ner! fir'd thy Ner ford. Junury, nor city gain: No. 'rwill the righteous end, aliam'd to fee Senates degentrate, patrost diffagree. And not it we long party-rage to ceafe,-The shirt is and give the country peace. the state in the state is, there a fuber tage: But the set of friend, has not to in this rage? • The subscription, but what it will, "The county public cere was reafon full. Lefen A the worder when by we can frame, Than es 'n that pallion, if it has no aim;

For the' fuch motives folly you may call, The folly's greater to have none at all. fiends

Hear then the truth : "Tis Heav'n cach paties And diffrent men directs to diffrent ends.

" Extremes in nature equal good produce;

 Extremes in man concur to gen'ral use." Afk we what makes one keep, and one befor? That Pow'r who hids the ocean cub and flow; Bids feed-time, harveft, equal courfe maintain, Thro' reconcil'd extremes of drought and rais; Builds life on death, on change duration found And gives th'eternal wheels to know their rounds

Riches, like infects, when conceal'd they is, Wait but for wings, and in their featon fly. Who fees pale Mammon pine amilit his from, Sees but a backward floward for the poor; This year a refervoir, to keep and fpare; The next, a fountain, foouting thro' his her, In lavifh fireams to quench a country's third; And men and dogs shall drink him till they but

Old Cotta fham'd his fortune and his buth, Yet was not Cotta void of wit or worth: What the' (the use of barb'rous spits forget) His kitchen vy'd in coolnefs with his grot His court with nettles, moats with creffes for 4 With fours unbought and fallads bleft his board? If Cetta liv'd on pulle, it was no more Than bramins, faints, and fages did before; To cram the rich was prodigal expence; And who would take the poor from Providence? Like fome lone Chartreux itands the good old hall, Silence without, and fafts within the wall; No rafter'd roofs with dance and tabor found, No noontide bell invites the country round: Tenants with fighs the imokeleis tow'rs furrer, And turn th'unwilling fleeds another way : Benighted wanderers, the foreft o'er, Curfe the fav'd candle, and unop'ning door; While the gaunt mastiff growling at the gate, Affrights the beggar, whom he longs to eat.

Not to his ton, he mark'd this overfight. And then miltook reverte of wrong for right. (For what to fhun will no great knowledge need; ut what to follow is a tafk indeed.) Yet fure, of qualities deferving praife, More go to ruin fortunes than to raife. What flaughter'd hecztombs, what floods of wint, Fill the capacious 'fquire and deep divine! Yet no incan motives this profusion draws, His oxen perifh in his country's caufe; 'Tis George and Liberty that crowns the cup, And zeal for that great house which cars him up The woods recede around the naked feat. The Sylvans groan-no matter-for the fleet: Next goes his wool-to cluthe our valiant bands; Lati, for his country's love, he fells his lands. To town he comes, completes the nation's hope. And heads the bold train-bands, and baras a pope,

And shall not Britain now reward his toils, Brithin, that pays her patriots with her fpoils? In vain at court the bankrupt pleads his caule; His thanklefs country leaves him to her laws.

The feafe to value riches, with the art T'enjoy them, and the virtue to impart,

BOOK IL

eanly, nor ambitioufly purfu'd, nk by floth, nor rais'd by fervitude; lance fortune by a juft expence, ith economy, magnificence; fplendour, charity; with plenty, health ! ch us, Bathurft! yet unfpoil'd by wealth ! ecret rare, between th'extremes to move, d good-nature, and of mean felf-love. To worth or want well weigh'd be bounty giv'n,

ate or emulate the care of Heav'n; fe meafure full o'erflows on human race) Fortune's fault, and juflify her grace. h in the großs is death; but life diffus'd, fon heals, in juft proportion us'd: ps, like ambergris, a fink it lies; ill difpers'd, is incenfe to the fkies. Who ftarves by nobles, or with nobles eats ? retch that trufts them, and the rogue that cheats.

e a lord who knows a cheerful noon ut a fidler, flatt'rer, or buffoon ? : table, wit, or modeft merit share, w'd by a gamefter, pimp, or player? copies your's, or Oxford's better part, e th'opprefs'd, and raife the finking heart ? cr he fhines, oh fortune gild the fcene, ngels guard him in the golden mean ! English bounty yet awhile may stand, onour linger ere it leaves the land. all our praises why should lords engross? ionest Muse! and fing the Man of Ross : I Vaga echoes thro' her winding bounds, apid Severn hoarfe applause resounds. hung with woods yon mountain's fultry brow ?

the dry rock who bade the waters flow ? the fkies in ufclefs columns toft, proud falls magnificently loft, ear and artless, pouring thro' the plain 1 to the fick, and folace to the fwain. : caufeway parts the vale with fhady rows? e feats the weary traveller repofe? taught that heav'n-directed fpire to rife? Man of Rofs, each lifping babe replies. 1 the market-place with poor o'erfpread ! Aan of Rofs divides the weekly bread : ds yon alms-house, neat, but void of state, e age and want fit finiling at the gate ortion'd maids, apprentic'd orphans bleft ; oung who labour, and the old who reft. fick ? the Man of Rofs relieves, ibes, attends, the med'cine makes, and gives. e a variance ? enter but his door, l are the courts, and contest is no more. iring quacks with curfes fled the place; ile attornies, now an ufclefs race. Thrice happy man ! enabled to purfue all fo wish, but want the pow'r to do ! /, what fums that gen'rous hand fupply ? mines to fwell that boundlefs charity ? Of debts and taxes, wife and children clear,

nan polleft-five hundred pounds a year.

Blufh, grandeur blufh ! proud courts withdraw your blaze !

Ye little ftars ! hide your diminfh'd rays. B. And what ! no monument, infeription, ftone ? His race, his form, his name almost unknown ?

P. Who builds a church to God, and not to fame, Will never mark the marble with his name : Go, fearch it there, where to be born and die, Of rich and poor makes all the hiftory; Enough, that virtue fill'd the fpace between ; Prov'd by the ends of being to have been. When Hopkins dies, a thousand lights attend The wretch, who living fav'd a candle's end! Should'ring God's altar a vile image stands, Belics his features, nay extends his hands; That live-long wig which Gorgon's felf might Eternal buckle takes in Parian stone. [own4 Behold what bleffings wealth to life can lend ! And fee what comfort it affords our end. In the worft inn's worft room, with mat half hung, The floors of plaster, and the walls of dung, On once a flock-bed, but repair'd with ftraw, With tape-ty'd curtains, never meant to draw, The George and Garter dangling from that bed Where tawdry yellow strove with dirty red, Great Villers lies-alas! how chang'd from him That life of pleafure, and that foul of whim I Gallant and gay, in Cliveden's proud alcove, The bow'r of wanton Shrewfbury and love; Or just as gay, at council, in a ring Of mimic statesinen, and their merry king. No wit to flatter left, of all his flore l No fool to laugh at, which he valued more. There, victor of his health, of fortune, friends, And fame, this lord of ufelcis thousands ends.

His Grace's fate fage Cutler could forefee, And well (he thought) advis'd him, --- ' Live like me.'

As well his Grace reply'd, & Like you, Sir John? ' That I can do, when all I have is gone.' Resolve me, Reason, which of these is worse, Want with a full, or with an empty purfe? Thy life more wretched, Cutler, was confeis'd; Arife and tell me, was thy death more blefs'd? Cutler faw tenants break, and houfes fall, For very want; he could not build a wall. His only daughter in a ftranger's pow'r, For very want; he could not pay a dow'r. A few grey hairs his rev'rend temples crown'd, 'Twas very want that fold them for two pound. What ev'n deny'd a cordial at his end, Banish'd the doctor, and expell'd the friend ? What but a want, which you perhaps think mad, Yet numbers feel the want of what he had ! Cutler and Brutus, dving, both exclaim, Virtue ! and wealth ! what are ye but a name !"

Say, for fuch worth are other worlds prepar'd? Or are they both in this their own reward? A knotty point ! to which we now proceed. But you are tir'd—I'll tell a tale--B. Agreed. P. Where London's column, pointing at the fixes, Like at tall bully, lifts the head, and lies; There dwelt a citizen of fober fame, A plain good man, and Balaam was his name.

Religion

Religious, punctual, frugal, and fo forth; His word would pais for more than he was worth. One folid difh his week day meal affords, Ah added pudding folemniz'd the Lord's: Conftant at church and 'change; his gains were fure,

His givings rare, fave farthings to the poor.

The dev'l was piqu'd fuch faintfhip to behold, And long'd to tempt him, like good Job of old : But Satan now is wifer than of yore, And tempts by making rich, not making poor. Rouz'd by the priace of air, the whirlwinds fiweep The furge, and plunge his father in the deep; Then full againt his Cornifh lands they roar, And two tich thipwrecks blets the lucky thore.

Sir Balaam now, he lives like other folks; He takes his chirping pint, and cracks his jokes: • Live like yourfelf,' was foon my lady's word; And lo! two puddings finok'd upon the board.

Afleep and naked as an Indian lay, An honeft factor flole a gem away: He pledg'd it to the knight; the knight had wit, So kept the di'mond; and the rogue was bit. Some feruple rofe, but thus he eas'd his thought, ' I'il now give fixpence where I gave a groat; ' Where once I went to church, I'll now go twice;

" And am to clear too of all other vice."

The tempter faw his time; the work he ply'd; Stocks and fubferiptions pour on ev'ry fide, Till all the demon makes his full defeent. In one abundant flow'r of cent. per cent. Sinks deep within him, and pofieffes whole, Then dubs director, and fecures his foul.

Behold Sir Balaam, now a man of fpirit, Afcribes his gettings to his parts and merit; What late he call'd a blefling, now was wit; And God's good providence, a lucky hit. Things change their titles as our manners turn : His compting-houfe employ'd the Sunday morn : Seldom at church ('twas fuch a bufy life) But duly fent his family and wife. There (fo the dev'l ordain'd) one Christmas tide My good old lady catch'd a cold, and dy'd.

A nymph of quality admires our knight; He marries, bows at court, and grows polite: Leaves the dull cits, and joins (to pleafe the fair) The well-bred cuckolds in St. James's air: Firft, for his fon a gay commiftion buys, Who drinks, whores, fights, and in a duel dies. His daughter flaunts a vitcount's tawdry wife; She bears a coronet and p—x for life. In Britain's fenate he a feat obtains, And one more penfioner St. Stephen gains. My lady falls to play: fo bad her chance, He muft repair it; takes a bribe from France; The Houte impeach him, — Coningfby harangues;

The Court forfake him, and Sir Balaam hangs; Wife, fon, and daughter, Satan! are thy own; His wealth, yet dearer, forfeit to the crown: The devil and the king divide the prize, And Igd Sir Balaam curfes God and dies.

EPISTLE IV.

To Richard Boyle, Earl of Burlington.

'TIS ftrange, the mifer fhould his cares employ To gain those riches he can ne'er enjoy: Is it less ftrange the prodigal fhould wafte His wealth to purchale what he ne'er can tafte? Not for himfelf he fees, or hears, or eats; Artifts muft cluse his pictures, mufic, meats: He buys for Topham drawings and defigns; For Pembroke ftatues, dirty gods, and coins; Rare monkifh manuferipts for Hearne alone; And books for Mead, and butterflies for Sloand. Think we all thefe are for himfelf? No more Than his fine wife, alas! or finer whore.

For what has Virro painted, built, and planted? Only to fhew how many taftes he wanted. What brought Sir Vifto's ill-got wealth to wafte? Some daemon whilper'd ' Vifto ! have a tafte.' Heav'n vifits with a tafte the wealthy fool, And needs no rod but Ripley with a rule. See ! fportive fate, to punifh awkward pride, Bids Bubo build, and fends him fuch a guide: A flanding fermon, at each year's expence, That never coxcomb reach'd magnificence !

You thew us Rome was glorious, not profute, And pompous buildings once were things of ufe: Yet shall (my Lord) your just, your noble rules Fill half the land with imitating fools; [take, Who random drawings from your fheets thall -And of one beauty many blunders make; Load fome vain church with old theatric ftate, Turn arcs of triumph to a garden-gate; Reverte your ornaments, and hang them all On fome patch'd dog-hole ek'd with ends of wall; Then clap four flices of pilafter on't, That, lac'd with bits of ruffic, makes a front. Shall call the winds thro' long arcades to roar, Proud to catch cold at a Venetian door ; Conficious they act a true Palladian part, And if they ftarve, they ftarve by rules of art.

Oft have you hinted to your brother peer, A certain truth, which many buy too dear : Something there is more needful than expence, And fomething previous ev'n to tafte—'tis feme; Good tenfe, which only is the gift of Heav'n, And tho' no feience, fairly worth the feven: A light, which in yourfelf you must perceive; Jones and Le Nôtre have it not to give.

To build, to plant, whatever you intend, To rear the column, or the arch to bend, To fwell the terras, or to fink the grot; In all, let nature never be forgot; But treat the Goddefs like a modelf fair, Nor over-drefs, nor leave her wholly bare; Let not each beauty evrywhere be ipy'd, Where half the fkill is decently to hide. He gains all points who pleafingly confounds, Surprizes, varies, and conceals the bounds.

Confult the genius of the place in all; That tells the waters or to rife or fall; Or helps th'ambitious hill the heav'ns to feale, Or feoors in circling theatres the vale; Calls in the country, catches op'ning glades, Joins willing woods, and varies thades from thades; Nor

preaks, or now directs, th'intending lines; as you plant, and, as you work, defigns. I follow fenfe, of ev'ry art the foul, answering parts shall flide into a whole; aneous beauties all around advance, :v'n from difficulty, ftrike from chance; e shall join you, time shall make it grow rk to wonder at-perhaps a Stow. thout it, proud Verfailles! thy glory falls; Nero's terraces defert their walls : aft parterres a thoufand hands shall make, tobham comes, and floats them with a lake : wide views thro' mountains to the plain, with your hill or fhelter'd feat again. n an ornament its place remark, 1 an hermitage fet Dr. Clarke. d Villario's ten years toil complete ; uincunx darkens, his Elpaliers meet; vood fupports the plain, the parts unite, rength of thade contends with ftrength of light;

annual joy the redd'ning fhoots to greet, the firetching branches long to meet ! n's fine tafte an op'ner vifta loves, the dryads of his father's groves; oundless green, or flourish'd carpet views, all the mournful family of yews uriving plants, ignoble broomfricks made, weep those alleys they were born to fhade. Timon's villa let us país a day, [away 1' e all cry out,— ' What fums are thrown ud, fo grand; of that flupendous air, nd agreeable, come never there. sefs, with Timon, dwells in fuch a draught ngs all Brobdignag before your thought. mpafs this his building is a town, nd an ocean, his parterre a down : but muft laugh, the mafter when he fees, y infect, fhiv'ring at a breeze! hat huge heaps of littleness around 1 vhole, a labour'd quarry above ground. Supids squirt before : a lake behind ves the keennefs of the northern wind. rdens next your admiration call; 'ry fide you look, behold the wall ! aling intricacies intervene, ful wildness to perplex the scene; nods at grove, each alley has a brother, alf the platform just reflects the other. iff'ring eye inverted nature fees, cut to ftatues, statues thick as trees ; here a fountain never to be play'd; tere a fummer-houfe that knows no fhade; Amphitrite fails thro' myrtle bow'rs; gladiators fight, or die in flow'rs;

Unwater'd fee the drooping fea-horfe mourn; And fivallows rooft in Nilus' dufty urn. My lord advances with majeftic mien, Smit with the mighty pleafure to be feen: But foft—by regular approach—not yet— Firft thro' the length of yon hot terrace fiveat; And when up ten fteep flopes you've dragg'd your thighs,

Juft at his ftudy-door he'll blefs your eyes. His ftudy 1 with what authors is it ftor'd? In books, not authors, curious is my lord; To all their dated backs he turns you round; Thefe Aldus printed, thofe Du Sucil has bound. Lo, fome are vellum, and the reft as good For all his lordfhip knows, but they are wood. For Locke or Milton 'tis in vain to look; Thefe fhelves admit not any modern book.

And now the chapel's filver bell you hear, That fummons you to all the pride of pray'r: Light quirks of mufic, broken and uneven, Make the foul dance upon a jig to heav'a. On painted ceilings you devoutly ftare, Where fprawl the faints of Verrio or Laguerre, Or gilded clouds in fair expansion lie, And bring all Paradife before your eye. To reft, the cushion and fort dean invite, Who never mentions hell to cars polite.

But hark ! the chiming clocks to dinner call; A hundred footsteps scrape the marble hall : The rich buffet well colour'd ferpents grace, And gaping Tritons fpew to wath your face. Is this a dinner? this a genial room? No, 'tis a temple and a hecatomb. A folemn facrifice, perform'd in ftate; You drink by measure, and to minutes eat. So quick retires each flying courfe, you'd fwear Sancho's dread doctor and his wand were there. Between each act the trembling falvers ring From foup to fweet-wine, and God blefs the King. In plenty ftarving, tantaliz'd in ftate, And complaifantly help'd to all I hate, Treated, carefs'd, and tir'd, I take my leave, Sick of his civil pride from morn to eve ; I curfe fuch lavish cost, and little skill, And fwear no day was ever paft fo ill.

Yet hence the poor are cloth'd, the hungry fed Health to himfelf, and to his infants bread The lab'rer bears: what his hard heart denies, His charitable vanity fupplies.

Another age shall fee the golden car Imbrown the flope, and nod on the parterre, Deep harvest bury all his pride has plann'd, And laughing Ceres reassume the land.

Who then shall grace, or who improve the foil ?

Who plants like Bathurft, or who builds like 'Tis use alone that fanctifics expence, [Boyle. And fplendor borrows all her rays from fence. His father's acres who enjoys in peace,

The milky heifer and delerving head.

Whole rising forest, not for pride or show, But cature buildings, future navies, grow: Let his plantations stretch from down to down, First shade a country, and then raise a town.

You too proceed i make falling arts your care, Ereft new worders, and the old repair; Janes and Palladio to themfelves reftore, And be whate'er Vitruvius was before : Till kings call forth th'ideas of your mind (Proted to accomplifh what fuch hands defiga'd) Bid harbours open, public ways extend, Bid temples, worthier of the god, afcend; Bid the broad arch the dang'rous flood contain, The mole projected break the roaring main; Back to his bounds their fubject fea command, And roll obedient rivers thro' the land; Thefe honours, peace to happy Britain brings; Thefe arc imperial works, and worthy kings.

§ 15. Epifile to Mr. Addition, occasioned by his Dialogues on Medals. POPE.

SEE the wild wafte of all devouring years ! How Rome her own fad fepulchre appears, . With nodding arches broken temples fpread ! The very tombs now vanifh'd like their dead ! Imperial wonders rais'd on nations fpoil'd, Where, mix'd with flaves, the groaning martyr

toil'd : Huge theatres, that now unpeopled woods, Now drain'd a diffant country of her floods : Fanes, which admiring gods with pride furvey, Statues of men, fearce lets alive than they ! Some felt the filent firoke of mould'ting age, Some hoftile fury, fome religious rage. Barbarian blindnefs, Chriftian zeal confpire, And Papal piety, and Gothie fire. Perhaps, by its own ruins fav'd from flame, Some bury'd marble half preferves a name; That name the learn'd with fierce difputes pur-And give to Titus old Veipafian's due.

Ambition figh'd: fhe found it vain to truft The faithlets column and the crumbling buft: Huge moles, whole fhadow ftretch'd from fhore to fhore,

Their ruins perifit'd, and their place no more ! Convinc'd, the now contracts her vaft defign, And all her triumphs thrink into a coin. A narrow orb each crowded conqueft keeps; Beneath her palm here fad Judea weeps. Now feantier limits the proud arch confine, And fearce are feen the profit are Nile or Rhine; A finall Euphrates thro' the piece is roll'd, And little eagles wave their wings in gold.

The Medul, faithful to its charge of fame, Thro' clines and ages betrs each form and name; In one thort view fubleded to our eye, Gods, e.m'rors, heroes, figes, beauties, lie. Wi h tharpen'd it, ht pule antiquaties pore; Th'infeription value, but the ruft adore. This the blue varnifh, that the green endears, The faceed ruft of twice ten hundred years ! To gain Percentius one employs his fehences; One grafts a Cocrops in extatic dreams.

Poor Vadius, long with learned fpleen devourd, Can take no pleature fince his fhield was fcourd: And Curio, reflicfs by the fair one's fide, Sighs for an Otho, and neglects his bride.

Theirs is the vanity, the learning thine: Touch'd by thy hand, again Rome's gloriesikins; Her gods and godlike heroes rife to view, And all her faded garlands bloom anew. Nor blufh, thefe fludies thy regard engage; Thefe pleas'd the fathers of poetic rage: The verfe and fculpture bore an equal part, And art reflected images to art.

Oh when shall Britain, confeious of her claim Stand emulous of Greek and Roman fame? In living medals fee her wars enroll'd, And vanquish'd realms supply recording gold? Here, rifing bold, the patriot's honeft fac There, warriors frowning in historic bras: Then future ages with delight shall fee How Plato's, Bacon's, Newton's looks agree; Or in fair feries laurell'd bards be fhown, A Virgil there, and here an Addifon. Then shall thy Craggs (and let me call him mine) On the caft ore, another Pollio, fhine; With afpect open shall crect his head, And round the orb in lafting notes be read, · Statefman, yet friend to truth ! of foul facers " In action faithful, and in honour clear; "Who broke no promife, ferv'd no private end; Who gain'd no title, and who loft no friezd; Ennobled by himtelf, by all approv'd;

' And prais'd, unenvy'd, by the Mufe he lov'd'

§ 16. Epifile to Dr. Arbuthnot, being the Prologut to the Satires. POPE.

P. SHUT, fhut the door, good John ! fangu'd l faid;

Tye up the knocker, fay I'm fick, I'm dead.

The Dog-star rages ! nay, 'tis past a doubt,

All Bedlam, or Parnaffus, is let out :

Fire in each eye, and papers in each hand,

They rave, recite, and madden round the land. What walls can guard me, or what findes can hide?

They pierce my thickets, thro' my grot they glide; By land, by water, they renew the charge; They flop the chariot, and they board the barge. No place is facred, not the Church is fice; Ev'n Sunday finines no Sabbath-day to me! Then from the Mint walks for the man of rhyme; Happy to catch me just at dinner-time!

Is there a parlon, much bemus'd ia beer, A maudlin pistefs, a thyming peer, A clerk, foredoom'd his father's foul to emfs, Who pens a fianza when he fhould engrois? Is there, who, lock'd from ink and paper, feraws With defp'rate charcoal round his darken'd wilb? All fly to Twit'nam, and in humble ftrain, Apply to me, to keep them mad or vain. Arthur, whofe giddy fon neglecits the laws, Imputes to me and my damn'd works the case: Poor Cornus fees his frantic wife elope; And curfes wit, and poetry, and Pope.

Frind

Friend to my life! (which did not you prolong, The world had wanted many an idle fong) What drop or noftrum can this plague remove? Or which muft end me, a fool's wrath or love? A dire dilemma! either way I'm fped; If foes, they write; if friends, they read me dead. Seiz'd and ty'd down to judge, how wretched I ! Who can't be filent, and who will not lye: To laugh, were want of goodnefs and of grace; And to be grave, exceeds all pow'r of face; I fit with fad civility, I read With honeft anguifh, and an aching head; And drop at laft, but in unwilling ears,

This faving counfel, 'Keep your piece nine years.' Nine years ! cries he, who high in Drury-lane, Lull'd by foft zephyrs thro' the broken pane, Rhymes ere he wakes, and prints before term ends, Obig'd by hunger, and requeft of friends : 'The piece, you think, is incorrect? why take it,

 I'm all fubmiffion, what you'd have it, make it.' Three things another's modeft wifnes bound;

My friendship, and a prologue, and ten pound. Pitheleon fends to me : ' You know his Grace : " I want a patron; afk him for a place." Pitholcon libell'd me-' but here's a letter Informs you, Sir, t'was when he knew no better. Dare you refuse him ? Curl invites to dine ; · He'll write a journal, or he'll turn divine.' Bless me ! a packet .- ' 'Tis a stranger sucs, • A virgin tragedy, an orphan mule.' If I diflike it, ' Furies, death and rage !' If I approve, ' Commend it to the ftage.' There (thank my stars) my whole commission The players and I are, luckily, no friends. [ends, Fir'd that the house reject him, "Sdeath, I'll print it, Lintot.' " And fhame the fools-Your int'reft, Sir, with Lintot, dull rogue! will think your price too much: . Not, Sir, if you revife it, and retouch." All my demurs but double his attacks ; At laft he whifpers, ' Do, and we go fnacks.' Glad of a quarrel, ftrait I clap the door, • Sir, let me fee your works and you no more.' 'Tis fung, when Midas' ears began to fpring (Midas, a facred perfon and a king) His very minister who spy'd them first, (Some fay his queen) was fore'd to fpeak, or burft. And is not mine, my friend, a forer cafe, And is not mine, my menu, a set of the wire every coxcomb perks them in my face ? A. Good friend, forbear ! you deal in dang'rous things;

I'd never name queens, minifters, or kings; Keep clofe to ears, and thofe let affes prick, 'T is nothing—P. Nothing, if they bite and kick? Out with it, Dunciad! let the fecret pafs, That fecret to each fool, that he's an afs: The truth once told (and wherefore fhould we lie?) The queen of Midas flept, and fo may I. You think this cruel: take it for a rule,

No creature imarts io little as a fool. Let peals of laughter, Codrus! round thee break, Thou unconcern'd can'ft hear the mighty crack : Pit, box, and gall'ry in convultions hurl'd, Thou itand'ft unfhook amidit a burfting world.

Who fhames a feribbler ? break one cobwebthro?, He fpins the flight, felf-pleafing thread anew : Deftroy his fib or fophiftry, in vain, The creature's at his dirty work again, Thron'd on the centre of his thin defigns, Proud of a vaft extent of flimfy lines ! Whom have I hurt ! has poet yet, or peer, Loft the arch'd eyebrow, or Parnalfian fneer? And has not Colly ftill his lord and whore? His butcher's Henly, his free-mafon's Moor. Does not one table Bavius ftill admit ? Still to one bifhop Philips feem a wit ? [offend: Still Sappho-A. Hold, for God's fake-you'll No names-be calm-learn prudence of a friend : I too could write, and I am twice as tall; [all. But foes like thefe-P. One flatt'rer's worfe than Of all mad creatures, if the learn'd are right, It is the flaver kills, and not the bite. A fool quite angry is quite innocent : Alas ! 'tis ten times worfe when they repent. . One dedicates in high heroic profe, And ridicules beyond a hundred foes; One from all Grub-ftreet will my fame defend, And, more abufive, calls himfelf my friend : This prints my Letters ; that expects a bribe ; And others roar aloud, ' Subferibe, fubferibe !'

There are, who to my perfon pay their court: I cough like Horace, and, tho' lean, am fhort. Ammon's great fon one fhoulder had too high; Such Ovid's nofe; and, 'Sir! you have an eye'-Go on, obliging creatures, make me fee All that difgrac'd my betters met in me. Say for my comfort, languifhing in bed, ' Juft fo immortal Maro held his head;' And when I die, be fure you let me know Great Homer dy'd three thoufand years ago.

Why did I write ? what fin to me unknown Dipt me in ink, my parent's, or my own ? As vet a child, nor yet a fool to fame, I lifp'd in numbers, for the numbers came. I left no calling for this idle trade, No duty broke, no father difobey'd : The Mufe but ferv'd to eafe fome friend, not wife, To help me thro' this long difeafe, my life; To fecond, Arbuthnot ! thy art and care, And teach the being you preferv'd to bear.

But why then publith ? Granville the polite, And knowing Walth, would tell me I could write; Well-natur'd Garth inflam'd with early praife; And Congreve lov'd, and Swift endur'd my lays; The courtly Talbot, Somers, Sheffield read; Ev'n mirred Rochefter would nod the head; And St. John's felf (great Dryden's friends be-With open arms receiv'd one poet more. [fore] Happier their author, when by thefe belov'd ! From thefe the world will judge of men and books, Not from the Burnets, Oldmixons, and Cooks.

Soft were my numbers; who could take offence While pure deteription held the place of fente k Like gentle Fanny's was my flow'ry theme, A painted miftrefs, or a purling fiream. Yet then did Gildon draw his venal quill; I wifh'd the man a dinner, and fat ftill. P 3 Yet then did Dennis rave in furious fret; I never anfwer'd, I was not in debt. If want provok'd, or madnef- made them print, I wag'd no war with Bedlam or the Mint.

Did fome more fober critic come abroad ; If wrong. I fmil'd; if right, I kifs'd the rod. Pains, reading, ftudy, are their just pretence; And all they want is spirit, taste, and sense. Commas and points they fet exactly right ; And 'twere a fin to rob them of their mite. Yet ne'er one fprig of laurel grac'd thefe ribalds, From flashing Bentley down to pidling Tibalds : Each wight who reads not, and but fcans and fpells, Each word-catcher, that lives on fyllables, Ev'n fuch finall critics fome regard may claim, Preferv'd in Milton's or in Shakefpear's name. Pretty ! in amber to obferve the forms Of hairs, or ftraws, or dirt, or grubs, or worms! The things we know are neither rich nor rare, But wonder how the devil they got there.

Were others angry, I excus'd them too Well might they rage, I gave them but their due. A man's true merit 'tis not hard to find ; But each man's fecret standard in his mind, That cafting-weight pride adds to emptinefs, This, who can gratify? for who can guess? The bard whom pilfer'd paftorals renown, Who turns a Pertian tale for half a crown, Just writes to make his barreness appear, [a year; And ftrains, from hard-bound brains, eight lines He, who ftill wanting, tho' he lives on theft, Steals much, spends little, yet has nothing left : And he, who pow to feuse, now nonfense leaning, Means not, but blunders round about a meaning : And he, whose fustian's fo fublimely bad, It is not poetry, but profe run mad : All thefe, my modeft Satire bade tranflate. And own'd that nine fuch poets made a Tate. How did they fume and ftamp, and roar and chafe ! And fwear, not Addison himfelf was fafe.

Peace to all fuch ' but were there one whofe fires True genius kindles, and fair fame infpires; Bleft with each talent and each art to pleafe, And born to write, converfe, and live with eafe: Should fuch a man, too fond to rule alone. Bear, like the Turk, no brother near the throne, View him with fcoinful, vet with jealous eves, And hate for arts that caus d himfelf to rife ; Damn with faint praife, affent with civil leer, And without facering, teach the reft to facer ; Willing to wound, and yet afraid to ftrike, Just hint a fault, and helitate diflike ; Alike referv'd to blame or to commend, A tim'rous foe, and a fufpicious friend; Dreading evin fools, by flatterers befieg'd, And fo obliging, that he ne'er oblig'd; Like Cato, give his little fenate laws, And fit attentive to his own applaule; While wits and Templars ev'ry fentence raife, And wonder with a foolifh face of praife. Who but must laugh, if fuch a man there be? Who would not weep, if Atticus were he?

What the' my name flood subric on the walls, Or plaster'd polis, with claps, in capitals ?

Or finoking forth, a hundred hawkers load, On wings of winds came flying all abroad? I fought no homage from the race that write; I kept, like Afian monarchs, from their fight: Poems I heeded (now berhym'd fo loog) No more than thou,great George ! a birthday forg. I ne'er with wits or witlings pafs'd my days, To fpread about the itch of verfe and praife; Nor, like a puppy, dangled thro' the town, To fetch and carry fing-fong up and down; Nor at rehearfals fiveat, and mouth'd, and cryd, With handkerchief and orange at my fide; But fick of fops, and poetry, and prate, To Butfo left the whole Caftalian flate.

Proud as Apollo on his forked hill, Sat full-blown Bufo, puff'd by ev'ry quill; Fed with foft dedication all day long, Horace and he went hand and hand in fong. His library (where bufts of poets, dead, And a true Pindar ftood, without a head) Receiv'd of wits an undiftinguish'd race, Who first his judgment ask'd, and then a place: Much they extoll'd his pictures, much his feat, And flatter'd ev'ry day, and fome days eat : Till grown more frugal in his riper days, He paid fome bards with port, and fome with praiky To fome a dry rehearfal was affign'd; And others (harder still) he paid in kind. Dryden alone (what wonder!) came not nigh; Dryden alone escap'd this judging eye : But still the Great have kindness in referve; He help'd to bury whom he help'd to ftarve.

May fome choice patron blefs each grev goofe-May ev'ry Bavius have his Bufo ftiil ! [quil! So when a flatefman wants a day's defence. Or envy holds a whole week's war with fenfe, Or fimple pride for flatt'ry makes demands, May dunce by dunce be whiftled off my hands! Bleft be the Great! for thofe they take away, And thofe they left me; for they left me Gay; Left me to fee neglected genius bloom, Neglected dic, and tell it on his tomb : Of all thy blamelefs life the fole return, My verfe, and Queenfb'ry weeping o'er thy ura.

Oh let me live my own, and die fo too f (To live and die is all I have to do :) Maintain a poet's dignity and eafe, And fee what friends, and read what books I pleafe. Above a patron, tho' I condefeend Sometimes to call a minister my friend. I was not born for Courts or great affairs : I pay my debts, believe, and fay my pray'rs; Can fleep without a poem in my head; Nor keow if Dennis be aliye or dead,

Why am I afk'd what next fhall fee the light? Heav'ns ! was I born for nothing but to write? Has life no joys for me ? or (to be grave) Have I no friend to ferve, no foul to fave? [douk " I found him clofk with Swift"---- Indeed! so (Cries prating Balbus) fomething will come out." 'Tis all in vain, deny it as I will; ' No, fuch a genius never can lie fill;" And then for mine, obligingly miftakes The firit lampoon Sir Will or Bubo makes.

guiltlefs I ! and can I chufe but fmile, a cv'ry coxcomb knows me by my ftyle? rft be the verfe, how well foe'er it flow, tends to make one worthy man my foc. virtue scandal, innocence a fear, om the foft-ey'd virgin steal a tear ! ie who hurts a harmless neighbour's peace, is fall'n worth, or beauty in diffress, loves a lye, lame flander helps about, writes a libel, or who copies out; fop, whole pride affects a patron's name, bfent, wounds un author's honeft fame ; can your merit felfifhly approve, fhew the fenfe of it without the love ; has the vanity to call you friend ; vants the honour injur'd, to defend ; tells whate'er you think, whate'er you fay, if he lye not, must at least betray : to the dean and filver bell can fwear, fees at Canons what was never there; reads, but with a luft to mifapply, : fatire a lampoon, and fiction lye. 1 like mine no honeft man shall dread, Il fuch babbling blockheads in his ftead. : Sporus tremble-A. What ? that thing of s, that mere white curd of afs's milk ? [filk, or fenfe, alas ! can Sporus feel ? breaks a butterfly upon a wheel ! x let me flap this bug with gilded wings, painted child of dirt, that flinks and flings; c buzz the witty and the fair annoys, it ne'er taftes, and beauty ne'er enjoys : ll-bred spaniels civilly delight mbling of the game they dare not bite. al finiles his emptinefs betray, sllow ftreams run dimpling all the way. her in florid impotence he fpeaks, s the prompter breathes, the puppet fqueaks; the car of Eve, familiar toad, roth, half venom, spits himself abroad is, or politics, or tales, or lies, te, or fmut, or rhymes, or blafphemies. it all fee-faw, between that and this; ligh, now low, now mafter up, now mifs; ie himfelf one vile antithefis: ibious thing ! that acting either part, rifling head, or the corrupted heart, the toilet, flatt'rer at the board, rips a lady, and now ftruts a lord. tempter thus the Rabbius have express, rub's face, a reptile all the reft. r that flocks you, parts that none will truft, hat can creep, and pride that licks the duft. fortune's worthipper, nor fathion's fool, cre's madman, nor ambition's tool, oud, nor fervile; be one poet's praife, if he pleas'd, he pleas'd by manly ways. latt'ry, ov'n to kings, he held a fhame, bought a lye in verfe or profe the fame. lot in fancy's maze he wander'd long, pop'd to truth, and moraliz'd his fong : sot for fame, but virtue's better end, od the furious foe, the timid friend, unning critic, half-approving wit, wcomb hit, or fearing to be hit;

Laugh'd at the lofs of friends he nover had, The dull, the proud, the wicked, and the mad **3** The diffant threats of vengeance on his head, The blow unfelt, the tear he never fhed ; The tale reviv'd, the lye fo oft o'erthrown, Th'imputed trafh and dulnefs not his own; The morals blacken'd when the writings 'fcape, The libell'd perfon, and the pictur'd fhape; Abufe on all he lov'd, or lov'd him, fpread; A friend in exile, or a father dead; The whifper, that to greataefs fill too near, Perhaps, yet vibrates on his fov'reign's car-Welcome for thee, fair virtue ! all the paft: For thee, fair virtue ! welcome ev'n the laft !

A. But why infult the poor, affront the great & P. A knave's a knave to me, in ev'ry flate : Alike my fcorn, if he fucceed or fail, Sporus at court, or Japhet in a jail, A hireling fcribb'ler, or a hireling peer, Knight of the poft corrupt, or of the fhire ; If on a pillory, or near a throne, He gain his prince's ear, or lote his own.

Yet foft by nature, more a dupe than wit, Sappho can tell you how this man was bit : This dreaded fat rift Dennis will confels Foe to his pride, but friend to his diffrefs : So humble, he has knock'd at Tibbald's door. Has drank with Cibber, nay has rhym'd for Moor. Full ten years flander'd, did he once reply ? Three thousand funs went down on Welfted's lye. To pleafe a mistrefs, one aspers'd his life; He lash'd him not, but let her be his wife : Let Budgel charge low Grubftreet on his quill, And write whate'er he pleas'd, except his will ; Let the two Curls of town and court, abuse His father, mother, body, foul, and mufe. Yet why ? that father held it for a rule, It was a fin to call our neighbour fool : That harmless mother thought no wife a whore: Hear this, and fpare his family, James Moor ! Unfpotted names, and memorable long ! If there be force in virtue, or in fong.

Of gentle blood (part fhed in honour's caufe, While yet in Britsin honour had applaufe) Each parent fprung—A. What fortune, pray?— P. Their own,

And better got, than Beftia's from the throne. Born to no pride, inheriting no firife, Nor marrying difcord in a noble wife, Stranger to civil and religious rage, The good man walk'd innoxious thro' his **age**. No courts he faw, no fuits would ever try, Nor dar'd an oath, nor hazarded a lye. Unlearn'd, he knew no fchoolman's fubtile **art**; No language, but the language of the heart. By nature honeft, by experience wife, Healthy by temp'rance and by exercife; His life, tho' long, to ficknefs patt unknown, His death was inftant, and without a groan. O grant me thus to live, and thus to die 1 Whofprung from kings fhall know lefs joythan I

O friend ! may each domettic blifs be thine ! Be no unplesting melancholy mine : Me, let the render office long engage, To rock the crudle of repoling age ; . P 4

N.

With lenient arts extend a mother's breath, Make languor finile, and fmooth the bed of death, Explore the thought, explain the asking eye, And keep a while one parent from the fky On cares like thefe, if length of days attend, MayHeav'n, to blefs those days, preferve my friend; Preferve him focial, cheerful, and ferene, And just as rich as when he ferv'd a queen. A. Whether that bleffing be deny'd or giv'n, Thus far was right, the reft belongs to Heav'n.

§ 17. Satires and Epifiles of Horace imitated. POPE.

SATIRE I.

To Mr. Fortefcue.

P.THERE are(I fcarce can think it, but am told) There are, to whom mySatire fcems too bold;

Scarce to wife Peter complaifant enough; And fomething faid of Chartres much too rough. The lines are weak, another's pleas'd to fay ; Lord Fanny fpins a thoufand fuch a day. Tim'rous by nature, of the rich in awe, I come to council learned in the law : You'll give me, like a friend both fage and free, Advice; and (as you use) without a fee.

.F. I'd write no more.

P. Not write ? but then I think ; And, for my foul, I cannot fleep a wink. I nod in company, I wake at night, Fools rush into my head, and fo I write.

F. You could not do a world thing for your life. Why, if the night: feem tedious-take a wife : Or rather truly, if your point be reft, Letruce and cowflip wine , probatum eft. But talk with Celius, Celius will advife Hartfhorn, or fomething that fhall close your eyes. Or, if you needs must write, write Castar's praife : You'll gain at least a knighthood, or the bays.

P. What! like Sir Richard, rumbling, rough, and fierce, [the veric? With arms, and George, and Brunfwick crowd Rend with tremendous founds your cars afunder Withgun, drum, trumpet, blunderbuls, and thun-Or nobly wild, with Budgel's fire and force, [der? Paint angels trembling round his falling horfe ?

F. Then all your Muse's fofter art display; Let Carolina finooth the tuneful lav Lull with Amelia's liquid name the Nine, And fweetly flow thro' all the royal line.

P. Alas ! few verses touch their nicer car; They fearce can bear their Laureat twice a year; And juftly Cafar foorns the poet's lays; It is to hiftory he trufts for praife.

F. Better be Cibber, I'll maintain it flill, Than ridicule all tafte, blafpheme quadrille, Abuse the city's best good men in metre, And laugh at peers that put their truth in Peter. Ev'n those you touch not, hate you-

P. What should ail them? F. A hundred finart in Timon and in Balaam : The fewer still you name you wound the more : Bond is but one, but Harpax is a fcore.

P. Each mortal has his pleafure : none deny Scarsdale his bottle, Darty his ham-pye; 1. . .

Ridotta fips and dances, till the fee The doubling luftres dance as faft as the; F- loves the fenate, Hockleyhole his brother; Like in all elfe, as one cgg to another. I love to pour out all myfelf, as plain As downright Shippen, or as old Montagae: In them, as certain to be lov'd as feen, The foul flood forth, nor kept a thought within; In me what fpots (for fpots I have) appear, Will prove at leaft the medium muft be clear. In this impartial glass, my Muse intends Fair to expole myfelf, my foes, my friends; Publish the present age; but where my test Is vice too high, referve it for the next: My foes thall with my life a longer date, And ev'ry friend the lefs lament my fate. My head and heart thus flowing thro' my quil Verfeman or profeman, term me which you will; Papift or Protestant, or both between, Like good Erafinus in an honeft mean; In moderation placing all my glory While Tories call me Whig, and Whigs a Tory.

Satire's my weapon, but I'm too diferent To run a-muck, and tilt at all I meet; I only wear it in a land of hectors, Thieves, fupercargoes, fharpers, and directors." Save but our army ! and lot Jove incruft Swords, pikes, and guns, with everlafting raf! Peace is my dear delight-not Fleury's more: But touch me, and no minister fo fore. Whoe'er offends, at fome unlucky time Slides into verse, and hitches in a rhyme; Sacred to ridicule his whole life long, And the fad burthen of fome merry fong.

Slander or poifon dread from Delia's ra Hard words or hanging, if your judge be Page From furious Sappho icarce a milder fate, P-x'd by her love, or libell'd by her hate. Its proper pow'r to hurt, each creature feels Bulls aim their horns, and affes lift their beek; 'Tis a bear's talent not to kick, but hug; And no man wonders he's not ftung by pug. So drink with Walters, or with Chartres eat; They'll never poifon you, they'll only cheat.

Then, learned Sir (to cut the matter thort) Whate'er my fate, or well or ill at Court, Whether old age, with faint but cheerful ray, Attends to gild the evining of my day Or death's black wing already be difplay'd, To wrap me in the universal shade ; Whether the darken'd room to mufe invite, Or whiten'd wall provoke the fkew'r to write: In durance, exilc, Bedlam, or the Mint, Like Lee or Budgel, I will rhyme and print.

F. Alas, young man ! your days can ne'er 🖿 long;

In flow'r of age vou perifh for a foag ! Plume and directors, Shylock and his wife, Will club their tefters, now, to take your life!

P. What? arm'dfor virtue when I point the pea, Brand the bold front of fhamelefs guilty men; Dash the proud gamester in his gilded car; Bare the mean heart that lurks beneath a ftar; Can there be wanting, to defend her caufe, Lights of the church, or guardians of the last

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enfion'd Boileau lash in honeft strain rs and bigots, even in Louis' reign ? aureat Dryden pimp and fry'r engage, ther Charles nor James be in a rage ? not strip the gilding off a knave, d, unpenfion'd, no man's heir or flave ? or perifh in the gen'rous caufe : is and tremble ! you, who 'fcape the laws. nile I live, no rich or noble knave alk the world, in credit, to his grave. ue only and her friends a friend, orld befide may murmur, or commend. all the distant din that world can keep, 'er my grotto, and but fooths my fleep. my retreat the best companions grace, out of war, and statesmen out of place. st. John mingles with my friendly bowl ift of reason and the flow of foul : , whofe lightning pierc'd th'Iberian lines, msmy quincunx, and now ranks my vines; es the genius of the stubborn plain, as quickly as he conquer'd Spain. " must own, I live among the great, p of pleafure, and no fpy of ftate ; es that pry not, tongue that ne'er repeats,) fpread friendships, but to cover heats ; o who want, to forward who excel; I who know me, know; who love me, tell; ho unknown defame me, let them be ers or peers, alike are mob to me. my plea, on this I reft my caufeaith my counfel, learned in the laws ? our plea is good; but still I fay, beware ! re explain'd by men-fo have a care. is on record, that in Richard's times was hang'd for very honeft rhymes ! the statute, quart. I think, it is, li fext. or prim. et quint. Eliz. els, Satires-here you have it-read. ibels and Satires ! lawlefs things indeed ! ve Epifiles, bringing vice to light, a knight might read, a bishop write, Sir Robert would approve-F. Indeed ?

fc is alter'd—vou may then proceed; a caufe the plaintiff will be hifs'd, ds the judges laugh, and you're difmifs'd.

SATIRE IL

To Mr Bethel.

T, and how great the Virtue and the art ion little, with a cheerful heart trine fage, but truly none of mine) ilk my friend; but talk before we dine. en a gilt Buffet's reflected pride you from found philofophy afide; ion from plate to plate your eye-balls roll, c brain dances to the mantling bowl. Bethel's Sermon, not one vers'd in fchools, ong in fenfe, and wife without the rules. 'k, hunt, exercife! (he thus began) corn a homely dinner if you can. 'ine lock'd up, your butlerftroll'd abroad, deny'd (the river yet unthaw'd) If then plain bread and milk will do the feat, The pleafure lies in you, and not the meat. Preach as I pleafe, I doubt, our curious men Will chuse a pheasant still before a hen; Yet hens of Guinea full as good I hold, Except you eat the feathers green and gold. Of carps and mullets why prefer the great (Tho' cut in pieces ere my lord can cat) Yet for small turbots such efteem profes? Becaufe God made theie large, the other lefs. Oldfield, with more than harpy throat endu'd, Cries," Send me, Gods, a whole hog barbecu'd! Oh blaft it, South-winds, till a stench exhale Rank as the ripencies of a rabbit's tail. By what criterion do you eat, d'ye think, If this is priz'd for fweetness, that for ftink ? When the tir'd glutton labours thro' a treat, He finds no relifh in the fweetcft meat; He calls for fomething bitter, fomething four a And the rich feast concludes extremely poor : Cheap eggs, and herbs, and olives still we fee; Thus much is left of old Simplicity ! The Robin-red-breast till of late had rest, And children facred held a Martin's neft. Till Becca-ficos fold fo dev'lifh dear To one that was, or would have been, a Peer. Let me extol a cat on oysters fed; I'll have a party at the Bedford-head ; Or ev'n to crack like crawfifh recommend; I'd never doubt at court to make a friend. 'Tis yet in vain, I own, to keep a pother About one vice, and fall into the other : Between excess and famine lies a mean ; Plain, but not fordid; tho' not fplendid clean. Avidien, or his wife (no matter which, For him you'll call a dog, and her a bitch) Sell their prefented partridges and fruits, And humbly live on rabbits and on roots: One half-pint bottle ferves them both to dine; And is at once their vinegar and wine. But on fome lucky day (as when they found A loft bank-bill, or heard their fon was drown'd) At fuch a feaft, old vincgar to fpare, Is what two fouls fo gen'rous cannot bear ; Oil, tho' it flink, they, drop by drop, impart; But fouse the cabbage with a bountcous heart.

He knows to live who keeps the middle ftate, And neither leans on this fide nor on that; Nor ftops, for one bad cork, his butler's pay; Swears, like Albutius, a good cook away; Nor lets, like Nævius, ev'ry error pafs; The mufty wine, foul cloth, or greafy glafs.

Now hear what bleffings temperance can bring: (Thus faid our friend, and what he faid I fing) First Health : the ftomach (cramm'd from ev'ry difh.

A tomb of boil'd and roaft, and fiefh and fifh, Where bile, and wind, and phlegm, and acid jar, And all the man is one inteftine war) Remembers oft the School-boy's fimple fare, The temp'rate fleeps, and fpirits light as air.

How pale each Worthipful and Rev'rend guest Rife from a clergy or a city-feall What life in all that ample body, fay What beav aly particle infimes the clay? The foul fubfides, and wickedly inclines To feem but mortal, ev'n in found Divines. On morning wings how active fprings the mind That leaves the load of yefterday behind ! How cafy ev'ry labour it purfues ! How coming to the Poet ev'ry Mufe ! Not but we may exceed fome holy time, Or tir'd in fearch of Truth, or fearch of Rhyme; Ill health fome juft indulgence may engage; And more the ficknefs of long life, Old Age; For fainting age what cordial drop remains, If our intemp'rate Youth the veffel drains ? Our fichare amin'd cont Vent'on.

Our fathers prais'd rank Ven'son. You suppole,

Perhaps, young men ! our fathers had no nofe. Not fo : a Buck was then a week's repaft; And 'twas their point, I ween, to make it laft; More pleas'd to keep it till their friends could come.

Than eat the fweeteft by themfelves at home. Why had not I in those good times my birth, Ere coxcomb pyes or coxcombs were on earth?

Unworthy he, the voice of fame to hear, That fweeteft mufic to an honeft car; (For'faith, Lord Fanny ! you are in the wrong; The world's good word is better than a fong) W ho has not learn'd, fresh sturgeon and ham-pye Are no rewards for want and infamy When luxury has lick'd up all thy pelf, Curs'd be thy neighbours, thy truftees, thyfelf. To friends, to fortune, to mankind a shame, Think how posterity will treat thy name; And buy a rope, that future times may tell Thou haft at least beftow'd one penny well. " Right," cries his Lordship, " for a rogue in need " To have a tafte, is infolence indeed ! " In me 'tis noble, fuits my birth and ftate, " My wealth unwieldy and my heap too great." Then, like the Sun, let Bounty fpread her ray, And thine that fuperfluity away. Oh impudence of wealth ! with all thy ftore, How dar'ft thou let one worthy man be poor ? Shall half the new-built churches round thee fall ? Make quays, build bridges, or repair Whitehall : Or to the Country let that heap be lent, As M-o's was, but not at five per cent.

Who thinks that fortune cannot change her Prepares a dreadful jeft for all mankind. [mind, And who ftands fafeft? Tell me, is it he That fpreads and fwells in puff'd profperity? Or, bleft with little, whofe preventing care In prace provides fit arms againft a war?

Thus Bethel fpoke, who always fpeaks his thought,

And always think the very thing he ought: His equal mind I copy what I can, And as I love, would imitate the man. In South-Sea days not happier when furmis'd The lord of thoufands, than if now excis'd; In foreft planted by a father's hand, Than in five acres now of rented land. Content with little, I can piddle here On bruccoli and muttoa round the year ! But ancient friends (tho' poor, or out of pa;) This touch my bell, I cannot tur away. 'Tis true, no Turbots dignify my boards ;

- But gudgeons, flounders, what my Thames affords.
- To Hounflow-heath I point, and Panfied-down; Thence comes your mutton, and these chicks my own:

From yon old walnut-tree a flow'r fhallfall; And grapes long ling ring on my only wall, And figs from standard and espalier join ; The dev'l is in you if you cannot dine : [place) Then cheerful healths (your mistrefs shall have And, what's more rare, a poet shall fay grace. Fortune not much of humbling me can boaft; Tho' double tax'd, how little have I loft ? My life's amufements have been just the fame Before and after standing armies came. My lands are fold, my father's house is gone I'll hire another's : is not that my own, [1 the And yours, my friends ? thro' whole free op'ning None comes too early, none departs too late; For I, who hold fage Homer's rule the beft, Welcome the coming, fpeed the going gueft. "Pray Heav'n it laft! (cries Swift!) as you go on; " I with to God this house had been your own, " Pity! to build without a fon or wife; "Why, you'll enjoy it only all your life." Well, if the use be mine, can it concern one, Whether the name belong to Pope or Vernon? What's property? dear Swift ! you fee it alter From you to me, from me to Peter Walter; Or, in a mortgage, prove a lawyer's share; Or, in a jointure, vanish from the heir; Or, in pure equity (the cafe not clear) The Chanc'ry takes your rents for twenty year: At best, it fails to some ungracious fon, [own!" Who cries, " My father's damn'd, and all's m Shades, that to Bacon could retreat afford, Become the portion of a booby lord; And Hemfley, once proud Buckingham's delight Slides to a feriv'ner, or a city knight. Let lands and houles have what lords they will, Let us be fix'd, and own our mafters ftill.

The First Epistle of the First Eook of Horace.

EPISTLE I.

To Lord Bolingbrol.c.

ST. John, whole love indulg'd my labours paf, Matures my pretent, and fhall bound my laft! Why will you break the Sabbath of my days? Now fick alike of envy and of praife. Public too long, ah let me hide my age! See modeft Cibber now has left the ftage; Our Gen'rals now retir'd to their effates, Hang their old trophies o'er the garden-gates; In life's cool ev'ning, fatiate of applaufe, Nor fond of bleeding, cv'n in Brunfwick's caufe.

- A voice there is, that whifpers in my car ('Tis Reafon's voice, which fometimes one can
- hear) [breath, "Friend Pope! be prudent, let your Muse take
- "And never gallop Pegafus to death ;
- " Left ftiff and stately, void of fire or force,
- "You limp, like Blackmore, on a Lord Mayor's borfe."

Farcwell

ell then Verfe, and Love, and ev'ry toy, hymes and rattles of the man or boy; right, what true, what fit we juftly call, is be all my care — for this is all: r this harveft up, and hoard with hafte, ev'ry dav will want, and moft, the laft. k not to what Doctors I apply? to no mafter, of no fect am I; ves the ftorm, at any door I knock; noufe with Montagne now, or now with Locke.

imes a Patriot, active in debate, vith the World, and battle for the State ; s young Lyttleton, her caufe purfue, rue to Virtue, and as warm as true : innes with Aristippus, or St. Paul, se my candor, and grow all to all; to my native moderation flide, vin my way by yielding to the tide. ig, as to him who works for debt, the day; as the night to her whole Love's away ; as the year's dull circle feems to run, the brifk Minor pants for twenty-one ; w th'unprofitable moments roll, lock up all the functions of my foul; keep me from myfelf, and still delay instant bus'ness to a future day task, which as we follow, or despise, :Ideft is a fool, the youngeft wife : h done, the poorest can no wants endure : which, not done, the richeft must be poor. e as it is, I put myfelf to fchool, feel fome comfort not to be a fool. : tho' I am of limb, and fhort of fight, om a Lynx, and not a giant quite,) what Mead and Chefelden advise, sep these limbs, and to preferve these eyes. o go back, is fomewhat to advance; nen must walk at least before they dance. , does thy blood rebel, thy bofom move wretched Av'rice, or as wretched Love ? , there are words and fpells which can coneen the fits this fever of the foul; ftrol , there are rhymes, which, fresh and fresh apply'd,

cure the arrant'st puppy of his pride. rious, envious, flothful, mad, or drunk, to a wife, or vaffal to a punk, itz, a High Dutch, or a Low Dutch bear; hat we ask is but a patient ear. s the first Virtue, Vices to abhor; the first Wifdom, to be fool no more. o the world no bugbear is fo great ant of figure and a fmall eftate. ther India fee the Merchant fly, l at the spectre of pale Poverty ! im with pains of body, pangs of foul, shro' the Tropic, freeze beneath the Pole! thou do nothing for a noble end, ng, to make Philolophy thy friend ? op thy foolish views, thy long defires, afe thy heart of all that it admires ? Wifdom calls : " Seek Virtue firft, be bold ! gold to filver, Virtue is to gold."

There, London's voice, "Get money, money fill } "And then let Virtue follow, if the will." This, this the faving doctrine preach'd to all, From low St. James's up to high St. Paul ! From him whofe quills ftand quiver'd at his ear, To him who notches flicks at Weftminfter. Barnard in fpirit, fenfe, and truth abounds;

"Pray then, what wants he !" Fourfcore thoufand pounds;

A penfion, or fuch harnefs for a flave As Bug now has, and Dorimant would have. Barnard thou art a Cit, with all thy worth; But Bug and D²¹, Their Houours, and fo forth. Yet ev'ry child another fong will fing,

" Virtue, brave boys! 'tis Virtue makes a King!" True, confcious honour is to feel no fin; He's arm'd without that's innocent within; Be this thy fcreen, and this thy wall of brafs; Compar'd to this, a Minister's an Afs.

And fay to which fhall our applaufe belong, This new Court jargon, or the good old fong } The modern language of corrupted peers, Or what was fpoke at Creffy or Poiniers ? Who counfels beft? who whitpers, "Be but great, "With praife or infamy, leave that to fate; "Get place and wealth, if poffible with grace; "If not, by any means, get wealth and place." For what? to have a box where eunuchs fing, And foremoft in the circle cye a king ! Or he, who bids thee face with fleady view Proud Fortune, and look fhallow Greatnefs thro';

And while he bids thee, fets th'example too? J If fuch a doctrine in St. James's air Should chance to make the well-dreft rabble If honeft 8*2 take fcandal at a Spark [ftare; That lefs admires the palace than the park, Faith, I fhall give the anfwer Reynard gave : " I cannot like, dread Sir, your Royal Cave, " Becaufe I fee, by all the tracks about, " Full many a beaft goes in, but none come out." Adieu to Virtue, if you're once a flave : Send her to court, you fend her to her grave.

Well, if a king's a lion, at the leaft The people are a many-headed beaft : Can they direct what meafures to purfue, Who know themfelves fo little what to do ? Alike in nothing but one luft of gold, Juft half the land would buy, and half be fold : Their country's wealth our mightier mifers drain; Or crofs, to plunder provinces, the main; Thereft, fome farm the poor-box, fome the pews; Some keep affemblies, and would keep the flews; Some win fat bucks on childlefs dotards fawn; Some win the filent growth of ten per cent. In dirt and darknefs, hundreds flink content.

Of all thefe ways, if each purfues his con, Satire be kind, and let the wretch alone : But fhew me one who has it in his pow'r To act confiftent with himfelf an hour 1 Sir Job fail'd forth, the ev'ning bright and ftill, " No place on earth (he cryd) like Greenwich hill !"

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Up flatts a palace, lo ! th'obedient bafe Slopes at its foot, the woods its fides embrace, The filver Thames reflects its marble face. Now let fome whimfy, or that Dev'l within Which guides all those who know not what they mean,

But give the Knight (or give his Lady) fpleen; J Away, away! take all your fcaffolds down,

• For fnug's the word:my dear, we'll live in town.' At am'rous Flavio is the flocking thrown; That very night he longs to lie alone. The fool whofe wife clopes fome thrice a quarter, For matrimonal folace dies a martyr. Did ever Proteus, Merlin, any witch,

•Transform themfelves to firangely as the rich ? Well, but the poor--the poorhave the fame itch! They change their weekly barber, weekly news, Prefer a new japanner to their fhoes, Difcharge their garrets, move their beds, and run (They know not whither) in a chaife and one;

They hire their fculler, and when once aboard, Grow fick, and damn the climate like a lord.

You laugh, half beau half floven if I ftand, My wig all powder, and all fnuff my band; You laugh, if coat and breeches ftrangely vary, White gloves, and linen worthy Lady Mary; But when no prelate's lawn with hair-fhirt lin'd Is half fo incoherent as my mind,

When (each opinion with the next at ftrife, One ebb and flow of follies all my life) I plant, root up; I build, and then confound; Turn round to fquare, and fquare again to round; You never change one mufcle of your face, You think this madnefs but a common cafe, Nor once to chanc'ry, nor to Hale apply; Yct hang your lip, to fee a feam awry ! Carclefs how ill I with myfelf agree, Kind to my drefs, my figure, not to me. Is this my guide, philosopher, and friend ? This he, who loves me, and who ought to mend? Who ought to make me (what he can, or none) That man divine whom wifdom calls her own ; Great without title, without fortune blefs'd; Rich ev'n when plunder'd, honor'd while opprefs'd ;

Lov'd without youth, and follow'd without pow'r; At home, tho' exil'd; free, tho' in the tow'r: In fhort, that reas'ning, high immortal thing; Juft lefs than Jove, and much above a king, Nay, half in heav'n—except (what's mighty odd) A fit of yapours clouds this demi-god!

EPISTLE VI.

To Mr.Murrray.

" NOT to admire, is all the art I know "To make men happy, and to keep them fo." (Plain truth, dear Murray, needs no flow'rs of So take it in the very words of Creech)[speech;

This vault of air, this congregated ball, Self-center'd fun, and ftars that run and fall, There are, my friend ! whofe philosophic eyes Look thro' and truft the Ruler with his fkies; To him commit the hour, the day, the year, And riew this dreadful all without a fear. Admire we then what carth's low entrails hold, Arabian fliore:, or Indian feas intold; All the mad trade of fools and flaves for gold ? Or popularity ? our flars and ftrings ? The mob's applaufes, or the gifts of kings? Say with what eyes we ought at courts to gaze, And pay the great our homage of amaze ?

If weak the pleafure that from these can spring, The fear to want them is as weak a thing. Whether we dread, or whether we defire, In either cafe, believe me, we adinire ; Whether we joy or grieve, the same the curfe, ! Surpriz'd at better, or furpriz'd at worfe. Thus, good or bad, to one extreme betray Th'unbalanc'd mind, and fnatch the man away: For virtue's felf may too much zeal be had ; The worst of madmen is a faint run mad. Go then, and if you can admire the ftate Of beaming diamonds, and reflected plate, Procure a tafte to double the furprife, And gaze on Parian charms with learned eyes: Be ftruck with bright brocade, or Tyrian dye, Our birthday nobles fplendid livery. If not to pleas d, at council-board rejoice, To fee their judgments hang upon thy voice; From morn to night, at fenate rolls, and hall, Plead much, read more, dine late, or not at all. But wherefore all this labour, all this ftrife ? For fame, for riches, for a noble wife? Shall one whom nature, learning, birth confpird To form, not to admire but be admir'd, Sigh, while his Chloe, blind to wit and worth, Weds the rich dulness of fome fon of earth? Yct time ennobles or degrades each line ; It brighten'd Craggs's, and may darken thine : And what is fame? The meaneft have their day; The greatest can but blaze, and pass away. Grac'd as thou art, with all the pow'r of words, So known, to honor'd, at the Houte of Lords ; Confpicuous fcene | another yet is nigh, (More filent far) where kings and poets lie; Where Murray (long enough his country's pride) Shall be no more than Tully, or than Hyde !

Rack'd with feiatics, martyr'd with the flore, Will any mortal let himfelf alone ? See Ward by batter'd beaus invited over, And defp'rate mifery lavs hold on Dover. The cafe is eafier in the mind's difeafe ; Thereall men may be cur'd whene'er they pleafe. Would ye be bleft ! defpife low joys, low gains ; Difdain whatever Cornbury difdains : Be virtuous, and be happy for your pains.

But art thou one whom new opinions iway, One who believes as Tindal leads the way, Who Virtue and a church alike difowns; Thinks that but words, and this but brick and frones?

Fly then, on all the wings of wild defire, Admire whate'er the maddeft can admire. Is wealth thy pation ? Hence! from pole to pole, Where winds can carry, or where waves can roll, For Indian fpices, for Peruvian gold, Prevent the greedy, or outbid the bold : Advance thy golden mountain to the fkies; On the broad bale of hity thouland rife;

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round hundred, and (if that's not fair) y more, and bring it to a fquare. k th'advantage, juft fo many fcore n a wife with half as many more; her beauty, make that beauty chafte, in fuch friends — as cannot fail to laft. of wealth is dubb'd a man of worth; hall give him form, and Anftis birth. e me, many a German prince is worfe, roud of pedigree, is poor of purfe) ith brave Timon glorioufly confounds; ree ladies like a lucklefs play, he whole house upon the poet's day. in fuch exigencies not to need,

y word, you must be rich indeed ! y superfluity it craves,

yourfelf, but for your fools and knaves; ing, which for your honor they may tich it much becomes you to forget. [cheat, th alone then make and keep us bleft, Il be getting, never, never reft. f to pow'r and place your paffion lie, e pomp of life confifts the joy, ire a flave, or (if you will) a lord, the honors, and to give the word; your levce, as the crowds approach, om to nod, whom take into your coach; honor with your hand : to make remarks ules in Cornwall, or who rules in Berks : may be troublefome, is near the chair makes three members, this can choose a may'r.'

Red thus, you bow, embrace, proteft, him fon, or coufin, at the leaft; turn about, and laugh at your own jeft. J if your life be one continu'd treat: ve well means nothing but to eat;)! cries Gluttony, 'tis break of day; ve the deer, and drag the finny prey; hounds and horns go hunt an appetite-Icl did, but could not eat at night; Happy Dog ! the beggar at his door ; nvy'd thirft and hunger to the poor I shall we ev'ry decency confound, taverns, fiews, and bagniostake our round ; ne with Chartres, in each vice outdo s lewd cargo, or Ty-y's crew ; Latian Syrens, French Circæan feafts, a'd well travell'd, and transform'd to beafts; a titled punk, or foreign flame, ince our country, and degrade our name ? after all, we must with Wilmot own, ordial drop of life is love alone; swift cry wilcly, " Vive la Bagatelle!" an that loves and laughs, must fure do well. 1-if this advice appear the worft, ake the counfel which I gave you first; tter precepts if vou can impart, do, I'll follow them with all my heart.

EPISTLE I. BOOK II. To Augustus.

HILE you, great patronof mankind! fustain salanc'd world, and open all the main;

Your country, chief, in arms abroad defend, At home with morals, arts and laws amend: How shall the mule, from such a monarch, steal An hour, and not defraud the public weal?

Edward and Henry, now the boaft of fame, And virtuous Alfred, a more facred name, After a life of gen'rous toils endur'd, The Gaul fubdu'd, or property fecur'd, Ambition humbl'd, mighty cities form'd, Or laws eftablifh'd and the world reform'd, Or laws eftablifh'd and the world reform'd, Clos'd their long glories with a figh, to find Th'unwilling gratitude of bafe mankind! All human virtue, to its lateft breath, Finds envy never conquer'd but by death. The great Alcides, ev'ry labour paft, Had fill this monfter to fubdue at lait. Sure fate of all, beneath whofe rifing ray Each ftar of meaner merit fades away ! Opprefs'd, we feel the beam directly beat ; Thofe funs of glory pleafe not till they fet.

To thee, the world its prefeat homage pays, The harveft early, but mature the praife : Great friend of liberty ! in kings a name Above all Greek, above all Roman fame : Whofe word is truth, as facred and rever'd As Heav'n's own oracles from altars heard. Wonder of kings! like when, to mortal eyes None e'er has rilen, and none e'er fhall rife.

Juft in one inftance, be it yet confeft, Your people, fir, are partial in the reft: Foes to all living worth, except your own, And advocates for folly dead and gone. Authors, like coins, grow dear as they grow oldg It is the ruft we value, not the gold. Chaucer's worft ribaldry is learn'd by rote, And beaftly Skelton heads of houles quote : One likes no language but the Faery Queen; A Scot will fight for Chrift's Kirk o'the Green : " And each true Briton is to Ben to civil, He fwears the mules met him at the Devil.

The' juftly Greece her eldeft fons admires, Why fhould not we be wifer than our fires ? In ev'ry public virtue we excel; We build, we paint, we fing, we dance as well; And learned Athens to our art muft ftoop, Could fhe behold us tumbling thro' a hoop.

If time improve our wits as well as wine, Say at what age a poet grows divine? Shall we, or shall we not, account him fo, Who dy'd perhaps an hundred years ago? End all dispute, and fix the year precise When British bards begin t'immortalize?

"Who lafts a century can have no flaw, I hold that wit a claffic, good in law."

Suppose he wants a year, will you com pound?

And fhall we deem him ancient, right and found, Or damn to all eternity at once, At ninety-nine, a modern and a dunce? "We fhall not quarrel for a year or two; "But, courtefy of England, he may do."

Then by the rule that made the horfe-tail bare. I pluck out year by year, as hair by hair, And melt down ancients like a heap of fnow, While you to measure merits, look in Stowe: And effimating authors by the year, Bestow a garland only on a bier.

Shakefpear (whom you and ev'ry playhoufe bill Style the divine, the matchlefs, what you will) For gain, not glory, wing'd his roving flight, And grew immortal in his own defpight. Ben, old and poor, as little feem'd to heed The life to come, in ev'ry poet's creed. Who now reads Cowley? If he pleafes yet, His moral pleafes, not his pointed wit; Forget his Epic, nay Pindaric art; But fill I love the language of his heart.

'Yet furely, furely, theie were famous men !

- What boy but hears the fayings of old Ben?
- " In all debates where critics bear a part,
- " Not one but nods, and talks of Jonfon's art,
- Of Shakespear's nature, and of Cowley's wit;
- How Beaumont's judgment check'd what Fletcher writ;
- " How Shadwell hafty, Wycherly was flow ;
- . But, for the paffions, Southern, fure, and Rowc.
- . These, only these, support the crowded stage,
- From eldeft Heywood down to Cibber's age, All this may be; the people's voice is odd; It is, and it is not, the voice of God. To Gammer Gurton if it give the bays,

And yet deny the Carele's Huthand praife, Or fay our fathers never broke a rule; Why then, I fay, the public is a fool. But let them own, that greater faults than we They had, and greater virtues, 1'll agree. Spenfer himfelf affects the obfolete, And Sydney's worfe halts ill on Roman feet: Milton's firwag pinion now not heav'n can bound; Now, terpent-like, in profe he fweeps the ground; In quibbles, angel and archangel join, And God the Father turns a fchool-divine. Not that I'd lop the beauties from his book, Like flaihing Eentley, with his defp'rate hook, Or damn all bhake/pear, like th'nficEted fool At court, who hates whate'er he read at fchool.

But for the wits of either Charles's days, The mob of gentlemen who wrote with enfe; Sprat, Carew, Sedley, and a hundred more (Like twinkling fars the mifcellanies o'er) One fimile that folisary finnes In the dry defart of a thoufand lines, [page, Or lengthen'd thought that gleams thro' many a Has fauctify'd whole peens for an age. I lofe my patience, and 4 own it roo, When works are centur'd not as had, but new; While, if our elders break all reation's laws, Thele fools demand not pardon, but applaufe.

On Avon's bank, where flow'rs eternal blow, If I but afk, if any weed can grow; One tragic fentence if I dare deride, Which Betterton's grave action dignify'd. Or well-mouth'd Booth with ourphafis proclaims (Tho' but, perhaps, a nuffer roll of names) How will our fathers rife up in a race, And fwear, all fusine is loft in George's age! You'd think no fools difgrac'd the former reign, Did not fome grave examples yot remain, Who feorm a lad fhould teach his father kill, And, having once been wrong, will be fo full. He who, to feem more deep than you or I, Extols old bards, or Merlin's prophecy, Miftake him not ; he envies, not admires ; And, to debafe the fons, exalts the fires. Had ancient times confipir'd to difallow What then was new, what had been ancient now? Or what remain'd, fo worthy to be read By karned critics of the mighty dead?

In days of eafe, when now the weary fword Was theath'd, and uxury with Charles reftor'd; In ev'ry taite of foreign courts improv'd, 'All, by the king's example, liv'd and lov'd.' Then peers grew proud in horfemanfhip t'excel. Newmarket's glory rofe as Britain's fell; The foldier breath'd the gallantries of France, And ev'ry flow'ry courtier writ Romance. Then marble foften'd into life, grew warm, And yielding metal flow'd to human form : Lely on animated caavafs ftole The fleepy cyc, that (poke the melting foul. No wonder then, when all was love and fport, The willing mules were debauch'd at court : On cach enervate ftring they taught the note

To pant or treinble thro' an eunuch's throat, But Britain, changeful as a child at play, Now calls in princes, and now turns away. Now Whig, now Tory, what we lov'd we hate; Now all for pleafure, now for church and flate; Now for prerogative, and now for laws; Effects unhappy from a noble caufe.

Time was, a fober Englishman would knock His fervants up, and rife by five oclock, Inftruct his family in cv'ry rule, And fend his wife to church, his fon to fchool. To worfhip like his fathers, was his care; To teach their frugal virtues to his heir ; To prove, that luxury could never hold; And place, on good fecurity, his gold. Now times are chang'd, and one poetic itch Has feiz'd the court and city, poor and rich: Sons, fires, and grandures, all will wear the bays Our wives read Milton, and our daughters plays; To theatres, and to rehearles throng; And all our grace at table is a fong I 1, who fo off renounce the mufes, lye, Not -'s felf c'er tells more fibs than I; When fick of muse, our follies we deplore, And promife our best friends to rhyme no more, We wake next morning in a raging fit, And call for pen and ink, to show our wit.

He ferv'd a 'prenticefhip who fets up fhop; Ward try'd on puppies and the poor his Brop; Ev'n ! Radcliff's doctors travel firft to France, Nor dare to practife till they've learn'd to dance. Who builds a bridge that never drove a pile? (Should Ripley venture, all the world would finile)

But those who cannot write, and those who can, All rhyme, and ferawl, and feribble, to a man.

Yet, fir, reflect, the milchief is not great; Thele madmen never hurt the church or flate; Semetimes the folly benefits mankind; And arely av'rice taints the runeful mind. Allow an but his plaything of a pen, He we're rebets, or plots, like other men :

Flight

of cashiers, or mobs, he'll never mind ; ows no loffes while the mufe is kind. at a friend, or ward, he leaves to Peter ; od man heaps up nothing but mere metre; his garden and his book in quiet; en a perfect hermit in his diet. ttle ufe the man you may fuppofe, ys in verie what others fay in profe; me show, a poct's of fome weight, no' no foldier) useful to the state. will a child learn fooner than a fong ? setter teach a foreigner the tongue ? long or fhort each accent where to place, cak in public with fome fort of grace. can think him tuch a worthlefs thing, he praise some monster of a king; ue, or religion turn to fport, sfe a lewd, or unbelieving court. y Dryden!-In all Charles's days, mon only boafts unspotted bays; our own (excuse from courtly stains) ter page than Addison remains. m the tafte obscene, reclaims our youth, s the passions on the fide of truth. the foft bofom with the gentleft art, ars each human virtue in the heart. land tell, how wit upheld her caufe, de fupported, and fupply'd her laws; we on Swift this grateful verse engrav'd, ights a court attack'd, a poet fav'd.' the hand that wrought a nation's cure, 'd to relieve the idiot and the poor, vice to brand, or injur'd worth adorn, etch'd the ray to ages yet unborn. t there are, who merit other palms; and Sternhold glad the heart with pfalms :

ys and girls whom charity maintains, e your help in these pathetic firains: suld devotion touch the country pews, the Gods beflow'd a proper mule? here their leifure, verfe affifts their work, yrays for peace, or fings down Pope and Turk.

enc'd preacher yields to potent Itrain, els that grace his pray'r befought in vain; siling thrills thro' all the lab'ring throug, av a is won by violence of long. rural ancestors, with little bleft, of labour when the end was relt, d the day that hous'd their annual grain, eafts and off'rings, and a thankful frain : r their wives, their fons, and fervants thare, their toil, and partners of their care : igh, the jeft, attendants on the bowl, 'd every brow, and open'd ev'ry foul : rowing years the pleafing licence grew, unts alternate innocently flew. ies corrupt, and nature ill-inclin'd, 'd the point that left the fting behind ; end with friend, and families at ftrife, shant malice rag'd thro' private life. It the wrong, or fear'd it, took th'alarm 'd to law, and justice lent her arm.

At length, by wholefome dread of flatutes bound The poets learn'd to pleale, and not to wound : Moft warp'd to flatt'ry's fide; but fome more nice, Preferv'd the freedom, and forbore the vice. Hence fatire role, that just the medium hir, And heals with morals what it hurts with wit.

We conquer'd France, and felt our captive's charms;

Her arts victorious triumph'd o'er our arms; Britain to foft refinement lefs a foe, Wit grew polite, and numbers learn'd to flow. Waller was fmooth ; but Dryden taught to join The varying verie, the full refounding line, The long majeftic march, and energy divine; Tho' ftill fome traces of our ruftic vein And fplayfoot verse remain'd, and will remain. Late, very late, correctness grew our care, When the tir'd pation breath'd from civil war. Exact Racine, and Corneille's noble fire, Show'd us that France had tomething to admire. Not but the tragic fpirit was our own, And full in Sha' e pear, fair in Otway thone : But Otway fail'd to polifh or refine, And fluent Shakespear fcarce effac'd a line; Ev'n copious Dryden wanted, or forgot, The last and greatest art, the art to blor. Some doubt, if equal pains, or equal fire The humbler mule of comedy require. But in known images of life, I guefs The labour greater, as th'indulgence lefs. Observe how feldom ev'n the best succeed : Tell me if Congreve's Fools are fools indeed ? What pert low dialogue has Farquhar writ! How Van wants grace, who never wanted wit 1 The flage how lookly does Aftraca tread, Who fairly puts all characters to bed ! And idle Cibber, how he breaks the laws, To make poor Pinkey eat with vaft applaufes But fill their purfe, our poet's work is done : Alike to them, by pathos or by pun.

O you ! whom vanity's light bark conveys On fame's mad voyage by the wind of praife, With what a fhifting gale your courfe you ply; For ever funk too low, or borne too high ! Who pants for glory finds but fhort repofe; A breath revives him, or a breath o'erthrows, Farewell the flage ! if just as thrives the play The filly bard grows fat, or falls away.

There full remains to mortify a wit, The many-headed monster of the pit; A fenfelels, worthlefs, and unhonor'd crowd; Who, to diffurb their betters mighty proud. Clatt'ring their flicks before ten lines are fpoke, Call for the farce, the Bear, or the Black loke. What dear delight to Britons farce affords ! Ever the tafte of mobs, but now of lords ! (Tafte, that elemal wanderer, which flies From heads to ears, and now from ears to eyes). The play fands still; damn action and discourse. Back fly the icenes, and enter foot and horie; Pageants on pageants, in long order drawn, Peers, heralds, bishops, ermin, gold, and lawns The champion too ! and, to complete the jeft, Old Edward's annour beams on Libber's bro

With laughter, fure, Democritus had dv'd, Had he beneld an audience gape to wide. Let bear or clephant be e'er fo white, The people, tare, the people are the fight ! Ah luckless poet ! firetch thy lungs and roar, That bear or elephant shall heed thee more; While all its throats the gallery extends, And all the thunder of the pit afcends! Loud as the wolves, on Orcas' ftormy ficep, Howl to the roarings of the northern deep. Such is the flout, the long-applauding note, At Quin's high plume, or Oldfield's petticoat; Or when from court a birth-day fuit beftow'd, Sinks the loft actor in the tawdry load. Both enters - hark ! the univerfal peal ! "But has he fpoken ?" Not a fyllable. [ftare ?" "What shook the stage, and made the people Cato's long wig, flower'd gown, and lacker'd Yet, left you think I rally more than teach, [chair! Or praife malignly arts I cannot reach, Let me for once prefume t'inftruct the times, To know the poet from the man of rhymes : 'T'is he who gives my breaft a thouland pains; Can make me feel each pathon that he feigns ; In rage, compose, with more than magic art, With pity, and with terror tear my heart; And fnatch me o'er the earth, or thro' the air, To Thebes, to Athens, when he will, and where.

But not this part of the poetic ftate Alone, deferves the favour of the great : Think of those authors, Sir, who would rely More on a reader's fende than gazer's eve. Or who shall wander where the Muses sing ? Who climb their mountain, or who tafte their How fhall we fill a library with wit, [fpring? When Merlin's Cave is half unfurnish'd yet ? My Liege! why writers little claim your thought, I guess; and, with their leave, will tell the fault: We Poets are (upon a Poet's word) Of all markind, the creatures most abfurd : The feafon when to come, and when to go, To fing, or ceale to fing, we never know ; And if we will recite nine hours in ten, You lofe your patience just like other men. Then too we hurt ourfelves, when to defend A fingle verfe, we quarrel with a friend ; Repeat unafk'd; lament, the wit's too fine For vulgar ever, and point out ev'ry line. But m ft when fitaining with too weak a wing, We needs will write Epiftles to the King; And from the moment we oblige the town, Expect a place, or penfion from the Crown : Or dubb'd Hittorians by exprets command, Tenroll your triamphs o'er the feas and land ; Be call d to court to plan fome work divine, As once for Louis, Boileau and Racine.

Yet think, great Sir! (io many virtues thown) Ah think, what Poet beft may make them known ? Or chufe at leaft fome minifier of grace, Fit to beftow the Laureat's weighty place.

Charles, to late times to be transmitted fair, Affign'd his figure to Bernini's care; And great Naflau, to Kneller's hand decreed Fo lix him graceful on the bounding freed; So well in paint and ftone they judg'd of ment: But Kings in wit may want differing fpint. The Hero William, and the Martyr Charles, One knighted Blackmore, and one peniori Quarles;

Which made old Ben and furly Dennis fwear, "No Lord's anointed, but a Kufian Bear!" Not with fuch majefty, fuch bold relief, The forms august of King, or conqu'ring Chief, E'er fwell'd on marble, as in verfe have finid (In polish'd verfe) the Manners and the Mind Oh ! could I mount on the Maxonian wing, Your arms, your actions, your repose to fing! What feas you travers'd, and what fields you fought!

Your country'speace, how oft, how dearly bought How barb'rous rage fubfided at your word, And nations wonder'd while they dropt the fword How, when yeu nodded o'er the land and deep, Peace ftole her wing, and wrapt the world infleq; Till earth's extremes your meditation own, And Afia's tyrants tremble at your threat -But Verse, alas ! your majesty duidains ; And I'm not us'd to panegyric ftrains : The zcal of fools offends at any time, But most of all, the zeal of fools in rhyme. Befides, a fate attends on ail I write, That when I aim at praste, they fay I bite. A vile encomium doubly ridicules There's nothing blackens like the ink of fools If true, a woful likenes; and if lies, " Praife undeferv'd is fcandal in dilguife :" Well may he blufh, who gives it or receives; And when I flatter, let my dirty leaves (Like journals, odes, and fuch forgotten thing As Euiden, Phillips, Settle, writ of Kings) Clothe fpice, line trunks, or flutt ring in a row, Befringe the rails of Bedlam and Soho.

EPISTLE II. BOOK II.

DEAR col'nel, Cobham's, and your county You love a verfe, take fuch as I can fend. [friend! A Frenchman comes, prefents you with his bo, Bows and begins — 'This lad, Sir, is of Blos: 'Observe his shape how clean ! his locks bot " My only fon, I'd have him fee the world :[curl'd ' His French is pure; his voice too--you thall her. Sir, he's your flave for twenty pounds a yez. Mere wax as yet, you fathion him with eafe, ' Your harber, cook, upholit'rer, what you plain ' A perfect genius at an op'ra fong -' To fay too much, might do my honour wrong ' Take him with all his virtues, on my word; ' His whole ambition was to ferve a lord : "But, Sir, to you, with what would I not part! ' Tho' faith, I fear 'twill break his mother's beat-'Once (and but once) I caught him in a lys, And then, unwhipp'd, he had the grace to sy-6 The fault he has I fairly fhall reveal ; (Could you o'erlook but that) it is to fical' If, after this, you took the graceles lad Could you complain, my friend, he prov'd fo h Faith, in fuch cafe, if you should protecute, I think Sir Godfrey thould decide the fuit ;

fent the thief that ftole the cafh, away, punifh'd him that put it in his way. ifider then, and judge me in this light; you when I went, I could not write; aid the fame; and are you discontent laws to which you gave your own affent? vorfe, to alk for verie at fuch a time ! hink me good for nothing but to rhyme ? Anna's wars, a foldier, poor and old, early carn'd a little purfe of gold : with a tedious march, one luckless night, pt, poor dog ! and loft it to a doit. out the man in fuch a defp'rate mind, en revenge, and grief, and hunger join'd, ft the foe, himfelf, and all mankind, p'd the trenches, scal'd the castle-wall, lown a standard, took the fort and all. igious well !' his great commander cry'd; him much praife, and fome reward befide. pleas'd his Excellence a town to batter : ame I know not, and 'tis no great matter) n, my friend (he cry'd); fee yonder walls! ance and conquer ! go where glory calls ! : honors, more rewards, attend the brave.' you remember what reply he gave ? think me, noble Gen'ral, fuch a fot ? aim take caffles who has ne'er a groat.' I up at home, full carly I begun d in Greek the wrath of Pelcus' fon. i, my father taught me from a lad, :tter art to know, the good from bad : little fure imported to remove, nt for truth in Maudlin's learned grove.) ottier points we knew not half fo well, 'd us foon of our paternal cell; ertain laws, by fuff'rers thought unjuft, d all posts of posit or of trust: after hopes of pious Papifts fail'd, mighty William's thund'ring arm preght Hereditary tax'd and fin'd; k to poverty with peace of mind; [vail'd. ie the Mufes help to undergo it; t a Papist he, and I a Poet. lanks to Homer) fince 1 live and thrive, d to no prince or peer alive, should want the care of ten Monroes, suld fcribble rather than repofe. 's following years, steal fomething ev'ry they steal us from ourfelves away; [day: our frolics, one amusement end, a mistress drops, in one a friend : ibile thief of life, this paltry Time, vill it leave me, if it fnatch my rhyme ? wheel of that unweary'd mill, ırn'd ten thousand verses, now stand still? after all, what would you have me do? out of twenty I can please not two; this Heroics only deigns to praife, latire that, and that Pindatic lays ? cs the pheafant's wing, and one the leg; Igar boil, the learned roaft an egg. ik ! to hit the palate of fuch guefts, Oldfield loves what Dartineuf detefts. ;rant I may relapie, for want of grace, to rhyme, can London be the place ?

Who there his Mufe, or felf, or foul attends. In crowds, and courts, law, bus'nefs, feafts, and My counfel fends to execute a deed : [friends ? A Poet begs me I will hear him read: In Palace-yard at nine you'll find me there ---At ten for certain, Sir, in Bloomfbury-iquare -Before the Lords, at twelve, my cauf comes on-There's a Reheartal, Sir, exact at one -' Oh, but a wit can fludy in the ftreets, " And raife his mind above the mob he meets." Not quite fo well, however, as one ought; A hackney-coach may chance to too! a thought; And then a nodding beam, or pig of lead, God knows, may hurt the very ableft head. Have you not feen, at Guildhall's narrow pafs, Two aldermen difpute it with an afs ? And peers give way, exalted as they are, Ev'n to their own S-r-v--nce in a car?

Go, lofty Poct ! and in fuch a crowd, Sing thy fonorous verfe — but not aloud. Alas ! to grottos and to groves we run; To cafe and filence ev'ry Mufe's fon : Blackmore himielf, for any grand effort, Would drink and doze at Tooting or Earl's Court. How thall I rhyme in this eternal roar ?[before? How match the bards whom none e'er match'd

The man who, firetch'd in Ifis' calm retreat, To books and fludy gives fev'n years complete, See I firow'd with learned duft, his nightcap on, He walks, an object new beneath the fun ! The boys flock round him, and the people flare: So fliff, fo mute! fome flatue you would fwear, Stept from its pedeflal to take the air ! And here, while town, and court, and city roars With mobs, and duns, and foldiers, at their doors, Shall I, in London act this idle part'

Composing fongs, for fools to get by heart ! The Temple late two brother Serjeants faw, Who deem'd each other Oracles of Law; With equal talents, these congenial fouls, One lull'd th'Exchequer, and one flumid the Each had a gravity would make you fplit, [Rolls; And shock his head at Muiray, as a wit.

'Twas, " Sir, your law" — and ' Sir, your elo-' quence,' [fenfe.' "Yours, Cowper's manner," and 'yours, Talbot's Thus we dilpote of all poetic merit, Yours Milton's genius, and mine Homer's fpirit. Call Tibbald Shakespear, and he'll swear the Nine, Dear Cibber, never match'd one Ode of thine Lord ! how we ftrut thro' Merlin's Cave, to fee No Poets there, but Stephen, you, and me! Walk with respect behind, while we at eafe Weave laurel Crowns, and take what names we "My dear Tibullus !" if that will not do, [plcafe. " Let me be Horace, and be Ovid you : ' Or, I'm content, allow me Dryden's ftrains; " And you shall rife up Otway for your pains." Much do I fuffer, much, to keep in peace This jealous, wafpifh, wrong-head, rhyming race; And much must flatter, if the whim should bite, To court applause, by printing what I write : But let the fit pais o'er, I'm wife enough To stop my cars to their confounded stuff.

In vain, bad rhymers all mankind reject ; They treat themselves with most profound reip_et; ' I'is to fmall purpole that you hold your tongue; Each prais'd within is happy all day long: But how feverely with themfelves proceed The men who write fuch verfe as we can read! Their own strict judges, not a word they spare That wants or force, or light, or weight, or care. Howe'er unwillingly it quits its place, Nay tho' at court (perhaps) it may find grace : Such they'll degrade; and fometimes, in its flead, In downright charity revive the dead; Mark where a bold expressive phrafe appears, Bright thro' the rubbifh of fome hundred years ; Command old words that long have flept, to [tpake; wake; Words that wife Bacon or brave Rawleigh

Or bid the new be English, ages hence, (For Ufe will father what's begot by Senfe) Pour the full tide of eloquence along, Screnely pure, and yet divinely ftrong, Rich with the treafures of each foreign tongue; J Prune the luxiniant, the uncouth refine, But they no mercy to an empty line : Then polifh all, with fo much life and cafe, You think 'tis Nature, and a knack to please ! " But cafe in writing flows from art, not chance; "As those move canet who have learn'd to Lords of fat E'sham, or of Lincoln-fen, dance."

If fuch the plague and pains to write by rule, Better (fay I) be pleas'd, and play the fool; Call, if you will, bad thyming a difeafe ; It gives men happinefs, or leaves them cafe.

There liv'd in primo Georgii (they record) A worthy member, no finall fool, a Lord; Who, tho' the Houfe was up, delighted fat, Heard, noted, anfwer'd, as in full debate ! In all but this, a man of fober life, Fond of his friend, and civil to his wife ; Not quite a madman, tho' a pafty fell; And much too wife to walk into a well. Him, the damn'd doctors and his friends immur'd, They bled, they cupp'd, they purg'd; in thort, they cur'd :

Whereat the gentleman began to flare -- [care! My friends ! he cry'd, p-x take you for your That from a patriot of diffinguith'd note, Have bled and purg'd me to a fimple vote.

Weil, on the whole, plain prote muft be my fate: Wifdom, curfe on it, will come foon or late. There is a time when poets will grow dull : I'll e'en leave verfes to the boys at fehool : To rules of poetry no more confinid, I'll learn to finooth and harmonize my mind : Teach ev'ry thought within its bounds to roll, And keep the equal measure of the foul.

Soon as I enter at my country door, My sind refumes the thread it dropt before; Thou hts which at Hyde-park Corner I forgot, Meet, and rejoin me in the penfive grot; There, all alone, and compliments apart,

I afk thefe tober queftions of my heart : [crave, If, when the more you drink, the more you You tell the Doctor? When the more you have,

The more you want, why not with equal cafe Confess as well your folly as difease? The heart refolves this matter in a trice;

" Men only feel the fmart, but not the vice." When golden angels ceafe to cure the Evil, You give all royal witchcraft to the Devil; When fervile chaplains cry, that birth and place Enduc a peer with honour, truth, and grace, Look in that breatt (most dirty D-l be fair) Sav, can you find out one fuch lodger there? Yet ftill, not heeding what your heart can tead, You go to church to hear these flatt'rers preach,

Indeed, could wealth beftow or wit or men. A grain of courage, or a spark of spirit, The wifeft man might blufh, I muft agree, If Data lov'd fixpence more than he.

If there be truth in law, and use can give A property, that's your's on which you live. Delightful Abs-court, if its fields afford Their fruits to you, confess you its lord, All Worldly's hens, nay partridge, fold to tom, His ven'ton too, a guinca makes your own : He bought at thousands what, with better wit, You purchafe as you want, and bit by bit; Now, or long fince, what diff rence will be found? You pay a penny, and he paid a pound.

Heathcote himfelf, and fuch large-acr'd ma Buy ev'ry flick of wood that lends them heat; Buy ev'ry pullet they afford to eat. Yet thefe are wights, who fondly call their on Half that the Dev'l o'erlooks from Lincoln town. The laws of God, as well as of the land, Abhor a perpetuity fhould ftand: Effates have wings, and hang in fortune's powir, Loofe on the point of ev'ry wav'ring hour; Ready by force, or of your own accord, By fale, at least by death, to change their lord, Man? and for ever? wretch ! what would't thou have ?

Heir urges heir, like wave impelling wave. All vaft polletions (just the fame the cafe Whether you call them Villa, Park, or Chael Alas, my Bathurft ! what will they avail ? Join Cottwood hills to Saperton's fair dale; Let rifing granaries and temples here, There mingled farms and pyramids appear; Link towns to towns with avenues of oak, Enclose whole downs in walls, 'tis all a joke ! Inexorable Death fhall level all,

And trees, and flones, and farms, and farmer fall. Gold, filver, iv'ry, vafes fculptur'd high,

Paint, marble, gems, and robes of Perfian dye, There are who have not-and thank Heavisthes arc, [care Who, if they have not, think not worth the Talk what you will of tafte, my friend, you'll Two of a face as foon as of a mind. i find Why, of two brothers, rich and reftlefs, one Ploughs, burns, manures, and toils from im w jun :

The other flights, for women, fports, and wind, All Townshend's turnips, and all Grosvenor's mines:

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one, like Bu-, with pay and fcorn content, and votes on, in Court and Parliament; riv'n by ftrong benevolence of foul, ly, like Oglethorpe, from pole to pole : wn alone to that Directing Pow'r forms the genius in the natal hour God of Nature, who, within us still s our action, not conftrains our will; s of temper, as of face or frame, ndividual: His great end the fame. , Sir, how finall foever be my heap, I will enjoy as well as keep. ir may figh, and think it want of grace fo poor would live without a place: re no statute in his favour fays, ree or frugal I shall pass my days; at fometimes fpend, at others spare, d between careleffneis and care. e thing madly to difperfe my ftore; r, not to heed to treature more ; ike a boy, to fnatch the first good day, eas'd, if fordid want be far away. is't to me (a paffenger God wot) er my veffel be first rate or not? ip itfelf may make a better figure ; hat fail am neither lefs nor bigger ; or ftrut with ev'ry fav'ring breath, ive with all the tempeft in my teeth; 'r, wit, figure, virtue, fortune, plac'd the foremost, and before the last. it why all this of av'rice, I have none." you joy, Sir, of a tyrant gone; es no other lord it at this hour, d and mad? the avarice of pow'r? either rage inflame, nor fear appal? : black fear of death that faddens all ? errors round, can Reafon hold her throne, the known, not tremble at th'unknown? both worlds, intrepid and entire, of witches, devils, dreams, and fire? to look forward, pleas'd to look behind, unt each birth-day with a grateful mind?

: no fournefs, drawn fo near its end? hou endure a foe, forgive a friend ? e but melted the rough parts away, ter fruits grow mild cre they decay ? you think, my friend, your bus'nefs done, of a hundred thorns, you pull out one? n to live well, or fairly make your will; play'd, and lov'd, and cat, and drank your fill:

ober off; before a fprightlier age itt'ring on, and fhoves you from the ftage: uch a trifle with more grace and cafe, folly pleafes, and whole follies pleafe,

pilogues to the Satires. In Two Dialogues. Pope.

DIALOGUÉ I.

)T twice a twelvemonth you appear in print;

hen it comes, the court fee nothing in't. ow correct, that once with rapture writ, e belides too moral for a wit.

Decay of parts, alas ! we all must feel-Why now, this moment, don't I fee you fteal ? 'Tis all from Horace ; Horace, long before ye, Said, ' Tories call'd him Whig, and Whigs a Tory :"

And taught his Romans, in much better metre, ' To laugh at fools who put their truft in Peter.' But Horace, Sir, was delicate, was nice; Bubo observes, he lash'd no fort of Vice. Horace would fay, Sir Billy ferv'd the Crown, Blunt could do bus'nefs, H-ggins knew the town; In Sappho touch the failings of the fex, In rev'rend Bifhops note fome fmall neglects, And own the Spaniard did a waggifh thing, Who cropt our cars, and fent them to the King. His fly, polite, infinuating ftyle, Could pleafe at court, and make Augustus smile: An artful manager, that crept between His friend and thame, and was a kind of fcreen. But 'faith, your very friends will foon be fore ; Patriots there are who wifh you'd jeft no more-And where's the glory? 'Twill be only thought The great man never offer'd you a groat. Go fee Sir Robert-

P. See Sir Robert !--- hum---And never laugh—for all my life to come ? Seen him I have, but in his happier hour Of focial pleature, ill exchang'd for pow'r; Seen him, uncumber'd with a venal tribe, Smile without art, and win without a bribe. Would he oblige me ? Let me only find, He does not think me what he thinks mankind. Come, come, at all I laugh he laughs, no doubt; The only diff'rence is -I dare laugh out.

F. Why yes, with Scripture still you may be free; A horfe-laugh, if you pleafe, at Honefty; A joke on JEKYL, or fome odd Old Whig, Who never chang'd his principle or wig; A patriot is a fool in ev'ry age, Whom all Lord Chamberlains allow the flage; These nothing hurts; they keep their fathion ftill,

And wear their ftrange old virtue as they will. If any alk you, ' Who's the man fo near " His prince, that writes in verse, and has his ear?" Why answer, Lyttleton, and I'll engage The worthy youth fhall ne'er be in a rage : But were his verfes vile, his whifper bafe, You'd quickly find him in Lord Fanny's cafe. Sejanus, Wolfey, hurr not honeft Fleury ; But well may put some statesinen in a fury.

Laugh then at any, but at fools or foes; These you but anger, and you mend not those. Laugh at your friends, and, if your friends are fore, So much the better, you may laugh the more. To vice and folly to confine the jeft, Sets half the world, God knows, against the reft, Did not the fneer of more impartial men At fenfe and virtue balance all again. Judicious wits fpread wide the ridicule, And charitably comfort knave and fool.

P. Dear Sir, forgive the prejudice of youth: Adicu diftinction, latire, warinth, and truth 1 Come harmles characters that no one hit; Come, Henly's oratory, Ofborn's wit I Q 1

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The honey dropping from Favonio's tongue, The flow'rs of Bubo, and the flow of Y-g! The gracious dew of pulpit eloquence, And all the well-whipt cream of courtly fenfe ; The first was H-vy's, F-'s next, and then The S-te's, and then H-vy's once again. O come, that cafy, Ciccronian ftyle, So Latin, yet fo English all the while, As, the' the pride of Middleton and Bland, All boys may read, and girls may understand ! Then might I fing, without the least offcace ; And all I fung fhould be the nation's fenfe! Or teach the melancholy Mule to mourn, Hang the fad verfe on Carolina's urn, And hail her pullage to the realms of reft, All parts perform'd, and all her children bleft ! So Satire is no more-I feel it die-No Gazetteer more innocent than I-Aud let, a God's name, cv'ry fool and knave Be grac'd thro' life, and flatter'd in his grave.

E. Why (5): If Satire knows its time and place, You fill may laft the greateft—in difgrace : For merit will by turns forfake them all ; Would you know when : Exactly when they fall. But let all fattre in all changes fpare Immortal S.—k, and grave D.—re.
Silent and foft as faints remov'd to heav'n, All type diffoly'd, and ev'ry fin forgiv'n, Thefe may fome gentle miniferial wing Receive, and place for ever near a king' There, where no pattion, pride, or fhame, tranf-Lull'd with the fiveet Nepenthe of a court; [port, There, where no father's, brother's, friend's differee

Once break their reft, or flir them from their place : But paft the fenfe of human miferies, All tears are wip'd for ever from all eyes; No check is known to blufh, no heart to throb, Save when they lofe a queftion, or a job.

P. Good Heav'n forbid, that I fhould blaft their glory,

Who know how like Whig Ministers to Tory, And when three fov'reigns dy'd, could fearce be vext,

Confid'ring what a gracious Prince was next. Have I, in filent wonder, feen fuch things As pride in flaves, and avarice in kings, And at a peer, or peercis, full 1 fret, Who flarves a fifter, or forfwears a debt? Virtue, I grant you, is an empty boaft; But fhall the dignity of Vice be loft?

Ye Gods! fhall Cibber's fon, without rebuke, Swear like a lord, or Rich outwhore a duke? A fav'rite's porter with his mafter vie, Be brib'd as often, and as often lie? Shall Ward draw contracts with a fritefman's Or Japhet pocket, like his Grace, a will? [fkill?] Is it for Bond, or Peter (paltry thuids) [fkings? To pay their debts, or keep their faith, like? If Blount difpatch'd himfelf, he play'd the man; And fo may'ft thou, illuftrious Pafferan ! But fhall a printer, weary of his life, Learn from their books to hang himfelf and wife? This, this, my friend, I cannot, muff not bear; Vice thus abus'd demands a nation's care ;

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This calls the church to deprecate our fin, And hurls the thunder of the laws on gin. Let modeft Fofter, if he will, excel Ten metropolitans in preaching well; A fimple quaker, or a quaker's wife, Outdo Landaffe in doctrine-yea in life : Let humble Allen, with an awkward fhame, Do good by stealth, and blush to find it fame. Virtue may chufe the high or low degree ; 'Tis just alike to virtue, and to me; Dwell in a monk, or light upon a king She's still the fame belov'd contented thing. Vice is undone if the forgets her birth, And ftoops from angels to the dregs of earth: But 'tis the Fall degrades her to a whore; Let Greatness own her, and the's mean no more: Her birth, her beauty, crowds and courts confes, Chafte matrons praife her, and grave bifhops bles; In golden chains the willing world the draws, And hers the golpel is, and hers the laws; Mounts the tribunal, lifts her fcarlet head, And fees pale Virtue carted in her ftead. Lo! at the wheels of her triumphal car, Old England's genius, rough with many a far, Dragg'd in the duft ! his arms hang idly round, His flag, inverted, trails along the ground ! Our youth, all liv'ry'd o'er with foreign gold, Before her dance : behind her crawl the old ! See thronging millions to the Pagod run. And offer country, parent, wife, or fon ! Hear her black trumpet thro' the land proclaim, That Not to be corrupted is the Shame ! In foldier, churchman, patriot, man in pow'r, 'Tis av'rice all, ambition is no more ! See, all our nobles begging to be flaves ! See, all our fools afpiring to be knaves ! The wit of cheats, the courage of a whore, Are what ten thousand envy and adore: All, all look up, with reverential awe, At times that 'scape, or triumph o'er the law: While truth, worth, wifdom, daily they decry-'Nothing is facred now but villary !'

Yet may this verse (if such a verse remain) Show there was one who held it in distain.

DIALOGUE II.

F. 'Tis all a libel—Paxton (Sir) will fav. *P.* Not yet, my friend! to-morrow 'faith it And for that very caule, I print to-day. [may;) How thould I fret to mangle evry line, In rev'rence to the fins of *Thirty-Nine*! Vice with fuch giant firides comes on amain; Invention firives to be before in vain; Feign what I will, and paint it e'er fo ftrong, Some riting genius fins up to my fong.

F. Yet none but you by name the guilt las, Ev'n Guthry faves half Newgate by a dath. Spare then the perfon, and expose the vice.

P. How, Sir I not damn the fharper, but the dice ?

Come on then, Satire ! gen'ral, unconfin'd, Spread thy broad wing, and foufe on all the kind. Ye fratefinen, priefts, of one religion all ! Ye tradefmen, vile, in army, sourt, or hall !

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Ye rev'rend atheifts. F. Scandal ! name them, Who ?

P. Why that's the thing you bid me not to do. Who ftarv'd a fifter, who forfwere a debt, I never nam'd; the town's enquiring yet.

The pois'ning dame.—F. You mean—P. I don't. F. You do.

P. Sec, now I keep the fecret, and not you !

The bribing flatefman—F. Hold, too high you go. P. The brib'd elector—F. There you floop too low.

P. I fain would pleafe you, if I knew with Tell me, which knave is lawful game, which not? Mutt great offenders, once etcap'd the crown, Like royal harts be never more run down? Admit your law to fpare the knight requires, As beafts of nature may we hunt the 'fquires? Suppose I cenfure—you know what I mean— To fave a billiop, may I name a dean?

To fave a bilhop, may I name a dean? F. A dean, fir? No; his fortune is not made; You hurt a man that's rifing in the trade.

P. If not the tradefman who fet up to-day, Much lefs the 'prentice who to-morrow may. Down, down, proud fatire ! tho'a realm be fpoil'd, Arraign no mightier thief than wretched Wild; Or, if a court or country's made a job, Go drench a pickpoket, and join the mob.

But, Sir, I beg you (for the love of vice) The matter's weighty, pray confider twice; Have you lefs pity for the needy cheat, The poor and friendlefs villain, than the great? Alas! the fmall diferedit of a bribe Scarce hurts the lawyer, but undoes the feribe. Then better, fure, it charity becomes To tax directors, who (thank God) have plums; Still better minifters; or, if the thing May pinch ev'n there—why lay it on a king.

F. Stop! Stop!

P. Must fatire, then, nor rife nor fall?

Speak out, and bid me blame no rogues at all.

F. Yes, firike that Wild, I'll juftify the blow. P. Strike? Why the man was hang'd ten years ago;

Who now that obfolete example fears; Ev'n Peter trembles only for his ears.

F. What always Peter? Peter thinks you mad; You make men defp'rate, if they once are bad : Elfe might he take to virtue fome years hence—

P. As S-k, if he lives, will love the Prince.

F. Strange fpleen to S-k !

P. Do I wrong the man? God knows, I praife a courtier where I can. When I confeis, there is who feels for fame, And melts to goodnefs, need I Scarb'ro' name? Pleas'd let me own in Efher's peaceful grove (Where Kent and Nature vie for Pelham's love) The feene, the mafter op'ning to my view, I fit and dream I tee my Craggs anew!

Ev'n in a bifhop I can fpy defert; Secker is decent, Rundel has a heart; Mannets with cundour are to Benton given; To Berkley, ev'ry virtue under heav'n.

But does the court a worthy man remove? That inftant, I declare, he has my love :

I shun his zenith, court his mild decline; Thus Somers once, and Halifax were mine. Oft, in the clear, still mirrour of retreat, I ftudy'd Shrewsbury, the wife and great : Carleton's calm fenfe, and Stanhope's noble flame, Compar'd, and knew their gen'rous end the fame : How pleafing Atterbury's fofter hour ! How shin'd the soul, unconquer'd in the Tow'r l How can I Pult'ney, Chefterfield forget, While Roman spirit charms, and Attic wit: Argyle, the State's whole thunder born to wield, And thake alike the fenate and the field : Or Wyndhain, just to freedom and the throne, The matter of our pattions, and his own. Names, which I long have lov'd, nor lov'd in vain, Rank'd with their friends, not number'd with their train;

And if yet higher the proud lift should end, Still let me fay, No follower, but a friend.

Yct think not friendfhip only prompts my lays; I follow Virtue; where the fhines, I praife; Point fhe to Prieft or Elder, Whig or Tory, Or round a Quaker's beaver caft a glory. I never (to my forrow I declare) Din'd with the Man of Rofs, or my Lord May'r. Some, in their choice of friends (nay look not Have ftill a fecret bias to a knave: [grave) To find an honeft man I beat about, And love him, court him, praife him, in or out.

F. Then why fo few commended?

P. Not fo fierce;

Find you the virtue, and I'll find the verfe. But random praife—the tafk can ne'er be done : Each mother afks it for her booby fon. Each widow afks it for the befl of men ; For him fhe weeps, for him fhe weds agen. Praife cannot floop, like faire, to the ground : The number may be hang'd, but not be crown'd. Enough for half the greateft of these days, To 'fcape my cenfure, not expect my praife. Are they not rich? what more can they pretend? Dare they to hope a poet for their friend? What Richlieu wanted, Louis fcarce could gain;

And what young Ammon with'd, but with'd in vain.

No pow'r the Muse's friendship can command; No pow'r, when Virtue claims it, can withstand: To Cato, Virgil pav'd one honest line;

O let my country's friends illumine mine!

-What are you thinking? F. Faith, the thought's no fin,

I think your friends are out, and would be in. P. If merely to come in, Sir, they go out,

The way they take is ftrangely round about.

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But pray, when others praife him, do I blame? Call Verres, Wolfey, any odious name? Why rail they then, if but a wreath of mine, Oh all accomplified St. John! deck thy thrine?

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What! fhall each fpur-gall'd hackney of the day,

When Paxton gives him double pots and pay: Or each new penfion'd fycophant pretend To break my windows if I treat a friend; Then wifely plead, to me they meant no hurt; But 'twas my gueft at whom they threw the dirt? Sure, if I fpare the Minifter, no rules Of honour bind me, not to maul his tools; Sure, if they cannot cut, it may be faid His faws are toothlefs, and his hatchets lead.

It anger'd Turenne, once upon a day, To fee a footman kick'd that took his pay : But when he heard th'affront the fellow gave, Knew one a man of honour, one a knave; The prudent Gen'ral turn'd it to a jeft, And begg'd he'd take the pains to kick the reft : Which not at prefent having time to do—

F. Hold, Sir, for God's fake! where's the affront to you?

Againft your worship when had S—k writ? Or P—ge pour'd forth the torrent of his wit? Or grant the bard, whole diffich all commend (In prov'r a fervant, out of pow'r a friend) To W—le guilty of fome venial fin; What's that to you who ne'er was out nor in?

The prieft, whole flattery bedropt the crown, How hurt he you? he only flain'd the gown. And how did, pray, the florid youth offend, Whole fpeech you took, and gave it to a friend?

P. Faith, it imports not much from whom it came;

Whoever borrow'd could not be to blane, Since the whole Houfe did afterwards the fame. Let courtly wits to wits afford fupply, As hog to hog in huts of Weftphaly; If one, thro' nature's boanty or his Lord's, Has what the fugal, dirty foil affords, From him the next receives it, thick or thin, As pure a mefs almoft as it came in; The bleffed benefit, not there confin'd, Drops to the third, who nuzzles clofe behind; From tail to mouth, they feed and they caroufe: The laft full fairly gives it to the Houfe.

F. This filthy finite, this beaftly line Quite turns my flemach-

P. So does flatt'ry mine : And all your courtly civit-cats can vent, Perfume to you, to me is excrement. But hear me farther, Japhet, 'tis agreed, Writ not, and Chartres fearce could write or read. In all the courts of Pindus guiltle's quite; But pens can forge, my friend, that cannot write;

And muft no egg in Japhet's face be thrown, Becaufe the deed he forg'd was not my own? Muft never patriot then declain, at gin, Unlefs, good man! he has been fairly in? No zealous pattor blame a fuling fpoule, Without a flaring readon on his brows? And each blasshemer quite escape the rod, Because the insult's not on man, but God?

Afk you, what provocation I have had? The firong antipathy of good to bad. When truth or virtue an affiont endures, Th'affront is mine, my friend, and fhall be yours. Mine, as a foe profefs'd to falle pretence, Who think a coxcomb's honour like his fenfe; Mine, as a friend to ev'ry worthy mind; And mine as man, who feel for all mankind. E You're firagely provid

F. You're ftrangely proud. P. So proud, I am no flave: So impudent, I own myfelf no knave: So odd, my country's ruin makes me grave. Yes, I am proud; I muft be proud to ice Men not afraid of God, afraid of me: Safe from the bar, the pulpit, and the throne, Yet touch'd and fham'd by ridicule alone.

O facred weapon! left for truth's defence; Sole dread of folly, vice, and infolence ! To all but heav'n-directed hands deny'd; The Muse may give thee, but the Gods must guide: Rev'rent, I touch thee ! but with honeft zeai; To roufe the watchmen of the public weal; To virtue's work provoke the tardy hall, And goad the prelate flumb'ring in the ftall. Ye tinfel infects! whom a court maintains, That counts your beautics only by your flains, Spin all your cobwebs o'er the eye of day! The Mufe's wing fhall brufh you all away: All his Grace preaches, all his Lordfhip fings, All that makes faints of queens, and gods of kings All, all but truth, drops dead-born from the pres; Like the last Gazette, or the last address.

When black ambition ftains a public caufe, A monarch's fword when mad vainglory draws, Not Waller's wreath can hide the nation's fear, Not Boileau turn the feather to a ftar.

Not fo, when diadem'd with rays divine, Touch'd with the flame that breaks from Vietue's fhrine,

Her prieftefs Mufe forbids the good to die, And opes the temple of Eternity. There, other trophies deck the truly brave, Than fuch as Anfis cafts into the grave; Far other flars than ** and ** wear, And may defeend to Mordington from Stair; (Such as on Hough's unfully'd mitre fhine, Or beam, good Digbv, from a heart like thine) Let Envy howl, while Heav'n's whole chown fings,

And back at honour not conferr'd by kings; Let flatt'ry fick'ning fee the incenfe rife, Sweet to the world, and grateful to the fkie: Truth guards the poet, fanctifies the line, And makes immortal verfe as mean as mine.

Yes, the laft pen for freedom let me draw, When truth flands trembling on the edge of law; Here, laft of Butons! let your names be read; Are none, none living? let me praife the dead; And, for that caufe which made your fathers Fall by the votes of their degen?rate line. [fine, F. Alas! alas! pray end what you began,

And write next winter more Efficies on Mun.

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DIDACTIC, DESCRIPTIVE, See

§ 19. Invitations of Horace. POPE.

EPISTLE VII.

Imitated in the manner of Dr. Swift.

"TIS time, my Lord, I gave my word I would be with you, Jane the third; Chang'd it to August, and, in short, Have kept it-as you do at court. You humour me when I am fick, Why not when I am fplenetic ? In town, what objects could I meet? The shops shut up in ev'ry street, And fun'rals black'ning all the doors, And yet more melancholy whores! And what a duft in ev'ry place? And a thin court that wants your face, And fevers raging up and down, And W* and H** both in town ! "The dog-days are no more the cale." 'Tis true, but winter comes apace: Then fouthward let your bard retire,

Hold out fome months 'twixt fun and fire, And you shall fee the first warm weather, Me and the butterflies together. My Lord, your favours well I know;

'Tis with diffinction you beftow; And not to ev'ry one that comes, Just as a Scotiman does his plums. Pray take them, Sir, enough's a feaft: 'Eat fome, and pocket up the reft'-What, rob your boys? those pretty rogues! " No, Sir, you'll leave them to the hogs." Thus fools with compliments befiege ye, Contriving never to oblige ye. Scatter your favours on a fop, Ingratitude's the certain crop; And 'tis but just, I'll tell you wherefore, You give the things you never care for. A wife man always is or shou'd Be mighty ready to do good; But makes a diffrence in his thought Betwixt a guinea and a groat.

Now this I'll fay, you'll find in me A fafe companion, and a free; But if you'd have me always near-A word, pray, in your Honour's car: I hope it is your refolution To give me back my conftitution ! The fprightly wit, the lively eye, Th'engaging finile, the gatety, That laugh'd down many a lummer fun, And kept you up fo oft till one : And all that voluntary vein, As when Belinda rais'd my strain.

A weazel once made thift to flink In at a corn-loft thro' a chink ; But having amply stuff'd his skin, Could not get out as he got in: Which one belonging to the house ('Twas not a man, it was a moulc) Observing, cry'd, 'You, 'scape not so, " Lean as you came, Sir, you must go."

Sir, you may fpare your application, I'm no fuch beaft, nor his relation;

Nor one that temperance advance, Cramm'd to the throat with ortolans; Extremely ready to refign All that may make me none of mine. South-Sea fubfcriptions take who plcafe, Leave me but liberty and eafe : Twas what I faid to Craggs and Child, Who prais'd my modelty, and fmil'd. Give me, I cry'd (enough for me) My bread, and independency 1 So bought an annual rent or two, And liv'd-juft as you fee I do; Near fifty, and without a wife, I truft that finking fund, my life. Can I retrench ? Yes, mighty well, Shrink back to my paternal cell, A little house, with trees a row, And, like its mafter, very low. There dy'd my father, no man's debtor ; And there I'll die, nor worfe nor better.

To fet this matter full before ye. Our old friend Swift will tell his ftory. " Harley, the nation's great support,"-But you may read it, I flop fhort.

SATIRE VI.

The first part imitated in the year 1714, by Dr. Swift; the latter part added afterwards.

- I'VE often wish'd that I had clear For life, fix hundred pounds a year,
- A handfome houfe to lodge a friend,
- A river at my garden's end,

A terras-walk, and half a rood

- Of land, fet out to plant a wood.
- Well, now I have all this and more,
- I alk not to increase my flore;
- But here a grievance feems to lie,
- " All this is mine but till I die;
- " I can't but think 'twould found more clever,

" To me and to my heirs for ever." ' If I ne'er got or loft a groat

- ' By any trick or any fault ;
- · And if I pray by reafon's rules,
- And not like forty other fools,
 As thus: "Vouchfafe, oh gracious Maker!

" To grant me this and t'other acre : " Or, if it be thy will and pleafure,

- " Direct my plough to find a treafure :"
- "But only what my flation fits,
- And to be kept in my right wits:
- ' Preferve, Almighty Providence!
- ' Juft what you gave me, competence :
- · And let me in these shades compose
- Something in verfe as true as profe;
- Remov'd from all th'ambitious fcene,
- ' Nor puff'd by pride, nor funk by tpleen. In fhort, I'm perfectly content,
- Let me but live on this fide Trent; Nor crofs the Channel twice a year,
- To fpend fix months with flatefinen her
- I must by all means come to town,
- 'Tis for the fervice of the Crown.
- " Lewis, the Dean will be of ufe;
- " Send for him up, take no excufe." Q.4

The

The toil, the danger of the feas, Great Ministers ne'er think of these; Or let it cost five hundred pound, No matter where the money's found; It is but so much more in debt; And that they ne'er confider'd yet.

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"Good Mr. Dean, go change your gown, "Let my Lord know you're come to town." I hurry me in hafte away, Not thinking it is levee-day; And find his Honour in a pound, Hemm'd by a triple circle round, Chequer'd with ribbons blue and green : How fhould I thruft myfelf between ? Some wag obferves me thus perplex'd, Arid, finiling, whifpers to the next, "I though the Dean had been too proud "To juftle here among a crowd."

Another, in a furly fit, Tells me I have more zeal than wit: "So cager to express your love, "You ne'er confider whom you fhove,

"But rudely prefs before a Duke." I own I'm pleas'd with this rebuke, And take it kindly, meant to fhow What I defire the world fhould know.

I get a whifper, and withdraw; When twenty fools I never faw Come with petitions fairly penn'd, Defiring I would ftand their friend.

This humbly offers me his cafe-That begs my 'int'reft for a place-A hundred other mens affairs, Like bees, are humming in my cars. " To-morrow my appeal comes on; "Without your help the caufe is gone-" The Duke expects my Lord and you About fome great affairs, at two-" Put my Lord Bolingbroke in mind, " To get my warrant quickly fign'd: " Confider, 'tis my first request."-Be fatisfy'd, I'll do my beft : Then prefently he falls to teize, "You may for certain, if you pleafe; " I doubt not, if his Lordship knew-And, Mr Dean, one word from you-" 'Tis (let me fee) three years and more, 46 (October next it will be four) Since Harley Lid me first attend, And choic me for an humble friend; Would take me in his coach to chat, And question me of this and that; As, ' What's o'clock ?' and, ' How's the wind ?' • Whofe chariot's that we left behind ?! Or gravely try to read the lines Writ underneath the country figns; Or, " Have you nothing new to-day " From Pope, from Parnell, or from Gay?" Such tattle often entertains My Lord and me as far as Stains ; As once a week we travel down To Windfor, and again to Town; Where all that paffes inter nos Might be proclaim'd at Charing-Crofs.

Yet fome I know with envy fivell. Becaufe they fee me us'd fo well: "How think you of our friend the Dean? "I wonder what fome people mean; " My Lord and he are grown fo great, " Always together tele-a-tete. "What, they admire him for his jokes-" See but the fortune of fome folks !" There flies about a strange report Of fome express arriv'd at court : I'm ftopp'd by all the fools I meet, And catechis'd in ev'ry ftreet. "You, Mr. Dean, frequent the great; " Inform us, will the Emp'ror treat ? " Or do the prints and papers lie ?" Faith, Sir, you know as much as I. " Ah, Doctor, how you love to jeft ? "'Tis now no fecret"-I proteft 'Tis one to me-" Then tell us, pray, "When are the troops to have their pay ?" And, tho' I folemnly declare I know no more than my Lord Mayor, They fland amaz'd, and think me grown The closest mortal ever known. Thus, in a fea of folly toft, My choiceft hours of life are loft; Yet always withing to retreat, Oh, could I fee my country-feat ! There leaning near a genule brook. Sleep, or peruse some ancient book; And there in fweet oblivion drown Those cares that haunt the court and town, O charming noons, and nights divine! Or when I fup, or when I dine, My friends above, my folks below, Chatting and laughing all a-row; The beans and bacon fct before 'em, The grace-cup ferv'd with all decorum : Each willing to be pleas'd, and pleafe, And ev'n the very dogs at eafe ! Here no man prates of idle things, How this or that Italian fings, A neighbour's madnefs, or his fpoufe's, Or what's in either of the houses : But fomething much more our concern, And quite a fcandal not to learn : Which is the happier, or the wifer, A man of merit, or a mifer > Whether we ought to choose our friends For their own worth, or our own ends? What good, or hetter, we may call? And what, the very best of all? 'Our friend Dan Prior told (you know) A tale extremely *a-propos* : Name a town-life, and in a trice, He had a ftory of two mice.-Once on a time, fo runs the fable, A country moule, right holpitable, Receiv'd a town moufe at his board, Juft as a farmer might a lord. A frugal moute, upon the whole, Yet lov'd his friend, and had a foul ; Knew what was handfome, and would dot On just occasion, coule qui coute.



DIDACTIC, DESCRIPTIVE, &c.

ught him bacon (nothing lean); ig that might have pleas'd a dean ; , fuch as men in Suffolk make, th'd it Stilton for his fake;) his guest tho' no way sparing, hindelf the rind and paring. surtier feater would touch a bit, ow'd his breeding and his wit; his beft to feem to cat, -v'd, " I vow you're mighty neat. lord, my friend, this favage fcene ! God's fake, come, and live with men : fider, mice, like men, must die, 1 imall and great, both you and I; n fpend your life in joy and fport. s doctrine, friend, I learn'd at court." : ver:eft hermit in the nation ield, God knows, to ftrong temptation. they come, thro' thick and thin, all houfe near Lincoln's Inn : on the night of a debate, all their lordships had fat late. and the place, where if a poet in defeription, he might flow it; ow the moon-beam trembling falls, ps with filver all the walls; ian walls, Venetian doors, co roofs, and flucco floors : t it, in a word, be faid, 100n was up, and men a-bed, apkins white, the carpet red : uefts withdrawn, had left the treat, own the mice fat, tete-a-tete. courtier walks from difh to difh, for his friend of fowl and fifh; all their names, lays down the law, ca eft bon ! Ah goutez ca ! at jelly's rich, this malmfey healing ; y dip your whifkers and your tail in." ver fuch a happy fivain iffs and fwills, and fuffs again. quite afham'd-'tis mighty rude cat fo much-but all's fo good ! ive a thoufand thanks to givelord alone knows how to live." oner faid, but from the hall chaplain, butler, dogs and all : at ! a rat ! clap too the door." at comes bouncing on the floor ! the heart of Homer's mice, ds to fave them in a trice ! as by Providence they think, our damn'd Stucco has no chink.) 't plcafe your honour," quoth the peafant, is fame defert is not fo pleafant : e me again my hollow tree, ruft of bread, and liberty !"

ODE I. BOOK IV.

To Venus.

AIN, new tumults in my breaft? are me, Venus! let me, let me reft ! n not now, alas! the man the gentle reign of my queen Anne. Ah found no more thy foft alarms, Nor circle fober fifty with thy charms ! Mother too fierce of dear defires !

Turn, turn to willing hearts your wanton fires. To number five direct your doves, [loves;

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There foread round Murray all your blooming Noble and young, who ftrikes the heart

With ev'ry fprightly, ev'ry decent part; Equal, the injur'd to defend,

To charm the mistrefs, or to fix the friend. He, with a hundred arts refin'd,

Shall ftretch thy conquefts over half the kind : To him each rival shall submit, Make but his riches equal to his wit.

Then shall thy form the marble grace (Thy Grecian form) and Chloe lend the face :

His houfe embofom d in the grove, Sacred to focial life and focial love,

Shall glitter o'er the pendent green, Where Thames reflects the visionary scene:

Thither the filver founding lyres Shall call the fimiling loves and young defires 3.

There, ev'ry grace and mufe fhall throng,

Exalt the dance, or animate the fong; There youths and nymphs, in confort gay, Shall hail the rifing, close the parting day.

With me, alas ! those joys are o'er ; For me the vernal garlands bloom no more.

Adieu, fond hope of mutual fire ! The ftill-believing, ftill-renew'd defire ;

Adicu ! the heart-expanding bowl, And all the kind deceivers of the foul !

But why? Ah tell me, ah too dear i Steals down my cheek th'involuntary tear?

Why words to flowing, thoughts to free, Stop, or turn nonfenfe, at one glance of thee ? Thee, dreft in fancy's airy beam,

Abfent I follow thro' th'extended dream; Now, now I ceafe, I clafp thy charms,

And now you burft (ah cruel!) from my arms; And fwiftly fhoot along the mail,

Or foftly glide by the canal ; Now fhown by Cynthia's filver ray,

And now on rolling waters fnatch'd away.

Part of the Ninth Ode of the Fourth Book.

A FRAGMENT.

LEST you fhould think that verfe fhall die, Which founds the filver Thames along

Taught on the wings of truth to fly, Above the reach of vulgar fong;

Tho' daring Milton fits fublime, In Spencer native mufes play;

Nor yet shall Waller yield to time, Nor penfive Cowley's moral lay-

Sages and chiefs long fince had birth Ere Cæfar was, or Newton nam'd ;

These rais'd new empires o'er the earth, And those, new heav'ns and systems fram'd.

Vain was the chief's, the fage's pride ! They had no poet, and they dy'd : In vain they fchem'd, in vain they bled !

They had no poet, and are dead.

§ 20. The Traveller; or, a Profied of Society*. Inferibed to the Rev. Mr. H. Goldfmith.

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By Dr. GOLDSMITH.

R EMOTE, unfriended, melancholy, flow, Or by the lazy Scheld, or wand'ring Po; Or onward, where the rude Carinthian boor Againft the houfclefs ftranger fhuts the door; Or where Campania's plain forfaken lies, A weary wafte expanding to the fkies; Where'er I roam, whatever realms to fee, My heart untravell'd, fondly turns to thee: Still to my brother turns, with ceafelefs pain, And drags, at each remove, a length'ning chain.

Eternal bletfings crown my earlieft friend, And round his dwelling guardian faints attend; Blefs'd be that fpot where cheerful guefts retire; To paufe from toil, and trim their evening fire; Blefs'd that abode where want and pain repair, And ev'ry firanger finds a ready chair: Blefs'd be thofe feafts, with fimple plenty crown'd, Where all the ruddy family around Laugh at the jefts or pranks that never fail, Or figh with pity at fome mournful tale; Or prefs the bathful firanger to his food, And learn the luxury of doing good !

But me, not defin'd fuch delights to fhare, My prime of life in wand'ring fpent, and care: Impell'd, with fteps unceasing, to pursue Some fleeting good that mocks me with the view; That, like the circle, bounding earth and fkies, Allures from far, yet as I follow, flies; My fortune leads to traverse realms alone, And find no spot of all the world my own.

Ev'n now, where Alpine folitudes afcend, I fit me down a penfive hour to fpend; And plac'd on high, above the florm's career, Look downward where an hundred realms appear; Lakes, forefts, cities, plains, extending wide, The pomp of kings, the flepherd's humbler pride.

When thus Creation's charms around combine, Amidît the flore, flould thanklefs pride repine ? Sav, flould the philofophic mind difdain [vain ? That good which makes each humbler bolom Let fchool-taught pride diffemble all it can, Thefe little things are great to little man; And wifer he, whofe fympathetic mind Exults in all the good of all mankind. [crown'd; Ye glitt'ring towns, with wealth and fplendor Ye fields, where fummer forcads profusion round; Ye lakes, whofe veffels catch the bufy gale; Ye bending fwains, that drefs the flow'ry vale, For me your tributary flores combine : Creation's heir ? the world, the world is mine !

As fome lone mifer, vifiting his ftore, Bends at his treafure, counts, recounts it o'er; Hoards after hoards his rifing raptures fill, Yet fiill he fighs, for hoards are wanting fiill: Thus to my breaft alternate paffions rife, Pleas'd with each good that Heav'n to man fup-Yet oft a figh prevails, and forrows fall, [plics; To fee the hoard of human blifs fo fmall;

May gather blifs to fee my fellows blefs'd. But where to find that happieft fpot below, Who can direct, when all pretend to know ? The shudd'ring tenant of the frigid zone Boldly proclaims that happieft fpot his own ; Extols the treasures of his storiny feas, And his long nights of revelry and cafe : The naked negro, panting at the line, Boafts of his golden fands and palmy wine; Basks in the glare, or stems the tepid wave, And thanks his gods for all the good they gave. Such is the patriot's boaft, where'er we roam; His first, best country, ever is at home. And yet, perhaps, if countries we compare, And effinate the bleffings which they fhare, Tho' patriots flatter, still shall wisdom find An equal portion dealt to all mankind; As diffrent good, by art or nature given, To diffrent nations, makes their bleffings even.

Nature, a mother kind alike to all, Still grants her blifs at labour's earneft call ; With food as well the peafant is fupply'd On Idra's cliffs as Arno's shelvy side And tho' the rocky-crefted fummits frown, These rocks by custom turn to beds of down. From art more various are the bleffings fent; Wealth, commerce, honour, liberty, content. Yet these each other's pow'r fo ftrong contest, That either seems destructive of the rest. [fails; Where wealth and freedom reign, contentment And honour finks where commerce long prevails, Hence ev'ry ftate, to one lov'd bleffing prone, Conforms and models life to that alone. Each to the fav'rite happiness attends, And fpurns the plan that aims at other ends; Till carried to excefs in each domain, This fav'rite good begets peculiar pain.

But let us try these truths with closer eyes, And trace them thro' the prospect as it lies : Here for a while, my proper cares refign'd; Here let me fit in forrow for mankind; Like yon neglected thrub at random caft, That thades the freep, and tighs at every blaft.

Far to the right, where Apennine atcends, Bright as the fummer, Italy extends; Its uplands floping, deck the mountain's fide, Woods over woods in gay theatric pride; While oft fome temple's mould'ring tops between, With venerable grandeur mark the fcene.

Could Nature's bounty fatisfy the breaft, The fons of Italy were furely bleft. Whatever fruits in different climes are found, That proudly rife, or humbly court the ground; Whatever blooms in torrid tracts appear, Whofe bright fucceffion decks the varied year; Whatever fweets falute the northern iky With vernal leaves, that bloffom but to die,— Thefe, here difforting, own the kindred foil, Nor afk luxuriance from the planter's toil;

* The Reader is not to be informed that ebronological order is not intended ; but fuch a committure of earlier and later Poems as may furnish the most agreeable variety.

Book II:

While

fea-born gales their gelid wings expand, now fragrance round the fmiling land. fmall the blifs that fenfe alone bestows; nfual blifs is all the nation knows. d beauty groves and fields appear, ems the only growth that dwindles here. fted faults thro' all his manners reign : oor, luxurious; tho' fubiniffive, vain; rave, yet trifling; zealous, yet untrue; en in pennance planning fins ancw. Is here contaminate the mind, pulence departed leaves behind ; alth was theirs, not far remov'd the date, commerce proudly flourish'd thro' the state: command the palace learn'd to rife, the long-fall'n column fought the fkics; nvas glow'd beyond c'en Nature warm; egnant quarry teem'd with human form; ore unfieady than the fouthern gale, arce on other fhores difplay'd her fail; nought remain'd of all that riches gave, vns unmann'd, and lords without a flave: te the nation found, with fruitlefs skill, ner ftrength was but plethoric ill. ftill the lofs of wealth is here fupply'd , the fplendid wrecks of former pride; hefe the feeble heart and long-fall'n mind y compensation feem to find. iay be feen, in bloodlefs pomp array'd, fteboard triumph and the cavalcade; ions form'd for piety and love, refs or a faint in ev'ry grove. its like thefe are all their cares beguil'd; orts of children fatisfy the child : obler aim, reprefs'd by long controul, nks at laft, or feebly mans the foul low delights, fucceeding fast behind, pier meannefs occupy the mind : nofe domes, where Cæfars once bore fway, I by time, and tott'ring in decay, in the ruin, heedlefs of the dead, elter-feeking peafant builds his fhed ; ondering man could want the larger pile, and owns his cottage with a fmile. foul turn from them-turn we to furvey rougher climes a nobler race difplay; the bleak Swifs their ftormy manfion tread, rce a churlish foil for fcanty-bread : duct here the barren hills afford. n and freel, the foldier and his fword. hal blooms their torpid rocks array, nter ling'ring chills the lap of May; hyr fondly fues the mountain's breaft, teors glare, and ftormy glooms inveft. till, e'en here Content can spread a charm, the clime, and all its rage difarm. por the peafant's hut, his feaft tho' fmall, his little lot the lot of all; contiguous palace rear its head, me the meannefs of his humble fhed; ly lord the fumptuous banquet deal, ce him loath his vegetable meal ; n, and bred in ignorance and toil, ifh contracting, fits him to the feil.

Cheerful at morn he wakes from fhort repofe, Breathes the keen air, and carols as he goes; With patient angle trolls the finny deep, Or drives his vent'rous ploughfhare to the fleep; Or feeks the den where fnow-tracks mark the way, And drags the flruggling favage into day. At night returning, ev'ry labour fped, He fits him down the monarch of a fhed; Smiles by his cheerful fire, and round furveys His childrens looks, that brighten at the blaze; While his lov'd partner, boaftful of her hoard, Difplays her cleanly platter on the board : And haply too fome pilgrim, thither led, With many a tale repays the nightly bed.

Thus eviry good his native wilds impart, Imprints the patriot paffion on his heart; And e'en thole ills that round his manfion rife, Enhance the bilfs his fcanty fund fupplics. Dear is that fhed to which his foul conforms, And dear that hill which lifts him to the ftorms; And as a child, when fcaring founds moleft, Clings clofe and clofer to the mother's breaft, So the loud torrent, and the whirlwind's roar, But bind him to his native mountains more.

Such are the charms to barren states assign'd : Their wants but few, their wifhes all confin'd. Yet let them only fhare the praifes due; If few their wants, their pleafures are but few: For ev'ry want that ftimulates the breaft, Becomes a fource of pleafure when redreft. When from fuch lands each pleafing fcience flies That first excites defire, and then inpplies ; Unknown to them, when fenfual pleafures cloy. To fill the languid pause with finer joy; Unknown those pow'rs that raise the foul to flame. Catch ev'ry nerve, and vibrate thro' the frame. Their level life is but a mould'ring fire, Unquench'd by want, unfann'd by ftrong defires Unfit for raptures ; or, if raptures cheer On fome high feftival of once a year, In wild excess the vulgar breaft takes fire, Till, bury'd in debauch, the blifs expire.

But not their joys alone thus coarfely flow; Their morals, like their pleafures, are but low: For, as refinement flops, from fire to fon, Unalter'd, unimprov'd, the manners run; And love's and friendfhip's finely-pointed dart Fall blunted from each indurated heart. Some flerner virtues o'er the mountain's breaft May fit, like falcons cowering on the peft; But all the gentler morals, fuch as play [way, Thro' life's more cultur'd walks, and charm the Thefe far difpers'd, on timorous pinions fly, To fport and flutter in a kinder fky.

To kinder fkies, where gentler manners reign, I turn—and France difplays her bright domain. Gay iprightly land of mirth and iocial eafe, Pleas'd with thyfelf, whom all theworld can pleafe, How often have I led thy iportive choir, With tunelefs pipe, beide the murm'ring Loiret Where fhading elms along the margin grew, And, frefhen d from the wave, the zephyr flew; And haply, tho' my harfh touch falt'ring fill, But mock'd all tune, and marr'd the dancer's fkill,



Yet would the village praife my wond'rous pow'r, And dance, forgetful of the noon-tide hour ! Alike all ages. Dames of ancient days Have led their children thro' the mirthful maze; And the gay grandfire, fkill'd in geftic lore, Has frifk'd beneath the burden of threefcore.

So bleft a life thefe thoughtlefs realms difplay, Thus idly bufy rolls their world away: Theirs are thofe arts that mind to mind endear; For honour forms the focial temper here. Honour, that praife which real merit gains, Or e'en imaginary worth obtains, Here paffes current; paid from hand to hand, It fhifts in fplendid traffic round the land : From courts to camps, to cottages it ftrays; And all are taught an avarice of praife; They pleafe, are pleas'd, they give to get efteem, Till, feeming blefs'd; they grow to what they feem.

But while this fofter art their blifs fupplies, It gives their follies alfo room to rife; For praife too dearly lov'd, or warmly fought, Enfeebles all internal firength of thought; And the weak foul, within itfelf unbleft, Leans for all pleafure on another's breaft. Hence oftenation here, with tawdry art, Pants for the vulgar praife which fools impart : Here vanity affumes her pert grimace, And trims her robes of frize with copper lace; Here beggar pride defrauds her daily cheer, To boatt one fplendid banquet once a year; The mind ftill turns where thifting fathion draws, Nor weighs the folid worth of felf-applaufe.

To men of other minds my fancy flics, Embofom'd in the deep where Holland lies. Methinks her patient fons before me stand, Where the broad ocean leans against the land; And, fedulous to ftop the coming tide, Lift the tall rampire's artificial pride. Onward methinks, and diligently flow, The firm connected bulwark feems to grow; Spreads its long arms amidft the wat'ry roar, Scoops out an empire, and usurps the fhore, While the pent ocean, rifing o'er the pile, Sees an amphibious world beneath him finile ; The flow canal, the yellow-blofforn'd vale, The willow-tufted bank, the gliding fail, The crowded mart, the cultivated plain, A new creation, rescu'd from his reign.

Thus, while around the wave-fubjected foil Impels the native to repeated toil, Industrious habits in each boforn reign, And industry begets a love of gain. Hence all the good from opulence that fprings, With all those ills superfluous treasure brings, Are here difplay'd. Their much-lov'd wealth im-Convenience, plenty, elegance, and arts ; [parts But view them clofer, craft and fraud appear; E'en liberty itfelf is barter'd here ! At gold's fuperior charms all freedom flies; The needy fell it, and the rich man buys ; A land of tyrants, and a den of flaves ! Here wretches feek difhonourable graves, And calmly bent, to fervitude conform; Dull as their lakes that flumber in the ftorm.

Heavens! how unlike their Belgic fires of old! Rough, poor, content, ungovernably bold; War in each breaft, and freedom on each brow; How much unlike the fons of Britain now!

Fir'd at the found, my Genius spreads her wing, And flics where Britain courts the weftern fpring; Where lawns extend that fcorn Arcadian pride, And brighter streams than fam'd Hydaspis glide. There all around the gentleft breezes firay; There gentle mufic melts on ev'ry fpray Creation's mildeft charms are there combin'd; Extremes are only in the mafter's mind ! Stern o'er each bofom Reafon holds her ftate, With daring aims irregularly great : Pride in their port, defiance in their eye, I fee the lords of human-kind pafs by; Intent on high defigns, a thoughtful band, By forms unfashion'd fresh from Nature's hand; Fierce in their native hardinefs of foul, True to imagin'd right, above controul, While e'en the peafant boafts thefe rights to fcan, And learns to venerate himfelf as man.

Thine, Freedom, thine the bleffings pictur'd here;

Thine are those charms that dazzle and endear; Too blefs'd indeed were fuch without alloy, But foster'd e'en by Freedom ills annoy; That independance Britons prize too high, Keeps man from man, and breaks the focial tie; The felf-dependant lordlings ftand alone; All claims that bind and fweeten life unknown; Here, by the bonds of Nature feebly held, Minds combat minds, repelling and repell'd. Ferments arife, imprifon'd factions roar, Reprefs'd ambition ftruggles round her fhore, Till, over-wrought, the general fystem feels Its motions ftop, or phyenzy fire the wheels.

Nor this the worft. As Nature's ties decay, As duty, love, and honour fail to fway, Fictitious bonds, the bonds of wealth and law, Still gather firength, and force unwilling awe. Hence all obedience bows to thefe alone, And talent finks, and merit weeps unknown; Till time may come, when, firipp'd of all her charms,

The land of fcholars and the nurfe of arms, Where noble ftems transmit the pairiot flame, Where kings have toil'd, and poets wrote for fame, One fink of level avarice fhall lie, And fcholars, foldiers, kings, unhonour'd die.

Yet think not, thus when Freedom's ills I fate, I mean to flatter kings, or court the great : Ye pow'rs of truth, that bid my foul afpire, Far from my bofom drive the low defire ! And thou, fair Freedom, taught alike to feel The rabble's rage, and tyrant's angry fieel; Thou tranfitory flower, alike undone By proud Contempt, or Favour's foft'ring fun, Still may thy blooms the changeful clime endure, I only would reprefs them to fecure : For juft experience tells, in ev'ry foil, That thofe who think mult govern thofe that toil; And all that Freedom's higheft aims can reach, Is but to lay proportion'd loads on each.

Hence,



hould one order difproportion'd grow, le weight must ruin all below. en, how blind to all that truth requires, ink it freedom when a part afpires ! my foul, nor apt to rife in arms, when faft-approaching danger warms : in contending chiefs blocade the throne, ting regal power to firetch their own, behold a factious band agree it freedom when themfelves are free; anton judge new penal statutes draw, ind the poor, and rich men rule the law; alth of climes, where favage nations roain, from flaves, to purchase flaves at home; ty, juffice, indignation flart, f referve, and bare my fwelling heart; If a patriot, half a coward grown, m petty tyrants to the throne. brother, curfe me with that baleful hour, irst ambition struck at regal power; us polluting honour in its fource, salth to fway the mind with double force. e not feen, round Britain's peopled fhore, ful fons exchang'd for ufelefs ore ? her triumphs but destruction haste, ring tapers, bright'ning as they wafte; bulence, her grandeur to maintain, ern Depopulation in her train, er fields, where fcatter'd hamlets rofe, in, folitary pomp repofe ? e not feen, at Pleafure's lordly call, iling long-frequented village fall ? the duteous fon, the fire decay'd, deft matron, and the blufhing maid, rom their homes, a melancholy train, erfe climes beyond the weftern main; wild Ofwego fpreads her fwamps around, agara ftuns with thund'ring found ! w, perhaps, as there fome pilgrim strays ingled forefts, and thro' dang'rous ways; beafts with man divided empire claim, brown Indian marks with murd'rous aim; while above the giddy tempeft flies, around distressful yells arife, ifive exile, bending with his woe, too fearful, and too faint to go, long look where England's glories fhine, Is his bofom fympathize with mine. very vain, my weary fearch, to find ifs which only centres in the mind ! ive I fray'd from pleafure and repofe, a good each government befrows ? government, tho' terrors reign. rant kings, or tyrant laws reftrain, all, of all that human hearts endure, rt which laws or kings can caufe or cure ! ourfelves in ev'ry place confign'd, 1 felicity we make or find : ret course, which no loud ftorms annoy, ie fmooth current of domestic joy. ed ax, the agonizing wheel, ron crown, and Damien's bed of fteel, remote from power but rarely known, afon, faith, and confeience, all our own.

II.

§ 21. The Deferted Village. GOLDSMITH.

WEET Auburn ! lovelieft village of the plain, Where health and plenty cheer'd the labouring fivain;

Where finiling fpring its carlieft vifit paid, And parting fummer's ling'ring blooms delay'd. Dear lovely bow'rs of innocence and eafe, Scats of my youth, when ev'ry fport could pleafe. How often have I loiter'd o'er thy green, Where humble happiness endear'd each scene ! How often have I paus'd on ev'ry charm, The fhelter'd cot, the cultivated farm, The never-failing brook, the bufy mill, The decent church, that topt the neighb'ring hill, The hawthorn bufh, with feats beneath the thade. For talking age and whifp'ring lovers made ! How often have I bleft the coming day, When toil remitting lent its turn to play, And all the village train from labour free, Led up their fports beneath the fpreading tree, While many a pastime circle in the shade, The young contending as the old furvey'd; And many a gambol frolic'd o'er the ground, And fleights of art and feats of ftrength went round.

And still as each repeated pleasure tir'd, Succeeding fports the mirthful band infpir'd; The dancing pair that fimply fought renown, By holding out to tire each other down; The fwain mistrustless of his smutted face, While fecret laughter titter'd round the place; The bashful virgin's fide long looks of love, The matron's glance that would those looks re-

prove, f thele These were thy charms, fweet village ! fports like With fweet fucceffion, taught e'en toil to pleafe; These round thy bow'rs their cheerful influence are fled. fhed.

These were thy charms-But all these charms. Sweet fmiling village, lovelieft of the lawn,

Thy fports are fled, and all thy charms withdrawn;

Amidit thy bow'rs the Tyrant's hand is feen. And defolation faddens all thy green : One only mafter grafps the whole domain, And half a tillage ftints thy finiling plain; No more thy glaffy brook reflects the day, But choak'd with fedges, works its weedy way; Along thy glades, a folitary gueft, The hollow founding bittern guards its neft; Amidst thy defart walks the lapwing flies, And tires their cchoes with unvary'd cries. Sunk are thy bow'rs in fhapelefs ruin all, And the long grafs o'ertops the mould'ring wall. And, trembling, fhrinking from the fpoiler's hand,

Far, for away thy children leave the land. Ill fares the land, to haft'ning ills a prev, Where wealth accumulates and men decay Princes and Lords may flourish, or may fade; A breath can make them, as a breath has made : But a bold peafantry, their country's pride, When once deftroy'd, can never be fupply'd. • • • . . .

Aime

A time there was, ere Eugland's griefs began, When every rood of ground maintain'd its man; For him light labour ipread her wholefone flore; Juft gave what life requir'd, but gave no more : His beft companions, innocence and health ; And his beft riches, ignorance of wealth.

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But times are alter'd : trade's unfeeling train Ufurp the land, and difpoffers the fivain ; Along the lawn, where featter'd hamlets rofe, Unwieldy wealth and cumb'rous pomp repofe ; And ev'ry want to luxury ally'd, And ev'ry pang that folly pays to pride. These gentle hours that plenty bade to bloom, These calm defires that afk'd but little room, These healthful fports that grac'd the peaceful fcene,

Liv'd in each look, and brighten'd all the green; Thele, far departing, feck a kinder fhore; And rural mirth and manners are no more.

Sweet Auburn ! parent of the blifsful hour, Thy glades forlorn confess the tyrant's pow'r. Here, as I take my folitary rounds, Amidft thy tangling walks and ruin'd grounds, And many a year claps'd, return to view Where once the cottage flood, the hawthorn grew, Remembrance wakes with all her bufy train, Swells at my breaft, and turns the paft to pain.

In all my wand rings, round this world of care, In all my griefs—and God has giv'n my fhare— I fiill had hopes, my lateft hours to crown, Amidft thefe humble bow'rs to lay me down : To hufband out life's taper at the clofe, And keep the flame from watting by repofe : I full had hopes, for pride attends us fiill, Amidft the fwains to fhew my book-leara'd fkill; Around my fire an ev'ning group to draw, And tell of all I felt, and all I faw; And, as an hare, whom hounds and horns purfue, Pants to the place from whence at firft he flew, I fiill had hopes, my long vexations paft, Here to return —and die at home at laft.

O bleft retirement, friend to life's decline, Retreats from care, that never muft be mine, How bleft is he who crowns, in fhades like thefe, A youth of labour with an age of eafe l Who quits a world where firong temptations try, And, tince 'tis hard to combat, learns to fly ! For him no wretches, born to work and weep, Explore the mine, or tempt the dang'rous deep ; No furly porter flands in guilty flate, To fourn imploring famine from the gate; But on he moves to meet his latter end, Angels around befriending virtue's friend; Sinks to the grave with unperceiv'd decay, While refignation gently flopes the way : And, all his profpects bright ning to the laft, His heav'n commences ere the world be paft ! Sweet was the found, when oft, at evining's

cluie,

Up yonder hill the village murmur role; There, as I path, with carle's steps and flow, The mingling notes came fosten'd from below; The fwain responsive as the milk-maid fung, The factor herd that low'd to meet their young; The noify geefe that gabbl'd o'er the pool, The playful children just let loofe from school, The watch-dog's voice that bay'd the whisp'ring wind.

And the loud laugh that fpoke the vacant mind; Thefe all in fiveet confusion fought the fhade, And fill'd each paule the nightingale had made. But now the founds of population fail, No being fleps the grafs-grown foot-way tread, But all the bloomy fluth of life is fled! All but yon widow'd, folitary thing, That feebly bends bende the plashy ipring; She, wretched matron, forc'd, in age, for bread, To frip the brook with mantling creffes fpread, To fick her wint'ry faggot from the thorn, To fock her nightly fhed, and weep till morn; She only left, of all the harmlefs train, The fad hiftorian of the penfive plain.

Near yonder copie, where once the garden finil'd.

And ftill where many a garden-flower growswild, There, where a few torn fhrubs the place difclose, The village preacher's modeft manfion rofe. A man he was to all the country dear, And paffing rich, with forty pounds a year ! Remote from towns, he ran his godly race, Nor ere had chang'd, nor wifh'd to change his Unskilful he to fawn, or feck for pow'r, [place; By doctrines fashion'd to the varying hour; Far other aims his heart had learn'd to prize ; More bent to raife the wretched than to rife. His house was known to all the vagrant train : He chid their wand'rings, but reliev'd their pain. The long-remember'd beggar was his guest, Whofe beard, defcending, fwept his aged breaft; The ruin'd fpendthrift, now no longer proud, Claim'd kindred there, and had his claims allow'd; The broken foldier, kindly bade to flay, Sat by his fire, and talk'd the night away Wept o'er his wounds, or tales of forrow done, Shoulder'd his crutch, and fhew'd how fields were won. [glow,

Pleas'd with his guefts, the good man learn'd to And quite forget their vices in their woe; Carelet's their merits or their faults to fcan, His pity gave ere charity began.

Thus to relieve the wretched was his pride, And ev'n his failings lean'd to Virtue's fide; But in his duty prompt at ev'ry call, He watch'd and wept, he pray'd, and felt for all. And, as a bird each fond endearment tries, To tempt her new-fledg'd offspring to the fkies, He try'd each art, reprov'd each dull delay, Allur'd to brighter worlds, and led the way.

Befide the bed, where parting life was laid, And forrow, guilt, and pain, by turns difinay'd, The rev'rend champion flood. At his controul Defpair and anguifh fled the itruggling foul; Comfort came down, the trenbling wretch to raife,

And his last fault ring accents whilper'd praife. At church, with meek and unaffected grace,

His looks adorn'd the venerable place; Truth

. ...

s lips prevail'd with double fiway, came to fcoff, remain'd to pray. ft, around the pious man, al, each honeft ruftic ran; follow'd with endearing wile, us gown, to fhare the good man's

c a parent's warmth expreft; pleas'd him, and their cars diftreft; cart, his love, his griefs were giv'a; ious thoughts had reft in heaven. liff that lift its awful form, [ftorm, the vale, and midway leaves the d its breaft the rolling clouds are ne settles on its head. [fpread, ftraggling fence that fkirt the way, furze unprofitably gay, will 'd to rule, after taught his little fchool: he was, and ftern to view; vell, and ev'ry truant knew; boding tremblers learn'd to trace afters in his morning face; y laugh'd, with counterfeited glee, les; for many a joke had he; bufy whifper, circling round, difmal tidings when he frown'd; nd, or if fevere in aught, ere to learning was in fault. Il declar'd how much he knew; he could write and cypher too; ld measure, terms and tides prefage, ftory ran that he could gauge : o, the parfon own'd his skill vanquish'd, he could argue still; of learned length, and thund'ring

;azing ruftics rang'd around. ' gaz'd, and ftill the wonder grew, all head could carry all he knew. all his fame. The very fpot, a time he triumph'd, is forgot. thorn that lifts its head on high, the fign-poft caught the paffing eye, t houle where nut-brown draughts 'd,

beard mirth and finiling toil retir'd; ge flatefinen talk'd with looks pro-

uch older than their ale went round. fondly floops to trace

fplendors of that feftive place; 'afh'd wall, the nicely fanded floor; d clock that click'd behind the door; ontriv'd a double debt to pay, ght, a cheft of draw'rs by day; i plac'd for ornament and ufe; good rules, the royal game of goofe; except when winter chill'd the day, bows, and flowers, and fennel gay; en tea-cups, wifely kept for fhow, the chimney, gliften'd in a row. itory fplendour ! could not all i tott'ring manfion from its fall !

Obscure it finks, nor shall it more impart An hour's importance to the poor man's heart, Thither no more the peafant shall repair To fweet oblivion of his daily care; No more the farmer's news, the barber's tale, No more the wood-man's ballad shall prevail; No more the finish his dusky brow shall clear, Relax his pond'rous strength, and lean to hear; The host himself no longer shall be found Careful to see the mantling blifs go round; Nor the coy maid, half-willing to be prest, Shall kifs the cup to pass it to the rest.

Yes! let the rich deride, the proud diddains, Thefe fimple bleffings of the lowly train To me more dear, congenial to my heart, One native charm, than all the glofs of art; Spontaneous joys, where nature has its play, The foul adopts, and owns their firft-born fwry; Light they frolic o'er the vacant mind, Unenvy'd, unmolefted, unconfin'd: But the long pomp, the midnight mafquerade, With all the freaks of wanton wealth array'd, In thefe, ere triffers half their wifn obtain, The toiling pleafure fickens into pain ; And, ev'n while fathion's brighteft arts decoy, The heart, diffrufting, afks if this be joy ?

Ye friends to truth, ye flatefmen who furvey The rich man's joys encrease, the poor's decay, Tis yours to judge how wide the limits fland Between a fplendid and a happy land. Proud fwells the tide with loads of freighted ore. And shouting Folly hails them from her shore; Hoards, ev'n beyond the mifer's wifh, abound; And rich men flock from all the world around; Yct count our gains: This wealth is but a name That leaves our useful product still the fame. Not fo the lofs. The man of wealth and pride Takes up a space that many poor supply'd; Space for his lake, his park's extended bounds; Space for his horfes, equipage, and hounds; The robe that wraps his limbs in filken floth, Has robb'd the neighb'ring fields of half their His feat, where folitary fports are feen, [growth; Indignant spurns the cottage from the green; Around the world each needful product flies, For all the luxuries the world fupplies. While thus the land adorn'd for pleafure all, In barren splendour feebly waits the fall.

As fome fair female, unadorn'd and plain, Secure to pleafe while youth confirms her reign, Slights ev'ry borrow'd charm that drefs fupplics, Nor fhares with art the triumph of her eyes ; But when those charms are past, for charms are When time advances, and when lovers fail, [frail, She then fhines forth, folicitous to blefs, In all the glaring impotence of drefs. Thus fares the land, by luxury betray'd, In nature's simplest charms at first array'd, . But verging to decline, its fplendours rife, Its viftas strike, its palaces surprife; While, fcourg'd by famine from the fmiling land, The mournful peafant leads his humble band; And while he finks, without one arm to fave, The country blooms-a garden and a grave.

Where

ELEGANT EXTRACTS.

Where then, ah ' where fhall poverty refide, To 'fcape the preffure of contiguous pride ? If to fome common's fenceles limits ftray'd, He drives his flock to pick the feanty blade, Those fenceless fields the fons of wealth divide, And ev'n the bare-worn common is deny'd.

If to the city fped-What waits him there? To fee profusion that he must not share; To fee ten thousand baneful arts combin'd To pamper luxury, and thin mankind; To fee each joy the fons of pleafure know, Extorted from his fellow-creature's woe. Here, while the counter glitters in brocade, There the pale artift plies the fickly trade; Here, while the proud their long-drawn pomps difplay,

There the black gibbet glooms befide the way. The doine where pleafure holds her mid-night rcign,

Here, richly deckt, admits the gorgeous train; Tumultuous grandeur crowds the blazing square, The rattling chariots clafh, the torches glare. Sure, fcenes like thefe no troubles e'er annoy ! Sure, these denote one universal joy ! [eyes Are thefe thy ferious thoughts ?-Ah, turn thine Where the poor houseless this ring female lies! She once, perhaps, in village plenty bleft, Has wept at tales of innocence diffreft; Her modeft looks the cottage might adorn, Sweet as the primrofe peeps beneath the thorn; Now loft to all; her friends, her virtue fled, Near her betrayer's doors fhe lays her head, And, pinch'd with cold, and thrinking from the Till fapp'd their firength, and ev'ry port unfound, fhow'r,

With heavy heart deplores that luckless hour, When idly first, ambitious of the town, She left her wheel and robes of country brown !

Do thine, fweet Auburn, thine, the lovelieft I fee the rural virtues leave the land. Do thy fair tribes participate her pain ? Et 'n now, perhaps, by cold and hunger led, At proud mens doors they afk a little bread !

Ah, no. To diftant climes, a dreary scene, Where half the convex world intrudes between, Contented toil, and hospitable care, Thro' torrid tracts with fainting fteps they go, Where wild Altama murmurs to their woo Far diffrent there from all that charm'd before, The various terrors of that horrid fhore; Those blazing funs, that dart a downward ray, And fiercely fhed intolerable day ; Those matted woods where birds forget to fing, But filent bats in drowfy clufters cling; Those pois'nous fields with rank luxuriance crown'd, Where the dark fcorpion gathers death around ;

Where at each ftep the ftranger fears to wake The rattling terrors of the vengeful fnake ; Where crouching tigers wait their haplefs prey, And favage men, more murd'rous still than they; While oft in whirls the mad tornado flies Mingling the ravag'd landscape with the fkies. Far diff'rent thele from ev'ry former fcene, The cooling brook, the graffy-vefted green, The breczy covert of the warbling grove, That only shelter'd thefts of harmles love.

Good Heav'n ! what forrows gloom'd that parting day,

That call'd them from their native walks away; When the poor exiles, ev'ry pleature past, Hung round the bow'rs, and fondly look'd their laft !

And took a long farewell, and with'd in vain For feats like thefe beyond the western main ! And fhudd ring ftill to face the diftant deep, Return'd and wept, and ftill return'd to weep ! The good old fire, the first prepar'd to go To new-found worlds, and wept for others woe; But for himfelf, in confcious virtue brave, He only wish'd for worlds beyond the grave. His lovely daughter, lovelier in her tears. The fond companion of his haples years, Silent went next, neglectful of her charms, And left a lover's for her father's arms. With louder plaints, the mother fpoke her woes, And bleft the cot where ev'ry pleafure rofe ; And kift her thoughtlefs babes with many a tear, And clafpt them clofe in forrow doubly dear; Whilft her fond hufband ftrove to lend relief In all the filent manliness of grief.

O, Luxury! thou curit by Heav'n's decree, How ill exchang'd are things like thefe for thee ! How do thy potions, with infidious joy, Diffuse their pleafures only to defiroy I Kingdoms by thee, to fickly greatness grown, Boaft of a florid vigour not their own. At ev'ry draught more large and large they grow. A bloated mais of rank unwieldy woc; Down, down they fink, and fpread a ruin round.

Ev'n now the devastation is begun, And half the bus'nefs of deftruction done; Ev'n now, methinks, as pond'ring here I ftand, [train, Down where yon anch'ring veffel fpreads the fail That idly waiting flaps with ev'ry gale, Downward they move, a melancholy band, Pafs from the thore, and darken all the ftrand. And kind connubial tendernefs are there; And picty, with withes plac'd above, And fleady loyalty, and faithful love. And thou, fweet Poetry, thou lovelieft maid. Still first to fly where sensual joys invade; Unfit in these degen'rate times of shame To catch the heart, or firike for honeft fame; Dear charming nymph, neglected and decry'd, My fhame in crowds, my folitary pride. Thou, fource of all my blifs, and all my woe, That found'it me poor at first, and keep'ft me to; Thou guide, by which the nobler arts excel, Thou, fource of ev'ry virtue, fare thee well; Farewell, and O! where'er thy voice be try'd, On Torrio's cliffs, or Pambamarca's fide, Whether where equinoctial fervours glow. Or winter wraps the polar world in fnow, Still let thy voice, prevailing over time, Redrefs the rigours of th'inclement clime; Aid flighted truth with thy perfuafive ftrain; Teach erring man to fpurn the rage of gain;

Teach



him, that flates of native firength poffeft, Our little world, the image of the great, very poor, may still be very blest; trade's proud empire haftes to fwift decay, can fweeps the labour'd mole away; : felf-dependent pow'r can time defy, cks refift the billows and the fky.

A Panegyric to my Lord Protector, of prefent Greatness and joint Interest of his hnefs and this Nation. WALLER.

