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## Extra Census Bulletin.

## SUMILARY OF STATISTICS OF EDUCATION.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, Census Office,<br>Washington, D. C., October $1,1891$.

SIR :
Bulletins Nos. 17, 36,53 , and $8 \pm$ gave details of sex and color for the public school emrollment of the country by counties and of private and parochial schools by states for the census year, as reported to the Census Office up to various dates.

In the present bulletin Mr. James H. Blodgett, expert special agent, furnishes a summary of the enrollment, adding returns of private and parochial schools received up to July 1, 1891. Some further changes from delayed returns will arise in preparing the final report.

The accompanying map indicates by shades of color the relative numerical school enrollment in each state and territory.

The tables in this bulletin showing the relation of colored and white enrollment to the respective races for the decade in the southern states indicate how rapidly the colored people have utilized the advantages of citizcuship.

The tables showing the great features of school enrollment for 50 years, beginning with the first census in which education was separately reported, show the well-maintained educational zeal of the American people.

The promptness of collection and publication of like facts for the public schools in any year has not before been equaled. The reports of cnrollment in some states, through the cordial co-operation of school officers, were obtained in manuscript, and were first given to the public through census bulletins.

Private school enrollment has not been so fully published for 20 years, and the subdivision parochial schools appears distinctively for the first time in census results.

It is hoped to have the reports based on enumerators' returns, including illiteracy, ready at an early date.
Very respectfully,
ROBERT P. PORTER,
The Secretary of the $I_{\text {nteriok. }}$
C. o. P. - omm


## SUINIARy of Statistics of edocation.

BY JAHES H. BLODGETT.

This bulletin coutains a summary of the leading results of the inquiries as to school enrollment for the census year in hand July 1, 1891, smbject to revision.

The details by counties of sex and color of teachers and pupils in public schools and like details by states for private and parochial schools have appeared in previous bulletins.

While additional returns have swollen the aggregate of the private and parochial school enrollment already published, revision has led to casting out some duplicates and to some changes of classification.

School officers, public and private, have generally responded with great cordiality to inquiries. There are private and parochial schools known to exist whose returns, for some canse, have failed to reach the office. Correspondence still in progress will somewhat modify the totals for such schools.

It has occurred that schools, reported in church yearbooks as parochial are reported by those in immediate charge as public schools, and so affect the ceusns summary adversely as compared with the ecclesiastical summaries. Occasionally the parochial school seems really to have given way to a public school, but the proper explanation often appears to be that in a community essentially manimous in religions faith there has been no objection to religious instruction, especially if attendance on the same has been optional and out of legal school hours, so that a distinctive parochial organization has not been maintained. Instances of public schools, called by some authorities parochial, have been reported from Connceticut, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, New Mexico, Texas, Georgia, and Florida. In various states the same bnilding is often used as a church and a public schoolhouse.

It seems safe to estimate that at least one-half of the children in the Lutheran parochial schools, besides many in Catholic schools, also attend public schools during the year. It is impossible in the present condition of school records in the country at large to determine on the one hand the loss by imperfect records or on the other hand the undue gain by repeated enrollment.

Table 1.-This table, which is subject to change through additional reports and closer classification, serves to give a general view of the schools of the country. The third column embraces those cnstomarily reported under the title of poblic or common schools, including the high schools. The fourth column includes for the most part those in institutions equally public, but not usually summed up with common schools, as, for example, state universities and schools for training teachers.

Texas has an attendance of 65,512 over and under school age ( 8 to 16 ), included in column 3, not given in the sum of public school enrollment already published, but explained in Bulletin No. 53; Wisconsin a like attendance of 1,381 (school age 5 to 20 ), included in the third column, but not in the manuscript report of the state superintendent, followed in Bulletin No. 17.

The public school emrollment given for Oklahoma is that of Greer county in the state report of Texas, the state claiming this county.

Caution to the effect that the figures give apparent enrollment rather than a real enrollment, suggested in previous bulletins, is to be emphasized here.

By the courtesy of other divisions of the Census Office, it can be stated that in addition there are in schools for special classes (deaf-mutes, blind, feeble-minded) approximately 12,500 pupils; in Indian schools, 37,836 ; in reformatories (Bulletin No. 72 ), 14, 846 . The statistics for pupils in charitable institutions are not yet available.

