

581.9519
N163
Botany

朝鮮森林植物編

(第拾八輯)

胡椒科

金粟蘭科

楊柳科



朝鮮總督府林業試驗場





ERRATA

Page 55 line 20 }
" " 29 } for *Salix* read *Salic*.
" 56 " 9 }

第五圖ノ説明中「けしよやなぎ」ヲ「けしよ
やなぎ」ニ改ム。

第拾圖ノ説明第二行ニ「てりはやなぎ」ヲ加フ。

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Flora Sylvatica Koreana

Pars XVIII.

Piperaceæ, Chloranthaceæ

et

Salicaceæ

By

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Published

By

The Forest Experiment Station,
Government General of Chosen,
Keijyo, Japan.

June, 1930



N163

5B0T.

序 言

本研究ハ東京帝國大學教授理學博士中井
猛之進ニ依囑シ完成シタルモノニシテ學術
並産業上參考ニ資スベキモノアルヲ信ジ之
ヲ印刷ニ附ス。

昭和五年四月

朝鮮總督府林業試驗場長

林學博士 戶澤又次郎

緒 言

本編ハ朝鮮産ノ胡椒科植物、金粟蘭科植物、楊柳科植物ニ就イテ記述ス。胡椒科ト金粟蘭科トハ其種類少ナケレドモ楊柳科ハ種類ノ多キコトニ於イテ朝鮮産ノ樹木類中ニ冠絶シ且ツ雌雄ハ其株ヲ異ニシ又花時ト葉ノ時トヲ異ニスル爲メ研究上ノ不便少ナカラズ。編者ハ二十餘年來朝鮮ニ旅行スル毎ニ其標本ノ蒐集ニ力メタレドモ未ダ希望ノ半ヲモ採リ得ザリシガ現京城大學講師石戸谷勉氏ガ本場ノ技師タリシ當時編者ノ希望ニ應ジテ數年ニ亘リ出來得ル限リ各種ノ楊柳類ノ花ヲ蒐メ置キシ爲メ研究上ニ多大ノ便ヲ得タリ茲ニ記シテ氏ノ勞ヲ謝ス。

抑モ楊柳ヲ研究スル爲メニ楊柳學 *Salicologia* ナル獨立ノ一學問アリ。從テ其文獻ノ多キコトハ蘭類、松柏類等ニ匹敵スル故此等必要ノ參考論文ヲ悉ク通覽スルコトハ容易ノ業ニアラズ。編者ハ在外中各所ノ研究所ヲ訪フ毎ニ出來得ル限リノ圖書ヲ通覽シ又種々ノ論文、著書ヲ購ヒシモ尙ホ逸シタルモノ多カリキ。幸、箱根底倉つたや旅館主東京帝大經濟學士澤田武太郎氏ト東北帝國大學助教授木村有香氏トノ好意ニ依リテ澤田氏私有ノ圖書ト東北大學所藏ノ圖書トヲ借覽スルヲ得文獻ノ不足ヲ補ヒ得タリ謹デ兩氏ノ好意ヲ深謝ス。

柳類ハ其花ノ構造簡單ナル爲メ自然系統並ニ構造上ニ誤解多ク未ダ満足スベキ分類法ナシ。故ニ編者ハ一昨年來其花部ヲ精査シ自然系統ニ對スル私見ヲ得タレバ本編ニハ特ニ「楊柳科植物ノ花部ノ構造ト其分類ノ要點並ニ柳屬ノ花ノ發達ノ順序ニ就イテ」ト題スル一章ヲ設ケテ私見ノアル所ヲ明ニセリ。

目 次 Contents.

	頁
胡椒科 <i>Piperaceæ</i>	1—8
(一) 主要ノ引用書類 Principal literatures cited.	1—2
(二) 朝鮮産胡椒科植物研究ノ歴史ト其効用 History for the investigation and the economic uses of Korean <i>Piperaceæ</i>	3
(三) 朝鮮産胡椒科植物ノ分類 Classification of Korean <i>Piperaceæ</i>	3—8
金粟蘭科 <i>Chloranthaceæ</i>	9—18
(一) 主要ナル引用書類 Principal literatures cited.	9—11
(二) 朝鮮産金粟蘭科植物研究ノ歴史ト其効用 History for the investigation and the economic uses of Korean <i>Chloranthaceæ</i>	11
(三) 朝鮮産金粟蘭科植物ノ分類 Classification of Korean <i>Chloranthaceæ</i>	11—18
楊柳科 <i>Salicaceæ</i>	19—203
(一) 主要ナル引用書類 Principal literatures cited.	19—32
(二) 朝鮮産楊柳科植物研究ノ歴史 History for the investigation of Korean <i>Salicaceæ</i> . ..	32—40
(三) 朝鮮産楊柳科植物ノ効用 The economic uses of Korean <i>Salicaceæ</i>	40—41
(四) 楊柳科植物ノ花部ノ構造ト其分類ノ要點並ニ柳屬ノ 花ノ發達ノ順序ニ就イテ The structure of flowers, and the main charac- teristics for the classification of <i>Salicaceæ</i> . The development of the flowers of <i>Salix</i>	41—52
(五) 朝鮮産楊柳科植物ノ分類 Classification of Korean <i>Salicaceæ</i>	53—203

附 錄 Appendix.

朝鮮産胡椒科、金粟蘭科、楊柳科植物ノ和名、植鮮名、學名ノ對稱表

Japanese and Korean names of each species of Korean *Piperaceæ*, *Chloranthaceæ*, and *Salicaceæ* which correspond to their scientific names. 203—205

朝鮮産胡椒科、金粟蘭科、楊柳科植物ノ分布ニ就イテ

On the distribution of Korean *Piperaceæ*, *Chloranthaceæ* and *Salicaceæ*. 205—218

胡 椒 科

Piperaceæ RICHARD

(一) 主要ナル引用書類

著者名	書名
F. AUBLET	1) <i>Quebitea</i> in Histoire des plantes de la Guiane Française II, p. 838-839, t. 327 (1775).
H. BAILLON	2) <i>Piperacées</i> in Histoire des plantes III, p. 465-495 (1872).
F. T. BARTLING	3) <i>Piperaceæ</i> in Ordines Naturales Plantarum, p. 85 (1830).
C. BAUHINUS	4) <i>Piper</i> in Pinax Theatri Botanici, p. 411 (1623).
G. BENTHAM & J. D. HOOKER	5) <i>Piperaceæ</i> in Genera Plantarum III, p. 125-133 (1880).
CASIMIR DE CANDOLLE	6) <i>Piperaceæ</i> in Prodromus Systematis Naturalis Regni Vegetabilis XVI, pt. 1, p. 235 ¹⁵ -471 (1849).
A. W. EICHLER	7) <i>Piperaceæ</i> in Blütendiagramme II, p. 3-6 (1878).
S. ENDLICHER	8) <i>Piperaceæ</i> in Genera Plantarum, p. 265-266 (1836).
	9) <i>Piperaceæ</i> in Enchiridion Botanicon, p. 149-152 (1841).
A. ENGLER	10) <i>Piperaceæ</i> in ENGLER & PRANTL, Die natürlichen Pflanzenfamilien III, 1 Hälfte, p. 3-11 (1889).
J. GERTNER	11) <i>Piper</i> in De Fructibus & Seminibus Plantarum II, p. 67-68, t. 92, fig. 1 (1791).
P. D. GISEKE	12) <i>Piperitæ</i> in Prælectiones ad ordines naturales Plantarum, p. 123-128 (1792).
J. ST. HILAIRE	13) <i>Piper</i> in Expositions des familles des Plantes II, p. 311 (1805).
K. KUNTH	14) Bemerkungen über die Familie der <i>Piperaceen</i> in Linnæa XIII, p. 561-744 (1839).
	15) Sur le genre <i>Piper</i> et la place qu'il doit occuper parmi les Monocotylédones in Mémoires du Muséum d'histoire naturelle IV, p. 439-443 (1818).
J. LINDLEY	16) <i>Piperaceæ</i> in An Introduction to the Botany, p. 174-175 (1830).

- H. F. LINK
- C. A. LINNÆUS
- A. MATTHIOLUS
- F. A. G. MIQUEL
- C. MÖNCH
- R. MORISON
- C. H. PERSOON
- C. S. RAFINESQUE
- J. RIDLEY
- A. RICHARD
- E. P. VENTENAT
- 17) *Piperaceæ* in A Natural System of Botany, p. 185-186 (1836).
- 18) *Piperitæ* in Enumeratio Plantarum Horti Regii Botanici Berolinensis altera I, p. 36-39 (1821).
- 19) *Piper* in Genera Plantarum ed. 1, p. 333 (1737).
- 20) *Piper* in Flora Zeylanica, p. 10-12 (1747).
- 21) *Piper* in Species Plantarum ed. 1, p. 28-30 (1753).
- 22) *Piper* in Genera Plantarum ed. 5, p. 18 (1754).
- 23) *Piper* in Medici Senenses Commentarii, p. 282-284 (1554).
- 24) Commentatio de vero Pipere Cubeba Præmenda in Commentarii Phytographici, I-VII (1839).
- 25) Prologus etc. in Commentarii Phytographici, p. 1-29, t. I-III (1838).
- 26) Observationes de Piperacées in Commentarii Phytographici, p. 31-65, t. IV-IX (1840).
- 27) Systema Piperacearum, I (1843), II (1844).
- 28) *Piper* in Methodus ad Plantas agri & horti botanici Marburgensis I, p. 638 (1794).
- 29) *Piper*, *Betle* & *Saururus* in Historia Plantarum Oxoniensis pars III, sect. XV, p. 602-603 (1699).
- 30) *Piper* in Synopsis Plantarum I, p. 31-34 (1805).
- 31) *Piper* - *Oxodium* in Sylva Telluriana, p. 84-85 (1838).
- 32) *Piperaceæ* in The Flora of the Malay Peninsula III, p. 25-51 (1924).
- 33) *Piperaceæ* in Nova Genera & Species Plantarum quas in peregrinatione orbis novi collegerunt I, p. 39-61, t. 3-17 (1815).
- 34) *Piper* in Tableau du règne végétale III, p. 541-542 (1799).
-

(二) 朝鮮産胡椒科植物研究ノ歴史ト其効用

朝鮮ノ胡椒科植物ハ唯一屬一種ふうとうかづらアルノミ、而シテ濟州島ノ低地ニノミ生ズ、大正三年版ノ濟州島植物調査書ニ始メテ之ヲ記シテ朝鮮ニモ胡椒科植物ノアルコトヲ報ジ置キタリ、大正十一年森爲三氏著朝鮮植物名彙ニハ同ジク此一種ヲ戴ス。

果實ハ辛味アリテ胡椒ノ代用トナシ得レトモ住民ハ之ヲ利用セズ、又漢藥ニモ用キズ、濟州島ガ開ケタル土地ナラバ庭園ニ匍ハシメ又ハ樹幹ニ絡マセテ賞觀用ニ利用スル方法モアレトモ未開地故何ノ用モナサズ、又朝鮮本土ニハ生育ノ望ナク内地ニハ暖地至ル所ニアルモノ故經濟上全く無價値ナリ。

陰地性故曝露地ニテハ生育著シカラザレトモ尙ホ岩面ヲ被ハシムルニハ用キ得。

(三) 朝鮮産胡椒科植物ノ分類

胡椒科

草本、灌木又ハ喬木、地ヲ覆ヒテ生ジ或ハ岩面又ハ樹幹ニ絡マリ根ヲ出ス。葉ハ互生、有柄又ハ無柄、托葉アルモノトナキモノトアリ。花ハ穗狀花序ヲナシ葉ト對生シ花序ハ有柄又ハ無柄、花ハ兩全又ハ雌雄異株、花被ナキカ又ハ一列ノ花被アリ。雄蕊ハ一個乃至八個、葯ハ二室アリ。子房ハ無柄一室一卵子ヲ藏ス、卵子ハ基底ヨリ直立ス。果實ハ漿質又ハ肉質、種皮ハ薄ク胚乳多シ。胚ハ小サク果實ノ先端ニ偏在シ幼根ハ上向。

九屬千二百餘種アリテ主トシテ熱帶又ハ亞熱帶ニ生ジ朝鮮ニハ唯一種アルノミ。

胡椒屬

灌木又ハ喬木又ハ草本、葉ハ互生有柄全縁屢々兩形、托葉アリ。穗狀花序ハ有柄又ハ無柄、花ハ各一個ノ苞ヲ有ス。花被ハ無キカ又ハ二個アリテホボ對立ス。雄蕊ハ二個乃至六個（一個又ハ七、八個トモナル）、葯ハ二室、子房ハ無柄一室、一卵子アリ。種皮ハ薄ク、胚乳ハ粉狀。

主トシテ熱帶地方ニ生ジ約八百種アリ。朝鮮ニ次ノ一種ヲ産ス。

ふうとうかづら (第一圖)

オッパムヌラム (濟州島土名)、梟蔓無花果ノ意

雌雄異株、幹ハ木質ニシテ節著シク縦ニ多數ノ溝アリテ溝ト溝トノ間ニハ横ニ多數ノ皮目並ブ、太キ幹ハ直徑三センチニ達スルアリ。末梢ハ二又又ハ三又シモナシ。葉ハ匍枝ニ生ズルモノハ幅廣ク廣卵形又ハ心臟形ヲナシ花枝ノモノハ卵形、長卵形、廣披針形等トナル。葉柄ハ長サ五乃至十五ミリ葉身ハ長サ三センチ半乃至十一センチ八、幅八ミリ乃至五センチ三、表面ハ深綠裏面ハ淡綠左右ニ二本宛基部ノ近クヨリ主脈出ヅ、雄花穂ハ長サ二乃至九センチ、苞ハ楕形、花被ナシ。雄蕊ハ各花ニ三個又ハ二個、葯ハ淡黃色ニ室苞ヨリ僅カニ抽出ス、未ダ雌花ヲ見ズ、果穂ハ長サー乃至二センチ、果實ハ朱紅色球形直徑四乃至五ミリ。

濟州島ノ低地ニ生ズ。

(分布) 本島、四國、九州、琉球、臺灣。

Piperaceæ RICHARD in BONPLAND, HUMBOLDT & KUNTH, Nov. Gen. & Sp. Pl. I, p. 39 (1815)—BARTLING, Ord. Nat. Pl. p. 85 (1830)—LINDLEY, Introd. p. 174 (1830); Nat. Syst. p. 185 (1836)—ENDLICHER, Gen. Pl. p. 265 (1836); Ench. Bot. p. 149 (1841)—SPACH, Hist. Vég. XI, p. 9 (1842)—C. DE CANDOLLE, Prodr. XVI, pt. 1, p. 235⁶⁵ (1849), excl. Trib. *Saurureæ*—AGARDH, Theor. p. 241 (1858)—EICHLER, Blüten-diagr. II, p. 3 (1878)—BENTHAM & HOOKER, Gen. Pl. III, p. 125 (1880), pro parte—ENGLER in Nat. Pflanzenfam. III, 1, p. 3 (1889)—RIDLEY, Fl. Malay-Penins. III, p. 25 (1924).

Syn. *Piperitæ* LINNÆUS, Phil. Bot. p. 27 (1751), pro parte—GISEKE, Prælect. p. 123 (1792), pro parte—LINK, Handb. I, p. 290 (1829), Enum. Pl. Hort. Berol. I, p. 36 (1831)—DUMORTIER, Comm. Bot. p. 53 (1822).

Urticæ JUSSIEU, Gen. Pl. p. 400 (1789), pro parte.

Urtices Sect. III, J. ST. HILAIRE, Exposit. II, p. 310 (1805), pro parte.

Piperacées II, 1, *Pipereæ* BAILLON, Hist. Pl. III, p. 493 (1872).

Herbæ vel frutices vel arbores, prostrati vel scandentes radicantes. Folia alterna petiolata vel sessilia, stipullata vel exstipullata. Spica axillaris vel folium opposita pedunculata vel sessilis. Flores sessiles hermaphroditi vel unisexuales. Perigonium nullum vel 1-seriale. Stamina 1-8 hypogyna. Antheræ 2-loculares. Ovarium sessile 1-loculare 1-ovulatum. Ovulum e basi erectum. Bacca parva ovoidea vel globosa, pericarpio succulento vel carnoso. Semina albuminosa. Albumen farinosum. Embryo minimum in apice fructus positus. Radicula supera.

Genera 9 species supra 1,200 in regionibus tropicis et subtropicis adsunt.

Piper [THEOPHRASTUS, Hist. Pl. interpret Gaza IX, Cap. XXII, p. 339 (1528)—MATTHIOLUS, Med. Sen. Comm. p. 282 (1552)—BAUHINUS, Pinax p. 411 (1623)—MORISON, Hist. III, p. 602 (1699)—LINNÆUS, Gen. Pl. ed. 1, p. 333, no. 832 (1737)]; Sp. Pl. ed. 1, p. 28 (1753); Gen. Pl. ed. 5, p. 18 (1754)—JUSSIEU, Gen. Pl. p. 405 (1789)—SCHREBER, Gen. Pl. p. 26, no. 56 (1789), excl. *Saururus*—GISEKE, Prælect. p. 125 (1792)—GÆRTNER, Fruct. II, p. 67, t. 92, fig. 1 (1791)—VENTENAT, Tab. III, p. 541 (1799)—J. ST. HILAIRE, Exposit: II, p. 311 (1805)—PERSOON, Syn. 1, p. 31 (1805)—RICHARD in Nov. Gen. & Sp. Pl. I, p. 39 (1815)—RÖEMER & SCHULTES, Syst. Veg. I, p. 62 (1817)—LINK, Handb. I, p. 290 (1829)—ENDLICHER, Gen. Pl. p. 265 (1836)—SPACH, Hist. Vég, XI, p. 12 (1842)—C. DE CANDOLLE, Prodr. XVI, pt. 1, p. 240 (1849)—MIQUEL, Syst. Pip. II, p. 305 (1844)—BAILLON, Hist. Pl. III, p. 493 (1892)—BENTHAM & HOOKER, Gen. Pl. III, p. 129 (1880)—ENGLER in Nat. Pflanzenfam. III, 1, p. 6 (1886)—RIDLEY, Fl. Malay-Penins. III, p. 27 (1924).

Syn. *Quebitea* AUBLET, Pl. Guian. Franç. II, p. 838, t. 327 (1775).

Piperiphorum NECKER, Elem. Bot. III, p. 294 (1790).

Ottonia SPRENGEL, Neue Entdeck. Pl. I, p. 255 (1830).

Piperidia KOSTEL, Allg. Med. Pharm. Fl. II, p. 455 (1831).

Serronia GAUDICHAUD in DELESSERT, Icon. Select. III, p. 54 t. 90 (1837).

Amalogo RAFINESQUE, Sylva Tellur. p. 84 (1838).

- Betela* RAFINESQUE, l. c. p. 85.
Carpunica RAFINESQUE, l. c.
Churumaya RAFINESQUE, l. c.
Cubeba RAFINESQUE, l. c.
Gonistum RAFINESQUE, l. c.
Lepianthus RAFINESQUE, l. c. p. 84.
Methystichum RAFINESQUE, l. c. p. 85.
Oxodium RAFINESQUE, l. c.
Enckea KUNTH in Linnæa XIII, p. 590 (1839).
Heckeria KUNTH, l. c. p. 564.
Schilleria KUNTH, l. c. p. 609 & 726.
Steffensia KUNTH, l. c. p. 609.
Arthanthe MIQUEL, Comment. Phyt. p. 40, t. 7 & 8 (1840).
Mæropiper MIQUEL, l. c. p. 35.
Pothomorpha MIQUEL, l. c. p. 36.
Callianira MIQUEL, Syst. Piper. p. 344 (1843).
Chavica MIQUEL, l. c. p. 222.
Peltobryon KLOTSCH ex MIQUEL, l. c. p. 369.
Sphærostachys MIQUEL, l. c. p. 375.
Suensonia GAUDICHAUD ex MIQUEL, l. c. p. 535.
Nematanthera MIQUEL in Linnæa XVIII, p. 606, t. 11 (1844).
Carpunya PRESL, Epim. Bot. p. 228 (1849).
Schizonephos GRIFFITH, Notul. IV, p. 383 (1854).
Caulobryon KLOTSCH ex C. DE CANDOLLE, Prodr. XVI sect. I, p. 240 (1869).