HILE with a ftrong, and yet a gentle, hand, (ou bridle faction, and our hearts command; It us from ourfelves, and from the foc, us unite, and make us conquer too:

urtial fpirits still aloud complain : c themselves injur'd that they cannot reign : own no liberty, but where they may out controul upon their fellows prey.

e the waves as Neptune fhew'd his face lide the winds, and fave the Trojan race, s your Highness, rais'd above the rest, s of ambition, tolling us, repreft.

drooping country, torn with civil hate, 'd by you, is made a glorious state; eat of empire, where the Irish come, the unwilling Scots, to fetch their doom.

ca's our own: and now all nations greet, bending fails, each veffel of our fleet : pow'r extends as far as winds can blow, elling fails upon the globe may go.

n (that hath plac'd this island to give law, lance Europe, and her flates to awe) s conjunction doth on Britain fmile; greatest leader, and the greatest isle l

ther this portion of the world was rent e rude ocean from the continent, us created ; it was fure defign'd : the facred refuge of mankind.

r th'oppressed shall henceforth refort, e to crave, and fuccour, at your court: then your Highness, not for ours alone, or the world's Protector shall be known.

, swifter than your winged navy, flice ev'ry land that near the ocean lies, ling your name, and telling dreadful news I that piracy and rapine ule.

fuch a chief the meaneft nation bleft, t hope to lift her head above the reft : t may be thought impossible to do , embraced by the fea and you?

; of the world's great wafte, the ocean, we le forests send to reign upon the sea; ev'ry coaft may trouble, or relieve; one can visit us without your leave.

Is and we have this prerogative, none can at our happy feats arrive; e we descend at pleasure, to invade bad with vengeance, and the good to aid. Like that, amidit the boundlefs ocean fet, Of her own growth hath all that nature craves; And all that's rare, as tribute from the waves.

As Egypt does not on the clouds rely, But to the Nile owes more than to the fky; So, what our earth, and what our heav'n, denies, Our ever-constant friend, the sca, supplies.

The tafte of hot Arabia's fpice we know, Free from the fcorching fun that makes it grow: Without the worm, in Perfian filks we fhine; And, without planting, drink of ev'ry vine.

To dig for wealth we weary not our limbs; Gold, tho' the heaviest meral, hither fivims : Ours is the harvest where the Indians mow ; We plough the deep, and reap what others fow.

Things of the nobleft kind our own foil breeds; Stout are dur men, and warlike are our fleeds: Rome, tho' her eagle thro' the world had flow'n, Could never make this island all her own.

Here the third Edward, and the Black Prince too, France-conquering Henry, flourish'd; and now For whom we ftay'd, as did the Greeian ftate, [you: Till Alexander came to urge their fate.

When for more worlds the Macedonian cry'd, He wift not Thetis in her lap did hide Another yet : a world referv'd for you, To make more great than that he did fubdue.

He fafely might old troops to battle lead, Against th'unwarlike Persian and the Mede; Whofe hafty flight did, from a bloodlefs field, More fpoils than honour to the victor yield.

A race unconquer'd, by their clime made bold, The Caledonians, arm'd with want and cold, Have, by a fate indulgent to your fame, Been from all ages kept for you to tame.

Whom the old Roman wall fo ill confin'd, With a new chain of garrifons you bind : Here foreign gold no more shall make them come; Our English iron holds them fast at home.

They, that henceforth must be content to know No warmer region than their hills of fnow, May blame the fun; but must extol your grace, Which in our fenate hath allow'd them place.

Preferr'd by conqueft, happily o'erthrown, Falling they rife, to be with us made one: So kind Dictators made, when they came home, Their vanquish'd foes free citizens of Rome.

Like favour find the Irifh, with like fate, Advanc'd to be a portion of our ftate : While by your valour, and your bounteous mind, Nations divided by the fea are join'd.

Holland, to gain your friendship, is content To be our out-guard on the Continent : She from her fellow-provinces would go, Rather than hazard to have you her foe.

In our late fight, when cannons did diffuse, Preventing posts, the terror and the news, Our neighbour-princes trembled at their roar: But our conjunction makes them tremble more. R

Your

ELEGANT EXTRACTS.

Your never-failing fword made war to ceafe; And now you heal us with the acts of peace : Our minds with bounty and with awe engage, Invite affection, and refitain our rage.

Lefs pleafure take brave minds in battles won, Than in refforing fuch as are undone : Tigers have courage, and the rugged bear; But man alone can whom he conquers spare,

To pardon, willing; and to punith, loth; You firske with one hand, but you head with both. Lifting up all that profinate he, you geteve You cannot make the dead again to live.

When fate or error had one age milled, And o'er this nation fuch confution forend, The only cure which could from heav'n come Was fo much pow'r and piety in one ! [down,

One ! whole extraction from an ancient line Gives hope again that well-born men may fhine. The meaneft, in your nature mild and good ; The noble, reft fecured in your blood.

Oft have we wonder'd, how you hid in peace A mind proportion'd to fuch things as thefe; How fuch a ruling fp'rit you could reffrain, And practile first o'er vourfelf to reign.

Your private life did a just pattern give, How fathers, hutbands, pious fons, thould live: Born to command, your princely virtues flept, Like humble David's, while the flock he kept.

But when your troubled country call'd you forth, Your flaming courage and your matchlefs worth, Dazzling the eves of all that did pretend, To herce contention gave a profp rous end.

Still as you rife, the flate, exalted too. Finds no diffemper while 'tis chang'd by you; Chang'd like the world's great fcene ! when, without noife,

The rifing fun night's vulgar lights deftroys. Had you, fome ages paft, this race of glory

Run, with amazement we should read your ftory : But living virtue, all archievements paft. Meets envy ftill, to grapple with at laft.

This Cæfar found : and that ungrateful are. With long him, went back to blood and race : Mitiaken Brutar throught to break their voke, But cut the bond of union with that firoke.

That fun once fer, a thousand meaner flars Gave a dim light to violence and wars: To fuch a tempeft as now threatens all. Did not your mighty arm prevent the fall.

If Rome's great fenate could not wield that fword, Which of the conquer'd world had made them Lord. Inew,

What hope had ours, while yet their pow'r was To rule victorious armies, but by you?

You ! that had taught them to fubdue their foes, Could order teach, and their high fp'rts com- No other in effect than what it feems: To ev'ry dery could their minds engage, [pole: Where, with like hafte, the' feveral w

So, when a lion fhakes his dreadful mane, And angree grows, if he that first took main To tame his youth, approach the haughts being He bends to him, but frights away the rest.

As the vex'd world, to find repole, at laft Itfelf into Augustus' arms did cast, So England now does, with like toil oppreft,

Inftruct us what belongs unto our peace! Your battles they hereafter thall indite, And draw the image of our Mars in right;

Tell of towns form'd, of armies over-run, And mighty kingdoms by your conduct woay How, while you thunder'd, clouds of duit di choak

Contending troops, and feas lay hid in finoke. Illustrious acts high raptures do infule, And ev'ry conqueror creates a Mute: Here in low firains your milder deeds we fing; But there, my Lord ! we'll bays and olive bring

To crown your head : while you in triumphids O'er vanquith'd nations, and the fea befide: While all your neighbour-princes unto you, Like Joteph's fheaves, pay reverence and bow.

§ 23. Cuoper's Hill. DENHAM.

SURE there are poets which did never dream Upon Parnaflus, nor did taile the fiream Of Helicon; we therefore may fuppofe Those made not poets, but the poets those. And as courts make not kings, but kings the courts So, where the Mufes and their train refort, Parnaffus frands; if I can be to thee A poet, thou Parnaffus art to me. Nor wonder, if (advantag'd in my flight, By taking wing from thy aufpicious height) Thro' untrac'd ways and airy paths I fly, More boundlefs in my fancy than my eye My eve, which fwift as thought contracts the fras That lies between, and firft falutes the place Crown'd with that facred pile, fo vaft, to high, That, whether tis a part of carth or fky, Uncertain feems, and may be thought a proed Atpitting mountain, or defcending cloud, Paul's the late theme of fuch a Mule * whole fight Has bravely reach'd, and foar'd above thy height: Now thalt thou ftand, tho' fword, or time, or fire, Or zcal, more fierce than they, thy fall configure, Secure, whilf thee the beft of poets fings, Preferv'd from ruin by the beft of kings. Under his proud furvey the city lies, And, like a mift, beneath a hill doth rife; Whole state and wealth, the business and the crowd.

Seems at this diffance but a darker cloud: And is, to him, who rightly things effects, Where, with like hafte, the' feveral ways they Provoke their course and command their rage. | Some to undo, and fome to be undone ; [ma

Her weary head upon your bofom reft.

Then let the Mufes, with fuch notes as thefe,

BOOK II.

* Mr. Waller.

BOOK II. DIDACTIC, DESCRIPTIVE, &c.

While luxury and wealth, like war and peace, Are each the other's ruin and increase ; As rivers loft in feas, fome fecret vein Thence reconveys, there to be loft again. Oh happinels of fweet retir'd content ! To be at once fecure, and innocent. Windfor the next (where Mars with Venus dwells, Beauty with ftrength) above the valley fwells Into my eve, and doth itfelf prefent With fuch an cafy and unforc'd afcent, I hu no stupendous precipice denies Accels, no horror turns away our eyes: But fuch a rife as doth at once invite A pleafure and a rev'rence from the fight. Thy mighty mafter's emblem, in whole face Sat meeknels, heighten'd with majeftic grace; Such feems thy gentle height, made only proud To be the basis of that poinpous load, Than which, a nobler weight no mountain bears, But Atlas only which fupports the fpheres. When Nature's hand this ground did thus advance, Twas guided by a wifer pow'r than Chance ; Mark'd out for fuch an use, as if 'twere meant T invite the builder, and his choice prevent. Nor can we call it choice, when what we chufe, Folly or blindets only could refuse. A crown of fuch majeftic tow'rs doth grace The gods great mother, when her heav'nly race Do homage to her, yet the cannot boaft Among that num'rous and celeftial hoft, More heroes than can Windfor; nor doth Fame's Immortal book record more noble names. Not to look back fo far, to whom this ifle Owes the first glory of fo brave a pile, Whether to Cæfar, Albanact, or Brute, The British Arthur, or the Danish Cnute (Though this of old no lefs conteft did move, Than when for Homer's birth feven cities ftrove; Like him in birth, thou fhould'ft be like in fame, As thine his fate, if mine had been his flame); But whofoe'er it was, Nature defign'd First a brave place, and then as brave a mind. Not to recount those fev'ral kings, to whom It gave a cradle, or to whom a tomb; But thee, great Edward*, and thy greater fon (The lilies which his father wore he won) And thy Bellona +, who the confort came Not only to thy bed, but to thy fame, She to thy triumph led one captive king And brought that fon, which did the fecond thring. Then didit thou found that order (whether love Or victory thy royal thoughts did move) Each was a noble caufe, and nothing lefs Than the defign has been the great fuccefs; Which foreign kings and emperors efteem The fecond honor to their diadem. Had thy great deftiny but giv'n thee fkill To know, as well as pow'r to act her will, That from those kings, who then thy captives In after-times thould fpring a royal pair, [were, Who fhould poffers all that thy mighty pow'r, Or thy defires more mighty, did devour : To whom their better fate referves whate'er, The victor hopes for, or the vanquish'd fear;

That blood which thou and thy great grandfire And all that fince thefe fifter nations bled, | thed, Had been unfpilt, and happy Edward known That all the blood he spilt had been his own. When he that patron choie, in whom are join'd Soldier and martyr, and his arms confin'd Within the azure circle, he did feem But to foretel, and prophefy of him, Who to his realms that azure round hath join'd, Which Nature for their bound at first defign'd ; That bound which to the world's extrement ends, Endlefs itfelf, its liquid arms extends. Nor doth he need those emblems which we paint, But is himfelf the foldier and the faint. Here fhould my wonder dweli, and here my praifes But my fix'd thoughts my wand'ring eye betrays, Viewing a neighb'ring hill, whofe top of late A chapel crown'd, till in the common fate Th'adjoining abbey fell : (inay no fuch ftorm Fall on our times, where ruin muft reform !) Tell me, my Mufe, what monftrous dire offence, What crime, could any Chriftian king incenfe To fuch a rage? Was't hxury, or luft ? Was he fo temperate, fo chafte, fo juft ? [more : Were thefe their crimes? They were his own much But wealth is crime enough to him that's poor; Who, having fpent the treafures of his crown, Condemns their luxury to feed his own. And yet this act, to varnish o'er the shame Of facrilege, must bear Devotion's name. No crime to bold, but would be underftood A real, or at least a feeming good : Who fears not to do ill, yet fears the name, And, free from confcience, is a flave to fame : Thus he the church at once protects, and fpoils: But princes fwords are fharper than their ftyles. And thus to th'ages past he makes amends; Their charity deftroys, their faith defends. Then did religion in a lazy cell, In empty, airy contemplations dwell ; And, like the block, unmoved lay : but ours, As much too active, like the ftork, devours. Is there no temperate region can be known Betwixt their frigid and our torrid zone ? Could we not wake from that lethargic dream, But to be reftlefs in a worfe extreme > And for that lethargy was there no cure, But to be caft into a calenture ? Can knowledge have no bound, but must advance . So far, to make us with for ignorance ; And rather in the dark to grope our way, Than led by a falfe guide to err by day Who fees these difinal heaps, but would domand What barbarous invader fack'd the land? But when he hears, no Goth, no Turk did bring This defolation, but a Chriftian king ; When nothing, but the name of zeal, appears 'Twixt our best actions and the worst of theirs ; What does he think our facrilege would fpare, When fuch th'effects of our devotions are Parting from thence 'twist anger, fhame, and fear, Those for what's past. and this for what's too near, My eye, defcending from the hill, furveys Where Thames among the wanton vallies ftrays.

· Edward III. and the Black Prince.

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† Queen Philippa. R. 2. The kings of France and Scotland.

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ELEGANT E

T EXTRACTS,

BOOK II.

Thames, the most lov'd of all the ocean's fons By his old fire, to his embraces runs; Hafting to pay his tribute to the fea, Like mortal life to meet eternity. Tho' with those ftreams he no refemblance hold, Whole foam is amber, and their gravel gold; His genuine and lefs guilty wealth t'explore, Search not his bottom, but furvey his thore; O'cr which he kindly fpreads his fpacious wing, And hatches plenty for th'enfuing fpring. Nor then deftroys it with too fond a ftay, Like mothers who their infants overlay. Nor with a fudden and impetuous wave, Like profuse kings, refumes the wealth he gave. No unexpected inundations fpoil [toil : The mower's hopes, nor mock the plowman's But god-like his unweary'd bounty flows : First loves to do, then loves the good he does. Nor are his bleffings to his banks confin'd, But free and common, as the fca or wind; When he, to boast or to disperse his stores Full of the tributes of his grateful shores, Visits the world, and in his flying tow'rs Brings home to us, and makes both Indies ours; Finds wealth where 'tis, beftows it where it wants, Cities in defarts, wood in cities plants. So that to us, no thing no place is firange, While his fair bofom is the world's exchange. O could I flow like thee, and make thy fiream My great example, as it is my theme l Tho' deep, yet clear; tho' gentle, yet not dull; Strong without rage, without o'erflowing full. Heav'n her Eridanus no more shall boaft, Whole fame in thine, like leffer current, 's loft; Thy nobler fircams thall vifit Jove's abodes, To fhine among the stars*, and bathe the gods. Here nature, whether more intent to pleafe Us for herfelf, with strange varieties, (For things of wonder give no lefs delight To the wife Maker's, than beholder's fight, Tho' these delights from fev'ral causes move ; For fo our children, thus our friends we love) Wifely the knew, the harmony of things, As well as that of founds, from difcord fprings. Such was the difcord which did first difperfe Form, order, beauty, thro' the univerfe; While dryneis moifture, coldneis heat refifts, All that we have, and that we are, fubfifts. While the fleep horrid roughness of the wood Strives with the gentle calmnefs of the flood. Such huge extremes, when nature doth unite, Wonder from hence refults, from thence delight. The ffream is fo transparent, pure, and clear, That had the felf-enamour'd youth gaz'd here, So fatally deceiv'd he had not been, While he the bottom, not his face had feen. But his proud head the airy mountain hides Among the clouds; his fhoulders and his fides A flady mantle clothes; his curled brows Frown on the gentle ftream, which calmly flows; While winds and ftorms his lofty forchead beat : The common fate of all that's high or great.

Low at his foot a spacious plain is plac'd, Between the mountain and the ftream embrac'd r Which shade and shelter from the hill derives. While the kind river wealth and beauty gives; And in the mixture of all thefe appears Variety, which all the reft endears. This fcene, had fome bold Greek or British bard Beheld of old, what stories had we heard Of fairies, fatyrs, and the nymphs their dames, Their feafts, their revels, and their am'rous flames 'Tis still the fame, altho' their airy shape All but a quick poetic fight escape. There Faunus and Sylvanus keep their courts, And thither all the horned hoft reforts To graze the ranker mead, that noble herd, On whofe fublime and thady fronts is rear'd Nature's great mafter-piece; to fhew how foon Great things are made, but fooner are undone, Here have I feen the king, when great affairs Gave leave to flacken and unbend his cares, Attended to the chace by all the flow'r Of youth, whole hopes a nobler prey devour : Pleafure with praife, and danger they would buy, And with a foe that would not only fly. The ftag, now confeious of his fatal growth, At once indulgent to his fear and floth, To fome dark covert his retreat had made, Where nor man's eye, nor Heav'n's fhould invade His foft repofe; when th'unexpected found Of dogs and men his wakeful car does wound : Rouz'd with the noife, he fcarce believes his ear, Willing to think th'illufions of his fcar Had giv'n this false alarm; but ftreight his view Confirms, that more than all he fears is true. Betray'd in all his firengths, the wood befet; All instruments, all arts of ruin met : He calls to mind his firength, and then his fpeed, His winged heels, and then his armed head ; With these t'avoid, with that his fate to meet: But fear prevails, and bids him truft his feet. So fast he flies, that his reviewing eye Has loft the chacers, and his car the cry; Exulting, till he finds their nobler fenfe Their difproportion'd fpeed doth recompenfe; Then curfes his confpiring feet, whofe fcent Betrays that fafety which their fwiftnefs lent. Then tries his friends; among the bafer herd, Where he fo lately was obey'd and fear'd, His fafety feeks: the herd, unkindly wife, Or chaces him from thence, or from him flies, Like a declining flatefinan, left forlorn To his friends pity, and purfuers fcorn, With fhame remembers, while himfelf was one Of the faine herd, himfelf the fame had done. Thence to the coverts and the confcious groves, The fcenes of his past triumphs and his loves; Sadly furveying where he rang'd alone, Prince of the foil, and all the herd his own; And, like a bold knight-errant, did proclaim Combat to all, and bore away the dame ; And taught the woods to echo to the ftream His dreadful challenge and his clashing beam.

The Foreft.

I.

y now declines the fatal ftrife. his love was dearer than his life. / leaf, and ev'ry moving breath foe, and ev'ry foe a death. forfaken, and puriu'd, at laft in despair of fafety plac'd, e thence refumes, refolv'd to bear faults, fince 'tis in vain to fear. too late, he wishes for the fight gth he watted in ignoble flight: he fees the eager chace renew'd, r dogs, the dogs by men purfu'd, t revokes his bold refolve, and more s courage than his fear before; uncertain ways unfafeft arc, : a greater mitchief than defpair. :ftream, when neither friends, nor force, nor art avail, he shapes his course; t their rage fo defp'rate to effay t more mercilefs than they, s they purfue, nor can the flood sir dire thirft; alas, they thirft for blood. a ship the oar-finn'd gallies ply, nting fea to ride, or wind to fly, to fall reveng'd on those that dare last fury of extreme despair. : ftag, among th'enraged hounds, r force, and wounds return for wounds. ero, whom his bater foes irround, now these affails, now those, gal of life, difdains to die n hands; but if he can defery r foe approach, to him he calls, is fate, and then contented falls. he king a mortal fhaft lets fly nerring hand, then gleed, to die, e wound, to it refigns his blood, the crystal with a purple flood. e innocent and happy chace, 1 of old, but in the felf-fame place, purfu'd*, and meant a prev pow'r, here turn'd, and ftood a bay. hat remedy all hope was plac'd, or should have been at least, the last, 1at charter feal'd, wherein the crown of arbitrary pow'r lavs down : flave, those names of hate and fear, r ftile of king and fubject bear : en both to the fame centre move, s give liberty, and fubjects love. not long in force this charter flood; at feal, it must be feal'd in blood. s arm'd, the more their princes gave; ge only took, the more to crave: by giving, give themfelves away, hat pow'r that fhould deny betray. s conftrain'd, but his own fear reviles, 'd, but fcorn'd; nor are they gifts, : fooils.' ſhold,

s, by grafping more than they could heir fubjects, by oppretion, bold : fway, by forcing kings to give was fit for fubicets to receive,

DIDACTIC, DESCRIPTIVE, &c.



Ran to the fame extremes; and one excels Made both, by ftriving to be greater, leis, When a calm river rais'd with fudden rains, Or fnows diffolv'd, o'erflows th'adjoining plains, The hufbandmen, with high rais'd banks fecure Their greedy hopes, and this he can endure. But if with bays and dams they ftrive to force His channel to a new, or narrow course, No longer then within his banks he dwells: First to a torrent, then a deluge fwells: Stronger and fiercer by reftraint he roars, And knows no bound, but makes his power his thores.

§ 24. On Mr. Abraham Cowley's Death and Buriel among ft the ancient Poets. DENHAM.

OLD Chaucer, like the morning ftar, To us discovers day from far, His light those mists and clouds diffolv'd, Which our dark nation long involv'd : But he descending to the shades, Darknefs again the age invades. Next (like Aurora) Spencer role, Whole purple blufh the day forefhows; The other three, with his own fires, Phœbus, the poet's god, infpires; By Shakefpeare's, Jonfon's, Fletcher's, lines, Our stage's lustre Rome's outshines; These poets near our princes sleep, And in one grave our manfion keep. They liv'd to fee fo many days, Till time had blafted all their bays: But curfed be the fatal hour That pluck'd the faireft, fweeteft flow'r That in the Muse's garden grew, And amongst wither'd laurcls threw. Time, which made their fame out-live, To Cowley fcarce did ripeness give. Old mother Wit, and Nature gave Shakefpeare and Fletcher all they have ; In Spenfer, and in Jonfon, Art Of flower Nature got the flart; But both in him fo equal are, None knows which bears the happieft fhare : To him no author was unknown, Yet what he wrote was all his own; He melted not the ancient gold, Nor, with Ben Jonfon, did make bold To plunder all the Roman stores Of poets, and of orators : Horace's wit, and Virgil's ftate, He did not fteal; but emulate! And when he would like them appear, Their garb, but not their cloaths, did wear : He not from Rome alone, but Greece, Like Jason, brought the golden fleece: To him that language (thought to none Of th'others) as his own was known. On a ftiff gale (as Flaccus fings) The Theban swan extends his wings, When thro' th'ætherial clouds he flies, To the fame pitch our fwan doth rife;

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Old Pindar's flights by him are reach'd, When on that gale his wings are firetch'd; His fancy and his judgment fuch, - Each to the other feem'd too much, His fevere judgment (giving law) His modeft fancy kept in awe : As right hufbands jealous are, When they believe their wives too fair. His Englith freams to pure did flow, As all that faw and tafted know. But for his Latin vein, fo clear, Strong, full, and high it doth appear, That were immortal Virgil here, Him for his judge he would not fear; Of that great portraiture, fo true A copy pencil never drew. My Muse her fong had ended here, But both their Genii straight appear; Joy and amazement her did ftrike, Two twins the never faw to like. 'Twas taught by wife Pythagoras, One foul might thro' more bodies pafs : Seeing fuch transmigration there, She thought it not a fable here. Such a refemblance of all parts, Life, death, age, fortune, nature, arts; Then lights her torch at theirs to tell, And fhew the world this parallel: Fixt and contemplative their looks, Still turning over Nature's books : Their works chafte, moral, and divine, Where profit and delight combine; They, gilding dirt, in noble verfe Ruftic philosophy rehearse. When heroes, gods, or god-like kings, They praife, on their exalted wings To the celetial orbs they climb, And with th'harmonious fpheres keep time : Nor did their actions fall behind Their words, but with like candour fhin'd; Each drew fair characters, yet none Of thefe they feign'd excels their own. Both by two generous princes lov'd, Who knew, and judg'd what they approv'd. Yet having each the fame defire, Both from the buly throng retire : Their bodies, to their minds refign'd, Car'd not to propagate their kind : Yet, tho' both fell before their hour, Time on their offspring hath no pow'r, Nor fire nor fate their bays shall blaft, Nor death's dark veil their day o'ercaft.

§ 25. An Essay on Translated Verse. EARL OF ROSCOMMON.

HAPPY that author, whole correct * cffay Repairs fo well our old Horatian way: And happy you, who (by propitious fate) On great Apollo's facred flandard wait, And with firict difeipline infiructed right, Have learn'd to ute your arms before you fight.

But fince the prefs, the pulpit, and the ftage, Confpire to cenfure and expose our age ; P ovok'd too far, we refolutely muft, To the few virtues that we have, be juft. For who have long'd, or who have labour'd more To fearch the treasures of the Roman ftore; Or dig in Grecian mines for purer ore? The noblest fruits transplanted in our isle, With early hope and fragrant bloffoms fmile. Familiar Ovid tender thoughts infpires, And nature feconds all his foft defites : Theocritus does now to us belong; And Albion's rocks repeat his rural fong. Who has not heard how Italy was bleft Above the Medes, above the wealth Eaft? Of Gallus' fong, fo tender and fo true, As ev'n Lycoris might with pity view ! [hearfe, When mourning nymphs attend their Daphnis' Who does not weep that reads the moving verfe! But hear, oh hear, in what exalted strains Sicilian Mules through these happy planes Proclaim Saturnian tunes- ur own Apollo reigns !

When France had breath' after inteffine broils, And peace and conquest crown'd her foreign toils, There (cultivated by a royal hand) Learning grew faft, and foread, and bleft the land; The choiceft books that Rome or Greece have Her excellent translators made her own: [known, And Europe still confiderably gains, Both by their good example and their pains. From hence our generous emulation came; We undertook, and we perform'd the fame. But now, we fhow the world a nobler way, And in translated verse do more than they; Serene, and clear, harmonious Horace flows, With fweetnefs not to be expreft in profe : Degrading profe explains his meaning ill, And thews the stuff, but not the workman's skill : I (who have ferv'd him more than twenty years) Scarce know my mafter as he there appears. Vain are our neighbours hopes, and vain their cares ;

The fault is more the language's than theirs : 'Tis courtly, florid, and abounds in words Of fofter found than ours perhaps affords ; But who did ever in French authors fee The comprehensive English energy ? The weighty bullion of one fterling line, Drawn to French wire, would thro' whole pages I speak my private, but impartial fense, finne. With freedom, and (I hope) without offence; For I'll recant, when France can fhew me wit As ftrong as ours, and as fuccincitly writ. 'Tis true, composing is a nobler part; But good translation is no cafy art. For tho' materials have long fince been found, Yct both your fancy and your hands are bound; And by improving what was writ before, Invention labours lefs, but judgment more. The foil intended for Pierian feeds

John Sheffield duke of Buckingham(hire,

Apollo



starts, and all Parnassus shakes. ude rumbling Baralipton makes. e have been with admiration read.) (befide their learning) were well bred. irit great work (a tafk perform'd by few) vourfelf may to yourfelf be true : c, no tricks, no favour, no referve; your mind, examine ev'ry nerve. er vainly on his firength depends, ike Virgil, but like Mævius ends. retch (in fpite of his forgotten rhymes) n'd to live to all fucceding times, ompous nonfente and a bellowing found, ity Hum, tumbling to the ground. my Mufe can thr ? past ages fee) bify, naufcous, gaping fool was he; d, when with universal fcorn, ountains labour'd and a moufe was born. 1, learn, Crotona's brawny wreftler cries, ous mortals, and be timely wife ! hat call, remember Milo's end, I in that timber which he ftrove to rend. bet with a diff'rent talent writes; tifes, one inftructs, another bites. did ne'er afpire to epic bays, v Maro floop to lyric lavs. e how your humour is inclin'd. tich the ruling paffion of your mind; eek a poet who your way does bend, oofe an author as you choofe a friend; by this fympathetic bond, ow familiar, intimate, and fond; oughts, your words, your ftyles, your fouls ger his interpreter, but he. [agree, how much cafe is a young Mufe betray'd! ce the reputation of the maid ! arly, kind, paternal care appears, te instruction of her tender years. ft imprefiion in her infant breaft the deepeft, and fhould be the beft. aufterity breed fervile fear, .ton found offend her virgin car'; from foolith pride's affected flate, ccious flatt'ry's more pernicious bait, al innocence adorns her thoughts; ir neglest must answer for her faults. odeft words admit of no defence; nt of decency is want of fenfe. nod'rate fop would rake the Park or ftews, mong troops of faultlels nymphs may of fuch is to be found ; [choofe ? hen a fubject proper to expound : oral, great, and worth a poet's voice, n of fenfe defpife a trivial choice : ch applause it must expect to meet, ild fome painter bufy in a ftreet ; by bulls and bears, and ev'ry fign alls the ftaring fots to nafty wine. 'tis not all to have a fubject good; : delight us when 'tis underftood. t brings fulfome objects to my view any old have done, and many new) naufcous images my fancy fills, I goes down like oxymel of fquills.

Inftruct the lift ning world how Maro fings Of ufeful fubjects and of lofty things. Thefe will fuch true, fuch bright ideas raife. As merit gratitude as well as praise: But foul descriptions are offensive still, Either for being like, or being ill. For who, without a qualm, have ever look On holy garbage, tho' by Homer cook'd ? Whole railing herocs, and whole wounded gods, Makes fome fufpect he fnores, as well as nods. But I offend-Virgil begins to frown, And Horace looks with indignation down ; My blushing Muse with coascious fear retires. And whom they like, implicitly admires.

On fure foundations let vour fabric rife, And with attractive majefty furprife, Not by affected meretricious arts, But strict harmonious fymmetry of parts; Which thro' the whole infenfibly muft pafs, With vital heat to animate the mais: A pure, an active, an aufpicious dame, [came; And bright as heav'n, from whence the bleffing But few, oh few fouls, pravordain'd by fate, The race of gods, have reach'd that envy'd height. No Rebel-Titan's facrilegious crime, By heaping hills on hills, can hither climb: The grizly ferryman of hell deny'd Æneas entrance, till he knew his guide : How justly then will impious mortals fall, Whole pride would foar to heav'n without a call !

Pride (of all others the most dang'rous fault) Proceeds from want of fense, or want of thought. The men, who labour and digent things most, Will be much apter to defpond than boaft : For if your author be profoundly good, 'Twill coft you dear before he's understood. How many ages fince has Virgil writ ! How few are they who understand him yet ! Approach his altars with religious fear, No vulgar deity inhabits there : Heav'n fhakes not more at love's imperial nod. Than poets should before their Mantuan god. Hail mighty Maro! may that facred name Kindle my breaft with thy celeftial flame; Sublime ideas and apt words infuse; [Mule ! The Mufe inftruct my voice, and thou infpire the

What I have inftanc'd only in the beft, Is, in proportion, true of all the reft. Take pains the genuine meaning to explore, There fweat, there strain, rug the laborious oar; Search ev'ry comment that your care can find, Some here, fome there, may hit the poet's mind; Yet be not blindly guided by the throng ; The multitude is always in the wrong When things appear unnatural or hard, Confult your author, with himself compar'd; Who knows what bleffings Phoebus may beftow, And future ages to your labour owe? Such fecrets are not eafily found out ; But, once discover'd, leave no room for doubt. Truth flamps conviction in your ravish'd breast, And peace and joy attend the glorious gueft. Truth is ftill one; truth is divinely bright, No cloudy doubts obfcure her native ligh . Wille

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Faile in your thoughts you had the leaft debate, fou may confact of that never can travilate.
Four flyle will this throt all discuites flow,
For none explain more clearly than they know.
He only proves he underitands a text,
Whofe exposition leaves it unperplex'd.
They who too faithfully on names infit,
Rather create than duffipate the mist;
And grow unjuit by being over-nice;
For fug offitious virtue turns to vire.
Let Creates' ghoft and Labienus tell
How twice in Parthian plains their legions fell.
Since Rome hath been fo jealous of her faule,
That few know Pacorus' et Montefes' name.

Words in one language elegantly us'd, Will hardly in another be excus'd. And fome that Rome admir'd in Cæfar's time, May neither fuit our genius nor our cline. The genuine fenfe, intelligibly told, Shews a tranflator both diferent and bold.

Excursions are inexpiably bad; And 'tis much fafer to leave out than add. Abstrufe and mystic thoughts you must express With painful care, but seeming easines; For truth faines brighteft thro' the plaineft drefs. Th' Æncan Mufe, when the appears in flate, Mikes all Jove's thunder on her verfes wait. Yct writes formctimes as foft and moving things As Venus theaks, or Philomela fings. Your author always will the beft advife Fall when he falls, and when he rifes rife. Affected noife is the most wretched thing That to contempt can empty foribblers bring. Vowels and accents, regularly plac'd, On even fullables (and ftill the laft) Tho' grofs innumeral le faults abound, In fpite of nonfenfe, never fail of found. But this is meant of even verfe alone, As being most harmonious and most known : For if you will unequal numbers try There accents on odd fyllables must lie. Whatever fifter of the learned Nine Does to your fuit a willing car incline, Urge your fuccefs, deferve a lafting name, She'll crown a grateful and a conftant flame. But, if a wild uncertainty prevail, And turn your veering heart with ev'ry gale, You lofe the fruit of all your former care For the fad profpect of a just defpair.

A quack (too fcandaloufly mean to name) Had, by man-midwifery, got wealth and fame : As if Lucina had forgot her trade, The labouring wife invokes his furer aid. Well-fcifon'd bowls the goffip's fpirits raife, Who, while fhe guzzles, chats the doctor's praife; And largely what the wants in words fupplies, With maudlin-eloquence of trickling eyes, But what a thoughtlefs animal is man ! (How very aftive in his own trepan !) For, greedy of phyficians frequent fces, From female mellow praife he takes degrees; Struts in a new unlicens'd gown, and then, From faving women, falls to killing men. Another fuch had left the nation thin. In fpite of all the children he brought in. His pills as thick as hand-granadoes flew; And where they fell, as certainly they flew; His name ftruck everywhere as great a damp As Archimedes thro' the Roman camp. With this, the doctor's pride began to cool ; For fmarting fou dly may convince a fool. But now repentance came too late for grace; And meagre famine star'd him in the face; Fain would he to the wives be reconcil'd, But found no hufband left to own a child, The friends that got the brats, were poilon'd too; In this fad cafe, what could our vermin do? Worry'd with debts, and paft all hope of bail, Th'unpity'd wretch lies rotting in a jail : And there with bafket-alms, fcarce kept alive, Shews how miftaken talents ought to thrive.

I pity, from my foul, unhappy men, Compell'd by want to profitute their pen; Who must, like lawyers, cither starve or plead, And follow, right or wrong, where guineas lead! But you, Pompilian, wealthy pamper'd heirs, Who to your country owe your fwords and care, Let no vain hope your eafy mind feduce, For rich ill poets are without excufe. 'Tis very dangerous, tampering with a mufe, The profit's fmall, and you have much to lok; For the' true wit adorns your birth or place, Degenerate lines degrade th'attainted race. No poet any pation can excite, But what they feel transport them when theywir. Have you been led thro' the Cumzan cave, And heard th'impatient maid divinely rave? I hear her now; I fee her rolling eves: And panting, Lo ! the god, the god, the crie; With words not hers, and more than human found She makes th'obedient ghofts peep trembling that the ground.

But, tho' we must obey when Heav'n commands, And man in vain the facred call withstands, Beware what fpirit rages in your breaft; For ten infpir'd, ten thoufand are poffeft. Thus make the proper use of each extreme, And write with fury, but correct with phlege. As when the cheerful hours too freely pais, And fparkling wine fmiles in the tempting glas, Your pulfe advifes, and begins to beat Thro' ev'ry fwelling vein a loud retreat : So when a mule propitioully invites, Improve her favours, and indulge her flight; But when you find that vigorous heat abate, Leave off, and for another fummons wait. Before the radiant fun, a glimmering lamp, Adulterate metals to the fterling ftamp, Appear not meaner than mere human lines, Compar'd with those whose inspiration thines: Thefe nervous, bold; those languid and remis: There, cold faintes ; but here a lover's kifs. Thus have I feen a rapid, headlong nde, With foaming waves the patting Soane divide; Whofe lazy waters without motion lay, [way. While he, with eager force, urg'd his impetuon

* Hor. 3, Od. vi.

к II. DIDACTIC, DESCRIPTIVE, &c.

e privilege that ancient poets claim, turn'd to licence by too juit a name, gs to none but an effablith'd fame, h scorns to take itrd expressions, crude, abortive thoughts, ne lewd legion of exploded faults, fugitives to that afylum fly, facred laws with infolence defy. hus our heroes of the former days, v'd and gain'd their never-fading bays; mistake, or far the greatest part hat fome call neglect, was fludy's art. n Virgil feems to trifle in a line, ike a warning-piece, which gives the fign ake your fancy, and prepare your fight, ach the noble height of fome unufual flight. my patience, when with faucy pride, itun'd ears I hear his numbers try'd. fc of nature ! shall fuch copies then gn th'originals of Maro's pen! the rude notions of pedantic schools heme the facred founder of our rules ! ie delicacy of the niceft ear nothing harsh, or out of order there. me or low, unbended or intenfe; found is still a comment to the fense. fkiiful ear in numbers fhould prefide, all difputes without appeal decide. ancient Rome, and elder Athens found, e miftaken ftops debauch'd the found. hen by impulse from Heav'n, Tyrtæus fung, ooping foldiers a new courage fprung; ing Sparta now the flight maintain'd, what two gen'rals loft a poet gain'd. cret influence of indulgent fkies, re and poefy together rife. poets are the guardians of the state, when they fail, portend approaching fate. hat which Rome to conquest did inspire, not the vestal, but the muse's fire; 'n joins the bleffings : no declining age elt the raptures of poetic rage. many faults, rhyme is (perhaps) the caufe; trict to rhyme, we flight more useful laws; hat, in Greece or Rome, was never known, by barbarian deluges o'erflown : i'd, undone, they did at laft obey, change their own for their invader's way. rant, that from fome moffy, idol oak, uble rhymes our Thor and Woden fpoke; by fuccetion of unlearn'd times, rds began, fo monks rung on the chimes. : now that Phoebus and the facred Nine, all their beams on our bleft island thine, fhould not we their ancient rites reftore, x, what Rome or Athens were before ? ive forgot how Raphael's numerous profe

mark'd the ground where proud apoftate ' thrones 'd Jehovah ! here, 'twixt hoft and hoft, arrow, but a dreadful interval)

our exalted fouls thro' heavenly camps,

intous fight ! before the cloudy van

' Satan with vaft and haughty ftrides ad Came tow'ring arm'd in adamant and go There bellowing engines, with their fiery a ' Difpers'd æthercal forms, and down they ' By thoulands, angels on arch-angels ro " Recover'd to the hills they ran, they fla "Which (with their ponderous load, rocks, 3 ' ters, woods) " From their firm feats, torn by the flaggy to, " They bore like fhields before them thro' the " Till more incens'd they hurl'd them at their foes, " All was confusion, heaven's foundations shook, ' Threat ning no lefs than universal wreck; · For Michael's arm main promontories flunge " And over-preft whole legions weak with fin : "Yet they blafphem'd and ftruggled as they lay, ' Till the great enfign of Methah blaz'd, ' And (arm'd with vengcance) God's victorious ' (Effulgence of paternal deity) Soa ' Grasping ten thousand thunders in his hand,

' Drove th'old original rebels headlong down,

' And fent them flaming to the valt abyfs.'

O may I live to heal the glorious day, And fing loud preans thro' the crowded way, When in triumphant flate the British Muse, True to herfelf, shall barbarous aid refuse, And in the Roman majesty appear, Which none know better, and none come so near.

§ 26. Abfalom and Achitophel. DRYDEN.

JN pious times, ere priestcraft did begin, Before polygamy was made a fin ; When man on many multiply'd his kind, Ere one to one was curfedly confin'd; When nature prompted, and no law deny'd Promiscuous use of concubine and bride, Then Ifrael's monarch, after Heav'n's own heart, His vigorous warmth did varioutly impart To wives and flaves; and wide as his command, Scatter'd his Maker's image thro' the land. Michal, of royal blood, the crown did wear; A foil ungrateful to the tiller's care : Not fo the reft; for fev'ral mothers bore To god-like David fev'ral fons before. But fince, like flaves, his bed they did afcend. No true fuccession could their feed attend. Of all the numerous progeny, was none So beautiful, fo brave, as Abfalom Whether, infpir'd by fome diviner luft, His father got him with a greater guft ; Or that his confcious deftiny made way, By manly beauty, to imperial fivay. Early in foreign fields he won renown, With kings and flates ally'd to Ifrael's crown: In peace the thoughts of war he could remove, And feem'd as he were only born for love. Whate'er he did was done with fo much eafe, In him alone 'twas natural to pleafe : His motions all accompany'd with grace ; And paradife was open'd in his face. With fecret joy, indulgent David view'd His youthful image in his fon renew'd :

* An Effay on Blank Verfe, out of Paradife Loft, B. VL

LIEGANT EXTRACTS,

mis withes nothing he denv'd ; usde the charming Annabel his bride. faults he had (for who from faults is free?) hat Father could not, or he would not fee. which the law forbore, Wear confirmed youth that purg'd by boiling o'er; And Amnon's murder, by a fpecious name, Was call'd a juft revenge for injur'd fame. Thus prais'd and lov'd, the noble youth remain'd, While David undiffurb'd in Sion reign'd; But life can never be fincerely bleft: Heav'n punifics the bad, and proves the beft. The lews, a headitrong, moody, murmuring race, As ever try'd th'extent and ftretch of grace ; God's prinper'd people, whom debauch'd with cife,

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No king could govern, nor no God could pleafe; Gods they had try'd of every fhape and fize, That godfmiths could produce, or priefts devife : These Adam-wits too fortunately free, Began to dream they wanted liberty; And when no rule, no precedent was found. Of men, by laws lefs circumferib'd and bound, They led their wild defires to woods and caves, And thought that all but favages were flaves. They who, when Saul was dead, without a blow, Made foolith Ithbofheth the crown forego: Who banish'd David did from Hebron bring, And with a gen'ral thout proclaim'd him king : Those very Jews, who at their very best Their humour more than lovalty expreft, Now wonder'd why to long they had obey'd An 13cl monarch, which their hands had made! Thought they might ruin him they could create, Or meit him to that golden calf a flote. But there were random bolts : no form'd defign. Nor int'reft made the factious crowd to join : The fober part of Ifrael, free from ftain, Well knew the value of a peaceful reign; And, looking backward with a wife affright, Saw feams of wounds diffioneft to the fight : In contemplation of whofe ugly fears, They curft the memory of civil wars. The mod'rate fort of men thus qualify'd, Inclin'd the balance to the better fide ; And David's mildnefs manag'd it fo well, The bad found no occasion to rebel. But when to fin our bias'd pature leans, The careful devil is still at hand with means; And providently pimps for ill defires : The good old cause reviv d a plot requires. Plots, true or falfe, are necessary things To raife up commonwealths, and ruin kings,

Th'inhabitants of old Jerufalem Were Jebufites; the town fo call'd from them; And theirs the native right—— But when the chofen people grew more ftrong, The rightful caufe at length became the wrong; And ev'ry lofs the men of Jebus bore, They ftill were thought God's enemies the more. Thus worn or weaken'd, well or ill content, Submit they muft to David's government : Impov'rifh'd and depriv'd of all command, Their taxes doubl'd as they loft their land;

And what was harder yet to flefh and blood, Their gods difgracid, and burnt like comm This fet the heathen prietthood in a flame ; wood For priefts of all religions are the fame. Of whatfoe'er defecut their godhead be, Stock, ftone, or other homely pedigree, In his defence his fervants are as hold As if he had been born of beaten gold, The Jewish rabbins, tho' their enemies, In this conclude them honeft men and wife: For 'twas their duty, all the learned think, T'espouse his cause by whom they eat and daily From hence began that plot, the nation's call Bad in itfelf, but represented worse; Rais'd in extremes, and in extremes decry'd: With oaths affirm'd, with dying vows denve; Not weigh'd nor winnow'd by the multitude; But fwallow'd in the mafs, unchew'd and en h Some truth there was, but dash'd and brew'data To pleafe the fools, and puzzleall the wire, in Succeeding times did equal folly call, Believing nothing or believing all. Th'Egyptian rites the Jebutites embrac'd; Where gods were recommended by their tife. Such favoury deities must needs be good, As ferv'd at once for worfhip and for food. By force they could not introduce these gods: For ten to one in former days was odds. So fraud was us'd, the Sacrificer's trade : Fools are more hard to conquer than perful-Their bufy teachers mingled with the Jern-And rak'd for converts ev'n the constant is Which Hebrew priefs the more a life for the Becaufe the fleer electrony and as the electron Some through their Cash Contour to Itaca at 1 By gales tax intra free is a second as Our action from the dealer table sight How for the local sector of the rate of the Third sector and the sector of the rate of the sector of Had yet a day and done a set of mule at set For as, what is the new sector is the sector. The franching is the dest for the sector. And every hold of a sector is the sector. Slept quiet in his claim and built of the Star So fevral factions to so that if a the second start of the Work up to form and for the second 1999 Some by their friends, mois ÷. Opposed the power to which the Some had in courts been great, and they a thence,

Like fiends, were harden'd in impeniere Some, by their monarch's fatal mercy, 12 From pardon'd tebels kinfmen to the throne. Were rais'd in power and public office high: Strong bands, if bands ungrateful men could

Of these the falls Achitophel was fast; A name to all fucceeding ages curst: For close designs and crooked counties fit; Sagacious, bold, and turbulent of wit; Reftlefs, unfix'd in principles and place; In power unpleas'd, impatient of difgrace. A fiery foul, which, working out its way, Fretted the pigmy body to decay, And o'er-inform'd the tenement of clay.

II. DIDACTIC, DESCRIPTIVE, &

ve him his rabbinical degree, in to foreign univerfity. ment yet his mem'ry did excel; pierc'd his wondrous evidence fo well, ted to the temper of the times, roaning under Jebusitic crimes. el's focs suipeet his heav nly call, hlv judge his writ apocryphal; s for fuch affronts have forfeits made: s his life who takes away his trade. myfelf in witnefs Corah's place, etch who did me fuch a dire difgrace whet my memory, tho' once forgot, te him an appendix of my plot. l to Heav'n made him his prince despise, d his perfon with indignities. l peculiar privilege affords, ng latitude to deeds and words : orah might for Agag's murder call, s as coarfe as Samuel us'd to Saul. thers in his evidence did join, t that could be had for love or coin, h's own predicament will fall: tnefs is a common name to all. unded thus with friends of ev'ry fort, 1 Abfalom forfakes the court : nt of high hopes, urg'd with renown, 'd with near pofferfion of a crown. tiring crowd are dazzl'd with furprife, his goodly perfon feed their eyes. conceal'd, he fets himfelf to fhow; 1 fide bowing popularly low : cs, his gestures, and his words he frames, th familiar cafe repeats their names. orm'd by nature, furnish'd out with arts, es unfelt into their fecret hearts. ith a kind compaffionating look, hs, befpeaking pity ere he fpoke, ords he faid ; but eafy those and fit, ow than Hybla-drops, and far more fweet. urn, my countrymen, your loft eftate; 1 far unable to prevent your fate : a banish'd man for your dear cause l a prey to arbitrary laws ! I that I alone could be undone, from empire, and no more a fon ! l your liberties a fpoil arc made; ind Tyrus intercept your trade, busites your facred rites invade. her, whom with rev'rence yet I name, d into cafe, is carclefs of his fame; rib'd with petty fums of foreign gold, n in Bethsheba's embraces old; his enemics, his friends deftroys; his power against himself employs. s, and let him give, my right away : y should he his own and yours betray? y he, can make the nation bleed, alone from my revenge is freed. icn my tears (with that he wip'd his eyes) the aid my prefent pow'r fupplies : rt informer can thele arms accufe : rms my fons against their fathers use : s my with the next fucceffor's reigh ake no other Ifraelite complain.

Youth, beauty, graceful action, L But common int'reft always will prev. And pity never ceafes to be fhown To him who makes the people's wrongs The crowd, that still believe their kings d With lifted hands their young Meffiah bl Who now begins his progress to ordain With chariots, horfemen, and a num'rous From east to west his glories he displays, And, like the fun, the promis'd land furveys Fame runs before him as the morning ftar, And fhouts of joy falute him from afar : Each houfe receives him as a guardian god. And confectates the place of his abode. But hospitable treats did most commend Wife Iffachar, his wealthy weftern friend. This moving court, that caught the people's eyes, And feem'd but pomp, did other ends difguile ; Achitophel had form'd it, with intent To found the depths, and fathom where it went. The people's hearts diffinguish friends from foes, And try their ftrength before they came to blows. Yet all was colour'd with a fmooth p etence Of fpecious love, and duty to their prince. Religion and redrefs of grievances, Two names that always cheat and always pleafe, Are often urg'd; and good king David's life Endanger'd by a brother and a wife. Thus in a pageant fhow a plot is made ; And peace itfelf is war in mafquerade. Oh foolifh Ifrael ! never warn'd by ill ! Still the fame bait, and circumvented ftill ! Did ever men forfake their prefent cafe ? In midft of health imagine a difeafe? Take pains contingent mifchiefs to forefee? Make heirs for monarchs, and for God decree? What fhall we think ? Can people give away, Both for themfelves and fons, their native fway ? Then they are left defencelefs to the foord Of each unbounded arbitrary lord ; And laws are vain, by which we right enjoy, If kings unqueftion'd can those laws deftroy t Yet if the crowd be judge of fit and juit, And kings are only officers in truft, Then this refuming cov'nant was declar'd When kings were made, or is for ever barr'd. If those who gave the scepter could not tie By their own deed their own potterity, How then could Adam bind his future race ? How could his forfeit on mankind take place Or how could heav'nly juffice damn us all, Who ne'er confented to our father's fall ? Then kings are flaves to those whom they command.

And tenants to their people's pleafure fland. Add, that the power for property allow'd Is mifchievoufly feated in the crowd : For who can be fecure of private right, If fov'reign fivay may be diffolv'd by might ? Nor is the people's judgment always true : The moft may err as grofly as the few ; And faultiefs kings, run down by common cry, For vice, oppretion, and for tyranny. What flandard is there in a fiekle rout, Which, flowing to the mark, runs faiter out?

Nor

, but fanhedrims may be is public lunacy, madnels of rebellious times, ionarchs for imagin'd crimes. give and take whene'er they pleafe, ione, the Godhead's images, ament itfelf at length muft fall 's ftate, where all have right to all. at our lords the people kings can make, prudent men a fettled throne would thake ?

nation'er their fufferings were before, change they covet makes them fuffer more. other errors but diffurb a flate; innovation is the blow of Fate. ancient fabrics nod, and threat to fall, o patch their flaws and buttrefs up the wall, Thus far 'tis duty : but here fix the mark; Fot all beyond it is to touch the ark. To change foundations, caft the frame anew, Is work for rebels who bafe ends purfue; At once divine and human laws controul, And mend the parts by ruin of the whole. The tamp'ring world is fubject to this curfe, To phyfic their difeafe into a worfe.

Now what relief can rightcous David bring ? How fatal 'tis to be too good a king ! Friends he has few, fo high the madnefs grows :

Who dare be fuch must be the people's foes. Yet fome there were, ev'n in the worft of days; Some let me name, and naming is to praife. In this fhort file Barzillar first appears; Barzillai, crown'd with honor and with years. Long fince, the rifing rebels he withflood In regions wafte beyond the Jordan's flood : Unfortunately brave to buoy the state ; But finking underneath his mafter's fate : In exile with his godlike prince he mourn'd; For him he fuffer'd, and with him return'd. The court he practis'd, not the courtier's art : Large was his wealth, but larger was his heart. Which well the nobleft objects knew to choose, The fighting warrior and recording Mufe. His bed could once a fruitful iffue boaft; Now more than half a father's name is loft. His eldeft hope, with ev'ry grace adorn'd, By me, fo Heav'n will have it, always mourn'd, And always honour'd, - fnatch'd in manhood's prime

B'unequal fates, and providence's crime : . Yet not before the goal of honor won, Ail parts fulfill'd of fubject and of fon : Swift was the race, but fhort the time to run. Oh narrow circle, but of power divine, Scanted in fpace, but perfect in thy line ! By fea, by land, thy matchlefs worth was known, Arms thy delight, and war was all thy own : Thy force infus'd the fainting Tyrians propp'd : And haughty Pharaoh found his fortune ftopp'd. Oh ancient honor ! Oh unconquer'd hand, Whom foes unpunifh'd never could withftand ! But Ifrael was unworthy of his name : Short is the date of all immod'rate fame. It looks as Heaven our ruin had defign'd, And durft not truft thy perfon and thy mind. Now, free from earth, thy difencumber'd foul Mounts up, and leaves behind the clouds and flarry pole :

Fromthence thy kindred legions mayft thou bring. To aid the guardian angel of thy king. Here ftop, my Mufe, here ceafe thy painful flight: No pinions can purtue immortal height : Tell good Barzillai thou cauft fing no more, And tell thy foul fhe fhould have fled before : Or fled fhe with his life, and left this verfe To hang on her departed patron's hearfe? Now take thy fleepy flight from Heav'n, and fe If thou cauft find on earth another he : Another he would be too hard to find; See then whom thou cauft fee not far behind. Zadoc the prieft, whom, fhunning power and place,

His lowly mind advanc'd to David's grace. With him the Sagan of Jerufalem, Of hospitable foul, and noble ftem; Him of the western dome, whose weighty fense Flows in fit words and heav'nly cloquence. The prophet's fons, by fuch example led, To learning and to loyalty were bred : For colleges on bounteous kings depend; And never rebel was to arts a friend. To these fucceed the pillar of the laws; Who beft can plead, and beft can judge a care. Next them a train of loyal peers afcend; Sharp-judging Adriel, the Mufes friend, Himfelf a muse : in fanhedrims debate True to his prince, but not a flave of flate; Whom David's love with honors did adom, That from his difobedient fon were torn. Jotham, of piercing wit and pregnant though; Endu'd by nature, and by learning taught, To move assemblies, who but only try'd The worfe awhile, then chofe the better fide: Nor chofe alone, but turn'd the balance too; So much the weight of one brave man can de Hushai, the friend of David in diftrefs; In public ftorms of manly ftedfaftnefs. By foreign treaties he inform'd his youth, And join'd experience to his native truth. His frugal care fupply'd the wanting throne; Frugal for that, but bounteous of his own : 'Tis cafy conduct when exchequers flow; But hard the tafk to manage well the low : For fov'reign pow'r is too deprefs'd or high, When kings are forc'd to fell, or crowdsto but Indulge one labour more, my weary Mufe, For Amiel: who can Amiel's praise refuse? Of ancient race by birth, but nobler yet In his own worth, and without title great : .The fanhedrim long time as chief he rul'd Their reason guided, and their passion coold: So dext'rous was he in the crown's defence, So form'd to speak a loyal nation's scnfe, That, as their band was Ifrael's tribes in fmall, So fit was he to reprefent them all. Now rafher charioteers the feat afcend, Whole loofe careers his fleady fkill commend: They, A daring pilot in extremity; Pleas'd with the danger when the waves went high, Not that he wifh'd his greatnefs t For politicians neither love nor hate But, for he knew his title not allow

- He fought the florms; but, for a calm unfit, Would fleer too nigh the fands to boaft his wit. Great wits are fure to madness near allv'd, And thin partitions do their bounds divide; Elfe why fhould he, with wealth and honor bleft, Refuse his age the needful hours of reft ? Punish a body which he could not please; Bankrupt of life, yet prodigal of cafe? And all to leave what with his toil he won, To that unfeather'd two-logg'd thing, a Son; Got while his fou! did huddled notions try; And been a fhapelefs lump, like anarchy. In friendship false, implacable in hate; Reforv'd to ruin or to rule the frate. To compass this, the triple bond he broke ; The pillars of the public fafety fhook; And fitted Ifrael for a foreign yoke : Then, feiz'd with fear, yet still affecting fame, Usurp'd a patriot's all-atoning name. So easy fill it proves in factious times, With public zeal to cancel private crimes. How fafe is treafon, and how facred ill, Where none can fin against the people's will ! Where crowdscan wink, and no offence be known, Since in another's guilt they find their own ! Yet fame deferv'd no enemy can grudge; The statesman we abhor, but praise the judge. In Ifrael's courts ne'er fat an Abethdin With more differning eyes, or hands more clean, Unbrib'd, unfought, the wretched to redreis; Swift of difpatch, and eafy of access. Oh ! had he been content to ferve the crown With virtues only proper to the gown; Or had the rankness of the foil been freed From cockle, that opprefs'd the noble feed, David for him his tuneful harp had ftrung, And heaven had wanted one immortal fong. But wild ambition loves to flide, not ftand, And fortune's ice prefers to virtue's land. Achitophel, grown weary to poffers A lawful fame and lazy happines, Difdain'd the golden fruit to gather free, And lent the crowd his arm to fhake the tree. Now, manifest of crimes contriv'd long fince, He ftood at bold defiance with his prince; Held up the buckler of the people's caufe
- Againft the crown, and fculk'd behind the laws. The wifh'd occafion of the plot he takes; Some circumftances finds, but more he makes. By buzzing emiffaries fills the ears Of lift'ning crowds with jealoufies and fcars Of arbitrary counfels brought to light, And proves the king himfelf a Jebufite. Weak arguments! which yet he knew full well, Were ftrong with people eafy to rebel. For, govern'd by the moon, the giddy Jews Tread the fame track when fhe the prime renews; And once in twenty years, their foribes record,

By natural inflinct they change their lord. Achitophel fiill wants a chief; and none Was found fo fit as warlike Abfalom. Not that he wish'd his greatness t For politicians neither love nor hat. But, for he knew his title not allow'a, Would keep him still depending on the That kingly pow'r, thus ebbing out, mig Drawn to the dregs of a democracy. Him he attempts with studied arts to pleat And sheds his venom in such words as these

Aufpicious prince, at whole nativity Some royal planet rul'd the fouthern fky; Thy longing country's darling and defire; Their cloudy pillar and their guardian fire; Their fecond Moles, whole extended wand Divides the feas, and fhews the promis'd lands Whole dawning day, in ev'ry diffant age, Has exercis'd the facred prophet's rage : The people's prayer, the glad diviner's theme, The young mens vifion, and the old mens dream !

Thee, Saviour, thee the nation's vows confess, And, never fatisfy'd with fecing, blefs : Swift unbespoken pomps thy steps proclaim, Andstamm'ring babes are taught to lifp thy name. How long wilt thou the gen'ral joy detain, Starve and defraud the people of thy reign; Content inglorioufly to pafs thy days, Like one of Virtue's fools that feed on praife, Till thy frefh glories, which now fhine fo bright, Grow stale, and tarnish with our daily light ? Believe me, royal youth, thy fruit must be Or gather'd ripe, or rot upon the tree. Heav'n has to all allotted, foon or late, Some lucky revolution of their fate : Whofe motions if we watch and guide with fkills For human good depends on human will, Our fortune rolls as from a finooth defcent, And from the first impression takes the bent : But if unfeiz'd, the glides away like wind, And leaves repenting folly far behind. Now, now the meets you with a glorious prize, And fpreads her locks before you as the flics. Had thus old David, from whole lines you fpring, Not dar'd when fortune call'd him to be king, At Gath an exile he might yet remain, And Heav'n's anointing oil had been in vain. Let his fuccefsful youth your hopes engage ; But fhun th'example of declining age : Behold him fetting in his western skies, The fhadows length ning as the vapours rife. He is not now, as when on Jordan's fand The joyful people throng'd to fee him land, Covering the beach, and black'ning all the ftrand;

But, like the prince of angels, from his height Comes tumbling downward — with diminifh'd light :

Betray'd by one poor plot to public fcorn : Our only bleffing fince his curft return : Thofe heaps of people which one fheaf did bind, Blown off and fcatter'd by a puff of wind. What ftrength can he to your defigns oppofe, Naked of friends and round befet with foes ? If Pharaoh's doubtful fuecour he fhould nfe, A foreign aid would more incense the Jews : Prov

. 4

/ fd to their arms a chief of royal blood, / hat may not Ifrael hope, and what applaufe / light fuch a gen'ral gain by fuch a caufe ? Not barren praife alone, that gaudy flower Fair only to the fight, but folid power : And nobler is a limited command, Given by the love of all your native land,

Than a fucceflive title, long and dark, Drawn from the mouldy rolls of Noah's ark.

What cannot praife effect in mighty minds, When flattery fooths, — and when ambition

blinds³ Defire of power, on earth a vicious weed, Yet fprung from high, is of celeftial feed: In God 'tis glory; and when men afpire, 'Tis but a fpark too much of heav'nly fire. Th'ambitious youth, too covetous of fame, Too full of augel's metal in his frame, Unwarily was led from virtue's ways, Made drunk with honour, and debauch'd with praife.

Half loth, and half confenting to the ill, For royal blood within him ftruggled ftill, He thus reply'd :- And what pretence have I To take up arms for pulic liberty ? My father governs with unquestion'd right; The faith's defender, and mankind's delight; Good, gracious, just, observant of the laws; And Heav'n by wonders has espous'd his cause. Whom has he wrong'd in all his peaceful reign? Who fues for justice to his throne in vain? What millions has he pardon'd of his focs, Whom just revenge did to his wrath expose ! Mild, cafy, humble, studious of our good; Inclin'd to mercy, and averfe from blood. If mildnefs ill with flubborn Ifrael fuit, His crime is God's beloved attribute. What could he gain his people to betray, Or change his right for arbitrary fway Let haughty Pharaoh curfe with fuch a reign His fruitful Nile, and yoke a fervile train. If David's rule Jerufalem displease, The dog-ftar heats their brains to this difeafe. Why then should I, encouraging the bad, Turn rebel, and run popularly mad? Were he a tyrant, who by lawlefs might Opprefs'd the Jews, and rais'd the Jebufite, Well might I mourn; but nature's holy bands Would curb my spirits, and restrain my hands : The people might affert their liberty; But what was right in them were crime in me. His favour leaves me nothing to require, Prevents my wishes. and out-runs defire;

What more can I expect while David lives ? All but his kingly diadem he gives: And that — but here he paus'd; then, fighing, faid — Is juftly deftin'd for a worthier head.

For when my father from his toils thall reft, And late augment the number of the bleft, His lawful iffue shall the throne ascend, Or the collateral line, where that shall end. His brother, tho' oppress'd with vulgar spite, Yet dauntlefs, and fecure of native right, Of ev'ry royal virtue stands possest; Still dear to all, the braveft and the beft. His courage focs, his friends his truth proclaim; His loyalty the king, the world his fame, His mercy ev'n th'offending crowd will find ; For fure he comes of a forgiving kind. Why should I then repine at Heav'n's decree, Which gives me no pretence to royalty ? Yet oh that fate, propitiously inclin'd, Had rais'd my birth, or had debas'd my mind; To my large foul not all her treafure lent, And then betray'd it to a mean descent ! I find, I find my mounting fpirit's bold, And David's part difdains my mother's mould. Why am I fcanted by a niggard birth ? My foul disclaims the kindred of her earth : And made for empire, whifpers me within, Defire of greatness is a god-like fin.

Him ftaggering fo, when hell's dire agent found, While fainting virtue scarce maintain'd her ground,

He pours fresh forces in, and thus replies : Th'eternal God, fupremely good and wife, Imparts not these prodigious gifts in vain : What wonders are referv'd to blefs your reign ! Against your will your arguments have shown, Such virtue's only given to guide a throne. Not that your father's mildness I contemn; But manly force becomes the diadem. 'Tis true, he grants the people all they crave; And more perhaps than fubjects ought to have: For lavish grants suppose a monarch tame, And more his goodness than his wit proclaim. But when should peoplestrive their bonds to break, If not when kings are negligent or weak ? Let him give on till he can give no more, The thrifty canhedrim shall keep him poor ; And ev'ry shekel, which he can receive, Shall coft a limb of his prerogative. To ply him with new plots shall be my care, Or plunge him deep in fome expensive war Which, when his treasure can no more supply, He must, with the remains of kingship, buy. His faithful friends, our jealousies and fears Call Jebufites, and Pharaoh's penfioners ; Whom when our fury from his aid has torn, He shall be naked left to public fcorn. The next fucceffor whom I fear and hate, My arts have made obnoxious to the flate; Turn'd all his virtues to his overthrow, And gain'd our elders to pronounce a foe. His right, for fums of necessary gold, Shall first be pawn'd, and afterwards he fold ; Til

ime shall ever-wanting David draw, ifs your doubtful title into law; , the people have a right supreme [them. take their kings; for kings are made for npire is no more than power in truft, h when refum'd, can be no longer juft. ffion, for the gen'ral good defign'd, own wrong a nation cannot bind; ring that the people can relieve, r one fuffer than a nation grieve. iews well knew their power : ere Saul they chofe,

vas their king, and God they durft depofe. now your piety, your filial name, her's right and fear of future fame; public good, that univerfal call, hich ev'n Heav'n fubmitted, anfwers all. :t his love enchant your generous mind ; ature's trick to propagate her kind. ond begetters, who would never die, but themfelves in their posterity. : his kindnets by th'effects be try'd, him lay his vain pretence afide. aid, he lov'd your father; could he bring ter proof than to anoint him king ? ely fhew'd he lov'd the fhepherd well, gave fo fair a flock as Ifrael. d David have you thought his darling fon, means he then to alienate the crown ? ame of godly he may blufh to bear: ter God's own heart to cheat his heir; his brother gives fupreme command, ou a legacy of barren land; ps th'old harps on which he thumps his lays, ne dull Hebrew ballad in your praife. the next heir, a prince fevere and wife, dy looks on you with jealous eyes; hrough the thin difguifes of your arts, narks your progress in the people's hearts; gh now his mighty foul its grief contains, editates revenge who leaft complains; ike a lion flumb'ring in the way ep diffembling, while he waits his prey, arless foes within his distance draws, ains his roaring, and contracts his paws ; t the laft, his time for fury found, hoots with fudden vengcance from the ground;

roftrate vulgar paffes o'er and fpares, ith a lordly rage his hunters tears. case no tame expedients will afford : re on death or conquest by the fword, h for no leis a stake than life you draw; elf-defence is nature's eldeft law. the 'warm people no confidering time; en rebellion may be thought a crime. yourfelf of what occasion gives, y your title while your father lives : that your arms may have a fair pretence, im you take them in the king's defence; e facred life each minute would expose ots, from feeming friends and fecret foes. vho can found the depth of David's foul ? ps his fear his kindness may controul.

He fears his brother, though he low For plighted vows too late to be und. If fo, by force he willes to be gain'd, Like womens lechery to feem conftraine Doubt not but when he most affects the Commit a pleafing rape upon the crown. Secure his perfon to fecure your caufe : They who poffels the prince poffels the law

He faid; and this advice above the reft, With Abfalom's mild nature fuited beft : Unblam'd of life, ambition fet afide, Not stain'd with cruelty, nor puft with pride. How happy had he been, if deftiny Had higher plac'd his birth, or not fo high ! His kingly virtues might have claim'd a throne, And bleft all other countries but his own. But charming greatness fince fo few refuse, 'Tis juster to lament him than accuse. Strong were his hopes a rival to remove, With blandifhments to gain the public love : To head the faction while their zeal was hot, And popularly profecute the plot. To further this, Achitophel unites The malcontents of all the Ifraclites, Whofe differing parties he would wifely join, For feveral ends, to ferve the fame defign. The best, and of the princes some were such, Who thought the power of monarchy too much; Mistaken men, and patriots in their hearts ; Not wicked, but feduc'd by impious arts. By these the springs of property were bent, And wound fo high, they crack'd the government, The next for interest fought t'embroil the state, To fell their duty at a dearer rate, And make their Jewish markets of the throne; Pretending public good to ferve their own. Others thought kings an useles heavy load, Who coft too much, and did too little good. These were for laying honest David by, On principles of pure good hulbandry, With them join'd all th'haranguers of the throng. That thought to get preferment by the tongue. Who follow next a double danger bring, Not only hating David but the king ; The Solymzan rout, well vers'd of old, In godly faction, and in treafon hold ; Cowring and quaking at a conqu'ror's fword, But lofty to a lawful prince reftor'd ; Saw with difdain an Ethnic plot begun, And fcorn'd by Jebusites to be outdone. Hot Levites headed thefe; who pull'd before From th'ark, which in the judges days they bore, Refum'd their cant, and with a zealous cry. Purfu'd their old belov'd theocracy : Where fanhedrim and prieft enflav'd the nation, And juftify'd their fpoils by infpiration : For who fo fit to reign as Aaron's race, If once dominion they could found in grace ? These led the pack, tho' not of furest scent, Yet deepeft mouth'd against the government. A num'rous hoft of dreaming faints fucceed, Of the true old enthusiastic breed : 'Gainst form and order they their power employ, Nothing to build, and all thegs to deftroy.

But

a'rous was the herd of fuch sittle, and who talk too much; mere inftinct, they knew not why, father's God and property; fame blind benefit of fate, and the Jebufite did hate : e fav'd, ev'n in their own despite, chey could not help believing right. ere the tools : but a whole Hydra more is of ferouting heads too long to fcore. of their chiefs were princes of the land; : first rank of these did Zimri stand: in fo various, that he feem'd to be one, but all mankind's epitome : f in opinions, always in the wrong : as ev'ry thing by ftarts, and nothing long; at, in the courie of one revolving moon, vas chemist, sidler, statesman, and buffoon : I henall for women, painting, rhyming, drinking, Befides ten thousand freaks that dy'd in thinking. Bleft madman, who could ev'ry hour employ With fomething new to with, or to enjoy !

R ailing and piaifing were his ufual themes; And both, to thew his judgment in extremes; So over-violent, or over-eivil, That ev'ry man with him was God or Devil. In fquand'ring wealth was his peculiar art : Nothing went unrewarded but defert. Beggar'd by fools, whom ftill he found too late; He had his jeft, and they had his eftate. He laugh'd himfelf from court; — then fought relief

By forming parties, but could ne'er be chief: For, fpite of hina, the weight of bus'ne's fell On Abfalom and wife Achitophel: Thus, wicked but in will, of means bereft, He left not faction, but of that was left.

Titles and names 'twere tedious to reheatle, Of lords, below the dignity of verfe.

Wits, warriors, commonwealths-men, were the bett :

Kind huft ands and mere nobles all the reft. And therefore, in the name of dulnefs, be The well-hung Balaam and cold Caleb free : And canting Nadab let oblivion damn, Who made new porridge for the patchal lamb. Let friendthip's holy band fome names aflure; Some their own worth, and fome let fcorn fecure. Nor fhall the rafeal rabble here have place, Whom kings no title gave, and God no grace: Not buil-fac'd Jonas, who could flatutes draw To mean rebellion, and make treaton liw. But he, they bad, is follow'd by a worfe, The wretch who Heav'n's anointed dar'd to curfe. Shimei, whole youth did early promife bring Of zeal to God and hatred to his king, Did wifely from expentive fins refrain ; And never broke the Sabhath but for gain : Nor ever was he known an oath to vent, Or curfe, unlefs against the government. Thus heaping wealth, by the most ready way. Among the Jews, which was to cheat and pray; The city to reward his pious hate Against his master shofe him magistrate.

His hand a vafe of justice did uphold; His neck was loaded with a chain of gold. During his office treation was no crime; The fons of Belial had a glorious time : For Shimei, though not prodigal of pelf, Yet lov'd his wicked neighbour as himfelf. When two or three were gather'd to declaim Against the monarch of Jurufalem, Shimei was always in the midft of them: And if they curs'd the king when he was by, Would rather curfe than break good company. If any durit his factious friends accufe, He pack d a jury of diffenting Jews; Whole fellow feeling in the godly caufe Would free the fuff ring faint tion humanized For laws are only made to punith those Who ferve the king, and to protect his foes. If any leifure time he had from power, Becaufe 'tis fin to mifemploy an hour, His business was, by writing to periuade, That kings were ufclefs, and a clog to trade : And that his noble fivle he might refine, No Rechabite more thunn'd the fumes of wine. Chafte were his cellars, and his thrieval board The groffnefs of a city feaft abhorr'd; His cooks, with long difute, their trade forgot; Cool was his kitchen, though his brains were hot. Such frugal virtue malice may accufe ; But fure 'twas necessary to the Jews : For towns once burnt, fuch magiftrates require As dare not tempt God's providence by fire. With fpiritual food he fed his fervants well, But free from flefh that made the Jews rebel: And Mofes' laws he held in more account, For forty days of fasting in the mount. To fpeak the reft, who better are forgot, Would tire a well breath'd witness of the plot. Yct, Corah, thou fhalt from oblivion pais; Erect thvielf, thou monumental brais, High as the ferpent of thy metal made. While nations ftand fecure beneath thy fhade. What though his birth were bafe, yet comm rife

From earthly vapours ere they fhine in fkies. Prodigious actions may as well be done By weaver's iffue, as by prince's fon. This arch atteftor for the public good, By that one deed ennobles all his blood. Who ever afk'd the witnefs's high race, Whofe oath with martyrdom did Stephengrand Ours was a Levite, and as times went then, His tribe were God Almighty's gentlemen. Sunk were his eyes, his voice was harfh and lond, Sure figns he neither choleric was, nor proud : His long chin prov'd his wit; his faint-like grad A church vermillion, and a Moies' face. His memory, miraculoufly great. Could plots, exceeding man's belief, repeat : Which therefore cannot be accounted lies, For human wit could never fuch devife. Some future truths are mingled in his book ; But where the witness fail'd, the prophet fooke Some things like visionary flight appear : The fpirit caught him up the Lord knows where

like th'unequal ruler of the day. de the feafons, and miftake the way; he withdrawn at their mad labours fmiles, fe enjoys the fabbath of his toils.

e were the chief, a finall but faithful band ~ thies, in the breach who dar'd to ftand, mpt th'united fury of the land: rief they view'dfuch pow'rful engines bent, ter down the lawful government. Prous faction with pretended frights, iedrims to plume the regal rights; ue fucceffor from the court remov'd; ot by hireling witneffes, improv'd. ills they faw, and, as their duty bound, hew'd the king the danger of the wound; no concessions from the throne would please,

itives fomented the difcafe : Ibfalom, ambitious of the crown, ade the lure to draw the people down : alfe Achitophel's pernicious hate rn'd the plot, to ruin church and state: uncil violent the rabble worfe : himei taught Jerufalem to curfe. Il these loads of injuries opprest, ng revolving in his careful breaft nt of things, at last his patience tir'd, rom his royal throne by heav'n infpir'd, d-like David spoke; with awful fear n their Maker in their mafter hear. : long have I, by native mercy, fway'd, ongs diffembled, my revenge delay'd : ng to forgive th'offending age; h the father did the king affuage; v fo far my clemency they flight, aders question my forgiving right. ie was made for many they contend; to rule; for that's a monarch's end. ill my tendernefs of blood my fear; manly tempers can the longest bear. se they will divert my native courfe, e to fhow I am not good by force. eap'd atfronts that haughty fubjects bring, dens for a camel, not a king; re the public pillars of the state, fustain and prop the nation's weight: sung Samfon will pretend at call e the column, let him fhare the fall : that yet he would repent and live ! y 'tis for parents to forgive! w few tears a pardon might be won ture, pleading for a darling fon ! ied youth, by my paternal care, p to all the height his frame could bear ! l ordain'd his fate for empire born, d have giv'n his foul another turn : ith a patriot's name, whole modern fenfe at would by law fupplant his prince; ple's brave, the politician's tool; as patriot yet but was a fool. ce comes it; that religion and the laws

sore be Abfalom's than David's caufe?

His old inftructor, ere he loft his place, Was never thought endu'd with fo much grace.

Good heav'ns, how faction can a patriot paint ! My rebel ever proves my people's faint. Would they impofe an heir upon the throne, Let fanhedrims be taught to give their own. A king's at least a part of government : And mine as requisite as their confent : Without my leave a future king to chule, Infers a right the prefent to depofe. True, they petition me t'approve their choice t But Efau's hands fuit ill with Jacob's voice. My pious fubjects for my fafety pray; Which to fecure, they take my pow's away. From plots and treations Heav's preferve my years But fave me most from my petitioners; Unfatiate as the barren womb or grave, God cannot grant io much as they can crave. What then is left, but with a jealous eye, To guard the fmall remains of royalty? The law shall still direct my peaceful sway, And the fame law teach rebels to obev : Votes shall no more establish'd power controul, Such votes as make a part exceed the whole. No groundlefs clamours shall my friends removes Nor crowds have power to punish ere they prove a For Gods and god-like kings their care express Still to defend their fervants in diftrefs. Oh, that my power to faving were confin'd ! Why am I forc'd, like heav'n, against my mind, To make examples of another kind ? Must I at length the fword of justice draw? Oh curft effects of necessary law 1 How ill my fear they by my mercy fcan f Beware the fury of a patient man. Law they require, let law then flow her face, They could not be content to look on grace, Her hinder parts, but with a daring eye To tempt the terror of her front and die. By their own arts 'tis righteoufly decreed, Those dire artificers of death shall bleed. Against themselves their witnesses will fwear, Till, viper like, their mother-plot they tear i And fuck for nutriment that bloody gore, Which was their principal of life before. Their Belial with their Beelzebub will fight : Thus on my foes, my foes shall do me right. Nor doubt th'event : for factious crowds engage, In their first onset, all their brutal rage. Then let them take an unrefifted course : Retire, and traverse, and delude their force: But when they fland all breathlefs, urge the fight, And rife upon them with redoubl'd might : For lawful power is ftill fuperior found ; When long driv'n back, at length it ftands the ground.

He faid : Th'Almighty nodding gave confents And peals of thunder shook the firmament. Henceforth a feries of new time began ; The mighty years in long proceflion ran : Once more the god-like David was reftor'd, And willing nations knew their lawful lord. PART

PART II.

Si quis tam n her quoque, fi quis
Capitas amore leget —

In the year 1680, Mr. Druden undertook the poem of Abialom and Achitephel, upon the define of King Charles II. The performance was applanded by every energing for the performance ing him to write a Second part, he, upon declining it humfelf, foole to Mr. Take to write one, and gave him his advice in directing of it; and that part beginning with

" Next thefe, a troop of bufy fpirits prefs,"

and ending with

" To talk like Docg, and to write like thee."

containing near two hundred verfes, were entirely Mr. Devden's composition, besides fome touches in other places.—The preceding lines, upwards of three hundred in number, were written by Mr. Tote. The Poem is here printed complete.

ABSALOM AND ACHITOPHEL.

SINCE men, likebeafts, each other's prey were made

Since trade began, and prieffhood grew a trade; Since realms were form'd, none ture fo curft as That madly their own happint's oppole; [thofe There Heavenitfelf, and god-like kings, in vain, Shower down the manna of a gentle reign; While pamper'd crowds to mad fedition run, And monarchs by indulgence are undone. Thus David's elemency was fatal grown, While wealthy faction aw'd the wanting throne. For now their fovereign's orders to contemn Was held the charter of Jerufalem; His rights t'invale, his tributes to refuf; A privilege peculiar to the Jews; As if from heav'nly call this licence fell, And Jacob's feed were chofen to rebel !

Achitophel with triumph fees his crimes Thus fuited to the madacis of the times ; And Abfalom, to make his hopes fucceed, Of flatt'ring charms no longer frands in need; While, fond of change, tho'e'er fo dearly bought, Our tribes outfirip the youth's ambitious thought ; His fwifted hopes with fwifter homage meet, And crowd their fervile necks 1- neath his feet. Thus to his aid while pretiing tides repair, He mounts and forcids his itreamers in the air. The charms of empire might his youth mificad, But what can our befotted Ifrael plead? Swavid by a monarch, whole ferene command Seems half the bleffing of our promisid land ; Whefe only grievance is excels of eafe; Freedom our pain, and sienty our difeate ! Yet, as all folly would lay claim to fenfe, And wickednets ne'er wanted a pretence, With arrangents they'd make their treafon good, And righteous David's felf with flanders load : That auts of foreign feray he did affect, And guilty Jebrifites from law protect, Whole very chicis, convict, were never freed ; Nay, we have feen their facrifices bleed !

Accufers infamy is urg'd in vain, While in the bounds of fenfe they did contain: But foon they launch'd into th'unfathom'd tide, And in the depths they knew difdain'd to rice. For probable difcoveries to difpeufe, Was thought below a penfion'd evidence; Mere truth was dull, nor fuited with the port Of pamper'd Corah when advanc'd to court. No lefs than wonders now they will impofe, And projects void of grace or lenfe difciole. Such was the change on pious Michal brought, Michal that ne'er was cruel ev'n in thought ; The best of queens, and most obedient wife, Impeach'd of curft defigns on David's life! His life, the theme of her eternal prayer, 'Tis fcarce fo much his guardian angel's care. Not fummer morns fuch mildnefs can difclofe, The Lermon lily, nor the Sharon rofe. Neglecting each vain pomp of majefty, Transported Michal feeds her thoughts on high: She lives with angels, and, as angels do, Quits heaven fometimes to blefs the world below : Where, cherifh'd by her bounty's plentecus fpring, Reviving widows finile, and orphans fing Oh ! when rebellious Ifrael's crimes at height, Are threaten'd with her Lord's approaching tar, The picty of Michal then remain In Heav'n's remembrance, and prolong his reign!

Lefs defolation did the peft purfue, That from Dan's limits to Beerfheba flew; Lefs fatal the repeated wars of Tyre, And lefs Jerufalem's avenging fire. With gentler terror thefe our ftate o'er-ran, Than fince our evidencing days began ! On ev'ry cheek a pale confusion fat, Continued fear beyond the worft of fate ! Truft was no more, art feience ufelefs made; All occupations loft but Corah's trade. Meanwhile a guard on modeft Corah wait, If not for fafety needful, yet for ftate. Well might he deem each peer and prince his fact, And lord it o'er the tribes which he could fave: Ev'n vice in him was virtue --- what fad fate But for his honefty had feiz'd our state! And with what tyranny had we been curft, Had Corah never provid a villain first ! T' have told his knowledge of th'intrigue in gros, Hid been, alas, to our deponent's lofs: The travell'd Levite had th'experience go To hufband well, and make the best of s plat; And therefore, like an evidence of fkill, With wife referves fecur'd his penfion ftill; Not quite of future pow'r himfelf bereft, But lunbos large for unbelievers left. And now his writ fuch reverence had got, 'Twas worfe than plotting to sufpect his plot. Some were to well convinc'd, they made nodot Themfelves to help the founder'd iwcares out Some had their fenfe impos'd on by their fear; But more for int'reft's fake believe and fwear: Ev'n to that height with fome the phrenzy gas They rag'd to find their dauger not prove the Yet, than all thefe, a viler crew remain,

Who with Achitophel the cry maintain;

ing'd by fear, nor thro' mifguided fenfe d zeal and starving need had fome pretence) or the good old caufe that did excite riginal rebels wiles, revenge and fpight. e raife the plot to have the fcandal thrown the bright fucceffor of the crown, fe virtue with fuch wrongs they had purfu'd, em'd all hope of pardon to exclude. , while on private ends their zeal is built, heated crowd applaud, and fhare their guilt. :h practices as these, too gross to lie unobferv'd by each difcerning eye, more judicious Ifraclites unfpell'd, igh still the charm the giddy rabble held, Absalom amidst the dazzling beams pire, and ambition's flatt'ring dreams, ives the plot, too foul to be excus'd, d defigns, no less pernicious, us'd. filial fense yet striving in his breast, to Achitophel his doubts exprest : hy arciny thoughts upon a crown employ'd, h once obtain'd can be but half enjoy'd ? > when virtue did my arms require, :o my father's wars I flew intire. :gal pow'r how will my focs refent, I myfelf have fcarce my own confent ! me a fon's unblemish'd truth again, ench the fparks of duty that remain. flight to force a throne that legions guard afk to me; to prove unjust, how hard.! fth'imagin'd guilt thus wound my thought,

will it when the tragic fcene is wrought? var muft firft be conjur'd from below; ealm we'd rule we firft muft overthrow; when the civil furies are on wing blind and undiftinguift'd flaughters fling, knows what impious chance may reach the king ?

rather let me perifh in the ftrife, have my crown the price of David's life ! the tempeft of the war he ftand, ce, fome vile officious villain's hand ul's anointed temple may invade, eft by clam'rous crowds, myfelf be made urtherer; rebellious crowds, whofe guilt fread his vengeance till his blood be fpilt. h if my filial tendernefs oppofe, to the empire by their arms I rofe,

very arms on me fhall be employ'd, y ufurper crown'd, and I defiroy'd: ame pretence of public good will hold, we Achitophels be found as bold gethencedful change, perhaps the old. faid. The ftatefman with a fmile replies, le that did his rifing fpleen difguife, loughts prefum'd our labour's at an efid; re we ftill with conficience to contend? e want in kings, as needful is allow'd, f for them to find it in the crowd.

the doubtful paffage vou are gone, nly can be fafe by preifing on.

rown's true heir, a prince ferete and wife, ew'd your motions long with jealous eyes; perfon's charms, your more prevailing arts, tark'd your progrefs in the people's hearts,

Whole patience is th'effect of finted power, But treasures vengeance for the fatal hour ; And if remote the peril he can bring, Your prefent danger's greater from the king, Let not a parent's name deceive your ienfe, Nor trust the father in a jealous 1 rince ! Your trivial faults if he could fo refent To doom you little lefs than baai/hmean What rage must your prefumption three influent Against his orders you return from 11 and Nor only fo, but with a pomp more high, And open court of popularity, The factious tribes - And this reproof from thee ? The prince replies, O flatefman's winding fkill [They first condemn that first advis'd the ill ! Illustrious youth, return'd Achitophel, Misconstrue not the words that mean you well. The courfe you fleer I worthy blame conclude a But 'tis because you leave it unpursu'd. A monarch's crown with fate furrounded lies; Who reach, lay hold on death that miss the prize. Did you for this expose yourfulf to show, And to the crowd bow popularly low ! For this your glorious progrefs next ordain, With chariots, horfemen, and a num'rous train. With fame before you, like the morning flar, And fhouts of joy faluting from afar > l view. Oh, from the heights you've reach'd but take a Scarce leading Lucifer could fall like you ! And must I here my shipwreck'd arts bemoan ! Have I for this fo oft made Ifrael groan ? Your fingle int'reft with the nation weigh'd, And turn'd the scale where your defires were laid 1 Ev'n when at helm a courfe fo daug'rous mov'd To land your hopes as my removal prov'd.

I not difpute, the royal youth replies, The known perfection of your policies, Nor in Achitophel yet grudge or blame The privilege that flatefmen ever claim ; Who private int'reft never yet purfu'd, But still pretended 'twas for others good : What politician yet e'er 'lcap'd his fate, Who faving his own neck not fav'd the ftate ! From hence on cv'ry hum'rous wind that veer'd, With shifted fails a fev'ral course you steer'd. What from a fway did David e'er purfue That feem'd like abfolute, but fprung from you } Who at your inftance quafh'd each penal law, That kept diffenting factious Jews in awe; And who fuspends fixt laws, may abrogate ; That done, form new, and Jo enflave the flate. Ev'n property, whole champion now you fland, And feem for this the idol of the land, Did ne'er fustain fuch violence before, As when your counfel that the royal flore; Advice, that ruin to whole tribes procur'd, But fecret kept till your own banks fecur'd. Recount with this the triple cov'nant broke, And Israel fitted for a foreign yoke Nor here your counfels fatal progrefs faid. But feat our levied pow'rs to Pharaoh's aid. Hence Tyre and Ifracl, low in ruins laid, [made And Egypt, once their fcorn, their common terrof : Ev'n yet of fuch a feafon can we dream, When royal rights you made your darling themei

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For pow'r unlimited could reafons draw, And place prerogative above the law; Which on your fall from office grew unjust, The laws made king, the king a flave in truft : Whom with state-craft, to int'rest only true, You now accuse of ills contriv'd by you.

To this hell's agent-Royal youth, fix here, Let int'reft be the ftar by which you fteer, Hence to repole your truft in me was wife, Whole int'reft molt in your advancement lies. A tye fo firm as always will avail When friendship, nature, and religion fail; On our's the fafety of the crowd depends ; Secure the crowd, and we obtain our ends; Whom I will caufe fo far our guilt to fhare, Till they are made our champions by their fear. What opposition can your rival bring, While fanhedrims are jealous of the king ? His ftrength as yet in David's friendthip lies, And what can David's felf without fupplies? Who with exclusive bills must now dispense, Debar the heir, or ftarve in his defence; Conditions which our elders ne'er will quit, And David's justice never can admit. Or forc'd by wants his brother to betray, To your ambition next he clears the way; For if fucceffion once to nought they bring, Their next advance removes the prefent king : Perfifting elfe his fenates to diffolve, In equal hazard shall his reign involve. Our tribes, whom Pharaoh's pow'r fomuch alarms, Shall rife without their prince t'oppose his arms; Nor boots it on what caufe at first they join, Their troops once up, are tools for our defign. At least fuch fubtile cov'nants shall be made, Till peace itfelf is war in mafquerade; Affociations of mysterious fense Against, but feeming for, the king's defence : E'en on their courts of justice fetters draw, And from our agents muzzle up their law. By which a conquest, if we fail to make, 'Tis a drawn game at worft, and we fecure our Can dry bones live? or fkeletons produce

He faid, and for the dire fuccefs depends [ftake. On various fects, by common guilt made friends. Whofe heads, though ne'er to diff'ring in their creed,

I'th'point of treafon yet were well agreed. 'Mongft thefe, extorting Ifhban firft appears, Purlu'd by meagre troop of bankrupt heirs. Bleft times when Ifhban, he whole occupation So long has been to cheat, reforms the nation 1 Ishban of confcience fuited to his trade, As good a faint as us'rer ever made. Yet Mammon has not fo engroft him quite, But Belial lavs as large a claim of fpight; Who, for those pardons from his prince he draws, Returns reproaches, and cries up the onufe. That year in which the city he did fway, He left rebellion in a hopeful way. Yet his ambition once was found to bold, To offer talents of extorted gold; Could David's wants have fo been brib'd, to fhame And fcandalize our peerage with his name I For which, his dear fedition he'd forfwear, And ev's turn loyal to be made a peer!

Next him, let railing Rabsheka have place, So full of zeal he has no need of grace; A faint that can both flefh and fpirit ule, Alike haunt conventicles and the ftews : Of whom the question difficult appears, If most i'th'preachers or the bawds arrears. What caution could appear too much in him That keeps the treasure of Jerusalem ! Let David's brother but approach the town, Double our guards, he cries, we are undonc. Protefting that he dares not fleep in's bcd, Left he should rife next morn without his head.

" Next thefe, a troop of bufy spirits prefs, Of little fortunes, and of confcience lefs With them the tribe, whofe luxury had drain'd Their banks, in former fequestrations gain'd; Who rich and great by past rebellions grew, And long to fifh the troubled fircams anew. Some further hopes, fome prefent payment draws, To fell their confcience and espouse the cause. Such flipends those vile hirelings best besit, Priests without grace, and poets without wit. Shall that false Hebronite escape our curse, Judas that keeps the rebels penfive purfe; Judas that pays the treason-writer's fee, Judas that well deferves his namefake's tree ; Who at Jerufalem's own gates creets His college for a nurfery of fects; Young prophets with an early care fecures, And with the dung of his own arts manures ? What have the men of Hebron here to do ? What part in Ifrael's promis'd land have you ! Here Phaleg the lay-Hebronite is come, Cause like the reft he could not live at home; Who from his own poffeffions could not drain An omer ev'n of Hebronitish grain, Here ftruts it like a patriot, and talks high Of injur'd fubjects, alter'd property : An emblem of that buzzing infect juft, That mounts the wheel, and thinks fhe raises duft.

The vital warmth of cuckoldizing juice ? Slim Phaleg could, and at the table fed, Return'd the grateful product to the bed. A waiting-man to traviling nobles chofe, He his own laws would faucily impose, 'Till baftinadoed back again he went, To learn those manners he to teach was fent, Chaftis'd he ought to have retreated home ; But he reads politics to Abfalom. For never Hebronite, though kick'd and fcorn'd, To his own country willingly return'd. -But, leaving famish'd Phaleg to be fed, And to talk treafon for his daily bread, Let Hebron, nay, let hell produce a man So made for mitchief as Ben-Jochanan ; A Jew of humble parentage was he, By trade a Levite, though of low degree : His pride no higher than the defk afpir'd ; But, for the drudgery of pricfts, was hir'd To read and pray in linen ephod brave, And pick up fingle fackels from the grave. Marry'd at laft, but finding charge come fafter, He could not live by God, but chang'd his mafter : · Lafoir d

'd by want, was made a factious tool ; got a villain, and we loft a fool. iolent, whatever caufe he took, oft against the party he forfook; inegadocs, who ne'er turn by halves, ound in confcience to be double knaves. s profe-prophet took most monstrous pains t his masters see he earn'd his gains. is the devil owes all his imps a fhame, ofe th'apoftate for his proper theme; little pains he made the picture true, rom reflexion took the rogue he drew. ndrous work, to prove the Jewish nation ry age a murm'ring generation; ace them from their infancy of finning, hew them factious from their first beginning. ove they could rebel, and rail, and mock, to the credit of the chosen flock; ing authority, which must convince, faints owe no allegiance to their prince. a leading card to make a whore ove her mother had turn'd up before. ell me, did the drunken patriarch blefs on that shew'd his father's nakedness ? hanks the prefent church thy pen will give, h proves rebellion was fo primitive. ancient failings be examples made ? murtherers from Cain may learn their trade. ou the heathen and the faint haft drawn, inks th'apoftate was the better man; :hy hot father, waving my respect, f a mother-church, but of a fect. fuch he needs must be of thy inditing, comes of drinking affes milk and writing. ack should be call'd to leave his place, ofit is the loudest call of grace, mple, disposses'd of one, would be nifh'd with fev'n devils more by thee. i, thou art a load, I'll lay thee down, hew rebellion bare, without a gown; flaves in metre, dull and addle-pated, ryhme below cv'n David's pfalms translated. in my fpcedy pace I muft out-run, / me Mephibosheth the wizard's fon : ake quick way, I'll leap o'er heavy blocks, rotten Uzza as I would the pox; naiten Og and Docg to rehearie, fools that crutch their feeble fenfe on verfe ; by my Mufe to all fucceeding times, live in fpight of their own doggrel rhymes. :g, though without knowing how or why, ftill a blund'ring kind of mclody; 'd boldly on, and dash'd thro' thick and thin, fense and nonsense, never out nor in; rom all meaning, whether good or bad, n one word, heroically mad : is too warm on picking-work to dwell, igotted his notions as they fell, f they rhym'd and rattl'd, all was well; ul he is not, though he wrote a fatyr, ill there goes fome thinking to ill-nature eds no more than birds and beafts to think; is occasions are to eat and drink. call rogue and raical from a garret, ans you no more mifchief than a parrot :

The words for friend and foe alike were made : To fetter them in verfe is all his trade. For almonds he'll cry whore to his own mother: And call young Abfalom king David's brother. Let him be gallows-free by my confent, And nothing fuffer fince he nothing meant; Hanging supposes human foul and reason; This animal's below committing treason : Shall he be hang'd who never could rebel ? That's a preferment for Achitophel. The woman that committed buggery Was rightly fentenc'd by the law to die; But 'twas hard fate that to the gallows led The dog that never heard the flatute read. Railing in other men may be a crime, But ought to pass for mere inftinct in him : Inftinct he follows, and no farther knows For to write verfe with him is to transprofe. 'Twere pity treafon at his door to lay, Who makes heav'n's gate a lock to its own key : Let him rail on, let his invective Mule Have four-and-twenty letters to abufe; Which, if he jumbles to one line of fenie, Indict him of a capital offence. In fire-works give him leave to vent his fpight, Those are the only serpents he can write; The height of his ambition is, we know, But to be mafter of a puppet-flow ; On that one stage his works may yet appear : And a month's harvest keeps him all the year.

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Now ftop your nofes, readers, all and foine,] For here's a ton of midnight-work to come, Og from a treafon-tavern rowling home. Round as a globe, and liquor'd ev'ry chink, Goodly and great he fails behind his link ; With all this bulk there's nothing loft in Og; For ev'ry inch that is not fool is rogue : A monstrous mass of foul corrupted matter, As all the devils had fpew'd to make the batter. When winc has giv'n him courage to blafpheme, He curfes God, but God before curft him ; And, if man could have reafon, none has more, That made his paunch fo rich, and him fo poor. With wealth he was not trufted, for Heav'n knew What 'twas of old to pamper up a Jew; To what would he on quail and pheafant fivell, That ev'n on tripe and carrion could rebel ? But tho' Heav'n made him poor, with rev'rence He never was a poet of God's making; [speaking, The midwife laid her hand on his thick fkull, With this prophetic blefing-" Be thou dull Drink, fwear, and roar, forbear no lewd delight Fit for thy bulk ; do any thing but write : Thou art of lafting make, like thoughtless men, A ftrong nativity—but for the pen ! Eat opium, mingle arfenic in thy drink, Still thou mayft live, avoiding pen and ink : I fce, I fee, 'tis counfel given in vain, For treason botcht in ryhme will be thy bane : Rhyme is the rock on which thou art to wreck, 'Tis fatal to thy fame and to thy neck : Why fhould thy metre good king David blaft ? A plalm of his will furely be thy laft. Dar'ft thou prefume in verfe to meet thy focs, Thou whom the penny pamphlet foil'd in profe > \$ 3 Does, Doeg, whom God for mankind's mirth has made, O'ertops thy talent in thy very trade; Doeg to thee, thy paintings are to coarfe, A poet is, tho' he's the poet's horfe. A double noofe thou on thy neck doft pull For writing treafon, and for writing dull; To die for faction is a common evil; But to be hang'd for nonfenfe is the devil ! Hadft thou the glories of thy king expreft, Thy peaks had been fatyr at the beft; But thou in clumfy verfe, unlickt, unpointed, Hatf thamefully defy'd the Lord's anointed : I will not rake the dunghill of thy crimes, For who would read thy life that reads thy rhymes? But of king David's foes be this the doom,

May all be like the young man Abfalom !

And for my foes, may this their bleffing be, To talk like Doeg, and to write like thee !" Achitophel each rank, degree, and age, For various ends neglects not to engage; The wife and rich for purfe and counfel brought, The fools and beggars for their number fought: Who yet not only on the town depends, For ev'n in court the faction had its friends; These thought the places they poffest too fmall, And in their hearts with'd court and king to fall : Whole names the Mule difdaining, holds i'th'dark, Thruft in the villain herd without a mark ; With parafites and libel-fpawning imps, Intriguing fops, dull jefters, and worfe pimps. Difdain the rafcal rabble to purfue, Their fet cabals are yet a viler crew; See where involv'd in common fmoke they fit; Some for our mirth, fome for our fatvr fit : These gloomy, thoughtful, and on mischief bent, While those for mere good fellowship frequent Th'appointed club, can let fedition pafs, Senfe, nonfenfe, any thing t'e ploy the glafs; And who believe in their dull honeft hearts. The reft talk treafon but to fnew their parts ; Who ne'er had wit or will for mifchief yet, 'Bu pleas'd to be reputed of a fet.

But in the facred annals of our plot, Industrious Arod never be forgot : The labours of this midnight-magistrate May vie with Corah's, to preferve the flate. In fearch of arms he fail'd not to lay hold On war's most pow'rful, dang'rous weapon, gold. And laft, to take from Jebusites all odds, Their altars pillag'd, itole their very gods ! Oft would he cry, when treafure he furpriz'd, 'Tis Baalifh gold in David's coin difguis'd : Which to his houfe with richer relics came, While lumber idols only fed the flame : For our wife rabble ne'er took pains t'enquire What 'twas he burnt, fo't made a roufing fire. With which our elder was earicht no more Than falfe Gehazi with the Syrian's ftore; So poor, that when our chufing-tribes were met, Ev'n for his flinking votes he ran in debt ; For meat the wicked, and as authors think, The faints he chous'd for his electing drink ; Thus ev'ry thift and fubtle method pait, And all to be no Zaken at the laft.

Now, rais'd on Tyre's fad ruins, Pharaoh's priz Soar'd high, his legions threat'ning far and wize; As when a battering florm engender'd high, By winds upheld, hangs hov'ring in the fay, Is gaz'd upon by ee'ry trembling (wain; This for his vineyard fears, and that his grain; For blooming plants, and flow'rs new opening, thefg,

For lambs yean'd lately, and far-labouring bes: To guard his flock each to the gods does call, Uncertain where the fire-charg'd clouds will fall: Ev'n to the doubtful nations watch his arms, With terror each expecting his alarms. Where, Judah, where was now the lion's rear? Thou only couldit the captive lands reflore : But thou, with inbred broils and faction pref, From Egypt need'ft a guardian with the reft. Thy prince from fanhedrims no truft allow'd, Too much the representers of the crowd. Who for their own defence give no fupply, But what the crown's prerogatives must buy: As if their monarch's rights to violate More needful were than to preferve the flate! From prefent dangers they divert their care, And all their fears are of the royal heir; Whom now the reigning malice of his foes, Unjudg'd would fentence, and ere crown depoie, Religion the pretence, but their decree To bar his reign, whate'er his faith shall be! By fanhedrims and clam'rous crowds thus pet, What pations rent the righteous David's break! Who knows not how t'oppofe or to comply, Unjust to grant, and dang'rous to deny! How near in this dark juncture Ifrael's fate, Whofe peace one fole expedient could create, Which yet th'extremest virtue did require, Ev'n of that prince whole downfal they confpire! His absence David does with tears advise, T'appease their rage. Undaunted he complis; Thus he who prodigal of blood and cafe, A royal life expos'd to winds and fcas, At once contending with the waves and fire, And heading danger in the wars of Tyre, Inglorious now forfakes his native fand, And, like an exile, quits the promis'd land ! Our monarch fcarce from preffing tears refrains, And painfully his royal state maintains; Who now embracing on th'extremest fhore, Almost revokes what he enjoin'd before : Concludes at last more trust to be allow'd To ftorms and feas than to the raging crowd ! Forbear, rash Mule, the parting fcene to draw, With filence charm'd as deep as theirs that faw' Not only our attending nobles weep, But hardy failors fwell with tears the deep ! The tide reftrain'd her courfe, and more amaz'd, The twin-ftars on the royal brothers gaz'd: While this fole fear-Does trouble to our fuffering hero bring, Left next the pop'lar rage oppress the king ! Thus parting, each for th'other's danger gner's

Thus parting, each for th'other's danger grierd, The fhore the king, and feas the prince received Go, injur'd hero, while propitious gales, Soft as thy confort's breath, infpire thy fails:

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I may the truft her beauties on a flood, ere thy triumphant fleets fo oft have rode ! on thy breaft reclin'd her reft be deep, .'d like a Nercid by the waves afleep; le happieit dreams her fancy entertain, to Elyfian fields convert the main ! injur'd hero, while the shores of Tyre iy approach fo filent fhall admire, on thy thunder fill their thoughts employ, greet thy landing with a trembling joy. 1 heroes thus the prophet's fate is thrown, ir'd by ev'ry nation but their own ; while our factious Jews his worth deny. r aking confeience gives their tongue the lie. in the worft of men the nobleit parts efs him, and he triumphs in their hearts, m to his king the belt refpects commend bject, foldier, kinfman, prince, and friend; acred names of most divine effecm, to perfection all fuftain'd by him; , juft, and conftant, courtly without art, to difcern and to reward defert ; our of his in fruitlets cafe deftroy'd, in the nobleit fubicits still employ'd : fe fteady foul ne'er learn'd to feparate cen his monarch's int'reft and the flate; seaps those bleffings on the royal head, h he well knows must be on subjects shed.

what pretence could then the vulgar rage if his worth and native rights engage ? ious fears their argument are made, ious fears his facred rights invade ! ture fuperfition they complain, Jebutitic worthip in his reign : fuch alarms his foes the crowd deceive ; dangers fright which not themfelves believe, ce nothing can our facred rites remove, :c'er the faith of the fucceffor prove : lews their ark shall undisturb'd retain, aft while their religion is their gain, know, by old experience, Baal's commands nly claim'd their confcience but their lands; grudge God's tythes, how therefore shall lol full pofferition of the field? [they yield : fuch a prince enthron'd, we must confeis cople's fufferings than that monarch's lefs, must to hard conditions still be bound, for his quict with the crowd compound ; ould his thoughts to tyranny incline, c are the means to compais the defign ? rown's revenues are too fhort a ftore, ealous fanhedrims would give no more. vain our fears of Egypt's potent aid,) has Pharaoh learn'd ambition's trade, ver with fuch measures can comply, ock the common rules of policy dread like him the growth of Ifracl's king; ie alone fufficient aids can bring; knows that prince to Egypt can give law; on our stubborn tribes his yoke could draw, :h profound expence he has not flood, I'd for this his hands fo deep in blood ; [take, d ne'er thro' wrong and right his progrefs

To fix a lawless prince on Judah's throne, First to invade our rights, and then his own : His dear-gain'd conquetts cheaply to defpoil, And reap the harvest of his crimes and toil. We grant his wealth vaft as our ocean's fand, And curfe its fatal influence on our land, Which our brib'd Jews fo num roufly partake, That ev'n an hoft his penfioners would make; From these deceivers our divisions spring, Our weakness, and the growth of Egypt's king; Thefe with pretended friendship to the state, Our crowd's fulpicion of their prince create ; Both pleas'd and frighten'd with the foecious cry, To guard their facred rights and property; To ruin, thus the chofen flock are fold, While wolves are ta'en for guardians of the fold ; Seduc'd by thefe we groundlefsly complain, And loath the manna of a gentle reign : Thus cur forefathers crooked paths are trod; We truft our prince no more than they their God. But all in vain our reas'ning prophets preach, To those whom fad experience ne'er could teach, Who can commence new broils in bleeding fcars, And fresh remembrance of intestine wars; When the fame houfhold mortal foes did yield, And brothers flain'd with brothers blood the field; When fons curit fteel the fathers gore did ftain, And mothers mourn'd for fons by fathers flain ! When thick as Egypt's locufts on the fand, Our tribes lay flaughter'd thro' the promis'd land, Whole few lurvivors with worle fate remain, To drag the bondage of a tyrant's reign : Which icene of woes, unknowing, we renew, And madly, ev'n those ills we fear, purfue ; While Pharaoh laughs at our domettic broils, And fafely crowds his tents with nations fpoils. Yet our fierce fanhedrim in reftlefs rage, Against our abfent hero still engage, And chiefly urge, fuch did their phrenzy prove, The only fuit their prince forbids to move; Which till obtain'd they cease affairs of state, And real dangers wave for groundlefs hate. Long David's patience waits relief to bring, With all th'indulgence of a lawful king, Expecting still the troubled waves would ceafe ; . But found the raging billows still increase. The crowd, whole infolence forbearance fwells, While he forgives too far, almost rebels. At last his deep refertments filence broke; Th'imperial palace fhook, while thus he fpoke:

Then Juffice wake, and Rigour take her time, For lo ! our mercy is become our crime. While halting Punishment her ftroke delays, Our fov'reign right, Heav'n's facred truft, decays ! For whofe support ev'n subjects interest calls, Woe to that kingdom where the monarch falls ! That prince who yields the least of regal fivay, So far his people's freedom does betray. Right lives by law, and law fubfilts by pow'r; Difarm the shepherd, wolves the flock devour. Hard lot of empire o'er a flubborn race, Which Heav'n itfelf in vain has try'd with grace ! Whenwill our reafon's long-charm'd eyes un zloic, e his own reft, and keep the world awake, And Ifrael judge between her friends and foes ? Wher S 4

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When shall we fee expir'd deceivers fway, And credit what our God and monarchs fay ? Diffembled patriots, brib'd with Egypt's gold, Ev'n fanhedrims in blind obedience hold; Those patriots falshood in their actions see, And judge by the pernicious fruit the tree; If aught for which fo loudly they declaim, Religion, laws, and freedom, were their aim ; Our fenates in due methods they had led, T'avoid thofe mifchiefs which they feem'd todread; But first ere yet they propt the finking state, T'impeach and charge, as urg'd by private hate ; Proves that they ne'er believ'd the fears they preft, But barbaroufly deftroy'd the nation's reft ! O! whither will ungovern'd fenates drive, And to what bounds licentious votes arrive ? When their injustice we are press'd to share, The monarch urg'd t'exclude the lawful heir ; Are princes thus diftinguish'd from the crow'd, And this the privilege of royal blood ? But grant we fhould confirm the wrongs they prefs, His fufferings vet were than the people's lefs; Condemn'd for life the murdering fword to wield, And on their heirs entail a bloody field : Thus madly their own freedom they betray, And for th'opprefion which they fear make way; Succeilion fix'd by Heav'n, the kingdom's bar, Which once diffolv'd, admits the flood of war, Wafte, rapine, fpoil, without, th'aflault begin; And our mad tribes fupplant the fence within. Since then their good they will not understand, 'Tis time to take the monarch's power in hand ; Authority and force to join with skill, And fave the lunatics against their will. [peafe The fame rough means that fwage the crowd, ap-[peafe Our fenate's raging with the crowd's difeafe. Henceforth unbials'd measures let them draw From no falfe glofs, but genuine text of law; Nor urge those crimes upon religion's fcore, Themselves fo much in Jebusites abhor. Whom laws convict, and only they, fhall bleed, Nor Pharifees by Pharifees be freed. Impartial juffice from our throne fhall flow'r; All thall have right, and we our fov'reign pow'r.

He faid ; th'attendants heard with awful jey, And glad prefages their fix'd thoughts employ; From Hebron now the fuffering heir return'd, A realm that long with civil difcord mourn'd; Till his approach, like fome arriving god, Compos'd and heal'd the place of his abode ; The deluge check'd that to Judea fpread, And ftopp'd sedition at the fountain's head. Thus in forgiving David's paths he drives, And, chac'd from Ifrael, Ifrael's peace contrives, The field confeisid his power in arms before, And feas proclaim'd his triumphs to the fhore ; As nobly has his fivay in Hebron flown, How fit tinherit godlike David's throne. Thro' Sion's fircets his glad arrival's fpread, And confcious faction thrinks her facky head ; IIis train their fufferings think o'erpaid, to fee The crowd's applaule with virtue once agree. Success charms all, but zeal for worth distrest A virtue proper to the brave and beft; . . **.** .

'Mongft whom was Jothran, Jothran always bent To ferve the crown, and loyal by defeent; Whofe conftancy fo firm, and conduct juft, Deferv'd at once two royal mafters truft; Who Tyre's proud arms had manfully withftood On feas, and gather'd laurels from the flood; Of learning yet, no portion was deny'd; Friend to the Mufes, and the Mufes pride. Nor can Benaiah's worth forgotten lie, Of fteady foul when public ftorms were high; Whofe conduct, while the Moor fierce onfets made, Secur'd at once our honour and our trade. Such were the chiefs who moft his fufferings mourn'd,

And view'd with filent joy the prince return'd; While those that sought his absence to betray, Prefs first their nauseous falle respects to pay; Him still th'officious hypocrites molest, And with malicious duty break his rest.

While real transports thus his friends employ, And foes are loud in their diffembled joy, His triumphs fo refounded far and near. Mifs'd not his young ambitious rival's car; And as when joyful hunters clamorous train Some flumbering lion wakes in Moab's plain, Who oft had forc'd the bold affailants yield, And fcatter'd his purfuers thro' the field, Difdaining, furls his mane and tears the ground, His cycs enflaming all the defart round, With roar of feas directs his chacers way Provokes from far, and dares them to the fray; Such rage ftorm'd now in Abfalom's fierce breaft, Such indignation his fir'd eyes confeft ; Where now was the inftructor of his pride ? Slept the old pilot in fo rough a tide ? Whofe wiles had from the happy fhore betray'd, And thus on fhelves the credulous youth convey'd;

In deep revolving thoughts he weighs his ftate, Secure of craft, nor doubts to baffle fate; At leaft, if his ftorm'd bark muft go adrift, To baulk his charge, and for himfelf to thift, In which his dext'rous wit had oft been flown, And in the wreck of kingdoms fav'd his own ; But now with more than common danger preft, Of various refolutions stands posses, Perceives the crowd's unftable zeal decay, Left their recanting chief the caufe betray; Who on a father's grace his hopes may ground, And for his pardon with their heads compound. Him therefore, cre his fortune flip her time, The statesman plots t'engage in some bold crime Paft pardon, whether to attempt his bed, Or treat with open arms the royal head, Or other daring method, and unjuft, That may confirm him in the people's truft; But failing thus t'eninare him, nor fecure How long his foil'd ambition may endure, Plots next to lay him by as past his date, And try fome new pretender's luckier fate; Whofe hopes with equal toil he would purfue, Nor cares what claimer's crown'd, except the true, Wake, Abfalom, approaching ruin fhun, And fee, O fee, for whom thou art undone ! How

those glorious

rre thy honours and thy fame betray'd, roperty of defp'rate villains made ! ower and confcious fears their crimes create, juilt in them was little lefs than fate ; hy fhouldft thou, from ev'ry grievance free, ce thy vineyards for their ftormy fea ? use did Canaan's milk and honey flow ; drefs'd thy bowers, and laurels fought thy brow ;

ment, wealth, and power, thy vaffals were, of a monarch all things but the care. ould our crimes again that curfe draw down, rebel-arms once more attempt the crown, ruin waits unhappy Abfalom,

: by conqueft or defeat undone; could relentle's fee fuch youth and charms e with wretched fate in impious arms? ince fo form'd with earth's and Heaven's applaufe,

iumph o'er crown'd heads in David's caufe : ant him victor, still his hopes must fail, conquering would not for himfelf prevail; faction whom he trufts for future fway, and the public would alike betray ngft themfelves divide the captive flate, found their hydra-empire in his fate having beat the clouds with painful flight, pity'd youth, with sceptres in his fight, ive their cruel politics decreed, , by that creav that made him guilty, bleed ! could their pride brook any prince's fivay, m but mild David would they chuse t'obcy ?) once at fuch a gentle reign repine, fall of monarchy itself defign; 1 hate to that their reformations fpring, David not their grievance, but the king. d now with panic fear, the faction lies, this clear truth ftrike Abfalom's charm'd eyes; he perceive, from long enchantment free, it all belide the flatter'd youth must fee. whate'er doubts his troubled bofom fwell, carriage still became Achitophel. > now an envious festival enstals, to furvey their ftrength the faction calls ich fraud, religious worship too must gild; oh how weakly does fedition build ! lo | the royal mandate iffues forth, ing at once their treafon, zeal, and mirth ! ave I feen difastrous chance invade. ere careful emmets had their forage laid, ether fierce Vulcan's rage the furzy plain fciz'd, engender'd by fome careles fwain; welling Neptune lawlefs inroads made, to their cell of ftore his flood convey'd; commonwealth broke up, distracted go, I in wild hafte their loaded mates o'erthrow; 1 fo our fcatter'd guefts confus'dly meet, h boil'd, bak'd, roaft, all juffling in the ftreet; :Eting all, and ruefully difmay'd, shekel without treat or treason paid. edition's dark eclipie now fainter shows ; re bright each hour the royal planet grows, orce the clouds of envy to difperfe, ind conjunction of atlifting ftars.

Here, lab'ring Mufe, those glorious chiefs relate, That turn'd the doubtful fcale of David's fate; The reft of that illustrious band rehearfe, Immortaliz'd in laurel'd Afaph's verse : Hard task ! yet will not I thy flight recal; View hcav'n, and then enjoy thy glorious fall,

First write Bezaliel, whose illustrious name Forestalls our praise, and gives his poet fame. The Kenites rocky province his command, A barren limb of fertile Canaan's land Which for its generous natives yet could be Held worthy fuch a prefident as he ! Bezaliel with each grace and virtue fraught, Serene his looks; ferene his life and thought; On whom fo largely nature heap'd her ftore, There fcarce remain'd for arts to give him more! To aid the crown and ftate his greateft zeal, His fecond care that fervice to conceal: Of dues observant, firm to ev'ry truft, And to the needy always more than just. Who truth from specious falshood can divide, Has all the gownfmens skill without their pride; Thus crown'd with worth from heights of honour Sees all his glories copy'd in his fon ; [won_ Whofe forward fame fhould cv'ry Mufe engage : Whofe youth boafts fkill deny'd to others age, Men, manners, language, books of nobleft kind, Already are the conquest of his mind. Whole loyalty before its date was prime; Nor waited the dull course of rolling time : The monster Faction early he difmay'd, And David's caufe long fince confels'd his aid.

Brave Abdael o'er the prophet's fchool was plac'd;

Abdael with all his father's virtue grac'd; A hero, who, while stars look'd wond'ring down. Without one Hebrew's blood reftor'd the crown. That praise was his; what therefore did remain For following chiefs, but boldly to maintain That crown reftor'd ; and in this rank of fame, Brave Abdael with the first a place must claim. Proceed, illustrious, happy chief ! proceed, Forefeize the garlands for thy brow decreed, While th'infpir'd tribe attend with noblett ftrain To register the glories thou shalt gain : For fure the dew shall Gilboah's hills forfake, And Jordan mix his ftream with Sodom's lake; Or feas retir'd their fecret ftores difclofe, And to the fun their fcaly brood expose; Or fwell'd above the clifts their billows raife, Before the Muses leave their patron's praise. Eliab our next labour docs invite, And hard the tafk to do Eliab right : Long with the royal wanderer he rov'd, And firm in all the turns of fortune prov'd ! Such ancient fervice, and defert fo large, Well claim'd the royal houfhold for his charge. His age with only one mild heirefs bleft, In all the bloom of fmiling nature dreft, And bleft again to fee his flow'r ally'd To David's flock, and made young Othniel's

bride ! The bright restorer of his father's youth, `

Devoted to a fon's and fubject's truth :

Refolv'd

Refolv'd to bear that prize of duty home, So bravely fought, while fought by Abialom. Ah prize! th'illuftrious planet of thy birth, And thy more pow'rful virtue guard thy worth, That no Achitophel thy ruin boaft; Ifrael too much in one fuch wreck has loft.

Ev'n cavv must confent to Helon's worth, Whofe foul, the' Egypt glories in his birth, Could for our captive-ark its zeal retain, And Pharaoh's altars in their pomp difdam : To flight his gods was finail; with nobler pride, He all th'allurements of his court defy'd. Whom profit nor example could betray, But Ifrael's friend, and true to David's tway. What acts of favour in his province fall, On merit he confers, and freely all.

Our lift of nobles next let Amri grace, Whofe merits claim'd the Abethdin's high place; Who with a lovalty that did excel. Brought all th'endowments of Achitophel. Sincere was Amri, and not only knew, But Ifrael's fanctions into practice drew; Our laws, that did a boundlefs ocean feein. Were coafted all, and fathom d all by him. No rabbin fpeaks like him their myftic fenfe, So juft, and with fuch charms of eloquence : To whom the double bleffing does belong, With Mofes' infpiration. Aaron's tongue. Than Shava none more loyal zeal have flown, Wakeful as Judah's lion for the crown, Who for that caufe ftill combats in his age, For which his youth with danger did engage. In vain our factious priests the cant revive ; In vain feditious feribes with libel ftrive T'enflame the crowd; while he with watchful eye Obferves, and thoots their treations as they fly : Their weekly frauds his keen replies detect; He undeceives more fast than they infect. So Mofes, when the peft on legions prey'd, Advanc'd his fignal, and the plague was flav'd.

Once more, my fainting Mule, thy pinions try, And ftrength's exhautted fore let love fupply. What tribute, A faph, fhall we render thee? We'll crown the with a wreath from thy own tree! Thy laurel grove no envy's flafh can blaft; The fong of Afaph fhall for ever laft. With wonder late pofterity fhall dwell On Abfalom and falle Achitophel: Thy trains thall be our flumb'ring prophets dream, And when our Sion virgins fing their theme, Our jubiles fhall with thy verte be grac'd; The fong of Afaph fhall for ever laft. [tame;

How fierce his fayr loos'd; reftrain'd, how How tender of th'offending young man's fame ! How well his worth, and brave adventures fill'd; Juft to his virtues, to his errors mild. No page of thine, that fears the tricflett view, But teems with juft reproof, or praife as true : Not Eden cou'd a fairer profpect vield; All paradife without one barren field : Whofe wit the cenfure of his foes has paft; The fong of Afaph thall for ever laft.

What praife for fuch rich itrains fhall we allow ? What just rewards the grateful crown below ? While bees in flow'rs rejoice, and flow'rs in er, While itars and fountains to their course aretre, While Judah's throne and Sion's rock franding The fong of Afaph and the fame thall laft.

Still Hebron's honour'd happy ful retains Our royal hero's beauteous de ir remains ; Who now fails off with winds nor withes fact To bring his fuff'rings bright companion back. But cre luch transport can our fense employ, A bitter grief must poifon half our joy; Nor can our coafts rettor'd those blettings fet Without a bribe to envious dettiny ! Curs'd Sodom's doom for ever fix the tide Where, by inglorious chance, the valiant dy's' Give not infulting Afkalon to know, Nor let Gath's daughters triumph in our wot! No failor with the news fwell Egypt's pnde, By what inglorious fate our valiant dy'd! Weep, Arnon ! Jordan, weep thy fountains While Sion's rock diffolves for a fupply.

Calm were the elements, night's filence day The waves fcarce murin'ring, and the winds ale Yet fate for ruin takes fo ftill an hour, And treach'rous fands the princely bark deres; Then death unworthy feiz'd a gen'rous race, To virtue's fcandal, and the ftars difgrace ! Oh ! had th'indulgent pow'rs vouchiaf'd to vide Inftead of faithless fhelves, a lifted field; A lifted field of Heav'n's and David's foes, Fierce as the troops that did his youth oppole Each life had on his flaughter'd heap retird, Not tamely, and unconquering thus expirid; But deftiny is now their only toc, And dying ev'n o'er that they triumph too; With loud last breaths their master's scape appling, Of whom kind force could fcarce the fates defrast, Who for fuch followers loft, O matchlefs ma At his own fafety now almost repin'd ! Say, royal Sir, by all your fame in arms, Your praise in peace, and by Urania's channe, If all your full rings part to nearly preft, Or pierc'd with half to painful grief your break!

Thus forme diviner Mufe her hero forms, Not footh'd with foft delights, but toft in forms. Nor fretch'd on roles in the myrtle grove, Nor crowns his days with mirth, his nights with love.

But far remov'd in thund'ring camps is found. His flumbers fhort, his bed the herblefs ground: In tafks of danger always feen the firft, Feeds from the hedge, and ilakes with ice histhift. Long muft his patience firive with fortune's ray. And long oppoing gods themfelves engage; Muft fee his country flame, his friends deitrog', Before the promis'd empire be enjoy'd: Such toil of fate muft build a man of fame, And fuch, to Ifrael's crown, the god-like David came.

What fudden beams difpel the clouds fo fai, Whofe drenching rains laid all our vineyardswaft' The fpring fo far behind her courfe delay'd, On th'inftant is in all her bloom array'd: The winds breathe low, the element forene; Yet mark what motion in the wayes is feen ' Thronger

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nging and bufy as Hyblæan fwarms, raggled foldiers fummon'd to their arms. where the princely bark, in loofeft pride, 1 all her guardian fleet adorns the tide l 1 on her deck the royal lovers stand, crimes to pardon ere they touch'd our land. come to Israel and to David's breast ! all your toils, here all your fuff'rings reft. his year did Ziloah rule Jerufalem, boldly all fedition's Syrtes ftem, e'er incumber'd with a viler pair n Ziph or Shimei to affift the chair; Ziloah's loyal labours fo prevail'd; t faction at the next election fail'd; :n ev'n the common cry did juftice found, merit by the multitude was crown'd : n David then was Ifrael's peace reftor'd; vds mourn'd their error, and obey'd their lord,

Key to Absalom and Achitophel.

| _ | 5 | · · | S |
|--------------|-----|--|----|
| cl. | | ∫ General Monk, Duke of | S |
| ••• | | 1 Albemarle. | S |
| <i>ur_</i> | | The name giv'n thro' this | 3 |
| idin, | | poem to a Lord-Chan- cellor in general. | i |
| lom, | | Duke of Monmouth. | |
| ophel, | | The Earl of Shafteibury. | Ż |
| el, | | Earl of Mulgrave. | |
| 5 | | Sir Edmundbury Godfrey. | 2 |
| | | ∫ Mr. Seymour, Speaker of | 12 |
| · <i>l</i> , | _ | the House of Commons. | 2 |
| ~ | | Sir Heneage Finch, Earl | |
| <i>i</i> , | - | of Winchelfea, and | |
| | | Lord-Chancellor. | Ś |
| ubel, | - | Duchefs of Monmouth. | |
| ', | ' | Sir William Waller. | |
| - | | A Character drawn by | |
| h, | | Tate for Dryden, in the | Ι. |
| | | fecond part of this Poem. | 1 |
| am, | - | Earl of Huntingdon. | |
| ak, | | Barnet. | |
| sillai, | | Duke of Ormond. | 1 |
| heba, | | Duchels of Portfmouth. | 1: |
| uah, | - | General Sackville. | H |
| Jochanan, | • | Rev. Mr. Sam. Johnson. | Ι. |
| diel, | | Duke of Beaufort. | Ľ |
| 6, | | Lord Grey. | ١. |
| h, | | Dr. Oates. Charles II. | I, |
| rid, | | Elkanah Settle. | |
| 5 | | | ł |
| bt, | _ | France. . Sir Hen, Bennet, Earl of | |
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| ic-Plot, | _ | The Popish-Plot. | 1 |
| 11-1 1013 | | The Land of Exile, more | 1 |
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| | | long refided. | ŀ |
| ·on, | | Scotland. | ŀ |
| ew Prieft | ٢. | The Ch. of Engl. Clergy. | ŀ |
| л, | - , | Earl of Feversham. | 1. |
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| Yews, | | Englifh. |
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| Jonas, | , | Sir William Jones. |
| Jordan, | | Dever. |
| Jutham, | <u> </u> | Marquis of Halifax. |
| Jothran, | · | Lord Dartmouth. |
| Unbasheth, | <u> </u> | Richard Cromwell. |
| İfrael, | | England. |
| Ì∬achar, | - | Thomas Thynne, Efg. |
| Judas. | | Mr. Ferguson, a canting |
| juaus, | | [Teacher. |
| Ishban, | | Sir Robert Clayton. |
| Mephibosheth, | | Pordage. |
| Michal, | | Queen Catharine. |
| Nadab, | | Lord Howard of Elcrick. |
| Og, | | Shadwell. |
| Phaleg, | | Forbes. |
| Phar.Joh, | | King of France. |
| Rab/heka, | - | Sir Thomas Player. |
| Sayan of Jeru | falem, | Dr.Compton, Bp.of Lond. |
| Sanhedrim, | | Parliament. |
| Sayl, | | Oliver Cromwell. |
| Shimei, | | Sheriff Bethell. |
| Sheva, | | Sir Roger Leftrange, |
| Solymean Rout | , | London Rebels. |
| Tyre, | | Holland. |
| | | |
| Uzza, | | Jack Hall. |
| | | Jack Hall. |
| Uzza, Zadoc, | _ | Jack Hall. Sancroft, Archbishop of Canterbury. |
| Zadoc, | _ | Jack Hall. Sancroft, Archbishop of Canterbury. |
| | _ | Jack Hall. Sancroft, Archbishop of Canterbury. A Member of the House of Commons. |
| Zadoc, | | Jack Hall. Sancroft, Archbishop of Canterbury. A Member of the House of Commons. |
| Zadoc, Zaken, | | Jack Hall. Sancroft, Archbishop of Canterbury. A Member of the House |

Palamon and Arcite; or, the Knight's § 27. Tale. DRYDEN.

BOOK I.

IN days of old, there liv'd, of mighty fame, A valiant prince, and Thefeus was his name : A chief who more in feats of arms excell'd, The rifing nor the fetting fun beheld. Of Athens he was lord; much land he won, And added foreign countries to his crown. In Scythia with the warrior queen he strove, Whom first by force he conquer'd, then by love; He brought in triumph back the beauteous dame, With whom her fifter, fair Emilia, came. With honour to his home let Thefeus ride With love to friend, and fortune for his guide, And his victorious army at his fide. I pass their warlike pomp, their proud array, Their shouts, their songs, their welcome on the wav :

But, were it not too long, I would recite The feats of Amazons, the fatal fight Betwixt the hardy queen and hero knight; The town befieg'd, and how much blood it coft The female army and th'Athenian hoft ; The 'fpousals of Hippolita, the queen; What tilts and turneys at the feaft were feen; The form at their return, the ladies fear : But these, and other things, I must forbear. The field is spacious I defign to fow, With oxen far unfit to draw the plow:

The

The remnant of my tale is of a length To tire your patience, and to wafte my firength; And trivial accidents shall be forborn, That others may have time to take their turn; As was at first enjoin'd us by mine host, That he whofe tale is best, and pleafes most, Should win his supper at our common cost.

And, therefore, where I left, I will purfue, This ancient flory, whether falle or true, In hope it may be mended with a new. The prince I mention'd, full of high renown, In this array drew near th'Athenian town; When in his pomp and utmost of his pride, Marching he chane'd to caft his eye ande, And faw a choir of mourning dames, who lay By two and two acrofs the common way: At his approach they rais'd a rueful cry, [high, And beat their breafts, and held their hands on Creeping and crying, till they feiz'd at laft His courfer's bridle, and his feet embrac'd.

Tell me, faid Thefeus, what and whence you are.

And why this fun'ral pageant you prepare? Is this the welcome of my worthy decds, To meet my triumph in ill-omeu'd weeds? Or envy you my praife, and would defroy With grief my pleafures, and pollute my joy? Or are you injur'd, and demand relief? Name your requeft, and I will eafe your grief.

The most in years of all the mourning train Began (but fwooned first away for pain); Then, fcarce recover'd, fpoke : Nor envy we Thy great renown, nor grudge thy victory; Tis thine, O king, th'afflicted to redrefs, And fame has fill'd the world with thy fucces: Wc, wretched women, fue for that alone, Which of thy goodness is refus d to none; Let fall some drops of pity on our grief, If what we beg be just, and we deferve relief: For none of us, who now thy grace implore, But held the rank of fov'reign queen before; Till, thanks to giddy chance, which never bears, That mortal blifs fhould laft for length of years, She caft us headlong from our high eftate, And here, in hope of thy return, we wait : And long have waited in the temple nigh, Built to the gracious goddefs Clemency. But rev'rence thou the Pow'r whole name it bears. Relieve th'opprefs'd, and wipe the widow's tears; J, wretched I, have other fortune feen, The wife of Capaneus, and once a queen. At Thebes he fell; curs'd be the fatal day! And all the rest thou sees in this array, To make their moan, their lords in battle lost, Before that town befieg'd by our confed'rate hoft : But Creon, old and impious, who commands The Theban city, and usurps the lands, Denies the rites of fun'ral fires to those Whole breathless bodies yet he calls his focs. Unburn'd, unbury'd, on a heap they lie; Such is their fate, and fuch his tyranny; No friend has leave to bear away the dead, But with their lifeless limbs his hounds are fed 1 At this fic fhrick'd aloud; the mournful train Echo'd her grief, and, grov'ling on the plain,

With groans, and hands upheld, to move his mind, Befought his pity to their helplefs kind !

The prince was touch'd, his tears began to flow, And, as his tender heart would break in two, He figh'd; and could not but their fate deplore, So wretched now, fo forcunate before. Then lightly from his lofty fleed he flew, And railing, one by one, the fuppliant crew, To comfort each, full folemnly he fivore, That by the faith which knights to knighthood bore.

And whate'er elfe to chivalry belongs He would not cease till he reveng'd their wrongs : That Greece should fee perform'd what he de-And cruel Creon find his juft reward. [clar'd, He faid no more; but, fhunning all delay, Rode on: nor enter'd Athens on his way: But left his fifter and his queen behind, And wav'd his royal banner in the wind : Where in an argent field the God of War Was drawn triumphant on his iron car: Red was his fword, and fhield, and whole attire : And all the godhead fcem'd to glow with fire; Ev'n the ground glitter'd where the standard flew, And the green grafs was dy'd to fanguine hue. High on his pointed lance his pennon bore His Cretan fight, the conquer'd Minotaur : The foldiers fhout around with gen'rous rage, And in that victory their own prefage. He prais'd their ardour, inly pleas'd to fee His hoft the flow'r of Grecian chivalry. All day he march'd, and all th'enfuing night, And faw the city with returning light. The process of the war I need not tell, How Thefeus conquer'd, and how Creon fell: Or after, how by from the walls were won, Or how the victor fack'd and burn'd the town : How to the ladies he reftor'd again The bodies of their lords in battle flain : And with what ancient rites they were interr'd; All these to fitter times shall be deferred. I fpare the widow's tears, their woeful cries, And howling at their hufband's obfequies; How Thefeus at these fun'rals did affist, And with what gifts the mourning dames difmifs'd.

Thus, when the victor chief had Creon flain, And conquer'd Thebes, he pitch'd upon the plain His mighty camp, and, when the day return'd, The country wafted, and the hamlets burn'd, And left the pillagers, to rapine bred, Without controul to ftrip and fpoil the dead.

There, in a heap of flain, among the rest Two youthful knights they found, beneath a load opprest

Of flaughter'd focs, whom first to death they fent, The trophics of their strength, a blood y monument. Both fair, and both of royal blood they scem'd, Whom kinssen to the crown the heralds deem'd; That day in equal arms they fought for fame; Their swords, their shields, their success, were the fame.

Clofe by each other laid, they prefs'd the ground, Their manly bofoms pieced with many a griefly wound; l alive, nor wholly dead they were, e faint figns of feeble life appear: nd'ring breath was on the wing to part, as the pulfe, and hardly heav'd the heart. wo were fifters fons; and Arcite one, un'd in fields, with valiant Palamon. efe their coftly arms the fpoilers rent, ly both convey'd to Thefeus' tent: nown of Creon's line, and cur'd with care, s city fent as pris'ners of the war, of ranfom, and condemn'd to lie ice, doom'd a ling'ring death to die. e, he march'd away with warlike found, is Athens turn'd with laurels crown'd, happy long he liv'd, much lov'd, and

nore renown'd. tow'r, and never to be loos'd, cful captive kinfinen are inclos'd: year by year they pafs, and day by day; e, 'twas on the morn of cheerful May, ing Emilia, fairer to be feen to fair lily on the flow'ry green, efh than May herfelf in bloffoms new th the rofv colour flrove her huc,) as her cultom was, before the day, i'obfervance due to fprightly May: phtly May commands our youth to keep ils of her night, and breaks their fluggard fleep:

itle breaft with kindly warmth fhe moves; new flames, revives extinguifh'd loves, emembrance, Emily ere day

and drefs'd herfelf in rich array: the month, and as the morning fair; her shoulders fell her length of hair : nd did the braided treffes bind, : was loofe, and wanton'd in the wind: had but newly chac'd the night, pl'd o'er the fky with blufhing light, o the garden-walk fhe took her way, t and trip along in cool of day, r maiden vows in honour of the May. 'ry turn she made a little stand, uft among the thoras her lily hand , the role; and ev'ry role the drew ok the stalk, and brush'd away the dew: irty-colour'd flow'rs of white and red c, to make a garland for her head: ne, fhe fung, and carol'd out fo clear, in and angels might rejoice to hear ! nd'ring Philomel forgot to fing, rn'd from her to welcome-in the fpring ! "r, of which before was mention made, whofe keep the captive knights were laid, a large extent, and ftrong withal, : partition of the palace wall : den was inclos'd within the fquare, young Emilia took the morning-air. pen'd Palamon, the pris'ner knight, for woe, arole before the light, th his jailor's leave, defir'd to breathe tore wholefome than the damps beneath. nted, to the tow'r he took his way, with the promife of a glorious day :

Then caft a languifhing regard around, And faw with hateful eyes the temples crown'd With golden fpires, and all the hoftile ground. He figh'd, and turn'd his eyes, becaufe he knew 'Twas but a larger gaol he had in view : Then look'd below, and from the caftle's height Beheld a nearer and more pleafing fight : The garden, which before he had not feen, In fpring's new liv'ry clad of white and green, Frefh flow'rs in wide parterres, and fhady walks between.

This view'd, but not enjoy'd, with arms acrofs He ftood, reflecting on his country's lofs; Himfelf an object of the public fcorn, And often with'd he never had been born. At laft, for fo his definity requir'd, With walking giddy, and with thinking tir'd, He thro' a little window caft his fight, Tho' thick of bars, that gave a fcanty light : But er'n that glimm'ring ferv'd him to defcry Th'inevitable charms of Emily.

Scarce had he feen, but, feiz'd with fuddem finart,

Stung to the quick, he felt it at his heart; Struck blind with overpow'ring light he flood, Then flarted back amaz'd, and cry'd aloud.

Young Arcitcheard; and up he ran with hafte, To help his friend, and in his arms embrac'd; And afk'd him why he look'd fo deadly wan, And whence and how his change of cheer began? Or who had done th'offence? But if, faid he, Your grief alone is hard captivity, For love of heav'n, with patience undergo A curelefs ill, fince fate will have it fo: So ftood our horofcope in chains to lic. And Saturn in the dungeon of the fky, Or other baleful afpect, rul'd our birth, When all the friendly ftars were under earth: Whate'cr betides, by deftiny 'tis donc; And better bear, like men, than vainly feek to fhun.

Nor of my bonds, faid Palamon again, Nor of unhappy planets I complain; But when my mortal anguish caus'd my cry, That moment I was hurt thro' either eye; Pierc'd with a random fhaft I faint away, And perifh with infenfible decay : A glance of fome new goddefs gave the wound, Whom, like Acteon, unaware I found. Look how the walks along yon thady fpace, Not Juno moves with more majeftic grace; And all the Cyprian queen is in her face. If thou art Venus (for thy charms confefs That face was form'd in heav'n, nor art thou lefs; Difguis'd in habit, undifguis'd in fhape) Or help us captives from our chains to 'fcape; But if our doom be past in bonds to lie For life, and in a loathfome dungeon die Then be thy wrath appeas'd with our difgrace, And thew competition to the Theban race, Opprefs'd by tyrant pow'r ! While yet he fpoke, Arcite on Emily had fix'd his look; The fatal dart a ready passage found, And deep within his heart infix'd the wound :

So that if Palamon were wounded fore, Arcite was hurt as much as he, or more: Then from his inmost foul he tigh'd, and faid, The beauty I behold has struck me dead: Unknowingly she strikes, and kills by chance; Poiloa's in her eyes, and death in ev'ry glance. O, I must ask; nor ask alone, but move Her mind to mercy, or must die for love.

Thus Arcite: and thus Palamon replics (Eager his tone, and ardent were his eyes) Speak'ft thou in carneft, or in jefting vein ? Jeffing, faid Arcite, fuits but ill with pain. It fuits far worfe (faid Palamon again, And bent his brows) with men who honor weigh, Their faith to break, their friendship to betray; But worft with thee, of noble lineage born, My kinfman, and in arms my brother fworn. Have we not plighted each our holy oath, That one fhould be the common good of both; One foul should both inspire, and neither prove His fellow's hindrance in purfuit of love? To this before the gods we gave our hands, And nothing but our death can break the bands. This binds thee, then, to further my defign (As I am bound by vow to further thine) : Nor can'ft, nor dar'ft thou, traitor, on the plain Approach my honour, or thine own maintain, Since thou art of my council, and the friend Whofe faith I truft, and on whofe care depend : And would'ft thou court my lady's love, which I Much rather than releafe would choose to die ? But thou, false Arcite, never shalt obtain Thy bad pretence; I told thee first my pain : For first my love began ere thine was born, Thou, as my counfel, and my brother fworn, Art bound t'affift my eldership of right : Or justly to be deem'd a perjur'd knight.

Thus Palamon : but Arcite with difdain, In haughty language, thus reply'd again; Forfworn thyfelf: the traitor's odious name I first return, and then disprove thy claim. If love be paifion, and that paifion nurft With ftrong defires, I lov'd the lady firft. Canft thou pretend defire, whom zeal inflam'd To worfhip, and a pow'r celeftial nam'd ? Thine was devotion to the bleft above; I faw the woman, and defir'd her love; First own'd my pailion, and to thee commend Th'important fecret, as my choien friend. Suppose (which yet I grant not) thy defire A moment elder than my rival fire; Can chance of feeing first thy title prove? And know'ft thou not, no law is made for love; Law is to things which to free choice relate; Love is not in our choice, but in our fate; Laws are but politive; love's pow'r, we fee,-Is Nature's fanction, and her first decree. Each day we break the bond of human laws For love, and vindicate the common caule. Laws for defence of civil rights are plac'd; Love throws the fences down, and makes a gen'ral wafte :

Maids, widows, wives, without diffinction fall; The fweeping deluge, Love, comes on, and covers all.

If then the laws of friendship I transgress, I keep the greater, while I break the lefs; And both are thad alike, fince neither can posses. Both hopeless to be ransom'd, never more To see the sun, but as he passes o'er.

Like Æfop's hounds contending for the bone, Each pleaded right, and would be lord alone; The fruitlefs fight continu'd all the day; A cur came by, and fnatch'd the prize away. As courtiers therefore juftle for a grant, [want, Ind when they break' their friendfhip plead their to thou, if fortune will thy fuit advance, Love on, nor envy me my equal chance : For I muft love, and am refolv'd to try My fate, or, failing in th'adventure, die.

Great was their ftrife, which hourly was renew'd, Till each with mortal hate his rival view'd: Now friends no more, nor walking hand is hand ; But when they met they made a furly ftand, And glar'd like angry lions as they pafs'd, And wifh'd that ev'ry look might be their laft.

It chanc'd at length, Pirithous came t'attend This worthy Thefeus, his familiar friend; Their love in early infancy began, And rofe as childhood ripen'd into man. Companions of the war, and lov'd fo well, That when one dy'd, as ancient flories tell, His fellow to redeem him went to hell.

But to purfue my tale; to welcome home His warlike brother is Pirithous come: Arcite of Thebes was known in arms long fince,

And honour'd by this young Theffalian prince. Thefeus, to gratify his friend and gueft, Who made our Arcite's freedom his requeft, Reftor'd to liberty the captive knight, But on thefe hard conditions I recite : That if hereafter Arcite fhould be found Within the compais of Athenian ground, By day or night, or on whate'er pretence, His head fhould pay the forfeit of th'offence. To this Pirithous for his friend agreed; And on his promife was the pris'ner freed.

Unpleas'd and penfive hence he takes his ways At his own peril; for his life muft pay. Who now but Arcite mourns his bitter fate, Finds his dear purchase, and repents too late ? What have I gain'd, he faid, in prifon pent, If I but change my bonds for banifhment? And banish'd from her fight, I fuffer more In freedom than I felt in bonds before; Forc'd from her prefence, and condemn'd to live : Unwelcome freedom, and unthank'd reprieve : Heav'n is not but where Emily abides And where fhe's abfent-all is hell befides, Next to my day of birth was that accurft, Which bound my friendship to Pirithous firsts. Had I not known that prince, I ftill had been In bondage, and had still Emilia feen : For tho' I never can her grace deferve, 'Tis recompence enough to fee and ferve. O Palamon, my kinfman and my friend, How much more happy fates thy love attend? Thine is th'adventure; thine the victory: Well has thy fortune turn'd the dice for thee: Those hou on that angel's face may'ft feed thine eyes, DT: io; but blifstul paradife! hou daily feeft that fun of beauty fhine, maci I ov'ft at leaft in love's extremest line. mourn in absence, love's cternal night; nd who can tell but fince thou haft her fight, mcl art a comely, young, and valiant knight, DETLUNC (a various pow'r)may ceafe to frown, - d, by fome wavs unknown, thy wifhes crown ? LE I, the most forlorn of human kind, Sr help can hope, nor remedy can find; war, doom'd to drag my loathfome life in care, Or my reward, must end it in despair. Tre, water, air, and carth, and force of fates hat governs all, and Heav'n that all creates, Sor art, nor nature's hand can ease my grief; Sothing but death, the wretch's last relief : **Then** farewell youth, and all the joys that dwell ith youth and life, and life itfelf farewell.

But why, alas ! do mortal men in vain Sefertune, fate, or providence complain? Sod gives us what he knows our wants require, **nd** better things than those which we defire : me pray for riches; riches they obtain; 🕒 ut, watch'd by robbers, for their wealth are flain : Some pray from prifon to be freed; and come, When guilty of their vows, to fall at home; furder'd by those they trusted with their life, A favour d fervant, or a bofom wife. Such dear-bought bleffings happen ev'ry day, Becaufe we know not for what things to pray. Like drunken fots, about the ftreet we roam : Well knows the fot he has a certain home; Yet knows not how to find th'uncertain place, And blunders on, and ftaggers ev'ry pace. Thus all feek happinefs, but few can find; For far the greater part of men are blind. This is my cafe, who thought our utmost good Was in one word of freedom underftood : The fatal bleffing came; from prifon free, I ftarve abroad, and lofe the fight of Emily.

Thus Arcite : but if Arcite thus deplore His fuff'rings, Palamon yet fuffers more. For when he knew his rival freed and gone, He fwells with wrath; he makes outrageous moan: He frets, he fumes, he stares, he stamps the ground; The hollow tow'r with clamours rings around : With briny tears he bath'd his fetter'd feet, And dropt all o'er with agony of fweat, Alas ! he cry'd, I, wretch, in prifon pine. Too happy rival, while the fruit is thine, Thou liv'ft at large, thou draw'ft thy native air, Pleas'd with thy freedom, proud of my despair ! Thou may'it, fince thou haft youth and courage A fweet behaviour and a folid mind, [join'd, Affemble ours, and all the Theban race, To vindicate on Athens thy difgrace And after, by fome treaty made, poffefs Fair Emily, the pledge of lafting peace. So thine shall be the beauteous prize, while I Must languish in despair, in prison die. Thus all th'advantage of the strife is thine ; Thy portion double joys, and double forrows mine.

The rage of jealoufy then fir'd his foul, And his face kindl'd like a burning coal: Now cold Defpair, fucceeding in her ftead. To livid palencie turns the glowing red. His blood, fearce liquid, creeps within his veins Like water, which the freezing wind conftrains Then thus he faid : Eternal Deities, Who rule the world with abfolute decrees, And write whatever time shall bring to pass, With pens of adamant on plates of brais; What, is the race of human kind your care Beyond what all his fellow-creatures are? He with the reft is liable to pain, And like the fheep, his brother beast, is flain. Cold, hunger, prifons, ills without a cure, All thefe he must, and guiltless oft endure; Or does your juffice, pow'r, or prescience fail When the good fuffer, and the bad prevail ? What world to wretched virtue could befal, If fate or giddy fortune govern'd all? Nay, world than other beafts is our eftate; Them, to purfue their pleafures, you create; We, bound by harder laws, must curb our will And your commands, not our defires, fulfil; Then when the creature is unjuitly flain, Yet after death at leaft he feels no pain ; But man, in life furcharg'd with woe before, Not freed when dead, is doom'd to fuffer more. A ferpent fhoots his fting at unaware; An ambush'd thief forelays a traveller : The man lies murder'd, while the thief and fnake One gains the thickets, and one thrids the brake. This let divines decide ; but well I know, Juft or unjuft, I have my thare of woe, Through Saturn feated in a lucklefs place, And Juno's wrath that perfecutes my race; ... Or Mars and Venus in a quartil, move My pangs of jealouty for Arcite's love.

Let Palamon, opprefs'd in bondage, mourn, While to his exil'd rival we return. By this, the fun, declining from his height, The day had thorten'd to prolong the night: The lengthen'd night gave length of milery Both to the captive lover and the free; For Palamon in endlefs prifon mourns, And Arcite forfeits life if he returns : The banifh'd never hopes his love to fee, Nor hopes the captive lord his liberty : 'T is hard to fay who fuffers greater pains : One fees his love, but cannot break his chains One free, and all his motions uncontroul'd, Beholds whate'er he would, but what he woul behold.

Judge as you pleafe, for I will hafte to tell What fortune to the banifh'd knight befel. When Arcite was to Thebes return'd again, The lofs of her he lov'd renew'd his pain; What could be worfe, than never more to fee Ihis life, his foul, his charming Emily? He rav'd with all the madnefs of deipair, He roar'd, he beat his breaft, he tore his hair. Dry forrow in his flupid eyes appears; For waating nourifhment, he wanted tears; His eye-balls in their hollow fockets fink; Bereft of fleep, he loathes his meat and drink. He withers at his heart, and looks as wan As the pale fpectre of a murder'd man:

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ELEGANT EXTRACTS.

That pale turns yellow, and his face receives The faded hue of faples boxen leaves : In folitary groves he makes his moan, Walks carly out, and ever is alone : Nor, mix'd in mirth, in youthful plcafures shares, But fights when fongs and inftruments he hears. His spirits are so low, his voice is drown'd, He hears as from afar, or in a fwoon, Like the deaf murmurs of a diftant found : Uncomb'd his locks, and fqualid his attire, Unlike the trim of love and gay defire : But full of muleful mopings, which prefage The lofs of reason, and conclude in rage. This when he had endur'd a year and more, Now wholly chang'd from what he was before, It happen'd once that, flumb'ring as he lay, He dream'd (his dream began at break of day) That Hermes o'er his head in air appear'd, And with foft words his drooping fpirits cheer'd : His hat, adorn'd with wings, difclos'd the God, And in his hand he bore the fleep-compelling rod: Such as he feem'd, when, at his fire's command, On Argus' head he laid the fnaky wand. Arife, he faid, to conqu'ring Athens go; There Fate appoints an end to all thy woe. The fright awaken'd Arcite with a ftart; Against his bolom bounc'd his heaving heart ; But foon he faid, with fcarce-recover'd breath, And thither will I go to meet my death, Sure to be flain; but death is my defire, Since in Emilia's fight I shall expire. By chance he fpy'd a mirror while he fpoke, And gazing there, beheld his alter'd look ; Wond'ring, he faw his features and his hue Somuch were chang'd, that fcarce himfelfheknew. A fudden thought then starting in his mind, Since I in Arcite cannuot Arcite find, The world may fearch in vain with all their eyes, But never penetrate through this difguife. Thanks to the change which grief and fickness In low eftate I may fecurely live, give; And fee, unknown, my mistress day by day. He faid ; and cloth'd himfelf in coarfe array : A lab'ring hind in fnew ; then forth he went, And to th'Athenian tow'rs his journey bent : One 'fquire attended in the fame difguife, Made confcious of his mafter's enterprife : Arriv'd at Athens, foon he came to court, Unknown, unquestion'd, in that thick refort : Proff'ring for hire his fervice at the gate, To drudge, draw water, and to run or wait.

So far befel him, that for little gain He ferv'd at first Emilia's chamberlain; And, watchful all advantages to fpv, Was ftill at hand, and in his mafter's cye; And as his bones were big, and finews ftrong, Refus'd no toil that could to thaves belong; But from deep wells with engines water drew, And us'd his noble hands the wood to hew. He pafs'd a year at least attending thus On Emily, and call'd Philoftratus. But never was there man of his degree So much efteem'd, fo well belov'd as he. So gentle of condition was he known, That thro' the court his courtefy was blown :

All think him worthy of a greater place, And recommend him to the roval grace : That, exercis'd within a higher sphere, His virtues more confpicuous might appear. Thus by the gen'ral voice was Arcite prais'd, And by great Thefeus to high favour rais'd: Among his menial fervants first caroll'd, And largely entertain'd with furns of gold; Befides what fecretly from Thebes was fent, Of his own income, and his annual rent: [fare This well employ'd, he purchas'd friends z But cautioufly conceal'd from whence it cane. Thus for three years he liv'd with large increase, In arms of honor, and cfteem in peace; To Thefeus' perfon he was ever near; And Theleus, for his virtues, held him dear.

Palamon and Arcite; or, the Knight's Tale. BOOK II.

WHILE Arcite lives in blifs, the flory une Where hopelefs Palamon in prifon mourns. For fix long years immur'd, the captive knight Haddragg 'dhis chains, and fearcely feen the light: Loft liberty and love at once he bore : His prifon pain'd him much, his patfion more : Nor dares he hope his fetters to remove, Nor ever withes to be free from love.

But when the fixth revolving year was run, And May within the Twins receiv'd the fun, Were it by chance, or forceful deftiny, Which forms in causes first whate'er shall be, Affifted by a friend, one moonlefs night, This Palamon from prilon took his flight : A pleafant bev'rage he prepar'd before Of wine and honcy, mix'd with added flore Of opium; to his keeper this he brought, Who fwallow'd unaware the fleepy draught, And fnor'd fecure till morn, his fenfes bound In flumber, and in long oblivion drown'd. Short was the night, and careful Palamon Sought the next covert ere the rifing fun. A thick fpread foreft near the city Jay; To this with lengthen'd ftrides he took his way (For far he could not fly, and fear'd the day). Safe from pursuit, he meant to shun the light, Till the brown fhadows of the friendly night To Thebes might favour his intended flight. When to his country come, his next defign Was all the Theban race in arms to join, And war on Theseus, till he lost his life, Or won the beauteous Emily to wife. Thus while his thoughts the ling'ring day beguit, To gentle Arcite let us turn our file; Who little dreamt how nigh he was to cars, Till treach'rous fortune caught him in the fnare. The morning-lark, the metlenger of day, Saluted in her fong the morning gray And foon the fun arole with beams fo bright, That all th'horizon laugh'd to fee the joy ous tight; He with his tepid rays the role renews, And licks the drooping leaves, and dries the dews; When Arcite left his bed, refolv'd to pay Observance to the month of merry May : Forth on his fiery fteed betimes he rode, That fearcely prints the turf on which he tools

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BOOK I

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: he feem'd, and, prancing o'er the plains, | l only to the grove his horfe's reins, :ove I nam'd before ; and, lighted there, dbine garland fought to crown his hair; urn'd his face against the rising day, us'd his voice to welcome in the May. thee, fweet month, the groves green livehe first, the fairest of the year : [ries wear : se the Graces lead the dancing hours, ature's ready pencil paints the flow'rs : thy fhort reign is paft, the fev'rish fun ltry tropic fears and moves more flowly on. ¹ thy tender bloffoms fear no blight, ats with venom'd teeth thy tendrils bite, u fhalt guide my wand'ring feet to find agrant greens I feek, my brows to bind. wsaddrefs'd, within the grove heftray'd, ze, or fortune, near the place convey'd os where fecret Palamon was laid. tle thought of him the gentle knight, ying death had there conceal'd his flight, es and brambles hid, and fhunning mortal fight :

is he knew him for his hated foe, r'd him as a man he did not know. it has been faid of ancient years, elds are full of eyes, and woods have ears; s the wife are ever on their guard; forefeen, they fay, is unprepar'd. ious Arcite thought himfelf alone, is than all fuspected Palamon; ft'ning heard him, while he fearch'd the udly fung his roundelay of love : [grove, the fudden stopp'd, and filent stood, :rs often muse, and change their mood; gh as heav'n, and then as low as hell, o, now down, as buckets in a well; nus, like her day, will change her cheer, dom shall we see a Friday clear. Arcite, having fung, with alter'd hue. n the ground, and from his bosom drew rate figh, accufing Heav'n and fate, gry Juno's unrelenting hate. be the day when first I did appear ; e blotted from the calendar, vear. pollute the month, and poifon all the Il the jealous Qucen purfue our race ? is dead, the Theban city was : fes not her hate : for all who come. 'admus are involv'd in Cadmus' doom. for my blood : unjust decree ! inifhes another's crime on me. i estate I ferve my mortal foc, in who caus'd my country's overthrow. not all; for Juno, to my shame, :'d me to forfake my former name ; was, Philoftratus I am. le of heav'n is all my enemy : in'd Thebes : his mother ruin'd me. in poyal race remains but one myfelf, th'unhappy Palamon, Thefeus holds in bonds, and will not free ; t a crime, except his kin to me. e, and all the reft, I could endure ; 'e's a malady without a cure ;

Fierce Love has pierc'd me with his fiery dart; He fires within, and hiffes at my neart. Your eyes, fair Emily, my fate purfue; I fuffer for the reft, I die for you. Of fuch a Goddels no time leaves record, Who burn'd the temple where the was ador'd : And let it burn, I never will complain, Pleas'd with my fuff'rings, if you knew my pain.

At this a fickly qualm his heart affail'd, His cars ring inward, and his fenfes fail'd. No word mifs'd Palamon of all he fpoke, But foon to deadly pale he chang'd his look : He trembl'd ev'ry limb, and felt a finart, As if cold fteel had glided through his heart ; No longer staid, but, starting from his place, Difcover'd ftood, and thew'd his hoftile face. False traitor Arcite, traitor to thy blood, Bound by thy facred oath to feek my good, Now art thou found forefworn, for Emily And dar'st attempt her love, for whom I die. So haft thou cheated Thefeus with a wile, Against thy vow, returning to beguile Under a borrow'd name : as false to me, So falfe thou art to him who fet thee free ? But reft aflur'd, that either thou shalt die, Or elfe renounce thy claim in Emily : Forthough unarm'd I am, and (free'd by chance) Am here without my fword, or pointed lance, Hope not, base man, unquestion'd hence to go; For I am Palamon, thy mortal foe.

Arcite, who heard his tale, and knew the man, His fword unfheath'd, and fiercely thus began : Now, by the Gods who govern heav'n above, Wert thou not weak with hunger, mad with love, That word had been thy laft, or in this grove This hand fhould force thee to renounce thy love. The furety which I gave thee, I defy : Fool, not to know that love endures no tie, And Jove but laughs at lovers perjury. Know, I will ferve the fair in thy defpight; But fince thou art my kinfman, and a knight, Here, have my faith, to-morrow in this grove Ours arms shall plead the titles of our love : And Heav'n fo help my right, as I alone Will come, and keep the caufe and quarrel both unknown 4

With arms of proof both for myfelf and thee ; Chufe thou the best, and leave the worst to me. And, that a better ease thou may's abide, Bedding and clothes I will this night provide, And needful fustenance, that thou mayft be A conquest better won, and worthy me. His promise Palamon accepts; but pray'd. To keep it better than the first he made. Thus fair they parted till the morrow's dawn; For each had laid his plighted faith to pawn. Oh Love ! thou fternly doft thy pow'r maintain, And wilt not bear a rival in thy reign, Tyrants and thou all fellowship difdain. This was in Arcite prov'd, and Palamon; Both in defpair, yet each would love alone. Arcite return'd, and, as in honor ty'd, His foe with bedding and with food fupply'd; Then, ere the day, two fuits of armour fought, Which borne before him on his fteed he brought : T Bork

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Both were of fining fieel, and wrought fo pure, As might the firokes of two fuch arms endure. Now, at the time, and in th'appointed place, The challenger and challeng'd, face to face, Approach; each other from afar they knew, And from afar their hatred chang'd their hue. So flands the Thracian herdiman with his fpear, Full in the gap, and hopes the hunted bear, And hears hum ruftling in the wood, and fees His courfe at diftance, by the bending trees; And thinks, here comes my mortal enemy, And either he mult fall in fight, or I: This while he thinks, he lifts aloft his dart ; A gen'rouschilnefs feizes ev'ry part: [heart. The veins pour back the blood, and fortify the

Thus pale they meet; their eyes with fury burn; None greets; for none the greeting will return; But in dumb furlinefs, each arm'd with care His foe profest, as brother of the war : Then both, no moment loft, at once advance Against each other, arm'd with fword and lance : They laft, they foin, they pafs, they ftrive to bore Their corflets, and the thinneft parts explore. Thus two long hours in equal arms they flood. And wounded, wound, till both were bath'd in And not a foot of ground had either got, [blood; As if the world depended on the fpot. Fell Arcite like an angry tyger far'd; And like a lion Palamon appear'd : Or as two boars whom love to battle draws, With rifing briftles, and with frothy jaws, Their adverse breafts with tufks oblique they wound;

With grunts and groans the foreft rings around. So fought the knights, and fighting must abide, Till fate an umpire fends their diff 'rence to decide. The pow'r that minifters to God's decrees, And executes on earth what Heav'n forfees, Call'd providence, or chance, or fatal fway, Comes with refiftlefs force, and finds or makes her Nor kings, nor nations, nor united pow'r, [way. One moment can retard th'appointed hour. [pears, And fome one day, fome wond'rous chance ap-Which happen'd not in centuries of years : For fure, whate'er we mortals hate, or love, Or hope, or fear, depends on pow'rs above : They move our appetites to good or ill, And by forefight neceffitate the will. In Thefeus this appears ; whole vouthful joy Was beafts of chace in forefts to deftroy ; This gentle knight, infpir'd by jolly May, Forfook his eafy couch at early day And to the wood and wilds purfu'd his way. Befide him rode Hippolita the queen, " And Emily, attird in lively green; With horns, and hounds, and all the tuneful cry, To hunt a royal hart within the covert nigh : And as he follow'd Mars before, fo now He ferves the goddefs of the filver bow. The way that Thefeus took was to the wood Where the two knights in crucl hattle ftood : The lawn on which they fought, th'appointed place In which th'uncoupl'd hounds began the chace. Thither forth-right he rode to roule the prey, That, shaded by the fern, in harbour lay;

And, thence diflodg'd, was wont to leave the wood For open fields, and crofs the crystal flood, Approach'd, and looking underneath the fun, He law proud Arcite and herce Palamon In mortal battle doubling blow on blow; Like lightning flam'd their faulchions to and fro. And thot a dreadful gleam, to ftrong they ftrook, There feem'd lefs force requir'd to fell an oak. He gaz'd with wonder on their equal might, Look'd eager on, but knew not either knight : Refolv'd to learn, he fpurr'd his fiery fleed With goring rowels to provoke his fpeed. The minute ended that began the race, So foon he was betwixt them on the Alace ; And with his fivord unfheath'd, on pain of life, Commands both combatants to cease their ftrife: Then with imperious tone purfues his threat; What are you? why in arms together met ? How dares your pride prefume against my laws, As in a lifted field to fight your caule ? Unafk'd the royal grant ; no marshal by, As knightly rites require, nor judge to try Then Palamon, with fcarce recover'd breath, Thus hafty fpoke : We both deferve the death. And both would die ; for look the world around, A pair fo wretched is not to be found : Our life's a load ; encumber'd with the charge, We long to fet th'imprifon'd foul at large. Now as thou art a fov'reign judge, decree The rightful doom of death to him and me, Let neither find thy grace; for grace is cruelty. Me firft, O kill me firft, and cure my woe; Then theath the fword of justice on my foe : Or kill him first ; for when his name is heard, He foremost will receive his due reward. Arcite of Thebes is he; thy mortal foe: On whom thy grace did liberty beftow ; But first contracted, that if ever found By day or night upon th'Athenian ground, His head should pay the forfeit ; fee return'd The perjur'd knight, his oath and honor fcorn'd. For this is he who, with a borrow'd name And proffer'd fervice, to thy palace came, Now call'd Philoftratus : retain'd by thee, A traitor trufted, and in high degree, Afpiring to the bed of beauteous Emily. My part remains; from Thebes my birth I own, And call myielf th'unhappy Palamon. Think me not like that man; fince no difgrace Can force me to renounce the honor of my race. Know me for what I am : I broke my chain, Nor promis'd I thy pris'ner to remain : The love of liberty with life is giv'n ; And life itself th'inferior gift of Heav'n. Thus without crime I fled; but farther know, I with this Arcite am thy mortal foe : Then give me death, fince I thy life purfue; For fateguard of thyfelf, death is my due. More wouldft thou know.? I love bright Emily, And for her take and in her fight will die : But kill my rival too; for he no lefs Deferves; and I thy righteous doom will blefs, Affur'd that what I looie he never fhall poffers. To this reply'd the ftern Athenian prince, And fourly imil'd, -In owning your offence,

ourfelf; and I but keep record aw, while you pronounce the word. efert, the death you have decreed ; oom, and ratify the deed : e patron of my arms, you die. mb forrow feiz'd the standers-by. above the reft, by nature good i form'd of perfect womanhood) ity wept : when the began, ight quire th'infectious virtue ran. sir tears, ev'n the contended maid : ong themfelves they foftly faid : an fuffer this unworthy fight ! of royal blood, renown'd in fight, hip of Heav'n in face and mind, far beyond their faithlefs kind : le streaming wounds; they neither

empire, nor defire of fame : or kingdoms, madmen for applaufe : love alone; that crowns the lover's kind.

t, which ever bribes the beauteous ought in ev'ry lady's mind, ir fteeds, and proftrate on the place, rce king implor'd th'offenders grace. awhile, ftood filent in his mood rage was boiling in his blood); tender mind th'impression felt ietals are not flow to melt, neft runs in fofteft minds) ; ; with himfelf; and firft he finds aft a mift before his funfe, nade or magnify'd th'offence. hat? to whom? who judg'd the caufe? freed himfelf by nature's laws : fought his right : the man he freed 1; but his love excus'd the deed : ing, he look'd under with his eyes, womens tears, and heard their cries; 1 compafiion more, he shook his head, ighing, to himfelf he faid, [draw unpardoning prince, whom tears can fe; who rules by lions law; prayers, by no fubmiffion bow'd, ke, the penitent and proud. look ferene, he rais'd his head; a'd her place, and paffion fled : loud he fpoke : The pow'r of love, I feas, and air, and heav'n above, ifted, with an awful nod; acles declar'd a God : wife, gives eye-fight to the blind; and stamps anew the lover's mind. Arcite, and this Palamon, ny fetters, and in fafety gone, r'd either in their native foil :ap the harvest of their toil ; neir lord, did otherwife ordain, t them in their own despite again, ath deferv'd ; for well they know row'r, and I their deadly foe; holds, that to be wife and love, anted to the Gods above.