Tabce 2.-An examination of this table shows that the ratio of enrollment in public schools to population in 1890 as compared with 1880 is apparently slightly less in the northern divisions, larger in the southern divisions, and nearly identical in the western division and for the country as a whole. It is evident that this calculation would be less favorable to 1890 if about 150,000 in public schools of descriptions apparently not included in 1880 were omitted, but the effect of this omission would be small. A comparison of effective attendance for states that record the total days' attendance of all pupils at school indicates that a more favorable showing might have been made on that basis if it could have been generally secured. Rejection of duplicates tends to diminish aggregates, while better preservation of records swells aggregates by lessening the failures to report.

A census of school enrollment was first taken in 1810. The classification corresponded closely to elementary, secondary, and superior, but the "pupils at public charge" of that census would correspond to the present public schools only in a limited area. For general comparisons the "primary and common schools" of $18 \pm 0$ may be used with the "public schools" of the later censuses. The changes of conditions in different censuses make close comparisons impracticable.

Table 1.-Apparent enrollment in schools for the census year, reported to July, 1891, exclusive of SPECIAL CLASSES, DEPENDENTS, AND INDIANS, BY STATES, GROUPED GEOGRAPHICALLY.


Table 2.-RELATION OF PUBLIC SChool ENROLLMENT TO POPULATION, $1880-1890$, BY states, GROUPED
GEOGRAPHICALLY.