Frutices vel arbores scandentes vel prostrati rarius herbæ erectæ. Folia alterna petiolata integerrima sæpe dimorpha, stipullata. Spicæ pedunculatæ vel subsessiles. Flores 1-bracteati. Perigonium 2 suboppositum vel nullum. Stamina 2-6 (1-8). Antheræ biloculares. Ovarium sessile 1-loculare 1-ovulatum. Testa seminum tenuis. Albumen copiosum farinosum.

Species circ. 800., maxime in regionibus tropicis incola.

Piper futokadsura SIEBOLD.

(Tabula nostra I.)

Piper futokadsura SIEBOLD ex SIEBOLD & ZUCCARINI in Abh. Muenich. Akad. IV, Abt. 3 (Fl. Jap. Fam. Nat.) p. 231, no. 811 (1846), nom. nud., excl. syn. MIQUEL.—MIQUEL in Ann. Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. III, p. 139 (1867); Prol. Fl. Jap. p. 303 (1867).

Syn. *Piper foliis 7 nerviis, inæqualibus* THUNBERG, Fl. Jap. p. 351 (1784).

Piper Futokadsura SIEBOLD apud C. DE CANDOLLE, Prodr. XVII, sect. I, p. 306, no. 436 (1849)—FRANCHET & SAVATIER, Enum. Pl. Jap. I, p. 443 (1875)—MAXIMOWICZ in Bull. Acad. St. Pétersb. XXXI, p. 94 (1886); in Mél. Biol. XII, p. 532 (1886)—HEMSLEY in Journ. Linn. Soc. XXVI, p. 365 (1891)—HENRY, List. Pl. Formos. p. 77 (1896)—KUROIWA in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XIV, p. 140 (1900)—MATSUMURA & HAYATA in Journ. Coll. Sci. Tokyo XXII, p. 346 (1906)—MAKINO & NEMOTO, Fl. Jap. p. 1134 (1925).

Piper arcuatum BL. var. MIQUEL apud MIQUEL in Ann. Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. III, p. 139 (1867), pro var. (sed talis nomen ibi deest.).

Piper Futo-Kadsura SIEBOLD apud MATSUMURA, Nippon Shokubutsu Meii p. 141 (1884).

Piper Futo-kadsura SIEBOLD & ZUCCARINI apud MATSUMURA, Cat. Pl. Herb. Coll. Sci. Imp. Univ. p. 164 (1886); Shokubutsu Meii p. 217 (1895)—MORI, Enum. Corean Pl. p. 107 (1922).

Piper Futo-kadsura SIEBOLD apud MATSUMURA, Ind. Pl. Jap. II, pt. 2, p. 2 (1912)—NAKAI, Veg. Isl. Quelpært. p. 35, no. 472 (1914).

Dioica. Caulis lignosus alte scandens vel late prostratus radicans, trunco nodoso longitudine striato-sulcato lenticellis horizontalibus multis notato usque 2 3 cm. lato. Rami dichotome vel trichotome ramulosi glabri. Folia sarmentarum late ovata vel cordata 5-7 nervia, ramorum floriferorum ovata vel ovato-oblonga vel late lanceolata apice attenuata vel acuminatissima basi obtusa vel truncata integerrima glaberrima vel infra erecto hispidulo-pilosa, petioli 5-15 mm. longi, lamina 3,5-

11,8 cm. longa 0,8-5,3 cm. lata supra viridissima infra pallida nervis lateralibus utrinque 2 circa basin divisis. Spicæ masculæ folia oppositæ cum pedunculis 4-10 mm. longis 2-9 cm. longa 2,5-3 mm. lata. Bracteæ peltatæ. Perigonium nullum. Stamina 3 (2). Antheræ paulum exertæ flavidæ biloculares vix 0,5 mm. latæ. Spicæ fæmineæ non vidi. Spicæ fructiferæ in nostris speciminibus tantum 1-2 cm. longa. Bacca rubro-cinnabaria sphærica 4-5 mm. lata.

Nom. Jap. *Fūtō-Kadsura*.

Nom. Quelpærtense. *Oppam Nuram*.

Hab.

Quelpært: Hongno (T. NAKAI, no. 293 ♂); in rupibus (U. FAURIE no. 2013 ♂); inter Hōkanri & Taisei (T. NAKAI no. 940); in rupibus Hongno cascade (E. TAQUET no. 5912 fr., 4400, 1337); in rupibus lateralis bosealis pede montis Hallasan (T. NAKAI, no. 4887); secus cavernus et rupes (E. TAQUET, no. 350); in rupibus torrentis (E. TAQUET, no. 3145).

Distr. Hondo, Shikoku, Kiusiu, Liukiu & Formosa.

金 粟 蘭 科

Chloranthaceæ BLUME

(一) 主要ナル引用書類

- | 著者名 | 書名 |
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| F. T. BARTLING | 2) <i>Chloranthæ</i> in Ordines Naturales Plantarum p. 85-86 (1830). |
| G. BENTHAM & J. D. HOOKER | 3) <i>Chloranthaceæ</i> in Genera Plantarum III, p. 133-135 (1880). |
| C. L. BLUME | 4) <i>Chloranthaceæ</i> in Enumeratio Plantarum Javæ, fasc. I, p. 78-80 (1827).
5) <i>Chloranthæ</i> in Floræ Javæ, 14 pages 2 Plates (1829). |
| R. BROWN | 6) <i>Chloranthus monostachys</i> in Botanical Magazine, XLVIII, t. 2190 (1821). |
| G. DON | 7) <i>Chloranthæ</i> in A General System of Dichlamydeous Plants III, p. 433-435 (1834). |
| A. W. EICHLER | 8) <i>Chloranthaceæ</i> in Blütendiagramme II, p. 7-9 (1878). |
| S. ENDLICHER | 9) <i>Chloranthaceæ</i> in Genera Plantarum p. 264-265 (1836).
10) <i>Chloranthaceæ</i> in Enchiridion Botanicon p. 147-148 (1841). |
| A. ENGLER | 11) <i>Chloranthaceæ</i> in ENGLER & PRANTL, Die natürlichen Pflanzenfamilien III, 1, p. 12-14 (1889). |
| A. GRAY | 12) <i>Tricercandra</i> & <i>T. quadrifolia</i> in Narratives of Captain PERRY'S Expedition to the China-Sea and Japan II, appendix, p. 318-319 (1857).
13) <i>Tricercandra</i> & <i>T. Fortunei</i> in Memoirs of American Academy of Arts and Sciences, New series, VI, p. 405 (1859). |
| L. L'HERITIER | 14) <i>Chloranthus</i> in Sertum Anglicum p. 1, t. 2 (1788). |
| J. ST. HILAIRE | 15) <i>Chloranthus</i> in Expositions des familles des plantes II, p. 346 (1808). |
| P. M. DE LAMARCK | 16) <i>Nigrine spicifère</i> in Tableau Encyclopédique & méthodique I, 295 (1791). |

- 17) *Nigrina* in Recueil de Planches de Botanique de l'Encyclopédie I, t. 71 (1791).
- J. LINDLEY 18) *Chlorantheæ* in An Introduction to the Botany p. 172-173 (1830).
- 19) *Chloranthus monostachys* in Collectanea Botanica t. 17 (1821).
- 20) *Chloranthaceæ* in A Natural System of Botany p. 183-184 (1836).
- J. DE LOUREIRO 21) *Creodus* & *C. odorifer* in Flora Cochinchinensis I, p. 88-89 (1790).
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- C. H. PERSOON 25) *Chloranthus* in Synopsis Plantarum I, p. 148 (1805).
- 26) *Bladhia glabra* in eodem p. 233.
- J. RIDLEY 27) *Chloranthaceæ* in The Flora of the Malay Peninsula III, p. 52-53 (1924).
- J. J. ROEMER & J. A. SCHULTES 28) *Chloranthus* in Systema Vegetabilium III, p. 26 & p. 461 (1818).
- D. J. C. D. SCHREBER 29) *Chloranthus* in Genera Plantarum ed. 8, p. 793 (1789).
- SOLMS LAUBACH 30) *Chloranthaceæ* in ALP. DE CANDOLLE, Prodromus Systematis Naturalis Regni Vegetabilis XVI sect. 1, p. 472-485 (1849).
- E. SPACH 31) *Chlorantheæ* in Histoire naturelle des Végétaux XI, p. 18-19 (1842).
- C. SPRENGEL 32) *Chloranthus* in Systema Vegetabilium III, p. 750 (1826).
- O. SWARTZ 33) *Chloranthus*, a new genus of plants in Philosophical Transaction of the Royal Society of London Vol. LXXVII, p. 359-462, Tab. XIV (1787).
- C. P. THUNBERG 34) *Nigrina* in Nova Genera Plantarum III, p. 58-59 (1783).

- 35) *Nigrina* in Flora Japonica p. 5 (1784).
36) *Nigrina spicata* in eodem p. 65-66.
37) *Bladhia glabra* in Transaction of Linnæan Society II, p. 331 (1794).
C. H. K. THWAITES 38) *Chloranthus brachystachys* in Enumeratio Plantarum Zeylanicum p. 293 (1864).
H. TRIMEN 39) *Chloranthaceæ* in A Handbook of the Flora of Ceylon III, p. 432-433 (1895).
R. WIGHT 40) *Chloranthus indicus* & *Sarcandra chloranthoides* in Icones Plantarum Indiæ Orientalis VI, p. 5, Pl. 1945-1946 (1853).

(二) 朝鮮産金粟蘭科植物研究ノ歴史ト其効用

本科植物ニ就イテハ余ハ明治四十四年理科大學紀要第三十一卷ニ依リテひとりしづかが元山、釜山、間島等ニアル事ヲ報ジ大正三年四月濟州島植物調査書ニハ濟州島ニせんりやうトひとりしづかトノアルヲ報ジ、大正七年金剛山植物調査書ニハ金剛山ニひとりしづかアルコトヲ報ジタリ。

ひとりしづかハ從來特ニ其効用ヲ認メラザレドモ元來此科ノ植物ハ一般ニ窒扶斯ヲ治スル効アル故將來研究ノ結果ハ其利用ノ道ヲ發見スル事ナキヲ保セズ、觀賞用トシテハひとりしづか及ビてうせんひとりしづかハ盆栽トシ又庭石ニ配シテ其白キ花ヲ賞シ得ベクせんりやうハ其果實美シキ爲メ生花盛花用ニ用キラレ又盆栽トシテ賞美サル、事ハ周知ノ事實ナリ。

(三) 朝鮮産金粟蘭科植物ノ分類

金 粟 蘭 科

草本又ハ灌木又ハ喬木、葉ハ對生、有鋸齒、羽狀脈ヲ有シ托葉アリ。花ハ頂生又ハ腋生ノ穗狀花序又ハ複穗狀花序ヲナス。托葉ノ形ハ種々アリ。花ハ單性又ハ兩全。兩全花ニテハ花被ナク、雄蕊ハ一個乃至三個、互ニ相癒合シ又ハ一個ガ子房ノ背面ニ附着スルモアリ。子房ハ一室一個

ノ下垂スル卵子ヲ有ス。雄花ハ花被ナク雄蕊ハ一個乃至三個離生又ハ相癒合ス。葯ハ一室又ハ二室。雌花ハ花被ナク子房ハ一室。柱頭ハ無柄。卵子ハ一個腹面ヨリ下垂ス。核果ハ外果皮ハ多肉、内果皮ハ硬シ。胚乳ハ多肉、胚ハ極メテ小サク、幼根ハ下向。

五屬四十餘種アリテ主トシテ熱帶又ハ亞熱帶ノ産ナリ。朝鮮ニ三屬三種ヲ産ス。

- 1 { 雄蕊ハ一個、短カク子房ノ背面ニ附着シ關節ス。先端ニ内開スル一室ノ葯ヲ有ス。灌木。……………せんりやう屬
- 1 { 雄蕊ハ三個細長ク白色花瓣ニ似タリ、基脚ハ相癒合ス。子房ト離生ス。…………… 2
- 2 { 葯ハ外開ス。雄蕊ハ基脚僅カニ相癒着シ、長サ相同ジ、兩側ノ二本ノ雄蕊ハ基部外側ニ各一個ノ一室ノ葯ヲ具フレドモ中央ノ一本ハ葯ナシ。……………ひそりしづか屬
- 2 { 葯ハ内開ス。雄蕊ノ基脚ハ相寄リテ平タキ幅廣キ部ヲナシ其レヨリ三ツニ分レ中央ノモノハ左右ノ二本ヨリ著シク短カク、基部ニ二室ノ葯ヲ有シ、兩側ノ長キ雄蕊ハ基部内面ニ各一室ノ雄蕊ヲ具フ。……………ちやらん屬

右ノ内ひそりしづかトテうせんひそりしづかトハ草本故本編ヨリ除ク。

せんりやう屬

灌木、莖ハ節ニ於テ關節ス。葉ハ對生又ハ三枚又ハ四枚宛輪生ス。有柄、有鋸齒、穗狀花序ハ頂生又ハ準頂生、單生又ハ分岐ス。花被ナシ。雄蕊ハ唯一個子房ノ背面ニ關節シ先端ニ内開スル一室ノ葯ヲ有ス。子房ハ一室、一個ノ卵子ヲ有ス。柱頭ハ無柄平タシ、卵子ハ子房ノ腹面ヨリ下垂ス。

唯一種アリテ亞細亞ノ熱帶、暖帶地方、馬來諸島及ビフキリッピン群島ニ産ス。

せんりやう

(第二圖)

無毛ノ灌木、莖ハ綠色、節ハ太ク關節ス。葉ハ對生、有柄、葉柄ハ長サ三乃至二十ミリ。托葉ハ細ク綠色、葉身ハ長橢圓形又ハ廣披針形長サ

五乃至十六センチ幅一センチ半乃至六センチ、基脚ハ楔形、先端ハ尖銳、縁ニ著シキ鋸齒アリ、表面ニ光澤アリ。穗狀花序ハ對生ニ分岐シ苞ハ永存性、花被ナク、子房ハ卵形長サ一ミリ許背面ニ短カキ一室ノ内開スル蒴ヲ有スル雄蕊ヲ有ス。柱頭ハ平タク點狀、卵子ハ子房ノ腹面内壁ヨリ下垂ス。果實ハ多肉球形緋朱色直徑五乃至七ミリ、核ハ球形、核皮ハ硬シ、胚乳ハ白ク多肉ナリ。

濟州島ノ南側烘爐附近ニ生ジ稀ナリ。

(分布) 本島ノ暖地、四國、九州、琉球、臺灣、フキリッピン、支那ノ中部、南部、印度支那、馬來地方、ピナン、東印度、ヒマラヤ地方、セイロン島。

Chloranthaceæ BLUME, Enum. Pl. Jav. fasc. I, p. 78 (1827)—LINDLEY, Nat. Syst. p. 183 (1836)—ENDLICHER, Gen. Pl. p. 264 (1836); Ench. Bot. p. 147 (1841)—SOLMS LAUBACH in DE CANDOLLE, Prodr. XVI, sect. 1, p. 472 (1849)—AGARDH, Theor. p. 240 tab. XX, fig. 1 (1858)—EICHLER, Blutendiagr. II, p. 7 (1878)—BENTHAM & HOOKER, Gen. Pl. III, p. 133 (1880)—ENGLER in Nat. Pflanzenfam. III, 1, p. 12 (1889)—TRIMEN, Handb. Fl. Ceylon III, p. 432 (1895)—RIDLEY, Fl. Malay-Penin. III, p. 52 (1924).

Syn. *Chlorantheæ* R. BROWN in Bot. May. XLVIII in nota sub tab. 2190 *Chloranthei monostachydis* (1821)—LINDLEY, Collect. Bot. sub tab. 17 (1821); Introd. Bot. p. 172 (1830)—BARTLING, Ord. Nat. Pl. p. 85 (1830)—G. DON, Gen. Syst. III, p. 433 (1834)—BLUME, Pl. Jav. Chlorantheæ (1829)—SPACH, Hist. Vég. XI p. 18 (1842).

Santalaceæ—*Chlorantheæ* REICHENBACH, Nat. Pflanzensyst. p. 167 (1837).

Pipéracées—*Chlorantheæ* BAILLON, Hist. Pl. III, p. 494 (1872).

Herbæ vel frutices vel arbores. Folia opposita serrata penninervia stipullata. Inflorescentia terminalis vel axillaris spicata vel spicato-paniculata. Bracteæ variæ. Flores unisexuales vel hermaphrodit. Flores hermaphrodit, perigonio nulls, staminibus 1-3 liberis vel fasciculato-connatis, antheris 1-2 locularibus vel stamino unico dorso ovarii adnato, ovario uniloculare. Flores masculi, perigonio mullo,

staminibus 1-3 liberis vel fasciculato-connatis vel in uno concretis, antheris 1-2 locularibus. Flores fœminei, perigonio nullo, ovario 1-loculare, stigmatē sessile, ovulo unico pendulo orthotropo. Drupa exocarpio carnosō, endocarpio crustaceo. Albumen carnosum. Embryo minimus. Radicula infera.

Genera 5, species circ. 40, præcipue in regionibus tropicis et subtropicis incola. In Korea genera 3, species 3 absunt.

- | | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | { | Stamen unicum breve dorso ovarii affixum, apice cum anthera |
| | | 1-loculare introrsa. <i>Sarcandra</i> GARDNER. |
| 2 | { | Stamina tria basi coalita elongata candida petaloidea, ex ovario libera.2 |
| | | Antheræ extrorsæ. Stamina tria fasciculata sed fere e basi tripartita, ramis fere æquilongis, 2 lateralia basi extus cum antheris unilocularibus, medianum anthera desideratur.....
..... <i>Tricercandra</i> A. GRAY. |
| 2 | { | Antheræ introrsæ. Stamina tria basi connata et dilatata, supra basin tripartita, ramo mediano lateralibus breviorē. Rami laterales basi cum antheris unilocularibus. Ramus medianus basi cum anthera biloculari.....
..... <i>Chloranthus</i> Sect. <i>Tentaculares</i> NAKAI. |

Plantæ Herbaceæ.

Gn. 1) **Tricercandra** A. GRAY in Narrat. Capt. Perry's Exped. II, p. 318 (1857).

Syn. *Chloranthus* (non SWARTZ) BENTHAM & HOOKER, Gen. Pl. III, p. 134 (1880), pro parte—ENGLER in Nat. Pflanzenfam. III, 1, p. 12 (1889).

Species 2, alia in Japonia, Korea & Manshuria, alia in China indigena.

Tricercandra japonica NAKAI, comb. nov.

Syn. *Chloranthus japonicus* SIEBOLD in Nova Acta Nat. Cur. XIV, pt. 2, p. 681 (1829).

Tricercandra quadrifolia A. GRAY in Narrat. Capt. PERRY'S Exped.

II, appendix, p. 318 (1857); in Mem. Americ. Acad. Arts & Sci. New Ser. VI, p. 318 (Botany of Japan) (1859).

Chloranthus mandshuricus RUPRECHT, Decas Pl. t. 2 (1859).

Nom. Jap. *Hitori-Shidzuka*.

Hab. per totas regiones Koreæ & Quelpærtensis.

Distr. Japonia & Manshuria.

Gn. 2) **Chloranthus** SWARTZ in Phil. Trans. Roy. Soc. Lond. LXXVII, p. 359 (1787)—L'HERITIER, Sert. Ang. I, p. 1 (1788)—SCHREBER, Gen. Pl. p. 793, no. 1730 (1789)—AITON, Hort. Kew. I, p. 160 (1789)—GMELIN, Syst. Nat. p. 280 (1791)—WILLDENOW, Sp. Pl. I, pt. 2, p. 688 (1798)—J. ST. HILAIRE, Exposit. II, p. 346 (1805)—PERSOON, Syn. Pl. I, p. 148 (1805)—ROEMER & SCHULTES, Syst. Veg. III, p. 29 (1818)—R. BROWN in Bot. Mag. LXVIII t. 2190 (1821)—LINDLEY, Collect. Bot. t. 17 (1821)—BLUME, Enum. Pl. Jav. I, p. 78 (1827); Fl. Jav. Chloranth. p. 7 (1829), pro parte—G. DON, Gen. Syst. Dichl. Pl. III, p. 434 (1834), pro parte—ENDLICHER, Gen. Pl. p. 265, no. 1819 (1836), pro parte; Ench. Bot. p. 147 (1841), pro parte—SOLMS LAUBACH in DC. Prodr. XVI, pt. 1, p. 473 (1849), pro parte—BAILLON, Hist. Pl. III, p. 494 (1872), pro parte—BENTHAM & HOOKER, Gen. Pl. III, p. 134 (1880), pro parte—ENGLER in Nat. Pflanzenfam. III, i, p. 12 (1889), pro parte. Syn. *Creodus* LOUREIRO, Fl. Cochinch. ed. 1, p. 88 (1790); ed. 2, p. 112 (1793).