See how the madmen bleed ! behold the gains With which their master, Love, rewards their For fev'n long years, on duty ev'ry day, [pains l Lo their obedience, and their monarch's pay 1 Yet, as in duty hound, they ferve him on ; And, ask the fools, they think it wifely done; Nor eafe, nor wealth, nor life itfelf regard, For 'tis their maxim, Love is love's reward. This is not all; the fair for whom they ftrove Nor knew before, nor could fufpect their love, Nor thought, when the beheld the fight from far, Her beauty was th'occalion of the war. But fure a gen'ral doom on man is past, And all are fools and lovers, first or last 1 This both by others and myfelf I know, For I have ferv'd their fov'reign long ago ; Oft have been caught within the winding train Of female fnares, and felt the lover's pain, And learn'd how far the God can human

hearts constrain. To this remembrance, and the pray'rs of those Who for th'offending warriors interpofe, I give their forfeit lives on this accord, To do me homage as their fov'reign lord ; And as my vaffals, to their utmost might, Affift my perfon, and affert my right. [tain'd. This freely fworn, the knights their grace ob-Then thus the king his fecret thoughts explain'd ; If wealth, or honour, or a roval race, Or each, or all, may win a lady's grace, Then either of you knights may well deferve A princefs born; and fuch is the you ferve : For Emily is fifter to the crown, And but too well to both her beauty known : . But should you combat till ye both were dead, Two lovers cannot fhare a fingle bed : As therefore both are equal in degree, The lot of both be left to deftiny. Now hear th'award, and happy may it prove To her, and him who best deferves her love ! Depart from hence in peace, and free as air, Search the wide world, and where you please repair;

But on the day when this returning fun To the fame point thro' ev'ry fign has run, Then each of you his hundred knights shall In royal lifts to fight before the king; [bring And then the knight, whom fate or happy chance, Shall with his friends to victory advance, And grace his arms fo far in equal fight, From out the bars to force his opposite, Qr kill, or make him recreant on the plain, The prize of valour and of love fhall gain ; The vanquish'd party shall their claim release, And the long jars conclude in lafting peace: The charge be mine t'adorn the chofen ground, The theatre of war, for champions fo renown'd ; And take the patron's place of either knight, With eyes impartial to behold the fight; Andhew'n of me fo judge as I shall judgearight. If both are fatisfy'd with this accord, Swear by the laws of knighthood on my fword. Who now but Palamon exults with joy ? T a

The whole affembl'd troop was pleas d as well; Extol th'award, and on their knees they fell To blefs the gracious king. The knights with leave [ceive : Departing from the place, his laft commands re-On Emily with equal ardour look, And from her eyes their infoiration took. [way, From thence to Thebes' old walls purfue their Each to provide his champions for the day.

It might be deem'd, on our hiftorian's part, Or too much negligence or want of art, If he forgot the vaft magnificence Of royal Thefeus, and his large expense. He firft inclos'd for hifts a level ground, The whole circumference a mile around; The form was circular; and all without A trench was funk, to moat the place about. Within an amphitheatre appear'd, Rais'd in degrees; to fixty paces rear'd: That when a man was plac'd in one degree, Height was allow'd for him above to fee.

Eaftward was built a gate of marble white; The like adorn'd the wettern oppofite. A nobler object than this fabric was Rome never faw; nor of fo vaft a fpace: For, rich with fpoils of many a conquer'd land, All arts and artifts Thefeus could command; Who fold for hire, or wrought for better fame; The mafter-painters and the carvers came. So tofe within the compafs of the year An age's work, a glorious theatre. Then o'er its caftern gate was rais'd above A temple, lacred to the queen of love; An altar flood below : on either hand [wand. A prieft with rofes crown'd, who held a myrtle

The dome of Mars was on the gate oppos'd, And on the north a turret was inclos'd, Within the wall of alabafter white, And crimfon coral for the queen of night, Who takes in fylvan fports her chafte delight.

Within thefe oratories might you fee Rich carvings, pourtraitures, and imagery : Where ev'ry figure to the life express'd The godhead's pow'r to whom it was addrefs'd. In Venus' temple, on the fides were feen The broken flumbers of enamour'd men, Pray'rs that e'en fpoke, and pity feem'd to call, And iffuing fighs that finok'd along the wall. Complaints and hot defires, the lover's hell, And fealding tears that wore a channel where they fell:

And all around where nuptial bonds, the ties Of love's affurance, and a train of lies, That, made in luft, conclude in perjuries. Beauty, and youth, and wealth, and luxury, And fpritely hope, and fhort enduring joy; And forceries to raife th'infernal powers; And figils fram'd in planetary hours: Expense, and after-thought, and idle care, And doubts of thotely hue and dark defpair'; Sufpicions, and fantatical furmite, And jealouly fuffus'd, with jaundice in hereyes, Dilcolouring all the view'd, in tawny dreft: Down-look'd, and with a cuckow on her fift.

Oppos'd to her, on t'other fide advance The cofily feaft, the carol, and the dance, Minfirels, and mufic, poetry, and play, And balls by night, and tournaments by day. All these were painted on the wall, and more; With acts and inonuments of times before : And others added by prophetic doom, And lovers yet unborn, and loves to come : For there th'Idalian mount and Citheron, The court of Venus was in colours drawn : Before the palace-gate, in carelefs drefs, And loofe array, fat port'refs Idlenefs : There, by the fount, Narciffus pin'd alone ; There Sampion was; with wifer Solomon; And all the mighty names by love undone. Medea's charms were there, Circean feafts, With bowls that turn'd enamour'd youths to:

beafts. Here might be feen, that beauty, wealth, and wit, And provefs, to the pow'r of love fubmit :

The fpreading fnare for all mankind is laid ; And lovers all betray, and are betray'd. The Godders' felf forne noble hand had wrought ; Smiling the feem'd, and full of pleafing thought From ocean as the first began to rife, And fmooth'd the ruffled feas and clear'd the fkies : She trod the brine all bare below the breaft, And the green waves but ill conceal'd the reft ; A lute fhe held ; and on her head was feen A wreath of rofes red, and myrtles green; Her turtles fann'd the buxom air above. And, by his mother, flood an infant Love, With wings unfledg'd: his eyes were banded His hands a bow, his back a quiver bore, [o'er; Supply'd with arrows bright and keen, a deadly ftorc.

But in the dome of mighty Mars, the red With diff'rent figures all the fides were fpread. This temple, lefs in form with equal grace, Was imitative of the firft in Thrace : For that cold region was the lov'd abode, And fov'reign manfion of the warrior god. The landfcape was a foreft wide and bare; Where neither beaft nor human kind repair; The fowl that fcent afar, the borders fly, And fhun the bitter blaft, and wheel about the fky. A cake of fcurf lies baking on the ground, And prickly flubs, inftead of trees are found; Or woods with knots and knares deform'd and old;

Headlefs the moft, and hideous to behold : A rattling tempeft through the branches went, That ftrip'd them bare, and one fole way they bent. Heav'n froze above, fevere the clouds congral, And through the chryftal vault appear'd the ftanding hail;

Such was the face without : a mountain flood Threat'ning from high, and overlook'd the wood. Beneath the lowring brow, and on a bent, The temple flood of Mars armipotent : The frame of burnih'd fleel, that caft a glare From far, and feem'd to thaw the freezing air. A thrait long entry to the temple led, Blind with high walls; and houror over head:,

ouror over heads, The e iffu'd fuch a blaft and hollow roar, ceaten'd from the hinge to heave the door; y' that door a northern light there thone; all it had; for windows there were none. ate was adamant; eternal frame! a, hew'd by Mars himtelf, from Indian guarries came,

abour of a God; and all along

iron plates were clench'dto make it ftrong. about was ev'ry pillar there;

th'd mirror those not half to clear. faw I how the fecret felon wrought, realon lab'ring in the traitor's thought; nidwife Time the ripen'd plot to murder

brought. the red anger dar'd the pallid fear; ftood Hypocrify with holy leer;

noise any poerny with noisy iter; niling, and demurely looking down; id the dagger underneath the gown; lafinating wife, the houfhold fiend; ar the blackeft there, the traitor-friend. ther fide there flood Deftruction bare; nifh'd Rapine, and a wafte of war. ft, with tharpen'd knives, in cloifters drawn, ill with blood befpread the holy lawn. menaces were heard, and foul difgrace, nawling infamy, in language bafe; enfe was loft in found, and filence fled the place.

layer of himfelf yet faw I there; ore congeal'd was clotted in his hair : eyes half clos'd, and gaping mouth he lay, grim, as when he breath'd his fullen foul If of all the dome, Misfortune fat, [away. doomy Difcontent, and fell Debate, Madnefs, laughing in his ireful mood; rm'd Complaint on theft; and cries of blood. : was the murder'd corpfe, in covert laid, riolent death in thousand shapes display'd; ity to the foldier's rage refign'd : fslefs wars, and poverty behind : burnt in fight, or forc'd on rocky fhores, the rafh hunters ftrangled by the boars : new-born babe by nurles overlaid ; [made. the cook caught within the raging fire he ls of Mars's nature, flame and ficel; afping charioteer, beneath the wheel own car; the ruin'd houfe that falls ntercepts her lord betwixt the walls : whole divition that to Mars pertains; ades of death that deal in fleel for gains there : the butcher, annourer, and fmith, forges fharpen'd faulchions, or the fcythe. carlet conquest on a tow'r was plac'd, fhouts and foldiers acclamations grac'd : nted fword hung threat'ning o'er his head, n'd but by a flender twine of thread. : faw I Mars's ides, the capitol, eer in vain forecelling Cæfar's fall; aft triumvirs, and the wars they move, Anthony, who loft the world for love. :, and a thoufand more, the fane adorn ; r fates were painted ere the menwereborn; opied from the heav'ns, and ruling force e red ftar, in his revolving courfe,

The form of Mars high on a chariot flood, All fheath'd in arms, and gruffly look'd the God: Two geomantic figures were difplay'd Above his head, a warrior and a maid; One when direct, and one when retrograde.

Tird with deformities of death, I hafte To the third temple of Diana chatte. A fylvan fcene with various greens was drawn, Shades on the fides, and on the midft a luwn : The filver Cynthia, with her nymphs around, Purfu'd the flying deer, the woods with ho ns refound :

Califta there ftood manifest of shame, And, turn'd a bear, the northern ftar became : Her fon was next, and by peculiar grace In the cold circle held the fecond place : The ftag Acteon in the ftream had fpy'd The naked huntrefs, and, for feeing dy'd : His hounds, unknowing of his change, purfue The chace, and their miftaken mafter flew. Peneian Daphne too was there, to fee Apollo's love before, and now his tree : Th'adjoining fane th'affembled Greeks expreft, And hunting of the Caledonian beaft. Ocnides' valour, and his envy'd prize; The fatal pow'r of Atalanta's eyes; Diana's vengeance on the victor flown, The murd'refs mother, and confuming fon; The Volician queen extended on the plain; The treason punish'd, and the traitor flain. The reft were various huntings, well defign'd, And favage beafts deftroy'd of ev'ry kind. The graceful goddefs was array'd in green; About her fect were little beagles feen, That watch'd with upward eves the motions

of their queen. Her legs were bulkin'd, and the left before; In act to shoot, a filver bow she bore, And at her back a painted quiver wore. She trod a waxing moon, that foon would wane, And drinking borrow'd light, be fill'd again : With downcast eyes, as seeming to survey The dark dominions her alternate fway. Before her flood a woman in her throes, And call'd Lucina's aid, her burden to disclose. All these the painter drew with such command, That Nature fnatch'd the pencil from his hand, Afham'd and angry that his art could feign, And mend the tortures of a mother's pain. Theseus beheld the fanes of ev'ry God, And thought his mighty coft was well beftow'd. So princes now their poets thould regard : But few can write, and fewer can reward.

The theatre thus rais'd, the lifts enclos'd, And all with vaft magnificence difpos'd, We leave the monarch pleas'd, and hafteto bring The knights to combat, and their arms to fing.

Palamon and Arcite; or, the Knight's Tale. BOOK III.

THE day approach'd when fortune fhould decide

Th'important enterprize, and give the bride; For now the rivals round the world had fought. And each his rival, well appointed, broughe. T $_3$ The nations, far and near, contend in choice, And fend the flow'r of war by public voice; That after, or before, were never known Such chiefs, as each an army feem'd alone: Befides the champions, all of high degree, Who knighthood lov'd, and deeds of chivalry, Throng'd to the lifts, and envy'd to behold The names of others, not their own, enroll'd. Nor feems it ftrange; for ev'ry noble knight Who loves the fair, and is endu'd with might, In fuch a quarrel would be proud to fight. There breathes not scarce a man on British ground (An isle for love and arms of old renown'd) But would have fold his life to purchase fame, To Palamon or Arcite fent his name ; And had the land felected of the beft, Half had come hence, and let the world provide the reft.

A hundred knights with Palamon there came, Approv'd in fight, and men of mighty name; Their arms were fev'ral, as their nations were ; But furnish'd all alike with fword and spear. Some wore coat armour, imitating fcale; And next their fkins were flubborn fhirts of mail; Some wore a breaftplate and a light juppon ; Their horfes cloath'd with rich caparifon ; Some for defence would leathern bucklers use Of folded hides; and others fhields of pruce; One hung a pole-ax at his faddle-bow, And one a heavy mace to fhun the foe; One for his legs and knees provided well, With jambeux arm'd, and double plates of steel: This on his helmet wore a lady's glove; And that a fleeve embroider'd by his love. With Palamon, above the reft in place, Lycurgus came, the furly king of Thrace : Black was his beard, and manly was his face; The balls of his broad eves roll'd in his head, And glar'd betwixt a yellow and a red : He look'd a lion with a gloomy flare, And o'er his eye-brows hung his matted hair; Big-bon'd, and large of limbs, with finews ftrong, Broad fhoulder'd, and his arms were round and long.

Four milk-white bulls (the Thracian ufe of old) Were yok'd to draw his car of burnifh'd gold. Upright he flood, and bore aloft his shield, Confpicuous from afar, and overlook'd the field. His furcoat was a bear-shin on his back; His hair hung long behind, and gloffy raven black. His ample forehead bore a coronet With sparkling diamonds and with rubics fet :

Ten brace, and more, of greyhounds, fair view it function of a straigs, ran loofe and cours'd around his chair, [the bear :]

A match for pards in flight, in grappling for J With golden muzzles all their mouths werebound, And collars of the fame their necks furround.

Thus thro' the fields Lycurgus took his way; His hundred knights attend in pomp and proud array.

To match this monarch, with ftrong Arcite came Emetrus, king of Inde, a mighty name,

On a bay courfer, goodly to behold [gold. The trappings of his horle adorn'd with barb'rous

Not Mars beftrode a fleed with greater grace; His furcoat o'er his arms was cloth of Thrace, Adorn'd with pearls, all orient, round, and great ; His faddle was of gold, with em'ralds fet. His shoulders large a mantle did attire, With rubics thick, and fparkling as the fire : His amber-colour'd locks in ringlets run, [fun. With graceful negligence, and fhone against the His nofe was aquiline, his eyes were blue, Ruddy his lips, and fresh and fair his hue : Some fprinkled freckles on his face were feen, Whole dusk fet off the whiteness of the skin : His awful prefence did the crowd furprize, Nor durft the rafh fpectator meet his eyes ; Eyes that confess'd him born for kingly fway; So fierce, they flash'd intolerable day. His age in nature's youthful prime appear'd, And just began to bloom his yellow beard. Whene'er he fpoke, his voice was heard around, Loud as a trumpet, with a filver found. A laurel wreath'd his temples, freih and green ; And myrtle fprigs, the marks of love, were miz'd Upon his fift he bore, for his delight, [between. An eagle well reclaim'd, and lily white.

His hundred knights attend him to the war, All arm'd for battle; fave their heads were bare. Words and devices blaz'd on ev'ry fhield; And pleafing was the terror of the field. For kings, and dukes, and barons, you might fee, Like fparkling ftars, though diff 'rent in degree, All for th'increafe of arms, and love of chivalry. Before the king tame leopards led the way, And troops of lions innocently play. So Bacchus through the conquer'd Indies rode, And beafts in gambols frik'd before the honeftgod.

In this array the war of either fide Through Athens pafs'd with military pride. At prime they enter'd on the Sunday mora; Rich tapeftry fpread the ftreets, and flow'rs the pofts adorn.

The town was all a jubilee of feafts; So Thefeus will'd the honor of his guefts; Himfelf with open arms the king embrac'd, Then all the reft in their degrees were grac'd. No harbinger was needful for a night; For ev'ry houfe was proud to lodge a knight.

I pafs the royal treat, nor muft relate The gifts beflow'd, nor how the champion fat : Who firft, or laft, or how the knights addreft Their vows, or who was faireft at the feaft ; Whofe voice, whofe graceful dance did moft fur-Soft am'rous lighs, and filent love of eyes. [prize: The rivals call my Mufe another way, To fing their vigils for th'enfuing day. 'Twas ebbing darknefs, paft the noon of night; And Phofpher on the confines of the light, Promis'd the fun, cre day began to fpring; The tuneful lark already firetch'd her wing, And, flick'ring on her neft, made fhort effays to fing.

When wakeful Palamon, preventing day, Took to the royal lifts his early way, To Venus at her fane, in her own house to pray. There, falling on his knees before her fhrine, He thus implor'd with pray'rs her pow'r divine: Creater or Venus, genial pow'r of love, blifs of men below and gods above ! th the fliding fun thou runn'ft thy race, faireft fhine, and beft become thy place. nee the winds their caftern blaft forbear, month reveals the fpring, and opens all the year !

, Goddefs, thee the ftorms of winter fly, fimiles with flow'rs renewing, laughs the fky, [apply.

birds to lays of love their tuneful notes J hee the lion loathes the tafte of blood, roaring hunts his female thro' the wood : nee the bulls rebellow thro' the groves, tempt the ftream, and fauff their abfent loves.

hine whate'er is pleafant, good, or fait: ature is thy province, life thy care : mad'ft the world, and doft the world repair. } gladder of the mount of Cytheron, afe of Jove, companion of the fun; r Adonis touch'd thy tender heart, pity, Goddefs, for thou know'ft the fmart.

I have not words to tell my grief; ent my forrow would be fome relief; fuff rings give us leifure to complain; roan, but cannot fpcak in greater pain. ddefs, tell thyfelf what I would fay, know it it; and I feel too much to pray. ant my fuit, as I enforce my might; e to be thy champion, and thy knight; rant to thy fex, a flave to thee, profeft to barren chaffity fk I fame or honor of the field, hoofe I more to vanquish than to yield : v divine Emilia make me bleft; re, or partial chance, difpofe the reft : thou the manner, and the means prepare ; lion, more than conquest, is my care. is the warrior's god; in him it lics, hom he favours to confer the prize; fmiling afpect you ferencly move ur fifth orb, and rule the realm of love. ates but only fpin the coarfer clue, ineft of the wool is left for you. me but one finall portion of the twine, et the fifters cut below your line : eft among the rubbifh may they fweep, d it to the yarn of fome old mifer's heap. f you this ambitious pray'r deny ifh, I grant, beyond mortality) let me fink beneath proud Arcite's arms, I once dead, let him possel's her charms. us ended he; then with observance due, acred incenfe on her altar threw : urling fmoke mounts heavy from the fires; igth it catches flame, and in a blaze expires; ce the gracious Goddefs gave the fign, atue shook, and trembl'd all the shrine : d Palamon the tardy omen took : ince the flames purfu'd the trailing fmoke, ew his boon was granted; but the day [lay. tance driv'n, and joy adjourn'd with long dcv morn with rofy light had ftreak'd the le the fun, and up role Emily; [**î**ky, Addrefs'd her early fteps to Cynthia's fane, In flate attended by her maiden train, Who bore the vefts that holy rites require, Incenfe, and od'rous gums, and cover'd fire. The plentcous horns with pleafant mead they crown,

Nor wanted aught befides in honor of the moon. Now while the temple finok'd with hollow'd fteam They wash the virgin in a living ftream ; The fecret ceremonies I conceal, Uncouth, perhaps unlawful, to reveal ; But fuch they were as Pagan ufe requir'd, Perform'd by women when the men retir'd ; Whole eyes profane their chafte inviterious rites, Might turn to fcandal, or obfcene delights. Well-meaners think no harm; but for the reft, Things facred they pervert, and filence is the beft. Her fhining hair, uncomb'd, was loosely fpread, A crown of mastlefs oak adorn'd her head : When to the fhrine approach'd, the fpotlefs maid Had kindling fires on either altar laid (The rites were fuch as were observ'd of old By Statius, in his Theban ftory told) Then kneeling, with her hands acrofs her breaft, Thus lowly the preferr'd her chafte request :

O Goddels, haunter of the woodland green, To whom both heav'n and earth and icas are feen; Queen of the nether fkies, where half the year Thy filver beams defcend, and light the gloomy fphere;

Goddels of maids, and confcious of our hearts, So keep me from the vengeance of thy darts, Which Niobe's devoted iffue felt, [were dealt; When hiffing thro' the fkies the feather'd deaths As I defire to live a virgin life, Nor know the name of mother or of wife. Thy votrefs from my tender years I am, And love, like thee, the woods and fylvan game. Like death, thou know'ft, I loath the nuptial And man, the tyrant of our fex, I hate ; [flate ; A lowly fervant, but a lofty mate; Where love is duty on the female fide; [pride. On theirs mere fenfual guft, and fought with furly Now by thy triple fhape, as thou art feen In heav'n, earth, hell, and ev'rywhere a queen, Grant this my first defire ; let discord cease, And make betwixt the rivals lafting peace : Quench their hot fire, or far from me remove The flame, and turn it on fome other love: Or, if my frowning ftars have fo decreed, That one must be rejected, one fucceed, Make him my lord, within whofe faithful breaft Is fix'd my image, and who loves me beft. But, oh ! ev'n that avert ! I chule it not, But take it as the leaft unhappy lot. A maid I am, and of thy virgin train; Oh, let me still that spotless name retain ! Frequent the forefts, thy chafte will obey, And only make the beafts of chace my prey !

The flames alcend on either altar clear, While thus the blamelefsmaid addrefs'd her pray'r. When lo! the burning fire that thone fo bright, Flew off, all fudden, with extinguish'd light, And left one altar dark, a little fpace; Which turn'd felf-kindl'd, and renew'd the blaze; Γ_4 The other victor-flame a moment flood, Then fell, and lifelefs left th'extinguish'd wood; For ever loft, th'irrevocable light Forfook the black'ning coals, and funk to night : At either end it whiftled as it flew, [dew;] And as the brands were green, fo dropp'd the

Infected as it fell with fweat of fanguine hue. J The maid from that ill omen turn'd her eyes,

And with loud fhricks and clamours rent the fkies, Nor knew what fignify'd the boding fign, Butfound the pow'rsdifpleas'd, and fear'd the wrath

divine. Then fhook the facred fhrine, and fudden light

Sprung through the vaulted roof, and made the temple bright.

The pow'r, behold ! the pow'r in glory fhone, By her bent bow and her keen arrows known ; The reft, a huntrefs isluing from the wood, Reclining on her cornel fpear fhe ftood. Then gracious thus began : Difinits thy fear, And Heav'n's unchang'd decrees attentive hear : More pow'rful Gods have torn thee from my fide, Unwilling to refign, and doom'd a bride : The two contending knights are weigh'd above; One Mars protects, and one the Queen of Love : But which the man, is in the Thund'rer's breaft ; This he pronounc'd, 'tis he who loves thee beft. The fire that once extinct reviv'd again, Forefhews the love allotted to remain : Farewell ! the faid, and vanish'd from the place; The fheaf of arrows fhook, and rattl'd in the cafe. Aghaft at this, the royal virgin flood, Difclaim'd, and now no more a fifter of the wood ; But to the parting Goddels thus the pray'd ; Propitious still be prefent to my aid, Nor quite abandon your once favour'd maid. Then fighing the return'd ; but finil'd betwixt, With hopes and fears, and joys with forrows mixt.

The next returning planetary hour Of Mars, who that'd the heptarchy of pow'r, His fleps bold Arcite to the temple bent, T'adore with Pagan rites the pow'r armipotent : Then profirate, low before his altar lay, And rais'd his manly voice, and thus began to pray: Strong God of Arms, whole iron feetre fways The freezing North, and Hyperborean feas, And Sevthian colds, and Thiacia's winter coaft, Where ftand thy feeds, and thou art honour'dmoft: There most; but ev'rywhere thy pow'r is known, The fortune of the fight is all thy own: Terror is thine, and wild amazcment, flung From out thy chariot, withers ev'n the ftrong : And difarray and thameful rout enfue, And force is added to the fainting crew. Acknowledg'd as thou art, accept my pray'r, If aught I have atchiev'd deferve thy care : If to my utmoft pow'r with fword and thield I dar'd the death, unknowing how to yield, And, falling in my rank, ftill kept the field ; Then let my arms prevail, by thee fuffain'd, That Emily by conquest may be gain'd. Have pity on my pains; nor those unknown To Mars, which, when a lover, were his own. Venus, the public care of all above, Thy stubborn heart has fosten'd into love :

Now by her blandifhments and pow'rful charms, When yielded the lay curling in thy arms, E'en by thy fhame, it fhame it may be call'd, When Vulcan had thee in his net enthrall'd; O envy'd ignominy, fweet difgrace, When ev'ry God that faw thee wifh'd thy place ! By those dear pleasures, aid my arms in fight, And make me conquer in my patron's right : For I am young, a novice in the trade, The fool of love, unpractis'd to perfuade : And want the foothing arts that catch the fair, But, caught myfelf, lie struggling in the fnare : And the I love, or laughs at all my pain, Or knows her worth too well, and pays me with For fure I am, unless I win in arms, Idisdain. To stand excluded from Emilia's charms : Nor can my ftrength avail, unlefs by thee Endu'd by force, I gain the victory Then for the fire which warm'd thy gen'rous Pity thy fubject's pains and equal imart. [heart, So be the morrow's fweat and labour mine; The palm and honor of the conqueit thine : Then shall the war, and stern debate, and strife Immortal, be the bus'nefs of my life; And in thy fane, the dufty fpoils among, [hung: High on the burnish'd roof, my banners shall be Rank'd with my champion's bucklers, and below, With arms revers'd, th'atchievements of my foe : And while these limbs the vital spirit feeds, While day to night, and night to day fucceeds, Thy fmoking altar shall be fat with food Of incenfe, and the grateful fteam of blood ; Burnt-off 'rings morn and ev'ning thall be thine ; And fires eternal in thy temple fhine. The bufh of yellow beard, this length of hair, Which from my birth inviolate I bear, Guiltless of steel, and from the razor free, Shall fall a plenteous crop, referv'd for thee. So may my arms with victory be bleft, I ask no more ; let fate dispose the reft.

The champion ceas'd; there follow'd in the clofe A hollow groan : a murm'ring wind arofe; The rings of iron, that on the doors were hung, Sent out a jarring found, and harfhly rung : The bolted gates flew open at the blaft, The form rufh'd in, and Arcite ftood aghaft : The flames were blown afide, yet fhone they bright,

Fann'd by the wind, and gave a ruffled light. Then from the ground a feent began to rife, Sweet-fmelling as accepted facrifice : This omen pleas'd, and as the flames afpire With od'rous incenfe Arcite heaps the fire : Nor wanted hymns to Mars, or heathen charms : At length the nodding flatue clafh'd his arms, And with a fullen found and feeble cry, [tory. Half funk, and half pronounc'd, the word of Vic-For this, with foul devout, he thank'd the God, And, of fuccei's fecure, return'd to his abode.

These vows thus granted, rais'd a strife above, Betwixt the God of War and Queen of Love. She granting first, had right of time to plead; But he had granted too, nor would recede. Jove was for Venus; but he fear'd his wife, And seen'd unwilling to decide the strife; Till

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Till Saturn from his leaden throne arofe, And found a way the diff rence to compole : Though fparing of his grace, to mifchief bent, He feldom does a good with good intent. Wayward, but wife ; by long experience taught To please both parties, for ill ends, he fought : For this advantage age from youth has won, As not to be outridden, though outrun. By fortune he was now to Venus trin'd, And with stern Mars in Capricorn was join'd : Of him difpofing in his own abode, He footh'd the Goddess, while he gull'd the God : Ceafe, daughter, to complain, and ftint the ftrife; Thy Palamon shall have his promis'd wife : And Mars, the lord of conquest, in the fight With palm and laurel shall adorn his knight. Wide is my course, nor turn I to my place, Till length of time, and move with tardy pace. Man feels me when I prefs th'etherial plains; My hand is heavy, and the wound remains. Mine is the fhipwreck, in a wat'ry fign : And in an carthy, the dark dungeon mine. Cold thiv'ring agues, melancholy care, And bitter blafting winds, and poifon'd air, Are mine, and wilful death, refulting from despair.

The throttling quinfey 'tis my ftar appoints, And rheumatisms ascend to rack the joints : When churls rebel against their native prince, I arm their hands and furnish the pretence ; And, houfing in the lion's hateful fign, Bought senates and deferting troops are mine. Mine is the privy pois'ning; I command Unkindly featons, and ungrateful land. By me kings palaces are push'd to ground, And miners cruth'd beneath their mines are found. 'Twas I flew Samfon, when the pillar'd hall Fell down, and cruth'd the many with the fall. My looking is the fire of peftilence, That fweeps at once the people and the prince. Now weep no more, but truft thy grandfire's art, Mars shall be pleas'd, and thou perform thy part. 'Tis ill, though diff'rent your complexions are, The family of Heav'n for men should war. Th'expedient pleas'd, where neither loft his right; Mars had the day, and Venus had the night. The management they left to Chronos' care ; Now turn we to th'effect, and fing the war.

In Athens all was pleafure, mirth, and play, All proper to the fpring, and fprightly May; Which ev'ry foul infpir'd with fuch delight, 'Twas jefting all the day, and love at hight. Heav'n fmil'd, and gladded was the heart of man; And Venus had the world as when it firft began. At length in fleep their bodies they compose, And dreamt the future night, and early rofe.

Now fcarce the dawning day began to fpring, As at a fignal giv'n, the ftreets with clamours ring: At once the crowd arofe; confus'd and high, Ev'n from the Heav'n was heard a fhouting crv; For Mars was early up, and rous'd the fky. The Gods came downward to behold the wars, Sharp'ning their fights, and leaning from theirftars. The neighing of the gen'rous horfe was heard, For battle by the bufy groom prepar'd, Ruftling of harnefs, rattling of the fhield. Clatt'ring of armour, furbish'd for the field. Crowds to the caffle mounted up the ftreet, Batt'ring the pavement with their courfers feet. The greedy fight might there devour the gold Of glitt'ring arms, too dazzling to behold ; And polifh'd fteel that caft the view afide, And crefted morions, with their plumy pride. Knights, with a long retinue of their 'fquires, In gaudy liv'ries march, and quaint attires. One lac'd the helm, another held the lance, A third the fhining buckler did advance. The courfer paw'd the ground with reftlefs feet, And inorting foam'd, and champ'd the golden bit. The fmiths and armourers on palfreys ride, Files in their hands, and hammers at their fide, And nails for loofen'd fpears, and thongs for fhields provide.

The yeomen guard the ftreets, in feemly bands; And clowns come crowding on, with cudgels in their hands.

The trumpets, next the gate, in order plac'd. Attend the fign to found the martial blaft ; The palace-yard is fill'd with floating tides, And the laft comers bear the former to the fides. The throng is in the midit ; the common crew Shut out, the hall admits the better few ; In knots they ftand, or in a rank they walk, Scrious in afpect, carneft in their talk ; Factious, and favouring this or t'other fide, As their ftrong fancy or weak reason guide, Their wagers back their wifnes; numbers hold With the fair freckled king, and beard of gold ; So vig'rous are his eves, fuch rays they caft, So prominent his eagle's beak is plac'd. But most their looks on the black monarch bend, His rifing muscles and his brawn commend ; His double-biting axe and beamy fpear, Each asking a gigantic force to rear. All fpoke as partial favour mov d the mind; And, fafe themfelves, at others coft divin'd.

Wak'd by the cries, th'Athenian chief arofe, The knightly forms of combat to difpole; And, paffing thro' th'oblequious guards, he fat Confpicuous on a throne, fublime in flate; There, for the two contending knights he fent Arm'd cap-a-pec, with rev'rence low they bent; He finil'd on both, and with fuperior look, Alike their offer'd adoration took. The people prefs on ev'ry fide, to fee Their awful prince, and hear his high decree. Then figning to their heralds with his hand, They gave his orders from their lofty fland. Silence is thrice enjoin'd; then thus aloud [crowd: The king at arms befpeaks the knights and lift'nir g

Our fov'reign lord has ponder'd in his mind The means to fpare the blood of gentle kind; ' And of his grace and inborn elemency, He modifies his firft fevere decree! The keener edge of battle to rebate, The troops for honor fighting, not for hate. He wills not death fhould terminate their firfie; And wounds, if wounds enfue, be fhort of life : But iffues, ere the fight, his dread command, That flings afar, and poinards hand to hand,

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Be banifh'd from the field, that none fhall dare With fhort'ned fword to ftab in clofer war; But in fair combat fight with manly firength, Nor push with biting point, but strike at length, The tourney is allow'd but one career Of the tough ash, with the sharp grinded spear ; But knights unhors'd may rife from off the plain, And fight on foot their honor to regain ; Nor, if at mifchief taken, on the ground Be flain, but prifoners to the pillar bound, At either barrier plac'd ; nor (captives made) Be freed, or arm'd anew the fight invade. The chief of either fide, bereft of life, Or yielded to his foe, concludes the firife. [young Thus dooms the lord : now valiant knights and Fight each his fill with fwords and maces long.

The herald ends: the vaulted firmament With loud acclaim and vaft applaufe is rent, Heav'n guard a prince fo gracious and fo good, So just, and yet io provident of blood ! This was the gen'tal cry. The trumpets found, And warlike symphony is heard around. The marching troops through Athens take their The great earl-marshal orders their array. [way, .The fair from high the patting pomp behold; A rain of flow'rs is from the window roll'd ; The cafements are with golden tiffue fpread, And horfes hoofs, for earth, on filken tapeftry The king goes midmost, and the rivals ride[tread: In equal rank, and close his either fide. Next after these there rode the royal wife, With Emily, the cause and the reward of strife. The following cavalcade, by three and three, Proceed by titles marshal'd in degree. Thus through the fouthern gate they take their And at the lift arriv'd ere prime of day. [way, There, parting from the king, the chiefs divide, And, wheeling east and west, before their many ride.

Th'Athenian monarch mounts his throne on high, And after him the queen and Emily : Next thefe the kindred of the crown are grac'd With nearer feats, and lords by ladies plac'd. Scarce were they feated, when with clamours loud In rufh'd at once a rude promifeuous crowd : The guards and then each other overbear, And in a moment throng the fpacious theatre. Now chang'd the jarring noife to whifpers low, As winds forfaking feas more fortly blow ; When at the weftern gate, on which the car Is plac'd aloft, that bears the God of war, Proud Arcite ent'ring ann'd before his train, Stops at the barrier, and difplay'd abroad The bloody colours of his pattern God.

At that left moment enters Palamon The gate of Venus, and the riding fun; Wavid by the wonton winds, Lis banner flies, All maiden white, and thates the people's eves. From eaft to weit, look all the world around, Twotroops for much 'd were never to be found : Such by the built for firength, of equal age, In flature by 'd; to proad an equipage : The niceft ever could no different make Where lay th'advantage, or what fide to take. Thus rang'd, the herald for the laft product A filence, while they andwer'd to their name: For io the king decreed, to thun the care, The fraud of mufters faile, the common based war.

The tale was juft, and then the gates were closid; And chief to chief, and troop to troop oppos. The heralds laft retir'd, and loudly cry'd, The fortune of the field be fairly try'd.

At this, the challenger with ficrce defy Histrumpetiounds; the challeng d makes epir With clangor rings the field, refounds the vaulted fky.

Their vizors clos'd, their lances in the reft, Or at the helmet pointed, or the creft; They vanish from the barrier, speed the race, And fpurring fee decrease the middle space. A cloud of fmoke envelops either hoft, And all at once the combatants are loft : Darkling they join adverte, and thock unter, Couriers with courfers justling, men with mea: As lab'ring in eclipte a while they flay, Till the next blatt of wind reftores the day. They look anew: the beauteous form of held Is chang'd, and war appears a grizly fight. Two troops in fair array one moment flow'd; The next, a field with fallen bodies frow'd: Not half the number in their feats are found; But men and fleeds lie grov'ling on the ground The points of fpcars are fluck within the fail The fleeds without their riders fcour the neid; The knights unhors'd, on foot renew the fight; The glitt'ring faulchions caft a gleaming light: Hauberks and helms are hew'd with man a

wound: [ground Out fpins the freaming blood, and dies the The mighty maces with fuch hafte deficend, They break the bones, and make the folid armour bend.

This thrufts amidft the throng with furious form; Down goes, at once, the horicman and the horie: That courier fumbles on the falling freed, And flound'ring, throws the rider o'er his hed. One rolls along, a foot-ball to his foes; One with a broken truncheon deals his blows. This halting, this difabled with his wound, In triumph led, is to the pillar bound, Where by the king's award he muft abide: There goes a captive led on t'other fide. By fits they ceafe; and, leaning on the laxe, Take breath a while, and to new fight advace.

Full oft the rivals met, and neither ipar'd His utmost force, and each forgot to ward. The head of this was to the faddle bent; The other backward to the crupper sent: Both were by turns unhors'd; the jealous blows Fall thick and heavy, when on foot they clok. So deep their faulchions bite, that ev'ry froke Piere'd to the quick; and equal wounds they gave and took.

Borne far alunder by the tides of men, Like adamant and fteel they meet again.

So when a tiger fucks the bullock's blood, A famith'd lion utuing from the wood Roars lordly fierce, and challenges the food.

claims possession, neither will obey, with their paws are fasten'd on the prey bite, they tear; and while in vain they frive, fwains come arm'd between, and both to distance drive. tend

length, as fate foredoom'd, and all things ourfe of time to their appointed end, hen the fun to weft was far declin'd, both afresh in mortal battle join'd, strong Emetrius came in Arcite's aid, Palamon with odds was overlaid : turning thort, he struck with all his might on the helmet of th'unwary knight. was the wound; he ftagger'd with the blow, turn'd him to his unexpected foe ; m with fuch force he ftruck, he fell'd him down,

cleft the circle of his golden crown. Arcite's men, who now prevail'd in fight, e ten at once furround the fingle knight : now'r'd at length, they force him to the ground elded as he was, and to the pillar bound; king Lycurgus, while he fought in vain riend to free, was tumbled on the plain. ho now laments but Palamon, compell'd ore to try the fortune of the field ! worse than death, to view with hateful eyes ival's conquest, and renounce the prize ! ie royal judge on his tribunal plac'd, had beheld the fight from first to last, cease the war, pronouncing from on high, e of Thebes had won the beauteous Emily. found of trumpets to the voice reply'd, round the royal lifts, the heralds cr e of Thebes has won the beauteous bride. ie people rend the fkies with vaft applaufe; wn the chief when fortune owns the caufe. e is own'd ev'n by the gods above, conqu'ring Mars infults the Queen of Love. ugh'd he, when the rightful Titan fail'd, Jove's uturping arms in heav'n prevail'd; h'd all the pow'rs who favour tyranny; all the standing army of the sky. Venus with dejected eves appears, weeping on the lifts, diftill'd her tears; vill refus'd, which grieves a woman moft, in her champion foil'd, the caufe of Love is loft.

Saturn faid, Fair daughter, now be still, bluft'ring fool has fatisfy'd his will; oon is giv'n; his knight has gain'd the day, oft the prize, th'arrears are vet to pay, hour is come, and mine the care shall be leafe thy knight, and fet thy promife free. w, while the heralds run the lifts around, Arcite, Arcite, heav'n and earth refound, racle (nor lefs it could be call'd) r joy with unexpected forrow pall'd. victor knight had laid his helm ande. for his eafe, the greater part for pride: headed, popularly low he bow'd, paid the falutations of the crowd. i, fpurring at full fpeed, ran headlong on re Theseus fat on his imperial throne;

Furious he drove, and upward caft his eye, Where, next the queen, was plac'd his Emily; Then paffing to the faddle-bow he bent: A fweet regard the gracious virgin lent (For woman, to the brave an eafy prey, Still follow fortune where the leads the way); Just then, from earth sprung out a flashing fire, By Pluto fent, at Saturn's Lad defire : The ftartling fteed was feiz'd with fudden fright. And, bounding, o'cr the pommel caft the knight: Forward he flew, and pitching on his head, He quiver'd with his feet, and lay for dead. Black was his count'nance in a little fpace; For all the blood was gather'd in his face. Help was at hand: they rear'd him from the ground,

And from his cumbrous arms his limbs unbound ; Then lanc'd a vein, and watch'd returning breath; It came, but clogg'd with fymptoms of his death. The faddle-bow the noblest parts had prest, All bruis'd and mortify'd his manly breaft. Him still entranc'd, and in a litter laid, They bore from field, and to his bed convey'd, At length he wak'd, and, with a feeble cry. The word he first pronounc'd was Emily.

Meantime the king, tho' inwardly he mourn'd. In pomp triumphant to the town return'd, Attended by the chiefs who fought the field (Now friendly mix'd, and in one troop compell'd) Compos'd his looks to counterfeited cheer, And bade them not for Arcite's life to fear. But that which gladded all the warrior-train, Tho' most were forely wounded, none were slain. The furgeons foon defpoil'd them of their arms, And fome with falves they cure, and fome with

charms; Foment the bruiles, and the pains affuage, And heal their inward hurts with fov'reight

draughts of fage. The king in perfon vifits all around ; Comforts the fick, congratulates the found; Honours the princely chiefs, rewards the reft, And holds for thrice three days a royal fcaft. None was difgrac'd ; for failing is no fhame ; And cowardice alone is lofs of fame. The vent'rous knight is from the faddle throwns But 'tis the fault of fortune, not his own. If crowds and palms the conqu'ring fide adorn, The victor under better stars was born: The brave man feeks not popular applaufe, Nor overpow'r'd with arms deferts his caufe ; Unsham'd, tho' foil'd, he does the best he can : Force is of brutes, but honour is of man.

Thus Thefeus finil'd on all with equal grace ; And each was fet according to his place. With cafe were reconcil'd the diff ring parts ; For envy never dwells in noble hearts, At length they took their leave, the time expirid, Well pleas'd, and to their fev'ral homes retir'd.

Mcanwhile the health of Arcite still impairs;

From bad proceeds to worfe, and mocks the leeches cares;

Swoln is his breaft; his inward pains increafe; All means are us'd, and all without fuccefs. The.

The clotted blood lies heavy on his heart, Corrupts, and there remains in fpite of art : Nor breathing vcins, nor cupping will prevail; All outward remedies and inward fail : The mold of nature's fabric is deftrov'd; Her veffels difcompos'd, her virtue void : The bellows of his lungs begin to fwell; All out of frame is ev'ry fecret cell, Nor can the good receive, nor bad expel. Those breathing organs, thus within opprest With venom, foon diftend the finews of his breaft. Nought profits him to fave abandon'd life, Nor vomits upward aid, nor downward laxative. The midinost region batter'd and destroy'd, When nature cannot work, th'effect of art is void. For phyfic can but mend our crazy flate, Patch an old building, not a new create. Arcite is doom'd to die in all his pride, Muft leave his youth, and yield his beauteous bride.

Gain'd hardly, against right, and unenjoy'd. When 'twas declar'd all hope of life was paft,] **Conficience** (that of all phylic works the laft) Caus'd him to fend for Emily in hafte. With her, at his defire, came Palamon; Then on his pillow rais'd, he thus begun : No language can express the smallest part Of what I feel, and fuffer in my heart, For you whom beft I love and value moft; But to your fervice I bequeath my ghoft; Which from this mortal body, when untv'd, Unfeen, unheard, thall hover at your fide; Nor fright you waking, nor your fleep offend, But wait officious, and your steps attend. How I have lov'd-excufe my falt'ring tongue, My fpirits feeble, and my pains are ftrong : This I may fay, I only grieve to die, Becaufe I lofe my charming Emily. To die, when Heav'n had put you in my pow'r, Fate could not choose a more malicious hour ! What greater curfe could enviousfortune give, Than just to die when I began to live! Vain men, how vanishing a blifs we crave, Nor warm in love, now with ring in the grave ! Never, O never more to fee the fun ! Still dark, in a damp vault, and ftill alone! This fate is common; but I lofe my breath Near blifs, and yet not blefs'd before my death. Farewell! but take me dving in your arms; 'Tis all I can enjoy of all your charms : This hand I cannot but in death refign; Ah ! could I live ! but while I live 'tis mine. I feel my end approach, and, thus embrac'd,. Am pleas'd to die; but hear me speak my last: Ah! my fweet foe, for you, and you alone, I broke my faith with injur'd Palamon. But love the fenfe of right and wrong confounds; Strong love and proud ambition have no bounds. And much I doubt, fhould Heav'n my life prolong, I fhould return to justify my wrong. For, while my former flames remain within, Repentance is but want of pow'r to fin. With mortal hatred I purfu'd his life, Nor he, nor you, were guilty of the ftrife;

Nor I, but as I lov'd; yet all combin'd; Your beauty, and my impotence of mind, And his concurrent flame, that blew my fire; For still our kindred fouls had one defire. He had a moment's right, in point of time; Had I feen first, then his had been the crime. Fate made it mine, and juftify'd his right; Nor holds this earth a more deferving knight For virtue, valour, and for noble blood, Truth, honour, all that is compriz'd in good; So help me Heav'n, in all the world is none So worthy to be lov'd as Palamon. He loves you too, with fuch an holy fire As will not, cannot, but with life expire: Our vow'd affections both have often try'd, Nor any love but yours could ours divide. Then, by my love's inviolable band, By my long fuff ring, and my thort command,

If e'er you plight your vows when I am goar, Have pity on the faithful Palamon. This was his lait; for death came on amain, And exercis'd below his iron reign; Then upward to the feat of life he goes: Senfe fled before him, what he touch'd he froze:

Yet could he not his clofing eyes withdraw, Tho' lefs and lefs of Emily he faw; So, fpeechlefs, for a little fpace he lay; Then grafp'd the hand he held, and figh'd him foul away.

But whither went his foul, let fuch relate Who fearch the fecrets of the future flate. Divines can fay but what themfelves believe; Strong proofs they have, but not demonstrative: For, were all pain, then all fides must agree, And faith itfelf be loft in certainty. To live uprightly then is fure the beft; To fave ourfelves, and not to damn the reft. The foul of Arcite went where heathens go, Who better live than we, they lefs they know. In Palamon a manly grief appears; Silent, he wept, afham'd to fhew his tears: Emilia fhriek'd but once, and then, oppreft With forrow, funk upon her lover's breaft ; Till Thefeus in his arms convey'd with care, Far from fo fad a fight the fwooning fair. 'Twere lofs of time her forrow to relate, Ill bears the fex a youthful lover's fate. When just approaching to the nuptial flate; But, like a low-hung cloud, it rains fo faft, That all at once it falls, and cannot laft. The face of things is chang'd, and Athens sow, That laugh'd fo late, becomes the fcene of we: Matrons and maids, both fexes, ev'ry flate, With tears lament the knight's untimely fate. Nor greater grief in falling Troy was feen For Hector's death; but Hector was not the Old men with dust deform'd their hoary hair; The women beat their breafts, their checks they tare.

Why would'ft thou go, with one confent they cy, When thou hadft gold enough, and Emily?

Thefeus himielf, who fhould have cheer'd the grief

Of others, wanted now the fame relief.

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CH

Igeus only could revive his fon, various changes of the world had known : trange vicifitudes of human fate, lt'ring, never in a fleady flate; after ill, and after pain delight; ate, like the fcenes of day and night: ev'ry man who lives is born to dic, ione can boaft fincere felicity, equal mind what happens let us bear, ov nor grieve too much for things beyond our care.

: II.

pilgrims to th'appointed place we tend; vorld's an inn, and death the journey's end. kings but play; and when their part is done, other, worfe or better, mount the throne. words like thefe the crowd was fatisfy'd; to they would have been had Thefeus dy'd. e, their king, was lab'ring in his mind, ing place for fun'ral pomps to find, h were in honour of the dead defign'd. after long debate, at laft he found ove itfelf had mark'd the fpot of ground) grove for ever green, that confeious land, re he with Palamon fought hand to hand : where he fed his amorous defires

foft complaints, and felt his hotteft fires, e other flames might wafte his carthly part, burn his limbs, where love had burn'd his heart.

is once refolv'd, the peafants were enjoin'd wood, and firs, and dodder'd oaks to find. founding axes to the grove they go, fplit, and lay the fuel on a row, inian food : a bier is next prepar'd, which the lifelefs body fhould be rear'd, r'd with cloth of gold, on which was laid corple of Arcite, in like robes array'd. te gloves were on his hands, and on his head eath of laurel, mix'd with myrtle fpread. ord keen-edg'd within his right he held, warlike emblem of the conquer'd field : was his manly vifage on the bier: ac'd his count'nance; ev'n in death fevere. to the palace-hall they bore the knight, c in folemn state, a public sight. ns, cries, and howlings, fill the crowded place, unaffected forrow fat on ev'ry face. 'alamon above the reft appears, ole garments, dew'd with gushing tears; uburn locks on either fhoulder flow'd, ch to the fun'ral of his friend he vow'd : Emily, as chief, was next his fide, gin widow, and a mourning bride. that the princely obsequies might be rm'd according to his high degree, fteed that bore him living to the fight, trapp'd with polifh'd steed, all shining

bright, [knight. cover'd with th'atchievements of the riders rode abreaft, and one his fhield; ince of cornel-wood another held; hird his bow, and, glorious to behold, coftly quiver, all of burnish'd gold. nobleft of the Grecians next appear, weeping, on their thoulders bore the bier;

With fober pace they march'd, and often staid, And through the inafter - ftreet the corple convey'd.

The houses to their tops with black were fpread, And ev'n the pavements were with mourning hid. The right fide of the pall old Ægeus kept ; And on the left the royal Theleus wept; Each bore a golden bowl of work divine, With honey fill'd, and milk, and mix'd with ruddy wine.

Then Palamon, the kinfinan of the flain, And after him appear'd th'illustrious train. To grace the pomp, came Emily the bright, With cover'd fire, the fun'ral pile to light. With high devotion was the fervice made, And all the rights of Pagan honour paid : So lofty was the pile, a Parthian bow, With vigour drawn, must fend the shaft below. The bottom was full twenty fathom broad, With crackling ftraw beneath in due proportion ftrow'd.

The fabric feem'd a wood of rifing green, With fulphur and bitumen caft between, To feed the flames : the trees were unchnous fir, And mountain ash, the mother of the spear; The mourner-yew, and builder oak were there: The beech, the fivinining alder, and the plane, Hard box, and linden of a fofter grain, And laurels, which the Gods for conqu'ring

chiefs ordain. How they were rank'd fhall reft untold by me, With namelefs nymphs that liv'd in ev'ry tree; Nor how the dryads, or the woodland train, Difherited, ran howling o'er the plain : Nor how the birds to foreign feats repair'd, Or beafts, that bolted out, and faw the foreft bar'd : Nor how the ground, now clear'd, with ghaffly fright,

Beheld the fudden fun, a stranger to the light. The ftraw, as first I faid, was laid below: Of chips and fere-wood was the fecond row ; The third of greens, and timber newly fell'd; The fourth high flage the fragrant odours held. And pearls, and precious ftones, and rich array; In midft of which, embalm'd, the body lay. The fervice fung, the maid with mourning eyes The ftubble fir'd; the imould'ring flames arife : This office done, the funk upon the ground ; But what the tpoke, recover'd from her twoon, I want the wit in moving words to drefs; But by themfelves the tender fex may guefs. While the devouring fire was burning fast, Rich jewels in the flame the wealthy caft; And fome their fhields, and fome their lances threw,

And gave their warrior's ghoft a warrior's due. Full bowls of wine, of honey, milk, and blood, Were pour'd upon the pile of burning wood. And hiffing flames receive, and, hungry, lick the food.

Then thrice the mounted squadrons ride around The fire, and Arcite's name they thrice refound; Hail ! and Farewell ! they fhouted thrice amain: Thrice facing to the left, and thrice they turn'd again.

BOOK II-

Still as they turn'd, they beat their clatt'ring: fhields; [the fields.] The women mix their cries; and clamour fills The warlike wakes continu'd all the night, And fun'tal games were play'd at new return-

ing light. Who naked wreftled beft, befmear'd with oil,

Or who with gauntlets gave or took the foil, I will not tell you, nor would you attend; But briefly hafte to my long ftory's end. I pais the reft; the year was fully mourn'd,

And Palamon long fince to Thebes return'd: When, by the Grecians general confent, At Athens Thefeus held his parliament: Among the laws that pafs'd, it was decreed, That conquer'd Thebes from bondage fhould be freed,

Referving homage to th'Athenian throne; To which the fov'reign funmon'd Palamon. Unknowing of the caufe, he took his way, Mournful in mind, and ftill in black array.

The monarch mounts the throne, and, plac'd on high,

Commands into the court the beauteous Emily. So call'd, fhe came; the fenate role, and paid Becoming rev'rence to the royal maid. And firft foft whifpers thro' th'affembly went; With filent wonder then they watch'd th'event. All hufh'd, the king arofe with awful grace; Deep thought was in his breaft, and counfel in his face.

At length he figh'd; and, having first prepar'd Th'attentive audience, thus his will declar'd:

The caufe and fpring of motion, from above, Hung down on carth the golden chain of love; Great was th'effect, and high was his intent, When peace among the jarring fueds he fent. Fire, flood, and carth, and air, by this were bound, And love, the common link, the new creation crown'd.

The chain still holds, for, tho' the forms decay, Eternal matter never wears away:

The fame first Mover certain bounds has plac'd, How long those perishable forms shall last : Nor can they laft beyond the time aflign'd By that all-ficing and all-making Mind : Shorten their hours they may; for will is free; But never pais th'appointed deftiny. So men opprefs'd, when weary of their breath, Throw off the burden, and fuborn their death. Then, fince those forms begin, and have their end, On fome unalter'd caufe they fure depend : Parts of the whole are we; but God the whole, Who gives us life and animating foul; For nature cannot from a part derive That being which the whole can only give : He perfect, stable ; but imperfect we, Subject to change, and diff'rent in degree ; Plants, beafts, and man; and, as our organs are, We more or lefs of his perfection share. But by a long defcent, th'etherial fire Corrupts ; and forms, the mortal part, expire. As he withdraws his virtue, fo they pafs ; And the fame matter makes another mais.

This lawth'Omnifient Pow'r was pleas'd togive, That ev'ry kind thould by fuccefion live: That individuals die his will ordains; The propagated fpecies ftill remains. The monarch oak, the patriarch of the trees, Shoots rifing up, and fpreads by flow degrees; Three centuries he grows, and three he ftays, Supreme in ftate, and in three more decays; So wears the paving pebble in the ftreet, And towns and tow'rs their fatal periods meet? So rivers, rapid once, now naked lie, Forfaken of their fprings, and leave their channels dry.

So man, at first a drop, dilates with heat, Then, form'd, the little heart begins to beat; Secret he feeds, unknowing in the cell; At length, for hatching ripe, he breaks the fhell, And struggles into breath, and cries for aid ; Then, helplefs, in his mother's lap is laid. He creeps, he walks, and, iffuing into man, Grudges their life from whence his own began; Reckleis of laws, affects to rule alone, Anxious to reign, and reftlefs on the throne : First vegetive, then feels, and reasons last; Rich of three fouls, and lives all three to wafte. Some thus; but thousands more in flow'r of age; For few arrive to run the latter ftage. Sunk in the first, in battle some are flain. And others whelm'd beneath the flormy main. What makes all this, but Jupiter the king, At whose command we perish and we spring? Then 'tis our best, fince thus ordain'd to die, To make a virtue of necessity. Take what he gives, fince to rebel is vain; The bad grows better, which we well fuftain And could we chufe the time, and chufe aright, 'Tis best to die, our honour at the height. When we have done our anceftors no fhame, But ferv'd our friends, and well fecur'd our fame, Then should we wish our happy life to close, And leave no more for fortune to difpofe. So fhould we make our death a glad relief From future fhame, from ficknefs, and from grief; Enjoying while we live the prefent hour, And dying in our excellence and flow'r. Then round our death-bed ev'ry friend should . And joyous of our conquest early won; [run, While the malicious world, with envious tears Should grudge our happy end, and with it theirs. Since then our Arcite is with honour dead, Why fhould we mourn, that he fo foon is freed, Or call untimely what the Gods decreed? With grief as just a friend may be deplord, From a foul prifon to free air reftor'd. Ought he to thank his kinfinen or his wife, Could tears recal him into wretched life? Their forrow hurts them felves; on him 'ris loft; And, worfe than both, offends his happy ghoft. What then remains, but, after paft annoy, To take the good vicitfitude of joy? To thank the gracious Gods for what they give. Poffefs our fouls, and, while we live, to live? Ordain we then, two forrows to combine, And in one point th'extremes of grief to join;

That

thence refulting joy may be renew'd, ring notes in harmony conclude. I propose that Palamon shall be uriage join'd with beauteous Emily; hich already I have gain'd th'affent v free people in full parliament. love to her has borne the faithful knight, well deferv'd, had fortune done him right. une to mend her fault; fince Emily rcite's death from former vows is free. 1, fair fifter, ratify th'accord, take him for your hufband and your lord, 10 difhonour to confer your grace he defcended from a royal race; were he lefs, yet years of fervice paft grateful fouls exact reward at last. s Heav'n's and yours; nor can she find one to foft as in a woman's mind. id; fhe blufh'd; and, as o'eraw'd by might, 'd to give Theieus what she gave the knight. turning to the Theban, thus he faid ; arguments are needful to perfuade temper to comply with my command; lpeaking thus, he gave Emilia's hand. d Venus, to behold her own true knight n the conquest, tho' he lost the fight; blefs'd with nuprial blifs the fweet laborious night.

and Anteros on either fide, [bride; ir'd the bridegroom, and one warm'd the long attending Hymen, from above, 'r'd on the bed the whole Idalian grove. f a tenor was their after-life, ay difcolour'd with domefic ftrife; aloufy, but mutual truth believ'd, e repofe, and kindnefs undeceiv'd. Heav'n, beyond the compafs of his thought, nim the bletting he fo dearly bought. may the Queen of Love long duty blefs, all true lovers find the fame fuccefs.

§ 28. Religio Laici. DRYDEN.

AN EPISTLE.

VI as the borrow'd beams of moon and ftars Fo lonely, weary, wand'ring travellers, ifon to the foul; and as on high, e rolling fires difcover but the fky, ight us here, fo reafon's glimm'ring ray lee, not to affure our doubtful way, uide us upward to a better day. aş thole nightly tapers difappear n day's bright lord afcends our hemifphere, le grows reafon at religion's fight; :s, and fo diffolves in fupernat'ral light.

few, whole lamp thone brighter, have been led,

caufe to caufe, to nature's fecret head, found that one first principle must be; what, or who, that universal He; ther fome foul encompating this ball, ade, unimov'd; yet making, moving all; Or various atoms, interfering dance, Leap'd into form, the noble work of chance; Or this Great All was from eternity; Not ev'n the Stagirite himfelf could fee ; And Epicurus guess'd as well as he; As blindly grop'd they for a future state; As rashly judg'd of providence and fate. But least of all could their endeavours find What most concern'd the good of human kind; For happiness was never to be found. But vanish'd from them like enchanted ground. One thought content the good to be enjoy'd : This very little accident destroy'd : The wifer madmen did for virtue toil: A thorny, or at beft a barren foil : In pleafure fome their glutton fouls would freep; But found their line too fhort, the well to deep; And leaky veffels which no blifs could keep. Thus anxious thoughts in endless circles roll, Without a centre where to fix the foul : In this wild maze their vain endcavours end : How can the lefs the greater comprehend ? Or finite reason reach Infinity? For what could fathom God were more than He. The Deift thinks he stands on firmer ground ; Cries sugara, the mighty fecret's found : God is that fpring of good ; fupreme, and beft ; We made to ferve, and in that fervice bleft. If fo, fome rules of worship must be giv'n, Diffributed alike to all by Heav'n : Elfe God were partial, and to fome deny'd The means his justice should for all provide. This gen'ral worship is to praise and pray. One part to borrow bleffings, one to pay : And when frail nature flides into offence, The facrifice for crimes is penitence. Yet, fince th'effects of providence, we find, Are var'oufly difpens'd to human kind : That vice triumphs, and virtue fuffers here, A brand that fov'reign justice cannot bear i Our reason prompts us to a future state: The last appeal from fortune and from fate; Where God's all-righteous ways will be declar'ds The bad meet punishment, the good reward.

Thus man by his own ftrength to heav'n would And would not be oblig'd to God for more. [foar; Vain wretched creature, how art thou milled, To think thy wit these god-like notions bred ! These truths are not the product of thy mind, But dropt from heav'n, and of a nobler kind. Reveal'd religion first inform'd thy fight, And reafon faw not till faith forung the light. Hence all thy nat'ral worfhip takes the fource; 'Tis revelation, what thou think'ft discourse. Elfe how com'it thou to fee these truths fo clear, Which to obfcure to heathens did appear ? Not Plato theie, nor Aristotle found; Nor he whole wildom oracles renown'd. Haft thou a wit fo deep, or fo fublime, Or canft thou lower dive, or higher climb ! Canft thou by reafon more of godhead know Than Plutarch, Seneca, or Cicero ? Those giant wits in happier ages born, When arms and arts did Greece and Rome ad Kac

K II.

Knew no fuch lvstem; no fuch piles could raife Of nat'ral worthip built on prayer and praife To one fole God;

Nor did remorie to exp'ate fin preferibe; But flew their fellow-creatures for a bribe; The guiltlefs victim groan'd for their offence; And cruelty and blood was penitence. If fheep and oxen could atone for men, Ah! at how cheap a rate the rich might fin ! Andgreatoppreffors mightHeav'n'swrathbeguile, By off'ring his own creatures for a fpoil!

Dar'st thou, poor worm, offend Infinity? And must the terms of peace be giv'n by thee? Then thou art Justice in the last appeal; Thy easy God instructs thee to rebel; And, like a king remote and weak, must take What fatisfaction thou art pleas'd to make.

But if there be a pow'r too juft and ftrong, To wink at crimes, and bear unpunifh'd wrong, Look humbly upward, fee his will difclofe The forfeit firft, and then the fine impofe; A mulôt thy poverty could never pay, Had not eternal wildom found the way, And with celefial wealth fupply'd thy flore; His juftice makes the fine, his mercy quits the fore.

See God defcending in thy human frame; Th'offended fuffering in th'offender's name; All thy mifdeeds to him imputed fee, And all his righteoufnefs devolv'd on thee.

For, granting we have finn'd, and that th'offence Of man is made againft Omnipotence, Some price that bears proportion muft be paid; And infinite with infinite be weigh'd. See then the Deift loft; remorfe for vice, Not paid; or, paid, inadequate in price : What farther means can reafon now direct, Or what relief from human wit expect? That fhews us fick; and fadly are we fure Still to be fick, till Heav'n reveal the cure : If then Heav'n's will muft needs be underftood, Which muft, if we want cure, and Heav'n be good, Let all records of will reveal'd be fhown; With feripture all in equal balance thrown, And our one facred book will be that one.

Proof needs not here; for whether we compare That impious, idle, iuperititious ware Of rites, lustrations, off'rings, which before, In various ages, various countries bore, With chriftian faith and virtues we thall find None anfw'ring the great end- of human kind But this one rule of life, that fhews us beft How God may be appeas'd, and mortals bleft. Whether from length of time its worth we draw, The word is fcarce more ancient than the law; Heav'n's early care preferib'd for ev'ry age; First in the foul, and after, in the page. Or, whether more abstractedly we look, Or on the writers, or the written book, Whence, but from Heav'n, could men unfkill'd In fev'ral ages born, in fev'ral parts, fin arts, Weave fuch agreeing truths ? or how, or why, Should all confpire to cheat us with a lye? Unafk'd their pains, ungrateful their advice, Starving their gain, and martyrdom their price.

If on the book itfelf we caft our view, Concurrent heathens prove the flory true; The doctrine, miracles: which mult convince, For Heav'n in them appeals to human fenfe; And tho' they prove not, they confirm the cafe, When what is taught agrees with nature's law.

Then for the ftyle majeftic and divine, It fpeaks no lefs than God in ev'ry line; Commanding words; whole force is fiill the far As the first fiat that produc'd our frame. All faiths befide, or did by arms afcend; Or fente indulg'd has made mankind their frient; This only doctrine does our bufts oppose. Unfed by nature's foil in which it grows; Crofs to our int'refts, curbing fenfe and fin; Oppress'd without, and undermin'd within It thrives thro' pain ; its own tormentors mes And with a flubborn patience still afpires, To what can reafon fuch effects affign Transcending nature, but to laws divine; Which in that facred volume are contain'd; Sufficient, clear, and for that use ordain'd?

But ftay; the Deift here will urge anew, No fupernat'ral worfhip can be true; Becaufe a gen'ral law is that alone Which muft to all, and ev'ry where, be known A ftyle fo large as not this book can claim, Nor aught that bears reveal'd religion's name. 'Tis faid, the found of a Metfiah's birth Is gone thro' all the habitable earth; But ftill that text muft be confin'd alone To what was then inhabited and knowa: And what provision could from thence actue? To Indian fouls, and worlds difcoverd new ? In other parts it helps, that ages paft, The feriptures there were known, and were the

brac'd,

Till fin fpread once again the fhades of night; What's that to thefe, who never faw the light! Of all objections this indeed is chief To ftartle reason, ftagger frail belief; [📾 We grant 'tis true, that Heav'n from hund Has hid the fecret paths of providence ; But boundless wisdom, boundless mercy, may Find, ev'n for those bewilder'd fouls, a way; If from his nature focs may pity claim, [main Much more may strangers who ne'er heard is And though no name be for falvation known, But that of his eternal Son's alone, Who knows how far transcending goodnets cm Extend the merits of that Son to man? Who knows what reafons may his mercy lead; Or ignorance invincible may plead? Not only charity bids hope the beft, But more the great apostle has express : " That if the Gentiles, whom no law infpit'd, By nature did what was by law requird, They, who the written rule had never known Were to themfelves both rule and law alose: To nature's plain indictment they shall pless; And by their confcience be condemn'd or freed.". Moit righteous doom ! becaufe a rule reveal'd Is none to those from whom it was conceal'd. Then those who follow'd reason's dictates right Liv'd up, and lifted high their nat'sal light

:rates may fee their Maker's face, oufand rubric martyrs want a place. es it baulk my charity, to find tian bifhop of another mind; sh his creed eternal truth contains, for man to doom to endless pains believ'd not all his zeal requir'd, first could prove he was inspir'd I us either think he meant to fay 1, where publish'd, was the only way; nclude that, Arius to confute, l old man, too eager in difpute, 15 and as his christian fury role,. Il for heretics who durft oppole. ar my charity this path has try'd; inskilful, but well-meaning guide : they are, ev'n these crude thoughts re bred

g that which better thou haft read. :hlefs author's work; which thou, my inflating better doft commend; [friend, uthful hours which of thy equals most .ve fquander'd, or in vice have loft, irs haft thou to nobler use employ'd; evere delights of truth enjoy'd. his weighty book, in which appears xed toil of many thoughtful years, hy author, in the fifting care : old fophifticated ware I divine; which he who well can fort wards make algebra a fport. :, which, if county-curates buy, ius and Tremilius may defy; in various readings, and translations, hout Hebrew, make most learn'd quoons

full with various learning fraught, ponder'd, yet fo ftrongly wrought, s height and art's laft hand requir'd; is man could compais, uninfpir'd. : may fee what errors have been made : copyers and translators trade ; fh, Popifh, int'refts have prevail'd, : infallibility has fail'd. e who have his fecret meaning guess'd, d our author not too much a prieft : i's fake he feems to have recourfe ind councils, and tradition's force: t old traditions could fubdue, but find the weakness of the new : , tho' deriv'd from heav'nly birth, ut carclefsly preferv'd on earth; vn people, who of God before it we know, and bad been promis'd rms of Heav'n's affifting care, [more, lid neither time nor ftudy spare is book untainted, unperplext, s errors to corrupt the text, ragraphs, embroil'd the fenfe, traditions ftopt the gaping fence, y common hand pull'd up with eafe, y from fuch bruthwood-helps as there? vords from time are not fecur'd, w think have oral founds endur'd ?

Which thus transmitted, if one mouth has fail'd, Immortal lyes on ages are intail d: And that some such have been, is prov'd too plain,

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If we confider int'reft, church, and gain. O but, fays one, tradition fet afide, Where can we hope for an unerring guide ? For fince th'original fcripture has been loft, All copies difagreeing, maim'd the moft, Or chriftian faith can have no certain ground, Or truth in church-tradition mut be found.

Such an omniscient church we with indeed : 'Twere worth both Testaments; cast in the creedt But if this mother be a guide to fure, As can all doubts refolve, all truth fecure, Then her infallibility, as well Where copies are corrupt or lame, can tell ; Reftore loft canon with as little pains, As truly explicate what ftill remains: Which yet no council dare pretend to do; Unleis, like Efdras, they could write it new : Strange confidence still to interpret true, Yet not be fure that all they have explain'd Is in the bleft original contain'd. More fafe, and much more modeft 'tis, to fay God would not leave mankind without a way, And that the feriptures tho' not ev'rywhere Free from corruption, or inture, or clear, Are uncorrupt, fufficient, clear, intire, In all things which our needful faith require. If others in the fame glafs better fce, 'Tis for themfelves they look, but not for me # For my falvation must its doom receive, Not from what others, but what I believe,

Muft all tradition then be fet afide ? This to affirm were ignorance or pride. Are there not many points, fome needful fur To faving faith, that fcripture leaves obfcure ? Which ev'ry fect will wreft a fev'ral way; For what one fect interprets, all fects may. We hold, and fay we prove from fcripture plain, That Chrift is God; the bold Socinian From the fame fcripture urges he's but man. Now what appeal can end th'important fuit ? Both parts talk loudly, but the rule is mute.

Shall I fpeak plain, and in a nation free Affume an honeft layman's liberty ? I think, according to my little fkill, To my own mother church fubmitting ftill, That many have been fav'd, and many may, Who never heard this queftion brought in play. Th'unletter'd Chriftian, who believes in grofs, Plods on to heav'n; and ne'er is at a lofs: For the ftraight gate would be made ftraightes yet,

Were none admitted there but men of wit. The few by nature form'd, with learning fraught, Born to infruct, as others to be taught, Muft fludy well the facred page, and fee Which doctrine, this or that, does beft agree With the whole tenor of the work divine, And plainlieft points to Heav'n's reveal'd defiga; Which exposition flows from genuine fenfe; And which is forc'd by wit and eloquence.

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Not that tradition's parts are ufelefs here : When gen'rul, old, difinterefted, clear: That ancient fathers thus expound the page, Gives truth the reverend majefty of age: Confirms its force by 'biding ev'ry tell; For best authorities, next rules, are best. And still the nearer to the spring we go, More limpid, more unfoil'd, the waters flow. Thus first traditions were a proof alone; Could we be certain, fuch they were, fo known ; But fince fome flaws in long defcent may be, They make not truth, but probability. Ev'n Arius and Pelagius durft provoke To what the centuries preceding tpoke ; Such difference is there in an oft-told tale : But truth by its own finews will prevail. Tradition written therefore more commends Authority, than what from voice descends. And this, as perfect as its kind can be, Rolls down to us the facred hiftory : Which, from the univerfal church receiv'd, Is try'd, and after, for itfelf believ'd.

The partial Papifts would infer from hence, Their church, in laft refort, fhould judge the fenfe. But first they would assume with wond'rous art, Thenfelves to be the whole, who are but part Of that vast frame the church; yet grant they were The handers-down, can they from thence infer A right t'interpret? or would they alone, Who brought the prefent, claim it for their own? The book's a common larges to mankind; Not more for them than ev'ry man defign'd: The welcome news is in the letter found; The carrier's not commission'd to expound. It speaks itself, and what it does contain, In all things needful to be known is plain.

In times o'ergrown with ruft and ignorance, A gainful trade their clergy did advance: When want of learning kept the laymen low, And none but prießts were authoriz'd to know : When what imall knowledge was, in them did dwell:

And he a god who could but read and fpell ; Then mother church did mightily prevail; She parcel'd out the Bible by retail : But still expounded what she fold or gave; To keep it in her power to damn and fave. Scripture was fcarce, and, as the market went, Poor laymen took falvation on content; As needy men take money, good or bad: God's word they had not, but the prieft's they had. Yet whate'er falle conveyances they made, The lawyer still was certain to be paid. In those dark times they learn'd their knack fo That by long use they grew infallible. [well, At last a knowing age began t'enquire If they the book, or that did them infpire : And making narrower fearchthey found, tho'late, That what they thought the prieft's, was their eftate :

Taught by the will produc'd, the written word, How long they had been cheated on record. Then ev'ry man who faw the title fair, *Claim'd a child's part, and put in for a fhare;*

Confulted foberly his private good ; And fav'd himfelf as cheap as e'er he could. 'Tis true, my friend, and far be flatt'ry hence, This good had full as bad a confequence : The book thus put in ev'ry vulgar hand Which each prefum'd he beft could underftand, The common rule was made the common preys And at the mercy of the rabble lay. The tender page with horny fifts was gall'd; And he was gifted most that loudeft baul'd: The fpirit gave the doctoral degree : And ev'ry member of a company Was of his trade, and of the Bible free. Plain truths enough for needful ule they found; But men would still be itching to expound: Each was ambitious of th'obfcureft place, No measure ta'en from knowledge, all from grace.

BOOK M.

Study and pains were now no more their care; Texts were explained by fafting and by pray'r: This was the fruit the private ipirit brought; Occafion'd by great zeal and little thought. While crowds unlearn'd, with rude devotom About the facred viands buz and fivarm. [warm, The fly-blown text creates a crawling brood, And turns to maggots what was meant for food. A thoufand daily fects rife up and die; A thoufand more the perifh'd race fupply: So all we make of Heav'n's difcover'd will, Is not to have it, or to ufe it ill. The danger's much the fame; on fev'ral fhelves.

What then remains, but, waving each extreme, The tides of ignorance and pride to ftem ? Neither fo rich a treafure to forego; Nor proudly feek beyond our pow'r to know: Faith is not built on disquisitions vain ; The things we must believe are few and plains But fince men will believe more than they need, And ev'ry man will make himfelf a creed, In doubtful questions 'tis the fafest way, To learn what unfulpected ancients fay : For 'tis not likely we fhould higher four In fearch of heav'n than all the church before ; Nor can we be deceiv'd, unlefs, we fee The feripture and the fathers difagree. If after all, they ftand fuspected still (For no man's faith depends upon his will) 'Tis forme relief, that points not clearly know Without much hazard, may be let alone: And, after hearing what our church can in, If still our reason runs another way, That private reason 'tis more just to curb, Than by difputes the public peace diffurb ; For points obfcure are of fmall use to learn; But common quict is mankind's concern-

Thus have I made my own opinions clear ? Yet neither praife expect, nor cenfure fear : And this unpolifield rugged verfe I chole, As fitteft for difcourfe, and neareft profe : For while from facred truth I do not fwerw, Tom Sternhold's or Tom Shadwell's rhymes will ferve.

" Mac Hechen

Mac Flecknoe. DRYDEN,

n things are fubject to decay; [obey. ien Fate fummons, monarchs muft e found, who, like Augustus, young empire, and had govern'd long; verse was own'd, without dispute, realms of Nonsense, absolute. ince, now flourishing in peace, vith iffue of a large increase, th bus nefs, did at length debate fucceffion of the ftate; g which, of all his fons, was fit I wage immortal war with Wit, efolv'd; for Nature-pleads, that he ule who most refembles me. e, my perfect image bears, Incis from his tender years : e, of all my fons, was he, onfirm'd in full ftupidity. ome faint meaning make pretence; never deviates into fense. of wit on other fouls may fall, ind make a lucid interval; genuine night admits no ray; s prevail upon the day. odly fabric fills the eye, fign'd for thoughtlefs majefty : smonarch oaks, that fhade the plain, n folemn state, supinely reign.

Shirley were but types of thee, at prophet of Tautology. ce of more renown than they, ore but to prepare thy way; clad in Norwich drugget, came nations in thy greater name. lute, the lute I whilom ftrung, 3 John of Portugal I fung, prelude to that glorious day, n filver Thames didft cut thy way, n'd oars, before the royal barge, the pride of thy celestial charge; 1 hymn, commander of an hoft, ne'er in Epfom blankets toft. e the new Arion fail, trembling underneath thy nail. arpen'd thumb, from fhore to fhore, ucak for fcar, the bales roar : Pifling-Alley Sh---- call, they refound from Afton-Hall. at the little fiftes throng, rning toast that floats along. prince of thy harmonious band, t thy papers in thy threshing hand. et ne'er kept more equal time, eet of thine own Pfyche's rhyme: in number as in fense excel; e Tautology they fell, th envy, Singleton for fwore word, which he in triumph bore, ne'er would act Villerius more. the good old fire, and wept for joy, ares of the hopeful boy. s, but most his plays, perfuade, nted dulnefs he was made,

Clofe to the walls which fair Augufta bind (The fair Augufta, much to fears inclin'd) An ancient fabric, rais'd t'inform the fight, There flood of yore, and Barbican its height : A watch-tow'r once; but now, fo fate ordains, Of all the pile an empty name remains: From its old ruins brothel-houfes rife, Scenes of lewd loves, and of polluted joys, Where their waft courts the mother-firumpets keep.

And, undisturb'd by watch, in filence sleep. Near these a nursery creets its head, Where queens are form'd, and future heroes breds . Where unfledg'd actors learn to laugh and cry, Where infant punks their tender voices try, And little Maximins the gods defy. Great Fletcher never treads in bulkins here, Nor greater Junion dares in focks appear ; But gentle Simkin just reception finds Amidit this monument of vanish'd minds : Pure clinches the fuburbian muse affords, And Panton waging harmlefs war with words, Here Riecknoe, as a place to fame well known, Ambitioufly defign'd his Sh-----'s throne t For ancient Decker prophecy'd, long fince, That in this pile fhould reign a mighty prince, Born for a fcourge of Wit, and flail of fenfe; To whom true dulnefs fhould fome Pfyches owe But worlds of Mifers from his pen thould flow a Humorifts and Hypocrites it fhould preduce ; Whole Raymond families, and tribes of Bruce. Now empress Fame had publish'd the renown -'s coronation thro' the town. Of Sh-Rouz'd by report of Fame, the nations meet, From near Bun-hill, and diftant Watling-ftreet, No Perfian carpets fpread th'imperial way, But fcatter'd limbs of mangled poets lay: From dufty fhops neglected authors come, Martyrs of pyes, and reliques of the bum. Much Heywood, Shirley, Ogleby, there lay ; - almost choak'd the way. But loads of Sh-Bilk'd stationers for yeomen stood prepar'd, And H-n was captain of the guard. The hoary prince in majefty appear'd, High on a throne of his own labours rear'd. At his right hand our young Afcanius fat, Rome's other hope, and pillar of the flate ; His brows thick fogs, inftead of glories, grace, And lambent Dulne's play'd around his face. As Hannibal did to the altars come, Sworn by his fire a mortal foe to Rome, So Sh-fwore, nor fhould his vow be vain, That he, till death, true dulness would maintains And, in his father's right, and realm's defence, Ne'er to have peace with wit, nor truce with fenie. The king himfelf the facred unction made, As king by office, and as prieft by trade. In his maither hand, inftead of ball, He plac'd a mighty mug of potent ale; Love's kingdom to his right he did convey, Atonce his sceptre, and his rule of fway; [young, Whose righteous lore the prince had practis'd And from whole loins recorded Plyche fprung: His remples last, with poppies were o'erfpres That, modding, feem'd to conferrate his Và

Just at the point of time, if rame not lye, On his left hand twelve rev'rend owls did fly. So Romulus, 'tis fung, by Tiber's brook, Pretage of fway from twice fix vultures took. Th'admiring throng loud acclamations make, And onens of his future empire take. The fire then fhook the honors of his head, And from his brows damps of oblivion fhed Full on the filial dulacts; long he ftood, Repelling from his breadt the raging god; At length burft out in this prophetic mood :

"Heav'ns blefs my fon, from Ireland let him To far Barbadoes on the weftern main ; [reign Of his dominion may no end be known, And greater than his father's be his throne ; · Beyond Love's kingdom let him ftretch his pen !" He paus'd, and all the people cry'd, Amen. Then thus continu'd he : 'My fon, advance Still in new impudence, new ignorance. Succeis let others teach, learn thou, from me, Paags without birth, and fruitlefs induftry. Let Virtuofos in five years be writ ; Yet not one thought accufe thy toil of wit. Let gentle George in triumph tread the flage, Make Dorimant betrav, and Loveit rage ; Let Cully, Cockwood, Fopling, charm the pit, And, in their folly, fhew the writer's wit. Yct still thy Fools shall stand in thy defence, And justify their author's want of fenie. Let 'em be all by thy own model made Of dulnefs, and defire no foreign aid; That they to future ages may be known, Not copies drawn, but iffue of thy own. Nay, let thy men of wit too be the fame : All full of thee, and diff'ring but in name. But let no alien S-dl-y interpofe, To lard with wit thy hungry Epfom profe. And, when falle flow'rs of Rhetoric thou would'ft Truft Nature, do not labour to be dull ; fcull. But write thy beft, and top; and, in each line, Sir Formal's oratory will be thine : Sir Formal, though unfought, attends thy quill, And does thy Northern Dedications fill Nor let falfe friends feduce thy mind to fame, By arrogating Jonfon's hoftile name. Let father Flecknoc fire thy mind with praife, And uncle Ogleby thy envy raife. Thou art my blood, where Jonion has no part : What fhare have we in nature or in art? Where did his wit on Learning fix a brand, And rail at arts he did not understand ? Where made he love in Prince Nicander's vein, Or fwept the duft in Pfyche's humble ftrain Where fold he bargains, whip-flitch, kifs my arfe; Promis'd a play, and dwindl'd to a farce ? When did his muse from Fletcher scenes purloin, As thou whole Eth ridge doft transfule to thine ? But fo transfus'd, as oil and waters flow ; His always floats above, thine finks below. This is thy province, this thy wond'rous way, New humours to invent for each new play : This is that boafted bias of thy mind, By which, one way, to dulnefs 'tis inclin'd ; Which makes thy writings lean on one fide ftill, And, in all changes, that way bends thy will.

Nor let thy mountain-belly make pretence Of likenels; thine's a tympany of fenfe. A tun of man in thy large bulk is writ; But sure thou'rt but a kilderkin of wit. Like mine, thy gentle numbers feebly creep; Thy tragic mule gives finiles, thy comic, fleep. With whate'er gall thou fet'ft thyfelf to write, Thy inoffenfive fatires never bite. In thy felonious heart though venom lies, It does but touch thy Irith pen, and dies. Thy genius calls thee not to purchase fame In keen lambics, but mild Anagram. Leave writing plays, and chufe for thy command Some peaceful province in Acroftic land. There thou may'ft wings difplay, and altars raile, And torture one poor word a thoufand ways. Or if thou would'ft thy diff'rent talents fuit, Set thy own fongs, and fing them to thy lute.

BOOK II.

He faid ; but his laft words were fcarcely heard ;

For Bruce and Longvil had a trap prepar'd; And down they fent the yet declaiming bard. Sinking, he left his drugged robe behind, Borne upwards by a fubterranean wind. The mantle fell to the young prophet's part, With double portion of his father's art.

§ 30. An Estay upon Satire.

DRYDEN and BUCKINGHAM.

HOW dull, and how infenfible a beaft Is man, who yet would lord it o'er the reft Philosophers and poets vainly strove In ev'ry age the lumpish mais to move : But those were pedants, when compar'd with these Who know not only to inftruct but pleafe. Poets alone found the delightful way. Mysterious morals gently to convey In charming numbers ; fo that as men grew Pleas'd with their poems, they grew wifer too. Satire has always fhone among the reft, And is the boldeft way, if not the beft, To tell men freely of their fouleft faults ; To laugh at their vain deeds, and vainer thoughts. In fatire too, the wife took diff 'rent ways ; To each deferving its peculiar praife. Some did all folly with just tharpness blame, Whilft others laugh'd, and fcorn'd them into But of thefe two, the laft fucceeded beft, [fhame. As men aim righteft when they floot in jeft. Yct, if we may prefume to blame our guides, And cenfure those who cenfure all befides ; In other things they justly are preferred : In this alone methinks the ancients err'd ; Against the groffest follies they declaim ; Hard they purfue, but hunt ignoble game. Nothing is eafier than fuch blots to hit, And 'tis the talent of each vulgar wit : Befides, 'tis labour loft ; for who would preach Morals to Armstrong, or dull Aston teach ? 'Tis being devout at play, wife at a ball, Or bringing wit and friendship to Whitehall. But with tharp eyes those nicer faults to find, Which lie obfcurely in the wifeft mind; : **х**., Thit'

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little fpeck which all the reft does fpoil, ash off that would be a noble toil; d the loofe-writ libels of this age, : forc'd fcencs of our declining Itage ; : all cenfure too, each little wit x fo glad to fee the greater hit ; judging better, though concern'd the moft, h correction will have cause to boast. h a fatire all would feek a fhare, v'ry fool will fancy he is there. »ry-tellers too must pine and die, their antiquated wit laid by ; er, who mits'd her name in a lampoon, riev'd to find herfelf decay'd fo foon. nmon coxcomb must be mention'd here : e dull train of dancing fparks appear ; stt'ring officers who never fight a wretched rabble who would write? lefs half-wits : that's more against our :y are fops ; the other are but fools. [rules ; vould not be as filly as Dunbar? 1 as Monmouth, rather than Sir Carr ? inning courtier should be flighted too, vith dull knav'ry makes fo much ado; e fhrewd fool, by thriving too, too faft, Efop's fox, becomes a prey at laft. all the royal miftreffes be nam'd ; gly, or too cafy to be blam'd; [pother, whom each rhyming fool keeps fuch a ire as common that way as the other : int'ring Charles, between his beaftly brace,

with diffembling fill in either place, d humour, or a painted face. 1 libels we have often told him, ne has jilted him, the other fold him : at affects to laugh, how this to weep; o can rail fo long as he can fleep ? er prince by two at once milled, oolifh, old, ill-natur'd, and ill-bred ? r and Aylefbury, with all that race blockheads, fhall have here no place; ncil set as foils on Dorset's score, ce that great falfe jewel fhine the more ; I that while was thought exceeding wife, r taking pains and telling lies. re's no meddling with fuch naufcous men ! ery names have tir'd my lazy pen : ie to quit their company, and choofe tter fubject for a fharper Mufe.

let's behold the merricit man alive his carelefs genius vainly ftrive ; s dear cafe, fome deep defign to lay, a fet time, and then forget the day will laugh at his beft friends, and be good company as Nokes and Lee. in he aims at reafon, or at rule, s himself the bett to ridicule.

at bus'nels ne'er fo earneft fit, m but mirth, and bait that mirth with wit; adow of a jeft shall be enjoy'd, . he left all mankind to be deftroy'd. ranform'd, fat gravely and demure,

But foon the lady had him in her eye, And from her friend did juft as oddly fly. Reaching above our nature does no good ; We must fall back to our old flesh and blood ; As by our little Machiavel, we find That nimbleft creature of the bufy kind, His limbs are crippled, and his body fhakes ; Yct his hard mind, which all this buille makes, No pity of its poor companion takes. What gravity can hold from laughing out, To fee him drag his feeble legs about, Like hounds ill-coupl'd ? Jowler lugs him ftill Thro' hedges, ditches, and thro' all that's ill. Twere crime in any man but him alone, To use a body so, tho' 'tis one's own : Yetthis falle comfort nevergives him o'er, [foar : That whilft he creeps his vig'rous thoughts can Alas 1 that foaring, to those few that know, Is but a bufy grov'ling here below. So men in rapture think they mount the fky; Whilft on the ground th'intranced wretches lie: So modern fops have fancy'd they could fly. As the new earl with parts deferving praile, And wit enough to laugh at his own ways; Yet lofes all fost days and fenfual nights, Kind nature checks, and kinder fortune flights; Striving against his quict all he can, For the fine notion of a bufy man. And what is that at beft, but one, whole mind Is made to tire himfelf and all mankind ? For Ireland he would go ; faith, let imm reign ; For if fome odd fantaftic lord would fain Carry in trunks, and all my drudg ry do, I'll not only pay him, but admire him too. But is there any other beaft that lives, Who his own harm fo wittingly contrives ? Will any dog, that has his teeth and ftones. Refin'dly leave his bitches and his bones To turn a wheel ? and bark to be employ'd, While Venus is by rival dogs enjoy'd ? Yet this fond man, to get a statesman's name, Forfeits his-friends, his freedom, and his fame.

Though fatire nicely writ no humour ftings But those who merit praise in other things ; Yet we must needs this one exception make, And break our rules for folly Tropos fake; Who was too much defpis'd to be accus'd, And therefore fearce deferves to be abus'd ; Rais'd only by his mercenary tongue, For railing fmoothly, and for reasining wrong, As boys on holydays, let loofe to play, Lay waggifh traps for girls that pais that way ; Then shout to see in dirt and deep distress Some filly cit in her flow'r'd foolifh drefs ; So have I mighty fatisfaction found, To fee his tinfel reason on the ground ; To fee the florid fool despis'd, and know it, By fome who fcarce have words enough to flow it : For feuse fits filent, and condemns for weaker The finner, nay, fometimes the wittiest fpeaker: But 'tis prodigious fo much cloquence Should be acquired by fuch little fenfe 1 -For words and wit did anciently agree 3. use appear'd, and thought himself secures | And Tully was no fool, though this man be-U₃

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At bar abufive, on the bench unable, Knave on the woolfack, fop at council-table. These are the grievances of fuch fools as would Be rather wife than honeft, great than good.

Some other kind of wits mult be made known, Whole harmlels errors hurt themfelves alone; Excels of luxury they think can pleale, And lazinels call loving of their eale; To live diffolv'd in pleafures thill they feign, Though their whole life's but intermitting pain: So much of furfeits, head-aches, claps, are feen, We fearce perceive the little time between; Well-meaning men who make this großs miftake, And pleafure lofe only for pleafure's fake; Each pleafure has its price, and when we pay Too much of pain, we fquander life away.

Thus Dorfet, purring like a thoughtful cat, Marry'd; but wifer pufs ne'er thought of that; And firft he worry'd her with railing rhime, Like Pembroke's maftives at his kindeft time; Then for one night fold all his flavith life, A teeming widow, but a barren wife; Swell'd by contact of fuch a fulfome toad, He lugg'd about the matrimonial load; Till fortune, blindly kind as well as he, Has ill reftor'd him to his liberty ! Which he would ufe in his old fneaking way, Drinking all night, and dozing all the day; Dull as Ned Howard, whom his brifker times Had fam'd for dulnefs in malicious rhymes.

Mulgrave had much ado to 'scape the fnare, Tho' learn'd in all those arts that cheat the fair; For after all his vulgar marriage-mocks, With beauty dazzl'd, Numps was in the stocks; Deluded parents dry'd their weeping eyes,

To fee him catch his tartar for his prize; Th'impatient town waited the with'd-for change, And cuckolds fmil'd in hopes of iweet revenge; Till Petworth plot made us with forrow fee, As his eftare, his perfon too was free : Him no foft thoughts, no gratitude could move; To gold he fled from beauty and from love; Yet failing there, he keeps his freedom ftill, Forc'd to live happily againft his will : 'Tis not his fault, if too much wealth and pow'r Break not his boafted quiet ev'ry hour.

And little Sid. for fimile renown'd, Pleafure has always fought, but never found : Though all his thoughts on wine and women fall, His are fo bad, fure he ne'er thinks at all. The flefh he lives upon is rank and ftrong ; His meat and miffreffes are kept too long, But fure we all miltake this pious man, Who mortifies his perfon all he can s What we uncharitably take for fin, Are only rules of this odd capuchin; For never hermit, under grave pretence, Has liv'd more contrary to common fenfe; And 'tis a miracle we may suppose, No naftine's offends his fkilful nofe ; Which from all flink can, with peculiar art, Extrast perfume and effence from a f-t : Expecting fupper is his great delight; He toils all day but to be drunk at night :

Then o'er his cups this night-bird chirping fitte Till he takes Hewet and Jack Hall for with. Rochefter I despife for want of wit, Though thought to have a tail and cloven foot ; For while he mischief means to all mankind, Himfelf alone the ill effects does find : And fo like witches justly fuffers shame, Whofe harmlefs malice is fo much the fame. False are his words, affected is his wit; So often he does aim, fo feldom hit ; To ev'ry face he cringes while he fpeaks, But when the back is turn'd, the head he breaked Mean in each action, lewd in ev'ry limb, Manners themfelves are mifchievous in him : A proof that chance alone makes ev'ry creature A very Killigrew, without good-nature. For what a Beffus has he always liv'd, And his own kickings notably contriv'd ? For, there's the folly that's ftill mixt with fear, Cowards more blows than any hero bear ; Of fighting sparks some may their pleasures in But 'tis a bolder thing to run away The world may well forgive him all his ill, For ev'ry fault does prove his penance fill ; Falicly he falls into fome dang'rous noofe, And then as meanly labours to get loofe; A life fo infamous is better quitting, Spent in bafe injury and low fubmitting. I'd like to have left out his poetry; Forgot by all almost as well as me. Sometimes he has fome humour, never wit 1 And if it rarely, very rarely, hit, 'Tis under fo much nafty rubbish laid, To find it out's the cinderwoman's trade; Who for the wretched remnants of a fire, Muft toil all day in affics and in mire. So lewdly dull his idol works appear; The wretched texts deferve no comments here i Where one poor thought fometimes, left all alone, For a whole page of dulnefs must atone.

How vain a thing is man, and how unwife ; Ev'n he, who would himfelf the most despile ! I, who fo wife and humble feem to be, Now my own vanity and pride can't fee. While the world's nonfenfe is fo tharply facua We pull down others but to raife our own : That we may angels feem, we paint them elves, And are but fatites to fet up ourfelves. I (who have all this while been finding fault, Ev'n with my master, who first fatire taught & And did by that deferibe the talk fo hard, It feems ftupendous, and above reward) Now labour with unequal force to climb That lofty hill, unreach'd by former time ; 'Tis just that I should to the bottom fall, Learn to write well, or not to write at all.

§ 31. Cymon and Iphigenia. DRYDEN. Poeta Loquitur.

OLD as I am, for ladies love unfit, The pow'r of beauty I remember, yet; Which once inflam'd my foul, and ftill infpires my wit.

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e be folly, the fevere divine

elt that folly, though he cenfures mine; tes the pleafures of a chafte embrace, what I write, and propagates in grace, riotous excets, a pricitly race. % him free, and that I forge th'offence, ew'd the way, perverting first my fenfe; tlice witty, and with venom fraught, akes me fpeak the things I never thought. whet he gains of his ungovern'd zeal; its his cloth the praife of railing well. world will think that what we loofely write, gh now arraign'd, he read with fome delight; ffe he feems to chew the cud again, is hisbroad comment makes the text too plain; eaches more in one explaining page

all the double-meanings of the itage. hat needs he paraphrate on what we mean? rere at worft but wanton ; he's obicenc. my fellows nor myfelf excufe ove's the jubject of the comic Mule; an we write without it, nor would you **:** of only dry inftruction view ove is always of a vicious kind, it too virtuous acts inflames the mind. tes the fleepy victour of the foul, orufhing o'er, adds motion to the pool. fudious how to pleafe, improves our parts polifh'd manners, and adorns with arts. first invented verse, and form'd the rhyme, notion meafur'd, harmoniz'd the chime ; o'ral acts enlarg'd the narrow-foul'd, i'd the fierce, and made the coward bold vorld, when waite, he peopled with increase, varring nations reconcil'd in peace. nd, the first, and all the fair may find s one legend, to their fame defignid, i beauty fires the blood, how love exalts the mind !

hat fweet ifle where Venus keeps her court. v'ry grace, and all the loves, refort; e either fex is form'd of fofter earth, akes the bent of pleafure from their birth; liv'd a Cyprian lord, above the reft wealthy, with a num'rous iffue bleft. as no gift of fortune is fincere, mly wanting in a worthy heir; deft born, a goodly youth to view, 'd the reft in fhape and outward fhew : all, his limbs, with due proportion join'd, a heavy, dull, degen'rate mind. ul bely'd the features of his face ; 7 was there, but beauty in difgrace. vnish mien, a voice with ruftic found, upid eves that ever lov'd the ground. k'd like na:ure's error ; as the mind ody were not of a piece delign'd, [join'd. ade for two, and by miftake in one were J : ruling rod, the father's forming care, exercis'd in vain on wit's defpair ; tore inform'd, the lefs he underftood; " ceper funk by flound ring in the mud. :orn'd of all, and grown the public fhame, tople from Galcius chang'd his name,

And Cymon call'd, which fignifies a brute ; So well his name did with his nature fuit.

His father, when he found his latour loft, And care employ'd that anfwer'd not the coft, Chofe an ungrateful object to remove, And loath'd to fee what nature made him love; So to his country fatm the fool confin'd; Rude work well fund with a ruftic mind. Thus to the wilds the flurdy Cymon went, A 'fquire among the twains, and pleas'd with ba-His corn and tattle were his only care; [nifhment. And his fupreme delight a country fair. It happen'd on a fummer's holi ay, That to the green-wood fliade here to his way; For Cymon flunn'd the chu.ch. in dus'd not much to pray.

His quarter-ftaff, which he could ne'er forfake, Hung half before, and half behind his back. He trudg'd along, unknowing what he fought, And whifil'd as he went, for want of thought.

By chance conducted, or by thirst constrain'd. The deep receifes of the grove he gain d; Where, in a plain, defended by the wood, Crept through the matted grafs a crystal flood, By which an alabafter fountain flood : And on the margin of the fount was laid (Attended by her flaves) a fleeping maid : Like Dian and her nymphs, when tir'd with fport Ta reft by cool Eurors they refort : The dame herfelf the goddefs well express, Not more diffinguish'd by her purple veft. Than by the charming features of her face, And ev'n in flumber a fuperior grace : Her comely limbs compos'd with decent care, Her body shaded with a flight cymar; Her bolom to the view was only bare; Where two beginning paps were fcarcely fpy'd, For yet their places were but fignify'd. The fanning wind upon her bolom blows, To meet the fanning wind the bofom role; The fanning wind, and purling ftreams, continue her repofe.

The fcol of nature flood with flupid eyes And gaping mouth, that teftify'd furprize, Fix'd on her face; nor could remove his fight, New as he was to love, and novice to delight. Long mute he flood, and leaning on his flaff, His wonder withcis'd with an idiot laugh; Then would have fpoke, but by his glinim'ring fonfe.

First found his want of words, and fear'd offence; Doubted for what he was he fhould be known, By his clown accent, and his country tone. Through the rude chaos thus the running light Shot the first ray that piere'd the native night : Then day and darkness in the mais were mix'd. Till gather'd in a globe the beams were fix'd : Laft shone the fun, who, radiant in his sphere, Illumin'd heav'n and earth, and roll'd around the So reafon in this brutal foul began, [year. Love made him first suspect he was a man; Love made him doubt his broad barbarian found; By love, his want of words and wit he found ; That fenie of want prepar'd the future wa To knowledge, and difclos'd the promife of a day U 🖡

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What not his father's care, nor tutor's art, Could plant with pains in his unpolith'd heart, The best instructor, love, at once intpir'd, As barren grounds to fruitfulnefs are fir'd : Love taught him fhame; and fhame, with love Soon taught the fweet civilities of life ; [at ftrife, His groß material toul at once could find Somewhat in her excelling all her kind : Exciting a defire till then unknown, Somewhat unfound, or found in her alone. This made the first impression on his mind, Above, but just above, the brutal kind. For beafts can like, but not diffinguish too, Nor their own liking by reflection know; Nor why they like, or this or t'other face, Or judge of this or that peculiar grace; But love in grofs, and flupidly admire,

As flies, ailur'd by light, approach the fire. Thus our man-beaft, advan ing by degrees, First likes the whole, then fep'rates what he fees ; On fev'ral parts a fev'ral praife beftows, The ruby lips, the well-proportion'd nofe, The fnowy fkin, and raven-gloffy hair, The dimpled cheek, and forehead riting fair, And, ev'n in fleep itfelf, a finiling air. From thence his eyes defeeding view'd the reft, Her plump round arms, white hands, and heaving breaft.

Long on the last he dwelt, though ev'ry part

A pointed arrow sped to pierce his heart. Thus in a trice a judge of beauty grown (A judge erected from a country clown) He long'd to fee her eyes, in flumber hid, And with'd his own could pierce within the lid: He would have wak'd her, but reftrain'd his thought,

And love new-born the first good manners taught: And awful fear his ardent with withftood, Nor durft difturb the goddefs of the wood. For fuch the feem'd by her celettial face, Excelling all the reft of human race. And things divine, by common fcnfc he knew, Muß be devoutly feen, at diftant view : So checking his defire, with trembling heart, Gazing he flood, nor would nor could depart ; Fix'd as a pilerim wilder'd in his way, Who dares not thir by night, for fear to ftray, But fiands with awful eyes to watch the dawn of day.

At length awaking, Iphigene the fair (So was the beauty call'd who caus'd his care) Unclos'd her eyes, and double day reveal'd, While those of all her flaves in fleep were feal'd.

The flav'ring cudden, propp'd upon his ftaff, Stood ready gaping, with a grinning laugh, To welcome her awake; nor durft begin To fpeak, but wifely kept the fool within. Then the; What makes you, Cymon, here alone? (For Cymon's name was round the countryknown, Becaufe defeended of a noble race, And for a foui ill forted with his face.)

But ftill the fot flood filent with furprize, With fix'd regard on her new-open'd eves, And in his breaft receiv'd th'invenom'd dart; A tickling pain that pleas'd amid the finart.

But, confcious of her form, with quick diffruft She faw his fparkling eyes, and fear'd his brand luft :

This to prevent, the wak'd her fleepy crew, And, rifing hafty, took a fhort adieu.

Then Cymon first his rustic voice effay'd. With proffer'd fervice to the parting maid, To fee her fafe. His hand the long deny'ds But took at length, atham'd of fuch a guide. So Cymon led her home, and leaving there, No more would to his country clowns repair, But fought his father's house, with better mind Refuting in the farm to be confin'd.

The father wonder'd at the fon's return, And knew not whether to rejoice or mourn ; But doubtfully receiv'd, expecting ftill To learn the fecret caufes of his alter'd will. Nor was he long delay'd : the first request He made, was like his brothers to be dreft, And, as his birth requir'd, above the reft.

With eafe his fuit was granted by his fife, Distinguishing his heir by rich attire : His body thus adorn'd, he next defign'd With lib'ral arts to cultivate his mind : He fought a tutor of his own accord, And ftudy'd leffons he before abhorr'd.

Thus the man-child advanc'd, and learn'd fo faft,

That in fhort time his equals he furpafs'd; His brutal manners from his breaft exil'd, His micn he fashion'd, and his tongue he fil'd; In ev'ry exercife of all admir'd, He feem'd, nor only feem'd, but was infpir'd: Infpir'd by love, whole bus'nefs is to pleafe; He rode, he fenc'd, he mov'd with graceful eafe; More fam'd for fenfe, for courtly carriage more, Than for his brutal folly known before.

What then of alter'd Cymon fhall we fay, But that the fire which choak'd in afhes lay, A load too heavy for his foul to move, love. Was upward blown below, and brush'd away by Love made an active progress thro' his mind, The dusky parts he clear'd, the gross refin'd, The drowfy wak'd ; and as he went imprefs'd The Maker's image on the human breaft. Thus was the man amended by defire, And, tho' he lov'd perhaps with too much fire, His father all his faults with reafon fcann'd, And lik'd an error of the better hand; Excus'd th'excels of paffion in his mind, By flames too fierce, perhaps too much refin'ds So Cymon, fince his fire indulg'd his will, Impetuons lov'd, and would be Cymou still [fair. Galefus he difewn'd, and chofe to bear The name of fool confirm'd, and bishop'd by the

To Cipfeus by his friends his fuit he mov'd; Cipfeus, the father of the fair he lov'd: But he was pre-engag'd by former ties, While Cymon was endeav'ring to be wife ; And Iphigene, oblig'd by former vows, Had given her faith to wed a foreign spoule. Her fire and the to Rhodian Pafimond, The' both repenting, were by promife bound, Nor could retract; and thus, as fate decreed, Tho' better lov'd, he spoke too late to speed. e doom was paft, the fhip, already fent, Il his tardy diligence prevent. d to herfelf the fair unhappy maid, e ftormy Cymon thus in fecret faid, time is come for Iphigene to find miracle fhe wrought upon my mind; harms have made me man, her ravifh'd love nk fhall place me with the blefs'd above. nine by love, by force fhe fhall be mine; eath, if force fhould fail, fhall finifh my defign.

v'd he faid; and rigg'd with fpeedy care flel firong, and well equipp'd for war. fecret fhip with chofen friends he ftor'd; bent to die or conquer, went aboard. ufh'd he lay, behind the Cyprian fhore, ing the fail that all his wifhes bore; ong expected; for the following tide out the hoftile fhip and beautcous bride. Nhodes the rival bark directly fteer'd, n Cymon fudden at her back appear'd, topp'd her flight; then, ftanding on the prow, ughty terms he thus defy'd the foc; ike your fails at furmons, or prepare rove the laft extremitics of war.

warn'd, the Rhodians for the fight proidy were the veffels fide by fide; [vide; : obfinate to fave, and those to seize the bride.

Cymon foon his crooked grapples caft, th with tenacious hold his foes embrac'd, arm'd with fword and fhield, amid the prefs he pafs'd.

was the fight, but, haft'ning to his prey, ree the furious lover freed his way:
elf alone difpers'd the Rhodian crew,
weak difdain'd, the valiant overthrew;
conqueft for his following friends remain'd,
ap'd the field, and they but only glean'd.
victory confes'd, the focs retreat,
caft the weapons at the victor's fect.
n thus he cheeer'd: O Rhodian youth, I fought

>ve alone, nor other booty fought : . lives are fafe; your veffel I refign; i be your own, reftoring what is mine. higene I claim my rightful due, 'd by my rival, and detain'd by you. Pafimond a lawlefs bargain drove; parent could not fell the daughter's love; he could, my love difdains the laws, like a king, by conquest gains his caufe. e arms take place, all other pleas are vain, aught meforce, and force fhall love maintain; what by ftrength you could not keep, releafe, it an eafy ranfom buy your peace. ron the conquer'd fide foon fign'd th'accord, [phigene to Cymon was reftor'd : : to his arms the bluthing bride he took, ming fadnets the compos'd her look; by force fubjected to his will, pleas'd, diffembling, and a woman ftill. for the wept) he wip'd her falling tears, ray'd her to difinifs her empty fears;

For yours I am, he faid, and have deferved Your love much better, whom fo long I ferv'd, Than he to whom your formal father ty'd Your vows, and fold a flave, not fent a bride. Thus while he fpoke, he feiz'd the willing preve As Paris bore the Spartan spoule away. Faintly the forcam'd, and ev'n her eyes confefs'd She rather would be thought, than was diffrefs'd, Who now exults but Cymon in his mind? Vain hopes and empty joys of human kind, Proud of the prefent, to the future blind ! Secure of fate, while Cymon plows the fea, And ficers to Candy with his conquer'd prey Scarce the third glafs of meafur'd hours was rune When, like a fiery meteor funk the fun; The promife of a ftorm ; the fhifting gales Forfake by fits, and fill the flagging fails; Hoarfe murmurs of the main from far were heard, And night came on, not by degrees prepard, But all at once; at once the winds arife, The thunders roll, the forky lightning flies. In vain the mafter iffues out commands, In vain the trembling failors ply their hands; The tempest unforeieen prevents their care, And from the first they labour in defpair. The giddy ship, betwixt the winds and tides, Forc'd back and forwards, in a circle rides, Stunn'd with the diff'rent blows; then theots amain,

Till, counterbuff'd, fhe ftops, and fleeps again. Not more aghaft the proud archangel fell, Plung'd from the height of heav'n to deepeft hell, Than ftood the lover of his love posseries deepeft Now curs'd the more, the more he had been bless'd, More anxious for her danger than his own, Death he defies; but would be loft alone.

Sad Iphigene to womanish complaints Adds pious pray'rs, and wearies all the faints; Ev'n if the could, her love the would repent; But, fince she cannot, dreads the punishment: Her forfeit faith, and Palimond betray'd. Are ever prefent, and her crime upbraid. She blames herfelf, nor blames her lover lefs, Augments her auger as her fears increase : From her own back the burthen would remove, And lays the load on his ungovern'd love, Which interposing durft, in Heav'n's despite, Invade, and violate another's right. The pow'rs incens'd, a while deferr'd his pain, And made him mafter of his vows in vain But foon they punish'd his presumptuous pride, That for his daring enterprise fhe dy'd, Who rather not relifted than comply'd.

Then, importent of mind, with alter'd fenfe, Bhe hugg'd th'offender, and forgave th'offence ' Sex to the laft. Meantime, with fails declin'd, The wand'ring vefiel drove before the wind; Tofs'd and tetefs'd, aloft, and then below, Nor port they feek, nor certain course they know,

But ev'ry moment wait the coming blow. J Thus blindly driv'n, by breaking day they view'd

The land before them, and their fears renew'd; The The land was welcome, but the tempest bore The threaten'd ship against a rocky shore.

A winding bay was near; to this they bent, And juft efcap'd; their force already fpent. Secure from itorins, and panting from the fea, The land unknown at leifure they furvey; And faw (but foon their fickly fight withdrew) The riting tow'rs of Rhodes at diffant view; And curs'd the hoftile fhore of Pafimond, Sav'd from the feas, and fhipwreck'd on the ground.

The frighted failors try'd their ftrength in vain To turn the ftern, and tempt the ftormy main; But the ftiff wind withflood the lab'ring oar, And forc'd them forward on the fatal fhore ! The crooked keel now bites the Rhodian ftrand, And the fhip moor'd conftrains the crew to land; Yet ftill they might be fafe, becaufe unknown; But, as ill fortune feldom comes alone, The veffel they difmis'd was driv'n before, Already fhelter'd on their native fhore; Known each, they know; but each with change of cheer;

The vanquift'd fide exults, the victors fear; Not them but theirs; made pris'ners ere they fight, Defpairing conqueft, and depriv'd of flight.

The country rings around with loud alarms, And raw in fields the rude militia fwarms; Mouths without hands, maintain'd at vaft ex-In peace a charge, in wara weak defence: [pence, Stout once a month they march, a bluft'ring And ever, but in times of need, at hand; [band; This was the morn when, iffung on the guard, Drawn up in rank and file, they flood prepar'd Of feeming arms to make a flort effay, [day. Then haften to be drunk, the bus'nefs of the The cowards would have fled, but that they

knew

Themfelves fo many, and their foes fo few: But, crowding on, the laft the first impel, Till overborne with weight the Cyprians fell. Cymon enflav'd, who first the war begun, And Ipligene once more is lost and won.

Deep in a dungeon was the captive caft, Depriv'd of day, and held in fetters faft; His life was only fpar'd at their requeft, Whom taken he fo nobly had releas'd; But Iphigenia was the ladies care; Each in their turn addrefs'd to treat the fair; WhilePatimondand his the nuptial feaftprepare.

Her fecret foul to Cymon was inclin'd, But the muft fuffer what her fates affign'd; So pative is the church of womankind. What worke to Cymon could his fortune deal, Roli'd to the loweft fpoke of all her wheel? It refted to difinifs the downward weight, Or raife him upward to his former height; The latter pleas'd; and love (concern'd the moft) Prepar'd th'amends for what by love he loft.

The fire of Pafimond had left a fon, Tho' vounger, vet for courage early known, Ormitida call'd; to whom, by promife ty'd, A Rhodian beauty was the defin'd bride; Caffandra was her name ; above the refi Renown'd for birth, with fortune amply blef. Lyfimachus, who rul'd the Rhodian flate, Was then by choice their annual magifirate; He lov'd Caffandra too with equal hre, But fortune had not favour'd his defire; Crois'd by her friends, by her not difapprov'd, Nor yet preferr'd, or like Ormiida lov'd. So flood th'affair; fome little hope remain'd,

That, fhould his rival chance to lote, he gain't, Mcan time young Paismond his marrage prefs'd,

Ordain'd the nuptial day, prepar'd the feafi; And frugally reiolv'd (the charge to fhun, Which would be double fhould he wed alone) To join his brother's bridal with his own.

Lyfimachus, opprefs'd with mortal grief, Receiv'd the news, and ftudy'd quick relief; The fatal day approach'd; if force were ui'd, The magiftrate his public truft abus'd; To juftice liable, as law requir'd; For, when his office ccas'd his pow'r expir'd. While pow'r remain'd, the means were m in hand.

By force to leize, and then forfake the land. Betwixt extremes he knew not how to more; A flave to fame, but more a flave to love: Reftraining others, yet himfelf not free, Made impotent by pow'r, debas'd by dignty. Both fides he weigh'd; but after much debus, I he man prevail'd above the magifirate.

Love never fails to mafter what he finds, But works a different way in different minds, The fool enlightens, and the wife he blinds. This youth propoling to poffefs and 'lcape, Began in murder, to conclude in rape: Unprais'd by me, the' Heav'n formetimes may bld An impious act with undeferv'd fuccefs; The great, it feems, are privileg'd alone To punifh all injuffice but their own. But here I flop, not daring to proceed, Yet blufh to flatter an unrighteous deed; For crimes are but permitted, not decreed.

Refolv'd on force, his wit the prator beat, To find the means that might fecure th'erent; Nor long he labour'd; for his lucky thought In captive Cymon found the friend he fought; Th'example pleas'd : the caufe and crime the An injur'd lover and a ravifh'd dame. [fame; How much he durft he knew by what he dar'd, The lefs he had to lofe, the lefs he car'd, To manage loathform life when love was the reward.

This ponder'd well, and fix'd on his intent, In depth of night he for the pris'ner fent; In fecret fent, the public view to fhun, Then, with a fober finile, he thus begun: The pow'rs above, who bounteoully befrow Their gifts and graces on mankind below, Yet prove our merit first, nor blindly gree To fuch as are not worthy to receive; For valour and for virtue they provide Their due reward, but first they must be try'd.

The

- Thefe fruitful feeds within your mind they fow'd; "Twas yours t'improve the talent they beftow'd : They gave you to be boin of noble kind,
- They gave you love to lighten up your mind, And purge the groffer parts ; they gave you care To pleafe, and courage to deferve the fair.
- Thus far they try'd you, and by proof they found
- The grain entrusted in a grateful ground;
- **But ftill the great experiment remain'd;**
- They fuffer'd you to lofe the prize you gain'd,
- That you might learn the gift was theirs alone ;
- And, when reftor'd, to them the bleffing own.
- , Reftor'd it foon will be; the means prepar'd,
- The difficulty fmooth'd, the danger fhar'd;
- Be but youriclf, the care to me refign,
- Then Iphigene is yours, Caffandra mine.
- Your rival Pafimond purfues your life,
- Impatient to revenge his ravish'd wife:
- But yet not his; to-morrow is behind,
- And love our fortunes in one band has join'd : Two brothers are our foes; Ormifda mine,
- As much declar'd as Pafimond is thine; To-morrow must their common vows be ty'd:
- With love to friend, and fortune for our guide, Let both refolve to die, or each redeem a bride.
- Right I have none, nor haft thou much to plead;
- 'Tis force, when done, muft juftify the deed; Our talk perform'd, we next prepare for flight; And let the lofers talk in vain of right: We with the fair will fail before the wind; If they are griev'd, I leave the laws behind. Speak thy refolves; if now thy courage droop, Defpair in prifon, and abandon hope: But if thou dar'ft in arms thy love regain (For liberty without thy love were vain) Then fecond my defign to feize the prey,
- Or lead to fecond rape, for well thou know'ft the way.
- Said Cymon, overjoy'd, do thou propole The means to fight, and only fhew the foes: For from the firft, when love had fir'd my mind, Refolv'd I left the care of life behind.
- To this the bold Lyfimachus reply'd, Let Heav'n be neuter, and the fword decide; The 'fpoulals are prepar'd, already play The minftrels, and provoke the tardy day: By this the brides are wak'd, their grooms are dreft;
- All Rhodes is fummon'd to the nuptial feaft, All but myfelf, the fole unbidden gueft. Unbidden tho' I am, I will be there, And, join'd by thee, intend to joy the fair.
- Now hear the reft; when day refigns the light, And cheerful torches gild the jolly night, Be ready at my call; my cholen few With arms administer'd shall aid thy crew; Then, ent'ring unexpected, will we feize Our deftin'd prey from men diffolv'd in eafe; By wine difabl'd, unprepar'd for fight; And hast'ning to the feas, fuborn our flight: The feas are ours, for I command the fort; A ship well-mann'd expects us in the port. If they, or if their friends, the prize contest, Death shall attend the man who dares refist.

- It pleas'd ! the prifoner to his hold retir'd; His troop with equal emulation fir'd, [quir'd. All fix'd to fight, and all their wonted work re-The fun arofe; the fireets were throng'd around, The palace open'd, and the pofts were crown'd. The double bridegroom at the door attends Th'expected fpoule, and entertains the friends ; The, meet, they lead to church, the priefts invoke. The pow'rs, and feed the flames with fragrant finoke.
- This done, they feaft, and at the clofe of night, By kindled torches vary their delight; These lead the lively dance, and those the
- brimming bowls invite. Now at th'appointed place and hour affign'd, With fouls refolv d, the ravifhers were join'd;
- Three bands are form'd; the first is sent before. To favour the retreat and guard the shore; The second at the palace-gate is plac'd; And up the losty stairs ascend the last;
- A peaceful troop they feem with fhining vefts,
- But coats of mail beneath fecure their breafts. Dauntlefs they enter, Cymon at their head.
- And find the fealt renew'd, the table fpread; Sweet voices, mix'd with inftrumental founds, Afcend the vaulted roof, the vaulted roof rebounds. When, like the harpies rufhing through the hall, The fudden troop appears, the tables fall, Their finoking load is on the pavement throwng Each ravifher prepares to feize his own; The brides, invaded with a rude embrace, Shrick out for aid, confusion fills the place. Quick to redeem the prey their plighted lords Advance; the palace gleams with fining fivords.
- But late is all defence, and fuccour vain, The rape is made, the ravithers remain; Two flurdy flaves were only fent before To bear the purchas'd prize in fafety to the fhore, The troop retires, the lovers clofe the rear, With forward faces not confelling fear; [uned Backward they move, but form their pace to Then feek the flair, and with flow haftedefeend.
- Fierce Pafimond, their paffage to prevent, Thruft full on Cymon's back in his defcent, The blade return'd unbath'd, and to the handle bent.
- Stout Cymon foon remounts, and cleft in two His rival's head with one defeending blow; And as the next in rank Ormiida flood, He turn'd the point; the fword inur'd to blood, Bor'd his unguarded breaft which pour'd a purple flood.
- With vow'd revenge the gath'ring crowd purfues, The ravifhers turn head, the fight renews; The hall is heap'd with corps; the fprinkled gore Befmears the walls, and floats the marble floor. Difpers'd at length the drunken fquadron flies, The victors to their vefiel bear the prize; [cries.] And hear behind loud groans and lamentable The crew with merry flouts their anchor weigh, Then ply their oars, and bruth the buxom iea, While troops of gather'd Rhodians crowd the quay.

The public wealth to foreign parts convey'd; Some troops difbanded, and the reft unpaid. Rhodes is the fov'reign of the fea no more; Their fhips unrigg'd, and fpent their naval flore; They neither could defend, nor can purfue, But grinn'd their teeth, and caft a helplefs view : In vain with darts a diftant war they try, Short and more fhort, the millive weapons fly. Meanwhile the raviflers their crimes enjoy; And flying fails and fweeping oars employ : The cliffs of Rhodes in little fpace are loft; Jove's ifle they feek; nor Jove denies his coaft.

In fafety landed on the Candian fhore, With gen'rous wines their fpirits they reffore: There Cymon with his Rhodian friend refides, Both court and wed at once the willing brides. A war enfues; the Cretans own their caufe, Stiff to defend their hofpitable laws; Both parties lofe by turns; and neither wins, Till peace propounded by a truce begins. The kindred of the flain forgive the deed, But a fhort exile mult for fhow precede; The term expir'd, from Candia they remove, And happy each, at home, enjoys his love.

§ 32. A Letter from Italy to the Right Honourable Charles Lord Halifax. In the Year 1701. ADDISON.

WHILE you, my Lord, the rural flades admire,

VV And from Britannia's public pofts retire, Nor longer, her ungrateful fons to pleafe, For their advantage facrifice your eafe; Me into foreign realms my fate conveys, Thro' nations fruitful of immortal lavs, Where the foft feafon and inviting clime Confpire to trouble your repofe with rhyme.

For wherefoe'er I turn my ravish'd eyes. Gay gilded scenes and thining prospects rife. Poetic fields encompais me around, And ftill I feem to tread on claffic ground ; For here the Muse so oft her harp has firung, That not a mountain rears its head unfung ; Renown'd in verse each shady thicket grows. And ev'ry ftream in heav'nly numbers flows. How am I pleas'd to fearch the hills and woods For rifing fprings and celebrated floods ! To view the Nar, tumultuous in his courfe, And trace the fmooth Clitumnus to his fource ! To fee the Mincio draw his wat'ry ftore Thro' the long windings of a fruitful fhore, And hoary Albula's infected tide O'er the warm bed of finoking fulphur glide!

Fir'd with a though and raptures I furvey Eridanus thro' flow'ry meadows ftray, The king of floods! that rolling o'er the plains, The tow'ring Alps of half their moifture drains, And proudly fivoln with a whole winter's fnows, Diftributes wealth and plenty where he flows.

Sometimes, mifguided by the tuneful throng, I look for fireams immortalized in fong, That loft in filence and oblivion lie [dry] (Dumb are their fountains, and their channels Yet run for ever by the Muse's skill, And in the smooth description murmur still.

Sometimes to gentle Tiber I retire, And the fam'd river's empty flore admire, That, deflitute of ftrength, derives its courfe From thrifty urns and an unfruitful fource; Yet fung fo often in poetic lays, With fcorn the Danube and the Nile furveys; So high the deathlefs mufe exalts her theme ! Such was the Boyne, a poor inglorious ftream, That in Hibernian vales obfcurely ftray'd, And, unobferv'd, in wild meanders play'd; Till, by your lines and Naffau's fword renown'd, Its rifing billows thro' the world refound; Where'er the Hero's godlike acts can pierce, Or where the fame of an immortal verfe.

Oh could the Mufe my ravifh'd breaft infpire With warnth like yours, and raife an equal fire, Unnumber'd beauties in my verfe fhall fhine, And Virgil's Italy fhould yield to mine! See how the golden groves around me fmile, That fhun the coalt of Britain's flormy iffe, Or, when transplanted and preferv'd with care, Curfe the cold clime, and ftarve in northern air. Here kindly warnth their mounting juice ferments

To nobler taftes and more exalted fcents; E'en the rough rocks with tender myrtle bloom, And trodden weeds fend out a rich perfume. Bear me, fome god, to Baia's gentle feats, Or cover me in Umbria's green retreats; Where weftern gales eternally retide, And all the feafons lavih all their pride; Bloffoms, and fruits, and flow'rs together rife; And the whole year in gay confution lies.

Immortal glories in my mind revive, And in my foul a thoufand patfions ftrive, When Romc's exalted beauties I defcry, Magnificent in piles of ruin lie. An amphitheatre's amazing height Here fills mv eye with terror and delight, That on its public fhews unpeopled Rome, And held uncrowded nations in its womb; Here pillars rough with fculpture pierce the fkies; And here the proud triumphal arches rife, Where the old Romans deathlefs acts difplay'd, Their bafe degen'rate progeny upbraid; Whole rivers here forfake the fields below, And, wond'ring at their height, through airy channels flow.

Still to new fcenes my wand'ring Muse retires; And the dumb fhow of breathing rocks admires; Where the fmooth chifel all its force has fhown, And foften'd into flesh the rugged stone. In folema filence, a majestic band, Heroes, and gods, and Roman confuls, stand; Stern tyrants, whom their cruelties renown, And emperors, in Parian marble frown; [fu'd, While the bright dames to whom they humbly Still shew the charms that their proud hearts fubdu'd.

Fain would I Raphael's godlike art rehearfe, And fhow th'immortal labours in my verfe, [light, Where, from the mingled ftrength of fhade and A new eation rifes to my fight, v'nly figures from his pencil flow, with life his blended colours glow, me to theme with fecret plcafure tofty he foft variety I'm loft; afing airs my ravish'd foul confound cling notes and labyrinths of found k nes and temples rife in diftant views, ung palaces invite my Mufe. as kind Heav'n adorn'd the happy land, ter'd ble.lings with a wasteful hand ! t avail her unexhausted stores, ming mountains, and her funny thores, the gifts that Heav'n and earth impart, les of nature, and the charms of art, roud Oppreision in her vallies reigns, ranny usurps her happy plains? r inhabitant bcholds in vain I'ning orange and the fwelling grain; ie fees the growing oils and vines, the myrtle's fragrant shade repines in the midft of nature's bounty curft, the loaden vineyard dies for thirft. rty! thou goddefs heav nly bright, of blifs, and pregnant with delight ! pleafures in thy prefence reign, ling Plenty leads thy wanton train; her load, Subjection grows more light, verty looks cheerful in thy fight; ak'ft the gloomy face of Nature ga auty to the Sun, and pleafure to the Day. , goddels, thee Britannia's ifle adores; s the oft exhausted all her stores, :, in fields of death, thy prefence lought, aks the mighty prize too dearly bought ! ign mountains may the fun refine pc's foft juice, and mellow it to wine, tron groves adorn a diftant foil, : fat olive fwell with floods of oil; y not the warmer clime, that lies egrees of more indulgent fkics, he coarfeuels of our haven repine, er our heads the frozen Pleiads shine : perty that crowns Britannia's ille, akes her barren rocks and her bleak nountains finile. [fight, 's with tow'ring piles may please the their proud afpiring domes delight ; touch to the ftretch'd canvafs give, h their animated rocks to live; itain's care to watch o'er Europe's fate, ld in balance each contending ftate; aten bold prefumptuous kings with war, fwer her afflicted neighbour's pray'r. ne and Swede, rous'd up by fierce alarms, e wife conduct of her pious arms; her fleets appear, their terrors ceafe, the northern world lies hush'd in peace. inbitious Gaul beholds, with fecret dread, nder aim'd at his afpiring head, n her godlike fons would difunite gn gold, or by domeftic fpite; es in vain to conquer or divide, Nailau's arms defend, and counfels guide.

Fir'd with the name, which I fo oft have found, The diftant climes and diff'rent tongues refound, I bridle in my ftruggling mufe with pain, That longs to launch into a bolder firain.

But I've already troubled you too long, Nor dare attempt a more advent'rous fong. My humble verie demands a fofter theme, A painted meadow, or a purling ftream; Unfit for herces, whom immortal lays, [praife, And lines like Virgil's, or like your's fhould

. § 33. The Campaign. ADDISON. To his Grace the Duke of Marlborough, 1706.

4Rheni pacatur et Istri

Omnis in hoc uno variis discordia cessit

' Ordinibus ; lætatur eques, plauditque senator,

' Votaque patricio certant plebeia favori.'

CLAUD. de Land. Stilic.

Esse aliquam in terris gentem qua sua impensa,
sua labore ac periculo, bella gerat pro libertate aliorum. Nec hoc finitimis, aut propinqua vicinitatis hominibus, aut terris continenta
junctis prastet. Maria trajiciat: ne quad
toto orbe terrarum injustum imperium sit, et

• ubique jus, fas, lex, potentisfima sint.

Liv. Hift. lib. 33.

W^{HILE} crowds of princes your deferts proclaim,

Proud in their number to enrol your name; While emperors to you commit their caufe, And Anna's praifes crown the vaft applaufe; Accept, great leader, what the Mufe recites, That in ambitious verfe attempts your fights. Fir'd and transported with a theme fo new, Ten thousand wonders op'ning to my view Shine forth at once; fieges and florms appear, And wars and conquests fill th'important year; Rivers of blood I fee, and hills of flain, An Iliad rifing out of one campaign.

The haughty Gaul beheld, with tow'ring pride, His ancient bounds enlarg'd on ev'ry fide; Pyrene's lofty barriers were fubdu'd And in the midft of his wide empire flood; Aufonia's states, the victor to restrain, Oppos'd their Alps and Apennines in vaig, Nor found themfelves, with ftrength of rocks in. Behind their everlafting hills fecur'd; [mur'd. The rifing Danube its long race began And half its courfe thro' the new conquests rans Amaz'd, and anxious for her fov'reign's fates, Germania trembled thro' a hundred flates; Great Leopold himfelf was feiz'd with fear ; He gaz'd around, but faw no fuccour near; He gaz'd, and half-abandon'd to defpair His hopes on Heav'n, and confidence in pray'r.

To Britain's queen the nations turn their eyes; On her refolves the weftern world relies, Confiding ftill, amidft its dire alarms, In Anna's councils, and in Churchill's arms.

Thin

Thrice happy Britain, from the kingdoms rent, To fit the guardian of the continent l That fees her braveft fon advanc'd fo high, And flourifhing fo near her prince's eye; Thy fav'rites grow not up by fortune's fport, Or from the crimes or follies of a court; On the firm bafis of defert they rife, From long-try'd faith, and friendfhip's holy tyes: Their fov'reign's well-diffinguifh'd finiles they fhare;

Her ornaments in peace, her ftrength in war; The nation thanks them with a public voice; By fhow'rs of bleffings Heav'n approves their Envy itfelf is dumb, in wonder loft, [choice; And factions ftrive who fhall applaud them moft.

Soon as foft vernal breezes warm the fky, Britannia's colours in the zephyrs fly; Her chief already has his march begun, Croffing the provinces himfelf had won, Till the Mofelle, appearing from afar, Retards the progress of the moving war. Delightful ftream, had nature bid her fall In diftant climes, far from the perjur'd Gaul; But now a purchase to the fword she lies, Her harvests for uncertain owners rife, Each vinevard doubtful of its mafter grows, And to the victor's bowl each vintage flows. The difcontented fhades of flaughter'd hofts That wander'd on her banks, her heroes ghofts, Hop'd, when they faw Britannia's arms appear, The vengeance due to their great death was near.

Our godlike leader, ere the fircam he paft, The mighty fcheme of all his labours caft. Forming the wond'rous year within his thought; His bofom glow'd with battles yet unfought. The long laborious march he firft furveys, And joins the diftant Danube to the Maefe; Between whofe floods fuch pathlefs forefts grow, Such mountains rife, fo many rivers flow, The toil looks lovely in the hero's eyes, And danger ferves but to enhance the prize.

Big with the fate of Europe, he renews His dreadful courfe, and the proud foe purfues! Infected by the burning Scorpion's heat, The fultry gales round his chaf'd temples beat, Till on the borders of the Maine he finds Defenfive fhadows, and refrefhing winds. Our British youth, with in-born freedom bold, Unnumber'd fcenes of fervitude behold, Nations of flaves, with tyranny debas'd, (Their Maker's image more than half defac'd) Hourly instructed, as they urge their toil, To prize their Queen, and love their native foil.

Still to the riting fun they take their way Thro' clouds of duft, and gain upon the day. When now the Neckar on its friendly coaft With cooling threams revives the fainting hoft, That cheerfully his labours paft forgets, The midnight watches, and the noonday heats.

O'er profitate towns and palaces they pals (Now cover'd o'er with woods, and hid in grafs) Breathing revenge; whilft anger and difdain Fire ev'ry breaft, and boil in ev'ry vein. Here thatter'd walls, like broken rocks, from far Rife up in hideous views, the guilt of war, Whilft here the vine o'er hills of ruins climbs, Industrious to conceal great Bourbon's crimes.

At length the fame of England's hero drew Eugenio to the glorious interview, Great fouls by inftinct to each other turn, Demand alliance, and in friendship burn; A fudden friendship, while with stretcht-out rays They meet each other, mingling blaze with blaze. Polish'd in courts, and harden'd in the field, Renown'd for conquest, and in council skill'd, Their courage dwells not in a troubled flood Of melting spirits, and fermenting blood ; Lodg'd in the foul, with virtue over-rul'd, Inflam'd by reason, and by reason cool'd; In hours of peace content to be unknown, And only in the field of battle thewn: To fouls like these in mutual friendship join'd, Heav'n dares intrust the cause of humankind.

Britannia's graceful fons appear in arms, Her harrafs'd troops the hero's prefence warms, Whilf the high hills and rivers all around With thund'ring peals of Britifh fhouts refound: Doubling their fpeed, they march with frefa delight,

Eager for glory, and require the fight. So the flaunch hound the trembling deer purfues, And finells his footfleps in the tainted dews, The tedious track unraviling by degrees; But when the fcent comes warm in eviry breeze, Fir'd at the near approach, he fhoots away On his full ftretch, and bears upon his prev.

The march concludes, the various realms are paft;

Th'immortal Schellenberg appears at laft : Like hills th'afpiring ramparts rife on high ; Like vallies at their feet the trenches lie ; Batt'ries on batt'ries guard each fatal pafs, Threat'ning deftruction ; rows of hollow brafs, Tube behind tube, the dreadful cntrance keep, Whilft in theirwombsten thoufand thunders fleep, Great Churchill owns, charm'd with the glorious fight,

His march o'erpaid by fuch a promis'd fight. The weftern fun now thot a feeble ray,

And faintly featter'd the remains of day: Ev'ning approach'd; but oh! what hoft of foes Were ever to behold that ev'ning clofe! Thick'ning their ranks, and wedg'd in firm array? The clofe-compacted Britons win their way; In vain the cannon their throng'd war defac'd With tracks of death, and laid the battle wafte? Still prefing forward to the fight, they broke Thro' flames of fulphur and a night of finoke, Till flaughter'd legions fill'd the trench below, And bore their fierce avengers to the foe.

High on the works the mingling hofts engages The battle kindled into tenfold rage, With fhow'rs of bullets, and with ftorms of fire-Burns in full fury; heaps on heaps expire, Nations with nations inix'd confus'dly die, And loft in one promife'ous carnage lie.

How many gen'rous Britons meet their doord, New to the field, and heroes in their bloom! Th'illustrious youths, that left their native fhore To march where Britons never march'd before

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fatal love of fame! O glorious heat, mly deftructive to the brave and great!)
fter fuch toils o'ercome, fuch dangers paft, treetch'd on Bavarian ramparts breathe their laft.
thold, my Mufe, may no complaints appear, lor blot the day with an ungrateful tear:
While Marlb'roughlives, Britannia's flars difpenfe
friendly light, and fhine in innocence:
"lunging thro' feas of blood his fiery fleed Where'er his friends retire, or foes fucceed;
Thofe he fupports, thefe drives to fudden flight, and turns the various fortune of the fight.
Forbear, great man, renown'd in arms, forbear

Fo braves the thickeft terrors of the war, Nor hazard thus, confus'd in crowds of foes, Britannia's fafety, and the world's repole; Let nations anxious for thy life abate This form of danger, and contempt of fate: Thou liv'ft not for thyfelf; thy Queen demands Conqueft and peace from thy victorious hands; Kingdoms and empires in thy fortune join, And Europe's definy depends on thine.

At length the long-diffuted pass they gain, By crowded armies fortify'd in vain; The war breaks in, the fierce Bavarians yield, And fee their camp with British legions till'd. So Belgian mounds bear on their fhatter'd fides The fea's whole weight, increas'd with fivelling But if the rushing wave a passage finds, [tides; Enrag'd by wat'ry moons, and warring winds, The trembling peasant fees his country round Cover'd with tempest, and in oceans drown'd.

The few furviving focs differfe in flight (Refuße of fwords, and gleanings of a fight) In ev'ry ruftling wind the victor hear, And Marlb'rough's form in ev'ry fhadow fear, Till the dark cope of night with kind embrace Befriends the rout, and covers their difgrace.

To Donavert, with unrefifted force. The gay victorious army bends its courfe. The growth of meadows, and the pride of fields, Whatever (poils Bavaria's fummer yields (The Danube's great increase) Britannia fhares The food of armies and fupport of wars: With magazines of death, deftructive balls, And cannon dooun'd to batter Landau's walls, The victor finds each hidden cavern ftor'd, And turns their fury on their guilty lord.

Deluded Prince! how is thy greatnefs croft, And all the gaudy dream of empire loft, That proudly fet they on a fancy'd throne, And made imaginary realms thy own! Thy troops, that now behind the Danube join, Shall thortly feek for thelter from the Rhine, Nor find it there! furrounded with alarms, Thou hop'ft th'affiftance of the Gallic arms; The gallic arms in fafety thall advance, And crowd thyftandards with the pow'r of France, While, to exalt thy doom, th'afpiring Gaul Shares thy deftruction, and aderns thy fall.

Unbounded courage and compation join'd, Temp'ring each other in the victor's mind, Alternately proclaim him good and great, And make the Hero and the Man complete.

Long did he ftrive th'obdurate foe to gain By proffer'd grace, but long he ftrove in vain s Till, fir'd at length, he thinks it vain to fpare His rifing wrath, and gives a loofe to war. In vengeance rous'd, the foldier fills his hand With fword and fire, and ravages the land; A thousand villages to afhes turns, In crackling flames a thousand harvefts burns. To the thick woods the woolly flocks retreat, And mix'd with bellowing herds confus'dly bleat s Their trembling lords the common flade partake, And cries of infants found in ev'ry brake: The lift'ning foldier fixt in forrow flands, Loth to obey his leader's juft commands; The leader grieves, by gen'rous pity fway'd, To fee his juft commands fo well obey'd.

But now the trumpet, terrible from far, In fhriller clangors animates the war; Confed'rate drums in fuller concert beat, And echoing hills the loud alarm repeat: Gallia's proud ftandards to Bavaria's join'd, Unfurl their gilded lilies in the wind; The daring prince his blafted hopes renews, And, while the thick embattled hoft he views, Stretcht out in deep array, and dreadful length, His heart dilates, and glories in his ftrength.

The fatal day its mighty courfe began, That the griev'd world had long defir'd in vain; States that their new captivity bemoan'd, Armies of martvrs that in exile groan'd, Sighs from the depth of gloomy dungeons heard, And pray'rs in bitternefs of foul preferr'd, Europe's loud cries, that Providence affail'd, And Anna's ardent vows at length prevail'd; The day was come when Heav'n defign'd to fhow His care and conduct of the world below.

Behold in awful march and dread array The long extended (quadrons fhape their way f Death, in approaching terrible, imparts An anxious horror to the braveft hearts; Yet do their beating breafts demand the firife, And thirft of glory quells the love of life. No vulgar fears can Britifh minds control : Heat of revenge and noble pride of foul O'erlook the foe, advantag'd by his poft, Leffen his aumbers, and contract his hoft; Tho' fens and floods poffers the middle fpace, That unprovok'd they would have fear'd to pafs; Nor fens nor floods can ftop Britannia's bands, When her proud foe rang'd on their borders

fands. [find But O, my Mule, what numbers wilt thou To fing the furious troops in battle join'd! Methink's I hear the drums tumultuous found The victors fhouts and dying groans confound; The dreadful burft of cannon rend the fkies, And all the thunder of the battle rife. 'Twas then great Marlb'rough's mighty foul

was prov'd, That, in the fhock of charging hofts unmov'd, Amidft confusion, horror, and despair, Examin'd all the dreadful (cenes of war: In peaceful thought the field of death furvey'd, To fainting squadrons fent the timely aid,

Infpir'd

Infpir'd repuls'd battalions to engage, And taught the doubtful battle where to rage. So when an angel by divine command With rifing temperts fhakes a guilty land, Such as of late o'er pale Britannia paft, Calm and ferene he drives the furious blaft: And, pleas'd th'Almighty's orders to perform, Rides in the whirlwind, and directs the ftorm.

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But fee the haughty houfhold-troops advance ! The dread of Europe, and the pride of France. The war's whole art each private foldier knows, And with a General's love of conquest glows; Proudly he marches on, and, void of fear, Laughs at the fhaking of the British spear : Vain infolence! with native freedom brave, The meancit Briton fcorns the highest flaves Contempt and fury fire their fouls by turns ; Each nation's glory in each warrior burns; Each fights, as in his arm th'important day And all the fate of his great monarch lay: A thoufand glorious actions, that might claim Triumphant laurels and immortal fame, Confus'd in crowds of glorious actions lie, And troops of heroes undiffinguish'd die. O Dormer, how can I behold thy fate, And not the wonders of thy youth relate ! How can I fee the gay, the brave, the young, Fall in the cloud of war, and lie unfung ! In joys of conquest he refigns his breath, And, fill'd with England's glory, finiles in death !

The rout begins, the Gallic squadrons run. Compell'd in crowds to meet the fate they fhun; Thousands of fiery steeds with wounds transfixt, Floating in gore, with their dead mafters mixt, Midft heaps of fpears and flandards driven around,

Lie in the Danube's bloody whirlpools drown'd. Troops of bold youths, born on the diftant Soane, Or founding borders of the rapid Rhone, Or where the Seine her flow'ry fields divides, Or where the Loire through winding vineyards glides,

In heaps the rolling billows fweep away, And into Scythian feas their bloated corps convey. From Blenheim's tow'rs the Gaul, with wild af-Bcholds the various havock of the fight; [fright, His waving banners, that fo oft had flood Planted in fields of death and streams of blood, So wont the guarded enemy to reach, And rife triumphant in the fatal breach, Or pierce the broken foe's remotest lines, The hardy veteran with tears refigns.

Unfortunate Tallard ! Oh, who can name The pangs of rage, of forrow, and of shame, That with mixt tumult in thy bofom fwell'd When first thou faw'it thy bravest troops repell'd, Thine only fon pierc'd with a deadly wound, Choak'd in his blood, - and gafping on the ground,

Thyfelf in bondage by the victor kept ! The chief, the father, and the captive wept. An English Muse is touch'd with gen'rous woe, And in th'unhappy man forgets the foe ! Greatly diffreft ! thy loud complaints forbear ; Blame not the turns of fate, and chance of war; That in the papar gods his lineage ends,

Give thy brave foes their due; nor blufh to own The fatal field by fuch great leaders won; The field whence fam'd Eugenio bore away Only the fecond honours of the day.

With floods of gore that from the vanquish'd fell The marshes stagnate, and the rivers swell. Mountains of flain lie heap'd upon the ground, Or 'midit the roarings of the Danube drown'd; Whole captive hofts the conqueror detains In painful bondage, and inglorious chains; Ev'n those who 'scape the fetters and the fword, Nor feek the fortunes of a happier lord, Their raging King dishonours, to complete Marlb'rough's great work, and finish the defeat.

From Memminghen's high domes, and Augfburg's walls,

The diftant battle drives th'infulting Gauls: Freed by the terror of the victor's name, The refcu'd States his great protection claim; Whilft Ulme th'approach of her delivirer waite, And longs to open her obsequious gates.

The hero's breaft ftill fwells with great defigne In ev'ry thought the tow'ring genius fhines: If to the foe his dreadful course he bends, O'er the wide continent his march extends; If fieges in his labouring thoughts are form'd. Camps are affaulted, and an army ftorm'd: If to the fight his active foul is bent, The fate of Europe turns on its event. What diftant land, what region can afford An action worthy his victorious fword ? Where will he next the flying Gaul defeat, And make the feries of his toils complete?

Where the fwoln Rhine rufhing with all its force Divides the hoftile nations in its courfe, While each contracts its bounds, or wider grows, Enlarg'd or straiten'd as the river flows, On Gallia's fide a mighty bulwark ftands, That all the wide-extended plain commands; Twice, fince the war was kindled, has it try'd The victor's rage, and twice has chang'd its fide 3 As oft whole armies, with the prize o'erjoy'd, Have the long fummer on its walls employ'd. Hither our mighty chief his arms directs Hence future triumphs from the war expects; And, tho' the dog-ftar had its courfe begun, Carries his arms fill nearer to the fun: Fixt on the glorious action, he forgets The change of feafons and increase of heats: No toils are painful that can danger flow, No climes unlovely that contain a foe.

The roving Gaul, to his own bounds reftrain'd, Learns to incamp within his native land, But foon as the victorious hoft he fpics, From hill to hill, from ftream to ftream he flies s Such dire impreffions in his heart remain Of Marlborough's tword, and Hochstet's fatal In vain Britannia's mighty chief befets [plain: Their fhady coverts and obfcure retreats; They fly the conqueror's approaching fame. That bears the force of armies in his name

Auftria's young monarch, whole imperial fwsy Sceptres and thrones are definid to obey ; Whole boatted anceftry fo high extends,

rom afar, in gratitude, to own at fupporter of his father's throne : des of glory to his bofom ran, in th'embraces of the godlike man ! re his eyes with pleafing wonder fixt, uch fire with fo much fweetnefs mixt, y greatnefs, fuch a graceful port, d and finifh'd for the campor court ! les thus was form'd with ev'ry grace, reus fhone but in the fecond place; e great father of almighty Rome y fluiht with an immortal bloom 'therea's fragrant breath beftow'd) e charms of his bright mother glow'd. oyal youth by Marlborough's prefence harm'd,

by his counfels, by his actions warm'd, lau with redoubled fury falls, jes all his thunder on its walls; es and caves of death provokes the fight, ns to conquer in the hero's fight. British chief, for mighty toils renown'd, I in titles, and with conquests crown'd, ian coafts his tedious march renews, long windings of the Rhine purfues, its borders from uturping focs, It by refcu'd nations as he goes. ears no more, freed from its dire alarms; aerbach feels the terror of his arms : 1 rocks her proud foundations shake, Iarlborough preffes to the bold attack, l his batterics, bids his cannon roar, ws how Landau might have fall'n before. his near approach, great Louis fears ce referv'd for his declining years; his thirst of universal fivay, ce can teach his fubjects to obey ; he finds on vain attempts employ'd, tious projects for his race deftroy'd, ks of ages funk in one campaign, s of millions facrific'd in vain. ire th'effects of Anna's royal cares : Britannia, great in foreign wars, hro' nations, wherefoe'er disjoin'd, the wonted aid of fea and wind. y'unfetter'd Ifter's ftates are free, : the fweets of English liberty: can tell the joys of those that lie the constant influence of her eye? 1 diffusive showers her bounties fall, iven's indulgence, and defcend on all, te happy, fuccour the diffreft, 'ry fubject glad, and a whole people

eft. would I fain Britannia's wars rehearfe noth records of a faithful werfc; fuch numbers can o'er time prevail, pofterity the wond'rous tale. tions, unadorn'd, are faint and weak, d countries muft be taught to fpeak; y defeend in factions from the fkies, rs from their oozy beds arife; hay deck the truth with fpurious rays, id the hero caft a borrow'd blaze. Marlb'rough's exploits appear divinely bright, And proudly thine in their own native light; Rais'd of themtelves, their genuine charms they boaft,

And those who paint them truest praise them most.

§ 34. An Allegory on Man. PARNELL. A THOUGHTFUL being, long and fpare, Our race of mortals call him Care (Were Homer living, well he knew What name the gods have call'd him too); With fine mechanic genius wrought, And lov'd to work, tho' no one bought. This being, by a model bred In Jove's eternal fable head, Contriv'd a fhape impower'd to breathe,

And be the worldling here beneath. The man role flaring, like a flake, Wond'ring to fee himfelf awake ! Then look'd fo wife, before he knew The bus'nefs he was made to do; That, pleas'd to fee with what a grace He gravely fhew'd his forward face, Jove talk'd of breeding him on high, An under-fomething of the fky.

But ere he gave the mighty nod, Which ever binds a Poet's God (For which his curls ambrofial fhake, And mother Earth's oblig'd to quake) He faw old mother Earth arife; She ftood confes'd before his eyes; But not with what we read fhe wore, A caftle for a crown before, Nor with long ftreets and longer roads Dangling behind her, like commodes : As yet with wreaths alone fhe dreft, And trail'd a landfkip-painted veft. Then thrice the rais'd, as Ovid faid, And thrice the bow'd her weighty head.

Her honors made, Great Jove, the cry'd, This thing was fathion'd from my fide : His hands, his heart, his head, are mine ; Then what haft thou to call him thine ?

Nay, rather afk, the Monarch faid, What boots his hand, his heart, his head? Were what I gave remov'd away, Thy part's an idle fhape of clay.

Halves, more than halves! cry'd honeft Care Your pleas would make your titles fair; You claim the body, you the foul; But I who join'd them, claim the whole.

Thus with the Gods debate began, On fuch a trivial caufe as Man. And can celeftial tempers rage ? Quoth Virgil, in a latter age.

As thus they wrangled, Time came by (There's none that paint him fuch as 1; For what the fabling ancients fung Makes Saturn old when Time was young); As yet his winters had not fhed Their filver honors on his head; He juft had got his pinions free From his old fire, Eternity. A ferpent girdled round he wore,

The tail of anime the mouth, before; By which our almanacs are clear That learned Egypt meant the year. A ftaff he carry'd, where on high A glafs was fix'd to meafure by, As amber boxes made a fhow For heads of canes an age ago. His veft, for day and night, was py'd; A bending fickle arm'd his fide; And fpring's new months his train adorn! The other Seafons were unborn.

Known by the gods, as near he draws, They make him umpire of the caule.

O'er a low trunk his arm he laid, Where fince his hours a dial made; Then, leaning, heard the nice debate, And thus pronounc'd the words of Fate:

Since body from the parent Earth, And foul from Jove receiv'd a birth, Return they where they firft began; But fince their union makes the man, Till Jove and Earth fhall part thefe two, To Care who join'd them, man is due,

He faid, and tprung with fwift eareer To trace a circle for the year; Where ever fince the Seafons wheel, And tread on one another's heel.

'Tis well, faid Jove; and for confent, Thund'ring, he shook the firmament. Our umpire Time shall have his way; With Care I let the creature ftay: Let bus'nets vex him, av'rice blind, Let doubt and knowledge rack his mind, Let error act, opinion fpeak, And want afflict, and fickness break, And anger burn, dejection chill, And joy diffract, and forrow kill; Till, arm'd by Care, and taught to mow, Time draws the long deftructive blow; And wafted man, whole quick decay Comes hurrying on before his day, Shall only find by this decree, The foul flies fooner back to me.

§ 35. The Book-Worm. PARNELL.

COME hither, boy, we'll hunt to-day; The Book-worin, ravining beaft of prey, Produc'd by parent Earth, at odds, As fame reports it with the Gods. Him frantic hunger wildly drives Against a thousand authors lives : Thro' all the fields of wit he flies; Dreadful his wit with cluft'ring eyes, With horns without, and tulks within, And feales to ferve him for a ikin. Observe him nearly, left he climb To wound the Bards of ancient time. Or down the vale of Fancy go, To tear fome modern wretch below. On ev'ry corner fix thine eye, Or ten to one he flips thee by.

. .

See where his teeth a paffage eat ! We'll rouic him from the deep retreat, But who the fhelter's forc'd to give ? 'Tis facred Virgil, as I live ! From leaf to leaf, from fong to fong. He draws the tadpole form along; He mounts the gilded edge before; He's up, he fouds the cover o'er; He turns, he doubles, there he paft; And here we have him, caught at laft.

Infatiate brute! whofe teeth abufe The fweeteff fervants of the Mufe. (Nay, never offer to deny, I took thee in the fact to fly.) His rofes nipt in ev'ry page, My poor Anacreon mourns thy tage; By thee my Ovid wounded lies; By thee my Defbia's fparrow dies; Thy rabid teeth "ave half deftroy'd The work of love in Biddy Floyd; They rend Belinda's locks away, And fpoil'd the Blouzelind of Gay. For all, for ev'ry fingle deed, Relentlefs Juffice bids thee bleed. Then fall a victim to the Nine, Myfelf the priceft, my defk the fhrine.

Myfelf the prieft, my defk the fhrine. Bring Homer, Virgil, Taffo near, To pile a facred altar here. Hold, boy, thy hand out-runs thy wit, You reach'd the plays that Dennis writ; You reach'd me Philips' ruftic firain; Pray take your mortal bards again.

Come, bind the victim,—there he lies, And here between his num'rous eyes This venerable duft I lay, From manufcripts juft fwept away.

The goblet in my hand I take (For the libation's yet to make) A health to poets! all their days May they have bread, as well as praife; Senic may they feek, and lefs engage In papers fill'd with party-rage. But if their riches fpoil their vein, Ye Mules, make them poor again !

Now bring the weapon, yonder blade, With which my tuneful pens are made. I ftrike the feales that arm thee round, And twice and thrice I print the wound 3 The facred altar floats with red, And now he dies, and now he's dead.

How like the fon of Jove I fland, This Hydra firetch'd beneath my hand! Lay bare the monfter's entrails here, To fee what dangers threat the year: Ye Gods! what tonnets on a wench! What lean translations out of French! Tis plain, this lobe is fo unfound,

S prints before the months go round. But hold, before I cloic the feene, The faced airar thould be clean. Oh had I Shadwell's fecond bays, Or, Tate, thy pert and humble lays ! (Ye pair, forgive me, when: I vow I never mils'd your works till now.) ie leaves to wipe the fhrine y way you pleafe the Nine); I chance to want thefe two, the to gs of Durfey do. o'n the corps, on yonder pin, : fcales that brac'd it in ; r fludious morning gown, my own infeription down. rophy from the Python won, e in which the deed was done, 'arnell, glorying in the feat, theie flicives, the Mufes' feat. orance and hunger found ilms of wit to ravage round: orance and hunger fell : ; in one I fent to hell. , who my labours fee, re the triumph all with me! is born to vex the Mufe, n the grand ally you lofe.'

I:

An Imitation of fome French Verfes. PARNELL

TLESS Time! deftroying pow'r, 1 ftone and brafs obey, to ev'ry flying hour ork fome new decay; nheeded, and unfeen, ecret faps prevail, nan, a nice machine. :ure form'd to fail. arrives; the change I meet, I thought it nigh. my years of pleafure fleet, Il their beauties die. urch, and only find r unfruitful gain, dom stalking flow behind, s'd with loads of pain. ice could once beguile, incy'd joys infpire; herifh'd Hope to fmile vly-born defire. perience shews the blis nich I fondly fought, he long impatient with, dour of the thought.

aet Fortune fair array'd, ter pomp the thone, perhaps have well effay'd, ke her gifts my own; faw the bleffings fhow'r te unworthy mind, acc, and own'd the Pow'r. tilly painted blind. glories which adorn lendid courts of kings, he perfons mov'd my fcorn, o fcorn the things. My manhood felt a vig'rous fire, By love increas'd the more; But years with coming years confpire To break the chains I wore.

In weaknefs fafe, the fex I fee With idle laftre fhine; For what are all their joys to me,

Which cannot now be mine ? But hold-I feel my gout decreafe,

My troubles laid to reft, And truths which would difturb my peace Are painful truths at beft.

Vainly the time I have to roll In fad reflection flies;

Ye fondling paffions of my foul ! Ye fweet deceits ! arife.

I wifely change the fcene within, To things that us'd to pleafe; In pain, philosophy is fpleen;

In health, 'tis only eafe.

§ 37. An Effay on Poctry. BUCKINGHAM. F all those arts in which the wist excel, Nature's chief mafter-piece is writing well : No writing lifts exclude man to high As facted and foul-moving Poefy : No kind of which requires to nice a touch ; And, if well finish'd, nothing thines to much. But Heav'n forbid we fhould be fo profane, To grace the vulgar with that noble name. 'Tis not a flath of fancy, which, fometimes Dazzling our minds, fet off the flighteft rhymes: Bright as a blaze, but in a moment done : True wit is everlafting, like the fan, Which, though fometunes behind a cloud retir'd, Breaks out again, and is by all admir'd. Number and rhyme, and that hatmonious found. Which not the nicelt ear with harthness wound Are necessary, yet but vulgar arts ; And all in vain these superficial parts Contribute to the structure of the whole, Without a genius too; for that's the foul: A fpirit which infpires the work throughout, As that of nature moves the world about ; A flame that glows amid conceptions fit : Ev'n fomething of divine, and more than wit; Itfelf unfeen, vet all things by it fhown, Defcribing all men, but defcribed by none. Where doit thou dwell ? what caverns of the brain Can fuch a vaft and mighty thing contain t When I, at vacant hours, in vain thy abience mourn,

Oh! where doft thou retire? and why doit thou return, [away Sometimes with powerful charms to hurry me From pleafures of the night and bus'nefs of the Ev'n now, too far transported, I am fain [d:y? To check thy course and use the needful rein.

flay on Satire," which was written by this noble author and Mr. Dryden, is printed among the latter.