| states and territories. | POPULATION. |  | PUblic school entollment. |  | per cent of entollhent to population. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1890. | 1880. | 1890. | 1880. | 1890. | 1880. |
| The United States.. | 62,622,250 | 50,155,783 | 12,663,692 | 9,951,608 | 20.22 | 19.84 |
| North Atlantic divisios... | 17,401,545 | 14,507,407 | 3,054,547 | 2,949,904 | 17.57 | 20.33 |
| Maine ... | 661,086 | 648,936 | 139,679 | 150,811 | 21.13 | 23.24 |
| New Hampshire. | 376,530 | 346,991 | 59,813 | 64,670 | 15.89 | 18.64 |
| Vermont. | 332,422 | 332,286 | 65,608 | 73,237 | 19.74 | 22.04 |
| Massachusetts. | 2,238,943 | 1,783,085 | 371.492 | 316,630 | 16.59 | 17.76 |
| Rhode 1sland.. | 345,506 | 276,531 | 52,774 | 42,489 | 15.27 | 15.37 |
| Connecticut. | 746,258 | 622,700 | 126,505 | 118,589 | 16.95 | 19.04 |
| New York. | 5,997,853 | 5,082,871 | 1,042,160 | 1,027,938 | 17.38 | 20.22 |
| New Jersey.. | 1,444,933 | 1,131,116 | 234,072 | 205, 240 | 16.20 | 18.14 |
| Pennsylvania. | 5,258,014 | 4,282,891 | 965,444 | 950,300 | 18.36 | 22.19 |
| Sodte Atlantic divisio | 8,857,920 | 7,597,197 | 1,751,225 | 1,239,053 | 19.77 | 16.31 |
| Delaware | 168,493 | 146,608 | 31,434 | 26,412 | 18.66 | 18.02 |
| Maryland... | 1,042,390 | 934,943 | 181,251 | 149,981 | 17.68 | 16.01 |
| Distriet of Columbia | 230,392 | 177,624 | 36,906 | 26,439 | 16.02 | 14.88 |
| Virginia.. | 1,655,950 | 1,512,565 | 342,269 | 220.733 | 20.67 | 14.59 |
| West Virginia. | 762,794 | 618.457 | 193,293 | 143,796 | 25.34 | 23.25 |
| North Carolina. | 1,617,947 | 1,399,750 | 325,861 | 256,422 | 20.14 | 18.32 |
| Soutl Carolina. | 1,151,149 | 995,574 | 203,461 | 134,842 | 17.67 | 13.54 |
| Georgia.. | 1,837,353 | 1,542,180 | 342,562 | 237,124 | 18.64 | 15.38 |
| Floricla .... | 391,422 | 269,493 | 91,188 | 43,304 | 23.30 | 16.07 |
| North Central divis | 22,362,279 | 17,364,111 | 4,998,532 | 4,089,585 | 22.35 | 23.55 |
| Ohio.. | 3,672,316 | 3,198,062 | 797,439 | 752,442 | 21.71 | 23.53 |
| Indiana. | 2,192,404 | 1,978,301 | 507,264 | 512,201 | 23.14 | 25.59 |
| 1llinois.. | 3,826,351 | 3,077,871 | 778,319 | 704,041 | 20.34 | 22.87 |
| Michigan | 2,093,889 | 1,636,937 | 427,032 | 362,459 | 20.39 | 22.14 |
| Wisconsin. | 1,686,880 | 1,315,497 | 351,723 | 299,514 | 20.85 | 22.77 |
| Minnesota | 1,301,826 | 780,773 | 281,859 | 186.544 | 21.65 | 23.89 |
| Iowa... | 1,911,896 | 1,624,615 | 403,267 | 425,665 | 25.80 | 26.20 |
| Missouri. | 2,679,184 | 2,168,380 | 620,314 | 486,002 | 23.15 | 22.41 |
| North Dakota. | 182,719 | 36,909 | 35,543 | 3,746 | 19.45 | 10.15 |
| South Dakota. | 325,508 | 98,268 | 66,150 | 9,972 | 20.12 | 10.15 |
| Nelraska. | 1,058,910 | 452,402 | 240,300 | 100,871 | 22.69 | 22.30 |
| Kansas. | 1,427,096 | 996,096 | 399,322 | 246,128 | 27.98 | 24.71 |
| South Central d | 10,972,893 | 8,919,371 | 2,341,308 | 1,374,035 | 21.34 | 15.41 |
| Kentuck ${ }^{\text {¢ }}$. | 1,858,635 | 1,648,690 | 407,567 | 292,427 | 21.93 | 17.74 |
| Tennessee. | 1,767,518 | 1,542,359 | 455,732 | 291,500 | 25.78 | 18.90 |
| Alrbama. | 1,513,017 | 1,262,505 | 302,949 | 187,550 | 20.02 | 14.86 |
| Mississippi.. | 1,289,600 | 1,131,597 | 350,619 | 237,065 | 27.19 | 20.95 |
| Louisiama.. | 1,118,587 | 939,946 | 124,370 | 81,012 | 11.12 | 8.62 |
| Texas.... | 2,235,523 | 1,591,749 | 476,421 | 176,245 | 21.31 | 11.07 |
| Oklahoma (a).. | 61,834 |  | 579 |  | 10.85 |  |
| Arkansas... | 1,128,179 | 802,525 | 223,071 | 108,236 | 19.77 | 13.49 |
| Western division... | 3,027,613 | 1,767,697 | 515,080 | 299,031 | 17.01 | 16.92 |
| Montana... | 132,159 | 39,159 | 16,980 | 4,667 | 12.85 | 11.92 |
| W yoming... | 60,705 | 20,789 | 7,052 | 2,907 | 11.62 | 13.98 |
| Colorado... | 412,198 | 194,327 | 65,490 | 28,252 | 15.89 | 14.54 |
| New Hexico. | 153,593 | 119,565 | 18,215 | 4,755 | 11.86 | 3.98 |
| Arizona.. | 59,620 | 40,440 | 7,828 | 4,212 | 13.13 | 10.42 |
| Utal. | 207,905 | 143,963 | 36,372 | 25,592 | 17.49 | 17.92 |
| Nerarla. | 45,761 | 62,266 | 7,387 | 8,918 | 16.14 | 14.32 |
| Idaho... | 81,385 | 32,610 | 14,311 | 5,834 | 16.96 | 17.89 |
| Alaska (b).... |  |  | 903 | ......... |  |  |
| Washington.. | 349,390 | 75,116 | 55,432 | 14,780 | 15.87 | 19.68 |
| Oregon... | 313,767 | 174,768 | 63,354 | 37,437 | 20.19 | 21.42 |
| California... | 1,208,130 | 864,694 | 221,756 | 161,477 | 18.36 | 18.67 |

Table 3.--Bearing in mind the limitations of the ease, this table gives the outline of population and sehool enrollment for the past 50 years. Only public common school enrollment was published in 18s0. The table illustrates how great local changes and errors of record assimilate themselves into a moderate general effect. By 20 -year periods it will be seen that the inerease of population ( 66.26 and 62.41 per cent, respectively) and the increase of total school enrollment (97.94 and 97.21 per cent, respectively) were apparently very similar for 1850-1870, and 1870-1890, the latter liable to slight modification in revision.