Nigrina (non LINNÆUS 1767) THUNBERG, Nov. Gen. Pl. III, p. 58 (1783); Fl. Jap. p. 5 (1784)—LAMARCK, Tab. I, t. 71 (1791)—PERSOON, Syst. Veg. ed. 15, p. 169 (1797).

Cryphæa HAMILTON in BREWSTER, Edinb. Journ. Sci. II, p. 9 (1825).

Sect. **Tentaculares** NAKAI, sect. nov.

Stamina tria subulato-linearia candida basi coalita et dilatata. Stamen medianum lateralibus brevius et basi intus cum anthera biloculare. Stamina lateralia valde elongata tentacularia basi cum anthera uniloculare. Ovarium ex staminibus liberum.

Species unica in Korea australi endemica.

Chloranthus koreanus NAKAI, sp. nov.

Partes vegetativæ cum *Tricercandra japonica* conformes, sed stamina longiora 8–15 mm. longa, basi connata ubi dilatata, ramis lateralibus elongatis medianum fere duplo superantibus basi antheris introrsis unilocularibus instructis, ramo mediano basi anthera introrsa biloculare instructo.

Nom. Jap. *Chōsen-Hitori-Shidzuka*.

Hab.

Korea : in monte Gyokudjohō insulæ Kyosaito (T. NAKAI, no. 10898—typus in Herb. Imp. Univ. Tokyo); in silvis Gakenri insulæ Kyosaitō (T. NAKAI, no. 10899); in collibus Fusan (T. NAKAI, no. 10900).

Planta lignosa.

Gn. 3) **Sarcandra** GARDNER in Calcutta Journ. Nat. Hist. VI, p. 348 (1846).—WIGHT, Icon. VI, p. 5 (1853)—LE MAOUT & DECAISNE, *Traité Gén. Bot.* p. 504 (1868).

Syn. *Ascarina* (non FORSTER) BLUME, Enum. Pl. Jav. fasc. I, p. 79 (1827); Fl. Jav. p. 7. (1829) pro parte—G. DON, Gen. Hist. Dichl. Pl. III, p. 434 (1834), pro parte—ENDLICHER, Gen. Pl. p. 265 (1836), pro parte—SOLMS LAUBACH in DC, Prodr. XVI, sect. I, p. 473 (1849), pro parte—BAILLON, Hist. Pl. III, p. 494 (1872), pro parte—BENTHAM & HOOKER, Gen. Pl. III, p. 134 (1880), pro parte—ENGLER in Nat. Pflanzenfam. III, 1, p. 12 (1889), pro parte.

Frutices. Caulis cum nodis articulatis. Folia opposita vel verticillatim 3 4, petiolata serrata. Stipulæ angustæ virides. Spicæ terminales vel subterminales simplices vel ramosæ. Perigonium nullum. Stamen unicum dorso ovarii articulatim affixum apice anthera uniloculari introrsa instructum. Ovarium 1-loculare 1-ovulatum, stigmatē sessile truncato coronatum. Ovulum ventrali affixum pendulum.

Species unica in Asia tropica et orientale, Insulis Malaicis et in Philippin incola.

Sarcandra glabra NAKAI.

(Tabula nostra II).

Sarcandra glabra NAKAI, comb. nov.

Syn. *Bladhia foliis serratis glabris lævibus* THUNBERG, Fl. Jap. p. 350 (1784).

Bladhia glabra THUNBERG in Trans. Linn. Soc. II, p. 331 (1794)—WILLDENOW, Sp. Pl. I, pt. 2, p. 1122 (1798)—DIETRIG, Vollst. Lex. Gärtn. & Bot. I, p. 239 (1802)—PERSOON, Syn. Pl. I, p. 233 (1805)—RÖEMER & SCHULTES, Syst. Veg. IV, p. 513 (1819)—THUNBERG, Pl. Jap. Nov. Sp. p. 6 (1824)—SPRENGEL, Syst. Veg. I, p. 664 (1825).

Chloranthus brachystachys BLUME, Fl. Jav. I, p. 13 t. 2 (1829)—G. DON, Gen. Hist. Dichl. Pl. III, p. 434 (1834)—SOLMS LAUBACH in DC. Prodr. XVI, pt. 1, p. 475 (1849)—BENTHAM, Fl. Hongk. p. 334 (1861) THWAITES, Enum. Pl. Zeyl. p. 293 (1864)—MIQUEL in Ann. Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. III, p. 129 (1867); Prol. Fl. Jap. p. 293 (1867)—FRANCHET & SAVATIER, Enum. Pl. Jap. I, p. 444 (1875)—MAXIMOWICZ in ENGLER, Bot. Jahrb. VI, p. 55 (1885); in Bull. Soc. Imp. Nat. Mosc. LIV, p. 56 (1879)—HOOKER fil., Fl. Brit. Ind. V, p. 100 (1886)—HEMSLEY in Journ. Linn. Soc. XXVI, p. 367 (1891)—TRIMEN, Handb. Fl. Ceylon III, p. 433 (1895)—HENRY, List. Pl. Formos. p. 78 (1896)—DIELS in ENGLER, Bot. Jahrb. XXIX, p. 272 (1900)—MATSUMURA & HAYATA in Journ. Coll. Sci. Tokyo XXII (Enum. Pl. Formos.) p. 349 (1906)—DUNN & TUTCHER in Kew Bull. Add. ser. X, p. 221 (1912)—MATSUMURA, Ind. Pl. Jap. II, pt. 2, p. 3 (1912)—NAKAI, Veg. Isl. Quelpært. p. 35 no. 473 (1914)—REHDER in SARGENT, Pl. Wils. III, p. 15 (1916)—MORI, Enum. Pl. Cor. p. 107 (1922)—RIDLEY, Fl. Malay-Penins. III, p. 53, fig. 140 (1924).

Ascaria serrata BLUME, Enum. Pl. Jav. I, p. 80 (1827).

Sarcandra chloranthoides GARDNER in Calc. Journ. Nat. Hist. VI, p. 348 (1846)—WIGHT, Icon. VI, t. 1946 (1853).

Chloranthus ceylanicus MIQUEL, Fl. Ind. Bat. I, pt. 1, p. 802 (1855).

Chloranthus ilicifolius BLUME in herb. ex MIQUEL, in Ann. Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. III, p. 129 (1867), pro syn.

Chloranthus montanus SIEBOLD ex MIQUEL, l.c. pro syn.

Chloranthus glaber MAKINO in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XXVI, p. 386 (1912)—
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Frutex glaberrimus. Caulis viridis, nodis incrassatis articulatis. Folia opposita, petioli 3–20 mm. longi, stipulæ angustæ virides, lamina oblonga vel late lanceolata 5–16 cm. longa 1,5–6 cm. lata basi cuneata apice acuminata margine argute serrata supra lucida. Inflorescentia decussato-ramosa, bracteis persistentibus. Perianthium nullum. Ovarium ovoideum 1 mm. longum dorso stamine breve portat 1-loculare. Antheræ biloculares introrsæ. Stigma punctatum. Ovula unica ex medio suturæ interioris pendula. Fructus carnosus globosus coccineo-cinnabarinus 5–7 mm. latus. Putamen globosum, testa dura, albumen carnosum album.

Nom. Jap. *Senryō*.

Hab.

Quelpært : in silvis Hongno (U. FAURIE, no. 902, 2012); sine loco speciali (U. FAURIE, no. 302); in silvis secus torrentis supra Hongno (E. TAQUET, no. 3044).

Distr. Japonia, Liukiu, Formosa, Philippin, China media et australis., Indo-China, Malaya, Penang, India orientalis, Himalaya, Zeylania.

楊 柳 科

Salicaceæ LINDLEY

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- tioned in the preceding Notes. f. Index to the Sections, Species, Varieties and Forms of American Willows in Journal of the Arnold Arboretum III, no. 2, p. 61-125 (1922).
- FR. SCHMIDT 171) *Salicaceæ* in Reisen im Amurlande und auf der Insel Sachalin p. 61 (1868); *Salicaceæ* in p. 172-174.
- J. A. SCOPOLUS 172) *Salix* in Flora Carniolica ed. 1, p. 406-411 (1760); *Populus* in p. 411-412.
- 173) *Salix* in Flora Carniolica ed. 2, p. 252-260 tab. 61 (1772); *Populus* in p. 265-266.
- C. D. SCHREBER 174) *Salix* in Genera Plantarum ed. 8, p. 674-675 (1789); *Populus* in p. 693.
- O. VON SEEMEN 175) Fünf neue Weidearten in dem Herbar des Königlichen botanischen Museums zu Berlin in Engler, Botanische Jahrbücher XXI, Beiblatt no. 52, p. 6-11 (1896).
- 176) *Salicaceæ* in DIELS, Flora von Central China in ENGLER, Botanische Jahrbücher XXIX, p. 274-278 (1900).
- 177) *Salices Japonicæ* p. 1-83, t. I-XVIII (1903).
- 178) *Salices Novæ* in Fedde, Repertorium Novarum Specierum Regni Vegetabilis, V, p. 17-20 (1908).
- 179) *Salix* in ASCHERSON & GRÆBNER, Synopsis von Mitteleuropäischen Flora IV, p. 54-350 (1908).
- N. C. SERINGE 180) Essai d'une Monographie des Saules de la Suisse p. 1-100, t. I-III (1815).
- H. SHIRASAWA 181) *Populus tremula* var. *villosa*, *P. Balsamifera* v. *suaveolens* in Icones of Essential Forest Trees of Japan I, Pl. XVIII (1900).
- 182) *Salix Thunbergiana*, *S. purpurea* in Icones of Essential Forest Trees of Japan II, Pl. XIII; *S. purpurea* var. *multinervis*, *S. Caprea* in Pl. IX; *Salix opaca*, *S. triandra* var. *nipponica* in Pl. X; *Salix Urbaniana*, *S. daphnoides* in Pl. XI (1908).

- P. V. SIUZEV 183) *Salicaceæ* in Travaux du Musée Botanique de l'Académie Impériale des Sciences de St. Pétersbourg IX (Contributions ad floram Manshuriæ) p. 86-94, fig. 1-2 (1912).
- E. SPACH 184) *Salicineæ* in Histoire naturelle des Végétaux X, p. 359-395 (1841).
185) Revisio Populorum in Annales des Sciences Naturelles 2 sér. XV, p. 28-34 (1841).
- C. SPRENGEL 186) *Salix* in Systema Vegetabilium I, p. 97-107 (1825); *Populus* in II, p. 244 (1825).
- J. T. B. SYME & Mrs. LANKESTER 187) *Salicineæ* in SOWERBY, English Botany VIII, p. 190-263, tab. MCCXCIX-MCCCLXXIX (1873).
- THEOPHRASTUS 188) *De Populo etc* in Historia Plantarum, interpret Gaza, III, Caput XIV, p. 104-105 (1529); *De Ceraso, Stamma Jovis, Sambuca, Salice et eius generibus* in Caput XIII, p. 101-104.
- C. P. THUNBERG 189) *Salix* in Flora Japonica p. 24-25 (1784).
- AD. TÖEPFFER 190) *Salices Bavaricæ* p. 1-233 (1915).
- J. P. TOURNEFORT 191) *Salix* in Institutio Rei Herbariæ p. 590-592, t. 364; *Populus* in p. 592, t. 365 (1700).
- TRAGUS 192) *De Salice* in De Stirpium Historia Commentariorum, interprete a D. Kybero, III, p. 1077-1079 cum fig.; *De Populo alba* in p. 1080-1082 cum fig.; *De Populo nigra* in p. 1082-1083 cum fig. (1552).
- C. R. DE TRAUTVETTER 193) Ueber die Weiden des Hortus Hostianus und der Dendrotheca bohémica in Linnæa X, p. 571-581 (1836).
- E. R. DE TRAUTVETTER 194) *Salicineæ* in LEDEBOUR, Flora Rossica III, pt. 2, p. 598-629 (1851).
195) *Salicaceæ* in MAXIMOWICZ, Primitiæ Floræ Amurensis p. 242-245 (1859).
- J. VALENOVSKY 196) Vergleichende Studien über die *Salix*-Blüte in Beihefte zum Botanischen Centralblatt, XVII, p. 123-128, Tafel. II (1904).
- E. P. VENTENAT 197) *Amentaceæ* in Tableau du règne Végétale III, p. 550-573 (1799).

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| F. VITMAN | 198) <i>Salix</i> in Summa Plantarum V, p. 395-403;
<i>Populus</i> in p. 426-427 (1791). |
| W. WADE | 199) <i>Salices</i> p. 1-406, t. 1 (1811). |
| A. WESMÆL | 200) <i>Populus</i> in ALP. DE CANDOLLE, Prodrromus
Systematis Naturalis Regni Vegetabilis XVI,
sect. 2, p. 323-331 (1868). |
| | 201) Revue des espèces du genre <i>Populus</i> in
Bulletin de la Société Royale de botanique
de Belgique XXVI, p. 371-379 (1887). |
| C. L. WILLDENOW | 202) <i>Salix</i> in Species Plantarum II, pt. 2, p. 653-
710; <i>Populus</i> in p. 802-807 (1805). |
| | 203) <i>Populus</i> in Die Wilde Baumzucht ed. 2, p. 286-
295; <i>Salix</i> in p. 422-460 tab. V-VII (1811). |
| M. WILLKOMM & J. LANGE | 204) <i>Salicineæ</i> in Prodrromus Floræ Hispanicæ I,
p. 224-234 (1870). |
| F. WIMMER | 205) <i>Salices</i> Europææ p. 1-286 (1866). |
| WOLF et J. PALIBIN | 206) <i>Salicaceæ</i> in Key for the determination of
Trees & Shrubs of Europe-Russia, Cremea,
and Caucasus, by means of Flowers and
Leaves, p. 57-140 (1904). |

(二) 朝鮮産楊柳科植物研究ノ歴史

朝鮮ノ柳ノ始メテ世ニ紹介サレシハ西曆千八百六十八年(明治元年)瑞典ノ柳屬ノ大家タリシ故 N. J. ANDERSSON 氏ガ SCHLIPPENBACH 氏ガ朝鮮ノ東北岸ニテ採收センかうらいやなぎヲ ALPHONSO DE CANDOLLE 氏監修ノ Prodrromus Systematis Naturalis Regni Vegetabilis (植物界自然分類序論) 第十六卷第二節第二輯二百七十一頁ニ新種 *Salix koreensis* ANDERSSON トシテ記述發表セルニ始マル。

次テ千八百九十年露國ノ F. AB HERDER 氏ハ Acta Horti Petropolitani 第十一卷ニ RADDE 氏採收東亞植物ノ一部ノ研究發表ヲナセル中ニ楊柳科ノ下ニ第四百二十九頁ニ同種ヲ記セリ。

千八百九十九年英國ノ J. H. BURKILL 氏ハ HEMSLEY 氏ノ支那植物目錄中楊柳科ノ部ヲ擔當シテ其中ニ *Salix koreensis* ヲ加ヘタルガ The Journal of the Linnæan Society 第二十六卷五百三十頁ニ出デタリ。

千九百年露國ノ J. PALIBIN 氏著 *Conspectus Floræ Koreæ* 第二卷ニハ *Salix Capræa* L., *S. koreensis* ANDERSSON, *S. Thunbergiana* BL. ノ三種ヲ載ス。

千九百三年露國ノ V. KOMAROV 氏ノ *Flora Manshuriæ* 第二部 (*Acta Horti Petropolitani* 第二十二卷ニアリ) ニハ

Salix cinerea L. (*S. gracilistyla* MIQUEL ノ誤)。

Salix acutifolia WILLD. (*Chosenia bracteosa* ノ誤)。

Salix koreensis ANDERS.

Salix Maximowiczii KOMAROV (新種)。

Salix multinervis FRANCH. & SAV. (*Salix integra* THUNBERG = 同ジ)。

Salix myrtilloides L.

Salix purpurea L.

Salix repens L. (*Salix sibirica* var. *fallax* NAKAI ノ誤)。

Salix vagans ANDERSSON (*Salix cinerascens* FLODERUS ノ誤)。

ノ九種ヲ載セ且ツ *Salix Maximowiczii* ヲ圖解ス。

千九百八年余ハ前營林廠技師今川唯市氏採收北朝鮮植物ヲ東京植物學雜誌第二十二卷ニ發表セル中ニハ *Populus tremula* L. (*P. Davidiana* ナリ), *Salix mixta* KORSCHINSKY (*S. Siuzevii* O. SEEMEN ナリ) ノ二種ヲ記セリ。

千九百十一年餘ノ *Flora Koreana* 第二卷ハ東京帝國大學理科大学紀要第三十一卷トシテ出ヅ、其中ニハ次ノ十八種ノ楊柳科植物ヲ載ス。

Populus alba L.

Populus suaveolens FISCHER (大部分ハ *P. Maximowiczii* 一部ハ *P. Simonii* ナリ)。

Populus tremula L. (*P. Davidiana* ナリ)。

Salix babylonica L. (*Salix pseudo-lasiogyne* LÉVEILLÉ ナリ)。

Salix vagans var. *cinerascens* ANDERSSON (*S. cinerascens* FLODERUS = 同ジ)。

Salix cinerea L. (*Salix gracilistyla* MIQUEL ナリ)。

Salix Thunbergiana BL. (*S. gracilistyla* = 同ジ)。

Salix viminalis L.

Salix repens L. (*S. sibirica* ナリ)。

Salix myrtilloides L.

Salix phylicifolia L. (*S. graciliglans* ナリ)。

Salix glandulosa SEEMEN.

Salix Maximowiczii KOMAROV.

Salix multinervis FR. & SAV. (*S. integra* THUNB. = 同ジ)。

Salix acutifolia WILLDENOW (*Chosenia bracteosa* ナリ)。

Salix purpurea L.

Salix koreensis ANDERSSON.

Salix mixta KORSCHINSKY (*S. Siuzevii* ナリ)。

千九百十二年余ハ現水原高等農林學校教授八田吉平氏採收ノ滿鮮植物目錄ヲ東京植物學雜誌第二十六卷ニ發表シ其中ニ *Salix purpurea* L., *S. cinerea* L. (*S. gracilistyla*), *Populus tremula* L. (*P. Davidiana*) ヲ記セリ。

同年佛國ノ故 H. LÉVEILLÉ 氏ハ新植物ヲ FEDDE 氏監修 Repertorium Specierum Novarum Regni Vegetabilis (植物界新種集録) 第十六卷ニ出シ其中左ノ朝鮮産柳類アリ。

Salix Blinii LÉVEILLÉ.

Salix hallaisanensis LÉVEILLÉ.

Salix hallaisanensis var. *venosa* LÉVEILLÉ (*S. hallaisanensis* = 同ジ)。

Salix Taquetii LÉVEILLÉ (*S. Blinii* = 同ジ)。

Salix pogonandra LÉVEILLÉ (*S. koreensis* = 同ジ)。

Salix pseudo-Gilgiana LÉVEILLÉ (*S. koreensis* = 同ジ)。

Salix pseudo-lasiogyne LÉVEILLÉ.

Salix pseudo-jessnoesis LÉVEILLÉ (*S. koreensis* = 同ジ)。

Salix Feddei LÉVEILLÉ (*S. koreensis* = 同ジ)。

同年余ハ米人 Dr. R. G. MILLS 氏採收朝鮮植物ノ目錄ヲ東京植物學雜誌ニ發表シ其中ニ左ノ楊柳科植物ヲ載ス。*Populus tremula* L. (*P. Davidiana*), *Populus suaveoleus* FISCHER (*P. Maximowiczii* HENRY), *Salix multinervis* FR. & SAV. (*S. purpurea* L.), *Salix acutifolia* WILLDENOW (*S. rorida* LACKSCHEWITZ), *Salix glandulosa* SEEMEN (*S. gracilistyla* MIQUEL), *Salix repens* L. (*S. graciliglans* NAKAI).