X 2

٨s

As all is dulnefs when the fancy's bad, So, without judgment, fancy is but mad; And judgment has a boundlefs influence Not only in the choice of words, or fenfe, But on the world, on manners, and on men : Fancy is but the feather of the pen; Reafon is that fubitantial ufeful part, [hcart. Which gains the head, while tother wins the Here I thall all the various forrs of verfe, And the whole art of poetry, rehearfe ; But who that talk would after Horace do? The best of masters, and examples too ! Echoes at beit, all we can fay is vain ; Dull the defign, and fruitlefs were the pain. 'Tis true, the ancients we may rob with eafe ! But who with that mean thift himfelf can pleafe, Without an actor's pride? A player's art Is above his who writes a borrow'd part. Yct modern laws are made for latter faults, And new abfurdities infpire new thoughts; What need has Satire then to live on theft, When to much fresh occasion still is left? Fertile our foil, and full of rankeft weeds, And moniters worfe than ever Nilus breeds. But hold, the fool thall have no caufe to fear ; 'Tis wit and fenfe that is the fubject here : Defects of witty men deferve a cure ; And those who are so, will ev'n this endure. First then, of fongs, which now fo much abound; Without his fong no fop is to be found ; A most offensive weapon, which he draws On all he meets against Apollo's laws. Tho' nothing feems more cafy, yet no part Of poetry requires a nicer art; For as in rows of richeft pearl there lies Many a blemish that escapes our eyes, The leaft of which defects is plainly fhown In one finall ring, and brings the value down. So fongs should be to just perfection wrought; Yet where can one be feen without a fault? Exact propriety of words and thought; Expretiion easy, and the fancy high ; Yet that not feem to creep, nor this to fly ; No words transpos'd ; but in fuch order all, As wrought with care, yet feem by chance to fall. Here, as in all things elfe, is most unfit, Bare ribaldry, that poor pretence to wit; Such naufeous fongs by a late author + made, Call an unwilling cenfure on his fhade. Not that warm thoughts of the transporting joy Can shock the chasteft, or the nicest cloy But words obscene, too gross to move defire, Like heaps of fuel, only choke the fire. On other themes he well deferves our praise; But palls that appetite he meant to raile.

Next, Elegy, of fweet, but folemn voice, And of a fubject grave, exacts the choice; The praife of beauty, valour, wit contains; And there too oft defpairing love complems: In vain, alas! for who by wit is mov'd ? That Phœnix-fhe deferves to be belov'd; But noify nonfenfe, and fuch fops as vex Mankind, take most with that fantaftic fex. This to the praife of those who better knew; The many raife the value of the few. But here (as all our fex too oft have try'd) Women have drawn my wand'ring thoughts afide. Their greates f fault, who in this kind have writ, Is not defect in words, or want of wit; But flould this Mule harmonious numbers yield, And ev'ry couplet be with fancy fill'd; If yet a just coherence be not made Between each thought; and the whole model laid

So right, that every line might higher rife, Like goodly mountains, till they reach the fkies, Such trifles may perhaps of late have paft, And may be lik'd awhile, but never laft; 'Tis epigram, 'tis point, 'tis what you will, But not an elegy, nor writ widt fkill, No * Panegyric, nor a + Cooper's Hill.

A higher flight, and of a happier force, Are Odes : the Mufes most unruly horie, That Bounds fo fierce, the rider has no reft, Here foams at mouth, and moves like one poffett. The poet here must be indeed inspir'd With fury too, as well as fancy fir'd. Cowley might boaft to have perform'd this part, Had he with nature join'd the rules of art; But fometimes diction mean, or verse ill-wrought, Deadens or clouds his noble frame of thought. Though all appear in heat and fury done, The language ftill muft foft and cafy run. Thefe laws may found a little too fevere; But judgment yields, and fancy governs here; Which, though extravagant, this Muse allows, And makes the work much eafier than it flows

Of all the ways that wifeft men could find To mend the age, and mortify mankind, Satire well writ has moft fuccelsful prov'd, And cures, because the remedy is lov'd. 'Tis hard to write on fuch a fubject more, Without repeating things faid oft before : Some vulgar errors only we'll remove, That ftain a beauty which we fo much love. Of choicn words fome take not care enough, And think they should be as the fubject, rough; This poem must be more exactly made, And fharpeft thoughts in fmootheft words convey'd.

Some think, if fharp enough, they cannot fail, As if their only bus'nels was to rail : But human frailty nicely to unfold, Diftinguifhes a fatyr from a feold. Rage you muft hide, and prejudice lay down; A fatyr's finile is fharper than his frown ; So while you feem to flight fome rival youth, Malice itfelf may pafs fometimes for truth. The Laureat there may juftly claim our praife, Crown'd by Mac Flecknoe ||with immortal bays; Yet once his Pegafus § has borne dead weight, Rid by fome lumpifh minifter of flate.

+{The Earl of Rochefter. — It may be observed, however, that many of the worft longs ascribed to this mobleman were spurious. • Waller's. + Denham's. ‡ Mr. Dryden. A famous satirical Poem of his § A poem call'd The Hind and Pausher.

Book II.

Her

reft, my Muse, suspend thy cares awhile, | Plato and Lucian are the best remains important tafk attends thy toil. voung eagle that defigns to fly inwonted journey through the fky, all the dangerous enterprize before, it wide lands and feas the is to foar; her own itrength fo far, and justly fears y road of airy travellers incited by fome bold defign, is her hopes beyond her fears incline, v'ry feather, views herfelf with care, cfolv'd, the cleaves the yielding air; e flies, fo ftrong, to high, fo fait, as to us, and is loft at laft; too weak for fuch a weighty thing) fe infpires a fharper note to fing. y fhould truth offend, when only told e the ignorant, and warn the bold ? , my Mule, advent'roufly engage inftructions that concern the Stage. nities of action, time, and place, if observ'd, give plays to great a grace, ' but little practis'd, too well known ught here, where we pretend alone cer faults to purge the prefent age, ious errors of the English stage. hen, Soliloquies had need be few, ly fhort, and tpoke in paffion too. rs talking to themfelves, for want s, make the pic their confidant; ie matter mended yet if thus ft a friend, only to tell it us; ion fhould as naturally fall, 1 Bellario + confesse all. es of speech, that poets think fo fine ecdless varnish to make nature shine) out paint upon a beauteous face, deferiptions only claim a place : nake rage declaim, and grief difcourfe, vers in defpair fine things to force, eds fucceed; for who can chufe but pity hero miferably witty?

the Dialogues, where jeft and mock ip like a reft at fhittle-cock ; like bells, eternally they chime; sh in Simile, and dye in Rhyme. hings are these who would be poets hought.

re not infpir'd, nor learning taught ? it they have, and therefore may deferve "courfe than this by which they ftarve: vrite plays ! why, 'tis a bold pretence ment, breeding, wit, and eloquence ore; for they must look within, to find cret turns of nature in the mind: t this part, in vain would be the whole, t a body all, without a foul.

united yet, but makes a part yue, that great and pow'rful art, noft loft, which the old Grecians knew, hom the Romans fainter copies drew, omprehended fince but by a few.

Of all the wonders which this art contains; Yet to ourfelves we justice must allow, Shakefpeare and Fletcher are the wonders now : Confider then, and read them over and over, Go fee them play'd; then read them as before; For tho' in many things they grossly fail, Over our pations still they to prevail That our own grief by theirs is rock'd afleep; The dull are forc'd to feel, the wife to weep. Than beauties imitate, avoid their faults; First on a plot employ thy careful thoughts; Turn it, with time, a thousand fev'ral ways; This oft, alone, has given fuccefs to plays. Reject that vulgar error (which appears So fair) of making perfect characters; There's no fuch thing in nature, and you'll draw A faultlel's monster - which the world ne'er faw.

Some faults muß be, that his misfortunes drew; But fuch as may deferve compation too. Belides the main defign, compos'd with art, Each moving scene must be a plot apart ; Contrive each little turn, mar ev'ry place, As painters first chalk out the future face: Yet be not fondly your own flave for this, But change hereafter what appears amils. [place,

Think not fo much where shining thoughts to As what a man would fay in fuch a cafe : Neither in comedy will this fuffice ; The player too must be before your eyes; And the' 'tis drudgery to ftoop to low, To him you must your fecret meaning show Expose no fingle fop, but lay the load More equally, and fpread the folly broad; Mere coxcombs are too obvious; oft we lee A fool derided by as bad as he: Hawks fly at nobler game; in this low way, A very owl may prove a bird of prey. Small poets thus will one poor fop devour, But to collect, like bees, from ev'ry flow'r Ingredients to compose that precious juice, Which ferves the world for pleafure and for ules In fpite of faction this would favour get ; But Falstaff * stands inimitable yet.

Another fault, which often may befal, Is, when the wit of fome great poet shall So overflow; that is, be none at all-That ev'n his fools fpcak fenfe, as if poff.ft, And each by infpiration breaks his jeft. If once the justness of each part be lost, Well may we laugh, but at the poet's coft. That filly thing men call fheer-wit, avoid, With which our rage fo naufeoufly is cloy'd : Humour is all; wit fhould be only brought To turn agreeably fome proper thought.

But fince the poets we of late have known, Shine in no drefs fo much as in their own, The better by example to convince, Caft but a view on this wrong fide of fee f :. First a foliloquy is calmly made, Where ev'ry reafon is exactly weig'i'd;

+ In Philaster, a play of Beaumont and Fletcher.

Which

Which once perform'd, most opportunely comes Some hero frighted at the noile of drums ; For her fweet take, whom at first fight he loves, And all in metapy or his pathon proves : But fome fad accident, the' yet unknown, Parting this pair, to leave the fwain alone; He fliait grows jealous, tho' we know not why; Then, to oblige his rival, needs will die: But first he makes a speech, wherein he tells The abient nymph how much his flame excels; And yet bequeaths her, generouily now, To that loy'd rival whom he does not know ! Who frait appeals; but who can fate withftand? Too late, alas ! to hold his hafty hand, That just has given him cit the cruel stroke ! At which his very rival's heart is broke : He, more to his new fliend than miftrefs kind, Moft fadly mourns at being left behind ! Of fuch a death prefers the pleafing charms To love, and living in a lady's arms. What fhameful and what monftrous things are thefe !

And then they rail at those they cannot please; Conclude us only partial to the dead, And grudge the fign of old Ben Jonson's Head; When the intrinsic value of the flage Can fearce be judg'd but by a following age: For dances, flutes, Italian fongs, and theme, May keep up finking nonfense for a time; But that mult fail, which now for much o'er-rules, And fense no longer will fubmit to fools.

By painful fteps at laft we labour up Parnafius' hill, on whofe bright airy top The Epic poets to divinely thow, And with juft pride behold the reft below. Hereic poems have a juft pretence To be the utmost functh of human fenfe; A work of fuch inctimable worth,

There are but two the world has yet brought forth !

Homer and Virgil! with what facred awe Do thefe mercfounds the world's attention draw? Juft as the changeling feems below the reft Of men, or rather is a two-legg'd beaft, So thefe gi antic fouls, amaz'd, we find As much above the reft of human kind ! Nature's whole firength united ! endlefs fame, And univerfal thours attend their name ! Read Homer once, and you can read no more, For all books elfe appear fo mean fo poor, Verfe will feem profe; but fill perfift to read, And Homer will be all the books you need. Had Boffu never writ, the world had ftill, Like Indians, view'd this wondrous piece of fkull:

As fomething of divine the work admir'd; Not hop'd to be inftructed, but infpir'd: But he, difclofing facred inviteries, Has fhewn where all the mighty magic lies; Deferib'd the fields, and in what order fown, That have to tuch a vaft proportion grown. Sure, from fome angel he the fecret knew, Who thought this laby inth has lent the clue. But what, alas ! avails it poor mankind, "this promis'd land, yet ftay behind ? The way is fhewn, but who has firength to go? Who can all fciences profoundly know? Whofe fancy flies beyond weak Reafon's fight, And yet has judgment to direct it right? Whole juft difcernment, Virgil-like, is fuch, Never to fay too little or too much? Let fuch a man begin without delay; But he muft do beyond what I can fay; Muft above Taffo's lofty flights prevail, Succeed where Spenfer, and ev'n Milton fail.

§ 38. The Chace. SOMERVILLE.

BOOK I.

THE ARGUMENT.

The fubicet proposed. Adaress to his Royal High-ness the Prince. The origin of hunting. The rude and unpolished manner of the first hunters. Beafts at fift monted for food and farifice. The grant made by God to man of the beachs, Sr. The regular manner of hunting for ft lrought into this fland by the Normans. The left hounds and best horses bred here. The advantage of this exercise to us as islanders. Address to gentlemen of eflates. Situation of the kennel, and its feveral courts. The diversion and employment of hounds in the kennel. The different forts of hounds for each different chace. Description of a perfect hound. Of fixing and forting of hounds; the middle fixed hund recommended. Of the large deep-monthed hound for hunting the flag and otter. Of the lime-hound; their wie on the io dirs of England and Scalland. A phyfical account of scents. Of good and bad scenting days. A fhort admonition to my brethren of the couples.

THE Chace I fing, hounds and their various breed,

And no lefs various ufe. O thou great Prince ? Whom Cambria's tow'ring hills proclaim their lord,

Deign thou to hear my bold inftructive fong. While grateful citizens with pompous fnew, Rear the triumphal arch, rich with th'exploits Of thy illustrious house; while virgins pave Thy way with flow'rs, and as the Royal Youth Paffing they view, admire, and figh in vain; While crowded theatres, too fondly proud Of their exotic ministrels and thrill pipes, The price of manhood, hail thee with a fong, And airs foft-warbling, my hoarfe-founding hom Invites thee to the Chace, the fport of kings; Image of war without its guilt. The Mule Aloft on wing fhall foar, conduct with care Thy foaming courfer o'er the fleepy rock, Or on the river bank receive thee fafe, Light bounding o'er the wave from fhore to fhore. Be thou our great protector, gracious Youth; And if, in future times, fome envious prince, Careless of right and guileful, should invade Thy Britain's commerce, or thould ftrive in vain To wreft the balance from thy equal hand, To wrett the balance the full green array'd Thy hunter-train in thee full green array'd (A band ind undaunted and inur'd to toils) compals thee around, die at thy feet, w thy paffage thro' th'einbattled foe, lear thy way to fame : infpir'd by thee, iobler Chace of glory fhall purfue [death.

fire, and imoke, and blood, and fields of ure, in her productions flow, afpires t degrees to reach perfection's height : mic Art works leifurely, till Time ve the piece, or wife Experience give roper finishing. When Nimrod bold, mighty hunter! first made war on beafts, ain'd the woodland green with purple dye, nd unpolish'd was the huntfinan's art; ted rule; his wanton will his guide. clubs and ftones, rude implements of war ! n'd his favage bands, a multitude n'd; of twining ofiers form'd, they pitch artlefs toils, then range the defart hills, cour the plains below : the trembling herd t th'unufual found, and clam'rous fhout rd before; furpriz'd, alas! to find ow their foe, whom erft they deem'd their lord.

ild and gentle, and by whom as yet they graz'd. Death fretches o'er the plain wafting, and grun Slaughter red with blood; on by hunger keen, they wound, they kill; rage licentious knows no bound : at laft, ber'd with their fpoils, joyful they bear heir fhoulders broad the bleeding prey. 1 their altars finokes, a facrifice t all-gracious Pow'r whofe bounteous hand ts his wide creation ; what remains, ng coals they broil, inclegant :, nor fkill'd as yet in nicer arts per'd luxury. Devotion pure, rong necellity, thus first began hace of beafts; tho' bloody was the deed, thout guilt; for the green herb alone il to fustain man's lab'ring race, v'ry moving thing that liv'd on earth ranted him for food *. So just is Heav'n, e us in proportion to our wants. hance or industry in after-times ew improvements made, but fhort as yet perfection. In this ifle remote inted anceftors were flow to learn; is devote, in the politer arts ll'd nor ftudious; till from Neuftria's coafts ous William to more decent rules 1 our Saxon fathers; taught to fpeak oper dialect, with horn and voice er the bufy hound, whofe well-known cry 'ning peers approve with joint acclaim, im fuccelfive huntimen learn'd to join dy focial leagues the multitude 'd, to fize, to fort their various tribes ; , feed, hunt, and discipline the pack. happy Britain ! highly favour'd Ifle, av'n's peculiar care ! to thee 'tis giv'n the fprightly fleed, more fleet than those y winds, or the celeitial breed

That bore the great Pelides thro' the prefs Of heroes arm'd, and broke their crouded ranks; Which proudly neighing, with the fun begins Cheerful his courfe, and ere his beams decline, Has meafur'd half thy furface unfatigu'd. In the alone, fair land of Liberty ' Is bred the perfect hound, in fcent and fpeed As yet unrivall'd, while in other climes Their virtue fails, a weak degen'rate race. In vain malignant fteams and winter fogs Load the dull air, and hover round our coafts; The huntfman, ever gay, robuft, and bold, Deties the noxious vapour, and confides In this delightful exercife, to raife His drooping head, and cheer his heart with joy.

Ye vig'rous Youths! by fmiling fortune blefs'd With large demefnes, hereditary wealth, Heap'd copious by your wife forefathers care, Hear and attend 1 while I the means reveal T'enjoy those pleasures, for the weak too strong, Too coftly for the poor : to rein the fleed Swift firetching o'er the plain, to cheer the pack Op'ning in concerts of harmonious joy, But breathing death. What tho' the gripe fevere Of brazen-tifted time, and flow difeate Creeping thro' ev'ry vein and nerve unftrung, Afflict my fhatter'd frame, undaunted ftill, Fix'd as a mountain-afh, that braves the bolts Of angry Jove, tho' blafted yet unfall'n; Still can my foul in Fancy's mirror view Deeds glorious once, recal the joyous fcene In all its fplendors deck'd, o'er the full bowl Recount my triumphs paft, urge others on With hand and voice, and point the winding way; Pleas'd with that focial fweet garrulity, The poor difbanded vet'ran's fole delight.

First let the kennel be the huntfinan's care, Upon fome little eminence erect, And fronting to the ruddy dawn; its courts On either hand wide op'ning to receive Thefun's all-cheering beams, when mild he fhines, And gilds the mountain tops : for much the pack (Rous'dfrom their dark alcoves) delight to ftretch, And balk in his invigorating ray. Wain'd by the freaming light and merry lark, Forth rufh the jolly clan; with tuneful throats They carol loud, and in grand chorus join'd Salute the new-born day : for not alone The vegetable world, but men and brutes Own his reviving influence, and joy At his approach. Fountain of Light! if chance Some envious cloud veil thy refulgent brow. In vain the Muse's aid; untouch'd, unstrung, Lies my mute harp, and thy defponding bard Sits darkly musing o'er th'unfinish'd lay.

Let no Corinthian pillars prop the dome, A vain expence ' on charitable deeds Better difpos'd, to clothe the tatter'd wretch Who fhrinks beneath the blaft; to feed the poor Pinch'd with afflictive want. For ufe, not ftate, Gracefully plain, let each apartment rife. ' O'er all let cleanlinefs prefide, no feraps Beftrew the pavement, and no half-pick'd bones To kindle fierce debate, or to difguft That nicer fenfe on which the fportinan's hope And all its future triumphs muit depend. Soon as the growling pack with eager joy Have lapp'd their finoking viands, morn or eve, From the full eaftern lead the ductile freams, To walk thy court well-pay'd, nor fpare thypains; For much to health will cleanlinefs avail. Seek'ft thou for hounds to climb the rocky fteep, And brufh th'entangled covert, whofe nice fcent O'er greafy fallows and frequented roads Can pick the dubious way \geq l'anifh far off Each noifome ftench, let no offenfive finell Invade thy wide inclofure, but admit The nitrous air and purifying breeze.

Water and fhade no lefs demand thy care. In a large fquare th'adjacent field inclofe; There plant in equal ranks the fpreading elm Or fragrant lime; most happy thy defign, If at the bottom of thy fpacious court A large canal, fed by the chrystal brook, From its transparent bosom shall reflect Thy downward ftructure and inverted grove. Here when the fun's too potent gleams annoy The crowded kennel and the drooping pack, Reftlefs and faint, loll their unmoiften'd tongues, And drop their feeble tails to cooler fhades, Lead forth the panting tribe; foon thalt thou find The cordial breeze their fainting hearts revive : Tumultuous foon they plunge into the ftream, There lave their recking fides; with greedy joy Gulp down the flying wave; this way and that Fromfhore to fhorethey fwim, while clamour loud, And wild uproar torments the troubled flood : Then on the funny bank they roll and ftretch Their dripping limbs, or elfe in wanton rings Courfing around, purfuing and purfu'd, The merry multitude difforting play.

But here with watchful and obfervant eye Attend their frolies, which too often end In bloody broils and death. High o'er thy head Wave thy refounding whip, and with a voice Fierce menacing, o'er-rule the flern debate, And quench their kindling rage; for oft in fport Begun combat enfues; growling they fnarl, Then on their haunches rear'd, rampant they feize Befmear'd, they wound, they tear, till on the ground, freed thighs, And his low-dropping cheft, confefs hi His ftrength his wind, or on the fleep Or far-extended plain : in ev'ry part So well-proportion'd, that the nicer fki Of Phidias himfelf can't blame thy cho Obferve, nor the large hound prefer, o Gigantic; he in the thick-woven cove Painfully tugs, or in the thorny brake Torn and embarrafs'd, bleeds : but if i

Panting, half dead the conquer'd champion lies: Then fudden all the bafe ignoble crowd, Loud-clam'ring, teize thehelplets, worry'dwretch, And, thirfting for his blood, drag diff'rent ways His mangled carcale on th'enfanguin'd plain. O breafts of pity void ! t'opprefs the weak, To point your vengeance at the friendlets head, And with one mutual cry infult the fail'n ! Emblem too juft of man's degen'rate race. Others apart, by native inflinct led, Knowing initruêtor ! 'mong the ranker grafs Cull each falubrious plant, with bitter juice Concoftive flor'd, and potent to allay Each vicious ferment. Thus the hand divine Of Providence, beneficent and kind

To all his creatures, for the brutes preferibes A ready remedy, and is hinfelf Their great Phyfician. Now grown ftiff with age, And many a painful chace, the wife old hound, Regardlefs of the frolic pack, attends His mafter's fide, or flumbers at his cafe Beneath the bending fhade; there many a ring Runs o'er in dreams; now on the doubtful foil Puzzles perplex'd, or doubles intricate, Cautious unfolds, then, wing'd with all his fpeed, Bounds o'er the lawn to feize his paning prey, And in imperfect whimp'rings fpeaks his joy.

A diff'rent hound for ev'ry diff'rent Chace Select with judgment; nor the tim'rous hare O'ermatch'd deftrey, but leave that vile offence To the mean, murd'rous, courfing crew, intent On blood and fpoil. O blaft their hopes, juft And all their painful drudgeries repay [Heav'n With difappointment and fevere remorfe; But hufband thou thy pleafures, and give fcope To all her fubtle play. By Nature led, A thoufand fhifts fhe tries: t'unravel thefe Th'induftrious beagle twifts his waving tail, Thro'all her labyrinths purfues, and rings Her doleful knell. See there, with count'nance blithe,

And with a courtly grin, the fawning hound Salutes thee cow'ring; his wide op'ning nofe Upward he curls, and his large floe-black eyes Melt in foft blandifhments and humble joy : His gloffy fkin, or yellow, pied, or blue, In lights or fhades by Nature's pencil drawn, Reflects the various tints; his ears and legs, Fleck'd here and there, in gay enamell'd pride Rival the fpeckled pard; his rufh-grown tail O'er his broad back bends in an ample arch : On fhoulders clean, upright and firm he ftands : His round cat-foot, ftraight hams, and widefpread thighs,

And his low-dropping cheft, confefs his fpeed, His firength, his wind, or on the ftecpy hill Or far-extended plain : in ev'ry part So well-proportion'd, that the nicer fkill Of Phidias himfelf can't blame thy choice : Of fuch compose thy pack. But here a mean Observe, nor the large hound prefer, of fize Gigantic ; he in the thick-woven covert Painfully tugs, or in the thorny brake Torn and enbarrafs'd, bleeds : but if too fmall, The pigmy brood in ev'ry furrow fivins ; Moil'd in the clogging clay, panting they lag Behind inglorious ; or elfe fhiv'ring creep, Benumb'd and faint, beneath the fhelt'ring thom : For hounds of middle fize, active and frong, Will better anfiver all thy various ends, And crown thy pleasing labours with fuecefs.

As fome brave captain, curious and exact, By his fix'd ftandard forms in equal ranks His gay battalion, as one man they move, Step after ftep, their fize the fame, their arms Far-gleaming, dart the fame united blaze; Reviewing generals his merit own; How regular ! how juft ! and all his cares Are well repaid if mighty George approve : lel thou thy pack, if honour touch in'rous foul, and the world's juft applaufe. ove all take heed, nor mix thy hounds 'rent kinds; diffordant founds fhall grate urs offended, and a lagging line bling curs diffrace thy broken pack. th'amphibious otter be thy Chace, ely ftag, that o'er the woodland reigns; n'harmonious thunder of the field t thy ravifh'dears; the deep-flew'd hound up with care, ftrong, heavy, flow, but fure; ears down-hanging from his thick round head,

wcepthe morning dew, whole clanging voice : the mountain Echo in her cell, take the forefts : the bold Talbot kind ie the prime, as white as Alpine fnows, reat their ufe of old. Upon the banks reed, flow winding thro' the vale, the feat r and rapine once, ere Britons knew vects of peace, or Anna's dread commands ting leagues the haughty rivals aw'd dwelt a pilf 'ring race, well train'd and fkill'd the mysteries of theft, the spoil only fubftance, feuds and war their fport; ore expert in ev'ry fraudful art :h felon * was of old, who by the tail back his lowing prize. In vain his wiles, 1 the shelter of the cov'ring rock, a the footy cloud and ruddy flames flu'd from his mouth; for foen he paid rfeit life; a debt how justly due ong'd Alcides and avenging Heav'n in the fhades of night they ford the fream, prowling far and near, whate'er they feize es their prey; nor flocks nor herds are fafe, ills protect the fleer, nor ftrong-barr'd doors the fav'rite horfe. Soon as the morn s his wrongs, with ghaftly vifage wan lunder'd owner stands, and from his lips afand thronging curfes burft their way : Is his ftout allies, and in a line ithful hound he leads, then with a voice atters loud his rage, attentive cheers : he fagacious brute, his curling tail th'd in air, low bending plies around iy nofe, the steaming vapour fnuffs itive, nor leaves one turf untry'd, onfcious of the recent stains, his heart quick ; his fnuffing nofe, his active tail, his joy; then with deep op'ning mouth, nakes the welkin tremble, he proclaims dacious felon : foot by foot he marks nding way, while all the lift'ning crowd ud his reas'nings. O'er the wat'ry ford, ndy heaths, and ftony barren hills, eaten paths, with men and beafts diftain'd, ng he purfues, till at the cot d, and feizing by his guilty throat itiff vile, redeems the captive prey : uifitely delicate his fenfe !fome more curious foort finan here inquire c this fagacity, this wondrous pow'r

Of tracing ftep by ftep or man or brute ? What guide invisible points out their way O'er the dank marfh, bleak hill, and fandy plain ? The courtcous Mufe shall the dark caufe reveal, The blood that from the heart inceffant rolls In many a crimfon tide, than here and there In fmaller rills disparted, as it flows Propell'd, the ferous particles evade Thro' th'open pores, and with the ambient air Entangling mix. As fuming vapours rife, And hang upon the gently-purling brook, There by th'incumbent atmosphere compress'd, The panting Chace grows warmer as he flies, And thro' the net-work of the fkin perfpires, Leaves a long-ftreaming trait behind, which by The cooler air condens'd, remains, unlefs By fome rude ftorm difpers'd, or rarify'd By the meridian fun's intenfer heat. To ev'ry thrub the warm offluvia cling, Hang on the grafs, impregnate earth and fkies. With noftrils op'ning wide, o'er hill, o'er dale, The vig'rous hounds purfue, with ev'ry breath Inhale the grateful ficam, quick pleafures fling Their tingling nerves, while they their thanks And in triumphant melody confets [rcpay, Thus on the air The titillating joy. Depend the hunter's hopes. When ruddy ftreaks At eve forebode a bluft'ring formy day, Or lowring clouds blacken the mountain's brow, When nipping frofts, and the keen-biting blafts Of the dry-parching caft, menace the trees, With tender blotfoms teeming, kindly fpare Thy fleeping pack, in their warm beds of ftraw Low-finking at their eafe; liftlefs, they farink Into fome dark recefs, nor hear thy voice, Tho' oft invok'd; or haply if thy call Roufe up the flumb'ring tribe, with heavy eyes, Glaz'd, lifelefs, dull, downward they drop their Inverted ; high on their bent backs erect [tails Their pointed briftles stare, or 'mong the tufts Of ranker weeds each ftomach-healing plan Curious they crop, fick, fpiritlefs, forlorn. These inauspicious days on other cares Employ thy precious hours ; th'improving friend With open arms embrace, and from his lips Glean fcience, feafon'd with good-natur'd wit: But if th'inclement fkics and angry Jove Forbid the pleafing intercourie, thy books Invite thy ready hand; each facred page Rich with the wife remarks of heroes old. Converte familiar with th'illustrious dead ; With great examples of old Greece or Rome Enlarge thy free-born heart, and blefs kind Heav'n That Britain yet enjoys dear Liberty, That balm of life, that iweeteft bleffing, cheap Tho' purchas'dwith our blood. Well-bred, polite, Credit thy calling. See ! how mean, how low, The bookless faunt'ring youth, proud of the skut That dignifies his cap, his flourish'd belt, And rufty couples jingling by his fide ! Be thou of other mould ; and know that fuch Transporting pleasures were by Heav'n ordain'd Wifdom's relief, and Virtue's great reward.

* Cacus, Virg. Æn. lib. viii.

§ 39. The Chace. SOMERVILLE.

BOOK II.

THE ARGUMENT.

Of the power of inftinct in brutes. Two remarkable instances in the hunting of the roebuck, and in the hare going to feat in the morning. Of the variety of feats or forms of the hare, according to the change of the feafon, weather, or wind. Defeription of the hare-hunting in all its parts, interspected with rules to be observed by those who follow that chace. Transition to the Affiatic way of hunting, particularly the magni-ficent manner of the Great Mozul, and other Tartarian princes. taken from Monfieur Bernier, and the hiftory of Gengiskan the Great. Concludes with a Short reproof of tyrants and opprefors of mankind.

NOR will it lefs delight th'attentive fage T'obferve that inflinct, which unerring guides The brutal race, which mimics Reafon's lore, And oft transcends. Heav'n-taught, the rocbuck swift

Loiters at cafe before the driving pack, And mocks their vain pursuit, nor far he flies, But checks his ardour, till the fleaming fcent That freshens on the blade provokes their rage. Urg'd to their speed, his weak deluded foes Soon flag fatigu'd; firain'd to excels each nerve, Each flacken'd finew fails; they pant, they foam; Then o'er the lawn he bounds, o'er the high hills Stretches fecure, and leaves the featter'd crowd To puzzle in the diftant vale below.

'Tis inflinct that directs the jealous hare To chuse her soft abode. With step revers'd She forms the doubling maze; then ere the morn Peeps thro' the clouds, leaps to her clofe recefs.

As wand'ring fliepherds on th'Arabian plains No fettled refidence obferve, but fhift Their moving camp, now on fome cooler hill, With cedars crown'd, court the refreshing breeze, And then below, where trickling ftreams diffil From fome penurious fource, their thirst allay, And feed their fainting flocks; fo the wife hares Oft quit their feats, left some more curious eye Should mark their haunts, and, by dark treach-'rous wiles,

Plot their destruction ; or perchance, in hopes Of plenteous forage, near the ranker mead Or matted blade wary and clofe they fit. When fpring fhines forth, featon of love and joy, .In the mout marsh, 'mong beds of rushes hid, They cool their boiling blood. When fummer funs Bake the cleft carth, to thick wide-waving fields Of corn full grown they lead their helplefs young; But when autumnal torrents and fierce rains Deluge the vale, in the dry crumbling bank Their forms they delve, and cautioufly avoid The dripping covert ; yet, when winter's cold Their limbs benumbs, thither with fpeed return'd, In the long grafs they foulk, or fhrinking creep. Among the wither'd leaves : thus changing full As fancy prompts them, or as food invites. But ev'ry leafon carefully objerv'd,

Th'inconftant winds, the fickle element, The wife experienc'd huntiman foon may find His fubtle, various gaine, nor wafte in vain His redious hours, till his impatient hounds, With difappointment vex'd, each fpringing lark Babbling purfue, far fcatter'd o'er the fields.

Now golden Autumn, from her open lap Her figrant bounties flow'rs; the fields are florn, Inwardly finiling, the proud farmer views The rifing pyramids that grace his yard, And counts his large increase : his barns are ftor'd, And groaning fladdles bend beneath their load. All now is free as air, and the gay pack In the rough briftly flubbles range unblam'd. No widow's tears o'erflow, no fecret curfe Swells in the farmer's breatt, which his pale lips Trembling conceal, by his fierce landlord aw'd; But courteous now he levels ev'ry fence, Joins in the common cry, and halloos loud, Charm'd with the rattling thunder of the field. Oh ! bear me, fome kind Pow'r invifible ! To that extended lawn, where the gay court View the fwift racers, ftretching to the goal ! Games more renown'd, and a far nobler train Than proud Elean fields could boaft of old. Oh ! were a Theban lyre not wanting here, And Pindar's voice, to do their merit right; Or to those spacious plains, where the strain'd eye, In the wide prospect lost, beholds at last Sarum's proud fpire, that o'er the hills afcends, And pierces thro' the clouds ; or to thy downs, Fair Cotfwold ! where the well-breath'd beagle climbs,

With matchlefs speed, thy green aspiring brow, And leaves the lagging multitude behind.

Hail, gentle Dawn ! mild blufhing goddefs, Rejoic'd, I fee thy purple mantle fpread [hail ! O'er half the fkies, gems pave thy radiant way, And orient pearls from ev'ry fhrub depend. Farewell Cleora ! here, deep funk in down, Slumber fecure, with happy dreams amus'd, Till grateful fleams shall tempt thee to receive Thy carly meal, or thy officious maids, The toilette plac'd, fhall urge thee to perform Th'important work. Me other joys invite; The horn fonorous calls, the pack awak'd, Their matins chaunt, nor brook my long delay; My courfer hears their voice : fee there ! with ears And tail creft, neighing he paws the ground ; Fierce rapture kindles in his redd'ning eyes, And boils in ev'ry vein. As captive boys, Cow'd by the ruling rod and haughty frowns Of pedagogues fevere, from their hard talks If once difinifs'd, no limits can contain The tumult rais'd within their little breafts, But give a loofe to all their frolic play, So from their kennel rush the joyous pack; A thousand wanton gaieties express Their inward eeftafy, their pleafing fport Once more indulg'd, and liberty reftor'd. The rifing fun, that o'er th'horizon peeps, As many colours from their ghoftly fkins Beaming reflects, as paint the various bow When April thow'rs descend. Delightful scene! Where all around is gay ! men, horses, dogs, And

in each fmiling countenance appears -blooming health and universal joy. n:tman. lead on; behind the cluft'ring pack as attend, hear with refpect thy whip -clanging, and thy harfher voice obey. not the firaggling cur that wildly roves, a thy brifk aififtant on his back nt thy just recomments; let each lafh e the quick, till howling he returns, whin the creep amid the trembling crowd. ec on this verdant fpot, where Nature kind double bleffing cross as the farmer's hopes, e fow 'rsa. temnal ipring, and the rank mead de the wondtring hates a rich repait, woff divicady pack. See where they fpread, range around, and dash the glitt'ring dew ! ne flaunch hound, with his authentic voice, 7 the recent trail, the joftling tribe d his call; then with one mutual cry veloome news confirm, and echoing hills it the pleafing tale. See how they thread rakes, and up yon furrow drive along ! uick they back recoil, and wifely check eager hafte; then o'er the fallow'd ground leifurely they work, and many a paufe armonious concert breaks, till more affur'd, joy redoubled the low vallies ring. artful labyrinths perplex their way ! here fac lies ! how close !- the pants ; the v fhe lives : fhe trembles as fhe fits, [doubts horror feiz'd. The wither'd grais that ad her head, of the fame ruffet hue, [clings] ft deceive my fight, had not her eyes life full beaining her vain wiles betray'd. ftance draw thy pack ; let all be hufh'd ; amour loud, no frantic joy, be heard, he wild hound run gadding o'er the plain etable, nor hear thy chiding voice. gentiy put her off; fee how direct [bring] er known mew flie flies! Here, huntfman, without hurry) all thy jolly hounds, almly lay them in. How low they floop, eem to plough the ground! then all at once greedy noftrils fnuff the fuming fteam [loofe glads their flutt'ring hearts. As winds let the dark caverns of the bluft'ring god built away, and fweep the dewy lawn. gives them wings while the's tourr'd on by woods, fear. velkin rings; men, dogs, hills, rocks, and full concert join. Now, my brave youths ! 'd for the Chace, give all your fouls to joy. w their couriers, than the mountain's roc fleet, the verdant carpet fkim ! thick clouds ng they breathe, their thining hoofs fearce rafs unbruis'd ; with cmulation fir'd [print] ftrain to lead the field, top the barr'd gate,

frain to lead the field, top the barr dgate, he deep ditch exulting bound, and brufh horny-twining hedge; the riders bend teir arch'd necks; with fleady hands, by retheir fpeed, or moderate their rage. [turns rare their forrows, difappointments, wrongs, ons, ficknefs, cares? All, all are gone tith the panting winds lag for bohind. tfman, her gait obferve; if in wide rings

Perfifting ftill, fhe'll foil the beaten track ; But if the fly, and with the fav ring wind Urge her bold courfe, lefs intricate thy tafk ; Puth on thy pack. Like fome poor exil'd wretch The frighted Chace leaves her late dear abodes, O'er plains remote fhe ftretches far away, Ah ! never to return ! for greedy Death Hov'ring exults, fecure to feize his prey. [oak Hark ! from von covert, where those tow'ring Above the humble copfe afpiring rife, What glorious triumphs burft in cv'ry gale Upon our ravifh'd cars! The hunters fhout, The clanging horns fwell their fweet winding notes. The pack wide op'ning, load the trembling air With various melody; from tree to tree The propagated cry redoubling bounds. And winged zephyrs waft the floating joy Thro' all the regions near. Afflictive birch No more the fchool-boy dreads; his prifon broke, Scamp'ring he flies, nor heeds his mafter's call. The weary traveller forgets his read, [leaves And climbs th'adjacent hill. The ploughman Th'unfinish'd furrow; nor his bleating flocks Are now the fhepherd's joy. Men, boys, and girls, Defert th'unpeopled village, and wild crowds Spread o'er the plain, by the fweet frenzy feiz'd, Look how the pants ! and o'er yon op'ning glade Slips glancing by ; while at the further end The puzzling pack unravel wile by wile, Maze within maze! The covert's utmost bound Slily the fkirts; behind them cautious creeps, And in that very track fo lately ftain'd By all the ficaming crowd, feems to purfue The foe fhe flies. Let cavillers deny That brutes have reafon; fure'tis fomething more : 'Tis Heav'n directs, and stratagems infpires Beyond the fhort extent of human thought. But hold-I fee her from the covert break ; Sad on von little eminence fhe fits ; Intent the liftens with one car creet, Pond'ring, and doubtful what new courfe to take, And how to 'fcape the fierce blood-thirsty crew That still urge on, and still in vollies loud

She wheel her mazy way, in the fame round

Infult her woes, and mock her fore diftrefs. As now in louder peals the loaded winds Bring on the gath ring from, her fears prevail, And o'cr the plain, and o'cr the mountain's ridge, Away fhe flies; nor fhips with wind and tide, And all their canvas wings, feud half fo faft. Once more, ve jovial train, your courage try, And each clean courfer's fpeed. We fcour along In pleafing hurry, and confusion tofs'd, Oblivion to be with'd. The patient pack Hang on the fcent unweary'd; up they climb, . And ardent we purfue : our lab'ring fteeds We prefs, we gore, till once the fummit gain'd, Painfully panting: there we breathe a while; Then, like a foaming torrent pouring down Precipitant, we finoke along the vale. Happy the man who with unrivall'd fpeed Can pais his fellows, and with pleafure view The ftruggling pack ! how in the rapid courfe

To guide the dubious fcent ; how giddy youth Oft blabb'ring ervs, by wifer age reprov'd; How, niggard of his firength, the wife old hound Hangs in the rear, till fome important point Route all his diligence, or till the Chace Sinking he finds; then to the head he fprings, With thirst of glory fir'd, and wins the prize. Huntfinan, take heed ! they fop in full career : Yon crowding flocks, that at a diffance gaze, Have haply foil'd the turf. See that old hound, How bufily he works, but dares not truft His doubtful fenfe! Draw yet a wider ring Hark ! now again the chorus fills. As bells, Sally'd a while, at once their peal renew, And high in air the tuneful thunder rolls. See how they tofs, with animated rage Recoviring all they loft !-- That eager hafte Some doubling wile foreflews.-Ah ! yet once [cither hand more

They're check'd — Hold back with fined — On They flourith round--ev'n vet pertift--'Tisright; Away they fipring; the rultling flubbles bend Beneath the driving florn. Now the poor Chace Begins to flag, to her laft fhifts reduc'd. From brake to brake fhe flies, and vifits all Her well-known haunts, where once fhe rang'd fecure,

With love and plenty blefs'd. See! there fhe goes; She reels along, and by her gait betrays Her inward weaknefs. See how black the looks! The fweat that clogs th'obitructed pores fearce A languid feent. And now in open view [leaves See, fee! the flies; each eager hound exerts His utmoft fpeed, and firetches ev'ry nerve. How quick the turns, their gaping jaws eludes, And yet a moment lives, till round enclos'd By all the greedy pack, with infant fareams bhe yields her breath, and there reluctant dies! So when the furious Bacchanals affail'd Thrëician Orpheus, poor ill-fated Bard! Loud was the cry; hills, woods, and Hebrus' banks,

Return'd their clam'rous rage: diftrefs'd he flies, Shifting from place to place, but flies in vain; For eager they purfue, till panting, faint, By noify multitudes o'erpower'd, he finks To the relentlefs crowd a bleeding prey!

The huntiman now, a deep incition made, Shakes out with hands inpure, and dashes down Her recking entrails and yet quiv'ring heart. These claim the pack, the bloody perquisite For all their toils. Stretch'd on the ground the lies A mangled corfe; in her dim-glaring eyes Cold Death exults, and stiffens ev'ry limb. Aw'd by the threat'ning whip, the furious hounds Around her bay, or at their mafter's foot Each happy fav'rite courts his kind applaufe, With humble adulation cow ring low. All now is joy. With checks full-blown they wind Her folemn dirge, while the loud-op ning pack The concert fwell, and hills and dales return The fadly-pleafing founds. Thus the poor hare, A puny daftard animal! but vers'd

In fubtle wiles, diverts the youthful train. But if thy proud afpiring foul didains So mean a prey, delighted with the pomp, Magnificence, and grandeur, of the Chace, Hear what the Mule from faithful record ing.

Why on the banks of Gemna, Indian freen, Line within line, rife the pavillions proud Their filken fireamers waving in the wind? Why neighs the warrior horfe ? From tent to test Why prefs in crowds the buzzing multitude? Why thines the polith'd helm and pointed lance, This way and that far beaming o'er the plan! Nor Vifapour nor Golconda rebel, Nor the great Sophy, with his num'rous hat, Lays wafte the provinces, nor glory fires To rob and to destroy, beneath the name And specious guise of war. A nobler cause Calls Aurengzebe to arms. No cities fack'd, No mother's tears, no helplefs or phan's crics, No violated leagues, with fharp remorfe Shall fting the confcious victor; but mankind Shall hail him good and juft; for 'tis on bests He draws his vengeful fword ; on beafs of pre, Full-fed with human gore. See, fee, he comes! Imperial Delhi, op'ning wide her gates, Pours out her thronging legions, bright in any And all the pomp of war. Before them found Clarions and trumpets, breathing martial airs And bold defiance. High upon his throac, Borne on the back of his proud elephant, Sits the great chief of Tamur's glorious race; Sublime he fits amid the radiant blaze Of gems and gold. Omrahs about him crowd, And rein th'Arabian freed, and watch his and, And potent rajahs, who them felves prefide O'er realms of wide extent; but here fubmis Their homage pay, alternate kings and flares! Next thefe, with prving eunuchs girt around, The fair fultanas of his court; a troop Of chosen beauties; but with care conceal'd From each intrusive eye: one look is death. Ah ! cruel eaftern law ! (had kings a pow'r But equal to their wild tyrannic will) To rob us of the fun's all-cheering ray Were lefs fevere. The vulgar clofe the march, Slaves and artificers; and Delhi mourns Her empty and depopulated freets. Now at the camp arriv'd, with ftern review Thro' groves of fpears, from file to file he dats His tharp experienc'd eye, their order marks, Each in his flation rang'd, exact and firm, Till in the boundlefs line his fight is loft. Not greater multitudes in arms appear'd On these extended plains, when Ammon's for With mighty Porus in dread battle join'd, The vallal world the prize : nor was that hold More numerous of old, which the great king' Pour'd out on Greece from all th'unpeopled ent, That bridg'd the Hellespont from thore to there. And drank the rivers dry. Meanwhile in twops The buly hunter-train mark out the ground, A wide circumference, full many a league In compais round ; woods, rivers, hills, and plains; provinces; enough to gratify on's higheft aim, could reafon bound erring will. Now fit in clofe divan ighty chiefs of this prodigious hoft; n the throne high-eminent prefides, out his mandates proud, laws of the Chace, ncient records drawn. With rev'rence low, oftrate at his feet, the chiefs receive everfible decrees, from which y is to die. Then his brave bands o his station leads, encamping round e wide circle is completely form'd. : decent order reigns, what these command execute with speed and punctual care, the strictest discipline of war, ome watchful foe, with bold infult lowring o'er their camp. The high refolve lies on wings thro' all th'encircling line notion fleers, and animates the whole. the fun's attractive pow'r controll'd, lancts in their fpheres roll round his orb; he fhines, and rules the great machine. yet the morn difpels the fleeting mifts, gnal giv'n by the loud trumpet's voice, ligh in air th'imperial ftundard waves, zon'd rich with gold and glitt'ring gems, ike a fheet of fire, thro' the dun gloom ing increorous. The foldiers fhours, Il the brazen inftruments of war, mutual clamour, and united din e large concave, while from camp to camp catch the varied founds, floating in air. I all the wide circumference tigers fell : at the noife; deep in his gloomy den ion starts, and moricls yet unchew'd from his trembling jaws. Now all at once rd they march embattled, to the found rtial harmony; fifes, cornets, drums, roufe the fleepy foul to arms, and bold : deeds. In parties here and there, h'd o'er hill and dale, the hunters range itive; ftrong dogs that match in fight oldest brute, around their masters wait, hful guard. No haunt unfearch'd, they drive ev'ry covert, and from ev'ry den, urking favages. Inceffant fhouts ho thro' the woods, and kindling fires 1 from the mountain tops: the forest feems ningling blaze : like flocks of fheep they fly : the flaming brand : fierce lions, pards, , tigers, bears, and wolves; a dreadful crew m blood-thirfty foes! Growling along stalk indignant, but fierce vengeance still pealing in their rear, and pointed spears it immediate death. Soon as the Night, p'd in her fable veil, forbids the Chace, pitch their tents in even ranks around ircling camp. The guards are plac'd, and oper diftances afcending rife, fires mint th'horizon with their ruddy light. ind fome ifland's fhore of large extent, the gloomy horrors of the night, illows breaking on the pointed rocks all one flame, and the bright circuit wide ars a bulwark of furrounding fire.

. 11.

What dreadful howlings and what hideous roar Difturb those peaceful fhades ! where erst the bird That glads the night had cheer'd the lift'ning groves

With fweet complainings. Thro' the filent gloom Oft they the guards affail ; as oft repell'd They fly reluctant, with hot-boiling rage Stung to the quick, and mad with wild defpair. Thus, day by day, they still the Chace renew, At night encamp; till now in straiter bounds The circle leffens, and the beafts perceive The wall that hems them in on ev'ry fide. And now their fury burits, and knows no mean; From man they turn, and point their ill-judg'd rage Against their fellow brutes. With teeth and claws The civil war begins; grappling they tear, Lions on tigers prev, and bears on wolves; Horrible difcord ! till the crowd behind Shouting purfuc, and part the bloody fray. At once their wrath fubfides ; tame as the lamb The lion hangs his head, the furious pard, Cow'd and fubdu'd, flies from the face of man, Nor bears one glance of his commanding cyc. So abject is a tyrant in diffrefs!

At last, within the narrow plain confin'd, A lifted field, mark'd out for bloody deeds, [hcaps, An amphithcatre more glorious far Than ancient Rome could boaft, they crowd in Difinay'd, and quite appall'd. In meet array Sheath'd in refulgent arms, a noble band Advance; great lords of high imperial blood, Early refolv'd t'affert their royal race, And prove by glorious deeds their valour's growth Mature, ere yet the callow down has fpread Its curling shade. On bold Arabian steeds With decent pride they fit, that fearlefs hear The lion's dreadful roar; and down the rock Swift fhooting plunge, or o'er the mountain's ridge Stretching along, the greedy tiger leave Panting behind. On foot their faithful flaves With jav'lins arm'd attend; each watchful eye Fix'd on his youthful care, for him alone He fears, and to redeem his life, unmov'd, Would lofe his own. The mighty Aurengzebe From his high-elevated throne beholds His blooming race, revolving in his mind What once he was, in his gay fpring of life, When vigour ftrung his nerves. Parental joy Melts in his eyes and flushes in his cheeks. Now the loud trumpet founds a charge. The fhouts Of cager hofts thro' all the circling line, And the wild howlings of the beafts within, Rend with the welkin; flights of arrows, wing'd With death, and jav'lins launch'd from ev'ry arm, Gall fore the brutal bands, with many a wound Gor'd thro' and thro'. Defpair at laft prevails, When fainting nature thrinks, and roufes all Their drooping courage. Swell'd with furious rage,

Their eyes dart fire, and on the youthful band They ruth implacable. They their broad thields Quick interpofe; on each devoted head Their flaming faulchions, as the bolts of Jo Defeend unerring. Profirate on the ground The grinning monfters lie, and their foul gore Defiles the verdant plain. Nor idle ftand The multy flaves; with pointed fpears they pierce Thro their tough hides, or at their gaping mouths An other pathage find. The king of brutes In broken roarings breathes his laft; the bear Grumbles in death; nor can his fpotted fkin, Tho' flock it thine, with varied beautics gay, Save the proof pard from unrelenting fate. The battle blecks, grim Stanguter finites along, Glutting her greedy jaws, grins o'er her prey. Men, horfes, dogs, fierce beafts of ev'ry kind, Aftrange promificuous carnage, drench'd in blood, And heaps on heaps amais'd. What yet remain Alive, with vain affault contend to break Th'impenetrable line. Others, whom fear Infpires with felf-preferving wiles, beneath The bodies of the flain for fhelter creep, Aghaft they fly, or hide their heads difpers'd. And now perchance (had Heav'n but pleas'd) the work

Of death had been complete, and Aurengzebe By one dread frown extinguished half their race; When, lo⁺ the bright futtanas of his court Appear, and to his ravished eves ditplay Those charms but rarely to the day revealed.

Lowly they bend, and humbly fue to fave The vanquifh'd hoft. What mortal can deny When fuppliant beauty begs! At his command, Op'ning to right and left, the well-train'd troops Leave a large void for their retreating focs: Away they fly, on wings of fear upborne, To feek on diffiant hills their late abodes.

Ye proud Opprefors ! whole vain hearts exult In wantonnefs of pow'r 'gainft the brute race, Fierce robbers like yourfelves, a guiltlefs war Wage uncontroll'd; here quench your thirft of blood;

But learn from Aurengzebe to fpare mankind.

§ 40. The Chace. SOMERVILLE. BOOK III.

THE ARGUMENT.

Of king Edgar, and his impofing a tribute of woives heads upon the kings of Wales: from hence a transition to fox-heating, which is defirited in all its parts. Couplar of an overnumerous pack. Of the feveral engines to defroy foxes, and other wild besils. The fledtrap deferibed, and the manuse of using it. Defeription of the pitfall for the lion, and another for the elephant. The ancient wery of hunting the tiger with a mirror. The Arachim manner of hunting the wild boar. Defeription of the royal flag Chase at Windfor Forest. Concludes With an addrefs to his Majefly, and an eulogy upon mercy.

IN Albion's ifle when glorious Edgar reign'd, He, wifely provident, from her white clifts Launch'd half her forefts, and with num'rous fleets Cover'd his wide domain; there proudly rode Lord of the deep, the great prerogative Of British monarchs: each invader bold, Dane and Norwegian, at a diffance gaz'd, And, difappointed, gnath'd his teeth in vain. He foour'd the feas, and to remotely free, s With fwelling fails the trembling corfair Ed. Rich commerce flourish'd, and with puly ers Dash'd the refounding furge. Nor tes at and His royal cares ; wife, potent, gracious prime? His fubjects from their cruel in . he tavid, And from rapacities favaging their flocks. Cambria's proud kings (the with a lucture and Their tributary wolves, head after head, In full account, till the woods vield no more, And all the ravinous race extinet is lost. In fertile paftures more fecurely graz'd The focial troops, and foon their large increase With curling fleeces whiten'd all the plains, But yet alas! the wilv fox remain'd, A fubile, pilf'ring foe, prowing around In midnight thades, and wakeful to defiror. In the full fold the poor defencelefs lamb, Seiz'd by his guileful arts, with fiv cet warm blod Supplies a rich repait. The mournful eve, Her dearest treasure lost, thro' the dun night Wanders perplex'd, and darking bleats in vain; While in th'adjacent bufh poor Philomel (Herfelf a parent once, till wanton churls Defpoil'd her neft) joins in her loud laments With fweeter notes, and more melodious wee.

For these nocturnal thieves, huntimen ! prepart Thy fharpeft vengeance. Oh ! how giorious u To right th'opprefs'd, and bring the felon vie To just difgrace! Ere yet the mornin, peep, Or ftars retire from the first blush of day, With thy far-echoing voice alarm thy pack, And route thy bold competers; then to the copie Thick with entangling grafs or prickly fure, With filence lead thy many-colour'd hounds, In all their beauty's pride. See | how they range Differs'd, how bufily this way and that They crofs, examining with curious nofe Each likely haunt. Hark ! on the drag I hear Their doubtful notes preluding to a cry More nobly full, and fwell'd with ev'ry mouth. As ftraggling armies at the trumpets voice Preis to their flandard, hither all repair, And hurry thro' the woods with hafty fiep, Rutiling, and full or hope; now driv'n on heaps They puth, they ftrive, while from his keand fncaks

The confcious villain. See ! he feulks alorg { Sleek at the fhepherd's coft, and plump with neal Purloin'd: fo thrive the wicked here below. Tho' high his bruth he bears, tho' tipt with white It gaily thine, yet ere the fun declin'd Recal the fhades of night, the pamper'd rogue Shall rue his fate revers'd, and at his heels Behold the juit avenger, fivift to feize His forfeit head, and thirfting for his blood.

Heav'ns! what melodious ftrains! how best our hearts,

Big with tumultuous joy ! the loaded gales Breathe harmony; and as the tempeft drives From wood to wood, thro' ev'ry dark rerefs The foreft thunders, and the mountains thake.

orus fivells; lefs various and lefs fweet ling notes when in those very groves ther'd chorifters falute the fpring, ry bush in concert joins : or when fter's hand, in modulated air, : loud organ breathe, and all the pow'rs c in one instrument combine verfal minstreliy. And now each earth he trics; the doors are barr'd nable; nor is the covert fafe : is for purer air. Hark ! what loud fhouts) thro' the groves ! he breaks away: orns proclaim his flight. Each struggling hound o'er the lawn to reach the diftant pack; umph all and joy. Now, my brave youths! ve a loofe to the clean gen'rous freed; h the whip, nor fpare the galling fpur; the madness of delight forget ears. Far o'er the rocky hills we range, ingerous our course; but in the brave ourage never fails. In vain the ftream ning eddies whirls; in vain the ditch, gaping, threatens death. The craggy fleep, the poor dizzy thepherd crawls with care, ings to ev'ry twig, gives us no pain, wn we sweep, as stoops the falcon bold ince his prey. Then up th'opponent hill, fwift motion flung, we mount aloft : s in winter-feas now fliding fink 1 the fleepy wave, then, tofs'd on high, n the billows, and defy the form. [Chace lengths we pais I where will the wand ring is bewilder'd! fmooth as fwallows fkim :w-fhorn mead, and far more fwift we fly. r brave pack ! how to the head they prefs, g in close array, then more diffuse cly wheel, while from their op'ning mouths ollied thunder breaks. So when the cranes annual voyage fleer, with wanton wing figure oft they change, and their loud clang cloud to cloud Robounds. How far behind unter crew, wide ftraggling o'er the plain ! anting courfer now with trembling nerves to reel; urg'd by the goring fpur, s many a faint effort : he fnorts, he foams; ig rounddrops run trickling down his fides, fiveat and blood diftain'd. Look back and range confusion of the vale below, view e fore vexation reigns : fce yon poor jade; n th'impatient rider frets and iwears galling fpurs harrow his mangled fides; n no more : his stiff unpliant limbs d in earth, unniov'd and fix'd he flands, "ry cruel curfe returns a groan, [grief obs, and faints, and dies! Who without iew that pamper'd fteed, his maftef's joy, inion and his daily care, well cloth'd, fed with ev'ry nicer cate; no coft, bour fpar'd; who, when the flying Chace : from the copfe, without a rival led num'rous train ; now a fad spectacle de brought low, and humbled infolence, : like a pannier'd afs, and fcourg'd along ! ethefe, with loofen'd reins and dangling heels

Hang on their reeling palfreys, that fcarce bear Their weights; another in their treach'rous bog Lies flound'ring, half ingulph'd. — What biting thoughts

Torment th'abandon'd crew ! Old Age laments His vigour spent ; the tall, plump, brawny youth Curfes his cumbrous bulk, and envies now The fhort pygmean race he whilom keen'd With proud infulting leer. A chofen few Alone the iport enjoy, nor droop beneath [height Their pleasing toils. Here, huntiman, from this Oblerve yon birds of prey; if I can judge, 'Tis there the villain lurks : they hover round, And claim him as their own. Was I not right ? See! there he creeps along; his brush he drags, And Tweeps the mire impure : from his wide jaws His tongue unmoiften'd hangs, fymptoms too fure Of fudden death. Ha! yet he flies, nor yields To black despair. But one loofe more, and all His wiles are vain. Hark ! thro' yon village now The rattling clamour rings. The barns, the cots And leaflefs clms, return the joyous founds. Thro' ev'ry homeftall, and thro' ev'ry yard, His midnight walks, panting, forlorn, he flies; Thro' ev'ry hole he fneaks, thro' ev'ry jakes Plunging, he wades belinear'd, and fondly hopes In a fuperior ftench to lofe his own : But, faithful to the track, th'unerring hounds With peals of echoing vengeance close purfue; And now diftreft, no fhelt ring covert near, Into the hen-rooft creeps, whole walls with gore Diftain'd atteft his guilt. There, villain ! there Expect thy fate deferv'd. And foon from thenes The pack inquisitive, with clamour loud, Drag out their trembling prize, and on his blood With greedy transport feast. In bolder notes Each founding horn proclaims the felon dead, And all th'affembled village fhouts for joy. The farmer, who beholds his mortal foe Stretch'd at his feet, applauds the glorious deed, And, grateful, calls us to a fhort repait : In the full glafs the liquid amber finiles, Our native product; and his good old mate With choicest viands heaps the lib'ral board, To crown our triumphs and reward our toils, Here must th'instructive Muse (but with respect) Cenfure that num'rous pack, that crowd of flate, With which the vain profusion of the great Covers the lawn, and fhakes the trembling copfe, Pompous incumbrance ! a magnificence Useles, vexatious! for the wily fox, Safe in th'increasing number of his foes, Kens well the great advantage; flinks behind, And flily creeps thro' the fame beaten track, And hunts them, ftep by ftep; then views, efcap'd, With inward ecitaly, the panting throng In their own footsteps puzzled, foil'd, and lost. So when proud eaftern kings furimon to arms Their gaudy legions, from far dittant climes They flock in crowds, unpeopling half a world; But when the day of battle calls them forth To charge the well-train'd foe, a band compact Of cholen veterans, they prefs blindly on, In heaps confus'd, by their own weapons fall A imoking carnage featter'd o'er the plain.

Nor hounds alone this noxious brood defiroy; The plunder'd warrener full many a while Devices to entrap his greedy foe, Fat with nocturnal fpoils. At clofe of day With filence drags his trail; then, from the ground **F**ares thin the clofe-graz'd turf; there with nice

hand Covers the latent death, with curious forings Prepar'd to fly at once, whene'er the tread Of man or beaft unwarily thall prefs The vielding furface. By the indented fteel, With gripe tenaceous held, the felon grins, And ftruggles, but in vain : yet oft 'tis known, When ev'ry art has fail'd, the captive fox Has fhar'd the wounded joint, and with a limb Compounded for his life. But if perchance In the deep pit-fall plung'd, there's no cfcape: But unrepricey'd he dies, and bleach'd in air, The jeft of clowns, his recking carcafe hangs.

Of these are various kinds : not ev'n the king Of brutes evades this deep-devouring grave; But by the wily African betray'd, Heedlefs of fate, within its gaping jaws Expires indignant. When the orient beam With bluthes paints the dawn, and all the race Carnivorous, with blood full gorg'd, retire Into their darkfome cells, there fatiate fnore O'er dripping offals, and the mangled limbs Of men and beafts, the painful forefter Climbs the high hills, whole proud afpiring tops, With the tall cedar crown'd and taper fir, Affailthe clouds; there, 'mong the craggy rocks And thickets intricate, trembling he views His footfteps in the fand, the difinal road And avenue to death. Hither he calls His watchful bands, and low into the ground A pit they fink, full many a fathom deep; Then in the midit a column high is rear'd, The butt of fome fair tree, upon whole top A lamb is plac'd, just ravish'd from his dam And next a wall they build, with ftones and earth Encircling round, and hiding from all view The dreadful precipice. Now when the fhades Of night hang lowring o'er the mountain's brow, And hunger keen, and pungent thirst of blood, Rouze up the flothful beaft, he fhakes his fides, Slow-rifing from his lair, and ftretches wide His rav'nous paws, with recent gore distain'd. The forest trembles as he roars aloud, Impatient to deftroy. O'crjoy'd he hears The bleating innocent, that claims in vain The fhepherd's care, and feeks with piteous moan The foodful teat, himfelf, alas ! defign'd Another's meal. For now the greedy brute Winds him from far, and leaping o'er the mound To feize his trembling prey, headlong is plung'd Into the deep abyfs. Proftrate he lies, Aftunn'd and impotent, Ah! what avail Thine cyeballs flashing fire, thy length of tail That laffics thy broad lides, thy jaws befinear'd With blood and offals crude, thy fhaggy mane, The terror of the woods, thy stately port, And bulk enormous, fince by ftratagem Thy strength is foil'd ? Unequal is the strife When fov'reign reason combats brutal rage.

On diftant Ethiopia's fun-burnt coafts The black inhabitants a pitfall frame, But of a diff'rent kind, and diff 'rent ufe. With flender poles the wide capacious mouth, And hurdles flight, they close; o'er these is fpread A floor of verdant turf, with all its flow'rs Smiling delufive, and from strictest fearch Concealing the deep grave that yawns below. Then boughs of trees they cut, with tempting fruit Of various kinds furcharg'd ! the downy peach, The cluft'ring vinc, and of bright golden rind The fragrant orange. Soon as evining grey Advances flow, befprinkling all around With kind refreshing dews the thirsty glebe, The ftately elephant from the close thade With step majestic strides, eager to taste The cooler breeze, that from the fea-beat fhore Delightful breathes, or in the limpid ftream To lave his panting fides, joyous he fcents The rich repair, unweeting of the death That lurks within. And foon he fporting breaks The brittle boughs, and greedily devours The fruit delicious. Ah ! too dearly bought; The price is life. For now the treach'rous turf, Trembling, gives way, and the unwieldy beaft, Self-finking, drops into the dark profound. So when dilated vapours, itruggling, heave Th'incumbent earth, if chance the cavern'd ground Shrinking fublide, and the thin furface yield, Down finks at once the pond'rous dome in-

ulph'd With all its tow'rs. Subtle, delufive Man ! How various are thy wiles ! artful to kill Thy favage focs, a dull unthinking race ! Fierce from his lair iprings forth the ipeckled pard, Thirsting for blood, and eager to destroy; The huntlinan flies, but to his flight alone Confides not, at convenient distance fix'd, A polith'd mirror stops in full career The furious brute: he there his image views; Spots against spots with rage improving glow! Another pard his bristly whiskers curls, Grins as he grins, fierce menacing and wide Diftends his op'ning paws; himfelf against Himfelf oppos'd, and with dread vengeance arm'd, The huntiman, now fecure, with fatal aim Directs the pointed fpear, by which transfix'd He dics, and with him dics the rival shade. Thus man innum'rous engines form'd t'affail The favage kind; but most the docile horse, Swift, and confederate with man, annoys His brethren of the plains; without whole aid The hunter's arts were vain, unfkill'd to wage With the more active brutes an equal war; But borne by him, without the well-train'd pack Man dares his foc, on wings of wind fecure.

Him the fierce Arab mounts, and with his troop Of bold compeers ranges the defarts wild, Where, by the magnet's aid, the traveller Steers his untrodden corufe, yet oft on land Is wreck'd, in the high-rolling waves of fand Immers'd and loft; while theie intrepid bands. Safe in their horfes fpeed, outfly the florm, And fcouring round, makes men and beafts their The grifly bear is fingled from his herd, [prey. As ge as that in Erimanthean woods, ch for Herculus. Round him they fly :les wide, and each, in paffing, fends ather'd death into his brawny fides ; rilous th'attempt ; for if the fteed too near approach, or the loofe earth oting fail, the watchful angry beaft vantage fpics, and at one fidelong glance p his groin. Wounded he rears aloft, lunging, from his back the rider hurls itant; then, bleeding, fpurns the ground, rags his recking entrails o'er the plain. while the furly monfter trots along, ith unequal fpeed; for still they wound, wheeling in the fpacious ring. A wood ts upon his back he bears; adown rtur'd fides the crimfon torrents roll many a-gaping font ; and now at last ring he falls; in blood and foam expires. whither rolls my devious Mufe, intent ique tales, while yet the royal ftag g remains? Tread with respectful awe, or's green glades, where Denham, tuneful bard !

"d once the lift'ning Dryads with his fong, ely fweet. O! grant me, facred fhade, an fubmifs what thy full fickle leaves, morning fun that gilds with trembling

rays or's high tow'rs, behold the courtly train, for the Chace, nor views in all his courfe e fo gay: heroic noble youths, and arms renown'd, and lovely nymphs, ireft of this isle where beauty dwells ted, and deferts her Paphian grove r more favour'd shades; in proud parade fhine magnificent, and prefs around yal happy pair. Great in themielves, mile superior, of external show llefs, while their inbred virtues give e to their pow'r, and grace their court cal fplendors, far above the pomp tern kings in all their tinfel pride. oops of Amazons, the female band round their cars, not in refulgent arms fe of old; unfkill'd to wield the fword. d the bow, thefe kill with furer aim. yal offspring, faireft of the fair, n the fplendid train. Anna, more bright ummer funs, or as the lightning keen, rrefittible effulgence arm'd, v'ry heart: he must be more than man nconcern'd can bear the piercing ray. , milder than the bluthing dawn, weet engaging air, but equal pow'r, sly fubducs, and in foft chains lling captives leads. Illustrious maids t iumphant ! whofe victorious charms, it the needlefs aid of high descent, [lords v'd mankind, and taught the world's great w and fue for grace. But who is h is a rolebud newly blown, and fair But who is he, ning lilics, on whom ev'ry eye oy and admiration dwells ? See, fee 1

He reins his docile barb with manly grace. Is it Adonis for the chace array'd? Or Britain's fecond hope? Hail, blooming youth! May all your virtues with your years improve, Till in confummate worth you fhine the pride Of thefe our days, and to fucceeding times A bright example. As his guard of mutes On the great Sultan wait with eyes deject And fix'd on earth, no voice no found is heard Within the wide ferail, but all is hush'd, And awful filence reigns ; thus fland the pack Mute and unmov'd, and cow'ring low to earth, While pass the glitt'ring court and royal pair : So difciplin'd those hounds, and fo referv'd, Whole honor 'tis to glad the hearts of kings. But foot the winding horn and huntfinan's voice Let loofe the gen'ral chorus; far around Joy fpreads its wings, and the gay morning finiles.

Unharbour'd now, the royal ftag forlakes His wonted lair; he thakes his dappled fides, And toffes high his beamy head; the copie What doubling fhifts Beneath his antlers bends. He tries ! not more the wily hare; in thefe Would still perfift, did not the full-mouth'd pack With dreadful concert thunder in his rear. The woods reply, the hunter's cheering fhouts Floatthrough the glades, and the wide foreft rings. How merrily they chant! their noftrils deep Inhale the grateful fteam. Such is the cry, And fuch th'harmonious din, the foldier deems The battle kindling, and the flatefman grave Forgets his weighty cares : each age, each fex, In the wild transport joins : luxuriant joy, And pleafure in excets, fparkling exult On ev'ry brow, and revel unreftrain'd. How happy art thou, Man! when thou'rt no more Thyfelf! when all the pangs that grind thy foul, In rapture and in fweet oblivion loft, Yield a fhort interval and eafe from pain !

See the fwift courfer strains; his shining hoofs Securely beat the folid ground. Who now The dang'rous pitfall fears, with tangling heath High-overgrown? or who the quiv'ring bog, Soft-yielding to the ftep ? All now is plain, Plain as the strand fea-lav'd, that stretches far Beneath the rocky fhore. Glades croffing glades, The forest opens to our wond'ring view : Such was the king's command. Let tyrants fierce Lay wafte the world; his the more glorious part To check their pride; and when the brazen voice Of war is huth'd (as erft victorious Rome) T'employ his station'd legions in the works Of peace, to finooth the rugged wilderness, To drain the stagnate fen, to raise the slope Depending road, and to make gay the face Of nature with th'embellishments of art.

How melts my beating arts ' as I behold Each lovely nymph, our island's boast and pride, Push on the gen'rous steed, that strokes along O'er rough, o'er smooth, nor heeds the steepy hill, Nor falters in th'extended vale below; Their garments loosely waving in the wind, And all the flush of beauty in their checks! While at their fides their pensive lovers wave, Y Direct their dubious courie, now chill'd with fear | Solicitous, and now with love inflam'd. O grant, indulgent Heav'n, no rifing form May darken with black wings this glorious fcene! Should fome malignant pow'r thus damp our joys, Vain were the gloomy cave, fuch as of old Betray'd to lawlefs love the Tyrian queen : For Britain's virtuous nymph, are chafte as fair; Spotlefs, unblam'd, with equal triumph reign In the dun gloom as in the blaze of day.

Now the blown ftag thio' woods, bogs, roads, and ftreams,

Has measur'd half the foreft : but, alas ! He flies in vain ; he flies not from his fears. Tho' far he cast the ling'ring pack behind, His haggard fancy ftill with horror views The fell deftroyer : ftill the fatal cry Infults his cars, and wounds his trembling heart. So the poor fury-haunted wretch (his hands In guiltless blood distain d) still feems to hear The dying fliricks, and the pale threat'ning ghoft Moves as he moves, and as he flies purfues. See here his flot ; up yon green hill he climbs. Pants on his brow a while, fadly looks back On his purfuers, cov'ring all the plain; Bet wrung with anguish, bears not long the fight, Shoots down the freep, and fweats along the vale; There mingles with the herd, where once he rcign'd

Proud monarchof the groves, whofe clashing beam His rivals aw'd, and whole exalted pow'r Was ftill rewarded with fuccefsful love. But the bafe herd have learn'd the ways of men : Averfe they fly, or with rebellious aim f deed. Chace him from thence : needlets their impious The huntiman knows him by a thoufand marks, Black and imboft; nor are his hounds deceiv'd; Too well diffinguish'd thefe, and never leave Their once devoted foe : familiar grows His feent, and frong their appetite to kill. Again he flies, and with redoubled ipeed Skims o'er the lawn; fill the tenacious crew Hang on the track, aloud demand their prey, And push him many a league. If haply then Too far cleap'd, and the gay courtly train Behind are caft, the huntiman's clanging whip Stops full their bold carcer : paffive they fland, Uninov'd, an humble and oblequious crowd, As if by ftern Medufa gaz'd to ftones. So at their gen'ral's voice whole armies halt In full purfuit, and check their thirft of blood. Soon at the king's command, like hafty freams Damm'd up a while, they foam, and pour along With fresh recruiting might. The stag, who hop'd

His focs were loft, now once more hears attunn'd The dreadful din : he fhivers ev'ry limb ; He firsts, he bounds; each bush prefents a foe. Preis'd by the fresh relay, no pause allow'd, Breathlets and faint he falters in his pace, And lifts his weary limbs with pain, that fcarce Suitain their load : he pants, he fobs appall'd ; Drops down his heavy head to earth, beneath

Some prving eve furprise him, foon he rears Erect his tow'ring front, bounds o'er the laws With ill-diffembled vigour, to amufe The knowing forefter, who mly finiles At his weak thifts and unavailing frauds. So midnight tapers wafte their laft remains, Shine forth a while, and as they blaze expire. From wood to wood redoubling thunders roll, And bellow thro' the vales ; the moving from Thickens amain, and loud triumphant shouts, And horns fhrill warbling in each glade, prelude To his approaching fate. And now in view, With hobbling gait and high, exerts amaz'd What firength is left : to the laft dregs of life Reduc'd, his ipirits fail, on ev'ry fide Hemm'd in, befieg'd ; not the least op'ning left To gleaming hope, th'unhappy's last referve Where thall he turn ? or whither fly ! Defpair Gives courage to the weak. Refolv'd to die, He fears no more, but rushes on his foes, And deals his deaths around; beneath his feet These grov'lling lie, those by his antlers gor'd Defile th'enfanguin'd plain. Ah ! fce diftrefi'd He stands at bay against yon knotty trunk, That covers well his rear; his front prefents An hoft of focs. O fhun, ye noble train ! The rude encounter, and believe your lives Your country's due alone. As now aloof They wing around, he finds his foul uprais'd To dare fome great exploit; he charges home Upon the broken pack, that on each fide Fly diverte; then as o'er the turf he ftrains, He vents the cooling fiream, and up the breeze Urges his courfe with cager violence. Then takes the foil, and plunges in the flood Precipitant : down the mid fiream he wafts Along, till (like a fhip diffrefs'd, that runs Into fome winding creek) clofe to the verge Of a finall ifland, for his weary feet Sure anchorage he finds, there fculks immers'd; His note alone above the wave, draws in The vital air; all elie beneath the flood Conceal'd and loft, deceives each prying eye Of man or brute. In vain the crowding pack Draw on the margin of the ftream, or cut The liquid wave with oary feet that move In equal time. The gliding waters leave No trace behind, and his contracted pores But fparingly perfpire: the huntfman ftrains His lab ring lungs, and puffs his checks in valu: At length a blood-hound bold, ftudious to kill, And exquitite of fenfe, winds him from far; Headlong he leaps into the flood, his mouth Loud op'ning fpends amain, and his wide thront Swells ev'ry note with joy; then fearlefs dives Beneath the wave, hangs on his haunch, and wounds

Th'unhappy brute, that flounders in the ftream, Sorely diffrefs'd, and ftruggling, ftrives to mount The fteepy fhore. Haply once more cfcap'd, Again he flands at bay amid the groves Of willows, bending low their downy heads. Outrageous transport fires the greedy pack ; [pain His cumbrous beams oppreis'd. But if perchance ! These twim the deep, and those crawl up with The

'ry bank, while others on firm land the ftag repels each bold affault, [turns. s his poft, and wounds for wounds refome wily Corfairs boards a ship hted, or from Afric's golden coafts s wealthy ftrand, his bloody crew deck he ilings; these in the deep t, and fwim to reach her fteepy fides, ing, climb aloft, while those on board he work of fate; the mafter bold, his last retreat, bravely refolves is wealth beneath the whelming wave, h, his foes, nor unreveng'd to die. with the ftag; fo he refolves e at once into the flood below. us foes, in one deep gulph immers'd. : executes this dire intent, forder once more views the light; weight of woe he groans diftrefs'd, run trickling down his airy cheeks : , nor weeps in vain. The king beholds hed plight, and tenderness innate great foul. Soon at his high command the difappointed hungry pack mifs, and, grumbling, quit their prey. 'rince, from thee what may thy fubjects id fo benchicent to brutes ! [hope, heav'nly born ! fwect attribute ! at, thou beft, prerogative of power ! y guard the throne, but join'd with thee, adamant it ftands fecure, s the ftorm beneath; foon as thy fmiles ough deep, the foaming waves fublide, ie noify tumult finks in peace.

. The Chace. SOMERVILLE.

BOOK IV.

THE ARGUMENT.

fity of destroying some beasts, and preothers for the use of man. Of breeding ds; the feafun for this bufinefs. The the dog of great moment. Of the litter Of the number to be reared. Of 5. hem out to their several walks. Care en to prevent their hunting too foon. Of the whelps. Of breaking them from at sheep. Of the discusses of hounds. age. Of madness; two forts of it dethe dumb and outrazeous madness: its leffects. Burning of the wound recom-as preventing all ill confequences. The s hounds to be feparated, and fed apart. ity of trufting to the many infallible this malady. The difmal effects of the a mad dog upon man describ'd. Deof the method of otter hunting. The 7.

'E'ER of earth is form'd - to earth returns

the various objects we behold, mals, this whole material mais,

Are ever changing, ever new. The foul Of man alone, that particle divine, Escapes the wreck of worlds, when all things fail: Hencegreat the diftance'twixt the beatts that perifh And God's bright image, man's immortal race. The brute creation are his property, Subfervient to his will, and for him made : As hurtful these he kills, as useful those Preferves; their fole and arbitrary king. Should he not kill as erft the Samian fage Taught unadvis'd, and Indian Brachmans now As vainly preach, the teeming rav'nous brutes Might fill the fcanty fpace of this terrene, Incumb'ring all the globe : fhould not his care Improve his growing flock, their kinds might fail, Man might once more on roots and acorns feed, And thro' the defarts range, fhiv'ring, forlorn, Quite deftitute of ev'ry folace dear, And ev'ry finiling gaiety of life.

The prudent huntiman therefore will fupply With annual large recruits his broken pack, And propagate their kind. As from the root Frefh feions fill fpring forth, and daily yield New blooming honors to the parent tree; Far fhall his pack befam'd, far fought his breed, And princes at their tables feast those hourds His hand prefents, an acceptable boon.

Ere yet the funthro' the bright Ram has urg'd His fteepy courfe, or mother Earth unbound Her frozen bofom to the weftern gale; When feather'd troops, their focial leagues dif-

folv'd, Select their mates, and on the leaflefs elm The noify rook builds high her wicker neft, Mark well the wanton females of thy pack That curl their taper tails, and frifking court Their pie-bald mates enamour'd; their red eyes Flash fire impure ; nor reft nor food they take, Goaded by a furious love. In feparate cells Confine them now, left bloody civil wars Annoy thy peaceful state. If left at large, The growling rivals in dread battle join, And rude encounter : on Scamander's ftreams Heroes of old with far lefs fury fought For the bright Spartan dame, their valour's prize, Mangled and torn thy fav'rite hounds shall lie Stretch'd on the ground; thy kennel shall appear A field of blood : like fome unhappy town In civil broils confus'd, while Difcord fhakes Her bloody fcourge aloft, fierce parties rage, Staining their impious hands in mutual death; And still the best below'd and bravest fall :

Such are the dire effects of lawless love. Huntsman t these ills, by timely prudent care, Prevent : for ev'ry longing dame felect Some happy paramour ; to him alone In leagues consubial join. Confider well His lineage; what his fathers did of old, Chiefs of the pack, and first to climb the rock, Or plunge into the deep, or thread the brake With thorns tharp-pointed, plash'd, and briers inwoven.

Obferve with care his fhape, fort, colour, fize : Nor will fagacious huntimen lefs regard X a His inward habits. The vain babbler fhun, Ever loquacious, ever in the wrong : His foolith offspring shall offend thy ears With false alarms and loud impertinence. Nor lefs the thifting cur avoid, that breaks Illusive from the pack; to the next hedge Devious he strays, there ev'ry mufe he trics ; If haply then he crois the fleaming fcent, Away he flies vainglorious, and exults As of the pack supreme, and in his speed And strength unrivall'd. Lo! cast far behind, His vex'd affociates pant, and lab'ring firain To climb the freep aicent. Soon as they reach Th'infulting boafter, his falfe courage fails, Behind he lags, doom'd to the fatal noole, His mafter's hate, and form of all the field. What can from fuch be hop'd but a bafe brood Of coward curs, a frantic, vagrant, race !

When now the third revolving moon appears, With sharpen'd horns, above the Horizon's brink, Without Lucina's aid, expect thy hopes Are amply crown'd: fhort pangs produce to light

The finoking litter, crawling, helplefs, blind; Nature their guide, they feek the pouting teat That plentcous fireains. Soon as thetender dam Has form'd them with her tongue, with pleafure The marks of their renown'd progenitors, [view Sure pledge of triumphs yet to come. All thefe Select with joy; but to the mercilets flood Expose the dwindling refuse, nor o'erload Th'indulgent mother. If thy heart relent, Unwilling to definov, a nurle provide, And to the fofter-parent give the care Of thy fuperfluous brood; the'll cherifh kind The alien offspring ; pleas'd, thou thalt behold Her tendernets and hotpitable love.

If frolic now and playful they defert Their gloomy cell, and on the verdant turf, With nerves improv'd, purfac the mimic Chace, Courfing around, unto thy choiceft friends Commit thy valu'd prize : the ruffic dames Shall at thy kennel wait, and in their laps Receive thy growing hopes, with many a kifs Carefs, and dignify their little charge With fome great title, and refounding name Of high import. But cautious here observe To check their vouthful ardour, nor permit Th'unexperienc'd younker, immature, Alone to range the woods, or haunt the brakes Where dodging conies fport : his nerves unftrung, And ftrength unequal, the laborious Chace Shall flint his growth, and his rath forward youth Contract fuch vicious habits as thy care And late correction never thall reclaim.

When to full ftrength arriv'd, mature and bold, Conduct them to the field ; not all at once, But as thy cooler prudence shall direct, Scieft a few, and form them by degrees To fricter difcipline. With these confort The ftanch and fleady fages of thy pack, By long experience versid in all the wiles And fubrie doublings of the various Chace. Easy the lefton of the youthful train

When inffinct prompts, and when example guides. If the too forward younker at the head Preis boldly on in wanton fportive mood, Correct his hafte, and let him feel abath'd The ruling whip; but if he ftop behind, In wary modest guile, to his own note Confiding fure, give him full fcope to work His winding way, and with thy voice applaud His patience and his care ; foon fhalt thou view The hopeful pupil leader of his tribe,

And all the lift'ning pack attend his call. [play, Oft lead them forth where wanton lambkins And bleating dams with jealous eves observe Their tender care. If at the crowding flock He bay prefumptuous, or with eager hafte Purfue them fcatter'd o'er the verdant plain, In the foul fact attach'd, to the ftrong ram Tie fast the rash offender. See ! at first His horn'd companion, fearful and amaz'd, Shall drag him trembling o'er the rugged ground ; Then with his load fatigu'd, fhall turn a-head, And with his curl'd hard front inceflant peal The panting wretch, till breathlefs and aftunn'd, Stretch'd on the turf he lie. Then fpare not thou The twining whip, but ply his bleeding fides, Lafh after lafh; and with thy threat'ning voice, Harfh-echoing from the hills, inculcate loud His vile offence. Sooner shall trembling doves Efcap'd the hawk's fliarp talons, in mid air Aifail their dang rous foe than he once more Difturb the peaceful flocks. In tender age Thus youth is train'd, as curious artifts bend The taper pliant twig, or potters form

Their foft and ductile clay to various fhapes. Nor is't enough to breed, but to preferve Must be the huntfinan's care. The stanch old hounds,

Guides of thy pack, tho' but in number few, Are vet of great account; shall oft untie The Gordian knot when reafon at a ftand, Puzzling, is loft, and all thy art is vain. O'er clogging fallows, o'er dry plaster'd roads, O'er floated meads, o'er plains with flocks diltain'd,

Rank-fcenting, thefe must lead the dubious way. As party chiefs in fenates who prefide With pleaded reafon and with well-turn'd fpeech Conduct the fiaring multitude, fo thefe Direct the pack, who with joint cry approve, And loudly boatt difcoveries not their own.

Unnumber'd accidents and various ills Attend thy pack, hang hov'ring o'er their heads, And point the way that leads to Death's dark care. Short is their fpan; few at the date arrive Of ancient Argus, in old Homer's fong So highly honor'd: kind, fagacious, brute f Not ev'n Minerva's wildom could conceal Thy much-lov'd mafter from thy nicer fenfe: Dying, his lord he own'd, view'd him all o'er With eager eyes, then clos'd thole eyes, well pleas'd.

Of leffer ills the mufe declines to fing, Nor floops to low; of thele cach groom can tell The proper remedy. But, Ot what care, What

dence can prevent madnefs, the worft :s? Terrific peft ! that blafts man's hopes, and deiolation (preads h'unpeopled kennel unreftrain'd, than th'envenom'd vipers bite, vulian fpider's pois'nous fting, the pleasing antidote of founds. usreigns, and the fun's parching beams ry-gaping furface, vifit thou, and morn, with quick obfervant eye, g pack. If, in dark fullen mood, ig hound refuse his wonted meal, fconfolate, with fpeed remove ifectious wretch, and in ftrong chains spected. Thus that dire difease an't cure, wife caution may prevent. neglected, foon expect a change, ange, confusion, frenzy, death ; dark receis the fenfeleis brute ning; deep melancholy lespair upon his clouded brow ug; from his half-op'ning jaws' y venom and infectious froth 1; and from his lungs, inflam'd, apours taint the ambient air, rdition ; his dim eyes are glaz'd, is penfive head; his trembling limbs port his weight ; abject he lies, les, benumb d ; till Death at last, :ends, and kindly brings relief. igcous grown, bchold, alas ! dreadful fcene; his glaring eyes fury; like fome angry boar foams, and on his back creft priftles rife; his tail incurv'd with harfh broken howlings rends ainted air; with rough hoarfe voice s, and fnuffs th'infectious breeze ; d that he stares aghast, and starts nade, jealous, as if he deem'd is foes. If haply t'ward the ftream wing eye, cold horror chills rfe he flies, trembling appall'd ; o the kennel's utmost verge ns, and deals deftruction round : diverfe; for whate'er he meets. bites, and ev'ry bite is death. nance thro' the weak fence cfcap'd, nd he roves, with open mouth oling breeze, nor man nor beaft placable. The hunter-horfe, ociate of his fylvan toils now without the kennel's mound c mead, and, lift'ning, hears with joy cry that morn and eve falutes enfe) a wretched victim falls. !ruped ! no more, alas ! mafter with his voice applaud s, thy fpeed; or with his hand t dappled fides, as he each day , well pleas'd : no more fhalt thou r neighings, to the winding horn op'ning pack in concert join'd,

Glad his proud heart; for, oh ' the fecret wound Rankling inflames! he bites the ground, and dies ! Hence to the village with permeious hafte Baleful he bends his courfe : the village flies, Alarm'd; the tender mother in her arms Hugs clofe the trendling babe; the doors are barr'd,

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And flying curs, by native infinft taught, Shun the contagious bane : the ruftic bands Hurry to arms, the rude militia feize Whate'er at hand they find; clubs, forks, or guns, From ev'ry quarter charge the furious foc, In wild diforder and uncouth array; [gor'd, Till now, with wounds on wounds opprefs'd and At one fhort pois'nous gafp he breathes his laft. Hence to the kennel, Mufet return and view,

Hence to the kennel, Mulc! return and view, With heavy heart, that hofpital of woe, Where Horror ftalks at large! infatiate Death Sits growling o'er his prey; each hour prefents A diffrent feene of ruin and diffrefs. How bufy art thou, Fate! and how fevere Thy pointed wrath! the dying and the dead Promifcuous lie; o'er thefe the living fight In one eternal broil, not conficious why, Nor yet with whom. Sodrunkards, in their cups, Spare not their friends while fenticlefs fquabble reigns.

Huntiman, it much behoves thee to avoid The perilous debate. Ah, roufe up all Thy vigilance, and tread the treach'rous ground With careful ftep. Thy fires unquench'd preferve, As crft the vettal flame; the pointed fteel In the hot embers hide; and if furpris'd Thou feel'ft the deadly bite, quick urge it home Into the recent fore, and cauterize The wound: fpare not thy fleth, nor dread th'

Vulcan fhall fave when Æculapius fails. [cveat: Here fhould the knowing Mule recount the means

To ftop this growing plague: and here, alas ! Each hand prefents a fov'reign cure, and boafts, Infallibility; but boafts in vain. On this depend, each to his feprate feat Confine, in fetters bound; give each his mefs Apart, his range in open air; and then If deadly fymptoms to thy grief appear, Devote the wretch, and let him greatly fall, A gen'rous victim for the public weal.

Sing, philosophic Muse! the dire effects Of this contagious bite on haples man. The ruftic fwains, by long tradition taught Of leaches old, as foon as they perceive The bite imprefs'd, to the fea-coafts repair. Plung'd in the briny flood, th'unhappy youth Now journeys home fecure, but foon fhall with The feas as yet had cover'd him beneath The foaming furge, full many a fathom deep. A fate more difmal, and fuperior ills, Hang o'er his head devoted. When the moon. Clofing her monthly round, returns again To glad the night, or when full orb'd fhe fhines High in the vault of Heav'n, the lurking peft Begins the dire affault. The pois nous foam, Begins the deep wound initial'd with hotile rage, X₃

And all its fiery particles faline, Invades th'arterial fluid, whofe red waves Tempestuous heave, and, their cohesion broke, Fermenting boil; inteftine war enfues, And order to confusion turns embroil'd. Now the diftended veffels fcarce contain The wild uproar, but prefs each weaker part, Unable to refift : the tender brain And ftomach fuffer most : convulsions shake His trembling nerves, and wand ring pungent

pains Finch fore the fleeplefs wretch: his flutt'ring pulfe Oft intermits : pentive and fad, he mourns His cruel fate, and to his weeping friends Laments in vain : to hafty anger prone, Refents each flight offence, walks with quick ftep, And wildly stares : at last, with boundless sway The tyrant frenzy reigns : for as the dog (Whofe fatal bite convey'd th'infectious bane) Raving he foams, and howls, and barks, and bites. Like agitations in his boiling blood Prefent like species to his troubled mind, His nature and his actions all canine. So (as old Homer fung) the affociates wild Of wand'ring Ithacus, by Circe's charms To fivine transform'd, ran grunting thro' the Dreadful example to a wicked world ! [groves. See there diftrefs'd he lies! parch'd up with thirft, But dares not drink ; · till now at last his foul, Trembling, escapes, her noifome dungeon leaves, And to tome purer region wings away

One labour yet remains, celestial Maid ! Another element demands thy fong. No more o'er craggy fleeps, thro' coverts thick With pointed thorn, and briers intricate, Urge on with horn and voice the painful pack, But fkim with wanton wing th'irriguous vale, Where winding fireams amid the flow'ry meads Perperual glide along, and undermine The cavern'd banks, by the tenacious roots Of hoary willows arch'd, gloomy retreat Of the bright fcaly kind, where they at will On the green wat'ry reed, there pasture, graze, Suck the moist foil, or flumber at their eafe, Rock'd by the refflefs brook that draws aflope Its humid train, and laves their dark abodes. Where rages not oppression? where, alas! Is innocence fecure ? Rapine and Spoil Haunt ev'n the loweft deeps; feas have their fharks, Rivers and ponds enclose the rav nous pike; He in his turn becomes a prey; on him Th'amphibious otter feasts. Just is his fate Deferv'd: but tyrants know no bounds; nor fpcars,

That brittle on his back, defend the perch From his wide greedy jaws; nor burnish'd mail The yellow carp; nor all his arts can fave Th'infinuating cel, that hides his head Beneath the flimy mud; nor yet efcapes The crimion-spotted trout, the river's pride, And beauty of the fircam. Without remorfe This midnight pillager, ranging around, Infatiate, fwallows all. The owner mourns Th'unpeopled rivulet, and gladly hears, The huntiman's early call, and fees with joy

The jovial crew, that march'd upon its banks In gay parade, with bearded lances arm'd.

This subtle spoiler, of the beaver kind, Far off perhaps, where ancient alders shade The deep still pool, within fome hollow trunk Contrives his wicker couch, whence he furveys His long purlieu, lord of the ftream, and all The finny fhoals his own. But you, brave youths ! Difpute the felon's claim ; try ev'ry root, And ev'ry reedy bank ; encourage all The buly spreading pack, that fearless plunge Into the flood, and crofs the rapid stream. Bid rocks and caves, and each refounding thors Proclaim your bold defiance; loudly raife Each cheering voice, till diftant hills repeat The triumphs of the vale. On the foft fand See there his feal imprefs'd ! and on that bank Behold the glitt'ring fpoils, half-eaten fifh, Scales, fins, and bones, the leavings of his feaft, Ah ! on that yielding fag-bed, fee once more His feal I view. O'er yon dank rushy marsh The fly goofe-footed prowler bends his courfe, And feeks the diftant shallows. Huntiman ! bring Thy eager pack, and trail him to his couch. Hark ! the loud peal begins, the clam rous joy, The gallant chiding, loads the trembling air

Ye Naiads fair! who o'er these floods prefide, Raife up your dripping heads above the wave, And hear our melody. Th'harmonious notes Float with the ftream, and ev'ry winding creek And hollow rock, that o'er the dimpling flood Nods pendant, still improve from shore to shore Our fweet reiterated joys. What fhouts ! What clamour loud! what gay heart-cheering

founds Urge thro' the breathing brafs their mazy way! Not quires of Tritons glad with fprightlier strains The dancing billows, when proud Neptune rices In triumph o'er the deep. How greedily They fnuff the fifhy fteam that to each blade Rank-fcenting clings! See! how the morning drop dews They fweep, that from their feet befprinkling Difpers'd, and leave a track oblique behind. Now on firm laud they range; then in the flood They plunge tumultuous, or thro' reedy pools, Ruftling, they work their way : no holt elespes Their curious fearch. With quick fenfations now The fuming vapour flings; flutter their hearts, And joy redoubled burits from ev'ry mouth In louder tymphonies. Yon hollow trunk, That with its hoary head incurv'd falutes The paffing wave, must be the tyrant's fort, And dread abode. How these impatient climb, While others at the root inceffant bay ! They put him down. Sec, there he dives along! Th'afcending bubbles mark his gloomy way. Quick fix the nets, and cut off his retreat Into the shelt'ring deeps. Ah! there he vents! The pack plunge headlong, and protended fpears Menace destruction, while the troubled furge Indignant foams, and all the fcaly kind, Affrighted, hide their heads. Wild tumult reigns, And loud uproar, Ah! there once more he vents!

hat bold hound has feiz'd him I down they [her loft; but foon shall he repent [fink, fh affault. See ! there elcap'd, he flies, Irown'd, and clambers up the flipp'ry bank, ouze and blood diffain'd. Of all the brutes, ter by nature form'd, or by long use, artful diver beft can bear the want al air. Unequal is the fight h the whelming element ; yet there es not long, but refpiration needs per intervals. Again he vents; the crowd attack. That fpear has pierc'd ck; the crimion waves confeis the wound. s the bearded lance, unwelcome gueft, er he flies; with him it finks beneath, him it mounts, fure guide to ev'ry foe. e groans; nor can his tender wound ne cold stream. Lo ! to yon fedgy bank eps difconfolate : his num'rous foes ind him, hounds and men. Pierc'd thro' and thro',

inted spears they lift him high in air: ling he hangs, and grins, and bites in vain. e loud horns, in gaily-warbling firains, im the felon's fate. He dies, he dies ! sice, ye fealy tribes ! and leaping dance the wave, in fign of liberty 'd; the crucl tyrant is no more. e, fecure and blefs'd, did not as yet n fome of your own rapacious kind, ian, fierce man ! with all his various wiles. appy, if ve knew your happy flate, ngers of the fields ! whom Nature's boon s with her finiles, and ev'ry element res to blefs. What if no heroes frown marble pedestals, nor Raphael's works, 'itian's lively tints adorn our walls; cfe the meaneft of us may behold, t another's colt may fealt at will ondring eves: what can the owner more? in, alas! is wealth not grac'd with pow'r. ow'ry landscape and the gilded dome, iftas op'ning to the weary'd eye, all his wide domain; the planted grove, hrubby wildernefs, with its gay choir rbling birds, can't lull to foft repofe ibitious wretch, whole difcontented foul row'd day and night : he mourns, he pines, his prince's favour makes him great. here he comes, th'exalted idol comes ! ircle's form'd, and all his fawning flaves itly bow to earth; from ev'ry mouth aufcous flatt's flows, which he returns promifes that die as foon as born. itercourfe! where Virtue has no place. 1 but the monarch, and his glories fade; ngles with the throng, outcast, undone, ageant of a day; without one friend oth his tortur'd mind; all, all are fled; 10' they bask'd in his meridian ray, niects vanish as his beams decline. : fuch our friends; for here no dark defign, .cked int'reft, bribes the venal heart;

But inclination to our bofoms leads, And weds them there for life; our fecial cups Smile as we finile; open and unreferv'd, We fpeak our inmofit touls; good-humour, mirth, Soft complatiance, and wit from malice free, Smooth ev'ry brow, and glow on ev'ry cheek.

O happine's fincere' what wretch would groan Beneath the galling load of pow'r, or walk Upon the flipp'ry pavements of the great, Who thus could reign, unenvy'd and fecure?

Ye guardian Pow'rs! who make mankind your care,

Give me to know wife nature's hidden depths, Trace each mysterious oause, with judgment read Th'expanded volume, and fubmits adore That great creative Will, who at a word Spoke forth the wond rous scene. But if my foul, To this gross clay confin'd, flutters on earth With lefs ambitious wing, unfkill'd to range From orb to orb, where Newton leads the way, And view with piercing eyes the grand machine, Worlds above worlds; fublervient to his voice Who, veil'd in clouded majefty, alone Gives light to all, bids the great fystem move, And changeful feafons in their turns advance, Unmov'd, unchang'd, himfelf; yet this at leaft Grant me, propitious, an inglorious life, Calm and ferene, nor loft in falfe pursuits Of wealth or honours; but enough to raife My drooping friends, preventing modeft want, That dares not alk; and if, to crown my joys, Ye grant me health, that, ruddy in my checks, Blooms in my life's decline, fields, woods, and ftrcams,

Each tow'ring hill, cach humble vale below, Shall hear my cheering voice; my hounds fhall wake

The lazy morn, and glad th'horizon round.

§ 42. Rural Sports; a Georgic. GAY. Infrided to Mr. POPE, 1713*.

" — Securi praslia ruris " Pandimus." NEMESIAN.

YOU who the fwects of rural life have known, Defpife th'ungrateful hurry of the town; In Windfør groves your eafy hours employ, And, undifturb'd, yourfelf and Mute enjoy. Thames liftens to thy firains, and filent flows, And no rude wind thro' ruttling oilers blows; While all his wond'ring nymphs around thee throng,

To hear the Syrens warble in thy fong.

But I, who ne'er was blefs'd by Fortunc's hand, Nor brighten'd ploughfhares in paternal land, Long in the noily town have been immur'd, Refpir'd its finoke, and all its cares endur'd; Where news and politics divide mankind, And fchemes of flate involve th'uneafy mind;

This Poem received many material corrections from the Author after it was first published.
 Y 4
 Faction

Faction embroils the world; and ev ry tongue Is mov'd by flatt'ry, or with fcandal hung: Friendthip, for fylvan fhades, the palace flies, Where all muft yield to Int'reft's dearer ties; Each rival Machiavel with envy burns; And Honefty fortakes them all by turns; While calumny upon each party's thrown; Which both promote, and both alite difown. Fatigu'd at laft, a calm retreat I chofe, [pofe, And footh'd my harrafs'd mind with fweet re-

Where fields, and fhades, and the refreshing clime, Infpire the fylvan fong, and prompt my rhyme.

My Mufe thall rove through flow'ry meads and plains,

And deck with Rural Sports her native firains, And the fame road ambitioufly purfue, Frequented by the Mantuan Swain and You.

'Tis not that rural fports alone invite, But all the grateful country breathes delight; Here blocming Health exerts her gentle reign, And ftrings the finews of th'industrious fwain. Soon as the morning lark falutes the day, Through dewy fields I take my frequent way, Where I behold the farmer's early care In the revolving labours of the year.

When the freih Spring in all her ftate is crown'd, And high luxuriant grafs o'erfpreads the ground, The labour'r with a bending fcythe is feen, Shaving the furface of the waving green; Or all her native pride difrobes the land, And meads lays wafte before his forceping hand; While with the mounting fun the meadow glows, The fading herbage round he loofely throws: But, if fome fign portend a lafting fhow't, Th'experienc'd fwain forefees the coming hour; His fun-burnt hands the featt'ring fork forfake, And ruddy danfels ply the faving rake; In rifing hills the fragrant harvefl grows, And spreads glong the field in equal rows.

Now when the height of heav'n bright Phœbus gains,

And level rays cleave wide the thirfty plains, When heifers feek the fhade and cooling lake, And in the mid-the pathway bafks the fnake,' O lead me, guard me from the fultry hours; Hide me, ye forefts, in your clofeft bow'rs, Where the tall oak his fpreading arms entwines, And with the beach a mutual fhade combines; Where flows the muturiring brook, inviting dreams;

Where bord'ring hazel overhangs the fireams, Whofe rolling current, winding round and round, With frequent falls makes all the wood relound; Upon the molly couch my limbs I cait, And e'en at noon the fweets of evining tafte.

Here I perufe the Mantuan's Georgic firains, And learn the labours of Italian fivains; In ev'ry page I fee new landfcapes rife, And all Hefperia opens to my eves; I wander o'er the various rural toil, And know the nature of each diffrent foil : This waving field is gilded o'er with corn; That, fpreading trees with bluthing fruit adom :

Here I furvey the purple vintage grow, Climb round the poles, and rife in graceful row; Now I behold the ficed curvet and bound, And paw with reftlefs hoof the finoking ground: The dew-lap'd bull now chafes along the plain, While burning love ferments in ev'ry vein; His well-arm'd front against his rival aims, And by the dint of war his mistres claims : The careful infect 'midit his works I view, Now from the flow'rs exhauft the fragrant dew; With golden treafures load his little thighs, And fleer his diftant journey thro' the fkies; Some against hostile drones the hive defend; Others with fweets the waxen cells diftend: Each in the toil his deftin'd office bears, And in the little bulk a mighty foul appears. Or when the ploughman leaves the talk of day, And trudging homeward whittles on the way; When the big-udder'd cows with patience stand, Waiting the ftrokings of the damfel's hand; No warbling cheers the woods; the feather'd choir, To court kind flumbers, to the iprays retire; When no rude gale difturbs the fleeping trees, Nor afpen-leaves confess the gentleft breeze; Engag'd in thought, to Neptune's bounds I ftray, To take my farewell of the parting day; Far in the deep the fun his glory hides, A ftreak of gold the fea and fky divides: The purple clouds their amber linings flow, And, edg'd with flame, rolls ev'ry wave below; Here penfive I behold the fading light, And o'er the diftant billow lofe my fight.

Now Night in filent flate begins to rife, And twinkling orbs befrow th'uncloudy fkies; Her borrow'd luftre growing Cynthia lends, And on the main a glitt'ring path extends; Millions of worlds hang in the fpacious air, Which round their funs their annual circles fter; Sweet contemplation elevates my fenfe, While I furvey the works of Providence. O could the Musc in loftier ftrains rehearfe The glorious Author of the univerfe, Who reins the winds, gives the vaft ocean bounds, And circunferibes the floating worlds their rounds,

My foul fhould overflow in fongs of praife, And my Creator's name infpire my lays!

As in fucceffive courfe the feafons roll, So circling pleafures recreate the foul. When genial fpring a living warmth beflows, And o'er the year her verdant mantle throws, No fwelling inundation hides the grounds, But chryfial currents glide within their bounds; The tinny brood their wonted haunts forfake, Float in the fun, and fkim along the lake: With frequent leap they range the thallow freams;

Their filver coats reflect their dazzling beams. Now let the fitherman his toils prepare, And arm humfelf with ev'ry wat'ry fnare; His hooks, his lines, perufe with careful eye, Increase his tackle, and his rod re-tye.

When floating clouds their fpongy fleeces drain, Troubling the streams with swift descending rain; And

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aters, tumbling down the mountain's fide, | ie loofe foil into the fwelling tide; foon as vernal gales begin to rife, rive the liquid burthen thro' the fkics, ther to the neighb'ring current fpeeds, : rapid furface purls unknown to weeds : 1 rifing border of the brook him down, and ties the treach'rous hook; xpectation cheers his cager thought, fom glows with treafures yet uncaught; his eyes a banquet feems to ftand, : ev'ry guest applauds his skilful hand. from the ftream the twifted hair he throws, I down the murm'ring current gently flows; , if or chance or hunger's pow'rful fivay s the roving trout this fatal way, edily fucks in the twining bait, igs and nibbles the fallacious meat : happy fisherman, now twitch the line! hy rod bends! behold the prize is thine! 1 the bank, he dics with gafping pains, rickling blood his filver mail diftains. 1 must not ev'ry worm promiscuous use; ent will tell the proper bait to chuse : rorm that draws a long immod'rate fize out abhors, and the rank morfel flies; f too finall, the naked fraud's in fight, car forbids, while hunger does invite. baits will best reward the fisher's pains, : polifh'd tails a fhining yellow ftains : e them from filth, to give a tempting glos, h the fully'd reptile race with mofs; the verdant bed they twine, they toil, rom their bodies wipe their native foil. , when the fun difplays his glorious beams, hallow rivers flow with filver ftreams, the deceit the fealy breed furvey, a the fun, and look into the day : ow a more delusive art must try, empt their hunger with the curious fly. frame the little animal, provide e gay hues that wait on female pride : ture guide thee; fometimes golden wire nining bellics of the fly require; eacock's plumes thy tackle must not fail, e dear purchase of the sable's tail. raudy bird fome flender tribute brings, ends the growing infect proper wings: of all colours must their aid impart, v'ry fur promote the fisher's art. gay lady, with expensive care, ws the pride of land, of fca, and air; pearls, and plumes, the glitt'ring thing difplays,

s our cycs, and eafy hearts betrays. k well the various featons of the year, he fucceeding infect race appear; revolving moon one colour reigns, 1 in the next the fickle trout dildains. ve I feen a fkilful angler try

arious colours of the treach'rous fly; he with fruitlefs pain had fkinnn'd the brook.

ie coy nifh rejects the fkipping hook,

He fhakes the boughs that on the margin grow, Which o'er the ftream a waving foreft throw; When if an infect fall (his certain guide) He gently takes him from the whirling tide; Examines well his form with curious eyes, His gaudy veft, his wings, his horns, and fize; Then round his hook the cholen fur he winds, And on the back a fpeckled feather binds; So just the colours shine thro' ev'ry part, That Nature feems again to live in Art. Let not thy wary ftep advance too near, While all thy hope hangs on a fingle hair; The new-form'd infect on the water moves, The fpeckled trout the curious fnare approves; Upon the curling furface let it glide. With nat'ral motion from thy hand fupply'd; Against the stream now gently let it play, Now in the rapid eddy roll away. The fcaly shoals float by, and, fciz'd with fcar, Behold their fellows toft in thinner air; But foon they leap, and catch the fwimming bait, Plunge on the hook, and fhare an equal fare.

When a brifk gale against the current blows, And all the wat'ry plain in wrinkles flows, Then let the fisherman his art repeat, Where bubbling eddies favour the deceit, If an enormous falmon chance to fpy The wanton errors of the floating fly, He lifts his filver gills above the flood, And greedily fucks in th'unfaithful food ; Then downward plunges with the fraudful prey And bears with joy the little fpoil away : Soon in fmart pain he feels the dire miftake. Lashes the wave, and beats the foamy lake; With fudden rage he now aloft appears, And in his eye convulfive anguish bears ; And now again, impatient of the wound, He rolls and wreathes his thining body round; Then headlong fhoots beneath the dashing tide; The trembling fins the boiling wave divide. Now hope exalts the fifther's beating heart ; Now he turns pale, and fears his dubious art; He views the tumbling fifh with longing eyes, While the line firetches with th'unwieldy prize; Each motion humours with his fleady hands, And one flight hair the mighty bulk commands: Till, tir'd at laft, despoil'd of all his ftrength, The game athwart the ftream unfolds his length, He now, with pleafure, views the gaiping prize Gnash his sharp teeth, and roll his blood-shot eyes; Then draws him to the fhore, with artful care, And lifts his noftrils in the fick'ning air : Upon the burthen'd ftream he floating lies, Stretches his quiv'ring fins, and, gafping, dies.

Would you preferve a num'rous finny race? Let your fierce dogs the rav'nous otter chace Th'amphibious monster ranges all the shores, Darts thro' the waves, and ev'ry haunt explores); Or let the gin his roving steps betray, And fave from hoftile jaws the fealy prey.

I never wander where the bord'ring reeds O'erlook the muddy ftream, whole tangling weeds Perplex the tifher; I nor chuic to bear The thievish nightly net, nor barbed spear; Nor

Nor drain I ponds, the golden carp to take, Nor trowle for pikes, difpeoplers of the lake; Around the free no tortur'd worm thall twine, No blood of living infest thain my line. Let me, let's cruel, calt the feather'd hook, With pliant rod, athwart the pebbled brook; Silent along the maxy margin thaw, And, with the fur-wrought ily, delude the prey.

§ 43. Rieral Sports; & Georgic. GAY. CANTO II.

NOW, fporting muse, draw in the flowing reins, Leave the clear streams a while for sunny plains.

Should you the various arms and toils rehearfe, And all the fiftherman adorn thy verfe; Should you the wide encircling net difplay, And in its fpacious arch inclose the fea; Then haul the plunging load upon the land, And with the foal and turbot hide the fand; It would extend the growing theme too long, And tire the reader with the wat'ry fong.

Let the keen hunter from the chace refrain, Nor render all the plowman's labour vain When Ceres pours out plenty from her horn, And clothes the fields with golden ears of corn. Now, now, ve reapers, to your tafk repair; Hafte! fave the product of the bountcous year: To the wide-gathering hook long furrows yield, And rifing fheaves extend thro' all the field.

Yet, if for fylvan fports thy bofom glow, Let thy fleet greyhound urge his flying foe. With what delight the rapid courte I view ! How does my eve the circling race purfue ! He fnaps deceitful air with empty jaws; The fubtle hare darts fwift beneath his paws; She flies, he ftretches, now with nimble bound Eager he prefies on, but overfhoots his ground; She turns; he winds, and foon regains the way, Then tears with goary mouth the fcreaming prey. What various fport does rural life afford ! What unbought dainties heap the wholefome

Nor lefs the spaniel, skilful to betray, [board ! Rewards the fowler with the feather'd prey. Soon as the lab'ring horfe, with fwelling veins, Hath fafely hous'd the farmer's doubtful gains, To fweet repait th'unwary partridge flies, With joy amid the fcatter'd harveft lies; Wand'ring in plenty, danger he forgets, Nor dreads the flaviry of entangling nets. The fubtle dog fcours with fagacious note Along the field, and fnuffs each breeze that blows; Against the wind he takes his prudent way, While the ftrong gale directs him to the prey; Now the warm fcent affures the covey near; He treads with caution, and he points with fear; Then (left fome fentry-fow) the fraud defery, And bid his fellows from the danger fly) Clofe to the ground in expectation lies, Till in the fnare the flutt'ring covey rife. Soon as the bluthing light begins to fpread,

His early flight th'ill-fated partridge takes, And quits the triendly fhelter of the brakes. Or, when the fun cafts a declining ray, And drives his chariot down the wettern way, Let your obfequious ranger fearch around, Where vellow flubble withers on the ground : Nor will the roving fpy direct in vain, But num'rous coveys gratify thy pain. When the meridian fun contracts the fhade, And frifking heifers feek the cooling glade; Or when the country floats with fudden rains, Or driving units deface the moisten'd plains; In vain his toils th'unfkilful foxyler tries, While in thick woods the feeding partridge lies.

Nor must the sporting verse the gun forbear; But what's the Fowler's be the Muse's care. See how the well-taught pointer leads the way: The scent grows warm; he stops; he springs the prey;

The flutt'ring coveys from the flubble rife, And on fwift wing divide the founding fkies; The featt'ring lead purfues the certain fight, And death in thunder overtakes their flight. Cool breathes the morning air, and Winter's hand Spreads wide her hoary mantle o'er the land; Now to the copfe thy leffer fpaniel take, Teach him to range the ditch and force the brake; Not clofeft coverts can protect the game : Hark! the dog opens; take thy certain aim. The woodcock flutters; how he wav'ring flies! The wood refounds : he wheels, he drops, he dies,

The tow'ring hawk let future poets fing, Who terror bears upon his foaring wing: Let them on high the frighted hern furvey, And lofty numbers paint their airy fray. Nor fhall the mountain lark the Mufe detain, That greets the morning with his early firain; When, 'midft his fong, the twinkling glass betrays,

While from each angle flash the glancing rays, And in the fun the transient colours blaze, Pride lures the little warbler from the fkies: The light-enamour'd bird, deluded, dies.

But fill the chace, a pleafing tafk, remains; The hound must open in these rural strains. Soon as Aurora drives away the night, And edges castern clouds with rosy light, The healthy huntsman, with the cheerful horn, Summons the dogs, and greets the dappled

The jocund thunder wakes th'enliven'd hounds, They rouze from fleep, and anfwer founds for founds;

Wide thro' the furzy field their rout they take; Their bleeding bofoms force the thorny brake: The flying game their fmoking noftrils trace; No bounding hedge obstructs their eager pace;

The diffant mountains echo from afar,

And hanging woods refound the flying war :

The tuneful noife the fprightly courfer hears,

Paws the given turf, and pricks his trembling cars;

Soon as the bluthing light begins to fpread, The flacken'd tein row gives him all his fpeed, And glancing Phoebus gilds the mountain's head, Back flies the rapid ground beneath the fleed; Hills,

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lales, and forefts, far behind remain, the warm fcent draws on the deep-mouth'd train.

fhall the trembling hare a fhelter find ? death advances in each guft of wind ! ratagems and doubling wiles the trics, ; ircling turns, and now at large fhe flies; ent at last, she pants and heaves for breath, ays her down, and waits devouring death. Itay, advent'rous Muse! hast thou the force nd the twifted horn, to guide the horse? p thy feat unmov'd, hast thou the skill, ie high gate, and down the headtong hill ? thou the ftag's laborious chace direct, ftrong fox thro' all his arts detect ? neme demands a more experienc'd lay : ghty hunters! spare this weak effay. appy plains, remote from war's alarms, Il the ravages of hoftile arms! appy shepherds, who, secure from fear, in downs preferve your fleecy care! : spacious barns groan with increasing store, hirling flails disjoint the cracking floor! rbarous foldier, bent on cruel spoil, ls desolation o'er your fertile foil; mpling fteed lays wafte the ripen'd grain, ackling fires devour the promis'd gain : ming beacons caft their blaze afar, readful fignal of invalive war: impet's clangor wounds the mother's ear, alls the lover from his fwooning fair. hat happiness the rural maid attends erful labour, while each day fhe fpends! ratefully receives what Heav'n has fent, rich in poverty, enjoys content happinets, and fuch unblemish'd fame, glad the bofom of the courtly dame) : ever feels the fpleen's imagin'd pains, nelancholy stagnates in her veins; ever loses life in thoughtless eafe, n the velvet couch invites disease; ome-fpun drefs in fimple neatnefs lies, for no glaring equipage fhe fighs : eputation, which is all her boaft, nalicious visit ne'er was loft; idnight mafquerade her beauty wears ; health, not paint, the fading bloom repairs. e's foft pathon in her bolom reign, qual pation warms her happy fwain; omebred jars her quiet stare control, watchful jealoufy torments her foul; fecret joy fhe fecs her little race on her breaft, and her fmall cottage grace; fleecy ball their buty fingers cull, om the fpindle draw the length'ning wool : How her hours with conftant peace of mind, age the lateft thread of life unwind. happy fields, unknown to noife and ftrife, kind rewarders of industrious life; hady woods, where once I us'd to rove, e indulgent to the Muse and Love; urm'ring ftreams that in mæanders roll, fweet compofers of the pentive foul,

Farewell !--- The city calls me from your bow'rs. -Farewell, amufing thoughts and peaceful hours!

§ 44. Love of Fame the Universal Passion. YOUNG. SATIRE I. To his Grace the Duke of Dorset. —Tanto major Fame sitis of quam Virtutis. JUV. Sat. 10.

MY verfe is Satire; Dorfet, lend your ear, And patronize a Mufe you cannot fear; To Poets facred is a Dorfet's name; Their wonted paffport thro' the gates of fame; It bribes the partial reader into praife, And throws a glory round the fhelter'd lays; The dazzled judgment fewer faults can fee, And gives applaufe to B—e, or to me. But you decline the miftrefs we purfue; Others are fond of Fame, but Fame of you.

Instructive Satire, true to virtue's caufe ? Thou thining supplement of public laws ! When flatter'd crimes of a licentious age Reproach our filence, and demand our rage; When purchas'd follies from each diftant land. Like arts, improve in Britain's skilful hand ; When the law fhews her teeth, but dares not bite, And South-Sea treafures are not brought to light; When churchmen scripture for the classics quit, Polite apostates from God's grace to wit; When men grow great from their revenue fpent, And fly from bailiffs into parliament; When dying finners, to blot out their fcore, Bequeath the church the leavings of a whore ; To chafe our fpleen when themes like thefe in-Shall panegyric reign, and cenfure ceafe ! [creafe,

Shall poefy, like law, turn wrong to right, And dedications wafh an Æthiop white, Set up each fenfelels wretch for nature's boaft, On whom praife fhines, as trophies on a poft ? Shall fun'ral eloquence her colours fpread, And featter rofes on the wealthy dead ? Shall authors fimile on fuch illustrious days, And fatirize with nothing—but their praife ?

Why flumbers Pope, who leads the tuneful train, Nor hears that virtue, which he loves, complain? Donne, Dorfet, Dryden, Rochefter are dead, And guilt's chief foe in Addifon is fled; Congreve, who, crown'd with laurels fairly won, Sits finling at the goal while others run, He will not write; and (more provoking fill) Ye gods ! he will not write, and Mævius will,

Doubly diffreft, what author fhall we find (Difcreetly daring and feverely kind) The courtly * Roman's fhining path to tread, And fharply finile prevailing folly dead ? Will no luperior genius fnatch the quill, And fave me, on the brink, from writing ill ? Tho' vain the firife, 1'll firive my voice to raife. What will not men attempt for facred praife ! A The love of praife, howe'er conceal'd by art, Reigns, more or lefs, and glows in ev'ry heart.

* Horace.

The proud, to gain it, toils on toils endure; The modelt flum it, but to make it fure. O'er globes and feepters, new on threas. It for its,

Now trims the midnight lamp in colle coccils. Tis Tory, Whig; a plots, pras, preaches,

pleads, Harangues in tensies, four akes in manuerades : Here, to $S \rightarrow c's$ humour makes a hold pretence; There, holder aims at Plattacy's dequeates. It aids the dancer's body the writer's load, And heaps the plain with arounters of the dead;

Nor ends with like; but nods in fat le plane;
Adorns our hearfe, and flatters on our tombs. What is not preud? The plane is proud to fee
So many like himfelt in high degree :
The where is proud; her beaute are the dread
Of peevifh virtue, and the narriage-bed;
And the bubble encheid, his crown'd values born
To flaughter, gioree in his gilded hoin.

Some go to church, proad humbly to repent, And come back much more guilty than they went: One way they look, another way they ficer, Pray to the geds; but would have mortals hear; And when their fins they fit fincerely down, They'll find that their religion has been one.

Others, with withful eves on glory look, When they have got their picturerowirds abook. Or pompous title, like a gaudy fight, Meant to berray dall fors to wretched wine. If at his title T — had dropt his quill, T — might have path for a great gaulus fill; But T — also! (excuse him, if you can) Is now a feribbler, who was once a man.

Imperious, tome a claffic fame demand, For heaping up, with a laborious hand, A waggon-load of m-anings for one word, While A's deposid, and B with pomp reitorid.

Some, for reason, on feta of learning doat, And think they grow immortal as they quote. To patchwork learn'd quotations are ally'd; Both firive to make our poverty our ; ide. On glats how witty is a noble Peer !

Did ever diamond coft a man fo dear ? Polite difeafes make fome idiots vain,

Which, if unfortunately well, they feign. On death-beds fome in confeious glory lie, Since of the doctor in the mode they die; Whofe wond rous fkill is, headfman-like, to know For better pay to give a furer blow.

Of folly, vice, difeate, men proud we fee; And (firanger fill) of blockheads flattery, Whofe prate defames; as if a fool flouid mean, By formag on your face, to make it clean!

Nor is the ough all hearts are fix on with pride, Her powin is mighty, as her realm is wide. What can the not perform? The love of Fame Made hold Alphontia his Creator blane; Empedocles hurld down the burning freep; And, fitninger fill, made Alexander weep. Nay, it holds Deila from a tecond bod, "I lead? Tho her lovid hold his four half mon his been

This path in with a purple base I for a Recard a could, and yis a pulge the Q len. By this is bard (O) in the to be forger. Some lords and claratic specification is to know. It makes Globofe a freaker in the houfe; He herns, and is deliver d of his moufe. It makes dear telf on well-bred tongues pred And I the little here of each tale.

Sick with the love of fame what throng per Unpeople court, and have the fenate thin! [4]. My growing fubject feems but juft began, And, chariet-like, I kindle as I run. Aid me, great Homer ! with the epic rule, To take a catalogue of Britilh fools. Sume ! had I thy Dorfet's force divine, A know or fool thould permit in each line; Tho' for the firft all Weitermuffer thould pica. And for the laft all Gretham intercede.

Begin. Who first the catalogue field graft To quality belongs the higheft place. My lord comes forward; forward let huncons? Ya vulgar 1 at your peril give him rosa; He finals for fame on his forefathers feet, By heraldry prov'd valiant, or differet. With what a decent pride he throws his eve Above the man by three deteents lefs wid? If virtues at his noble hand you crave, You bid hum raife his fathers from the grave, Menthould prefs forward in fame's gloriouscher, Nobles look backward, and fo lofe the race.

Let high birth triumph ! What can be set great ?

Nothing——but merit in a low effate. To Virtue's humbleit fon let none prefer Vice, the' defeended from the conqueror. Shall men, like tigures, pafs for high or bak, Slight or important, only by their place' Titles are marks of honeft men, and wile; The fool or knave that wears a title hes.

They that on glorious anceftors enlarge, Produce their debt, inftaad of their difcharge. Dorfet, let thole who proudly boaft their larg. Like thee, in worth hereditary, thine.

Vain as falle greatness is, the Mute muft on We want not fools to buy that Briffol fione. Mean fons of Earth, who on a South-Sea use Of full fuccess twam into wealth and pride, Knock with a purte of gold at Anfiis' gar, And beg to be defeended from the great.

When men of infamy to grandeur foar, They light a torch to fhew their fhame the mon. Those governments which curb not evils, case; And a rich knave's a libel on our laws.

Belus with folid glory will be crown'd; He buys no phantom, no vain empty found, But builds himfelf a name; and to be great, Sinks in a quarry an immenfe effate; In coft and grandeur Chandos he'll out-do; And Burlungton, thy taffe is not fo true; The pile is finifh'd, cv'rv toil is pait, And full perfection is arriv'd at laft; When lo' my lord to fome final corner runs. And leavesflate-rooms to firangers and to dues.

Nay, it holds Deila from a tecond bed, if lead? The man who builds, and wants wherewith D This host loss d build has four half mon habeen. Provides a home, from which to run away. [psy This pathen with a pupple base I four the finance of the Batta difference of full for an effate? Rerard a coufe, and the a pupple base I four the file of the

In imaller compate lies Pygmalion's fame; Not domes, but antic flatues are his flane. -t-n's felf more Parian charms has known; Fools gaze and envy; envy darts a fting, good Pembroke more in love with stone. vailiffs come (rude men, profanely bold !) sid him turn his Venus into gold. tirs," he cries, " I'll fooner rot in jail ! Il Grecian arts be truck'd for English bail ?" neads might make their very Buffos laugh. ughter itarves, but * Cleopatra's lafe. n overloaded with a large effate spill their treasure in a nice conceit ; ich may be polite, but oh ! 'tis fad / you're curious, when we iwear you're mad. ur revenue measure your expence, o your funds and acres join your fense : in is bleft by accident, or guess ; wildom is the price of happiness; w without long discipline are fage; sur youth only lays up fighs for age. how, my Muse, canst thou refuse so long right temptation of the courtly throng, nost inviting theme ? the court affords food for Satire, it abounds in lords. at lords are those faluting with a grin ?" i just out, and one is lately in. v comes it then to pais we fee prefide both their brows an equal thare of pride ?" that impartial pation, reigns thro' all. ds our glory, nor deserts our fall : its home, it triumphs in high place, rowns a haughty exile in dilgrace. lords it bids admire their wands fo white, h bloom, like Aaron's, to their ravish'd fight; lords it bids refign, and turns their wands,

Vlofes', into ferpents in their hands. fink, as divers, for renown ! and beaft pride inverted of their honors loft. zainst reason fure 'tis equal fin aft of mercly being out or in. lat numbers here, thro' odd ambition, ftrive :m the most transported things alive I by joy defert was underftood, If the fortunate were wile or good. aching bofoms wear a vitage gay, tifled groans frequent the ball and play. letely droft by + Monteuel, and grimace, take their birth-day fuit, and public face ; finiles are only part of what they wear, f at night with lady B--'s hair. bodily farigue is half to bad anxious care they labour to be glad. lat numbers here would into Fame advance, ious of merit in the coxcomb's dance ! avern! park ! affembly ! mafk ! and play ! dear deftroyers of the tedious day ! wheel of fops ! that faunter of the town ; diversion, and the pill goes down ; grin on fools, and, Stoic-like, fupport, out one figh, the pleafures of a court. s can give nothing to the wife and good, orn of pomp and love of folitude. stations tumults, but not blifs create : think the great unhappy, but the great ;

* A famous flatue

Which makes a fwain as wretched as a king.

I envy none their pageantry and flow; I envy none the gilding of their woe. Give me, indulgent gods ! with mind ferene And guiltlefs heart, to range the fylvan fcene. No fplendid poverty, no fmiling care, No well-bred hate, or fervile grandeur there : There pleafing objects useful thoughts fuggest, The scene is ravish'd, and the foul is bleft; On cv'ry thorn delightful wifdom grows, In ev'ry rill a fweet inftruction flows : But fome, untaught, o'erhear the whifp'ring rill. In fpite of facred leifure, blockheads still ; Nor shoots up folly to a nobler bloom In her own native foil, the drawing room.

The 'fquire is proud to fee his courser strain, Or well-breath'd beagles fweep along the plain. Say, dear Hippolitus (whose drink is ale, Whose crudition is a Christmas-tale, Whofe mittrefs is faluted with a fmack, And friend receiv'd with thumps upon the back) When thy fleek gelding nimbly lears the mound, And Ringwood opens on the tainted ground, Is that thy praite? let Ringwood's fame alone, Juft Ringwood leaves each animal his own, Nor envies when a gipfy you commit, And thake the clumty bench with country wit a When you the dulleft of dull things have faid, And then afk parelon for the jeft you made, Here breathe, my Mufe! and then thy talk renew, Ten thousand fools unlung are still in view. Fewer lay-atheifts made by church-debates ; Fewer great beggars fam'd for large eftates ; Ladies, whose love is constant as the wind; Cits, who prefer a guinea to mankind Fewer grave lords to Scroope differently bend : And fewer thocks a ftatefman gives his friend.

Is there a man of an eternal vein, Who lulls the town in winter with his ftrain, At Bath in fummer chants the reigning laft, And fweetly whiftles as the waters pais? Is there a tongue, like Delia's o'er her cup. That runs for ages without winding up? Is there whom his tenth Epic mounts to Fame? Such, and fuch only, might exhauft my theme ; Nor would these heroes of the task be glad ; For who can write to fait as men run mad ?

§ 45. Love of Fame the Universal Pallion. Young. SATIRE II.

To the Right Honourable the Earl of Scarboraugh.

MY Muse, proceed, and reach thy defined end, Tho' toil and danger the bold task attend. Heroes and gods make other poems fine, Plain Satire calls for fenfe in ev'ry line ; Then, to what fwarms thy faults dare I expose? All friends to vice and folly are thy foes; When fuch the foe, a war eternal wige, 'Tis most ill-nature to repress thy rage;

+ A famous Tailor.

And if these strains some nobler Muse excite, I'll glory in the verse I did not write.

So weak are human kind by nature made, Or to fuch weaknefs by their vice betray'd, Almighty Vanity ' to thee they owe Their zeft of pleafure, and their balm of woe. Thou, like the fun, all colours doft contain, Varying, like rays of light on drops of rain; For ev'ry foul finds reafons to be proud, Tho' hifs'd and hooted by the pointing crowd.

Warm in purfuit of foxes and renown, Hippolitus * demands the Sylvan crown; But Florie's fame, the product of a thow'r, Grows in his garden, an illuftrious flow'r! Why teems the earth? why melt the vernal fkics? Why thines the fun? To make +Paul Diack rite. From morn to night has Florio gazing flood, And wonder'd how the gods could be fo good. What fhape? what hue? was ever nymph to fair? He doats! he dics! he too is rooted there. O folid blifs! which nothing can deftroy Except a cat, bird, fnail, or idle boy. In Fame's full bloom lies Florio down at night, And wakes next day a moft inglorious wight; The tulip's dead! the thy fair fifter's fate,

A list of the state is
But came, and mift it one ill-fated hour: He rag'd, he roar'd; "what Damon cropt my flow'r?" Serenc, quoth Adam, 'Lo! 'twas crufh'd by me ;

 Fall'n is the Baal to which thou bow'dit thy
 knce.'

"But all men want amufement, and what crime "In fuch a Paradife to fool their time " None; but why proud of this? to Fame they foar? We grant they're idle, if they'll afk no more.

We imile at Florifts, we defpife their joy, And think their hearts enamour'd of a toy; But are those wifer whom we most admire, Survey with envy, and purfue with fire? What's he who fighs for wealth, or fame, or Another Florio doating on a flow'r, [pow'r? A fhort-liv'd flow'r, and which has often fprung From fordid arts, as Florio's out of dung.

With what, O Codrus 1 is thy fancy finit ? The flow'r of learning, and the bloom of wit. Thy gawdy fhelves with crimfon bindings glow, And Epicletus is a perfect beau. How fit for thee bound up in crimfon too, Gilt, and, like them, devoted to the view ! Thy books are furniture. Methinks 'tis hard That feience fhould be purchas'd by the yard, And Tonfon, turn'd upholfterer, fend home The gilded leather to fit up thy room !

If not to fome reculiar end affign'd, Study's the fpecious trifling of the mind ; Or is at boft a fecondary aim, A chace for fport alone, and not for game; If io, fure they who the mere volume prize, But love the thicket where the quarry lies.

On buying books Lorenzo long was bent, But found at length that it reduc'd his rest; His farms were flown ; when lo ! a fale come a A choice collection ! what is to be done ? He fells his laft, for he the whole will buy; Sells e'en his houfe, nay wants whereon to in; So high the gen'rous ardor of the man For Romans, Greeks, and Orientals ran. To make the purchase he gives all his flore, Except one darling diamond that he wore. For what a miftrefs gave, 'tis death to pawa; Yet when the termswere hx'd, and writings draw, The fight fo ravish'd him, he gave the ckrk Love's facred pledge, and fign'd them with is Unlearned men of books affume the care, [mit; As eunuchs are the guardians of the fair.

Not in his author's liveries alone Is Codrus' Erudite ambition fhown ? Editions various, at high prices bought, Inform the world what Codrus would be thought; And, to this coft, another mult fucceed, To pay a fage, who fays that he can read, Who titles knows, and indexes have feen; But leaves to —— what lies between : Of pompous books who fhuns the proud expans, And humbly is contented with their feafe.

O Lumley, whole accompliftments makegod The promife' of a long-illuftrious blood; In arts and manners eminently grac'd, The frickeft honor, and the fineft taffe ! Accept this verfe; if Satire can agree With fo confurmate an humanity. But know, my lord, if you refent the wrong, That on candour I obtrude my fong; 'Tis Satire's juft revenge on that fair name, Which all their malice cannot make her them

By your example would Hilario mend, How would it grace the talents of my friend, Who with the charms of his own genius fms, Conceives all virtues are comprized in wit ! But time his fervent petulance may cool ; For though he is a wit, he is no fool. In time he'll learn to ufe, not wafte his feafe, Nor make a frailty of an excellence. His brifk attack on blockheads we fhould prim, Were not his jeft as flippant with the wife. He fpares nor friend nor foe ; but calls to mind, Like dooms-day, all the faults of all mankad.

What the' wit tickles ? tickling is unfat, If full 'tis painful while it makes us laugh. Who, for the poor renown of being fmat, Would leave a fing within a brother's heat?

Parts may be prais'd, good-nature is adord i Then draw your wit as feldom as your fived, And never on the weak; or you'll appear As there no hero, no great genius here. As in finooth oil the razor beft is whet, So wit is by politenefs fharpeft fet;

• This refers to the first Satire.

+ The name of a Tulip.

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ant of edge from their offence is feen; in us leaft when exquifitely keen. ae men give is for the joy they find ; the jefter, when the joke's unkind. Marcus, doubtlefs, thinks himfelf a wit, my compliment what place fo fit ? t facetious * Letters came to hand, my first Satire fweetly reprimand. 1 just offence to Marcus gave, arcus, which art thou, a fool or knave? but fuch with caution I forbore; ou waft either, I ne'er knew before. thee now, both what thou art, and who? fo good but Marcus muft fhine through; mes are vain, thy lines their author tell ; ft concealment had been writing well; u a brave neglect of Fame haft thown, rs fame, great genius ! and thy own. n unheeded, and this maxim know; in who pardons, difappoints his foe. alice to proud wits, fome proudly hull cevifh reafon, vain of being dull ; [fouls, ome home-joke has ftung their folemn eance they determine-to be fools ; pleen, that little nature gave, make lefs, calous in the ways of heavinefs; ps inanimate a fondness take, [fpit, inherit fons that are awake. when their utmost venom they would rbaroufly tell vou-" he's a wit." groes, thus, to fhew their burning fpite, odæmons fay, they're dev'lifh white. oridius, from the bottom of his breaft, 'er one child, but triumphs in the reft. ft his grief? one carries in his head roportion of the father's lead ; in danger, without fpecial grace, above a Juffice of the Peace. nghill-breed of men a diamond fcorn, : a pattion for a grain of corn; upid, plodding, money-loving wight, ins their hearts by knowing black from white;

ith much pains, exerting all his fenfe, ge aright his shillings, pounds, and pence. oby-father craves a booby-son, Heav'n's bleffing thinks himself undone.

of all kinds are made to Fame a plea; ras to lifp, another not to fee; -, tottering, catches at your hand. er thing fo pretty born to fland ? these what nature gave difown, through affect what nature has deny'd; [pride, ature has deny'd fools will purfue, are ever walking upon two. 🙀 us, a grateful fage, our awe, and fport ! s grave forms, for forms the fage support ; is, and cries with an important air, ader clouds withdraw, it will be fair !" uotes the Stagyrite to prove it true, ds, "The learn'd delight in fomething " acw."

1 6 1

Is't not enough the blockhead fcarce can read, But must he wifely look, and gravely plead ? As far a formalift from wildom fits In judging eyes, as libertines from wits. Nay, of true wifdom there too much may be; The gen'rous mind delights in being free ; Your men of parts an over-care despise ; Dull rogues have nought to do but to be wife. Horace has faid, and that decides the cafe, 'Tis fweet to trifle in a proper place. Yct fubtle wights (fo blind are mortal men, Tho' Satire couch them with her keeneft pen) For ever will hang out a folemn face, To put off noniente with a better grace ; As pedlars with fome hero's head make bold, Illustrious mark ! where pins are to be fold. What's the bent brow, or neck in thought reclin'd? The body's wildom to conceal the mind. A man of fenfe can artifice difdain, As men of wealth may venture to go plain ; And be this truth cternal ne'er forgot, Solemnity's a cover for a fot. I find the fool, when I behold the fereen ; For 'tis the wife man's int'reft to be feen. Hence Scarborough, that opennefs of heart, And just difdain for that poor mimic, art; Hence (manly praife !) that manner nobly free, Which all admire, and I commend in thee.

With gen'roes forn how ofthalt thou furvey'd Of court and town the noon-tide mafquerade, Where fwarms of knaves the vizor quite difgrace; And hide fecure behind a naked face ? Where nature's end of language is declin'd, And men talk only to conceal the mind; Where gen'rous hearts the greateft hazard run; And he who trufts a brother is undone ! My brother fwore it, therefore it is true; O ftrange inductiou ! and at court quite new. As well thou might'ft aver, thou fimple fwain, " 'Tis juft, and therefore I my caufe fhall gain." With fuch odd maxims to thy flocks retreat, Nor furnifh mirth for minifters of ftate.

Some mafter-ipirits far beyond the throng Refin'd in ill, more rightly bent on wrong, With exquifite differnment play their game, More nice of conduct, and more fair of fame. The neatly injur'd thinks his thanks are due, Robb'd of his right, and good opinion too : Falfe honor, pride's firft-born, this clap controls, Who wifely part with nothing but their fouls. Albertus hugs himfelf in ravith'd thought, To find a peerage is to cheaply bought.

Thefe all their care expend on outward flow For wealth and fame; for faine alone the beau. Of late, at White's was young Florello feen, How blank his look ? how difcompos'd his mien ? So hard it proves in grief fincere to feign ! Sunk were his fpirits; for his coat was plain.

Next day his breaft regain'd its wonted peace; His health was mended with a filver lace. A curious artift, long inur'd to toils Of gentler fort, with combs, and fragrant oils,

* Letters fent to the author, figued Marcus.

Whether by chance, or by fome god infpir'd, So touch'd his curls, his mighty foul was fir'd. The well-fivoln ties an equal homage claim, And either fhoulder has its fhare of fame; His fumptuous watch-cafe, tho' conceal'd it lies, Like a good confeience, folid joy fupplies. He only thinks himfelf (to far from vain !) Stanhope in wit; in breeding, Deloraine, Whene'er by feeming chance he throws his eye On mirrors flufhing with his Tyrian dye, With how fublime a transfort leaps his heart ! But fate ordans that dearch friends mult part. In active meatures brought from France, he wheels

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And triumphs, conficous of his learned heels. So have I teen on tome bright fummer's day

A calt of genius, debonnair and gay, Dance on the bank, as if infpir'd by fame, Fond of the pretty fellow in the ftream.

Morofe is funk with thame, whene'er furpriz'd In linen clean, or peruke undifguis'd. No fublunary charce his veffments fear, Valu'd like leopards, as their fipots appear. A fam'd furtout he wears, which once was blue, And his foot fwints in a capacious thoe. One day his wife (for who can wives reclaim ?) Levell'd her barb'rous needle at his fame; But open force was vain; by night fhe went, And, while he flept, furpriz'd the dailing rent; Where yawn'd the frize is now become a doubt, And glory at one entrance quite thut out.

He foorns Fiorello, and Florello him : This hates the filthy creature, that the prim ; Thus in each other both thefe fools defpife Their own dear felves, with undiferring eyes ; Their methods various, but alike their aim : The floven and the fopling are the fame.

Ye Whigs and Tories! thus it fares with you, When party-rage too warmly you purfue; Then both club nontific and impetious pride, And foily joins whom fentiments divide. You vent your fpleen as monkeys when they pafs, Scratch at the mimic-monkey in the glafs, While b th are one; and henceforth be it known, Fools of both files thall ftand for fools alone.

"But who art thou?" methinks Florello crics : "Of all thy fpecies art thou only wile ?" Since finalleft things can give our fins a twitch, As crofing firaws retard a pating witch, **★** Florello, thou my monitor thail be; Pill conjure thus fome profit out of thee.

O thou myfelf ! abroad our counfels roam, And, lake ill huibands, take no care at home. Come from thyfelf, and a by-ftander be; With others eyes thy own deportment fee; And while their ails thou doft with pity view, Conceive, hard tafk, that thou art mortal too. Thou too art wounded with the common dart, And love of Fame lies throbbing at thy heart; And what wile means to gain it hat thou chole? Know, Fame and Fortune both are made of profe. Is the ambition focating for a thyare, Thou unambitious foel, at this late time ? This noon of life ' the feafons mend their par And with a nimbler flep the feafons chace; While I a moment name, a moment's paf; I'm nearer death in this verfe than the laf; What then is to be done? Be wite with fpaf; A fool at forty is a fool indeed 1

And what to foolifh as the chace of Fame! How vain the prize ! how impotent our aim ! For what are men who grafp at praife fubine, But bubbles on the rapid fitream of time, That rife and fall, that fwell, and are no mea, Born and forgot, ten thoufand in an hour ! Should this verfe live, O Lumley ! may it be A monument of gratitude to thee ! Whole early favour I muft own with fizze, So long my patron, and fo late my theme.

§ 46. Love of Fame the Universal Paper. Yours

SATIRE III.

To the Right Honourable Mr. Dellegies.

L ONG, Dodington, in debt, I long have fore To cafe the burden of my grateful thought And now a poet's gratitude you fee, Grant him two favours, and he'll afk for thre; For whole the pretent glory or the gain? You give protection, I a worthle's tirain. You love, and feel the poet's facred name, And know the bafis of a folid fame; Tho' prone to like, yet cautious to commend, You read with all the malice of a friend; Nor favour my attempts that way alone,

But more to raife my verfe, conceal your own. An ill-tim'd modefty ! turn ages o'er, When wanted Britain bright examples mart? Her learning and her genius too decays. And dark and cold are her declining days; As if men now were of another caft, They meanly live on alms of ages paft, Men still are men, and they who boldly dare, Shall triumph o'er the fons of cold Defpair; Or, if they fail, they justly still take place Of fuch who run in debt for their difgrace : Who borrow much, then fairly make it knows And damn it with improvements of their own. We bring fome new materials, and what's old New-caft with care, and in no borrow'd mold; Late times the verfe may read, if these refuse, And from four critics vindicate the mule.

"Your work is long," the critics crv: 'tistre, And lengthens fill, to take in fools like you; Shorten my labour, if its length you blame, For, grow but wife, you rob me of my game; As hunted hags, who, while the dogs purfae, Renounce their four legs, and ftart up on rea.

Like the bold bird upon the banks of Nie That picks the teeth of the dire crocodile, Will I enjoy (dread feaft !) the critic's rage, And with the fell defiroyer feed my page. For what ambitious fools are more to blame Than those who thunder in the critic's name?

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Milton.

authors damn'd, have their revenge in this, : what wretches gain the praise they mis. butius, muffled in his fable cloke, in old Druid from his hollow.oak, rens folemn, and as boding, cries, nousand worlds for the three unities ! Ctors fage, who thro' Parnaffus teach, it-the tub, or practife what you preach. judges, as the weather dictates, right oem is at noon, and wrong at night; er judges by a furer gauge, thor's principles or parentage ; his great anceftors in Flanders fell, oem, doubtlefs, must be written well ; ier judges by the writer's look ; ier judges, for he bought the book ; judge, their knack of judging wrong to keep; judge, because it is too soon to sleep. all will judge, and with one fingle aim, in themfelves, not give the writer fame. ery best ambitioufly advise, o ferve you, and half to pais for wife; are at leifure others to reward ; fcarce will damn, but out of felf-regard. tics on verfe, as fquibs on triumphs wait, im the glory, and augment the ftate; nvious, noify, proud, the feribbling fry hifs, and bounce, wafte paper, ftink and dic. a,mv friends! what more myverfe can crown Compton's finile, and your obliging frown ? 'all on books their criticism wafte, cenius of a difh fome justly tatte, at their way to fame ! with anxious thought almon is refus'd, the turbot bought. ient Art rebukes the fun's delay sids December yield the fruits of May. various cares in one great point combine us nets of their lives, that is-to dine ; of their precious day they give the feaft, to a kind digeftion, fpare the reft. is, here, the tafter of the town, twice a-week, to fettle their renown. efe worthics of the palate guard with care acred annals of their bills of fare; ife choice books their panegyrics read, corn the creatures that for hunger feed ; a, by feeding well, commences great, more the worm, to whom that man is meat. ory fome advance a lying claim, es of renown, and pilferers of fame ! front fupplies what their ambition lacks; Know a thoufand lords behind their backs. is apt to wink upon a peer, turn'd away, with a familiar leer; Jervey's eyes, unmercifully keen, nurder'd fops, by whom the ne'er was feen ; adopts strav libels, wifely prone vet fhame ftill greater than his own ; llus, in the winter of threefcore, his innocence, and keeps a whore ! ce of mind Brabantio turns to fame, s to miltake, nor knows his brother's name; ords and thoughts in nice diforder fet. akes a memorandum to forget.

Thus vain, nor knowing what adorns or blots, Men forge the patents that create them fots.

As love of pleature into pain betrays, (So molt grow infamous thro' love of praife. But whence for praife can fuch an ardor rife, W hen thofe, who bring that incenfe, we defpife? For fuch the vanity of great and finall, Contempt goes round, all men laugh at all.

Nor can ev'n Satire blaine them, for 'tis true, They most have ample cause for what they do. O! fruitful Britain ! doubtlefs thou waft meant A nurfe of fools to flock the Continent. Tho' Phoebus and the Nine for ever mow, Rank folly underneath the fcythe will grow The plenteous harvest calls me forward still, Till I furpafs in length my lawyer's bill, A Welch defcent, which well-paid heralds damn, Or, longer still, a Dutchman's epigram. When cloy'd, in fury I throw down my pen, In comes a coxcomb, and I write agen. Sec ! Tityrus with merriment poffett, Is burft with laughter cre he hears the jeft ; What need he flav ? for when the joke is o'er. His teeth will be no whiter than before. Is there of thefe, ye fair ! fo great a dearth, That you need purchatemonkeys for your mirth ? Some, vain of paintings, bid the world admin; Of houses some, nay, houses that they hire . Some (perfect wildom !) of a beaucous wife, And boaft, like Cordeliers, a feourge for life. Sometimes, thro' prida, the fexes change their

Rirs ; My lord has vapours, and my lady fwears! Then, ftranger ftill, on turning of the wind, My'lord wears breeches, and my lady's kind 1 To fnew the ftrength and infamy of pride, By all 'tis follow'd, and by all deny'd. What numbers are there, who at once purfue Praife, and the glory to contemn it, too! Vincenna knows felf-praise betrays to shame. And therefore lays a ftratagem for fame; Makes his approach in modefly's difguite To win applause, and takes it by furprise. " To err", fays he, " in finall things is my fate." You know your answer, He's exact in great. "My ftile," fayshe, " is rude, and fullof faults." But O! what fcnfc! what energy of thoughts I That he wants algebra he must confess ; But not a foul to give our arms fuccels. " Ah ! that's a hit indeed," Vincenna cries; " But who, in heat of blood, was ever wife? " I own 'twas wrong, when thousands call'd me " back, " To make that hopelefs, ill-advis'd attack;

" Io make that hopelels, ill-advis'd attack; "All fay 'twas maducfs, nor dare I deny; "Sure never fool fo well deferv'd to die." Could this dereive in others, to be free, It ne'er, Vincenna, could deceive in thee, Whofe conduct is a comment to thy tongue So clear, the dulleft cannot take thee wrong. Thou in one fuit wilt thy revenue wear, And haunt the Court, without a profpect there Are thefe expedients for renown ? Confeis Thy little felf, that I may form thee lefs. Z

Be wife, Vincenna, and the court forfake ; Our tortunes there, nor thou nor I shall make. Ev'n men of merit, cre their point they gain, In hardy fervice make a long campaign, Most manfully befiege the patron's gate, And oft repuls'd, as oft attack the great With painful art, and application warm, And take at laft fome little place by ftorm ; Enough to keep two floes on Sunday clean; And Harve upon diffrectly in Shire-lane. Already this thy fortune can afford, Then starve without the favour of my lord. 'Tis true, great fortunes fome great men confer; But often, ev'n in doing right, they err : From caprice, not from choice, their favours come; They give, but think it toil to know to whom : The man that's nearest, yawning they advance : 'Tis inhumanity to blefs by chance. If merit fues, and greatnefs is to loth To break its downy trance, I pity both.

I grant at court, Philander, at his need (Thanks to his lovely wife) finds friends indeed. Of ev'ry charm and virtue fle's poffeft. Philander ! thou art exquifitely bleft; The public envy ! now then, 'tis allow'd, 'The man is found who may be juftly proud; Sut, fee ! how fickly is ambition's taffe ? Ambition feeds on trafh, and loaths a feaft ? -For lo ! Philaeder, of repreach afraid, In feeret loves his wife, but keeps her maid.

Some nymphs fell rejutation, others buy, And love a market where the rates run high. Italian mufic's fiveet, becaufe '(1's dear; Their vanity is tickled, not their ear; Their taftes would leffen if the prices fell, And Shaketpear's wretched fluff doquite as well; Away the difenchanted fair would throng, And own, that English is their mother-tongue. To fhew how much our northern taftes refine, Imported nymphs our peercifes outfhine; While tradefinen ftarve thefe Philomels are gay; For gen'rous lords had rather give than pay. O lavish land, for found at fuch expence ! But then fhe faves it in her bills for fenfe.

Mufic I pathonately love, 'tis plain, Since for its fake fuch dramas I fuftain. An opera, like a pillory, may be faid To nail our ears down, but expose our head.

Behold the mafqueradu's fantaftic feene 1 The legiflature join'd with Drury-lane ! When Britain calls, th'embroider'd patriots run, And ferve their country—if the dance is done. " Are we not then allow'd to be polite ?" Yes, doubtlefs; but firft fit your notions right. Worth of politenefs is the needful ground; Where that is avanting, this can ne'er be found. Triffers not ev'n in triffes can excel; 'Tis folid bodies only polith well.

Great, choien prophet! for these latter days, To turn a willing world from righteous ways, Well, Heideger, doit thou my mafter serve; Well has he seen his forvant should not starve; Thou to his name has fiplendid temples rais'd, In various forms of worthip seen him prais'd;

Gaudy devotion, like a Roman, fhown, And fung fwect anthems in a tongue unknown. Inferior off rings to thy god of vice Are duly paid in fiddles, cards, and dice; Thy facrifice fupreme an hundred maids! That folemn rite of midnight mafquerades ! If maids the quite exhautted town denies, An hundred head of cuckolds mult fuffice. Thou fmil'ft, well-pleas'd with the converted land, To fee the fifty churches at a ftand.

And, that thy minister may never fail, But what thy hand has planted still prevail, Of minor prophets a succession fure The propagation of thy zeal secure.

See commons, peers, and ministers of state, In folemn council met, and deep debate ! What godlike enterprize is taking birth ? What wonder opens on th'expecting earth ? 'Tis done ! with loud applause the council rings! Fixt is the fate of whores and fiddleftrings !

Tho' bold thefe truths, thou Mule, with truths like thefe,

Wilt none offend, whom 'tis a praife to pleafe; Let others flatter to be flatter'd, thou, Like juft tribunals, bend an awful brow. How terrible it were to common fenfe, To write a Satire which gave none offence ! And, fince from life I take the draughts you fee, If men diflike them, do they cenfure me ? On then, my mufe ! and fools and knaves expofe, And, fince thou canft not make a friend, make foes. The fool and knave 'tis glorious to offend, And godlike an attempt the world to mend; The world, where luck y throws to blockheads fall, Knaves know the game, and homeft men pay all.

How hard for real worth to gain its price ! A man fhall make his fortune in a trice, If ble?! with pliant, tho' but flender fende, Feign'd modefty, and real impudence. A fupple knee, fmooth tongue, an eafy grace, A curfe within, a fmile upon his face, A beauteous fifter, or convenient wife, Are prizes in the lottery of life; Genius and virtue they will foon defeat, And lodge you in the bofom of the great. To merit, is but to provide a pain From mens refußing what you ought to gain.

May, Dodington, this maxim fail in you, Whom my prefaging thoughts already view By Walpole's conduct fir'd, and friendthip grac'd, Still higher in your prince's favour plac'd; And lending, here, those awful councils aid, Which you, abroad, with fuch fuccefs obey'd; Bear this from one who holds your friendfhip dear; What moft we with, with eafe we fancy near.

§ 47. Love of Fame the Universal Possion. Young.

SATIRE IV.

To the Right Hungurable Sir Spencer Compton.

ROUND fome fair tree th'ambitious woodbine grows,

And breather her fweetson the fupporting boughs :

So fweet the verfe, th'ambitious verfe, fhould be

(O! pardon mine) that hopes support from thee; Thee, Compton, born o'er fenates to prelide,

- Their dignity to raife, their councils guide,

Deep to differn, and widely to furvey, And kingdoms fates, without ambition, weigh ;

Of diftant virtues nice extremes to blend,

-The crown's afferter, and the peoples friend :

Nor doft thou fcorn, amid fublimer views,

To liften to the labours of the Mufe ;

Thy fmiles protect her, while thy talents fire ; 1 And 'tis but half thy glory to infpire.

Vext at a public fame fo juftly won,

= The jealous Chremes is with fpleen undone.

= Chremes, for airy pentions of renown,

Devotes his fervice to the flate and crown ;

All fchemes he knows, and knowing, all improves,

Tho' Britain's thanklefs, still this patriot loves ;

But patriots differ, fome may fhed their blood ; ÷.

He drinks his coffee for the public good ;

Contults the facred fteam, and there forefees What florms or funthine Providence decrees ;

Knows for each day the weather of our fate :

A ani lnunc is an almanac of flate. 2

You finile, and think this flatefman void of ufe.

Why may not time his fectet worth produce ?

Since apes can roaft the choice Caftanian nut, 3

Since fleeds of genius are expert at put, Ξ.

Since half the fenate not content can fay,

Geefe nations fave, and puppies plots betray. 4

What makes him model realins and counfel An incapacity for finaller things. [kings ? Poor Chremes can't conduct his own effate, And thence has undertaken Europe's fate.

Gehenno leaves the realm to Chremes' skill,

And boldly claims a province higher ftill. To raife a name, th'ambitious boy has got

At once a bible and a fhoulder-knot;

Z, Deep in the fecret he looks thro' the whole,

د And pities the dull rogue that faves his foul;

Ξ. To talk with rev'rence you must take good heed,

Nor shock his tender reason with the Creed.

Howe'er, well-bred, in public he complics,

Obliging friends alone with blafohemics.

Peerege is poifon, good eftates are bad 3 For this difcate ; poor rogues run feldom mad.

Have not attainders brought unhop'd relief,

ż And falling ftocks quite cur'd an unbelief?

While the fun thines, Blunt talks with wond'rous force :

12 But thunder mars finall beer and weak discourse.

÷ Such uteful inftruments the weather flow,

3 Just as their Mercury is high or low.

Health chiefly keeps an atheift in the dark ;

A fever argues better than a Clarke;

Let but the logic in his pulfe decay, The Grecian he'll renounce, and learn to pray; While C----- mourns with an unfeign'd zeal Th'apoltate youth, who reafon'd once to well.

- who makes fo merry with the creed, He almost thinks he difbelieves indeed; But only thinks fo ; to give both their due,

Satan and he believe, and tremble too. Of fome for glory, fuch the boundlefs rage,

That they're the blackeft fcandal of their age.

Narciffus the Tartarian club difclaims : Nav, a free-mafon with fome terror names ; . Omits no duty, nor can envy tay He mils'd there many years the church or play ; He makes no noife in parliament, 'tis true, But pays his debts and vifit when 'tis due : His character and gloves are ever clean ; And then he can outbow the bowing dean ! A finile eternal on his lip he wears, Which equally the wife and worthlefs fhares. In gay fatigues this most undaunted chief Patient of idleneis beyond belief, Most charitably lends the town his face For ornament, in ev'ry public place; As fure, as cards, he to th'affe ably comes, And is the furniture of drawing-rooms. When Ombre calls, his hand and heart are free, And, join'd to two, he fails not-to make three. Narciffus in the glory of his race ;

For who does nothing with a better grace ? To deck my lift, by nature were defign'd Such fhining expletives of human kind, Who want, while thro' blank life they dream along,

Senfe to be right, and pattion to be wrong, To counterposte this hero of the mode, Some for renown are fingular and old a What other men diflike is fure to pleafe, Of all mankind, there dear antipodes ; Thro' pride, not malice, they run counter ftill, And bith-days are their days of dreffing ill. Arouthnot is a fool, an I F---- a fage, S----ly will fright you, E---- engage ; By nature itreams run backward, flaine defcends. Stones mount, and S-x is the worit of friends.

They take their reft by day, and wake by night, And blufh, if you furprife them in the right, If they by chance blurt out, cre well aware, A fwan is white, or Queenfberry is fair. Nothing exceeds in indicule, no doubt, A fool in fulhion, but a fool that's out ; His pathon for abfurdity's fo ftrong, He cannot bear a rival in the wrong. [fhewn Tho' wrong the mode, comply; more fende is In wearing others follies than your own. If what is out of fathion most you prize, Methinks you thould endeavour to be wife.

But what in oddness can be more sublime -, the foremost toyman of his time ? Than S-His nice ambition lies in curious fancies, His daughter's portion a rich shell inhances, And Athmole's baby-houfe is, in his view, Britannia's golden mine, a rich Peru ! How his eyes languith ! how his thoughts adors That painted coat which Joseph never wore 1 He thews on holidays a facted pin

That toucht the ruff that toucht queen Befs's chin. "Since that great dearth our chronicles deplore, " Since the great plague that fwept as many more, "Was ever year unbleft as this ?" he'll cry, "It has not brought us one new butterfly !" In times that fuffer fuch learn'd men as thele, Unhappy I-y ! how clime you to pleafe ? Not gaudy butterflies are Lico's game ;

But, in effect, his chace is much the fame. **u** '// 21

Warm in purfuit, he levees all the great, Stanch to the toot of title and effate. Where'er their fordthips go, they never find, Or Lico or their thadows lag behind : He fets them fure, where'er their lordthips run, Clofe at their effandeur, by contagion wrought, As if their grandeur, by contagion wrought, And fame was, like a fever, to be caught : But after feven years dance from place to place, The Dane * is more familiar with his grace.

Whold be a crutch to prop a rotten peer ; Or living pendant, dangling at his ear, For ever whilp'ring fecret, which were blown For months before, by trumpets, thro' the town? Who'd be a glafs, with flattering grimace, Still to reflect the temper of his face ? Or happy pin to flick upon his fleeve, When my lord's gricious, and yourh fafes its leave ? Or cufhion, when his heavinefs shall rieafe To loll, or thump it for his better eafe? Or a vile butt, for noon or night beipoke, When the pier rathly fwears he'll club his joke? Who thske with laughter, tho' he could not find His lordfhip's jeft ? or, if his note broke wind. For bleffings to the gods profoundly bow, That can cry chimney-fweep, or drive a plough ? With terms like thefe how mean the tribe that clote! Scarce meaner they, who terms like thefe impole.

But what's the tribe moft like'y to comply? The men of link, or ancient authors live; The writing tribe, who fharacle's auctions hold Of praife, by inch of candle to be fold. All men they flatter, but themfelves the moft With deathlefs fame, their everlaiting boaft: For fame no cully makes fo much her jeft, As her old confiant fpark, the bard profeft. "Boyle fhines in council, Mordaunt in the fight, "Pelham's magnificent; but I can write, "And what to my great foul like glory dear ?" Till fome god whitpers in his tingling car, That fame's unwholefome, taken without meat; And life i. beft fuffaid' by what is cat. Grown lean and wife, he curfes what he writ, And withes all his wants were in his wit.

Ah ! what avails it, when his cinner's loft, That his triumphant name aderus a poft ? Or that his fhining page (provoking fate !) Defends firloins, which fons of dulnefs eat ?

What foe to verfe without compatiion hears? What cruel profe-man can refrain from tears When the poor mufe, for lefs than half-a-crown, A profitute on evily bulk in town, With other whores undone, tho' not in print, Clubs credit for Geneva in the Mint?

Ye bards! why will you fing, the' uninfpir'd? Ye bards! why will you flarge, to be admir'd? Defauld by Phoebus' laws, beyond redrefs, Why will your fpectrefs haunt the frighted prefs? Bad metre, that excelence of the head, Like hair, will forout, altho' the poet's dead.

All other trades demand, verfe-makers beg ; A dedication is a worden leg ;

And barren Labeo, the true mumper's fitting, Expoles borrow'd brats to move comparing. Tho' fuch myfelf, vile bards I difcommend; Nay more, the' gentle Damon is my friend. " Is't then a crime to write ?"--- if talents rate Proclaim the god, the crime is to forbear; For fome, tho'few, there are, large-mindedmer, Who watch, unfeer, the labours of the pen: Who know the mule's worth, and therefore cost Their deeds her theme, their bounts heriumen, Who ferve, unafk'd, the least pretence to uz, My fole excuse, alas ! for having writ, Will Harcourt pardon, if I dare commend Harcourt, with zeal a patson, and a friend: Argyle true wit is fludious to reftore; And Dorfet smiles, if Phoebus sinil'd before. Pembroke in years the long-lov'd arts admirth. And Henrietta, like a mute, infpires.

But ah! not infpiration can obtain That Fame which poets languifh for in van. How mad their aim who thirft for glory, fine To grafp what no man can policis alive ' Fame's a reversion, in which men take place (O late reversion ') at their own decease. This truth fagacious Lintot knows fo well, He flarveshis authors, that their works may fell !