The remarkable development of the free school in the north and west, rounding out its funds by local taxation, shows its influence in the high rate of gain in public school enrollment in 1850 , subsiding somewhat in the next decade, and, partly through the disturbance of social institutions by the civil war, approaching the growth of population in 1870. The public school movement of the south and west swells the emrollment for 1880, nearly equalized in 1890 to the growth of population.

TABLE 3.-POPULATION AND SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AT EACH CENSUS.
[Fifty years: 1840-1890. Enrollment 1890 subject to revision.]


In 1840 the negro was an illiterate slave with rare exception. The census of 1890 found him free and at school. Percentages can not express the change.

Tables 4 and 5.-These tables show the apparent relation of white and colored publie school eurollment to the respective populations and the relative gain each has made for the past decade in the southern states.

Training in religion is a strong demand among some of the most carnest supporters of the public school system, conspicuous among whom are the Hebrews, who maintain special schools in several of the large cities, often requiring as a condition of admission regular attendance in the public schools. These schools of the Hebrews, the confirmation classes of the Catholics, Lutherans, and others occupying only Saturdays, Sundays, and extra school hours, have intentionally been omitted from the general table of school enrollment, and their treatment has been deferred.

The enrollment in parochial schools has been made a census inquiry for the first time. Ineluding the parochial schools, the religious idea is the mainspring of the greater part of private school organization, "parochial "being the term used for elementary schools with religion as a prominent motive, supported by local congregations. It is not easy to make a close distinction between parochial schools and those of like motive, but supported on a broader basis or doing more adranced work, especially as the work of a given school may change from year to year.

There are 4 communions whose possible parochial schools are for convenience elassed among the general private schools: (1) the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints, popularly called Mormons, whose schools contain 5,092 pupils, the elementary pupils corresponding closely to the parochial pupils in other cases; (2) the Orthodox Greek Church, whose missionary schools in Alaska have 81 pupils; (3) 63 pupils are in schools reporting themselves as German Methodist parochial ; (4) 20 are reported as Unitarian parochial pupils.

Table 4.-APPARENT RELATION OF PUBLIC COMMON SCHOOL ENROLLMENT TO POPULATION, WHITE AND COLORED, IN THE SOUTHERN STATES: 1890.

| States and territories. | population. |  | public common school enrolrment. |  | PER CENT OF ENROLLMENT TO POPULATION. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White. | Colored. (a) | White. | Colored. | White. | Colored. |
| South Atlantic division | 15,493,323 | 6,944,915 | 3,358,527 | 1,288,229 | 21.68 | 18.55 |
|  | $5,567,440$ | 3,287,395 | 1,168,557 | 582,668 | 20.99 | 17.72 |
| Delaware.. | 139,429 | 29,022 | 26,778 | 4,650 | 19.21 | 16.04 |
| Maryland. | 824,149 | 218,004 | 148,224 | 36,027 | 17.99 | 16.53 |
| District of Columbia | 154,352 | 75,927 | 23,574 | 13,332 | 15.27 | 17.56 |
| Virginia... | 1,014,680 | 640,867 | 220,210 | 122,059 | 21.70 | 19.05 |
| West Virginia. | 729,262 | 33,50S | 156,735 | 6,558 | 25.61 | 19.57 |
| North Carolina. | 1,049,191 | 567,170 | 208,844 | 117,017 | 19.91 | 20.63 |
| South Carolina. | 458,454 | 692,503 | 90,051 | 113,410 | 19.64 | 16.38 |
| Georgia. | 973,462 | 863,716 | 209,330 | 133,232 | 21.50 | 15.43 |
| Florida.. | 224,461 | 166,678 | 54,811 | 36,37 | 24.42 | 21.82 |
| Norta Cestral division: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Missouri... | 2,524,468 | 154, 131 | 587,510 | 32,804 | 23.27 | 21.28 |
| Souta Central division. | 7,401,415 | 3,503,389 | 1,602, 460 | 672,757 | 21.65 | 19.20 |
| Kentueky. | 1,585,506 | 272,981 | 352,955 | 54,612 | 22.26 | 20.01 |
| Tennessee. | 1,332,971 | 434,300 | 354,130 | 101,602 | 26.57 | 23.39 |
| Alabama. | 830,796 | 681,431 | 186,794 | 116,155 | 22.48 | 17.05 |
| Mississippi | 539,703 | 747,790 | 157,188 | 193,431 | 29.12 | 25.87 |
| Louisiana | 554,712 | 562,893 | 74,988 | 49,382 | 13.52 | 8.77 |
| Texas (b) | 1,741,190 | 492,837 | 312,802 | 98,107 | 17.96 | 19.91 |
| Arkansas. | 816.517 | 311,227 | 163,603 | 59,468 | 20.04 | 19.11 |