同年又朝鮮産トシテ次ノ柳二種ヲ同誌ニ記ス。*Salix stipularis* SMITH (*S. Siuzevii*), *Salix daphnoides* VILLARS (*S. rorida* LACKSCHEWITZ).

千九百十四年余ノ濟州島植物調査書ニハ *Salix koreensis*, *Salix hal-*

laisanensis, *Salix myrtilloides* (*S. Blinii*), *Salix repens* (*S. subopposita* MIQUEL), *Salix Thunbergiana* BL. ヲ記ス、又同時出版ノ莞島植物調査書ニハ *Salix koreensis* 一種ヲ記セリ。

千九百十五年版智異山植物調査書中ニハ第二十八頁ニ *Salix glandulosa* SEEMEN, *Salix hallaisanensis* LÉVEILLÉ, *Salix koreensis* ANDERSSON, *Salix Thunbergiana* BL. ノ四種ヲ記ス。

千九百十六年余ノ鷲峯植物調査書ガ朝鮮彙報特別號ニ出版アリ。其中ニアル楊柳科植物ハ次ノ如シ。*Salix acutifolia* WILLDENOW (*Chosenia bracteosa*), *Salix purpurea* L., *Salix Maximowiczii* KOMAROV, *Salix vagans* ANDERSSON (*S. cinerascens* FLODERUS)。

同年四月まめやなぎヲ新種 *Salix vulcani* NAKAI トシテ東京植物學雜誌第三十卷百四十頁ニ發表セシモ後之ハ *Salix rotundifolia* TRAUVETTER ニ同ジキコト判明セリ。

同年五月 SARGENT 氏監修ノ *Plantæ Wilsonianæ* 第三卷第一部上梓サル、其中ノ楊柳科植物ハ當時滯米中ナリシ埃國ノ Dr. C. K. SCHNEIDER 氏ノ研究ニ成リ、東亞産ノ楊柳科類全部ヲ包括シ中ニアル朝鮮ノモノハ左ノ各種ナリ。

Populus tremula L. var. *Davidiana* SCHNEIDER.

Salix glandulosa SEEMEN.

Salix eucalyptoides F. N. MEYER (*Chosenia bracteosa* ナリ)。

Salix Maximowiczii KOMAROV.

Salix amygdalina L. var. *nipponica* SCHNEIDER (*Salix triandra* L. ナリ)。

Salix Matsudana KOIDZUMI (*Salix pseudo-lasiogyne* LÉVEILLÉ ナリ)。

Salix koreensis ANDERSSON.

Salix Caprea L. (*Salix hallaisanensis* var. *orbicularis* ナリ)。

Salix Starkeana WILLD. var. *cinerascens* SCHNEIDER (*S. cinerascens* FLODERUS ナリ)。

Salix myrtilloides L.

Salix sibirica PALLAS var. *subopposita* SCHNEIDER.

Salix rorida LACKSCHEWITZ.

Salix Blinii LÉVEILLÉ.

Salix gracilistyla MIQUEL,

Salix purpurea L.

同年八月余ハ二新種 てうせんねこやなぎ *Salix graciliglans* NAKAI
トかうかいやなぎ *Salix kangensis* NAKAI トヲ東京植物學雜誌ニ發表
セリ。

千九百十七年一月余ハ鬱陵島産ノ一新柳たけしまやなぎ *Salix Ishido-*
yana NAKAI ヲ同雜誌ニ發表セリ。

同年四月余ハ狼林山産ノ一新柳たかねやなぎ *Salix bicarpa* NAKAI ヲ
同雜誌ニ發表ス。

千九百十八年二月余ハ次ノ朝鮮産ノ柳類ヲ同雜誌ニ發表ス。

Salix bicolor EHRH, (*S. metaformosa* NAKAI ナリ)。

Salix oblongifolia TRAUTVETTER & MEYER (*S. sericeo-cinerea* NAKAI
ナリ)。

Salix Brayi LEDEBOUR (*S. berberifolia* PALLAS var. *Brayi*
TRAUTVETTER)。

Salix rotundifolia TRAUTVETTER.

Salix sibirica PALLAS.

Salix subopposita MIQUEL.

Salix pentandra L. (*S. pentandra* v. *intermedia* NAKAI).

Salix hallaisanensis LÉVEILLÉ var. *longifolia* NAKAI.

同年三月版余ノ白頭山植物調査書ニハ次ノ楊柳科植物ヲ掲グ。

Populus Maximowiczii HENRY.

Populus tremula L. var. *Davidiana* SCHNEIDER.

Salix Caprea L. (*S. hallaisanensis* v. *orbicularis* NAKAI).

Salix multinervis FR. & SAV. (*S. integra* THUNBERG).

Salix myrtilloides L.

Salix Onoei FR. & SAV. (*S. Siuzevii* O. SEEMEN ナリ)。

Salix pentandra L. (*S. pentandra* L. var. *intermedia* NAKAI).

Salix phylicifolia L. (*S. metaformosa* NAKAI ナリ)。

Salix rotundifolia TRAUTVETTER.

Salix sibirica L.

Salix Starkeana WILLDENOW (*S. cinerascens* FLODERUS ナリ)。

同年十月從來 *Salix acutifolia* WILLDENOW ニ當テアリシモノヲ別種
トシテ *Salix splendida* NAKAI ノ名ヲ與ヘ併セテ *Salix daphnoides*

VILLARS トシ居リシモノヲ *Salix rorida* ニ改メテ東京植物學雜誌ニ記セリ。

又同年余ノ金剛山植物調査書ニハ

Populus Maximowiczii HENRY.

Populus tremula L. var. *Davidiana* SCHNEIDER.

Salix Caprea L.

Salix gracilistyla MIQUEL.

Salix hallaisanensis LÉVEILLÉ & VANIOT.

Salix hallaisanensis var. *longifolia* NAKAI.

Salix daphnoides VILLARS (*Salix rorida* ナリ)。

Salix koreensis ANDERSSON.

Salix Maximowiczii KOMAROV.

Salix purpurea L.

Salix rorida LACKSCHEWITZ. (*Chosenia bracteosa* ナリ)。

Salix triandra L.

Salix Starkeana WILLDENOW (*S. cinerascens* FLODERUS).

千九百十九年一月余ハ東京植物學雜誌第三十三卷ニ次ノ二種ヲ記ス。
Salix roridæformis NAKAI こえぞやなぎ。 *Salix Siuzevii* SEEMEN てうせんおのへやなぎ。

同年三月余ハ同誌上ニ次ノ諸種ヲ記ス。

Salix aurigerana f. *angustifolia* NAKAI.

Salix berberifolia PALLAS var. *genuina* GLEHN.

Salix berberifolia PALLAS var. *Brayi* TRAUTVETTER.

Salix meta-formosa NAKAI.

Salix orthostemma NAKAI.

Salix sericeo-cinerea NAKAI.

Salix sericeo-cinerea var. *lanata* NAKAI.

Salix purpurea L. f. *rubra* NAKAI.

千九百二十年五月從來 *Salix acutifolia* ニ誤ラレ後 *Salix splendida* ニ改メシ種ハ新屬ナルコトヲ知リ *Chosenia* ナル新屬ヲ立テ種名ヲ *Chosenia splendida* トシ東京植物學雜誌ニ發表ス。

千九百二十二年森爲三氏ノ朝鮮植物名彙出ヅ其中ニ次ノ柳類ヲ記ス。

Populus alba L. (栽培)。

- Populus Maximowiczii* HENRY.
Populus monilifera AITON (栽培)。
Populus nigra L. (栽培)。
Populus pyramidalis SALISBURY (栽培)。
Populus Simonii CARRIÈRE.
Populus suaveolens FISCHER (*Populus koreana* REHDER ナリ)。
Populus tremula L. var. *Davidiana* SCHNEIDER.
Salix aurigerana LA PEYROUS (*Salix hallaisanensis* var. *orbicularis* NAKAI ナリ)。
Salix aurigerana var. *angustifolia* NAKAI (*Salix hallaisanensis* var. *elongata* NAKAI ナリ)。
Salix babylonica L. (*Salix pseudo-lasiogyne* LÉVEILLÉ ナリ)。
Salix berberifolia PALLAS.
Salix berberifolia var. *Brayi* TRAUVETTER.
Salix bicarpa NAKAI.
Salix Blinii LÉVEILLÉ.
Salix glandulosa SEEMEN.
Salix gracilistyla MIQUEL.
Salix graciliglans NAKAI.
Salix gymnolepis LÉVEILLÉ (*Salix Gilgiana* SEEMEN ナリ)。
Salix hallaisanensis LÉVEILLÉ.
Salix hallaisanensis LÉVEILLÉ var. *longifolia* NAKAI.
Salix Ishidoyana NAKAI.
Salix kangensis NAKAI.
Salix koreensis ANDERSSON.
Salix Maximowiczii KOMAROV.
Salix meta-formosa NAKAI.
Salix multinervis FR. & SAV. (*Salix integra* THUNBERG = 同ジ)。
Salix myrtilloides L.
Salix neo-lasiogyne NAKAI (*Salix pseudo-lasiogyne* LÉVEILLÉ = 同ジ)。
Salix neo-lasiogyne var. *glabrescens* NAKAI (*Salix dependens* NAKAI ナリ)。
Salix nipponica FR. & SAV. (*Salix triandra* L. = 同ジ)。

- Salix Onoei* FR. & SAV. (*Salix Siuzevii* SEEMEN ナリ)。
Salix orthostemma NAKAI.
Salix pentandra L. (*Salix pentandra* var. *intermedia* NAKAI ナリ)。
Salix purpurea L.
Salix purpurea var. *rubra* NAKAI.
Salix rorida LACKSCHEWITZ.
Salix roridæformis NAKAI.
Salix rotundifolia TAUTVETTER.
Salix sericeo-cinerea NAKAI.
Salix sericeo-cinerea var. *lanata* NAKAI.
Salix sibirica L.
Salix Siuzevii SEEMEN.
Salix Starkeana WILLD. (*Salix cinerascens* FLÖDERUS ナリ)。
Salix subopposita MIQUEL.
Salix viminalis L.

同年 A. REHDER 氏ハ Harvard 大學附屬 Arnold Arboretum ニ植エアルちりめんざろのきヲ新種ト考定シ *Populus koreana* ノ名ヲ與ヘテ之ヲ The Journal of the Arnold Arboretum 第三卷二十六頁ニ記述セリ。

千九百二十四年余ハ滯米中 *Salix eucalyptoides* F. N. MEYER ガ *Salix splendida* ヲヨリモ早ク發表サレシけしやなぎノ名ナルコトヲ知リ *Chosenia eucalyptoides* NAKAI ナル新組合ヲナシ之ヲ The Journal of the Arnold Arboretum 第五卷七十二頁ニ發表セリ。

千九百二十七年 REHDER 氏ハ改メテ *Populus koreana* ヲ Mittheilungen der Deutschen Dendrologischen Gesellschaft 第三十八卷三十七頁ニ記セリ。

又同年氏ハ氏ノ多年ノ研究ヲ纏メテ Manual of Cultivated Trees and Shrubs ナル一書トシテ出版セリ、其中ニ記シアル朝鮮ノ楊柳類ハ次ノ如シ。

Populus koreana REHDER, *Salix cardiophylla* TRAUTVETTER & MAYER (朝鮮ノモノハ *Salix glandulosa* SEEMEN ト誤ル), *Salix Matsudana* KOIDZUMI (朝鮮ノモノハ *Salix pseudo-lasiogyne* LÉVEILLÉ ト誤ル), *Salix gracilistyla* MIQUEL.

千八百二十八年五月理學士木村有香氏ハおほばやなぎ、さかちやなぎ、

ひろはたちやなぎ等ノ芽ノ鱗片ガ腹面ニテ相重ナル事ト花ノ腺ガ兩側ニ出ヅル故ヲ以テ *Toisusu* ナル一新屬ニ改メ從ツテひろはたちやなぎハ *Toisusu cardiophylla* var. *Maximowiczii* KIMURA トセリ、但シ其正シカラヌハ後ニ述ブベシ。

同年同月余ガ一年前送リ置キシ朝鮮ノ楊柳科植物ノ新分類法ニ就テノ論文（英文）ガ DODE 氏ニ依リテ佛譯サレ Bulletin de la société dendrologique de France 第六十六號ニ於テ發表サレタリ。此中ニハ種々ノ亞屬、節ヲ立テ又 *Salix dependens*, *Salix purpurea* var. *japonica* ナル新植物ト併セテ從來知り得タル三屬三十六種ノ楊柳科植物ヲ記述セリ。

(三) 朝鮮楊柳科植物ノ効用

楊柳科植物ハ朝鮮産樹木類中最モ主要ノモノ、一部ヲナシ松柏類、檜斗類ニ次デ缺クベカラザルモノタリ。材用トシテ最モヨキハけしやなぎ一名からふとくろやなぎニシテ建築材、橋梁材タルハ勿論、下駄材トシテ多ク用キラル、事ハ恰モ北海道産ノおほばやなぎノ如シ。之ニ亞グモノハ北部ニアリテハえぞやなぎ、かうらいやなぎニシテ南部ニアリテハあかめやなぎナリ。又燐寸ノ軸木、箱類、經木等ニ用キルモノハごろのきヲ主トシ、ちりめんごろ、てりはごろ、てうせんやまならし等之ニ亞グ。護岸用ニ最モ有効ナルハてうせんねこやなぎニシテからこりやなぎ、ねこやなぎ、いぬこりやなぎ、てうせんおのへやなぎ、きぬやなぎ、たちやなぎ等之次グ。南部、中部ノ河岸ニ木ナキ所ニアリテハ河床ヲ整ヘ又ハ護岸ノ爲メニハ外國産ノぼぶらハ最モ有効且ツ經濟的ナレドモ北部ニ至レバ隨所ニ固有ノ楊柳類繁茂シ殊更ニ外國種ヲ植フル要ナシ。

我邦ニ於テ古來松ヲ道並木ニセル如ク朝鮮ニテハ楊柳類ヲ並木トス。其爲メ朝鮮ニ固有ノ一風景ヲ與フ。故子爵趙重應氏ヨリ聞ク所ニ依レバ朝鮮ニ柳ヲ並木トスルハ單ニ風致ノ爲メノミニ非ズシテ夏時炎熱ニ苦シム行路ノ人ガ柳ノ葉ヲ嚙メバ其苦味ニ刺激サレ頓ニ元氣ヲ恢復スル故ナリト、其耶邊迄言フ措キ得ルカラ知ラザレドモ此所ニ記シ置ク、近來此等楊柳ノ並木ヲ廢シにせあかしあ、其他外國ノ街路樹ト代ラシメ居ルハ固有ノ風景ヲ損ジ朝鮮ノ特色ヲ失ヒ余等ノ賛シ得ヌ所ナリ。かうらいし

だれやなぎ、かうらいやなぎハ共ニ朝鮮特有ノモノニシテ支那産ノしたれやなぎ *Salix babylonica* L. 日本産ノ六角柳 *Salix elegantissima* KOCHニ對比スベキヨキ街路樹ナリ。

柳類ノ韌皮ハ強韌ナル爲メ網ニ作り枝ハ編ミテ籠、箆、敷物等ニ作り又屋根裏ヲ葺キ壁ノ心トス。

又柳類ノ葉ハ Salicin ヲ含ミサリチール酸ヲ採リ得。

(四) 楊柳科植物ノ花部ノ構造ト其分類ノ要點並ニ柳屬ノ花ノ發達ノ順序ニ就イテ

楊柳科ニハモト僅カニ楊屬 *Populus* ト柳屬 *Salix* トノ二屬ノミ知レ其中楊屬ニハ花盤ノ形狀ニ依リテ GRIFFITH 氏ガ *Balsamiflua* ナル屬ヲ分チシ事アレドモ他ノ植物學者ハ何レモ之ヲ獨立ノ屬ト認メズ、柳屬ニハ OPIZ 氏ハ *Salix amygdaloides* ニ基キテ *Gruenera* 屬ヲ KERNER 氏ハ *Salix reticulata* 系ノモノニ基キテ *Chamitea* 屬ヲ建テシガ此等モ亦他ノ植物學者ノ採用スル所トナラズ依然楊屬ト柳屬トノミ殘在セリ。諸學者ノ區別スル兩屬ノ要點ハ左ノ如シ。

- { 芽ハ數個ノ鱗片ニテ被ハル、花ハ風媒、花被ハ杯狀。……………楊屬
- { 芽ハ一個ノ鱗片ニテ被ハル、花ハ虫媒、花被ナク蜜腺アリ。…柳屬

而シテ柳屬ハ頗ル退化セル花ヲ有シ其花部ハ昔時花瓣四個、雄蕊四個一室ノ子房ヨリ成ルト推定サレタリ。

然ルニ大正十一年余ハ石戸谷技師ノ手ヲ經テけしやなぎノ花ヲ檢スルヲ得其全ク花被又ハ蜜腺ト見ルベキモノナク又花柱ハ離生シテ先端不完全ナル關節ヲ生ジ爲メニ柱頭ハ早ク落ツル事ヲ知リ新ニ化粧柳屬ヲ建テ、楊屬柳屬ヨリ左ノ如ク區別セリ。

- 1 { 花ハ虫媒、蜜腺アリ、花柱ハ二個基部癒合ス。……………柳屬
- 1 { 花ハ風媒。……………2
- 2 { 芽ハ多數ノ鱗片アリ。花被ハ杯狀、花柱一個、二乃至三分ス。…
- 2 { …………… 楊屬
- 2 { 芽ハ一個ノ鱗片アリ。花被ナシ、花柱ハ二個離生、柱頭ハ花柱ト關節ス。……………化粧柳屬

然ルニ歐洲ノ學者ハ其性質ヲ知ラズ單ニ蜜腺ナキコトノミニ注意シ虫媒風媒ノ別アルコトヲモ注意セズシテ化粧柳屬ハ柳屬ヨリ區別シ得ザルト謂フモノ（瑞典 HULTEN 氏）。區別ハ屬ト見ル程著シカラズ之ヲ屬ト見ルモ節ト見ルモ見ル人ニ依ルトスルモノ（露國 KOMAROV 氏）。又獨立ノ屬ニ賛意ヲ表スルモノ（埃國 WETTSTEIN 氏、米國 REHDER 氏）アリ。故ニ余ハ本編ヲ記スニ先チ特ニ廣ク内外ノ柳類、楊類ヲ檢シ其花ノ構造ガ完全花ナリシ昔時ニアリテハ如何ナル形ナリシカヲ確メ其今日ノ如キ花ニ退化シ來レル經路ヲ正フシ併セテ柳屬ノ苞又ハ鱗片ノ何物ナルカヲ究メ以テ柳科植物ノ自然系統ヲ明ニスル事ヲ得タリ。今此研究ニ從ヒテ楊屬、柳屬、化粧柳屬ノ花部ノ構造ヲ述ブレバ大凡左ノ如シ。

楊屬 *Populus*.

芽ハ必ズ數個ノ相重ナル鱗片ヲ有ス。花ハ風媒、單性、雌雄異株、一個ノ苞ト一個ニ癒合シテ杯狀又ハ舟狀ヲナス萼（モト五個ノモノ合ス）トヲ有シ。雄花ニアリテハ五個乃至六十個即チ五個又ハ六個ノ雄蕊ガ一列乃至十列ニ並ビ、雌蕊ナク、雌花ニアリテハ雄蕊ナク一個一室ニ合一セル二個又ハ三個ノ心皮ヨリ成ル子房アリ各胎坐ニハ數個以上ノ卵子ヲ有シ花柱殆ンドナク柱頭ハ二個乃至三個。

化粧柳屬 *Chosenia*.

芽ハ必ズ一個ノ鱗片ヲ有ス。花ハ風媒、雌雄異株、雄花ハ一個ノ苞ト五個ノ雄蕊トヲ有ス。雄花ハ一個ノ早ク落ツル苞ト二個ノ心皮ヨリ成ル一個一室ノ子房ヨリ成ル。胎坐ハ底側、二個、各二個ノ倒生卵子ヲ有ス。花柱ハ二個離生、柱頭ハ不完全ノ關節ニテ花柱ヨリ落ツ。

柳屬 *Salix*.

