## UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA AT LOS ANGElES



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## ENGLISH AND CHINFSE

## LESSONS.

BY IIEV. A. W. LOONIS.



AMERICAN TRACT SOCIETY。
150 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK,
757 MARKET STREET, san francisco, cala.

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Without study when young幼不學
What will one do when old？老何爲
Youth is for learning，
幼 而 學
Manhood for action．
；壯而行
Diligence has its rewarot，
勤 有 功
Play is without pronit。
戯無鲜

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## INTRODUCTION.

In attempts to teach the Chinese to read and speak our language there has been a want of suitable books.

After many solicitations, the authors of this little volume undertook the task of preparing the look now offered to the public.

It has been made with iwo principal facts in view. First: That most of the Chinese who will use it are not mere children, but are lads and young men from ten to twenty-five years of age, and many will use it who are much older. What they need, therefore, is a book which shall carry them through all the steps of learning, beginning with the alphabet; while at the same time the subjects of the lessons ought to be of a graver character than the simple stories prepared for little children.

Second: As the book is designed especially for use in Sablath Schools and the family, the subjects of the lessons are so designed that the teacher will feel that his strength is not all expended in the mere effort to teach the pupil to read, but that while he is teaching him the art of reading and speaking there are also facts and truths of the most weighty character brought before his mind.

A glance at the book itself will convey the best idea of its plan and designs.

The lists of worls preceding each new lesson are exercises in spelling and defining, and are composed of the new words contained in the lesson, and which have not previonsly been used. In this way we have in this primary work-small as it is-lists of more than 1600 words, with their Chinese definitions. It is expected that each lesson will be mastered, and the definition of erery word thoroughly learned, before the pupil is permitted to undertake another lesson. This system will, we think, prove more beneficial to the scholar than would a mere glossary of all the words at the end of the book.

The Chinese icliom differs so much from the English that a classical Englisk sentence translated into elegant Chinese may not afford the yonng scholar all the service he desires in arriving at the meaning and force of each word of his lesson; therefore, in our endeavor to give as plain and direct a translation as possible, elegance of style has often been sacrificed. Provincialisms may occasionally be detected in the Chinese portion of the text; but we trust they will not interfere at all with the usefulness of the book, and that it may be of service in teaching our langnage to any who read Chinese.

The work will also be of use to any of our people who wish to acquire a knowledge of the Chinese language. The learner has only to mark with his pencil the sound of the Chinese words, just as he may catch it from any Chinese whom he may be teaching or whom he may call upon for such service.

The phrases, forms of letters, Jusiness forms, abbreviations, \&c., \&c., as well as many things in the boly of the work, are very essential for a Chinaman to menderstand, who expeets to do bnsiness with our people.



## ALPHABET.,

| A | a | A | $a$ |  | $\ell$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| B | b | B | $b$ | OB | $f$ |
| C | c | C | $c$ |  | $c$ |
| D | d | D | d | (2) | $d$ |
| E | e | $E$ | $e$ | 0 | $e$ |
| F | f | $F$ | $f$ | $e$ | $f$ |
| G | g | $G$ | $g$ |  | 7 |
| H | h | II | $h$ | Ol | h |
| I | i | 7 | $i$ |  | $\ell$ |
| J | j | $J$ | $j$ | $\bigcirc$ | 1 |
| K | k | K | $k$ | कfl | 18 |
| L. | 1 | L | $l$ | c | 8 |
| M | m | M | m | ell | 112 |
| N | n | $N$ | $n$ | Ol | 12 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | $o$ | $0$ | 0 |
| P | p | $P$ | 1 | DP | e |
| Q | q | $Q$ | $q$ | $0$ | $\theta$ |



| 7 | 7 | VII | Sev－en | t |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 | 8 | VIII | Eight | 八 |
| 9 | 9 | IX | Nine | 碞 |
| 0 | 10 | X | Ten | 十 |
| 11 | 17 | XI | E－lev－en | 十－ |
| 12 | 12 | XII | Twelve | $+=$ |
| 13 | 18 | XIII | Thir－teen | ＋三 |
| 14 | 14 | NIV | Four－teen | 十 |
| 15 | 15 | XV | Fif－teen | 十五 |
| 16 | 10 | XVI | Six－teen | 十六 |
| 17 | 17 | XVII | Sev－en－teen | 十七 |
| 18 | 18 | XVIII | Eigh－teen | 十八 |
| 19 | 17 | XIX | Nine－teen | 十t |
| 20 | 20 | NX | Twen－ty | $=+$ |
| 21 | Q1 | NXI | Twen－ty one | 二． 1 |
| 22 | 2？ | XXII | Twen－ty two | $=+=$ |
| 23 | 23 | XXIII | Twen－ty three | $二 十$ |
| 24 | 214 | XXIV | Twen－ty four | 二十 4 |
| 25 | 95 | NXV | Twen－ty five | $二 小$ 兩 |


| 26 | 26 xxyi | Twenty six | 二十六 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ${ }^{27}$ | 27 xxvii | Twen－ty ser－en | 二十七 |
| 28 | $2)^{8}$ xxviil | Twenty eight | 二十八 |
| 29 | 29 xxix | Twenty | 二十九 |
| ${ }^{3}$ | 80 xxx | Thir－ty | 三十 |
| 31 | 83 xxxi | Thir－ty one | 三十一 |
| 40 | 40 x． | For－ty | 四十 |
| 50 | 50 L | Fifly | 五十 |
| ${ }_{60}$ | 60 Lx | Sixity | 六十 |
| ${ }^{7}$ | 20 Lxx | Severenty | 七十 |
| 80 | 80 L．xxx | Eighty | 八十 |
| ${ }^{90}$ | 90 x | Ninetty | 九十 |
| 100 | 100 c | One lum－dred | 一百 |
| 101 | 101 OI | One hun－rived and | 一百零一 |
| 102 | 103 cII | One hun－dred and | 一百零二 |
| 103 | 10.9 dil | One Lum．dred and | 一百零三 |
| 200 | 200 cc | Two humdred | 二百 |
| 300 | 300 cco | Three hun－dreal | 三百 |
|  | 400 ccco | Four hum－dred | 四百 |


| 500 | D | Five hun－dred | 五百 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 600 | DC | Six hun－dred | 六百 |
| 700 | DCC | Sev－en hun－dred | 七百 |
| 800 | DCCC | Eight hun－dred | 八白 |
| 900 | DCCCC | Nine hun－dred | 北百 |
| 1，000 | II | One thou－sand | －于 |
| 10，000 | $\overline{\mathrm{X}}$ | Ten thou－sand | －薥 |
| 100，000 | $\overline{\mathrm{C}}$ | One hun－dred thou－sand | 十䔍 |
| 1，000，000 | $\overline{\mathrm{M}}$ | One mil－lion | 一百萭 |

ORDINAL NUMBERS．

| $1^{\text {st }}$ | First | 第一 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $2^{\text {nd }}$ | Sec－ond | 第二 |
| $3^{\text {rd }}$ | Third | 第三 |
| $4^{\text {th }}$ | Fourth | 第四 |
| $5_{\text {thl }}^{\text {thl }}$ | Fiflh | 第五 |
| $6{ }^{\text {th }}$ | Sixth | 第六 |
| $7^{\text {th }}$ | Sev－enth | 第七 |
| $8^{\text {th }}$ | Eighth | 第八 |
| $9^{\text {th }}$ | Ninth | 第九 |
| $10^{\text {th }}$ | Tenth | 第十 |
| $11^{\text {th }}$ | E－lev－enth | 第十一 |
| $12^{\text {th }}$ | Twelfth | 第十二 |
| $13^{\text {th }}$ | Thir－teenth | 第十三 |
| $14^{\text {th }}$ | Four－teenth | 第十四 |
| $15^{\text {th }}$ | Fif－teenth | 第十五 |
| $16^{\text {th }}$ | Six－teenth | 第十六 |
| $1 i^{\text {tll }}$ | Ser－en－teenth | 第十七 |


| $18^{\text {th }}$ | Eigl－teenth | 第十八 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $19^{\text {th }}$ | Nine－teenth | 第十九 |
| $20^{\text {th }}$ | Twen－ti－eth | 第二十 |
| $21^{\text {st }}$ | Twen－ty first | 第二－1 |
| $22^{1{ }^{\text {14 }}}$ | Twen－ty sec－ond | 第二十三 |
| $23^{\text {rd }}$ | Twen－ty third | 第二十三 |
| $30^{\text {4，}}$ | Thir－ti－eth | 第三十 |
| $40^{\text {th }}$ | For－ti－eth | 第四十 |
| $50^{\text {th1 }}$ | Fif－ti－elh | 第五十 |
| $60^{\text {th }}$ | Six－tieeth | 第六十 |
| $70^{\text {th }}$ | Sev－en－ti－eth | 第七十 |
| $80^{\text {th }}$ | Eigh－ti－eth | 第八十 |
| $90^{\text {th }}$ | Nine－ti－eth | 第九十 |
| $100^{\text {th }}$ ． | One hun－dredih | 第一百 |
| $101{ }^{\text {st }}{ }^{\text {¢ }}$ | One hun－dred and first | 第一百零一 |
| $102^{\text {12d }}$ | One huu－dred and sec－ond | 第一百零二 |
| $103{ }^{\text {rd }}$ | One hun－dred and third | 第一百零三 |
| $1,000^{\text {th }}$ | One thou－sandth | 牙 |
| $1,000,000^{\text {th }}$ | One mill－ionth | 第一百萬 |

，Com－ma．Pause long e－riongh to count one．
停止可數一之八
；Semi－co－lon．Pause long e－nough to count one，two．

> 停止可數二之久
：Coolon．I＇ause long e－nougli to count one，two，three．
停止可數三之八

Perri－od．Panse long e－nough to ceant one，two， three，four．

> 停止可数四之入
> ？In－ter－ro－ga－tion l＇oint
> 考間多號

§ Ex－cla－ma－tion Point．驚慌嗟暯之號
${ }^{65}$ ，Quo－ta－tion Marks．

## 引句之號

－A－pos－tro－phe．Sign of the o－mis－sion of one or more let－ters of a word；and of the pos－ses－sive case．

## 賴字之號，顑之號帠之字之意

－Hy－phen．Used to sep－ar－ate words in－to syl－la－bles．

## 相連字之號

－Dash．De－notes a sudden pause of va－ri－a－ble leneth．

## 忽然停止聲音一息之號

（）Pa－ren－the－sis．In－clos－es words，which should be read with a low－er and more rap－id voice than the oth－er parts of the sen－tence．
此號丙雨頭截住的孚要讀得快而且低聲
In－der．Points to a pas－sage which re－quires at－ten－tion．
此號所指是緊要的

## EXERCISE IN ARTICULATION.

| ab | ba | ag | ga | al | la | ar | ra |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| eb | be | eg | ge | el | le | er | re |
| ib | bi | ig | gi | il | li | ir | ri |
| ob | bo | og | go | ol | lo | or | ro |
| ub | bu | ug | gu | ul | lu | ur | ru |
| - | by | - | gy | - | ly | - | ry |

ac ca ah ha am ma as sa

| wa | alb bla |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| we | elb ble |  |
| wi | ilb | bli |
| wo | olb blo |  |
| wu | ulb blu |  |
| wy | $--\quad$ bly |  |
| ya | arb bra |  |
| ye | erb bre |  |
| yi | irb bri |  |
| yo | orb bro |  |
| yu | urb bru |  |
|  | - | bry |

ad da aj ja an na at ta ed de ej je en ne et te id di ij ji in ni it ti od do oj jo on no ot to ud du

- dy - iy - ny
- ty - zy - ply
af fa ak ka ap pa ef fe ok ke ep pe if fi ik ki i! pi of fo ok ko op po uf fu uk kn up pu - fy - ky - $\quad \mathrm{P}$ -
ay va ath tha ard dra ev ve eth the erd dre iv vi ith thi ird clri or vo oth tho ord dro uv vu uth thu urd dru - thy - dry

A LIST OF WORDS CONTANING ALL THE SOUNDS IN THE LANGUAGE．

| ate | 阣了 |
| :---: | :---: |
| at | 在 |
| ah | 唉，譩嘻 |
| all | 皆，衆，凡 |
| cat | 食 |
| end ${ }^{\circ}$ | 束終 |
| bite | 咬 |
| ill | 不约，有病 | oak 橡樹 on 在上 room 方子

use 用
us 我等，我們 full 充滿 fear 畏懼 air 氣 form 形像

| hole共總 | 日頭 |
| :---: | :---: |
| er 他此字指 | show 指示 |
| 少自 | tie 俦結 |
| 巂鳥 | thin 溥 |
|  | the H |
| boy 男量子 | vie 笔先 |
| 1 | we 我等 |
| 桠 | you 璽，你昷 |
| high 高 | zone 腰帶 |
|  | azure 倉毒 |
| key 鑰些 | now 今時 |
| he 珫言 | edge 沮可 |
| my 我的 | chin T爬 |
| name 名 | blow 吹 |
| sing 歌陧 |  |
|  | throw 扡暒 |
| run 跑，走 | 戌域去 |


20.

ENGLISH AND CIINESE LESSONS.