TABLE 5.-APPARENT RELATIVE GATN IN PUBLIC COMMON SCHOOL ENROLLMENT, WHITE AND COLORED, IN THE SOUTHERN STATES: 1880-I890.

a Omitting Chinese and Indians.
$b$ Not including $65,512(54,880$ white, 10,632 colored) enrolled over and under sehool age, the corresponding figures having evidently been omitted in 1880.

Table 6.-The relative strength of the parochial sehools of various communions is manifest in this table. The same communions in a similar ratio maintain schools of a higher rank, grouped among the general private schools.

Table 7.-The census of 1840 tabulated enrollment under colleges and universities, academies and grammar schools, primary and common schools, corresponding well with the current grouping of superior, secondary, and clementary ; that of 1850 tabulated colleges, public schools, and academies and other sehools.

The classification of schools has been attended with great difficulties. The known facts regarding a school in one year are not always a safe guide for judging of its work in another year. Institutions that have taken charters in anticipation of giving superior instruction, but which are still doing some work of the most elementary sort, ean not all be treated as pretenders to a greatness whieh they do not possess. Institutions now leading in the most advanced tuition gave very elementary instruction in their youth, and many incipient colleges in due time will leave their preparatory work to others.

The public high school is presumably a secondary school, but as it is only the advanced department of the local group of schools its work is sometimes almost wholly elementary, while in a few cases it laps upon the work of the superior schools.

The classification is now unsatisfactory, but circumstances are rapidly adjusting a plain basis of separation. Superior edneation is discriminated fairly well in the original states.

In New York a system of university examinations tests all superior and secondary tuition in public and private schools that claim its benefits. In Michigan, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, California, and Texas the university has a growing influence in discriminating true secondary instruction in schools which feed it. There is a like tendeney in other states.

The study of algebra or of a language additional to the native tongue may generally be taken to indicate the begimning of secondary work. In general terms, superior work would include the work of the standard colleges, universities, and advanced professional schools, to which the secondary schools may be regarded as tributary.

Commercial schools, some chartered, some without charters, are given a separate column from their anomalous position, which seems likely to undergo an early improvement, partly by the clearer discrimination of the best institutions, partly by changes in schools of general education.

The classification of this table, limited in aeeuracy by present conditions, can be greatly bettered as records improve and terms are more definitely used among school officers.

A closer analysis showing the professional schools is in progress for the final report. Illiteracy and related details are yet to be considered.

TABLE 6.-PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS, BY STATES AND COMMUNIONS, IN THE CENSUS YEAR, REPORTED TO JULY 1, 1891. [Subject to revision.]