That fame is wealth, fantaftic poets cry; That wealth is fame, another can reply, Who know no guilt, no fcandal but in rags; And fwell in just proportion to their bags. Nor only the low-born, deform'd, and old, Think glory nothing but the beams of gold; The first young lord, which in the Mall you met. Shall match the verieft hurks in Lombard-free. From refcu'd candles ends who rais'd a tum, And flarves to join a penny to a plumb. A beardle's mifer! 'tis a guilt unknown To former times; a fcandal all our own.

Of ardent lovers, the true modern band Will mortgage Celia to redeem their land. For love, young, noble, rich Caftalio dies; Name but the fair, love fwells into his ever. Divine Monimia, the fond fears lav down; No rival can preveil, but-half-a-erown.

He glories to late times to be convey'd, Not for the poor he has reliev'd, but made. Not fuch ambition his great fathers nir'd, When Harry conquer'd, and half France expirit

He'd be a flave, a punp, a dog for gain; Nay, a dull theriff for his golden chain.

"Who'dhéa flave?" the gallant colonel the, While love of glory fparkles from his eves. To deathlets fame he loudly pleads his nght,-Just is his title, for I will not fight: All folders valour, all divines have grace, As maids of honsur beauty-by their place. But when indulging on the last campaign. His lofty terms climb o'er the hills of flain, He gives the foes he flew, at each vain word A fweet revenge, and half abtolves his two flates.

Of beatting more than of a bomb afraid, A folder thousd be modelt as a maid :

A Danith Dog.

Fast

Fame is a bubble the referv'd enjoy,

Who strive to grafp it, as they touch, destroy : •Tis the world's debt to deeds of high degree;

But if you pay yourfelf, the world is free. Were there no tongue to fpeak them but his own, Augustus' deeds in arms had ne'er been known ! Augustus' deeds ! if that ambiguous name

Confounds my reader, and mifguides his aim, Such is the prince's worth of whom I speak,

The Roman would not blufh at the miftake.

§ 48. Love of Fame the Universal Puffion. YOUNG. SATIRE V.

On Women.

O fuireft of creation ! luft und beft Of all God's works ! Creature, in whom excell'd Whatever can to fight or thought be form'd Holy, divine, good, amiable, or freet ! MILTON. How art thou lost!

NOR reigns ambition in bold man alone; Soft female hearts the rude invader own. But, there indeed, it deals in nicer things Than routing armies and dethroning kings. Attend, and you difcern it in the fair, **Conduct** a finger, or reclaim a hair ; Or roll the lucid orbit of an eye; Or in full joy claborate a figh.

The fex we honor, the' their faults we blame; Nay, thank their faults for fuch a fruitful theme. A theme, fair----- ' doubly kind to me, Since fatirizing those is praising thee; Who would'it not bear, too modefily refin'd, A panegyric of a großer kind.

Britannia's daughters, much more fair than nice, Too fond of admiration, lole their price ; Worn in the public eye, give cheap delight To throngs, and tarnish to the fated fight. As unreferv'd and beauteous as the fun, Thro' ev'ry fign of vanity they run ;

· Aifemblies, parks, coarie feafts in city-halls, Lectures and trials, plays, committees, balls, Wells, Bedlams, executions, Smithfield-fcenes, And fortune-tellers caves, and lions dens, Taverns, exchanges, Bridewells, drawing-rooms, Initalments, pillories, coronations, tombs, Tumblers, and funerals, puppet-flews, reviews, Sales, races, rabbits (and full ftranger!)pews.

Clarinda's botom burns, but burns for Fame; And love lies vanquifh'd in a nobler flame; Warm gleams of hope the now difpentes; then, Like April funs, dives into clouds agen. With all her luttre, now, her lover warms ; Then, out of offentation, hides her charms. *Tis next her pleafure fweetly to complain, And to be taken with a fudden pain; Then the flarts up, all ecitafy and blifs, And is, fiveet foul ! just as fincere in this. O how the rolls her charming eyes in fpite ! And looks delightfully with all her might ! But, like our beroes, much more brave than wife, Now what reward for all this grief and toil ? She conquers for the manph, not the prize.

Zara refembles Ætna crown'd with fnows ; Without fhe freezes, and within fhe glows Twice ere the fun descends, with zeal inspir'd, From the vain converse of the world retir'd, She reads the pfalms and chapters for the day In ----- Cleopatra, or the laft new play. Thus gloomy Zara, with a folemn grace, Deceives mankind, and hides behind her face.

Nor far beneath her in renown is fhe Who, thro' good-breeding, is ill company Whofe manners will not let her larum ceife ; Who thinks you are unhappy when at peace; To find you news who racks her fubtile head, And vows-that her great grandfather is dead.

A dearth of words a woman need not fear ; But 'tis a tafk indeed to learn-to hear. In that the fkill of converfation lies :

That fhows, or makes you both polite and wife. Zantippe cries " let nymphs who nought can "Be loft in filence, and rengn the day ; [fay, "And let the guilty wife her guilt confeis " By tame behaviour, and a foft address." Thro' virtue, the refutes to comply With all the dictates of humanity : Thro' wildom, the refutes to tubinit To wifdom's rules, and raves to prove her wit : Then, her unblemish'd honor to maintain. Rejects her hufband's kindnefs with difdain. But if by chance an ill-adapted word Drops from the lip of her unwary Lord, Her darling china in a whirlwind fent, Just intimates the lady's difcontent.

Wine may, indeed, excite the meekeft dame, But keen Zantippe, fcorning borrow'd flame, Can vent her thunders, and her lightnings play O'er cooling gruel and composing tea. Nor refts by night, but more fincere than nice, She fhakes the curtains with her kind advice. Doubly, like echo, found is her delight ; And the laft word is her eternal right. Is't not enough plagues, wars, and famines rife To lafh our crimes, but muft our wives be wife?

Famine, plague, war, and an unnumber'd throng Of guilt-avenging ills, to man belong; What black, what ceafelels cares beliege our ftate? What ftrokes we feel from fancy and from fate ! If fate forbears us, fancy firikes the blow ; We make misfortune fuicides in woe. Superfluous aid 1 unnecetfary tkill Is nature backward to torment or kill ? How oft the noon, how oft the midnight bell (That iron tongue of death !) with folemn knell, On folly's errands, as we vainly roam, [home? Knocks at our hearts, and finds our thoughts from Men drop fo faft, ere life's mid ftage we tread, Few know fo many friends alive as dead. Yct, as immortal, in our uphill chace We prefs cov fortune with unflacken'd pace; Our ardent labours for the toys we leck, Join night to day, and Sunday to the week. Our very joys are anxious, and expire Between fathety and fierce defire I But one-a female friend's endearing finile : Ζj A tender

A tender finile, our forrow's only balm, And, in life's tempeti, the fad failor's calm. How have I feen a gentle nymph draw nigh, Peace in her air, pertuation in her eye; Victorious tenderneis! it all o'ercame;

Hufbands look'd mild, and favages grew tame ! The Solvan race our active nymphs purile; Man is not all the gime they have in view : In woods and fields their giory they complete; There Mafter Betty leaps a five-barr'd gate; While fair Mifs Charles to toilets is confin'd, Nor rafhly tempts the barb'rous fun and wind. Some nymphs affect a more heroic breed, And vault from hunters to the manag'd fleed; Command his prancings with a martial air; And Fobert has the forming of the fair.

More than one fired muft Delia's empire feel, Who fits triumphant o'er the flying wheel; And as the guides it thro' th'admining throng, With what an air the fmacks the filken thong! Graceful, as John, the moderates the reins, And whiftles fweet her diuretic thrains. Sefoftris-like, fuch Charioteers as thefe May drive fix harnefs'd monarchs, if they pleafe. They drive, row, run, with love of glory finit, Leap, fivin, fhoot-flying, and pronounce on wit.

O'er the belle lettic lovely Daphne reigns, Again the god Apolio wears her chains. With legs toft high, on her fophee fhe fits, Vouchtaling audience to contending wits; Of each performance fhe's the tinal teft; One aft read o'er, fhe prophecies the reft; And then pronouncing with decifive air, Fully convinces all the town---fhe's fair. Had lovely Daphne Hecateffa's face, How would her elegance of tafte decreafe ! Some ladies judgment in their features hes,

And all their gCaus (parkles from their eyes. But hold, the cries, lampooner ! have a care: Muft I want common tenfe because I'm fair ? O no : fee Stella, her eyes thine as bright
As if her tongue was never in the right;
And yet what real learning, judgment, fire !
She feems infpir'd, and can hettelf infpire;
How then (if malice rul'd not all the fair)
Could Daphne publifh, and could the forbear ?
We grant that beauty is no bar to fenfe,

Nor is't a fanction for impertinence. Semptonia lik'd her man, and well fie might, The youth, in perfor and in parts, was bright; Poficit of ev'ry vistue, grace, and art, That claims juit enspire o'er the female heart. He met her pailion, all her fight return'd, And in full rage of youthful ardour burn'd. Large his poff firms, and beyond her own : Their blifs the fit me and easy of the rown. The day was fix'd ; when, with one acre more, In first difform'd, debauch'd, diffeas'd threeffore, The fatal fequel 1 thro' thame forbear.

Of pride and avtice who can core the fair?
 Mun's rich with httle, were his judgment true;
 Naure is flut, all and her word and fow;
 Thole few want antiver'd bring fucer delights;
 But fools create themielves new appendes.

Fancy and pride feek things at vaft expense, Which relift nor to reation, nor to fenie. When furfeit or unthank fulnefs duitroys, In nature's narrow fpliere, our folid joys, In fancy's airy land of noife and thow, Where nought but dreams, no real picafuns gow. Like cats in air pumps, to fubfift we finise On joys too thin to keep the foul alive.

Lemira's fick, make hafte, the doctor call: He comes : but where's his patient ? At the ball The doctor stares ! her woman court'sies low, And cries, "my lady, Sir, is always fo. " Diversions put her mala..ies to flight ! " True, the can't ftand, but the can dance all night. " I've known my lady (for the love's a tust) " For fevers take an opera in June, " And the' perhaps you'll this ... the practice bold, " A midnight park is fov reign for a cold. " With colics, breakfafts of green frun agree; "With indigeflions, fupper just at three," A ftrange alternative ! replies Sir Hans, Must women have a doctor, or a dance ? The' fick to death, abroad they fafely roam; But droop and die, in perfect health at home! For want-but not of health, are ladies ill; And tickets cure beyond the doctor's bill.

Alas ! my heart, how languithingly fair Yon lady lolls ! with what a tender air ! Pale as a young dramatic author, when O'er darling lines fell Cibber waves his pen. Is her Lord angry, or has Viny ' chid ? Dead is her father, or the matk forbid ? " Late fitting-up has turn'd her rofes white." Why went the not to bed ? " Becaute 'twas ngat" Did the then dance or play ? " Nor this, nor that Well, night foon ficals away in pleating that " No, all alone, her pray'rs fhe rather choic, " Than be that wretch to fleep till morning role" Then Lady Cynthia, mittrefs of the fhade, Goes, with the fathionable owls, to bed. This her pride covets, this her health deares; Her foul is filly, but her body's wife.

Others with curious arts dim charms revie, And triumph in the bloom of tifty-five. You, in the morning, a fair nymph invite, To keep her word a brown one comes at night; Next day the thines in gloffy black, and thea Refolves into her native red agen. Like a dove's neck the thifts her transient charms, And is her own dear rival in your arms.

But one admirer has the painted lafs; Nor finds that one but in her looking-glafs. Yet Laura's beautiful to fuch excels, That all her art fearce makes her pleafe the lefs: To deck the female cheek, He only knows, Who paints lefs fair the lily and the role. [point

How gay they finile! fuch bleffings name O'erflock'd mankind enjoy but half her forei. In diftant wilds, by human eyes unfeen, She rearsher flow'rs, and fpreads her velvet gros. Pure gurgling rills the lonely defart trace, And wafte their mufic on the favage race. Is Nature then a niggard of her blifs? Repine we guiltlefs in a world like this?

Book IL

Lap-log.

ir lewd taftes her lawful charms refufe, ainted Art's deprav'd allurements chufe. 'luvia's paffion for the town; frefh air dd effect!) gives vapours to the fair; fields, and fhady groves, and cryftal fprings, .rks, and nightingales, are odious things; oke, and duft, and noite, and crowds delight; be preft to death transports her quite ! filver riv'lets play thro' flow'ry meads,

nodbines give their fiveets, and limes their fhades,

kennels abfent odours fhe regrets, ops her nofe at beds of violets! ormy life preferr'd to the ferene? ie public to the private fcene? , we tread a fmooth and open way; riers and brambles, in the world we ftray, polition, and perplex'd debate, ornv care, and rank and ftinging hate. choke our paffage, our career control, ound the firmeft temper of the foul. d folitude ! divine rctreat ! of the prudent, envy of the great! pure fircam, or in thy waving fhade, irt fair Wifdom, that celestial maid : nuine offspring of her lov'd embrace ers on earth ') are innocence and peace. from the ways of men laid fafe afhore, le to hear the diftant tempeft roar; bleft with health, with bus'nets unperplex'd,

e we relifh, and enfure the next: oo the Mufes fport; thefe numbers free, Eaftbury ! I owe to thee. e fport the Mufes; but not there alone: uered force Amelia feels in town. but a genius can a genius fit; erfelf, Amelia weds a wit. ts! tho' miracles are faid to ceafe, ays, three wond'rous days, they liv'd in wace !

e fourth fun a warm difpute arole, fey's pocfy and Bunyan's profe. med war both wage with equal force, fifth morn concluded the divorce ! e, tho' the poffeffes nothing lefs,

of being rich in happinefs. tily purfues delutive toys, with pains, fince they're reputed joys; hat well-acted transport will the fay, fure, we were fo happy yefterday ! ien that charming party for to-morrow !" Il fhe knows 'twill languith into forrow. lares never boaft the prefent hour, that cheat, it is beyond her pow'r. is or our weaknefs, or our curfe, r fuch our crime, which still is worfe, ent moment, like a wife we fhun, r enjoy, becaufe it is our own. res are few, and fewer we enjoy; , like quickfilver, is bright and coy; e to grafp it with our utmost skill; udes us, and it glitters ftill : at laft, compute your mighty gains, it but rank poifon in your veins?

As Flavia in her glafs an angel fpies,

Pride whilpers in her ear permetous nes; Tells her, while the furveys a face to fine, There's no fariety of charins divine : Hence, if her lover yawns, all chang'd appears Her temper, and the melts (tweet foul) in tears, She, fond and young, laft week, her with enjoy'd, In foft amulement all the night employ'd, The morning came, when Strephon waking found (Surprifing fight!) his bride in forrow drown's ' What miracle,' fays Strephon, ' makes thee

" Ah, barbarous man," the cries, " how could Man barbarous man," the cries, " how could

Men love a miftrets as they love a feaft; How grateful one to touch, and one to tafte? Yet fure, there is a certain time of day. We with our miftrefs and our meat away; But foon the fated appetites return; Again our itomachs crave, our bofoms burn. Eternal love let man, then, acver twear; Let women never triumph, nor defpair; [chill; Nor praife nor blame too much the warm of Hunger and love are foreign to the will.

There is indeed a pattion more retin'd, For those few nymplis, whole charms are of the But not of that unfathionable fet [mind: Is Phillis: Phillis and her Damon met. Eternal love exactly hits her tatle; Phillis demands eternal love at leaft. Embracing Phillis with forf finiling eyes, Eternal love I vow, the fivain replies: But fay, my all ! my miftrefs ! and my friend ! What day next week the termity thall end ;

Some nymphs prefer affronomy to love; Elope from mortal men, and range above. The fair philosopher to Rowley flies, Where in a box the whole creation lies. She sees the planets in their turns advance, And scorns, Poitier, thy fublunary dance. Of Defaguilier the bespeaks fresh air, And Whiston has engagements with the fair.

What vain experiments Sophronia tries! 'Tis not in air-pumps the gay colonel dics. But tho' to-day this rage of feience reigns (O fickle fex!) foon end her learned pains. Lo! Pug from Jupiter her heart has got, Turns out the ftars, and Newton is a fot.

To-turn, the never took the height Of Saturn, yet is ever in the right; She firikes each point with native force of mind, While puzzl'd learning blunders far behind. Graceful to fight, and elegant to thought, The great are vanquish'd, and the wife are taught. Her breeding finish'd, and her temper sweet, When ferious, eafy; and when gay, different; In glitt'ring fcenes, o'er ber own heart, fevere; In crowds, collected; and in courts, fincere; Sincere and warm with zeal well underftood, She takes a noble pride in doing good. Yet not fuperior to her fex's cares, The mode fhe fixes by the gown fhe wears; Of filks and china fhe's the laft appeal; In these great points she leads the common-weal; And if difpates of empire rife between Mechlin (the queen of face) and Colberteen, 'Tis Z 4

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"Tis doubt! 'tis darknefs! till fulpended fate Affumes her nod to clofe the grand debate. When fuch her mind, why will the fair express Their emulation only in their drefs?

But O! the Nymph that mounts above the fkies,

And, gratis, clears religious myfteries ! Refolv'd the church's welfare to enfure, And make her family a finecure. The theme divine at cards file'll not forget, But takes in texts of fcripture at piquet ! In thole licentious meetings acts the prude, And thanks her Maker that her cards are good. What angels would thefe be, who thus excel In theologies, could they few as well! Yet why flould not the fair her text purfue ? Can fhe more decently the doctor woo? 'T is hard too, fhe who makes no ufe but chat Of her religion, flould be barr'd in that!

Ifaac, a brother of the canting firain, When he has knock'd at his own fkull in vain, To beauteous Marcia often will repair With a dark text, to light it at the fair. O how his pious foul exults, to find Such love for holy men in womankind! Charm'd with her learning, with what rapture he Hangs on her bloom, like an indufirious bec; Hums round about her, and with all his pow'r Extracts fweet wifdom from fo fair a flow'r !

The young and gay declining. Abra flics At nobler game, the mighty and the wife: By nature, more an eagle than a dove, She impioufly prefers the world to love.

Can wealth give happinels : look round, and fee What gay diffrefs ! what fplendid milery ! Whatever fortune lavifuly can pour The mind annihilates, and calls for more. Wealth is a cheat, believe not what it fays; Like any Lord it promifes—and pays. How will the mifer ffartle, to be told Of fuch a wonder as infolvent gold ! What nature wants has an intrinfic weight : All more is but the failion of the plate, Which, for one moment, charms the fickle view; It charms us now, abon we caft anew, To fome freth birth of fancy more inclin'd : Then wed not acres, but a noble mind.

Miftakea lovers, who make worth their care, And think accomplifments will win the fair, The fair, 'tis truc, by genius fhould be won, As flow'rs unfold their beauties to the fun; And yet in female feales a fop outweighs, And wit muft wear the willow with the bays. Nought thines fo bright in vain Liberia's eye As riot, impudence, and perfidy; The youth of fire, that has drunk deep, and play'd, And kill'd his man, and triumph'd o'er his maid;

For him, as yet unhang'd, flie fpreads her charms, Snatches the dear deitroyer to her arms, And amply gives (tho' treated long amifs) The man of merit his revenge in this.

If you refeat, and with a woman ill, But turn her o'er one moment to her will.

The languid lady next appears in flate, Who was not born to carry her own weight ; She lolls, reels, staggers, till fome foreign and To her own stature lifts the feeble maid. Then, if ordain'd to so severe a doom, She by just stages journeys round the room : But, knowing her own weaknefs, the defpairs To fcale the Alps-that is, afcend the flairs. My fan 1 let others lay, who laugh at toil ; Fan! hood! gloves! fcarf! is her laconic style. And that is spoke with such a dying fall, That Betty rather fees than hears the call : The motion of her lips and meaning eye Pierce out the idea her faint words deny. O liften with attention most profound ! Her voice is but the fhadow of a found. And help ! O help ! her fpirits are fo dead, One hand fcarce lifts the other to her head. If there a stubborn pin it triumplis o'er, She pants ! fhe finks away ! and is no more. Let the robuft and the gigantic carve, Life is not worth fo much, fhe'd rather ftarve; But chew the must herfelf, ah cruel fate ! That Rofalinda can't by proxy eat.

An antidote in female caprice lies (Kind Heav'n!) against the poison of their eyes,

Thaleftris triumphs in a manly mien, Loud is her accent, and her phrafe obfcene. In fair and open dealing where's the fhame ? What nature dares to give, the dares to name. This honeft fellow is fincere and plain, And justly gives the jealous husband pain; (Vain is the talk to petticoats affign'd, If wanton language thews a naked mind) And now and then to grace her eloquence, An oath fupplies the vacancies of fenfe. Hark ! the fhrill notes transpierce the yielding air, And teach the neighb'ring echoes how to fwear. By Jove, is faint, and for the fimple fwain; She on the Christian fiftem is profane. But tho' the vollev rattles in your ear, Believe her drefs, the's not a grenadier. If thunder's awful, how much more our dread, When Jove deputes a lady in his ftead ! A lady! pardon my miftaken pen A fhamelefs woman is the worft of men.

Few to good-breeding make a just pretence, Good-breeding is the bloffom of good fenie; The last refult of an accomplish'd mind, With outward grace, the body's virtue, join'd, A violated decency now reigns, And nymphs for failings take peculiar pains. With Indian painters modern toaffs agree; The point they aim at is deformity: They throw their perions with a hoyden air Acrofs the room, and tofs into the chair. So far their commerce with mankind is gone, They, for our manners have exchang'd their own. The modeft look, the cattigated grace, The gentle movement, and flow meafur'd pace, For which her lovers dy'd, her parents paid, Are indecorums with the modern maid. Stiff forms are bad, but let not worfe intrude, Nor conquer art and nature to be rude.

Modera

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'n good-breeding carry to its height, .ady D--'s felf will be polite. rifing fair ! ye bloom of Britain's isle ! high-born Anna, with a foften'd fmile, on your train, and fparkles at your head, feems most hard is not to be well-bred. right example with fuccefs purfue, ill, hut adoration, is your due. adoration ! give me fomething more, Lyce, on the borders of threefcore; at treads fo filent as the foot of Time : : we mistake our autumn for our prime; reatly wife to know, before we're told, nclancholy news that we grow old nnal Lyce carries in her face nto mori to each public place. v your beating breaft a miftrefs warms, looks thro' fpectacles to fee your charms ! : rival undertakers hover round, with his fpade the fexton marks the ground, t, not on her own, but others doom, lans new conquests, and defrauds the tomb. in the cock has fummon'd fprights away, valks at noon, and blafts the bloom of day. ainbow filks her mellow charms infold, nought of Lyce but herfelf is old. rizzled locks affume a finirking grace, art has levell'd her deep-furrow'd face. trange demand no mortal can approve; 1 afk her bleffing, but can't afk her love. trants indeed a lady may decline ladies but hericlf) at ninety-nine. how unlike her was the facred age udent Portia! her grey hairs engage, fe thoughts are fuited to her life's decline; e's the paint that can make wrinkles fhine. , and that only, can old age fuftain; ch yet all wifh, nor know they wifh for pain. numerous are our joys when life is new, yearly fome are falling of the few; when we conquer life's meridian ftage, downward tend into the vale of age, y drop apace; by nature fome decay, fome the blafts of fortune fweep away; naked quite of happines, aloud call for Death, and shelter in a shroud. 'here's Portia now ?-but Portia left behind) lovely copies of her form and mind. at heart untouch'd their early grief can view, : blufhing role-buds dipt in morning dew? o into fhelter takes their tender bloom, forms their minds to fly from ills to come? mind, when turn'd adrift, no rules to guide, cs at the mercy of the wind and tide; :y and paffion tofs it to and fro, hile torment, and then quite fink in woc. seauteous orphans! fince in filent duft r best example lies, my precepts trust.

fwarms with ills, the boldeft are afraid : cre then is fafety for a tender maid ? t for conflict, round beiet with woes; I man, whom leaft the fears, her worft of foes ! en kind, most cruel; when oblig'd the most, : leaft obliging; and by favours, loft !

Cruel by nature, they for kindness hate, And fcorn you for those ills themselves creat If on your fame our fex a blot has thrown, 'Twill ever flick, thro' malice of your own. Moft hard ! in pleafing your chief glory lies And yet from pleafing your chief dangers rife Then pleafe the beft : and know, for men of f Your strongest charms are native innocence. Arts on the mind, like paint upon the face, Fright him that's worth your love, from y embrace.

In fimple manners all the fecret lies; Be kind and virtuous, you'll be bleft and wil Vain fhew and noife intoxicate the brain, Begin with giddinefs, and end in pain. Affect not empty fame and idle praife, Which all those wretches I describe betrays Your fex's glory 'tis to fhine unknown; Of all applause be fondest of your own. Beware the fever of the mind! that thirst With which this age is eminently curft. To drink of pleafure but inflames defire. And abstincace alone can quench the fire. Take pain from life, and terror from the tor Give peace in hand, and promife blifs to con

§ 49. Love of Fame the Universal Passion You

SATIRE VI.

On Women.

Inferibed to the Right Honourable Lady Elize Germain.

Interdum tamen & tollit Comædia vocem F

I SOUGHT a patronels, but fought in va Apollo whifper'd in my ear-' Germain I know her not-' Your reafon's fomewhat

- "Who knows his patron now?" reply'd
- God. ' Men write, to me and to the world unkno
- ' Then steal great names to shield them ' the town.
- ' Detected worth, like beauty difarray'd,
- ' To covert flies, of praite itfelf afraid;
- " Should the refute to patronize your lays
- " In vengeance write a volume in her praife
- " Nor think it hard fo great a length to run
- " When fuch the theme, 'twill eafily be do Ye fair ! to draw your excellence ar lens Exceeds the narrow bounds of human firen You here in miniature your pictures fce; Nor hope from Zinks more justice than from My portraits grace your mind, as his your His portraits will inflame, mine quench pride;

He's dear, you frugal; chufe my cheaper l And be your reformation all my pay.

Lavinia is police, but not profane; To church as constant as to Drury-lane. She decently in form pays Héav'n its due; And makes a civil vifit to her pew. Her lifted fan, to give a felemu air, Conceals her face, which pailes for a prav'r: Court'fies to court'fies, then, with grace faceeed; Not one the fair omits, but at the cross. Or if the joins the fervice, 'tis to fpeak; Thro' dreadful filence the peut heart might break; Untaught to bear it, women talk away To God himfelf, and fondly think they pray. But fiveet the accent, and their air refin'd; For they're before their Maker—and mankind: When ladies once are proud of praying well, Satan himfelf will toll the parifit-beil.

Acquainted with the world, and quite well-bred, Druta receives her vifitants in bed; But chaffe as ice, this Vella to defy The very blackeft tongue of calumny, When from her theets her lovely form the lifts, She begs you juft would turn you while the thifts.

Those charms are greatest which decline the fight,

That makes the banquet poignant and polite. There is no woman where there's no releive; And 'tis on plenty your poor lovers flave.

But with the modern fair, meridian merit Is a fierce thing, they call a nymph of fpirit. Mark well the rollings of her flaming eve, And tread on tiptoe, if you dare draw nigh. • Or if you take a lion by the heard " • Or dare defy the fell Hyrcaman pard, " Or arm'd rhinoceros, or rough Ruffian bear," First make your will, and then converse with her. This lady glories in profuse expence, And thinks diftraction is magnificence. To beggar her gallant is fome delight; To be more fatal still is exquisite. Had ever nymph fuch reafon to be glad? In duel fell two lovers; one run mad. Her focs their honeft executions pour; Her lovers only fhould deteft her more. Thrice happy they ! who think I boldly feign, And starile at a mistress of my brain.

Flavia's conftant to her old gallant, And gen'roufly fupports him in his want. But marriage is a fetter, is a finare, A hell no lady fo polite can bear. She's faithful, fhe's obfervant, and with pains Her angel brood of baftards fhe maintains. Nor lealt advantage has the fair to plead,

But that of guilt above the marriage-bed. Amatia hates a prude, and fcorns reftraint; Whate'er fhe is, fhe'll not appear a faint: Her foul fuperior, flics forenality; So gay her air, her conduct is to free, Some might fufpect the nymph not over good-Nor would they be initiaken if they mou'd.

Unmarry'd Abra puts on cormal aus; Her culhion's thread-bare with her conftant prav'rs.

Her only grief is, that the cannot be At once engaged in pray r and charity ! And this, to do her justice, must be faid,

⁴ Who would not think that Abra was a maid?⁴ Some ladies are too beauteous to be wed; For where's the man that's worthy of their bed? If no difeafe reduce her pride before, Lavina will be ravifh'd at threefcore. Then the fubmits to venture in the dark; And nothing now is wanting—but her foark. Lucia thinks happinefs confifts in flate; She weds an idiot, but the eats in place.

The goods of fortune, which her foul poffers, Are but the ground of unmade happinels; The rude material; wifdom add to this, Wifdom, the fole artificer of blifs. She from herfelf, if fo compell'd by need, Of thin content can draw the fubtle thread; But (no detraction to her facred fkill) If the can work in gold, 'tis better thill.

If Tullia had been bleft with half her fenfe, None could too much admire her excellence. But fince the can make error thine to bright, She thinks it vulgar to defend the right. With underftanding the is quite o'er-run; And by too great accomplithments undone. With fkill the vibrates her eternal tongue, For ever most divinely in the wrong.

Naked in nothing fhould a woman be, But veil her very wit with modefty; Let man difcover, let not her difplay, But yield her charms of mind with fiveet delay.

For pleafure form'd, perverfely fome believe, To make themfelves important, men muft grieve. Lefbia the fair, to fire her jcalous lord, Pretends the fop fhe laughs at is ador'd. In vain the's proud of fecret innocence; The fact fhe feigns were fearce a worfe offence.

Mira, endow'd with ev'ry charm to blefs, Has no defign but on her hufband's peace; He lov'd her much, and greatly was he mor'd At fmall inquietudes in her he lov'd. [long; ' How charming this?'— The pleafure lafted Now ev'ry day the fit comes thick and ftrong; At laft he found the charmer only feign'd, And was diverted when he fhould be pain'd. What greater vengeance have the Gods in ftor? How tedious life, now fhe can plague no mor? She tries her thoufand arts, but none fucced: She's forc'd a fever to procure indeed: Thus ftrictly prov'd this virtuous loving wife, Her hufband's pain was dearer than her life.

Anxious Melania rifes to my view, Who never thinks her lover pays his due; Vifit, prefent, treat, flatter, and adore; Her majeffy to-morrow calls for more. His wounded ears complaints eternal fill, As unoil'd hinges queriloully flirll. "You went laft night with Celia to the ball." You prove it falfe. "Not go! that's worft of all." Nothing can pleafe her, nothing not inflame; And arrant contradictions are the fame. Her lover muft be fud to pleafe her fpleen; His mirth is an inexpiable fin.

• Shakespeare.

vals that can pain her breaft, that wounds far deeper than the reft; er quiet, the most dreadful shelf ver dares enjoy himfelf.

becaufe fhe's exquifitely fair, fpute her beauty, how fhe'd ftare ! Melania be furpris'd to hear deform'd ! and yet the cafe is clear. emale beauty but an air divine, h the mind's all-gentle graces fhine ? the fun, irradiate all between ; harms becaufe the foul is feen. are often captives of a face, not why, of no peculiar grace;

s, though bright, no mortal man bear;

refift, tho' not exceeding fair. highly born and nicely bred, .n'd, in life and manners read, io fruit from her fuperior fenfe, .a'd by her own excellence. : fo aukward ! things fo unpolite !" ntly pain'd from morn to night. y's fhock'd where'er fhe goes; Ire's imperfections are her wocs. its favours has the fair diftreft, ! fuch bleffings---that fhe can't be bleft. y fo vain, though blooming in thy ng,

ng, frail, ador'd, and wretched thing ! Il come, difeafe may come before; 'ull as mortal as threefcore. ie and thy charms may foon decay; 'hefe fugitives prolong their flay, i totters, their foundation fhakes, apports them, in a moment breaks; ught into the foul let virtues fhine; id eternal as the work divine. manager, fhe's born for rule, 's her wifer hufband is a fool;

holds and fpins the fubtle thread es the lover to his fair one's bed; It amours can fmooth the way, r letters dictate or convey. riv'd of fuch important cares, m condefcends to lefs affairs. vn breakfast she'll project a scheme, her tea without a ftratagem; er triffes with a ferious face, by the virtue of grimace. upreme among amufements reign, born to footh and entertain; dence in a fhare of folly lies, they be fo weak as to be wife. is for ever in extremes, a vengeance fhe commends, or blames. of her differnment, which is good, ; too much to make it underftood. nent just, her sentence is too strong; ie's right, fhe's ever in the wrong. a's wife in actions great and rare; on trifles to beftow her care. v hour Bruncita is to blame, l'occasion is beneath her aim.

Think nought a trifle, the' it finall appears Small fands the mountain, moments make the year,

And trifles life. Your care to trifles give, Or you may die before you truly live.

Go breakfast with Alicia, there you'll fee Simplex munditiis, to the last degree. Unlac'd her stays, her night-gown is unty'd, And what the has of head-drets is alide. She drawls her words, and waddles in her pace: Unwafh'd her hands, and much beinuff'd her face. A nail uncut, and head uncomb'd flie loves; And would draw on jack-boots as foon as gloves. Gloves by queen Befs's maidens might be mift, Her bleffed eyes ne'er faw a female fift. Lovers, beware ! to wound how can fhe fail, With fcarlet finger and long jetty nail? For Hervey the first wit she cannot be; Nor, cruel Richard, the first toast for thee. Since full each other station of renown, Who would not be the greatest Trapes in town? Women were made to give our eyes delight; A female floven is an odious fight.

Fair Ifabella is fo fond of fame, That her dear felf is her eternal theme; Thro' hopes of contradiction, oft fhe'll fay, "Methinks I look fo wretchedly to-day!" When moft the world applauds you, moft beware; 'Tis often lefs a bleiling than a fnare. Diftruft mankind; with your own heart confer; And dread ev'n there to find a flatterer. The breath of others raites our renown; Our own as furely blows the pageant down; Take up no more than you by worth can claim, Left foon you prove a bankrupt in your fame.

But own I must, in this perverted age, Who most deferve, can't always most engage. So far is worth from making glory furc, It often hinders what it should procure. [wife? Whom praife we most ? the virtuous, brave, and No; wretches whom in fecret we defpife. And who fo blind as not to fee the caufe? No rival's rais'd by fuch diferent applaufe; more. And yet of credit it lays in a ftore, By which our fplcen may wound true worth the Ladies there are who think one crime is all; Can women then no way but backward fall? So fweet is that one crime they don't purfue, To pay its lofs, they think all others few. Who hold that crime fo dear, must never claim Of injur'd modefty the facred name.

But Clio thus: 'What railing without end? 'Mean tafk ! how much more gen'rous to com-'mend ?'

Yes, to commend, as you are wont to do, My kind inftructor and example too.

• Daphnis,' fays Clio, • has a charming eye: • What pity 'tis her fhoulder is awry ?

' Afpafia's fhape indeed-but then her air-

' The man has parts who finds deftruction there.

" Almeria's wit has fomething that's divine;

' And wit's enough-how few in all things fhine !

" Selina ferves her friends, relieves the poor-

• Who was it faid Schina's near threefcore ?

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• Ai

At Lucin's match I from my foul rejoice,
The world congratulates fo wife a choice;
His Lord/hip's rent-roll is exceeding great—
But mortgages will fap the beft eftate.
In Shirley's form might cherubins appear;
But then—the has a freekle on her ear.'
Without a but, Hortenfia file commends, The first of women, and the beft of friends;
Owns her in perfor, wit, fame, virtue bright; But how comes this to pats?—the dy'd laft night.

Thus nymphs commend, who yet at Satire rail :----

Indeed that's needles, if fuch praife prevail; And whence fuch prate? our virulence is thrown On others fame, thro' fondness for our own.

Of rank and riches proud, Cleora frowns; For arc not coronets akin to crowns? Her greedy eye and her fublime addrefs The height of avarice and pride confefs. You feek perfections worthy of her rank; Go, feek for her perfections at the bank. By wealth unquenched, by reafon uncontrolled, For ever burns her facted thirth of gold. As fond of five-pence as the verieft cit, And quite as much deteffed as a wit.

Can gold calm pattion, or make reafon thine ? Can we dig peace or wildom from the mine ? Wildom to gold prefer, for 'tis much lefs To make our fortune than our happinefs. That happiness which great ones often fee, With rage and wonder, in a low degree, Themfelves unbleft : the poor are only poor; But what are they who droop amid their flore? Nothing is meaner than a wretch of ftate; The happy only are the truly great. Peafants enjoy like appentes with kings, And those best fatisfy'd with cheapeft things. Could both our Indics buy but one new fenfe, Our envy would be due to large expence. Since not, those pomps which to the great belong Are but poor arts to mark them from the throng. See, how they beg an alms of Flattery ! They languish ! oh support them with a lie ! A decent competence we fully tafte; It ftrikes our finfe, and gives a conftant feaft : More, we perceive by dust of thought alone; The rich must labour to poffefs their own, To feel their great abundance; and request Their humble friends to help them to be bleft; To see their treasures, hear their glory told, And aid the wretched impotence of gold.

But fome, great fouls ! and touch'd with warmth divine,

Give gold a price, and teach its beams to finine. All hoarded treafures they repute a load, Nor think their wealth their own, till well be-

flow'd. Grand refervoirs of public happiness,

Through fecret fircams diffuñvely they blefs; And while their bounties glide conceal'd from view,

Relieve our wants, and spare our blushes too.

But fatire is my tafk, and thefe defloy Her gloomy province and malignant joy. Help me, ye mifers! help me to corpain And blaft our common enemy, German But our invectives muft defpair facals, For next to praife, the values nothing les.

Trà What picture's yonder looten'd from in from **N**5-0 Or is't Aufturia ? that affected dame. ، نىل The brighteft forms, thro' affectation, fair WŁ To ftrange new things, which nature seven he : Frown not, ye fair ! io much your fex we m We: We hate those arts that take you from our res What In Albucinda's native grace is feen What you, who labour at perfection, mea **Tre** Short is the rule, and to be learnt with ak-Set. Retain your gentle felves, and you multiple line: Here might I fing of Memnua's mining m hi And all the movements of the joit mater: 5 -1 How two red lips affected zephyrs blow, Sr: To cool the bohea, and inflame the beat; Set While one white finger and a thamb com 75 To lift the cup, and make the world admr. **تتلأ**

Tea! how I tremble at thy facil firera: As Lethe, dreadful to the love of fame. What devaltations on thy banks are fee? What fhades of mighty names which cashs been !

A hecatomb of charafters fupplies Thy painted altar's daily facthice. H-, P-, B-, afpers'd by thee, deay As grains of fineft fugars melt away, And recommend thee more to morial tak: Scandal's the fweet'ner of a female feat.

But this inhuman triumph fhall decime, And thy revolving Naiads call for wine; Spirits no longer thall ferve under thee, But reign in thy own cup, exploded tea! Citronia's nofe declares thy run nigh; And who dates give Citronia's note the **i**t^{*}

The ladies long at men of drink exclant. And what impair d both health and vurue shall At length, to refcue man, the gen rous has Stole from her confort the pernicious glas: As glorious as the Britifh queen renown's, Who fuck'd the poifon from her build wound.

Nor to the glafs alone are nymphs include But ev'ry bolder vice of bold mankind

O Juvenal! for the feverer rage! To laft the ranker follies of our age. Are there among the females of our ife Such faults, at which it is a fault to imik¹. There are. Vice, once by modeft natur and And legal ties, expatiates unreftrain'd, Without thin decency held up to view, Naked the ftalks o'er law and golpel to-Our Matrons lead fuch exemplary live, Men figh in vain for none but for their wiff Who marry to be free, to range the mor-And wed one man to wanton with a fort-Abroad too kind, at home 'tis ftedfaft hat, And one eternal tempeft of debate.

* ----- Solem quis dicere falsum audeat ? VIRGIL.

What:

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tions from a look moft meek! burfting from a dimpled check! bear it with a lofty hand; reafon is at due command. you deteft, and feek his life ? with the fecret—but his wife! that their conduct I condemn, kindred is a fpoufe to them ? is of am'rous grandmothers I fee, cient in iniquity! [ing! whifpers, and what loud declaimdrinking, bawding, fwearing,

old, fuch warm incontinence, varice, fuch profuse expence; otion, fuch a zeal for crimes, II, fuch mafquerading times, h, iuch mifappiy'd applaufe, guilt, and fuch inverted laws, n thro' the whole I find, ld, but chaos of mankind. s have no balls, the well-dreft belle ew, but finiles to hear of hell; ye of fweet difdain on all is to C----ns than St. Paul. been but rare fince nature's birth ; atheifts ne'er appear'd on earth ; p refearches, fav, whence (prings naracter, in tim'rous things, eathers, from an infect fly ? - but the Deity ! othing rong the fair, the Muse must own : they court not fame alone ; it a more substantial view,

ing free, to be free agents too." with their own hearts, and keep lown,

ce to all the fools in town. remble at the name of prude ' fhame at thought of being good ! Artimis, the rich and gay, : wits (that is, the coxcombs) fay ? defy, to earth's vile dregs a flave; ice moft execrably brave. 1 judgments durft we to comply, ild we live, in glory die.

Muse, in honest fury rise; Satire who defy the Skies. :few; moft nymphs a godhead own, but his attributes dethrone. far, they fledfaftly believe almighty - to forgive. llence they'll not difpute; re, is his chief attribute. s of a fhort duration chain in everlating pain? t Author us poor worms deftroy, then a fip of transient joy ? ver in a finiling mood; nfelves; or how cou'd he be good? pheme who blacker fchemes fuppofe 13, Jehovah they depose !

The pure 1 the just ! and fet up in his stead A Deity that's perfectly well-bred.

" Dear Tillotion ! befure the best of men ; "Nor thought he more than thought great Origen,

"Tho' once upon a time he mitbehav'd :

" Poor Satan ! doubtless he'll at length be fav'd.

" Let priefts do something for their one in ten;

- " It is their trade; fo far they're honeft men.
- " Let them cant on, fince they have got the knack,
- "And drefs their notions, like themfelves, in " black ;

"Fright us with terrors of a world unknown, From joys of this, to keep them all their own. Of earth's fair fruits, indeed, they claim a fee ; But then they leave our untith'd virtue free. Virtue's a pretty thing to make a flow : Did ever mortal write like Rochefaucaut?" Thus pleads the devil's fair apologift. And pleading, fafely enters on his lift.

Let angel-forms angelic truths maintain; Nature disjoins the beautous and prophane. For what's true beauty but fair virtue's face? Virtue made vifible in outward grace? She, then, that's haunted with an impioue mind, The more fhe charms themorefhethocksmankind. But charms decline; the fair long vigils keep; They fleep no more ! Quadrille has murder'd fleep.

"Poor K—p! cries Livia; I have not been there "Thefetwo nights; the poor creature will defpair. "I hate a crowd—but to do good, you know— "And people of condition fhou'd beftow." Convinc'd, o'ercome, to K—p's grave matrons Now fet a daughter, and now flake a fon; [run, Let health, fame, temper, beauty, fortune fly; And beggar half their race — thro' charity,

Immortal were we, or elfe mortal quite, I lefs fhould blame this criminal delight, But fince the gay affembly's gayeft room Is but an upper flory to fome tomb, Methinks we need not our fhort beings fhun, And, thought to fly, contend to be undone. We need not huy our ruin with our crime, And give eternity to murder time.

The love of gaming is the worft of ills; With ceafeless ftorms the blacken'd foul it fills : Inveighs at Heav'n, neglects the ties of blood, Deftroys the pow'r and will of doing good; Kills heaith, pawns honor, plunges in difgrace, And, what is ftill more dreadful, fpoils your facet See yonder fet of thieves that live on fpoil, The fcandal and the ruin of our ifie ! And, fee (strange fight) amid that ruffian band, A form divine high wave her fnowy hand ; That rattles loud a small enchanted box, Which loud as thunder on the board fhe knocks. And as fierce ftorms, which earth's foundation From Æolus's cave impetuous broke, [fhook, From this fmall cavern a mix'd tempest flies; Fear, rage, convultion, tears, oaths, blafphemies! For men, I mean, the fair discharges none: She (guiltiefs creature !) iwears to Heav'n alone.

* Shakespeares

See her eyes flart ! cheeks glow ! and mufcles Like the mad maid in the Cumcan cell. [fwell ! Thus that divine one her foft nights employs ! Thus tunes her foul to tender nuptial joys ! And when the cruel morning calls to bed, And on her pillow lays her aking head, With the dire images her dreams are crown'd, The die fpins lovely, or the cards go round ; Imaginary ruin charms her ftill ; Her happy lord is cuckold by Spadille; And if the's brought to bed, 'tis ten to one, He marks the forehead of her darling fon.

O fcene of horror, and of wild defpair I Why is the rich Artides' fplendid heir Conftrain'd to quit his ancient lordly feat, And hide his glories in a mean retreat ! Why that drawn fword? and whence that difmal Why pale diffraction thro' the family ? [cry? See, my lord threatens, and my lady weep, And trembling fervants from the tempeft creep. Why that gay fon to diftant regions fent ? What fiends that daughter's defin'd match pre-Why the whole house in fudden ruin laid? [vent ! O nothing, but laft night - my lady play'd.

But wanders not my Satire from her theme ? Is this too owing to the Love of Fame? Though now your hearts on lucre are bestow'd; Twas first a vain devotion to the mode. Nor ceafe we here, fince 'tis a voice fo ftrong; The torrent fweeps all womankind along. This may be faid in honor of our times, [crimes. That none now stands distinguish'd by their

If fin you must, take Nature for your guide, Love has fome foft excuse to footh your pride, Ye fair apostates from love's ancient pow'r ! Can nothing ravifh but a golden fhow'r ? Can cards alone your glowing fancy feize? Must Cupid learn to punt ere he can please ? When you're enamour'd of a lift or caft, What can the preacher more to make us chafte? Can fame, like a repique, the foul entrance ? And what is virtue to the lucky chance? Why must firong youths unmarry'd pine away? They find no woman difengag'd — from play. Why pine the marry'd? O feverer fate! They find from play no difengag'd -- eftate. Flavia, at lovers falle untouch'd, and hard, Turns pale, and trembles at a cruel card. Nor Arria's Bible can fecure her age; Her threefcore years are fhuffling with her page, While Death Rands by but till the game is done, To fweep that fake in justice long his own; Like old cards ting'd with fulphur the takes fire; Or, like fnuffs funk in fockets. blazes higher. Ye gods ! with new delights infpire the fair; Or give us fons, and fave us from defpair ?

Sons, brothers, fathers, huibands, tradefinen clofe

In my complaint, and brand your fins in profe : Yet 1 believe, as firmly as my creed, In fpire of all our wildom, you proceed. Our pride to great, our pattion is fo ftrong, Advice to right confirms us in the wrong.

I hear you cry, " this fellow's very odd." When you chaftife, who would not kifs the rod? But I've a charm your anger fhall controul, And turn your eyes with coldness on the vole.

The charms begin! To yonder flood of light That burfts o'er gloomy Britain, turn your fight. What guardian pow'r o'erwhelms your fouls with Her deeds are precepts, her example law. [awe? 'Midit empire's charms, how Carolina's heart Glows with the love of virtue and of art ! Her favour is diffus'd to that degree, Excess of goodness it has dawn'd on me: When in my page, to balance num'rous faults, Or godiike deeds were flown, or gen'rous thoughts,

She finil'd, industrious to be pleas'd, nor knew From whom my pen the borrow'd luftre drew.

* Thus the majeftic mother of mankind, To her own charms most amiably blind, On the green margin innocently flood, And gaz'd indulgent on the crystal flood; Survey'd the stranger in the painted wave, And, fmiling, prais'd the beauties which the gave.

+ In more than civil war, while patriots from; While genius is but cold, their paffion warm; While public good aloft, in pomp they wield, And private int'reft fculks behind the fhield; While Mift and Wilkins rife in weekly might, Make preffes groan, lead fenators to fight; Exalt our coffee with lampoons, and treat The pamper'd mob with ministers of state ; " tWhile Ate hot from hell makes heroes thrink, " Cries havock, and lets loofe the dogs of ink;" Nor rank nor fex efcapes the gen'ral frown, But ladies are ripp'd up, and cits knock'd down; Treinendous force ! where ev'n the victor bleeds; And he deferves our pity that fucceeds; Immortal Juvenal ! and thou of France ! In your fam'd field my Satire dares advance; But cuts herfelf a track, to you unknown, Nor crops your laurel, but would raife her own; A bold adventure ! but a fafe one too ! For, though furpafs'd, I am furpais'd by you.

§ 50. Love of Fame the Universal Passon. YOUNG

SATIRE VII.

To the Right Hunourable Sir Robers Walpole.

Cormina tum melius, cum venerit Ipfe, canemut. VIRG

O^N this last labour, this my closing strain, Smile Walpole, or the Nine inspire in vain. To thee 'tis due: that verfe how justly thine, Where Brunfwick's glory crowns the whole de-

fign 1 That glory which thy counfels make fo bright I That glory, which on thee reflects a light! Illustrious commerce, and but rarely known ! To give and take a luftre from the throne.

Shakespeare.

* Milton.

+ Lucan.

Boor IL

No

. that thou art foreign to my theme; a is not foreign to the ftream. 1kind will be furpriz'd to fee f British folly charg'd on thee ! , whence this caprice of thy Sons, their various ranks with fury runs? plain, a caufe which we must blefs; is the daughter of Success A, but from a pleafing caufe) ur rulers undefign'd applause; heir conduct bids our wealth increase, in the downy lap of peace. urvey the bleffings of our Ifle, imphant in the Royal imile, wounds bound up, her credit high, rce spreading fails in ev'ry fky, g icene recals my theme agen, the madness of ambitious men, of bloodfhed, draw the murd'ring give mankind a fingle lord. [fword, :s past are of a private kind, c is fmall, their mischief is confin'd; men there are (awake, my Mule, ny verfe) who bolder frenzy chufe; g by glory, rave, and bound away; their field, and humankind their prey. cian chief, th'enthusiast of his pride, and Terror stalking by his fide, 1 the globe; he foars into a god ! Divinpus ! and fuffain his nod. vine in horrid grandeur reigns, 5 on mankind's miferies and pains. hter'd hofts ! what cities in a blaze ! ed countries ! and what crimfon feas! ing tears his impious bowl o'erflows, f kingdoms lull him to repofe. not thrice ten hundred years unpraife ous boy, and blaft his guilty bays? we then encomiums on the ftorm, or volcano? They perform ity deeds; they, hero-like, can flay, their ample defarts in a day. iance ! O divine renown ! h and peftilence to thare the crown. 1 extol a wild dettroyer's name, ilder and Preferver they blatpheme. leftroy is murder by the law; ts keep the lifted hand in awe; thousands takes a specious name, ious art, and gives immortal fame. fter battle I the field have feen [men; with ghailly shapes, which once were rutht ! a nation of the brave ! f death 1 and on this fide the grave ! faid 1, who from this fad furvey, in chaos, carry fmiles away I ny heart with indignation rife ! ft nature swell'd into my eyes! I fhockt to think the heroes trade aterials, fame and triumph, made ! ilry thefe! yet not lefs guilty they h false glory by a smoother way; o destruction up in gentle words, s, and fmiles, more fatal than their ords:

Who fiffe nature and fubfift on art, Who coin the face, and petrify the heart; All real kindnels for the fhew difeard, As marble polifi'd, and as marble hard: Who do for gold what Chriftians do thro'grace, "With open arms their enemics embrace !" Who give a nod when broken hearts repine; 'The thinneft food on which a wretch can dine." Or, if they ferve you, ferve you difinclin'd, And, in their height of kindnels, are unkind !. Such courtiers were, and fuch again may be, Walpolé, when men forget to copy thee.

Here ceafe, my mufe ! the catalogue is writ, Nor one more candidate for fame admit, Tho' difappointed thou[ands juftly blame Thy partial pen, and boaft an equal claim. Be this their comfort, fools omitted here May furnith laughter for another year; Then let Crifpino, who was ne'er refus'd The juftice yet of being well abus'd, With patience wait ! and be content to reign The pink of puppies in fome future firain.

Some future firain, in which the Mule thall tell How feience dwindles, and how volumes fwell ; How commentators each dark paffage fhun,

And hold their farthing-candle to the fun; How tortur'd texts to freak our fense are And ev'rv vice is to the feripture laid; [made,

How milers fqueeze a young voluptuous peer, His fins to Lucifer not half fo dear; How Verius is lefs qualify d to fteal

With fword and piftol, than with wax and feal; How lawyers fees to fuch excefs are run,

That clients are redreft — till they're undone; How one man's anguith is another's fport, And ev'n denials coft us dear at court;

How man eternally falle judgment makes,

And all his joys and forrows are miftakes ! This fwarm of themes that fettles on mypen, Which I, like fummer-flies, fhake off again, Let others fing; to whom my weak effay But founds a prelude, and points out their prey. That duty done, I haften to complete My own defign; for Tonion's at the gate.

The Love of Fame, in its effects furvey'd, The Mule has fung; be now the caufe difplay'dt Since fo diffusive, and fo wide its fway, What is this Pow'r, whom all mankind obey?

What is this tow 1, whom an induction obey 1 Shot from above, by Heav'n's indulgence came This gen'rous ardor, this unconquer'd flame, To warm, to raife, to deify mankind, Still burning brighteft in the nobleft mied. By large-foul'd men, for thirft of fame renown'd, Wife laws were fram'd, and fecret atts were found:

Defire of praife first broke the patriot's reft, And made a bulwark of the warrior's breaft; It bids Argyle in fields and fenates thine. What more can prove its origin divide?

But oh 1 this paffion, planted in the foul, On eagle's wings to mount her to the pole, The flaming minister of virtue meant,

Set up falle gods, and wrong d her high defeent. Ambition, hence, exerts a doubtful force,

Of blots and besuties an alternate fource;

Hence Gildon rails, the raven of the pit, Who thrives upon the carcafes of wit; And in art-loving Scarborough is fecn How kind a patron Polio might have been. Purfuit of fame with pedants fills our fchools, And into coxcombs burnifhes our fools; Purfuit of fame makes folid learning bright, And Newton lifts above a mortal height; That key of nature, by whole wit the clears Her long, long fecrets of five thouland ycars.

Would you then fully comprehend the whole, Why, and in what degrees, Pride fways the foul? (For tho' in all not equally the reigns) Awake to knowledge, and attend my firains.

Ye Doctors! hear the doctrine I difelole, As true as if 'twere writ in dullest profe; As if a letter'd dunce had faid "'tis right," And *imprimatur* uther'd it to light.

To glorious deeds this paffion fires the mind; And clofer draws the ties of humankind, Confirms fociety; fince what we prize As our chief bleffing must from others rife.

Ambition in the truly noble mind With fifter-virtue is for ever join'd; As in fam'd Lucrece, who, with equal dread, From guilt and fhame, by her laft conduct fled; Her virtue long rebell'd with firm difdain, And the fivord pointed at her heart in vain; But, when the flave was threaten'd to be laid Dead by her fide, her love of fame obey'd.

In meaner minds Ambition works alone, But with fuch art puts Virtue's afpect on, That not more like in feature, and in mien, * The God and mortal in the comic feene. Falfe Julius, ambufht in this fair difguife, Soon made the Roman liberties his prize.

No mark in bateft minds ambition wears, But in full light pricks up her afs's cars; All I have fung are infrances of this, And prove my theme unfolded not amifs.

Ye vain! defift from your erroneous ftrife; Be wife, and quit the falle tubime of life. The true ambition there alone refides Where juftice vindicates, and wildom guides; Where inward dignity joins outward flate, Our purpole good, as our atchievement great; Where public bleffings public praite lattend. Where glory is our motive, not our end. [view Would'ft thou be fam'd ! have those high deeds in Brave men would act, tho' feantial thould enfue.

Bcheld a prince ' whom no twoln thoughts in-No pride of thrones, no fever after fame; [flame; But when the welfare of mankind inforces, And death in view to dear-bought glory fires, Proud conqueft then, then regal pomps delight; Then crowns, then triumples, flarkle in his fight; Tumult and noise are dear, which with them His people's bleffings to their ardent king: [bring But, when those great heroic motives ceafe, Mis fwelling foul fublides to native pecace; From tedious grandeur's faded charms withdraws, A fudden foe to fplendor and applaute;

ight," And charm envenom'd Satire into praise.

the fky,

Nor human rage alone + his pow'r perceives, But the mad winds and the tumultuous waves. Even ftorms (Death's herceft minifters!) forbear, And, in their own wild empire learn to fpare. Thus nature's felf, fupporting man's decree, Stiles Britain's fov'reign, Sov'reign of the Sea.

Greatly deferring his arrears of fame, Till men and angels jointly thout his name.

O pride celestial ! which can pride disdain;

O bleft ambition ! which can ne'er be vain. From one fam'd Alpine hill, --- which propa

In whole deep womb unfathom'd waters lie,

Here burst the Rhone and sounding Po; there In infant rills the Danube and the Rhine; [shine From the rich store one fruitful urn supplies,

Whole kingdoms imile, a thoufand harvefts rife.

When his heart burns with fuch a godiike aim, Angels and George are rivals for the Fame;

George, who in foes can foft affections raile,

In Brunswick such a source the Muse adores, Which public bleffings thro' half Europe pours,

While fea and air great Brunfwick ! fhook our flate.

And fported with a king's and kingdom's fate, Depriv'd of what fhe lov'd, and preft with fcar Of ever lofing what fhe held moft dear, How did Britannia, like t Achilles, weep, And tell her forrows to the kindred deep ! Hang o'er the floods, and in devotion warm, Strive for thee with the furge, and fight the form !

What felt thy Walpole, pilot of the realm ? Our Palinurus § flept not at the helm, His eye ne'er clos'd; long fince inur'd to wake, And outwatch ev'ry flar, for Brunfwick's fake: By thwarting paffions toft, by cares oppreft, He found thy tempeft pictur'd in his breaft. But now what joys that gloom of heat difpel, No pow'rs of language—but his own can tell; His own, which Nature and the Graces form At will, to raife or hufh the civil ftorm.

§ 51. The Cafile of Indolence. An Allegorical Poem. THOMPSON.

The Caftle-hight of Indolence, And its falfe luxury; Where for a little time, alas! We liw'd right jallily.

O MORTAL man, who liveft here by toil, Do not complain of this thy hard effate; That like an emmet thou muft ever moil, Is a fad fentence of an ancient date; And certev, there is for it reafon great; For tho' fometimes it makes thee weep and wal, And curfe thy flar, and early drudge and late; Withouten that would come an heavier bale, Loofe life, unruly paffions, and difeafes pale.

* Amphitryon. + The king in danger by (ca. ‡ Hom. II lib. 1. § Écce Deus ramum Lethreo rore madentem, &c. V120. L 5.

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'ly dale, fait by a river's fide,

It enchanting wizard did abide,

woody hill o'er hill encompass'd round,

whom a fiend more fell is nowhere found. , I ween, a lovely fpot of ground; here a feafon atween June and May, rankt with fpring, with fummer half imbrown'd. cfs climate made, where, footh to fay, wight could work, ne cared e'en for play. lought around but images of reft : foothing groves, and quiet lawnsbetween; lowery beds that flumbero us influence keft, poppies breath'd; and beds of pleasant green, : never yet was creeping creature feen. time unnumber'd glittering streamlets play'd, nurled ev'rywhere there waters fheen; is they bicker'd thro' the funny glade, tless ftill themselves, a lulling murmur made. ' to the prattle of the purling rills, : heard the lowing herds along the vale, ocks loud bleating from the distant hills, acant shepherds piping in the dale : ow and then fweet Philomel would wail, :k-doves 'plain amid the foreft dcep, lrowfy ruftled to the fighing gale; ill a coil the grafhopper did keep: " vale. efe founds yblent inclined all to fleep. . the paffage of the vale above, :, filent, folemn foreft itood ; : nought but fhadowy forms were feen to ove efs fancy'd in her dreaming mood : p the hills on either fide a wood, k'ning pines ay waving to and fro, rth a fleepy horror thro' the blood ; here this valley winded out below, m'ring main was heard, and fearcely ard to flow. fing land of drowfy head it was: ims that wave before the half-fut eye; gay caftles in the clouds that pafs, r flushing round a fummer sky eke the foft delights, that witchingly wanton fweetness through the breaft, Im the pleafures always hover'd nigh; late'er imack'd of noyance, or unreft, far off expell'd from this delicious neft.

adicape fuch, infpiring perfect eafe, Indolence (for to the wizard hight) id his caftle mid embow'ring trees, alf flut out the beams of Phoebus bright, ade a kind of chequer'd day and night: hile, unceafing at the maffy gate, 1 a fpacious palm, the wicked wight ac'd; and to his lute, of eruel fare 1r harfh, complain'd, lamenting man's ate. Thither continual pilgrims crouded fill, From all the roads of earth that pais thereby; For, as they chanc'd to breathe on neighb'ring hill,

The freihness of this valley finote their eye, And drew them ever and anon more nigh, Till cluftering round the enchanter falle they Ymolten with his fyren melody; [hung, While o'er the enfeebling lure hishand he flung,

- And to the trembling chords those tempting verfes fung :
 - " Behold ! ye pilgrims of this earth, behold !
 - " See all but man with uncarn'd pleature gay:
 - " See her bright robes the butterfly unfold,
 - " Broke from her wintry tomb in prime of May
 - "What youthful bride can equal her array?"
 - "Who can with her for easy pleasure vie I
 - " From mead to mead with gentle wing toftray,
- "From flower to flower on balmy gales to fly, Is all the hath to do beneath the radiant fky,
 - " Behold the merry minstrels of the morn,
 - " The fivarming fongiters of the carelets grove, " Ten thousand throats ! that from the flower-" ing thorn [love,
 - "Hymn their good God, and carol fiveet of
 - " Such grateful kindly raptures them emoves
 - "They neither plow nor low; ne, fit for flail "E'er to the barn the nodding fheaves they
 - "drove;
- "Yet theirs each harveft dancing in the gale, Whatever crowns the hill, or imiles along the "vale.
 - " Outcaft of nature, man ! the wretched thrall
 - " Of bitter-dropping fweat, of fweltry pain,
 - " Of cares that cat away thy heart with gall,
 - " And of the vices, an inhuman train,
 - "That all proceed from favage thirst of gain:
 - " For when hard-hearted int'reft first began
 - " To poiton earth, Aftræa left the plain ;
 - "Guile, violence, and murder feiz'd on man,
- "And, for foft milky streams, with blood the rivers ran.
 - " Come, ye who ftill the cumbrous load of life
 - " Puth hard up hill; but as the farthest steep
 - " You truft to gain, and put an end to itrife,
 - " Down thunders back the ftone with mighty "fweep,
 - " And hurls your labours to the valley deep,
 - "For ever vain; come, and withouten fee,
 - " I in oblivion will your forrows steep, [f.a. "Your cares, your toils; will steep you in a
- " Of full delight: O come, ye wearywights, tome!
 - "With me you need not rife at early dawn, "To pais the joylefs day in various jounds;
 - " Or, louting low, on upftart fortune fawn,
 - "And fell fair honor for fome paltry pounds
 - " Or thro' the city take your dirty rounds,
 - " To cheat, and dun, and lie, and vifit pay,
 - "Now flattering bale, now giving fecret "wounds;

" Or proul in courts of law for human prey, Invenal fenate thisve, or rob on broad highway, A a

Ne

- " No cocks with me to ruthic labour call,
- " From village on to-village founding clear ;
- "To tardy fixins no fhrill-voic'd matron's " (quall; [car;
 - " No dogs, no babes, no wives, to flun your " No hammers thump, no horrid blacklinith " fear,
 - "Nonoify tradefmen your fweet flumbers ftart With founds that are a mifery to hear;
- " But all is calm, as would delight the heart
- " Of Sybarite of old, all nature, and all art.
 - "Here nought but candor reigns, indulgent "eate, [down.
 - " Good natur'd lounging, faunt'ring up and "They who are pleas'd themfelves, muit al-" ways pleafe;
 - " On others ways they never fquint a frown,
 - " Nor heed what haps in hamlet or in town.
 - " Thus, from the fource of tender indolence,
 - " With milky blood the heart is overflown,
 - " Is footh'd and fweeten'd by the focial fenfe;
- " For int'reft, envy, pride, and ftrife are banish'd " hence.
 - " What, what is virtue, but repose of mind,
 - " A pure ethereal calin, that knows no flormi
 - " Above the reach of wild ambition's wind,
 - " Above those paffions that this world deform
 - " And torture man, a proud malignant worm!
 - " But here, inflead, foft gales of pattion play,
 - * And gently für the heart thereby to form
- A quicker fune of joy; as brazes firay
 Acrofs the enliven'd fkies, and make them fill
 more gay.
 - " The beft of men have ever low'd repole ;
 - " They hate to mingle in the filthy fray ;
 - " Where the foul fours, and gradual rancour grows,
 - " Imbitter'd more from previft day to day.
 - " Ly'n those whom fame has lent her faireft ray,
 - " Themest renown'dot worthy wights of yore,
 - " From a bate world at lait have field away:
 - " So Scipio, to the foft Cumatan fhore
- " Retiring, tafted joy he never knew before.
 - * But if a lutle exercise you chuse,
 - " Some zeit for cale, 'tis not forbidden here.
 - . Amid the groves you may indulge the mufe,
 - " Or tend the blooms, and deck the vernal "venu;
 - " Or fofily mealing, with your wat'ry gear,
 - " Along the brooks, the crimfon-fported fry
 - "You may delude : the whilit, amus'd von "hear [figh,
- "Now the hearfe flycam, and now the zephir's "Attuned to the birds and woodland melody.
 - " O grievous folly ! to heap up effate,
 - " Lofing the days you fee beneath the fun;
 - ** When, fudden, comes blind unrelenting fate,
 - " And gives the untailed portion you havewon.
 - "With ruthlets toil, and many a wretch undone, (reign,
 - "To those who mock you gone to Pluto's "There with fad ghofts to pine, and thadows " dun :

"But fure it is of vanities most vain, [tain." "To toil for what you here untoiling may ob.

- Heceas'd. But fill their trembling ears retain'd The deep vibrations of his witching fong; That, by a kind of magic pow'r conftrain'd To enter in, pell-mell, the lift'ning throng. Heaps pour'don heaps, and yet they dipp'dalong In filent cate; as when beneath the beam Of funmer-moons, the diffant woods among, Or by fome flood all filver'd with the gleam.
- The foft-embodied fays through airy portal fiream :
 - By the finooth demon fo it order'd wa2, And here his baneful bounty first began : Tho' lome there were who would not further And his alluring baits fulfpected han. [pafs, The wife diffuring the too fair (poken man. Yet thro' the gate they caft a wifhful eye : Not to move on, forlooth, is all they can; For, do their very beft, they cannot fly,
- But often each way look, and often forely fight
 - When this the watchful wicked wizard faw; With fuddenfpring he leap'd upon them ftrait; And foon as touch'd by his unhallow'd paw; They found themfelves within the curfed gate; Full hard to be reparied like that of fate. Not fironger were of old the giant-crew; Who fought to pull high Jove from regal ftate; Tho' feeble wretch he feem'd, of fallow hee,
- Certes, who bides his grafp, will that encounter rue:
 - For whomfoe'er the villain takes in hand, Their joints unknit, their finews melt apace; As lithe they grow as any willow wand; And of their vanith'd force remains no trace: So when a maiden fair, of modelt grace, In all her buxom blooming May of charms, Is feized in fone lofel's hot embrace, She waxeth very weakly as fac warms,
- Then, fighing, yields her up to love's delicious charms.
 - Wak'd by the croud, flow from his bench arofe A councly full-fpread porter, fivoln with fleep; His calm, broad, thoughtlets afpect; breath'd repole,
 - And in fweet torpor he was plunged deep, Ne could himfelf from ceafelet's yawning keep;
 - While o'cr his eyes the drowfy liquor ran,
 - Through which his half-wak'd foul would faintly peep; Then taking his black flaff, he call'd hisman,
- And rous'd hintelfas much asroufe hinfelf hecan.
 - The lad leap'd lightly at his mafter's call. He was, to weet, a little roguith page, Save fleep and play who minded nought at all, Like most the untaught ftriplings of his age. This Boy he kept each band to difengage, Garters and buckles, talk for him unfit, But ill becoming his grave perfonage, And which his portly pauch would not ptre
 - ITit ;
- So this fame limber page to all performed it.

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Book II.

Meantime the mafter porter wide difplay'd Great flore of caps, of flippers, and of gowns; Wherewith he thofe who enter'd in array'd, Loofe as the breeze that plays along the downs, And waves the fummer-woods when evening frowns.

O fair undrefs, best drefs ! it checks no vein, But every flowing limb in pleafure drowns,

And heightens eale with grace. This done, right fain,

Sir porter fat him down, and turn'd to fleepagain.

- Thus eafy rob'd, they to the fountain fped, That in the middle of the court up-threw A ftream, high fpouting from its liquid bed, And falling back again in drizly dew :
- There each deep draughts, as deep he thirsted, drew.
- It was a fountain of Nepthene rare: [grew, Whence, as Dan Homer fings, huge pleafaunce And fweet oblivion of vile carthly care;
- Fair gladfome waking thoughts, and joyous dreams more fair.

This rite perform'd, all inly pleas'd and ftill, Withouten tromp was proclamation made :

- "Ye fons of Indolence, do what you will;
- And wander where you lift, thro'hall or glade!
- * Be no man's pleafure for another's staid;
- " Let each as likes him beft his hours employ;
- And curs'd be he who minds his neighbour's • trade !

• Here dwells kind eafe and unreproving joy : • He little merits blifs who others can annoy.'

Strait of thefe endlefs numbers, fwarming As thick as idle motes in funny ray, [round, Not one efffons in view was to be found, But ev'ry man ftroll'd off his own glad way. Wide o'er this ample court's blank area, With all the lodges that thereto pertain'd, No living creature could be feen to ftray; While folitude and perfect filence reign'd :

So that to think you dream'd you almost was constrain'd.

As when a fhepherd of the * Hebride Ifles, Plac'd far amid the melancholy main (Whether it be lone fancy him beguiles; Or that aerial beings fometimes deign To ftand, embodied, to our feufes plain) Sees on the naked hill, or valley low, The whilf in ocean Phoebus dips his wain, A vaft affembly moving to and fro:

- Then all at once in air diffolves the wondrous thow.
 - Ye gods of quiet and of fleep profound 1 Whole foft dominion o'er this caftle fways, And all the wildly filent places round, Forgive me, if my trembling pen difplays What never yet was fung in mortal lays, But how fhall I attempt fuch arduous firing, I who have fpent my nights and nightly days In this foul dead'ning place, loofe-loitering?

Come on, my mule, nor floop to low defpair, Thou imp of Jove, touch'd by celeftial fire t Thou yet fhalt fing of war, and actions fair, Which the bold fons of Britain will infpire; Of ancient bards thou yet fhalt fweep the lyre; Thou yet fhalt tread in tragic pall the flage, Paint love's enchanting woes, the hero's ire, The fage's calm, the patriot's noble rage, [egc. Dafhing corruption down thro' ev'ry worthlefs

The doors that knew no fhrill alarming bell, Ne curfed knocker ply'd by villain's haud, Self-open'd into halls, where, who can tell What elegance and grandeur wide expand The pride of Turkey and of Perfa land ? Soft quilts on quilts, on carpets carpets fpread, And couches firetch around in feemly band, And endlefs pillows rife to prop the head;

- So that each fpacious room was one full-fwelling bed.
- And ev'rywhere huge cover'd tables flood, With wines high flavour'd and rich viands crown'd;

Whatever iprightly juice or tafteful food On the green bolom of this earth are found, And all old ocean genders in his round : Some hand uniten thefe filently difplay'd, Ev'n undemanded by a fign or found ; You need but wifh, and, infantly obey'd,

Fair rang'd the dithes role, and thick the glasses play'd.

Her freedom reign'd without the leaft alloy; Nor gotfip's tale, nor ancient maiden's gall, Nor faintly fpleen durft nurmur at our joy, And with envenem'd tongue our pleafures pall. For why? there was but one great rule for all; To wit, that each fhould work his owndenre, And eat, drink, fluiv, fleep, as it may fall, Or melt the time in love, or wake the lyre, And carol what, unbid, the mufes might infpire

- The rooms with coftly tapefiry were hung, Where was enwoven many a gentle tale! Such as of old the rural poets lung, Or of Arcadian or Sicilian vale: Reclining lovers, in the lovely dale, Pour'd forthat large the fweetly rortur'd heart; Or, fighing tender paffion, fweil'd the gale, And taught charm'decho to refound theirfinart;
- While flocks, woods, ftreams around, repole and peace impart.

Those pleas'd the most, where, by a cunning hand,

Depainted was the patriarchal age; [land, What time Dan Abraham left the Chaldee And paftur'd on from verdant stage to stage, Where fields and fountains freth could best engage.

Toil was not then. Of nothing took they heed, But with wild beafts the fylvan war to wage, And o'er vaft plains their herds and flocks to feed: [indeed !

Ah ! how thall I forthis uprear my moulted wing? | Blefs'd fons of Nature they ! - true golden age

• Those Islands on the wellern coast of Scotland, called the Hebrides.

A a 🤉 👘

Sometices

Sometimes the pencil in cool airy halls, Bade the gay bloom of vernal landfcapes rife, Or autumn's vary'd fhades imbrown the walls; Now the black tempeft itrikes the aftonith'd eves ;

Now down the fleep the flafhing torrent flies; The tremoling fun now plays o'er ocean blue, And now rudemountains frown amid the fkies; Whate'er Lorrain light touch'd with foft'ning has,

Dr farage Roia dafh'd, or learn'd Pouffin drew.

Each found too here to languithment inclin'd, Lull'd the weak bofon, and induced cale. Aerial mufic in the warbling wind, At diffance riting off, by finall degrees, Nearer and nearer came, till o'er the trees I thung, and breath'd fuch four-diff-lying airs, As did, alas' with foft perdition pleafe: Eating' I deep in its enchanting finares.

The lift ming heart forgot all dutics and all cares.

A certain make, nover known before, Hore fulled the peakive melancholy mind; Fall cafily obtained. Behoves no more, But fidelong, to the genthe-waving wind, To lay the well rank infit uncert reclined; From which with airy flying fingers light, Beyond each montal couch the most retined, The god of winds drew founds of deep delight:

Whence with just caule, " the Harp of Zolus it hight.

Ahme! what hand can touch the firing forme, Who up the lotty diaption roll Such (weet, fach fad, fuch folemmairs divine, Then let them down again into the foul? Now thing lot etney famid; now pleafing dole They breath'd in tender muting?, thro' the heart;

And now a graver facted fittain they ftole, As when feraphic hands in frymn impart :

Wildwarbling nature all, above the reach of all ! Such the gay (plendor, the lexurious flate, Of Caliphs old, who on the Tygris' flore, In mighty Bagdat, epollous and great, Heldtheirbrightcourt, where was of i leftsfore; And yette, love, mutic, fill the garland wore: Whende p was cov, the berd, inwaiting there, Cheer'd the horeindoight with the Mule's lore; Composing matte bade his dreams be fair,

And multic heat new gladnets to the morning air. Near the pavilions where we flept, ftill ran Soft-tinkling flicanes, and dafning waters fell, And fobbing breezes fighid, and oft began (So work'd the wizard) wint'ryforms to fwell, As heavin and earth they would together mell. At doors and windows, threatining, feem'd to The demons of the tempeligrowing fell, [call Yet the leaft entrance found they none at all; Whencefweetergrewear fleep,fecure in maffyhall. And hither Morpheus sent his kindeft dreams, Raifing a world of gaver tinct and grace; O'er which were shadowy cast Elvian glears, That play'd, in waving lights, from place to place,

And thed a roleat finile on nature's face. Not Titian's pencil e'er could fo array, So fleece with clouds the pure ethereai ipate; Ne could it e'er fuch inclung forms diplay, As loofe on flow'ry beds all languifhingly ia.

No, fair illufions ¹ artful phantoms, no ! My Mufe will not attempt your fairy-land : She has no colours that like you can glow; To catch your vivid feenes too großsher hand. But fure it is, was ne'er a fublier bend Than theierameguilefulangel-feemingfpright, Who thus in dreams, volteptuous, for and bland,

Pour'd all il. Arabian heav'n upon our night,

And b'el-'d them off befides with more refaid delights.

They were in footh, a most inchanting train. Ev'a feigning virtue : ikiiful to unite

With tvil good, and thew with pleafare pain. But for those fiends, whom blood and brokt delight;

Who hurl the wretch, as if to hell outright, Down, down black gulphs, where fullen wa-

ters fleep, Or hold him clamb'ring zil the featful night

On besting cliffs, or pent in ruins deep; They, till due time thould ferve, were bid in

kence to keep. Ye guardian fpirits, to v horn man is deir, From these foul demons thield the midnight

gloon :

Angels of fancy and of love he near,

And o'er the black of the p diffuse a bloom :

Evoke the facred fhades of Greece and Rozz,

And let them virtue with a look impart : But chief, a while O ! lend us from the tonb

Thole long-loft friends for whom in love we imart, [hears'

And fill with pious awe and joy-mixt we the Or are you fportive ?-Bid the morn of yorth

Rie to new light, and beam afreib the days Or innocence, fimplicity, and truth,

To carescitrang'd, and manhood's thorper 17. What transport to retrace our boych plass

Our eafy blifs, when each thing for furght i, The woods, the mountains, and the warding maze

Of the wild brooks ! - But fondly wanding My Mufe, refune the tafk that yet doth they shide,

One great amulement of our household was, In a huge crystal magic globe to fpy,

Still as you turn'd it, all things that do pals

Upon this ant-hill carth; where confiantly

A This is not an imagination of the authors there being in fact fuch an informent, called Holes's Hur; which, when placed against a first: raffing or current of airs produces the effect here deficited.

+ The Arabian Caliphs had poets among the officers of their court, whole office it was to do what is intermentioned.

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Of idly-bufy men the reftlefs fry Run buffling to and fro with foolifh hafte, In fearch of pleafures vain that from them fly; Or which obtain'd, the califfs dare not tafte: When nothing is enjoy'd can there be greater

walte ?

Of Vanity the mirror this was call'd. Here you a muckworm of the town might fee At his dull defk, amid his ledgers stall'd, Eat up with carking care and penurie; Most like to carcade pitch'd on gallow-tree. "A penny faved is a penny get :" Firm to this feoundrel-maxim keepeth he, Ne of its rigor will he bate a jot, (pot. Till it has quench'd his fire, and banished his

Strait from the filth of this low grub, behold ' Comes fluttring forth a gaudy fpendthriftheir, All gloffy gay, enameli'd all with goid, The filly tenant of the fummer air, In folly loft of nothing takes he care; Pimps, lawyers, fteward-, harlots, flatterers vile, And thieving tradefinea him among them fhare:

His father's ghoft from limbo-like, the while, Bees this, which more damnation does upon him pile.

This globe pourtray'd the race of learned men, S till at their books, and turning o'er the page Backwards and forwards : oft they fnatch the As if infpir'd, and in a Thefpian rage; [pen Then write and blot as would your ruth engage. Why, Authors, all this ferawl and feribbling fore ?

To lose the present, gain the future age, Praifed to be when you can hear no more,

And much enrich'd with fame when ufelefs worldly flore !

Then would a fplendid city rife to view, With carts, and cars, and coaches roaring all; Wide pour'd abroad behold the giddy crew : See how they dafh along from wall to wall ! At ev'ry door, hark, how they thund'ring call! Good lord ! what can this giddy rout excite ? Why on each other with fell tooth to fall ; Aneighbour's fortune, fame, or peace to blight,

And make new thefome parties for the coming night ?

The puzzling fons of party next appear'd, In dark cabals and nightly juntos met;[rear'd And now they whitper'd clofe, now fhrugging The important fhoulder; then, as if to get New light, their twin kling cycs were inward No fooner Lucifer || recals affairs, [fet. Than forth they various ruth in mighty fret ! When lo ! pufh'd up to pow'r, and crown'd their cares, [ftairs.] In comes another fet, and kicketh them down

But what moft fhew'd the vanity of life, Was to behold the nations all on fire; In cruel broils engag'd, and deadly firife: Molt chriftian king, enflam'd by black defire, Wedrove the villain out for fitter lair to look. mook

With honourable ruffians in their hire, Caute war to rage, and blood around to pour: Of this fad work when each begins to tire, They fit them down just where theywere before,

Till for new scenes of woe peace shall their force rettore.

To number up the thousands dwelling here, An useless were, and eke an endless tafk; From kings, and those who at the helm appear, To gyptics brown in fummer-glades who bask Yea many a man, perdic, I could unmask, Whose defk and table make a folemn thow, With tape-ty'dtrash, and fuits offools that ask For place or pension, laid in decent row; But these I pailed by, with nameless numbers moe.

Of all the yentle tenants of the place, There was a man of fpecial grave remark : A certain tender gloom c'erfpread his face, Pentive not fad, in thought involv'd not dark. As footh this men could ting as morning lark, And teach the nobleft morals of the heart ; But there his talents were ybury'd ftark ; Of the fine flores he nothing would impart, Which or boon nature gave, or nature-painting art.

To noon-tide fhades incontinent he ran, Wherepurlsthe brook with fleep-invitingfound. Or when Dan Sol to flope his wheels began, Amid the broom he bafk'd him on the ground, Where the wild thyme and camomoil are found: There would he linger, till the lateft ray Of light fat trembling on the welkin's bound; Thenhomeward thro'thetwilight fhadowsftray, Saunt'ring and flow. So had he pais'd many a day.

Yet not in thoughtlefs flumber were they paft: For oft the heavinly fire that lay conceal'd Beneath the fleeping embers, mounted faft, And all its native light anew reveal'd : Oft as he travers'd the coerulean field, [wind, And mark'd the clouds that drove before the Ten thoutand glorious fritems would he build, Ten thoutand great ideas fill'd his mind; But with thecloudstheyfled, and left notracbehind.

With him was fonctimes join'd, in filent walk (Profoundly filent, for they never fpoke) One fhyer ftill, who quite detefted talk : Oft, ftung by fpleen, at once away he broke, To grovesof pine, and broad o'erfhadowing oak; There, inly thrill'd, he wander'd all alone, And on himfelf his penfive fury wroke, Ne ever utter'd word, fave when firft thone The glittening flar of eve — "Thank Heav'n t

" the day is done."

Herelurch'd a wretch who had not crept abroad For forty years, ne face of mortal feen; In chamber brooding like a loathly toad: And fure his linen was not very clean. Thro'fecretloop-holes, that had prachis'd been Near to his bed, his dinner vile he tock; Unkempt, and rough, of fqualid face and mien, Our cattle's fhame ! whence, from his filthy

* The Morning Star.

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One day there chanc'd into thefe halls to rove A joyous youth, who took you at firft fight; Him the wild wave of pleafure hither drove Before the forightly tempeft toffing light: Certes, he was a moft engaging wight, Of focial glee, and wit humane tho' keen, Turning the night to day and day to night: For him the merry bells had rung, I ween, f in this nook of quiet, bells had ever been.

But not ev'n pleature, to excefs, is good : What most clares then finks the foul as low : Whenfpring-tide joypoursinwith copiousflood, The higher fill th'exulting billows flow, The farther back again they flagging go, And leave us grow'ling on the dreary thore : Taught by this fon of joy, we found it fo; Who, whilt he flaid, kept in a gay uppoar

Dur madden'd caitle all, th'abode of fleep no more.

As when in prime of June a burnish'd fly Sprung from the meads, o'er which he fweeps along.

Cheer'd by the breathing bloom and vital fky, Tunes up, amid thefe airy halls, his fong, Soothing at first the gay repoing throng : And oft he fips their bowl; or nearly drown'd, He, thence recov'ring, drives their beds among, And feares their tender fleep, with tromp profound;

Then out again he flies, to wing his mazy round.

Another gueft there was, of fenfe refin'd, Who felt each worth, for ev'ry worth he had; Screne yet warm, humane yet firm his mind, As little touch'd, as any mau's, with bad: Him thro' their inmoit walks the Muies lad, To him the facred love of nature lent, And fometimes would he make our valley glad;

When as we found he would not here be pent, To him the better fort this friendly mellage fent :

- "Come, dwell with us ! true fon of virtue, "come !
- " But if, alas ! we cannot thee perfuade
- " To ly content beneath our peaceful dome,
- " Ne ever more to quit our quiet glade ;
- " Yet when at last thy toils but ill are paid
- " Shall dead thy fire, and damp its heavenly "fpark,
- " Thou wilt be glad to feek the rural shade,
- "Thereto indulge the mule, and nature mark :
- "We then a lodge for the will rear in Hagley "Park."

Here whilom ligg'd th'Efopus * of the age; But call'd by fame, in foul ypricked deep, A noble pride reflor'd him to the flage, And rous'd him, like a giant, from his fleep. Ev'n from his flumbers we advantage reap: With double force the enliven'd feenche wakes, Yet quits not nature's bounds. He knows to keep

Each due decorum : now the heart he fhakes, And now with well-urg'd fenfe the enlighten'd jud_ment takes.

A bard here dwelt, more fat than bard befeems; Who+, void of envy, guile, and luft of gain, On virtue ftill, and nature's pleafing themes, Pour'd forth his unpremeditated firain : The world forfaking with a calm difdain, Here laugh'd he carelefs in his eafy feat : Here quaff'd, encircled with the joyous train Of moralizing fage : his ditty fixet

He loathed much to write, ne cared to repeat.

Full oft by holy feet our ground was trod, Of clerks good plenty here you mote efpy. A little, round, fat, oily man of God, Was one I chiefly mark'd among the fry ; He had a roguifh twinkle in his cye, And fhone all glitt'ring with ungodly dew, If a tight damfel chanc'd to trippen by ; Which, when obferv'd, he fhrunk into his mew, And frait would recollect his piety ancw.

Nor be forgot a tribe, who minded nought (Old inmates of the place) but ftate affairs : They look'd, perdie, as if they deeply thought; And on their brow fat ev'ry nation's cares : The world by them is parcell'd out in fhares, When in the Hall of Smoke they congrefs hold, And the fage berry fun-burnt Mocha bears Has clear'd their inward eye : then fmoke-enroll'd,

Their oracles break forth mysterious, as of old.

Here languid beauty kept her pale-fac'd court; Bevies of dainty dames, of high degree, From ev'ry quarter hither made refort; Where, from großs mortal care and bus'nefs free, They lay, pour'd out in eafe and luxury. Or thould they a vain fhew of work attume, Alas! and well-a-day! what can it be ? To knot, to twift, to range the vernal bloom: But far is caft the diftaff, foinning-wheel, and loom.

Their only labour was to kill the time : And labour dire it is, and weary wee. They fit, they-loll, turn o'er fome idle rhyme : Then rifing fudden, to the glafs they go, Or faunter forth, with tott'ring ftep and flow : This foon too rude an exercife they find; Strait on the couch their limbs again they throw, Where hours on hours they fighingly reclin'd,

And court the vap'ry god foft-breathing in the wind.

Now muft I mark the villany we found ; But ah ! too late, as shall eftfoons be thewn. A place here was, deep, dreary, underground, Where still our inmates, when unpleasing grown,

Difeas'd and loathfome, privily were thrown : Far from the light of heav'n, they languift'd Unpity'd, utt'ring many a bitter groan ; [there For of those wretches taken was no care: [were. Fierce fiends, and hags of hell, their only nurfes

Alas! the change! from fcenes of joy and reft, To this dark den, where ficknefs tofs'd alway. Here Lethargy, with dcadly fleep oppreft, Stretch'd on his back, a mighty lubbard, lay, Having

* Mr. Quin. + The following lines of this flanza were writ by a friend of the author.

Heaving his fides, and fnored night and day. To ftir him from his trance it was not eath, And his half-open'd cyne he fhut ftraitway : He led, I wot, the foficit way to death,

And taught withouten pain and firife to yield the breath.

Of limbs enormous, but withal unfound, Soft-fwoln and pale, here lay the Hydropfy : Unwieldy man; with belly monitrous round, For ever fed with watery fupply ; For ftill he drank, and yet he ftill was dry. And moping here did Hypochondria fit, Mother of fpleen, in robes of various dye, Who vexed was full oft with ugly fit; [a wit. And fome her frantic deem'd, and fome her deem'd

A lady proud the was, of ancient blood, Yet oft her fear her pride made crouchen low : She felt, or fancy'd in her flutt'ring mood, All the difcafes which the fpittles know, And fought all physic which the shops bestow; And fill new leaches and new drugs would try, Her humour ever wav'ring to and fro : [cry, For fometimes the would laugh, and fometimes

Then fuddden waxed wroth; and all the knew not why.

Faft by her fide a liftlefs maiden pin'd, [ings; With aching head, and fqueamifh heart burn-Pale, bloated, cold, fhe feem'd to hate mankind, Yet lov'd in fecret all forbidden things.

And here the Tertian thakes his chilling wings; The fleeplet's gout here counts the crowing cocks:

A wolf now gnaws him, now a ferpent ftings; While apoplexy cramm'd intemp'rance knocks **Down to the ground at once, as butcher felleth ox.**

The Cufile of Indolence. An Allegorical Form. THOMSON.

CANTO II.

The knight of arts and industry, And his atchievements fair; That, by this cuffle's overthrogy, Secur'd and crowned were.

ESCAP'D the cafile of the fire of fin, Ah' where fhall I to fweet a dwelling find : For all around, without, and all within, Nothing fave what delightful was and kind, Of goodnets fav'ring and a tender mind, E'er role to view. But now another firain, Of doleful note, alas ! remains behind : I now must sing of pleasure turn'd to pain ; And of the false inchanter Indolence complain.

Is there no patron to protect the mule, And fence for her Parnaffus' barren foil ? To ev'ry labour its reward accrues, And they are fure of bread who fink and moil ; But a fell tribe the Aonian hive defpoil, As ruthlefs wafps oft rob the painful bcc : Thus while the laws not guard that noblefit toil, Ne for the Mules other meed decree,

They praifed are alone, and frarve right merrily.

I care not, Fortune, what you me deny : You cannot tob me of free nature's grace ; You cannot fhut the windows of the iky, Thro' shich Aurora thews her bright'ning face; You cannot bar my conftant feet to trace The wood, and lawns, by living ftream, at eve: Let health my nerves and finer fibres brace, And I their toys to the great children leave :

Of Fancy, Reafon, Virtue - nought can me bereave.

Come then, my mufe, and raife a bolder fong; Come, lig no more upon the bed of floth, Dragging the lazy langaid line along, Fond to begin, but ftill to finish loth; Thy half-writ fcioll-all eaten by the moth : Arife, and fing that gen'rous imp of fame, Who with the fons of fortness nobly wroth, To fweep away this human kumber came, Or in a choicn few to route the flumb ring flame.

In Fairy-land there liv'd a knight of old, Of feature ftern, Selvagio yelep'd; A rough unpolifh'd man, robuft and bold, But wond'rous poor : he neither fow'd nor reap'd.

Ne ftores in fummer for cold winter heap'd; In hunting all his days away he wore; Now fcorch'd by June, now in November fleep'd, Now pinch'd by biting January fore, He still in woods puriu'd the libbard and the boar.

As he one morning, long before the dawn, Prick'd thro' the foreft to diflodge his prey, Deep in the winding bofom of a lawn, With wood wild-fring'd, he mark'd a taper's

That from the beating rain and wint'ry fray Did to a lonely cot his fteps decoy ; There, up to earn the needments of the day, He found dame Poverty, nor fair nor coy : Her he comprets'd, and fill'd her with a lufty boy.

Ainid the green-wood fhade this boy was bred, And grew at laft a knight of muchel fame, Of active mind and vigorous luftyhed; The Knight of Arts and Industry by name. Earthwas his bed, the boughs his roof did frame ; He knew no bev'rage but the flowing ftream ; His rafteful well-cain'd food the fylvan game, Or the brown fruit with which the woodlands teem :

The fame to him glad fummer, or the winter breme

So pafs'd his youthly morning, void of care, Wild as the colts that thro' the commons run : For him no tender parents troubled were, He of the forest feein'd to be the fon; And certes had been utterly undone, But that Minerva pity of him took, With all the gods that love the rural wonne, That teach to tame the foil and rule the crook ;

Ne did the facred Nine difdain a gentle look. Of fertile genius him they nurtur'd well,

In ev'ry fcience and in ev'ry art, By which mankind the thoughtlefs brutes excel, That can or uie, or joy, or grace impart, A a 4

Difclofin 2

Difelofing all the pow'rs of head and heart : Ne were the goodly exercises fpard, That brace the nerves, or make the limbs alert,

And mix elattic force with armuels hard : | Was never knight on ground more be with him ;

compar'd.

Sometimes, with early morn, he mounted gay The hunter-field, exulting o'er the dale, And drew the roleate breach of orient day; Sometimes, retiring to the fecret vale, Yelao in fieel, and bright with burnifh'd mail, Heftrain'd the bow, ortois'd the founding fpear; Or darting on the goal outfiripp'd the gale, Or wheel'd the chariot in its mid-career;

Or, ftrenuous, wreftled hard with many a tough compeer.

At other times he pry'd thro' nature's flore, Whate'er fhe in th'ethereal round contains, Whate'er fhe hides beneath her verdant floor, The vegetable and the min'ral reigns;

Or elfe he feann'd the globe, those small domains,

Where reftlet's mortals fuch a turmoil keep, Its feas, its floods, its mountains, and its plains; But more he fearch'd the mind, and rous'd from fleep

Those moral seeds whence we heroic actions reap.

Nor would he feorn to floop from high purfuits Of heav'nly truth, and practife what the taught. Vain is the tree of knowledge without fruits. Sometimes in hand the fpade or plough he caught, [fraught; Forth-calling all with which boon earth is Sometimes he ply'd the flrong mechanic tool, Or rear d the fabric from the fineft draught; And of the put himfelf to Neptune's fehool,

Fighting with winds and waves on the vex'd ocean pool,

To folace then thefe rougher toils, he try'd To touch the kindling canvas into life; With nature his creating pencil vy'd, With nature joyous at the mimic ftrife; Or to fuch fhapes as grac'd Pygmalion's wife, He hew'd the marble; or with vary'd fire, He rous'd the trumpet and the martial fife, Or hade the lute fweet tendernefs infpire,

Or verfes fram'd that well might wake Apollo's lyre.

Accomplished thus he from the woods iffued, Full of great aims, and bent on bold emprize; The work, which long he in his breast had brewed,

Now to perform he ardent did devife; To wit, a barb'rous world to civilize. Earth was till then a boundlefs foreft wild; Nought to be feen but favage wood and fkies; No cities nourith'd arts, no culture fmil'd, No government, no laws, no gentle manners mild.

A rugged wight, the worft of brutes, warman : On his own wretched kind he ruthlefs prey'd : The itrongast still the weakest over-ran; In evry country nighty robbers fway'd,

And guile and ruffian force were all their trade. Life was a feene of rapine, want, and woe; Which this brave knight, in noble anger, made To fwear, he would the rateal rout o'erthrow; For, by the pow'rs divine, it fhould no more be to!

It would exceed the purport of my fong, To fay how this *beft fun*, from orient climes Came beaming life and beauty all along, Before him chacing indolence and crimes. Still as he pafs'd, the nations he fublimes, And calls forth arts and virtues with his ray : Then Egypt, Greece, and Rome, their golden Succeflive, had; but now in ruins gray [times, They ly, to lavifh floth and tyranny a prey.

To crown his toils, Sir Industry then fpread The fwelling fail, and made for Britain's coaft. A fylvan life till then the natives led, In the brown fhades and greenwood foreft loft, All carelefs rambling where it lik'd them moft : Their wealth the wild deer bouncing thro' the glade :

They lodg'd at large, and liv'd at nature's coft; Save fpear and bow, withouten other aid; Yet not the Roman fteel theirnakedbreaft difmay d.

He lik'd the foil, he lik'd the clement fkies, He lik'd the verdant hills and flow'ry plains. Be this my great, my chofen ifle (he cries); This, whilft my labours Liberty fuftains, This queen of ocean all affault difdains. Nor lik'd he lefs the genius of the land, To freedom apt and perfevering pains : Mild to obey, and gen'rous to command, fhand. Temper'd by forming Heav'n with kindeft firmefi

Here, by degrees, his mafter-work arofe, Whatever arts and induftry can frame : Whatever finish'd agriculture knows, Fairqueen of arts 1 from heav'n itfelf who came, When Eden flourish'd in unspotted fame : And ftill with her fweet innocence we find, And tender peace, and joys without a name, That, while they ravish, tranquilize the mind, Nature and Art, at once delight and use combin'd,

Then towns he quicken'd by mechanic arts, And bade the fervent city glow with toil; Bade focial commerce raife renowned marts, Join land to land, and marry foil to foil, Unite the poles, and without bloody fpoil Bring home of either Ind the gorgeous flores; Or, fhould defpotic rage the world embroil, Bade tyrants tremble on remoteft flores, [roars, While o'er th'encircling deep Britannia's thunder

The drooping mufes then he weftward call'd, From the fam'd city * by Prepontic fea, What time the Turk the enfectled Grecian thrall'd; [free, Thence from their cloifter'd walks he fet them And brought them to another Caftalie, Where Ifis many a famous nourfling breeds; Or where old Cam foft paces o'er the lee In penfive mood, and tunes his Doric reeds,

The whilft his flocks at large the lonely shepherd feeds.

Yct

+ Cangantinople.

te fine arts were what he finish'd least. hy? They are the quinteffence of all. rowth of lab'ring time, and flow encreast; s, as feldom chances, it should fall mighty patrons the coy sisters call the funshine of uncumber'd ease, [thrall, e no rude care the mounting thought may where they nothing have to do but please: acious God! thou know'st they ask no ther fees.

ow, alas! we live too late in time: atrons now ev'n grudge that little claim, it to fuch as fleck the foothing rhyme; 'et, forfooth, they wear Mæcenas' name : fons of puft-up vanity, not fame. ken fpirits cheer; fill, fill remains ternal patron, Liberty : whofe flame, e fhe protects, infpires the nobleft firains. t and fweeteft far, are toil-created gains.

a as the knight had fram'd in Britain-land tchlefs form of glorious government, ich the fov'reign laws alone command, 'ftablifh'd by the public free confent, fe majefty is to the fceptre lent; a this great plan, with each dependent art, fettled firm, and to his heart's content, fought he from the toilfome fcene to part, life's vacant eve breathe quiet thro' the leart.

is he chofe a farm in Deva's vale, 'e his long alleys peep'd upon the main. s calm feat he drew the healthful gale, mix'd the chief, the patriot, and the fwain. iappy monarch of his fylvan train, fded by the guardians of the fold,

alk'd his rounds, and cheer'd his bleft domain :

ays, the days of unstain'd nature, roll'd, with peace and joy, like patriots of old.

efs, ye lowing herds, who gave him milk ; efs, ve flocks, whofe woolly veftments far d foft India's cotton, or her filk ;

: is, with autumn charg'd, the nodding ar,

homeward came beneath fweet ev'ning's ftar,

September moons the radiance mild. e thy head, abominable war ! mes and ruffian idlenefs the child ! av'n this life yfprung, from hell thy gloies vild !

rom his deep retirement banifh'd was nufing care of rural induftry. as with grateful change the feafons pafs, cenesarile, new landfcapes flrike the eye, ill the enliven'd country beautify : lains extend where marfhes flept before; ecent meads th'exulting ftreamlets fly; frowning heaths grow bright with Ceres'

fore, [fhore.] True comelinefs, which nothing can impair, ods imbrown the fleep, or wave along the Dwells in the mind : all effe is vanity and glare.

As nearer to his farm you made approach, He polifi'd nature with a finer hand : Yet on her beauties durft not art encroach ; 'Tis art's alone thefe beauties to expand. In graceful dance immingled, o'er the land, Pan, Pales, Flora, and Pomona play'd : Here too brifk gales the rude wild common

fann'd, An happy place : where free, and unafraid, Amid the flow'ring brakes each coyer creature

ftray'd. But in prime vigor what can laft for ay ? That foul-enfecbling wizard Indolence, I whilom fung, wrought in his works decay : Spread far and wide for his curs'd influence; Of public virtue much he dull'd the fenfe, Ev'n much of private; eat our fpirit out, And fed our rank luxurious vices; whence

The land was overlaid with many a lout; Not, as old fame reports, wife, gen'rous, bold, and ftout.

A rage of pleafure madden'd ev'ry breaft, Down to the loweft lees the ferment ran : To his licentious wifh cach muft be blefs'd, With joy be fever'd; fnatch it as he can. Thus Vice the flandard rear'd; her arrier-ban Corruption call'd, and loud fhe gave the word; Mind, mind yourfelves; why fhould the vul-

' gar man, ' The lackey be more virtuous than his lord? Injoy this (can of life ! this all the mode of and)

• Enjoy this ipan of life ! 'tis all the gods afford.' The tidings reach'd to where, in quiet-hall,

The good old knight enjoy'd well-carn'd repole.

'Come, come, Sir Knight! thy children on 'thee call:

⁴ Come, fave us yet, ere ruin round us clofe ; ⁵ The demon Indolence thy toil o'erthrows.⁴ On this the noble colour ftain'd his cheeks, Indignant, glowing thro' the whit'ning fnows Of venerable eld; his eye full fpeaks

His ardent foul, and from his couch at once he breaks.

I will (he cry'd) fo help me, God ! deftroy That villain Archimage.—His page then ftrait He to him call'd, a fiery-footed boy, Benempt Difpatch. "My fteed be at the gate; "My bard attend; quick, bring the net of Fate." This net was twifted by the fifters three; Which when once caft o'er harden'd wretch, too late

Repentance comes : replevy cannot be From the ftrong iron graip of vengeful Deftiny.

He came, the bard, a little druid wight, Of wither'd afpect; but his eve was keen, With fweetnefs mix'd. In ruffet brown bedight, As is his fifter in the copfes green *, He crept along, unpromifing of mien. Großs he who judges fo. His foul was fair, Bright as the children of yon azure fheen. True comelinefs, which nothing can impair, wells in the mind all off is main and

* The Nightingale.

Come (quoth the knight) a voice has reach'd mine car:

The demon Indolence threats overthrow To all that to mankind is good and dear :

Come, Philomelus; let us inftant go,

O'erturn his bow'r., and lay his cattle low. Those men, those wretched men, who will be flaves,

Muft drink a bitter wrathful cup of woe : But fome there be, thy fong, as from their graves,

- Shall raife. Thrice happy he! who without rigor faves.
 - Issuing forth, the knight bestrode his steed, Of ardent bay, and on whole front a ftar Shone blazing bright : fprung from the generous breed

That whirl of active day the rapid car, He prane'd along, difdaining gate or bar. Meantime, the bard on milk-white palfrey rode; An honeit fober beait, that did not mar His meditations, but full foftly trode !

And much they moraliz'd as thus yfere they yode.

They talk'd of virtue and of human blifs; What elfe fo fit for man to fettle well ? And ftill their long refearches met in this, This truth of truths, which nothing can refel: · From virtue's fount the pureft joys out-well,

- Sweet rills of thought that cheer the con-· fcious foul ;
- . While vice pours forth the troubled ftreams • of hell,

* The which, howe'er difguis'd, at laft with dole · Will through the tortur'd breast their fiery tor-" rent roll."

At length it dawn'd, that fatal valley gav, O'er which high wood-crown'd hills their iummits rear.

On the cool height a while our palmers flay, And fpite ev'n of themfelves their fentes cheer ; Then to the vizard'swonne their fleps they fleer. Like a green ifle, it broad beneath them fpread. With gardens round, and wand'ring currents clear,

And tufted groves to fhed the meadow-bed, Sweet airs and long : and without hurry all feem'd glad.

- · As God fhall judgeme, knight, we must for-
- (The half-enraptur'd Philomelus ery'd)[give, The frail good man deluded here to live,
- And in these groves his musing fancy hide. Ah ! nought is pure. It cannot be deny'd,
- . That virtue fill fome tincture has of vice,
- · And vice of virtue. What should then betide, But that our charity be not too nice ? -

· Come, let us those we can to real blifs entice.

- · Ay, ficker (quoth the knight) all flefh is frail,
- To pleafant fin and joy ous dalliance bent;
- . But let not brutifh vice of this avail,
- . And think to 'icape deferved punifhment.

· Justice were crucl weakly to reles

1

- From mercy's felf the got her that
- "Grace be to those who can, and w But penance long, and dreary, tot
- 6 Who must in floods of fire his groß 'lave.'

Thus, holding high difcourfe, thereas The curfed carle was at his wonted Still tempting heedlefs men into his: In witching wife, a.; I before have the But when he faw, in goodly geer ar The grave majeftic knight approad And by his fide the bard fo fage and His count'nance fell ; yet oft his an

Mark'd them, like wily fox who rot doth fpy.

Nathlefs, with feign'd refpect, be bade The rabble-rout, and welcom'd them Struck with the noble twain, they were His orders to obey, and fall behind. Then he refurn'd his fong ; and une Pour'd all his music, ran thro' all hi With magic dust their eyne he mes And virtue's tender airs o'er nature

- What pity bafe his fong who fo diving Elate in thought, he counted them h They liften'd to intent with fix'd de
 - But they inftead, as if transmew'd u Marvel'd he could with fuch fweet: The lights and thades of manners, 1 right.

Meantime the filly crowd the chan Wide pretting to the gate. Swift on Here darted herce, to drag him to

Who, back'ning, fhun'd his touch; 1 knew its pow'r.

As in throng amphitheatre of old, The wary Retiarius * trapp'd his f Ev'n fo the knight, returning on h At once involv'd him in the net of Whereof I mention made not long Enrag'd at first, he fcorn'd fo weal And leap'd, and flew, and flouncedt But when he found that nothing e

- He fat him felly down, and gnaw'dhi Alarm'd, the inferior demons of th Rais'd rueful fhricks and hideous y Black formy clouds deform'd the w And from beneath was heard a wa As of infernal fiprights in cavern b A folemn fadnefs ev rv creature fti And lightnings flash'd, and horror ground;
- Huge crowds on crowds out-pour As if on Time's laft verge this fame ¢ fhook.

Soon as the fhort-liv'd tempeft w Steam'd from the jaws of vext At And hush'd the hubbub of the ra Sir Industry the first calm momen

* A Gladiator, who made use of a net, which he threw over his adverfary.

1, my bard, thy heav'nly fire imwith foul, till forth the latent fpirit

bey'd; and taking from his fide, i feemly fort depending hung, harp, its fpeaking ftrings he try'd, with skilful touch he defly strung, ig in clear fymphony they rung. e felt the Mules come along, he cords his raptur'd hand he flung, a prelude to his rifing long : ike midnight mute, ten thousands him throng.

it burft his strain-

 Ye haplefs race, uring here to finother reafon's ray, ts our Maker's image in our face, s us wide o'er carth unquestion'd'

he ador'd Supreme Perfection, fay ? it eternal never-refting foul,

r power, and all-directing day;

1 each atom ftirs, the planets roll; furrounds, informs, and agitates hole.

) the beaming God your hearts unalone ł

m its fountain life ! 'Tis thence excel. Up from unfeeling mold, hs burning round the Almighty's ne,

g still on life, in higher tone, n forms, and with perfection blifs.

rfal nature this clear thewn, eth proof : to prove it were, I wis, ie beauteous world excels the brute ŝ.

e field, with lively culture green, i fight more than the green morals? he fkies, with active ether clean,

1'd by sprightly zephyrs, far surpass d November-fogs, and flumb'rous

tich fad Nature veils her drooping glais,

t the mountain-ftream, as clear as cing on, the putrid pool difgrace? n all holds true, but chief in human

ot by vile loitering in cafe Fart, reece obtain'd the brighter palm of r yet ardent Athens learn'd to pleafe, the wit, and to fublime the heart, preme ! complete in every part ! ot thence majeftic Rome arole, r the nations fhook her conquering t:

gard's brow the laurel never grows; not the child of indolent repute.

- " Had unambitious mortals minded nought,
- " But in loofe joy their time to wear away;
- " Had they alone the lap of dalliance fought,
- · Pleas'd on her pillow their dull heads to lay. "Rude Nature's state had been our state 10-٠ day ;
- ' No cities e'er their tow'ry fronts had rais'd,
- "No arts had made us opulent and gay;
- With brother-brutes the human race had ' graz'd;
- None c'er had foar'd to fame, none honour'd been, none prais'd.
- " Great Homer's fong had never fir'd the break
- To thirst of glory, and heroic deeds;
- ' Sweet Maro's mule, funk in inglorious reft,
- " Had filent flept amid the Mincian reeds:
- The wits of modern times had told their · beads,
- And monkifh legends been their only ftrains :
- " Our Milton's Eden had lain wrapt in weeds,
- "Our Shakespear stroll'd and laugh'd with " Warwick fivains;
- ' Ne had my mafter, Spenfer, charm'd his Mulla's plains.
 - ' Dumb too had been the fage hiftoric mufe,
 - · And perifh'd all the fons of ancient fame;
 - ' Thole ftarry lights of virtue, that diffuse
 - . Through the dark depth of time their vivid flame,
 - " Had all been loft with fuch as have no name. Who then had fcorn'd his cafe for others
 - f good ? Who then had toil'd rapacious men to tame ?
 - "Who in the public breach devoted flood,
- "And for his country's caufe been prodigal of 4 blood ?
 - " But should to fame your hearts unfeeling be,
 - · If right I read, you pleafure all require :
 - Then hear how best may be obtain'd this ۰ fcc,
 - " How heft enjoy'd this nature's wide defire.
 - " Toil, and be glad ! let industry infpire
 - 'Into your quicken'd limbs her buoyant breath !
 - "Who does not act is dead : abforpt entire
 - ' In miry floth, no pride, no joy he hath;
- "O leaden-hearted men, to be in love with < death 1
 - Ah ! what avail the largest gifts of Heaven
 - 6 When drooping health and pirits go amits ?
 - How tasteless then whatever can be given?
 - Health is the vital principle of blifs, And exercise of health. In proof of this,

 - Bchold the wretch, who flugs his life away,
 - " Soon fwallow'd in difeafe's fad abyfs;
 - "While he whom toil has brac'd, or manly • play
- " Has light as air each limb, each thought as clear ās day.
 - ' O who can fpeak the vigorous joys of health ?
 - ' Unclogg d the body, unobfcur'd the mind;
 - . The morning rifes gay; with pleafing fealth.
 - The temperate evening falls ferenc and kind. 4 Im

- In health the wifer brutes true gladnefs find.
- See! how the younglings frifk along the " meads, f wind ; · As May comes on, and wakes the balmy
- · Rampant with life, their joy all joys exceeds :
- · Yet what but high-itrong health this dancing • pleataunce breeds ?
 - " But here, inftead, is foffer'd every ill
 - . Which or diffemper'd minds or bodies * know.
 - . Come then, my kindred fpirits! do not fpill
 - . Your talents here. This place is but a flew,
 - * Whofe charms delude you to the den of woe :
 - " Come, follow me, I will direct you right,
 - . Where pleasure's roles, void of ferpents, grow, f knight.
- "Sincere as liveet; come, follow this good And you will blefs the day that brought him to your fight.
 - " Some he will lead to courts, and fome to camps;
 - . To fenates tome, and public fage debates,
 - . Where, by the folenm gleam of midnight lamps, ffates;
 - " The world is pois'd, and manag'd mighty
 - To high difcovery fome, that new-creates
 - The face of earth; fome to the thriving 'mart;
 - · Some to the rural reign, and fofter fates;
 - To the fweet mules tome, who raife the hcart:
- · All glory thall be yours, all nature, and all art.
 - " There are, I fee, who liften to my lay,
 - . Who wretched figh for virtue, but defpair.
 - All may be done, (methinks I hear them (fav) fair:
 - " Even death defpis'd by generous actions " All, but for those who to these bowers rc-
 - pair, " Their very pow'r diffolv'd in luxury,

 - To quit of torpid fluggifhness the lair,
- . And from the powerful arms of floth get free. [be !
- * Tis rifing from the dead-Alas !- It cannot
 - . Would you then learn to diffipate the band
 - * Of these huge threatening difficulties dire,
 - "That in the weak man's way, like lions, ftand,
 - " His foul appal, and damp his rifing fire?
 - Refolve, reloive, and to be men afpire.
 - Event that nobleft privilege, alone
 - * Here to manhiad indulg'd : controul defire :
 - * Let godlike Reafon, from her fovereign . throne,
- * Speak the commanding word, " I will "--- and it is done.
 - . Heavens! can you then thus wafte, in fhame-· ful wife,
 - Your few important days of trial here?
 - " Heirs of cternity! vborn to rife
 - Through endless states of being still more 4 near

- " To blifs approaching, and perfs
- · Can you renounce a fortune fot Such glorious hopes, your ba
- And roll, with vileft brutes, d
- ' No ! no !--- Your heav'n-touch'd h • the fordid crime !'
 - " Enough ! enough !' they cry'dthe crowd
- The better fort on wings of tranff As when amid the lifelefs fummin Of Alpine cliffs, where to the geli Snows pil'd on fnows in wint'ry a The rays divine of vernal Phoebus Th'awaken'd heaps, in ftreamle Rous'd into action, lively leap awa
- Glad warbling through the vales, is being gav.

Not lefs the life, the vivid jor fere That lighted up thefe new created Than that which wings th'exuling When, just deliver'd from his del It foaring feeks its native fkies age How light its effence! how u Beyond the blazon of my mortal Even fo we glad forfook thefe fur

- Even fuch enraptur'd life, fuch energ
 - But far the greater part, with rage Dire-mutter'd curfes and blafphem's
 - 'Ye fons of hate ! (they bitterly e . What brought you to this feat of
 - fore?
 - "While, with kind Nature, hen
 - "We pais'd the harmlefs Sabbath o
 - What to difturb it could, fell ma 'Your barb'rous hearts ? Is h • crime ?
- Then do the fiends of hell rule in
- " Ye impious wretches," quoth the wrath,
- " Your happiness behold !"-Th He wav'd, an anti-magic power the Truth from illusive falschood to co Sudden, the landscape finks on ev'r The pure quick ftreams are marf found;

On baleful heaths the groves all And o'er the weedy foul abhorred Snakes, adders, toads, each loathiot crawls around.

- And here and there, on trees by fcath'd,
- Unhappy wights who leathed life Or, in freth gore and recent murde They welt'ring lay; or elfe infuni Into the gloomy flood, while raves The fun'ral dirge, they down t rowl'd :
- Thefe, by dittemper'd blood to ma Had doom'd themfelves; whence night controul'd
- The world, returning hither their

' to iteer,

toving fcene was open laid; ufe, I whilom in my lay e, its horrors deep difplay'd, umber'd wretches to the day, here in fqualid mifery lay. red light the unwonted imile fe living catacombs its ray, drear caverns firetching many a

[woes a while. 'd their heads, and dropp'd their

(they cry'd) and do we once e [fair !

fun, and this green carth fo n noifome damps of pest-house

ur fouls the fweet ethereal air? knight, or god ! who holdeft

oh keep him in cternal chains; r us, the children of defpair, the brink of hell, what hope

es itself but aggravate our pains!

night, who faw their rueful cafe, n his filver beard fome tears. (th he) it is not even in grace paft, and eke your broken years: nobler worlds repentance rears, le hope, her eye; to her is given truly contrite heart that cheers; he brand by which the rocks are [Heaven.

in merely foftens, the rejoices

it bear the fufferings you have

le fufferings purify the mind; be by paft milconduct learn'd; ;, with penience refign'd; 'e more happy and refin'd, you thall new creatures yet arife. ou may expect in me to find ill wipe your forrow from your

foothe your pangs, and wing you fkics.'

eard, and pour'd their thanks in [tone]

:fum'd the Knight, with fterner 1 dry hearts the obdurate demon [groan;

ns gifts will coft you many a manfion long you mutt bemoan harms, and weep your flains

d pure as infant goodnefs grown, perfect change: then, who can [eternal day !'

nay yet shine forth in Heaven's

s powerful wand he wav'd anew; rious angel-train defcends, s, to wir, of roly hue;

teir looks a gentle radiance lends,

And with feraphic flame compafiion blends. At once, delighted, to their charge they fly: When, lo! a goodly hofpital afcends; In which they bade each lenient aid be nigh,

That could the fick-bed fmoothe of that fad company.

It was a worthy edifying fight, And gives to human-kind peculiar grace, To fee kind hands attending day and night, With tender minifiry, from place to place. Some prop the head; fome from the pallid face Wipcoff the faint cold dews weak nature fheds; Some reach the healing draught : the whill, to chace

The fear fupreme around their foften'd beds, Some holy man by prayer all-op'ning Heaven difpreads.

Attended by a glad acclaiming train, Of those he rescuid had from gaping hell, Then turn'd the Knight, and, to his hall again Soft-pacing, fought of Peace the mostly cril Yet down his checks the gems of pity fell, To see the helples wretches that remain'd, There left through delves and defarts due to yell:

yell; [itain'd, Amaz'd, their looks with pale difinay were And fpreading wide their hands, they meek repentance feign'd.

But, ah! their feorned day of grace was piff For (horrible to tell!) a defait wild [vaft, Before them firetch'd, bare, comfortlefs, and With gibbets, bones, and careafin defi'd ' There nor trim field nor lively culture finil'd; Nor waving fhade was feen, nor fountain fair; But fands abrupt on fands lay loofely pil'd,

Through which they flound ing toil'd with painful care,

Whilft Phoebus fmore them fore, and fir'd the cloudlefs air.

Then, varying to a joylefs land of bogs,

The fadden'd country a grey walte appear'd; Where nought but putrid fireans and noifome fogs

For ever hung on drizzly Aufter's beard;

Or elfe the ground by piercing Caurus fear'd, Was jagg'd with froft, or heap'd with glaz.d inow:

Thro' these extremes a ceaseles round they By crucl fiends still hurry'd to and fio.

Gaunt Beggary, and Scorn, with many hellhounds moe.

The firft was with bafe dunghill rags yound. Tainting the gale in which they flutter'd light; Of morbid hue his features, funk and fad; His hollow eyne fhook forth a fickly light; And o'er his lank-jaw bone, in pitcous plight, His black rough beard was matted, rank, and vile;

Direful to fee! an heart-appalling fight! Meantime foul fourf and blotches him defile; And dogs, where'er he went, ftill backed all the while. The other was a fell despightful fiend : Hell holds none worfe in baleful bow'r below : By pride, and wit, and rage, and rancor keen'd; Of Man alike, if good or bad the foe :

With nofe up-turn'd, he always made a fnew As if he finelt fome naufcous icent; his eye Was cold and keen, like bluft from Boreal fnow;

And taunts he caften forth most bitterly.

Such were the twain that off drove this ungodly fry.

Even fo through Brentford town, a town of An herd of briftly fwine is prick'd along; [mud, The filthy beaffs, that never chew the cud,

Still grunt and fqueak, and fing their troublous fong, [among: And oft they plunge themfelves the mire But aye the ruthlefs driver goads them on, And aye of barking dogs the bitter throng

Makes them renew their unmelodious moan; Ne ever find they reft from their unrefting fone.

§ 53. To the Memory of Sir Islac Newton. THOMSON.

Inscribed to the Right Honourable Sir Robert Walpole.

SHALL the great foul of Newton quit this earth.

To mingle with the flars; and ev'ry Mule, Aftonih'd into flence, flun the weight Of honours due to his illuftrious name? But what can man?—Ev'n now the fons of light, In firains high-warbled to feraphic lyre, Hail his arrival on the coaft of blifs. Yet am I not deterr'd, though high the theme, And fung to harps of angels; for with you, Ethereal flames! ambitious I afpire In Nature's general fymphony to join.

And what new wonders can you fhew your gueft !

Who, while on this dim fpot, where mortals toil Clouded in duft, from motion's fimple laws, Could trace the fecret hand of Providence, Wide-working thro' this universal frame !

Have ye not liften'd, while he bound the funs And planets to their ipheres ! th'unequal taik Of human-kind till then. Oft had they roll'd O'er erring man the year, and oft difgrac'd The pride of schools, before their course was Full in its caufes and effects, to him, [known All-piercing fage ! who fat not down and dream'd Romantic schemes, defended by the din Of fpecious words and tyranny of names; But, bidding his amazing mind attrend, And with heroic patience, years on years Deep-fearching, faw at laft the fystein dawn, And thine, of all his race, on him alone! What were his raptures then! how pure! how ftrong !

And what the triumphs of old Greece and Rome, By his diminish'd, but the pride of boys

In fome fmall fray victorious! whe Of thatter'd parcels of this earth af By violence unmanly, and fore deed Of cruelty and blood) Nature hafe Stood all fubdu'd by him, and open Her ev'ry latent glory to his view! All intellectual eye, our folar rouad First gazing thro', he by the blende Of Gravitation and Projection, faw The whole in filent harmony revolv From unaffifted vision hid, the most To cheer remoter planets numerous By him in all their mingled tracks w He alfo fix'd our wand'ring queen a Whether fhe wanes into a feanty of Or, waxing broad, with her pale in In a foft deluge overflows the fiv. Her ev'ry motion, clear diferning, I

Adjusted to the mutual Main, and to Why now the mighty mais of ware Relificis, heaving on the broken ror And the full river turning; till agai The tide revertive, unattracted, law A yellow wafte of idle fands behind.

Then breaking hence, he took hist Thro' the blue infinite; and ev'ry fl Which the clear concave of a wince Pours on the eye, or aftronomic tube Far firetching, finatches from the dau Or fuch as farther in fucceffive fixes To fancy fline alone, at his approx Blaz'd into funs, the living centre as Of an harmonious fyftem : all combi And rul'd unerring by that fingle po Which draws the flone projected po

O unprofule magnificence divise! O wildom truly perfect! thus to call From a few caules fuch a feheme of Effects fo various, beautiful, and gre An univerfe complete ! and, O belo Of Heav'n, whole well-purg'd peat The myftic veil transpiercing, inly fa The right, moving, wide-effablicat

He, first of men, with awful wing The Comet thro' the long elliptic en As round innum'rous worlds he was Till to the forchead of our evaluations Return'd, the blazing wonder glare And o'er the trembling nations that

The heav'ns are all his own; f Of whirling vortices, and circling f To their firft great fimplicity rettor The fchools aftonifh'd ftood; but f To combat fill with demonstration And, unawaken'd, dream beneath 1 Of truth. At once their pleasing v With the gay fhadows of the more When Newton role our shirleful

When Newton role, our philosoph The aerial flow of found was ka From whence it first in wavy circle Till the touch'd organ takes the m Nor could the darting beam, of for Escape his fivift purfuit, and means Even Light itfelf, which every this er'd, till his brighter mind he fhining robe of day; whit ning undiffinguith'd blaze. v ray into his kind, d eye educ'd the gorgeous train urs. First, the flaming red orth; the tawny orange next; ious yellow, by whole fide scams of all-refreshing green; blue, that fivells autumnal fkics, 1; and then, of fadder hue, eepen'd indico, as when rted ev'ning droops with froft. gleamings of refracted light inting violet away, he clouds diftil the rofy fhow'r. nct adown the wat'ry bow; r heads the dewy vision heads lting on the fields beneath. ngling dyes from these refult, kill remain-Infinite fource r flufhing! ever new! [brook ! et image aught fo fair, whilp'ring groves by the hoarfe whofe rapture heav'n descends! fetting fun and fhifting clouds, ich, from thy lovely heights, de-

v beauteous, the refractive law ! fs tide of time, all bearing down ty's unbounded fea, een islands of the happy fhine, lone: and to the fource (involv'd eval gloom) afcending, rais'd gual diffances, to guide der'd on his darkfome way. n number up his labours? who reries fing! when but a few udving race can firetch their minds new : in fancy's lighter thought Mufe then grafp the mighty theme? ler thence that his devotion fwell'd his knowledge! for could he, ng mental eye diffusive faw iniverfity of things, r, magnitude, and parts, lant to adore that Pow'r ftains, and actuates the whole ? o best can tell, ye happy few 1 in the foftest lights of life, Id, indulging to his friends orrow'd treafures of his mind, : wond'rous man I how mild, how

humble, how divinely good 1 ablith'd on eternal truth; ing well, with ev'ry rerve on, forgetful of the p.ft, for perfection: far above cares and vifionary joys lex the fond impation'd heart ted, ever-trufting man ! ye hopelefs gloomy-minded tribe, aconfeious of those aobler flights That reach impatient at immortal life, Against the prime endearing privilege Of being date contend, fay, can a foul Of fuch extensive, deep, tremendous powers, Enlarging still, be but a finer breath Of spirits dancing thro' their tubes a while; And then for ever lost in vacant air ?

But hark! methinks I hear a warming voice, Solemn as when fome awful change is come, Sound thro' the world-" 'Tis done ! the mea-" fure's full, ftones. "And I refign my charge."-Ye mould'ring That build the tow'ring pyramid, the proud Triumphal arch, the monument effac'd By ruthlefs ruin, and whate'er fupports The worship'd name of hoar Antiquity. Down to the duft ! what grandeur can ve boaft, While Newton lifts his column to the fkies, Beyond the wafte of time. Let no weak drop Be fhed for him. The virgin in her bloom Cut off, the joyous youth, and darling child. These are the tombs that claim the tender tear And elegiac fong. But Newton calls For other notes of gratulation high, That now he wanders thro' those endless worlds He here to well defery'd, and, wond'ring, talks And hymns their Author with his glad compeers.

O Britain's boaft ! whether with angels those Sitteft in dread discourse, or fellow-bleft, Who joy to fee the honour of their kind; Or whether, mounted on cherubic wing, Thy fwift carcer is with the whirling orbs, Comparing things with things, in rapture loft, And grateful adoration, for that light So plenteous rav'd into thy mind below, From Light himfelf-Oh look with pity down On human kind, a frail erroneous race l Exalt the fpirit of a downward world! O'er thy dejected country chief prefide, And be her Gennis call'd ! her fludies raile, Correct her manners, and infpire her youth : For, though deprav'd and funk the brought thes forth,

And glories in thy name, fhe points thee out To all her fons, and bids them eye thy flar : While in expectance of the fecond life, When time fhall be no more, thy facred duft Sleeps with her kings, and dignifies the fecne.

§ 54. Huma on Solitude. THOMSON.

HAIL, mildly-pleafing Solitude, Companion of the wife and good. But from whole holy piercing eye. The herd of fools and villains fly.

Oh! how I love with thee to walk, And liften to thy whifper'd talk, Which innocence and truth imparts, And melts the most obdurate hearts.

A thousand shapes you wear with ease, And still in every shape you please. Now wrapt in some mysterious dream, A lone philosopher you seem;

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Now quick from hill to vale you fly, And now you fweep the vaulted fky. A fhepherd next you haunt the plain, And warble forth your oaten ftrain, A lover now, with all the grace Of that fweet paffion in your face : Then, calm'd to friendfhip, you affume The gentle-looking Hartford's bloom, As, with her Mufidora, fhe (Her Mufidora fond of thee) Amid the long withdrawing vale, Awakes the rival'd nightingale.

Thine is the balmy breath of morn, Juft as the dew-bent role is born; And while meridian fervors beat, Thine is the woodland dumb retreat; But chief, when evining keenes decay, And the faint landfcape fiving away, Thine is the doubtful foft decline, And that beft hour of musing thine.

Defcending angels blefs thy train, The virtues of the fage and fwain; Plain innocence, in white array'd, Before thee lifts her fearlefs head : Religion's beams around thee fine, And cheer thy glooms with light divine ! About thee fports fiveet Liberty; And wrapt Urania fings to thee.

Ob, let me pierce thy fecret cell ! And in thy deep receffes dwell. Perhaps from Norwood's oak-clad hill, When meditation has her fill, I juft may caft my carelefs eyes Where London's fpiry turrets rife; Think of its crimes, its cares, its pain, Then fhield me in the woods again.

§ 55. Hymn to Darknefs. YALDEN.

DARKNESS, thou first great parent of us all, Thou art our great original; Since from thy universal womb

- Does all thou fhad'ft below, thy numerous offfpring come.
- Thy wond'rous birth is ev'n to Time unknown, Or, like Eternity, thou'dft none; Whilft Light did its firft being owe
- Unto that awful shade it dares to rival now.
- Say, in what diftant region doft thou dwell, To Reafon inacceffible? From form and duller matter free,
- Thou foar'ft above the reach of man's philosophy.

Involv'd in thee, we first receive our breath, Thou arr our refuge too in death :

- Great Monarch of the grave and womb, Where'er our touls fhall go, to thee our bedies come.
- The filent globe is fruck with awful fear When thy majeftic fhades appear: Thou doft compose the air and fea;
- And Earth a Sabbath keeps, facred to reft and thee.

In thy ferener fhades our ghofts delight, And court the umbrage of the night ; In vaults and gloomy caves they ftray, But fly the morning beams, and ficken at the day. Though folid bodies dare exclude the light, Nor will the brighteft ray admit; No fubstance can thy force repel, [dwell Thou reign'ft in depths below, doft in the centre The fparkling gems, and ore in mines below, To thee their beauteous lustre owe; Tho' form'd within the womb of night, Bright as their fire they fhine, with native rays of light. When thou doft raife thy venerable head, And art in genuine night array'd, Thy negro beauties then delight; Beauties, like polifh'd jet, with their own darknefs bright. Thou doft thy finiles impartially beftow. And know'ft no diff'rence here below: All things appear the fame by thee, Though light diffinction makes, thou givit equality. Thou, Darkness, art the lover's kind retreat, And doft the nuptial joys complete; Thou doft infpire them with thy fhade, Giv'ft vigour to the youth, and warm'ft the yielding maid. Calm as the blefs'd above, the Anch'rites dwell Within their peaceful gloomy cell; Their minds with heav'nly joys are fill'd; The pleafures Light deny, thy fhades for ever yield. In caves of night, the oracles of old Did all their mysteries unfold: Darknefs did first religion grace, [place. Gave terrors to the God, and rev'rence to the When the Almighty did on Horeb stand, Thy fhades inclos'd the hallow'd land; In clouds of light he was array'd, And venerable darkness his pavilion made. When he appear'd arm'd in his power and might, He veil'd the beatific light; When terrible with majefty In tempefts he gave laws, and clad himfelf in the. Ere the foundation of the earth was laid, Or brighter firmament was made; Ere matter, time, or place was known, Thou, Monarch Darknefs, fway'dft these fpecious realms alone. But now the moon (tho' gay with borrow'd light) Invades thy fcanty lot of Night: By rebel fubjects thou'rt betray'd, The anarchy of stars depose their monarch, Shade. Yet fading light its empire must relign, And Nature's pow'r fubmit to thine: An universal ruin thall erect thy throne, And Fate confirm thy kingdom ever more thy own. Education

§ 56. Education. WEST.

Book II.

Written in imitation of the Style and Manner of Spenser's Fairy Queen.

Inferibed to Lady Langham, widow of Sir Jo. Langham, Bart.

• Unum studium vere liberale est, quod liberum • facit. Hoc sapientiæ studium est, sublime, * forte, magnanimum : cætera pusilla et pueer rilia funt.-Plus feire velle quam fit falis in-* temperantiæ genus eft. Quid, quod ifta libe-" ralium artium confectatio moleftos, verbofos, * intempefiivos, fibi placentes facit, et ideo non " dicentes necessaria, quia supervacua didice-44 run?." SEN. Ep. 88. O GOODLY discipline! from Heav'n ysprung, Parent of Science, Queen of Arts refin'd ! To whom the Graces and the Nine belong, O! bid those Graces, in fair chorus join'd With each bright Virtue that adorns the mind, O ! bid the Muses, thine harmonious train, Who, by thy aid, erft humaniz'd mankind,

Inspire, direct, and moralize the strain That doth effay to teach thy treasures how to gain !

And thou, whole pious and maternal care, The fubftitute of heav'nly Providence, With tend'reft love my orphan life did rear, And train me up to manly strength and fense, With mildest awe and virtuous influence Directing my unpractis'd wayward feet To the fmooth walks of Truth and Innocence, Where Happiness heartfelt, Contentment sweet, Philosophy divine, aye hold their bleft retreat !

Thou, most belov'd, most honour'd, most rever'd

Accept this Verse, to thy large merit due ! And blame me not if by each tie endear'd Of nature, gratitude, and friendship true, The whiles this mortal thefis I purfue, And trace the plan of goodly nurture + o'er, I bring thy modelt virtues into view,

And proudly boast that from thy precious ftore,

Which erst enrich'd my heart, I drew this facred lore.

And thus, I ween, thus shall I best repay The valu'd gifts thy careful love bestow'd, If imitating thee well as I may, I labour to diffuse th'important good,

Till this great truth by all be underflood, " That ail the pious duties which we owe "Our parents, friends, our country, and our " The feeds of ev'ry virtue here below, [God, " From difcipline alone and early culture grow."

THE ARGUMENT.

The Knight, as to Pædia's * house He his young fon conveys, Is flaid by Cuftom, with him fights, And his wain pride difdays.

A GENTLE knight there was, whole noble deeds

O'er Fairyland by Fame were blazon'd round s For warlike enterprize and fage arceds ‡ Among the chief alike was he renown'd; Whence with the marks of highest honours By Gloriana, in domeftic peace, [crown'd That port to which the wife are ever bound, He anchor'd was, and chang'd the toting feas Of buffling bufy life for calm fequeiter'd eafe.

There, in domestic virtue rich and great, As erft in public, 'mid his wide domain Long in primeval patriarchal flate The lord, the judge, the father of the plain, He dwelt ; and with him in the golden chain Of wedded faith vlink'd a matron fage Aye dwelt, fweet partner of his joy and pain ! Sweet charmer of his youth, friend of his age, Skill'd to improve his blifs, his forrows to affuage.

From this fair union, not of fordid gain But merit fimilar and mutual love, True fource of lineal virtue, fprung a train Of youths and virgins, like the beautcous grove Which round the temple of Olympic Jove Begirt with youthful bloom the parent tree ||, The facred olive, whence old Elis wove Her verdant crowns of peaceful victory

The guerdons of bold ftrength and fwift activity.

So round their noble parents goodly rofe Thefe gen'rous fcions ; they with watchful care Still as the fwelling pattions 'gan difclofe The buds of future virtues, did prepare With prudent culture the young fhoots to rear? And aye in this endearing pious toil Theyby a palmer * fage inttructed were, [while Who from deep thought and ftudious fearch tre-Had learnt to mend the heart and till the human foil.

For, by celeftial Wifdom whilom led, Thro' all the apartments of th'immortal mind, He view'd the fecret flores, and mark'd the fled t To judgment, wit, and memory affign'd,

· Pædia is a Greek word, fignifying Education. Nurture, education. * Areeds, counfels. Parent tree, the jacred olive.] This tree grew in the Altis, or facred grove of Olympic Jupiter, at Olym. pia, having, as the Eleans pretended, been originally planted there by Hercules. It was effected facred a and from that were taken the Olympic crowns.

6 Guerdons, rewards. • Palmer, pilgrim.—The perfon here fignified is Mr. Locke, charafterized by '.is Works.

4 Sted, place, flation.

BЬ

And how fenfation and reflection join'd To fill, with images, her dark fome grotte, Where, varioufly disjointed or combin'd As reafon, fancy, or opinion wrought, [thought.

Their variousmafkstheyplay'd, and fed her penfive Als <u>t</u>thro' the fields of Science had he ftray'd With enger fearch, and fent his piercing eye Thro' each learn'd fchool, each philotophic fhade,

Where Truth and Virtue erft were deem'd to lie, If haply the fair vagrants he mote fill fpy, Or hear the mufic of their charming lore; But all unable there to fatisfy His curious foul, he turn'd him to explore The facred writ of Faith, to learn, believe, adore.

Thence foe profes'd of Falfehood and Deceit, Thole fly artificers of Tyranny, Aye holding up before uncertain feet His faithful light to knowledge, Liberty, Mankind he led to civil policy, And mild Religion's charitable law, That, fram'd by Mercy and Benignity, The perfecuting fivord forbids to draw,

And free-created fouls with penal terrours awe. Ne with the glorious gifts elate and vain Lock'd he his witdom up in churlifh pride, But thooping from his height, would even deign The feeble fteps of infancy to guide; Eternal glory him therefore betide; Let ev'ry gen'rous youth his praife proclaim Who wand'ring thro'the world's rude foreftwide By him hath been ytaught his courie to frame ToVirtue's fweet abodes and heav'n afpiring Fame!

For this the Fairy knight, with anxious thought And fond paternal care his counfel pray'd, And him of gentleft courtefy befought His guidance to vouchfafe and friendly aid, The while his tender offspring he convey'd Thro' devious paths to that fecure retreat Where fage Paedia, with each tuneful maid, On a wide mount hat fis'd her rural feat,

'Mid flow'ry gardens plac'd, untrod by vulgar feet.

And now forth-pacing with his blooming heir, And that fame virtuous palmer them to guide, Arm'd all to point, and on a courfer fair Ymounted high, in military pride, His little train before he flow did ride. Him eke behind a gentle 'fquire entues, With his young lord aye marching fide by fide, His countellor and guard in goodly thews+,' Who well had been brought up, and nurs'd by

ev'ry Mufe.

Thus as their pleafing journey they purfu'd, With cheerful argument beguiling pain, Ere long, defeeding from an hill, they view'd Beneath their cycs outfiretch'd a fpacious plain,

[] More, might.

1

§ Lond, land.

•• .

1; Als, alfo, further. || Brakes, briers. §§ Dijht, d.ofte That fruitful fhew'd, and apt for ev'ry grains For paftures, vines, and flow'rs, while Nature fair Sweet-fmiling all around with count'nance fair Seem'd to demand the tiller's art and care Her wildnefs to correct, her lavifh wafte repair.

Right good I ween and bounteous was the foil, Ave wont in happy leafon to repay With tenfold ulury the peafant's toil, But now 'twas ruin all and wild decay; Untill d, the garden and the fallow lay; [grown, The fheep fhornedown with barren brakes]|o'er-The whiles the merry peafants fport and play All as the public evil were unknown,

Or ev'ry public care from ev'ry breaft was flown!

Aftonifh'd at a fcene at once fo fair And fo deform'd, with wonder and delight At man's neglect and Nature's bounty rare, In fludious thought a while the Fairy knight Bent on that goodly lond § his eager fight, Then forward rufh'd, impatient to defery What towns and caftles therein were empight²; For towns him feem'd and cattles he did fpy[eye. As to th'horizon round he firetch'd his roaming

Nor long way had they travell'd, ere they came To a wide fircam that, with tumultuous roar, Amongft rude rocks its winding course did frame :

Black was the wave and fordid, cover'd o'er With angry foam, and flain'd with infants gore: Thereto along th'unlovely margin flood A birchen grove that, waving from the flore, A ve caft upion the tide its falling bud, And with its bitter juice empoifon'd all the flood.

Right in the center of the vale, empight Not diftant far, a forked mountain role; In outward form prefering to the fight That win'd Parnallian hill, on whole fair brows The Nine Aonian Sifters wont repole, Lift'ning to fiveet Caftelia's founding fream, Which thro' the plains of Cirrha murm'ring flows;

But this to that compar'd mote jufily feem Ne fitting haunt for gods, ne worthy man's efferm.

For this nor founded deep nor fpredden wide, Nor high uprais'd above the level plain, By toiling art thro' tedious years apply'd, From various parts compil'd with fludious pain, Was crit uptbrown, if fo it mote attain, Like that poetic mountain, to be hight † The noble feat of Learning's goodly train; Thereto the more to captivate the fight It, like a garden fair, most curiously was dights?

In figur'd plots, with leafy walls enclos'd, By measure and by rule it was outlay'd; With fymmetry to regular dispos'd, That plot to plot still answer'd shade to shade:

+ Thews, manners,

Empight, placed.

‡ Fain, earneft, eager.
† Hight, called, named.

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1.

Each

correspondent twain alike array'd ike embellishments of plants and flow'rs, ues, vales, spouting founts, that play'd fhells of Tritons their afcending flow'rs, rinthsinvolv'd and trelice-woven bow'rs.

likewife mote be feen on ev'ry fide ew, obedient to the planter's will, hapely box of all their branching pride tly shorne, and with prepost'rous skill, rious beafts and birds of fundry quill form'd, and human fhapes of monstrous fize,

as that giant race who, hill on hill heaping, fought with impious vain emrize ++,

fthund'ring Jove, to scale the steepy skies. her wonders of the fportive fhears lature miladorning there were found; s, fpiral columns, pyramids, and piers, fprouting urns and budding flatues orizontal dials on the ground [crown'd, ng box by cunning artifts trac'd, allies trim on no long voyage bound, / their roots there ever anchor'd fast, ere their bellying fails outfpread to ev'ry laft.

Il appear'd the mountain's forked brows terraffes on terrafles upthrown, ill along, arrang'd in order'd rows iftos broad, the velvet flopes adown ver-verdant trees of Daphne fhone ; iens to the clime, and brought of old Latian plains and Grecian Helicon, fhrunk and languifh'd in a foreign mold, geful fummers starv'd, and pinch'd by vinter's cold.

this verdant grove, with folemn state, Iden thrones of antic form reclin'd, mic majefty Nine Virgins fat, tures various as unlike in mind : bafted they themfelves of heav'nly kind, o the fweet Parnaffian Nymphs ally'd, æ round their brows the Delphic bay they twin'd,

natching with high names their apish ride,

ry learned fchool ayc claim'd they to refide.

ic garbs (for modern they difdain'd) reek and Roman artifts whilom §§ made, rious woofs, and varioufly diftain'd tints of ev'ry hue, were they array'd; here and there ambitioufly difplay'd ple fared of some rich robe, prepar'd y the Muses or th'Aonian Maid, ck great Tullius or the Mantuan bard,)'er each motely veft with uncouth fplenlor glar'd.

And well their outward vesture did express The bent and habit of their inward mind, Affecting Wildom's antiquated drefs, And usages by time cast far behind : Thence to the charms of younger Science blind, The cuftoms, laws, the learning, arts, and phrafe,

Of their own countries they with fcorn declin'd, Ne facred Truth herfelf would they embrace Unwarranted, unknown in their forefathers days.

Thus ever backward cafling their furvey To Rome's old ruins, and the groves forlorn [turn Ofelder Athens, which in profpect lay Stretch'd out beneath the mountain, would they Their bufy fearch, and o'er the rubbish mourn; Then gath'ring up, with fuperstitious care Each little fcrap, however foul or torn, In grave harangues they boldly would declare This Ennius, Varro, this the Stagirite, did wear.

Yet, under names of venerable found, [rod, While o'er the world they ftretch'd their awful Thro' all the provinces of Learning own'd For teachers of whate'er is wife and good ; Als from each region to their drad * abode Came youth unnumber'd, crowding all to tafte The firearns of Science, which united flow'd Adown the mount from nine rich fources caft, And to the vale below in one rude torrent paft.

O'er ev'ry fource, protectrcis of the stream, One of those Virgin Sisters did preside, Who dignifying with her noble name Her proper flood, aye pour'd into the tide The heady vapours of scholastic pride, Despotical and abject, bold and blind, Fierce in debate, and forward to decide, Vain love of praise with adulation join'd, And difingenuous fcorn and impotence of mind.

Extending from the hill on ev'ry fide, In circuit vast a verdant valley spread, Acrofs whole uniform flat bolom glide Ten thousand streams, in winding mazes led By various fluices from one common head; A turbid mass of waters, vast, profound ! Hight of Philology the lake, and fed By that rude torrent which, with roaring found,

Came tumbling from the hill, and flow'd the level round.

And ev'rywhere this fpacious valley o'er, Faft by each ftream was feen a num'rous throng Of beardless striplings, to the birch crown'd **fhore**

By nurfes, guardians, fathers, dragg'd along ; Who, helplefs, meek, and innocent of wrong, Were torn reluctant from the tender fide Of their fond mothers, and by faitours + ftrong,

By pow'r made infolent, and hard by pride, Were driv'n with furious rage, and lash'd into the tide l

nprize, enterprize, attempt. tt All, used frequently by the old English poets for although. our, doer, from faire, to do, and fait, does ; counterously vied by Speaker in a bad lumbe. "

Bbs

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On the rude bank with trembling feet they flood,

And caffing round their oft reverted eyes, If haply they more 'icape the hated flood, Fill'd all the plain with lamentable cries; But far away th'unheeding father flies, Confrain'd his itrong compunctionstoreptels, While cloic behind, affuming the difguile Of nurthing Care and finiling Tendernels,

With fectet foourges arm'd, thole gifly faitours prefs.

As on the freepy margin of a brook, When the young fun with flow'ry Maia rides, With innocent difinay a bleating flock Crowd back, affrighted at the rolling tides, The frepherd-fwain at first exhorting chides Their feely ‡ fear, at length impatient grown, With his rude crook he wounds their tender fides,

And all regardless of their pitcous moan, Into the dathing wave compels them furious down.

Thus utg'd by maft'ring fear, and dolorous teen ||,

Into the current plung'd that infant crowd, Right pitcous was the fpectacle I ween, Of tender ftriplings ftain'd with tears andblood, Perforce conflicting with the bitter flood, And lab'ring to attain the diffant fhore, Where, holding forth the gown of manhood, The Siren Liberty, and eventore [flood Solicited their hearts with her enchanting lore.

Irkfome and long the pathage was, perplex'd With rugged rocks, on which the raving tide By fudden burits of angry tempefts vex'd, Oft dafh'd the youth, whole ftrength mote ill abide

With head uplifted o'er the waves to ride; Whence many, weary'd ere they had o'erpaft The middle itream (for they in vain flave Again return'd aftounded § and aghaft, [try'd) Ne one regardful look would ever backward caft.

Some, of a rugged more enduring frame, Theirtoilliome courfe with patient pain purfu'd, And tho' with many a bruife and muchel ** blame,

Eft hanging on the rocks, and eft embru'd Deep in the muddy fiream, with hearts fuldu'd And quail'd by labour, gain'd the fhore at laft; But in life's practic leat ++ unfkill'd and rude, Forth to that forked hill they filent pac'd,

Where, hid in fludious flades, their fruitlefs hours they wafe.

Others, of tich and noble lineage bred,

Tho' with the crowd to pais the flood confitrain'd,

Yet o'er the crags with fond indulgence led By hireling guides, and in all depths futbain'd, Skimm'd lightly o'er the tide, undipt, unftain'd,

Save with the fprinkling of the wat'ry fpray, And aye their proud prerogative maintain'd Of ignorance and eafe, and wanton play, Soft harbingers of vice and premature decay.

A few, alas! how few ! by Heav'na high will With fubtle fpirits endow'd and finews itrong, Albe ! fore mated f by the tempefts fhrill That bellow'd fierce and rife the rocks among, By their own native vigour borne along, Cut brifkly thro' the waves, and forces new Gath'ring from toil, and ardor from the throng Of rival youths, outfiript the lab'ring crew,

And to the true Parnaile § and heav'n-throng'd glory flew.

Dire was the tunult ! and from ev'ry fhore Different echoes ftruck the deafen'd ear, Heart-thrilling cries, with fobs and fingulis # Short-interrupted, the imploring tear, [fore And furious ftripes and angry threats fevere, Confus'dly mingled with the jarring found, Of all the various fpeeches that while e On Shinat's widefpread champain did afound

High Babel's builders vain, and their proudworks confound.

Much was the knight empafiion'd at the fcents But more his blooming fon, whofe tender breaft, Empierced deep with fympatizing teen, On his pale check the figns of drad imprefs'd, And fill'd his eyes with tears, which fore diftrefs'd;

Up to his fire he rais'd in mournful wife,

Who with fweet fmiles paternal foon redrefs'd His troublous thoughts, and clear'd each fad furmife; [hiet.

- Then turns his ready fleed, and on his journey But far he had not march'd ere he was flay'd By a rude voice, that like th'united found Of fhouting myriads thro' the valley bray'd,
 - And fhook the groves, the floods, and fold ground;

The diftant hills rebellow'd all around.

- Arreft, Sir Knight,' it cry'd, ' thy fond car reer,
- " Nor with prefumptuous difobedience wound
- That awful majefty which all revere !
- " In my commands, Sir Knight, the voice of attions hear."

Quick turn'd the knight, and faw upon theplain Advancing tow'rds him, with impetuous gait And vitage all inflam'd with fierce difdain, A monitrous giant, on whole brow elate Shone the bright entign of imperial flate; Albeit lawful kingdom he had none, But laws and kingdoms wont he off create, And oft times over both erecht his throne,

While fenates, priefts, and ftings, his forran 4 fceptre own.

Stely, fimple. I Teen, p. in, grief. § Aftounded, aftonift.'d. **•Muchel, msch. ++ Lear, learning. ‡ Albe, although. + Mated, amazed, facred. § Parnaffe, Parnaffus. I Singults, fighs. * Whilere, formerly. + Sovran, for forereign.

Cuton

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n he hight, and aye in ev'ry land 'd dominion with defipotic fway ill he holds, and to his high command 'ains ev'n flubborn Nature to obey, a difpoffeffing oft he doth effay wern in her right : and with a pace t and gentle doth he win his way, fhe unawares is caught in his embrace; o' deflow'r'd and thrall'd, nought feels ier foul difgrace.

urt'ring even from their tendereft age locile fons of men withouten pain, [ciplines and rules to ev'ry ftage : accommodate, he doth them train ibly to wear and hug his chain : s behefts or gentle or fevere, od or noxious, rational or vain, iftily perfuades them to revere utions fage and venerable lear.

tor therefore of that forked hill, nighty patron of those Sifters Nine, there enthron'd with many a copious rill, he full freamsthat thro' the valley fhine emed was, and aye with rites divine, hofe which Sparta's++ hardy raceof yore wont perform at fell Diana's fhrine, th confirmin his vaffals to adore,

their facred names, and learn their fared lore.

o the Fairy knight, now drawing near voice terrific and imperious mien

vas he wont leis dreadful to appear known and practis'd than at diftance en)

ingly firetching forth his fceptre ficen, e commandeth upon threaten'd pain difpleafure high and venguance keen, his rebellious purpofe to refrain, lue Honors pay to Learning's rev'rend ain.

ing, and foreftalling all reply, remptory hand without delay; e who little car'd to juftify incely will, long us'd to boundlefs fway, the Fairv youth with great difmay ry quaking limb convuls'd he lay'd, roudly ftalking o'er the verdant lay ⁺⁺ o thofe fcientific ftreams convey'd, any his young compeers, therein to be nbay'd §§.

night his tender fon's diftrefsful ftour ving, fwift to his affiftance flew, nly ftay'd to deprecate that pow'r 1 from fubmiffion aye more haughty

rew :

For that proud giant's force he wifely knew Not to be meahly dreaded, nor defy'd [true, With rafh prelumption; and with courage Rather than ftep from virtue's paths alide, Oft had he fingly form'd his all diffaying pride.

And now, difdaining parle, his courfer hot He fiercely prick'd, and couch'd his vengeful fpear,

Wherewith the giant he fo rudely fmot, That him perforce confirain'd to wend § ar-Who much abath'd at fuch rebuke fevere, [rear; Yet his accutom'd pride recov'ring foon, Forthwith his maffy feeptre 'gan uprear; For other warlike weapon he had noue, Ne other him behov'd to quell his boldeft fone].

With that enormous mace the Fairy knight So fore he bet*, that all his armour bray'd **†**, To pieces well nigh riv'n with the might Of fo tempefuous frokes; but he was flay'd, And ever with delib'rare valour weigh'd The fudden changes of the doubtful fray, From cautious prudence oft deriving aid, When force unequal did him hard effay;

So lightly from his ficed he leap'd upon the lay. Then fwiftly drawing forth his trenchant ‡ blade,

High o'er his head he held the fenceful fhield, And warily forecafting to evade The giant's furious arm about him wheel'd, With reftlefs fteps aye traverfing the field, And ever as his foe's intemp'rate pride Thro' rage defencelefs mote advantage yield, With his fharp fword fo of the did him gride4,

- That his gold fandal'd feet in crimfon floods were dy'd.
- His bafer parts he maim'd with many "wound;

But far above his utmost reach were pight §§ The forts of life; ne never to confound With utter ruin, and abolish quite A pow'r fo puissant, by his single might Did he prefume to hope; himfelf alone From lawless force to free in bloody fight, He stood content to bow to custom's throne, So reason mote not bluth his forran rule to own.

So well he warded and fo fiercely preft His foe, that weary wex'd he of the fray, Ye nould he algates**lower his haughty creft, But mafking in contempt his fore difinay, Difdainfully releas'd the trembling prey As one unworthy of his princely care; Then proudly catting on the warlike Fay † A finile of forn and pity, thro' the air 'Gan blow his fhrilling horn; the blaft was heard afar.

Lacedemonians, in order to make their children hardy, and endure pain with conftancy and couaccuftomed to caufe them to be foourged very feverely.—" And 1 myfelf," fays Plutarch, in his yourgus, " have feen feveral of them endure whipping to death at the foot of the altar of Diana, d Orthia."

Lay, mead. §§ Embay'd, bathed, dipt. Wend arrear, move backwards. # Fone, foes. Frenchant, cutting. + Gride, cut, hack. Nould he algates, would not by any means.

|||| Stour, trouble, misfortune, &c. * Bet, beat. + Bray'd, retounded: || | Pight, pla.ed. ++ Fay, Fairy. B b.3 EMS- Effoons aftonifh'd at th'alarming found, The figual of diffrefs and hoftile wrong, Confus'dly trooping from all quarters round, Came pouringo'er the plain a num'rous throng Of ev'ry fex and order, old and young, The vaffals of great cuftom's wide domain, Who to his lore inur'd by utage long,

His ev'ry fummons heard with pleafure fain, And felt his ev'ry wound with fympathetic pain.

They when their bleeding king they did behold,

And faw an armed knight him flanding near, Attended by that palmer fage and bold, [ere Whole vent'rous fearch of devious truth whil-Spread thro' the realms of learning horrours drear,

Yseized were at first with terrors great,

And in their boding hearts began to fear

Diffention factious, controversial hate, [state. And innovations strange in custom's peaceful

But when they faw the knight his fauchion fheath,

And climbing to his fteed march thence away With all his hoftile train, they 'gan to breathe With freer fpirit, and with afpect gay, Soon chac'd the gath'ring clouds of blackaffray: Als their great monarch cheered with the view Of myriads, who confels his fov'ran fway, His ruffled pride began to plume anew,

And on his bugle clear a ftrain of triumph blew.

Thereat the mukitude that flood around

Sent up at once a univertal roar

Of boilt'rous joy the fudden-builting found,

Like the explosion of a warlike frore Of nitrous grain th'afflicted welkin 11 tore :

Then turning tow'rds the knight with fcoffings lewd,

Heart-piercing infults and revilings fore, Loud burfts of laughter vain, and hiffes rude,

As thro' the throng he pais'd his parting fteps purfu'd.

Als from that forked hill the boafted feat Of ftudious Peace and mild Philosophy, Indignant murmurs mote be heard to threat, Muftring their rage cke baleful Infamy, Rous'd from her den of bafe lecurity By those fame Maidens Nine, began to found Her brazen trump of black'ning obloquy, While Satire with dark clouds encompast round

Sharp fecret arrows fhot, and aim'd his ba-k to wound.

But the brave Fairy knight, no whit difmay'd, Held on his peaceful journey o'er the plain, With curious eye obferving as he ftray'd Thro' the wide provinces of Cuftom's reign What mote afrefh admonifh him remain Faft by his virtuous purpofe; all around So many objects mov'd his juft difdain, Him feem'd that nothing ferious, nothingfound,

In city, village, bow'r, or caftle, mote be found

In village, city, caftle, bow'r, and hall, Each fex, each age, each order and degree, To vice and idle fport abandon'd all, Kept one perpetual gen'ral jubilee, Ne fuffer'd ought diffurb their merry glee; Ne fenfe of private lofs, ne public woes, Reftraint of law, religion's drad decree, Intefline defolation, foreign foes,

Nor Heav'n's tempeft'ous threats, nor earth's convulfive throes

But chiefly they whom Heav'n's difpofing hand Had feated high on Fortune's upper flage, And plac'd within their call the facred band That waits on Nature and Inftruction fage, If happy their wife hefts & mote them engage To climb thro'knowledge to more noblepraife, And as they mount, enlighten ev'ry age With the bright influence of fair virtue's rays,

Which from the awful heights of grandeur brighter blaze.

They, O perverfe and bafe ingratitude! Defpifing the great ends of Providence, For which above their mates they were ended With wealth, authority, and eminence, To the low fervices of brutal fenfe Abus'd the means of pleafures more refin'd, Of knowledge, virtue, and beneficence, And fett'ring ou her throne th'immortalMind The guidance of her realm to paffionswildrefign'd.

Hence thoughtlefs, Thamelefs, recklefs, fpiritlefs,

Nought worthy of their kind did they effay, But or benumb'd with palfy'd idleneis In merely living loiter'd life away, Or by falfe tafte of pleafure led aftray, For ever wand'ring in the fenfual bow'rs Of feverish Debauch and luftful Play,

Spent on ignoble toils their active pow'rs, And with untimely blafts difeas'd their versal hours.

Ev'n they to whom kind Nature did accord A frame more delicate and purer mind, [board Tho' the foul brothel and the wine-ftain'd Of beaftly Comus loathing they declin'd, Yet their foft hearts to idle joys refign'd; Like painted infects thro' the fummer air With random flight aye ranging unconfin'd, And tafting ev'ry flow'r and bloffom fair Withouten any choice, withouten any care.

For choice them needed none who only fought With vain amufements to beguile the day; And wherefore fhould they take or care or thought [play? Whom Nature prompts and Fortune calls to ' Lords of the earth, be happy as ye may !'

So learn'd fo taught the leaders of mankind, Th'unreafoning vulgar willingly obey, And leaving toil and poverty behind,

Ran forth by diff rent ways the blifsful boon to find.

Book II

‡ Welkin, fky.

§ Hef.s, behefts, precepts, commands.

edious was the fearch : for ev'rywhere nigh great Custom's royal tow'rs the knight

1 thro⁷ th'adjoining hamlets, mote hehear nerry voice of feftival delight ng the return of morning bright, matin revels by the mid-day hours e ended, and again with dewy night rer'd theatres or leafy bow'rs, [pow'rs. her ev'ning vows to pleafure's joyous

ever on the way mote he efpy women, children, a promifcuous throng h, poor, wife and fimple, low and high, ad, by water, paffing aye along murnurs, antics, mufic, dance, and fong, leafure's num'rous temples, that befide jift'ning ftreams, or tufted groves among, "ry idle foot flood open wide,

ry gay defire with various joys fupply'd. here each earth with diverfe charms to move.

ing Veaus, queen of vagrant Love, ion companion Bacchus, loud and vain, ricking Hermes, god of fraudful gain, when blind Fortune throws direct the die, 'hœbus, tuning his foft Lydian firain anton motions and the lover's ligh, aght-beguiling fhew and mafking revelry.

et affociates thefe for noble youth to true honor meaneth to afpire, or the works of virtue, faith, and truth, d keep his manly faculties entire, which avizing well, the cautious fire that foft Siren land of pleafaunce vain, timely hafte was minded to retire, the fiveet contagion mote attain [flainunpractis'd heart, yet free from vicious

ning from that beaten road afide, nany a devious path at length he pac'd, it experienc'd palmer did him guide,) a mountain hoar they came at laft, high-rais'd brows, with fylvan honors ically frown'd upon the plain, [grac'd, wer all an awful horror caft; I as thofe villas gay it did difdain.[train. pangl'd all the vale like Flora's painted

ill afcended ftrait, crewhile they came ill grove, whofe thick-embow'ring fhade, vious to the fun's meridian flame, t mid-noon a dubious twilight made, o that fober light which, difarray'd its gorgeous robe, with blunted beams windows dim with holy acts pourtray'd fome clofiter'd abbev faintly gleams, ng the rapt thought from vain earthuting themes.

h this high o'crarching canopy ft'ring oaks, a fylvan colonade, ft'ning to the native melody is fweet echoing thro' the lonely fhade,

⁺Overkeft, for overcaft.

• Sith, fince.

On to the center of the grove they ftray'd; Which in a fpacious circle op'ning round, Within its fhelt'ring arms fecurely laid, Difclos'd to fudden view a vale profound,

With Nature's artlefs finiles and tranquil beauties crown'd.

There, on the bafis of an ancient pile, Whofe crofs-furmounted fpire o'erlook'd the A venerable matron they erewhile, [wood, Difcover'd have, befide a murm'ring flood, Reclining in right fad and penfive mood : Retir'd within her own abfracted breaft, She feem'd o'er various woes by turns to brood, The which her changing cheer by turns expreft,

Now glowing with diddain, with grief now overkeft. 1

Her thus immers'd in anxious thoughts protound.

When as the knight perceiv'd, he nearer drew To weet what bitter bale did her aftound, And whence th'occation of her anguifa grew; For that right noble matron well he knew, And many perils huge and labours fore Had for her take endur'd; her vafial true, Train'd in her love, and practis'd evermore Her honor to respect, and reverence her love.

- O dearcft Drad !' he cry'd, • Fair Island • Qucen !
- ' Mother of Heroes ! Empress of the Main !
- What means that ftormy brow of troublous • teen.
- Sith "heav'n-born peace, with all her finiling
- · Of fciences and arts adore thy reign
- With wealth and knowledge, fplendour and (renown ? [plain !
- 'Each port how throng'd! how fruitful ev'ry 'How blithe the country ! and how gay the ' town ! [boon !'

While Liberty fecures and heightens ev'ry Awaken'd from her trance of penfive woe

- By theie fair flatt'ring words, fhe rais'd her head, [brow,
- And bending on the knight her frowning ' Mock'ft thou my forrows, Fairy Son ?' fhe faid;
- " Or is thy judgment by thy heart milled
- " To deem that certain which thyhopes fuggest?

' To deem them full of life and luftihead +

- Whole checks in Hebe's vivid tints are • dreft, [finiles impreft ?
- And with Joy's carelefs mich and dimpled
 Thy unfulpecting heart how nobly good
 - " I know, how fanguine in thy country's caufe,
 - " And mark'd thy virtue fingly how it flood
 - 'Th'affaults of mighty cuftom, which o'erawes
 - ' The faint and tim'rous mind, and oft with-' draws
 - " From Reason's lore th'abitious and the vain,
 - " By the fweet lure of popular applause

reign.