It is an ox．是一隻搉牛 Go to all ox．
到奄牛跟前亲


It is an ax．
是一把斧子 It is my ax．是我的㝘子 Do as we do．相我們這樣做 I do as ye do．我做相你們一樣


Do so to me．與我這様做 1 do it so．
我是這殔做 Go in it so．這樣走進去 I am in it．
战在祼面 We go to it．
我們到他那裡去 He is on it．他在他上面


## WORDS OF THREE LETTERS．

NO． 1.
ba bad ad bad ba bag ag bag 袋 ba bat at bat 蝙蝠 ca can an can 會，能 cal cap ap cap 小楟 cal cat at cat 猫

NO．2．
la lad ad lad 男竟子 ma mad ad mad 顝狂 ma man an man $\wedge$

ma mat at mat 䒴 na map ap nap 打睡 na nay ay nay 不 pa pad ad pad 軟㞓 pa pan an pan 鑊子 ral rag ag rag 爛布 ram ran an ran 跑了 ra rat at rat 老鼠 sal sad ad sad 頔悶 sa sat at sat 坐了 ta tap ap tap 輕撃 wa wag ag wag 㧾擺

NO． 3.
bre hed ed bed 床 be beg eg beg 求，乙 be bet et bet 相賏 de den en den 蒚 fe fed ed fed 喂了 ge get et get 得 he hen en hen 母雞

he hem em hem 衣邊 he her er her 子他那女 \}人的 je jet et jet 噴水 ke keg eg keg 小桶 le led ed led 引導了 le leg eg leg 腿 le let et let 任從 NO． 4. memen en men 䀛人 me met et met 遇着了 pe peg eg peg 木金
pepen en pen 箑 pe pet et pect 龍愛的

rered ed red 紅 se set et set 放 ve vex ex vex $\left\{\begin{array}{r}\text { 難爲 }\end{array}\right.$ （激 we wet ct wet 澋 ye yet et yet $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { 畕且，} \\ \text { 更有 }\end{array}\right.$ NO． 5.
bi bid id lid 命令 bi big ig big 大 bi bit it bit $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { 陵了 } \\ \text { 一點 }\end{array}\right.$ di dig ig dig 掘 di dim im dim 嚎喑 di dip ip dip 酸水 fi fig ig fig 無花果 fi fin in fin 魚翅 fi fit it fit 合式
hi hid id hid 蔵丁 hi him in him 他

ki kid id kid 小山羊 li lid id lid li lip ip lip， mi mix ix mix ni nib ib nib ni nip ip nip 捻 NO． 6.
pi pig in pig 小猪 $p^{i}$ pin in pin 無孔針 $^{\text {in }}$ $p^{i}$ pit it pit 坑 ri rib ib rib 脇骨 ri rim in rim 邊子 ri rip ip rip 扯開 si sin in sin 罪的 si sip ip sip $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { 慢慢的 }\end{array}\right.$
（
si sit it sit
titin infin 錫
 20．
to lop op lop 伐玟 gingun un gun 炮 lo lot ot lot 一 一段地 hul hub ub hul）車輪心 mo mob ob mob \｛ 愚导， no nod od nod 點頭 nue not of not 不 100 pod od pod 壹殻

 ro rot od rod 棍 so sol oil sod 草皮 so sot ot sot 酒徒 to top optop 上面 NO． 9. bu bud nd bud 䍓 bubug ug hug 虫 bu hut ut hut 但，惟 cu cub ul cul）小鼠
 cul cut ut cut 割 dudug ug dug 掘了 fu fiun unfun 玩夏 gn gum um gum 樹摎
luilug ug lug 懐抱 hu hum um hum 鶯馨

hu hut ut hut 茅舍 INO．10． ju jug ug jug 有耳瓶 lulug ug lug 柆 mumug ug mug 有耳杯 nu nut ut nut 核子

pup
rurun un run 奔走
sul surn un sun 日頭
tutub ub tul）木桶

LESSONS IN WORDS OF THREE LETTERS．


IESSON I．

| a |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| and 榅，祸 | $\begin{array}{l}\text { the 個，其 } \\ \text { ate 论 }\end{array}$ | he 他 see 見

1 我｜do 行爲做 you 零，你

IIESSOIN II－ is 是 boy $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { 童子 } \\ \text { 峐子 }\end{array}\right.$

1．$\Lambda$ dog and a cat．

2．The dog bit the cat．
3．A cat and a rat．
4．The cat ate the rat．


鼠


1．I see the man．
2．Do vou see him？
3．He is a fat man．
4．The boy is not fat．

| 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 孩 | 他 | 你 | 我 |  |
| F | 是 | 看 | 看 | 芽 |
| 不＂ | 個 | 見 | 見 |  |
| 拃 | 践 | 他 | 邵 | 課 |
|  | 于 | 䳸 | 個 |  |



## IESSOIN III．



1．A hog and a pig．［pig． 2．I see a big hog and a fiat 3．A boy and a cow．
4．The boy is on the cow．

| 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 爯 | － | 䇅 | － |
| \％ | 個 | 看 | 個 |
| 騎 | 裏 | － | 大 |
| 在 | 子 | 大 | 猪 |
| 为 | 和 | 璔 | — |
| 4 | － | 和 | 個 |
| 背 | 個 | － | 小 |
| － | 孝 | 小 | 斍 |
|  | 4 | 钥 | 。 |
|  | 。 | 猪 |  |



1．The sum is up．
2．It is red．
3．Now it is day．
4．The sun is in the sky．

| ， |
| :---: |
|  |
| 家初施 |
|  |
|  |



1．I see a fox．
2．The fox is sly．
3．iie has a hen．
4．I saw a hen．
5．The hen can lay an egg
6．I may eat an egg．
7．The fox may eat the hen
$\begin{array}{lllllll}7 & 6 & 5 & 4 & 3 & 2 & 1\end{array}$
狐我堼我他狐枨
渥可雞見有狸看第或以能了一是見玉者阣下——隻狡—䜈阣雞垂隻要猾個母撿 母母雞＂狐


IESSOIN VI．
how 㻆 何 age 年歲 are 是 she 他女 no 不是 am 是

1．How old are you？
2．I am ten．He is six． She is two．
3．How old is the man？
4．Is he an ohd man？
5．No，he is not old．



那
莢
琹
歲。

IESSOIN VII． to sin 㰤㲘 lie 諻 110 或

IESSOIN VIII＿
We 嗳 等 us 欮 管
as $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { 如，似，} \\ \text { 列 相 }\end{array}\right.$
1．I sue you．
2．You see me．
3．W＇e see you．
4．Yon s？evs．
5．We swhim．
6．He can se me．
7．He can sae us．
8．God can see us：all．

1．Do not sin．
2．To lie is to sin．
3．God can see you．
4．IIe can sie me．
5．Bad men sin．
6．Do not as bad men do．


```
30.
```


## IESSON IX．

 arm 手臂 why 頒何，tea茶 new 新 bed 床

1．A boy and a dog．
2．I met a boy and a dog．
3．The dog bit the boy on the arm．
4．Why did he do so ？
5．Is the dog mad？


1．The boy has the tea．
2．The tea is in the tin cup．
3．He may sip the tea，but it is hot．
4．He has a new cap．
5．The cap is on the bed．


LESSOLN XI＿
try 試試 ${ }^{\text {add }}$ 加塯 if 倘若 aid 帮助

1．Let us try if we can add or not．
2．One and one are two．
3．One and one and two and six are ten．
4．Can yonaddsix and ten？
5．Yes，Let metry；if I can－ not，you can aid me．



IESSON 天KIII． who 誰

1．Who can see God？
2．I can－not see him．
3．You can－not see him．
4．No man can see him， hut he can see us and all men．

IESSON XIV．
his 他 的 far off 甚遠 eye 眼｜of

If a man $\sin$ ，his $\sin$ can． not be hid ；for the eye of Gol is on him ：if he is far off God can see him．

| 見沒你我誰 |
| :---: |
| 研人能能嘅年 |
| 和能見見神三 |
| 晲見他他。課 |
| 人他。 |
| 但 |
| 他 |
| 能 |

## IESSON KV．

 ear耳 law 律法 1 or 或

1．God is one．
2．He is the God of all men．
3．God can sse all we do．
4．God has an ear for all we s．y．
5．God can aid all men．

6．God can see us if we sin， or if we do not sin．
7．We may ask our God to aid us to go in the way of His law，for he has bid us so to do．

$$
\begin{array}{llll}
4 & 3 & 2 & 1
\end{array}
$$

此

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## エESSON XVI．

ill不好 pay還銀 end 終 aim主意 O 嬹，呵 act行，盆 owe 欠
nor 亦無
any－one 不論何人

1．All men sin． Yon sin．I sin．

2．God can seca：s． He has an car for all westy．

3．Do not say it is no $\sin$ to lie：it is a sin．Say ill of no one．Do nobad
 act．Pay all you owe．Do not rob any－one－no， not of a pin．

4. Let me not sin in all I say or do. God can aid me to go in the way of His law. Go not in the way of a bad man. Do no ill. A bad man has a bad end.
5. O God, let our aim be not to go in the way of sin; let us not lie or do as bad men do.

5 4



## LESSONS IN WORDS OF FOUR LETTERS. <br> IESSON XVII.

The Provouns, and the Verb Have.


1. I have a book.
2. You have a ball.
3. He has a comb.
4. Ah Sam has a gim.
5. We will have a desk.
6. She will have a new gown.
7. They had a deer.
8. We must usa a rope.
9. They must have a seat.


IESSON XVIII． 1 IESSON XIXZ． my 我的 your 你的 nuts核子 ink墨墨水 rice 番 somp 顒子 prail 水榑 max地埋圖 boot 㱭

1．They have my hoat．
2．W＂o has my pail？
3．Ah Kwai had your pail．
4．Who has our soap？
5．Who had his boot？
6．Who has her rice？
7．We have their mapo
$\begin{array}{lllllll}7 & 6 & 5 & 4 & 3 & 2 & 1\end{array}$
我誰誰誰亞誰他門有有有貴有溉第有他他㕹有我有十他那的們你的我八們女靬的的水的課的人子钼水桶一地的 ${ }^{\circ}$ 子桶 ${ }^{\circ}$理米 。 船

1．Has he my cap？
2．Had he any nuts？
3．Did th Foo have your pole？
4．Have you my ink？
5．Have you my pens？
6．May I have your rope？ Yes，you may have my rope。
$\begin{array}{llllll}6 & 5 & 4 & 3 & 2 & 1 .\end{array}$
用我你偷恶他他
戨可有有富從有筑
的周我我從前我十
繩你的的前有的九
子的䇥墨有核諠課
－䋩沒嗎你子子
予有 ${ }^{\circ}$ 的嗎嗎


## エ』SSON XX．

put 放 ${ }^{\text {cold 寒冷 food食物 stove 火爐 }}$ then 彼 時 us 3 用 cook 党
fire 火 some 些 need 須用 meat 肉 wood 柴，木 raw 念，不熟

Fire．
1．Put some wood in the stove．
2 ．When it is cold，the fire will keep us warm．
3．When the diys are warm，we do not need any fire； then we are not cold．
4．But if it is not cold，we uss a fire to conk our food．
5．We can－not cat raw meat；we must cook it．


## エESSON XXI.



The Poor.

1. Pit-y the poor who have no fire to keep them warm.
2. The wind will hlow, it will rain, and it may snow and if they have no fire, they will be rer-y cold. 3. Some have no food to eat; we must help them.
3. Some are sick and can-not work; if we can-rot give them food, we can say a kind word to them. 5. The Bi-ble teach-es us to be kind to the poor.


## LESSON XXII．


 hear 聽聞 like 中意 born 生，H抴

Easy Conyersation．

1．What is your name？My name is Sam Sing。
2．What is your age？I will soon be fif－teen．
3．Do you live in the cit－y？Yes，sir．
4．I am glad to hear it．I－will go and see yon．
5 ．In what town were you born？I was born in Hong－kong．
6．Do you like it here？Yes，I like it ver－y well．
的此香你我先你你勝你

意。


生


## I上SSON XXIII.



## Easy Conversition.

1. Have you been sick here? No, not much.
2. What do you work at? I am a cook.
3. Have you ever dug gold? No, I have not.
4. Some men dig grold and get rich; have you got rich? No, sir, I am yet poor.
5. When will you go home? I want to go very much, and may be able to go next year.


## エESSON スエIV．

Lord主宰｜son子 weak弱 $\mid$ re－ly 佮賴 place 地方 sins 罪罦 fear 畏懼 thus 势此 heal 醫 life车命 draw nigh 近 pray 猄 蘉


## Rely cpon God．

1．Fear the Lord．Draw nigh to IIm，and He will draw nigh to you．God says：My son give me thy heart．It shall be well with such as fear Him． 2．Pray to God．He is nigh to all who call upon him．We may pray to him in any place，for God is er－er－y－wherc．

2
1

3. I may ask God to heal me if I am sick, to help me if I am weak. I may beg Him to give me food to eat, and may ask Him for what I need to wear. I must seek His care when I go to bed. I must re-ly up-on God as long as I live.
4. Imust beg Hin to blot out all my sins, and to give me a new heart; thus in life God will love me, when I die I will have jor, and after death my soul shall be full of joy for-er-er and for-ev-er.

11.

SPELIING LESSON．
IESSON 2エXV．
1
babe 具兒 core 器心 deep 深
cave 山穴
hat 澛惡 make 造做，作 name 名
page 一篇羒
safe 稳當
tak：取，拿
bite 咬
fine 細，幼細
fire 炇
hide 隱蔵
life 性合
rice 米
ripe 唯
side 受邉
vile 醜，賤 wide 闊

## IESSON XXVVI．

made 做｜fly 飛｜fe－male 麦 which所那 things 物 moon 月 stars 是 land 地 sea 海 beasts 獸 birds 禽 last 末後 male 男 that 彼，所 crawl 爬 eartl 地，土 ta－bor 操作 good 好，善一個 done 成 ground 地，引 1 essal䙹福 坭 grain 䟝 play 嬉㪭 al．so 亦，又 fish 魚 wa－ter 水 trees 樹 ho－ly 唄
play 嬉觑 sill－lyath 娄息日 space 時之閭 rest－ed 歇 bids 命令，㸮咐｜crea－tures 受造之物，生物

1．In six days God made all things． God made the sun， the moon and the stars．IIe mado the dry land and the ses．


2. He made all the birds and the beasts with all crea-turis which fly in the air, or that crawl on the earth, or that live in the gromed; also the fish and all things that live in the wa-ter.
3. He made the trees, the grass, the grain, and all kinds of fruit: last of all He made man, male and fu-male made IIe them.
4. God made all things in the space of six days, and all were very good.
5. On the ser-enth day, He rest-ed from all the work which He had done. He llessed the ser-enth day, and made it a ho-ly day.
6. He al-so bids us lat-bor, and do all our work in six days, and to keop the sab-bath ho-ly, and in it not to work nor play.


## LESSONJ KスXVII＿

head 頭 ma－ny or－gans 自體 nese 鼻 this 這個 peace 变忩 fin－gers手指 arms 搱 com－mand－ments 俞 命 pre－serves 保 佑
mouth嘴口 foet 脚 with－in 內 tocs 胜指 joints 骨節 legs 腿 eycs 腿，目 bod－y 身體 thank 感謝 ears 耳 tongne 舌 there are 有 works 造 学 物 form 形横子

Tue Bodr，which God made．
1．I．hare one head，two hands，two feet，two arms，two logs，two eyes，two ears；two cheeks， one nose，one mouth；ten fin－gers，ten toes，one tongue ；ma－ny teeth，mal－ny joints．

2．Thus in the bod－y，there are ma－ny or－gans； and all these form one bodoy，which God made，and which He pre－serves．

3. The borl-y is ver-y won-der-ful-ly made. Esever-y part is fit-ted to its of-fice, and there is no part that is not neel-ed. No man has e-ver made as per-fect, as in-ge-ni-ous, as won-der-ful a ma-chine as the hu-man bod-y. Of all that God made man was his last and his no-blest work.
4. Let us thank Him for all the good that Me has done. The earth is full of the works of His hands. Love Gocl, and keep His law; for great peace have all they that keep his com-mand-ments.


## IESSON XXXVII．

 stand 站应 sight 目看 taste 管味 smell 品聞 pleascd愯楽 speak 講 1 deas 龍 1 nor X 不 walk 行，走 smiles 微笑 grieves 歪 悶，悲 克
 hear－ing 耳 聽 tonch 买 麾，拟

The Fine Susers．

1．There are five sens－ （ $s$ ，sight，hear－ing，smell， touch，and taste．

2．We see with our eycs，and hear with our ears；with the nose we smcll，with the fin－gers we tonch，and taste with the tonguc．
2 1

3. Some can-not see, they are blind; some cannot hear, they are deaf: the dumb can-not speak; deaf-mutes can neith-er hear nor speak.
4. With our hands we han- dle, with our legs we walk, and we stand on our feet. We speak with the tongue, and chew with the tecth. He smiles who is pleased, he griews who is sad.