| States and territories. | Total. | Catholic. | Lutheran. | Evangelical. | Protestant Episcopal. | Reformed Episcopal. | Reformed Church of America. | German <br> Presby- <br> terian. | Holland Christian Reformed. | Mennon- ite. | Moravian or United Brethren. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dutch } \\ & \text { Re- } \\ & \text { formed. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| The United States ....... | 737,182 | 567,555 | 141,388 | 15,218 | 6,964 | 241 | 2,190 | 1,160 | 1,311 | 610 | 204 | 341 |
| North Atlantic division .. | 272,890 | 253,462 | 13,716 | 1,615 | 2,555 | 61 | 481 | 586 |  |  | 108 | 303 |
| Maine.. | 4,015 | 4,015 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Hampsbire | 5,919 | 5,879 | 40 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Vermont................... ... | 3,071 | 3,071 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Massachusetts............... | 38,240 | 38,071 | 98 |  |  |  |  | 76 |  |  |  |  |
| Rhode Island ................ | 6,995 | 6,965 | 30 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Connecticut................. | 15,380 | 14,808 | 514 |  | 58 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New York. | 109,522 | 98,551 | 8,293 | 955 | 1,446 |  | 148 | 79 |  |  |  | 50 |
| New Jersey ....... .. ........ | 27,827 | 26,176 | 776 |  | 259 |  | 30 | 333 | . ........... |  | ..... | 253 |
| Pennsylvania ................ | 61,921 | 55,926 | 3,970 | 660 | 792 | 61 | 306 | 98 |  |  | 108 |  |
| South Atlantic divisiox .. | 27,534 | 23,077 | 1,271 |  | 2,808 | 180 |  | 148 |  |  | 50 |  |
| Delaware..... | 1,711 | 1,711 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maryland .................... | 14,288 | 12,964 | 760 |  | 564 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| District of Columbia...... | 3,252 | 3,050 | 53 |  | 149 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Virginia....................... | 2,240 | 1,630 | 107 |  | 503 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| West Virginia............... | 1,519 | 1,354 | 130 |  | 35 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| North Carolina.............. | 1,539 | 308 | 183 |  | 998 |  |  |  |  |  | 50 |  |
| South Carolina ............. | 658 | 410 |  |  | 68 | 180 |  | ..... |  |  |  |  |
| Georgia ........................ | 93.4 | 380 | ... .......... |  | 491 |  |  | 63 |  |  |  |  |
| Florida........................ | 1,393 | 1,270 | 38 |  |  |  |  | 85 |  |  |  |  |
| North Central division .. | 383,587 | 243,342 | 122,463 | 13,235 | 554 | .............. | 1,629 | 359 | 1,311 | 610 | 46 | 38 |
| Ohio... | 60,552 | 51,790 | 8,145 | 617 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Indiana... | 26,307 | 17,467 | 7,713 | 772 | 09 |  | 256 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Illinois ... . | 81,638 | 52,548 | 24,203 | 4,135 | 212 |  | 229 | 71 | 202 |  |  | 38 |
| Michigan | 37,328 | 24,007 | 11,503 | 636 |  |  | 73 |  | 1,109 |  |  |  |
| Wisconsin... | 65,043 | 36,797 | 26,394 | 1,133 | 130 |  | 565 | 24 |  |  |  |  |
| Minnesota. | 33,266 | 14,060 | 18,305 | 738 | 8 |  | 109 |  |  |  | 46 |  |
| lowa ..... | 23,099 | 13,365 | 8,427 | 903 | 85 |  | 116 | 168 |  | 35 |  |  |
| Missouri | 33,622 | 22,921 | 6,756 | 3,859 |  |  | 68 | 18 |  |  |  |  |
| North Dakota ............... | 1,803 | 245 | 1,535 | 23 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| South Dakota ................ | 2,179 | 641 | 1,457 |  | 20 |  |  |  |  | 61 |  |  |
| Nebraska...................... | 9,507 | 3,778 | 5,193 | 260 |  |  | 213 | 78 |  | 45 |  |  |
| Kansas ......................... | 9,183 | 5,723 | 2,832 | 159 |  |  |  |  |  | 469 |  |  |
| South Central division ... | 36,667 | 32,270 | 3,316 | 368 | 620 |  | 26 | 67 |  |  |  |  |
| Kentucky ..................... | 13,258 | 12,777 | 188 | 38 | 255 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tennessee.. | 2,391 | 2,312 | 79 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alabama ....................... | 1,150 | 747 | 124 |  | 279 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mississippi ..... ............. | 2,237 | 2,064 | 123 |  | 50 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.ouisiana..................... | 10,389 | 8,890 | 1,213 | 169 |  |  |  | 67 |  |  |  |  |
| Texas...... | 5,120 | 3,764 | 1,155 | 161 | 14 |  | 26 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Arkansas..................... | 2,172 | 1,716 | 434 |  | 22 |  |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ |  |
| Western division..............\| | 16,504 | 15,404 | 622 |  | 427 | ................ | 51 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Montana ...................... | 38* | 350 |  |  | 34 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wyoming ..................... | 191 | 191 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Colorado ...................... | 2,403 | 2,410 | 83 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Mexico ............. ... | 571 | 5.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Arizona........................ | 518 | 518 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Utah ...................... ..... | 666 | 383 | 12 | ................. | 271 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nevada......................... | 325 | 325 | ...... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Washington................... | 914 | 672 | 120 |  | 122 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oregon ......................... | 616 | 499 | 66 |  |  |  | 51 |  |  |  |  | ............ |
| California ..................... | 9,826 | 9,485 | 341 | - | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 7.-SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AS SUPERIOR, SECONDARY, ELEMENTARY, AND COMMERCIAL SCHOOLS, REPORTED TO JULY 1, 1891.
[Subject to revision.]