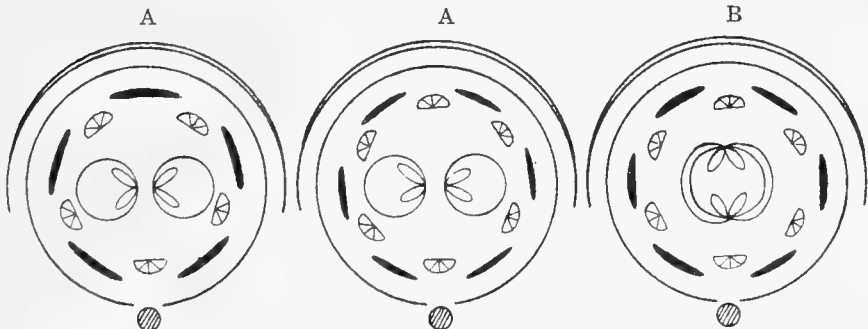
芽ハ一個ノ鱗片アルモノヲ常トシ稀ニ數個ノ相重レル鱗片ヲ有ス。花ハ虫媒、單性、雌雄異株稀ニ同株。雄花ハ一個ノ苞ト之ト相重ナル一個ノ萼ト五個又ハ六個（屢々退化シテ四個又ハ三個又ハ二個トナリ又ハ二個ガ完全ニ癒合シテ一個トナル。又一方ニハ増數シテ十個乃至二十個トナルモアリ）。花瓣ハ五個又ハ六個化シテ蜜腺トナリ屢々退化シテ四個、三個、二個又ハ一個トナル。子房ハ通例退化消滅スレドモ稀ニ二個ノ痕跡ヲ存ス。雌花ハ一個ノ苞ト之ト相重レル一個ノ萼ト一個ノ心皮ヨリ成ル二個ノ子房又ハ二個ノ心皮ヨリ成ル一個ノ子房アリ。前者ニアリテハ子房ハ一室一個ノ側膜胎坐ト一個ノ花柱ト無又又ハ二又セル柱頭トヲ有シ、後者ニアリテハ一室二個ノ側膜胎坐ト二個ノ少クモ基部ハ相癒着セ

ル柱頭ト二又又ハ四又セル柱頭トヲ有ス。卵子ハ各胎坐ニ通例二個以上
二列ニ生ズ。

以上ノ如ク楊屬、化粧柳屬ハ柳屬ヨリ風媒ニシテ虫媒ナラヌ花ヲ有ス
ルコトニテ區別アリ又化粧柳屬ハ花被ナキ事ニ依リテ楊屬及ビ柳屬ノ何
レヨリモ區別アリ。

抑モ柳屬ノ苞ト稱スルモノハ單ナル苞ニ非ズシテ苞ト萼トガ相重ナリ
テ成リシモノニシテ全ク完全ニ癒着セシ故一見二者ノ合一セルコトヲ知
リ難ク又苞ノ發達ト萼ノ發達トハ各種各花ニ依リテ程度ヲ異ニスル爲メ
或ハ基部ノミニ殘ル苞又ハ萼トナル時ハ極メテ薄キ苞トナル。此兩者ノ
癒着物タルコトヲ即知シ得ル方法アリ。即ハチ花時花穂ノ頭ヲ摘ミテ之
ヲ引キ花穂ヲ中斷スレバ殘レル一方ニ苞ヲ殘シ摘ミ取リタル一方ニ萼ヲ
殘スヲ以テ所謂苞ト稱スルモノガ苞ト萼トノ合一體ナルコトヲ不充分ナ
ガラ容易ニ認知シ得ベシ。又所謂苞ノ基部ガ屢々相依リテ雄蕊又ハ子房
ノ基部ヲ包ミ杯狀トナラントスル性アルハ是レ癒合セル萼ガ楊屬ノ花被
ノ如クナラントスル性質アルヲ示シ又所謂苞ノ背面ニ横皺アルハ苞ト花
被トノ發達ノ度ノ異ナル爲メニ生ゼシモノニシテ無意味ニアルモノニ非
ズ。

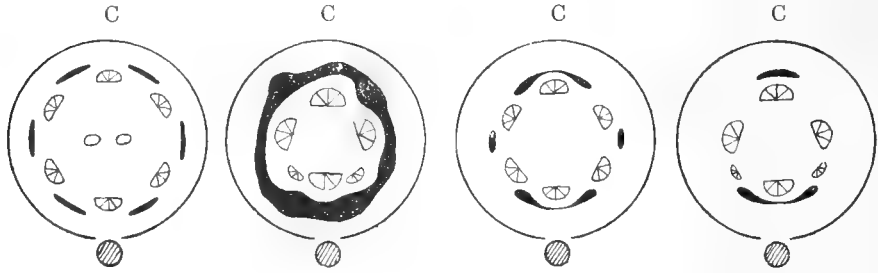
次ニ柳屬ノ花ノ退化ノ經路ヲ辿ランニ往昔ハ多數ノ雄蕊ヲ有セシモノ
、如ク夫レガ次第ニ退化シテ一時五個又ハ六個ノ雄蕊ヲ有スルモノトナ
レリ。此時ノ完全花ヲ想象シテ花式ヲ示セバ挿圖 AA ノ如クナル。



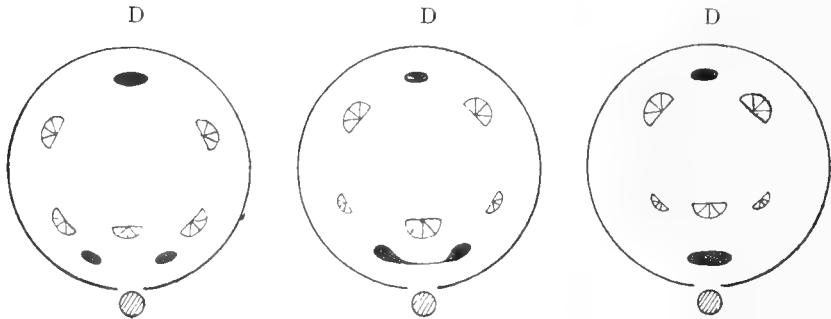
A. 柳ノ花ノ古型ノ想象畫。
Floral diagrammes of imaginal complete
flowers of ancestral *Salices*.

B. 柳ノ完全ナル兩全花ノ想象畫。
Floral diagramme of imaginal complete
flower of
Salix.

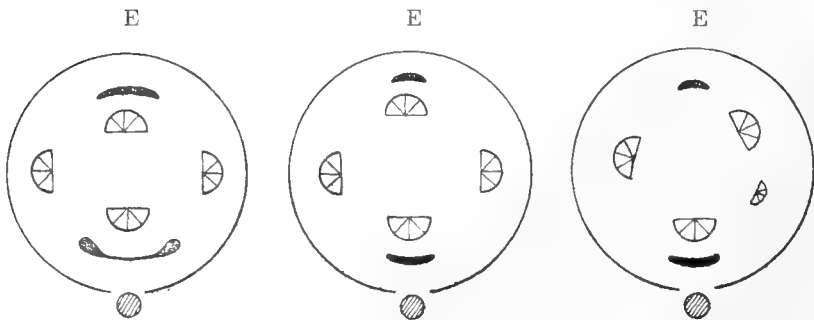
此花式ノモノ、子房ガ相合シテ一室トナレバ次ノ挿圖 B ノ如クナル。
之レヨリ苞ハ萼ト相重リテ癒着シ花被ハ蜜腺トナリ、其レガ又減數シ雄
蕊モ減數シ子房ガ退化消滅スレバ次ノ如クナル (圖 C-I)。



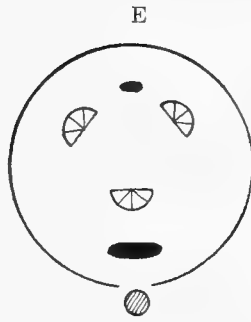
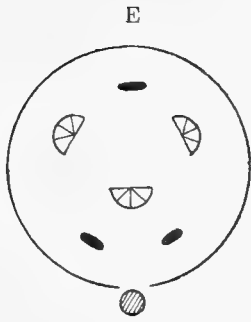
C. あかめやなぎ節ノ花式。
Floral diagrammes of Sect. *Glandulosæ*.



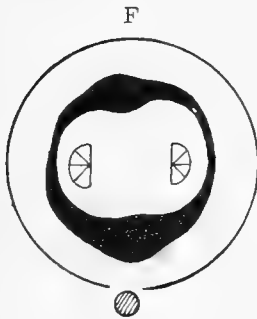
D. おほばやなぎ節ノ花式。
Floral diagrammes of Sect. *Urbanianæ*.



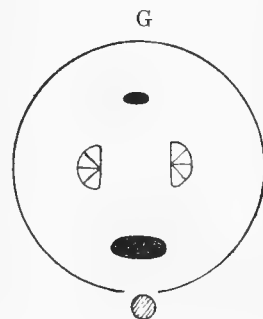
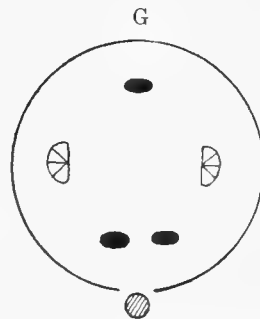
E. たちやなぎ節ノ花式。
Floral diagrammes of Sect. *Triandra*.



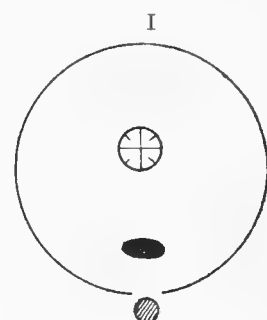
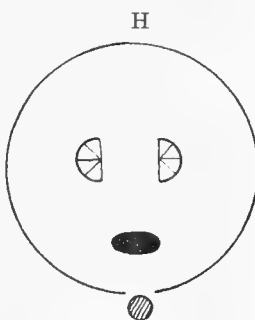
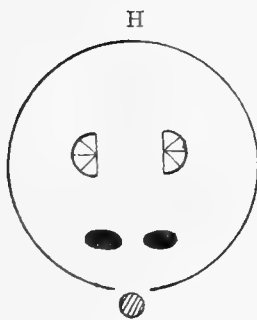
E. たちやなぎ節ノ花式。
Floral diagrammes of
Sect. *Triandrae*.



F. *Reticulatæ* 節ノ花式。
Floral diagramme of Sect.
Reticulatæ (*Chamitea*).



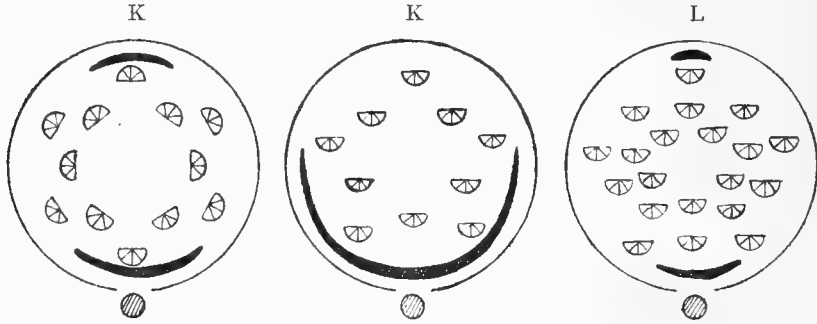
G. かうらいやなぎ節、めぎやなぎ節、まめや
なぎ節、おほみれやなぎ節等ノ花式。
Floral diagrammes of Sects. *Subfragiles*,
Berberifoliæ, *Herbaceæ*, *Sericeæ* etc.
etc.



H. えぞやなぎ節、ぬまやなぎ節、ばつこやなぎ節、
ほやなぎ節、ぬまきぬやなぎ節、きぬやなぎ
節等ノ花式。
Floral diagrammes of Sects. *Daphnoideæ*,
Myrtilloideæ, *Capreæ*, *Phylicifoliæ*, *Incu-
baceæ*, *Viminales* etc. etc.

I. れこやなぎ節、こりやな
ぎ節ノ花式。
Floral diagramme of
Sects. *Gracilistyleæ*,
and *Helix*.

雄蕊ノ數多キ方ハ五又ハ六ノ倍數 10, 12, 15, 18, 20 等ノ間ヲ變化ス。
(圖 K, L)。



K, L. 多數ノ雄蕊ヲ有スル柳類ノ花式。
Floral diagrammes of polyandrous Salices.

然レドモ斯クナル場合ハ多クハ不規則ニシテ正確ヲ期シ難シ。

大凡雄蕊六個ノ場合モ五個ノ場合モ最モ早く消滅スルハ腹側面ノモノニシテ此腹側面ニアル左右二本ノ雄蕊ハ背側面ニアル左右二本ノモノニ合スル傾向アリ。故ニ腹側面ト背側面トノ中間ニ位スル花瓣即チ蜜腺ハ先ヅ第一ニ退化消滅ス。斯クシテ生ゼル雄花ハ腹、背、側面ニ各一個計四個ノ雄蕊ト其間ニ位スル四個ノ蜜腺トヲ有ス。此状態ニアルモノハ今モ尙おたちやなぎノ成育ヨキ花穂ノ基部ノ花ニ屢々見ル所ナリ。次デ背側ニアル二個ノ蜜腺ハ相寄りテ一個ニ癒着シ次デ背面ニアル一個ノ雄蕊ハ退化消滅ス。斯クシテ生ゼル花ハ腹面ニ一個(但シ苞トノ癒着ノ度ニ依リテ此一個ガ背面ニ位スルコトアリ)。側面ニ各一個都合三個ノ雄蕊ト背面ニ一個腹面ニ二個(後癒合ニ依リテ一個トナル)ノ蜜腺ヲ有ス、此状態ニアルモノハたちやなぎノ普通ノ花ナリ。雄蕊五個、蜜腺五個ヲ有スル花ヨリハ側方各一個ノ蜜腺ノ退化消滅ト側方各二個ノ雄蕊ノ癒着(但シ一個ノ蒴ハ消滅ス)ニ依リテ直チニ普通ノたちやなぎ花型トナル。(圖 E)。

次ニ腹面ノ雄蕊ガ消滅スレバ花ハ左右ニ各一個ノ雄蕊ト腹面ニ二個(癒合ニ依リ通例一個トナル)ト背面ニ一個ノ蜜腺トヲ有スルモノトナル。此状態ニアルハかうらいやなぎ、めぎやなぎ、まめやなぎ等ノ屬スル柳ノ群ナリ。(圖 G)。

次ニ背面ノ蜜腺ガ退化消滅スル時ハ花ハ二本ノ雄蕊ト一個又ハ二個ノ腹面ノ蜜腺ヲ有スル形トナル。此状態ニアルハえぞやなぎ群、ぬまやな

ぎ群、ばつこやなぎ群、きぬやなぎ群、ほやなぎ群等ナリ。(圖 H).

次ニ左右ノ雄蕊ガ相癒合シテ一本ノ四室ノ葯ヲ有スル雄蕊ト腹面ニ一
個ノ蜜腺ヲ有スル花トナル。此型ノモノハねこやなぎ群、こりやなぎ群
ノ花ナリ。(圖 I).

**The structure of flowers, and the main characteristics for
the classification of *Salicaceæ*.**

The development of the flowers of *Salix*.

In *Salicaceæ*, two genera have been only enlisted in the books of
plant taxonomy. GRIFFITH had distinguished *Balsamiflua* from *Populus*
by the shape of cupule, but no other botanists had ever regarded it
valid. From the genus *Salix*, OPIZ separated *Salix amygdaloides* as a
distinct genus *Gruenera*, and KERNER founded another genus *Chamistea*
for the group of *Salix reticulata*. However, these two genera are not
accepted, and in consequence *Populus* and *Salix* are only the genera
remaining still in *Salicaceæ*. They are usually classified as follows.

- { Buds with several imbricated scales. Perianth cup-like. ...*Populus*
- { Buds with single scale. Flowers without perianth, but with
nectary.....*Salix*

Of these, *Salix* has more degenerated simple flowers. These simple
flowers are supposed to have been degenerated from tetramerous
flowers (VALENOVSKY in Beihefte Bot. Centralb. XVII, p. 123-128,
1904). In 1920, the writer obtained the female flowers of *Salix*
splendida, in which he found there neither perianth nor nectaries, but
deciduous stigmas which articulate with the styles. So, the writer
proposed to make this species as new genus *Chosenia* and distinguished
it from both *Populus* and *Salix* as indicated below.

- 1 { Flowers with nectaries. Style one.*Salix*
- 1 { Flowers without nectaries.....2
- 2 { Buds with many imbricated scales. Perianth cup-like. Style
1.*Populus*
- 2 { Buds with one scale. Perianth none. Styles 2 distinct. Stigma
articulated with style.*Chosenia*

Professor R. WETTSTEIN of Vienna University supported this view (see his Handbuch der Systematischen Botanik, 3 Aufl. p. 552), but Prof. V. KOMAROV of Leningrad took this as a mere variation of *Salix* and thought that such characteristics of *Chosenia* will appear casually in any one genus as Prof. Hayata alleged in his dynamic theory (Le troisième genre des Salicacées in Prof. Borodine's Memorial Papers, 1927). Dr. HULTEN of Sweden ignored all characteristics of *Chosenia* pointed out by the writer and looked it as a pure *Salix* (Flora Kamtschatica II, 1928). In 1928, the writer described again (Bulletin de la société dendrologique de France no. 66) how *Chosenia* is distinguished from *Salix* and *Populus* and maintained his subfamily *Choseniæ* as he did before (Journal of the Arnold Arboretum IV, 1924). Not long ago, he had investigated *Chosenia* and made a comparative study of it with groups of *Salix* and *Populus*. In this investigation it was found the course of degeneration in the flowers of *Salix* and also the relation in regard to the complete adherence of the perianth and bracts dorsiventrally and the formation of bract-like scale, and the writer was able to trace and ascertain the system of Salicaceous plants. The description below indicates of what he has observed.

Populus.

Bud is covered by several imbricated scales. Flowers anemophilous, diœcious. Male flowers with one bract, one cupular or navicular perianth, and 4-60 stamens arranged in 1-10 whorls. Female flowers with one bract, one cup-like perianth, one one-celled ovary with 2-3 parietal placenta, which have generally several ovules, with short style cleft into 2 or 3 stigmas.

Chosenia.

Bud has one scale with imbricated margins. Flowers anemophilous, diœcious achlamydeous. Male flowers with one bract, 5 fascicled stamens. Female flowers with one deciduous bract, one ovary composed of 2 carpels, 2 distinct styles articulated imperfectly with stigmas which are deciduous after flower, 2 placenta with 2 ovules each.

Salix.

Bud generally with one valvate scale, but rarely one scale with imbricated margins, sometimes with 3 imbricated scales. Flowers entomophilous dioecious, rarely monœcious with one bract-like scale which is generally composed of outer perianth and bract completely adhered. Male flowers with 5-6 petals which are metamorphosed to nectaries and generally reduced to 1-3, rarely united into a ring; stamens 1-20 (1-5 whorled) with no pistil or rarely two abortive pistils. Female flowers with nectaries as male flowers, one ovary composed of 2 carpels, 1 forked inarticulated style which is persistent or rarely fall off by shrinking, 2 parietal placenta with two to several ovules each.

As indicated above, *Chosenia* and *Populus* differ from *Salix* by having anemophilous flowers, and *Chosenia* differ from *Populus* and *Salix* by having no perianth, but having 2 distinct styles.

Anemophily and entomophily are not seen in any sections of a genus. They are sometimes more important than either the presence or absence of perianth. If anemophilous *Chosenia* is *Salix*, *Populus* must be also *Salix*. In this category anemophilous *Artemisia* should be classed under entomophilous *Chrysanthmum* or *Pyrethrum* or vice versa.