- Against their better k nowledge to maintain The lawless throne of Vice or Folly's childish
 - How
 - + Luftihead, ftrong health, vigouc.

" How raft his influence, how wide his fway,

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- Thyfelf erewhile by proof didft underftand,
- And faw'ft, as thro' his realms thou took'ft • thy way,
- How vice and folly had o'erfpread the land;
 And canft thou then, O Fairy Son ! demand
- The reafon of my wo? or hope to eafe
- "And words more apt my forrows to increase,
- The once dear names of wealth, and liberty, • and peace ?
 - " Peace, wealth, and liberty, that nobleft boon,
 - · Are bleffings only to the wife and good ;
 - To weak and vicious minds their worth un-• known,
 - . And thence abus'd, but ferve to furnish food
 - For riot and debauch, and fire the blood
 - With high-fpic'd luxury, whence strife, debate,
 - " Ambition, envy, Faction's vip'rous brood,
 - ' Contempt of order, manners profligate;
- The improms of a foul, difeas'd and bloated • ftate.
 - Ev'n Wit and Genius, with their learned • train
 - " Of Arts and Muscs, tho' from Heav'n above
 - * Defcended, when their talents they profane
 - " To varnish folly, kindle wanton love,
 - And aid eccentric fceptic pride to rove
 - "Beyond celefial truth's attractive fphere,
 - This moral fystem's central fun ave prove
- To their fond votaries a cuite fevere, • And only make mankind more obstinately crr.
- The only make manenae more obtainately en
- And fland my fons herein from cenfure clear?
- . Have they confider'd well, and underftood
- The use and import of those bleffings dear
- Which the great Lord of Nature hath be-• flow'd,
- As well to prove as to reward the good ?
- Whence are these torrents then, these billowy • feas,
- Of vice, in which as in his proper flood
- The fell Leviathan licentious plays,
- And upon fhipwreck'd Faith and finking vir-' tue preys ?
 - * To you. ye noble, opulent, and great !
 - " With friendly voice I call, and honeft zeal ;
 - " Upon your vital influences wait
 - " The health and fickness of the common weal :
 - The maladies you caufe yourfelves muft heal.
 - " In vain to the unthinking harden'd crowd
 - "Will Truth and Reafon make their just appeal;
 - In vain will facred Wifdom cry cloud,
- * And Juffice drench in vain her vengeful fword * in blood !
 - "With you must reformation first take place :
 - "You are the head, the ir tellectual mind
 - " Of this vaft body politic, whole bale
 - And vulgar limbs to drudgery confign'd,

- " All the rich flores of fcience have refign'd
- " To you, that by the craftiman's various toil,
- The fea-worn mariner, and fweating hind,
- In peace and affluence maintain'd, the while
 You for yourfelves and them may drefs the ' mental foil.
 - Bethink you then, my children, of the truft
 - "In you repos'd; ne let your heav'n-born
 - " mind Confume in pleafure or inactive ruft,
 - But nobly rouse you to the talk affiga'd,
 - 'The godlike tafk, to teach and mend 'mankind!
 - "Learn that you may inftruct : to virtue lead
 - Yourfelves the way; the herd will crowd be-• hind.
 - "And gather precepts from each worthy deed:
- 'Example is a leffon that all men can read.
 - 'But if (to all or most I do not speak)
 - " In vain and fenfual habits now grown old
 - "The firong Circæan charm you cannot "break,
 - " Nor reaffume at will your native mould the
 - "Yet envy not the flate you could not hold,
 - " And take compassion on the rising age ;
 - " In them redeem your errors manifold,
 - " And by due discipline and nurture fage,
- · In virtue's lore betimes your docile fons engage.
 - ' You chiefly, who like me in fecret mourn
 - ' The prevalence of cuftom level and vain,
 - "And you who, though by the rude torrest borne
 - "Unwillingly along, you yield with pain
 - " To his behefts, and act what you dildain,
 - ' Yet nourifh in your hearts the gen'rous love
 - " Of piety and truth, no more reffrain
 - ' The manly zeal; but all your finews more
- The prefent to reclaim, the future race im-• prove.
 - · Eftioons by your joint efforts shall be quell'd
 - "Yon haughty giant, who fo proudly fways
 - · A sceptre by repute alone upheld,
 - "Who where he cannot dictate ftrait obeys :
 - " Accustom'd to conform his flatt'ring phrate
 - ' To numbers and high-plac'd authority
 - Your party he will join, your maxims praise,
 - And drawing after all his menial fry,
- ' Soon teach the gen'ral voice your act to ratify.
 - " Ne for th'atchievement of this great emprize
 - ' The want of means or couniel may he dread;
 - From my twin-daughters fruitful wombs • fhall rife
 - "A race of letter'd fages, deeply read
 - " In learning's various writ, by whom yled
 - Thro' each well cultur'd plot, cach beauteous • grove,
 - "Where antick wildom whilom wont to tread,
 - "With mingled glee and profit may ye rove,
- 'And cull each virtuous plant, each tree of 'knowledge prove.

Yourfelves

BOOK IL.

· + Mould, fhape, form.

- Yourfelves with virtue thus and knowledge fraught
- Of what in ancient days of good or great
- Historians, bards, philosophers, have raught,
- Join'd with whatever elfe of modern date
- Maturer judgment, fearch more accurate,
- Discover'd have of Nature, Man, and God,
- May by new laws reform the time-worn state
- Of cell-bred discipline, and smoothe the road That leads thro' Learning's vale to Wildom's
- " bright abode.
- By you invited to her fecret bow'rs,
- Then shall Pædia re-ascend her throne,
- With vivid laurels girt and fragrant flow'rs;
- While from their forked mount descending down.
- · Yon fupercilious pedant train shall own
- Her empire paramount, ere long by her
- Ytaught a leffon in their fchools unknown,
- To learning's richeft treasure to prefer
- The knowledge of the world, and man's great business there.
- On this prime fcience, as the final end
- Of all her difcipline and nurt'ring care,
- Her eye Pædia fixing, ave shall bend
- Her ev'ry thought and effort to prepare
- · Her tender pupils for the various war
- Which vice and folly shall upon them wage
- As on the perilous march of life they fare, With prudent lore fore-arming cv'ry age
- 'Gainst Pleasure's treach'rous joys and Pain's embattled rage.
- Then shall my youthful sons, to wisdom led
- . By fair example and ingenuous praife,
- . With willing fect the paths of duty tread,
- " Thro' the world's intricate or rugged ways,
- · Conducted by Religion's facred rays,
- Whofe foul-invigorating influence
- Shall purge their minds from all impure allays
- Of fordid felfifiness and brutal fense.
- And fwell th'canobled heart with bleft benevolence.

• Then also shall this emblematic pile,

- By magic whilom fram'd to fympathife
- "With all the fortunes of this changeful ille,
- " Still as my lons in fame and virtue rife,
- . Grow with their growth, and to th'applaud-' ing fkies
- Its radiant crofs uplift; the while to grace
- The multiplying nitches, fresh supplies
- . Of worthies shall succeed with equal pace,
- Aye following their fires in virtue's glorious race.

Fir'd with th'idea of her future fame, She role majeftic from her lowly stead, While from her vivid eyes a sparkling flame Outbeaming with unwonted light, o'erfpread That monumental pile, and as her head To ev'ry front the turn'd, difcover'd round The venerable form of heroes dead, Who for their variou merit erft renown'd,

n this bright fanc of glory thrines of honor found.

On these that royal dame her ravish'd eyes Would often feaft; and ever as the ipy'd

Forth from the ground the length'ning ftructure rife,

- With new-plac'd flatues deck'd on ev'ry fide, Her parent-breaft would fwell with gen'rous pride.
- And now with her in that fequefter'd plain The knight a while conftraining to abide,
- She to the Fairy youth with pleasure fain Those fculptur'd chiefs did shew, and their great

lives explain.

§ 57. Ifis. An Elegy. By Mr. MASON of Cambridge.

FAR from her hallow'd grot, where mildly bright,

The pointed crystals shot their trembling light, From dripping mofs where fparkling dew-drops fc[1. [fheil,

- Where coral glow'd, where twin'd the wreathed Pale Ifis lay; a willow's lowly fhade
- Spread its thin foliage o'er the fleeping maid ; Clos'd washer eye, and from her heaving breaft, In carcless folds, loofe flow'd her zoneless weft,
- While down her neck her vagrant treffes flow, In all the awful negligence of woe;
- Her urn fuftain'd her arm, that fculptur'd vafe
- Where Vulcan's art had lavish'd all his grace;
- Here, full with life, was heav'n-taught Science feen.
- Known by the laurel wreath and musing micn: There cloud-crown'd Fame, here Peace fedate
- and bland. Swell'd the loud trump and wav'd the olive wand; While folemn domes, arch'd fhades, and vistas
- green. At well mark'd diftance clofe the facred fcene. On this the Goddes's cast an anxious look, Then dropt a tender tear, and thus the fpoke : Yes, I could once with pleas'd attention trace The mimic charms of this prophetic vafe; Then lift my head, and with enraptur'd eyes View on yon plain the real glories rife. Yes, Ifis ! oft haft thou rejoic'd to lead Thy liquid treasures o'er yon fav'rite mead ;

Oft haft thou ftopt thy pearly car to gaze, While ev'ry Science nurs'd its growing bays While ev'ry Youth, with fame's ftrong impulse Preft to the goal, and at the goal untir'd, [fir'd, Snatch'd each celeftial wreath, to bind his brow, The Mules, Graces, Virtues could bestow.

E'n now fond Fancy leads th'ideal train, And ranks her troops on Mcm'ry's ample plain ; See ! the firm leaders of my patriot line, See ! Sidney, Raleigh, Hampden, Somers fhine. See Hough, fuperior to a tyrant's doom, Smile at the menace of the flave of Rome : Each foul whom truth could fire, or virtue move, Each breaft, ftrong panting with its country's love, All that to Albion gave their heart or head, That wifely counfel'd, or that bravely bled,

All,

All, all appear; on me they grateful finile; The well-carn'd prize of ev'ry virtuous toil To me with filial reverence they bring, And hang fresh trophies o'er my honor'd spring. Ah ! I remember well von beechen fpray ; There Addition first tun'd his polith'd lay; 'Twas there great Cato's form first met his eye, In all the pomp of free-born majeity; [awe; " My fon,' he cry'd, ' observe this mien with In folemn lines the ftrong refemblance draw; . The piercing notes thall firike each Britith ear; • Each British eye shall drop the patriot tear ! And rous'd to glory by the nervous ftrain, · Each youth shall spurn at flav'ry's abject reign; Shall guard with Cato's zeal Britannia's laws, And speak, and act, and bleed, in Freedom's caule.

The hero fpoke; the hard affenting bow'd; The lay to Liberty and Cato flow'd: While Echo, as the row'd the vale along, Jbin'd the frong cadence of his Roman long.

But ah! how Stilners flept upon the ground! How mute Attention check'd each rifing found ! Scarce flole a breeze to wave the leafy fpray, Scarce trill'd fweet Philomel her fofteft lay, When Locke walk'd muting forth ! E'en now I view

Majefic Wildom thron'd upon his brow; View Candor finile upon his modeft cheek, And from his eve all Judgment's radiance break. 'Twas here the lage his manly zeal expreft, Here fiript vain Faltchood of her gaudy veft; Here Truth's collected beams firft fill'd his mind, Ere long to burft in bleffings on mankind; Ere long to thew to Reafon's purged eve, That "Nature's firft bett gift was Liberty."

Proud of this wond'rous (on, fublime I ftood (While louder furges fwell'd my rapid flood) Then, vain as Niobe, exulting cry'd, Ilifus! roll thy fam'd Athenian tide;

Tho' Plato's tieps oft mark'd thy neighb'ing glade,

Though fair Lycaum lent its awful shade,

Tho' ev'ry Academic green imprcft

Its image full on thy reflecting breaft,

Yet my pure stream shall boast as proud a name, And Britain's Isis flow with Attic fame.

Alas! how chang'd! where now that Attic boaft?

See ! Gothic licence rage o'er all my coaft ! See ! Hydra Faction foread its impious reign, Poifon each breaft, and madden ev'ry brain ! Hence frontlefs crowds, that not content to fright The blufhing Cynthia from her throne of light, Blaft the fair face of day ; and madly bold, To Freedom's foes infernal orgies hold ; To Freedom's foes, ah! fee the goblet crown'd, Hear plaufive fhouts to Freedom's foes refound ; The horrid notes my refluent waters daunt, The Echoes groan, the Dryads quit their haunt ; Learning, that once to all diffus'd her beam, Now fheds, by frealth, a partial private gleam In fome lone cloifter's melancholy fhade, Where a firm few fupport her fickly head,

Despis'd, infulted, by the barb'rous train

Who fcour, like Thracia's moon-ftruck rout, the plain ;

Sworn foes, like them, to all the Mufe approves, All Phoebus favours, or Minerva loves.

Are these the sons my fost ring breast must rear, Grac'd with my name, and nurtur'd by my cart? Must these go forth from my maternal hand, To deal their infults thro' a peaceful land, And boast, while Freedom bleeds, and Virtue' groans,

That "Itis taught Rebellion to her fons?" Forbid it, Heav'n ! and let my rifing waves Indiguant fivell, and whelm the recreant flaves! In England's caufe their patriot floods employ, As Xanthus delug'd in the caufe of Troy. Is this deny'd; then point fome fecret way

Where far, far hence these guiltless ftreams may firay; [fpreads Some unknown channel lend, where Nature Inglorious vales and unfrequented meads, There, where a hind fearce times his ruftic firain, Where fearce a pilgrim treads the pathless plain, Content 1'll flow; forget that e'er my tide Saw yon majestic fiructures crown its fide; Forget that e'er my wrapt attention hung Or on the fage's or the poet's tongue; Calm and refign'd, my humbler lot embrace, And, pleas'd, prefer oblivion to difgrace.

§ 58. The Triumph of Ifis, occasioned by Ifis, an Elegy. T. WARTON.

Quid nihil nefcio quam, proprio cum Tybride, Romam

Semper in ore geris? Referent fi vera parentis, Hauc Urbem infano Nillus qui Marte petivit, Letatus violoffe redit. Nec Numina fedem Deftituunt.——

CLAUDIAN.

O'N clofing flow'rs when genial gales diffufe The fragrant tribute of refrefhing dews; When chants the milk-maid at her balmy pail, And weary reapers whiftle o'er the vale, Charm'd by the murmurs of the quiv'ring flade, O'er Ifis' willow-fringed banks I ftray'd; And calmly mufing thro' the twilight way, In penfive mood I fram'd the Doric lay. When lo! from op'ning clouds a golden gleam Pour'd fudden fplendors o'er the fladowy flyam; And from the waye arole its guardian queen, Known by her fweeping floie of gloffy green; While in the coral crown that bound her brw, Was wove the Delphic laurel's verdant bough.

As the imooth initiace of the dimply flood The filver-flipper'd virgin lightly trod, From her loofe hair the dropping dew the prefs'd, And thus mine ear in accents mild addrefs'd :

No more, my fon, the rural reed employ, Nor trill the tinkling ftrain of empty joy; No more thy love-refounding fonnets fuit To notes of paft'ral pipe, or oaten flute.

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rk ! high-thron'd on yon majeftic walls, dear Muse afflicted Freedom calls : Freedom calls, and Oxford bids thee fing, tave thy hand to ftrike the founding ftring? thus, in Freedom's and in Phoebus' fpite, mal fons of flavish Cam unite; ke yon tow'rs when Malice rears her creft, It my fons in filence idly reft? fing, O Cam, your fav'rite freedom's caufe, aft of Freedom, while you break her laws; w'r your fongs of gratulation pay; irts addreis foft Flattery's fervile lay; ho' your gentle Mason's plaintive verse mg with fweeteft wreaths Mufeus' herfe ; tho' your vaunted bard's ingenuous woe, my stream, in tuneful numbers flow; ove his Muse, by fame or envy led, r the laurels from a fifter's head ?ided youth, with rude unclassic rage it the beauties of thy whiter page; : that fullies e'en thy guiltlefs lays, lafts the vernal bloom of half thy bays. boast the patrons of her name, plendid fool of fortune and of fame: preferment let her fhine the queen, c parent of each bowing dean : s each prelate of the painper'd check, courtly chaplain, fanctify'd and fleck : 1 the drones of her exhauftles hive h pluralities fupinely thrive : t her fenates titled flaves revere, are to know the patriot from the peer; iger charm'd by virtue's lofty fong, heard fage Milton's manly tones among, e Cam, meand'ring thro' the matted reeds, loit'ring wave his groves of laurel feeds. urs, my fon, to deal the facred bay, e honour calls, and justice points the way; ar the well-earn'd wreath that merit brings, natch a gift beyond the reach of kings. ng and fcorn'd by courts, yon Mufe's bow'r, or enjoys nor feeks the fmile of pow'r. ough wakeful Vengeance watch my cryftal

fpring, gh Perfecution wave her iron wing, o'er yon fpiry temples as fhe flies, le deftin'd feats be mine,' exulting cries; ne's fair smiles on Isis still attend as the dews of gracious heav'n descend, 'd, unfeen, in still but copious show'rs, ores on me spontaneous Bounty pours. cience walks with recent chaplets crown'd; Fancy's strain my fairy shades refound; Iufe divine still keeps her custom'd state, nien erect, and high majestic gait: , as of old, each oliv'd portal imiles, till the Graces build my Grecian piles : othic fpires in ancient glory rife, dare with wonted pride to ruth into the fkies.

a late when Radcliff's delegated train cious fhone in Ifis happy plain; When yon proud * dome, fair learning's ampleft Bencath its attic roofs receiv'd the Nine, [fhrine, Was rapture mute, or cleas'd the glad acclame, To Radcliffe due, and Ifis' honour'd name? What free-born crowds adorn'd the feftive day, Nor blufh to wear my tributary bay! How each brave breaft with honeft ardors heav'd, When Sheldon's fane the patriot band receiv'd; While, as we loudly hail'd the chofen few, Rome's awful fenate rufh'd upon the view !

O may the day in lateft annals thine, That made a Beaufort and an Harley mine ! That bade them leave the loftier scene a while, The pomp of guiltless state, the patriot toil, For bleeding Albion's aid the fage defign, To hold thort dalliance with the tuneful Nine! Then Music left her fiver fphere on high, And bore each strain of triumph from the fky; Swell'd the loud long, and to my chiefs around Pour'd the full peans of mellifluous found. My Naiads blythe the dying accents caught, And lift'ning danc'd beneath their pearly grot. 'In gentler eddies play'd my confeious wave, And all my reeds their fofteft whilpers gave Each lay with brighter green adorn'd my bow're, And breath'd a fresher fragrance on my flow'rs.

But lo! at once the pealing concerts ceale, And crowded theatres are hush'd in peace. See, on yon fage how all attentive stand, To catch his darting eye and waving hand! Hark ! he begins, with all a Tully's art, To pour the dictates of a Cato's heart ! Skill'd to pronounce what nobleft thoughts infpire, He blends the fpeaker's with the patriot's fire;. Bold to conceive, nor tim'rous to conceal, What Britons dare to think, he dares to tell. 'Tis his alike the ear and eye to charm, To win with action, and with fenfe to warm; Untaught in flow'ry periods to difpenfe The Julling founds of fweet impertinence : In frowns or finiles he gains an equal prize, Nor meanly fears to fall, nor creeps to rile; Bids happier days to Albion be reftor'd, Bids ancient Justice rear her radiant fword ; From me, as from my country, claims applaule, And makes an Oxford's a Britannia's caufe.

While arms like thefe my ftedfaft fages wield, While mine is Truth's impenetrable fhield; Say, fhall the puny champion fondly dare To wage with force like this fcholaftic war? Still vainly fcribble on with pert pretence, With all the rage of pedant impotence? Say, fhall I fofter this domeftic peft,

This parricide, that wounds a mother's breaft > Thus in fome gallant fhip, that long has bore Britain's victorious crofs from fhore to fhore, By chance beneath her clofe fequefter'd cells. Some low-born worm, a lurking mifchief dwells ; Eats his blind way, and faps with fecret guile The deep foundations of the floating pile. In vain the foreft lent its flatelieft pride, Rear'd her tall maft, and fram'd her knotty fide;

* The Radeliffe Library.

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The martial thunder's rage in vain the flood, With every conflict of the floring flood; More fure the reptile's little art; devour Than wars, or waves, or Euros' wint'ry pow'r.

Ye fretted pinnacles, ye fames fublime, Ye tow'rs that wear the motify yett of time ! Ye maily piles of old munificence, At once the pride of learning and defence ; Ye cloyfters pale, that length ning to the fight, To contemplation, ftep by ftep, invite ! [clear Ye high-arch'd walks, where oft the whitpers Of harps unfeen have fivept the poet's ear !. Ye temples dim, where pious duty pays Her holy hymns of ever-echoing praife ! Lo! your lov'd Itis, from the bord'ring vale, With all a mother's fondnefs bids you hail :-Hail, Oxford, hail 1 of all that's good and great, Of all that's fair, the guardian and the feat Nurfe of each brave purfuit, each gen'rous aim, By truth exalted to the throne of fame ! Like Greece in fcience and in liberty, As Athens learn'd, as Lacedemon free

Ev'n now confeis'd to my adoring eyes, Is awful ranks thy gifted fons arife. Tuning to knightly tale his Britilh reeds, Thy genuine bands immortal Chaucer leads : His heary head o'erlooks the gazing quire, And beams on all around celefual fire. With graceful step fee Addifon advance, The fweeteft child of Attic elegance : See Chillingworth the depths of doubt explose, And Selden ope the rolls of ancient lore : To all but his belov'd embrace deny'd, See Locke lead Reafon, his majeftic bride : See Hammond pierce Religion's golden mine, And foread the treafur'd flores of Truth divine.

All who to Albion gave the arts of peace, And bleft the labours plann'd of letter'd cafe; Who taught with truth, or with perfusion mov'd, Who footh'd with numbers, or with fenfe improv'd;

Who rang'd the pow'rs of reafon, or refin'd All that adorn'd or humaniz'd the mind; Each prieft of health, that mix'd the balmy bow! To rear frail man, and ftay the fleeting foul; All crowd around, and echoing to the fky, Hail, Oxford, hail ' with fuial transport crv.

And fee yon fapient train ! with lib'ral aim, "Twas theirs new plans of liberty to frame; And on the Gothic gloon of flavith fway To fled the dawn of intellectual day. With mild debate each muting feature glows, And well-weigh'd countels mark their meaning brows,

" Lo? there the leaders of thy patriot line," A Raleigh, Hampden, and a Somers fhine. There from thy fource the **bold contagion caught**, Their future fons the great example taught: While in each youth, in 'hereditary flame Still blazes, unextinguished, and the fame !

Nor all the talks of thoughtful peace engage, Tis thine to form the hero as the fage, I fee the fable-fuited prince advance, With lilies crown'd, the fpoils of blenin France,

Edward. The mufes in yon cloifter's fade Bound on his maiden thigh the marial blade: Bads him the ficel for Britith freedom daw; And Oxford taught the decds that Creffy far. And fee, great father of the facred badd. The © Patriot King before me teens to flad! He, by the bloom of this gay vale begul'd. That cheer'd with lively green the flaggy wil, Huther of yore, forlorn, forgotten maid. The Mufe in pratting infancy convey'd; From Vandal tage the helplets virgin bore, Aud fix'd her crade on my friendly flore; Soon grew the maid beneath his fold ring hall, Soon fiteam'd her bleffings o'er the calightst land.

Tho' funple was the dome, where first to dad She deign'd, and rude her early Saxon cell, Lo ! now the holds her state in fculptur'd sorth, And proudly lifts to heav'n her hundred torn. 'Twas Alfred first, with letters and wah in, Adern'd, as he advanc'd, his country's cause: He bade relent the Briton's stubborn foul, And footh'd to foft fociety's controul A rough untutor'd age. With raptur'd eye, Elate, he views his laurel'd progeny : Serene he finiles to find, that not in vaio He form'd the rudiments of learning's reign: Himfelf he marks in each ingenuous breat, With all the founder in the race expret; Confcious he fees fair freedom still furvive In yon bright domes, ill-fated fugitive! (Glorious, as when the goddefs pour'd the bean Unfully'd on his ancient diadem) Well-pleas'd, that at his own Pierian fprings She refts her weary feet, and plumes her ways; That here at last the takes her deftin'd stand, Here deigns to linger ere fibe leaves the land.

§ 59. Infeription in a Hermitage, at Anley-Hel, in Warwick/hire. T. WARTON.

BENEATH this ftony roof reclin'd, I foothe to peace my penfive mind : And, while to fhade my lowly cave, Embow'ring elms their umbrage wave; And while the mapple difh is mine, The beechen cup, unitain'd with wine : I feon the gay licentious crowd, Nor heed the toys that deck the proud. Within my limits, lone and ftill, The blackbird pipes in artlefs trill; Faft by my couch, congenial gneft, The wren has wove her moily neft; From buly feenes and brighter fkies; To lurk with innocence the flies; Here hopes in fafe repofe to dwell, Nor aught fulfpects the fylvan cell.

Boor M

m I take my cuftom'd round, rk how buds yon fhrubby mound ; r'ry op'ning primrofe count rimly paints my blooming mount : • the sculptures, quaint and rude, race my gloomy folitude, in winding wreaths to ftray ic ivy's gadding fpray.

, within yon fludious nook, ny brafs emboffed book, sy'd with many a holy deed tyrs, crown'd with heav'nly meed : as my taper waxes dim, t, ere I sleep, my measur'd hymn; t the close, the gleams behold ing wings bedropt with gold.

fuch pure joys my blifs create, rut would finile at guilty frate ? rut would with his holy lot 3 Oblivion's humble grot ? nat would caft his pomp away, e my staff and amice gray? the world's tumultuous stage the blamelefs hermitage?

Monody; written near Stratford upon Avon. T. WARTON.

N, thy rural views, thy pastures wild, se willows that o'erhang thy twilight edge, boughs entangling with th'embattled fedge;

ink with wat'ry foliage quaintly fring'd, irface with reflected verdure ting'd, ne with many a penfive pleafure mild. tile I muse, that here the bard divine, facred duft von high-arch'd ailes inclofe, the tall windows rife in flately rows th'embow'ring fhade, rft, at Fancy's fairy circled fhrine, ies py'd his infant off ring made; layful yet, in stripling years unripe, of thy reeds a fhrill and artlefs pipe: thy beauties, Avon, all are fled, he waving of fome magic wand; y trance my charmed fpirit wings. vful fhapes of warriors and of kings

the bufy mead, ectres fwarming to the wizard's hall; owly pace, and point with trembling hand ounds ill-cover'd by the purple pall. me Pity feems to ftand

sing mourner, fmote with anguish fore, Misfortune rend in frantic mood e with regal wocs embroider'd o'er. error leads the visionary band,

rnly shakes his sceptre, dropping blood.

On the Death of King George the Second. T. WARTON.

eam the forrows that embalm the brave, tears that Science fheds on Glory's grave ! | So pure the vows which claffic duty pays To blefs another Brunfwick's rifing rays! O Pitt, if chofen strains have pow'r to steal Thy watchful breaft a while from Britain's weal If votive verfe, from facred Ifis fent, Might hope to charm thy manly mind, intent On patriot plans which ancient Freedom drew, A while with fond attention deign to view This ample wreath, which all th'affembled Nine With skill united have conspir'd to twine. Yes, guide and guardian of thy country's cause!

Thy confcious heart shall hail with just applause The duteous Mule, whole halte officious brings Her blameless off ring to the fhrine of kings: Thy tongue, well-tutor'd in hiftoric lore, Can fpeak her office and her use of yore : For fuch the tribute of ingenuous praife Her harp difpens'd in Grecia's golden davs, Such were the palms in ifles of old renown, She cull'd, to deck the guiltless monarch's crown; When virtuous Pindar told, with Tuscan gore How fcepter'd Hiëro stain'd Sicilia's shore Or to mild Theron's raptur'd eye difclos'd Bright vales, where fpirits of the brave repord : Yet ftill beneath the throne, unbrib'd, fhe fat The decent handmaid, not the flave of ftate; Pleas'd in the radiance of the regal name, To blend the luftre of her country's fame : For, taught like Ours, the dar'd with prudent. Obedience from dependence to divide : [pride, Tho' princes claim'd her tributary lays, With truth fevere the temper'd partial praife; Confcious, the kept her native dignity, Bold as her flights, and as her numbers free. And fure, if e'er the mule indulg'd her ftrains. With juft regard to grace heroic reigns,

Where could her glance a theme of triumph own So dear a frame as George's trophy'd throne ? At whole firm bale thy ftedfaft foul afoires To wake a mighty nation's ancient fires : Afpires to baffle Faction's specious claim, Rouze England's rage, and give her thunder aim : Once more the main her conqu'ring banners fweep,

Again her Commerce darkens all the deep. Thy fix'd refolve renews each firm decree That made, that kept of yore, thy country free. Call'd by thy voice, nor deaf to war's alarms, Its willing youth the rural empire arms : Again the lords of Albion's cultur'd plains March the firm leaders of their faithful fivains; As erft ftout archers, from the farm or fold, Flam'd in the van of many a baron hold. Nor thine the pomp of indolent debate. ' The war of words, the sophistries of state : Nor frigid caution checks thy free delign, Nor flops thy fiream of eloquence divine : . For thine the privilege, on few bestow'd, To feel, to think, to fpeak, for public good. In vain Corruption calls her venal tribes; One common caule one common end preferibes : Nor fear nor fraud, nor ipares or fereens the foe,

But spirit prompts, and valour strikes the blow. O Pitt ! while honour points thy lib'ral plan, And o'er the Minister exalts the man,

1'n

If is congenial greets thy faithful fway, Nor fcorns to bid a ftatefman grace her lay. For 'tis not hers, by falle connections drawn, At fplendid Slav'ry's fordid fhrine to fawn; Each native effort of the feeling breaft To friends, to foes, in equal fear, supprest : 'Tis not for her to purchase or pursue The phantom-favours of the cringing crew : More uleful toils her fludious hours enagage, And fairer leffons fill her fpotlefs page : Beneath ambition, but above difgrace, With nobler arts the forms the riting race : With happier tafks, and lefs refin'd pretence, In elder times the woo'd Munificence To rear her arched roofs in regal guife, And lift her temples nearer to the skies; Princes and prelates firetch'd the focial hand · To form, diffuse, and fix, her high command : From kings the claim'd, yet fcorn'd to feek, the prize; wife. From kings, like George, benignant, just, and Lo! this her genuine lore .- Nor thou refute This humble prefent of no partial Mule From that calm Bow'r *, which nurs'd thy thoughtful youth In the pure precepts of Athenian truth : Where first the form of British Liberty Beam'd in full radiance on thy mufing eye; That form, whole mien fublime, with equal awe, In the fame 'fhade unblemish'd Somers faw : Where once (for well fhe lov'd the friendly grove Which ev'ry claffic Grace had learn'd to rove) Her whilpers wak'd fage Harrington to feign The bleffings of her vilionary reign ; That reign, which now no more an empty theme, Adorns Philosophy's ideal dream, But crowns at last, beneath a George's smile, In full reality this favour'd isle.

§ 61. On the Matriage of the King, 1761, to her Majefty. T. WARTON.

WHEN first the kingdom, to thy virtues due, Rose from the billowy deep in distant view; When Albion's isle, old Occan's peerless pride, Tow'r'd in imperial state above the tide; What bright ideas of the new domain Form'd the fair prospect of thy promis'd reign!

And well with confcious joy thy breaft might beat,

That Albion was ordain'd thy regal fcat: Lo! this the land, where Freedom's facred rage Has glow'd untam'd thro' many a martial age. Here patriot Alfred, ftain'd with Danifh blood, Rear'd on. one bale the king's, the people's good : Here Henry's archers fram'd the ftubborn bow That laid Alanzon's haughty helmet low ; Here wak'd the flame that ftill fuperior braves The proudeft threats of Gaul's ambitious flaves : Here Chivalry, ftern'fchool of valour old, Her nobieft feats of knightly fame enroll'd; Heroic champions caught the clarion's call, And throng'd the feaft in Edward's hanser'd hall; While chiefs, like George, approv'd in worth alone,

Unlock'd chafte Beauty's adamantine zone. Lo! the fam'd ifle, which hails thy chofen fway, What fertile fields her temp'rate funs difplay ! Where Property fecures the confeious fwain, And guards, while Plenty gives, the golden grain : Hence with ripe ftores her villages abound Her airy downs with fcatter'd fheep refound; Fresh are her pastures with unceasing rills, And future navies crown her darkiome hills. To bear her formidable glory far, Behold her opulence of hoarded war! See, from her ports a thousand banners fiream; On ev'ry coaft her vengeful lightnings gleam! Meantime, remote from Ruin's armed hand, In peaceful majefty her cities fland; Whofe iplendid domes and bufy ftreets declare Their firmest fort, a king's parental care. And O! blest Queen, if e'er the magic pow'n

Of warbled truth have won thy musing hour; Here Poely, from awful days of yore, Has pour'd her genuine gifts of saptur'd lore. Mid oaken bow'rs, with holy verdure wreath'd, In Druid-fongs her folemn fpirit breath'd : While cunning Bards at ancient banquets fung Of paynim focs defy'd, and trophics hung. Here Spenfer tun'd his mystic minstrelfy, And drefs'd in fairy robes a Queen like Thee. Here, boldly mark'd with ev'ry living hue, Nature's unbounded portrait Shakespeare drew: But chief the dreadful group of human woes The daring artist's tragic pencil chose; Explor'd the pangs that rend the royal breaft, Those wounds that lurk beneath the tiffu'd veft ! Lo! this the land, whence Milton's mule of fire High foar'd, to fteal from heav'n a feraph's lyre; And told the golden ties of wedded love In fac red Eden's amaranthine grove.

Thine too, majeftic Bride, the favour'd clime, Where Science fits enfhrin'd in roofs fublime. O mark, how green her wood of ancient bays O'er Ifis' marge in many a chaplet ftrays! Thither, if haply fome diftinguift'd flow'r Of thefe mix'd blooms from that ambrofial bow'r, Might catch thy glance, and rich in Nature's hue, Entwine thy diadem with honour due; If feemly gifts the train of Phœbus pay, To deck imperial Hymen's feftive day ; Thither thyfelf fhall hafte, and mildly deign To tread with nymph-like ftep the confcious plane, Pleas'd in the mufe's nook, with decent pride, To throw the fcepter'd pall of flate afide. Nor from the fhade fhall George be long away, Which claims Charlotta's love, and courts ber ftay.

These are Britannia's praises. Deign to trace With wrapt reflection Freedom's fav'rite race! But tho' the gen'rous isle, in arts and arms, Thus stands supreme in Nature's choicest char ms;

• Trinity College, Oxford; in which also Lord Somess and Sir James Harrington, author of the Oceans, were educated.

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The

Tho' George and Conquest guard her sea-git | throne,

)ne happier bleffing fill fhe calls her own; And, proud to cull the faireft wreath of Fame, frowns her chief honours with a Charlotte's name.

§ 63. On the Birth of the Prince of Wales. T. WARTON.

Vritten after the Installation at Windfor, in the same year.

MPERIAL Dome of Edward, wife and brave ! Where warlike Honour's brighteft banners wave :

At whose proud Tilts, unmatch'd for hardy decds, Heroic kings have frown'd on barbed fleeds: Tho' now no more thy crefted chiefs advance In arm'd array, nor grafp the glitt'ring lance; Tho' Knighthood boafts the martial pomp no more

That grac'd its gorgeous feftivals of yore; Say, confcious Dome, if e'er thy marthall'd knights

So nobly deck'd their old majeftic rites As when, high-thron'd amid thy trophy'd fhrine, George fhone the leader of the Garter'd line?

Yet future triumphs, Windfor, still remain; Still may thy bow'rs receive as brave a train : For lo! to Britain and her favour'd Pair. Heav'n's high command has fent a facred Heir ! Him the bold pattern of his patriot Sire Shall fill with early fame's immortal fire : In life's fresh spring, ere buds the promis'd prime, His thoughts shall mount to virtue's meed fublime: The patriot fire shall catch, with fure prefage, Each lib'ral omen of his op'ning age; Then to thy courts shall lead with conscious joy, In ftripling beauty's bloom, the Princely Boy; There firmly wreathe the Braid of heav'nly die, True valour's badge, around his tender thigh.

Meantime, thy royal piles that rife clate With many an antique tow'r, in mally state, In the young Champion's musing mind shall raise Vaft images of Albion's elder days; While, as around his cager glance explores Thy chambers, rough with war's constructed ftores,

Rude helms, and bruifed fhields, barbaric fpoils Of ancient chivalry's undaunted toils; Amid the duky trappings hung on high, Young Edward's fable mail fhall ftrike his eye : Shall fire the youth, to crown his riper years With rival Creffys, and a new Poitiers; On the fame wall, the fame triumphal bafe, His own victorious monuments to place.

Nor can a fairer kindred title move His emulative age to glory's love Than Edward, laureate prince. In letter'd truth, Oxford, fage mother, fchool'd his fludious youth : Her finple inftitutes and rigid lore The royal nurfling unreluctant bore;

Nor shunn'd, at pensive eve, with lonefome pace, The cloifter's moon-light chequer'd floor to trace ; Nor fcorn'd to mark the fun, at matins due, Stream thro' the ftory'd windows holy hue. And O, Young Prince, be thine his moral

praife;

Nor feek in fields of blood his warrior bays. War has its charms terrific. Far and wide When ftands th'embattled hoft in banner'd pride; O'er the next plain when the fhrill clangors run, And the long phalank flathes in the fun; When now no dangers of the dreadful day Mar the bright scene, nor break the firm array; Full oft, too rashly glows with fond delight The youthful breaft, and afks the future fight ; Nor knows that Horror's form, a spectre wan, Stalks, yet unfeen, along the gleamy van.

May no fuch rage be thine! No dazzling ray Of fpecious fame thy ftedfaft feet betray ! Be thine domeftic glory's radiant calm, Be thine the fceptre wreath'd with many a palm ! Be thine the throne with peaceful emblems hung, The filver lyre to milder conqueft ftrung !

Instead of glorious feats atchiev'd in arms, Bid rifing Arts difplay their mimic charms ! Just to thy country's fame, in tranquil' days Record the paft, and rouze to future praile : Before the public eve, in breathing brais, Bid thy fam'd Father's mighty triumph pafs: Swell the broad arch with haughty Cuba's fall, And clothe with Minden's plain th'hiltoric hall.

Then mourn not, Edward's Dome, thine ancient boaft,

Thy tournaments and lifted comhats loft ! From Arthur's board, no more, proud caftle, mourn

Advent'rous Valour's Gothic trophies torn ! Those ellin charms that held in magic night Its elder Fame, and dimm'd its genuine light, At length diffolve in Truth's meridian ray, And the bright Order burfts to perfect day : The mystic round, begint with bolder peers, On Virtue's bafe its refcu'd glory rears: Sees Civil Prowefs mightier acts atchieve; Sees meek Humanity diftress relieve Adopts the worth that bids the conflict ceafe, And claims its honours from the cliets of peace.

§ 64. Ode 10 Sleep. T. WARTON.

ON this my penfive pillow, gentle Sleep ! Defcend, in all thy downy pluinage dreft :, Wipe with thy wing these eyes that wake to weep, And place thy crown of poppies on my break.

O steep my fenses in obliviou's balm, And footh mythrobbing pulse with lenient liand, This tempest of my boiling blood becalin * ... Defpair grows mild at thy supreme command-Yet ah! in vain, familiar with the gloom, And fadly toiling thro' the tedious night, I feek fweet flumber, while that virgin bloomy For ever hov'ring, haunts thy wretched fight

Nor would the dawning day my forrows | § 66. Ode. The First of April. T. Wal charm:

Flack midnight and the radiant noon, alike To me appear, while with uplifted arm Death stands prepar'd, but still delays to strike.

§ 65. The Hamlet, written in Whichwood Foreft. T. WARTON.

THE hinds how bleft, who ne'er beguil'd To quit their hamlet's hawthorn-wild; Nor haunt the crowd, nor tempt the main, For fplendid care and guilty gain !

When morning's twilight-tinctur'd beam Strikes their low thatch with flanting gleam, They rove abroad in other blue, To dip the feythe in fragrant dew : The fheaf to bind, the beech to fell, That nodding shades a craggy dell.

Midft gloomy glades, in warbles clear, Wild nature's fweeteft notes they hear : On green untrodden banks they view The hyacinth's neglected hue : In their lone haunts and woodland rounds They fpy the fquirrel's airy bounds; And startle from her ashen spray, Acrofs the glen, the foreaming jav. Each native charm their fleps explore Of Solitude's fequefter'd ftore.

For them the moon, with cloudlefs ray, Mounts, to illume their homeward way : Their weary spirits to relieve, The meadow's incense breathe at eve. No riot mars the fimple fare That o'er a glimm'ring hearth they fhare: But when the curfeu's meafur'd roar Duly, the dark'ning vallies o'er, Has echo'd from the diftant town, They with no beds of cygnet-down, No trophy'd canopics, to cloie Their drooping eyes in quick repole.

Their little fons, who fpread the bloom Of health around the clay-built room, Or thro' the primros'd coppice ftray, Or gambol in the new-mown hay; Or quaintly braid the cowflip-twine, Or drive afield the tardy kine; Or haften from the fultry hill To loiter at the fhady rill; Or climb the tall pine's gloomv creft To rob the raven's ancient neit.

Their humble porch with honied flow'rs The curling woodbine's shade embow'rs: From the trim garden's thymy mound Their bees in bufy fwarms refound : Nor fell Difeafe, before his time, Haftes to confume life's golden prime : But when their temples long have wore The filver crown of treffes hoar ; As fludious still calm peace to keep, Beneath a How'ry turf they fleep.

WITH dalliance rude young Zephre Coy May. Full of with kind en

The boilt'rous boy the fair denies, Or, with a fcornful finile complies. Mindful of difafter paft,

And thrinking at the northern blaft, The fleety florm returning ftill, The morning hoar and evining chill; Reluctant comes the timid Spring. Scarce a bee, with airy ring, Murmurs the blofforn'd boughs around, That clothe the garden's fouthern bound: Scarce a fickly ftraggling flow'r Decks the rough caffle's rifted tow'r: Scarce the hardy primrole peeps From the dark dell's entangled fleeps: O'er the field of waving broom Slowly fhoots the golden bloom : And, but by fits the furze-clad dale Tinctures the transitory gale. While from the fhrubb'ry's naked man, Where the vegetable blaze Of Flora's brighteft 'broid'ry fhone, Ev'ry chequer'd charm is flown; Save that the lilac hangs to view Its burfting gems in clufters blue.

Scant along the ridgy land The beans their new-born ranks expand: The fresh-turn'd foil with tender blaces Thinly the forouting barley fhades: Fringing the foreft's devious edge, Half-rob'd appears the hawthorn hedge; Or to the diftant eve difplays Weakly green its budding sprays.

The swallow, for a moment seen. Skims in hafte the village green: From the grey moor on feeble wing, The fcrcaming plovers idly fpring : The butterfly, gay-painted foon, Explores a while the tepid noon, And fondly trufts its tender dies To fickle funs and flatt'ring fkies.

Fraught with a transient, frozen for ', If a cloud fhould haply lowr, Sailing o'er the landscape dark, Mute on a fudden is the lark; But when gleams the fun again O'er the pearl-besprinkled plain, And from behind his wat'ry weil Looks thro' the thin descending hail, She mounts. and, leffning to the fight, Salutes the blythe return of light. And high her tuneful track purfues 'Mid the dim rainbow's fcatter'd hues.

Where in venerable rows Widely-waving oaks inclose The moat of yonder antique hall, Swarm the rooks with clamorous call; And to the toils of nature true, Wreath their capacious nefts anew.

Mufing thro' the lawny park, The lonely poet loves to mark

II. DIDACTIC, DESCRIPTIVE, &c.

various greens in faint degrees : the tall groups of various trees ; :, careless of the changing year, ine cerulean, never fear, rs diftinguish'd from the reft, roudly vaunts her winter.veft, :hin fome whilp ring offer ifle, e Glym's low banks neglected finiles ach trim meadow still retains int'ry torrent's oozy flains : th a willow, long forfook, ther feeks his cuftom'd nook urfting thro' the crackling fedge rowns the current's cavern'd edge, rtles from the bord'ring wood ashtul wild-duck's early brood. the broad downs, a novel race, he lambs, with fault'ring pace, vith eager bleatings, fill is that ikirts the beacon'd hill. free-born vigour yet unbroke dly man's ufurping yoke, ounding colt forgets to play: z beneath the noontide ray, retch'd among the daifies pride een dingle's floping fide : far beneath, where nature fpreads undlefs length of level meads, : luxuriance taught to ftray, fand tumbling rills inlay ilver veins the vale, or pafs lant thro' the fparkling grafs. in these presages rude, er penfive folitude, with prophetic glance, teeming months advance; ld, the forest, green and gay, ppled flope, the tedded hay; reddening orchard blow, rvest wave, the vintage flows he unfold his gloffy robe fand hues o'er all the globe; res grafp her crown of corn, nty load her ample horn.

Ode. The Suicide. T. WARTON. ATH the beech, whole branches bare, t with the lightning's livid glare, rhang the craggy road, whiftle hollow as they wave ; in a folitary grave, hed Suicide holds his accurs'd abode.

'd the grim morn, in murky dies mifts involv'd the fcowling fkies, And dimm'd the frouggling day; the brook that ling'ring laves uth-grown moor with fable waves, he dark refolve he took his fullen way. k'd his defultory pace, flures ftrange, and varying face, th many a mutter'd found; in! too late aghaft I view'd eeking blade, the hand embru'd; and grouning grafp'd in agony the ground.

Full many a melancholy night He watch'd the flow return of light ; And fought the pow'rs of fleep To fpread a momentary calm O'er his fad couch, and in the balm Of bland oblivion's dews his burning eyes to fleep. Full oft, unknowing and unknown, He wore his endless noons alone, Amid th'autumnal wood: Oft was he wont, in hafty fit, Abrupt the focial board to quit, [flood. And gaze with eager glance upon the tumbling Beck ning the wretch to torments new, Defpair, for ever in his view, A spectre pale, appear'd; While, as the shades of eve arole And brought the day's unwelcome clofe, More horrible and huge her giant-shape she rear'd. " Is this,' mistaken Scorn will cry, ' Is this the youth, whole genius high • Could build the genuine rhime > • Whofe bofom mild the fav ring Muse ' Had ftor'd with all her ample views, " Parent of faireft deeds, and purposes fublime ?" Ah! from the Mufe that bosom mild, By treach'rous magic, was beguil'd, To ftrike the deathful blow: She fill'd his foft ingenuous mind With many a feeling too refin'd, woe ! And rous'd to livelier pangs his wakeful fente of Tho' doom'd hard penury to prove, And the sharp stings of hopeless love, To griefs congenial prone, More wounds than nature gave he knew, While mifery's form his fancy drew In dark ideal hues, and horrors not its own. Then with not o'er this earthly tomb The baleful nightshade's lurid bloom To drop its deadly dew: Nor oh ! forbid the twifted thom, That rudely binds his turf forlor fanew. With fpring's green-fwelling bunch, to yegetate What the' no marble-piled buff Adorn his defolated duft With speaking sculpture wrought? Pity shall woo the weeping Nine [brought, To build a visionary farine, Hung with unfading flow'rs, from fairy regions What tho' refus'd each chanted rite ! Here viewless mourners shall delight To touch the fhadowy fhell : And Petrarch's harp, that wept the doom Of Laura, loft in early bloom, In melancholy tones shall ring his pensive knell. To footh a lone, unhallow'd fhade, This votive dirge fad duty paid, Within an ivy'd nook : Sudden the half-funk orb of day More radiant fhot its parting ray, And thus a cherub-voice my charm'd stiention took. · Forbear, C e

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· Forbear, fond hard, thy pattial praife; · Nor thus for guilt in fpecious lays "I ne wreith of glory twine: " In vain with hues of gorgeous glow Gay Fancy gives her yeft to flow, [confine. . Unlos Truth's matron-hand the floating folds Juft Heavin, man's fortitude to prove, · Permits thro' life at large to rove The mass of heil-born woe: · Yet the fame Pow'r that wilely fends · Life's fierceft i.l :, indulgent lends [for. · Religion's golden ihield to break th'embattled + Her aid divine had hull'd to reft · You foul felf-murd'ter's throbbing break, · And tray'd the riting from : If it hade the fun of hope appear. Fform. . To gild the darken'd hemilphere, · And give the wonted bloom to nature's blaffed

Vain man! 'tis Heaven's prerogative
 To take, what first it deign'd to give,
 Thy tributary breath :

" In a wful expectation plac'd,

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A sait thy doom, nor impious hafte

• To pluck from God tight hand his infru-• ments of death? With hollow fortek the nymphs fortake • ments of death?

§ 68. Ode. Sen: to a Friend on his leaving d furcourite bulluge in Hamphire. T. WARLON.

A H, mean thy log'd retreat ! No more shall claffic heps thy feen a explore ! When morals pale pays but flootiv prop ther vender oak-crown'd airy neep, Who now that, climb its known, to view For temph of landships ever new; Where Summer flings, in carelel- pride, Her vary'd vertire far and warle? Who mark, Ecocath, each village-charm, the grange, or clin-encircled facing The finty dove-cote's crowded roof, Warded by the kits that hals about a The ruft d pine, which and tage tall Darkens die jong deferted half : The vertim brech, that or the plain Collects at evictive playful training The cot that fm he with carly fire. The low-root d time's end of and thire ! Who now that indolently firay Thio' the deep force's tanged way; Phasid at his cufforn'd tafk to find the well-known hos retrolled hind, that toth with feeble hands, to giean Of whiter'd bonghs his pittance mean! Who mid thy nooks of hazle fit, -Lot in tome melanchely fit; And lift ning to the raven's croak, the distant flail, the falling cak ! Who, this' the funihing and the flow'r, Defery the rambox-pointed tow'r ? Who, wand mag at retens of May, Satch the first cuckow's vernal lay?

Who, mufing, wafte the fummer hour, Where high o'er-arching trees emtow'r The graffy lane, io rareiy pac'd, With azure flow'rets idly grac'd' Uniotic'd now, at twilight's dawn Returning reapers crofs the lawn: Nor fond attention loves to note The wether's bell, from folds remote! While own'd by no poetic eye, Thy penfive ev'ning fnade the fky!

For lo! the bard who repure found From ev'ry rural fight or found; Whole genius warm, and judgment chile, No charm of genuine nature paft; Who felt the Mufe's purefit fires, Far from thy favour'd haunt represe. Who peopled all thy vocal bow'rs With thadowy finapes and aire pow'rs.

Behold, a dread repofe resurnes, As erft, thy fad fequeiter'd glooms ! From the deep dell, where thaggy roca Fringe the rough brink with wreated not Th'uawilling genius flice forlora, His primrote chaplet rudely torn. The pathlels copie and hedge-row brake, Where the dely'd mountain's heading sa Its chalky entrails opens wide. On the green fismmit, ambuth'd high, No longer icho loves to lie. No pearl-crown'd maids, with wilv look, Rife beck ning from the reedy brock. Around the glow-worm's glimm'ring tat No fairies run in fiery rank; Nor bruin, haif-feen, in airy tread, The violet's unprinted head. But failey, from the thickets brown, The glades that wear a confeious from, The foult-oaks, that pale and lone, thel to the blaft with hoarfer tone, Rough gleas, and fuller waterfalls, Her bright ideal offspring calls,-So hy fome fage inclianter's fpell (A: d Arabian fablers tell) Amid the folitary wild, Luxuriant gerdens gaily finil'd: From fapphire rocks the fountains fremat; With golden fruit the branches beamd; Fair forms, in ev'ry wonderous wood, Or lightly tripp'd, or folemn flood; And oft, retreating from the view, Betray'd, at diffance, beauties new: W fale gleaning o'er the crifped bow'rs Rich fpires arole, and fpackling towns If bound on fervice new to go, The matter of the magic flow His transitory charm withdrew, Away th'illufive landicape flew : Dun clouds obfcur'd the groves of gold Blue lightning finote the blooming mole; In vitionary glory reat'd, The gorgeous caffle difappear'd: And a bare heath's unfruitful plain

Usup'd the wizard's proud demain.

The Art of preferving Health. ARMSTRONG. | Howe'er imperfect ; and permit that I

BOOK I. AIR.

UGHTER of Pæon, queen of ev'ry joy, Hygeia*; whofe indulgent fmile fuftains various race luxuriant nature pours, on th'immortal effences bettows ntal youth, aufpicious, O defcend ! cheerful guardian of the rolling year, her thou wanton'ft on the western gale, ak'ft the rigid pinions of the north, eft life and vigour thro' the tracts , thro' earth, and ocean's deep domain ! thro' the blue ferenity of heav'n ow'r approaches, all the wasteful hoft n and fickneis, fouslid and deform'd. unded fink into the loathfome gloom, e, in deep Erebus involv'd, the fiends more profane. Whatever fhapes of death, from the hideous chambers of the globe, thro'the fhudd'ring air; whatever plagues agre famine breeds, or with flow wings om the putrid wat'ry element, imp wafte foreft, motionlefs and rank, mothers earth and all the breathlefs winds, vile carnage of th'inhuman field : ver baneful breathes the rotten fouth ; ver ills th'extremes or fudden change l and hot, or moift and dry produce, ly thy pure effulgence : they, and all cret poilons of avenging Heav'n, I the pale tribes halting in the train and heedlefs pleafure : or if aught met's glare amid the burning fky, ful eclipfe, or planets ill-combin'd, l difastrous to the vital world, lutary pow'r averts their rage, the gen'ral bane : and, but for thee, would ficken, nature foon would die. tout thy cheerful active energy ure fwells the breaft, no poet fings, c the maids of Helicon delight 1 ien with me, O goddefs heav'nly-gay ! he fong, and let it fivectly flow a it wilely teach thy wholefome laws beft the fickle fabric to support ortal man; in healthful body, how ilthful mind the longest to maintain." d, in fuch a firife of rules, to chufe t, and those of most extensive use ; in clear and animated fong lofophic precepts to convey h thy aid, the fecret wilds I trace c; and, with daring fteps, proceed ths the Mufes never trod before. iould I wander doubtful of my way, ie lights of that fagacious mind aught to check the pestilential fire, Il the deadly Python of the Nile. celov'd by all the graceful arts, ing the favirite of the healing pow'rs, O Mead ! a well-defign'd eifay,

My little knowledge with my country fhare, Till you the rich Afclepian ftores unlock, And, with new graces, dignify the theme.

Ye who, amid this fev 'rifh world, would wear A body free of pain, of cares a mind, Fly the rank city, fhun its turbid air; Breathe net the chaos of cternal fmoke And volatile corruption, from the dead. The dying, fick ning, and the living world Exhal'd, to fully heav'n's transparent doine With dim mortality. It is not Air That from a thousand lungs recks back to thing, Sated with exhalations rank and fell, The fpoil of dunghills, and the putrid thaw Of nature, when from thape and texture the Relapfes into fighting elements : It is not Air, but floats a nauscous mais Of all obicene, corrupt, offenfive things Much moisture hurts; but here a fordid bath, With oily rancour fraught, relaxes more The folid frame than fimple moifture can. Befides, immur'd in many a fullen bay That never felt the freshness of the breeze. This flumb'ring Deep remains, and ranker grows With fickly reft : and (tho' the lungs abhor To drink the dun fuliginous abyfs) Did not the acid vigour of the mine, Roll'd from to many thund'ring chimneys, tame The putrid iteams that over-twarm the fky. This caultic venom would, perhaps, corrode Those tender cells that draw the vital air, In vain with all their unctuous rills bedew'd ; Or by the drunken venous tubes, that vawn In countlefs pores o'er all the pervious fkin, Imbib'd, would poiton the ballamic blood, And roufe the heart to ev'ry fever's rage. While yet you breathe, away; the rural wilds Invite; the mountains call you, and the vales; The woods, the fircains, and each ambrofial breeze That fans the ever-undulating fky ; A kindly fky ! whole foft'ring pow'r regales Man, beaft, and all the vegetable reign. [fmiles Find then fome woodland fcene where Nature Benign, where all her honeft children thrive. To us there wants not many a happy feat; Look round the finiling land, fuch numbers rife We hardly fig, bewilder'd in our choice. See where, enthron'd imedamantine flate, Proud of her bards, imperial Windfor fits; There chufe thy feat, in fome afpiring grove Faft by the flowly-winding Thaines; or where Broader the loves fair Richmond's green retreats (Richmond that fees an hundred villas rife, Rural or gav). O ! from the fummer's rage, O! wrep me in the friendly gloom that hides Umbrageous Ham ! But if the buly Town Attracts thee still to toil for pow'r or gold, Sweetly thou may'ft thy vacant hours poffefs In Hampftead, courted by the weftern wind ; Or Greenwich, waving o'er the winding flood ; Or lefe the world amid the fylvan wilds

is, the goddefs of health, was, according to the genealogy of the heathen deities, the daughter of 18; who, as well as Apollo, was dittinguithed by the name of Pzon. Q Ccs

O: Dulwich, yet by barbirous arts unfpoilid. Green rife the Kentifh hills in cheerful air ; But on the marthy plains that Effex fpreads Build not, nor reft too long thy wand'ring feet ; For on a ruffic throne of dewy turf, With baneful fogs her aching temples bound, Quartana there prefides : a meagre fiend, Begot by Eurus, when his brutal force Compress'd the flothful Naid of the fens. From fuch a mixture iprung, this fitful peft With fev'rish blasts subdues the fick'ning land : Cold tremors come, with mighty love of reft, Convultive yawnings, latlitude, and pains That fling the burthen'd brows, fatigue the loins, And rack the joints, and ev'ry torpid limb; Then parching heat fucceeds, till copious fweats O'erflow : a thort relief from former ills. Beneath repeated flocks the wretches pine ; The vigour finks, the habit melts away; The cheerful, pure, and animated bloom Dies from the face with fqualid atrophy Devour'd, in fallow melancholy clad. And oft the forc'refs, in her fated wrath, Refigns them to the furies of her train ; The bloated Hydrops, and the yellow fiend Ting'd with her own accumulated gall.

In queft of fites, avoid the mournful plain Where ofters thrive, and trees that love the lake; Where many lazy muddy rivers flow : Nor, for the wealth that all the Indies roll, Fix near the marthy margin of the untin; For from the humid foil and wat'ry reign, Eurnal vapours rife; the fpungy air For ever weeps; or, turgid with the weight Of waters, pours a founding deluge down. Skies fuch as there let ev'ry mortal thun Who dreads the dropfy, palfy, or the gott, Tertian, corrofive foury, or moift catarth; Or any other injury that grows From raw-fpun fibres idle and unfrung, Skin ill-peripiring, and the purple flood In languid eddies loit'ring into phlegm.

Yet not alone from humid fkies we pine ; For air may be too dry. The fubtle heav'n, That winnows into duft the blafted downs, Bare and extended with without a fiream, Too fast imbibes th'attenuated lymph, Which, by the furface, from the blood exhales. The lungs grow right, and with toil effay Their flexible vibrations; or inflam'd, Their render ever-moving ftructure thans. Spoil'd of its limpid vehicle, the blood A mais of leev remains, a droffy tide That, flow as Lethe, wanders thro' the veins ; Unactive in the fervices of life, Untit to lead its pitchy current thro' The fecret mazy channels of the brain. The melancholy Fiend (that worft defpair Of physic) hence the ruft-complexion'd man Partues, whole blood is dry, whole fibres gain Too fretch'd a tone : And hence in climes adus So fudden tumulas feize the trembling nerves, And burning fevers glow with double rage. Fly, if you can, thele violent extremes

"it; the wholefome is nor most nor dry.

| But as the pow'r of chusing is denvil To half mankind, a further talk enter How belt to mitigate thefe fell extrea How breathe unhurt the with'ring ele Or hazy atmosphere : Tho' cuiton a To eviry clime the foft Promethean And he who first the fogs of Esta br (So kind is native air) may in the fu Of Effex from invet'rate ills revive, At pure Montpelier or Bermuda car But if the raw and oozy heav'n offer Correct the foil, and dry the fources Of wat'ry exhalation ; wide and de Conduct your trenches thro' the gu Solicitous, with all your winding ar Betray th'un viiling lake into the fir And weed the foreft, and invoke the To break the toils where frangled Or thro' the thickets fend the crack! Meantin e, at home with cheerful in The humid air : And let your table With folid roaft or bald; or what Of tamer breed fupply ; or what the Yield to the toilfome pleatures of it Gen'rous your wine, the boat of n But frugal he your cups ; the lange Vapid and funk from yetterday's de Shrinks from the cold embrace of wat But neither thefe, nor all Apolio's: Difarm the dangers of the dropping Unlefs with exercise and manly toil You brace your nerves, and ipur The flatt'ning chine let all the ions Avoid : if Indolence would with a Go, yawn and loiter out the long f In fairer fkics. If droughty region Thefkin and lungs, and bake the the Deep in the waving forest chuse you Where fuming trees refreth the this And wake the fountains from their And into lakes dilate the rapid fire Here fpread your gardens wide ; as The moift, relaxing, vegetable for Prevail in each repart : Your food By bleeding life, be gently waited (By toft decoction and a mellowing To liquid balm; or, if the folid m You chufe, tormented in the boilin Thu, through the thirty channels A fmooth diluted chyle may ever i The fragrant dairy, from its cold r Its nectar acid or benign will pour To drown your thinft ; or let the : Of keen Sherber the fickle rafe reli For with the vifcous blood the fin-Will hardly mingle ; and ferment Oft diffipate more moisture than th Yet when pale teafons rife, or win His horrors o'er the world, those In feaths more genial, and impaties The mellow cafk. Then too the Provokes to keener toils than fult Allow. But rarely we fuch this Steep'd in continual rains, or with Bedew'd, our feations droop : incs

ous heav'n o'erwhelms the finking foul, with forms, in heapy mountains rife ttled clouds, as if the Stygian fliades the dungeon of eternal night, :k with thunder, all the South defcends. a fhow'rlefs day the heav'ns indulge ing clime, except the baleful Eaft the tender fpring, and fourly checks y of the year. Our fathers talk ers, balmy airs, and fkics ferene. av'n ! for what unexplated crimes hal change ! The brooding elements, your pow'rful ministers of wrath, ome fierce exterminating plague ? x'd in the decree, sheve y Albion melt into the main? t nature ! O diffolve this gloom ! ternal adamant the winds wn or wither : Give the genial Weft he, and in its turn the fprightly North;

once more the circling featons rule ; not mix in ev'ry monstrous day! ime, the moift malignity to fhun [paign en'd fkies, mark where the dry chamto cheerful hills; where marjoram ne, the love of bees, perfume the air ; re the * cynorrhodon with the role ance vies; for in the thirfty foil grant breathe the aromatic tribes. I thy roofs high on the basking steep

there light thy hofpitable fires, hem fee the winter morn arife; mer ev'ning blufhing in the weft: ith umbrageous oaks the ridge behind , defends you from the bluft'ring north, k affliction of the previfi eaft. 1 the growling winds contend, and all ding forest fluctuates in the storm ; n warm repole, and hear the din r the ficady battlements, delights e luxury of vulgar fleep. m'ring riv'let, and the hoarfer ftrain s rufning o'er the flipp'ry rocks, stly lull you to ambrofial reft.

the fancy is no trifling good ealth is ftudied; for whatever moves I with calm delight, promotes the juft ral movements of th'harmonious frame. he fportive brook for ever fhakes bling air, that floats from hill to hill, : to mountain, with inceffant change element, refreshing still feat, and uninfected gods. r this I praise the man who builds he breezy ridge, whole lofty fides. al deep with endlefs billows chafes. manfion nor contagious years h, nor deadly puttid airs annoy. y no fogs, from lake or fenny plain, iy hill ! And wherefoe'er you build; on fun-burnt Epforn, or the plains y the filent Lee; in Chelfea low,

Dry be your house; but airy more than warm. Elle ev'ry breath of ruder wind will firike Your tender body thro' with rapid pains; Fierce coughs will teaze you, hoarfenefs bind your voice,

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Or moift Gravedo load your aching brows. Thefe to defy, and all the fates that dwell In cloifter'd air, tainted with fteaming life. Let lofty ciclings grace your ample rooms a And still at azure noontide may your dome At ev'ry window drink the liquid fky.

Need we the funny fituation here, And theatres open to the fouth, commend : Here, where the morning's mifty breath infefts More than the torrid noon, how fickly grow, How pale, the plants in those ill-fated vales That, circled round with the gigantic heap. Of mountains, never felt, nor ever hope To feel, the genial vigour of the fun ! While on the neighb'ring hill the role inflames. The verdant fpring; in virgin beauty blows The tender liv, languifhingly fweet ; O'er ev'ry hedge the wanton woodbine roves, And autumn ripens in the fummer's ray. Nor lefs the warmer living tribes demand The fost'ring lun, whole energy divine Dwells not in mortal fire; whole gen'rous heat Glows thro' the mais of groffer elements, And kindles into life the pond'rous fpheres. Cheer'd by thy kind invigorating warmth, We court thy beams, great Majefty of Day ! If not the foul, the regent of this world, First-born of heav'n, and only lefs than God!

§ 70. The Art of preferving Health. ARMSTRONG. BOOK II. DIET.

E NOUGH of Air. A defart fubject now, Rougher and wilder, rifes to my fight. A barren waste, where not a garland glows To bind the Mufe's brow; not ev'n a proud Stupendous folitude frowns o'er the heath, To roufe a noble horror in the foul But rugged paths fatigue, and error leads Thro' endleis labyrinths the devious feet. Farewell, ethereal fields ! the humbler arts Of life ; the Table and the homely Gods Demand my fong. Elyfian gates adieu ! [flow

The Blood, the fountain whence the fpirits The gen'rous fiream that waters ev'ry part, And motion, vigour, and warm life conveys To eviry particle that moves or lives; This vital fluid, through unnumber'd tubes Pour'd by the heart, and to the heart again Refunded; fcourg'd for ever round and round; Enrag'd with heat and toil, at last forgets Its balmy nature; virulent and thin It grows; and now, but that a thousand gates Are open'd to its flight, it would defroy The parts it cherish'd and repair'd before. Befides, the flexible and tender tubes blackheath with wint'ry winds affail'd, | Melt in the mildeft moift nectareous tide

• The wild role, or that which grows on the common briar.

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That rip'ning nature rolls; as in the fiream I's crumbling banks; but what the vital force Of plaitic fluids hourly batters down, That very frace those plattic particles Rebuild; fo mutable the state of man. For this the watchful appetite was givin, Daily with freth materials to repair This unavoidable expense of life, This necellary waite of fieth and blood. Hence the concoctive pow'rs, with various art, Subdue the cruder aliments to chyle ; The chyle to blood ; the foamy purple tide To liquois, which through finer atteries To diffrent parts their winding courfe purfue ; To try new changes, and new forms put on, Or for the public, or tome private ufe.

Nothing to foreign but ta'athletic hind Can labour into blood. The hungry meal Alone he fears, or aluments too thin; By villent pow'rs too easily fubdu'd, Too foon expell'd. His daily labour thaws To friendly chyle the moft rebellious mafs That falt can harden, or the finoke of years; Nor does his gorge the rancid bacon rue, Nor that which Ceftria fends, tenaceous pafte Of folid milk. But ye of fofter clay, Infirm and delicate; and ye who wafte With pale and bloated floth the tedious day ! Avoid the flubborn aliment, avoid The full repaft; and let fagacious age Grow wifer, leffon'd by the dropping teeth.

Half fubtiliz'd to chyle, the liquid food Readieft obeys th'affimilating pow'rs ; And foon the tender vegetable mais Relents; and foon the young of those that tread The fledfail earth, or cleave the green abvis, Or pathlefs fky. And if the Steer mult fall, In youth and fanguine vigour let him die ; Nor flay till rigid age or heavy ails Abfolve him ill-requited from the yoke. Some with high forage and luxuriant cafe Indulge the vet'ran ox; but wifer thou, From the bald mountain or the barren downs Expect the flocks by frugal nature fed ; A ince of purer blood, with exercise Refin'd, and fcanty fare : For, old or young, The fail'd are never healthy, nor the cramm'd. Not all the culinary arts can tame To wholefome feed th'abominable growth Of reft and gluttony ; the prudent taffe Rejects like bone fuch loathfome hitcioufnefs. The languid fromach curies ev'n the pure Delicious fat, and all the race of oil : For more the oily aliments relax Its feeble tene ; and with the eager lymph (Fond to incorporate with all it nicets) Covly they mix, and flun with flipp'ry wiles The woo'd embrace. Th'in refelul le oil, So gentle late and blandtihing, in floods Of rancid bile o'crilows : What tumults hence, What horrors rife, were naufcous to relate. Chufe leaner viands, ye whole jovial make Too fast the gummy natriment imbibes : Chute fober meals; and roufe to active life Your cumbrous clay; nor on th'enfecbling down,

Irrefolute, protract the morning hour. But let the man whole bones are it only day. With cheerful cafe and fucculent regalt Improve his flender habit. Fuch extreme From the bleft mean of family departs.

I could relate what table this demands Or that complexion ; what the labor profit Of various roods . But fifty ve is weald rea, And fifty more, before the tale were done Befides, there often lurks forme namelefs. hurg, Peculiar thing ; nor on the fkin difplay'd, Felt in the pulfe, nor in the habit fien, Which finds a poston in the food that me The temp'rature affects. There are, vit Impetuous rages thro' the targid vens, Who better bear the nerv fruits of Ind Than the moift Melon, or pale Cucumbu. Of chilly nature others fly the ward Supply'd with flaughter; and the versal gerta For cooler, kinder, fuftenance impleme Some ev'n the gen'rous nutriment deret Which, in the thell, the fleeping embrye run: Some, more unhappy ftill, repent he gin Of Pales; foft, delicious, and benign; The baliny quinteffence of eviry flow'r, And every grateful herb that decks the intra-The folt ring dew of tender fprouting ite; The beft reflection of declining age; The kind reftorative of those who lie Half-dead and panting, from the doubtfulfi Of nature ftruggling in the grafp of death, Try all the bounties of this fertile globe, There is not fuch a fatutary food As fuits with every ftomach. But (except, Amid the mingled mafs of fifh and fow And boil'd and bak'd, you hofitate by which You funk opprefs'd, or whether not by il.) Taught by experience, foon you may diter What pleafes, what offends. Avoid the cas That full the ficken'd appetite too long ; Or heave with fev rish fluthings all the fact, Burn in the palms, and parch the rough tongue;

Or much diminish'd or too much increase Th'expence which nature's wife or conony, Without or wafte or avarice, maintains; Such cates abjur'd, let providing hanger key, And bid the curious palate roam at will; They fearce can err amid the various gents That burft the teeming entrails of the veld.

Led by fagacious taile, the ruthleis king Of beafts on blood and flaughter only hus; The tyger, form'd alike to cruck meals, Would at the manger flarve : Of miller for The gen'rous horfe to herbage and to gran Confines his wifh; tho' fabling G-etce recent The Thracian fleeds with human caras, will Prompted by inflinct's never-erring row'n Each creature knows its proper aliment; But man, th'inhubitant of ev'ry clime, With all the commoners of nature feed, Directed, bounded, by this pow'r within. Their cravings are well aim'd : Voloptuos M Is by fuperior faculties miled : Milled from pleafure ev'n in queft of [c].

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Sated with nature's boons, what thousands feek, With diffes tortur'd from their native tafte, And mad variety, to fpurn beyond Its wifer will the jaded appetite ! Is this for pleafure : Learn a juster taste ; And know, that temp'rance is true luxury. Or is it pride ? Purfue fome nobler aim : Difmifs your parafites, who praise for hire, And earn the fair cfteem of honeft men, [yours, Whofe praife is fame. Form'd of fuch clay as Form'd of fuch clay as The fick, the famish'd, shiver at your gates. Ev'n modeft want may blefs your hand unicen, Tho' hufh'd in patient wretchedness at home. Is there no virgin grac'd with ev'ry charm But that which binds the mercenary vow ? No youth of genius, whofe neglected bloom, Unfotter'd, fickens in the barren fhade ? No worthy man, by fortune's random blows, Or by a heart too gen'rous and humane, Conftrain'd to leave his happy natal feat, And figh for wants more bitter than his own ? There are, while human miteries abound, A thousand ways to wafte fuperfluous wealth, Without one fool or flatt'rer at your board, Without one hour of fickness or difgust.

But other ills th'ambiguous feaft purfue, Befides provoking the lafcivious tafte. Such various foods, tho' harmlefs each alone, Each other violate; and oft we fee What firife is brew'd, and what pernicious bane, From combinations of innoxious things. Th'unbounded tafte I mean not to confine To hermit's diet, needlefsly fevere. But would you long the fweets of health enjoy, Or huiband pleafure; at one impious meal Exhauft not half the bounties of the year, Of ev'ry realm. It matters not meanwhile How much to-morrow differ from to-day;

So far indulge : 'tis fit, befides, that man, To change obnoxious, be to change inur'd. But ftay the curious appetite, and tafte With caution, fruits you never try'd before.

For want of use the kindest aliment Sometimes offends; while custom tames the rage Of poifon to mild amity with life.

So Heav'n has form'd as to the gen ral tafte Of all its gifts ; fo cuttom has improv'd This bent of nature ; that few fimple foods, Of all that earth, or air, or ocean yield, But by excefs offend. Beyond the fenfe Of light refection, at the genial board Indulge not often ; nor protract the seaft To dull fatiety ; till foft and flow A drowfy death creeps on, th'expansive foul Oppress'd, and smother'd the celestial fire. The ftomach, urg'd beyond its active tone, Hardly to nutrimental chyle fubdues The fostest food ; unfinish'd and depray'd, The chyle in all its future wand rings, owns Its turbid fountain ; not by purer fireams So to be clear'd, but foulness will remain. To fparkling wine what fermeut can exalt Th'unripen'd grape ! Or what mechanic fkill

From the crude ore can fpin the ductile gold ? Gross riot treasures up a wealthy fund Of plagues : but more immedicable ills Attend the lean extreme. For phylic knows How to difburden the too tumid veins, Ev'n how to ripen the half-labour'd blood : But to unlock the elemental tubes, Collaps'd and fhrunk with long inanity, And with balfamic nutriment repair The dry'd and worn-out habit, were to hid Old age grow green, and wear a fecond fpring ; Or the tall afh, long ravish'd from the foil, Thro' wither'd veins imbibe the vernal dew. When hunger calls, obey ; nor often wait Till hunger fharpen to corrolive pain : For the keen appetite will feast beyond What nature well can bear; and one extreme Ne'er, without danger, meets its own reverfe. Too greedily th'exhaufted veins abforb The recent chyle, and load enfeebled pow'rs Oft to th'extinction of the vital flame. To the pale cities, by the firm-fet fiege And famine humbled, may this verie be berne ; And hear, ye hardieft fons that Albion breeds ! Long tots'd and famish'd on the wint'ry main ; The war shook off, or hospitable shore [jov; Attain'd, with temp'rance bear the shock of Nor crown with fettive rites th'aufpicious day : Such feast might prove more fatal than the waves. Than war or famine. While the vital fire Burns feebly, heap not the green fuel on ; But prudently foment the wand'ring fpark With what the fooneft feels its kindred touch : Be frugal ev'n of that : a little give At first; that kindled, add a little more; Till, by delib'rate nourifhing, the flame Reviv'd, with all its wonted vigour glows.

But tho' the two (the full and the jejune) Extremes have each their vice, it much avails Ever with gentle tide to ebb and flow From this to that : So nature learns to bear Whatever chance or headlong appetite May bring. Befides, a meagre day fubdues The cruder clods by floth or luxury Collected, and unloads the wheels of life. Sometimes a coy aversion to the feast Comes on, while yet no blacker omen lowrs ; Then is a time to fhun the tempting board, Were it your natal or your nuptial day. Perhaps a fast so feasonably starves The latent feeds of woe, which rooted once Might coft you labour. But the day return'd Of feftal luxury, the wife indulge Moft in the tender vegetable breed : Then chiefly when the fummer beams inflame The brazen heav'ns, or angry Sirius fheds A fev'rish taint thro' the still gulph of air, The moift cool viands then, and flowing cup From the fresh dairy-virgin's lib'ral hand, Will fave your head from harm, tho' round the world

The dreaded *Caulos rolls his wafteful fires. Pale humid Winter loves the gen'rous board,

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The meal more copious, and a warmer fare, And I mgs with old wood and old wine to cheer His quaking heart. The feations which divide Th'empires of heat and cold ; Ly neither claim'd, Influenc'd by both ; a middle regimen Impole. Thio' autumn's languishing domain Deice ding, nature by degrees invites To glowing luxury. But from the depth Of winter, when th'invigorating year Emerges ; v hen Favonius, fluth'd with love, Toyful and young, in every breeze defeends More warm and wanton on his kindling bride ; Then, thephie is, then begin to fpare your flocks, And learn, with wife humanity, to check The luit of blood. Now pregnant earth commits A various offspring to thindulgent fky : New bounteous nature feeds with lavish hand The prone creation ; yields what once fuffield Their dainty los reiga, when the sorid was YOUNE;

Ere yet the barb'rous thirft of blood had felz'd The human breaft. Each rolling month matures The food that fuits it no it; fo does each clime.

Far in the horrid realins of Winter, where Th'eftablish'd ocean heaps a monstrous waste Of thining rocks and mountains to the pole, There lives a hardy race, whole plainelt wants Relentlefs earth, their cruel frep-mother, Regards not. On the wafte of iron fields, Untam'd, intractable, no harveits wave : Pomona hates them, and the clownifh god Who tends the garden. In this frozen world Such cooling gifts were vain : a fitter meal Is earn'd with ease; for here the fruitful spawn Of Ocean fivarms, and heaps their genial board With gen'rous fare and luxury profute. Thefe are their bread, the only bread they know ; Thefe, and their willing flave, the deer, that crops The fhrubby herbage on the meagre hills. Girt by the burning Zone, not thus the South Her fwarthy fons in either Ind maintains : Or thirtiv Libya, from whole fervid loins The lion burffs, and ev'ry fiend that roams Th'affrighted wildernefs. The mountain herd, Adust and dry, no fweet repair affords : Nor does the topid main fuch kinds produce, So perfect, to delicious, as the thoals Of icy Zembla. Rathly where the blood [tain Brews fev 'rith fravs ; where force the tubes fuf-Its tumid fervour and computuous courfe, Kind Nature tempts not to fuch gifts as thefe, But here in livid ripenels melts the grape : Here, finish'd by invigorating funs, Thro' the green fliade the golden orange glows: Spontaneous here the turgid melon vields A gentrous pulp; the cocoa fwells on high With milky riches; and in hourid mult The clifp Ananas wraps its poignant fweets. Earth', variated progeny : In ruder air Too coy to hoursh, cy'n too proud to live ; Or hardly rais'd by artificial fire To vapid life. Here, with a mother's fnile, Glad Amalthea pours a copious horn : Here buxom Ceres reigns : Th'autuinnal fea

In boundlefs billows fluctuates o'er their jus What fuits the climate beft, what furth m Nature profutes moft, and most the take Demands. The fountain, edg?d with ray va Or acid fruit, bedews their thirfly full. The breeze eternal, breathing round their is Supports in elfe intolerable air, While the cool palm, the plastain, and vega That waves on gloomy Lebanon, affine The torrid hell that became upon their here

Now come, ye Naiads, to the formers at, Now let me wander thro' your good rega I burn to view th'enthusiastic wilds By mortal elfe untrod. I hear the dia Of waters thund'ring o'er the suia'd clifs. With holy rev rence I approach the rock a Whence glide the freams renown'd = zar Here from the defart, down the runsing tak First tprings the Nile; here burits the tousest In angly waves ; Euphrates hence derais A mighty flood to water half the car; And there, in Gothic folitude reclin'd, The cheerlets Tanais pours his hears me What tolemn twill the 'What stupendes the Eawrap there in fant floods : This even and A facred horror thrills, a theating fear Glides o'er my frame. The foreit leepen 753; And, more gigantic fill, th'impending tran Stretch their extravagant arms this at the soft Are thefe the contines of form fairy world? A land of Genii? Say, beyond there will What unknown nations ' if index ! perel Aught habitable lies. And whither least, To what firange regions, or of bliss or pas That fubterrancous way ? Propitious made Conduct me, while with fearful feps I tak This trembling ground. The tack remains Your gifts (10 P . on, to the jow'rs or Land Command) to praife your crystal cleared The chief ingredient in Heav 'n's varie . **. . .** . Whole flexile genus (parkles in rt. _ =, Grows firm in oak, and fugitive in The vehicle, the fource, of nutriment And life to all that vegetate or live, O comfortable fifeams ! With eager n;

And trembling hand the languil thirty cil New life in you; fresh vigour fills ther was No warmer cups the rural ages knew : None warmer sought the fires of human kink Happy temp'rate peace ! Their equal day Fult not th'alternate fits of fev rath muth And fick dejuction. Still ferene and pland They knew no pains but what the tender for With pleafure yields to, and would ne'er togs Blefs'd with divine immunity from ails, Long centuries they liv'd ; their only far Was ripe old age, and rather fleep than det Oh 1 could those worthies from the world of pa Return to vifit their degen'rate font, How would they forn the joys of modern be With all our art and toil improvid to pan Too happy they ! But wealth brought luxur. dint And luxury on floth begot difeafe. Learn temp'rance, friends ; and hear with

The

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BOOK IL. DIDACTIC, DESCRIPTIVE, &c,

The Choice of water. Thus the * Coan fage Opin'd, and thus the learn'd of ev'ry ichool. What least of foreign principles partakes Is best : The lightest hen what bears the touch Of fire the least, and sooneft mounts in air ; The most insipid; the most void of smell. Such the rude mountain from his horrid fides Pours down ; fuch waters in the fandy vale For ever boil, alike of winter frofts And fummer's heat fecure. The crystal stream, Through rocks refounding, or for many a mile O'er the chaf'd pebbles hurl'd, yields wholefome, Tthaws. pure, And mellow draughts; except when winter And half the mountains melt into the tide.

The' third were ne'er fo refolute, avoid The fordid lake, and all fuch drowfy floods As fill from Lethe Belgia's flow canals (With reft corrupt, with vegetation green; Squalid with generation, and the birth Of little monffers !) till the pow'r of fire Has from profane enbraces difengag'd The violated lymph. The virgin ftream In boiling, waftes its finer foul in air.

Nothing like fimple element dilutes The food, or gives the chyle fo foon to flow. But where the fromach indolently given, Toys with its duty, animate with wine Th'infipid ftream : Tho' golden Ceres yields A more volup uous, a more fprightly draught; Perhaps more active. Wine unmix'd, and all The gluey floods that from the vex'd abyfs Of fermentation fpring ; with fpirit fraught, And furious with intoxicating fire; . Retard concocciol, and preferve unthaw'd Th'embody'd mafs. You fee what countlefs years, .

Embalm'd in fiery quinteffencer of wine, The puny wonders of the reptile world, The tender rudiments of life, the flim Unravellings of minute anatomy, Maintain their texture, and unchang'd remain.

Wantain their texture, and unchang d remain. We curfe not wine: the vile excefs we blame; More fruitful than the accumulated board, Of pain and mis'ry. For the fubtle draught Fafter and furer fivells the vital tide; And with more active poifon, than the floods Of groffer crudity convey, pervades The far remote meanders of our frame. Ah ! fly deceiver! Branded o'er and er, Yet fill believ'd ! Exulting o'er the wreck Of fober vows !---But the Parnafian Maids + Another time, perhaps, fhall fing the joys, The fatal charms, the many woes of wine; Perhaps its various tribes and various powers.

Meantime, I would not always dread the bowl,

Nor ev'ry trespais thun. The fev'rifh ftrife. Rous'd by the rare debauch, fubducs, expels The loit'ring crudities that burthen life ; And, like a torrent full and rapid, clears Th'obstructed tubes. Besides, this restless world Is full of chances, which by habit's pow'r, To learn to bear is easier than to thun. Ah! when ambition, meagre love of gold, Or facred country calls, with mellowing wine To moisten well the thirsty fuffrages, Say how, unfeation'd to the midnight frays Of Comus and his rout, wilt thou contend With Centaurs long to hardy deeds inur'd ? Then learn to revel; but by flow degrees : By flow degrees the lib'ral arts are won, And Herculus grew ftrong. But when you fmooth

The brows of care, indulge your feftive vein In cups by well inform'd experience found The leaft your bane, and only with your friends. There are fweet follies; fraities to be feen By friends alone, and men of gen'rous minds.

Oh! feldom may the fated hours return Of drinking decp! I would not daily tafte, Except when life declines, even fober cups. Weak withering age no rigid law forbids, With frugal nectar, finooth and flow, with balm The faplefs habit daily to bedew, And give the hefitating wheels of life Gibblier to play. But youth has better joys : And is it wife when youth with pleafure flows, To fquander the reliefs of age and pain ?

What dext'rous thousands just within the goal Of wild debauch direct their nightly courfe I Perhaps no fickly qualms bedien their days, No morning admonitions flock the head. But ah ! what woes remain ! Life rolls apace, And that incurable dileafe, old age In youthful bodies more feverely felt More steinly active, shakes their blasted prime, Except kind Nature, by fome hafty blow, Prevent the ling'ring fates. For know, whate'er Beyond its natural fervour hurries on The fanguine tide; whether the frequent bowl, High feafon'd fare, or exercise to toil Protracted, fpurs to its laft ftage tir'd life, And fows the temples with untimely fnow. When life is new, the ductile fibres feel The heart's increasing force ; and, day by day, The growth advances ; till the larger tubes, Acquiring (from their ‡ elemental veins, Condens'd to folid chords) a firmer tone, Suftain and just fustain, th'impetuous blood.

* Of Hippocrates.

+ See Book iv-

In the human body, as well as in those of other animals, the larger blood-veffels are composed of finaller ones; which, by the violent motion and preffure of the fluids in the large veffels, lose their cavities by degrees, and degenerate into impervious chords or fibres. In proportion as these finall veffels become folid, the larger muft of courfe grow lefs extensible, more rigid, and make a fronger refistance to the action of the heart and force of the blood. From this gradual condensation of the imaller veffels, and confequent rigidity of the larger ones, the progress of the human body, from infancy to old age, is accounted for.

Here flops the growth. With overbearing pulfe | And preilure, full the great deftroy the fmall; Still with the rulas of the fmall grow ftrong. Life glows meantime amid the grinding force Of viscuous fluids and elastic tubes ; Its various functions vig'routly are ply'd By ftrong machinery ; and in folid health The Man confirm'd long, triumphs o'er difeafe. But the full occan ebbs : There is a point, By nature fix'd, whence life must downwards For still the beating tide confolidates [tend; The flubborn veffels, more reluctant fill To the weak throbs of th'ill-fupported heart. This languishing, thefe ftrength'ning by degrees To hard unyielding unclastic bone, Thro' tedious channels the congealing flood Crawls lazily, and hardly wanders on ; It loiters still : And now it ftirs no mere. This is the period few attain ; the death Of nature ; thus (io Heav'n ordain'd it) life Deftroys itfelf; and could there laws have chang'd,

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Neftor might now the fates of Troy relate, And Homer live immortal as his long.

What does not fade? The tower that long had frood

The crufh of thunder and the warring winds, Shook by the flow but fure deftrover Time, Now hangs in doubtful ruins o'er its bafe, And flinty pyramids and walls of brafs, Defcend : the Babylonian fpires are funk ; Achaia, Rome, and Egypt moulder down. Time fhakes the ftable tyranny of thrones, And tott'ring empires ruth by their own weight, This huge rotundity we tread grows old ; And all those worlds that roll around the fun; The fun himfelf shall die; and ancient Night Again involve the defolate abyfs Till the great Father thro! the lifelefs gloom Extend his arm to light another world, And bid new planets roll by other laws. For thro' the regions of unbounded fpace, Where unconfin'd Omnipotence has room, Being in various fyficms, fluctuates fliil Between creation and abhorr'd decay : It ever did; perhaps and ever will. New worlds are still emerging from the deep ; The old defeending, in their turns to rife.

§71. The Art of preferving Health. ARMSTRONG

BOOK III. EXERCISE. THRO' various toil, th'adventurous Mufe has paft;

But half the toil, and more than half, remains. Rude is her theme, and hardly fit for fong; Plain, and of little ornament; and I But little practis'd in th'Aonian arts, Yer not in vain fuch labours have we try'd, If aught thefe lays the fickle health confirm. To you, ye delicate, I write; for you I tame my youth to philofophic cares, And grow full paler by the midnight lamps. Not to debilitate with timorous rules A hardy frame, nor needlefsly to brave Unglorious dangers, proud of mortal fi Is all the leffon that in wholefome years Concerns the firong. His care wereill-Who would with warm effertimacy nur The thriving oak which on the moust Bears all the blafts that fweep the wirt'r

Behold the labourer of the globe, we In duft, in rain, in cold and jultry file Save but the grain from mildews and i Nought anxious he what fickly flars af He knows no laws by Etculapius give He itudies none. Yet hum nor midaig Infeft, nor those envenom'd hafts that When rabid Sirius fires th'autumnal a His habit pure with plain and tempera Robuft with labour, and by cuftom fit To ev'ry calualty of varied life;

Serene he bars the pecvish Eastern bla And uninfected breathes the mortal S

Such the reward of rude and tober Of labour fuch. By health the peaker Is well repaid, if exercise were pain Indeed, and temp'rance pain. By are Laconia nurs'd of old her hardy fors, And Rome's unconquer'd legions urg'd Unhurt, thro' ev'ry toil, in ev'ry clam

Toil, and be ftrong. By toil the flet Grow firm, and gain a more compacte The greener juices are by toil fubdu'd. Mellow'd, and fubtiliz'd ; the vapid of Expell'd, and all the rancour of the bl Come, my companions, ye who fail th Of nature and the year; come, let us Where chance and fancy leads our ror Come, while the foft voluptuous breeze The fleecy heav'ns, enwrap the limbs And thed a charming languor o'er, the Nor when bright Winter fows with pr The vigorous ether, in uninanly warm Indulge at home; nor even when Euro This way and that convolve the lab'ra My lib'ral walks, fave when the fkics i Or for relent, no feafon thould country Or to the cloifter'd allery or arcade. Go, climb the mountain: from th'ethere Imbibe the recent gale. The cheerful Beans o'er the hills; go, mount th'exuln Already, fee, the deep-mouth'd beaghs The unred mazes; and, on eager from Intent, with emulous impatience try Each doubtful trace. Or, if a nobier p Delight you more, go chace the delp'rat And thro' its deepest folitudes awake The vocal foreft with the jovial horn.

But if the breathlets chace o'er hill a Exceed your firength, a fport of kess fat Not lets delightful, the prolific fiream Affords. The cryftal rivulet, that o't A flony channel rolls its rapid mare, Swarms with the filver fry. Such, bounds

Of paftoral Stafford, runs the brawling

Ba

Such Eden, fprung from Cumbrian mountains; | To match the fprightly genius of champaign. fuch [ftream | The Esk, o'erhung with woods ; and fuch the On whole Arcadian banks I first drew air, Liddal; till now, except in Doric lays Tun'd to her murmurs by her love-fick fivains, Unknown in long : 'Tho' not a purer stream, Thro' meads more flow'ry or more romantic flood ! groves, Rolls t'ward the western main. Hail, facred May still thy hospitable swains be bleft In rural innocence; thy mountains still Teem with the fleecy race; thy tuneful woods For ever flourish ; and thy vales look gay With painted meadows and the golden grain ! Oft with thy blooming fons when life wasnew, Sportive and petulant, and charm'd with toys, In thy transparent eddies have I lav'd : Oft trac'd with patient fteps thy fairy banks With the well-imitated fly, to hook The cager trout, and with the flender line And yielding rod folicit to the fhore The ftruggling panting prev; while vernal clouds And tepid gales obfeur'd the ruffled pool, And from the deeps call'dforth the wanton fwarms.

Form'd on the Samian school, or those of Ind, There are who think these pastimes scarce hu-Yet in my mind (and not relentles I) [mane; His life is pure that wears no fouler stains. But if thro' genuine tenderness of heart, Or fecret want of relith for the game, You fhun the glories of the chace, nor care To haunt the peopled ftream; the garden yields A foft amusement, a humane delight. To raife th'infipid nature of the ground, Or tame its favage genius to the grace Of carelels fweet rufficity, that feems The amiable refult of happy chance, Is to create, and gives a godlike joy, Which ev'ry year improves. Nor thou difdain To check the lawless riot of the trees, To plant the grove, or turn the barren mould. O happy he whom when his years decline (His fortune and his fame by worthy means Attain'd, and equal to his mod'rate mind; His life approv'd by all the wife and good, E'en envy'd by the vain) the peaceful groves Of Epicurus from this flormy world, Receive to reft; of all ungrateful cares Abfolv'd, and faced from the felfith crowd. Happielt of men ! if the fame foil invitin A cholen few companions of his youth; Once fellow-rakes, perhaps now rural friends; With whom in eafy commerce to purfue Nature's free charms, and vie for fylvan fame : A fair ambition ; void of ftrife or guile, Or jealoufy, or pain to be outdone. Who plans th'inchanted garden, who directs The vifto beft, and beft conducts the ftream ; Whofe groves the fastest thicken and afcend ; Whom first the welcome springfalutes; whoshews The carlieft bloom, the fweeteft, proudeft charms Of Flora: who beft gives Pomona's juice

Thrice happy days ! in rural bus'neis paft : Bleft winter-nights ! when, as the genial fire Cheers the wide hall, his cordial family With foft domestic arts the hours beguile, And pleafing talk that farts no tim'rous fame, With withers awantonness to hunt it down : Or thro' the Fairy-land of tale or fong Delighted wander, in fictitious fates Engag'd, and all that firikes humanity : Till, loft in fable, they the stealing hour Of timely reft forget. Sometimes, at eve, His neighbours lift the latch, and blefs unbid His festal roof; while, o'er the light repast And fprightly cups, they mix in locial joy; And, thro' the maze of conversation, trace Whate'er amufes or improves the mind. Sometimes at eve (for I delight to tatle The native zeft and flavour of the fruit Where fenfe grows wild, and takes of no manure) The decent, honeft, cheerful hufbandman Should drown his labours in my friendly bowl = And at my table find himfelf at home. Whate'er you fludy, in whate'er you fweat, Indulge your tafte. Some love the manly foils; The tennis fome, and fome the graceful dance; Others, more hardy, range the purple heath Or naked stubble; where, from field to field The founding coveys urge their lab'ring flight; Eager, amid the rifing cloud, to pour The gun's uncrring thunder : And there are Whom ftill the*meed of the green archer charms. He chufes beft, whofe labour entertains His vacant fancy most : The toil you hate Fatigues you foon, and fcarce improves your limbs.

As beauty still has blemish, and the mind The most accomplish'd its imperfect fide. Few bodies are there of that happy mould But fome one part is weaker than the reft : The legs, perhaps, or arms refuse their load, Or the cheft labours. These alliduously But gently in their proper arts employ'd, Acquire a vigour and fpringy activity To which they were not born. But weaker parts Abhor fatigue and violent difcipline.

Begin with gentle toils; and as your nerves Grow firm, to hardier by just steps aspire. The prudent, ev'n in ev'ry mod'rate walk, At first but faunter, and, by flow degrees, Increase their pace. This doctrine of the wife Well knows the mafter of the flying fleed. First from the goal the manag'd coursers play On bended reins; as yet the skilful youth Reprets their foamy pride ; but ev'ry breath The race grows warmer, and the tempeft fwells, Till all the fiery mettle has its way, And the thick thunder hurries o'er the plain. When all at once, from indolunce to toil, You fpring, the fibres by the hafty fhock Are tir'd and crack'd, before their un ctuous coats. Compreis'd, can pour this lubricating balm. Befides, collected in the paffive veins, The purple mafs a fudden torrent rolls.

* This word is much used by fome of the old English poets, and fignifies Reward or Prize.

O, cibom, i.

O'enpow'rs the heart, and deluges the lungs With dang'tous inundation: Of the fource Of fatal wores; a cough that foams with blood, Afthma, and feller Peripacumony 1, Or the flow minings of the heetic fire.

Th'athletic fool, to whom what Heav'ndeny'd Of foul is well compendated in limbs, Oft from his rage, or brainlets trolic, feels His vegetation and brute force decay. The men of better clay and finer mould, Know nature, feel the human dignity, And fcorn to vie with oxen or with apes. Purfu'd prolixly, ev'n the gentleft toil Is waite of health : repole, by imail fatigue, Is earn'd ; and (where your habit is not prone To thaw) by the first moisture of the brows The fire and fublic fairly coll too much To be profusid, too much the toteld baim. But when the hard varieties of life You toil to learn, or try the duity chace, Or the warm deeds of fome important day; Hot from the field, indulge not yet your limbs In wifh'd repote, nor court the tanning gale, Nor tafte the fpring. O ! by the facred tears Of widows, orphans, mothers, fatters, fires, Forbear! No other pefillence has driven Such myriads o'er th'irremeable deep. Why this fo fatal, the fagacious Mufe Thro' nature's cunning labyrinths could trace : But there are fecrets which who knows not now, Moft, ere he reach them, climb the heapy Alps Of feience, and devote feven years to toil. Bendes, I would not itun your patient cars With what it little boots you to attain. He knows enough, the mariner, who knows Where lurk the fhelves, and where the whirlpools boil,

What figus portend the from : To fublic ruinds. He leaves to fean, from what myfterious caufe Charybdts rages in th'Ionian wave; Whence thole impetuous currents in the main, Which neither oar nor fail can flem; and why The roughting deep expects the from as fure As red Orion mounts the throuded heavin.

In ancient times, when Rome with Athens vy'd For polith'd luxury and ufeful arts; All hot and recking from th'Otympic firife, And warm Palettra, in the tepid bath Th'athletic youth relax'd their weary'd limbs, Soft oils bedew'd them, with the grateful pow'rs Of nard and caffia fraught, to foothe and heal The cherith'd nerves. Our lefs voluptuous clime

Not much invites us to fuch arts as thefe. 'This not for those whom golid ikies embrace, And chilling fogs; whole peripiration feels Such frequent bars from Eurus and the North; 'Ti, not for those to cultivate the fkin Too fort, or teach the recemental fame Too faft to crowd thro' such precations ways; For thro' the fmall acternal mouths, that pierce In endicis millions the clofe-woven fkin, The baler fluids in a conflant fiream Efcape, and viewlet's melt into the winds. While this eternal, this most copious, waft Of blood degen'rate into vapid brine, Maintains its wonted measure, all the pow'n Of health befriend you, all the wheels of Et With eafe and pleasure move : but this reinsi Or more or lefs, fo more or lefs you fed The functions labour : from this fatal form What woes defeend is never to be fung. To take their numbers were to count the fast That ride in which when the bluit'ring North abroils

The Baltic, thunder on the German flor. Subject not then by fore enrollent arts This grand expense on which your fates depaid To every caprice of the fixy; nor thwart The genius of your clime : For from the blod Leaft fickle tife the recremental ficams, And leaft obnoxious to the flyptic air, join Winch breather thro' firaiter and more also The temper'd Scyrhian hence, half-nikelters His bound is fnows, nor rues thinkments And hence our painted anceftors defield in; The East, nor curs'd, like us, their fickle as

The body, moulded by the clime, adurs Th'equator heats or Hyperbore i froft: Except, by habits foreign to its turn, Unwile you counteract its forming pow'r. Rude at the first, the winter shocks you his By long acquaintance : Study then your tr, Form to its manners your oblequious frame, And learn to fuffer what you cannot them. Against the rigours of a damp cold heav's To fortify their bodies, found frequent The gelid ciftern ; and, where nought fatts, 1 praile their dauntleis heart : A frame to fail Dreads not the cough, not those ungenia bad That breathe the Tertian or fell Rheumanin; The nerves to temper'd never quir their toor; No chronic languors haunt fuch hardy bruth But all things have their bounds : and he w makes

By daily use the kindest regimen Eifential to his health, should never mix With human kind, nor art nor trade pursus. He not the fafe vicifitudes of life Without fome shock endures; ill fitted by To want the known, or bear unuful thing. Belides, the pow'rful remedies of pain (Since pain, in fpite of all our care, will core) Should never with your profpirous days of head Grow too familiar: for, by frequent use, The throught medicines lose their healing post, And even the pureft poisons theirs to kill.

Let those who from the frozen Artlos rad Parch'd Mauritania or the juliry Wett, Or the wide flowd thro' rich Indeftan roll'd, Plunge thrice a day, and in the tepid wate Untwilt their flubborn pores; that fall and se Th'evaporation thro' the forten'd fkin

+ The inflummation of the largs.

Boor I

ar proportion to the fwelling blood. I they 'scape the fever's rapid flames; untainted the hot breath of hell. is, the man of no complaint demands arni ablution, just enough to clear nees of the fkin, enough to keep sdy facred from indecent foil. be pure, ev'n did it not conduce uch it does) to health, were greatly worth faily pains. 'Tis this adorns the rich ; ant of this is Poverty's worft woe ; this external virtue Age maintains int grace; without it, Youth and charms athiome. This the Venal Graces know; ibtless do your wives; for marry'd fires, ll as lovers, still pretend to taste it lefs (all prudent wives can tell) e a huíband's than a lover's heart. now the hours and featons when to toil, foreign themes recal my wand'ring fong, labour fasting, or but slightly fed, Il the grinding ftomach's hungry rage. e nature feeds too corpulent a frame rifely done, for while the thirfty veins, ient of lean penury, devour reafur'd oil, then is the happicft time ake the lazy balfam from its cells. while the flomach from the full repart les, but ere returning hunger gnaws, mer habits, give an hour to toil; e whom no luxuriancy of growth fles yct, or threatens to opprefs, om the recent meal no labours pleafe, ibs or mind. For now the cordial pow'rs all the wand'ring fpirits to a work ong and fubric toil, and great event : rk of time : and you may rue the day aurried, with untimely exercise. f-concocted chyle into the blood. body, overcharg'd with unctuous phlegm, 1 toil demaids : The lean elaftic lefs. e winter chills the blood and binds the veins, bours are too hard: by those you 'icape low difcafes of the torpid year; :Is to name ; to one of which alone, hat which tears the nerves, the toil of flaves alure : Oh ! from fuch inhuman pains all be free who merit not the wheel; rom the burning Lion, when the fun ; down his fultry wrath; now while the nuch already maddens in the veins, [blood all the finer fluids thro' the fkin ore their flight; me, near the cool cafcade n'd, or faunt'ring in the lofty grove, cedlefs flight occasion should engage ant and fweat beneath the fiery noon. the fresh morn alone and mellow eve, ady walks and active rural fports e. But while the chilling dews defcend,

nothing tempt you to the cold embrace amid fkies; tho' tis no vulgar joy ace the horrors of the folemn wood le the foft ev'ning faddens into night : the fweet Poet of the vernal groves Melts all the night in strains of am'rous woe. The fhades defcend, and midnight o'ertheworld Expands her fable wings. Great Nature droops Thro' all her works. Now happy the whole toil Has o'er his languid pow'rlefs limbs diffus'd A pleafing laffitude : He not in vain Invokes the gentle Deity of dreams. His powers the most voluptuously disfolve In foft repose : On him the balmy dews Of fleep with double nutriment descend. But would you fweetly wafte the blank of aight In deep oblivion; or on Fancy's wings Visit the paradite of happy dreams, And waken cheerful as the lively morn,-Opprefs not Nature finking down to reft With feafts too late, too folid, or too full : But be the first concoction half-matur'd Ere you to mighty indolence refign Your pative faculties. He from the toils [rocks And trouble of the day to heavier toil Retires, whom trembling from the tow'r that Amid the clouds, or Calpe's hideous height, The bufy damons hurl: or in the main O'crwhelm; or bury ftruggling under ground. Not all a monarch's luxury the woes Can counterpoife of that most wretched man. Whole nights are shaken with the frantic fits Of wild Oreftes; whole delirious brain, Stung by the Furies, works with poilon'dthought: While pale and monstrous panting shocks thefoul; And mangled confciousness bemoans itself For ever torn; and chaos floating round. What dreams prefage, what dangers thefe or thofe Portend to fanity, tho' prudent fcers Reveal'd of old, and men of deathlefs fame, We would not to the superstitious mind Suggest new throbs, new vanities of fear : 'Tis ours to teach you from the peaceful night To banish omens and all refiless woes.

In fludy fome protract the filent hours, Which others confectate to mirth and wine ? And fleep till noon, and hardly live till night. But furely this redeems not from the fhades One hour of life. Nor does it nought avail What feating you to drowly Morpheus give Of th'ever-varying circle of the day : Or whether, thro' the tedious winter gloom, You tempt the midnight or the morning damps. The body, fresh and vigorous from repose. Defics the carly fogs : but, by the toils, Of wakeful day exhausted and unstrung, Weakly refifts the night's unwholefome breath, The grand difcharge, th'effusion of the fkin, Slowly impair'd, the languid maladies Creep on, and thro' the lick'ning functions iteal, So, when the chilling East invades the spring, The delicate Narciffus pines away In heftic languor; and a flow difeafe Taints all the family of flow'rs, condemn'd To crucl heav'ns. But why already prone To fade, should beauty cherish its own bane ? O shame ! O pity ! nipt with pale Quadrille, And midnight cares, the bloom of Albion dies ! By toil fubdu'd, the Warrior and the Hund Sice

Sleep fast and deep: their active functions foon With gen'rous ffreams the fubile tubes fupply; And foon the tonic irritable nerves Feel the fresh impulse, and awake the foul. The fons of indolence with long repofe Grow torpid ; and with floweft Lethe drunk, Feebly and ling'ring return to life, Blunt ev'ry fenie, and pow'rlefs ev'ry limb. Ye prone to fleep (whom fleeping moft annoys) On the hard matrafs or elaffic couch [lloth; Extend your limbs, and wean yourfelves from Nor grudge the lean projector, of dry brain And ipringy nerves, the blandithments of down: Nor envy while the buried Bacchanal Exhales his furfeit in prolixer dreams.

He without riot, in the balmy feaft Of life, the wants of nature has fupply'd Who rifes cool, ferene, and full of foul. But pliant nature more or lefs demands, As cuitom forms her; and all fudden change She hates of habir, ev'n from bad to good. If faults in life, or new emergencies, From habits urge you by long time confirm'd, Slow may the change arrive, and ftage by ftage; Slow as the fhealing progrefs of the year.

Observe the circling year. How unperceived Her featons change ! Bchold ! by flow degrees, Stern Winter tam'd into a ruder Spring; 'The ripen'd Spring a milder Summer glows; Departing Summer sheds Pomona's flore; And aged Autumn brews the Winter-storm.

- Slow as they come, these changes come not void Of mortal shocks: The cold and torrid reigus, The two great periods of th'important year, Are in their first approaches feldom fate: Funereal Autumn all the fickly dread,
- And the black fates deform the lovely Spring. He well advisid, who taught our wifer fires Early to borrow Mulcovy's warm fpoils, Ere the first froft has touch'd the tender blade; And late refign them, tho' the wanton Spring Should deck her chains with all her fifter's rays; For while the effluence of the fkin maintains Its native meafure, the pleuretic Spring Olides harmlets by; and Autumn, fick to death With fallow Quartans, no contagion breathes.

I in prophetic numbers could unfold The omens of the year: what featons teem With what difeates; what the humid South Prepares, and what the Diemon of the Eaft : But you perhaps refue the tedious fong. Befides whatever plagues, in heat, or cold, Or drought, the moifture dwell, they burt not you, Skill'd to correct the vices of the fky, And taught alrendy how to each extreme To bend your life. But thould the public bane Infect you; or fome treipafs of your own, Or flaw of nature, hint mortality,— Soon as a not unpleating horror glides Along the fipine, thro' all your torpid limbs; When firth the head throbs, or the flomach feels A fickly load, a weary pain the loins,

Be Cellus call'd : The faces come ruthing on ;

The rapid fates admit of no delay, While wilful you, and fatally fecure, Expect to-morrow's more autpicious fun, The growing pett, whole infancy was weak And eafy vanquifh'd, with triumphant fway O'erpow'rs your life. For want of timely care, Millions have dy'd of medicable wounds.

Ah ! in what perils is vam life engag'd ! What flight neglects, what trivial faults deftroy The hardieft frame ! Of indolence, of toil, We die; of want, of fuperfluity : The all-furrounding heav'n, the vital air, Is big with death. And, tho' the putrid South Be that, tho' no convultive agony Shake, from the deep foundation of the world, Th'imprifon d plagues, a fecret venom, oft Corrupts the air, the water, and the land. What livid deaths has fad Byzantium feen ! How oft has Cairo, with a mother's wee, Wept o'er her flaughter'd fons and lonely freetsl E'en Albion, girt with lefs malignant fkics, Albion the poiton of the gods has drank, And felt the fling of monfters all her own.

Ere vet the fell Plantagenets had fpent Their ancient rage at Botworth's purple field; While, for which tyrant England thould receive, Her legions in incefuous murders mix'd, And daily horrors; till the fates were drunk With kindred blood by kindred hands profus'd, Another plague of more gigantic arm Arole, a monfter never known before, Reai'd from Cocytus its portentous head. This rapid fury not, like other pefts, Purfu'd a gradual courfe, but in a day Ruth'd as a florm o'er half th'aftonith'd ifle, And ftrew'd with fudden carcafes the land:

First thro' the shoulders, or whatever part Was feiz'd the first, a fervid vapour fprung. With rafh combustion thence, the quiv ring spark Shot to the heart, and kindled all within And foon the furface caught the fpreading fires. Thro' all the vielding pores the melted blood Guth'd out in finoky fweats; but nought affuag'd The torrid heat within, nor sught reliev'd The flomach's anguish. With inceffant toil. Defperate of eale, impatient of their pain, They tois'd from fide to fide. In vain the ftream Ran full and clear, they burnt and thinfted ftill, The refilefs arteries with rapid blood Beat firong and frequent. Thick and pantingly The breath was fetch'd, and with huge lab'rings At last a heavy pain oppress'd the head, [heav'd: A wild delirium came; their weeping friends Were strangers now, and this no home of theirs. Harrafs'd with toil on toil, the finking pow'rs Lav profirate and o'enthrown ; a pond'rousfleep Wrapt all the fenfes up : They flept and dy'd. In fome, a gentle horror crept at first O'er all the limbs ; the fluices of the fkin Withheld their moifture, till, by art provok'd, The fweats o'erflow'd ; but in a clammy tide: Now free and copious, now reftrain'd and flow ; Of tinctures various, as the temp'rature Had mix'd the blood , and rank with firid freams: As

Book H. DIDACTIC, DESCRIPTIVE, &c.

As if the pent-up humours by delay Were grown more fell, more putrid, and malign. Here lay their hopes (tho' little hope remain'd) With full effusion of perpetual fweats To drive the venom out. And here the fates Were kind, that long they linger'd not in pain. For who furyiv'd the fun's diurnal race, Rofe from the dreary gates of hell redeem'd: Bome the fixth hour opprefs'd, and fome the third.

Of many thousands few untainted 'scap'd; Of those infected, fewer 'scap'd alive; Of those who liv'd, some feit a second blow; And whom the second spar'd a third destroy'd! Frantic with fear, they sought by flight to shun The fierce contagion. O'er the mournful land Th'infected city pour'd her hurrying swarms: Rous'd by the flames that fir'd her seas around, Th'infected country rush'd into the town. Some, fad at home, and in the defart some, Abjur'd the stal commerce of mankind; In vain: where'er they fled the fates pursu'd. Others, with hopes more specious, crois'd the main.

To feek protection in far diftant fkies; But none they found. It feem'd the gen'ral air, From pole to pole, from Atlas to the Eaft, Was then at enmity with Englifh blood ! For, but the race of England, all were fafe In foreign climes; nor did this fury tafte The foreign blood which England then contain'd ! Where fhould they fly? The circumambient heav'n

Involv'd them full; and ev'ry breeze was bane. Where find relief? The falutary art Was mute; and, ftartled at the new difeafe, In fearful whifpers hopelefs omens gave. To Heav'n with fupplant rites they fent their pray'rs;

Heav'n heard them not. Of ev'ry hope depriv'd, Fatigu'd with vain refources, and fubdu'd With wors refiftlels and enfeebling fear, Pative they funk beneath the weighty blow. Nothing but lamentable founds were heard, Nor aught was feen but ghaftly views of death. Infectious horror ran from face to face, And pale defpair. Twas all the bus'nefs then To tend the fick, and in their turns to die. In heaps they fell: and oft one bed, they fay, The fick'ning, dying, and the dead contain'd.

Ye guardian Gods, on whom the fates depend Of tott'ring Albion! ye eternal fires [pow'rs That lead thro' heav'n the wand'ring year! ye That o'er th'encircling elements prefide ! May nothing worfe than what this age has feen Arrive ! Enough abroad, enough at home Has Albion bled. Here a diftemper'd heav'n Has thinn'd her eities; from thole lofty cliffs That awe proud Gaul, to Thule's wint'ry reign; While in the Weft, beyond th' Atlantie foam, Her braveft fons, keen for the fight, have dy'd The death of cowards and of common men: Sunk void of wounds, and fall'n without renowa.

But from these views the weeping Muses turn, And other themes invite my wand'ring fong.

§ 72. The Art of Preferving Health. ARMSTRONG.

BOOK IV. THE PASSIONS.

THE choice of aliment, the choice of air, The use of toil, and all external things, Already fung; it now remains to trace What good, what evil, from ourselves proceeds, And how the fubile principle within Infpires with health, or mines with strange decay The passive body. Ye poetic stades, That know the fecters of the world unsteen, Aftist my fong! for, in a doubtful theme Engag'd, I wander thro' mysterious ways.

There is, they fay (and I believe there is) A fpark within us of th'inmortal fire, That animates and moulds the groffer frame; And when the body finks, efcapes to heav'n, Its native feat, and mixes with the Gods. Meanwhile this heav'nly particle pervades The mortal elements; in ev'ry nerve It thrills with pleafure, or grows mad with pain : And, in its fecret conclave, as it feels The body's woes and joys, this ruling pow'r Wields at its will the dull material world, And is the body's health or malady.

By its own toil the grofs corporeal frame Fatigues, extenuates, or deftroys itfelf. Nor lefs the labours of the mind corrode The folid fabric : for, by fubtle parts And viewlefs atoms, fecret Nature moves The mighty wheels of this flupendous world. By fubtle fluids, pour'd thro' fubtle tubes, The nat'ral, vital, functions are perform'd. By thefe the flubborn aliments are tam'd; The toiling heart diftributes life and ftrength; Thefe the till-crumbling frame rebuild; and thefe Are loft in thinking, and diffolve in air.

But 'tis not Thought (for ftill the foul's employ'd)

Tis painful thinking that corrodes our clay. All day the vacant eye without fatigue Strays o'er the heav'n and earth ; but long intent On microfcopic arts, its vigour fails. Just fo the mind, with various thoughts amus'd, Nor akes itfelf, nor gives the body pain ; But anxious Study, Difcontent, and Care, Love without hope, and Hate without revenge, And Fear, and Jealoufy, fatigue the foul, Engrois the fubtle ministers of life, And fpoil the lab'ring functions of their fhare. Hence the lean gloom that Melancholy wears; The Lover's palenefs, and the fallow hue Of Envy, Jcaloufy, the meagre stare Of fore Revenge : the canker'd body hence Betrays each fretful motion of the mind. [dav

The firong-built pedant, who both night and Feeds on the coariest fare the fehoods befow, And crudely fattens at grofs Burman's stall, O'erwhelm'd with phlegm, lies in a dropfy drown'd,

Or finks in lethargy before his time. With uleful fludies you, and arts that please, Employ your mind; amule but not failure. Peace to each drowly metaphyfic fage! And ever may all heavy fyftems teft ! Yet fome there are, ev'n of elaftic parts, Whom firong and obfinate ambition leads Thro' all the rugged roads of barren lore, And gives to relifh what their gen'rous taffe Would elfe refufe. But may nor thirft of fame, Nor love of knowledge, urge you to fatigue With conflant drudgery the lib'ral foul ! Toy with your books: and as the various fits Of humour feize you, from Philofophy To Fable thift; from ferious Antonine To Rabelais' ravings, and from profe to fong.

While reading plcafes, but no longer, read; And read aloud, refounding Homer's firain, And wield the thunder of Demofthenes. The cheft fo exercis'd improves its firength; And quick vibrations thro' the bowels drive The reflects blood, which in inactive days Would loiter elfc thro' unclaftic tubes. Deem it not triffing while I recommend What pofture fuits: To ftand and fit by turns, As nature prompts, is beft. But o'er your leaves To lean for ever, cramps the vial parts, And robs the fine machinery of its play.

'Tis the great art of life to manage well The reftlefs mind. For ever on purfuit Of knowledge bent, it ftarves the groffer pow'rs: Quite unemploy'd, against its own repose It turns its fatal edge; and sharper pangs Than what the body knows embitter life. Chiefly where Solitude, lad nurfe of Care, To fickly muting gives the penfive mind, There Madness enters; and the dim-cy'd Fiend, Sour Melancholy, night and day provokes Her own eternal wound. The fun grows pale; A mournful visionary light o'erspreads The cheerful face of nature; earth becomes A dreary defart, and heav'n frowns above. Then various fhapes of curs'd illufion rife: Whate er the wretched fears, creating Fear Forms out of nothing : and with monfters teems Unknown in hell. The proftrate foul beneath A load of huge imagination heaves; And all the horrors that the murd'rer feels, With anxious flutt'rings wake the guiltlefs breaft.

Such phantoms Pride, in folitary fcenes, Or Fear, on delicate Self-love creates. From other cares abfolv'd, the bufy mind Finds in yourfelf a theme to pore upon; It finds you miferable, or makes you fo. For while yourfelf you anxioufly explore, Timorous Self-love, with fick ning Fancy's aid, Prefents the danger that you dread the most, And ever galls you in your tender part. Hence fome for love, and fome for jealoufy, For grim religion fome, and fome for pride. Have loft their reafon : fome, for fear of want, Want all their lives; and others, ev'ry day, For fear of dving, fuffer worle than death. Ah! from your bofoms banifh, if you can, Those fatal guefts; and first the demon Fear, That trembles at impollible events, Left aged Atlas should refign his load, And heav'n's eternal battlements ruth down !

Is there an evil worfe than Fcar itfelf? And what avails it that indulgent Heav'n From mortal eyes has wrapt the woes to come, If we, ingenious to torment ourfelves, Grow pale at hideous fictions of our own? Enjoy the prefent; nor with needlefs cares Of what may fpring from blind Misfortune's Appal the fureft hour that life beflows. [womb, Servee, and mafter of yourfelf, prevare For what may come, and leave the reft to Heav'n.

Oft from the body, by long ails miftun'd, These evils sprung, the most important health, That of the mind, destroy; and when the mind They first invade, the confcious body foon In fympathetic languifhment declines. These chronic Pathons, while from real woes They rife, and yet without the body's fault Infeit the foul, admit one only cure; Diversion, hurry, and a reftlefs life. Vain are the confolations of the wife; [pain, In vain your friends would reafon down your O ye, whose souls relentless love has tam'd To fost distress, or friends untimely flain ! Court not the luxury of tender thought ! Nor deem it impious to forget those pains That hurt the living, nought avail the dead. Go, foft enthuliaft ! quit the cypreis groves, Nor to the riv'let's lonely moaaings tune Your fad complaint. Go, feek the cheerful haunts Of men, and mingle with the builting crowd; Lay fchemes for wealth, or pow'r, or fame, the wifh

Of nobler minds, and pufh them night and day, Or join the caravan in queft of fcenes New to your eyes, and fhifting ev'ry hour, Beyond the Alps, beyond the Apennines. Or, more advent'rous, rufh into the field Where war grows hot; and, raging thro' the fky, The lofty trumpet fivells the madd'ning foul; And in the hardy camp and toilfome march Forget all fofter and lefs manly cares.

But most too paffive, when the blood runs low, Too weakly indolent to firive with pain, And bravely by refifting conquer Fate, Try Circe's arts; and in the tempting bowl Of poilon'd Nectar fweet oblivion drink. Struck by the pow'rful charm, the glooth dif-In empty air: Elyfium opens round. [folves A pleasing phrenzy buoys the lighten'd foul, And fanguine hopes difpel your flecting care; And what was difficult, and what was dire, Yields to your prowefs and fuperior flars: The happiest you of all that e'or were mad, Or are, or shall be, could this folly last. But foon your heav'n is gone; a heavier gloom Shuts o'cr your head; and, as the thund'ring ftream,

Swoln o'er its banks with fudden mountain rain, Sinks from its tumult to a filent brook, So, when the frantic reptures in your breaft Subfide, you languith into mortal man: You fleep, and waking find yourfelf undone. For, prodigal of life, in one rath night [days. You lavich'd more than might fupport three A beavy vy morning comes; your cares return tenfold rage. An anxious ftomach well e endur'd; fo may the throbbing heart; ch a dim delirium, fuch a dream es you; fuch a daftardly defpair as your foul, as maddining Pentheus felt , baited round Cithæron's cruel fides, r two funs, and double Thebes afcend. :urfe the fluggish Port; you curfe the wretch.

:lon, with unnatural mixture first dar'd to violate the virgin wine : the fugitive Champain you pour afand curfes; for to heav'n it rapt foul, to plunge you deeper in defpair. os you rue ev'n that divinest gift, ay, ferene, good-natur'd Burgundy, fresh fragrant vintage of the Rhine; rifh that Heav'n from mortals had withheld rape, and all intoxicating bowls. des, it wounds you fore to recollect follies in your loofe unguarded hour d. For one irrevocable word, os that meant no harm, you loie a friend; the rage of wine your hafty hand ms a deed to haunt you to your grave. :hat your means, your health, your parts decay;

friends avoid you; brutifhly transform'd, hardly know you; or if one remains fh you well, he wifhes you in heav'n. 'd, unwept you fall, who might have left ed, cherish'd, sadly-pleasing name; he still to be utter'd with a figh, last ungrateful scene has quite effac'd afe and mem'ry of your former worth. v to live happicit; how avoid the pains, ifappointments, and difgufts of those would in pleafure all their hours employ; recepts here of a divine old man 1 recite. Tho' old, he still retain'd anly fenfe and energy of mind. us and wife he was, but not fevere; I remember'd that he once was young; fy prefence check'd no decent joy. v'n the diffolute admir'd; for he :eful loofeness, when he pleas'd, put on, ughing could inftruct. Much had he read, more had feen; he ftudy'd from the life, a th'original perus'd mankind. s'd in the woes and vanities of life, y'd Man: and much he pity'd thofe ifalfely-fmiling Fate has curs'd with means Tipate their days in quest of joy. m is happinels; 'tis yours, 'tis mine, d, 'tis the pursuit of all that live; w attain it, if 'twas e'er attain'd. ey the widest wander from the mark, hro' the flow'ry paths of faunt'ring joy his coy Goddefs; that from ftage to ftage us still, but shifts as we pursue. ot to name the pains that pleasure brings interpoise itself, relentless Fate s that we thro' gay voluptuous wilds

Should ever roam : and were the fates more kind, Our narrow luxuries would foon be ftale. Were thefe exhauftlefs, Nature would grow fick, And, cloy'd with pleafure, fqueamifhly complaint That all was vanity, and life a dream. Let nature reft : be bufy for yourfelf And for your friend; be bufy ev'n in vain, Rather than teaze her fated appetites. Who never fasts, no banquets e'er enjoys; Who never toils or watches, never fleeps. Let nature reft; and when the tafte of joy Grows keen, indulge; but fhun fatiety.

'Tis not for mortals always to be bleft : But him the leaft the dull or painful hours Of life opprefs, whom fober Senfe conducts, And Virtue, thro' this labyrinth we tread. Virtue and Senfe I mean not to disjoin; Virtue and Senfe are one : and, truft me, ftill A faithlefs heart betrays the head unfound. Virtue (for mere Good-nature is a fool) Is Senfe and Spirit with Humanity: 'Tis fometimes angry, and its frown confounds; 'Tis ev'n vindictive ; but in vengeance just. Knaves fain would laugh at it; forme great ones dare;

But at his heart the most undaunted fon Of fortune dreads its name and awful charms. To nobleft uses this determines wealth; This is the folid pomp of profperous days; The peace and thelter of advertity. And if you pant for glory, build your fame On this foundation, which the secret shock Defies of Envy, and all-fapping Time. The gawdy glois of fortune only ftrikes The vulgar eye; the fuff'rage of the wife, The praise that's worth ambition, is attain'd By fense alone, and dignity of mind.

Virtue, the firength and beauty of the foul, Is the beft gift of Heav'n : a happinefs That ev'n above the fmiles and frowns of Fate Exalts great Nature's favourites : a wealth That ne'er encumbers, nor to bafer hands Can be transferr'd : it is the only good Man justly boasts of, or can call his own. Riches are oft by guilt and baseness carn'd ; Or dealt by chance, to fhield a lucky knave, Or throw a cruel fun-fhine on a fool. But for one end, one much-neglected use, Are riches worth your care (for Nature's wants Are few, and without opulence fupply'd): This noble end is, to produce the Soul; To fhew the virtues in the faireft light; To make Humanity the minister Of bounteous Providence; and teach the breaft That gen'rous luxury the Gods enjoy.

Thus, in his graver vein, the filendly fage Sometimes declaim'd. Of right and wrong he taught

Truths as refin'd as ever Athens heard; And (ftrange to tell !) he practis'd what he preach'd.

Skill'd in the Passions, how to check their fivay He knew, as far as reafon can controul The lawless pow'rs. But other cares are mine : Dd

L'arof

Form'd in the school of Pzon, I relate What Passions hurt the body, what improve: Avoid them, or invite them, as you may.

Know then, whatever cheerful and ferene Supports the mind, fupports the body too. Hence the moft vital movement mortals feel Is Hope; the balm and life-blood of the foul. It pleafes, and it lafts. Indulgent Heav'n Sent down the kind delufion thro' the paths Of rugged life, to lead us patient on, And make our happieft flate no tedious thing. Our greateft good, and what we leaft can fpare, Is Hope; the laft of all our evils, Fear.

But there are Pallions grateful to the breaft, And yet no friends to life: perhaps they pleafe ſclown, Or to excefs, and diffipate the foul; Or while they pleafe, torment. The flubborn The ill-tam'd rufhad, and pale ufurer (If love's omnipotence fuch hearts can mould) May fafely mellow into love, and grow Refin'd, humane, and gen'rous, if they can. Love in fuch boloms never to a fault Or pains or pleafes. But, ye finer fouls, Form'd to foft luxury, and prompt to thrill With all the tumults, all the joys and pains, That beauty gives, with caution and referve Indulge the fweet deitroyer of repofe, Cares. Nor court too much the Queen of charming For, while the chcrith'd poifon in your breaft Ferments and maddens; fick with jealoufy, Abfence, difiruit, or even with anxious joy, The wholefome appetites and pow'rs of life Diffolve in languor. The coy ftomach loaths The genial board : your cheerful days are gone; The gen'rous bloom that flush'd your cheeks is To fighs devoted, and to tender pains, [fled. Fenfive you fit, or folitary ftrav, And waite your youth in muling. Muling first Toy'd into care your unfulpeding heart: It found a liking there, a fportful fire, And that fomented into ferious love ; Which musing daily ftrengthens and improves Thro' all the heights of fondnefs and romance : And you're undone, the fatal fhaft has fped, If once ye doubt whether you love or no: The body waftes away; th'infected mind, Diffolv'd in female tendernefs, forgets Each manly virtue, and grows dead to fame. Sweet Heav'n from fuch intoxicating charms Defend all worthy breafts ! Not that I deem Love always dangerous, always to be fhunn'd. Love well repaid, and not too weakly funk In wanton and unmanly tendernefs, Adds bloom to health; o'er ev'ry virtue fheds A gav, humane, and amiable grace, And brightens all the ornaments of man. But fruitlefs, hopelefs, difappointed, rack'd With jealoufy, fatigu'd with hope and fear, Too ferious, or too languishingly fond, Unnerves the body, and unmans the foul. And tome have dy'd for love, and fome run mad! And fome with defp'rate hand themfelves have

Some to extinguish, others to prevent, [flain. A mad devotion to one dang'rous Fair, Court all they meet; in hopes to diffipate

The cares of love amongft an hundred brides. Th'event is doubtful : for there are who find A cure in this; there are who find it not. 'Tis no relief, alas 1 it rather galls The wound to those who are fincerely fick. For while from fev'rith and tumultuous joys The nerves grow languid, and the foul fublides, The tender fancy finarts with ev'ry fting, And what was love before is madnefs now. Is health your care, or luxury your aim ? Fe temp'rate ftill. When Nature bids, obey; Her wild impatient fallies bear no curb: But when the prurient habit of delight, Or loofe imagination, fpurs you on To deeds above your ftrength, impute it not To Nature : Nature all compulsion hates. Ah! let nor luxury nor vain renown Urge you to feats you well might fleep without] To make what fhould be rapture a fatigue, A tedious task; nor in the wanton arms Of twining Laïs melt your manhood down; [was1 For from the colliquation of foft joys How chang'd you rife ! the ghoft of what you Languid, and melancholy, and gaunt, and wan; Your veins exhaufted, and your nerves unftrung. Spoil'd of its balm and fprightly zeft, the blood Grows vapid phlegm; along the tender nerves (To each flight impulse tremblingly awake) A fubile Fiend that mimics all the plagues Rapid and reftlefs, fprings from part to part. The blooming honours of your youth are fallen; Your vigour pines; your vital pow'rs decay; Difeafes haunt you; and untimely age Creeps on, unfocial, impotent, and lewd. Infatuate, impious epiçure ! to waste The flores of pleafure, chcerfulnefs, and healtht Infatuate all who make delight their trade, And coy perdition ev'ry hour purfue.

Who pines with love, or in lafeivious flame Confumes, is with his own confent undone: He chufes to be wretched, to be mad; And warn'd, proceeds, and wilful, to his fate. But there's a paffion, whofe tempefuous fway Tears up each virtue planted in the breaft, And fhakes to ruin proud Philofophy. For pale and trembling Anger rufhes in, With fault'ring fpeech, and eyes that wildly flare; Fierce as the tiger, madder than the feas, Defperste, and arm'd with more than human firength.

How foon the colm, humane, and polifh'd man Forgets computition, and flatts up a fiend! Who pines in love, or waftes with filent cares, Envy, or ignominy, or tender grief, Slowly defeends, and ling'ring, to the fhades: But he whom anger flings, drops, if he dies, At once, and rufhes apoplectic down; Or a fierce fever hurries him to hell. For, as the body thro' unnumber'd firings Reverberates each vibration of the foul; As is the paffion, fuch is ftill the pain The body feels; or chronic, or acute. And oft a fudden florm at once o'erpow'rs The life, or gives your realow to the winds.

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stes attend the rafh alarm of fear, idden grief, and rage, and fudden joy. re are, meantime, to whom the boift'rous th, and only fills the fails of life; fit here the mind a torpid winter leads, in a body corpulent and cold, ich clogg'd function lazily moves on, :rous fally fpurns th'incumbent load, :s the breaft, and gives a cordial glow. vour wrathful blood is apt to boil, your nerves too irritably ftrung, all dispute; be cautious if you joke, Lent for ever, and forfwear the bowl e rafh moment fends you to the fhades, tters ev'ry hopeful scheme of life, ives to horror all your days to come. irm'd with thunder, fire, and ev'ry plague uins, tortures, or diffracts mankind, lakes the happy wretched, in an hour helms you not with woes fo horrible ur own wrath, nor gives more fudden blows.

ile choler works, good friend, you may be wrong;

It yourfelf, and fleep before you fight. It too late to-morrow to be brave; our bids, to-morrow kill or die. Im advice againft a raging fit too little; and it braves the pow'r that ever taught in profe or long; ne the fiend that fleeps a gentle lamb, vakes a lion. Unprovok'd and calm, eafon well, fee as you ought to fee, ronder at the madnels of mankind : with the common rage, you foon forget seculation of your wifer hours. with furies of all deadly fhapes, and infidious, violent and flow, all that urge or lure us on to fate,

refuge shall we feek, what arms prepare! : realon proves too weak, or void of wiles, pe with fubtle or impetuous pow'rs, ld invoke new paffions to your aid : indignation would extinguish fear, fear or gen'rous pity vanquish rage, ove with pride; and force to force oppole. ere is a charm, a power that fways the [brcalt; very paffion revel or be ftill; :s with rage, or all your cares diffolves; ooth diffraction, and almost despair. pow'r is Music: Far beyond the stretch ofe unmeaning warblers on our ftage; clumfy heroes, those fat-headed gods, move no passion justly but contempt: like our dancers (light indeed and ftrong!) ond'rous feats, but never heard of grace. ault is ours; we bear those monstrous arts: Heav'n ! we praife them : we, with loudeft peals,

ud the fool that higheft lifts his heels; with infipid fhew of rapture, die ot notes impertinently long. : the Mufes laurel juilty fhares, t he, and touch'd with Heav'n's own fire, Who, with bold rage, or folemn pomp of founds, Inflames, exalts, and ravithes the foul; Now tender, plaintive, fweet almost to pain, In love diffolves you; now in fprightly firains. Breathes a gay rapture thre' your thrilling breaft; Or melts the heart with airs divinely fad; Or wakes to horror the tremendous ft ags. Such was the bard, whose heav'nly firains of old Appeas'd the fiend of melancholy Saul. Such was, if old and heathen fame fay true, The man who bade the Theban domes afcend, And tam'd the favage nations with his fong; And fuch the Thracian, whose harmonious lyre, Tun'd to foft woe, made all the mountains weep;

Sooth'd even the inexorable pow'rs of Hell, And half redeem'd his loft Eurydice. Mufic exalts each joy, allays each grief, Expels difeafes, loftens ev'ry pain, Subdues the rage of poifon, and the plague; And hence the wife of ancient days ador'd One pow'r of phyfic, melody, and fong.

§ 73. Ode on the Spring. GRAT,

LO! where the rofy-bofom'd hours, Fair Venus' train, appear, Difclofe the long-expecting flow'rs, And wake the purple year ! The Attic warbler pours her throat, Refponfive to the cuckow's note, The untaught harmony of fpring; While, whifp'ring pleafure as they fly, Cool Zephyrs thro' the clear blue fky Their gather'd fragrance fling.

Where'er the oak's thick branches ftretch A broader browner fhade; Where'er the rude and moß-grown beech O'ercanopies the glade; Befide fome water's rufhy brink With me the Mufe fhall fit, and think (At eafe reclin'd in rufty flate) How vain the ardour of the crowd, How low, how little are the proud, How indigent the great!

Still is the toiling hand of Care; The panting herds repofe : Yet hark, how thro' the peopl'd air The bufy murmur glows! The infect youth are on the wing, Eager to tafte the honey'd fpring, And float amid the liquid noon : Some lightly o'er the current fkim, Some flow their gaily-gilded trim Quick-glancing to the fun.

To Contemplation's fober eye Such is the race of man; And they that creep, and they that fly, Shall end where they began. Alike the bufy and the gay But flutter throe life's little day, Dd 3 In fortune's varying colours dreft : Brufh'd by the hand of rough mifchance, Or chill'd by age, their airy dance They leave in duft to reft.

Methinks I heav, in accent low, The fportive kind reply, Poor moralift! and what art thou? A foliary fly! Thy joys no glitt'ring female meets, No hive haft thou of hoarded fweets, No painted plumage to diplay: On hafty wings thy youth is flown; Thy fun is fet, thy ipring is gone— We frolic while 'tis May.

§ 74. Ode on the Death of A Favourite Cat, drowned in a Tub of Gold Filhes. GRAY.

TWAS on a lofty vale's fide, Where China's gayeft art had dy'd The azure flow'rs that blow ! Demureti of the tabby kind, The penfive Selima reclin'd, Gaz'd on the lake below. Her confcious tail her joy declar'd; The fair round face, the fnowy beard, The velvet of her paws! Her coat that with the tortoife vies, Her ears of jet, and em'rald eyes, She faw, and purr'd applaufe. Still had the gaz'd; but 'midft the tide Two angel forms were feen to glide, The Ĝenii of the ftream : Their scaly armour's Tyrian huc, Thro' richeft purple to the view Betray'd a golden gleam. The haplefs nymph with wonder faw: A whifker first, and then a claw, With many an ardent wifh, She ftretch'd in vain to reach the prize. What female heart can gold defpife ! What cat's averfe to fifh ? Prefumptuous maid! with looks intent Again the ftretch'd, again the bent, Nor knew the gulph between (Malignant Fate fat by and fmil'd); The flipp'ry verge her feet beguil'd, She tunibl'd headlong in. Eight times emerging from the flood She mew'd to ev'ry wat'ry god, Some fpeedy aid to fend

No dolphin came, no Nereid ftirr'd, Nor cruel Tom, nor Sufan heard : A fav'rite has no friend !

From hence, ye beauties, undeceiv'd, Know, one falfe step is ne'er retriev'd!

And be with caution bold. Not all that tempts your wand'ring eyes And heedlefs hearts, is lawful prize; Nor all that gliitens gold. § 75. Ode on a diftant Profpet of E YE diftant spires, ye antique town, That crown the wat'ry glade, Where grateful Science still adores Her Henry's holy shade ; And ye that from the stately brow Of Windfor's heights th'expanse below Of grove, of lawn, of mead furvey, Whole turf, whole shade, whole flows = Wanders the hoary Thames along His filver-winding way: Ah happy hills ! ah pleafing thade ! Ah fields belov'd in vain ! Where once my careless childhood flavia A ltranger yet to pain ! I feel the gales that from ye blow, A momentary blifs bestow As waving fresh their gladsome wing, My weary foul they feem to footh, And, redolent of joy and youth, To breathe a fecond fpring. Say, father Thames (for thou haft fees Full many a fprightly race, Difporting on thy margent green, The paths of pleasure trace) Who foremost now delight to cleave, With plant arms, thy glaify wave? The captive linnet which enthral? What idle progeny fucceed To chace the rolling circle's speed, Or urge the flying ball?

While fome, on earneft bus'nefs bent, Their murm'ring labours ply, 'Gainft graver hours that bring confirm To fweeten liberty; Some bold adventurers difdain The limits of their little reign, And unknown regions dare defery. Still as they run they look behind, They hear a voice in ev'ry wind, And fnatch a fearful joy.

Gay hope is theirs, by fancy fed, Lefs pleafing when poffeft; The tear forgot as foon as fhed, The funfhine of the breaft: Theirs buxom health, of rofy hue, Wild wit, invention ever new, And lively cheer, of vigour born; The thoughtlefs day, the eafy night, The fpirits pure, the flumbers light, That fly th'approach of morn.

Alas! regardlefs of their doom, The little victims play! No fenfe have they of ills to come, Nor care beyond to-day: Yet fee, how all around can wait The minifters of human fate, And black Misfortune's baleful train! Ah, thew then where in ambuth fland, To feize their prey, the murd'rous band! Ah, tell them they are usen! hall the fury paffions tear, ltures of the mind, ful Anger, pallid Fear, ame that fkulks behind; ag Love fhall wafte their youth, ouly with rankling tooth, ily gnaws the fecret heart; nvy wan, and faded Care, ifag'd comfortlefs Defpair, "row's piercing dart.

on this fhall tempt to rife, thirl the wretch from high, er feorn a facrifice, inning infamy. 1gs of falfehood thofe fhall try, rd unkindnefs' alter'd eye, ocks the tear it forc'd to flow; en remorfe with blood defil'd, oody madnefs, laughing wild :vereft woe.

in the vale of years, beneath troop, are feen nful family of Death, ideous than their queen: cks the joints, this fires the veins; 'ry lab'ring finew frains, a the deeper vitals rage: verty, to fill the band, imbs the foul with icy hand, w-confuming age.

i his fuff rings; all are men,
in'd alike to groan;
der for another's pain,
eling for his own.
why fhould they know their fate!
rrow never comes too late,
ppinefs too fwittly flies.
it would deftroy their paradife.
e--where ignorance is blifs,
ly to be wile.

76. Ode to Adverfuty. GRAY.

UGHTER of Jove, relentles pow'r, Fhou tamer of the human breaft, le iron fcourge and tort ring hour bad affright, affildt the beft! d in thy adamantine, chain, proud are taught to tafte of pain, purple tyrants vainly groan angs unfelt before, unpity'd and alone.

a first thy Sire to fend on earth e, his darling child, defign'd, iee he gave the heav'nly birth, bade to form her infant mind. rugged nurfe 1 thy rigid lore

patience many a year fhe bore; : forrow was, thou bad'ft her know: m her own flip learn'd to melt at others woe.

Scar'd at thy frown terrific, fly Self-pleafing Folly's idle brood, Wild laughter, noife, and though lefs jo And leave us leifure to be good. Light they difperie; and with them go The fummer-friend, the flatt'ring foe; [liev'd By vain profperity receiv'd, To her they vow their truth, and are again be-Wifdom in fable garb array'd, Immers'd in rapt'rous thought profound, And Melancholy, filent maid, With leaden eye, that loves the ground, Still on thy folemn fteps attend : Warm Charity, the gen'ral friend, With Justice, to herfelf severe, And Pity, dropping foft the fadly-pleafing tear. Oh, gently on thy fuppliant's head, Dread Godders, lay thy chaft'ning hand ! Not in thy Gorgon terrors clad, Nor circled with the vengeful band (As by the impious thou art feen) With thund'ring voice, and threat ning mien, With forcaming Horror's fun'ral cry Defpair, and fell Difcafc, and ghaftly Poverty. Thy form benign, oh Goddefs, wear; Thy milder influence impart, Thy philosophic train be there To foften, not to wound my heart. The gen'rous spark extinct revive,

Teach me to love and to forgive, Exact my own defects to ican, [man. What others are to feel; and know myfelf a

§ 77. The Progress of Poefy. A Pindaric Ode. GRAY.

I. 1.

A WAKE, Æolian lyre, awake, And give to rapture all thy trembling ftrings. Frem Helicon's harmonious fprings A thoutand rills their mazy progrefs take : The laughing flow'rs that round them blow, Drink life and fragrance as they flow. Now the rich ftream of mufic winds along, Deep, majeftic, finooth, and ftrong, Thro' verdant vales, and Ceres' golden reign : Now rolling down the fteep amain, Headlong, impetuous, fee it pour : [roar. The rocks and nodding groves re-bellow to the

I. 2.

Oh! Sovereign of the willing foul, Parent of fiveet and folemn-breathing airs, Enchanting fhell! the fullen cares And frantic pations hear thy fort control L On Thracia's hills the Lord of War Has curb'd the fury of his car, And dropp'd his thirfly lance at thy command. Perching on the fcepter'd hand Of Jove, thy magic lulls the feather'd king With ruffled plunce and flagging wing: D d 3 Que ach'd

I. 3.

Thee the voice, the dance obey. Temper'd to thy warbled lay. O'er Idalia's velvet-green The rofy-crowned loves are feen On Cytherea's day With antic (ports, and blue-cy'd pleafures, Frifking light in frolic measures; Now purfuing, now retreating, Now in circling troops they meet : To brifk notes in cadence beating, Glance their many-twinkling feet. [declare : Slow melting ftrains their Queen's approach Where'er the turns, the Graces homage pay. With arms fublime, that float upon the air, In gliding flate fhe wins her eafy way : O'er her warm check and rifing bofom, move The bloom of young detire, and purple light of lovc.

И. т.

Man's feeble race what ills await ! Labour, and peaury, the racks of pain, Difeafe, and forrow's weeping train, And death, fad refuge from the ftorms of Fate ! The fond complaint my fong difprove, And juffify the laws of Jove. Say, has he giv'n in vain the heav'nly Mufe? Night, and all her fickly dews Her fpectres wan, and birds of boding cry, He gives to range the dicary fky : Till down the eaftern cliffs afar Hyperion's march they fpy, and glitt'ring thafts of war.

II. 2.

In climes beyond the folar road, Where thag y forms o'er ice-built mountains The Mule has broke the twilight gloom, [roam, To cheer the fhiv'ring native's dull abode, And oft, beneath the od'rous thade Of Chili's boundlets forefts laid, She deigns to hear the favage youth repeat In loofe numbers wildly fweet Their feather-cincturid chiefs and dufky loves. Her track, where'er the Goddefs roves, Glory purfue, and gen'rous fhame, [flame. Th'unconquerable mind, and freedom's holy

II. 3.

Woods, that wave o'er Delphi's fleep; Ifles, that crown th'Egean deep; Fields, that cool Hiffas laves; Or where Maander's amber waves In ling'ring lab'rinths creep, How do your tuneful echoes languith ! Mute, but to the voice of anguith 1 Where each old poetic mountain Infpiration breath'd around; Ev'ry fhade and hollow'd fountain Murmur'd deep a folemn found :

Till the fad Nine, in Greece's evil hour, Left their Parnaffus for the Latian plains ; . Alike they forn the pomp of tyrant pow'r, And coward vice, that revels in her chains. When Latium had her lofty fpirit loft, They fought, oh Albion ! next thy fea-encircled coaft.

Ш. т.

Far from the fue and fummer-gale, In thy green lap was Nature's darling laid, What time, where lucid Avon ftray'd, To him the mighty mother did unveil Her awful face : the dauntlefs child Stretch'd forth its little arms, and fmil'd. This pencil take (the faid) whole colours clear Richly paint the vernal year: Thiae too thefe golden keys, immortal boy! This can unlock the gates of joy; Of horror that, and thrilling fears, Or ope the facred fource of fympathetic tears.

III. 2.

Nor fecond he, that rode fublime Upon the feraph-wings of extafy, The fecrets of th'abyls to fpy. He pais'd the flaming bounds of place and time, The living throne, the fapphire blaze, Where angels tremble while they gaze, He faw; but, blafted with excels of light, Clos'd his eyes in endlefs night. Behold, where Dryden's lefs prefumptuous car Wide o'er the fields of gl- rv bear Two courfers of ethcical race, With necks in thunder cloth'd, and long refounding pace.

III. 3.

Hark, his hands the lyre explore! Bright-ev'd Fancy, hov'ring o'er, Scatters from her pictur'd urn Thoughts that breathe, and words that burn, But an ! 'tis heard no more -Oh, lyre divine, what daring fpirit Wakes thee now ? Tho' he inherit Nor the pride nor ample pinion That the Theban engle bear, Sailing with fupreme dominion Thro' the azure deep of air; Yet oft before his infant eyes would run Such forms as glitter in the Mufe's ray, With orient hues unborrow'd of the fun : Yet thall he mount, and keep his diftant way [Great! Beyond the limits of a vulgar fate ; Beneath the Good how far !---but far above the

§ 78. The Bard. A Pindaric Ode. GRAY,

I. 1.

R UIN feize thee, ruthlefs king, Confusion on thy banners wait;

- ' Tho' fann'd by conqueft's crimfon wing,

' They mock the air with idle ftate !

· Helm,

- 🖝 Helm, nor Hauberk's twifted mail,
- Nor even thy virtues, Tyrant, thall avail
- To fave thy focret foul from nightly fears,
- From Cambria's curie, from Cambria's tears!'
- Such were the founds that o'er the crefted pride
- Of the First Edward featter'd wild difmay, As down the fleep of Snowden's thaggy fide
- He wound with toilfome march his long array.
- Stout Glo'fter flood aghaft in fpeechlefs trance !
- To arms ! crv'd Mortimer, and couch'd his quiv'ring lance.

I. 2.

On a rock, whole haughty brow Frowns o'er old Conway's foaming flood, Rob'd in the fable garb of woe, With haggard eyes the poet flood; (Loofe his beard, and hoary hair Stream'd, like a metcor, to the troubled air)

- And, with a mafter's hand and proplect's fire, Struck the deep forrows of his lyre.
- Hark, how each giant-oak and defart cave
- Sigh to the torrent's awful voice beneath !
- O'er thee, oh King! their hundred arms they wave,
- Revenge on thee in hoarfer murmurs breathe;
- · Vocal no more, fince Cambria's fatal day,
- To high-born Hoel's harp, or foft Lewellyn's lay.

J. 3.

- Cold is Cadwallo's tongue.
- That hufh'd the flormy main :
- Brave Urien fleeps upon his craggy bed :
- Mountains, ye mourn in vain
- Modred, whole magic fong
- " Made huge Plinlimmon low his cloud-topp'd
- On dreary Arvon's flore they lie [head.
- * Smear'd with gore, and ghaffly pale:
- 6 Far, far aloof th'affrighted ravens fail:
- The famish'd eagle tcreams, and passes by.
- * Dear loft companions of my tuneful art,
- . Dear, as the light that vifits there fad eves,
- * Dear, as the ruddy drops that warm my heart,
- Ye dy'd amidft your dving country's cries-• No more I weep. They do not fleep.
- " On vonder cliffs, a grifty band,
- I fee them fit, they linger yet,
- Avengers of their native land:
- . With me in dreadful harmony they join,
- And weave with bloody hands the 'tiffue of " thy line."

П. т.

"Weave the warp, and weave the woof,

- " The winding-fheet of Edward's race.
- " Give ample 100m, and verge enough
- " The characters of hell to trace.
- " Mark the year, and mark the night,
- " When Severn thall re-coho with affright
- " The fhricks of death, through Berkley's roofs " that ring,
- " The fluicks of an agonizing king !

" She-welf of France, with unreleating fangs,

40

- " That real if the (owers of thy mangied mate,
- " From thee be born, who o'er thy country hang
- " The foourge of Heavin. What terrors round " han wait!
- " Amazement in his van with Pisht combin'd,
- " And Sorrow's faded form, and Solitude behind

II. 2.

- " Mighty Victor, mighty Lord!
- " Low on his fun'ral couch he hes;
- " No pitting heart, no eye, afford
- " A teat to grace his oblequies.
- " Is the fable warrior fled?
- " Thy fon is gone : He refts among the dead.
- " The fwarm that in thy noon-tide beam were
- " Gone to falute the rifing morn. [born
- " Fair laughs the morn, and foft the zephy: " blows,
- "While proudly riding o'er the azure realm
- " In gallant trim the gilded velici goes;
- " Youth on the prow, and pleasure at the helm
- " Remailers of the fweeping whirlwind's fway
- " That, huth'd in grim repole, expects his even " ing prey.

II. 3.

- " Fill high the frankling bowl,
- " The rich icpaft prepare, " Reft of a crown, he yet may fhare the feaft;
- " Cloie by the regal chair " Fell thirft and famine fcowl
- " A balefal finile upon their baffled gueft.
- " Heard ve the din of butle bray,
- " Lance to lance, and horfe to limfe?
- " Long years of havoc urge their deftin'd courfe
- " And through the kindred fquadrons mow their " way.
- "Ye tow'rs of Julius, London's lafting fhame,
- "With many a foul and millinght morder red,
- " Revere his confort's faith, his father's fame,
- " And fpare the meek uturper's hely head.
- " Above, below, the role of fno",
- " Twin'd with her blufhing foe, we fpread !
- " The briffled boar in infinit gore
- " Wallows beneath the thorny thade.
- " Now, Brothers, bending o'er th'accurfed loom
- " Stamp we our vengeance deep, and ratify hi " doom.

III. I.

- " Edward, lo ! to judden fate
- " (Weave we the work. The thread is fpun.)
- " Half of thy heart we confectate.

height

Dd4

- " (The web is wore. The work is done.)" (Stay, oh flay! nor the s federa, Leave me unblefs'd, uapity'd, here to moum
- * In you bright track, that fires the weftern fkies "But on ' what folemn feenes on Snowden'

" Defcending flow their glitt'ring fkirts unroll I

N

. They melt, they vanish from my eyes."

Vitions of glouv! fpare my aching light,

* Ye unborn ages crowd out on my foul !

' No more our long-loft Arthur we bewail.

• All hail, ye genuine kings, Britannia's iffue, • hail!

IIL 2.

Girt with many a baron bold,

- Sublime their starry fronts they rear;
- " And gorgeous dames, and stateimen old
- " In bearded majefty, appear.
- In the midft, a form divine!
- " Her eye proclaims her of the Briton-line;
- . Her lion-port, her awe-commanding face,
- Attemper'd fweet to virgin grace!
- " What ftrings fymphonious tremble in the air!
- What ftrains of vocal transport round her play !
- " Hear from the grave, great Talicifin, hear;
- They breathe a foul to anima'e thy clay.
- . Bright Rapture calls, and, foaring as the fings,
- Waves in the eye of Heav'n her many-colour'd • wings.

III. 3.

• The verse adorn again

- Fierce War, and faithful Love,
- · And Truth fevere, by fairy Fiction dreft.
- · In bulkin'd measures move
- · Pale Grief, and pleating Pain,
- . With Horror, tyrant of the throbbing breaft.
- A voice, as of the cherub-choir,
- "Gales from blooming Eden bear;
- And diffant warblings leffen on my car,
- . That loft in long futurity expire.
- Fond, impious man, think'ft thou yon fanguine • cloud, [day ?
- Rais'd by thy breath, has quench'd the orb of
- To-morrow he repairs the golden flood,
- * And warms the nations with redoubled ray.
- Enough for me : with joy I fee
- . The diffrent doom our fates allign.
- Be thine Defpair and fcepter'd Care;
- "To triumph and to die are mine."
- He fpoke, and headlong, from the mountain's

height, [night. Deep in the roaring tide he plung'd to endlefs

§ 79. The Futal Sifters. An Ode. GRAY.

NOW the florm begins to lowr (Hafte, the loom of hell prepare) Iron fleet of arrowy flow'r Hurtles in the darken'd air.

Glitt'ring lances are the loom, Where the dufky warp we firain, Weaving many a foldier's doom, Orkney's woe, and Randver's bane.

See the grifly texture grow ! ('Tis of human entrails made) And the weights that play below, Each a gafping warrior's head.

Shafts for fhuttles dipt in gore, Shoot the trembling chords along: Sword that once a monarch bore, Keep the tiffue clofe and firong. Mista, black terrific maid, Sangrida and Hılda, see! Join the wayward work to aid: 'Tis the woof of victory.

Ere the ruldy fun be fet, Pike muft thiver, jav'lins fing, Blade with clatt'ring buckler meet, Hauberk crafh, and helmet ring.

(Weave the crimfon weh of war) Let us go, and let us fly, Where our friends the conflict fhare, Where they triumph, where they die.

As the paths of fate we tread, Wading thro' th'enfanguin'd field, Gondula and Geira fpread O'er the youthful king your fhield.

We the reins to flaughter give, Ours to kill, and ours to fpare : Spite of danger he fhall live.

(Weave the crimion web of war.) They, whom once the defart beach Pent within its bleak domain.

Soon their ample fway shall stretch O'er the plenty of the plain.

Low the dauntlefs carl is laid, Gor'd with many a gaping wound: Fate demands a nobler head; Soon a king fhall bite the ground.

Long his lofs fhall Eirin weep, Ne'er again his likenets fee; Long her ftrains in forrow fteep, Strains of immortality!

Horror covers all the heath, Clouds of carnage blot the fun. Sifters, weave the web of death. Sifters, ceafe: The work is done.

Hail the tafk, and hail the hands I Songs of joy and triumph fing; Joy to the victorious bands; Triumph to the younger king.

Mortal, thou that hear'ft the tale, Learn the tenour of our fong : Scotland, thro' cach winding vale, Far and wide the notes prolong.

Sifters, hence with fpurs of fpeed ! Each her thund'ring faulchion wield ; Each beftride her fable fteed. Hurry, hurry, to the field !

§ 80, The Defcent of Odin. An Ode. GLAT.

UPROSE the king of men with fpeed, And faddled ftrait his coal-black fteed: Down the yawning fteep he rode, That leads to Hela's drear abode. Him the dog of darknefs fpv'd: His fhaggy throat he open'd wide. While from his jaws, with carnage fill'd, Foam and human gore diffiil'd.

Houris

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he bays with hideous din, hat glow and fangs that grin ; ong purfues, with fruitlefs yell, ther of the pow'rful fpell. d ftill his way he takes groaning earch beneath him shakes) ill before his fearleis eyes ortals nine of hell arife. int against the eastern gate, : mois-grown pile he fat, : long of yore to fleep was laid uft of the Prophetic Maid. ; to the northern clime, : he trac'd the Runic rhyme; pronounc'd, in accents dread, willing verfe that wakes the dead; om out the hollow ground / breath'd a fullen found.

PROPHETESS.

at call unknown, what charms prefume eak the quiet of the tomb? thus afflicts my troubled sprite, lrags me from the realms of night ? on these mould'ring bones have beat vinter's fnow, the fummer's heat, renching dews, and driving rain ! e, let me sleep again. is he, with voice unbleft, calls me from the bed of reft?

ODIN.

raveller, to thee unknown, that calls; a warrior's fon. the deeds of light shall know; ne what is done below : hom yon glitt ring board is fpread, for whom yon golden bed ?

PROPHETESS.

intling in the goblet, fee sure bev'rage of the bee ; t hangs the fhield of gold : he drink of Balder bold. r's head to death is given. :an reach the Sons of Heav'n ! lling I my lips unclofe: me, leave me to repofe.

Odin.

ce again my call obey : tetels, arife, and fav : dangers Odin's child await, the author of his fate?

PROPHETESS.

Hoder's hand the hero's doom; rother fends him to the tomb. my weary lips I close : : me, leave me to repofe.

ODIN.

ophetefs, my fpell obey; again arile, and fay, th'avenger of his guilt, hom thall Hoder's blood be fpilt ?

PROPHETESS.

In the caverns of the Weft, By Odin's fierce embrace compreft, A wond'rous boy fhall Rinda bear, Who ne'er shall comb his raven hair, Nor wash his visage in the stream, Nor fee the fun's departing beam, Till he on Hoder's corfe shall smile Flaming on the funeral pile. Now my weary lips I clote : Leave me, leave me to repofe.

Odin.

Yet a while my call obey; Prophetels, awake, and fay, What Virgins thefe, in fpeechlefs woe, That hend to earth their folemn brow, That their flaxen treifes tear, And fnowy veils, that float in air? Tell me whence their forrows rofe ? Then I leave thee to repofe.

PROPHETESS.

Ha! no Traveller art thou, King of Men, I know thee now ! Mightieft of a mighty line-

ODIN.

No boding Maid of skill divine Art thou, nor Prophetels of good, But mother of the giant-brood !

PROPHETESS.

Hie thee hence, and boaft at home That never shall enquirer come To break my iron-fleep again, Till Lok has burft his tenfold chain : Never, till fubstantial Night Has re-affum'd her ancient right; Till wrapt in flames, in ruin hurl'd, Sinks the fabric of the world.

§ 81. The Triumphs of Owen. A Fragment. GRAY.

OWEN's praife demands my fong, Owen fwift, and Owen ftrong; Fairest flow'r of Roderic's ttem, Gwyneth's shield, and Britain's gcm. He nor heaps his brooded ftores, Nor on all profutely pours : Lord of ev'ry regal art, Lib's al hand and open heart.

Big with hofts of mighty name, Squadrons three against him came ; This the force of Eirm hiding; Side by fide as proudly riling, On her fhadow long and gay Lochlin plows the wat'ry way; There the Norman fails a.ar Catch the winds, and join the war : Black and huge along they fweep, Burthens of the angry deep.

Dauntiefs on his native fands The dragon-fon of Mona frands;

In glitt'ring arms and glory dreft, High he rears his ruby creit. There the thundring ftrokes begin, There the prefs, and there the din ; Talymalfra's rocky fhore Echoing to the battle's roar. Where his glowing eye-balls turn, Thoufand banners round him burn : Where he points his purple fpear, Hafty, hafty Rout is there; Marking with indignant eye Fear to ftop, and thame to fly. There Confusion, Terror's child; Conflict fierce, and Ruin wild ; Agony, that pants for breath; Defpair, and Honourable Death.

§ 82, Ode on the Inflallation of the Duke of Grafton. Irregular. GRAY.