| states and territories. | public. |  |  |  | private (including parochial and commerchal schools). |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total. | Superior. | Secondary. | Elementary. | Total. | Superior. | Secondary. | Elementary. | Commereial sehools. |
| The Uuited States... | 12,728,417 | 45,840 | 27\%,049 | 12,405,528 | 1,491,154 | 99,565 | 277,241 | 1,034,382 | 79,966 |
| North Atlantic dintion. | 3,078,829 | 15,325 | 88,954 | 2,974,550 | 468,573 | 36,268 | 72,682 | 333,413 | 26,210 |
| Maine | 140,650 | 837 | 15,299 | 124,514 | 10,536 | 1,140 | 3,057 | 5,288 | 1,051 |
| New Hampshire | 59,9.7 | 131 | 3,283 | 56,530 | 10,053 | 493 | 2,097 | 7,357 | 106 |
| Vermont....... | 66,720 | 1,112 | 2,432 | 63,176 | 7,239 | 483 | 2,642 | 4,006 | 108 |
| Massachusetts. | 373,087 | 1,436 | 25,476 | 346,175 | 66,423 | 8,018 | 8,273 | 46,518 | 3,614 |
| Rhode Island. | 52,974 | 200 | 1,728 | 51,046 | 10,954 | 681 | 1,608 | 7,775 | 887 |
| Connectieut......................................... | 127.303 | 420 | a4,063 | 122,820 | 24,126 | 1,939 | 2,737 | 18,603 | 8.17 |
| New York. | 1,049,952 | 6,141 | 20,729 | 1,023,082 | 185,764 | 12,646 | 27,573 | 136,354 | 9,191 |
| New Jersey.. | 234,964 | 266 | b1,177 | 230,551 | 43,658 | 1,839 | 6,308 | 33,504 | 2,007 |
| Pennsylvania............................ ............ | 973,232 | 4,779 | b11,797 | 956,656 | 109,820 | 9,026 | 18,387 | 74,008 | 8,399 |
| South Atlantic division ............................. | 1,758,38.1 | 5,213 | 24,350 | 1,728,821 | 179,111 | 12,394 | 39,256 | 123,292 | 4,169 |
| Delaware.............................................. | 31,434 |  | 328 | 31,106 | 2,837 | 82 | 482 | 2,273 | ........ |
| Maryland ......... ............................... .... | 185,058 | 751 | 61,374 | 182,933 | 26,879 | 3,359 | 4,394 | 17,622 | 1,50-1 |
| District of Columbia.............................. | 36,906 | S0 | 1,767 | 35,059 | 8,755 | 1,388 | 2,121 | 4,243 | 1,003 |
| Virginia.............................................. | 343,970 | 1,404 | c9,124 | 333,442 | 19,558 | 2,043 | 6,067 | 11,013 | 405 |
| West Virginia. | 194,356 | 884 | 11,73 | 191,699 | 5,067 | 360 | 1,293 | 2,905 | 419 |
| North Carolina. | 326,895 | 550 | 382 | 325,963 | 40,656 | 2,090 | 10,361 | 28,205 |  |
| South Carolina. | 203,980 | 427 | c7,210 | 196,343 | 19,454 | 997 | 6,084 | 12,373 | ... |
| Georgia...... | 34, 062 | 583 | b1,927 | 311,252 | 50,143 | 2,010 | 7,087 | 40,208 | 838 |
| Florida.... | 91,723 | 231 | 465 | 91,024 | 5.762 | 65 | 1,367 | 4,330 |  |
| Nortil Central division............................. | 5,022,28.1 | 18,047 | 115,402 | 4,888,835 | 563,845 | 33,815 | 83,023 | 408,152 | 38,855 |
| Ohio..................................................... | 798,093 | 391 | 36,755 | 760,947 | 99,816 | 11,001 | 18,554 | 61,051 | 9,210 |
| Indiana............................................... | 509,355 | 1,652 | 65,152 | 502,551 | 44,218 | 2,569 | 8,814 | 30,370 | 2,465 |