The bract of *Salix* is not pure bract, but is a composition of bract and outer perianth which adhered dorsi-ventrally. The development of bract and perianth varies in individual flowers, or by individual plants, or species. The part of bract which makes the dorsal side of the scale, shrinks horizontally while the inner perianthial part is smooth and often embraces the base of stamens, pistils and gland at its base, sometimes its base fuses and shows a tendency to become something like a cupule of *Populus*. This arrangement of bract and perianth of *Salix* is easily seen when the flowering catkin is plucked off into half. Several flowers just at the part plucked are divided into two parts, or in other words, the main part with perianth joins to the upper portion of being plucked and the bracts remain in the remaining

portion of catkin. The portion of bract is generally coloured and pubescent. The upper part of bract-like scale where reflexing is always blackish or reddish in colour. This coloured part and the dorsal side correspond to the bract, both are usually pubescent. On the other hand, the inner surface of scale near its base, being creamy in shade and glabrous, is the outer perianth corresponding to the cupule of *Populus*. When this portion ill developed, the bract is very thin; sometimes the scale is made of the entire bract toward its base. In such case, the scale is deciduous (for examples: Sect. *Pentandræ* and *Urbanianæ*, or *Phygalepideæ* of TRAUTVETTER). The horizontal furrows on the dorsal side of the scale are the result of unequal development of bract and perianth. If one imagines that the perianth of *Populus* much reduced its height, he can easily compare the relation of perianth and bract with the fused scale of *Salix*.

Next, the degeneration of flowers of *Salix* is to be traced. In geological epoch, the ancestors of *Salix* are supposed to have had polygamous flowers with many indefinite stamens. However, many of stamens diminished and gradually became as $20 \rightarrow 15 \rightarrow 10 \rightarrow 6$ or 5 , and where the stamens reduced to 6 or 5 is a starting point of the degenerated flowers of present *Salix*. Mrs. J. FISCHER has almost come to the similar conclusion in this respect (see *Flowers of Salicaceæ* in American Journal of Botany XV, 1928). The imaginary diagrams of complete hermaphrodite flowers of *Salix* with 6 or 5 petals are shown in the text-figure A. If in figure A, the ovaries united into one, the floral diagram would become like the text-figure B. Then, the adherence of bract and perianth, degeneration of ovaries and their disappearance in male flowers, metamorphosis of the inner perianth to the nectaries, the reductions of nectaries and stamens have successively followed. Each stage in the reductions is illustrated by the floral diagrams from the text-figure C to the text-figure J.

In polyandrous flowers, number of stamens fluctuates between 10 and 20 , but in this it is generally indefinite (text figure K).

In 6 -stamened flowers of *Salix glandulosa*, it will be seen that two

ventral-lateral stamens are invariably smallest. These two stamens cohere to the adjacent dorsi-lateral stamens by the basal portion of filament. Then, the petals or nectaries intersticed between two stamens of each lateral set disappear and the flowers with four stamens appear. Next, the disappearance of dorsal stamen follows. Previous to this, the union of two dorsal nectaries takes place and they become single before or after the disappearance of dorsal stamen. This fused nectary is $2n$ and will remain longer. Thus, the flower with 3 stamens and 3 nectaries is resulted. After this stage, the union of 2 ventral nectaries begins and forms ordinary male flowers of *Salix triandra*. From the pentamerous flowers, the triandrous flowers are formed directly by the union of two lateral stamens on both sides and by the evanescence of lateral glands which intersticed between two lateral stamens. Now, the ventral stamen (this is often situated dorsally by the farther union of the base of filament to the scale) degenerates and disappear, and the most common distemon of *Salix*-flowers will appear. As the two dorsal nectaries fused earlier than the two ventral nectaries they do not remain longer and naturally will disappear first, and in consequence, the distemonate flower with one gland is thus formed. Farther more, the adherence of the two lateral stamens begins and at last they unite completely as seen in Sections *Gracilistylæ* and *Helix*. In this case, the two united stamens are in same size, hence the anthers united dorsally become four-celled, and the filament has two vascular bundles distinctly in parallel.

The writer presumes that he has explained sufficiently to prove how *Chosenia* is distinct from *Populus* and *Salix*, and how the degeneration of floral parts of *Salix* took place in succession. *Salicales* is not an order so primitive as arranged at present, but is far more advanced and to be nearer to *Ranales* and *Rhocadales*. In fact, *Salicaceæ* is an interesting family with so many types in one genus. Polyandrous *Salices* like *Populi* have always shining leaves (e.g. *Salix pentandra*, *S. glandulosa* etc.). When the leaves are persistent they are shining (e.g. *Salix berberifolia*). *Salicaceæ* should not be only exceptioned

from the category generally accepted in the vegetable kingdom. It is logical that the metamorphosis had effected this family being transformed to the deciduous-leaved form from the evergreens, and to the oligandrous form from the polyandrous form. This is also proved by the fact that polystemonous genus *Populus* is being anemophilous. The inner perianth of *Salix* is metamorphosed to nectary, accordingly its entomophily is secondary characteristic. In *Populus* the stigmas are generally deciduous though they have no articulations with styles. *Chosenia* and *Salix* sect. *Urbanianæ* have also deciduous stigmas and indicate their primordality. Since *Chosenia* has anemophilous flowers, it is more primordial than *Salix* sect. *Urbanianæ*. As the pistils of *Populus*, *Chosenia*, and *Salix* are composed of 2 (3) carpells the distinct styles of *Chosenia* must be more primordial than the united styles of *Populus* and *Salix*. On the other hand, the number of stamens of *Chosenia* is regular. They are always five. They adhere to the bract halfway. The articulation of stigmas with styles is formed. These facts prove that *Chosenia* is by no means primordial. It must have been changed much from its ancestral forms.

All creations of nature are in order. Each species, genera, families and so forth have their own characteristics. The characteristics do not appear casually in one plant or others but are inherited phyletically from their ancestors, and specifically, generically, or individually they diverge or converge or segregate. The common characteristics of phyletically remote groups do not jump dynamically from one to other, but inherited. The newly acquired characteristics by segregation or mutation are not dynamical but phyletical. We should remember that, once extinct species, genera or families will never reappear naturally or even by human exertion. The dynamic theory of Prof. HAYATA is a theory of excellent designation, but is an elaborate modern explanation of old incredible theory of spontaneous generation. I am one of the Japanese naturalists who keenly regret for having had the publication of such theory.

(五) 朝鮮産楊柳科植物ノ分類

楊 柳 科

小灌木又ハ灌木ニシテ莖ハ横臥、傾上又ハ直立ス。又ハ喬木ニシテ枝ハ立チ又ハ彎曲シ又ハ下垂ス。葉ハ互生稀ニ對生有柄、有托葉又ハ無托葉、有鋸齒又ハ全縁、一年生又ハ脱落セズシテ其儘枯死ス。裏面ニノミ又ハ表裏兩面ニ氣孔アリ。花ハ雌雄異株稀ニ同株、風媒又ハ虫媒、葇荑花ヲナス。葇荑花ハ直立又ハ傾上又ハ下垂ス。有柄又ハ無柄、側生又ハ頂生、苞ハ各花ニ一個永存性又ハ脱落性又ハ早落性、舟狀又ハ掌狀又ハ團扇狀、花被ハ碗狀又ハ舟狀又ハ全ク苞ト癒着ス。雄蕊ハ一個乃至六十個、花糸ハ細シ、藥ハ多クハ外開又ハ腹面ニ向ヒテ開キ二室稀ニ四室、子房ハ無柄又ハ有柄、無毛又ハ有毛、一室、二個(稀ニ三個又ハ一個)ノ心皮ヨリ成ル、花柱ハ一個又ハ二個又ハナシ。柱頭ハ二個乃至四個、胎坐ハ二個(稀ニ三個又ハ一個)各二個又ハ數個ノ卵子ヲ有ス。種子ハ瘦果冠毛ニテ包マレ胚乳ナシ。胚ハ直立シ從テ幼根ハ下向。

主トシテ北半球ノ温帶地方ニ産シ或ハ周極地方又ハ熱帶地方稀ニ南半球ニ生ジ三屬二百五十餘種アリ。其中三屬三十八種ハ朝鮮ニ自生ス。分テ次ノ三族トス。

第一族、楊族。

芽ハ數個ノ鱗片ニテ被ハル、葇荑花ハ下垂ス。花ハ風媒、苞ハ脱落性、花被ハ一列杯狀、花柱ハ一個短カク、二乃至三又ス。楊屬之ニ屬ス。

第二族、化粧柳族。

芽ハ唯一個ノ鱗片ニテ被ハル、鱗片ノ縁ハ相重ナル、葇荑花ハ下垂ス。花ハ風媒、苞ハ雌花ノモノハ落ツ、花被ナシ。花柱ハ二個離生、柱頭ハ花柱ト不完全ニ關節ス。化粧柳屬之ニ屬ス。

第三族、柳族。

芽ハ通例唯一個ノ鱗片ヲ有ス。此鱗片ハ帽狀ヲナスカ又ハ内縁ガ相重ナル。但シ少數ノ種ニアリテハ數個ノ鱗片ヲ有スルモノアリ。葇荑花ハ直立又ハ下垂ス。花ハ虫媒、苞及ビ外花被ハ腹背相重ナリテ完全ニ癒合シ一個ノ鱗片ト化ス。通例此鱗片ハ永存性ナレドモ脱落スルモノモアリ。内花被ハ蜜腺ト化ス。花柱一個二又ス。柳屬之ニ屬ス。

Salicaceæ LINDLEY, Nat. Syst. ed. 2, p. 186 (1836)—LOUDON, Arb. & Frutic. Brit. III, p. 1453 (1838)—PETZOLD & KIRCHNER, Arb. Musc. p. 570 (1864)—KOCH, Dendrol. II, pt. 1, p. 482 (1872)—LAUCHE, Deutsche Dendrol. p. 313 (1880)—PAX in ENGLER & PRANTL, Nat. Pflanzenfam. III, Abt. 1, p. 27 (1887)—DIPPEL, Handb. Laubholzk. II, p. 189 (1892)—KOEHNE, Deutsch. Dendrol. p. 69 (1893)—SCHNEIDER, Illus. Handb. Laubholzk. I, p. 2 (1904)—ASCHERSON & GRÆBNER, Syn. IV, p. 3 (1908).

Syn. *Amentaceæ* LINNÆUS, Phil. Bot. p. 28 (1751), pro parte—JUSSIEU, Gen. Pl. p. 407 (1789), pro parte—GISEKE, Prælect. p. 578 (1792), pro parte—VETENAT, Tab. III, p. 550 (1779), pro parte—J. ST. HILAIRE, Exposit. Fam. II, p. 315 (1805), pro parte—LAMARCK & DC. Syn. Fl. Gall. p. 177 (1806), pro parte—LAMARCK & DC. Fl. Franc. ed. 3, III, p. 281 (1815), pro parte—DUMORTIER, Comm. Bot. p. 53 (1822).

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Saliceæ RICHARD apud KUNTH, Nov. Gen. II, p. 18 (1817)—D. DON, Prodr. Fl. Nepal. p. 58 (1825).

Amentaceæ—*Salicineæ* LINDLEY, Syn. Brit. Fl. p. 229 (1829).

Amentaceæ—*Saliceæ* REICHENBACH, Fl. Germ. Excurs. II, p. 165 (1831).

Salicinæ DOELL, Anz. p. 6, fig. 5–6 (1848).

Salicienæ JUSSIEU apud TRAUTVETTER in LEDEBOUR, Fl. Ross. III, pt. 2, p. 596 (1851).

Fruticuli vel frutices repentes vel prostrati vel ascendentes vel recti, vel arbores, ramis erectis vel arcuatis vel pendulis. Folia alterna rarius opposita petiolata, stipullata vel exstipullata, serrulata vel integra, decidua rarissime persistentia, infra vel utrinque stomatifera. Flores dioici rarissime monœci anemophili vel entomophili amentacei. Amenta erecta vel ascendentia vel declinata vel pendula, pedunculata vel sessilia, lateralia vel in apice ramuli hornotini terminalia. Bractea in quoque flore unica persistens vel decidua vel caduca, navicularis vel palmata vel flabellata. Perigonium cupulare vel naviculare vel cum bracteis connivens. Stamina 1–60; filamenta filiformia vel subulata; antheræ sæpe extrorsæ vel ventrali spectantes biloculares rarius quadriloculares. Ovarium sessile vel stipitatum glabrum vel pilosum uniloculare carpellis 2 (rarissime 3 vel 1) constitutum. Styli 1 vel 2 vel subnulli. Stigmata 2–4. Placenta 2 (rarissime 3 vel 1) 2–∞ ovulata. Semina coma obvallata exalbuminosa. Embryo elongatus. Badicula infera.

Genera 3, species circ. 250 præcipue in regionibus temperatis borealis hemisphærici incola, quarum species 38 generorum trium in Korea spontaneæ.

Salicaceæ in sequentes tribos distinguendæ sunt.

Salix trib. I, **Populeæ** NAKAI, nov. trib.

Syn. *Salicaceæ* subfam. *Saliceæ* NAKAI in Journ. Arnold Arbor. V, p. 73 (1924), pro parte; in Bull. Soc. Dendrol. France no. 66, p. 5 (1928), pro parte.

Salicaceæ subfam. *Populoideæ* KIMURA in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XLII, p. 290 (1928).

Gemmæ cum pleiolepidibus. Amenta pendula. Flores anemophili. Bracteæ deciduæ. Perigonium uniseriale cupulare. Stylus 1 brevis 2–3 furcatus. Continet genus *Populum*.

Salix trib. II, **Choseniæ** NAKAI, comb. nov.

Syn. *Salicaceæ* subfam. *Choseniæ* NAKAI in Journ. Arnold Arbor. V, p. 73 (1924); in Bull. Soc. Dendrol. France no. 66, p. 5 (1928).

Salicaceæ subfam. *Choseniceæ* NAKAI apud KOMAROV in Mém. Bot. Borodine p. 275 (1927).

Salicaceæ subfam. *Salicoideæ* KIMURA trib. *Chosenieæ* KIMURA in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XLII, p. 290 (1928).

Gemmæ cum monolepide, squama ventre margine imbricata. Amenta masculina pendula. Flores anemophili. Bracteæ amentorum fæminorum deciduæ. Perigonium nullum. Styli 2 distincti. Stigmata cum stylis imperfecte articulata. Continet genus *Choseniam*.

Salix trib. III, **Saliceæ** NAKAI, comb. nov.

Syn. *Salicaceæ* subfam. *Saliceæ* NAKAI in Journ. Arnold Arbor. V, p. 73 (1924), pro parte; in Bull. Soc. Dendrol. France no. 66, p. 5 (1928), pro parte—KOMAROV, l. c. pro parte.

Salicaceæ subfam. *Salicoideæ* trib. *Saliceæ* KIMURA in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XLII, p. 290 (1928).

Gemmæ vulgo cum monolepide, squama ventre vulgo valvatim connata rarius imbricata, interdum cum pleiolepidibus tum squamæ alternæ imbricatae. Amenta erecta vel declinata. Flores entomophili. Bracteæ et perigonium exterius dorsi-ventrali toto adhærentia et bracteam unicam formant, quæ interdum in amentis fæmineis decidua. Perigonium interius in nectarium transformat. Stylus 1 bifidus. Continet genus *Salicem*.

第一屬 化粧柳屬

雌雄異株ノ喬木、直根ハ深ク地中ニ入り柳類、楊類ノ根ノ如ク擴ガラズ。小枝ハ無毛白臘ヲ被リ夏時ハ次第ニ綠化シ秋期ヨリ紅化シ始メ冬期ハ美シク紅色ヲ呈ス。芽ハ單一、扁平ナル卵形帶紅褐色三脈アリ縁ハ相重ナル。枝ハ芽ノ鱗片ヲ貫キテ生ズルヲ以テ鱗片ハ帽狀トナラズ（第四圖 A, a, a, a, 第五圖 A 參照）。苞葉ハ四乃至五個薄シ、葉ハ葉柄ヲ有シ托葉ナシ。有鋸齒又ハ全縁、花ハ風媒、莢莢花ハ若枝ノ先端ニ生ズレドモ雄花穗ハ無柄ノモノアリ。雄花穗ハ下垂シ苞ハ薄膜狀基部ハ花糸ト相癒合スルヲ以テ永存性ナリ外面ニ長疎毛アリ。雄蕊ハ五個其中腹側方ノ二個ハ最モ短クシテ最モ花軸ニ近ク生ジ腹面ノ一本ハ中央ニ位シ背側面

ノ二個ト腹側ノ二個ノ間ニ介在ス。葯ハ球形、黄色、二室、外開、雌花穂ハ直立又ハ傾上シ苞ハ薄膜質、早落性背面ニ疎毛アリ。子房ハ有柄無毛帶卵長橢圓形、多少腹背ニ扁平ナリ。先端ハ截形、一室、胎坐ハ側膜基底、有毛、各二個ノ卵子ヲ有ス。卵子ハ倒生、蒴内ハ白毛ニテ充タサル種子ハ長橢圓形、胚乳ナシ、幼根ハ下向。

次ノ一種アルノミ。

1. けしようやなぎ

一名、からふとくろやなぎ

(第參、四、五圖)

喬木、高サ二十乃至三十米突幹ノ直徑一米突以上ニ達スルアリ。皮ハ帶褐灰色縦ニ不規則ニ裂開ス。若木ニテハ枝ハ根本ヨリ多數出デテ簇生シ白臘ヲ被リ美シ、老成セル木ノ小枝ハ白蠟質少シ、小枝ハ冬期紅化シ美觀ヲ呈ス。芽ハ背腹ノ方向ニ稍平タク光澤アリ長サ二乃至五ミリ平タキ面ハ長橢圓卵形側方ニハ高マリタル脈アリ。腹面ハ内卷シテ縁ハ相重ナリ右縁ハ外側ニ位シテ無毛、左縁ハ内側ニ位シテ長毛生ズ。背面ニ一脈アリ。此背面ノ脈ハ葉ノ中肋ニ相當シ兩側ノ各一脈ハ托葉ノ中肋ニ該當スルモノナリ。苞狀葉ハ四乃至五枚最外側ノモノハ三脈ヲ有シ内方ノモノハ羽狀葉ヲ有ス皆無毛又ハ縁ニノミ毛アリ。葉序ハ 2/5。長枝ノ葉ハ大キク葉柄ハ五及至七ミリ稍白臘ヲ被リ葉身ハ長サ六センチ半乃至八センチ幅十六乃至二十三ミリ倒披針形、基部ヲ除ク外ハ小サキ不顯著ナル鋸齒アリ。老木ノ小枝ノ葉ハ小形ニシテ帶長橢圓倒披針形又ハ倒披針形又ハ帶倒披針長橢圓形稀ニ倒卵長橢圓形、縁ニ不顯著ナル鋸齒アルカ又ハ殆ンド全縁、葉柄ハ長サ一乃至五ミリ葉身ノ兩面殊ニ裏面ハ白臘ヲ被ル。花ハ風媒、雄花穂ハ軟カク垂下シ基部ニ苞狀葉ヲ四乃至五枚具フ、穂ノ長サ一乃至二センチ半幅四乃至五ミリ、花軸ハ無毛軟カク、苞ハ相重ナリ幅廣ク中凹三乃至五脈アリ背面ニ長キ疎毛アリ基脚ハ急ニ狭マリ花糸ト相癒合ス。雄蕊ハ五本、其中腹面ノ一本ハ中央ニ位シ側面ノ四本ノ雄蕊ニ包マル、位置ニアリ。花糸ハ長サ一乃至一ミリ半、ホボ圓柱狀、葯ハ黄色二室、外開シ殆ンド球形、雌花穂ハ若枝ノ先ニ出デ傾上シ花時ハ長サ二センチ許、花梗ハ長サ五乃至十三ミリ花軸ハ無毛、苞ハ相重ナリ廣橢圓形縁ハ波狀ニシテ中凹ナリ背面ニ微毛散生シ薄膜質ナリ五脈ヲ有シ淡黄色開花後直チニ落ツ。子房ハ長サ半ミリ許ノ柄ヲ有シ長サ一ミ

リ半許帶卵長橢圓形基部丸ク先ハ截形、一室、胎坐ハ側基部ニアリ。卵子ハ各胎坐ニ二個宛、花柱ハ二個離生長サ半ミリ、柱頭ハ二又シ長サ〇、七乃至一ミリ内面ハ粒狀ナリ。蒴ハ長サ三ミリ半乃至四ミリ基部太シ二辨ニ開ク。冠毛ハ白色、種子ハ長橢圓形ニシテ基部ハ多少狭マリ長サー、二ミリ、胚乳ナシ。子葉ハ長橢圓形。

咸北、咸南、平北、平南、江原ノ諸道ニアリテ清流ノ河原ニ生ズ。

(分布) 本島(信濃上高地)、北海道(十勝)、樺太、烏蘇利、黒龍江流域、ダフリア、沿海洲、カムチツカ、バイカル地方、プリモースキー、ヤクチア。

Gn. 1) **Chosenia** NAKAI in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XXXIV, p. 68 (1920); in Journ. Arnold Arbor. V, p. 73 (1924) in nota sub *Chosenia eucalyptoides*—KOMAROV in JANCZEWSKI, Mém. Bot. Borod. LXXX, p. 277 (1929).