"HENCE, avaunt ('tis holy ground) Comus, and his midnight crew, " And Ignorance with looks profound, " And dreaming Sloth of pallid hue, " Mad Sedition's cry profane, " Servitude that hugs her chain, " Nor in these confectated bow'rs [flow'rs. " Let pained Flatt'ry hide her ferpent - train in | " Nor Easy bale, nor creeping Gain, " Dare the Mufe's walk to ftain, * While bright-cy'd Science watches round : " Hence, away, 'tis holy ground !" From vonder realms of empyrean day Burfts on my car th'indignant lay : There fit the fainted Sage, the Bard divine, The few whom Genius gave to fhine Thro' ev'ry unborn age, and undifcover'd clime. Rapt in celeftial transport they, Yet hither oft a glance from high They fend of tender fympathy To blefs the place, where on their op'ning foul First the genuine ardor stole. *Twas Milton ftruck the deep-ton'd fhell, And, as the choral warblings round him fwell, Meek Newton's felf bends from his flate fublime, And nods his hoary head, and liftens to the " Ye brown o'er-arching groves, frhyme. " That contemplation loves, " Where willowy Camus lingers with delight ! " Oft at the blufh of dawn " I trod your level lawn, " Oft woo'd the gleam of Cynthia filver-bright " In cloifters dim, far from the haunts of Folly, "With Freedom by my fide, and foft - ey'd " Melancholy." But hark ! the portals found, and pacing forth With folemn fleps and flow, High Potentates, and Dames of royal birth, And mitred Fathers in long order go : Great Edward, with the lilies on his brow

From haughty Gallia torn, And fad Chatillon, on her bridal morn

That wept her bleeding love, and princely Clare, And Anjou's heroine, and the paler Role, The rival of her crown and of her woes, And either Henry there, The murder'd Saint, and the majeftic Lord That broke the bonds of Rome. (Their tears, their little triumphs o'er, Their human passions now no more, Save Charity, that glows beyond the tomb) All that on Granta's fruitful plain Rich ftreams of regal bounty pour'd, And bade thefe awful fanes and turrets rife, To hail their Fitzroy's feftal morning come; And thus they fpeak in foft accord The liquid language of the fkics : " What is grandeur ? what is pow'r ? " Heavier toil, superior pain. "What the bright reward we gain ? " The grateful mem'ry of the Good. " Sweet is the breath of vernal fhow'r, " The bee's collected treasures fweet, " Sweet mulic's melting fall, but fweeter yet " The still finall voice of Gratitude." Foremost, and leaning from her golden cloud, The venerable Marg'ret fee ! "Welcome, my noble Son (fhe cries aloud) " To this, thy kindred train, and me : " Pleas'd in thy lineaments we trace " A Tudor's fire, a Beaufort's grace. " Thy lib'ral heart, thy judging cye, " The flow'r unheeded fhall defery " And bid it round heav'n's altars fhed " The fragrance of its blufhing head : " Shall raife from earth the latent gem " To glitter on the diadem. " Lo, Granta waits to lead her blooming band, " Not obvious, not obstrutive, fhe " No vulgar praise, no venal incense flings; " Nor dares, with courtly tongue refin'd, " Profane thy inborn royalty of mind : " She reveres herfelf and thee. "With modeft pride to grace thy youthful brow "The laureate wreath, that Cecil wore, for " And to thy just, thy gentle hand I brings, " Submits the faices of her fway, "While fpirits bleft above, and men below [lay. "Join with glad voice the loud fymphonist " Thro' the wild waves as they roar "With watchful eve and dauntlefs mien " Thy fleady courie of honour keep, " Nor fear the rocks, nor feek the fhore : " The Star of Brunfwick finiles ferenc, " And gilds the horrors of the deep." § 83. A Prayer for Indifference. GREVILLE, OFT I've implor'd the gods in vain, And prav'd till I ve been weary : For once I'll try my with to gain, Of Oberon the Fairy.

Sweet airy being, wanton fprite, That lurk'it in woods unfeen, And oft by Cynthia's filver light

Tripp'st gaily o'er the green;

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ny pitying heart was mov'd, cient ftorics tell, th'Athenian maid who lov'd, : fought'ft a wond'rous fpell; ign once more t'exert thy pow'r; v fome herb or tree, ,n as juice of weftern flow'r, eals a balm for me. kind return of love, :mpting charm to pleafe; n the heart those gifts remove fighs for peace and cafe : ice nor cafe the heart can know, ch, like the needle true, at the touch of joy or woe, turning, trembles too. distress the foul can wound, pain in each degree : ifs but to a certain bound ; and is agony. hen this treach'rous fenfe of mine, ich dooms me ftill to fmart; . pleafure can to pain refine; pains new pangs impait. afte to fhed the facred balm ! fhatter'd nerves new ftring; or my gueft, ferenely calm, nymph Indiff 'rence bring. approach, fee Hope, fee Fear, Expediation fly; Difappointment in the rear, it blafts the promis'd joy. ar which pity taught to flow, : eve thall then difown ; east that melts for others woe, Il then fearce feel its own. rounds which now each moment bleed, h moment then thall clofe ; ranguil days fhall full fucceed nights of calm repofe. y elf ! but grant me this, is one kind confort fend; o may never-fading blifs v flow'ry paths attend ! iv the glow-worm's glimm'ring light v tiny footfteps leaf me new region of delight, known to mortal tread. be thy acorn-goblet fill'd th heav'n's ambrofial dew fweeteft, fretheft flow'rs diftill'd, at fned fresh is eets for you. what of life remains for me pils in lober cale; deas'd, contented will I be, ntent but hair to pleafe. The Fairy's Anfwer to Mrs. Greville's Prover for Instifference. By the Countris of C-

ITHOUT preamble to my friend, These hasty lines I'm bid to fend,

Or give, if I am able : I dare not hefitate to fay, Tho' I have trembled all the day-It looks fo like a fable. Laft night's adventure is my theme; And fhould it ftrike you as a dream, Yet foon its high import Muft make your own the matter fuch, So delicate, it were too much To be compos'd in fport. The moon did fhine ferenely bright, And ev'ry flar did deck the night, While Zephyr fann'd the trees ; No more affail'd my mind's repofe, Save that yon fream, which murm'ring flows. Did echo to the biecze. Enwrapt in folemn thoughts, I fate, Revolving o'er the turns of fate, Yet void of hope or fear; When lo! behold an acty throng, With lighteft fteps, and jocund fong, Surpriz'd my eve and car. A form, fuperior to the reft, His little voice to me addreft, And gently thus began : " I've hear I firange things from one of you; " Pray tell me if you think 't's true; " Explain it if you can. " Such incenfe has perfum'd my throne ! " Such eloquence my heart has won ! " I think I guess the hand : " I know her wir and beauty too ; " But why the fends a pray'r to new, " I cannot understand. " To light fome flames, and fome revive, " To keep fome others just alive, " Full oft I am implor'd; " But, with peculiar pow'r to pleafe, " To supplicate for nought but eafe-"'Tis odd, upon my word ! " Tell her, with fruitlefs care I've fought, " And tho' my realms, with wonders fraught " In remedies abound, " No grain of cold Indifference " Was ever yet ally'd to fenfe " In all my fairy round. " The regions of the fky I'd trace, " I'd ranfack ev'r carthly place, " i ach le if, each herb, each flow'r, " To mitigate the pangs of fear, " Difpet the clouds of black defpair, " Or full the reliters hour. " I would be realrour as I'm juft, • Bar Lobey, as others muft, " Thofe have which fate has made. " My tiny kingdom how defend, " And shat might be the horrid end, " Should man niv fate invade ? "'Twould put your mind into a rage;

And fuch unequal was to wage

Suits not my regal duty !

" I dare not change a first decree,

" She's doom'd to pleafe, nor can be free ; " Such is the lot of beauty!"

This faid, he darted o'er the plain,

And after follow'd all his train ;

No glimpfe of him I find :

But fure I am, the little fpright

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These words, before he took his flight, Imprinted on my mind.

§ 85. The Beggar's Petition. ANON.

PITY the forrows of a poor old man,

Whofe trembling limbs have borne him to your door,

Whole days are dwindled to the fhortest fpan : Oh ! give relief, and Heav'n will blefs your ftore.

These tatter'd clothes my poverty bespeak; Theie hoary locks proclaim my lengthen'd years; And many a furrow in my grief-worn check Has been the channel to a flood of tears.

Yon house, crected on the rising ground, With tempting alpect drew me from my road; For Plenty there a refidence has found, And Grandeur a magnificent abode.

Hard is the fate of the infirm and poor ! Here, as I crav'd a morfel of their bread, A pamper'd menial drove me from the door To feck a shelter in an humbler shed.

Oh ! take me to your hospitable dome : Keen blows the wind, and piercing is the cold ! Short is my passage to the friendly tomb, For I am poor, and miterably old.

Should I reveal the fources of my grief,

- If foft humanity c'er touch'd your breaft, Your hands would not withhold the kind relief, And tears of pity would not be repreft.

Heav'n fends misfortunes ; why fhould we repine ?

*Tis Heav'n has brought me to the flate you fee; And your condition may be foon like mine, The Child of Sorrow and of Mifery.

A little farm was my paternal lot, Then, like the lack, I fprightly hail'd the morn; But ah ! oppreffion forc'd me from my cot ; My cattle dy'd, and blighted was my corn.

My daughter, once the comfort of my age, Lurd by a villain from her native home, Is caft abandon'd on the world's wide frage, And doom'd in fcanty poverty to roam.

My tender wife, fweet foother of my care ! Struck with fad anguish at the nern decree, Fell. ling'ring fell, a victim to defpair, - And left the world to wretchedness and me.

Pity the forrows of a poor old man, fdoor.: Whofe trembling limbs have borne him to your Whofe days are dwindled to the shortest span. Oh ! give relicf, and Heav'n will buts your flore.

§ 86. Pollio. An Elegiac Ode; write Wood near R- Cafile, 1762. Mic Hac Jovem fentire, Deofque Cuntis Spens bonam certamque domum reports.

HE peaceful evining breathes her ftore,

The playful fchool - boys wanton c Where foreading poplars shade the court The villagers in ruftic joy convene.

Amid the fecret windings of the wood, With folemn Meditation let me firay;

This is the hour when to the wife and g The heav'nly maid repays the toils of

The river murmurs, and the breathing g Whifpers the gently-waving boughs a

The ftar of ev'ning glimmers o'er the da And leads the filent hoft of Heav'n ak

How bright, emerging o'er you bree height,

The filver empress of the night appear Yon limpid pool reflects a ftream of ligh And faintly in its breaft the woodland

The waters tumbling o'er their rocky be Solemn and constant, from you dell rel

The lonely hearths blaze o'er the diffant The bat, low-wheeling, fkims the dufky

August and hoary, o'er the sloping dale The Gothic abbey rears its fculpturd t

Dull through the roofs refounds the wi Dark folitude among the pillars lown.

Where yon old trees bend o'er a place of And folemn fhade a chapel's fad remain

Where yon fcath'd poplar through the w waves,

And, twining round, the hoary arch fu There oft, at dawn, as one forgot behind,

Who longs to follow, yet unknowing Some hoary thepherd, o'er his staff reclin't Pores on the graves, and fighs a broken j

High o'er the pines, that with their dark'ning

Surround von craggy bank, the cattle re Its crumbling turrets : ftill its tow'ry her A warlike mien, a fullen grandeur we

So, midft the fnow of age, a boaftful air Still on the war-worn vet'ran's brow at

Still his big bones his youthful prime deck Tho' trembling o'er the feeble crutch beb

- Wild round the gates the dufky wall creep, [har
- Where oft the knights the beautcous (Gone is the bow'r, the grot a ruin'd heap
- Where bays and ivy o'er the fragments § 'Twas here our fires, exulting from the bg

Great in their bloody arms, march'do'erd Eving their refcu'd fields with proud delig

Now loft to them ! - and ah ! how d to me !

This bank, the river, and the fanning bree The dear idea of my Pollio bring ;

So fhone the moon through these foit a When here we wander'd in the eves of f

Boe

When April's finiles the flow'ry lawn adorn, And modeft cowflips deck the ftreamlet's fide;

When fragrant orchards to the roleat morn Unfold their bloom, in heav'n's own colours dy'd,

So fair a bloffom gentle Pollio wore;

These were the emblems of his healthful mind; To him the letter'd page display'd its lore;

To him bright Fancy all her wealth refign'd;

Him, with her pureft flames the Mufe endow'd, Flames never to th'illib'ral thought ally'd; The formed fifteen led when Viene slow'd

The facred fifters led where Virtue glow'd In all her channs : he faw, he felt, and dy'd.

Oh, partner of my infant griefs and joys ! Big with the fcenes now paft, my heart o'er-

Bids each endearment, fair as once, to rife, [flows; And dwells luxurious on her melting woes.

Oft with the rifing fun, when life was new, Along the Woodland have I roam'd with thee;

Oft by the moon have bruth'd the evining dew; When all was fearlefs innocence and glee.

The fainted well, where yon bleak hill declines, Has oft been confcious of those happy hours;

But now the hill, the river crown'd with pines, And fainted well, have lolt their cheering powers;

For thou art gone. My guide, my friend ! oh, where, [hind !

Where haft thou field, and left me here be-My tend'reft with, my heart to thee was bare, Oh, now cut off each paffage to thy mind !

How dreary is the gulph ! how dark, how void, The tracklefs fhores that never were repafs'd!

Dread feparation ! on the depth untry'd, Hope faulters, and the foul recoils aghaft !

Wide round the fpacious heav'ns I caft my eves: And fhall thefe ftars glow with immortal fire!

Still thine the lifelefs glories of the fkies ! • And could thy bright thy living foul expire !

Far be the thought! The pleafures most fublime, _____The glow of friendship, and the virtuous tear,

The tow'ring with that fcorns the bounds of time,

Chill'd in this vale of death, but languish here.

. So plant the vine on Norway's wint'ry land, The languid ftranger feebly buds, and dies :

Yet there's a clime where Virtue shall expand With godlike strength beneath her native skies!

The lonely shepherd on the mountain's fide, With patience waits the rosy op'ning day :

The mariner at midnight's dark fome tide, With cheerful hope expects the morning ray :

Thus I, on life's ftorm-beaten ocean tofs'd, In mental vision view the happy shore

Where Pollio beckons to the peaceful coaft, Where Fate and Death divide the friends no more !

Oh, that fome kind, fome pitying kindred shade, Who now, perhaps, frequents this folemn

Would tell the awful fecrets of the dead, [grove, And from my eyes the mortal film remove ! Vain is the wifh-yet furely not in vain

Man's bofom glows with that celeftial fire Which fcorns earth's luxuries, which finiles at pain,

And wings his fpirit with fublime defire !

To fan this fpark of Heav'n, this ray divine, Still, O my foul! ftill be thy dear employ;

- Still thus to wander thro' the fhades be thine, And fwell thy breaft with visionary joy !
- So to the dark-brow'd wood, or facred mount, In ancient days, the holy feers retir'd,
- And, led in vision, drank at Siloe's fount, While riling extaites their bofoms fir'd :
- Reftor'd creation bright before them rofe; The burning defarts fmil'd as Eden's plains;
- One friendly thade the wolf and lambkin chofe; The flow'ry mountain fung, ' Metliah reigns!

Tho' fainter raptures my cold breaft infpire, Yet let me oft frequent this folemn fcene;

Oft to the abbey's fhatter'd walls retire, [tween: What time the moonfhine dimly gleams be-

There, where the crofs in hoary ruin nods, And weeping yews o'erfhade the letter'd itones,

While midnight filence wraps thefe drear abodes, And foothes me wand'ring o'er my kindred bones,

Let kindled Fancy view the glorious morn When from the burfting graves the just fhall

All Nature fmiling, and by angels borne, [rife, Mefliah's crofs far blazing o'er the fkies.

§ 87. The Tears of Scotland. SMOLLET.

MOURN, haplefs Caledonia, mourn Thy banifh'd peace, thy laurels torn t Thy fons, for valour long renown'd, Lie flaughter'd on their native ground; Thy hoipitable roofs no more Invite the ftranger to the door; In fmoky ruins funk they lie, The monuments of cruelty.

The wretched owner fees, afar, His all become the prey of war; Bethinks him of his babes and wife, Then finites his breaft, and curfes life. Thy fwains are familh'd on the rocks, Where once they fed their wanton flocks : Thy ravih'd virgins fhrick in vain; Thy infants perilb on the plain.

What boots it then, in ev'ry clime, Thro' the wide-ipreading wafte of time, Thy martial glory, crown'd with praife, Still fhone with undiminifh'd blaze ? Thy tow'ring fpirit now is broke, Thy neck is bended to the yoke: What foreign arms could never quell, By civil rage and rancour fell.

The rural pipe and merry lay No more fhall cheer the happy day: No focial fcenes of gay delight Beguile the dreary winter night: • R e No ftrains, but those of forrow, flow; And nought be heard but founds of woe, While the pale phantoms of the flain Glide nightly o'er the filent plain.

Oh baneful caufe, oh, fatal morn, Accurs'd to ages vet unborn! The fons againft their fathers flood; The parent fhed his childrens blood. Yet, when the rage of battle ceav'd, The victor's foul was not appeas'd; The naked and forlorn mult feel Devouring flames and murd'ring fteel!

The pious mother, doom'd to death, Forfaken, wanders o'er the heath; The bleak wind whiftles round her head; Her helplefs orphans cry for bread! Bereft of fhelter, food, and friend, She views the fhades of night defcend, And, firetch'd beneath th'inclement fkies, Weeps o'er her tender babes, and dies!

Whilf the warm blood bedews my veins, And unimpair'd remembrance reigns, Refentment of my country's fate Within my filial breat fhall beat; And, fpite of her infulting foe, My fynpathizing verfe fhall flow, "Mourn, haplets Caledonia, mourn "Thy banifh'd peace, thy laurels torn!"

§ 88. Ode to Mirth. SMOLLET.

DARENT of joy! heart-eafing Mirth!

Whether of Venus or Aurora born! Yet Goddefs fure of heavinly birth, Vifit benign a fon of Grief forlorn :

Thy glitt'ring colours gay Around him, Mirth, diplay; And o'er his raptur'd fenfe Diffufe thy living influence :

So shall each hill, in purer green array'd,

And flow'r adom'd in new-born beauty glow: The grove shall smooth the horrors of the shade,

And ftreams in murmurs shall forget to flow. Shine, Goddels, thine with unremitted ray, [day. And gild (a fecond sun) with brighter beam our

Labour with thee forgets his pain, And aged Poverty can finile with thee; If theu be nigh, Grief's hate is vain,

And weak th'uplifted arm of Tyranny. The morning opes on high

His univerfal eye;

And on the world doth pour

His glories in a golden flow'r. [ray,

Lo! Darknefs, trembling 'fore the hoffile Shrinks to the cavern deep and wood forlorn: The brood obfcene, that own her gloomy

fivay, Troop in her rear, and fly th'approach of morn.

Pale shiving ghosts, that dread th'all light,

Quick as the lightnings flafh, glide to But whence the gladd ning beam That pours his purple fiream O'er the long protpect wide? 'Tis Mirth. I fee her fit In majeffy of light, 'With Laughter at her fide. Bright-ey'd Fancy hov'ring near,

Wide waves her glancing wir g in a And young Wit flings his point That guiltlefs firikes the willing Fear not now Affliction's pew Fear not now wild Pathon's rag Nor fear ye aught in evil hou Save the tardy hand of Age. Now Mirth hath heard the fuppliant P

No cloud that rides the blait fh troubled air.

§ 89. Ode to Leven Water. St

ON Leven's banks, while free to And tune the rural pipe to lov I envy'd not the happielt iwain That ever trod th'Arcadian plain.

Pure fiream! in whofe transpare My youthful limbs I wont to lave: No torrents flain thy limpid fource No rocks impede thy dimpling cou That fweetly warbles o'er its bed, With white, round, polifh'd pebbl While, lightly pois'd, the fcaly bn In myriads cleave thy cryftal flood The fp.inging trout, in speckl'd p The falmon, monarch of the tide; The ruthlets pike, intent on war; The filver cel and mottled par, Devolving from thy parent lake,

A charming maze thy waters mak By bow'rs of birch, and groves of And hedges, flow'r'd with eglanti

Still on thy banks, fo gaily gre May num'rous herds and flocks b And laffes, chanting o'er the pail And hepherds, piping in the dale And ancient faith, that knows no And induftry, imbrown'd with to And hearts refolv'd, and hands p The bleftings they enjoy to guard

> §9⊃. Ап Е∬лу оп Сэтъ * Sті

Oderunt hilarem triftes, triftem Sedatum celeres, agilem gnavu

T^{HE} art of Converfe, how to t Of haughty man, his pathon

Benjamin Stillingfleet was the only fon of Edward Stillingfleet, a clergyman in the co and grandfon to Dr. Stillingfleet, Bithop of Worcefter. at once to humble and to pleafe, the dignity of life with eafe, [hand ny thene. O thou, whom Nature's r this beft, this delicate command, ut, when lifping without Reafon's aid, ne time to fpeak and to perfuade, vM, with diligence a while attend, th'inftructions of an older friend.; en the world's great commerce fhall ve join'd

reflection and the ftrength of mind ight talents of thy youthful flate, tail on thy better leffons wait. e comes it, that, in ev'ry art, we fee

rife to a fupreme degrée; is art, for which all feem defign'd ;, fearcely one complete we find ? ;, perhaps, we think, we fpeak, we we,

ong fprings alone of Selfifh Love: ig all the fpecies, is there one inth more caution than ourfelves we : fills a puppethow or court? [fhun? out for the profit or the fport?

comes each foul fatigu'd away, s the dull puppets fame dull play; nvinc'd, is tempted fill to go? we find at home our greateft foe, n good why folitude we flee: ; with felf-fufficiency agree ? ; h our inconfiftency of mind, fociety, and hate mankind ! e we quartel; for they're too fincere : ers; for they're cloic, referv'd, and cer :

o learn'd, too prudent, or too wife; we for his ignorance defpife: erhaps our car fhall harfhly ftrike, t e'en Wit itself thall raise diflike ! nay by fome feature be annoy'd; once a character deftroy'd ! ood-natur'd, he's beyond all bearing; ule no friend-tho' out of hearing : warm'd with zeal, offends our eyes, : holds the mirror up to vice. r then, fince fancies wild as thefe our fpleen, that real faults difpleafe. evius, fpite of dulnefs, will be bright, Argyle * to fpeak, and Swift to write; ivia entertains us with her dreams, er with his no lefs airy fchemes; vifhnefs, and jealouty, and pride, ft, that can brother hearts divide, agin'd forms our evelight hit, maid, a poet, peer, or cit; you'll fay, philofophy refrain, : the torrent of each boiling vein? can ftill do more; view pattion's flave I ferene, indulge him, and yet fave. -Conceit fleps in, and, with ftrict eye, y man,-and ev'ry man awry!

That reigning paffion which, thro' ev'ry frage Of life, ftill haunts us with unccafing rage. No quality fo mean but what can raife Some drudging driv'ling candidate for praife; Ev'n in the wretch, who wretches can despife, Still felf-conceit will find a time to rife. Quintus falutes you with forbidding face, And thinks he carries his excuse in lace: You afk, why Clodius bullies all he can? Clodius will tell you, he's a gentleman I Myrtilla ftruts and fhudders half the year With a round cap, that fhews a fine turn'd ear: The lowest jest makes Delia laugh to death; Yet fhe's no fool,-fhe'as only handlome teeth. Ventofo lolls, and fcorns all humankind For the gilt coach with four lac'd flaves behind. Does all this pomp and state proceed from merit? Mean thought ! he deems it nobler to inherit : While Fopling from fome title draws his pride, Meanlefs, or infamous, or mifapply'd; Free-mason, rake, or wit, 'tis just the same, The charm is hence, - he's gain'd himfelf a name

Yet, fpite of all the fools that pride has made, 'Tis not on man an useles burthen laid; Pride has ennobled fome, and fome difgrac'd; It hurts not in itfelf, but as 'tis plac'd. [bound; When right, its view knows none but virtue's When wrong, it fcarcely looks one inch around. Mark! with what care the fair one's critic ever Scans o'cr her drefs, nor lets one fault flip by; Each rebel hair must be reduc'd to place With tedious fkill, and tortur'd into grace; Betty mult o'er and o'er the pins difpofe, Till into modifh folds the drapery flows. And the whole frame is fitted to express The charms of decency and nakedness. Why all this art, this labour'd ornament? To captivate, vou'll cry, no doubt, 'tis meant. True. But let's wait upon this fair machine From the lone clofet to the focial feene; There view her loud, affected, fcornful, four, Paining all others, and herfelf ftill more. What ! means fhe at one inffant to difgrace The labour of ten hours, her much lov'd face? Why, 'tis the felf-fame paffion gratify'd ; The work is ruin'd that was rais'd by pride.

Yet, of all tempers, it requires least pain, Could we but rule ourfelves, to rule the vain. The prudent is by reafon only fway'd; With him each fentence and each word is weigh'd:

The gay and giddy can alone be caught By the quick luftre of a happy thought; The miler hates, unlefs he fteals your pelf;

The prodigal, unless you rob yourfelf;

The lewd will fhun you, if your wife prove chafte;

The jealous, if a fmile on his be caft; The fleady or the whimfical will blame, Either becaufe you're not, or are the fames

Duke of Argyle, equally celebrated as a flatefman, a warrior, and an orator. He died Septem-

*E c 2

The

The peevifh, fullen, fhrewd, luxurious, rafh, Will with your virtue, peace, or int'reft, clafh; But mark the proud man's price, how very low ! 'Tis but a civil fpeech. a finile, or bow.

Ye who, push'd on by noble ardour, aim In focial life to gain immortal fame, Observe the various pathons of mankind: Gen'ral, peculiar, fingle, or combin'd: How youth from manhood differs in its views, And how old age still other paths purfues; How zeal in Prifcus nothing more than heats, In Codex burns, and ruins all it meets; How freedom now a lovely face shall wear, Now fhock us in the likeneis of a bear; How jealoufy in fome refembles hate ; In others, feems but love grown delicate; How modetty is often pride refin'd, And virtue but the canker of the mind; How love of riches, grandeur, life, and fame, Wear diff'rent fhapes, and yet are still the fame.

But not our passions only difagree ; In tafte is found as great variety : Sylvius is ravith'd when he hears a hound; His lady hates to death the odious found : Yet both love mulic, tho' in diff'rent ways; He in a kennel, fhe at operas. A florift fhall, perhaps, not grudge fome hours To view the colours in a bed of flow'rs: Yet, fhew him Titian's workmanship divine, He paffes on, and only cries, 'Tis fine. A rufty coin, an old worm-caten polt, The mouldy fragment of an author loft, A butterfly, an equipage, a ftar, A globe, a fine lac'd hat, a china jar, A mistrefs, or a fashion, that is new, Have each their chaims, tho' felt but by a few. Then fludy each man's paffion and his tafte ; The first to forten, and indulge the last: Not like the wretch who beats down virtue's fence,

And deviate's from the paths of common fenfe; Who dauba with fulfome flatt'ry, blind and bold, The very weaknefs we with grief behold. Paffions are common to the fool and wife, And all would hide them under art's difguife; For fo avow'd in others is their flame, None hates them more than he who has the But rafte feems more peculiarly our own; [fame. And ev'ry man is fond to make his known; Proud of a mark he fancies is defign'd By Nature to advance him o'er his kind; And, where he fees that charafter impreft, With joy he hugs the fav'rite to his breaft.

But the main firefs of all our cares muft lie, To watch ourfelves with firifi and conftant eye: To mark the working mind, when paffion's courfe

Begins to fwell, and reafon ftill has force; Or, if fhe's conquer'd by the ftronger tide, Observe the moments when they first subside: For he who hopes a victory to win O'er other men, must with himfelf begin;

Elfe, like a town by mutiny oppreft. 3 He's ruin'd by the foe within his breat: And they alone, who in themfelves of view 1 Mau's image, know what method to purize All other creatures keep in beaten ways; Man only moves in an eternal maze: He lives and dies, not tam'd by cultivation, The wretch of reason, and the dupe of pulsa Curious of knowing, yet too proud to lean; More prone to doubt than anxious to diken: Tir'd with old doctrines, prejudic'd at new; Mistaking still the pleasing for the true; Foe to refraints approv'd by gen'ral voice, Yet to each fool-born mode a flave by choice: Of reft impatient, yet in love with eafe; When most good-natur'd, aiming how to the Difdaining by the vulgar to be aw'd, Yet never pleas'd but when the fools appland: By turns fevere, indulgent, humble, van; A trifle ferves to lofe him, or to gain.

Then grant this trifle, yet his vices flux, Not like to Cato or to * Clinias' fon: This for each humour ev'ry shape could take, Ev'n Virtue's own, tho' not for Virtue's fatel At Athens rakish, thoughtless, full of fire; Severe at Sparta, as a Chartreux fryar; In Thrace a bully, drunken, rafh, and ride; In Afia gay, effeminate, and lewd; While the rough Roman, virtue's rigid fried, Could not, to fave the caufe he dy'd for, best In him 'twas fcarce an honour to be good: He more indulg'd a paffion than fubdu'd. See how the skilful lover spreads his toils, When eager in purfuit of beauty's spoils! Behold him bending at his idol's feet; Humble, not mean; difputing, and yet fweet) In rivalihip not fierce, nor yet unmov'd; Without a rival, studious to be lov'd; For ever cheerful, tho' not always witty; And never giving caule for hate or pity: These are his arts, fuch arts as must prevail When riches, birth, and beauty's felf will fait And what he does to gain a vulgar end, Shall we neglect, to make mankind our friend!

Good fende and learning may efteen obtan; Humour and wit a laugh if rightly ta'en; Fair virtue admiration may impart; But 'tis good-nature only wins the heart : It molds the body to an cafy grace, And brightens ev'ry feature of the face: It finooths th'unpolish'd tongue with eloquest, And adds perfuasion to the finett fenfe. Yet this, like ev'ry disposition, has Fixt bounds, o'er which it never ought to pain When firetch'd too far, its honour dies away, Its merit finks, and all its-charms decay Among the goo I it meets with no applace; And to its ruin the malicious draws: A flave to all, who force it, or entice, It falls by chance in virtue or in vice. 'Tis true, in pity for the poor it bleeds; It clothes the naked, and the hunger feeds;

🍯 Aleibiades.

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Excers the ftranger, nay its foes defends ; Then as oft it injures its best friends. Scudy with care Politeness, that must teach modifh forms of gesture and of speech: • vain Formality, with matron mien, med Pertnets, apes her with familiar grin: They against nature for applauses strain, Siftort themfelves, and give all others pain : me moves with eafy, tho' with measur'd pace, - nd fhews no part of fludy but the grace. et, ev'n by this, man is but half refin'd, ---- nlefs philosophy fubdues the mind : The but a varnish that is quickly lost, Whene'er the foul in pation's fea is toft. - Would you both please and be instructed too, Watch well the rage of thining to fubdue; Jear ev'ry man upon his fav'rite theme, -And ever be more knowing than you feem. =-____Che loweft genius will afford fome light, _)r give a hint that had escap'd your fight. Doubt, till he thinks you on conviction yield, And with fit questions let each pause be fill'd; And the most knowing will with pleafure grant, _You're rather much referv'd than ignorant. The rays of wit gild wherefoe'er they ftrike, But are not therefore fit for all alike; They charm the lively, but the grave offend, And raife a foc as often as a friend; Like the refiftlet's beams of blazing light, That cheer the strong, and pain the weakly light. ----If a bright fancy therefore be your thare, Let judgment watch it with a guardian's care : "Tis like a torrent, apt to overflow, "Unlefs by conftant government kept low; And ne'er inefficacious paffes by, But overturns or gladdens all that's nigh : Or elfe, like trees, when fuffer'd wild to fhoot, That put forth much, but all unripen'd fruit; It turns to affectation and grimace, As like to wit as dulnefs is to grace. How hard foe'cr it be to bridle wit, Yct mem'ry oft no lefs requires the bit: How many, hurry'd by its force away, For ever in the land of golfips ftray ! Usurp the province of the nurse to lull, -Without her privilege for being dull ! Tales upon tales they raise ten stories high, Without regard to use or symmetry: So Ripley ", till his deftin'd space is fill'd, à Heaps bricks on bricks, and fancies 'tis to build. A ftory fhould, to please, at least feem true, Be apropos, well told, concife, and new; And, whenfoc'er it deviates from these rules, The wife will fleep, and leave applause to fools. But others, more intolerable vet, ÷.,

Heavy by mem'ry made, and, what's the worft. At fecond-hand as often as at first: And can ev'n patience hear, without difdain, The maiming register of Sense once flain ? While the dull features, big with archnefs, frive In vain the forc'd half-finile to keep alive.

Some know no joy like what a word can raile, Haul'd thro' a language's perplexing maze Till on a mate, that feems t'agree, they light, Like man and wife that still are opposite. Not lawyers at the bar play more with fenfe. When brought to the laft trope of eloquence, Than they, on ev'ry fubject, great or finall, At clubs, or councils, at a church, or ball; Then cry, we rob them of their tributes due: Alas! how can we laugh and pity too?

While others to extremes as wild will run, And, with four face, anatomize a pun When the brifk glafs to freedom does entice, And rigid wifdom is a kind of vice. But let not fuch grave fops your laughter fpoil; Ne'er frown where fenfe may innocently fmile.

Cramp not your language into logic rules; To roftrums leave the pedantry of ichools : Nor let your learning always be difeern'd; But chufe to feem judicious more than learn'd. Quote feldom, and then let it be, at least, Some fact that's prov'd, or thought that's well expreft.

But left, difguis'd, your eye it should escape, Know, pedantry can put on ev'ry fhape : For, when we deviate into terms of art, Unless constrain'd, we act the pedant's part. Or if we're ever in the felf-lame key No matter of what kind the fubject be, From laws of nations down to laws of drefs; For statesimen have their cant, and belles no lefs. As good hear Bentley + dictate on epifiles. Or Burman comment on the Grecian whittles, As old Obefus preach upon his belly, Or Philcunucha rant on Farinelli, Flirtilla read a lecture on a fan, Or W--d fet forth the praise of Kouli-Kham

But, above all things, Raill'ry decline; Nature but few does for that talk defign : 'Tis in the ableft hand a dang'rous tool; But never fails to wound the meddling fool: For, all must grant, it needs no common art To keep men patient when we make them fmart. Not wit alone nor humour's felf will do, Without good-nature and much prudence too, To judge aright of perfons, place, and time; For tafte decrees what's low, and what's fublime; And what might charm to-day, or o'er a glafs, Perhaps at court, or next day, would not pais. Then leave to low buffoons, by cuftom bred, The wagg'ries that they've faid or heard repeat, | And form'd by nature to be kick'd and fed,

 See Beatley on the Epifiles of Phalaris.
 Peter Burman, a celebrated Dutch writer, born at Utrecht, 26th of June, 1688. He was Professor of Bloquence and Hiftory at the place of his birth, and died 31ft of March, 1736. The

^{• &}quot;Ripley," fays Mr. Pope, " was a carpenter employed by a first minister, who raised him to an archisect, without any genius in the art ; and, after fome wretched proofs of his infufficiency in public buildings, made him Comptroller to the Board of Works."

The vulgar and unenvy'd tafk, to hit All perfeas, right or wrong, with random wit. Our wite foretathers, born in fober days, Relign'd to fools the tait and witty phrafe; The notlev coat gave warning for the jeft; Excus'u the wound, and fancuify'd the peft: But we, from high to low, all fitive to fneer, Wull all be wits, and not the hy'ry wear.

21B

Of all the qualities that help to raife In men the univertal voice of praife, Whether in pleafure or in ufe they end, There's none that can with Modefly contend: 'Tis a trainfparent will that helps the fight, And lets us look on merit with delight; In others, 'tis a kindly hight that feems To gud the worth effects with borrow'd beams. Yet, 'tis but little that its from be caught, Unlets its origin be first in thought.' Elfe rebel Nature will reveal the cheat, And the whole work of art at once defeat.

Hola forth upon yourfelf on no pretence, Unleis invited, or in felf-defence: The praife you take, altho' it be your due, Will be lufpedled, if it comes from you; For each man, by experience taught, can tell How ftrong a flutt'rer does within him dwell. And, if to fulf-condenning you incline, In fooer fadacis, and without defign (For fome will filly arrogate a vice That from excels of virtue takes its rife) The world cries out, why does he hither come ? Let him do penance for his fins at home.

No part of conduct afks for ikill more nice, The' none more common, than to give advice: Mifers !! emfelves in this will not be faving, Unlets their knowledge makes it worth the having.

And, where's the wonder, when we will obtrude An ufelefs sift it nicers ingratitude ? Shu. then, unafe'd, this arduous tafk to try; Bu., it confulted, ule fincerity : The factual is the welfare of a friend, To give it up for any felfifh end. But use one caution, fift him o'er and o'er, To find if all be not refolv'd before. It fuch the cafe, in fpite of all his art, Some word will give the foundings of his heart; And why fhould you a bootlefs freedom ufe That ferves him not, and may his friendship lose? 3 t the on Truth befow this mark of love, Neter to commend the thing you can't approve. Sincerity has fuch refittlets charms, She off the herceft of our foes difarms : No a t the knows, in native whiteness dress'd ; Her thoughts all pure and therefore all express'd : She t ke- from error its deformity; And, without her, all other virtues die. Brocht fource of goodbeis! to niv aid defcend, Water o'er my heart, and all my words attend : If did thou deign to det thy foot below, Among a race quite politied into thow, Oh ! fave me from the jut's diffembling part, Who grants to all all favours but her heart:

Perverts the end of charming for the fane, To fawn her bufinefs, to deceive beram: She finites on this man, tips the wask and Gives one a fqueeze, another a kind pat; Now jogs a foot, now whilpers in an ear; Here flips a letter, and there caffs a lee, Till the kind thing, the company thread Diffributts all its pretty felf about; While all are pleas'd, and wretched form All but the wife, who fee and flue the let

Yet if, as complating requires to do, And rigid virsue formations will allow. You firetch the truth in favour of a free Be fure it ever aim at forme good end; To cherifh growing virtue, vice to have And turn to noble views the love of free And not, like fawning parafites, unaw'd By fente or truth, be ev'ry paifion's baw

Be rarely warm in centure, or in prais Few men deferve our patition either way For half the world but floats 'twist god As chance difpofes objects, thefe the wi 'Tis but a fee-faw game, where wrue a Mounts above vice, and then fiaks down Refides, the wife full hold it for a rule, Totruit that judgment moft that feems For all that rifes to hyperbole

Proves that we err, at leaft in the degre But, if your temper to extremes fhould Always upon th'indulging fide exceed; For, tho' to blame most lend a willing Yet hatred ever will attend on fear; And, when a neighbour's dwelling bla The world will think 'tis time to look

Let not the curious from your bofa Secrets, where Prudence ought to fet I Yet be fo frank and plain that, at one In other things, each man may fee yo For, if the mafk of policy you wear, The honeft hate you, and the cuning

Would you be well receiv'd where Remember, each man vanquish'd is a Relift not, therefore, with your utino But let the weakeft think lic's formetin He, for each triumph you shall thus a Shall give ten opportunities to fhine: He fees, fince once you own'd him to That 'tis his int'reft you fhould reafe And, tho' when roughly us'd he's ful As bluffring Bentley to a brother fil Yet, by degrees inure him to fubmit, He's tame, and in his mouth receives But chiefly against trifling contests ga 'Tis here fubmillion feems to man in Nor imitate that refolute old fool *, Who undertook to kick against his i But those who will not by infruction How fatal tieffes prove, let flory war Panthus and Euclio, link'd by frierd Liv'd each for each, as each for each Like objects pleas'd them, and I pain'd;

Twas but one foul that in two body

fual 'twas their nights to pafs, cheerful but still temp'rate glass, ubt is rais'd about a word; uft be ended by the fword ! im,-Mark, O man, thy fhame, loffaries were not the faine ! sfelf more tendernefs have fhown cs of words, tho' half his own ? nains of failings without end, ne, and fome the laws must mend : fuch monitrous forms appear, Sournefs, fly Sufpicion's leer, encis, dropfical Pretence, e, and cloowing Infolence; void them they demand, randed by the hangman's hand. ne philofophers be giv'n, lord of earth, that heir of heav'n, nhabited the wood, with his fellow-brutes for food; he knew, no friendship's tie, in ill without ally; igth of time, of ftronger nerve ming, forc'd the reft to ferve irpole, and, in nature's fpite, ole jarring species to unite. ot, with equal reason, fay le particle of clav ır body, was at first design'd rom the reft disjoin'd ? , and can it be allow'd, pow'rs for no one end endow'd ? hat man at first, by art, act in focial life a part. ne the feeds of difcord feem his all-uniting fcheme; e hurts nature's gen'ral courfe, and with a repelling force. hile on lonely man our eyes, antic fcen.s of folly rife: onaftery's gloomy cells, elf-prefuming Virtue dwells, cams of grace-diftilling caves, , unconfuming graves, ifter, wood, and ftone, es by fainted finners done. fe, still farther to explore, aves of fuperfition o'er; upon wonders over grow, id blindnefs, mirth and woe,

2 Vifions of devils into monkies turn'd,
3 That, hot from hell, roar at a finger burn'd;
3 Bottles of precious tears that faints have wept,
4 And breath a thoutand years in phials kept;
5 Sun-beams fent down to prop one friar's itaff,
6 And hell broke loofe to make another laugh;
7 Obedient fleas, and 8 fuperfittious mice;
9 Confeffing wolves, and 10 fanctifying lice;
11 Letters and houtes by an angel carry'd,
12 And, wond'rous !--Virgin nuns to Jefua marry'd!

One monk, not knowing how to fpend his time, Sits down to find out fome unheard-of crime, Increases the large catalogue of fins, And, where the lober finith, there begins. Of death eternal his decree is past, For the first crime as fix d as for the last: While that, as idle, and as pious tooy Compounds with falle religion for the true; He, courtly ufhers to the bleft abodes, Weighs all the nicctics of forms and modes, And makes the rugged path fo fmooth and ev'n None but an ill-bred man can mills of heav'n ! One, heav'n-infpir'd, invents a frock or hood : The taylor now cuts out, and men grow good. Another quits his flockings, breeches, fhirt, Because he fancies virtue dwells with dirt: While all concur to take away the ftrefs From weightier points, and lay it on the lefs; Anxious each paltry relique to preferve Of him, whole hungry friends they leave to

ftarve, Harrafs'd by watchings, abftinence, and chains, Strangers to joys, familiar grown with pains, To all the means of virtue they attend With ftricteft care, and only mils the end. Can fcripture teach us, or can fenfe perfuade, That man for fuch employments e'er was made?

Far be that thought 1 but let us now relate A character as opposite, as great,

In him 13, who, living, gave to Athens fame,

And, by his death, immortaliz'd her shame.

Great fcourge of fophifts | he from heav'n brought down,

And plac'd true wifdom on th'ufurper's throne: Philosopher in all things, but pretence, He taught, what they ueglected, common fense. They, o'er the fliff Lyceum form'd to rule; He, o'er mankind ;—all Athens was his school:

:y, the compiler of a Latin and English Dictionary, and editor of several classics for the He died 27 June, 1742. vide fanfenus (Nic.)

ur and others, vide Ferrand.

de Molinzum.

vide Colganum.

St. Colman by Colganus.

fe by the fame author.

m Vitæ Sancti Francisci.

sathered those that dropt from him, and put them in their place again. Vide Acta Sanstorum, man to St. Celamua, vide Colganum. Chapel of Loretto.

. Vilitation. See her Life by Lufignam.

Res

LP

The fober tradefinan, and finart petit-maitre. Great lords, and wits, in their own eyes still greater,

With him grew wife; unknowing they were [thought : taught;

He fooke like them, though not like them he Nor wept nor laugh'd at man's perverted flate, But left to women this, to idiots that.

View him with fophifts fam'd for fierce conteft, Or crown'd with roles at the jovial feaft;

Infulted by a peevifh, noify wife,

Or at the bar, foredoom'd to lofe his life,-

What moving words flow from his artlefs tonguc,

Sublime with cafe, with condefcention ftrong !

Yet foorn'd to flatter vice, or virtue blame

Nor chang'd to pleafe, but pleas'd becaufe the fame;

The fame by friends carefs'd, by focs withftood, Still unaffected, cheerful, mild, and good. Behold one pagan, drawn in colours faint, Outfhine ten thoufand monks, tho' each a faint !

Here let us fix our foot, hence take our view, And learn to try falic merit by the true. We fee, when reafon ftagnates in the brain, The dregs of fancy cloud its pureft vein; But circulation betwixt mind and mind Extends its courfe, and renders it refin'd. When, warm with youth, we tread the flow'ry

way,

All nature charms, and ev'ry fcene looks gay; Each object gratifies each fente in turn, Whilft now for rattles, now for nymphs we burn;

Enflav'd by friendship's or by love's fost smile, We neter fulpect, becaufe we mean no guile: Till, flush'd with hope from views of past fucces, We lay on fome main trifle all our ftrefs; When lo ! the mittrefs or the friend betrays, And the whole fancy'd cheat of life difplays : Stun'd with an ill that from ourfelves arole (For Inftinct rul'd when Reafon should have chose)

We fly for comfort to fome lonely fcene, Victimshenceforth of dirt, and drink, and ipleen. But let no obstacles that cross our views, Pervert our talents from their deftin'd ufe ; For, as upon life's hill we upward prefs, Our views will be obstructed lefs and lefs. Be all falfe delicacy far away, Left it from nature lead us quite aftrav; And, for th'imagin'd vice of human race, Destroy our virtue, or our parts debate : Since God with Reafon joins to make us own. That 'tis not good for man to be alone.

GREEN. § 91. The Spicen ". An Epifile to Mr. Cuthbert Jakin.

THIS motley piece to you I fend, Who always were a faithful friend, Who, if difputes fhould happen hence, Can best explain the author's imfe; And, anxious for the public weal, Do, what I fing, to often feel.

The want of method pray excute, Allowing for a vapour'd Mule; Nor, to a narrow path confin'd, Hedge in by rules a roving mund.

The child is genuine, you may true Throughout the fire's transmitted face. Nothing is ftol'n : my Mule, though mez Draws from the fpring the finds within; Nor vainly buys what + Gildon fells, Poetic buckets for dry wells. School-helps I want, to climb on high, Where all the ancient treafures lie, And there, unfeen, commit a theft On wealth in Greek exchequess left. Then where? from whom? what can I for Who only with the moderns deal? This were attempting to put on Raiment from naked bodies won t: They fafely fing before a thief, They cannot give who want relief; Some few excepted, names well known, And justly laurel'd with renown, Whole flamp of genius marks their ware And theft detects : of theft beware; From More || fo lafh'd, example fit, Shun petty larceny in wit.

First know, my friend, I do not mean To write a Treatife on the Spleen; Nor to preferibe when nerves convule; Nor mend th'alarum-watch, your pulse. If I am right, your question lay, What courfe I take to drive away The day-mare Spleen, by whofe falle plea Men prove mere fuicides in cale ? And how I do myielf demean In formy world to live ferene?

When by its magic lantern Spleen With frightful figures fpreads life's feme, And threat'ning prospects urg'd my fear, A firanger to the luck of heirs ; Reafon, fome quiet to reftore, Shew'd part was fubstance, thadow more; With Spleen's dead weight the' heavy gove In life's rough tide I funk not down, But fivam, till Fortune threw a rope, Buoyant on bladders till'd with hore.

* " In this Poem," Mr. Melmoth fays, " there are more original thoughts thrown together than h ever read in the fame compais of lines. Filz forme's Low

+ Gildon's Art of Postry.

A painted veft Prince Vortiger had on, Which from a naked Pict his grandfire won.

Howard's Britis Pris | James More Smith, Elq. See Dunciad, B. ii. 1. 50. and the notes, where the circumitates transaction here alluded to are very fully explained.

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oofe the plaineft food idity of blood. gruel, healing power, i to the poor; c's confeifors implore, ecretly adore; , by thee diluteis my blood doth quicker fhoot, current throws off clean les of Spleen. : by drinking grow, self a cup too low, Cloc's lodgings haunt, rits, which I want. reckon very good nerves, and fir the blood: field-honours itch, leaping hedge and ditch. lies foft relax'd in bed, ires inclines the head, with hound and horn. y awake the morn. from the dufky plight, h'embraces of the night, afh redeem her face, erfelf of Titan's race. ng in loofe robes the fkies. d fragrance as the flies. nd hound fierce joy difplay, he hark-away, it o'er tainted ground obust field-notes refound. George the Dragon flew, l, trod down, and dving view; ir fpirits are on wing, and hills, and vallies ring. c mind's wrong bias, Spleen, tend the bowling-green ; valks; all, exercife; tone, the giant dies; e well. Monkies have been 1 doctors for the fpleen; f the humour hit, i'd away the fit. 1 is good in this behalf; ic lars let us laugh. ik fools, curs'd with half fenie, tes their impotence; rhyme, and, like blind flies, r wings for want of eyes. worthipping a calf, is that make us laugh; iter faying grace, :aching for a place, prophetic to difpenfe, bait the future tenfe, ubbing of a pricit, on knaves deceas d. d Pythonifa's rage, upius on his ftage, ing to be rich. Newgate's dying fpeech, vidow's ritual ftate, fputing tête à tête,

New almanacs compos'd by feers, Experiments on felons ears, Difdainful prudes, who ceafelefs ply The fuperb mufcle of the eye, A coquet's April-weather face, A Queenb'rough mayor behind his mace, And fops in military fhew, Are fov'reign for the cafe in view.

If ipleen-fogs rife at clofe of day, I clear my evining with a play, Or to fome concert take my way. The company, the fhine of lights, The fcenes of humour, mulic's flights, Adjuft and fet the foul to rights.

Life's moving pictures, well-wrought plays, To others grief attention raife : Here, while the tragic fictions glow, We borrow joy by pitying woc; There gaily comic fenes delight, And hold true mirrors to our fight. Virtue, in channing drefs array'd, Calling the Paffions to her aid, When moral feenes juft actions join, Takes fhape, and fhews her face divine.

Mufic has charms, we all may find, Ingratiate deeply with the mind. When art does found's high pow'r advance, To mufic's pipe the Paffions dance; Motions unwill'd its pow'rs have fhewn, Tarantulated by a tune. Many have held the foul to be Nearly allv'd to harmony. Her have I known indulging grief, And fhunning company's relief, Unveil her face, and looking round, Own, by neglecting forrow's wound, The confanguinity of found.

In rainy days keep double guard, Or Spleen will furely be too hard; Which, like those fifh by failors met. Fly higheft while their wings are wet. In fuch dull weather, fo unfit To enterprize a work of wit, When clouds one yard of azure fky, That's fit for fimile, deny, I drefs my face with studious looks, And fhorten tedious hours with books. But if dull fogs invade the head, That mem'ry minds not what is read, I fit in window dry as ark, And on the drowning world remark : Or to fome coffee-house 1 stray For news, the manna of a day, And from the hipp'd discourses gather, That politics go by the weather : Then leck good-humour'd tavern-chums; And play at cards, but for finall fums; Or with the merry fellows quaff, And laugh aloud with them that laugh; Or drink a joco-ferious cup With fouls who've took their freedom up, And let my mind, beguil'd by talk, In Epicurus' garden walk, Who thought it heav'n to be ferene : Pain, hell, and purgatory, Spleen Ee 3

Sometime

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Sometimes I drefs, with women fit, And chat away the gloomy fit; Quit the ftiff garb of ferious lenfe, And wear a gay impertinence, Nor think nor fpeak with any pains, But lay on fancy's neck the reins; Talk of unufual fwell of waift In maid of honour loofely lac'd, And beauty born'wing Spanish red, And loving pair w th fep'rate bed, And jewels pawa'd for lofs of game, And then redcem'd by lofs of fame; Of Kitty (aunt left in the lurch By grave pretence to go to church) Perceiv'd in hack with lover fine, Like Will and Mary on the coin : And thus in modifi inanner we, In aid of fugar, fweeten tea.

Perinit, ye fair, your idol form, Which e'en the coldeft heart can warm, May with its beauties grace my line, While I bow down before its thrine,

And your throng'd altars with my lays Perfume, and get by giving praife. With speech to fweet, to fweet a micn You excommunicate the Spleen, Which, fiend-like, flies the magic ring You form with found, when pleas'd to fing; Whate'er you fav, howe'er you move, We look, we liften, and approve. Your touch, which gives to feeling blifs, Our nerves officious throng to kits; By Ceha's pat, on their report, The grave air'd foul inclin'd to fport, Renounces wildom's fullen pemp, And loves the floral game, to romp. But who can view the pointed rays That from black eyes fcintillant blaze? Love on his throne of glory feems Encompais'd with fatellite beams; But when blue eves, more foftly bright, Diffuse benignly humid light, We gaze, and fee the finiling loves, And Cytherea's gentle doves, And, raptur'd, fix in fuch a face Love's mercy-feat and throne of grace. Shine but on age, you melt its fnow ; . Again fires long-extinguilh'd glow, And, charm'd by witchery of eyes, Blood long congealed liquetics ! True miracle, and fairly done By heads which are ador'd while on.

But oh, what pity 'tis to find Such beauties both of form and mind, By modern breeding much debas'd', In half the female would at leaft! Hence I with care fach lott'ries flun, Where, a prize mil5'd, I'm quite undone; And han't, by vent'ring on a wife, Yet run the greateft rifk in life.

Mothers and guardian aunts, forbear Your impieus pairs to form the fair, Nor lay our fo much coft and art, But to deflow'r the virgin heart; Of every folly-foft'sing bed By quick'ning heat of cuftors bred. Rather than by your culture ipoid'd, Defift, and give us nature wild, Defighted with a hoyden foul, Which truth and innocence controal. Coquets, leave off affected aris, Gay fowlers at a flock of hearts; Woodcock's to fhun your fnares have kill, You fhew fo plain, you firve to kill. In love the artlefs catch the game, And they fearce mifs who never aim.

The world's great Author did create The fex to fit the nuptial frate, And meant a bletling in a wife To folace the fatigues of life; And old infpired times difplay How wives could love, and yet obey; Then truth, and patience of controll, And housewife arts adorn'd the foul; And charms, the gift of nature, fhone; And jealouty, a thing unknown: Veils were the only maiks they wore; Novels (receipts to make a whore) Her ombre, nor quadrille they knew, Nor Pam's puissance felt at loo Wife men did not, to be thought gay, Then compliment their pow'r away : But left, by frail defires mifled, The girls forbidden paths should tread, Of ign'rance rais'd the fafe high wall; We fink haw-haws, that fhew them all. Thus we at once folicit fenfe, And charge them not to break the fence.

Now, if untir'd, confider friend, What I avoid to gain my end.

I never am at meeting fice, Meeting, that region of the Splcen; The broken heart, the bufy fiend, The inward call, on Splcen depend.

Law licens'd breaking of the pesce, To which vacation is dileafe: A gyply-diction fearce known well By th'magi, who law-fortunes tell, I fhun; nor let it breed within Anxiety, and that the Spleen; Law, grown a foreft, where perplex The mazes, and the brambles vex; Where its twelve verd'rers ev'ry day Are changing fill the public way: Yet if we mills our path and err, We grievous penalties incur; And wand'rers tire, and tear their fkin, And then get out where they went in.

I never game, and rarely bet; Am loth to lend, or run in debt. No comptre-writs me agitate; Who motalizing pafs the gate, And there mine eyes on fpendthrifts turn, Who vainly o'er their bondage mourn. Whidom, before beneath their care, Pays her upbraiding vifits there, And forces folly through the grate, Her panegyric to repeat.



:w, profusely when inclin'd, . caveat in the mind : ace join'd with common fenfe, tals is a providence. n, as frequently is feen, g fettles into Spleen. as the plague of happy life, vav from party-ftrife. e's cause, a church's claim, wyn to raife a mighty flame, eft, as stoker, very free w in peace and charity. be, whole practicals decree eer the deadlieft herefy ; ond of pedigree, derive e most noted whore alive: vn wine's old prophetic aid, e the mitre Bacchus made, he faithful to depend -pint drinkers for a friend, whole gay red-letter'd face d good-living more than grace : y to pure, and fo precife, late as their white of eyes, r the fpirit hug the Spleen, er'd throughout all their mien, cir ill-tafted home-brew'd pray'r ftate's mellow forms prefer; octrines, as infectious, fear, are not fleep'd in vinegar, nples of heart-chefted grace in thew-glafs of the face, er me as yet provoke o honour band and cloak, : my hat with leaves of oak.

II.

not with mock-patriot grace s, becaufe they are in place; r'd to praife with ftallion pen, e ear-lechery of men; woid religious jars, vs are my expolitors, in my doubting mind create nity to church and ftate. Irfuant to my plan, ice with the Caravan; nk it right in common fenfe, r diverfion and defence.

ming fchemes are none of mine; d the world's a vaft defign : sirs, who tug in little boat, to them the fhip afloat, o defeat their labour'd end, both wind and ftream contend : herein is feldom feen, al, when baffi'd, turns to Spleen.

y the man who, innocent, not at ills he can't prevent; f does with the current glide, fing pull'd against the tide. dling by the fcuffling crowd, concern'd life's wager row'd; And when he can't prevent foul play, Enjoys the folly of the fray.

By their reflections I repeal Each hafty promife made in zeal. When golpel-propagators fay, We're bound our great light to difplay, And Indian darkness drive away, Yet none but drunken watchmen fend, And fcoundrel link-boys for that end; When they cry up this holv war, Which every christian should be for, Yet fuch as owe the law their cars, We find employ'd as engineers: This view my forward zeal to fhocks, In vain they hold the money-box. At fuch a conduct, which intends By vicious means fuch virtuous ends, I laugh off Spleen, and keep my pence From spoiling Indian innocence.

Yet philosophic love of ease I fuffer not to prove difeafe, But rife up in the virtuous caufe Of a free prefs, and equal laws. The preis reitrain'd ! netandous thought] In vain our fires have nonly fought : While free from force the preis remains, Virtue and Freedon cheer our plains, And Learning largetics beltows, And keeps uncenfur'd open house. We to the nation's public mart Our works of wit, and ichemes of art, And philofophic goods this way, Like water-carriage, cheap convey This tree, which knowledge fo affords, Inquifitors with flaming fwords From lay approach with zeal defend, Left their own paradife fhould end. The prefs from her fecundous womb Brought forth the arts of Greece and Rone; Her offspring, skill'd in logic war, Truth's banner wav'd in open air; The monfter Superstition fled, And hid in shades its Gorgon head; And lawless pow'r the long-kept neld, By reason quell'd, was forc'd to yield. This nurse of arts, and freedom's fence To chain, is treason against sense; And, Liberty, thy thousand tongues None filence, who defign no wrongs; For those who use the gag's reftraint, First rob, before they stop co. plaint.

Since difappointment galls within, And fubjugates the foul to Spleen, Moft fehemes, as money-fnar >, 1 hate, And bite not at projector's bait. Sufficient wrecks appear each day, And yet freih fools are caft away. Ere well the bubbled can turn round, Their painted veilel runs aground; Or in deep feas it overlets By a fierce hurricans of debts;

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A. . .

Or helm directors in one trip, Freight first embezzled, fink the flip. Such was of late a corporation*, The brazen ferpent of the nation, Which, when hard accidents distrefs'd, The poor must look at to be bleft, And thence expect, with paper feal'd By fraud and us'ry, to be heal'd.

I in no foul-confumption wait Whole years at levees of the great, And hungry hopes regale the while On th. fpare diet of a fmile. There you may fee the idol ftand With mirror in his wanton hand; Above, below, now here, now there, He throws about the funny glare. Crowds pant, and prefs to feize the prize, The gay delution of their eyes.

When fancy tries her limning skill To draw and colour at her will, And raite and round the figure well, And fnew her talent to excel, I guard my heart, left it should woo Unreal beautres Fancy drew; And, disappointed, feel despair At loss of things that never were.

When I lean politicians mark Grazing on æther in the park; Who, e'er on wing with open threats, Fly at debates, expresses, votes, Just in the manner swallows use, Catching their airy food of news Whofe latrant ftomachs oft moleft The deep-laid plans their dreams fuggeft; Or fee fome poet penfive fit, Fondly miftaking Spleen for Wit: Who, though thort-winded, ftill will aim To found the epic trump of Fame Who fill on Pheebus' finiles will doat, Nor learn conviction from his coat; I blets my ftars, I never knew Whimfies, which clofe purfu'd, undo, And have from old experience been Both parent and the child of Spleen. These subjects of Apollo's state, Who from false fire derive their fate, With airy purchases undone Of lands which none lend money on, Born dull, had follow'd thriving ways, Nor loft one hour to gather bays. Their fancies first delirious grew, And scenes ideal took for true. Fine to the fight Parnaffus lics, And with falle prospects cheats their cycs; The fabled gods the Poets fing, A scafon of perpetual spring;

Brooks, flow'ry fields, and grores of ten, Affording fweets and fimiles, Gay dreams infpir'd in myrtle bow'n, And wreaths of undecaying flow'n, Apollo's harp with airs divine, The facted mufic of the Nine, Views of the temple rais'd to Fame, And for a vacant niche proud aim, Ravifh their fouls, and plainly flew What Fancy's fketching power can de. They will attempt the mountain fierp, Where on the top, like dreams in flerp, The Mufe's revelations flew, That find men crack'd, or make them fe.

You, friend, like me, the trade of my Avoid, clab'rate wafte of time, Nor are content to be undone, To pais for Pheebus' crazy fon. Poems, the hop-grounds of the brain, Afford the most uncertain gain; And lott'ries never tempt the wife With blanks fo many to a prize. I only transient visits pay, Mecting the Mufes in my way, Scarce known to the fastidious dames, Nor skill'd to call them by their names. Nor can their paffports in these days, Your profit warrant, or your praile. On Poems by their dictates writ, Critics, as form appraisers, fit, And mere upholft rers in a trice On gems and paintings fet a price. These tayl'ring artists for our lays Invent cramp'd rules, and with frait fays Striving free Nature's thape to hit, Ematiate fense before they fit.

A common place, and many friends, Can ferve the plagiary's ends, Whole eafy vamping talent lies, First wit to pilfer, then difguife. Thus fome devoid of art and skill To fearch the mine on Pindus' hill, Proud to afpire and workmen grow. By genius doom'd to ftay below, For their own digging fnew the town Wit's treafure brought by others down. Some wanting, if they find a mine, An artiff's judgment to refine, On fame precipitately fix'd, The ore with baler metals mix'd Melt down, impatient of delay, And call the vicious mafs a play. All these engage to ferve their ends, A band felect of trufty friends, Who leffon'd right, extol the thing, As Plapho + taught his birds to ling;

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The Charitable Corporation, infituted for the relief of the industrious poor, by affifting them finall furns upon pledges at legal interest. By the villany of those who had the management of this fe the proprietors were defrauded of very confiderable furns of money. In 1732 the conduct of the dind this body became the fubject of a parliamentary enquiry, and fome of them, who were members (House of Commons, were expelled for their concern in this iniquitous transaction

House of Commons, were expelled for their concern in this iniquitous transaction + Pfapho was a Libyan, who defiring to be accounted a God, effected it by this means : He took young and taught them to fing, *Pfapbo is a great God*. When they were perfect in their leifon, he let them a other birds learning the fame ditty, repeated it in the woods ; on which his countrymen offered facili him, and confidered him as a Deity. > the ladies they fubmit, ng officers on wit: ded house their presence draws, the beaus impofes laws, ment in its favour ends, all the pannel are its friends : atures, merciful and mild, om mere pity fav'd the child; ush ark the bantling found s, and ready to be drown'd, ave preferv'd by kind fupport, ought the baby-mule to court. re's a youth " that you can name, ceds no leading firings to fame, quick maturity of brain th of Pallas may explain : ng of whole depending fate, Melpomene debate, his is he, that was foretold emulate our Greeks of old. by me with facred art, s, and rules the varied heart; 's dread anger he rehearie, ir the thunder in his verfe; :fcribes love turn'd to rage, ries riot in his page: ir liberty and law an pow'r expiring draw, ener paffions then engage and fanctify their rage; tempt difastrous love, a those plaints that wound the grove. the kinder paffions glow, irs diftill'd from pity flow. the bright vision I descend, / deferted them attend. ever did ambition feize, fever most inflam'd by ease 1 ive lunacy of pride ourts jilt Fortune for a bride, r'dife-tree, fo fair and high, vith no afpiring eye : on shake the restless leaves, dom-fruit our pains deceives, : frequent falls give no furprise, of Splcen, call'd growing wile. is in glitt'ring forms display'd weak eyes much us'd to shade, its falily-envy'd fcene lf-debasing fits of Spleen. ald be pleas'd that things are fo, for nothing fee the show, iddle fiz'd, can pais between ibbub fafe, becaufe unfeen, idit the glare of greatness trace y fun-fhine in the face, afures fled to, to redrefs fatigue of idlenefs. ntment, parent of delight, a stranger to our sight, defs, in what happy place behold thy blooming face?

II.

Thy gracious auspices impart, And for thy temple choose my heart? They, whom thou deignest to inspire, Thy fcience learn, to bound defire; By happy alchymy of mind They turn to pleafure all they find; They both dildain in outward mien The grave and folemn garb of Spleen, And meretricious arts of drefs, To feign a joy, and hide diftrefs Unmov'd when the rude tempest blows, Without an opiate they repose; And cover'd by your thield, defy The whizzing fhafts that round them fly; Nor meddling with the god's affairs, Concern themfelves with diftant cares; But place their blifs in mental reft, And feast upon the good posses'd.

Forc'd by foft violence of pray'r, The blithiome goddels foothes my care, I feel the deity infpire, And thus the models my defire :-Two hundred pounds half-yearly paid. Annuity fecurely made, A farm fome twenty miles from town. Small, tight, falubrious, and my own; Two maids, that never faw the town, A ferving-man, not quite a clown, A boy to help to tread the mow And drive, while t'other holds the ploughs A chief, of temper form'd to pleafe, Fit to converte, and keep the keys; And better to preferve the peace, Commission'd by the name of nicce; With understandings of a fize To think their master very wife. May Heav'n ('tis all I with for) fend One genial room to treat a friend, Where decent cup-board, little plate, Difplay benevolence, not state. And may my humble dwelling ftand Upon fome chosen spot of land : A pond before, full to the brim, Where cows may cool and geefe may fwim; Behind, a green like velvet neat, Soft to the eye and to the feet; Where od'rous plants in evening fair Breathc all around ambrofial air; From Eurus, foe to kitchen ground. Fenc'd by a flope with bufhes crown'd, Fit dwelling for the feather'd throng, Who pay their quit-rents with a fong a With op'ning views of hill and dale, Which fenfe and fancy too regale. Where the half-cirque, which vision bounds. Like amphitheatre furrounds; And woods impervious to the breeze, Thick phalanx of embodied trees, From hills through plains in dufk array

Extended far, repel the day. Here fullnefs, height, and folemn fhade Invite, and contemplation aid:

* Mr. Glover, the excellent author of Leonidas, Boadices, Medes, &c.

Here

Here nymphs from hollow oaks relate The dark decrees and will of Fate; And dreams beneath the fpreading beech Infance, and docile fancy teach, While fort as breezy breath of wind, Impuntes ruftie through the mind : Here Decads, fcorming Phoebus' ray, While Pan melodious pipes away, In measur'd motions friek about, Till old Silenus puts them out. There fee the clover, pea, and bean, Vie in variety of green; Freth 1 nitures fpeckled o'er with theen. Brow a tielus their fallow fabbaths keep, Plump Ceres golden treffes wear, And poppy top-kuots deck her hair. And filver fireams through meadows firay, And Natids on the margin play And leffer hymphs on fide of hills From play-thing urns pour down the rills.

Thus thelter'd, free from care and firife, May I enjoy a calm through life; See faction, lafe in low degree, As men at land fee ftorms at lea, And laugh at milerable elves, Not kind fo much as to themfelves ; Curs'd with fuch fouls of bale alloy, As can posses, but not enjoy; Debarr'd the pleature to impart By av'rice, fphincler of the heart, Who wealth, hard earn'd by guilty sares, Bequeath untouch'd to thanklefs heirs. May I, with look ungloom'd by guile, And wearing virtue's liv'ry-fmile, Prone the diffretfed to relieve, And little trespasses forgive, With income not in Fortune's pow'r, And fkill to make a bufy hour, With trips to town, life to amufe, To purchase books, and hear the news; To fee old friends, brufh off the clown, And quicken take at coming down, Unhurt by fickness blafting rage, And flowly mellowing in age, When Fate extends its gathering gripe, Fall off like fruit grown fully ripe ; Quit a worn being without pain, Perhaps to bloffom foon again.

But now more ferious fee me grow, And what I think, my Memmius, know.

Thienthufiaft's hope, and raptures wild, Have never yet my teafon foil'd. His fpringy foul dilates like air, When free from weight of ambient care, And, hush d in meditation deep, Slides into dreams, as when alleep; Then, found of new differences grown, Proves a Columbus of her own, Difdains the narrow bounds of place, And through the wilds of endicts fpace, Borne up on metaphylic wings, Chaces light forms and fhadowy things, And in the vague excusion caught, Brings home fome rare exotic thought. The melancholy man fuch dream, As brighteft evidence, effeems; Fain would he fee fome diffant fene Suggefted by his refilefs Spleen, And Fancy's telefcope applies With tinctur'd glafs to cheat his eyes. Such thoughts as love the gloom of night, I clofe examine by the light; For who, though brib'd by gain to lie, Dare fun-beam-written truths deny, And execute plain common fenfe On fanth's mere hearfay evidence?

That superstition mover create. And club its ills with those of fate, I many a notion take to talk, Made dreadful by its vifor-mail Thus fcruple, fpaim of the mind. Is cur'd, and certainty I find. Since optic reason thews me plain, I dreaded spectres of the brain, And legendary fears are gone, Though in tenacious childhood form; Thus in opinions I commence Freeholder in the proper fenfe, And neither fuit nor fervice do, Nor homage to pretenders fbew, Who boatt themfelves by fpurious roll Lords of the manor of the foul; Preferring fenfe, from chin that's bare, To nonfenfe thron'd in whilker'd har.

To thee, Creator uncreate, O Entium Ens ! divinely great ! Hold, Mufe, nor melting pinions sy, Nor near the blazing glory fly, Nor ftraining break thy feeble bow, Unfeather'd arrows far to throw: Through fields unknown not madly frag Where no ideas mark the way. With tender cyes, and colours faint, And trembling hands forbear to paint. Who features veil'd by light can hat? Where can, what has no outline, fit? My toul, the vain attempt forego, Thyfelf, the fitter fubject, know. He wifely fhuns the bold extreme, Who foon lays by th'unequal theme, Nor runs, with wifdom's Syrens caught On quickfands fwail'wing thipwreck'd the But, confcious of his diftance, gives Mute praife, and humble negatives. In one, no object of our fight. Immutable and iminite, Who can't be cruel or unjuft, Calm and refign'd, 1 fix my truft; To him my pait and prefent state I owe, and must my future fate. A firanger into life I'm come; Dving may be our going home, Transported here by angry Fate, The convicts of a prior flate. Hence I no anxious thoughts befow On matters I can never know; Through life's foul way, like vagrant pat, He'll grant a fettlement at laft,

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th fweet cafe the wearied crown, e to lay his being down. 'd to dance th'eternal round ao fooner loft but found, folution foon to come, unge, wipes out life's prefeat fum, ... 't our flate of pow'r bereave tets feries to receive; t hard dealt with here by Fate, ance in another flate. ntcioufnels mult go along, a th'acquittance for the wrong, his creatures mult decree applieds than mifery, uppoted to create, to try what 'tis to hate: an act whi h rage infers, amencis halts, or blindneis errs. ;, thus I fteer my back, and fail 1 keel with gentle gale; n I make my reaton fit, w of pations all fubrit. and bluftling prove fome nights. any puts forth her lights; nce holds the cautious glafs, n the breakers as I pais, quent throws the wary lead, what dangers may be hid; ce in ieven years I'm feen 1 or 1 unbridge, to careen. 1 pleas'd to fee the dolphins play, my compais and my way, ore furficient for relief, fely ftill prepar'd to reef, nting the difperfive bowl dy weather in the foul, (may Heav'n propitious fend ind and weather to the end) becalm'd, nor overblown, oyage to the world unknown.

The Grotto*. Written by Mr. GREEN, the name of Peter Drake, a Fisherman entford.

et hic poffis curvo dignofcere rectum. 1 inter filvas Academi quærere verum. Hor.

r wits Apollo's influence beg, c Grotto makes them all with egg : uling this chalkflone in my neft, train, and lay among the reft.

U a while forfaken flood, ramble in the Delian wood, ay the God my well-meant fong t my fubject's merit wrong. Say, father Thames, whofe gentle pace Gives leave to view what beauties grace Your flow'ry banks, if you have feen The much-lung Grotto of the Queen. Contemplative, forget a while Oxonion towers and Windfor's pile, And Wohley's † pride (his greateft guilt; And what great William fince has built; And flowing faft by Richmond feenes † (Honour'd retreat of two great queens) From || Sion-houfe, whole proud furvey Brow-beats your flood, look crofs the way, And view, from higheft fwell of tide, The milder feenes of Surrey fide.

Though yet no palace grace the fhore To lodge that pair you fhould adore ; Nor abbies, great in ruin, rife, Roval equivalents for vice,-Behold a Grott, in Delphic grove, The Graces and the Mules love. (O, might our Laureat ftudy here, How would he hail his new-born year !) A temple from vainglories free, Whofe goddefs is Philotophy, Whofe fides fuch licenc'd idols crown As fuperflition would pull down; The only pilgrimage I know That men of lenfe would choose to go : Which fweet abode, her wifeft choice, Urania cheers with heavenly voice, While all the Virtues gather round, To fee her confectate the ground. If thou, the God with winged feet, In council talk of this retreat, And jealous gods refentment flow At altars rais'd to men below ; Tell those proud lords of heaven, 'tis fit Their house our heroes should admit; While each exifts, as poets fing, A lazy lewd immortal thing, They must (or grow in difrepute) With earth's first commoners recruit.

Needlefs it is, in terms unfkill'd, To praife whatever Boyle § fhall build; Needlefs it is the bufts to name Of men, monopolifts of fame; Four chiefs adorn the modeft ftone ** For virtue as for learning known; The thinking fculpture helps to raife Deep thoughts, the genii of the place: To the mind's ear, and inward light, Their filence fpeaks and fhade gives light: While infects from the threfhold preach. And minds difpos'd to mufing teach: Proud of ftrong limbs and painted hues, They perifh by the flighteft bruife;

building in Richmond Gardens, erected by Queen Caroline, and committed to the cuffody of Stack. At the time this poen was written, many other verfex appeared on the fame fubject, mpton Court, begun by Cardinal Wolfey, and improved by King William III. en Ann, confort of King Richard II. and Queen Elezabeth, both died at Richmond. 1 Houfe is now a feat belonging to the Duke of Normanberland. hard Hoyle, Earl of Burlington, a nobleman remarkable for his fine taffe in architecture. He

ember 4, 1753he author should have fail five; there being the builts of Newton, Locke, Wollaston, Clarke, and Or maladies, begun within, Deftroy more flow life's frail machine: From maggot-youth through change of fate. They feel like us the turns of Fate; Some born to creep have liv'd to fly, And change earth-cells for dwellings high; And fome that did their fix wings keep, Before they dy'd been forc'd to creep. They politics like ours profes; The greater prey upon the lefs : Some strain on foot huge loads to bring; Some toil incefiant on the wing; And in their different ways explore Wife fense of want by future ftore; Nor from their vigorous schemes defift Till death, and then are never miss'd. Some frolic, toil, marry, increase, Are fick and well, have war and peace, And, broke with age, in half a day Yield to fucceffors, and away.

Let not profane this facred place, Hypocrify with Janus' face ; Or Pomp, mixt state of pride and care; Court kindnets, Falschood's polifh'd ware; Scandal difguis'd in Friendship's veil, That tells, unafk'd, th'injurious tale; Or art politic, which allows The jefuit-remedy for vows; Or prieft, perfuming crowned head, Till in a fwoon Truth lies for dead ; Or tawdry critic, who perceives No grace, which plain proportion gives, And more than lineaments divine Admires the gilding of the fhrine; Or that felf-haunting fpectre Spleen, In thickeft fog the cleareft feen ; Or Prophecy, which dreams a lye, That fools believe and knaves apply; Or frolic Mirth, profanely loud, And happy only in a crowd ; Or Melancholy's penfive gloom, Proxy in contemplation's room.

O Delia! when I touch this firing, To thee my Muse directs her wing. Unfpotted fair ! with downcaft look Mind not fo much the murm'ring brook ; Nor fixt in thought, with footfleps flow Through cyprefs alleys cherifh woe: I fee the foul in pensive fit, And moping like fick linnet fit; With dewy eye, and moulting wing, Unperch'd, averfe to fly or fing; I fee the favourite curls begin (Difus'd to toilet-difcipline) To quit their post, lose their sinart air, And grow again like common hair; And tears, which frequent kerchiefs dry, Raife a red circle round the eye; And by this bur about the moon, Conjecture more ill weather foon. Love not to much the doleful knell: And news the boding night-birds tell; Nor watch the wainfcot's hollow blow; And hens portentous when they crow;

Nor fleeplefs mind the death-watch ber; In taper find no winding-facet: Nor in burat coal a coffin fee, Though thrown at others, meant for the: Or when the corruscation gleams, Find out not first the bloody streams; Nor in impreft remembrance keep Grim tap'ftry figures wrought in fleep; Nor rife to fee in antique hall The moon-light montiers on the wall, And fhadowy fpectres darkly pafs, Trailing their fables o'er the grafs. Let vice and guilt act how they pleafe In fouls, their conquer'd provinces; By heaven's just charter it appears, Virtue's exempt from quartering fears: Shall then arm'd fancies fiercely dreft, Live at diferention in your breast? Be wife, and panic fright difdain, As notions, meteors of the brain; And fights perform'd, illufive fcene! By magic lantern of the fpleen. Come here, from baleful cares releas'd, With Virtue's ticket, to a feaft, Where decent mirth and wildom join'd In ftewardship, regale the mind. Call back the Cupids to your eves; I fee the godlings with furprife. Not knowing home in fuch a plight, Fly to and fro, afraid to light.

Far from my theme, from method far, Convev'd in Venus' flying car, I go compell'd by feather'd fleeds, That fcorn the rein when Delia leads. No daub of clegiac strain Thefe holy wars thall ever stain; As fpiders Irifh wainfcot flee, Falfchood with them fhall difagree: This floor let not the vulgar tread, Who worfhip only what they dread : Nor bigots who but one way fee Through blinkers of authority Nor they who its four faints defance, By making virtue but a name; Nor abstract wit (painful regale To hunt the pig with flippery tail!) Artifts, who richly chace their thought, Gaudy without, but hollow wrought; And beat too thin, and tool'd too much To bear the proof and ftandard touch : Nor fops to guard this fylvan ark With necklace-bells in treble bark : Nor Cynics growl, and fiercely paw The maftiffs of the moral law. Come, Nymph, with rural honours dreft, Virtue's exterior form confest. With charms untarnish'd, innocence Difplay, and Eden shall commence; When thus you come in fober fit, And wifdom is preferr'd to wit; And looks diviner graces tell, Which don't with giggling mufcles dwell; And beauty, like the ray-clipt fun, With bolder eye we look upon;

hall with obfequious mien c wonders the has icen ; r logic armour quit, f to mild perfusion fit; vith free thought difpenfe, crutading against fense; y and the embrace, first league again take place; ils purc, in duty bound, ke the fifters chief furround; all fmile, and round this cell to your light prefiure fwell, ving beauty by her fhoe, its carpet from the dew. , while you his umbrage deck, his acorns in your neck; is civil kiffes gives, s with curls instead of leaves: ing you, believe it spring, ng their vacation fing; 'rs lean forward from their fean : in exchange of fweets; els bearing wreaths descend, as vergers to attend , whole deity intreats to grace its upper feats. ly view our letter'd ftrife, rd us through polemic life; fon vehicled in praise, 's fhots but flightly graze; a your zeal, and find within, iy and you are kin. Virtue is we judge by you; ns right are beauteous too; ig the fole female mind. what is true Nature find : ours bred from fumes declare, ims create tempestuous air, ing tears and hafty rain aven and you ferene again: els through the ftarry fkies ft fuggefied by your eyes; the interpoling fan, w cclipfes firit began : ellipfe from Scarbro's home, s how blazing comets roam; wing colours of the check igin from Phœbus speak; ch how Luna strays above e the care of jealous love ; things we in fcience know ur known love for riddles flow. :! forgive, thus far I ftray, iv attraction from my way at with awe, the foundrefs well these banks delights to dwell; the terrace fee her plain, ke Diana with her train. nen fairly fpeak your mind, sck fince with Ifis join'd, wn, you never yet did fce, in fuch a high degree, s delighted to undrefs; 1 fcepter'd hand carefs; n the friends of freedom prize; in wife men canonize.

§ 93. The Birth and Education of Genins. CAWTHORNE.

YES, Harriet! fay whate'er you can, 'Tis education makes the man: Whate'er of Genius we inherit, Exalted fenfe, and lively fpirit, Muft all be difciplin'd by rules, And take their colour from the fchools.

'Twas nature gave that check to glow, That breaft to rife in hills of fnow, Thofe fweetly-temper'd eyes to fhine Above the fapphires of the mine. But all your more majeflic charms, Where grace prefides, where fpirit warms; That fhape which falls by juft degrees, And flows into the pomp of eale; That ftep, whofe motion forms to fwim, That melting harmony of limb, Were form'd by Glover's fkillful glance, At Chelfea, when you learnt to dance.

'Tis fo with man.—His talents reft Misfhapen embrios in his breaft; Till Education's eye explores The fleeping intellectual pow'rs, Awakes the dawn of wit and fenfe, And lights them into excellence. On this depends the patriot-flame, The fine ingenuous feel of fame. The manly fpirit, brave and bold, Superior to the taint of gold, The dread of infamy, the zeal Of honour, and the public weal, And all thofe virtues which prefage The glories of a rifing age.

Where truth lies hid beneath the veil. One April-morn, as Phœbus play'd His carols in the Delphic fhade, A nymph, call'd Fancy, blithe and free, The fav'rite child of Liberty, Heard, as fhe rov'd about the plain, The bold enthufiaftic ftrain; She heard, and led by warm defire, To know the artist of the lyre, Crept foftly to a fweet alcove, Hid in the umbrage of the grove, And, peeping through the myrtle, faw A handfome, young, celeftial beau, On nature's fopha firetch'd along, Awaking harmony and fong.

Struck with his fine majeffic mien, As certain to be lov'd as feen, Long ere the melting air was o'er She cry'd, in extacy, Encore; And, what a prude will think but odd, Popp'd out, and court'fy'd to the God. Phæbus, gallant, polite, and keen as Each earth-born votary of Venus, Role op, and with a graceful air Addrefs' t the viftenary fair; Excusid his morning-diffiabille, Complain'd of late he had ocen ill. In fhort, he gaz'd, he bow'd, he figh'd, He fung, he flatter'd, prefs'd, and ly'd, With fuch a witchery of art, That Fancy gave him all her heart, Her catechilm quite forget, And waited on him to his grot.

In length of time fhe bure a fon, As brilliant as his fire, the Sun. Pure æther was the vital ray That lighted up his finer clav; The nymphs, the rofy-fingtr'd hours, The dryads of the works and how'rs, The graces with their locfen'd zones, The mufes with their hards and crowns, Young zephyrs of the loffert wing, The loves that wait upon the firing, Wit with his gay aff-clare Mirth, Artended at the infarit's birth, And faid, Let Genius be his name, And his the faireft wreath of fame.

The goffips gone, the chi ft'ming o'er, And Genius now 'twixt three and four, Phœbus, according to the rule, Refolv'd to fend his fon to fchool : And, knowing well the tricks of youth. Relign'd him to the matron Truth, Whofe hut, unknown to pride and pelf, was Near his own oracle at Delphos. The revirend dame, who found the child A little mischievous and wild, Taught him at fift to fpell and read, To fay his prayers, and get his creed-Would often tell him of the fky, And what a crime it is to lve. She chid him when he did ami's, When well, fue blefe'd man with a kifs. Her fifter Temp'rance, fage and quiet, Prefided at his meals and diet : She watch'd him with religious care, And ted him with the fimpleit face, Would never let the urchin sat Of pickled pork, or butcher's meat; But what of almont earth weids In gardens, orchards, wood , and fields; Whate'er of veretable wealth Was cultur'd by the hand of Health, She cropp' I and drefs'd it, as the knew well. In many a mels of foup and gruei; And now and then, to cheer his heart, Indulg'd him with a Sunday's tort.

A lafty peafant chanc'd to dwell Hard by the folitary cell: His name was Labour.—Ere the dawn Had broke upon the upland-lawn, Ile hied him to his daily toil, To turn the glebe, or mend the foil. Whith him young Genius oft wou'd go O'the dreaty waites of ice and fnow With dreaty are climb the cloud-topt hill, Or which arous the fballow till's

Or thro' th'carangled wood purfue The footieps of a di agging ewe. by their rationes he got at length Robuitness and athretic Riength, Spirits as light as fives the gale Along the li y-flive: d vale. The energy health, of dupple flock, Sat radiant on his roly check. And gave each nerve's etalic foring The vigour of an englet's ving. Time now had toil'd, with imogen care Our hero thro' his fevent .. . ca.. Tho' in a lattic cottage b.ed, The buty map had thought and read: He knew di adventures, one by one, Of Rooth Hood and Little John; Could fing with fpinit, warmth, and grace, The woerul huat of Chevy Chace; And how St. George, his fiery nag on, Deftroy'd the vait Egyptian dragon. Chief he admin'd that learned ricce Wrote by the fabulat of Greece, Where wildom fpeaks in crows and cocks, And cunning fneaks into a fox. In thort, as now his op'ning parts, Ripe for the culture of the arts, Became in ev'ry hour acuter, Apoilo look'd out for a tutor; But had a world of pains to find This artist of the human mind. For, in good truth, full many an afs was Among the doctors of Parnaffus, Who fcarce had skill enough to teach Old Lilly's elements of tpeech; And knew as much of men and morals As doctor Rock of ores and corais. At length, with much of thought and care He found a mafter for his heir; A learned man, adroit to fpeak Pure Latin, and your attic Greek: Well known in all the courts of fame, And Criticifin was his name. Beneath a tutor keen and fine as Or Arithotic or Longinus, Beneath a lynx's eye that faw The lighteit literary flaw, Young Genius trod the path of knowledge And grew the wonder of the college. Old authors were his bofom friends-

He had then at his fingers ends-Lecaue an acc'rate imitator Of truth, propriety, and nature; Diplay'd in every juft remark The firong fagacity of Clark; And pointed out the falls and true, With all the tun-beams of Boffs. But though this critic-fage rein'd His pupil's incluctual mind, And ways incluctual mind,

And give him all that keen diferming Which marks the character of learning? Yet, as he read with much of give The trifles of antiquity, And, Bentley-like, would write epithes About the origin of whittes (

DIDACTIC, DESCRIPTIVE, &c.

took his mafter's trim. lentically him; world of pains to teach us 1 first invented breeches; t the Roman focks r'd with a pair of clocks; i ferv'd up with her victuals /enafran pickles; mbis drefs'd in blue, er treffes in a queue. knew what Paulus Jovius, Frævius, and Gronovius fifty folio volumes. Elzevir in columns. w, with pride and joy, provement of his boy more than flight fuspicion, s load of erudition ly his parts at once, im out a letter'd dunce. lad had fill'd his fenfe s of little consequence; e read, with application, every age and nation, with nice precilion, reach metaphors of fpeech; too much, in tru h's defiance, > fictitious fcience, h all his pride and parts, :hanic in the arts, res with a rule and line e meant for great and fine, who faw it right and wife was ict this fatal bias, his fon with mighty hafte, m to the school of Taste. was built by wealth and peace, nce, in Elder Greece, he Stagyrite had writ on the pow'rs of wit. d in all the bloom of youth, in the fhrine of truth. e finer arts were feen ound their virgin-queen. ure, on a bolder plan arble into man. , with a foul on fire, , breath'd along the lyre; ne painter-mufe difplay'd ns of light and fhade. the fate, as Hefiod fings, ublunary things, the Turk, with fword and halters, cligion from her altars, I with a fea of blood ic dome and wood; Faftc, with wings unfurl'd, : in the western world; on the Tufcan main, : muses in his train. m fcene, where Tafte wirldrew, trimm'd her lamp anew; us rag'd in every part ry worlds of art,

And from their finish'd forms refin'd His own congenial warmth of mind, And learn'd with happy skill to trace The magic pow'rs of cafe and grace: His ftyle grew delicately fine, His numbers flow'd along his line. His periods manly, full, and ftrong, Had all the harmony of fong. Whene'er his images betray'd Too ftrong a light, too weak a fhade, Or in the graceful and the grand Confefs'd inelegance of hand, His noble mafter, who could for The flighteft fault with half an eye, Set right by one ethereal touch, What feem'd too little or too much; Till ev'ry attitude and air Arofe fupremely full and fair.

GENIUS was now among his betters Diftinguifh'd as a man of letters. There wanted fill, to make him pleafe, The fplendor of addrefs and eafe, The foul-enchanting mien and air, Such as we fee in Grofvenor-Square, When Lady Charlotte fpeaks and mores, Attended by a fwarm of loves.

GENIUS had got, to fay the truth, A manner aukward and uncouth; Sare fate of all who love to dwell In wifdom's folitary cell : So much a clown in gait and laugh, He wanted but a fcrip and ftaff; And fuch a beard as hung in candles Down to Diogenes's fandals, And planted all his chin fo thick, To be like him a dirty cynic.

Apollo, who to do him right Was always perfectly polite, Chagrin'd to fee his fon and heir Difhonour'd by his gape and ftare, Refolv'd to fend him to Verfailles, To learn a minuet of Marfeilles : But Venus, who had deeper reading In all the mysterics of breeding, Observ'd to Phoebus, that the name Of I op and Frenchman was the fame. French manners were, the faid, a thing which Those grave misguided fools, the English. Had, in defpite of common fenfe, Miftook for nianty excellence; By which their nation ftrangely funk is, And half their nobles turn'd to monkies. She thought it better, as the cafe was, To fend young Genius to the graces : Those fweet divinities, she faid, Would form him in the myrtle fhade; And teach him more, in half an hour, Than Lewis or his Pompadour.

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And when confin'd by winds or fhow'rs, Within their amaranthine bow'rs, They taught him with addrefs and fkill To fhine at ombre and quadrille; Or let him read an ode or play, To wing the gloomy hour away.

GENIUS was charm'd-divinely plac'd 'Midft beauty, wit, politenefs, tafte; And, having every hour before him The fineft models of decorum, His manners took a fairer ply, Exprefiion kindled in his eye; His getture difengag'd, and clean, Set off a fine majeftic mien; And gave his happy pow'r to pleafe The nobleft elegance of cafe.

Thus, by the discipline of art, Genius shone out in head and heart. Form'd from his first fair bloom of youth, By Temp'rance and her fifter Truth, He knew the fcientific page Of every clime and every age; Had learnt with critic-fkill to rein The wildness of his native vein ; 'That critic-skill, tho' cool and chaste, Renn'd beneath the eye of Tafte; His unforbidding mien and air, His aukward gait, his haughty stare, And every stain that wit debases, Were melted off among the graces And Genius role, in form and mind, The first, the greatest of mankind.

§ 94. The Enthusiast. An Ode. WHITEHEAD.

ONCE, I remember well the day, Twas ere the blooming fiveets of May Had loft their fresheft hues When every flower on every hill, In every vale had drank its fill Of funfhine and of dews, In fhort, 'twas that fweet feafon's prime, When Spring gives up the reins of Time To Summer's glowing hand, And doubting mortals hardly know, By whole command the breezes blow Which fan the fmiling land. 'Twas then, befide a green-wood fhade, Which cloath'd a lawn's afpiring head, I urg'd iny devious way. With loit'ring fteps regardlefs where, So foft, fo genial was the air, So wond'rous bright the day. And now my eyes with transport rove O'er all the blue expanse above, Unbroken by a cloud ! And now beneath delighted pafs, Where winding thro' the deep green grafs A full-brim'd river flow'd. I ftop, I gaze ; in accents rude, To thee, ferenest folitude, Burft forth th'unbidden lay; " Begone, vile world, the learn'd, the wife, The great, the bufy, I defpife, And Firy c'en the gay.

These, these are joys alone, I cry; Tis here, divine Philosophy. Thou deign'ft to fix thy throne ! Here Contemplation points the road Thro' Nature's charms to Nature's God! Thefe, thefe are joys alone ! Adieu, ye vain low-thoughted cares, Ye human hopes and human fears, Ye pleafures and ye pains !" While thus I fpake, o'er all my foul A philosophic calmness stole, A ftoic ftilnefs reigns. The tyrant paffions all fublide, Fear, anger, pity, fhame and pride No more my bofom move Yct ftill I felt, or feem'd to feel, A kind of vitionary zeal Of universal love. When lo ! a voice, a voice I hear ! 'Twas Reason whisper'd in my car These monitory strains: "What mean'ft thou man? would'ft there The ties which conftitute thy kind, The pleafures and the pains? The same Almighty Power unseen, Who fpreads the gay or folemn icene To Contemplation's even Fix'd every movement of the foul. Taught every with its deftin'd goal, And quicken'd every joy. He bids the tyrant paffions rage. He bids them war eternal wage, And combat each his foe: Till from diffentions concords rife, And beauties from deformities, And happiness from woe. Art thou not man, and dur'ft thou find A blifs which leans not to mankind? Prefumptuous thought and vain! Each blifs unfhar'd is unenjoy'd, Each power is weak, unless employ'd Some focial good to gain, Shall light and fhade, and warmth and # With those exalted joys compare Which active Virtue feels! When on the drags as lawful prize, Contempt, and Indolence, and Vice, At her triumphant wheels. As reft to labour full fucceeds To man, whilst Virtue's glorious deeds Employ his toilfome day; This fair variety of things, Are merely Life's refreshing springs, To footh him on his way. Enthuliaft go, unftring thy lyre, In vain thou fing'ft if none admire, How fweet foe'er the ftrain. And is not thy o'erflowing mind Unlefs thou mixeft with thy kind, Benevolent in vain? Enthuliaft go, try every fenfe, If not thy blifs, thy excellence, Thou yet haft learn'd to fcan

At leaft thy wants, thy weakness know, And see them all uniting thow,

That man was made for man."

her Francis's Prayer, in a Hermitage. ittire, ne marble hall, ned roof, ne pictur'd wall, Fraunce ne dainty board, ith pyes of perigord, ne fuch like idle fancies, es! grant to Father Francis: more myfelf deceive, gret the toys I leave; I quit, the proud the vain, 's and Ambition's train, : good perdie ! nor fair; n I make ne vow, ne pray'r ; e welcome to my cell, ot always, with me dwell: fweet Saint! a circle round, rom fools this holy ground, c foes to worth and truth, on old and homely youth, y dull and pertly gay: thefe; and by my fay I ween, that in this age fhall prove an hermitage.

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e to Ælla, Lorde of the Castel of Bryte daies of yore. From CHATTERler the name of ROWLEY. orr what remaynes of thee. he darlynge of futurity, ic fonge bolde as this courage be, ftynge to posteritye. [redde hue icya's fonnes, whole hayres of bloudee-cuppes braftynge wythe the mornd ynne dreare arraie, [ing due, the lethale daie, e and wyde onne Watchet's fhore ; ldft thou furiouse stande, hie valvante hande d all the mees wythe gore.

ie thyne anlace felle, the depthe of helle les of Dacyannes went ; ines, menne of myghte, e bloudie fyghte, id deeds full quent.

whereer (thie bones att refte) yte to haunte delyghteth befte, upponne the bloude - embrewedd thou kennft from farre [pleyne, all crye of warre, [fleyne; mme mountayne made of corfe of

he hatchedd fiede, ynge o'er the mede, o beamenged the povnetedd fpeeres; blacke armoure fiaulke arounde, d Bryftowe, once thie grounde

irdurous onn the Caffle ficeres ;

round the mynfterr glare; we ftylle be made this care; [fyre; roinme focmenne and confumynge ones fireme enfyrke ytte rounde, flame enharme the grounde, [pyre. me flame all the whole worlde ex-

· • •

| | § 99. Briflowe Tragedie : Or, the Dethe of Syr Charles Bawdin. | |
|---|---|---|
| | CHATTERTON, under the name of ROWLEY | 1 |
| | THE feather'd fongster chaunticleer Had wounde hys bugle horne, And told the carlie villager The commynge of the morne; | • |
| | Kynge Edwarde fawe the rudie ffreakes Of lyghte eclypte the greie; And heade the raven's crokynge throte Proclayme the fated date. | |
| | "Thou'rt ryght," quod hee, "for, by th "That fytts enthron'd on hyghe! [Godda "Charles Bawdin, and hys fellowes twaine, "To-daie fhall furelie die." | • |
| | Then wythe a jugge of nappy ale Hys Knyghtes dydd onne hynm waite ; "Goe, tell the traytour, thatt to-daie "Hee leaves thys mortall ftate." | |
| | Syr Canterlone thenne bendedd lowe, Wythe hart brymm-fulle of woe; Hee journey'd to the castle-gate, And to Syr Charles dydd goc. | |
| ŀ | But whenne hee came, his children twaine, And eke hys lovynge wyfe, Wythe brinie tears dydd wett the floore, For goode Syr Charleses lyfe. | |
| ł | "O goode Syr Charles !" favd Canterlone, "Badde tydyngs I doe brynge." Speke boldlie, manne,' fayd brave Syr Charles, Whatte fays thie traytor kynge ? | |
| | " I greeve to telle, before yonne fonne "Does fromme the welkinne flye, "Hee hath uponne hys honour fworne, "Thatt thou fhalt furelie die. | |
| | Wee all must die,' quod brave Syr Charles 3 Of thatte I'm not affearde; What bootes to lyve a little space? 'Thanke Jesu, I'm prepar'd : | |
| 1 | Butt telle thye kynge, for myne hee's not, • I'de fooner die to-daie Thanne lyve hvs flavc, as manie are, • Tho' I fhould lyve for aie,' | |
| | Flenne Canterlone het dydd goe out, To telle the maior ftraite Fo gett all thynges ynne reddynefs For goode Syr Charleses fate. | |
| | Thenne Mailterr Canynge faughte the kynge, And felle down onne hys knee, 'I'm come," quod hee, " unto your grace " To move your clemencye." | |
| | Chenne quod the kynge, 'Your tale fpeke oue, 'You have been much oure friende ; Whatever youre requeft may bee, 'Wee wylle to ytte attende.' | |
| | My nobile liege t all my requeft "Ys for a nobile knyghte, Who, tho' mayhap he has donne wronge, "Hee thoughte vite flylle was righte : | |
| | Ff "Het | 6 |

Thenne drie the teares thatt out thyne eye From godlie fountaines fprynge;
Dethe I defpife, and alle the pow'r " Alle rewyn'd are for aie; " Yif thatt you are refolv'd to lett " Charles Bawdin die to daie." Speke nott of fuch a travtour vile, • The kynge ynne fury favde; · Before the cv'ning ftarre doth fheene, Bawdin fhall loofe hys hedde : Juffice does loudlie for hym calle, " And hee thall have hys meede : Speke, Maifter Canynge! Whatte thynge elfe Att prefent doe you neede ?' 44 My nobile liege !' goode Canynge fayde, " Leave justice to our Godde, " And laye the yronne rule afyde; 6 " Be thyne the olyve rodde. " Was Godde to ferche our hertes and reines, " The best were fynners grete; " Chrift's vycarr only knowes ne fynne, " Ynne alle thys mortall ftate: " Lett mercie rule thyne infante reigne, "'Twyle faste thye crowne fulle fure; " From race to race thy familie " Alle fov'reigns shall endure: " But vff wythe bloode ann flaughter thou " Beginne thy infante reigne. " Thy crowne uponne thy childrennes brows 6 Wylle never lonng remayne." Canynge, awaic! thys traytour vile ' Has icorn'd my power and mee; • Howe canft thou thenne for fuch a manne Intreate my clemencye ?? " My nobile liege! the truly brave " Wylle val'rous actions prize ; Refpect a brave and nobile mynde, " Altho' ynne enemies." Canynge, awaie ! By Godde vine Heav'n, • That dydd mee beinge gyvc, • I wylle not tafle a bitt of breade Whilft thys Syr Charles dothe lyve. By Maric, and all Scinctes ynne Heav'n. "Thys funne fhall be hys lafte." Thenne Canvnge dropt a brinie teare, And from the prefence pafte. With herte brymm-fulle of gnawynge grief, Hee to Syr Charles dydd goe, And fatt hymm downe uponne a ftoole, And teares beganne to flowe. • Wee all muft die,' quod brave Syr Charles; Whatte bootes ytte howe or whenne! Dethe ys the fure, the certaine fate Of all wee mortall menne. Save why, my friende, this honeft foul • Runns overr at thyne eve; Is ytte for my most welcome doome • Thatt thou doft child-lyke crye ?*

Quod godlie Canynge, " I doe weepe, " Thatt thou for foone must dye,

- "And leave thy fonnes and helplefs wyfe;
- " 'Tis thys thatt wettes myne eye."

- ' O: Edwarde, traytor kynge. Whan through the tyrant's welcom means I shall refigne my lyfe, The Godde I ierve wylle foon provyde • For bothe mye fonnes and wyfe. Before I fawe the lyghtfome funne, " Thys was appointed mee. Shall inortal manne repyne or grudge Whatt Godde ordernes to bee ? "Howe oft ynne battaile have I ftoode, Whan thoufands dy'd arounde; Whan fmokynge ftreems of crimion bloode Imbrew'd the fatten'd grounde: ' How dydd I knowe that ev'ry darte, ' That cutte the airie waie, ' Myghte nott finde paffage toe my harte; • And clofe myne eyes for aie? And thall I now, for feere of dethe, • Looke wanne and bee dyfmayde? No! fromm my herte flie childyfhe feere, " Bee alle the manne difplay'd. Ah, goddelyke Henrie! Godde forefender And guarde thee and thye fonne, Yff 'tis hys wylle; but yff 'tis nott, Why thenne hys wylle be donne. " My honefte friende, my faulte has beene ' To ferve Godde and mye prynce; And that I no tyme-ferver am, My dethe wylle foone convynce. Ynne Londonne citve was I borne, Of parents of grete note; • My fadyre dydd a nobile arms Emblazon onne hys cote: "I make ne doubte butt hee ys gone Where foone I hope to goe; Where wee for ever thall bee bleft, • From oute the reech of woe : Hee taught mee justice and the laws "Wyth pitie to unite; And eke hee taughte mee howe to know • The wronge caufe fromm the ryghte: Hee taughte mee wythe a prudent hands ' To feede the hungrie poore, · Ne lette mye fervants drive awaie • The hungrie fromme my doore: And none can faye, butt all mye lyfe I have hys wordves ave kept;
- " And fumm'd the actionns of the dais · Eche nyghte before I flept.
- I have a fpouse, goe aske of her, · Yff I defyl'd her bedde?
- " I have a kynge, and none can laie · Blacke treafon onne my hedde.
- Ynne Lent, and onne the holic ever
- Fromm flethe I dydd refrayne ;
- Whie fliould I thenne appeare difmay'd
- · To beave shys workle of payne ?
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* Hee has a spoule and children twaine,

haples Henrie! I rejoyce, " Ah, fweete Syr Charles! why wylt thou goe, halle ne fce thye dethe; willynglic in thye juft caufe e I refign my brethe. ickle people! rewyn'd londe ! iou wylt kenne peace ne moe; le Richard's fonnes exalt themfelves, ye brookes wythe bloude wylle flowe. were ye tyr'd of godlie peace, d godlie Henrie's reigne, t you dydd choppe youre easie daies r those of bloude and peyne ? tte tho' I onne a fledde bee drawne, id mangled by a hynde, lefye the traytor's pow'r, ' Yee officers, lead onne.' e can ne harm my mynde; t tho', uphoifted onne a pole, And dydd her treffes tere ye lymbes fhall rotte ynn ayre, ne ryche monument of braffe arles Bawdin's name fhall bear; ynne the holie booke above, hyche tyme can't eat awai, Shee fellen onne the flore; e, wythe the fervants of the Lorde. y name shall lyve for aie. ne welcome dethe! for lyfe eterne eve thys mortall lyfe: vell, vayne worlde, and all that's deare, ye fonnes and lovynge wyfe ! : dethe as welcome to mee comes e'er the monthe of Maie; woulde I even wyfhe to lyve, yth my dere wyfe to staie.' Canynge, "'Tys a goodlie thynge o bee prepar'd to die; Appeared to the fyghte, from thys worlde of peyne and grefs o Godde ynne Heav'n to flie." owe the bell beganne to tolle, claryonnes to founde; arles he herde the horfes feeto rauncyng on the grounde: ufte before the officers, lovynge wyfe came ynne, inge unfeigned teeres of woe, the loude and dyfmalle dynne. t Florence! nowe I praie forbere, ine quiet lett mee die; Godde, that ev'ry Christian soule aye looke onne dethe as I. t Florence ! why these brinie teeres ? neye washe my soule' awaie, almost make mee wyshe for lyfe, yth thee, fweete dame, to flaie. but a journie I shalle goe noc the lande of blyffe; c, as a proofe of huibandc's love, :ceive thys holie kyffe.' ic Florence, fault'ring ynne her faie, mblynge, these wordyes thee spoke, , cruele Edwarde ! bloudie kyngel And theyre attendynge menne echone, Ay herte ys well nyghe broke : Ffz

" Wythoute thyc lovynge wyfe! " The cruelle axe thatt cuttes thye necke, " Ytt eke shall ende mye lyfe." And nowe the officers came ynne To brynge Syr Charles awaic, Whoe turnedd toe his lovynge wyfe, And thus toe her dydd faie : I goe to lyfe, and nott to dethe; Trufte thou ynne Godde above, And teache thye fonnes to feare the Lorde, • And ynne theyre hertes hym love : Teache them to runne the nobile race ' Thatt I theyre fader runne : Florence ! thou'd dethe thee take-adieu ! Thenne Florence rav'd as anie madde, "Oh! ftaie, my hufbande! lorde | and lyfe !" Syr Charles thenne dropt a tearc. Tyll tyredd oute wythe ravynge loud, Syr Charles exerted alle hys myghte, And march'd fromm oute the dore. Uponne a fledde he mounted thenne. Wythe lookes fulle brave and fwete; Lookes, thatt enfhoone ne moe concern Thanne anie ynne the ftrete. Before hym went the council-menne, Ynne scarlette robes and golde, And taifils fpanglynge ynne the funne, Muche glorious to beholde : The Freers of Seincte Augustyne next Alle cladd ynne homelie ruffett weedes, Of godlie monkyfh plyghte: Ynne diffraunt partes a godlie pfaume Moste sweetlie theye dydd chaunt ; Behynde theyre backes fyx mynftrelles came Who tun'd the ftrunge bataunt. Thenne fyve-and-twentye archers came; Echone the bowe dydd bende, From refcue of kynge Henric's friends Syr Charles forr to defende. Bold as a lyon came Syr Charles, Drawne onne a clothe-layde fledde, Bye two blacke stedes ynne trappynges white, Wyth plumes uponne theyre hedde: Behynde hym five-and-twentye moe Of archers stronge and stoute, Wyth bended bowe echone ynne hande, Marched ynne goodlie route: Seincte Jameses Freers marched next, Echone hys parte dydd chaunt; Behynde theyre backes fyx mynstrelles came, Who tun'd the ftrunge bataunt : Thenne came the maior and eldermenne, Ynne clothe of scarlett deckt;

Lyke eafterne princes trickt :

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And after them a multitude Of citizens dydd thronge The wyndowes were all full of heddes, As hee dydd paffe alonge. And whenne hee came to the hyghe croffe, Syr Charles dvdd turne and faie, • O Thou, thatt faveit manne fromme fynne, " Washe mye soule clean thys daie." Att the grete mynster windowe sat The kynge ynne mycle ftate, To fee Charles Bawdin goe alonge To hys most welcom fate. Soon as the fledde drewe nyghe enowe; That Edwarde hee myghte heare, The brave Syr Charles hee dydd ftande uppe, And thus hys wordes declare: • Thou seeft mee, Edwarde ! traytour vile ! " Expos'd to infamie; " But te affur'd, difloyall manne ! · I'm greaterr nowe thanne thee. Bye foule proceedyngs, murdre, bloude, 'Thou weareft nowe a crowne; 1 And haft appoynted mee to dye, " By power nott thyne owne. " Thou thynkeft I fhall dye to-daie; " I have beene dede tille nowe, And foone fhall lyve to weare a crowne " For aie uponne my browe, • Whylft thou, perhapps for fome few yeares, " Shalt rule thys fickle lande, • To lett thein knowe howe wyde the rule "Twist kynge and tyrant hande: • Thve pow'r unjuft, thou traytour flare ! Shall falle onne thy owne hedde.'---Fromm out the hearyng of the kynge Departed thenne the fledde. Kynge Edwarde's foule rufh'd to hys face; Hee turn'd his head awaie, And to hys broder Glouceffer Hee thus dydd fpeke and faie: " To hym that foe-much-dreaded dethe " Ne ghaftlie terrors brynge: " Beholde the manne! hee fpake the truthe; " Hee's greater than a kynge !" • So lett hym die !' Duke Richard fayde; And maye echone our foes Bende downe theyr neckes to bloudie exe, " And fee le the carryon crowes." And now the horfes gentlie drewe Syr Charles uppe the hyghe hylle! The exe dydd glyfterr ynne the funne, Hys pretious bloode to fpylle. Syr Charles dydd uppe the fcaffold goe, As uppe a gilded carre Of victorye, by val'rous chiefs Gayn'd in the bloudie warre: I Running. 2 Haire ÷. . ·

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| | And to the people hee dydd faie, Beholde you fee mee dye, For fervynge loyally mye kynge, | |
|---|--|---|
| | • Mye kynge moft rightfullie. | • |
| | As longe as Edwarde rules thys lande, Ne quiet you wylle knowe; Your formes and hufbandes fhalle be flayne, And brookes wyth bloude fhalle flowe. | • |
| | You leave youre goode and lawfulle kynge, Whenne ynne adverfitye; Lyke mec, untoe the true caufe ftycke, | , |
| | 'And for the true caufe dye.' | • |
| | Thenne hee, wyth preftes, uponne hys knees, A pray'r to Godde dydd make, 'Befeechynge hym unto hymfelfe Hys partynge foule to take. | • |
| | Then, kneelynge downe, he layd hys heede Moft feemlie onne the blocke; Whyche fromme hys bodie fayre at once The able heddes-manne ftroke! | • |
| • | And oute the bloude beganne to flowe, And rounde the fcaffolde twyne; And teares, enow to wafhe't awaie, Dydd flowe fromme each mann's eyne. | • |
| • | The bloudic exe hys bodie fayre | • |
| | Ynnto foure parties cutte; And ev'rye parte, and eke hys hedde, Uponne a pole was putte. | |
| | One parte dydd rotte on Kynwalph-hylle, One onne the mynfter-tower, And one from off the cafile-gate The crowen dydd devoure : | |
| | The other onne Seyncte Powle's goode gate ' A dieery ipectacle; Hys hedde was plac'd onne the hyghe croffey. Ynne hyghe-ftreete moft nobile. | |
| | Thus was the end of Bawdin's fate : Godde profper long our kynge, And grant hee may, wyth Bawdin's foule, Ynne heav'n Godd's mercie fynge ! | |
| | § 100. The Mynfielles Surge in Ellas | ; |
| | a Tragycal EnterInde. | |
| | CHATTERTON, &c. | |
| | O Synge untoc my roundelaie, O droppe the brynie teare wythe mee! Daunce ne moe atte hallie daie, | |
| | Lycke a revnynge i ryver bee; Mic love ys dedde, Gone to hys death-bedde, | |
| | Al under the wyllowe tree. | |
| | Blacke hys cryne 2 as the wyntere nyght, Whyte hys rode 3 as the formmer fnowe, Rodde hys face as the mornynge lyghte, Cale he lyes ynne the grave belowe; | |
| : | Prate percent Prate percenter - 19 | |

3 Complexion.

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ote hys tongue as the throftle's note, yeke ynne daunce as thought can bee, te hys taboure, codgelle ftote, hee lys bie the wyllowe tree:

Al under the wyllowe tree.

Mic love ys dedde, Gonne to hys deathe-bedde, Alle underre the wyllowe tree:

ke ! the ravenne flappes hys wynge,
he briered dell belowe;
ke ! the dethe-owle loude dothe fynge
the nyghte-mares as heie goe;
Mie love ys dedde,
Gonne to hys deathe-bedde,

Al under the wyllowe tree:

1 the whyte moone fheenes onne hie; syterre ys mie true love's fhroude; syterre yanne the mornynge fkie, syterre yanne the evenynge cloude;

> Mie love ys dedde, Gonne to hys deathe-bedde, Al under the wyllowe tree.

ere, upon mie true love's grave, alle the baren fleurs be layde, : one hallie feyncte to fave the celnefs of a mayde.

> Mie love ys dedde, Gonne to hys death-bedde, Alle under the wyllowe tree.

rthe mie hondes I'll dent the brieres ande hys hallie corfe to gre; phante fairie, lyghte vour fyres, are mie boddie ftylle (challe bee.

> Mie love ys dedde, Gonne to hys death-bedde, Al under the wyllowe tree.

nme, wythe acorne-coppe & thorne, iyne mie hartys blodde awaie; fe & all yttes goode I fcorne, unce bie nete, or feafte by daie.

> Mic love ys dedde, Gonne to hys dcathc-bedde, Al under the wyllowe tree.

ater wytches, crownede wythe reytes 1, re mee to yer leathalle tyde. ic; I comme; mie true love waytes. os the damfelle fpake, and dyed: Mie love ys dedde, Gome to by deathe-builde

Gonne to hys deathe-bedde, Al under the wyllowe tree.

§ 101. Chorus in Goddwyn, a Tragedie. CHATTERTON, &c. TTHAN Freedom, drefte yn blodde-fteyned veste, To everie knyghte her warre-fonge funge, Upon her hedde wylde wedes were ipredde; A gorie anlace by her honge. She daunced onne the heathe; She hearde the voice of deathe ; Pale-eyned affryghte, hys harte of fylver hue, In vayne affayled 2 her bofome to acale 3; She hearde onflemed 4 the fhriekynge voice of woe. And fadneffe ynne the owlet fhake the dale. She shooke the burled 5 speere, On hie fhe jefte 6 her fheelde, Her formen 7 all appere, And flizze 8 along the feelde. Power, wythe his heafod 9 ftraught 10, ynto the fkyes, f ftarre, Hys speere a sonne-beame, and his sheelde a Alyche 11 twaie 12 brendeyng 13 gonfyres 14 rolls hys eyes, war. Chaftes 15 with hys yronne feete and foundes to She fyrres upon a rocke, She bendes before hys fpeere, She ryfes from the fhocke, Wieldyng her own yn ayre. Harde as the thunder dothe fhe drive ytte on, Wytte feillye 16 wympled 17 gies 18 ytte to hys crowne, [ys gon, Hys longe tharpe speere, his spreddyng sheelde He falles, and fallynge rolleth thousandes down. War, goare-faced war, bie envie burld 19 arift 20, Hys feerie heaulme 21 noddynge to the ayre, Tenne bloddie arrowes ynne hys ftreynynge fyftc -§ 102. Grongar Hill, DYER. SILENT Nymph | with curious eye, Who the purple ev'ning lie On the mountain's lonely van,

Beyond the noife of bufy man, .

Painting fair the form of things, While the yellow linnet fings,

Charms the foreft with her tale; Come, with all thy various hues,

Come, and aid thy fifter Mule.

Now, while Phœbus riding high,

Draw the landscape bright and ftrong;

Gives luftre to the land and fky,

Grongar 1 in whole mosfy cells,

Sweetly muting Quiet dwells;

Grongar Hill invite my fong,

Or the tuneful nightingale

3 Freeze. 5 Armed, pointed. 4 Undifinayed. 2 Endeavoured. 1 Water-flags. 8 Fly. 9 Head. 10 Strett hed. 7 Foes, enemics 13 Flaming. Hoifted on high, raifed. 15 Beats, flamps. 16 Clofely. 12 Two. 14 Meteors Like. 20 Arole. 21 Helmet. 18 Guides. Mantled, covered. 19 Armed. Grongar I Ff 3

438 E L E Grongar! in whofe filent fhade, For the modeft Mules made,

So oft I have, the evining fill, At the fountain of a rill Sat upon a flow'ry bed, With my hand beneath my head, While ftray'd my eyes o'er Towy's flood, Over mead and over wood, From houle to houle, from hill to hill, Till Contemplation had her fill.

About his chequer'd fides I wind, And leave his brooks and meeds behind; And groves and grottoes, where J lay, And viftoes fhooting beams of day. Wide and wider fpreads the vale, As circles on a fimoch canal: The mountains round, unhappy fate ! Sooner or later of all height, Withdraw their fummits from the fkies, And leffen as the others rile. Still the prospect wider fpreads, Adds a thouland woods and meads; Still it widens, widens ftill, And finks the newly-rifen hill.

Now I gain the mountain's brow, What a land(cape lies below ! No clouds, no vapours, intervene; But the gay, the open (cene Does the face of Nature flew In all the hues of heaven's bow, And, fivelling to embrace the light, Spreads around beneath the fight.

Old caffles on the cliffs arife, Proudly tow'ring in the fixies; Rufhing from the woods, the fires Seem from hence afcending fires: Half his beams Apollo fheds On the yellow mountain heads, Gilds the fleeces of the flocks; And glitters on the broken rocks.

Below me trees unnumber'd rife, Beautiful in various dies : The gloomy pine, the poplar blue, The yellow beech, the fable yew; The flender fir, that taper grows, The fturdy oak, with broad-fpread boughs; And, beyond the purple grove, Haunt of Phillis, queen of love ! Gaudy as the op'ning dawn, Lies a long and level lawn, On which a dark hill, fteep and high, Holds and charms the wand'ring eye. Deep are his feet in Towy's flood; His fides are cloth'd with waving wood; And ancient towers crown his brow, That caft an awful look below; Whofe ragged walls the ivy creeps, And with her arms from falling keeps: So both a fafety from the wind On mutual dependence find.

'Tis now the raven's bleak abode, 'Tis now th'apartment of the toad; And there the fox flecurely feeds, 'And there the pois'nous adder breeds, Conceal'd in ruins, mois, and weeds; While ever and anon there falls Huge heaps of hoary moulder'd walls. Yet time has feen, that lifts the low, And level lays the lofty brow, Has feen this broken pile complete, Big with the vanity of flate : But transfient is the finile of Fate ! A little rule, a little fiway, A fun-beam in a winter's day, Is all the proud and mighty have Between the cradle and the grave.

And fee the rivers, how they run Thro' woods and meads, in fhade and fm! Sometimes fwift, formetimes flow, Wave fucceeding wave, they go A various journey to the deep, Like human life to endlefs fleep! Thus is Nature's vefture wrought, To infruct our wand'ring thought; Thus flie dreffes green and gay, To difperfe our cares away.

Ever charming, ever new, When will the landfcape tire the view! The fountain's fall, the river's flow, The woody vallies, warm and low; The windy fummit, wild and high, Roughly rufhing on the fky! The pleafant feat, the ruin'd tow'r, The naked rock, the fhady bow'r; The town and village, dome and farm; Each give each a double charm, As pearls upon an Ethiop's arm.

See, on the mountain's fouthern fide, Where the profpect opens wide, Where the evining gilds the tide, How clole and fmall the hedges lie! What fireaks of meadows crofs the eyel A ftep, methinks, may pais the fiream, So little diftant dangers feem ! So we miftake the future's face, Ey'd thro' Hope's deluding glafs. As yon fummit's foft and fair, Clad in colours of the air, Which, to thofe who journey near, Barren, brown, and rough appear; Still we tread the fame cearfe way; The prefent's ftill a cloudy day.

O may I with mytclf agree, And never covet what I fee: Content me with an humble fhade, My pallions tam'd, my wifhes laid; For, while our wifhes wildly roll, We banifh quiet from the foul: 'Tis thus the bufy beat the air, And mifers gather wealth and care,

Now, e'en now, my joys run high, As on the mountain turf I lie; While the wanton zephyr fings, And in the vale perfumes his wings; While the waters murnur deep; While the fhepherd charms his fheep; While the birds unbounded fly, And with mufac fill the fky, Now, e'en now, my joys run high.

ill, ye courts ' be great who will; for Peace with all your skill; vide the lofty door; r on the marble floor: yc fearch, fhe is not there; ye fearch the domes of Carel nd flowers Quiet treads, incads and inountain heads, with Pleafure clofe ally'd, / cach other's fide; ten, by the murm'ring rill,

he thrush, while all is still the groves of Grongar Hill.

A Monody on the Death of his Lady. By GEORGE LORD LYTTLETON.

e cava felans ægrum teftitudine amorem, dulis conjux, te folo in littere ferum, veniente die, te decedente canebat.

ength cfcap'd from ev'ry human eye, om ev'ry duty, ev'ry care, fhare. n my mournful thoughts might claim a :e my tears their flowing ftream to dry; h the gloom of this embow'ring shade, one retreat for tender forrow made, may give my burthen'd heart relief, pour forth all my ftores of grief; f furpaffing every other woe, the pureft blifs, the happieft love on th'ennobled mind beftow, eds the vulgar joys that move ofs defires, inelegant and low.

cd groves, ye gently-falling rills, nigh o'erfhadowing hills, ns, gay-finiling with eternal green, have you my Lucy feen ! ver fhall you now behold her more : will fhe now, with fond delight, fte refin'd, your rural charms explore. are those beautcous eyes in endless night, beauteous eyes, where beaming us'd to fhine 's pure light and Virtue's spark divine.

would the Dryads of these woods rejoice o hear her heavenly voice; her despifing, when the deign'd to fing, he fweeteft longiters of the fpring : woodlark and the linnet pleas'd no more ; The nightingale was mute, And ev'ry thepherd's flute /as caft in filent fcorn away, ile all attended to her fweeter lay. arks and linnets, now refume your fong: And thou, melodious Philomel, Again thy plaintive flory tell; death has stopp'd that tuneful tongue, : mufic could alone your warbling notes excel.

In vain I look around O'er all the well-known ground,

My Lucy's wonted footsteps to defery; Where oft we us'd to walk; Where oft, in tender talk, We faw the fummer fun go down the fky; Nor by yon fountain's fide, Nor where its waters glide Along the valley, can fhe now be found : In all the wide-ftretch'd profpect's ample bound, No more my mournful cye Can aught of her efpy, But the fad facred carth where her dear relics lie, O fhades of Hagley, where is now your boaft? Your bright inhabitant is loft. You the preferr'd to all the gay reforts Where female vanity might wish to shine, The pomp of cities, and the pride of courts. Her modeft beauties fhunn'd the public eye: To your fequester'd dales And flower-embroider'd vales From an admiring world the chole to fly. With Nature there retir'd, and Nature's God, The filent paths of wifdom trou, And banish'd ev'ry passion from her breaft But those, the gentlest and the best, Whofe holy flames with energy divine The virtuous heart enliven and improve, The conjugal and the maternal love. Sweet babes! who, like the little playful fawns, lawns, Were wont to trip along these verdant By your delighted mother's fide Who now your infant steps shall guide ? Ah! where is now the hand, whose tender care To ev'ry virtue would have form'd your youth, [truth ? And firew'd with flow'rs the thorny ways of O lofs beyond repair ! O wretched father ! left alone To weep their dire misfortune, and thy own! How shall thy weaken'd mind, oppress'd with woe. And drooping o'er thy Lucy's grave, Perform the duties that you doubly owe! Now the, alas! is gone, [fave, From folly and from vice their helplefs age to Where were ye, Mufes, when relentlefs Fate From these fond arms your fair disciple tores From these fond arms that vainly frove With hapless ineffectual love, To guard her bofom from the mortal blow ? Could not your favouring pow'r, Aönian maids. [date? Could not, alas! your power prolong her For whom fo oft, in these inspiring shades, Or under Camden's mois-clad mountains hoar, You open'd all your facred flore; Whate'er your ancient fages taught, Your ancient bards fublimely thought, And bade her raptur'd breaft with all your fpirit glow ? Nor then did Pindus or Caftalia's plain, Or Aganippe's fount your fleps detain, Not

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Nor in the Thespian vallies did you play; Nor then on Mincio's bank * Befet with ofiers dank ; Nor where Clitumnus + rolls his gentle ftream; Nor where, thro' hanging woods, Steep Anio ‡ pours his floods; Nor yet where Meles || or Iliffus § ftray. Ill does it now befeem, That, of your guardian care bereft, To dire difeafe and death your darling fhould be left. Now what avails it, that in early bloom, When light fantaffic toys Are all her fex's joys, With you the fearch'd the wit of Greece and Rome; And all that in her latter days, To emulate her ancient praise, Italia's happy genius could produce ; Or what the Gallic fire ۰. Bright fparkling could infpire, By all the Graces temper'd and refin'd; Or what, in Britain's ifle, Moft favour'd with your fmile, The pow'rs of Reafon and of Fancy join'd To full perfection have confpir'd to raite ? Ah! what is now the ufe Of all these treasures that enrich'd her mind, To black Oblivion's gloom for ever now confign'd'! At leaft, ye Nine, her fpotlefs name 'Tis yours from death to fave, And in the temple of immortal Fame With golden characters her worth engrave. Come then, ye virgin fifters, come, And firew with choiceft flowers her hallow'd tomb; But foremost thou, in fable vestment clad, With accents fweet and fad, ra's urn Thou plaintive Muse, whom o'er his Lau-Unhappy Petrarch call'd to mourn; O come, and to this fairer Laura pay A more impaision'd tear, a more pathetic lay! Tell how each beauty of her mind and face Was brighten'd by fome fweet peculiar How eloquent in cv'ry look grace ! Thro' her expressive eyes her foul diffinctly fpoke! 'fin'd. Tell how her manners, by the world re-Left all the taint of modifh vice behind. And made each charm of polifh'd courts With candid Truth's finiplicity, agree And uncorrupted Innocence ! Tell how to more than manly finfe She join'd the foft'ning influence

Of more than female tendernefs : How, in the thoughtlefs days of wealth and joy, Which oft the care of others good deftroy, Her kindly melting heart, To every want and every woe, To guilt itfelf when in diffrefs, The balm of pity would impart, And all relief that bounty could befow ! E'en for the kid or lamb, that pour'd its life Beneath the bloody knife Her gentle tears would fall; ſall. Tears from fweet Virtue's fource, benevolent to Not only good and kind, But ftrong and elevated was her mind : A fpirit that, with noble pride, Could look fuperior down On Fortune's smile or frown; That could, without regret or pain, To Virtue's loweft duty facrifice Or Int'reft or Ambition's highest prize; That, injur'd or offended, never try'd Its dignity, by vengeance, to maintain, But by magnanimous difdain. A wit, that temperately bright, With inoffenfive light All pleafing thone; nor ever paft [hand, The decent bounds that Wifdom's fober And fweet Benevolence's mild command, And bashful Modesty, before it cast. A prudence undeceiving, undeceiv'd, That nor too little nor too much believ'd: That fcorn'd unjuft Sufpicion's coward fear, And, without weakness, knew to be fincere, Such Lucy was, when, in her fairest days, Amidft th'acclaim of universal praise, In life's and glory's freiheft bloom, Death came remorfcless on, and funk her to the tomb. So, where the filent fireams of Liris glide, In the foft bofom of Campania's vale, When now the wint'ry tempefts all are fled, And genial fummer breathes her gentle gale,

The verdant orange lifts its beauteous head; From ev'ry branch the balmy flow'rets rife, On ev'ry bough the golden fruits are feen; With odours fiveet it fills the finiling fkies; The wood-nymphs tend it, and th'Idalian gueen:

But, in the midft of all its blooming pride, A fudden blaft from Apenninus blows,

Cold with perpetual fnows; [and dies. The tender-blighted plant fhrinks up its leaves,

Arife, O Petrarch! from th'Elyfian bow'rs, With never-fading myrtles twin'd, And fragrant with ambrofial flowers, Where to thy Laura thou again art join'd;

- * The Mincio runs by Mantua, the birth-place of Virgil.
- + The Clitumnus is a river of Umbria, the refidence of Propertius.
- The Anio runs t' ro' Tibui or Tivoli, where Horace had a villa.

If The Meles is a river in Ionia, from whence Home, fuppoied to be born on its banks, is called Me'lifigenes.

§ The Ilistus is a river at Athens.

Arife

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LOOK II. Arife, and hither bring the filver lyre, Tun'd by thy skilful hand, To the loft notes of elegant defire, With which o'er many a land Was forcad the fame of thy difaftrous love; To me refign the vocal shell, And teach my forrows to relate Their melancholy tale fo well, [move. As may e'en things inanimate, Lough mountain oaks and defart rocks, to pity What were, alas ! thy woes, compar'd to mine? To thee thy mistrefs in the blifsful band Of Hymen never gave her hand; The joys of wedded love were never thine. In thy domeftic care She never bore a fhare. Nor with endearing art Would heal thy wounded heart Of every fecret grief that fofter'd there: Nor did her foud affection on the bed Of ficknefs watch thee, and thy languid head Whole nights on her unwearied arm futtain, And charm away the fense of pain : Nor did the crown your mutual flame With pledges dear, and with a father's tender name. O beft of wives ! O dearer far to me Than when thy virgin charms Were yielded to my arms; How can my foul endure the lofs of thee? How in the world (to me a defart grown, Abando .'d and alone) Without my fucet companion can I live? Without thy lovely finile, The dear reward of every virtuous toil, What pleafures now can pall'd Ambition give ? E'en the delightful fenfe of well-carn'd praife, Unshar'd by thee, no more my lifeles thoughts could raife. For my diffracted mind What fuccour can I find? On whom for confolation fhall I call? Support me, ev'ry friend; Your kind affiftance lend, To bear the weight of this opprefive woe. Alas! each friend of mine, My dear departed love, fo much was thine, That none has any comfort to beftow. My books, the best relief <u>...</u> In every other grief, Are now with your idea fadden'd all : Each favourite author we together read, My tortur'd memory wounds, and ipeaks of Lucy dead. We were the happiest pair of human kind : The rolling year its various courfe perform'd, And back return'd again : Another, and another, fmiling came, And faw our happinefs unchang'd remain. Still in her golden chain Harmonious Concord did our wifhes bind : Our studies, pleafures, taste, the fame.

O fatal, fatal ftroke! That all this pleafing fabric Love had rais'd Of rare felicity, On which ev'n wanton Vice with envy gaz'd, And ev'ry icheme of blits our hearts had form'd, With foothing hope for many a future day, In one fad moment broke! Yet, O my foul! thy rifing murmurs ftay; Nor dare th'all-wife Difpofer to arraign, Or against his supreme decree With impious grief complain. That all thy full-blown joys at once fbould fade, Was his most righteous will-and be that will obey'd! Would thy fond love his grace to her controul; And, in these low abodes of fin and pain, Her pure exalted foul, Unjuilly, for thy partial good, detain? No-rather firive thy grovelling mind to raile Up to that unclouded blaze, That heavenly radiance of eternal light, In which enthron'd, fhe now with pity fees / How frail, how infecure, how flight, Is ev'ry mortal blifs; Ev'n Love itfelf, if riting by degrees Beyond the bounds of this imperfect fiate, Whole flecting joys fo foon muft end, It does not to its fovereign good afcend. Rife then, my foul, with hope clate, And feek those regions of ferene delight, Whole peaceful path, and ever open gate, No feet but those of harden'd Guilt shall miss: There Death himfelf thy Lucy shall reftore; There yield up all his power, ne'er to divide you more. § 102. A Winter Piece. ANON. T was a winter's evening, and fast came down the fnow, [did blow, And keenly o'er the wide heath the bitter blaft When a danifel all-forlorn, quite bewilder'd in her way, [fay : Preft her baby to her bofom, and fadly thus did

" Oh ! cruel was my father, that fhut his door on me; [fec; And cruel was my mother, that fuch a fight could

And cruch was iny mother, that fuch a light could And cruch is the wint'ry wind, that chills my heart with cold; [for gold!

But crueller than all, the lad that left my love Hush, hush, my lovely baby, and warm thee in

my breaft; [treft; Ah ! little thinks thy father how fadly we're dif-

For cruel as he is, did he know but how we fare, He'd fhield us in his arms from this bitter piercing air.

Cold, cold, my deareft jewel ! thy little life is gone : Oh ! let my tears revive thee, fo warm that trickle down : [they fall : My tears that gufh fo warm, oh they freeze before Ah, wrotched, wretched mother ! thou'rt now berejt of all."

Thes

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Then down fhe funk, defpairing, upon the drifted fnow, [her woe: And, wrung with killing anguifh, lamented loud She kifs'd her baby's pale lips, and laid it by her fide; [head, and died. Then eaft her eyes to Heaven, then bow'd her

§ 105. The School Miftres. In Imitation of Spenser. Shenstone.

Auditæ voces, vagitus et ingens, Infantumque auimæ flentes in limine primo. ViRG.

A H me! full forely is my heart forlorn, To think how modeft worth neglected lies, While partial Fame doth with her blafts adorn Such deeds alone as pride and pompdifguife;

- Deeds of ill fort, and mifchievous emprize : Lend me thy clarion, Goddels! let me try
- To found the praise of merit ere it dies; Such as I oft have chanced to espy,
- Loft in the dreary shades of dull obscurity.
 - In ev'ry village, mark'd with little fpire, Embow'r'd in trees, and hardly known to Fame,
 - There dwells, in lowly shade and mean attire, A matron old, whom we School Mistress name;
 - Who boafts unruly brats with birch to tame : They, grieven fore, in pitcous durance pent, Aw'd by the pow'r of this relentles dame,
 - And oft-times, on vagaries idly bent,
- For unkempt hair, or talk unconn'd, are forely thent.
 - And all in fight doth rife a birchen tree, Which Learning near her little dome did
 - While bearing iteat her here done do While a twig of imall regard to fee, [ftow, Tho' now fo wide its waving branches flow,
 - And work the fimple vaffals mickle woe; For not a wind might curl the leaves that blew, [low;
 - But their limbs fhudder'd, and their pulle beat And as they look'd they found their horror grew,
- And fhap'd it into rods, and tingled at the view. So have I feen (who has not, may conceive)
 - A lifeles phantom near a garden plac'd; So doth it wanton birds of peace bercave
 - Of fport, of fong, of pleature, of repait : They ftart, they ftarc, they wheel, they look
 - aghaft; Sad fervicude! fuch comfortlefs annoy
 - May no bold Briton's riper age e'er tafte !
- Ne fuperfition clog his dance of joy, Ne vision empty, vain, his native bliss destroy.
 - Near to this dome is found a patch fo green, On which the tribe their gambols do difplay;
 - Apd at the door imprising board is feen,
 - Left weakly wights of finaller fize should stray,

Eager, perdie, to bafk in funny day ! The noifes intermix'd, which thence refound,

- Do Learning's little tenement betray;
- Where fits the dame, difguis'd in look profound, [around.
- And eyes her Fairy throng, and turns her wheel

Her cap, far whiter than the driven fnow, Emblem right meet of decency does yield;

- Her apron, dy'd in grain, as blue, I trowe, As is the hare-bell that adorns the field :
- And in her hand, for fceptre, the does wield Tway birchen fprays, with anxious fear entwin'd,
- With dark diftruft, and fad repentance fill'd; And ftedfaft hate, and fharp affliction join'd;
- And fury uncontroul'd, and chastifement unkind.
 - Few but have kenn'd, in femblance meet pourtray'd,

The childish faces of old Æol's train,

- Libs, Notus, Aufter*: thefe in frowns array'd, How then would fare or earth, or fky, or main,
- Were the ftern god to give his flaves the rein? And were not the rebellious breafts to quel, And were not the her itatutes to maintain,
- The cot no more, I ween, were deem'd the cell Fdwell,
- Where comely peace of mind and decens order
 - A ruffet ftole was o'er her fhoulders thrown; A ruffet kirtle fenc'd the nipping air ; 'Twas fimple ruffet, but it was her own:
 - 'Twas her own country bred the lock fo fair;
 - 'Twas her own labour did the fleece prepare; And, footh to fay, her pupils, rang'd around, Thro' pious awe, did term it paffing rare;
 - For they in gaping wonderment abound,
- And think, no doubt, file been the greatest wight on ground.
 - Albeit, ne flatt'ry did corrupt her truth; Ne pompous title did debauch her ear;
 - Goody, good-woman, gotlip, n'aunt, forfooth, Or dame, the fole additions the did hear;
 - Yet these she challeng'd, these she held right dear:
 - Ne would efteem him act as mought behove, Who fhould not honor'd eld with thefe revere;

For never title yet to mean could prove, But there was eke a mind which did that title love,

- One ancient hen she took delight to feed, The plodding pattern of the busy dame,
- Which ever and anon, impell'd by need, Into her felicol, begirt with chickens, came; Such favour did her paft deportment claim:
- And if neglect had lavish'd on the ground Fragment of bread, she would collect the same;
- For well the knew, and quaintly could expound,
- What fin it were to wafte the fmalleft crumb fie found.

* The louth-weft wind, louth, &c.

Herbs

Herbs, too, fhe knew, and well of each could fpeak, That in her garden fipp'd the filv'ry dew; Where no vain flow'r difclos'd a gaudy ftreak, But herbs for use and physic, not a few, Of grey renown, within those borders grew; The tufted bafil, pun-provoking thyme, Fresh baum, and marygold of cheerful hue, The lowly gill, that never dares to climb; nore I fain would fing, difdaining here to rhyme. Yet euphrafy may not be left unfung, That gives dim eyes to wander leagues around, And pungent radifh, biting infant's tongue, And plantain ribb'd, that heals the reaper's wound; And marj'ram fweet, in shepherd's posie found ; And lavender, whole fpikes of azure bloom Shall bc, erewhile, in arid bundles bound, To lurk amidft the labours of her loom, **And** crown her kerchiefs clean with mickle rare perfume. And here trim rofemarine, that whilom crown'd The daintieft garden of the proudeft peer, Erc, driven from its envy'd fite, it found A facred shelter for its branches here; Where edg'd with gold its glitt'ring fkirts appear. O waffel days! O cuftoms meet and well! Ere this was banish'd from its lofty sphere; Simplicity then fought this humble cell, Nor ever would fhe more with thane and lordling dwell. Here oft the dame, on Sabbath's decent eve, Hymned fuch pfalms as Sternhold forth did mete: If winter 'twere, fhe to her hearth did cleave; But in her garden found a fummer-feat: Sweet melody! to hear her then repeat How Israel's fons, beneath a foreign king, While taunting foc-men did a fong entreat, All for the nonce untuning ev'ry ftring, Up-hung their useles lyres-fimall heart had they to fing. For the was juft, and friend to virtuous lore, And pafs'd much time in truly virtuous deed; And in those elfins ears would oft deplore The times when Truth by Popish rage did bleed, And tortious death was true Devotion's meed; And fimple Faith in iron chains did mourn, That nould on wooden image place her creed ; And lawny faints in fmould'ring flames did burn Ah, dearest Lord! forefend thilk days should e'er return. In elbow-chair, like that of Scottifh ftem, By the sharp tooth of cank'ring Eld defac'd, In which, when he receives his diadem, Our fovereign prince and liefest liege is plac'd, * Spenfer.

- The matron fate : and fome with rank the grac'd; [pride !]
- (The fource of childrens and of courtier's Redrefs'd affronts (for vile affronts there pafs'd;)

And warn'd them not the fretful to deride, But love each other dear, whatever them betide.

- Right well she knew each temper to descry ; To thwart the proud, and the submiss to raise;
- Some with vile copper prize exalt on high, And fome entice with pittance fmall of praife; And other fome with baleful fprig the frays: E'en abfent, the the reins of pow'r doth hold, While with quaint arts the giddy crowd the
- fways; Forewarn'd, if little bird their pranks behold, 'Twill whilper in her car, and all the fcene un
 - fold. Lo! now with flate fhe utters the command f
- Eftioons the urchins to their tafks repair; Their books of stature small, they take in hand,
- Which with pellucid horn fecured are, To fave from finger wet the letters fair.
- The work fo gay, that on their back is feen, St. George's high atchievements does declare,
- On which thilk wight that has ygazing been, [ween]
- Kens the forth-coming rod, unpleafing fight I
 - Ah! lucklefs he, and born beneath the beam Of evil ftar! it irks me whilft I write! As erft the bard *, by Mulla's filver ftream.
 - Oft as he told of deadly dolorous plight, Sigh'd as he fung, and did in tears indite;
 - For, brandifying the rod, fhe doth begin To loofe the brogues, the ftripling's late de-
 - light!
- And down they drop; appears his dainty Fair as the furry coat of whitest ermilin. [skin,
 - O ruthful scene! when from a nook obscure His little fister doth his peril sce;
 - All playful as the fat, the grows demure; She finds full foon her wonted fpirits flee; She meditates a pray'r to fet him free;
 - Nor gentle pardon could this dame deny (If gentle pardon could with dames agree)
 - To her fad grief that fwells in either eye,
- And wrings her fo, that all for pity fhe could die. No longer can the now her thricks command :
 - And hardly the forbears, thro' awful fear,
 - To rushen forth, and, with presumptuous hand, To stay harsh justice in its mid career,
 - On thee the calls, on thee, her parent dear! (Ah! too remote to ward the fhameful blow!) She fees no kind domeftic vifage near,
 - And foon a flood of tears begin to flow,
- And gives a loofe at laft to unavailing woe. But ah! what pen his piteous plight may trace !
 - Or what device his loud laments explain ? The form uncouth of his difguiled face?
 - The pallid huc that dyes his looks amain !

The plenteous flow'r that does his cheek diftain?

When he in abject wife implores the dame, Ne hopeth aught of fweet reprieve to gain;

- Or when from high flie levels well her aim, And thro' the thatch his cries each falling ftroke proclaim.
 - The other tribe, aghaft, with fore difmay Attend, and con their tafks with mickle
- By turns, aftony'd, ev'ry twig furvey, [care; And from their fellow's hateful wounds beware, [fhare;
- Knowing, I wift, how each the fame may Till fear has taught them a performance meet.
- And to the well-known cheft the dame repair, Whence oft with fugar'd cates fledoth 'em greet, [fiveet !
- And gingerbread y-rare, now, certes, doubly
 - See, to their feats they hye with merry glee, And in befeemly order fitten there,
 - All but the wight of bum y-galled; he [chair Abhorreth bench, and ftool, and fourm, and (This hand in mouth y-fix'd, — that rends
- his hair) [breaft, And eke with fnubs profound, and heaving
- Convultions intermitting! does declare His grievous wrong, his dame's unjuft beheft, [carefs'd.
- And fcorms her offer'd love, and fhuns to be
 - His face beforent, with liquid cryftal fhines;
 - His blooming face, that feems a purple flow'r, Which low to earth its drooping head declines, All imear'd and fully'd by a vernal flow'r.
 - O the hard bofoms of delpotic pow'r ! All, all, but fbe, the author of his fhame;
 - All, all but fhe, regret this mournful hour : Yet hence the youth, and hence the flow'r,
- fhall claim, If fo I deem aright, transcending worth and fame.
 - Behind fome door in melancholy thought, Mindlefs of food, he, dreary caitiff! pines;
- Ne for his fellows joyaunce careth aught, But to the wind all merriment religns, And deems it fhame if he to peace inclines;
 - And many a fullen look afkaunce is fent, Which for his dame's annoyance he defigns;
- And ftill the more to pleafure him fhe's bent, The more doth he, perverfe, her 'haviour paft refent.
- Ah, me! how much I fear left pride it be! But if that pride it be, which thus infpires, Beware ye dames! with nice differnment, fee
 - Ye quench not too the iparks of nobler fires : Ah ! better far than all the Mufes lyres
 - (All coward arts) is valour's gen'rous heat; The firm fix'd breaft which fit and right requires,

Like Vernon's patriot foul, more justly great Than craft that pumps for ill, or flow'ry false deceit.

- Yet, nurs'd with skill, what dazzling fruits appear !
- E'en now fagacious forefight points to flow A little bench of heedlefs bifhops here,
- And there a chancellor in embryo,
- Or bard fublime, if bard may e'er be fo; As Milton, Shakefpeare, names that ne'er fhall die!
- Tho'now he crawls along the ground fo low; Nor weeting how the Mufe fhould foar on high, [fly,
- Wisheth, poor starv'ling elf! his paper kite may
 - And this, perhaps, who cens'ring the defign, Low lays the houfe which that of cards doth build,
 - Shall Dennis be ! if rigid Fates incline ; And many an epic to his rage fhall yield,
 - And many a poet quit th'Aonian field : And four'd by age, profound he fhall appear,
 - As he who now, with 'fdainful fury thrill'd, Surveys mine work, and levels many a freer,
- And furls his wrinkly front, and crics, ' What ftuff is here ?'
 - But now Dan Phoebus gains the middle fky, And Laberty unbars her prifon door;
 - And, like a rushing torrent, out they fly,
 - And now the graily cirque han cover d o'er With boift'rous revel-rout and wild uproar.
 - A thousand ways in wanton rings they run; Heav'n shield their short-liv'd pastimes, I implore !
- For well may Freedom erft fo dearly won, Appear to Britishelf more gladsome than thefun.
 - Enjoy poor imps ! enjoy your fportive trade, And chace gay flics, and cull the faireft flow'rs,
 - For when my bones in grafs-green fods are laids For never may ye tafte more carelefs hours In knightly caftles or in ladies bow'rs.
 - O vain to feek delight in earthly things? But moft in courts, where proud Ambition tow'rs; [fpring
- Deluded wight! who weens fair peace can Beneath the pompous dome of kefar or of king.
 - See in each fprite fome various bent appear! Thefe rudely carol most incondite lay;
 - Those faunt'ring on the green with jocund leer, Salute the ftranger paffing on his way :
 - Some builden fragile tenements of clay; Some to the flanding lake their couries bend,
 - With pubbles finooth, at duck and drake to play; Thilk to the huxter's fav'ry cottage tend,
- In paftry kings and queens th'allotted mite to fpend.
 - Here, as each feafon yields a different ftore, Each feafon's ftores in order ranged been ;
 - Apples with cabbage-net y-cover'do'er, [feen; Galling full fore th'unmoney'd wight, are

DIDACTIC, DESCRIPTIVE, &c. BOOK II. • The morn that lights you, to your loves fupplies And goofeb'rie, clad in liv'ry red or green : ' Each gentler ray, delicious to your cyes ; And here of lovely dye the Cath'rine pear; " For you those flow's ther fragrant hands bestow, Fine pear ! as lovely for thy junce I ween; " And yours the love that kings delight to know. O may no wight e'er pennylefs come there, Yct think not thefe, all beauteous as they are, Left fmit with ardent love, he pine with hopelets 7 " The beft kind bleffings Heav'n can grant the care ! "Who truft alone in beauty's feeble ray, [fair: See cherries here, ere cherries vet abound, Boaft but the worth Balicia's + pearls difplay! With thread fo white in tempting polics ty'd, Drawn from the deep, we own the furface Scatt'ring, like blooming maid, their glances Ŀ ' bright; sound. But, dark within, they drink no luftrous light. With pumper'd look draw little eyes afide, ' Such are the maids, and tuch the charms they And muit de bought, tho' penury betide ! . By fente una ded, or to virtue loft. / boaft a The plumb all azure, and the nutall brown; ' Self-flatt'ring fex ! your hearts believe, in vain, And Love, each feation, do those cakes abide, ' That love shall blind, when once he fires the Whole honour'd names the inventive city " Or hope a lover by your faults to win, [fwaid] 5. [known *. own. As fpots on crmin beautify the fkin : Rend'ring thro' Britain's ifle Salopia's praifes Who feeks fecure to rule, be first her care Admi: 'd Salopia! that with venial pride[wave, Each fofter virtue that adorns the fair ; -Ercs her bright form in Severn's ambient " Each tender pation man delights to find -Fam'd for her toval cares in perils try'd; [brave : • The lov'd perfection of a female mind. [reign. Her daughters lovely, and her ftriplings Blefs'd were the days when wifdom held her Ah! midit the reft, may flow'rs adorn his grave And thepherd. tought her on the filent plain ; Whof: a: t did firft thefe dulcet cares duplay! With Truth the wedded in the fecret grove ; A motive fair to Learning's imps he gave, ' Immortal Truth ! and daughters blets'd their 1 Who cheerlefs o'er her darkling region ftray, · love. Till Reafon's morn arife, and light them on their " O hafte, fair maids ! ye Virtues come away! 1 Sweet Peace and Plenty lead you on your way! way. 7. " The balmy fhrub for you fhall love our fhore, 5 ' By Ind excell'd, or Araby, no more. Ē § 106. Oriental Eclogues. By Mr. Collins. · Loft to our fields, for fo the fates ordain, -: • The dear deferters fhall return again. ECLOGUE I. . Come thou, whole thoughts as himpid fpringe z Selim; or, the Shepherd's Moral. 4 arc clear; ż ' To lead the train, iweet Modefty, appear: Scene, a Valley near Bugdat. - Time, the

Morning.

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 \mathbf{Y}^{E} Perfian maids, attend your Poet's lays,

And hear how shepherds pass their golden ' days.

[tains | "Not all are blefs'd whom Fortune's hand fuf-

• With wealth in courts, nor all that haunt the • plains :

• Well may your hearts believe the truths I tell ;

"Tis virtue makes the blifs where'er we dwell." Thus Selim fung, by facred truth infpir'd; Nor praife, but fuch as Truth befrow'd, defir'd: Wife in himfelf, his meaning fongs convey'd, Informing morals to the thepherd maid; Or taught the finaine that fureft blifs to find,

What groves nor fireams beflow - a virtuous mind.

When fweet and blufhing, like a virgin bride, The radiant morn refum'd her orient pride; When wanton gales along the vallies play, Breathe on each flow'r, and bear their fwcets

- By Tygris' wand'ring ways he fat, and fung This uleful leffon for the fair and young :
- "Ye Perian dames,' he faid, ' to you belong
- (Well may tney pleafe) the morals of my fong: No fairer mai is, I truft, than you are found, " Grac'd with foft arts, the peopled world around!

* * Shrewibury cakes,

" Here make thy court amidit our rural fcene, And thepherd girls thall own thee for their "With thee be Chaftity, of all afraid, [quein. " Distructing all, a wife fulpicious maid ; "But man the molt-not more the mountain doe

" Holds the fwift falcon for her deadly foe. [dew; 'Cold is her breat, like flow'rs that drink the

- 6 A filken veil conceals her from the view.
- No wild defires amidit thy train be known,
- " But Faith, whole heart is fix'd on one alone :
- ' Defponding Mecknefs, with her down-caft
- And friendly Pity, full of tender fighs; [eves, And Love the latt. By these your hearts ap-
- prove;
- ' Thefe are the virtues that must lead to love.' Thus fung the fwain ; and ancient legends lay,

The maids of Bagdat verify'd the lay: Dear to the plains, the Virtues came along;

The thepherds lov'd, and Selim blefs'd his tong.

§ 107. Oriental Eclogues. By Mr. COLLINS. ECLOGUE II. Haffan; or the Camel-Driver.

Scene, the Do fant. - Time, Mid-Day.

I N filent horror, o'er the boundlets wafte, The driver Haffan with his camels pafs'd :

+ The Gulf of that name, famous for the pearly - fifteery -

One crufe of water on his back he bore; And his light ferip contain'd a feanty ftore : A fan of painted feathers in his hand, To guard his shaded face from scorching fand. The fultry fun had gain'd the middle fky, And not a tree, and not an herb was nigh : The beafts with pain their dufty way purfue, Shrill roar'd the winds, and dreary was the view! With defp'rate forrow, wild, th'affrighted man Thrice figh'd, thrice ftruck his breaft, and thus

- began: Sad was the hour, and luckless was the day, When first from Schiraz' walls I bent my
- (way I • Ah ! little thought I of the blafting wind,
- "The thirst, or pinching hunger that I find !
- Bethink thee, Haffan, where thall thirft affwage,
- . When fails this crufe, his unrelenting rage;
- Soon fhall this fcrip its precious load refign;
- Then what but tears and hunger shall be thine?
- "Ye mute companions of my toils, that bear • In all my griefs a more than equal fhare !
- · Here, where no fprings in murmurs break away,
- Or mole crown'd fountains mitigate the day,
- . In vain ye hope the green delights to know,
- . Which plains more blefs'd, or verdant vales · beftow :
- Here rocks alone, and tafteless fands are found,
- And faint and fickly winds for ever howl 'around.
 - " Sad was the hour, and lucklefs was the day, When first from Schiraz' walls I bentmy • way !

* Curft be the gold and filver which perfuade

- * Weak men to follow far-fatiguing trade !
- The lily Peace outfhines the filver flore ;
- And life is dearer than the golden ore:
- Yet money tempts us o'er the defart brown,
- To every diftant mart and wealthy town.
- Full oft we tempt the land, and oft the fea ;
- And are we only yet repaid by thee?
- Ah I why this ruin fo attractive made?
- Or why, fond man, to eafily betray'd ?
- " Why heed we not, while mad we hafte along,
- The gentle voice of Peace, or l'leafure's fong ?
- " Or wherefore think the flow'ry mountain's fide,
- The fountain's murmurs, and the valley's ' pride;
- "Why think we there lefs pleafing to behold
- Than dreary defarts, if they lead to gold ?
 - · Sad was the hour, and luckles was the day, When first from Schiraz' walls I bent my • way I
 - O ceafe my fears I --- all frantic as I go,
- "When thought creates unnumber'd fcenes of
- What if the Lion in his rage I meet ! [woe.
- · Oft in the duft I view his printed feet :
- And, fearful ! oft, when day's declining light
- Yields her pale empire to the mourner Night,
- * By hunger rouz'd, he foours the groaning plain,

- Before them Death, with thricks, directs their way !
- Fills the wild yell, and leads them to their prey. Sad was the hour, and lucklefs was the day, "When first from Schiraz' walls I bent my • way !
- ' At that dead hour the filent afp fhall creep, ' If aught of reft I find upon my fleep :
- ' Or some swoln serpent twift his scales around,
- And wake to anguish with a burning wound.
- ' Thrice happy they, the wife contented poor;
- ' From luft of wealth, and dread of death fecure!
- ' They tempt nodefarts, and no griefs they find ;
- ' Peace rules the day where Reafon rules the · mind.
 - Sad was the hour, and lucklefs was the day,
 - " When first from Schiraz' walls I bent my • way!
- ' O haples youth ! for the thy love hath won,
- ' The tender Zara shall be most undone !
- ' Big fwell'd my heart, and own'd the powerful [faid : ' inaid,
- ' When fast she dropp'd her tears, and thus she "Farewell the youth, whom fighs could not ' detain ;
- "Whom Zara's breaking heart implor'd in vain;
- "Yet as thou go'ft, may ev'ry blaft arife,
- "Weak and untelt as these rejected fighs !
- "Safe o'er the wild, no perils may'ft thou fee;
- "No griefs endure, nor wcep, false youth, like
- · O let me fafely to the fair return, [me !"
- ' Say, with a kifs, fhe must not, shall not mourn!
- O let me teach my heart to lole its fears,
- "Recall'd by wifdom's voice and Zara's tears !" He faid; and call'd on Heaven to blefs the [way. · dav When back to Schiraz' walls he bent his

 - § 108. Oriental Eclogues. By Mr. Collins. ECLOGUE III.

Abra; or the Georgian Sultana.

Scene, a Forest - Time, the Evening.

In diftant view along the level green; [feen, While evening dews enrich the glitt'ring glade, And the tall forefts caft a longer fhade : What time 'tis fweet o'cr fields of rice to ftray, Or fcent the breathing maize at fetting day; Amidst the maids of Zagen's peaceful grove, Emyra fung the pleafing cares of love.

Of Abra first began the tender strain, Who led her youth with flocks upon the plains At morn the came, those willing flocks to lead Where lilies rear them in the wat'ry mead : From early dawn the live-long hours the told Till late at filent eve the penn'd the fold. Deep in the grove, beneath the fecret fhade. A various wreath of od'rous flowers the made Gay motley'd pinks and fweet jonquils the choic* " Gaunt wolves and fullen Tygers in his train : | The violet blue that on the mofs-bank grows;

That these flowers are found in very great abundance in some of the provinces of Persia, see the Modern Mistory of the ingenious Mr. Salmon, <u>ai</u>

All fweet to fenfe, the flaunting rofe was there: The finish'd chaplet well adorn'd her hair.

Great Abbas chanc'd that fated morn to ftray, By love conducted from the chace away: Among the vocal vales he heard hersfong, And fought the vales and echoing groves among. At length he found and woo'd the rural maid; She knew the monarch, and with fear obey'd.

· Be ev'ry youth like royal Abbas mov'd,

• And ev'ry Georgian maidlike Abralov'd!'

The royal lover bore her from the plain; Yet fill her crook and bleating flock remain: Oft as the weat the backward turn'd her view, And bade that crook and bleating flock adieu. Fair happy maid! to other fcenes remove; To richer fcenes of golden pow'r and love! Go leave the fimple pipe and thepherd's firain; With love delight thee, and with Abbas reign.

" Be ev'ry youth like royal Abbas mov'd,

• And ev'ry Georgian maidlike Abra lov'd!' Yet, midft the blaze of courts fhe fix'd her love On the cool fountain or the fhady grove; Still, with the fhepherd's innocence her mind To the fiveet vale and flow'ry mead inclin'd : And oft a Spring renew'd the plains with flow'rs, Breath'd his fort gales, and led the fragrant

hours; With fure return fhe fought the fylvan fcene, The breezy mountains and the foreits green. Her maids around her mov'd, a dutcous band ! Each bore a crook all rural in her hand: Some fimple lay of flocks and herds they fung; With joy the mountain and the foreft rung.

Be ev'ry youth like royal Abbas mov'd,

• And ev'ry Georgian maid like Abra lov'd!' And oft the royal lover left the care And thorns of flate, attendant on the fair; Oft to the thades and low roof'd cots retir'd, Or fought the vale where firft his heart was fir'd: A ruffet mantle, like a fwain, he wore, And thought of crowns and bufy courts no more.

" Be ev'ry youth like royal Abbas mov'd,

And ev'ry Georgian maid like Abra lov'd!'

Blefs'd was the life that royal Abbas led : Sweet was his love, and innocent his bed. What if in wealth the noble maid excel; The fimple fhepherd-girl can love as well. Let those who rule on Persin's jewell'd throne Be fam'd for love, and gentleft love alone; Or wreathe, like Abbas full of fair renown, The lover's myrtle with the warrior's crown. Chappy days!' the maids around her fay: O happy days!

'Be cv'ry youth like royal Abbas mov'd,

" And cv'ry Georgian maid like Abra lov'd!"

§ 109. Oriental Eclogues. By Mr. Collins. ECLOGUE IV.

Agib and Secander; or, the Fugitives.

Scene, a Mountain in Circa/fia. — Time, Midnight.

IN fair Circaília, where, to love inclin'd, Each fwain was blefs'd, for ev'ry maid was kind;

At that fill hour, when awful midnight reigns, And none but wretches haunt the twilight plains; What time the moon had hung her lamp on high; And país'd in radiance thro' the cloudlefs fky : Sad o'er the dews two brother fhepherds fled; Where wild'ring fear and defp'rate forrow led.' Faft as they prefs'd their flight, behind them lay Wide ravag'd plains, and vallies floe away. Along the mountain's bending fide they ran ; Till faint and weak, Secander thus began;

SECANDER:

O ftay thee, Agib, for my feet deny, No longer friendly to my life, to fly. Friend of my heart, O turn thee and furvey; Trace our fad flight thro' all its length of way! And firft review that long-extended plain, And yon wide groves, already país'd with pain ! Yon ragged cliff, whofe dang'rous path we try'd! And laft this lofty mountain's weary fide !

ÀGIB.

Weak as thou art, yet haplefs muft thou know The toils of flight, or fome feverer woe ! Still as I hafte, the Tartar fhouts behind, And fhricks and forrows load the fadd'ning winds In rage of heart, with ruin in his hand, He blafts our harvefts and deforms our land. Yon citron grove, whence firft in fear we came, Drops its fair honors to the conqu'ring flame s Far fly the fivains, like us, in deep defpair, And leave to ruffian bands their fleecy care.

SECANDER.

Unhappy land ! whose bleffings tempt the fword;

In vain, unheard, thou call'ft thy Perfian lord t In vain thou court'ft him, helplefs, to thine aid, To fhield the fhepherd and protect the maid! Far off, in thoughtlefs indolence refign'd, Soft dreams of love and pleafure foothe his minds Midft fair fultanas loft in idle joy, No wars alarm him, and no fears annoy.

AGIB.

Yet these green hills, in summer's fultry hear, Have lent the monarch oft a cool retreat. Sweet to the fight is Zabra's flow'ry plain, And once by maids and shepherdslov'd in vain' No more the virgins shall delight to rove By Sargis' banks, or Irwan's fhady grove; On Tarkie's mountain catch the cooling gale, Or breathe the fweets of Aly's flow'ry vale; Fair scenes! but ah 1 normore with peace possible With case alluring, and with plenty bles'd. No more the fineherd's whit'ning tents appear, Nor the kind products of a bounteous year; No more the date, with showy blosforms crown'd; But ruin spreads her baleful fires around.

SECANDER.

In vain Circaffia boafts her fpicy groves, For ever fam'd for pure and happy lover in In vain the boafts her faireft of the faireft of Their eyes blue languift, and their go Those eyes in tears their fruitless grief must fend; Those hairs the Tartars cruel hand shall rend.

AGIE.

Ye Georgian fwains, that piteous learn from Circaflia's ruin, and the watte of war; [far Some weightier arms than crooks and ftaffs prepare,

To fhield your harveft, and defend your fair : The Turk and Tartar like defigns purfue, Fix'd to defiroy, and fiedfaft to undo. Wild as his land, in native defarts bred, By luft incited, or by malice led, The villain Arab, as he prowls for prey, Oftmarks with blood and watting flames the way; Yet none fo cruel as the Tartar foe, To death inur'd and nurs'd in ficures of woc.

A thriller thrick, and nearer fires appear'd; Th'attrighted thepherds, thro'the dews of night; Wide o'er the moon-light hills' renew'd their flight.

" Things unattempted yet, in profe or rhyme;"

A Shilling, Breeches, and Chimeras dire.

HAPPY the man, who, void of are and strife, In filken or in leathern purfe retains A Splendid Shilling. He nor hears with pain New oviters cry'd, nor fighs for cheerful ale : But with his friends, when nightly mifts arife, To Juniper's Magpye, or Town Hall repairs; Where, mindful of the nymph, whofe wanton eye 'Iransfix'd his foul, and kindled amorous flames, Chloc, or Phillis, he cach circling glafs Witheth her health and joy, and equal love. Meanwhile he finokes, and laughs at merry tale, Or pun ambiguous, or conundrum quaint. But I, when griping penury furrounds, And hunger, fure attendant upon want, With fcanty offals, and finall acid tiff (Wretched repaft 1) my meagre courfe fuftain; Then folitary walk, or doze at home In garret vile, and with a warming puff Regale chill fingers; or, from tube as black As winter chimner, or well-polifh'd jet, Exhale Mundungus, ill-perfuming fcent ; Not blacker tube, nor of a fhorter fize, Smokes Cambro-Britain (vers'd in pedigree, Sprung from Cadwallader and Arthur, kings

Full famous in romantic tale) when he O'er many a craggy hill and barren cliff, Upon a cargo of fam'd Ceftrian cheefe, High over-fhadowing rides, with a defign To vend his wares, or at th'Arvonian mart, Or Maridunum, or the ancient town Yelep'd Breehinia; or whete V ga's fream Eacircles Ariconium, fruitful foil, Whence flow neftarcous wines, r'at well may vie With Maffic, Setin, or renown'd Falern.