## エESSON XXIXZ

chair 椅 fowls 飛禽 clothes衣窔 falls 落下 sleej 婑 hors－es 馬 swim 汹水 trade 貿易 yields 走，座milk 乳 ov－cr－rules 管 理 bread 麵 剑，饅 頭
like 像似 oth－er 別 wag－on 車 wool 羊毛 ships 船 carry蓮，帶 knire 刀 place 處 sline 照光 a－round 淍 圍 ride 騎 馬，坐 車

## God Overreles all Things．

1．We sit on a chair，we sleep in a bed：men ride in a wag－on．We use a knife to cut：bread is grood to eat；clothes are to wear．Men ride on hors－es； cows give milk：wool is tak－en from the sheep；fowls lay cgrgs．

2．Beasts walk on the ground，birds fly in the air， and fish swim in the sea．

2
1

$j 2$. ENGLISII AND CIIINESE LESSONS．•

3．The earth is like a ball．Ships sail a－round it， and men in one place trade with men in oth－er places， and the fruits of one land are car－ried to an－oth－er．

4．The sum shines；the rain falls；the earth yields grass，grain and fruit：thas men and beasts have all they need to eat and wear．

5．God who made all things，also ov－er－rules all things．

| 理物需所此産光，到國之之圍像萬之之需人草雨別之人 人㴜球 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
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## IESSON KスxIII．

ago 以前 today今日 o－bey 聽從 ought 該 dwell 居住 know 知道 ear－ly 早 find尋着，得 Love God．
1．When were you born？Twelve years ago．
2．How long will you live？I do not know：no one knows how long his life may be．We may die to－day．

3．When you die，where will you go？If I love and o－bey God，He will take me to dwell with Itim．

4．Ought you then to love God？Ycs，I ought to love Him with all my heart．

5．When ought you to love Him？I ought to love Him now and al－ways．God says：＂I love them that love me，and those that seek me ear－ly shall find me．＂


## LESSON エスエスXI．

 Jesus 朋鰠 learn 熒 cal－sy 易 lad－en頁載 meek 温菜 died 死了 un－to 到 hear－y 重 low－ly 謙遜 light 輕 was 是，爲，係 cross 十字架 la－bor 作 工，勞 苦
bur－den 擔 shed 流 for 因商 blood 血 sin－ned 犯了罪 Christ 基督，䕥賽亞

Cirist Died to Satt tife Soul．

1．Man has a soul and a bod－y．The bod－y must die ； the soul will never die．The good will go to dwell with God lor－ev－er．The bad will be sent to hell for－ev－er．


1



體

死。


$\begin{array}{ll}\text { 論 } & \text { 第 } \\ \text { 其 } \\ \text { 督 } & \text { 士 } \\ \text { 致 } & \text { 課 }\end{array}$
50. exglish and chinese lessons.
2. We have sin-ned. . God hates sin, but He loves my soul. Christ died to save my soul. He died on the cross. His blood was shed for me. If I love Him, He will save my soul.
3. Je-sus syys: "Come un-to me all ye that labor and are heav-y ladten and I will give you rest. Take my yoke up-on you and learn of me, for I am meek and low-ly in heart; and ye shall find rest to your sonl: for my yoke is ea-sy and-my bur-den is light.


## IESSON XXXXIII．

best 頂好 liv－ing生活 voice 口叠｜spir－it 霜 by 由，以 dreams 爱 write 寫 true 真 taught 教訓 shonld 應該 an－gels天便 giv－en賜給 this 此，這 個 called 呌，程，謂
 through 通，以 hap－py 有 福，歡 喜 vis－ions 顯规，異像 New Tes－ta－ment 新約 Old Tes－til－ment 舊的

The Bible．
1．Which is the best of all books？The Holy Bi－ble．Why is it the best book？Be－canse it teach－es us about the one liv－ing and true God，and how we may please Him：it teach－es us how we may be hap－py in this life，and in the life to come．

| －平式界 |
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2．If God is a spir－it and we can－not see Him， how could He give us the Bi－ble？All that is in the Bi－ble，was giv－en to us through holy men，who were tanght by the Holy Ghost，what they should speak and write．

3．How did God teach them？He taught them by vis－ions and dreams，and by an aud－i－ble voice， and by the min－is－try of an－gels．

4．The Bi－ble has two parts，which are called，the Old Tes－ta－ment and the New Tes－ta－ment．
4
3
2

| 聖 | 指 | 夢 | 神 | 聖 | 都 | 我 | 星 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 示 | 兆。 | 如 | 孁 | 是 | 們 | 若 |
| 有 | 他 | 以 | 何 | 指 | 托 | 這 | 是 |
|  |  | 耳 | 能 | 示 | 聖 | 聐 |  |
| 费。 |  | 聽 | 指 | 該 | 人 | 書 | 我 |
|  |  | 的 | 示 | 說 | 賜 | $\bigcirc$ |  |
| 呌 |  | 篤 | 他 | 甚 | 給 | 聖 | 看 |
| 鹤 |  | 音。 | 們 | 麼。 | 我 | 書 | 不 |
| 約。 |  | 以 | $\bigcirc$ | 該 | 們 | 上 |  |
|  |  | 天 | 神 | 寫 | 的， | 凡 | 如 |
| 呌 |  | 便 | 以 | 甚 | 聖 | 所 | 何 |
| 新 |  | 的 | 異 | 磨 | 人 | 記 | 能 |
| 枵 |  | 便 | 象 | 的 | 乃 | 載 | 賜 |
|  |  | 鮕 | 以 |  | 是 | 的 |  |

## IESSON XXXIV．

maj－es－ty 威｜hut 但，惟 hills 山 meas－ured 量 hon－or 恭敬 cre－at－d 創造 con－trol 管理 most 頂，至，極 right－e－ous 公義 mer－ci－ful 慈悲 be－gin－ning 始 wor－ship 敬拜 sin－cerely 誠實的

Arout God．
1．There is but one God，the great God who made all things；who is King of Kings and Lord of Lords． He cre－at－ed the hear－ens and the earth，the hills and the saa；He al－so cre－at－ed man．

2．There is no place where He is not；noth－ing that He does not know，noth－ing that He is not a－ble to do，noth－ing that He docs not con－trol．He is most right－cons，most mer－ci－ful，most true，most ho－ly and good．

3．God is a spir－it，He has no form ；nor can He be meas－ured．He had no be－gin－ning and will have no end．

60.

## IESSON XXXV．

 whom 誰何人 per－sons位 flow 流降來 pow－er 權 能 a－bove在上 change 更變 glo－ry 榮 光 e－qual 一樣大 pre－served 保 佑 heaven－ly 天 上的 there－fore 因此 be－low

## 在下，天下

 bles．s．ings $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { 天福由神 }\end{array}\right.$ The Thinitr．1．All peo－ple should wor－ship God the Fath－er God the Son，and God the Ho－ly Ghost ；for these three per－sons are one God，the same in sub－stance， and e－qual in pow－er and glo－ry．

2．This one God in three per－sons lad no be－gin－ ning，and can have no end．As God is now，so has He al－ways been，and so He al－ways will be．

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3. God for-ev-er re-mains the same, He can-not change. All oth-er be-ings change. All things had a be-gin-ning; for God made all things. Wre all were born, and we must all die.
4. The pen-ple of all lands were cre-at-ed and are pre-served by this one liv-ing and true God, therefore all peo-ple ought to wor-ship Him.
5. "Praise God, from whom all bless-ings flow, l'aise Him, all creat-ures here be-low, Praise Him a-bove, ye heav-en-ly losts, Praise Fath-er, Son, and Ho-ly Ghost."



2．＂Fath－er，save us from our sin， Sav－iour，we Thy mer－cy crave， Gra－cious Spir－it，make us clean ； Fath－er，Son，and Spir－it，save．

> 3. "Fath-er, let us taste Thy love,

Sav－iour，fill our souls with peace， Spir－it，come our hearts to move ； Fath－er，Son，and Spir－it bless．

4．＂Fath－er，Son，and Spir－it，Thou
One Je－ho－vah，shed a－broad All Thy grace with－in us now ；

Be our Fath－er and our God．＂

43
做于爲雨 父，聖救父 救矜我父我今一神 子。靈主便 我恤䯮救等潤翁父，聖來晹我 賴聖求我父澤華神 靈感安等 父靈救等并我梖子，祝化滿誉 子，使主離我心霜神 福我我他 聖我慈罪神中恩靈 我心魂愛 孁净悲惡
6. ENGLISII AND CHNESE LESSONS．

## 工ESSON XXXVII．

| sec－onds | 沙 | month | 一個月 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| min－uto | 分 | lu－nar | 属月的 |
| hour | －點 鐘 | cal－en－dar | 照日歴 |
| woek | 一䪆拜 |  |  |

Divisions of Time．

1．Six－ty sec－onds make one min－ute．
2．Six－ty min－utes make one hour．
3．Twen－ty four hours make one day。
4．Seveen days make one week．

Days of the Weer．

| Sun－day | 禮拜日 | Thurs－day | 禮拜四 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mon－day | 禮拜— | Fri－day | 形䅱五五 |
| Tues－day | 禮拜二 | Sat－ur－day | 䄈玶六 |



5．Some call thir－ty days a month，and some call four weeks a month；but twelve cal－en－dar months，or three hun－dred and six－ty five days， make one year．

> Montis of the Yeir.

Jan－il－a－ry 正月
Feb－ru－a－ry 二月
March
$\Lambda$－pril
May
June

July
七月
Au－gust
八月
Sep－tem－ber 九月
Oc－to－ber
十月
No－vem－ber 十一 且
De－cem－ber 十二月

十個 國 一 說 系 有


日 共 日 月，個 估 說


年 六 二西系 人 日

## IصSSON XXXVIII.



## Lexgth of the Months.

1. Four months of the year have each thir-ty days.
2. Ser-en months have each thir-ty one days.
3. One month has twen-ty eight days, but in leap year it has twen-ty nine.
4. Thir-ty days hath Sep-tenber,

A-pril, June, and No-vem-ber: All the rest have thir-ty one, Feb-ru-a-ry, twen-ty eight a-lone, But in leap year twen-ty nine.
5. Er-er-y fourth year has three hun-dred and sixty*six days, and is called leap year. The next leap year will be 1876 .


## LESSON

| flood | 洪水 |
| :--- | :--- |
| birth | 生泩 |
| till | 到，至 |
| pres－ent | 在，令時 |
| yes－ter－diy | 昨旦 |
| to－mor－row | 明日 |


| time | 時候 |
| :--- | :--- |
| past | 往時 |
| fu－ture | 來時 |
| cen－tur－y | 白年 |
| cre－a－tion | 創造宇宙 |

Time Present，Past，and Fltcre．

1．Counting from the birth of Christ，we live in the nine－teenth cen－tu－ry．From the cre－a－tion to the flood there were 1656 years ；from the flood to the birth of Christ there were 2348 years，and from the birth of Christ till the pres－ent time there have been 1872 years．


2．We speak of time pres－ent，past，and fu－ture． We speak of to－day，yes－ter－day，and the day be－ fore yes－ter－day；of to－mor－row，and the day aft－er to－mor－row；of this week，last week，and next week：also，of this month，last month，and next month．

3．What day is to－day？This is Tues－day．What day was yester－day？It was Mon－day．What is to－mor－row？To－mor－row is Wed－nes－day．

是 禮 拜 今 月，先 前 時 論禮 手 二 日下禮 日，來 時㘫一○是 月手，明時候三〇〇昨幾 下 日，○我日 是 ○拜 日，諮 分是 幾 今幾 日 日日 $\bigcirc$ 是 ○是禮前 這 今 說本 個 日，今月，禮 昨 時前 拜 日，往

## IESSON XI．

| rength | 氣打 | gained | 得氟觬 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| shalt | 必 | cer－tain | 罂，晋 |
| cat－tle | 妾缶 | sorrow | 否悶 |
| dead | 死亡， | spent | 肘完 |
| dangh－ter | な F | toils | 勞，緟 |
| con－tent | 为心 | pro－faned | 驽溫 |
| man－serroi | 如偻 | what | 不論 |
| maid－serv | 奴 婢 | fore－run－ | 前驅 |

## The S．ib－bith．

1．Sun－day is al－so called the Lord＇s day，for on that day Christ a－rose from the dead．It is al－so called the Sab－bath，for it is a day of rest：on it we must not do any work．

2．＂The ser－enth day is the Sab－bath of the Lord thy God，in it thon sbalt not do any work，thou，nor thy son，nor thy dangh－ter，nor thy man－serr－ant， nor thy maid－serv－ant，nor thy cat－tle．＂



エESSON エエI．
sea－sons
spring
simil－111s $r$
all－tionn or fall
win－ter
name－ly
redt－time
bregins
grow
forth
faves
flow－ers
far－mer

| 四季 | ploughs |
| :---: | :---: |
| 春天 | S．w |
| 夏无 | grow－ing |
| 秋天 | riperned |
| 冬天 | storr－hous－as |
| 邱 | filled |
| 播㮔時 ${ }^{\text {＇}}$ | while |
| 起首 | re－main－eth |
| 生長 | har－vest |
| 出 | night |
| 樹藮 | cease |
| 化 | bloom |



The Selsonz．


1．$\Lambda$ year has four sca－sons，mame－ly： Epring，Sum－mer， Au－tumn，and Wiu－ ter．Each seation has three montlis． The spring months are，March，A－pril and May．The sum－ mer months are June，Ju－ly and Au－gust．The au－ tumn or fall months are Sep－tem－ber，Oc－to－ber and No－vem－ber．The winter months are inc－cem－ber， Jan－u－a－ry and Fel－ru－a－ry．
2. In the spring the grass be-gins to grow, the trees put forth their leaves, and the flow-ers bloom; and the far-mer ploughs and sows. The grow-ing grain and fruits are rip-ened by the sum-mer's sun, and in an-tum the store-hous-es may be filled.
3. God says: that "while the earth re-main-eth, secd-time and har-vest, and cold and heat, and summer and win-ter, and day and night, shall not cease."


## IESSON ZエII．

| stud－y | 讀書 | rea－son | 緣故，因爲 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| i－dle | 懒怌 | noth－ing |  |
| hard | 硬，勤力 | find－eth | 录見，遇着 |
| se | 有智慧 | might | 權力 |
| girls | 幼女 | whith－er | 所向之處 |
| grown | 長大 | de－vice | 計謀 |
| fol－ly | 昜 | knowl－edge | 知識 |
| young | 幼年 | wis－dom | 智慧 |
| would | 想要 | gra |  |
| reap | 收割 | go－est | 去，往 |
| slug－gard | 懶人 |  |  |

Diligence in Stcdi．

1．I must stud－$y$ my book，and mist not be i－dle．Those who stud－y hard may learn much， and be wise． I－dle boys and girls do
 not love to stud－y．When they are grown up，they will see the fol－ly of be－ing $i$－dle when they were young．
2. Sow in the spring, if you would reap in the fall. The slug-gard will not plough by rea-son of the cold. He shall there-fore beg in har-vest and have noth-ing.
3. What-so-ev-er thy hand find-eth to do, do it with thy might; for there is no work, nor de-vice, nor knowl-edge, nor wis-dom, in the grare, whith-er thou go-est.


$i 6$.