Syn. *Salix* A. *Salices Pleiandræ* § 7, *Fragiles* v. *Albæ* ANDERSSON in DC. Prodr. XVI, sect. 2, pt. 2, p. 209 (1868), pro parte.

Salix sect. *Pentandræ* DUMORTIER apud SCHNEIDER in SARGENT, Pl. Wils. III, pt. 1, p. 98 (1916), pro parte.

Arbor dioica. Radix principalis recta alte in terram penetrat. Rami glaberrimi pruinosi in æstate virides sed per hiemum rubescentes pulcherrimi. Gemma solitaria compressa ovata rubro-fusca lucida trinervia margine ventre imbricata et margine interiore pilosella. Rami per squamam gemmæ evoluti, ita squama est non calyptriformis ut in genere *Salice* (vide Tab. IV, fig. A. a. a. a, Tab. V, fig. A). Cataphylla 4-5 submembranaceo-herbacea, exteriora trinervia sed sæpe extrema apice scariosa. Folia simplicia petiolata exstipullata serrulata vel subintegra. Flores anemophili. Amenta in apice ramuli hornotini terminalis sed in amenta mascula sæpe sessilia. Amenta mascula pendula. Bracteæ membranaceæ basi filamentis adnatæ ita persistentes dilatatæ subtrinervæ extus hirtellæ. Stamina 5, filamenta basi bracteis adnata sed gradi adhærendes diversi ie 2 ventrali-lateralia brevissime adnata ita axi proxima, 1 ventrale medio positum et 2 dorsali-lateralia longissime adnata, ita stamina 2 dorsalia et 2 ventralia circum unicum

ventrale collocata; antheræ rotundatæ flavæ biloculares extrorsæ. Pollinia anemophila flava tetrahydrale-sphærica præter rimas germinatas verrucosa. Amenta fæminea erecta vel ascendentia; bracteæ membranaceæ deciduæ undulatæ extus pilosellæ. Ovarium stipitatum glabrum ovato-oblongum teres plus minus dorsi-ventrali compressum apice truncatum uniloculare; placentis 2 parietale-basilaribus pilosis in quoque placento 2-ovulato. Ovula anatropa. Styli 2 bifidi medio articulati. Capsula laterale loculi dehiscens. Comæ albæ quæ ex pilis placentis evolutæ fructum perfecte implectæ. Semina oblonga sed basi contracta exalbuminosa. Embryo rectus. Cotyledones plani.

Genus monotypicum.

1. **Chosenia bracteosa** NAKAI.

(Tabulæ nostræ III, IV, V.)

Chosenia bracteosa NAKAI, comb. nov.

Syn. *Salix macrolepis* TURCZANINOW in Bull. Soc. Nat. Mosc. XXVII, p. 371 (1854), pro parte; Fl. Baic. Dah. II, p. 98 (1856), pro parte—FR. SCHMIDT in Mém. Acad. Imp. Sci. St. Pétersb. VII, sér. XII, no. 2 (Florula Sachalinensis), p. 172, no. 378 (1868)—MIYABE & MIYAKE, Fl. Saghalin p. 425, no. 515 (1815)—KUDO, Pl. North Saghalin p. 98, no. 181 (1922)—HULTEN, Fl. Kamtsch. II, p. 15 (1928).

Salix bracteosa TURCZANINOW, Pl. Exsicc. ex TRAUTVETTER in Middendorf, Reise. I, pt. 2, p. 77, no. 275 (1856)—FR. SCHMIDT, l. c. (Fl. Amg.-Burej.) p. 61, no. 326 (1868).

Salix præcox (non HOPPE) TRAUTVETTER in Mém. prés. Acad. Imp. Sci. Pétersb. div. sav. IX, p. 242 (1859).

Salix bracteata TRAUTVETTER apud ANDERSSON in DC. Prodr. XII, no. 2, pt. p. 213 (1868), pro syn. *S. macrolepidis*.

Salix pyramidalis BUDISCHTSCHER, Descript. Silv. guber. Primorsk. p. 18 (1883), descript. in Rossice. fide KOMAROV.

Salix acutifolia (non WILLDENOW) KOMAROV in Acta. Hort. Petrop. XXII, p. 23 (1904)—NAKAI in Journ. Coll. Sci. Tokyo XXXI, p. 215 (Fl. Koreana II) (1911); Veg. Mt. Waigalbon p. 68 cum phot. (1916).

Salix eucalyptoides F. N. MEYER in litt. ex SCHNEIDER in SARGENT, Pl. Wils. III, p. 99 (1916).

Salix rorida (non LACHSCHEWITZ) NAKAI, Veg. Diamond Mts. p. 169, no. 168 (1918).

Salix splendida NAKAI in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XXXII, p. 215 (1918).



けしろうやなぎ、咸南長津郡梅田坪、大正三年七月寫ス。

Chosenia bracteosa growing along a brook near Baidenhei, Chosin County in the Province of Kankyo Nandō. Photographed in July, 1914.

Salix nobilis NAKAI apud WILSON in Journ. Arnold Arboretum I, p. 36 (1919), nom. nud.

Chosenia splendida NAKAI in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XXIV, p. 68 (1920)—MORI, Enum. Corean Pl. p. 107, tab. II (1922).

Chosenia eucalyptoides NAKAI in Journ. Arnold Arboretum V, p. 72 (1824); in Bull. Soc. Dendrol. France no. 66, p. 5 (1928); Report Veg. Kamikochi, p. 15 & p. 38, phot. 1, 2, 3 & 13 (1928).

Chosenia macrolepis KOMAROV in JACNZEWSKI, Mém. Bot. Borodine p. 281, cum. text. fig. (1927).

Arbor alta dioica. Truncus maximus diametro usque 1,5 metralis, 20 30 metralis altus; cortex fuscescenti-cinereus longitudine irregulariter fissus. Planta juvenilis ramis e basi divaricato-erecto-patentibus pruinosis pulcherrimis glaberrimis. Ramuli plantarum vetustarum subpruinosi glaberrimi in hieme erubescentes pulcherrimi. Gemmæ dorsi-ventrali compressæ lucidæ 2 5 mm. longæ facie oblongo-ovatae laterali elevati-nervosæ ventre convolutæ dorsali 1-nerviæ, margine dextra exteriori, margine sinistra interiori et barbulata. Cataphylla 4-5, exteriori 3-nerviæ, interiora pinnatinerviæ herbaceo-membranacea omnia glaberrima vel margine parce pilosella. Phyllotaxis 2/5. Folia trionum majora; petioli 5-7 mm. longi subpruinosi; lamina oblanceolata 6-8,5 cm. longa 16-23 mm. lata præter basin sensim angustata. Folia ramorum vetustorum minora oblongo-oblanceolata vel oblanceolata vel oblanceolato-oblonga rarius obovato-oblonga margine minute obscure serrulata vel subintegra; petioli 1-5 mm. longi; lamina utrinque sed subtus præcipue pruinosa. Flores anemophili. Amenta mascula pendula 1-2,5 cm. longa 4 5 mm. lata basi cataphylli caducis 4-5 suffulta; axis glabra tenuis; bracteæ imbricatæ dilatatæ concavæ 3-5 nervis dorso hirtellæ basi contractæ et filamentis adnatæ. Stamina 5 glabra; filamenta 1-1,5 mm. longa subteretia, antheræ flavæ subrotundatæ extrorsæ. Amenta fæminea in apice ramuli hornotini terminalia ascenduntia sub anthesim 1-2 cm. longa; pedunculus 5 13 mm. longus cum axi glaberrima. Bracteæ imbricatæ late ellipticæ undulatæ concavæ dorso pilosellæ membranacæ 5-nerves ochroleucæ post anthesin deciduæ. Ovarium stipite 0,5 mm. longo 2 mm. longum ovato-oblongum basi obtusum apice truncatum uniloculare. Placenta parietali-basilaria. Ovula in quoque placento 2 anatropa. Styli 2 distincti 0,5 mm. longi sub ramos articulati. Stigmata bifida 0,7-1 mm. longa intus papillosa. Capsula 3,5-4 mm. longa basi crassa bivalvis. Coma candissima. Semina 1,2 mm. longa oblonga basi plus minus contracta exalbuminosa. Cotyledones oblongi.

Hab.

Korea sept. Districtu Cher-riong (V. KOMAROV no. 470).

Prov. Kanhoku : Funei (T. NAKAI no. 4809, 4810); secus fluminis circa Mozan (T. NAKAI no. 1906 fr.); Minmakdō tractu Kyōjyō (T. NAKAI no. 6854 fr.); Shayurei (T. ISHIDOYA no. 2816 fr., 2717 fr.); Mt. Shōshinzan (CHUNG no. 402 fr.); Mt. Shayurei (CHUNG no. 936 fr.); Chōshamen (S. FUKUBARA no. 1584, 1581 fr.); Shōzandō (CHUNG no. 404 fr., 403 fr.); Yuujyō (CHUNG no. 1250 fr.; 1252 fr., 1258).

Prov. Kannan : Kōsuiin (T. ISHIDOYA no. 5161 ♂, 5162 ♀); Mte Kan Kanrei (T. ISHIDOYA no. 5163 ♀); Hōzan (T. ISHIDOYA no. 5147 ♂, 5148 ♂, 5143 ♂, 5144 ♂, 5145 ♂, 5154 ♂, 5155 ♂, 5162 bis ♂); Gensenmen (T. ISHIDOYA & CHUNG no. 5152, 5164 ♀ 5479 ♀); Taimintaidō (T. ISHIDOYA & CHUNG no. 5169 ♀); inter Kōzan & Jōri (T. ISHIDOYA no. 2814 ♀); Zyōri (T. ISHIDOYA no. 2811 ♂); inter Shasenri & Sansui (T. NAKAI no. 1407); inter Igen & Hōzanmen (T. NAKAI no. 1908); Chōshin Chūshōdō (T. NAKAI no. 1527); Chōshin (T. NAKAI no. 1927).

Prov. Heihok : Nanshakōkō tractu Kōshō (S. GOTO).

Prov. Heinan : Mte Kenzanrei (T. ISHIDOYA no. 4490, 4491, 4492, 4494, 4495).

Prov. Kōgen : Makkiri (T. NAKAI no. 5096).

Distr. Hondo media, Yeso, Sachalin, Ussuri, Amur, Dahuria, Regio Transbaicalensis, Regio Ochotensis, Kamtschatica, Primorski, Jakutia.

Salix macrolepis TURCZANINOW is a compound species of a *Salix* and *Chosenia*, the former has been described and illustrated by ANDERSSON in his 'Monographia Salicum' as *Salix macrolepis*. In the article 47 of the International rules of Botanical Nomenclature, there are the following statements.

Lorsqu'on divise une espèce ou une subdivision d'espèce en deux ou plusieurs groupes de même nature, si l'une des deux formes a été plus anciennement distinguée ou décrite, le nom lui est conservé.

And also in the American Code, motive 8, there are the following words.

‘When a species or subdivision of a species is divided into two or more groups of the same nature, the name must be kept and given to the division containing the nomenclatorial type.’

According to these rules, we should retain the name of *Salix macrolepis* to the *Salix macrolepis* in ANDERSSON'S Monographia. Hence, the combination *Chosenia macrolepis* KOMAROV loses its validity. *Salix bracteosa* is pure *Chosenia* described only two years later than *Salix macrolepis* TURCZANINOW. For this reason, the writer made a new combination of *Chosenia bracteosa*.

第二屬 柳 屬

小灌木又ハ灌木又ハ小喬木又ハ喬木通例雌雄異株稀ニ同株、葉ハ通例一年生稀ニ落チズ、有柄、單葉、有鋸齒又ハ無鋸齒、羽狀脈ヲ有シ、主トシテ互生ナレドモ稀ニ對生ノモノアリ。托葉アルモノトナキモノトアリ。芽ノ鱗片ハ通例一個帽狀通例腹面ガ鑷合狀ニ癒着スレドモ稀ニ相重ナルモノアリ又特種ノ數種ニアリテハ三枚ノ鱗片ヲ有ス。花穗ハ葉ニ先チテ生ズルモノト葉ト同時ニ生ズルモノトアリ、有柄又ハ無柄、通例直立シ稀ニ下垂ス。苞ハ各花ニ一個宛ナリ。此苞ハ通例苞ト外花被トノ腹背相癒合セルモノナリ。通例永存性ナレドモ稀ニ花後脱落スルモノアリ。内花被ハ蜜腺ト化シ各花ニ一個又ハ二個又ハ三又ハ四個又ハ五個又ハ輪狀又ハ杯狀トナル。雄蕊ハ雄花ニノミ發達シ通例側立シ二本ナレドモ稀ニ合シテ一本トナリ又ハ三本、四本、五本、六本ヨリ二十本ニ達スルアリ。花糸ハ離生又ハ基部癒合シ、無毛又ハ中央以下ニ毛アリ。子房ハ雄花ニハナケレドモ極メテ稀ニ痕跡ヲ止ムルモノアリ。雌花ニテハヨク發達シ。通例二個ノ心皮ヨリ成ル故ニ胎坐ハ二個、但シ稀ニ心皮ガ離生シ二個ノ子房トアルコトアリ。斯ル場合ニハ胎坐ハ各子房ニ一個宛ナリ、子房ニ柄アルモノト柄ナキモノトアリ。花柱ハ或ハ發達セズ或ハ長ク發達スニ又スルモノ又二岐スルモノアリ。柱頭ハ二個又ハ四個、種類ニ依リ長短アリ。蒴ハ二瓣ヨリ成ルヲ常トス。種子ハ長橢圓形白キ冠毛ニ包マル。子葉ハ長橢圓形、幼根ハ下向。

世界ニ約二百種アリ。主トシテ北半球ノ溫帶地方ニ産シ稀ニ周極地又ハ半熱帶又ハ熱帶ニ産ス。朝鮮ニハ三十二種アリテ次ノ節ニ區分サル。

- 1 { 芽ハ相重ナル三個ノ鱗片ヲ有ス。……………多鱗片群……
葉ハ内卷、花穂ハ芽ト共ニ生ズ。苞ハ落チズ。雄花ニハ三個
乃至六個ノ蜜腺アリ離生シ又ハ杯狀ニ癒合ス。雄蕊ハ六個(五
個又ハ七個)子房ハ二個ノ痕跡アルカ又ハナシ。雌花ハ一個
又ハ二個稀ニ杯狀トナル蜜腺アリ。子房ハ有柄無毛、柱頭ハ
永存性。……………おかめやなぎ節
芽ニハ唯一個ノ鱗片アリ。……………單鱗片群……2
- 2 { 芽ノ鱗片ハ腹縁相重ナル。嫩葉ハ内卷、花穂ハ葉ト共ニ出デ下
垂ス。雄花ニハ二個又ハ三個ノ蜜腺アリ。雄蕊五個、花糸ノ
基部ニ毛アリ。雌花ノ苞ハ落ツ。腹面ノ二蜜腺ハ離生又ハ相
癒合ス。子房ハ有柄無毛、柱頭ハ凋落ス。……………
……………おほばやなぎ節
- 3 { 芽ノ鱗片ハ腹縁相接着ス。花柱ハ永存性。……………3
雄蕊ハ三個(四個又ハ五個)又ハ五個(三個乃至十二個)。……………4
雄蕊ハ二個(稀ニ三個)、稀ニ一個ニ癒合ス。……………5
- 4 { 雄蕊ハ五個(稀ニ三個乃至十二個)、蜜腺ハ四個(二個乃至六個)。
花穂ハ葉ト共ニ生ズ。雄花ノ苞ハ永存性雌花ノ苞ハ落ツ。雌
花ハ二個ノ蜜腺又ハ杯狀ニ化セル蜜腺ト柄アル無毛ノ子房ト
ヲ有ス。……………てりはやなぎ節
雄花ハ三個(四個又ハ五個)ノ雄蕊ト腹背ニ位セル二個(又ハ
三個)ノ蜜腺トヲ有ス。花穂ハ葉ト共ニ生ズ。苞ハ雌雄花共
ニ永存性。雌花ハ腹面ニ一個ノ蜜腺ト有柄無毛ノ子房トヲ有
ス。……………たちやなぎ節
- 5 { 嫩葉ハ外方ノ數個ハ内卷ナレドモ其他ハ凡テ始メヨリ外卷ナリ。
……………外卷葉群……
花穂ハ葉ニ先チテ生ジ。花柱ハ長ク。子房ニ絹毛アリ。
……………きぬやなぎ群
- 6 { 嫩葉ハ皆内卷ナリ。……………内卷葉群……6
雄蕊ハ二個、花糸ハ通例離生、稀ニ基部ノミ癒着ス。……………7
雄蕊ハ二個ガ完全ニ癒合シテ一個トナル、故ニ葯ハ四室。……………15
- 7 { 雄花ハ腹背ニ各一個ノ蜜腺アリ。雌花ハ腹面ニノミ一個ノ蜜腺
アリ。(稀ニ背面ニ極メテ小サキ蜜腺ヲ殘スコトモアリ)。… 8
雄花モ雌花モ共ニ腹面ニ唯一個ノ蜜腺ヲ有ス。……………11

- 8 { 喬木。小枝ハ基又ハ節ヨリ折レ易シ。花穂ハ葉ニ先チテ生ズル
モノト殆ンド同時ニ生ズルモノトアリ。花糸ノ基ニ毛アリ。
子房ニ密毛アリ。……………かうらいやなぎ節
- 9 { 灌木又ハ小灌木。小枝ハ折レ易カラズ。花穂ハ葉ト共ニ生ズ。…9
葉ハ落チズシテ 其儘枯レ縁ニ鋭キ鋸齒アリ。小灌木ニシテ毛氈
狀ニ地表ヲ被フ。子房ハ無毛。……………めぎやなぎ節
- 10 { 葉ハ一年ニテ落チ全縁ナリ。……………10
地ヲ匍フ細キ小灌木ニシテ枝ヨリ根ヲ生ズ。花穂ハ短ク花少シ。
子房ハ無毛又ハ微毛アリ。……………まめやなぎ節
- 10 { 分岐著シキ灌木ナリ。花穂ハ多少長ク花多シ。子房ニ密毛アリ。
……………おほみねやなぎ節
- 11 { 小枝及ビ葉裏ニ白蠟ヲ被ル。喬木。花穂ハ葉ニ先チテ生ズ。花
柱長シ。……………えぞやなぎ節
- 12 { 小枝及ビ葉裏ニ白蠟ヲ生ゼズ。……………12
- 12 { 花穂ハ若枝ノ先端ニ生ズ。……………13
- 12 { 花穂ハ二年生ノ枝ノ側方ニ生ジ無柄。……………14
- 13 { 沼地ニ生ジ地下莖アリ。子房ハ無毛。花柱ハ短カシ。……………
……………ぬまやなぎ節
- 13 { 山頂部ニ生ジ地下莖ナシ。子房ハ有毛。花柱長シ。……………
……………ほやなぎ節
- 14 { 花柱短シ。小灌木。葉ハ屢々對生ス。……………のやなぎ節
- 14 { 花柱長シ。灌木又ハ喬木。葉ハ互生。……………ばつこやなぎ節
- 15 { 花柱長ク子房ト同長又ハ子房ヨリモ長シ。葉ハ互生通例絹毛ア
リ。……………ねこやなぎ節
- 15 { 花柱短ク屢々之ヲ缺グ。葉ハ互生又ハ對生通例毛ナシ。……………
……………こりやなぎ節