| Iilinois ........ ....................................... | -81,004 | 1,536 | 17,902 | 761,566 | 111,193 | 7,787 | 11,287 | 86,535 | 5,584 |
| Michigan........................................ .... | 430,665 | 3,345 | 16,908 | 410,412 | 48,385 | 1,571 | 4,126 | 38,818 | 3,810 |
| Wiseonsin....................... .................... | 354,675 | 2,173 | 10,634 | 341,868 | 72,947 | 880 | 3,365 | 66,736 | 1,966 |
| Minnesota.. | 284,368 | 1,792 | 3,711 | 275, 665 | 40,7\% | 1,034 | 3,579 | 34,217 | 1,949 |
| Iowa. | 494,957 | 1,690 | b3,174 | 190,093 | 43,287 | 2,837 | 11,565 | 25,021 | 3,864 |
| Missouri.. | 623,071 | 2,244 | 65,097 | 615,730 | 61,362 | 4,676 | 11, 714 | 40,164 | 4,748 |
| North Dakota. | 35,691 | 80 | d553 | 35,061 | 2,402 | 31 | 405 | 1,891 | 75 |
| South Dakota | 67,492 | 625 | d948 | 65,919 | 3,611 | 154 | 1,010 | 2,288 | 159 |
| Nebraska.. | 241,446 | 727 | 6,400 | 234,319 | 15,085 | 416 | 1,772 | 10,529 | 2,368 |
| Kansas.. | 401,464 | 1,793 | 8,168 | 391,504 | 20,760 | 859 | 6,772 | 10,502 | 2,627 |
| Souti Central division ...... ........................ | 2,349,614 | 4,539 | 40,088 | 2,304,087 | 212,316 | 14,381 | 61,627 | 129,983 | 6,325 |
| Kentucky............................................. | 408,208 | 433 | 2,098 | 405,677 | 40,559 | 4,043 | 10,082 | 25,402 | 1,032 |
| Tennessee | 456,242 | 510 | 982 | 454, 750 | 49,733 | 3,957 | 17,481 | 27,253 | 1,042 |
| Alabama | 306,350 | 1,671 | 966 | 303,713 | 24,445 | 1,433 | 6,456 | 16,359 | 197 |
| Mississippi | 351,919 | 6.11 | 697 | 350,581 | 21,164 | 1,152 | 7,006 | 15,626 | 380 |
| Louisiana | 125,159 | 228 | 1,306 | 123,625 | 28,379 | 1,512 | 6,868 | 19,269 | 730 |
| Texas ....... | 477,320 | 899 | d32,157 | 44, 264 | 30,524 | 2,117 | 10,126 | 15,298 | 2,483 |
| Oklalıma.. | e579 |  |  | 579 | 1,203 |  | 53 | 1,150 |  |
| Arkansas... | 223,837 | 157 | 2,782 | 220, 898 | 13,309 | 167 | 3,555 | 9,126 | 461 |
| Western division.... | 519,306 | 2,716 | 7,355 | 509,235 | 67,309 | 2,707 | 20,653 | 39,542 | 4,407 |
| Montana.. | 16,980 |  | 127 | 16,853 | 1,503 | 17 | 419 | 552 | 485 |
| Wyoming .. | 7,134 | 39 | 133 | 6,962 | 331 | ... | 134 | 197 | ................... |
| Colorado | 66,173 | 262 | 1,870 | 64,041 | 7,228 | , 198 | 2,338 | 4,101 | 591 |
| New Mexico. | 18,219 | 17 | 17 | 18,215 | 4,981 | 16 | 1,657 | 3,311 | ................... |
| Arizona.. | 7,861 | 28 |  | 7,833 | 987 |  | 225 | 720 | 42 |
| Utah... | 36,730 | 70 | 418 | 36,242 | 10,880 | 277 | 2,180 | 8,340 | 83 |
| Nerada. | 7,524 | 73 | 363 | 7,088 | 456 |  | 79 | 377 | ........... ........ |
| Idaho | 14,311 | ........ | ............... | 14,311 | 1,104 |  | 259 | 845 | ................. |
| Aloska....... | 903 | ........ | ........... | 903 | 730 | .............. |  | 730 | .................. |
| Washington | 55,705 | 66 | 427 | 55,212 | 4,371 | 66 | 2,247 | 1,634 | 42.1 |
| Oregon.. | 63,987 | 562 | 393 | 63,032 | 4,689 | 364 | 2,031 | 2,210 | S 1 |
| California .. | 223,749 | 1,599 | 3,607 | 218,543 | 30,046 | 1,769 | 9,054 | 16,525 | 2,698 |

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