2．The sur－face is made up of land and water． There is much more wa－ter than land；about three times as much．

3．The earth turns on its ax－is from west to east， once ev－er－y twen－ty four hours；thus caus－ing day and night．It ab－so goes a－round the sun once ev－ er－y year；thus caus－ing the change of the sea－sons．

4．The ends of the earth＇s ax－is are called its poles： one is called the north pole，and points to－wards the north star ；the oth－er is called the south pole．

4
呌 作 地 季 年 運 每 旱 這作 北 樞 更 圍 轉 二地，外南 極 之 換 着 — 十大 面極 乃 頭
頭 因 點 三 早指䊩運此鐘倍地。着 系 轉 分 地 有北 地斗 極
$\qquad$


個 呌
四 每 東
圆，畫 從


## IESSON IIIIV．

or－bit 軌道 mak－ing 造 cir－cuit — 週 dis－tant 遠 show－eth禾出
less 小於 plan－ets行星 com－ets彗星 speed 速，快 termed 名䚵 half 少

The So－lar Sristem．
1．The di－am－c－tcr of the earth is a－bout 8000 miles．Its cir－cum－fer－ence is a－bout 25,000 miles．

2．The earth is a－bout $95,000,000$ of miles from the sun，and moves in its or－bit a－round the sun 68，000 miles ev－er－y hour，or more than a thou－sand miks er－er－y min－ute；mak－ing the cir－cuit in 365 days and six hours．＇The sum is near－ly $1,400,000$ times larg－er than the earth．

78. ENGLISH AND CIIINESE LESSONS．

3．The monn is a－bout 240,000 miles dis－tant from the earth，and goes a－round the earth once ev－er－y twen－ty nine and a half days，thus fol－low－ing the earth a－round the sum．The size of the moon is 49 times less than the size of the earth．

4．Be－sides the earth there are sev－en large plan－ets and ma－ny small－er ones，which al－so move a－round the sun；each in its own or－bit．There are al－so ma－ny com－ets，one of which moves at a speed of $\delta 80.000$ miles in an hour．Each com－et has its own or－bit．

5 ．The sum，the plan－ets with their moons，and the com－ets form what is termed the so－lar sys－tem，of which the sun is the cen－tre．

6．The hear－ens de－clare the glo－ry of God，and the firm－a－ment show－eth his hand－i－work．

| 作夫在彗日有二也轉許除月珓二月 |
| :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |分天當星頭各百不备多了亮此十亮。顯中總於自九少自小地比跟九離形。而行的十内授行球地從天地



## LESSON XIV



The Stars．
1．There are many fixed stars，so many that no man can count them ：but God who made and who keeps them in their places，knows them，and calls them all by their names．

名 知 居 守 昔 能 甚 不

2. The stars are ver-y large ; though they seem small to us be-cause of their dis-tance, ret ma-ny of them are prob-a-bly larg-er than the sun.
3. Some of the stars are so dis-tant that their light is five thon-sand years in com-ing to the earth, yet light trav-els a-bout 200,000 miles in a sec-ond. The near-est fixed star is more than twen-ty thousand times as far from us as the sm, and its light is three years and a half in reach-ing the earth.
4. Con-sid-er how great and pow-er-ful God must be who made and gov-crns this vast un-i-verse; and who is at all times pres-ent in ev-ery part of it.


5．＂God made the sun to give us light， The moon and stars that shine at night， He made the earth that gives us grain， He made each beast that treads the plain， He made the clouds，He made the sky， He made the birds that soar on high， He shields us when we close our eves， He guards us when at morn we rise， He knows all things by night or day， He sees us when we kneel to pray， And if we serve Him till we die， He＇ll take us to His home on high．＂

他我亦日早我造厥亦其星神領等見夜朝閉蔍建造奠月阜頌我事我萬醒目鳥穹各地交太在等他等事來時兮荅獸甚輝陽萬携至跪無時蒙展雲脚生夜光物上死手不藉他翅如踏殻楮照天之時知恩庇高簾平賜不我堂日常到光佑揚幙陽我停輩


2．The sky is an az－ure blue．The sea is a deep hone．The grass is green，blood is red，and snow is white；the yelk of an egg is yel－low，coal is black； in old age the hair turns gray．

3．Who gives the va－ri－ous col－ors to the sky and to the clouds，to the trees and to the flow－ers？It is God；He who hath made all things beau－ti－ful in their sea－son，and who gives us so much that is charm－ing to the eye，and pleas－ant to the taste； there－fore we ought to think of His great kind－ness and care for us．

| 。弪気 |
| :---: |
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|  |

## IESSON XILVII．

| hus－band | 丈夫 | 1 mock－eth | 欺 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| fam－i－ly | 家春 | sta－tions | 職分 |
| wife | 妻 1 | re－lia－tions | 親属 |
| moth－er | 每親 | pro－roke |  |
| neph－ews | 侄，外牲男 | chil－dren | 子 女 |
| les | $\{$ 父母之兄 | par－ents | 雙親 |
|  | 弟 | right | 合理，公道 |
| sons－in－law | 女壻 | de－spis－eth | 藐悓 |



\｛侄女，外甥
$\left.\begin{array}{c}\text { dangh－ters－} \\ \text { in－law }\end{array}\right\}$ 媳婦
val－ley 山谷
ac－cord－ing 按着
$\left.\begin{array}{c}\text { grand－daugh－} \\ \text { ters }\end{array}\right\}$ 女孫
ser－er－al
各，幾個 pick
ea－gles
grand－par－祖父母外 ents

## Family Relations．

1．In a fam－i－ly，we speak of the hus－band and wife，of fath－er and moth－er，grand par－ents and great grand－par－ents；we speak of sons and daugh－ ters，of grand－sons and grand－daugh－ters，and of great grand－sons and great graud－daugh－ters．

2．There are m－cles and ants and cous－ins，al－so neph－ews and niecees．There are fath－as－in－law and moth－ers－in－latw ；sons－in－law and dangh－ters－ in－law．

3．The Bi－ble teach－es us to hon－or all peo－ple ac－ cording to their sev－er－al sta－tions and re－la－tions．

$$
3
$$

敬 䑝 女 妹 又 女，外 家他。書 外 表 有 男 祖 夋 第上 甥 兄 叔 孫 父 裡教 又弟父子外頭我有姊舅女祖我們 翁 妹，父，孫 母，們課按 姑 也 姑 子，太 說 論着 岳 有 母 男 祖 夫 親人父侄姨重父婦，芶的 岳 子母，孫 太 㞱親母，侄 和女祖母。屬 女 女堂重母，祖職 婿 男 兄 孫 又 父分 媳 外 弟 說 祖恭 婦 甥 姊 兒 母。
4. "Fath-ers, pro-voke not your chil-dren to anger." "Chil-dren o-bey your par-ents in the Lord for this is right." "The eye that mock-eth at his fath-er and de-spis-eth to o-bey his moth-er, the ravens of the val-ley shall pick it out, and the young ea-gles shall eat it."


IESSON ZEIVIII．

| tions | 國 | courts | 衙開 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ief | 元首 | thee |  |
| rul－er | 主治者 | sing | 詠詩 |
| －per－or | 皇需 |  |  |
| states | 省 |  | 轄民之的 |
| －－ern－ors | 緗督，撫臺 | sul－jects | 下E |
| ag－is－trate | es 官 $/$ 付 |  | 需被民岳 |
| c－is－lat－tor | 設法者 | re－pub－lic | $\{$ 捒而理民 |
| frame | 制作 |  | 之國 |
| broth－er－hoo | od諸兄弟 | cit－i－zens | 國民 |
| judg－es | 按察司 | rules | 管理 |
| right－e－ous－1 | ly 正義 | house－hold | 合家 |
|  | $\{$ 典吏審 | judge | 審，鞛 |
|  | 事官 | of－fic－ers | 官員 |
| pre－side | 宏首 | oh | 與，哀哉 |

The State and its Officeis．
1．Let the peo－ple praise thee，$O$ God；let all the peo－ple praise thee．Oh let the na－tions be glad and sing for joy：for thou shalt judge the peo－ple right－ e－ous－ly，and gov－ern the na－tions up－on earth．

2. Na-tions have their chief rul-er, called em-peror, king, or pres-i-dent. States have gov-ern-ors; towns have mag-is-trates. Leg-is-la-tors frame the laws. Judg-es and jus-tic-es pre-side in courts. In an em-pire and king-dom the peo-ple are called subjects; in a re-pub-lic they are called cit-i-zens.
3. Hon-or all men. Love the broth-cr-hood. Fear God. Hon-or the king
4. The fath-er rules his house-hold; the king governs the state ; but God is o-ver all, King of Kings, and Lord of L.ords.


2. Go not with bad men. Look not up-on the wine, when it is red. Shun all the paths of sin. Take God"s Word for your guide ; it will be a lamp nu-to your feet, and a light un-to your jath.
3. The Bi-ble is the word of God. Ho-ly men wrote it, as the Ho-ly Spir-it taught them. The truth; of the Bi-ble nev-er change : ev-er-y word is true, and God's truth shall last for-er-er. Er-er-y word of God is pure, God is a shicld un-to them that put their trust in Him.
send
pre－cious
pre－sume
blest
gift
with－hold par－don－ing lan－guage plain gain warns dark in－ter－ced－ing woe shows

| dan－ger | 尼隃 |
| :---: | :---: |
| fount－ain | 源楽 |
| foot－steps | 步路，足迹 |
| cleans－ing | 清潔的 |
| tells | 䛦知 |
| might－y | 權 墊 |
| dwell－eth | 居位 |
| a－bode | 居 處 |
| neg－lect | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { 忽器，不 } \\ \text { 留 心 }\end{array}\right.$ |
| vol－ume | 部書 |
| in－vites | 招䛔 |
| bliss | 福 |
| wher－ev－cr | 不論何適 |
| found | 遇社 |

## Oil！Send Fortil the Bible．

1．＂Oh！send forth the Di－blc，morc precious than gold， Let no one pre－sumo the blest gift to with－hold： It speaks to all na－tions，in lan－guage so plain， That he who will read it，true wis－dom may gain．


理及彼分萬言明民語

磪化之理無
物紋敢

送藏
金揚欯
1
書課管
傳論五
拯琵十

2．＂It points us to heav－en，where the right－e－ous will go； It warns us to shum the dark re－gions of woe ； It shows us the c－ril and dan－ger of sin， And o－pens a fount－ain of cleans－ing with－in．

3．＂It tells us of One who is might－y to save， Who died on the cross，and a－rose from the grave， Who dwell－eth on high，in that ho－ly a－bode， In－ter－ced－ing for man，with a par－don－ing God．

4．＂Oh！who would neg－lect such a vol－ume as this， That warns us of dan－ger，in－vites us to bliss？ Send forth the blest Bi－hle，earth＇s re－gions a－round， Wherev－er the foot－steps of man may be found．

|  | 替合他彼媇時死云磚住十個爲在字挽藇至架回可高從党赦量塤能罪漂慕馀齐居復我知 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |

## エESSON エI．

| hea－then | 手压偶㑅者 | in－i！－ui－ty | 哏缶 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| be－fore | 先時，在前 | vis－it－ing in－iq－ui－t！ | 㓌災 |
| show－ing | 指う，施 | trust－eth | 偷嗐 |
| like－ness | 像 | grav－cn | 馓绪 |
| stone | 不 | im－ing－es | 俥楊 |
| sil－ver | 銀 | i－dols | 素䓵薩 |
| bow | 俯伏 | false | 假僞 |
| gen－er－a－tion | 具代 | throat | 喉嚨 |
| thy－self | 你白吕 | be－neath | 在下 |
| jeal－ous | 妇堂 | un－der or down |  |

2．＂Thon shalt have no oth－er Gods be－fore me．＂
3．＂Thou shalt not make un－to thee any graven im－age，or any like－ness of any thing that is in hear－ en a－bove，or that is in the earth be－neath，or that is in the wa－ter un－der the carth ：thou shalt not bow down thr－self to them，nor serve them：for I the Lord thy God am a jeal－ous God，vis－it－ing the in－ iq－mi－ty of the fath－ers up－on the chil－dren m－to the third and fourth gen－er－a－tion of them that late me； and show－ing mer－cy un－to thou－sands of them that love me and keep my com－mand－ments．＂

2
而 孫 乃 母 水 㩆，爾我守 至 嫉 服 中，彷 毋我 惡 奶 事 所 彿 爲外雷誡 我 之 己，有在 己者，者 神，蓋 者，上 験 㝑
恩 四 之 和 俯 地 像，神。至 化 罪，華，伏 與 或於 惟 及爾向地作千 愛 其 之 之，下 諸代 我 子 神，亦之行
4. The gods of the hea-then are j-dols, but Je-hovah made the heareens.
5. I-dols are fialse gods, which are made of wood, stone, gold, ind sil-ver. They are the work of men's hands.
6. They hawe months, but they speak not: exes have ther, hat they see not. They have ears, hat ther hear not: nos-es have ther, lut they smell not. They have hands, but they han-dle not: feet have ther, but they walk not ; neith-er :palk they throngh their throat.
7. They that make them are like un-to them; so is ev-er-y one that trust-eth in them.

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| - ¢ 滑 |
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## エESSON III．

said
de－sire
past－me
er－er－last－ing豕遠
thoughts 念䫒，心思 witloont 汥有
en－ter
en－dur－eth 可存
want
any－thing
要，缺乏
齐諭何物 $\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { thanks－gir－} \\ \text { ing }\end{array}\right\}$ 悓謝 de－part 站，離 om－selves 我筞白己 thank－ful 感䓡向 a－the－ism 不信有形

1．The fool hath said in his heart：There is no God．God is not in all his thoughts．

2．Know ye that the Lord He is God：it is He that hath made us，and not we our－selves；we are His peo－ ple，and the sheep of his past－ure．


3. Fools die for want of wis-dom. They say um-to God: De-part from us; for we de-sire not the knowl-edge of thy ways. They say: Who is the Lard that I should o-bey His roice. But there is a God. All things were made by Him, and with-ont Him was not amy-thing made that was made.
4. En-ter in-to Ilis gates with thank--giv-ing, and in-to His courts with praise : be thank-l'ul un-to IIm and bless His name. For the Sord is good; Iis mer-cy is er-er-last-ing ; and His truth en-clur-etlo to all gen-er-a-tions.



2．He healed the sick，the lame，and the blind，the deaf and the dumb，and raised the dead to life．

3．Once，as he was come nigh un－to Jer－i－cho，a cer－tain blind man sat by the way－side beg－ging．And liear－ing the mul－ti－tude pass by，he asked what it meant．And they told him，that Je－sus of Na－za－ reth pass－eth by．And he cried，say－ing，Je－sus，thou Son of Da－vid，have mer－cy on me．

者 ○ 於 有 死 彼 彼 吅呼 衆 道 — 者 醫乃集 第曰，日，旁日復病神，在大 拿 而 彼 生 者。所 世 $\begin{array}{llllll}\text { 闘 } & \text { 撒 乞 } & \text { 近 } & \text { 跛 } & \text { 講 } & \text { 時 } \\ \text { 之 } & \text { 課 } \\ \text { 勒 } & \text { 吅 } & \text { 者 } & \text { 者 } & \text { 多 } & \text { 警 }\end{array}$
裔 人 聞 利吅 耶 衆 哥弳 鮓 經 有乎。過 過，一矜 也 問 萴恤 ○ 其 者我 嘉 故 坐 缏警 確 行 人者，重 神 得
靖－跡，愈
4. And they which wont be-fore re-buked him, that he shonld hold his peace; but he cried so much the more, Thou Son of Da-vid, have mer-cy on me.
5. And Je-sus stood, and com-mand-ed him to be brought un-to Him : and when he was come near, He asked him, say-ing, What wilt thou that I shall do un-to thee? And he said, Lord, that I may receive my sight. And Je-sus said un-to him, Receive thy sight: thy faith hath saved thee.
6. And im-med-i-atc-ly he re-ceived his sight, and fol-lowed Him, glo-ri-fy-ing God: and all the peo-ple, when they saw it, gave praice un-to God.