Thus, while my joylet's minutes tedious flow, With looks demure and filent pace, a Dun, Norrible monther ! hated by gods and men,

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To my acrial citadel afcend:: With vocal heel thrice thund'ring at my gates, With hideous accent thrice he calls; I know The voice ill-boding, and the folemn found. What fhould I do? or whether turn ? Amaz'd, Confounded, to the dark receis I fly Of wood-hole; ftraight my briftling hairs creft Thro' fudden fear; a chilly fweat bedews My fludd'ring limbs, and (wonderful to tell !) My tongue forgets her faculty of fpeech; So horrible he teens ! His faded brow [beard, Entrench'd with many a frown, and conick And fpreading band, admir'd by modern faints, Difaft'rous acts forebode; in his right hand Long fcrolls of paper folemnly he waves, With characters and figures dire inferib'd, Grievous to mortal eyes ; (ye gods, avert Such plagues from righteous men !) Behind him Another monfter, not unlike himfelf, fitalks Sullen of afpect, by the vulgar call'd A Catchpole, whole polluted hands the gods With force incredible, and magic chaims, Erst have endu'd. If he his ample palm Should haply on ill-fated shoulder lay Of debtor, firaight his body, to the touch Obsequious (as whilom knights were wont) To fome inchanted caftle is convey'd, Where gates impregnable, and coercive chains, In durance strict detain him, till, in form Of money, Pallas fets the captive free.

Beware, ye debtors! when ye walk beware, Be circumfpect; oft with infidious ken This caitiff eyes your steps aloof and oft, Lics perdue in a nook or gloomy cave, Prompt to inchant fome inadvertent wretch With his unhallow'd touch. So (poets fing) Grimalkin, to domeftic vermin fworn An everlafting foe, with watchful eye Lies nightly brooking o'er a chinky gap, Protending her fell claws, to thoughtlefs mice Sure ruin. So her difembowell'd web Arachne in a hall or kitchen fpreads, Obvious to vagrant flies; fhe fecret flands Within her woven cell! the humming prey, Regardless of their fate, rush on the toils Inextricable, nor will aught avail Their arts, or arms, or shapes of lovely hue ! The wafp infidious, and the buzzing drone, And butterfly proud of expanded wings Diftinct with gold, entangled in her fnares, Utelets refiftance make: with eager ftrides, She tow'ring flies to her expected fpoils; Then with envenom'd jaws the vital blood Drinks of reluctant foes, and to her cave Their bulky carcafes triumphant drags.

So pais my days. But when nocturnal fnades This world invelope, and th'inclement air Perfuades men to repel benumbing frons [wood; With pleafant wines, and crackling blaze of Mc lonely fitting, nor the glimmering light Of make-weight candle, nor the joyous talk Of loving friend, delights; diftrefs'd, forlorn; Amidit the horrors of the tedious night, Darkling I figh, and feed with difmal thoughts My anxious mind; or forsetwee mournful verfe

ind fing of groves and myrtle shades, 'rate lady near a purling ftream, r pendent on a willow-tree. nile I labour with eternal drought. tlefs wifh and rave; my parched throat > relief, nor heavy eyes repofe : flumber haply does invade ry limbs, my fancy's still awake, tful of drink, and eager, in a dream, imaginary pots of ale, -- awake, I find the lettled thirst wing, and the pleafant phantom curfe.) I live from pleafure quite debarr'd, e the fruits that the fun's genial rays john-apple, nor the downy peach. nut in rough-furrow'd coat fecure, llar fruit delicious in decay. ins great ! yet greater ftill remain; igatkins, that have long withflood ster's fury and encroaching frofts, fubdu'd (what will not time fubdue!) id chaim disclose, with orifice lifcontinuous; at which the winds, nd Aufter, and the dreadful force as, that congcals the Cronian waves. uous enter with dire chilling blafts, ing agues. Thus a well-fraught thip, il'd fecure, or thro' th'Ægean deep, ionian, till cruifing near ybean thore, with hideous cruth la, or Charybdis (dang'rous rocks) es rebounding; whence the fhatter'd oak, : a fhock unable to withfrand, the fea; in at the gaping fide wding waves gufh with impetuous rage, s, overwhelming ! Horrors feize riners; death in their eyes appears; are, they lave, they pump, they fivear, hey pray :

forts !) ftill the batt'ring waves rufh in, ble; till, delug'd by the foam, p finks found'ring in the vaft abyfs.

1. An Epifile to a Lady. NUGENT.

INDA, dearly lov'd, attend counfels of a faithful friend; ith the warmeft withes fraught, , at leaft, that friendship ought ! e by ruling Heav'n's defign, 's fate fhall influence thine; thefe lines for him prepare which I would die to thare! may for wealth or glory roam; nan muft be bleft at home; thould all her ftudies tend, r great object and her end. unimingled pleafures bring, can blunt Affliction's fting : erfect blifs no mortals know, / are plung'd in utter woe ; Vature, ann'd against Despair, sw'r to mend, or itrength to bear; And half the thought content may gain, Which fplcen employs to purchase pain.

Trace not the fair domefice plan From what you would, but what you can't Nor, peevifh, fpurn the feanty flore, Becaule you think you merit more! Blifs ever differs in degree; Thy fhare alone is meant for thee; And thou fhouldft think, however imall, That fhare enough, for 'tis thy all; Vain feorn will aggravate diffrefs, And only make that little lefs.

Admit whatever trifles come ; Units compose the largest fum; OI tell them o'er, and fay how vain Are those who form Ambition's train ; Which fwell the Monarch's gorgeous flate, . And bribe to ill the guilty great ! But thou, more bleft, more wife than thefe, Shall build up happiness on ease. Hail, fweet Content ! where joy ferene Gilds the mild foul's unruffl'd fcene; And, with blith Fancy's pencil wrought, Spreads the white web of flowing thought; Shines lovely in the cleerful face. And clothes each charm with native grace ; Effusion pure of blifs fincere. A veftment for a god to wear.

Far other ornaments compose The garb that fhrouds diffembled woes. Pierc'd out with motley dies and forts. Freaks, whimfies, feftivals, and fports; The troubled mind's fantattic drefs, Which madnefs titles Happinefs : While the gay wretch to revels bears The pale remains of fighs and tears ; And fecks in crowds, like her undone, What only can be found in one. But chief, my gentle friend ! remove Far from thy couch feducing Love. O! fhun the falle magician's art, Nor truft thy yet unguarded heart ! Charm'd by his fpelis fair honor flies. And thoufind treach'rous phantoms rife; Where Guilt, in Beauty's ray beguiles, And Ruin lurks in Friendship's imiles. Lo 1 where th'inchanted captive dreams Of warbling groves and purling firearit; Of painted meads; of flow'rs that fhed Their odours round her fragrant bed, Quick fhifts the fcene, the charm is loft, She wakes upon a defart coaft ; No friendly hand to lend its aid, No guardian bow's to fpread its fhade ; Exposid to eviry chilling blaft, She treads th'inhofpirable wafte; And down the drear decline of life, Sinks a forlorn, difhonour'd wife. Negle& not thou the voice of Fame, But, clear from crime, be free from blame ! Tho' all were innocence within, 'Tis guilt to wear the garb of fin ; Virtue rejects the foul difguife : None merit praife who praife despife.

Gi

Slight not, in fupercilious strain, Long practis'd modes as low or vain ! The world will vindicate their caufe, And claim blind faith in Cuftom's laws. Safer with multitudes to ftray, Than tread, alone, a fairer way : To mingle with the erring throng, Than boldly fpeak ten millions wrong. Beware of the relentless train Whom forms adore, whom forms maintain ! Left prudes demure, or coxcombs loud, Accuse thee to the partial crowd; Focs who the laws of honor flight, A judge who measures guilt by spite. hehold the fage Aurelia stand, Difgrace and fame at her command; As if Heav'n's delegate defign'd Sole arbiter of all her kind. Whether the try fome favour'd piece, By rules devis'd in ancient Greece ; Or whether, modern in her flight, She tells what Paris thinks pelite : For, much her talents to advance, She fludy'd Greece, and travell'd France ; There learn'd the happy art to pleafe, With all the charms of labour'd cate; I hro' looks and neds with meaning fraught, To teach what the was never taught. By her each latent fpring is feen ; The workings foul of fecret fpleen; The guilt that fkulks in fair pretence, Or folly, veil'd in fpecious fenfe. And much her righteous fpirit grieves When worthleifnefs the world deceives; Whether the erring crowd commends Some patriot fwav'd by private ends; Or hudband trutt a faithlefs wife, Secure in ignorance from frife. Averte the brings their deeds to view. But juitice claims the rig'rous due ; Humanely anxious to produce, At leaft, fome poffible excufe. O ne'er may virtue's dire difgrace Prepare a triumph for the bafe !

More forms the fool implicit fway, Which withings with contempt furvey; Blind folly no defect can fee ; Half wifdom views but one degree. The wife remoter ufes reach, Which judgment and experience teach. Whoever would be pleas'd and pleafe, Muft do what others do with cafe. Great precept undefin'd by rule, And only learn'd in Cufrom's fchool ; To no peculiar form confin'd, It fpreads thro' all the human kind; Beauty, and wit, and worth fupplies, Yet graceful in the good and wife. Rich with this gift, and none befide, In Fashion's ftream how many glide! Secure from ev'ry mental woe, From treach'rous friend or open foe ; From to-ial fympathy, that fhares The public lofs or private cares ;

Whether the barb'rous foe invade, Or Merit pine in Fortune's fade. Hence gentle Anna, ever gay, The fame to-morrow as to-day, Save where, perchance, when others way Her check the decent forrow fleep: Save when, perhaps, a melting tale O'er ev'ry tender breaft prevail. The good, the bad, the great, the ford, She likes, the loves, the honors all. And yet, if fland'rous malice blame, Patient the vields a fifter's fame; Alike if fatire or if praife, She fays whate'er the circle favs; Implicit does whate er they do, Without one point in with or view. Sure teft of others, faithful glass Thro' which the various phantoms pas. Wide blank, unfeeling when alone; No care, no joy, no thought her own.

Not thus fucceeds the peerless dame Who looks, and talks, and acts for far; Intent fo wide her cares extend, To make the univerfe her friend. Now with the gay, in frolics thines; Now reafons deep with deep divines; With courtiers now extols the great; With patriots fighs o'er Britain's fate; Now breathes with zealors holy fires; Now melts in lefs refin'd defires. Doom'd to exceed in each degree, Too wife, too weak, too proud, too free; Too various for one fingle word, The high fublime of deep abfurd. While ev'ry talent nature grants Juit ferves to fhew how much the water. Altho' in -combine

The virtues of our fex and thine : Her hand reftrains the widow's tears; Her fente informs, and foothes, and chem Yet, like an angel in difguile, She kines but to fome favour'd eyes; Nor is the diftant herd allow'd To view the radiance thro' the cloud.

But thise is ev'ry winning art; Thise is the friendly honeft heart; And fhould the gen'rous fpirit flow Beyond where prudence fears to go; Such faillies are of nobler kind Than virtues of a narrow mind.

§ 112. Alexander's Fraft; or the Prom & As Ode on St. Cocilia's Day, Dayw

"TWAS at the royal feaft, for Perfa w By Philip's wallike in: Aloft in awful ftate The godlike hero fate On his imperial three: His valiant peers were placed Their brows with roles and with myris So thould defert in arms be crown'd.

lovely Thals by his fide like a blooming eastern bride, ow'r of youth and beauty's pride, Happy, happy, happy pair; None but the brave, None but the brave, None but the brave deferves the fair. notheus plac'd on high Amid the tuneful quire, With flying fingers touch'd the lyre : The trembling notes afcend the fky, And heav'nly joys infpire. : fong began from Jove ; o left his blifsful feats above, h is the pow'r of mighty love ! ragon's fiery form bely'd the god : lime on radiant spheres he rode, When he to fair Olympia prefs'd, I stamp'd an image of himself, a sov'reign of the world. "he lift'ning crowd admire the lofty found; . prefent deity, the vaulted roofs rebound. With ravish'd ears The monarch hears, Affumes the god, Affects to nod, I feems to fhake the fpheres. praile of Bacchus then, the fweet mulician fung : Of Bacchus ever fair, and ever young; The jolly god, in triumph comes; Sound the trumpets, beat the drums ; Flush'd with a purple grace He fhews his honeft face. r give the hautboys breath; he comes, he Bacchus, ever fair and young, [comes ! Drinking joys did first ordain : Bacchus' bleffings are a treafure, Drinking is the foldier's pleafure; Rich the treasure, Sweet the pleafure; Sweet is the pleafure after pain. soth'd with the found, the king grew vain; ought all his battles o'er again; thrice he routed all his focs; and thrice he flew the flain. The mafter faw the madness rife; is glowing cheeks, his ardent eyes; nd while he heav'n and earth defy'd, hang'd his hand, and check'd his pride, e chofe a mournful mule oft pity to infuse : e fung Darius great and good, y too fevere a fate, all'n, fall'n, fall'n, fall'n, ill'n from his high eftate, nd welt'ring in his blood; rted at his utmost need, hole his former bounty fed, he bare earth expos'd he lics, 1 not a friend to close his eves. With down-caft look the joylefs victor fate,

Revolving in his alter'd foul The various turns of fate below; And now and then a figh he ftole; And tears began to flow. The mighty mafter fmil'd, to fee That love was in the next degree : 'Twas but a kindred found to move ; For pity melts the mind to love ! Softly fweet, in Lydian measures, Soon he footh'd his foul to pleafures. War, he fung, is toil and trouble; Honor but an empty bubble ; Never ending, still beginning, Fighting still, and still destroying If the world be worth thy winning, Think, O, think it worth enjoying I Lovely Thais fits befide thee, Take the good the gods provide thee. -The many rend the fkies with loud applause a So love was crown'd, but music won the cause. The prince, unable to conceal his pain, Gaz'd on the fair Who caus'd his care, And figh'd and look'd, figh'd and look'd, Sigh'd and look'd, and figh'd again : At length, with love and wine at once opprefs'd, The vanquish'd victor funk upon her breatt. Now ftrike the golden lyre again; And louder yet, and yet a louder strain. Break his bands of fleep afunder, And roufe him like a rattling peal of thunder. Hark, hark the horrid found Has rais'd up his head As awak'd from the dead And amaz'd, he ftarcs around. Revenge, revenge, Timotheus crics, See the furies arife, See the fnakes that they rear, How they hifs in the air, And the sparkles that flash from their eyes ! Behold a ghaftly band, Each a torch in his hand, These are Grecian ghosts, that in battle were And unburied remain, [flain, Inglorious on the plain; Give the vengeance due To the valiant crew : Behold how they tofs their torches on high, How they point to the Persian abodes. And glitt ring temples of their hoffile gods ! -The princes applaud with a furious joy ; And the King feiz'd a flambeau, with zeal to Thais led the way [deftroy] To light him to his prey, And, like another Helen, fir'd another Troy. Thus, long ago, Ere heaving bellows learn'd to blow, While organs yct were mute, Timotheus to his breathing flute And founding lyre Could fivell the foul to rage, or kindle foft defire, At last divine Cecilia came, Inventrefs of the vocal frame; The Gga

- The fweet enthuliaft, from her facred flore, Enlarg'd the former narrow bounds, And added length to founds,
- With nature's mother-wit, and arts unknown Let old Timotheus yield the prize, [before. Or both divide the crown; He rais'd a mortal to the fkies; She drew an ange' down.

§ 113. An Epifle, from Mr. Phillips to the Earl of Drifet. Copenhagen, Murch 9, 1709.

FROM frozen climes, and endlefstractsof fnow, From freams that northern winds forbid to flow,

What prefent tha'l the Mufe to Dorfet bring, Or how, foncer the Pole, attempt to fing ? The hoary wheter here conceals from fight All plenfing objects that to verte invite. The hills, and dales, and the delightful woods, The flow ry plains, and filver-firearning floods, By flow difguis'd, in bright confution lie, And, with one dazzing wafte, fatigue the eye,

No gentle breathing breeze prepares the fpring, No birds within the defact region fing. The fhips, unmov'd, the boilt'rous winds defy, While rattling chariots o'er the ocean fiv. The vait Leviathan wants room to play, And front his waters in the face of day. The frarving wolves along the main fea provl, And to the moon in icy valies howl. For many a fhining league the level main Here foreads itfeli into a glady plain : There folid billows, of enormous fize, Alps of green ice, in wild daorder rife. And yet but lately have I feen, e'en here, The winter in a lovely drefs appear. Ere yet the clouds let fall the treafur'd fnow, Or winds begun thro' buzy fkies to blow, At evining a keen caltern breeze arole ; And the defeending rain unfullied froze. Soon as the flicht fhades of night withdrew, The ruddy morn difclos'd at once to view The face of nature in a rich difguife, And brighten'd every object to my eyes: For evity thrub, and eviry blade of grafs. And ev'ev pointed theen feem'd wrought in glafs, ; In pearly and rubies rich the hawthorns thow, While thro' the ice the crimfon berries glow, The thick-forung reads the wat'ry marilies yield, Seem polifh'd lances in a hottile field. The ftag, in limpid currents, with turprize Sees cryftal branches on his forehead rife. The forcading oak, the beech, and towing pine, Glaz'a over, in the freezing ather thine. The frighted birds the ratiling branches fhun, That wave and glitter in the diffant fun : When, if a fudden guft of wird arife, The brittle foreft into atoms flies : The crackling wood beneath the tempeft bends, And in a fpangled thow'r the profpect ends; Or if a bothern gale the region w. m, And, by degrees, unbind the wint'ry charm,

The traveller a miry country fees,

And journies fad beneath the dropping Like fome deluded peatant Merica le Thro' fragrant bow'rs, and thro' de cio. While here enchanted gardens to him r And airy fabrics there attract his even, His wond'ring feet the magic paths par And, while he thinks the fair illufon t The trackless feenes different in fluid at And woods, and wilds, and thorny way A tedious road the weary wretch return And, as he goes, the transfent vision m

§114. The Man of Sorrow. GREV:

A^{H!} what avails the length ning me By Nature's kindeft bounty fpread Along the vale of flowers Ah ! what avails the dark ning grove, Or Philomel's melectious love, That glads the midnight hours! From me (alas !) the god of day Ne'er glitters on the hawthorn fpray, Nor night her comfort brings: I have no pleafure in the role; For nie no vernal heauty blows, Nor Philomela fmgs. See how the fturdy peafants finde Adown yon hillock's verdant fide, In cheerful ignorance bleft; Alike to them the role or thorn, Alike arifes every morn, By gay Contentment dreft. Content, fair daughter of the fkies,

Or gives (pontaneous, or denies, Her choice divinely free: She vifits oft the hamlet cot, When Want and Sorrow are the lot

Of Avarice and me.

But fee — or is it Fancy's dream ? Methought a bright celeffial gleam Shot fudden thro' the groves; Rehold, behold, in loote array,

Euphrofyne, more bright than dar; More mild than Paphian doves!

Welcome, O! welcome, Pleafure's que And ice along the velvet green The jecund train advance : With featter'd flow'rs they fill the air. The wood-rymph's dew-beipangled hat Plays in the fportive dance. At ! baneful grant of angry Heaven, When to the feeling wretch is given A foul alive to joy ! Joys fly with cy'ry hour away, And leave th'unguarded heart a prey To cares, that peace defiror,

And fee, with visionary hafte (Too foon the gay delution paft)

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Reality remains! Defpair has feiz'd my captive foul, And horror drives without controul, And flackens fill the reins.

Ten thousand beauties round me throng; What beauties, fay, ye nymphs belong To the diftemper'd foul ? I fee the lawn of hideous dye, The tow'ring elm nods milery; With groans the waters roll.

Ye gilded roofs, Palladian domes, Ye vivid tints of Perfia's looms, Ye were for mifery made. — 'Twas thus the Man of Sorrow fpoke; His wayward ftep then penfive took Along th'unhallow'd fhade.

§ 115. Monody to the Memory of a Young Lady. SHAW.

YET do I live ! O how fhall I fuffain This vaft unutterable weight of woe ? This worfe than hunger, poverty, or pain, Or all the complicated ills below — She, in whofe life my hopes were treafur'd all,

Is gone — for ever fled — My deareft Emma's dead; Thefe eyes, thefe tear-fivoln eyes beheld her fall : Ab no. the lives on forme for human flore

Ah no — the lives on fome far happier thore, She lives — but (cruel thought!) the lives for me no more.

I, who the tedious abfence of a day [fight; Remov'd, would languifh for my charmer's

Would chide the ling'ring moments for delay, And fondly blame the flow return of night;

How, how fhall I endure

(O mifery paft a cure!)

Hours, days, and years, fucceffively to roll, Nor ever more behold the comfort of my foul ?

Was fhe not all my fondeft with could frame ? Did ever mind fo much of heav'n partake ?

Did the not love me with the pureft fjame ? And give up friends and fortune for my fake ?

Though mild as ev'ning fkies, With downcaft, ftreaming eyes,

Stood the ftern frown of fupercilious brows,

Deaf to their brutal threats, and faithful to her yows.

Come then, fome Muse, the faddest of the train (No more your bard shall dwell on idle lays)

Teach me each moving melancholy itrain,

And O difcard the pageantry of phrafe : Ill fuit the flower of fpeech with woes like mine!

Thus, haply, as I paint

The fource of my complaint,

My foul may own th'impaffion'd line ;

A flood of tears may guth to my relief, [of grief. And from my fwelling heart difcharge this load

Forbear, my fond officious friends, forbear To wound my ears with the fad tales you tell;

"How good fhe was, how gentle, and how fair!" In pity ceale-alas ! I know too well :

How in her fwcet expressive face Beam'd forth the beauties of her mind, Yet heighten'd by exterior grace, Of manners most engaging, most refin'd. No piteous object could fhe fee. But her foft bofom fhar'd the woe, While imiles of atfability Endear'd whatever boon fhe might beftow, Whate'er th'emotions of her heart, Still fhone confpicuous in her eyes, Stranger to every female art, Alike to feign or to difguife : And O the boaft how rare ! The fecret in her faithful breaft repos'd, She ne'er with lawlefs tongue difclos'd, In fecret filence lodg'd inviolate there. Of feeble words — unable to express Her matchlefs virtues, or my own diffrefs ! Relentless death ! that, steel'd to human woe, With murd'rous hands deals havoc on man-Why (crucl!) strike this deprecated blow, [kind, And leave fuch wretched multitudes behind ? Hark ! Groans come wing'd on ev'ry breeze ? The fons of grief prefer their ardent vow ; Oppress'd with forrow, want, or dire difease, And fupplicate thy aid, as I do now : In vain - Perverfe, still on the unweeting head 'Tis thine thy vengeful darts to fhed; Hope's infant bloffoms to deftroy, And drench in tears the face of joy. But oh ! fell tyrant ! yet expect the hour When Virtue shall renounce thy power; When thou no more fhalt blot the face of day, Nor mortals tremble at thy rigid fway. Alas ' the day - where'er I turn my eyes, Some fad memento of my lofs appears ; I fly the fatal houfe - fupprefs my fighs, Refolv'd to dry my unavailing tears: But, ah ! in vain - no change of time The memory can efface [or place Of all that fweetnefs, that enchanting air, [fpair. Now loft; and nought remains but anguish and de-Where were the delegates of Heav'n, oh, where! Appointed Virtue's children fafe to keep ! Had Innocence or Virtue been their care, She had not dy'd, nor had I liv'd to weep: Mov'd by my tears, and by her patience mov'd, To fee her forte th'endearing fmile, My forrows to beguile, When Torture's keeneft rage the prov'd ;

Sure they had warded that untimely dart,

Which broke her thread of life, and rent a hufband's heart.

How shall I e'er forget that dreadful hour, When, feeling Death's refistles pow'r,

My hand flie prefs'd, wet with her falling tears, And thus, in fault'ring accents, spoke her fears :

"Ah, my lov'd lord, the transfert fcene is o'er,

" And we must part (alas!) to meet no more!

"But oh! if e'er thy Emma's name was dear, "If e'er thy vows have charm'd my ravish'd

" ear; G g 3 "If, " If, from thy lov'd embrace my heart to gain, " Proud friends have frown'd, and Fortune " fmil'd in vain ; " If it has been my fole endeavour still " To act in all, obsequious to thy will; " To watch thy very fmiles, thy with to know, " Then only truly bleft when thou wert fo; " If I have doated with that fond excess, " Nor love could add, nor Fortune make it lefs; " If this I've done, and more - oh then be kind " To the dear lovely babe I leave behind. " When time my once lov'd mem'ry fhall efface, "Some happier maid may take thy Emma's " place ; "With envious eyes thy partial fondness fee, " And hate it for the love thou bore to me -" My dearest Shaw, forgive a woman's fears; "But one word more (I cannot bear thy tears) the place. " Promile - and I will truft thy faithful vow " (Oft have I try'd, and ever found thee true) " That to fome diftant fpot thou wilt remove " This fatal pledge of haple's Emma's love, " Where fafe, thy blandithments it may partake " And oh ! be tender for its mother's fake. " Wilt thou ? " I know thou wilt -- fad filence fpeaks affent ; "And in that pleating hope thy Emma dies " content." I, who with more than maply firength have bore The various ills imposed by cruel Fate, Suftain the firmnefs of my foul no more, [dav But fink beneath the weight; Juft Heav'n ! (I cry'd) from Mem'ry's earlieft No comfort has thy wretched fuppliant known; Misfortune flill, with unrelenting fway, Has claim'd me for her own. But O !- in pity to my grief, reftore This only fource of blifs ; I afk, I afk no more-Vain hope — th'irrevocable doom is paft; Ev'n now the looks - the fighs her laft-Vainly I ftrive to ftay her flecting breath, [death. And, with rebellious heart, proteft against her When the ftern tyrant clos'd her lovely eves, How did I rave, untaught to bear the blow ! With impious wifh to tear her from the fkics; How curfe my fate in bitternels of woe ! But whither would this dreadful frenzy lead ? Fond man, forbear; Thy fruitlefs forrow fpare ; [creed ; Dare not to talk what H av'n's high will de-In humble rev'rence kifs th'afflictive rod, And proftrate bow to an offended God. Perhaps kind Heaven in mercy dealt the blow, Some faving truth thy roving foul to teach; To wean thy heart from groveling views below, And point out blifs beyond Misfortune's reach : To fhew that all the flatt'ring fchemes of joy, Which tow'ring hope to fondly builds in air, One fatal moment can defirov, . And plunge th'exulting Maniac in defpair. Impatient for my quick return:

Then O! with pious fortitude fuffain Thy prefent lofs - haply thy future gain; Nor let thy Emma die in vain; Time shall administer its wonted balm, int And hufh this ftorm of grief to no unplain Thus the poor bird, by fome difast'rous far, Caught and imprison'd in a loady cage. Torn from its native fields, and dearer man, Flutters a while, and fpends its little rage: But finding all its efforts weak and vain, No more it pants and rages for the plan; Moping a while, in fullen mood Droops the fweet mourner - but ere long Prunes its light wings, and pecks its food, And meditates the fong : Serenely forrowing, breathes its pitcous cafe, And with its plaintive warblings fadden a In Forgive me, Heaven ! - yet - yet the trans To think how foon my fcene of blifs is pail My budding joys, just promising to blow, All nipt and wither'd by one envious baf! My hours, that laughing wont to feet away, Move heavily along ; [jocurd in?' Where's now the fprightly jet, 3 Time creeps unconfcious of delight: How shall I cheat the tedious day I And O-the joylefs night! Where shall I reft my weary head? How shall I find repose on a fad widow die Come, Theban drug +, the wretch's only ad, To my torn heart its former peace refore: Thy votary, wrap'd in thy Lethean fhale, A while shall cease his forrows to deplote: Haply when lock'd in fleep's embrace, Again I shall behold my Emma's face; Again with transport hear Her voice oft whifpering in my ear; May steal once more a balmy kils, And tafte at leaft of visionary blifs. But, ah ! th'unwelcome morn's obtruding Est Will all my fhadowy fchemes of blits departi Will tear the dear illusion from my fight, And wake me to the fenfe of all my wors! If to the verdant fields I ftray, Alas ! what pleafures now can theie couver ? Her lovely form purfues where'er I go, And darkens all the fcene with wor. By Nature's lavish beauties cheer'd no more, Sorrowing I rove Through valley, grot, and grove; Nought can their beauties or my loss reftore; No herb, no plant can med'cine my difeate, And my fad fighs are borne on ev'rypating bern Sickness and forrow hov'ring round my bed. Who now with anxious hafte thall bright With lenient hand fupport my drooping head, Ailwage my pains, and mitigate my gret? Should worldly bufinefs call away, Who now thall in my ablence fondly mount,

Count ev'ry minute of the loit'ring day,

+ Laudanum

Should aught my bofom difcompofe, Who now, with fweet complacent air, Shall fmooth the rugged brow of Care, And foften all my woes? Too faithful Memory - Ceafe, O ccafe -How shall I e'er regain my peace ? (O to forget her !) - but how vain each art, Whilft ev'ry virtue lives imprinted on my heart! And thou, my little cherub, left behind, To hear a father's plaints, to share his woes, When Reafon's dawn informs thy infant mind, And thy fweet lifping tongue shall ask the cause, How oft with forrow thall mine eyes run o'er, When, twining round my knees, I trace Thy mother's imile upon thy face ! How oft to my full heart shalt thou restore Sad mem'ry of my joys -ah, now no more ! By bleffings once enjoyed now more diffreft, More beggar by the riches once posseft, My little darling-dearer to me grown; [hear !) By all the tears thou'st caus'd-(O strange to Bought with a life yet dearer than thy own, Thy cradle purchas'd with thy mother's bier : Who now shall feek with fond delight Thy infant fteps to guide aright ? She, who with doating eyes would gaze On all thy little artlefs ways, By all thy foft endcarments bleft, And claip thee oft with transport to her breast, Alas! is gone - Yet thalt thou prove A father's dearest, tenderest love And, O fweet fenfelefs fmiler (envy'd ftate !) As yet unconfcious of thy haplets fate, When years thy judgment fhall mature, And Reafon thows those ills it cannot cure, Wilt thou a father's grief t'affwage, For virtue prove the Phoenix of the earth (Like her, thy mother dy'd to give thee birth) And be the comfort of my age ? When fick and languishing I lie, Wilt thou my Emma's wonted care fupply? And oft as to thy lift ning car, Thy mother's virtues and her fate I tell, Say, wilt thou drop the tender tear, Whilft on the mournful theme I dwell? Then fondly stealing to thy father's fide, Whene'er thou feeft the foft diffreis, Which I would vainly feek to hide, Say, wilt thou ftrive to make it lefs! To footh my forrows all thy cares employ, And in my cup of grief infuse one drop of joy? § 116. An Evening Address to a Nightingale. SHAW. SWEET bird ! that kindly perching near, Poureft thy plaints melodious in my ear, Not, like bale worldlings, tutor'd to forego The melancholv haunts of woe;

Thanks for thy forrow-foothing firain : — For, furely thou haft known to prove, Like me, the pangs of haplefs love ;

Elfe why fo feelingly complain, [grove?] And with thy piteous notes thus fadden all the

Say, doft thou mourn my ravifh'd mate,

That oft enamour'd on thy firains has hung? Or has the crucl hand of Fare

Bereft thee of thy darling young ? Alas, for both I weep ! ----

In all the pride of youthful charms,

- A beauteous bride torn from my circling arms !
- A lovely babe, that fhould have liv'd to blefs
- And fill my doating eyes with frequent tears,
- At once the fource of rapsuse and diffrefs, The flattering prop of my declining years!
- In vain from death to refcue I effay'd, By every art that feience could devife:
- Alas! it languish'd for a mother's aid, And wing'd its flight to feek her in the
- Then O our comforts be the same, [ikies.-At evining's peaceful hour,
- To fhun the noify paths of weakh and fame, And breathe our forrows in this lonciy bow'r.

But why, alas! to thee complain !

To thee --- unconficious of my pain !

- Soon fhalt thou ceafe to mourn thy lot fevere,
- And hail the dawning of a happier year: The genial warmth of joy renewing fpring Again fhall plume thy fhatter'd wing; Again thy little heart fhall transport prove. Again fhall flow thy notes responsive to thy
- But O⁺ for me in vain may feafons toll, [love. Nought can dry up the fountain of my tears; Deploring flill the comfort of my foul,

I count my forrows by increasing years.

Tell me, thou Syren Hope, deceiver, fay, Where is the promis'd period of my woes?

Full three long lingering years have roll'd away, And yet I weep, a firanger to repore: "O what delution did thy tongue employ !

- "That Emma's fatal pledge of love, "Her laft bequeft—with all a mother's care,
- " The bitternefs of forrow fhould remove, " Soften the horrors of defpair,
 - " And cheer a heart long loft to joy !"

How oft, when fondling in mine arms, Gazing enraptur'd on its angel-face, My foul the maze of Fate would vainly trace, And burn with all a father's fond alarms ' And O what flatt'ring fcenes had fancy feign'd I How did I rave of bleffings vet in flore ! Till ev'ry aching fenfe was fweetly pain'd, And my full heart could bear, nor tongue could utter more. —

- " Juft Heav'n," I cry'd with recent hopes "clate, [dead —
- "Yet will I live will live though Emma's "So long bow'd down beneath the ftorms of
- " fate, "Yet will I raife my woe-dejected head!
- " My little Emma, now my all,
- "Will want a father's care ;
- " Her looks, her wants, my rafh refolves recall, "And for her fake the ills of life I'll bear: G g 4 " And

" And oft together we'll complain, fknow. I " Complaint, the only blifs my foul can " From me my child shall learn the mournful " And prattle tales of woc. [strain, " And O! in that aufpicious hour, [pow'r, "When Fate refigns her perfecuting "With duteous zeal her hand fhall clofe, " No more to weep - my forrow-fireaming

- * When death gives mifery repole, [eyes, " And opes a glorious pailage to the fkies."
- Vain thought ! it must not be. -- She too is The flatt'ring fcene is o'er, [dcad-

My hopes for ever-ever fled-

And vengeance can no more -

Cruth'd by misfortune-blafted by difeafe-And none-none left to bear a friendly part ! To meditate my welfare, health, or cafe,

Or footh the anguish of an aching heart ! Now all one gloomy fcene, till welcome Death,

With lenient hand (O falfely deem'd fevere) Shall kindly flop my grief-exhaufted breath,

And dry up ev'ry tear,

Perhaps, obfequious to my will, But ah ! from my affections far remov'd !

The last fad office strangers may fulfil, As if I ne'er had been below'd; As if, unconficious of poetic fire, I ne'er had touch'd the trembling lyre; As if my niggard hand ne'er dealt relief,

Nor my heart inclued at another's grief. -while this weary life fhall laft, While yet my tongue can form th'impaffion'd ftrain,

In piteous accents thall the Mufe complain, And dwell with fond delay on bleffings paft :

For Oh! how grateful to a wounded heart The tale of milery to impart ! From others eves bid artlefs forrows flow. And raife effeent upon the bale of woe !

Ev'n he *, the nobieft of the tuneful throng, Shall deign my love-lorn tale to hear,

Shall catch the foft contagion of my fong, [tear. And pay my penfive Mule the tribute of a

§ 117. An Ode to Narciffa. SMOLLET.

THY fatal fhafts unerring move; I bow before thine altar, Love! I feel thy foft reliftlefs flame Glide fwift thro' all my vital frame !

For while I gaze my bofom glows, My blood in tides impetuous flows; Hope, fear, and joy alternate roll, And floods of transports whelm my foul!

My fault'ring tongue attempts in vain In foothing murmurs to complain; My tongue fome fecret magic ties, My murmurs fink in broken fighs!

Lord Lyttleton.

+ The Moravian Missionaries in Greenland, Vide Krantz.

-Yet

Condemn'd to nurse eternal care, And ever drop the filent tear, Unheard I mourn, unknown I figh, Unfriended live, unpity'd die!

§ 118. Elegy in Imitation of Tibullus. SMOLLET.

WHERE now are all my flatt'ring dreams of joy ?

Monimia, give my foul her wonted reft: Since first thy beauty fix'd my roving eye, Heart-gnawing cares corrode my penfive breaft!

Let happy lovers fly where pleafures call, With feftive fouls beguile the fleeting hour, Lead beauty thro' the mazes of the ball, Or prefs her wanton in love's rofeate bow'r.

For me, no more I'll range th'empurpled mead, Where shepherds pipe, and virgins dance around, Nor wander thro' the woodbine's fragrant fhade, To hear the mufic of the grove refound.

I'll feek fome lonely church, or dreary hall, Where fancy paints the glimm'ring taper blue, Where damps hang mould'ring on the ivy'd wall, And theeted ghofts drink up the midnight dew :

There, leagu'd with hoplefs anguish and despair, A while in filence o'er my fate repine : Then, with a long farewell to love and care,

To kindred duft my weary limbs confign. Wilt thou, Monimia, fhed a gracious tear On the cold grave where all my forrows reft; Strew vernal flow'rs, applaud my love fincere,

And bid the turf lie eafy on my breaft?

§ 119. The Propagation of the Gofpel in Greenland. COWPER.

A ND ftill it fpreads. See Germany fend forth Her + fons to pour it on the fartheft north: Fir'd with a zeal peculiar, they defv The rage and rigour of a polar fky, And plant fuccefsfully fweet Sharon's role ; On icy plains, and in eternal fnows. Oh ! bleft within th'inclofure of your rocks, Nor herds have ye to boaft, nor bleating flocks, No fertilizing freams your fields divide, That fhew revers'd the villas on their fide; No groves have ye; no cheerful found of bifd, Or voice of turtle, in your land is heard : Nor grateful eglantine regales the fmell Of those that walk at evining, where ye dwell-But Winter, arm'd with terrors here unkhown, Sits abfolute on his unshaken throne. Piles up his flores amidft the frozen wafte, And bids the mountains he has built fland faft; Beckons the legions of his ftorms away From happier feenes, to make your land a prey; Proclaims the foil a conquest he has won. And fcorns to fhare it with the diftant fun.

Truth is yours, remote, unenvy'd iffe, eace, the genuine offspring of her fmile: ride of letter'd ignorance, thatbinds ins of error our accomplifh'd minds; lecks, with all the fplendour of the true, : religion, is unknown to you. : indeed vouchfafes for our delight weet vicifitudes of day and night; rs and genial moifture feed and cheer fruit, and flow'r, and ev'ry creature here; ighter beams than his who fires the fkies ns'n at length on your admiring cyes, hoot into your darkeft caves the day, which our nicer optics turn away.

20. On Slavery, and the Slave Trade. COWPER.

ah! what with can profper, or what pray'r,

erchants rich in cargoes of defpair, drive a loathfome traffic, gage and fpan, ouy the mufeles and the bones of man' ender tics of father, hufband, friend, onds of nature in that moment end, ach endures, while yet he draws his breath, ike as fatal as the feythe of death. able warrior, frantic with regret r he loves, and never can forget, in tears the far-receding fhore, iot the thought that they nuff meet no more!

v'd of her and freedom at a blow, has he left that he can yet forego? to deep fadnefs fullenly refign'd, els his body's bondage in his mind; off his gen'rous nature, and to fuit sanners with his fate, puts on the brute. oft degrading of all ills that wait an, a mourner in his best estate! ther forrows virtue may endure, find fubmiflion more than half a cure; is itfelf a med'cine, and beftow'd prove the fortitude that bears the load; ach the wand'rer, as his woes increase, bath of wifdom, all whole paths are peace. lav'ry !--- Virtue dreads it as her grave; ice itself is meanness in a flave: the will and fovereignty of God affer it a while and kifs the rod, for the dawning of a brighter day, fnap the chain the moment when you may. re imprints upon whate'er we fee May a heart and life in it, Be free ! peafts are charter'd ;-neither age nor force juell the love of freedom in a horfe: reaks the cord that held him at the rack, confcious of an unincumber'd back, s up the morning air, forgets the rein, : fly his forclock and his ample mane; infive to the diftant neigh he neighs, tops till, overleaping all delays, ads the pasture where his fellows graze.

§ 121. On Liberty, and in Praise of Mr. Howard. Cowper.

OH, could I worfhip aught beneath the fkies That earth hath feen, or fancy could devife, Thine altar, facred Liberty, fhould ftand, Built by no mercenary vulgar hand, With fragrant turf, and flow'rs as wild and fair As ever drefs'd a bank, or fcented fummer air, Duly as ever on the mountain's height The peep of morning fied a dawning light; Again, when Evening in her fober veft Drew the grey curtain of the fading Weft, My foul fhould yield the willing thanks and praife

For the chief bleffings of my faireft days : But that were facrilege-praife is not thine, But his who gave thee, and preferves thee mine: Else I would fay, and as I spake bid fly A captive bird into the boundlefs fky, This triple realm adores thee :--- thou art come From Sparta hither, and art here at home; We feel thy force still active, at this hour Enjoy immunity from prieftly pow'r, While Confeience, happier than in ancient years, Owns no fuperior but the God fhe fears. Propitious spirit ! yet expunge a wrong Thy rights have fuffer'd, and our land, too long = Teach mercy to ten thousand hearts that share The fears and hopes of a commercial care : Prifons expect the wicked, and were built To bind the lawles, and to punish guilt; But shipwreck, carthquake, battle, fire, and flood,

Are mighty milchiefs not to be withflood; And honeft merit flands on flipp'ry ground, Where covert guile and artifice abound: Let juft reftraint, for public peace defign'd, Chain up the wolves and tigers of mankind, The foe of virtue has no claim to thee, But let infolvent innocence go free.

Patron of elfe the most despis'd of men. Accept the tribute of a stranger's pen; Verfe, like the laurel, its immortal meed, Should be the guerdon of a noble deed: I may alarm thee, but I fear the shame Charity chosen as my theme and aim) I must incur, forgetting Howard's name. Bleft with all wealth can give thee, to refign Joys doubly fweet to feelings quick as thine, To quit the blifs thy rural feenes beftow, To feek a nobler amidit feenes of woe; [home, To traverse seas, range kingdoms, and bring Not the proud monuments of Greece or Rome. But knowledge-fuch as only dungeons teach ! And only fyinpathy like thine could reach ! That grief, fequester'd from the public stage, Might fmooth her feathers and enjoy her cage, Speaks a divine ambition, and a zeal The boldeft patriot might be proud to feel. On that the voice of clamour and debate, That pleads for peace till it diffurbs the flate. Were huth'd in favour of thy gen'rous plea, The poor thy clients, and Heav'n's finile thy fee! § 122. On Domeflic Happiness as the Friend of Virtue, and of the faile Good-nature of the Age. May claim this merit fiill, that the admits The worth of what the minics with the care

Cowper.

DOMESTIC happines, thou only blis Of Paradife that has furviv'd the fall ! 'Tho' few now tafte thee unimpair'd and pure, Or, tafting, long enjoy thee; too infirm, Or too incautious, to preferve thy fiveets Unmixt with drops of bitter, which neglect Or temper fheds into thy crystal cup, Thou art the nurse of virtue. In thine arms She finiles, appearing, as in truth fhe is, Heaven-born, and deftin'd to the fkies again. Thou art not known where Pleafure is ador'd, That reeling goddefs, with the zonclefs waift And wand'ring eyes, still leaning on the arm Of novelty, her fickle, frail support : For thou art meck and conftant, hating change, And finding in the calm of truth-ty'd love Joys that her flormy raptures never yield. Forfaking thee, what fhipwreck have we made Of honour, dignity, and fair renown, Till profitution elbows us aside In all our crowded fircets, and fenates feem Conven'd for purposes of empire lefs, Than to release th'adultress from her hond ! Th'adultrefs ! what a theme for angry verfe, What provocation to th'indignant heart That feels for injur'd love ! but I difdain The naufcous talk to paint her as fhe is, Cruel, abandon'd, glorying in her fhame. No. Let her pafs, and, chariotted along In guilty fplendour, fhake the public ways The frequency of erimes has wash'd them white; And verse of mine shall never brand the wretch. Whom matrons now of character unfmirch'd And chafte themfelves, are not afham'd to own. Virtue and Vice had bound'ries in old time Not to be pafs'd; and fhe that had renounc'd Her fex's honour, was renounc'd herfelf By all that priz'd it; not for Prudery's fake, But Dignity's, refeatful of the wrong. 'Twas hard, perhaps, on here and there a waif Defirous to return, and not receiv'd; But was an wholefome rigour in the main, And taught th'unblemish'd to preferve with care That purity, whole lois was lois of all. Men too were nice of honour in those days, And judg'd offenders well ; and he that fharp'd And pocketted a prize by fraud obtain'd, [fold Was mark'd and fhunn'd as odious. He that His country, or was flack when the requir'd His ev'ry nerve in action and at ftretch, Paid with the blood that he had bafely fpar'd The price of his default. But now, yes, now, We are become fo candid and fo fair, So lib'ral in construction, and fo rich In Christian charity, a good-natur'd age ! That they are fafe; finners of either fex Tranfgrefs what laws they may. Well drefs'd, well bred,

Well equipag'd, is ticket good enough To pais us readily thro' ev'ry door. Hypocrify, deteft her as we may, (And no man's hatred ever wrong'd her yet) May claim this merit ftill, that the admits The worth of what the mimics with fuch care, And thus gives virtue indirect applaufe; But the has burnt her mafks not needed here, Where Vice has fuch allowance, that her thifts And fpecious femblances have loft their ufe.

§ 113. On the Employments of what is called an Idle Life. COWPER.

HOW various his employments whom the world Calls idle, and who justly in return Effcems that bufy world an idler too ! Friends, books, a garden, and perhaps his pen, Delightful industry enjoy'd at home, And nature in her cultivated trim Drefs'd to his tafte, inviting him abroad-Can he want occupation who has thefe? Will he be idle who has much t'enjoy ? Me therefore, fludious of laborious eafe, Not flothful; happy to deceive the time, Not wafte it; and aware that human life Is but a loan to be repaid with ufe, When he shall call his debtors to account, From whom are all our bleffings, bus'nefs finds Ev'n here. While fedulous I feek t'improve, At least neglect not, or leave unemploy'd The mind he gave me; driving it, tho' flack Too oft, and much impeded in its work I'y caufes not to be divulg'd in vain, To its just point-the service of mankind. He that attends to his interior felf, That has a heart and keeps it; has a mind That hungers, and fupplies it; and who feeks A locial, not a diffipated life, Has bus'nefs : feels himfelf engag'd t'atchieve No unimportant, tho' a filent tafk. A life all turbulence and noife may feem To him that leads it wife, and to be prais'd; But wildom is a pearl with most fucces Sought in still water, and bencath clear skies, He that is ever occupy'd in ftorms, Or dives not for it, or brings up instead, Vainly industrious, a difgraceful prize.

§ 124. The Post comes in—The News-paper is read—The World contemplated at a diftance.

COWPER.

HARK ' 'tis the twanging horn ! o'er youder bridge

That with its wearifome but needful length Beftrides the wint'ry flood, in which the moon Sees her unwrinkled face reflected bright; He comes, the herald of a noify world, [locks, With fpatter'd bcots, ftrapp'd waift, and frozen News from all nations lumb'ring at his back. True to his charge, the clofe pack'd load behind, Yet carelefs what he brings, his one concern Is to conduct it to the defin'd inn; And having dropt th'expected bag-pafs on. He whiftles as he goes, light-beatted wretch,

nd yet cheerful : messenger of grief is to thousands, and of joy to some; n indiff'rent whether grief or joy. in afhes, and the fall of ftocks, deaths, and marriages, epiftles wet ears that trickled down the writer's cheeks the periods from his fluent quill, rg'd with am'rous fighs of absent swains, nphs refponfive, equally affect rfe and him, unconfeious of them all. th'important budget ! ufher'd in uch heart-shaking music, who can fay are its tidings? have our troops awak'd! they still, as if with opium drugg'd, to the murmurs of th'Atlantic wave? ia free ? and does the wear her plum'd well'd turban with a fmile of peace, we grind her still , the grand debate, opular harangue, the tart reply, gic, and the wifdom, and the wit, ie loud laugh-I long to know them all; to fet th'imprison'd wranglers free, ive them voice and utt'rance once again. v ftir the fire, and close the flutters faft, I the curtains, wheel the fofa round, hile the bubbling and loud hiffing ura is up a fleamy column, and the cups, cheer but not inebriate, wait on each, us welcome peaceful ev'ning in. ch his ev'ning who, with fhining face, in the crowded theatre, and, iqueez'd or'd with elbow-points thro' both his fides, ilds the ranting actor on the ftage: s, who patient stands till his feet throb is head thumps, to feed upon the breath riots burfling with heroic rage; cemen, all tranquillity and fmiles. olio of four pages, happy work ! 1 not ev'n critics criticife, that holds itive attention, while I read, ound in chains of filence, which the fair, :loquent themfelves, yet fear to break, is it but a map of buly life, Stuations, and its vaft concerns? uns the mountainous and craggy ridge tempts ambition. On the fummit, fee, eals of office glitter in his eyes; | hecls, mbs, he pants, he grafps them. At his at his heels. a demagogue afcends, ith a dext'rous jerk foon twifts him down, vins them-but to loofe them in his turn. ills of oily eloquence in foft lers lubricate the courfe they take: nodeft fpeaker is afham'd and griev'd rols a moment's notice, and vet begs, propitious ear for his poor thoughts, ver trivial all that he conceives. bashfulness! it claims at least this praise, earth of information and good-fenfe it foretells us, always comes to pafs. cts of declamation thunder here : forefts of no meaning fpread the page ch all comprehension wanders loft; fields of pleafantry amufe us there, nerry defcants on a nation's woes.

The reft appears a wilderne's of ftrange But gay confution—roles for the cheeks And lilies for the brows of faded age, Teeth for the toothle's, ringlets for the bald, Heav'n, earth, and occan, plunder'd of their Nectareous effences, Olympian dews, [fwcets, Sermons and city feafts, and fav'rite airs, Æthereal journies, fubmarine exploits, And Katterfelto, with his hair on end At his own wonders, wond'ring for his bread,

'Tis pleafant thro' the loop-holes of retreat To peep at fuch a world; to fee the ftir Of the great Babel, and not feel the crowd; To hear the roar fhe fends thro' all her gates At a fafe diftance, where the dying found Falls a foft murmur on th'uninjur'd ear. Thus fitting, and furveying thus at cafe The globe and its concerns, I feem advanc'd To fome fecure and more than mortal height, That lib'rates and exempts me from them all. It turns fubmitted to my view, turns round With all its generations; I behold The tumult, and am ftill. The found of war Ha: loft its terrors ere it reaches me; Grieves, but not alarms me. I mourn the pride And av'rice that makes man a wolf to man; Hear the faint echo of thele brazen throats. By which he fpeaks the language of his heart, And figh, but never tremble at the found. He travels and expatiates; as the bee From flow'r to flow'r, fo he from land to land; The manners, cuftoms, policy of all . Pay contribution to the flore he gleans; He fucks intelligence in ev'ry clime, And fpreads the honey of his deep refearch At his return, a rich repast for me. He travels and I too. I tread his deck, Afcend his topmaft, thro' his peering eyes Difcover countries, with a kindred heart Suffer his woes, and fhare in his elcapes; While fancy, like the finger of a clock, Runs the great circuit, and is still at home.

§ 125. A Fragment. MALLET.

FAIR morn afcends : frefh zephyrs breath; Blows lib'ral o'er yon bloomy heath; Where fown profufely, herb and flow'r, Of balmy finell, of healing pow'r, Their fouls in fragrant dews exhale, And breathe frefh life in ev'ry gale. Here ipreads a green expanfe of plains, Where, fweetly penfive, Silence reigns : And there, at utmoft ftretch of eye, A mountain fades into the fky; While, winding round, diffus'd and deep, A river rolls with founding fweep. Of human art no traces near, I feem alone with nature here!

Here are thy walks, O facred Health! The Monarch's blifs, the Beggar's wealth a The fcas'ning of all good below, The fov'reign friend in joy or woe. O Thou, most courted, most defpis'd: And but in absence duly priz'd! Pow'r of the foft and roly face ! The vivid pulfe, the vermil grace, The fpirits, when they gayeft fhine, Youth, beauty, pleafure, all are thine ! O fun of life ! whofe heav'nly ray Lights up and cheers our various day, The turbulence of hopes and fears, The form of fate, the cloud of years, Till nature, with thy parting light, Repofes late in Death's calm night : Fled from the trophy'd roofs of flate, Abodes of fplendid pain and hate ; Fled from the couch, where, in fweet fleep, Hot Riot would his anguish steep, But toffes thro' the midnight fhade, Of death, of life, alike afraid; For ever fled to fhady cell, Where Temp'rance, where the Mules dwell; Thou oft art seen, at early dawn, Slow-pacing o'er the breezy lawn : Or on the brow of mountain high, In filence feafting ear and eve. With fong and profpect which abound From birds, and woods, and waters round.

But when the fun, with noon-tide ray, Flames forth intolerable day; While Heat fits fervent on the plain, With Thirft and Languor in his train (All nature fick'ning in the blaze) Thou, in the wild and woody maze That clouds the vale with umbrage deep, Impendent from the neighb'ring ficep, Wilt find betimes a calm retreat, Where breathing Coolne's has her feat.

There, plung'd amid the fhadows brown, Imagination lays him down; Attentive, in his airy mood, To ev'ry murmur of the wood : The bee in yonder flow'ry nook, The chidings of the headlong brook, The green leaf quiviling in the gale, The warbling hill, the lowing vale, The diftant woodman's echoing froke, The thunder of the falling oak. From thought to thought in vision led, He holds high converse with the dead; Sages or poets. Sec, they rife ! And fhadowy fkim before his eyes. Hark ! Orpheus strikes the lyre again, That foften'd favages to men : Lo! Socrates, the Sent of Heav'n, To whom its moral will was giv'n. Fathers and Friends of human kind ! They form'd the nations, or refin'd, With all that mends the head and heart, Enlight'ning truth, adorning art.

Thus muting in the folemn fhade, At once the founding biceze was laid: And nature, by the unknown law, Shook deep with reverential awe; Dumb filence grew upon the hour; A browner night involv'd the bow'r: When, iffuing from the inmoft wood, Appear'd fair Freedom's Genius good. O Freedom! fov'reign boon of Heav'n: Great Charter with our being giv'n; For which the patriot and the fage Have plann'd, have bled thro' ev'ry age! High privilege of human race, Beyond a mortal monarch's grace: Who could not give, who cannot claim, What but from God immediate came!

§ 126. Ode to Evening. Dr. Jos. WALTON

HAIL, meek-ey'd maiden, clad in foer m Whofe foft approach the weary wood ma loves;

As homeward bent, to kifs his prattling bate, Jocund, he whiftles thro' the twilight grove. When Phœbus finks behind the gilded hill, You lightly o'er the mifty meadows walk, The drooping daifies bathe in dulcet dews, And nurfe the nodding violet's tender falk.

The panting Dryads, that in day's fierce bes, To inmuft bow'rs and cooling caverns ras, Return to trip in wanton ev'ning dance; Old Sylvan too returns, and laughing Pan.

To the deep wood the clam'rous rooks reper, Light fkims the fwallow o'er the wat'ry ferre; And from the fheep-cote and frefh furrow'd iei Stout plowmen meet to wreftle on the green.

The fivain that artle's fings on yonder rock. His fupping fheep and length'ning fhadow firs, Pleas'd with the cool, the calm refreshing how, And with hoarfe humming of unnumber'd fars

Now ev'ry paffion fleeps: defponding Lore, And pining Euvy, ever-reftlefs Pride; And haly Calm creeps o'er my peacefai foul, Anger and mad Ambition's florms fubide.

O modeft Evening! oft let me appear A wand'ring vot'ry in thy penfive train; Lift'ning to ev'ry wildly-warbling note That fills with farewell (weet thy dark'ning pin

§ 127. Epislolary Verses to George Colman, Exruritten in the Year 1756.

ROBERT LLOTA

YOU know, dear George, I'm none of the That condeficend to write in profe: Infpir'd with pathos and fublime, I always foar—in doggrel rhyme, And fearce can afk you how you do, Without a jingling rhyme or two. Befides, I always took delight in What bears the name of eafy writing: Perhaps the reafon makes it pleafe Is, that I find its writ with eafe,

I vent a notion here in private, Which public tafte can ne'er coonive at, Which thinks no wit or judgment greater Than Addifon and his Spectator;

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fays (it is no matter where, lat he fays it I can fwear) cafy verfe most bards are fmitten, fe they think 'tis eafy written; eas the eafier it appears, reater marks of care it wears; lich, to give an explanation, this by way of illustration: am'd Mat. Prior, it is faid, t his nails and fcratch'd his head, chang'd a thought a hundred times, ife he did not like the rhymes : ake my meaning clear, and pleafe ye, ort, he labour'd to write eafy; yet, no Critic e'er defines oems into labour'd lines. e a fimile will hit him ; erfe, like clothes, was made to fit him, h (as no taylor e'er deny'd) setter fit the more they're try'd. o' I have mention'd Prior's name, s not I aim at Prior's fame: he refult of admiration, end itself in imitation; station may be faid, :h is in me by nature bred, you have better proofs than thefe, I'm idolater of Eafe. ho but a madman would engage et in the prefent age? : what we will, our works bespeak us, tores, fervum pecus. Elegy, or lofty Ode, ravel in the beaten road, proverb ftill fticks clofely by us, Aum, quod non dictum prius. only comfort that I know at 'twas faid an age ago, Iilton foar'd in thought fublime, 'ope refin'd the chink of rhyme, Coleman wrote in ftyle fo pure, e great Two the Connoisseur; burlesqu'd the rural cit, I to hedge in my fcraps of wit, happy in the close connection, juire fome name from their reflection; he fimilitude is trite) moon still shines with borrow'd light, like the race of modern beaux, s with the fun for her lac'd clothes. athinks, there is no better time new the ute I make of rhyme now, when I, who, from beginning, always fond of couplet-finning, ming on good-nature's fcore, lay my bantling at your door. ie first advantage which I fee at I ramble loofe and free:

: II.

The bard indeed full oft complains, That rhymes are fetters, links, and chains; And, when he wants to leap the fence, Still keeps him pris'ner to the fence. Howe'er in common-place he rage, Rhyme's like your fetters on the flage, Which when the player once hath wore, It makes him only firut the more, While, raving in pathetic firains, He fhakes his legs to clank his chains.

From rhyme, as from a handfome face, Nonfenfe acquires a kind of grace; I therefore give it all its fcope, That fense may unperceiv'd elope: -rs of bafeft tricks So M— (I love a fling at politics) Amuse the nation, court, and king, With breaking F-kes, and hanging Byng; And make each puny rogue a prey, While they, the greater, flink away. This fimile perhaps would strike, If match'd with fomething more alike; Then take it, drefs'd a fecond time, In Prior's Eafe, and my Sublime. Say, did you never chance to meet A mob of people in the ftreet, Ready to give the robb'd relief, And all in hafte to catch a thief, While the fly rogue, who filch'd the prey, Too close belet to run away, Stop thief! ftop thief ! exclaims aloud, And to cleapes among the crowd? So Ministers, &c.

O England, how I mourn thy fate f For fure thy loffes now are great; Two fuch what Briton can endure, Minorca and the Connoiffeur 1

To-day *, or ere the fun goes down, Will die the *Crnfor*, Mr. Town ! He dies, whoe'er takes pains to con him, With blufhing honours thick upon him; O may his name thefe verfes fave, Be thefe inferib'd upon his grave !

'Know, Reader, that on Thursday dy'd 'The Connoisseur, a Suicide !

Yet think not that his foul is fled,

Nor rank him 'mongft the vulgar dead ;

Howe'er defunct you fet him down,

' He's only going out of Town.'

§ 128. Ole + to Arthur Onflow, Efq.

THIS goodly frame what virtue fo approves, And teftifies the pure ethereal fpirit, As mild Benevolence ? She, with her fifter Mercy, flill awaits Befide th'eternal throne of Jove,

ieptember 30th, 1756, when Mr. Town, author of the Connoiffeur, a periodical Effay (fince published tr volumes, printed for R. Baldwin, London) took leave of his readers with an humorous account of If.

this elegant Poem was written by a gentleman well known in the learned world, as a token of gratior tavours conferred on his father during the laft war, whole character he has therein affonud.

And

And measures forth, with unwithdrawing hand, The bleffings of the various year,

Sunfhine or flow'r, and chides the madding tempest.

With her the heav'n-bred nymph meek Charity, Shall fashion Onllow forth in fairest portrait;

[claims. And with recording care Weave the fresh wreath that flow'ring Virtue But oh, what Mule shall join the band?

He long has fojourn'd in the facred haunts, And knows each whilp'ring grot and glade

Trod by Apollo and the light-foot Graces.

How then shall aukward gratitude And the prefumption of untutor'd duty Attune my numbers, all too rude? Little he recks the meed of fuch a fong;

Yet will I ftretch aloof, And when I tell of Courtefy, Of well attemper'd Zeal,

Of awful Prudence foothing fell Contention, Where shall the lineaments agree

But in thee, Onflow? You your wonted leave Indulge me, nor mifdeem a foldier's bold emprize;

Who in the diffonance of harb'rous war. Long-train'd, revifits oft the facred treafures

Of antique memory; Or where fage Pindar reins his fiery car, Thro' the vaft vaults of heav'n, fecure; Or what the Attic Muse that Homer fill'd,

Her other fon, thy Milton, taught; Or range the flow'ry fields of gentle Spenfer.

And ever as I go, allurements vain Cherish a feeble fire, and feed my idle

Fancy: O could I once

Charm to their melody my fhrilling reeds! To Henries and to Edwards old,

Dread names ! I'd meditate the faithful fong; Or tell what time Britannia,

Whilom the fairest daughter of old Ocean, In loathly difarray, dull eyes,

And faded cheek, wept o'er her abject fons : Till William, great deliverer,

Led on the comely train, gay Liberty, Religion, matron staid,

With all her kindred goddeffes; Justice with steady brow,

Trim Plenty, laureat Peace, and green-hair'd Commerce,

In flowing veft of thoufand hues.

Fain would I fhadow out old Bourbon's pile, Tott'ring with doubtful weight, and threat'ning

cumb'rous fall; Or trace our navy, where in tow'ring pride O'er the wide-fwelling wafte it rolls avengeful.

As when collected clouds Forth from the gloomy fouth in deep array, Athwart the dark'ning landicape throng,

Fraught with loud ftorm's, and thunder's dreadful pcal,

At which the murd'rer flands aghaft, And wasting Riot ill diffembles terror.

How licadlong Rhone and Ebro, erft difdain'd With Moorith carnage, quakes through all her branches !

Soon shall I greet the morn, [name When Europe fav'd, Britain and George's Shall found o'er Flandria's level field, Familiar in domestic merriment;

Or by the jolly mariner

Be carol'd loud adown the echoing Danube.

The just memorial of fair deeds

Still flourishes, and, like th'untainted foul, Bloffoms in fresheft age, above

The weary flefh, and Envy's rankling wound Such after years mature

In full account thall be thy meed.

O! may your rifing hope Well principled in ev'ry virtue bloom! Till a fresh-springing stock implore

With infant hands a grandfire's pow'rful

fports purfue. pray'r. Or round your honour'd couch their prattling

§ 129. Ode to Melancholy. OGILVIE.

HAIL, queen of thought fublime ! propitious power,

Who o'er th'unbounded wafte art joy'd to roam, Led by the moon, when at the midnight hour Her pale rays tremble thro' the dufky gloom.

O bear me, goddefs, to thy peaceful feat ! Whether to Hecla's cloud-wrapt brow convey'd, Or lodg'd where mountains fereen thy deep retreat.

Or wand'ring wild thro' Chili's boundlefs fhade,

Say, rove thy fteps o'er Lybia's naked wafte ? Or feek fome diftant folitary fhore ?

Or on the Andes' topmost mountain plac'd, Do'ft fit, and hear the folemn thunder roar?

Fix'd on fome hanging rock's projected brow, Hear'ft thou low murmurs from the diftant dome? Or ftray thy feet where pale dejected Woe Pours her long wail from fome lamented tomb?

Hark ! yon deep echo ftrikes the trembling ear! See night's dun curtain wraps the dark fome pole! O'er heav'n's blue arch yon rolling worlds ap-. pear,

And roufe to folemn thought th'afpiring foul.

O lead my fteps, beneath the moon's dim ray, Where Tadmor stands all-defart and alone ! While from her time-shook tow'rs, the bird of

prey [moaa. Sounds through the night her long-refounding

Or hear me far to yon dark difmal plain,

Where fell-ev'd tigers, all athirft for blood,

Howl to the defart: while the horrid train

Roams o'er the wild where once great Babel ftood.

That queen of nations! whole superior call Rous'd the broad East, and bid her arms destroy I When warm'd to mirth, let judgment mark her And deep reflection dath the lip of joy. [fall, store

BOOK II.

DIDACTIC, DESCRIPTIVE, &c. BOOK II.

Short is Ambition's gay deceitful dream; Though wreaths of blooming laurel bind her brow Calm thought difpels the visionary fcheme, And Time's cold breath diffolves the withering bough. Slow as some miner saps th'aspiring tow'r, When working fecret with deftructive aim; Unleen, unheard, thus moves the stealing hour, But works the fall of empire, pomp, and name. Then let thy pencil mark the traits of man; Full in the draught be keen-ey'd Hope pourtray'd : Let flutt'ring Cupids crowd the growing plan: Then give one touch, and dash it deep with shade. Beneath the plume that flames with glancing rays Be Care's deep engines on the foul imprefs'd; Pencath the helmet's keen refulgent blaze Let Grief fit pining in the canker'd breaft. Let Love's gay fons, a fmiling train, appear, With Beauty pierc'd-yet heedlefs of the dart: fhade, While, clofely couch'd, pale fick'ning Envy near Whets her fell fting, and points it at the heart. Perch'd like a raven on fome blafted yew, Let Guilt revolve the thought distracting fin; Scar'd-while her eyes furvey th'ethereal blue Left Heav'n's ftrong lightning burft the dark within. Then paint, impending o'er the madd'ning deep, That rock, where heart-ftruck Sappho, vainly brave, Stood firm of foul ;- then from the dizzy fteep Impetuous fprung, and dash'd the boiling wave. Here, wrapt in studious thought, let Fancy rove, Still prompt to mark Sufpicion's fecret fnare; To fee where Anguish nips the bloom of Love, Or trace proud Grandeur to the domes of Care. Should e'er Ambition's tow'ring hopes inflame, Let judging Reafon draw the veil afide; Or, fir'd with envy at fome mighty name, Read o'er the monument that tells-He dy'd. What are the enfigns of imperial fivay? What all that Fortune's lib'ral hand has brought? Teach they the voice to pour a fiveeter lay? Or roufe the foul to more exalted thought ?

When bleeds the heart as Genius blooms unknown?

When melts the eve o'er Virtue's mournful bier? Not Wealth, but Pity, fwells the burfting groan, Not Pow'r, but whilp'ring Nature, prompts the tear.

Say, gentle mourner, in yon mouldy vault, Where the worm fattens on fome fcepter'd brow, Beneath that roof with fculptur'd marble fraught, Why fleeps unmov'd the breathlefs duft below ?

Sleeps it more fweetly than the fimple fwain. Beneath fome mosfly turf that refts his head Where the lone widow tells the night her pain, And eve with dewy tears embalms the dead.

The lily, fcreen'd from ev'ry ruder gale, Courts not the cultur'd fpot where roles fpring : But blows neglected in the peaceful vale, And fcents the zephyr's balmy breathing wing.

The bufts of grandeur and the pomp of pow'r, Can thefe bid Sorrow's gathing tears fublide ? Can these avail, in that tremendous hour, [tide! When Death's cold hand congeals the purple

Ah not the mighty names are heard no more : Pride's thought fublime, and Beauty's kindling bloom,

Serve but to fport one flying moment o'er, And fwell with pompuous verfe the fcutcheon'd tomb.

For me-my Paffion ne'er my foul invade.

Nor be the whims of tow'ring Frenzy giv'n; Let Wealth ne'er court me from the peaceful

Where Contemplation wings the foul to Heav'n !

O guard me fafe from Joy's enticing fnare With each extreme that Pleafure tries to hide. The poifon'd breath of flow-confuming Care, The noise of Folly, and the dreams of Pride.

But oft, when midnight's fadly folemn knell Sounds long and diftant from the fky-topp'd tow'r, Calm let me fit in Prosper's lonely cell *. Or walk with Milton thro' the dark obfcure.

Thus, when the transient dream of life is fled, May fome fad friend recall the former years Then ftretch'd in filence o'er my dufty bed, Pour the warm gush of sympathetic tears !

§ 130. Ode to the Genius of Shakespeare.

OGILVIE.

I. 1.

R APT from the glance of mortal eye, Say, burits thy Genius to the world of light? Seeks it yon ftar-bespangled fky? Or fkims its fields with rapid flight? Or mid yon plains where Fancy strays, Courts it the balmy breathing gale ? Or where the violet pale Droops o'er the green-embroider'd ftream ; Or where young Zephyr ftirs the ruftling fprays, Lies all-diffolv'd in fairy dream. O'er yon black defart's unfrequented round See'ft thou where Nature treads the deepening · gloom,

Sits on yon hoary tow'r with ivy crown'd, Or wildly wails o'er thy lamented tomb;

Hear'st thou the folemn music wind along ?

Or thrills the warbling note in thy mellifluous fongi

Oft, while on earth, 'twas thine to rove Where'er the wild-cy'd goddefs lov'd to roam, To trace, icrene, the gloomy grove, Or haunt meek Quiet's fimple dome; Still hov'ring round the Nine appear, That pour the foul transporting strain; Join'd to the Loves gay train, The loote-rob'd Graces crown'd with flow'rs, The light-wing'd gales that lead the vernal year, And wake the rofy-featur'd hours. O'er all bright Fancy's beamy radiance fhone, How flam'd thy botom as her charms reveal I Her fire-clad eye fublime, her ftarry zone, Her treffes loofe that wanton'd on the gale, On thee the goddefs fix'd her ardent look, Then from her glowing lips these melting accents broke :

I. 3.

• To thee, my fav*rite fon, belong • The lays that iteal the lift'ning hour, · To pour the rapture-darting fong, · To paint gay Hope's Elyfium bow'r; · From Nature's hand to fnatch the dart, . To cleave with pangs the bleeding heart, · Or lightly fweep the trembling ftring, And call the Loves with purple wing · From the blue deep, where they dwell . With Naiads in the pearly cell, · Soft on the fea-born goddefs gaze ||, • Or, in the loofe robe's floating maze, • Diffolv'd in downy flumbers reft ; • Or flutter o'er her panting breaft : * Or, wild to melt the yielding foul, Let Sorrow, clad in fable ftole, . Slow to thy mufing thought appear, • Or penfive Pity pale, · Or Love's defponding tale [tear.'

· Call from th'intender'd heart the fympathetic

II. 1.

Say, whence the magic of thy mind ? Why thrills thy mulic on the fprings of thought ? Why, at thy pencil's touch refin'd, Starts into life the glowing draught? On vonder fairy carpet laid, Where beauty pours eternal bloom, And zephyr breathes perfume; There, nightly, to the tranced eye Profuse the radiant Goddess stood display'd, With all her fmiling offspring nigh. Sudden, the mantling cliff, the arching wood, The broider'd mead, the landskip, and the grove, Hills, vales, and fky-dipt feas, and torrents rude, Grots, rills, and fhades, and bow'rs that breath'd ; of love, All built to fight ! while glancing on the view,

Titama's fporting train bruth'd lightly o'er the dew.

II. 2.

The pale-ev'd genius of the fhade Led thy bold flep to Profper's magic bow'r, Whole voice the howling winds obey'd, Whole dark spell chain'd the rapid hour; Then role ferene the fea-girt ifle, Gay fcenes, by Fancy's touch refin'd, Glow'd to the musing mind : Such visions blefs the hermit's dream, When hov'ring angels prompt his placid fmile, Or paint fome high ecstatic theme. Then flam'd Miranda on th'enraptur'd gaze. Then fail'd bright Ariel on the bat's fleet wing ; Or farts the lift'ning throng in ftill amaze! The wild note trembling on th'aërial ftring! The form, in Heav'n's resplendent vesture gay, Floats on the mantling cloud, and pours the melting lay *.

II. 3.

O lay me near yon limpid ftream, Whole murmur foothes the car of woel There, in fome fweet poetic dream, Let Fancy's bright Elyfium glow ! 'Tis done;-o'er all the blufhing mead The dark wood shakes his cloudy head ; Below, the lily-fringed dale Breathes its mild fragrance on the gale; While in paftime, all-unfeen, Titania, rob'd in mantle green, Sports on the mosfy bank; her train Skims light along the gleaming plain, Or to the flutt'ring breeze unfold The blue wing ftreak'd with beamy gold, Its pinions op'ning to the light !--Say, burfts the vision on my fight? Ah no! by Shakefpear's pencil drawn, The beauteous fhapes appear, While meek-ey'd Cynthia near Flawn to Illumes with ftreamy ray the filver-mantled

III. I.

But hark ! the tempeft howls afar ! Burfisthe wide whirl wind o'er the pathlefs wafte! What cherub blows the trump of war ? What demon rides the flormy blaft ? Red from the lightning's livid blaze, The bleak heath rufhes on the fight, Then, wrapt in fudden night, Difolves --But ah : what kingly form Roams the lone defart's defolated maze ‡, Unaw'd ! nor heeds'the fweeping ftorm. Ye pale-ey'd lightnings fpare the cheek of age ! Vain with ! tho' anguith heaves the burfling groan. Deaf as the flint, the marble ear of rage Hears not the mourner's unavailing moan : Hearts birst'd he bleeds and fluare with wild

Heart-pierc'd he bleeds, and, ftung with wild defpair, [hair ! Bares his time-blafted head, and tears his filver

9 Venas. • Ariel; fee the Tempelt. + S.e th: Michammer Night's Dream. ‡ Lear. Book II.

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III. 2.

yon long-refounding thore, the rock totters o'er the headlong deep, hantoms, bath'd in infant gore, utt'ring on the dizzy freep ! urmur shakes the zephyr's wing ! rm obeys their pow'rful fpell ! om his gloomy cell Ninter stares ! his fcowling eye e fair mantle of the breathing Spring, wrs along the ruffled fky ! deep vault the yellow harpies run #; ning mouth receives th'infernal crew. :o' the black gloom winks the glimm'ring ſun, [blue ! ie pale furnace gleams with brimstone wls 1 and fiends that join the dire acclaim

wis' and hends that join the dire acclaim on the bubbling tide, and point the livid flame !

III. 3.

! on Sorrow's cyprefs bough auty breathe her genial bloom ? ith's cold cheek will Paffion glow ? fic warble from the tomb leeps the bard, whole tuneful tongue the full ftream of mazy fong ! Spring, with lip of ruby, here s from her lap the bluthing Year; along the turf reclin'd, ofe wind fwimming on the wind, oves, with forward gesture bold, ed the fod with fpangling gold ; t the blue-ey'd Graces trim lightly round on downy limb; , when Eve demure and still irs the green dale's purling rill, Fancy pours the plaintive strain, apt in soothing dream, on's ruffled ftream, [the plain. he low-murmuring gale that dies along

Ode to Time. Occasioned by feeing the vins of an Old Cafile. OGILVIE.

I. 1.

HOU! who, 'mid the world-involving it'st on yon folitary fpire! [gloom, viv fhak it the founding dome, r'it the wildly-warbling lyre; ien thy musing foul ftant times unroll, arks the flight of each revolving year,--rs whole flow confuming pow'r ad with mofs yon leaning tow'r, aw the race of Glory run, nark'd Ambition's fetting fun, hook old Empire's tow'ring pride, wept them down the floating tide; hen thefe long-unfolding fcenes appear, s down thy hoary check the pity-darting tear?

I. 2.

Caft o'er yon tracklefs wafte thy wand'ring eys a Yon hill, whofe gold illumin'throw, Juft trembling thro' the bending fky, O'erlooks the boundlefs wild below, Once bore the branching wood That o'er yon murm'ring flood Hung, wildly waving to the ruftling gale 3 The naked heath with mofs o'ergrown, That hears the lone owl's nightly moan, Once bloom'd with fummer's copious flote, Once rais'd the lawa-befpangling flow'r; Or heard fome lover's plaintive lay, When by pale Cynthia's filver ray, All wild he wander'd o'er the lonely dale, [tales And taught the lift'ning moon the melancholy

1. 3.

Ye wilds, where heav'n-rapt Fancy roves, Ye fky-crown'd hills and folemn groves! Ye low-brow'd vaults, ye gloomy cells ! Ye caves, where night-bed Silence dwells ! Ghofts that in yon lonely hall Lightly glance along the wall, Or, beneath yon ivy'd tow'r, At the filent midnight hour, Stand, array'd in spotlefs white, And ftain the dufky robe of Night1 Or, with flow folemn paufes, roam O'er the long-founding hollow dome ! Say, 'mid yon defart folitary round, When darkness wraps the boundless spheres, Does ne'er fome difmal dying found On Night's dull ferious ear rebound That mourns the ceaseles laple of life-confuming years ?

11. 1.

O call th'infpiring glorious hour to view, When Caledonia's martial train From yon fleep rock's high-arching brow Pour'd on the heart-fruck flying Dane i When War's blood-tinctur'd fpear [long flight : Hung o'er the trembling rear; When light-heel'd Terror wing'd their heads Yon tow'rs then rung with wild alarms I Yon defart gleam'd with fhining arms ! While on the bleak hill's bright'ning fpire Bold Vict'ry flam'd with eyes of fire, Her limbs celeftial robes infold. Her wings were ting'd with spangling gold, She spoke :- her words infus'd reliftless might. And warm'd the bounding heart, and rous'd the foul of fight.

II. 1.

But ah I what hand the fmiling profpect brings I What voice recals th'expiring day I See, darting fwift on cagle-wings, The glancing moment burfts away I So, from fome mountain's head, In mantling gold array'd, While bright-ey'd Fancy stands in sweet furprizes

* The witches in Macbeth.

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The vale where muling Quiet treads, The flow'r-clad lawns and bloomy meads, Or ftreams, where Zephyr loves to ftray, Beneath the pale eve's twinkling ray; Or waving woods detain the fight— When, from the gloomy cave of night, Some cloud tweeps thadows o'er the dufky fkies, And wraps the flying fcene that fades, and fwims, and dies.

II. 3.

Lo ! rifing from yon dreary tomb, What fpectres stalk acrois the gloom ! With haggard eves and vifage pale, And voice that moans with feeble wail ! O'er yon long-refounding plain Slowly moves the folemn train, Wailing wild with thricks of woe O'er the bones that reft below ! While the dull Night's ftartled car Shrinks, aghatt with thrilling fear ! Or stand, with thin robes waiting foon, And eyes that blaft the fick ning moon ! Yet thefe, ere Time had roll'd their years away, Ere Death's fell arm had mark'd its aim, Rul'd yon proud tow'rs with ample fway, Beheld the trembling fwains obey And wrought the glorious deed that fwell'd the trump of Fame.

Ш. т.

But why o'er thefe indulge the burfting figh ? Feels not each fhrub the tempeft's pow'r ? Rocks not the dome when whirlwinds fly? Nor fhakes the hill when thunders roar? Lo! mould'ring, wild, unknown, What fanes, what tow'rs o'erthrown, What tumbling chaos marks the waite of Time! I fee Palmyra's temples fall ! Old Ruin thakes the hanging wall ! Yon wafte, where roaming lions howl, Yon aifle, where moans the grey-cy'd owl, Shows the proud Perfian's great abode * ! Where, feepter'd once, an earthly god ! His pow'r-clad arm controul'd each happier clime, floars fublime. Where sports the warbling Mule, and Fancy

III. 2.

Hark! — what dire found rolls murm'ring on the gale ?
Ah ! what foul-thrilling feene appears !
I tee the column'd arches fail !
And fructures hoar, the boaft of years !
What mould'ring piles decay'd
Gleam thro' the moon-fitreak'd fhade,
Where Rome's proud genius rear'd her awful
Sad monument :— Ambition near [brow !
Rolls on the dutt and pours a tear,
Pale Honour drops the flutt'ring plume,
And Conqueft weeps o'er Cæfar's tomb;

III. 3.

Lo! on yon pyramid fublime, Whence lies Old Egypt's defart clime, Bleak, naked, wild! where ruin lowrs, 'Mid fanes, and wrecks, and tumbling tow'n! On the fleep height, wafte and bare, Stands the Pow'r with hoarv hair! O'er his fevthe he bends; his hand Slowly fhakes the flowing fand, While the Hours, an airy ring, Lightly flit with downy wing, And fap the works of man; and fhade With filver locks his furrow'd head : Thence rolls the mighty Pow'r his broad farw And feals the nations awful doom : He fees proud Grandeur's meteor ray; He yields to joy the feftive day;-Then fweeps the length'ning fhade, and ma them for the tomb.

§ 132. Ode to Evening. OGILVIE. MEEK Pow'r ! whofe balmy-pinion'd gal Steals o'er the flow'r-enamell'd daie; Whofe voice, in gentle whifpers near, Oft fighs to Quiet's lift'ning ear, As on her downy couch at reft, By Thought's infpiring vifions bleft, She fits, with white-rob'd Silence nigh, And, mufing, heaves her ferious eye, To mark the flow fun's glianm'ring ray, To catch the laft pale gleam of day; Or, funk in fiveet repofe, unknown, Lies on the wild hill's van alone, And fees thy gradual pencil flow Along the heav'n-illumin'd bow.

Come, Nymph demure, with mantle blue, Thy treffes bath'd in balmy dew, With ftep fmooth-fliding o'er the green, The Graces breathing in thy men, And thy verture's gather'd fold, Girt with a zone of circling gold, And bring the harp, whole tolemn firing Dies to the wild wind's murn'ring wing, And the Nymph, whole eye ferene Marks the calin-breathing woodland freme, Thought, mountain fage ! who loves to dat And haunts the dark rock's fummit dun: Let Fancy, falcon-wing'd, be near; And, thro' the cloud-cnvclop'd iphere, Where, musing, roams Retirement how, Lull'd by the forrent's diffant roar, O bid, with trembling light, to giow The raven plume that crowns his brow. Lo, where thy meek-cy'd train attend! Queen of the lolemn thought, deficed!

: in romantic bow'rs ! v ftep to ruin'd tow'rs ! learning thro' the chinky door, ray gilds the moulder'd floor: ineath the hallow'd pile, he defait-fhricking aifle, itemplation stalks along, s the flow clock's pealing tongue! he dun discolour'd gloom, ne hero's peaceful tomb, .ife's gay glitt'ring robe alide, ples on the neck of Pride. slter'd by the rambling fprays, the foreft's winding maze, 1ro' the mantling boughs, afar the filver-freaming ftar, w'r'd from ev'ry ruftling blade, light floats along the fhade: ng o'er the human fcene, fure fports with brow ferenc; beam'd, the glancing ray atters, gleams, and fleets away; dubious, restless, blind, the bufy buftling mind; em'ry's unftain'd leaves retain from all th'ideal train.

Ι.

, the landskip, op'ning fair, breathe the purer air! te cowflip-fcented gale e light dew-drop o'er the dale. 1 her amber-dropping bed, e reclines her downy head, :! by fairy-haunted ftream n wild ecitatic dream, : pictur'd wish, or hear foft in Fancy's trembling car) , by angel-harps refin'd, schain the flutt'ring mind, life's edge it eyes the fhore, s pinions ftretch to foar.

iere the fun's broad orb, withdrawn, h pale gold the dufky lawn, d by ev'ry gentler pow'r, flow, folemn, musing hour. n the green hill's purple brow, ark the fcene below, cebly glancing thro' the gloom, le shades the filent tomb ; eneath the ev'ning beam,

lake rolls his azure ftream, east the fivan's white plumes divide, ng o'er the floating tide. neads, and fpires, and forefts bare, nm'ring thro' the mifty air, e vision-pictur'd bow'r • the faint's expiring hour, pt to ecilaly, his eye o' the blue ethercal fky :n unfolding to his fight! s that fwim in floods of light ! pav'd floor, the balmy clime, -beaming dome fublime, rs in glitt'ring pomp difplay'd j ht fcenc hovers o'cr his bed.

He starts-but from his eager gaze Black clouds obfcure the lets'ning rays; On mem'ry still the scene is wrought, And lives in Fancy's featur'd thought.

On the airy mount reclin'd, What wifnes foothe the mufing mind! How foft the velvet lap of Spring ! How fweet the Zephyr's violet wing ! Goddel's of the plaintive fong, That leads the melting heart along, O bid thy voice of genial pow'r Reach Contemplation's lonely bow'r, And call the fage with tranced fight To climb the mountain's fleepy height,-To wing the kindling wifh, or fpread O'er Thought's pale cheek enliv'ning red; Come, hoary Pow'r, with scrious eye, Whofe thought explores yon diftant fky; Now, when the bufy world is ftill, Nor pathon tempts the wav'ring will, When fweeter hopes each pow'r controul, And Quiet whifpers to the foul, Now fweep from life th'illufive train That dance in Folly's dizzy brain; Be Reafon's fimple draught pourtray'd, Where blends alternate light and shade Bid dimpled Mirth, with thought bely'd, Sport on the bubble's glitt'ring fide; Bid Hope pursue the distant boon, And Frenzy watch the fading moon ; Paint Superflition's flarting eye, And Wit that leers with gefture fly; Let Cenfure whet her venom'd dart, And green-ey'd Envy gnaw the heart ; Let Pleafure lie, on flow'rs reclin'd, While Anguish aims her shaft behind.

Hail, Sire fublime! whofe hollow'd cave Howls to the hoarse deep's dashing wave, Thee Solitude to Phoebus bore, Far on the lone deferted fhore, Where Orellano's rushing tide Roars on the rock's projected fide : Hence, burfting o'er thy ripen'd mind, Beams all the father's thought refin'd : Hence, oft in filent vales, unfeen, Thy footfteps print the fairy green ; Or thy foul melts to ftrains of woe, That from the willow's quiv'ring bough Sweet warbling breathe;-the zephyrs round O'er Dee's fmooth current waft the found, When foft, on bending ofiers laid, The broad fun trembling thro' the bed, All wild thy heav'n-rapt Fancy ftrays, Led thro" the foul-diffolving maze, Till Slumber, downy pinion'd, near Plants her ftrong feelocks on thy ear. The foul, unfetter'd ourfts away, And bafks, enlarg'd, in beamy day.

§ 133. Ode to Innocence. OGILVIE. TWAS when the flow-declining ray Had ting'd the cloud with evining gold ; No warbler pour'd the melting lay, No found difturb'd the fleeping fold, Hh 2

Whee

When by a murm'ring rill reclin'd Sat wrapt in thought a wand'ring fivain; Calm peace compos'd his mufing mind; And thus he rais'd the flowing firain:

- Hail Innocence ! celeftial maid !
- What joys thy blushing charms reveal I
- Sweet, as the arbour's cooling shade,
- And milder than the vernal gale.
- " On Thee attends a radiant choir,
- · Soft-fmiling Peace, and downy Reft;
- "With Love, that prompts the warbling lyre,
- And Hope, that foothes the throbbing breaft.
- " O Sent from Heav'n to haunt the grove,
- Where fquinting Envy ne'er can come !
- " Nor pines the cheek with luckless Love,
- " Nor Anguish chills the living bloom.
- " But spotles Beauty, rob'd in white,
- " Sits on yon mofs-grown hill reclin'd;
- " Serene as heav'n's unfully'd light,
- * And pure as Delia's gentle mind.
- " Grant, Heav'nly Pow'r I thy peaceful fway
- * May still my ruder thoughts controul ;
- " Thy hand to point my dubious way,
- * Thy voice to foothe the melting foul !
- * Far in the fhady fweet retreat
- · Let Thought beguile the ling ring hour :
- " Let Quict court the mosfly feat,
- " And twining olives form the bow'r !
- ' Let dove-ey'd Peace her wreath beftow.
- And oft fit lift'ning in the dale,
- "While Night's fweet warbler from the bough
- * Tells to the grove her plaintive tale.
- * Soft as in Delia's fnowy breaft,
- Let each confenting pation move ;
- " Let Angels watch its filent reft,
- * And all its blifsful dreams be Love !"

§ 134. A Description of a Parish Poor-House. CRABBE.

THEIRS is yon house that holds the parish poor, Whose walls of mud scarce bear the broken door;

There, where the putrid vapours flagging play, And the dull wheel huns doleful thro' the day; There children dwell who know no parents care, Parents, who know nochildrenslove, dwell there; Heart-broken matrons on their joylefs bed, Fortaken wives, and mothers never wed; Dejected widows with unheeded tears, And crippled age with more than childhood-fears! The lame, the blind, and, far the happieft they! The moping idiot, and the madman gay.

Here too the fick their final doom receive, Here brought, amid the feenes of grief, to grieve; Where the loud groans from fome fad chamber flow.

- Mixt with the clamours of the crowd below ; Here forrowing, they each kindred forrow fcan, And the cold charitues of man to man. Whofe laws indeed for ruin'd age provide,
- And strong compulsion plucks the scrap from And doth not he, the pious man, appear, pride; He, " passing rich with forty rounds a y
 - ;

But still that scrap is bought with many a figh, And pride embitters what it can't deny.

Say ye, oppreff by fome fantafic wes, Say ye, oppreff by fome fantafic wes, Some jarring nerve that baffles your repofe; Who prefs the downy couch, while flaves advance With timid eye, to read the diftant glance; Who with fad prayers the weary doctor teaze To name the namelefs ever-new diffeale; Who with mock-patience dire complaints endure, Which real pain, and that alone can cure; How would ye bear in real pain to lie, Defpis'd, neglected, left alone to die ? How would ye bear to draw your lateft breath, Where all that's wretched paves the way for death?

Such is that room which one rude beam divides, And naked rafters form the floping fides; Where the vile bands that bind the thatch are feen, And lath and mud is all that he between; [way Save one dull pane, that, coarfely patch'd, gives To the rude tempeft, yet excludes the day: Here, on a matted flock, with duft o'erfpread, The drooping wretch reclines his languid head y For him no hand the cordial cup applies, Nor wipes the tear that flagnates in his eyes; No friends with foft difcourfe his pain beguile, Nor promile hope till ficknefs wears a finile.

§ 135. Description of a Country Apothecary. CRABEE.

BUT foon a loud and haify furmons calls, Shakes the thin roof, and echoes round the Anon a figure enters, quaintly neat, [walls: All pride and bus'nefs, buffle and conceit; With looks unalter'd by thefe feenes of woe, With fpeed that, entering, fpeaks his baffe togo; He bids the gazing throng around him fly, And carries fate and physic in his eve; A potent quack, loog vers'd in human ills, Who first infults the victim whom he kills; Whofe mud'rous hand a drowfy bench proced, And whofe most tender mercy is neglect.

Paid by the parifh for attendance here, He wears contempt thom his fapient facer i In hafte he tecks the bed where mifery lies, Impatience mark'd in his averted eyes; And, fome habitual queries hurtied o'er, Without reply, he rufnes on the door; His drooping patient, long inur'd to pain, And long unheeded, knows remonstrance vain; He ceates now the feeble help to crave Of man, and mutely haftens to the grave.

§ 136. Defeription of a Country Clergyman vifiting the Sick. CRABBE.

BUT ere his death fome pious doubts arife, Some fimple fears which "bold bad" men defpife;

Fain would he afk the parifh-pricft to prove His title certain to the joys above; For this he fends the nurmuring nurfe, who calls The holy firanger to thefe difmal walls; And doth not he, the pious man, appear,

He, " paffing rich with forty rounds a year ?" Ah !

Ah ! no, a fliepherd of a different stock, And far unlike him, feeds this little flock A jovial youth, who thinks his Sunday's tafk As much as God or man can fairly afk; The reft he gives to loves and labours light, To fields the morning, and to feafts the night; None better skill'd the noify pack to guide, To urge their chace, to cheer them or to chide; Sure in his fhot, his game he feldom mift, And feldom fail'd to win his game at whift ; Then, while fuch honors bloom around his head, Shall he fit fadly by the fick man's bed, To raife the hope he feels not, or with zeal To combat fears that ev'n the pious feel?

§ 137. The Reafon for definitions the Vices of the Village. CRABBE.

YET why, you alk, these humble crimes relate, Why make the poor as guilty as the great ? -To thew the great, those mightier fons of Pride, How near in vice the lowest are ally'd; Such are their natures, and their passions such, But these difguise too little, those too much : So shall the man of power and pleasure fee In his own flave as vile a wretch as he; In his luxuriant lord the fervant find His own low pleafures and degenerate mind : And each in all the kindred vices trace Of a poor, blind, bewilder'd, erring race; Who, a fhort time in varied fortune paft, Die, and are equal in the duft at laft. And you, ye poor, who ftill lament your fate, Forbear to envy those you reckon great ; And know, amid those bleflings they posses, They are, like you, the victims of distress; While Sloth with many a pang torments her flave, Fear waits on guilt, and Danger shakes the brave.

§ 138. Apology for Vagrants. ANON. FOR him who, loft to ev'ry hope of life, Has long with fortune held unequal firife, Known to no human love, no human care, The friendless, homeless object of despair; For the poor vagrant, feel, while he complains, Nor from fad freedom fend to fadder chains. Alike, if folly or misfortune brought Those last of woes his evil days have wrought ; Believe with focial mercy, and with me, Folly's misfortune in the first degree.

Perhaps on fome inhospitable thore The houseless wretch a widow'd parent bore ; Who then, no more by golden profpects led, Of the poor Indian begg'd a leafy bed. Cold on Canadian hills, or Minden's plain, Perhaps that parent mourn'd her foldier flain ; Bent o'er her babe, her eve diffolv'd in dew, The big drops mingling with the milk he drew, Gave the fad prefage of his future years, The child of mitery, baptiz'd in tears !

§ 139. Epifile to a young Gentleman, on his leaving Eton School. By Dr. ROBERTS. INCE now a nobler fcene awakes thy care,

Where once in life's gav foring I lov'd to roam, Invites thy willing fteps, accept, dear youth, This parting strain; accept the fervent prayer Of him, who loves thee with a paffion pure As ever friendship dropp'd in human heart, The prayer, That he who guides the hand of youth Thro' all the puzzled and perplexed round Of life's meandring path, upon thy head May fhower down every blefling, every joy, [give1 Which health, which virtue, and which fame can

Yet think not I will deign to flatter thee : Shall he, the guardian of my faith and truth, The guide, the pilot of thy tender years, Teach thy young heart to feel a spurious glow At undeferved praise? Perish the slave Whole venal breath in youth's unpractis'd ear Pours poifon'd flattery, and corrupts the foul With vain conceit ; whofe bafe ungenerous art Fawns on the vice which fome with honeft hand Have torn for ever from the bleeding breaft.

Say, gentle youth, remember'st thou the day When o'er thy tender shoulders first I hung The golden lyre, and taught thy trembling hand To touch th'accordant ftrings ? From that bleft I've feen thee panting up the hill of fame; [hour Thy little heart beat high with honeft praife, Thy check was flush'd, and oft thy sparkling eye Shot flames of young ambition. Never quench That generous ardour in thy virtuous breaft. Sweet is the concord of harmonious founds, When the foft lute or pealing organ ftrikes The well-attemper'd car ; fweet is the breath Of honest love, when nymph and gentle iwaia Waft fighs alternate to each other's heart ; But nor the concord of harmonious founds, When the foft lute or pealing organ strikes The well-attemper'd car; nor the fweet breath Of honeft love, when nymph and gentle fwain Waft fighs alternate to each other's heart, So charm with ravifhment the raptur'd fenfe, As does the voice of well-deferv'd report Strike with fweet melody the confeious foul.

On every object thro' the giddy world Which fathion to the dazzled cyc prefents, Fresh is the gloss of newness; look, deze youth, Oh look, but not admire : O let not thefe Rafe from thy noble heart the fair records Which youth and education planted there : Let not affection's full impetuous tide, Which riots in thy generous breaft, be check'd By felfish cares ; nor let the idle jeers Of laughing fools make thee forget thyfelf. When didft thou hear a tender tale of woe, And feel thy heart at reft ? Have I not feen In thy fwoln eye the tcar of fympathy. The milk of human kindnefs? When didit thou, With envy rankling, hear a rival prais'd? When didft thou flight the wretched ? When [despife The modeft humble fuit of poverty ? These virtues still be thine ; nor ever learn To look with cold eve on the charities Of brother, or of parents; think on those [path Whofe anxious care thro' childhood's flippery Suftain'd thy feeble fteps; whole every with Is wafted fill to thee : remember those, Since manhood, dawning to fair Granta's towers, Even in thy heart while memory holds her feat : Hh a

And oft as to thy mind thou thalt recal The fiveet companions of thy earlieft years, Mates of thy fort, and rivals in the firife Of every generous art, remember me.

§ 140. Ad Amicos. +. R. WEST. YES, happy youths, on Camus' fedgy fide, You feel each joy that friendship can divide; Each realm of feience and of art explore, And with the ancient blend the modern lore. Studious alone to learn whate'er may tend To raife the genius, or the heart to mend; Now pleas'd along the cloitler'd walk you rove, And trace the verdant mazes of the grove, Where focial oft, and oft slone, ye chufe To catch the zephyr, and to court the Mufe. Meantime at mc (while all devoid of art Thefe lines give back the image of my heart) At me the pow'r that comes or foon or late, Or aims, or feems to aim, the dart of fate, From you remote, methinks, alone I ftand, Like fome fad exile in a defart land : Around no friends their lenient care to join In mutual warmth, and mix their heart with Or real pains, or those which fancy raife, [mine. For ever blot the funthine of my days; To fickness still, and full to grief a prey, Wealth turns from me her row face away.

Juft Heav'n ! what fin, ere life begins to bloom,

Devotes my head untimely to the tomb; Did e'er this hand against a brother's life [knife? Drug the dire bowl, or point the murd'rous Did c'er this tongue the fland'rer's tale proclaim, Or madly violate my Maker's name ? Dil c'er this heart betray a triend or foe. Or know a thought but all the world might As yet just started from the lists of time, [know? My growing years have fearedly told their prime; Utelefs, as yet, through life I've idly run, No pleafures tafted, and few duties done. Ah, who, ere autumn's mellowing funs appear, Would pluck the promife of the vernal year; Or, ere the grapes their purple hue betrav, Tear the crude clufter from the mourning fpray? Stern power of Fate, whole coon fceptre rules The Stygian defarts and Cimmerian pools, Forbear, nor rashly finite my youthful heart, A victim yet unworthy of thy dart; Ab, ftav till age fhall blaft my withering face, Shake in my head, and falter in my pace; Then aim the fhaft, then meditate below, And to the dead my willing fhade fhall go.

How weak is Man to Reafon's judging eye! Born in this moment, in the next we die; Part mortal clay, and part ethercal fire, Too proud to creep, too humble to atpire. In vain our plans of happinefs we raife, Pain is our lot, and partence is our praife; Wealth, lineage, honors, conqueft, or a throne, Are what the wife would fear to call their own. Health is at beft a vain precarious thing, And fair-fac'd youth is ever on the wing :

'Tis like the ftream, befide whofe wat'rt ist Some blooming plant exaits his flow'rt had; Nars'd by the wave the fpreading branchs rd Shade all the ground, and flourift to the fit; The waves the while beneath in ferret flow, And undermine the hollow bank below: Wide and more wide the waters urge ther w, Bare all the roots, and on their fibres per, Too late the plant bewails his feolish priz. And finks, untimely, in the whelmeg niz.

But why repine, does life deferve my fgit Few will lainent my lofs whene'er I de. For those, the wretches I despite or hate, I neither envy nor regard their fate. For me, whene'er all - conquering Deat the His wings around my unrepining head, I care not, tho' this face be feen no more, The world will pafs as cheerful as before; Bright as before the day-flar will appear, The fields as verdant, and the fkies as der; Nor forms nor comets will my doom deday, Nor figns on carth, nor portents in the ar; Unknown and filent will depart my breath, Nor nature e'er take notice of my death. Yet fome there are (ere fpent my viral day) Within whole breafts my tomb I with to nes Lov'd in my life, lamented in my end, Inst Their praife would crown me, as their purs To them may these fond lines my name man Not from the Poet, but the Friend facer.

§ 141. Hemn to Contentment. PARNELL

LOVELY, lafting peace of mind! Sweet delight of human kind! Heav'nly born, and bred on high, To crown the fav'rites of the fky With more of happinefs below Than viftors in a triumph know ! Whither, O whither art thou fled, To lay thy meek contented head; What happy region doft thou picafe To make the feat of calms and eace !

Ambition fearches all its fphere Of poinp and flate, to meet thee there: Encreasing avarice would find Thy prefence in its gold infhrin'd : The bold advent'rer ploughs his way Through rocks, amidft the foaming ita, To gain thy love ; and then perceives Thou wert not in the rocks and waves: The filent heart which grief affails, Treads foft and lonclome o'er the vales, Sees daifies open, rivers run. And feeks (as I have vainly done) Amufing thought ; but learns to know That Solitude's the nurfe of woe. No real happiness is found In trailing purple o'er the ground : Or in a foul exalted high, To range the circuit of the fky, Converie with ftars above, and know All Nature in its forms below;

+ Almost all Tibullus's Elegy is imitated in this little piece, from whence his transfrion to Mr. Pari letter is very artfully contrived, and bespeaks a degree of judgment much beyond Mr. West's yean. The reft it feeks, in feeking dies; And doubts at laft for knowledge rife. Lovely, lafting peace, appear; This world itfelf, if thou art here,

Is once again with Eden bleft, And man contains it in his breaft.

'Twas thus, as under fhade 1 ftood, I fung my wifnes to the wood, And, loft in thought, no more perceiv'd The branches whifper as they wav'd; It feem'd as all the quiet place Confefs'd the prefence of his grace, When thus fhe fpoke—Go rule thy will, Bid thy wild paffions all be ftill, Know God—and bring thy heart to know The joys which from religion flow; Then ev'ry grace fhall prove its gueft, And I'll be there to crown the reft.

Oh ! bv yonder moffy feat, In my hours of fweet retreat, Might I thus my foul employ, With fenfe of gratitude and joy; Rais'd as ancient prophets were, In heav'nly vifion, praife, and prayer; Pleafing all men, hurting none, Pleas'd and blefs'd with God alone; Then while the gardens take my fight, With all the colours of delight! While filver waters glide along, To pleafe my ear and court my fong, I'll lift my voice and tune my ftring, And thee, Great Source of Nature, fing.

The fun that walks his airy way, To light the world, and give the day; The moon that fhines with borrow'd light; The fars that gild the gloomy night; The feas that roll unnumber'd waves; The wood that fpreads its fhady leaves; The field whofe cars conceal the grain, The yellow treafure of the plain; All of thefe, and all I fee, Should be fung, and fung by me: They fpeak their Maker as they can, But want and afk the tongue of man.

Go fearch among your idle dreams, Your bufy or your vain extremes; And find a life of equal blifs, Or own the next begun in this.

 § 142. An Addrefs to Winter. COWPER.
 OH Winter ! ruler of th'inverted year, The featter'd hair with fleet like afhes fill'd, Thy breath congeal'd upon thy lips, thy checks Fring'd with a beard made white with other fnows
 Than those of age; thy forehead wrapt in clouds, A leafler's branch thy feeptre, and thy throne A fliding car indebted to no wheels,

I have by figure along its flipp'ry way; I love thee, all unlovely as thou icem'ft, And dreaded as thou art. Thou hold'ft the fun A pris'ner in the yet undawning Eaft, Short'ning his journey between morn and noon,

And hurrying him, impatient of his flav, Down to the roly Weft. But kindly ftill Compenfaring his lofs with added hours Of focial converse and instructive cafe, And gathering at fhort notice in one group The family difpers'd, and fixing thought Not lefs difpers'd by daylight and its cares, I crown thee King of intimate delights, Fire-fide enjoyments, home-born happinefs, And all the comforts that the lowly roof Of undifturb'd retirement, and the hours Of long uninterrupted evening know. No rattling wheels ftop fhort before theic gates ; No powder'd pert proficient in the art Of founding an alarm, affaults these doors Till the ftreet rings. No fiationary fleeds Cough their own knell, while heedlefs of the found The filent circle fan themfelves, and quake ; But here the needle plies its bufy tafk. The pattern grows, the well-depicted flow'r, Wrought patiently into the fnowy lawn, Unfolds its bofom, buds, and leaves, and fprigs, And curling to drils, gracefully difpos'd, Follow the nimble finger of the fair, A wreath that cannot fade, of flow'rs that blow With most fuccess when all besides decay. The poet's or historian's page, by one Made vocal for th'amulement of the reft; The fprightly lyre, whole treature of fwcet [out ; founds The touch frem many a trembling chord inakes And the clear voice fymphonious, yet diffinet, And in the charming strife triumphant still, Beguile the night, and fet a keener edge On female industry ; the threaded steel Flies fiviftly, and unfelt the tafk proceeds. The volume clos'd, the cuftomary rites Of the laft meal commence : a Roman meal, Such as the miftrefs of the world once found Delicious, when her patriots of high note, Perhaps by moon-light at their humble doors, And under an old oak's domestic shade Enjoy'd, fpare feaft ! a radifh and an egg. Discourie enfues, not trivial, yet not dull, Nor fuch as with a frown forbids the play Of fancy, or prefcribes the found of mirth.

Nor do we madly, like an impious world, Who deem religion frenzy, and the God That made them an intruder on their joys, Start at his awful name, or deem his praife A jarring note. Themes of a graver tone Exciting oft our gratitude and love, While we retrace with mem'ry's pointing wand, That calls the past to our exact review, The dangers we have 'fcap'd, the broken fnare, The difappointed foe, deliv'rance found Unlook'd for, life preferv'd and peace reftor'd, Fruits of omnipotent eternal love. Oh evenings worthy of the Gods 1 exclaim'd The Sabine bard. Oh evenings, I reply, More to be priz'd and coveted than yours, As more illumin'd and with nobler truths,

§^{*}143. Liberty renders England preferable to other Nations, notwithflanding Taxes, 5^c. COWPER.

"TIS liberty alone that gives the flow'r Of fleeting life its luftre and perfyme, And we are wreds without it. All constraint, Except what wildom lays on evil mon. Is evil; hurts the faculties, impedes Their progress in the road of fcience ; blinds The eveslight of difcov'ry, and begets In those that fuffer it, a fordid mind Bestial, a meagre intettect, unfit To be the tenant of man's noble form. Thee therefore ftill, blame-worthy as thou art, With all thy lofs of empire, and though fqueez'd By public exigence till annual food Fails for the craving hunger of the flate, Thee I account still happy, and the chief Among the nations, feeing thou art free ! My native nook of earth ! thy clime is rude, Replete with vapours, and disposes much All hearts to fadness, and none more than mine; Thine unadult'rate manners are lefs foft And plaufible than focial life requires, And thou hast need of discipline and art To give thee what politer France receives From Nature's bounty-that humane address And fweetness, without which no pleafure is In converse, either starv'd by cold referve, Or flush'd with fierce dispute, a fenseles brawl; Yet, being free, I love thee. For the fake Of that one feature, can be well content, Difgrac'd as thou haft been, poor as thou art, To feek no fublunary reft befide. But once enflay'd, farewell ! I could endure Chains nowhere patiently; and chains at home, Where I am free by birthright, not at all. Then what were left of roughness in the grain Of British natures, wanting its excuse That it belongs to freemen, would difgust And thock me. I thould then with double pain Feel all the rigour of thy fickle clime; And if I must be all the bleffing lost For which our Hampdens and our Sidneys bled, I would at least bewail it under skies Milder, among a people less auftere, In scenes which having never known me free, Would not reproach me with the loss I felt.

 \$ 144 Defeription of a Poet. COWPER.
 I KNOW the mind that feels indeed the fire The mule imparts, and can command the lyre,
 Acts with a force, and kindles with a zeal,

- Whate'er the thome, that others never feel. If human woes her foft attention claim, A tender sympathy pervades the frame : She pours a fensibility divine
- Along the nerve of every feeling line.
- But if a deed not tamely to be borne,
- Fire indignation and a fenfe of feorn,

The ftrings are fwept with fuch a pow'r, fo loud, The ftorm of music fhakes th'attonifh'd crowd.

So when remote futurity is brought Before the keen enquiry of her thought, A terrible fagacity informs The Poet's heart, he looks to diftast form, He hears the thunder ere the tempeft lown, And, arm'd with ftrength furpating her pow'rs,

Seizes events as yet unknown to man, And darts his foul into the dawning plan. Hence, in a Roman mouth, the graceful man Of Prophet and of Poet was the fame; Hence British poets too the priethood flart, And ev'ry hallow'd druid was a bard.

'T'IS night, dead night; and o'er the plan Darknefs extends her ebon ray,

While wide along the gloomy feene Deep filence holds her folemn iway.

Throughout the earth no cheerful beam • The melaucholic eye furveys.

Save where the worm's fantaftic gleam The 'nighted traveller betrays.

The favage race (fo Heav'n decrees) No longer through the foreft rove;

All nature refts, and not a breeze Difturbs the ftillnefs of the grove.

All nature refts ; in Sleep's foft arms The village fivain forgets his care :

Sleep, that the fting of Sorrow charms, And heals all fadnefs but Defpair.

Defpair alone her power denies, And when the fun withdraws his rays, To the wild beach diftracted flies,

Or cheerless through the defart strays; Or, to the church-yard's horrors led,

While fearful echoes burft around, On fome cold fione he leans his head, Or throws his body on the ground.

To fome fuch drear and folemn fcene, Some friendly power direct my way,

Where pale Misfortune's haggard train, Sad luxury ! delight to ftray.

Wrapp'd in the folitary gloom, Retir'd from life's fantaftic crew, Refign'd, I'll wait my final doom, And bid the bufy world adjeu,

The world has now no joy for me, Nor can life now one pleafure book,

Since all my eyes defir'd to fce, My wifa, my hope, my all, is koft;

Since the, to form'd to pleafe and blcfs, So wife, fu innocent, to fair,

Whole converfe liweet made forrow lefs, And brighten'd all the gloom of care; Since the is loft-Ye powers divine,

What have I done, or thought, or faid ! O fay, what horrid act of mine

Has drawn this vengeance on my head!

Id Heav'n favour Lycon's claim ? re my heart's best wishes croft ? er doeds adorn his name? iobler merit can he boaft ? her worth in him was found e heart's fervice to outweigh? is fop !--- A dull compound cely animated clay !

1, indeed, he danc'd with cafe, arm'd her by repeating o'er ig raptures in her praise wenty fools had told before : is! who thought all art flion's force would meanly prove, ly boaft an honeft heart, aim'd no merit but by love,

ot fat-ye confcious hours nefs-while my Stella fung rn to eve, with all my powers a th'enchantment of her tongue! ious hours that faw me stand ic'd in wonder and furprife, rapture press her hand, palion buriting from my eyes.

ot lov'd-O earth and heav'n ! e now is all my youthful boaft ? exchange I hop'd was given. ghted fame and fortune loft ;

low the joys that once were mine? e all my hopes of future blifs? hole joys, thole hopes relign ? her friendinip come to this ?

en each woman faithlefs prove, ach fond lover be undone ? /s no more l-Almighty Love ! ad refemblance let me fhun I

ot be-My honeft heart lear fad image ftill retains ; ite of reason, spite of art, ircadful memory remains.

'rs divine, whofe wond'rous fkill in the womb of time can fee, I bend me to your will, lare arraign your high decree. be bleft with health, with eafe, all your bounty has in ftore; ow cloud my future days: ella bleft ! I afk no more.

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where high in yonder caft ftar of morning mounts apace ! -let me fly th'unwelcome gueft, bid the Muse's labour cease.

ELEGY IL

V, young, life's journey I began, glittering prospect charm'd my eyes, long th'extended plan ifter joy excellive rife :

ame her golden trumpet blew : Power difplay'd her gorgeous charms; /ealth engag'd my wandering view, Pleasure woo'd me to her arms :

To each by turns my yows I paid, As Folly led me to admire ; While Fancy magnify'd each fhade, And Hope encreas'd each fond defire.

But foon I found 'twas all a dream; And learn'd the fond purfuit to fhun, Where few can reach their purpos'd aim.

And thousands daily are undone: And Fame, I found, was empty air; And Wealth had Terror for her gueft; And Pleafure's path was ftrewn with Care ; And Power was vanity at beft.

Tir'd of the chace I gave it o'er; And in a far sequester d shade,

To Contemplation's fober power My youth's next fervices I paid:

There Health and Peace adorn'd the fcone : And oft, indulgent to my prayer, With mirthful eye and frolic mien

The Muse would deign to visit there.

There would fhe oft delighted rove The flower-enamell'd vale along :

Or wander with me through the grove, And liften to the woodlark's fong.

Or 'mid the foreft's awful gloom, Whilft wild amazement fill'd my eyes, Recall paft ages from the tomb, And bid ideal worlds arife.

Thus in the Muse's favour bleft, One with alone my foul could frame, And Heav'n bestow'd, to crown the reft,

A friend, and Thyrfis was his name.

For manly conftancy and truth, And worth, unconfcious of a ftain, He bloom'd the flower of Britain's youth ;

The boaft and wonder of the plain.

Still with our years our friendship grew : No cares did then my peace deftroy ; Time brought new bleffings as he flew,

And every hour was wing'd with joy.

But foon the blifsful fcene was loft, Soon did the fad reverfe appear; Love came, like an untimely froft, To blaft the promife of my year.

I faw young Daphne's angel-form (Fool that I was I blefs'd the fmart)

And, while I gaz'd, nor thought of harma The dear infection feiz'd my heart.

She was-at leaft in Damon's eyes,-Made up of lovelines and grace ; Her heart a stranger to disguise,

Her mind as perfect as her face.

To hear her fpeak, to fee her move (Unhappy I, alas ! the while) Her voice was joy, her look was love,

And Heaven was open'd in her finile !

She heard me breathe my amorous prayers, She liften'd to the tender strain.

She heard my fighs, fhe faw my tears, And feem'd at length to fhare my gain.

She faid the loy'd-and I, poor youth ! (How foon, alas, can Hope perfuade) Thought all the faid no more than truth ;

And all my love was well repaid.

In joys unknown to courts or kings, With her I fat the live-long day,

And faid and look'd fuch tender things, As none befide could look or fay !

How foon can Fortune shift the scene, And all our earthly bliss destroy !

Care hovers round, and Grief's fell train Still treads upon the heels of Joy.

My age's hopc, my youth's heft boaft, My foul's chief bleffing, and my pride, In one fad moment all were loft,

And Daphne chang'd, and Thyrfis dy'd !

O! who, that heard her vows ere-while, Could dream thefe vows were infineere ! Or who could think, that faw her finile,

That fraud could find admittance there !

Yet the was falfe-my heart will break ! Her frauds, her perjuries were fuch-

Some other tongue than mine must fpeak-I have not power to fay how much !

Ye fwains, hence warn'd, avoid the bait, Q fhun her paths, the trait'refs fhun !

Her voice is death, her fmile is fate; Who hears or fees her is undone.

And when Death's hand shall close my eves (For foon, I know, the day will come)

O cheer my spirit with a sigh, And grave these lines upon my tomb :

THE EPITAPH.

CONSIGN'D to duft, beneath this flone, In manhood's prime, is Damon laid; Joylefs he liv'd, and dy'd unknown.

In bleak misfortune's barren shade.

Lov'd by the Muse, but lov'd in vain : 'Twas beauty drew his ruin on ;

He faw young Daphne on the plain ; He lov'd, believ'd-and was undone !

His heart then funk beneath the itorm (Sad meed of unexampl'd youth !)

And Torrow, like an envious worm, Devour'd the blotfom of his youth.

Beneath this flone the youth is laid-O greet his affect with a tear !

May Heaven with bleffings crown his fhade, And grant that peace he wanted here !

§ 146. Great Cities, and London in particular, allowed their due Praile. COWPER.

BUT tho' true worth and virtue, in the mild And genial foil of cultivated life Thrive moft, and may perhaps thrive only there, Yet not in critics oft. In proud and gay And gain-devoted cities : thither flow, As to a common and moit noifonne fewer,

.

The dregs and fæculence of ev'ry land. In citics foul example on most minds Begets its likeneis. Rank abundance breeds In grofs and pamper'd cities floth and huft, And wantonnefs and gluttonnefs excefs. In cities, vice is hidden with most cafe, Or feen with leaft reproach ; and virtue, taught By frequent lapfe, can hope no triumph there Bevond th'atchiavement of fuccefsful flight. I do confess them nurs ries of the arts, In which they flourish most; where, in the beams Of warm encouragement, and in the eye Of public note, they reach their perfect fize. Such London is, by tafte and wealth proclaim'd The fairest capital of all the world, By riot and incontinence the worft. There, touch'd by Reynolds, a dull blank be-A lucid mirror, in which Nature fees [comes All her reflected features. Bacon there Gives more than female beauty to a flone, And Chatham's cloquence to marble lips. Nor does the chiffel occupy alone The pow'rs of fculpture, but the ftyle as much: Each province of her art her equal care. With nice incifion of her guided fteel She ploughs a brazen field, and clothes a foil So ferile with what charms foc'er fhe will, The richeft fcen'ry and the lovelieft forms. Where finds philosophy her eagle eye, With which the gazes at yon burning difk Undazzled, and detects and counts his fpots ? In London. Where her implements exact, With which the calculates, computes, and icans, All diftance, motion, magnitude, and now Measures an atom, and now girds a world? In London. Where has commerce fuch a mart, So rich, fo throng'd, fo drain'd, and fo fupplied As London, opulent, enlarg'd, and still Increasing London ? Babylon of old Not more the glory of the earth, then fhe A more accomplish'd world's chief glory now. She has her praife. Now mark a fpot or two That fo much beauty would do well to purge; And fliew this queen of cities, that fo fair May yet be foul, to witty, yet not wife. It is not feemly, nor of goood report, That the is flack in in difcipline : more prompt T'avenge than to prevent the breach of law. That fhe is rigid in denouncing death On petty robbers, and indulges life And liberty, and oft-times honor too, To peculators of the public gold. That thieves at home must hang ; but he that puts Into his overgorg'd and bloated purfe The wealth of Indian provinces, escapes. Nor is it well, nor can it come to good, That, through profane and infidel contempt Of holy writ, the has prefum'd t'annul And abrogote, as roundly as the may, The total ordinance and will of God Advancing fathion to the post of truth, And cent'ring all authority in modes And cuftoms of her own, till Sabbath rites Have dwindled into unrefpected forms, And knees and hallocks are well-nigh divore'd. nade the country, and man made the town. wonder then, that health and virtue, gifts an alone make fweet the bitter draught ife holds out to all, should most abound, aft be threaten'd in the fields and groves? ye therefore, ye who, borne about riots and fedans, know no fatigue at of idlenefs, and tafte no fcenes ch as art contrives, posses ye still :lement; there only ye can fhine; only minds like yours can do harm. oves were planted to confole at noon enfive wand'rer in their fhades. At eve .oon-beam, fliding foftly in between coping leaves, is all the light they with, warbling all the mulic. We can fpare plendor of your lamps, they but eclipfe orter fatellite. Your fongs confound ore harmonious notes. The thrush departs , and th'offended nightingale is mute : is a public mifchief in your mirth, gues your country. Folly fuch as yours, d with a tword, and worthier of a fan, lade, which enemies could ne'er have done, rch of empire, stedfast but for you, tilated structure foon to fall.

. The Want of Discipline in the English Universities. COWPER.

olleges and halls in ancient days, ten learning, virtue, piety, and truth, precious and inculcated with care, dwelt a fage call'd Difcipline His head et by Time completely filver'd o'er, ke him paft the bounds of freakift youth, iong for fervice ftill, and unimpair'd. ye was meck and gentle, and a finile i on his lips, and in his fpeech was heard hal fweetnefs, dignity, and love. secupation deareft to his heart to encourage goodnefs. He would froke head of modeft and ingenuous worth bluth'd at its own praife, and prefs the

youth [grew, to his fide that pleas'd him. Learning uth lis care a thriving vigorous plant; nind was well inform'd, the pairons held dinate, and diligence was choice. r it chanc'd, as fometimes chance it muft, one among fo many overleap'd imits of controul, his gentle cyc

ftern, and darted a fevere rebuke; rown was full of terror, and his voice c the delinquent with fuch fits of awe, ft him not, till penitence had won avour back again, and clos'd the breach. Difeipline, a faithful fervant long, a'd at length into the vale of years: fy ftruck his arm, his fparkling eye quench'd in rheums of age, his voice unftrung,

tremulous, and mov'd derifion more rev'rence in perverfe rebellious youth. lleges and halls neglected much Their good old friend; and Difcipline at length. O'erlook'd and unemploy'd, fell fick and died. Then Study languith'd, Emulation flept, And Virtue fled. The schools became a scene Of folemn farce, where ignorance in kilts, His cap well lin'd with logic not his own, With parrot-tongue perform'd the Scholar's part, Proceeding foon a graduated Dunce. Then Compromife had place, and Scrutiny Became ftone-blind, Precedence went in truck, And he was competent whole purle was fo. A diffolution of all bonds enfu'd; The curbs invented for the muleish mouth Of headftrong youth were broken ; bars and bolts Grew rufty by dilufe, and maffy gates Forgot their office, op'ning with a touch; Till gowns at length are found mere malquerade; The taffel'd cap and the foruce band a jeft, A mock'ry of the world. What need of these For gamefters, jockics, brothellers impure, Spendthrifts, and booted sportsmen, oft'ner seen With belted waift and pointers at their heels, Than in the bounds of duty ? What was learn'd. If aught was learn'd in childhood is forgot; And fuch expence as pinches patents blue, And mortifies the lib'ral hand of love, Is fquander'd in purfuit of idle fports And vicious pleafures; buys the boy a name That fits a ftigma on his father's house, And cleaves through life infeparably clofe To him that wears it. What can after-games Of riper joys, and commerce with the world, The lewd vain world that must receive him foon, Add to fuch erudition thus acquir'd, Where fcience and where virtue are profes'd? They may confirm his habits, rivet faft His folly; but to fpoil him is a talk That bids defiance to th'united pow'rs Of fashion, diffipation, taverns, ftews. Now, blame we most the nurslings or the nurse? The children crook'd, and twifted, and deform'd Through want of care, or her wholewinking eye And flumb'ring ofcitancy mars the brood ? The nurfe no doubt. Regardless of her charge, She needs hericif correction; needs to learn That it is dang'rous fporting with the world, With things to facred as a nation's truft, The nurture of her youth, her dearest pledge.

§ 148. Happy the Freedom of the Man whom Grace makes free—His relifh of the Works of God—Addrefs to the Greator. COWPER. H And all are flaves befide. There's not a chain That hellifh foes confed'rate for his harm Can wind around him, but he cafts it off With as much cafe as Samfon his green withes. He looks abroad into the varied field Of Nature, and tho' poor, perhaps, compar'd With thofe whofe manfious glitter in his fight, Calls the delightful feenery all his own. His are the mountains, and the vallies his, And the refplendent rivers; his t'enjoy

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But who with filial confidence infpir'd, Can lift to Heav'n an unprefumptuous eye, And imiling fay --- My Father made them all : Are they not his by a peculiar right; And by an emphasis of int'rest his, Whole ove they fill with tears of holy joy, Whofe heart with praife, and whofe exalted mind With worthy thoughts of that unwearied love That plann'd, and built, and still upholds a world, So cloth'd with beauty, for rebellious man? Yes -ye may fill your garners, ye that reap The loaded foil, and ye may wafte much good In fenselets riot; but ye will not find In feast or in the chace, in fong or dance, A liberty like his, who, unimpeach'd Of uturpation, and to no man's wrong, Appropriates nature as his Father's work, And has a richer use of yours than you. He is indeed a freeman; free by birth Of no mean city, plann'd or cre the hills Were built, the fountains open'd, or the fea With all his roaring multitude of waves. His freedom is the fame in ev'ry state, And no condition of this changeful life. So manifold in cares, whole ev'ry day Brings its own evil with it, makes it lefs : For he has wings that neither fickness, pain, Nor penury, can cripple or confine; No nook fo narrow but he fpreads them there With cafe, and is at large. Th'oppreffor holds His body bound, but knows not what a range His spirit takes, unconscious of a chain; And that to bind him is a vain attempt, Whom God delights in, and in whom hedwells. Acquaint thyfelf with God, if thou would state His works. Admitted once to his embrace, Thou thalt perceive that thou waft blind before; Thine eye fball be instructed, and thine heart, Made pure, shall relish with divine delight, Till then unfelt, what hands divine have wrought. Brutes graze the mountain-top with faces prone, And eyes intent upon the fcanty herb It yields them, or, recumbent on its brow, Ruminate heedlefs of the fcene outfpread Beneath, beyond, and stretching far away From inland regions to the diftant main. Man views it and admircs, but refts content With what he views. The landfcape has his praise;

But not its Author! Unconcern'd who form'd The paradife he fees, he finds it fuch, And fuch well pleas'd to find it, afks no more. Not fo themind that hasbeen touch'd from Heav'n, And in the fchool of facred wifdom taught To read his wonders, in whole thought the Fair as it is, exifted ere it was : [world, Not for its own fake merely, but for his Much more who fashion'd it, he gives it praise; Praise that, from earth refulting as it ought, To earth's acknowledg'd Sovereign, finds at once Its only just proprietor in Him. The foul that fees him, or receives fublim'd

New faculties, or learns at leaft, t'employ More worthily the pow'rs the own'd before, Difcerns in all things, what with itupid gaze

Of ignorance till then the overlook'd, A ray of heav'nly light gilding all forms Terrestrial, in the vast and the minute, The unambiguous footsteps of the God Who gives its lusture to an infect's wing, And wheels his throne upon the rolling worlds. Much converfant with Heav'n the often holds With those fair ministers of light to man. That fill the fkies nightly with filent pomp, Sweet conference; enquires what ftrains were they With which heav'n rang, when ev'ry ftar, in To gratulate the new-created earth, (hafte Sent forth a voice, and all the fons of God Shouted for joy -- " Tell me, ye fining hofts, " That navigate a fea that knows no ftorms, " Beneath a vault unfullied with a cloud, " If from your elevation, whence ye view " Diftinctly fcenes invisible to man, " And fyitems of whole birth no tidings yet " Have reach'd this nether world, ye Tpy a race " Favour'd as ours, transgreffors from the womb, " And hasting to a grave, yet doom'd to rife, " And to poffers a brighter heav'n than yours? " As one who, long detain'd on foreign thores " Pants to return, and when he fees afar [rocks "His country's weather-bleach'd and batter'd " From the green wave emerging, darts an eye " Radiant with joy towards the happy land; " So I with animated hopes behold " And many an aching wifh, your beamy fires, " That fnew like beacons in the blue abyfs, " Ordain'd to guide th'embodied fpirit home " From toilforne life to never-ending reft. " Love kindles as I gaze. I feel defires " That give affurance of their own fuccefs, "And that infus'd from heav'n must thither " tend." So reads he nature, whom the lamp of truth Illuminates; thy lamp, mysterious word ! Which whofo fees no longer wanders loft, With intellects bemaz'd, in endlefs doubt, But runs the road of wildom. Thou haft built. With means that were not till by thee employ'd, Worlds that had never been, had it thou in ftrength Been lefs, or lefs benevolent than ftrong. They are thy witneffes, who fpeak thy pow'r And goodness infinite, but speak in cars That hear not, or receive not their report. In vain thy creatures teftify of thee Till thou proclaim thyfelf. Theirs is indeed A teaching voice ; but 'tis the praise of thine, That whom it teaches it makes prompt to learne And with the boon gives talents for its ufc. Till thou art heard, imaginations vain Poffefs the heart, and fables false as hell, Yet deem'd oracular, lure down to death The uninform'd and heedlefs fons of men. We give to chance, blind chance, ourfelves as blind. The glory of thy work, which yet appears

Perfect and unimpeachable of blame, Challenging human fcrutiny, and prov'd Then skilful most when most feverely judg'd. But chance is not; or is not where thou reign'ft: Thy providence forbids that fickle pow'r

'r fhe be that works but to confound) her wild vagaries with thy laws. s we doat, refufing while we can tion, and inventing to ourfelves ich as guilt makes welcome, Gods that gard our follics, or that fit I fpectators of this builting ftage. [fleep] e reject, unable to abide irity, till pure as thou art pure, uch by thee, we love thee for that caule ich we fhunn'd and hated thee before. ve are free: then liberty like day on the foul, and by a flash from Heav'n 1 the faculties with glorious joy. : is heard that mortal ears hear not ou hast touch'd them :--- 'tis the voice of fongs,

Hofanna fent from all thy works, he that hears it with a fhout repeats, lds his rapture to the gen'ral praife. bleft moment, Nature throwing wide il opaque, difcloses with a finile uthor of her beauties, who, retir'd his own creation, works unteen impure, and hears his pow'r deny'd. art the fource and centre of all minds, only point of reft, Eternal Word ! hee departing, they are loft, and rove dom, without honor, hope, or peace. hee is all that foothes the life of man, sh endeavour, and his glad fucceis, ength to fuffer, and his will to ferve. h I thou bounteous Giver of all good, art of all thy gifts thyfelf the crown ! that thou canft, without thee we are poor, ith thee rich, take what thou wilt away.

That Philosophy which flops at Secondary Causes, reproved. COWPER.

'PY the man who fees a God employ'd 1 all the good and ill that chequer life 1 ing all events, with their effects anifold refults, into the will bitration wife of the Supreme. t his eye rule all things, and intend aft of our concerns (fince from the leaft reatest oft originate) could chance lace in his dominion, or difpose wlefs particle to thwart his plan, God might be furpris'd, an unforescen gence might alarm him, and diffurb nooth and equal course of his affairs. uth, philosophy, though cagle-cyed ire's tendencies, oft overlooks, aving found his inftrument, forgets egards, or, more presumptuous still, the pow'r that wields it. God proclaims t difpleafure against foolish men ive an atheist life ; involves the heav'n pefts; quits his grafp upon the winds, ives them all their fury; bids a plague a fiery bile upon the ikin, utrify the breath of blooming health.

He calls for famine,—and the meagre fiend Blows mildew from between his fhrivell'd lips, And taints the golden ear: he fprings his mines, And defolates a nation at a blaft. Forth fteps the fpruce philofopher, and tells Of homogeneal and difcordant fprings And principles; of caufes, how they work By neceffary laws their fure effects; Of action and re-action. He has found The fource of the difcafe that Nature teels, And bids the world take heart and banifh fears. Thou fool I will thy difcovery of the caufa Sufpend th'effect or heal it ? Has not God Still wrought by means fince first he made the world ?

And did he not of old employ his means To drown it? What is his creation lefs Than a capacious refervoir of means Form'd for his ufe, and ready at his will? Go, drefs thine eyes with eye-falve, afk of him, Or afk of whomfoever he has taught, And learn, tho' late, the genuine caufe of all.

§ 150. Rural Sounds as well as Sights delightful. Cowpere.

NOR rural fights alone, but rural founds Exhilarate the fpirit, and reftore The tone of languid Nature. Mighty winds, That iweep the fkirt of fome far fpreading wood Of ancient growth, make mufic not unlike The dash of ocean on his winding thore, And lull the fpirit while they fill the mind, Unnumber'd branches waving in the blaft, And all their leaves fast flutt'ring, all at once. Nor lefs composure waits upon the roar Of diftant floods, or on the fofter voice Of neighb'ring fountain, or of rills that flip Through the cleft rock, and chiming as they fall Upon loofe pebbles, loie themfelves at length In matted grais, that with a livelier green Betrays the fecret of their filent course. Nature inanimate employs fweet founds, But animated nature fweeter still, To footh and fatisfy the human ear. Ten thousand warblers cheer the day, and one The live-long night: nor these alone, whose Nice-finger'd art must emulate in vain, Inoter But cawing rocks, and kites that fwim fublime In ftill repeated circles, foreaming loud, The jay, the pic, and e'en the boding owl That hails the rifing moon, have charms for me. Sounds inharmonious in themfelves and harth, Yet heard in scenes where peace for ever reigns, And only there, pleafe highly for their fake.

§ 151. The Wearifomenefs of what is commonly called a Life of Pleasure. COWPER.

THE fpleen is feldom felt where Flora reigns; The lowring eye, the petulance, the frown, And fullen fadneis that o'erfhade, diffort And mar the face of beauty, when no caufe For

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Boox II.

For fuch immeafurable woe appears; These Flora banishes, and gives the fair [own. Sweet finiles and bloom, let's transient than her It is the conftant revolution, ftale And taftelets of the fame repeated joys, That palls and fatiates, and makes languid life A pedlar's pack, that bows the bearer down. Health fuffers, and the fpirits ebb; the heart Recoils from its own choice-at the full feaft Is famish'd-finds no mulic in the long. No fmartnels in the jeft, and wonders why. Yct thousands still defire to journey on, Though halt and weary of the path they tread. The paralytic, who can hold her cards, But cannot play them, borrows a friend's hand To deal and thuffle, to divide and fort Her mingled fuits and fequences, and fits Spectatrefs both and fpectacle, a fad And filent cypher, while her proxy plays. Others are dragg'd into the crowded room Between supporters; and once seated, fit, Through downright inability to rife, Till the ftout bearers lift the corple again. Thefe fpeak a loud inemento. Yet even thefe Themfelves love life, and cling to it, as he That overhangs a torrent to a twig. They love it, and yet loath it; fear to die, Yet forn the purposes for which they live. Then wherefore not renounce them ? No-the dread,

The flavifh dread of folitude that breeds Reflection and remorfe, the fear of fhame, And their invet'rate habits all forbid.

Whom call we gay? That honor has been long The boaft of mere pretenders to the name. The innocent are gay—the lark is gay That dries his feathers, faturate with dew, Beneath the rofy cloud, while yet the beams Of day-fpring overfhoot his humble neft. The pealant too, a witnefs of his fong, Himfelf a fongiter, is as gay as he. But fave me from the gaiety of thofe Whofe head-achs nail them to a noon-day bed; And fave me too from theirs whofe haggard eyes Flath deficeration, and betray their pangs For property ftripp'd off by cruel chance; From gaiety that fills the bones with pain, The mouth with blafphemy, the heart with woe.

§ 152. Satirical Review of our Trips to France. COWPER.

NOW hoift the fail, and let the ftreamers float Upon the wanton breezes; ftrew the deck With lavender, and fprinkle liquid iweets, That no rude favour maritime invade The nofe of nice nobility. Breathe foft Ye clarionets, and fofter ftill ye flutes, That winds and waters, lull'd by magic founds, May bear us fmoothly to the Gallie thore. True, we have loft an empire-let it pafs. True, we may thank the perfuly of France, That pick'd the jewel out of England's crown, With all the cunning of an envious fhrew. And let that pais—'twas but a trick of flate. A brave man knows no malice, but at once Forgets, in peace, the injuries of war, And gives his direft foe a friend's embrace. And, fham'd as we have been, to the very beard hrav'd and dety'd, and in our own fea prov'd Too weak for those decifive blows, that once Infur'd us maft'ry there, we yet retain Some finall pre-eminence; we juftly boaft At leaft fujerior jockeyfhip, and claim The honors of the turf as all our own. Go then, well worthy of the praife ve feck, And fhew the fhame ye might conceal at home, In foreign eyes!—be grooms, and win the plate, Where once your nobler fathers won a crown!

§ 153. The Pulpit the Engine of Reformation. COWPER.

THE pulpit therefore (and I name it, fill'd With folemn awe, that bids me well beware With what intent I touch the holy thing) The pulpit (when the fat'rift has at laft, Strutting and vap'ring in an empty school, Spent all his force and made no profelyte) I fay the pulpit (in the fober ufe Of its legitimate peculiar pow'rs) fitand. Muft ftand acknowledg'd, while the world fhall The most important and effectual guard, Support, and ornament, of virtue's caule. There stands the messenger of truth ; there stands The legate of the fkies : his theme divine, His office facred, his credentials clear. By him the violated law fpcaks out Its thunders; and by him, in ftrains as fweet As angels use, the golpel whispers peace. He stablishes the strong, restores the weak, Reclaims the wand'rer, binds the broken heart, And, arm'd himfelf in panoply complete Of heav'nly temper, furnishes with arms Bright as his own, and trains by ev'ry rule Of holy discipline, to glorious war, The facramental hoft of God's cleft.

§ 154. The Petit-Maitre Clergyman. COWPER.

VENERATE the man, whofe heart is warm, Whofe hands are pure, whofe doctrine and Coincident, exhibit lucid proof [whofe life That he is honeft in the facred caufe. To fuch I render more than mere respect. Whole actions fay that they refpect themfelves. But loofe in morals, and in manners vain, In conversation frivolous, in drefs Extreme, at once rapacious and profuse; Frequent in park, with lady at his fide, Ambling and prattling fcandal as he goes; But rare at home, and never at his books Or with his pen, fave when he forawls a card; Conftant at routs, familiar with a round Of ladyfhips, a thranger to the poor; Ambitious of preferment for its gold, And well prepar'd by ignorance and floth. By infidclity and love o' th'world,

ke God's work a finecure : a flave own pleafures and his patron's pride uch Apoftles, oh, ye mitred heads, 'e the church ! and lay not carelefs hands lls that cannot teach, and will not learn.

Verfes written upon a Pedestal beneath a of Elms in a Meadow near Richmondy, belonging to Richard Owen Cambridge, September, 1760.

By the Author of Love Elegies. reen-hair'd nymphs whom Pan allows b guard from harm these favour'd boughs; e-cy'd Naiads of the ftream, oothe the warm poetic dream; es and sprights, that thronging round, midnight darkens all the ground, c measures uncontroul'd airy fports and revels hold, p and down, where'er ve pafs, many a ringlet print the grafs; the bard hath hail'd your pow'r rn's grey dawn, or evening hour; by moon-light on the plain ars have caught th'enraptur'd ftrain ; every flow'ret's velvet head, reverend Thames's oozy bed, these mois'd elms, where, prison'd deep, il'd from human eyes, ye fleep, c your haunts be worth your care, e, arife, and hear my prayer 1

mish from this peaceful plain erjur'd nymph, the faithles fwain, ubborn heart, that fcorns to bow, arfh rejects the honeft vow : op, who wounds the virgin's ear, aught that fenfe would blufh to hear, Ife to honor, mean and vain, es the worth he cannot ftain : ght coquet, with various art, cafts her net for ev'ry heart, miling flatters to the chace the worthy and the bafe : ame, who, proud of virtue's praife, py if a fifter strays, confeious of unclouded fame, ited, fpreads the tale of fhame: r, O! banish'd far be they, o hear unmov'd the orphan's cry, fee, nor wifh to wipe away : tear that fwells the widow's eye; loving man, whole narrow mind ns to feel for human-kind, ters blifs whofe cheek ne'er glows, e breaft ne'er throbs with others woes, e hoarded fum of private joys ivate care alone destroys; ries, catt your fpells around, juard from fuch this hallow'd ground !

welcome all, who figh with truth, conftant maid and faithful youth, a mutual love alone bath join'd, union of the willing mind ! Hearts pair'd in Heaven, not meanly fold, Law-licenc'd profitutes for gold: And welcome thrice, and thrice again The cholen few, the worthy train, Whole fteady feet, untaught to ftray, Still tread where virtue marks the way; Whole fouls no thought, whole hands have No deed which honour might not own; [knowa Who, torn with pain, or ftung with care,

In others blifs can claim a part, And, in life's brighteft hour, can fhare

Each pang that wrings another heart ! Ye guardian (pirits, when fuch ye fce, Sweet peace be theirs, and welcome free ! Clear be the fky from clouds or flowers ! Green be the turf, and fresh the flowers !

And that the youth, whole pious care Lays on your fhrine this honeft prayer, May, with the reft, admittance gain, And vifit oft this pleafant fccne, Let all who love the Mufe attend : Who loves the Mufe is Virtue's friend!

Such then alone may venture here, Who, free from guilt, are free from fear; Whole wide affections can embrace The whole extent of human race; Whom Virtue and her friends approve; Whom Cambridge and the Mufes love.

§ 156. The Recantation. An Ode. By the fame. BY Love too long depriv'd of reft (Fell tyrant of the human breaft!) His vaffal long, and worn with pain, Indignant late I fpurn'd the chain; In verfe, in profe, I fung and fwore, No charms fhould e'er enflave me more, Nor neck, nor air, nor lip, nor eye, Again fhould force one tender figh.

As, taught by Heaven's informing power, From ev'ry fruit and ev'ry flower, That nature opens to the view, The bee extracts the nectar-dew; A vagrant thus, and free to change, From fair to fair I vow'd to range, And part from each without regret As pleas'd and happy as I met.

Then freedom's praife infpir'd my tongue, With freedom's praife the vallies rung, And every night, and every day My heart thus pour'd th'enraptur'd lay : "My cares are gone, my forrows ceafe, "My breaft regains its wonted peace, "Addition and hear interview rune,

" And joy and hope returning prove, " That Reason is too strong for Love."

Such was my boaft—but ah! how vain ; How fhort was Reafon's vaunted reign ! The firm refolve I form'd ere-while, How weak, oppos'd to Clara's finile ! Chang'd is the ftrain—The vallies round With Freedom's praife no more refound; But ev'ry night and ev'ry day My full heart pour'd the alter'd lay.

Offended

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Offendet Deity, whofe power My rebel tongue but new forfwore, Accept my penitence fincere, My crime forgive, and grant my prayer ! Let not thy flave, condemn'd to mourn, With unrequited paffion burn; With Love's foft thoughts her breaft infpire, And kindle there an equal fire !

It is not beauty's gaudy flower (The empty triumph of an hour) Nor practis'd wiles of female art, That now fuddue my defin'd heart : O no !---'Tis Heaven, whofe wond'rous hand A transfeript of itfelf hath plann'd; And to each outward grace hath join'd Each lovelier feature of the mind.

Thefe charms fhall laft, when others fly, When roïcs fade, and lilies die; When that dear eye's declining beam Its living fire no more fhall fiream: Bleft then, and happy in my chain, The fong of Freedom flows in vain; Nor Reafon's harfh reproof I fear, For Reafon's felf is Pation here.

O dearer far than wealth or fame, My daily thought, my nightly dream, If yet no youth's fuccefsful art (Sweet Hope) hath touch'd thy gentle heart, If yet no fwain hath bleft thy choice, Indulgeat hear thy Damon's voice; From doubts, from fears, his bofom free, And bid him live-for Love and Thee!

§ 157. The Country Life. COWLET. BLEST be the man (and bleft he is) whoe'er (Plac'd far out of the roads of hope and fear) A little field and little garden, feeds : The field gives all that frugal nature needs; The wealthy garden liberally befows All the can alk, when the luxurious grows. The fpecious inconveniences, that wait Upon a life of bufiness and of state, He fees (nor does the fight difturb his reft) By fools defir'd, by wicked men poffeft. Thus, thus (and this deferv'd great Virgil's praife) The old Corveian yeomen pass'd his days; Thus his wife life Abdolonymus fpent : Th'ambassadors, which the great emperor fent To offer him a crown, with wonder found The rev'rend gardener hocing of his ground; Unwillingly, and flow, and difcontent, From his lov'd cottage to a throne he went; And oft he ftopt, in his triumphant way, And oft look'd back, and oft was heard to fay, Not without fighs,-Alas ! I there forfake A happier kingdom than 1 go to take ! Thus Aglaus (a man unknown to men, But the gods knew, and therefore lov'd him then) Thus liv'd obscurely then without a name, Aglaus, now confign'd t'eternal fame. For Gyges, the rich king, wicked and great, Prelum'd, at wife Apollo's Delphic feat

Prefum'd to aik, Oh thou, the whole world's See'il thou a man that happier is than I? [eyes The god, who feoras to flatter man, reply'd, Aglaüs happier is. But Gyges cry'd, In a proud rage, Who can that Aglaüs be? We have heard, as yet, of no fuch king as he. And true it was, through the whole earth around No king of fuch a name was to be found. Is fome old hero of that name alive, Who his high race does from the gods derive ? Is it fome mighty general, that has done Wonders in fight, and god-like honours won? Is it some man of endless wealth ? faid he. None, none of thefe. Who can this Aglaüs be? After long fearch, and vain enquiries paft, In an obscure Arcadian vale at laft (Th'Arcadian life has always shady been) Near Sopho's town (which he but once had feen) This Aglaüs, who monarchs envy drew, Whofe happiness the gods flood witness to, This mighty Aglaüs, was labouring found, With his own hands, in his own little ground,

So, gracious God ! (if it may lawful be, Among those foolifh gods to mention thee) So let me act, on fuch a private ftage, The laft dull fcenes of my declining age; After long toils and vovages in vain, This quict port let my toit veffel gain; Of heavenly reft, this earneft to me lend, Let my life fleep, and learn to love her end.

§ 158. Of Juffice. DENHAM. TIS the first fanction nature gave to man, Each other to affift in what they can; Just or unjust, this law for ever stands, All things are good by law which the commands; The first step, man towards Christ must justly live, Who t'us himfelf, and all we have, did give; In vain doth man the name of just expect, If his devotions he to God neglect; So must we reverence God, as first to know Justice from him, not from ourselves, doth flows God those accepts, who to mankind are friends, Whofe justice far as their own power extends; In that they imitate the power divine, The fun alike on good and bad doth fhine; And he that doth no good, although no ill, Does not the office of the just fulfil. Virtue doth man to virtuous actions fleer, 'Tis not enough that he fhould vice forbear; We live not only for ourfelves to care, Whilft they that want it are deny'd their fhare. Wife Plato faid, the world with men was flor'd, That fuccour each to other might afford; Nor are those fuccours to one fort confin'd, But feveral parts to feveral men confign'd; He that of his own flores no part can give, May with his counfel or his hands relieve. If fortune make thee powerful, give defence 'Gainst fraud and force, to naked innocence: And when our justice doth her tributes pay, Method and order must direct the way : First to our God we must with rev'rence bow : First to our Good we man the fecond honour to our prince we owe ; Next

o wives, parents, children, fit refpect, o our friends and kindred we direct : we must those who grean beneath the weight

;, difeafe, or want, commiferate : [mend, ft those whom honest lives can recomfrice more compassion should extend; :h, who thee in fome diftrefs did aid, ebt of thanks with interest should be paid : fied fings, fpread waters o'er thy field, most just and glad increase 'twill vield, t take heed, left doing good to one, ef and wrong be to another done; noderation with thy bounty join, hou may'ft nothing give that is not thine; iberality's but caft away makes us borrow what we cannot pay: o access to wealth let rapine bring; hing that's unjust to be a king. must be from violence exempt, aud's her only object of contempt. in the fox, force in the lion dwells; tice both from human hearts expells ; 's the greatest monster (without doubt) a wolf within, a fheep without. ly ill injurious actions are, il words and flanders bear a fhare. juftice loves, and truth injuffice fears, above all things a just man reveres : h not by oaths we God to witnefs call, and hears, and still remembers all; t our atteftations we may wreft, nes to make the truth more manifest; lye a man preferve his faith, lon, leave, and abfolution hath; break my promife, which to thee bring no good, but prejudice to me. igs committed to thy truft conceal, at's forbid by any means reveal. thyfelf in plain, not doubtful words, ound for quarrels or disputes affords : :hou find occasion, hold thy tongue; or others carelefs talk may wrong. hou art called into public power, ien a crowd of fuitors throng thy door, no great offenders 'scape their dooms; raile from lenity and remilincis comes : pardon'd, others to those crimes invite, lookers-on fevere examples fright : v a pardon'd murd'rer blood is fpilt. ge that pardon'd hath the greatest guilt; cufe rigour make a grots mittake; ninal pardon'd may an hundred make : uffice on offenders is not done, vernment, and commerce are o'erthrown; g'd traitors with the foe confpire, k the gates, and fet the town on tire. the punishment th'offence exceed, ith weight and meafure muft proceed : n pronouncing fentence feem not glad, ctacles, tho' they are just, are fad; at thou doft thou ought'ft not to rcan bowels cannot but relent : [pent, ian all must fuffer, fome must die; e muit condule their mifery.

And yet, if many equal guilt involve, Thou may it not their condemn, and those abfolve.

Juffice, when equal scales fac holds, is blind, Nor cruelty nor mercy change her mind; When fome cfcape for that which others die, Mercy to those, to these is cruelty ... A fine and flender net the fpider weaves, Which little and light animals receives ; And if the catch a common bee or fly, They with a piteous groan and murmur die; But if a wafp or hornet the entrap, They tear her cords, like Sampson, and escapes So like a fly the poor offender dies; But, like the wafe, the rich efcapes and flies. Do not, if one but lightly thee offend, The punishment beyond the crime extend ; Or after warning the offence forget; So God himfelf our failings doth remit. Expect not more from fervants than is just; Reward them well if they observe their truft; Nor them with cruelty or pride invade, Since God and nature them our brothers made; If his offence be great, let that juffice; If light, forgive; for no man's always wife.

§ 159. The Progress of Learning. DENHAM.

PREFACE.

My early Miffrefs, now my ancient Mafe, That ftrong Circzan liquor ceafe t'infule, Wherewith thou didft into xicate my youth, Now floop with difenchanted wings to truth ; As the dove's flight did guide Æneas, now May thine conduct me to the golden bough ; Tell (like a tall old oak) how learning thoots To heaven her branches, and to hell her roots.

WHEN God from earth form'd Adam in the caft,

He his own image on the clay impreft; As fubjects then the whole creation cane, And from their natures Adam them will name ; Not from experience (for the world was new) He only from their castle their natures knew. Had memory been loft with innocence, We had not known the featence nor th'offence; 'Twas his chief punishment to keep in flore The fad remembrance, what he was before; And, the' th'offending part felt mortal pain, Th'immortal part its knowledge did retain, After the flood, arts to Chailera feil, The father of the faithful there did dwell, Who both their parent and infructor was; From thence did learning into A gypt pafs : Motes in all th'Ægyptian arts was skill'd, When heav'nly power that chosen veilel fill'd; And we to his high infpiration owe, That what was done before the flood we know. From Ægypt arts their progrefs made to Greece. Wrapt in the fable of the Golden Fleece. Museus first, then Orpheus, civilize Mulæus hrit, then Orpholo, Mankind, and gave the world their deities;

To many gods they taught devotion, Which were the diffinct faculties of one;* Th'Eternal Caufe in their immortal lines Was taught, and poets were the first divines: God Moles first, then David did infpire, To compose authens for his heavenly quire ; To th'one the ftyle of friend he did impart; On th'other framp the likeness of his heart : And Moles, in the old original, Even God the Poet of the World doth call. Next those old Greeks, Pythagoras did rife, Then Socrates, whom th'oracle call'd wife; The divine Plato moral virtue flews, Then his difciple Ariftotle role, Who nature's fecrets to the world did teach, Yet that great foul our novelifts impeach; Too much manuring fill'd that field with weeds, While fects, like locufts, did deftroy the feeds; The tree of knowledge, blafted by difputes, Produces faplefs leaves inftead of fruits; Proud Greece ail nations elle barbarians held, Boafting her learning, all the world excell'd. Flying from thence, to Italy it came, And to the realm of Naples gave the name, Till both their nation and their arts did come A welcome trophy to triumphant Rome ; Then wherefoe'er her conquering eagles fled, Arts, learning, and civility were (pread; And as in this our microcofm, the heart Heat, fpirit, motion, gives to every part; So Rome's victorious influence did difperfe All her own virtues through the universe. Here fome digreffion I must make, t'accuse Thee, my forgetful and ungrateful Mufe: Could'ft thou from Greece to Latium take thy And not to thy great anceftor do right? [flight, I can no more believe old Homer blind, Than those who fay the fun hath never thin'd ; The age wherein he liv'd was dark; but he Could not want fight, who taught the world to fee:

They who Minerva from Jove's head derive, Might make old Homer's fkull the Mufes hive; And from his brain that Helicon ditfill, Whole tacy liquor did his offspring fill. Nor old Anacreon, Hefiod, Theorrite, Muft we forget, nor Pindar's lofty flight. Old Homer's foul, at laft from Greece retir'd, In Italy the Maatuun fwain infpir'd. [ceafe, When great Augustus made war's tempefts His halevon days brought forth the arts of peace;

He fail in his triumphant chariot fhines, By Horace drawn, and Virgit's mighty lines. 'Twas certainly myfterious that the * name Of prophets and of poets is the fame 1 What the Tragedian + wrote, the late fuccufs Declares was infinitation, and not ruefs: As dark a truth that author did unfold, As oracles or prophets e'er forctold: " At laft the ocean thali unlock t the bound " Of things, and a new world by Tichys found "Then ages far remote thall underfrad "The ifle of Thule is not the fatheff lad." Sure God, by thefe difcoveries, did defga That his clear light through all the woll fail thine; But the obstruction from that difcord fraze

Boor

The Prince of Darkness made 'twist Christ kings ;

That peaceful age with happines to crown. From heav'n the Prince of Peace himseican down;

Then the true Sun of Knowledge fift aper, And the old dark myfterious clouds wereizs, The heavy caufe of th'old accurted flood Sunk in the facred deluge of his blood: His paffion man from his fiff fall redern'd; Once more to Paradife reftor'd we fem'd; Satan himfelf was bound, till th'iron chan Our pride did break, and let him loofe zen. Still the old fting remain'd, and man bega To tempt the ferpent as he tempted man; Then Hell fends forth her furies, Arain

Pride,

Fraud. Difcord, Force, Hypocrify, their gain, Tho' the foundation on a rock were laid, The church was undermin'd, and then betry's Tho' the apoftles these events forctold Yet even the thephere did devour the fold: The fifter to convert the world began, The pride convincing of vainglorious man; But foon his followers grew a fovereign bid. And Peter's keys exchang'd for Peter's twee Which still maintains for his adopted for Vast patrimonies, tho' himself had nove; Wrefting the text to the old giant's ferie. That heav'n once more mult fuffer viele st. Then fubile doctors foriptures made their ports Cafuifts, like cocks, ftruck out each otherse # Then dark diffinctions reafon's light diguid And into atoms truth anatomized. Then Mahomet's crefcent, by our feuds cremely Blafted the learn'd remainders of the east

That project, when from Greece to Roza a came,

Made mother Ignorance Devotion's dame: Then he whom Lucifer's own pride did fact, His faithful emiffary, rofe from hell To poffets Peter's chair, that Hildebrand, Whole foot on mitres, then on crowns did fast And before that exalted idol all fine (Whom we call Gods on earth) did prefits Then darknefs Europe's face did overfjued, From lazy cells, where fuperfittion brid, Which, link'd with blind obedience, for earth. That the whole world fome ages they optic: Till through those clouds the fun of known's brake,

Declares was infibiration, and not cuefs: As dark a truth that author did unfold, As oracles or prophets e'er foretold: "At laft the ocean thall unlock ‡ the bound "Of things, and a new world by Tiphys found; His works on the falle ground of ignorate,

* Vates. + Seneca.

. The Prophecy.

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irts he tries, and new defigns he lays, his well-ftudy'd mafter-piece he plays; a, Luther, Calvin he infpires, indles with infernal flames their fires, their forerunner (confcious of th'event) ng, his most pernicious instrument! controverfy then, which long had flept, he prefs from ruin'd cloyfters leapt; iger by implicit faith we err, t ev'ry man's his own interpreter; pre conducted now by Aaron's rod, lders from their ends create their God ; ven wife men the ancient world did know, carce know feven who think themfelves not fu.

man learn'd undefil'd religion, ere commanded to be all as one; difputes that union have calcin'd, t as many minds as men we find; vhen that flame finds combustible earth. e fatuus fires and meteors take their birth, is of fects and infects come in throngs; ne them all would tire a hundred tongues. e the Centaurs of Ixion's race, a bright cloud for Juno did embrace; ich the monfters of Chimæra's kind, before, and dragons were behind. from the clashes between popes and kings, :, like fparks from flint's collision fprings: we's loud thunder-bolts were forg'd by heat.

ke our Cyclops on their anvils beat; : rich mines of learning ranfack'd are, nish ammunition for this war: ritable zeal our reafon whets, ouble edges on our pations fets; ie most certain fign the world's accurft, he belt things corrupted are the worft; the corrupted light of knowledge hurl'd ath, and ignorance, o'er all the world ; un like this (from which our fight we have)

on too long, refumes the light he gave; when thick mifts of doubts obfcure his beams,

ide is error, and our visions dreams; no falfe heraldry, when madnefs drew digree from those who too much knew; n deep mines for hidden knowledge toils, uns o'ercharg'd, breaks, miffes, or recoils;

fubile wits have foun their thread too fine, cak and fragile, like Arachne's line: iery, without ceffation toft

prics, the practic part is loft,

ke a ball, bandy'd 'twixt pride and wit, than yield, both fides the prize will quit; vhilft his foe each gladiator foils, heift looking on, enjoys the fpoils.

gh fcas of knowledge we our courfe advance,•

ring ftill new worlds of ignorance; cfe difcoveries make us all confess iblunary fcience is but guefs ;

Matters of fact to man are only known, And what feems more is mere opinion; The standers-by fee clearly this event. All parties fay they're fure, yet all diffent ! With their new light our bold infrectors prefs. Like Cham, to thew their father's nakedness, By whole example, after-ages may Difcover we more naked are than they; All human wifdom to divine is folly; This truth the wifest man made melancholy; Hope, or belief, or guess, gives fome relief, But to be fure we are deceiv'd, brings grief: Who thinks his wife is virtuous; tho' not fo, Is pleas'd and patient till the truth he know. Our God, when heaven and carth he did create. Form'd man, who fhould of both participate; If our lives motions theirs must imitate, Our knowledge, like our blood, must circulate. When, like a bridegroom, from the caft the fun Sets forth, he thither, whence he came, doth run; Into earth's fpongy veins the ocean finks, Those rivers to replenish which he drinks; So Learning, which from Reafon's fountain

fprings, Back to the fource fome fecret channel brings.

'Tis happy when our streams of knowledge flow

To fill their banks, but not to overthrow.

§ 160. The Conversation. A Tale. PRIOR.

T always has been thought diferect. To know the company you meet; And fure there may be feeret danger In talking much before a ftranger. " Agreed: What then ?" Then drink your ale; I'll pledge you, and repeat my tale:

No matter where the fcene is fixt :

The perfons were but oddly mixt;

When fober Damon thus began

(And Damon is a clever man)

" I now grow old; but still, from youth,

" Have held for Modefty and Truth.

" The men who by these sea-marks fteer,

" In life's great voyage never err:

" Upon this point I dare defy

" The world. I paufe for a reply." Sir, either is a good affiftant,

Said one who fat a little diftant :

Truth decks our fpeeches and our books;

And Modefty adorns our looks:

6 But farther progrefs we must make;

Not only born to look and freak :

The man must act. The Stagyrite

٢. Says thus, and fays extremely right:

Strict justice is the fovereign guide

That o'er our actions thould prefide: · This Queen of Virtues is confeft

To regulate and bind the reft. Thrice happy, if you once can find

Her equal balance poife your mind :

All different graces foon will enter,

6 Like lines concurrent to their center."

'Twas

'Twas thus, in fhort, thefe two went on, With Yea and Nay, and Pro and Con. Thro' many points divinely dark, And Waterland allaulting Clarke ; Till, in theology half-loft, Damon took up the Evening-Poft; Confounded Spain, compos'd the North, And, deep in politics, held forth : " Methinks we're in the like condition, " As at the Treaty of Partition : " That ftroke, for all King William's care, " Begat another tedious war. " Matthew, who knew the whole intrigue,

- " Ne'er much approv'd that myftic league:
- " In the vile Utrecht Treaty too,
- " Poor Man | he found enough to do.
- 46 Sometimes to me he did apply;
- 14 But Downright Dunstable was I,
- " And told him where they were miltaken,
- " And counfel'd him to fave his bacon :
- " But (pats his politics and profe)
- " I never herded with his fors;
- " Nay, in his verfes, as a friend,
- I full found fornething to commend.
- " Sir, I excus'd his Nut-brown Maid,
- " Whate'er feverer critics faid :
- " Too far, I own, the girl was try'd:
- " The women all were on my fide. " For Alma I return'd him thanks :
- " I lik'd her with her little pranks:

" Indeed, poor Solomon in rhyne .. Was much too grave to be fublica." Pindar and Damon form transition, So on he ran a new division; Till, out of breath, he turn'd to fpa; (Chance often helps us more than will) T'other that lucky moment took, Juft nick'd the time, broke in, an ! fpice Of all the gifts the gods afford (If we may take old Tully's word) The greatest is a friend ; whole lose 4 Knows how to praife, and when report: 6 From fuch a treafure never part, But hang the jewel on your heart: And, pray Sir (it delights me) tell; You know this Author mights well?" " Know him ! d've quettion it ' Os-in' " Sir, does a beggar know his dish? " I lov'd him ; as I told you, I "Advis'd him -- " Here a ftan ler-by Twitch'd Damon gently by the cloke, And thus, unwilling, filence broke: " Damon, 'tis time we thould retire: . The man you talk with is Mat. Pilst

Patron thro' life, and from my barth which Dorfet! to thee, this Fable let me finit With Damon's lightness weigh my fold ward The foil is known to fet the diamond formation Let the feign'd Tale this real moral grea How many Damons, how fere Dorles, Je!

END OF THE SECOND BOOK.

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