ENGILSH ANH CHINESE LISSSONS．
101.

IESSON IIV．

| to | 攻了 | lorge | 投寉 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| dis－ci－ples | 阿徒 | vict－17als | 全物 |
| a－side | 北地俚潛 | lowres |  |
| des－ert | 篟野 | ex－copt | 铕束 |
| knew | 知 | lıソ | 買，方 |
| spake | $E$ | b filtics | 年事列苴1 |
| heal－ing | 嫛 | look－ing | 仰䎜 |
| di | H | brake |  |
| －193 | 甫 70 | frac－ments | 餘屑，零 |
|  | 砍 | re－mained | 餘桬 |
| Oullety | 鼎柯 | bask－ets | 筐，籃 |

Miricle of Five Loives asd Two Fisiles．


1．Once Jc－sus took His dis－ci－ples a－side in－to a des－ert place．And the peo－ple，when they knew it， fol－lowed Him：and He re－ceived them，and spake un－to them of the king－dom of God，and healed them that had need of heal－ing．
2. And when the day be-gan to wear a-way, then came the twelve, and said un-to Him, Send the mul-ti-tude a-way, that they may go in-to the towns and coun-try round a-bout, and lodge, and get vict-uals : for we are here in a des-ert place.
3. But He said un-to them, Give ye them to eat. And they said, We have no more but five loaves and two fish-es ; ex-cept we should go and buy meat for all this peo-ple.

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4．For they were a－bout five thou－sand men．And He said to His dis－ci－ples，Make them sit down by fif－ ties in a com－pa－ny：．And they did so，and made them all sit down．

5．Then He took the five loaves and the two fish－es， and，look－ing up to heav－en，He blessed them，and brake，and gave to the dis－ci－ples to set be－fore the mul－ti－tude．

6．And they did eat，and were all filled ；and there was taken up of frag－ments that re－mained to them twelve bask－ets．
$6 \quad 5 \quad 4$
筐 皆 擘 耶 坐 十 謂 蓋食 而 穌而 予 取䭂，門 五拾 徒，稂其 使 二除 陳 魚屑 於 仰盈 缐 天士 祝
二

LESSON LV．

| be－hold | 䅐埙 | bare | 裸，舁 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| on－l ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 單獨 | stood still | 止歩 |
| wid－ow | 宜婦 | a－rise | 起 |
| －pas－si | 秢憫 | glo－ri－fied | 歸榮 |
| weep | 哭 | propheet | 預言 |
| touched | 按 | ris－en | 興，復眚 |
| bier | 櫬，棺材架 | almong | 中，在队 |
| de－liv－ered t | 交與 | vis－it－ed | 探，顧 |

Widow＇s Son Raised to Life．
1．Christ once went in－to a cit－y called Nain；and ma－ ny of His dis－ci－ples went with Him，and much peo－ple．

2．Now when He came nigh to the gate of the cit－y， be－hold，there was a dead man car－ried ont，the on－ly son of his moth－er，and she was a wid－ow：and much peo－ple of the cit－y was with her．

3．And when the Lord saw her，He had com－pas－ sion on her，and said un－to her，Weep not．

4. And He eame and tonched the bier: and they that bare him stood still. And He said, Young man, I say un-to thee, $A$-rise.
5. And he that was dead sat up, and be-gan to speak. And He de-liv-ered him to his moth_er.
6. And there came a fear on all: and they glo-rified God, say-ing, That a great prophet is ris-en up a-mong us; and, That God hath vis-it-ed his peo-ple.


## LESSON 工VI＿

| shep－herd | 牧羊者 | him－self | 自己 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| do－ing | 喛，行 | giv－eth |  |
| －fort－ed | 安慰 | hire－ling | 僱工者 |
| －row－ing | 県閨 | whose own | 屬於己 |
| helped | 氻了 | se－eth |  |
| teach－ing | 教訓 | wolf | 豺㖘 |
| doc－trine | 道理 | lear－cth | 遺，義 |
| pub－lic－ly | 公閩 | fle－eth | 躲避，逃 |
| honse | 屋，家 | catch－e | 執，擢 |
| par－a－bl | 比喩 | scat－ter－eth | 散 |
| e－times | 有時 | car－eth |  |
| com－pared | 比 | mine | 屬我者 |

Jesed thit Good Silepherd．


1．Our Sav－iour while on the earth was al－ways do－ing good．He not on－ly healed the sick， com－fort－ed the sor－row－ ing，and helped the poor； but was con－tin－ul－al－ ly teach－ing good doc－ trine，hoth pub－lic－ly，and from house to house．

或或善者者安獨善世我於於道亦助慰醫事時救


2．He taught ma－ny things by par－a－bles．He some－ times com－pared him－self to a shep－herd．He said， I an the good shep－herd：the good shep－herd giv－eth his life for the sheep．

3．But he that is a hire－ling，and not the shep－herd， whose own the sheep are not，sc－eth the wolf com－ing， leav－eth the sheep，and fle－eth ；and the wolf catch－ eth them，and scat－ter－eth the sheep．

4．The hire－ling fle－eth，be－cause he is a hire－ling， and car－eth not for the sheep．

5．I am the good shep－herd，and know my sheep， and am know of mine．

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## LESSON LVI.



The Lord Our Shepherd.

1. In the Old Tes-ta-ment, also, the Lord compares him-self to a shep-herd, and His people to the sheep of His past-ure.
2. In the twenty third palm we read:

3. The Lord is my shepherd; I shall not want. He maketh me to lie down in green past-mes: He lead-cth me beside the still waters. He re-stor-t th my soul: He lead- the me in the paths of right-e-ous-ness for His name's sake.
4. Yea, though I walk throngh the val-ley of the shad-ow of death, I will fear no e-vil: for thon art with me; thy rod and thy staff they com-fort me.
5. Thon pre-par-est a ta-ble be-fore me in the presence of mine en-c-mies: thon a-moint-est my head with oil ; my cup run-neth o-rer.
6. Sure-ly good-ness and mer-cy shall fol-low me all the days of my life: and I will dwell in the honse of the Lord for-er-er.



7. We are all sinners, and have wandered from God like sheep that have gone a-stray from the fold ; but God is ready to for-give, and take us back again.
8. To show how read-y God is to for-give, Je-sus gave us the par-a-ble of the prod-i-gal son.
9. A cer-tain man had two sons: and the young-er of them said to his fath-er, Fath-er, give me the por-tion of goods that fall-eth to me. And he di-vid-ed m-to them his liv-ing.

10. And not ma-ny days aft-er the young-er son gath-ered all to-geth-er, and took his jom-ney in-to a fin com-try, and there wast-ed his sub-stance with ri-ot-ous liv-ing. And when he had spent all, there a-rose a might-y fam-ine in that land; and he began to be in want.
11. And he went and joined him-self to a cit-i-zen of that com-try ; and he sent him in-to his fields to feed swine. And he would fain have filled his helly with the husks that the swine did eat: and no man gave un-to him.
12. And when he came to him-self, he said: How mathy hired serv-ants of my fath-er's have bread e-nough and to spare, and I per-ish with hun-ger.

13. I will a-rise and go to my fatheer, and will say un-to him, Fath-er, I have simmed a-mainst heaveen and be-fore thee, and am no more wor-thy to be call-ed thy son: make me as one of thy hired serv-ants.
14. Aud he a-pose, and came to his fath-er. Ihut when he was yot a great way off, his fatheer saw him, and had combpas-sion, and ran, and fell on his neck, and kissed him.
15. And the son said un-to him, Fath-er, I have simned a-gainst heav-en, and in thy sight, and am no more wor-thy to be call-ed thy soa,

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10. But the fath-er said to his serv-ants, Bring forth the best robe, and put it on him ; and put a ring on his hamd, and shoes on his feet : and bring hith-er the fat-ted calf, and kill it; and let us eat and be mer-ry: for this my son was dead, and is a-live a-gain; he was lost, and is found. And they be-gan to be mer-ry.
11. Now his eld-er son was in the field: and as he came and drew nigh to the house, he heard mu-sic and danc-ing. And he called one of the serv-ants, and asked what these things meant. And he said un-to him, Thy brotheer is come; and thy fath-er hath killed the fat-ted calf, be-cause he hath re-ceived him safe and sound.
12. And he was an-gry, and wonld not go in : therefore came his fath-er out, and en-treat-ed him.
13. And he an-swer-ing said to his fath-er, Lo, these ma-ny years do I serve thee, neith-er transgressed I at any time thy com-mand-ment; and yet thou nev-er gar-est me a kid, that I might make mer-ry with my friends: but as soon as this thy son was come, which hath de-voured thy liv-ing with har-lots, thou hast killed for him the fat-ted call.
14. And he said un-to him, Son thon art er-er with me, and all that I have is thine. It was meet that we should make mer-ry and be glad: for this thy broth-er was dead, and is a-live a-gain; and was lost, and is found.
14




15. And five of them were wise, and five were foolish. Ther that ware fool-ish towls their lamps, and took no wil with them: but the wise took oil in theris ves-sis with their lamps.
16. While the bride-groom tar-ricel, they all shmbered and slepte And at mid-night there was a ery m:ads, lar-hold, the bride-groom com-cth; go ye oust to mect him.


## 118.

5．Then all those vir－gins a－rose，and trimmed their lamps．And the fool－ish said un－to the wise，Give us of your oil；for our lamps are gone out．But the wise an－swered，say－ing，Not so ；lest there be not e－nough for us and you：but go ye rath－er to them that sell， and buy for your－selves．

6．And while they went to buy，the kride－groom came；and they that were read－y went in with him to the mar－riage：and the door was shat．

7．Aft－er－ward came al－so the oth－er vir－gins，say－ ing，Lord，Lord，o－pen to us．But he an－swered and said，Ver－i－ly I say un－to you，I know you not．

8．Wateh there－fore ；for ye know neith－er the day nor the hour where－in the Son of man com－eth．

| 子 是 | 我 斯 | 婚彼 | 霓 | 矣 潩 時 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 至以 | 啓後 | 跶 往 | 空 | （ 智 此 |
| 也當 | －其 | 門 買 | 就 | 智 者 童 |
| 僘 | 答隹 | 遂時 | 賣 | 者日，女 |
| 醒， | 曰，童 | 閉 新 | 者 | 答以皆 |
| 蓋 | 我 女 | 矣 娶 | 㺔 | 昌，爾起 |
|  | 誠亦 | 者 | 己 | 恐油而 |
| 不 | 告 至 | 至， | 買 | 不分整 |
| 知 | 霄，云， | 已 |  | 足於 其 |
| 何 | 我 主 | 備 |  | 爲我，燈 |
| 日 | 不也 | 者 |  | 雨䒧 |
| 何 | 識 主 | 偕 |  | 我我愚 |
| 時 | 雨也， | そ |  | 偕燈者 |
| 人 | 矣。爲 | $\lambda$ |  | 用，熄 遂 |

## LESSON エX＿

| －fer | 送，應許 | cool | 凉 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| par－don | 非之赦 | tor－ment－ed | 受苦 |
| clothed | 穿了衣 | flame | 火焰 |
| pur－ple |  | re－mem－ber | 記憶 |
| liu－en | 麻布 | life－time | 生時 |
| fine lin－ | 細布 | un－change－ |  |
| fared | 有食用 | a－ble |  |
| stumpt－u－ous－ | \} | re－ceiv－edst | 得，受 |
| 1 y | ， | like－wise | 又，亦 |
| beg－gar | 乞正者 | be－twe | 相隔 |
| named | 名稱 | gulf |  |
| laid | 見置 | henc | 從此 |
| de－sir－ing | 欲 | thene | 從彼 |
| crumbs | 遺 屑 | would－est | 欲 |
| more－o－ver | 又，況且 | breth－r | 兄弟 |
|  | 舐了 | tes－ti－fy | 做證 |
| bo－som |  | saith |  |
| bur－ied | 葬埋了 | nay | 非然 |
|  | 提，舉 | per－stuad－ed | 受勸 |
| tor－ments | 苦楚 | rose | 起，復生 |

## Rich Man and Lazarcs．

1．To show that af－ter death there will be no of－fer of par－don，but that the state of the dead is un－ change－a－ble，Je－sus spake this par－a－hle sar－ing：

2．There was a cer－tain rich man，which was clothed in pur jule and fine lin－en，and fared sumpt－u－ous－ly er－er－！day ：and there was a cer－talin bex－gar named La\％－ar－us，which was laid at his gate full of sores，and de－sir－ing to be fid with the crmmbs which fell from the rich man＇s ta－ble：moreo－v－cr the dogs came and licked his sores．

3．And it came to pass，that the beg－gar died，and was car－ried by the an－gels in－to A－bra－ham＇s bo－som： the rich man al－so died，and was bur－ied；and in hell he lift－ed up his eyces，be－ing in tor－ments，and se－cth A－bra－ham a－far off，and Laz－ar－us in his bo－som．

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|  |  <br> 签留。 |
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4．And he cried and said，Fath－er $\Lambda$－bra－ham，have mer－ey on me，and send Laz－ar－us，that he may dip the tip of his fin－ger in wa－ter，and cool my tongue； for I am tor－ment－ed in this flame．

5．But A－bra－ham said，Son，re－mem－ber that thou in thy life－time re－ceiv－edst thy good things，and like－wise Laz－ar－us e－vil things ；but now he is com－ fort－ed，and thon art tor－ment－ed．And be－side all this，be－tween us and you there is a great gulf fixed： so that they which would pass from hence to you can－not；neith－er can they pass to us，that would come from thence．

5 4

| 淵， | 雨 | 諸 | 亞 | 此 | 校 | 遂 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 欲 | 受 | 福。 | 伯 | 火 | 撒 | 呼 |
| 由 | 苦 | 拉 | 拉 | 留 | 路 | 曰 |
| 此 | O | 撒 | 军 | 中 | 以 | 我 |
| 渉 | 不 | 路 | 曰， | 苦 | 指 | 祖 |
| 於 | 第 | 受 | 子 | 甚 | 尖 | 亞 |
| 雨 | 此 | 諸 | 乎 |  | 衅 | 伯 |
| 不 | 也 | 難 | 當 |  | 水 | 拉 |
| 能， | 霄 | 但 | 憶 |  | 凉 | 军 |
| 由 | 我 | 今 | 爾 |  | 我 | 乎， |
| 彼 | 閭 | 彼 | 在 |  | 舌， | 務 |
| 渉 | 限 | 得 | 生 |  | 蓋 | 恤 |
| 於 | 以 | 慰 | 時 |  | 我 | 我 |
| 我 | 巨 | 而 | 受 |  | 在 |  |

6. Then he said, I pray thee there-fore, fath-er, that thou wouldest send him to my fath-er's house : for I have five breth-ren ; that he may tes-ti-fy un-to them, lest they al-so come in-to this place of torment.
7. A-bra-ham saith m-to him, They have Mo-ses and the proph-ets; let them hear them.
8. And he said, Nay, fath-er A-hra-ham: but if one went un-to them from the dead, they will re-pent.
9. And he said un-to him, If they hear not Mo-ses and the proph-ets, neith-er will they be per-suad-ed, though one rose from the dead.

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## 工ESSON IXI．

| be－came | 成鮯 | be－trayed | 顔丁 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| hav－ing |  | suf－ferel | 受苦難 |
| －ceived | 懐了孕 | a－tone | 贖 |
| n）， | 胎 | as－cend－ed | 昇上 |
| －tures | 性 | liv－eth | 生 |
|  | \｛釘在十字 | $\mathrm{p}^{\text {lead }}$ | 求 |
|  | 架 |  | （提起，使死 |
| hun－gry | 肚飢 |  | \｛者復生 |
| －－ils | 惡鬼 | gath－er | 聚集 |
| al－lowed | 准，任由 | judged | 蕃了 |

Jesce Chitst，tie Sox of Gç．
1．Je－sus Christ，the Son of God，be－came man， that he might be our Sav－iour．Hav－ing al－ways been God，he be－came man by be－ing con－ceived by the Ho－ly Ghost in the womb of the Vir－gin Ma－ry，and born of her yet with－out sin ；thus had he two na－tures in one per－son．

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2. While on the earih, he went a-bout do-ing good. He tanght the peo-ple, fed the hun-gry, healed the sick, cast out dev-ils, and raised the dead.
3. When the full time had come, he al-lowed himself to be be-trayed and cru-ci-fied. He suf-fered and died to a-tone for our sins. He was bur-ied. On the third day he a-rose from the dead. Af-ter for-ty days, he a-gain as-cend-ed in-to heav-en, where he ev-er liv-cth to plead for his peo-ple.


4．At the end of the world he will come a－gain to raise the dead，and gath－er all be－fore him to be judged．

| 受 | 集 | 甧 | 衆 | 臨 | 口 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 審 | 在 | 萬 | 死 | H | 他 | H |
| 判 | H： | 民 | 者 | 䧎 | 必 | 界 |
|  | 前 | 留 | 復 | 僄 | 再 | 末 |



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## LESSON LXII．

| hu－man race 人 類 | right | 右便 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| be 兩個， | left | 左便 |
| ，彼此皆 | in－her－it |  |
| 人之等 | foun－da－t | 基，始初 |
| －i．h－ment 刑 | curi－ed | 受詛 |
| sep－ar－ate 區別 | con－di－tion | 光景 |
| di－vid－eth 分開 | e－ter－nal | 兆遠 |

The End of the World．
1．At the end of the world，Christ will come a－gain in great pow－er and glo－ry．

2．He will raise all the dead to life；and all the hu－man race，both the liv－ing，and all that ev－er have lived，of all ag－es，all ranks and con－di－tions， shall be gath－ered be－fore him．


3．He will then sep－ar－ate the good from the bad， as a shep－herd di－vid－eth his sheep from the goats． He will place the sheep on his right hand，and the goats on his left．

4．To those on his right hand he will say：Come ye blessed of my Fiath－er in－her－it the king－dom prepared for you from the foun－dation of the world．

5．To those on his left hand he will say：De－part from me ye curs－ed in－to ev－er－last－ing fire pre－pared for the dev－il and his an－gels．And these shall go a－way in－to ev－er－last－ing pun－ish－ment：but the right－e－ous in－to life e－ter－nal．

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## エモSSON LXIII．

| loved | 愛 | de－sir－eth | 欲 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| bec－got－ten | 生了 | health | 碀俨 |
| who－so－ | 不論是誰 | de－fends | 保謢 |
| be－lier－eth |  | breath | 呼吸之 |
| shown | 指示了 | in－fin－ite | 無限 |
| giv－ing | 晹， | bless－ed－ne | ss 萬福 |
| fruit－ful | 敕 | ac－cept | 領收 |
| sup－plied | 齊備了 |  |  |

## The Lore or God．

1．God is love．God so loved the world that he gave his on－ly be－got－ten Son，that who－so－ev－er be－ liev－eth in him should not per－ish，but have er－er－ last－ing life．

2．The kind－ness of God is shown in giv－ing rain from hear－en，and fruit－ful sea－sons，so that the wants of men and beasts are all sup－plied．
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而



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3. God gives us health, he de-fends us by day and guards us by night. Ex-er-y breath is his gift. He gives us friends and all the com-forts of life.
4. God de-sir-eth not the death of any, but rath-er that all would turn and live.
5. Be-cause God loves us, he has pre-pared a place of in-fin-ite and e-ter-nal bless-ed-ncss, and he desires us all to ac-cept it.
6. If God so loves us, then sure-] we ought to love him with all our heart; and if we love him, we will keej, his com-mand-ments.


| for－give－ness <br> debts | 罪六赦 | means by no means | 方法去 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| debt－or＇s | 分八者 | clear | 明，釋，乭非 |
| tres－pass－es | 啡過 | guilt－y | 罪者 |
| de－light－cth | 歡喜 | trans-gres- | \}罪㣩 |
| scar－let | 赤紅 | sion | ¢业倠 |
| crim－son | 深紅 | con－fess | 認罪 |
| long－suf－fer－ | \} 容页 | faith－ful | 虫信 |
| ing | 个谷分 | just | 公義 |
| a－bum－dant | 罪足 | un－right－c－ | \} |
| keep－ing | 需；存 | ous－ness | ） |
| for－giv－ing | 赦 | cleanse | 澀 |

On forgiviness．
1．We may ask God to for－give us our delts as we for－give our debt－ors．

2．It we for－give men their tres－passees our hear－ en－ly Fath－er will al－so for－give us：but if we for－ give not men their tres－pass－es，neitlıer will our Path－er for－give our tres－pass－es．

3. The Lord de-light-eth in mer-cy. He says to us: Though your sins be as scar-let, they shall be as white as snow; thongh they be red like crim-son, they shall be as wool.
4. He is the Lord God, mer-ci-ful and gra-cious, long-suf-fer-ing and a-bmedant in good-ness and truth, keep-ing mer-cy for thou-sands, for-giv-ing in-iqu-ni-ty and trans-gres-sion and sin; and that will by no means clear the guilt-y.
5. If we con-fess our sins, he is faith-mul and just to for-give us our sins, and to cleanse us from all m-right-e-ous-ness.


## IESSON エXV．

re－lieve 虫，伸｜suffer 受，被 be－lieve 信 e－ven 平
ly－ing 說読
guile 詐蕮
wick－ed 惡
cho－sen 被簡 boast 誇 know－est 知
per－fect 全，成 pleas－ure快樂
an－swer 答
turn－eth 轉
haugh－ts傲
solt 婉，軟
pov－er－ty貧え
op－pressed 被屈者 rest－cth
o－ver－come 勝，克
e－ven so
a－bom－in－a－ tion
speak－ing in－struc－tion turn－eth a－ way wrath $\}$ 息 怒 stir
griev－ous wine－bib－bers嗜酒者

動，激動 $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { 重，厲 } \\ \text { 袁的 }\end{array}\right.$
wrath 怒責
o－pened 開了 prof－it 利搤 lose knock

印
create 創造
re－new
re－move革去
van－j－ty
steal 偷筒
hon－est 端洼
en－tered 入 molt－en 銡的
tru－ly 重正 de－light 歡憕

安息，存 drunk－ard 醉酒者 glut－ton 䰕䬸之人 drow－si－ness 眼䀐 glad－ness 喜樂 ex－pec－tal－ tion au－thor－i－ty 秉權 bearcth rule 執政 de－struc－tion敗壊 hear－i－ness 重者，柔愁 be－hold－ing 鑒視 turn－ing ．轉 移

| ole 一切，全 | love－ly | 可愛的 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| orthy of ac－？可颅者 | Cre－ator | 創造主 |
| cep－ta－tion $\}$ 可納者 | youth | 幼年時 |
| med－i－ti－tion 懐 念 | va－ri－i－ble－ <br> ness | \}變 |
|  | Script－ure |  |
| con－ven－ient 便，合宜 | pre－cep |  |
| 允 | deal | 戠易待 |
| in 虚，趗稱 |  |  |

Scriptcre Precepts．
1．Cease to do c－vil．
2．Learn to do well．
3．Re－lieve the op－pressed．
4．Trust in the Lord，and do good．
5．O－ver－come e－vil with grood．
6．All thing；what－so－ev－er ye wonld that men should do to you，do ye e－ven so to them．

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134. 
135. Ly-ing lips are a-bom-in-a-tion to the Lord: but they that deal tru-ly are his de-light.
136. Keep thy tongue from e-vil, and thy lips from speak-ing guile.
137. A fool de-spis-eth his fath-er's in-ctruc-tion.
138. En-ter not in-to the path of the wick-ed, and go not in the way of e-vil men.
139. A good name is rath-er to be cho-sen than great rich-es.
140. A soft an-swer turn-cth a-way wrath: but grier-ons words stir up an-ger.
141. An-ger rest-eth in the bo-som of fools.
142. An i-dle soul shall suf-fer hun-ger.


143. Be not a-mong winc-bib-bers; a-mong ri-ot-ous eat-ers of flesh: for the drunk-ard and the glut-ton shall come to por-er-ty : and drow-si-ness shall clothe a man with rags.
144. If thine en-e-my be hum-gry, give him bread to eat: and if he be thirst-y, give him wa-ter to drink.
145. The hope of the right-c-ous shall be glad-ness: but the ex-pec-ta-tion of the wick-ed shall per-ish.

146. When the right-c-ons are in author-i-ty, the peo-ple re-joice : but when the wick-ed bear-cth rule, the peo-ple mourn.
147. The fear of the Lord is the be-gin-ning of knowl-edge: but fools de-spise wis-dom and in-struction.
148. Be not wise in thine own eyes: fear the Lord, and de-part from e-vil.
149. Pride go-eth be-fore de-struc-tion, and a haughty spir-it be-fore a fall.
150. A wise son mak-eth a glad fath-er: but a foolish son is the hear-i-ness of his moth-er.
151. Train up a child in the way he should go: and when he is old, he will not de-part from it.

152. God is a spir-it: and they that wor-ship him, must wor-ship him in spir-it and in truth.
153. The eyes of the Lord are in ev-er-y place, be-hold-ing the e-vil and the good.
154. All have sin-med, and come short of the glo-ry of God.
155. This is a faith-ful say-ing, and worth-y of all ac-cep-ta-tion, that Je-sus Christ came in-to the world to save sin-ners ; of whom I am chief.
156. Ex-cept ye re-pent, ye shall all like-wise per-ish.
157. Be-lieve on the Lord Je-sus Christ, and thou shalt be saved.
158. Ask, and it shall be giv-en youl seek, and ye shall find; knock, and it shall be o-pened un-to you.

159. What shall it prof-it a man, if he shall gain the whole world, and lose his own sonl.
160. Christ says : I am the war, the truth, and the life.
161. Je-sus says: Be-hold I stand at the door, and knock: if any man hear my voice, and o-pen the door, I will come in to him, and wi.l stp with him, and he with me.
162. Let the words of my mouth, and the med-i-tation of my heart, be ac-cept-a-ble in thy sight, $O$ Lord, my strength, and my Re-deem-er.
163. Cre-ate in me a clean heart, O God; and renew a right spir-it with-in me.

164. Re-move far from me van-i-ty and lies; give me neith-er por-er-ty nor rich-es; feed me with food con-ven-ient for me: Lest I be full, and de-ny thee, and say, Who is the Lord? or lest I be poor, and steal, and take the name of my God in vain.
165. What-so-ev-er things are true,

What-so-ev-er things are hon-est,
What-so-ev-er things are just, What-so-ev-er things are pure, What-so-ev-er things are love-ly, What-so-ev-er things are of good report, Think on these things.


38. Re-mem-ber now thy Cre-a-tor in the days of thy youth, while the e-vil days come not, nor the years draw nigh, when thon shalt saly, I have no pleas-ure in them.

38

39. The Script-ure saith: Lye hath not seen, nor ear hearl, neith-er have en-tered in-to the heart of man, the things which God hath pre-pared for them that love him.
40. Ye shall far ex-er-y man his moth-er, and his fath-er, and keep my Sab-baths: I am the Lord your God. Turn ye not un-to i-dols, nor make to yourselves molt-en gods: I am the Lord your God.
41. Boast not thy-self of to-mor-row ; for thou know-est not what a day may bring forth.
42. Ev-er-y good gift and ev-er-y per-fect gift is from a-bove, and com-eth down from the Fath-er of lights, with whom is no va-ri-a-ble-ness, neith-cr shad-ow of turn-ing.



He as-cend-ed in-to heav-en, And sit-teth on the right hand of God the Fath-er Al-might-y ; From thence he shall come to judge the quick and the dead.

I be-lieve in the Ho-ly Ghost ; The ho-ly cath-o-lic church; The com-mm-ion of saint-; The for-qiveness of sins; The res-mr-rection of the bod-y ; And the life ev-er-last-ing. A-men.


## Ten Commandments.

1. Thou shalt have no oth-er gods be-fore me.
2. Thon shalt not make un-to thee any grav-en im-age, or any like-ness of any thing that is in heaven a-bove, or that is in the earth be-neath, or that is in the wa-ter un-der the earth : Thou shalt not bow down thy-self to them, nor serve them: for I the Lord thy God am a jeal-ons God, vis-it-ing the in-iq-ui-ty of the fath-ers up-on the chil-dren un-to the third and fourth gen-er-a-tion of them that hate me; And show-ing mer-cy un-to thou-sands of them that love me, and keep my com-mand-ments.

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3. Thon shalt not take the name of the Lord thy God in vain : for the Lord will not hold him guiltless that tak-eth his name in vain.
4. Re-mem-ber the Sab-bath-day to keep it ho-ly. Six days shalt thou lathor and do all thy work; But the sev-enth day is the Sab-bath of the Lord thy God: in it thou shalt not do any work, thon, nor thy son, nor thy daugh-ter, thy man-serv-ant, nor thy maid-serv-ant, nor thy cat-tle, nor the stran-ger that is with-in thy gates: For in six days the Lord made hear-en and earth, the sea and all that in them is, and rest-ed the sev-enth day; where-fore the Lord ble:sed the Sab-bath-day and hal-low-ed it.

5. Hon-or thy fath-er and thy moth-er : that thy days may be long up-on the land which the Lord thy God giv-eth thee.
6. Thou shalt not kill.
7. Thou shalt not com-mit a-dul-ter-y.
8. Thou shalt not steal.
9. Thon shalt not bear false wit-ness a-gainst thy neigh-bor.
10. Thou shalt not cov-et thy neigh-bor's house, thou shalt not cov-et thy neigh-bor's wife, nor his man-serv-ant, nor his maid-serv-ant nor his ox, nor his ass, nor any thing that is thy neigh-bor's.


The Lord's Prayer.

Our Fath-er which art in heav-en, hal-low-ed be thy name. Thy king-dom come. Thy will be done on earth as it is in heav-en. Give us this day our dai-ly bread. And for-give us our debts as we for-give our delt-ors. And lead us not in-to temp-ta-tion, but de-liv-er us from e-vil. For thine is the king-dom, and the pow-er, and the glo-ry, for ev-cr. A-men.

148.
IESSON エXVII．
ques－tions

## wor－ship－ed

art
wo－man
dust
breath－ed
spring man－kind turn－ed for－get ab－hor－rence drown－ed wick－ed－ness drown－ing di－rect－ed build－ing ark sav－ing wives
creep－ing
high－est
moun－tain
caused
brok－en
con－tin－ue
al－most
liv－ed

間
問話
崇拜了
技藝，機巧
女人
塵士
呼吸，吹氣
本源，春天
人類
轉了
忘記
憎惡
溺死了
惡事
溺


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留存
崖不多
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| f－fer－ent | 不同 |
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| del－uge | 洪 |
| tow－er |  |
| －tiv | 意思 |
| louild－ing | 起造 |
| pleas ${ }^{\text {ang }}$ |  |
| long－er |  |
| un－der－s | 知 |
| sep－ar－a | 分 |
| since | 以後 |
| ad－ve | 降 臨 |
| west－er | 西方 |
| con－tin－ent | 大 |
| suf－fer－ing | 受 |
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| show－ed | 指示，䭭现 |

1．How ma－ny Gods are there？
There is but one on－ly，the liv－ing and true God．
2．If there is but one God，why do we speak of God the Fath－er，of Je－sus Christ，and of the Ho－ly Ghost？

The Fath－er，the Son，and the Ho－ly Ghost，are three per－sons in one God；the same in sub－stance， e－qual in pow－er and glo－ry．

3．How ought God to be wor－ship－ed？
God is a Spir－it ：and they that wor－ship him， must wor－ship him in spir－it and in truth．

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| 乃 | 等 | 均 | 瑟， | 督， | 神 | 惟 | 有 |
| 孁 | 鹰 | 能。 | 神 | 曰 | 惟 | － | 凡 |
| 拜 | 該 | 均 | 子， | 聖 | － | 乃 | 幾 |
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4. Is it right to wor-ship im-ag-es?

No. We ought not to think that God is like un-to gold, or sil-ver, or stone, grav-en by art and man's de-vice.
5. Who made the world?

God.
6. Who made us?

God made us, and a.l men, and all things.
7. Who was the first man?

Ad-am was the first man, and Ere was the first wo-man.
8. How did God make man?

God made man of the dust of the earth, and breathed in-to him the breath of life, and Eve he made of a rib tak-en from Ad-am's side.


9．Did all the human race spring from Ad－am and Eve？

They did，and therefore all mankind are brethren．
10．If there is but one Good，and all men are breth－ rene，what ought all men to do ？

All men ought to wor－ship this one God，and to love one an－oth－er．

11．What will become of those who do not wor－ ship the true Good？

The wick－ed shall be turned into hell，and all the nations that forget God．

12. Has God some-times shown his great ab-horrence of $\sin$ ?

God once drowned the world by a flood of water, be-cause the wick-ed-ness of the peo-ple was so great.
13. Were any saved from drown-ing?

Yes. There was one right-c-ous man named No-ah, God di-rect-ed him to build an ark for the sav-ing of him-self and his fam-i-ly.
14. How ma-ny peo-ple were saved?

There were eight saved-No-ah, and his wife, his three sons and their wives : al-so two, (a male and fe-male), of er-er-y kind of beast, and bird, and creeping thing.

15. How high did the wa-ter rise?

O-ver the tops of the high-est mount-ains.
16. How was such a flood cansed?

God caused it to rain for-ty days and for-ty nights, and al-so caused the fount-ains of the great deep to be brok-en up.
17. How long did the wa-ters con-tin-ue on the earth?

It was al-most a year be-fore it was dry e-nough for No-ah to leave the ark.
18. How long ago was the flood?

4220 years ago.

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19. Did peo-ple live to a great age be-fore the flood? Yes. Ma-ny lived to be sev-er-al hun-dred years old.
20. Who was the old-est man?

Me-thus-e-lah. He died at the age of nine hundred and six-ty nine years.
21. What were the names of No-ah's sons?

Shem, Ham, and Japh-eth.
22. Can you tell what na-tions have de-scend-ed from Shem, what from Ham, and what from Japh-eth?

In gen-er-al, the A-si-at-ics de-scend-ed from Shem, the Af-ri-cans from Ham, and the Eu-ro-peans from Japh-eth.


23. As all na-tions had a com-mon or-i-gin, how is it that now there are so ma-ny dif-fer-ent lan-guag-es spok-en in the world?

A-bout one hun-dred years aft-er the del-uge, the peo-ple be-gan to build a great and ver-y high tower. Their mo-tives for build-ing it were not pleasing to God, and he di-vid-ed their lan-guag-es. Not be-ing a-ble any long-er to un-der-stand each oth-er, they sep-a-rat-ed, and went to dwell in dif-fer-ent parts of the earth.
24. How long is it since the cre-a-tion?

From the Cre-a-tion of Ad -am to the Del-uge there were 1656 years, from the Del-uge to the ad-vent
of Christ there were 2348 years，and from the ad－vent of Christ to the pres－ent time，there have been 1872 years；mak－ing in all 5876 years．

25．When Je－sus Christ came in－to the world， where did he live？

In the coun－try ealled Ju－de－a．

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## 26. Where is Ju-de-it?

In the west-ern part of the con-ti-nent of $\Lambda$-si-a, a-bout 4500 miles west of Can-ton.
27. How long did Je-sus Christ re-main as a man up-on the earth?

Thir-ty three and a half years. He was then cru-ci-fied by wick-ed men, and was hur-ied; the third day he rose a-gain, and aft-er for-ty days he as-cend-ed to hear-en.
28. Why did Je-sus, the son of God, be-come man?

He be-came man that he might be our Saviour. By suf-fer-ing he a-toned for our sins. He ful-filled the law in our be-half. By his per-fect life he showed us how to live.

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29. Is Je-sus a Sav-iour for all peo-ple as well as for the peo-ple of Ju-de-a ?

He is a Sav-iour for all peo-ple. He says : Look un-to me, all ye ends of the eartl, and be ye saved.
30. How can we be saved by him?

By be-liev-ing in him: that is, by con-fessing and for-sak-ing our sins, by ac-cept-ing of Jesus as our Sav-iour, and by do-ing ev-er-y thing which he com-mands us in his ho-ly word.


## IESSON IXVIII．

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| re－ward | 賞 | de－stroy 敗，減 |
| rec－on－opense | 報答 | tri－umph＿ing炾歌 |
| ca－lamsi－ties | 災峒 | sc－cret 秘密 |
| g－es | 工銀，償 | wheth－er $\{$ 是歪 |
| ven－er－a－ble | 老尊長 | Wheth－cr $\{$ 或彼或此 |
| rec－om． pens－ed | \}報答了 | ad－vo－cate ゆ保，代訴 pro－pi－ti－a－换 回 z |
| ar－riv－ed | 來到 | tion 祭 |
| dur－ing life | 平生 | in－sig－nif－i－\}無緊要 |
| con－fer | 香樔们風 | ac－count 览目 |
| hap－pi－ness | 福 | give ac－ |
| stu－pid | 思，䖭 | count $\}$ 陳訴之 |
| ob－sti－nate | 堅執 | there－of |
| mis－fort－ | 運寨， | judg－ment 審判 |
| unes | 塞滞 | prov－erb 俗語 |
| nev－er－the－ | $\text { \} 外而 }$ | climb－ing 登高攀上 |
| less | 子然而 | em－i－nence 高處 |
| dif－fi－cult | 不易，難 | tum－bling 㗅傾頽 |
| es－cape | 身喿避 | down－hill 落山 |
| curse | 呪詛 | ru－in 敗壤 |
| de－spite－ful－ |  | strait 夏 |
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| per－se－cute | 迫書 | there－at 在彼處 |
| ac－quire | 猚，得 | nar－row 狹 腎 |
| fame |  | few 少 |

1. Con-fu-ci-us said: The do-er of good, Heav-en will re-ward him with bless-ings : the do-er of what is not good, Heav-en will rec-om-pense him with ca-lam-i-ties.

The Bi-ble says: The wag-es of sin is death; but the gift of God is e-ter-nal life, through Jesus Christ our Lord.
2. Su, the Ven-er-a-ble, said: Good is rec-om-pens-ed with grood; e-vil is rec-om-pens-ed with e-vil ; if as yet there is no ree-om-pense, then the time for it has not ar-riv-ed. Dur-ing all the life prac-tice good and Hear-en will con-fer hap-pi-ness; but if one is stu-pid and ob-sti-nate, he will re-ceive ca-lam-i-ties and mis-fort-unes. Good and bad nev-er-the-less will at last bave their re-ward. Fly high, or run far, still will it be dif-fi-cult to es-cape.


The Bi-ble says: Be sure your sin will find you out. 3. Han Han Cha said: Do not con-sid-er that an e-vil thing, be-cause it is small, may there-fore be done : neith-er con-sid-er that be-canse a cer-tain good thing is in-sig-nif-i-cant, it may there-fore not be done.

Je-sus says: Ev-er-y i-dle word that men shall speak, they shall give ac-count there-of in the day of judg-ment.
4. A prov-crlo says: To do grood is like climb-ing up an em-i-nence : to do e-vil is like tmm-bling downhill to ru-in.

Je-sus says: En-ter ye in at the strait gate: for wide is the gate, and broad is the way, that lead-eth to de-struc-tion, and ma-ny there be which go in thereat : be-cause strait is the gate, and nar-row is the way which lead-eth un-to life, and few there be that find it.

5. Chwang said: He that does good to me, I must do good to him: he that does c-vil to me, I must still do grood to him.

Je-sus says : Love your en-e-mies, bless them that curse you, do good to them that hate you, and pray for them which de-spite-ful-ly use you, and per-se-cute you.
6. Men-ci-us said: If man does what is not good, he may ac-quire fame ; men may not hurt him, but Heaven will sure-ly de-stroy him.

The Bi-ble sars: The tri-mmph-ing of the wick-ed is short. God shall bring ev-er-y work in-to judg-ment, with ev-er-y se-cret thing, wheth-er it be good, or wheth-er it be e-vil.

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|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

7. Con-fu-ci-us said: He that sins a-gainst Heav-en, has none to whom he can pray.

Je-sus says: What-su-ev-er ye shall ask in prayer, be-liev-ing, ye shall re-ceive.

The A-pos-tle John says : If any man sin, we have an ad-vo-eate with the Fath-er, Je-sus Christ the right-e-ous : and he is the pro-pi-ti-a-tion for our sins; and not for ours on-ly, but al-so for the sins of the whole world.

The A-pos-tle Panl says: There-fore be-ing jus-ti-fied by faith, we have peace with God through our Lord Je-sas Christ.

$16 \%$. ENGLISH AND CHINESE LESSONS．

| my－self |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| pun－ish－cd |  |  |
| 自己被罰 | 本身 re－ly－ing | 偷靠 |
| mer－it | 功勞 |  |

## A Prater．

O，thou mer－ci－ful，true，and liv－ing God，have mer－cy on me a sin－ner．Send down the Ho－ly Spir－it to change my wick－ed heart．I in my－self have no strength ；good works I can－not do．Though I ought to be pro－ish－ed，yet I pray my heav－en－ly Fath－er to con－ fer bless－ings．My ma－nysins I pray my heav－en－ly Fath－er to for－give，and to de－liv－er me from e－vil，for the sake of the Lord Je－sus Christ．I wait for Je－sus to come a－gain to re－ceive me to heav－en．Re－ly－ing up－on the mer－it of Je－sus I pray，hear my pray－er． I praise the hear－en－ly Fath－er， I praise Je－sus， I praise the Ho－ly Ghost， Three per－sons in one God．


## pilases．

Getup．
企起身 Come here．來呢處 Come in．入 來 Help me．媴助我

Go out．
出丢
Sit down．
坐落
Go to sleep．去睡
Look there．看個處

Go thicro．去個度 Lie down．剆落 Wake up．醒起 See here．看呢處

Light the fire．


Make tea．
点茶
Cook the food．
尞食物
Set the ta－ble．
擺橲
Clear off the ta－ble。
收 檯
Wash the disl－es．
洗碗碟
Go and buy rice．
去買米
Get some bread．
拈麵飽來
Bake the bread．焗糆飽
Boil the rice．
尞飯

Cook the meat．
黄肉
Put some wood in the stove．轎些柴落火爐
Get some rice．
拈 些 米 來
Go to the storc．
去到舖頭
Miake the beds．
整床鋪
Peel the ap－ples．
批平果
Wash the po－ta－toes．
洗薯仔
Light the lamp．
㸃枝燈
Sweep the floor．

## 揥地板

Wash the floor．
洗地板

Dust the fur－ni－ture．
抹家私什物
O－pen the door．
開門
Shat the door．
掩埋門
loock the door．

## 鎖門

Bolt the door．
門
Wind up the clock．
上鐘 鍊
Wash your face．
洗 穪 面
Put on your boots．着公靴
Take off your clothes．
脱去零衣服
Comb you hair．
梳 憫 頭 髮
Brush your clothes．
刷跲飛服
Brush your boots．
刷 爻离 革化
Col－lect the bills．
收 数
Pay your debts．
黄 債

Take it a－way．
拈他的去
Bring it here．
护他的來
Right a－way．
立刻
It is brok－en．
他的是破了
Fix it．Mend it．
这着他修補他
Be as quick as you can．
䕀加咁快
Do you hear．
爾聽聞矛
I am wait－ing．
我等待
Let it a－lone．
勿擵他 唔好咁做
Let me sce．
俾我看
That is e－nough．
這足殼了
Hoist the win－dow．
上窓門
Let down the win－dow．
落窓門
Do not make a noise．


Keep still．
静静的，安静
Do not speak．
莫講
Stand up．
企立
Let me go．
俾我去
Dont be i－dle．
莫懶惰
Earn your liv－ing．
爾以工作爲生活計
Is it true？

## 個的是真否

Are you sure？
爾知到實嗎
How do yon know？
爾怎樣知到
What is the news？
是甚麼新聞
Who told you？
是誰說爾知
When will you be read－y？
爾何時整便
When will you go？
爾 何 時 去
By and by．
等些少時候

I may go to－mor－row．
我或者明日去
Per－haps I will goto－day．
或是我今日去
Have you dined？
爾食了大餐麼
Not yet．
不伯
The bell is ring－ing．
今時聽鐘响
Go and see who is at the door．
去看知是誰在門外
Who is it？
他是誰
What does he want？
他要甚麼
Tell him to come in．
請他進來
I am bns－y．
我有事
I have no time to epare．
我未腵
Call ：－gain．
請再兆
I am hun－gry．
我肚飢
He is thirst－y．
他是喉渴
168.

What lady is that？他是甚麼艮子 Who sars so？
是誰說的
Who will help me？
是誰肯沜扐我
Who did it？
這個是誰做的
Which do you want？
爾要那一個
What do you want？
穪要何物
What can you do？
䙲能做甚麼
What is the price of it？
這個値多少㑑錢
What did you say？
父険過甚麼
What will you have？
爾要甚䳸
What time is it？
如今炼罗點鐘
What is the use of it？
這的是何用的
What are you look－ing at？
爾看向䔔麼
What is the mat－ter？
有甚菘毒情
That is true．

這個是費的
That will do．
罷了，够了
Where is it？
這個在那處
Where have you been？
爾往過那處
When are you go－ing home？
父笅時回家
Do you know me？
爾可認得我否
Are you sick？

## 两䒝有病駡

Are you well？
父䊉精刑駡
How is your health？
栆身體是甚麼，
平安否
Good morn－ing．
早 晨
Good－bye．
請了，好行
Good niight．
安然好睡
It is loot．
這個是執，天偂是慹
It is cold．
他是冷，天氣是冷

Cloud－y weath－er．

## 天雲䈠絿

Wet weath－er．
天氣澋
Dry weath－er．
天氯早
Cold weath－er．

## 天氣冷

This is a cold sea－son．

## 今是冷時

This is the rain－y sea－son．今是雨天時
A cold wind－y day．

## 冷風之日

A frost－y night．

What is your name？
爾甚麼名
How old are you？
爾是幾多歲
Where do you live？
爾在那處住
Where are you from？
爾從何處來
What do you work at？
爾 做 何工作
Can you speak English？
爾識講英話否
Can you write？
爾 能 寫字否
Write your name．
寫爾的名


One half．
一半
One third．
三份一
One quar－ter．
四份—
One doz－en．

## 十二個

Twice as much．
雨倍之
Half as much．

## 一半之多

Three times as much．

## 三倍之多

One score．
二十
One gross．
十二個十二即
One quire．
一刀紙，即二十四張
This man has good man－ ners．
此人好禮貌
He is po－lite．
他是好禮儀的 That per－son is rude．他是粗俗的人
Please teach him some po－
lite phras－es．
請教他幾句䄈儀文
Ver－y well，I will try．
好呀，我試教他
Please，sir，come in．
請爾先生入來
Will you have a seat，sir？
爾 可 坐 位，先 生
Please be seat－ed．
請 坐
Are you well？
爾 平 安 呀
Ver－y well，I thank you．
多謝狠好
Is your fam－i－ly well？
爾府上好呀
Thank you，ver－y well．
托賴狠好
Is bus－i－ness good？好生意呀
Will you have a cup of tea？
爾要杯茶呀
If you please．
若爾准
May I troub－le you for a glass of wa－ter？
多煩爾俾我—杯水
No troub－le，sir．
好話，唔多煩，先生

Will youplease as－sist me？your com－pa－ny to－mor－声爾叮㨬助我否 With great pleas－ure．
是，棰情願
May I help you to fruit？任我俾果子與爾 Thank you，not any more．多謝，语在䧄 Now I must leave you．今時作别去
Please tar－ry a－while yet．声两两再坐些添 Call a－gain ver－y soon．請爾早日返來坐 Do you live far from here？爾居住的屋是遠否 Not far．
不是遠
Can I be of serv－ice to you？
西要我代勞否
No，I thank you．
多 謝 我 不要
I beg your par－don．晤該
It is grant－ed．
恕了
Ex－cuse me．

## 寛恕我

Will you fa－vor us with row at break－fast？

## 明朝請駕光臨我舍下一叙

Thank you．It will af－ford me great pleas－ure．
多謝爽，個的令我好 歡 喜
Has the steam－er sailed？

## 火船開身否

When will she sail？
火船幾時開身
She is to sail next Mon－day．
下禮拜一定期開身
When did the steam－er ar－rive？
火船㦱時到的
She ar－rived this morn－ing．
他今朝到的
Did she bring ma－ny pas－ sen－gers？
他載搭客多否
She brought a－bout six hun－dred．
他載來搭客大約
六白
Did you re－ceive any let－ ters？
雨有信接到否
$\qquad$

Yes，sir．I re－ceived sev－他是我朋友 er－al．

What is his bus－i－ness？有，先生，我接得幾封 他 做 甚 麼貴幹 Are you go－ing to the post of－fice？爾将去書信館否 Please in－quire for my let－ ters and news－pa－pers．多頃爾查我的信劷新聞紙 Who is that？他是誰 That is my friend．

He is a mer－chant．他是貿易的人 Does he suc－ceed in bus－ i－ness？
他是順遂否
Pretty well，I think．我想他頗好
Has he been long in Cal－ i－for－ni－a？
他在金山好入麼

ENGLISII AND CHINESE LESSONS.
[FORM OF A LETTER.]
elan francisco, Tat., ETch. 25 th, 1872.
Ely ODer PParents,
eft is now seven months since
Of left you, and the time seems very long indeed; for in this country we find things very different from what they are in China.

Our Chinese people do not live in families as they do in China. EThene are very fou Chinese women here of good character, and the men are very much crowded in lodging and boarding houses; and the accommodations are genorally very poor; although as to suptplies for the table we fare hitter than the common people do in China.
174.

ENGlish and chinese lessons.
Our people are very much exposed to temptations here. SPhere are a great many gamliting shops, and innumeralile vendour of lottery tickets; opium smoking is fearfully prevalent, the lewd women have no shame, and theaters are open every might; also frequently during the day.
of hope of may be able to resist these temptations. Of mow that only God. can give me strength to do so. you pray for me.

OF hurst that Of may never forget my filial duties.
-Please give my love to all relu. lives and friends.

Ofour affectionate son,
efaciamento, Of ck. 20th, 18̇̃.
Ole efong Eng,
of Offing Flong Ching \& Go.
Saar eficond.
Ofour teller of Gan. BOth was duly reccived. OF in answuce to your inquires angarding the openings for lureness hove, OF have to say: that, though wo would be very glad to have you near 10:s, fusincoss of all hinds is very dull. Tic hopes soon to see a change for the better, and lie assured that the first famorale indications with be fuompitly. reported to your.

Of ours very tull,
Gen Thong \&f Go.
176. ENGLISH AND CHINESE LESSONS.

## Dear abl elam,

Ofour note of yesterday is at hand. Of will with great pleasure, procure and forward the articles as re. quested.

Eloping that yourself and all our mutual friends are well,

Of remain as ever,
Opes. aft.
Quan $O_{n}$.

Plockion. Otpr. B, 1871.

$1: 8$.
ENGLISH AND CHINESE LESSONS.
[addresses of letters.]
Oth. Games Thuoun,
efo. 120, Washington eft, Eftockton,

Cal.

Games ebdams, Ësg, Cave of EMrs. OH. Omith, Canton, China.
$\mathscr{E}$ dward ETapp, E̊og.

$$
\begin{array}{r}
\text { Clan Gose, } \\
\text { elanta Clara } \mathscr{C}_{0 .}, \\
\mathscr{C}_{\text {al }}
\end{array}
$$


©fan EFrancisco, etug. 7. 1871.
Olt. Gotu Glall,
ETo Gacole EPmith, OV.


Credited lyy Cast ..... $\begin{array}{r}12.00 \\ \hline \text { \$ } \quad 9.10 \\ \hline \hline\end{array}$
DBatance.
Pecd. Paymt.
Gacole Omith,
TBy Walter CHanko.
ENGLISH AND CIIINESE ILESSONS.


Reccived, Pfan ' $\mathscr{F}_{\text {rancioco, Guly }}$ 1n, 1871, of TPaul Gones, the sum of ETwenty, 50 ODollurs, in full of rent for house E1t 28, PRine Eft. from Gune 10, to date.

$$
\$ \$ 20 \cdot \frac{50}{100}
$$

Charles Ëverett.

Stockton, EMay 9th, 18.71.
Thecived from Games Olouton, the sum of one OैHundied ©Dollurs, being the amount of one Quarter's zent of SV wetling GOouse, eVt. 46, IPRine eft., due and ending the 2Qth day of Etpuil last. $\$ \$ 100$

Robert Ollalleck.

ENGLISII AND CIIINESE LESSONS.
[fomir of receitt to applt on account.]

$$
854147 \frac{57}{100}
$$

Plan efiancisco, fan 6,1871.
-Pecieired of Guscher ETanner, the sum of One Cllundred and EForty Oferen ODllars and ETifyy Pfoven Cents, to apiply on acoount.

Penjamin Carl.
[Form of receipt in full of all demands.]
$\$ 4400$
Oiallejo, Oct. 11, 1871.
Peccived of Edmuard ETully, the sum of ©our CHundied ODllars, in full of all demands.
Goo. Smith.

## ABBREVIATION゙S.

Gent.-Gentleman.
Mr. Mister.
Mrs. Mistress.
Esq. Esquire.
M. D. Medical Doctor.

Rev. Reverend.
D. D. Doctor of Divinity. Capt. Captain.
Messrs. Sirs. Gentlemen.
Gov. Governor.
Hon. Honorable.
I'res. President.
Prof. Professor.
Co. Company.
Dr. Debtor : Doctor.
Cr. Creditor.
A. M. Forenoon.
P. M. Afternoon.
P. S. Post Script.
P. O. Post Office.

No. Number.
Ans. Answer.
Do. Ditto. The same.
Viz. Namely.
Rec'd. Received.
Pd. Paid.
Id. The zame.
I. E. That is.

Bbl. Barrel.
Lbs. Pounds.
Bu. Bushel.
Cwt. One hundred weight.
Cts. Cents.
\$ Dollar.
Yd. Yard.
Chap. Chapter.
© And.
Etc. Et cetera.
\&c. And so forth.
U. S. A. United States of America.
N. North. E. East. S. South. W. West.
B. C. Before Christ.
A. D. Anno Domini. In the year of our Lord.
Jan. January.
Feb. February.
Apr. April.
Aug. August.
Sept. September.
Oct. October.
Nov. November.
Dec. December.

## MULTIPLICATION I'ABLE.

| once | 1 | is 1 | 3 times | 1 | are 3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| once | 2 | is | 2 | 3 times | 2 |
| are 6 |  |  |  |  |  |
| once | 3 | is 3 | 3 times | 3 | are 9 |
| once | 4 | is 4 | 3 times | 4 | are 12 |
| once | 5 | is | 5 | 3 times | 5 |
| are 15 |  |  |  |  |  |
| once | 6 | is | 6 | 3 times | 6 |
| are 18 |  |  |  |  |  |
| once | 7 | is 7 | 3 times | 7 | are 21 |
| once | 8 | is 8 | 3 times | 8 are 24 |  |
| once | 9 | is 9 | 3 times | 9 | are 27 |
| once | 10 | is 10 | 3 times | 10 are 30 |  |
| once | 11 is 11 | 3 times | 11 are 33 |  |  |
| once | 12 is 12 | 3 times | 12 are 36 |  |  |
| twice | 1 | are 2 | 4 times | 1 | are 4 |
| twice | 2 | are 4 | 4 times | 2 | are 8 |
| twice | 3 | are 6 | 4 times | 3 | are 12 |
| twice | 4 | are 8 | 4 times | 4 | are 16 |
| twice | 5 | are 10 | 4 times | 5 | are 20 |
| twice | 6 | are 12 | 4 times | 6 | are 24 |
| twice | 7 | are 14 | 4 times | 7 | are 28 |
| twice | 8 | are 16 | 4 times | 8 | are 32 |
| twice | 9 | are 18 | 4 times | 9 | are 36 |
| twice | 10 are 20 | 4 times | 10 | are 40 |  |
| twice | 11 are 22 | 4 times | 11 are 44 |  |  |
| twice | 12 are 24 | 4 times | 12 are 48 |  |  |


| 5 times | 1 are 5 | 7 times | 1 are 7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 times | 2 are 10 | 7 times | 2 are 14 |
| 5 times | 3 are 15 | 7 times | 3 are 21 |
| 5 times | 4 are 20 | 7 times | 4 are 28 |
| 5 times | 5 are 25 | 7 times | 5 are 35 |
| 5 times | 6 are 30 | 7 times | 6 are 42 |
| 5 times | 7 are 35 | 7 times | 7 are 49 |
| 5 times | 8 are 40 | 7 times | 8 are 56 |
| 5 times | 9 are 45 | 7 times | 9 are 63 |
| 5 times | 10 are 50 | 7 times | 10 are 70 |
| 5 times | 11 are 55 | 7 times | 11 are 77 |
| 5 times | 12 are 60 | 7 times | 12 are 84 |
| 6 times | 1 are 6 | 8 times | 1 are 8 |
| 6 times | 2 are 12 | 8 times | 2 are 16 |
| 6 times | 3 are 18 | 8 times | 3 are 24 |
| 6 times | 4 are 24 | 5 times | 4 are 32 |
| 6 times | 5 are 30 | 8 times | 5 are 40 |
| 6 times | 6 are 36 | 8 times | 6 are 48 |
| 6 times | 7 are 42 | 8 times | 7 are 56- |
| 6 times | 8 are 48 | 8 times | 8 are 64 |
| 6 tinies | 9 are 54 | 8 times | 9 are 72 |
| 6 times | 10 are 60 | 8 times | 10 are 80 |
| 6 times | 11 are 66 | 8 times | 11 are 88 |
| 6 times | 12 are 72 | 8 times | 12 are 96 |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 9 times | 1 | are | 9 | 11 times | 1 | are | 11 |  |
| 9 times | 2 | are | 18 | 11 times | 2 | are | 22 |  |
| 9 times | 3 | are | 27 | 11 times | 3 | are | 33 |  |
| 9 times | 4 | are | 36 | 11 times | 4 | are | 44 |  |
| 9 times | 5 | are | 45 | 11 times | 5 | are | 55 |  |
| 9 times | 6 | are | 54 | 11 times | 6 | are | 66 |  |
| 9 times | 7 | are | 63 | 11 times | 7 | are | 77 |  |
| 9 times | 8 | are | 72 | 11 times | 8 | are | 88 |  |
| 9 times | 9 | are | 81 | 11 times | 9 | are | 99 |  |
| 9 times | 10 | are | 90 | 11 times | 10 | are 110 |  |  |
| 9 times | 11 | are | 99 | 11 times | 11 | are 121 |  |  |
| 9 times | 12 | are 108 | 11 times | 12 | are 132 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 times | 1 | are | 10 | 12 times | 1 | are | 12 |  |
| 10 times | 2 | are | 20 | 12 times | 2 | are | 24 |  |
| 10 times | 3 | are | 30 | 12 times | 3 | are | 36 |  |
| 10 times | 4 | are | 40 | 12 times | 4 | are | 48 |  |
| 10 times | 5 | are | 50 | 12 times | 5 | are | 60 |  |
| 10 times | 6 | are | 60 | 12 times | 6 | are | 72 |  |
| 10 times | 7 | are | 70 | 12 times | 7 | are | 84 |  |
| 10 times | 8 | are | 80 | 12 times | 8 | are | 96 |  |
| 10 times | 9 | are | 90 | 12 times | 9 | are 108 |  |  |
| 10 times | 10 | are 100 | 12 times | 10 | are 120 |  |  |  |
| 10 times | 11 | are 110 | 12 times | 11 | are 132 |  |  |  |
| 10 times | 12 | are 120 | 12 times | 12 | are 144 |  |  |  |



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