Gn. 2) *Salix* [PLINIUS, Hist. Nat. ed. 1, lib. 5, fol. 136 sin. (1469)—
DIOSCORIDES Lib. I Caput XXVII, interprete VIRGILIO (1518)—
THEOPHRASTUS, Hist. Pl. III, Caput XIII, p. 104, interprete GAZA
(1529)—BRUNFELS, Nov. Herb. II, p. 9 (1530), Herb. III, p. 239
(1536)—TRAGUS, Stirp. III, p. 1077, interprete KYBERO (1552)—
MATTHIOLUS, Med. Sen. Comm. p. 116 fig. (1554)—DODONÆUS, Neuv

Herb. p. 743, fig. (1578); Pempt. p. 830, fig. (1583)—GERARDE, Hist. Pl. p. 1203 (1597)—BAUHINUS, Pinax p. 473 (1623)—RAIUS, Hist. p. 1419 (1688)—TOURNEFORT, Inst. Rei Herb. p. 590, t. 364 (1700)—BÆRHAAVE, Ind. Pl. II, p. 210 (1720)—LINNÆUS, Gen. Pl. ed. 1, p. 300, no. 441 (1737)]; Sp. Pl. ed. 1, p. 1015 (1753); Gen. Pl. ed. 5, p. 447, no. 976 (1754)—DUHAMEL, Traité Arb. II, p. 243 (1755)—SCOPOLI, Fl. Carn. p. 406 (1760)—ADANSON, Fam. Pl. p. 376 (1763)—HOFFMANN, Salix p. 17 (1787)—JUSSIEU, Gen. Pl. p. 407 (1789)—SCHREBER, Gen. Pl. p. 674, no. 1493 (1789)—NECKER, Elem. Bot. III, p. 262 (1790)—GÆRTNER, Fruct. & Sem. Pl. II, p. 55 t. 90, fig. 3 (1791)—MÖENCH, Method. I, p. 335 (1794)—DESFONTAINES, Fl. Atl. II, p. 361 (1798)—VENTENAT, Tab. Règne Vég. III, p. 554 (1799)—J. ST. HILAIRE, Exposit. Fam. Pl. II, p. 317 (1805)—LAMARCK & DC. Syn. Fl. Gall. p. 177 (1806)—PERSOON, Syn. Pl. II, p. 598 (1809)—WILLDENOW, Baumz. p. 422 (1811)—LAMARCK & DC. Fl. Franc. ed. 3, p. 282 (1815)—FORBES, Salic. Wobur. p. 1 (1829)—LINDLEY, Syn. Brit. Fl. p. 229 (1829)—ENDLICHER, Gen. Pl. p. 290, no. 1903 (1836)—MEISSNER, Pl. Vasc. Gen. I, p. 348 (1836)—SPACH, Hist. Vég. X, p. 361 (1841)—ANDERSSON, Salic. Lapp. p. 15 (1845)—HARTIG, Forst. Cult. Deut. p. 374 (1851)—TRAUTVETTER in LEDEBOUR, Fl. Ross. III, pt. 2, p. 598 (1851)—PETZOLD & KIRCHNER, Arb. Musc. p. 571 (1864)—WIMMER, Salic. Europ. p. XVII (1866)—ANDERSSON in DC. Prodr. XVI, pt. 2, p. 190 (1868)—LANGE in WILLKOMM & LANGE, Prodr. Fl. Hisp. I, 225 (1870)—KOCH, Dendrol. II, p. 498 (1872)—BENTHAM & HOOKER, Gen. Pl. III, p. 411 (1880)—PAX in ENGLER & PRANTL, Nat. Pflanzenfam. III, 1, p. 36 (1887)—J. D. HOOKER, Fl. Brit. Ind. V, p. 626 (1888)—KÖEHNE, Deutsch. Dendrol. p. 77 & 85 (1893)—SCHNEIDER, Illus. Handb. Laubholzk. I p. 2 (1904)—SEEMEN in ASCHERSON & GRÆBNER, Syn. IV, p. 54 (1908).

Syn. *Gruenera* OPIZ, Seznam. p. 48 (1852), nom.

Chamistea KERNER in Verh. Bot. Zool. Gesells. Wien. X, p. 275 (1860)—DIPPEL, Handb. Laubholzk. II, p. 212 (1892).

Fruticuli vel frutices vel arborescentes vel arbores vulgo dioici, rarius

monœci. Folia maxime decidua rarissime persistentia petiolata simplicia serrata vel integra penninervia maxime alterna, rarissime subopposita vel opposita, stipullata vel exstipullata. Squama gemmarum vulgo unica calyptriformis ventre vulgo valvatim connata rarissime imbricata, sed interdum squamæ tres tum imbricatæ scariosæ. Amenta præcocia vel cætanea sessilia vel pedunculata, vulgo erecta rarius declinata. Bractea in quoque flore unica quæ maxime cum calyce dorsi-ventrali toto adhærens persistens vel in flore fæmineo sæpe decidua. Petala in glandula transformantia in quoque flore ventrali 1 vel 2 vel dorsi-ventrali 2 vel 3 vel rotato 4 vel 5 vel in cupulam conniventia, in forma varia. Stamina tantum in floribus masculis developa vulgo laterali 2 vel in unico conniventia, vel 3, 4, 5, 6 vel 7-20. Filamenta libera vel basi vel toto conniventia glabra vel infra medium pilosa. Ovarium in floribus masculis nullum rarissime abortivum rudimentale, in floribus fæmineis bene evolutum sessile vel stipitatum glabrum vel pilosum vel sericeum vel lanatum, cum carpellis binis oppositis componens ita placenta 2 basilari-parietalia, rarissime carpella libera tum ovaria in quoque bractea 2 qua placentum unicum laterale portant. Styli nulli vel elongati bifidi vel apice emarginatim lobati. Stigmata 2 vel 4 brevia vel elongata. Capsula vulgo bivalvata sed in apocarpis univalvata. Semina oblonga basi comis argenteis deciduis suffulta. Cotyledones oblongi. Radicula infera.

Species circ. 200 quæ maxime in regionibus temperatis Europæ, Asiæ et Americæ borealis indigenæ, interdum in regionibus arcticis vel subtropicis incola. In Korea adhuc species 32 inventæ, quæ in sectiones sequentes dividuendæ.

- | | | |
|---|---|--|
| 1 | { | Gemma cum squamis tribus imbricatis. ...Subgn. <i>Pleiolepis</i> |
| | | Folia æstivatione convoluta. Amenta cætanea. Bracteæ persistentes. Flos masculus cum glandulis 3-5 (6) vel cupulare connatis, staminibus 6 (5-7), pistillo abortivo 2 vel nullo. |
| | | Flos fæmineus cum glandulis 1-2 rarissime cupularibus, ovario stipitato glabro, stigmate persistente.....Sect. <i>Glandulosæ</i> |
| | | Gemma cum squama unica.Subgn. <i>Calyptralepis</i>2 |

- 2 { Squama gemmarum ventrali imbricata. Folia æstivatione convoluta. Amenta cætanea declinata vel dependentia. Flos masculus cum glandulis 2-3 dorsi-ventralibus, staminibus 5, filamentis basi hirtellis. Flos fæmineus cum bractea decidua, glandulis ventrali 2 liberis vel paulo connatis, ovario stipitato glabro, ramis stylosum post anthesin emarcidis.....
 Sect. *Urbanianæ*
- 3 { Squama gemmarum ventrali valvatim connata. Stigmata persistentia.3
 { Stamina 3 (4-5) vel 5 (3-12).4
 { Stamina 1-2 (1-3).5
- 4 { Flos masculus cum staminibus 5 (3-12), glandulis 4 (2-6). Amenta cætanea. Bracteæ persistentes. Flos fæmineus cum glandulis dorsi-ventrali 2 vel cupulare connatis, ovario stipitato glabro.....Sect. *Pentandræ*
 { Flos masculus cum staminibus 3 (4-5), glandulis dorsi-ventrali 2 (3). Amenta subpræcocia vel cætanea. Bracteæ persistentes. Flos fæmineus cum glandula unica ventrale, ovario stipitato glabro.Sect. *Triandræ*
- 5 { Folia exteriora nonnulla (ie. in parte basilare ramulorum posita) æstivatione convoluta, interiora vel superiora omnino revoluta. Series *Notospeiophyllæ*.....
 { Amenta præcocia. Glandula unica ventralis. Styli elongati. Ovarium sericeum.....Sect. *Viminales*
 { Folia omnia æstivatione convoluta.6
- 6 { Stamina 2, filamentis interdum basi paulo connatis.....7
 { Stamina 2 in uno connata, ita anthera quadrilocularis.....15
- 7 { Flos masculus cum glandulis 2 dorsi-ventralibus. Flos fæmineus cum glandula unica solitaria, interdum dorsalis minima evoluta.8
 { Flos masculus et fæmineus cum glandula unica ventrale.....11

- 8 { Arbores. Rami fragiles. Amenta præcocia vel subcætanea.
Filamenta basi plus minus pubescentia. Ovarium plus minus
sericeum.....Sect. *Subfragiles*
- Frutices vel fruticuli. Rami non fragiles. Amenta cætanea.
.....9
- 9 { Folia argute serrata nunquam decidua ita rami biennes et
triennes foliis emortuis obtecti. Fruticulus debilis tegetum
densum format. Ovarium glabrum.Sect. *Berberifoliæ*
- Folia decidua vulgo integra.10
- 10 { Fruticulus decumbens vel repens radicans. Amenta brevia
pauciflora. Ovarium glabrum vel parce ciliatum.
..... Sect. *Herbaceæ*
- Frutex virgatus. Amenta plus minus elongata multiflora.
Ovarium lanatum.Sect. *Sericeæ*
- 11 { Ramuli et folia subtus pruinosi. Arbores. Amenta præcocia.
Styli elongati.Sect. *Daphnoideæ*
- Ramuli et folia non pruinosa.12
- 12 { Amenta cætanea ie in apice ramuli hornotini terminalia.....13
- Amenta præcocia sæpe sessilia.14
- 13 { Frutices paludosi erecti erhizomati. Ovarium glabrum. Styli
breves.Sect. *Myrtilloides*
- Frutices erhizomati monticola sæpe effusi vel procumbentes.
Ovarium pilosum. Styli elongati.Sect. *Phylicifoliæ*
- 14 { Styli breves. Frutices debiles. Folia sæpe opposita.
..... Sect. *Incubaceæ*
- Styli elongati. Frutices vel arbores. Folia alterna.....
..... Sect. *Caprææ*
- 15 { Styli elongati ovario æquilongi vel eum superantes. Folia
alterna vulgo sericea.Sect. *Gracilistyleæ*
- Styli brevissimi sæpe nulli. Folia alterna vel opposita, vulgo
glabra.Sect. *Helix*

おほばやなぎ節

芽ノ鱗片ハ一個ニシテ腹面ノ縁ハ相重ナル。雄花穂ハ彎曲下降シ花後落ツ。苞ハ基部ニ於テ蜜腺ト雄蕊ト相癒合ス故ニ苞ハ落ツルコトナシ。三乃至五脈ヲ有ス。蜜腺ハ背面ニ一個、腹面ニ二個（癒合シテ一個トナルコトモアリ）。雄蕊五個、腹面ノ一本ハ最長ニシテ蜜腺ニ相對ス背面ノ二本ハ腹面ノモノヨリ稍短ク側面ノ二本ハ最モ短シ。花糸ハ長ク基部ニ毛アリ。雌花穂ハ下垂シ苞ハ薄膜質花後落ツ。背面ノ蜜腺ハナク側面ノモノモナキカ又ハ唯一個發達シテ基部腹面ノ蜜腺ニ連ナル。腹面ニハ二個アリテ或ハ離生シ或ハ中央以上迄相癒合ス。雄蕊ハナシ。子房ハ有柄、花柱ハ一個深ク二又ス。柱頭ハ花柱ノ各枝ニ二個宛ニシテ花後枯レテ落ツ。

沿海州、烏蘇利、朝鮮、樺太、北海道、本島ニ互リ三種一變種アリ。其中一種ハ北朝鮮ヨリ中部朝鮮ノ山地ニ迄分布ス。

2. ひろはたちやなぎ

（第六、七圖）

雌雄異株ノ喬木ニシテ幹ハ直立シ太キモノハ胸高ノ所ニ於イテ直徑八十センチニ達ス。樹膚ハ汚褐灰色ニシテ縦ニ不規則ニ割レ固シ。小枝ハ綠色、冬期ハ黃化シ光澤アリ若キ時モ毛ナシ。芽ハ帶卵長橢圓形ニシテ光澤アリ厚ク腹面ノ縁ハ相重ナリ内縁ニ毛アリ。多數ノ脈アリ。葉ハ長橢圓形又ハ廣披針形又ハ帶披針形長橢圓形、基脚ハ丸ク或ハ截形又ハ尖リ稀ニ弱心臟形、先端ハ鋭尖、嫩葉ハ始メ背面ハ帶褐色ノ毛アレドモ早ク無毛トナリ長サ三乃至十センチ半幅一、二センチ乃至三、五センチ縁ニ鋸齒アリ。表面ハ稍光澤アリ裏面ハ白蠟質、葉柄ハ長サ五乃至十五ミリ始メ早落性ノ白毛アレドモ後無毛トナル。長枝ノ葉ハ大ナルハ長サ十五センチ幅五センチニ達シ托葉アリ。托葉ハ耳狀葉質、雄花穂ハ傾下シ基脚ニ苞狀葉ヲ三乃至四枚又ハ同時ニ葉ヲ二乃至三枚ツケ長サ二センチ半乃至四センチ半、花軸ハ無毛、苞ハ倒卵形内凹三乃至五脈アリ先端丸ク長サ二ミリ半膜質淡白ク縁ニ微毛アリ。蜜腺ハ腹面ニ一個背面ニ一個各扁タク長シ。雄蕊ハ五個腹面ニアル一本ハ腹面ノ蜜腺ニ相對シ最モ長ク中央ニ位シ六乃至七ミリアリ。側面ノ二本ハ最モ短ク長サ三乃至四ミリ、背面ノ二本ハ背面ノ蜜腺ノ腹側ニ位置シ腹面ノ雄蕊トホボ同長ナリ。花

糸ハ皆基部ニ毛アリ。葯ハ丸ク黄色長サ半ミリ。花粉ハ丸キ四面體ニシテ稍粒狀ノ面ヲ有ス。雌花穂ハ下垂シ若枝ノ先端ニ生ジ長サ四乃至六センチ花梗アリ。花軸ハ無毛、苞ハ淡黄色膜質、橢圓形先端尖リ又ハ丸シ。縁並ニ背面ニ微毛アリ三脈ヲ有シ花後落ツ。腹面ノ蜜腺二個ト稀ニ側面ノ一個ト共ニ發達ス。子房ハ無毛有柄帶卵長橢圓形又ハ帶卵披針形先端ハ二又セル花柱ニ向ヒ次第ニ細マリ、一室。柱頭ハ二又シ花後枯死シテ落ツ。胎坐ハ基底ニ二個アリ各二個ノ卵子ヲ有ス。卵子ハ倒生、果穂ハ長ク長サ五乃至十一センチ。蒴ハ無毛長サ五ミリ。種子ハ狹長橢圓形基部細ク長サーミリ半。冠毛ハ純白色。

咸北、咸南、平北、江原ノ山間ノ清流ニ沿ヒテ生ズ。

朝鮮ノ特産ナリ。

Salix Sect. *Urbanianæ* SEEMEN apud SCHNEIDER in SARGENT, Pl. Wils. III, pt. 1, p. 103 (1916), pro parte—NAKAI in Bull. Soc. Dendrol. France no. 66, p. 7 (1928).

Syn. *Salix* Stirps VI. ANDERSSON, Monogr. Salic. p. 30 (1863), pro parte.

Salix § 6. *Lucidæ* v. *Pentandræ* ANDERSSON in DC. Prodr. XVI, Sect. 2, pt. 2, p. 205 (1868), pro parte.

Salix A. *Didymadeniæ* α . *Pleonandræ* β . *Dolichostylæ* II. *Urbanianæ* SEEMEN, Salic. Jap. p. 15 (1903).

Salix Sect. 2. *Pentandræ* DUMORTIER ex SCHNEIDER, l. c. p. 98, pro parte.

Salix Subgn. *Pleuñadeniæ* KIMURA in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XLI, p. 498 (1927).

Toisusu KIMURA in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XLII, p. 288 (1928).

Squama gemmæ 1 ventre imbricato-marginata. Amenta mascula declinata post anthesin decidua. Bracteæ basi cum glandulis et staminibus connatæ ita persistentes 3-5 nerves. Glandula dorsalis 1, ventrales 2 connatim 1. Stamina 5, ventrale 1 longissimum glandulam ventralem oppositum, lateralia 2 brevissima, dorsalia 2 ventrale paulo breviora vel subæquilonga. Filamenta elongata basi hirtella. Amenta fæminea pendula; bracteæ membranaceæ post anthesin deciduæ;

glandula dorsalis nulla, laterales nullæ vel unica evoluta tum basi cum ventralibus connata, ventrales 2 liberæ vel basi vel usque supra medium connatæ; stamina nulla; ovarium stipitatum; stylus 1 alte bifidus; stigmata in quoque ramo styli 2 post anthesin siccato-perdunt et decidua.

Species tres (*Salix cardiophylla* TRAUTVETTER & MEYER, *S. Urbaniana* SEEMEN et ejus varietas *Schneideri* MIYABE & KUDO, *S. Maximowiczii* KOMAROV), quarum postrema in Korea endemica.

2. *Salix Maximowiczii* KOMAROV.

(Tabulæ nostræ VI & VII.)

Salix Maximowiczii KOMAROV in Acta Hort. Petrop. XVIII, p. 442 (1901); XXII, p. 25 tab. 1 (1903); XXV, p. 813 (1907)—NAKAI in Journ. Coll. Sci. Tokyo XXXI, p. 214 (Fl. Koreana II) (1911)—SCHNEIDER in SARGENT, Pl. Wils. III, p. 100 (1916)—NAKAI, Veg. Diamond Mts. p. 169 no. 166 (1918)—MORI, Enum. Corean Pl. p. 110 (1922)—NAKAI in Bull. Soc. Dendrol. France no. 66, p. 7 (1928).

Syn. *Toisusu cardiophylla* var. *Maximowiczii* KIMURA in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XLII, p. 289 (1928).

Arbor dioica erecta alta. Truncus maximus diametro 0,8 metralis. Cortex sordide fuscescenti-cinereus longitudine irregulariter fissus durus. Ramuli virides in hieme flavidi lucidi, juventute glabri. Gemma ovato-oblonga lucida, squama coriacea ventre libera et margine imbricata, margine interiore parce pilosella, dorso multinervis. Folia oblonga vel late lanceolata vel lanceolato-oblonga basi obtusa vel truncata vel acuta rarissime subcordata apice attenuata imprimò dorso supra costam fuscescenti-pilosa mox glabrescentia 3–10,5 cm. longa 1,2–3,5 cm. lata margine serrulata supra luciduscula infra pruinosa; petioli 5–15 mm. longi primo pilis caducissimis albo-hirtelli mox glabrescentes. Folia turionum majora usque 15 cm. longa 5 cm. lata stipullata, stipulis auriculatis foliaceis. Amenta mascula declinata basi cataphyllis 3–4 interdum semel foliis 2–3 suffulta 2,5–4,5 cm. longa, axis glabra, bracteæ obovatæ concavæ 3–5 nerviæ obtusæ 2,5 mm. longæ membranaceæ margine pilosæ albidæ; glandula ventralis unica oblonga,



ひろはたちやなぎ、咸鏡南道長津郡牙德嶺ノ溪谷ニテ寫ス。
Salix Maximowiczii KOMAROV, photographed in the valley
of Mt. Gatok-Rei, Chōshin County, in the Province of
Kankyo-Nandō, in July, 1914.

dorsalis unica late subulata ; stamina 5, ventrale 1 glandulam oppositum longissimum centrali positum 6-7 cm. longum, lateralia 2 brevissima 3-4 mm. longa, dorsalia 2 glandulæ dorsali ventrali-lateralialia elongata cum ventrale subæquilonga ; filamenta omnia basi hirtella ; antheræ

rotundatae flavae 0,5 mm. longae; pollen sphaerico-tetrahydrale subgranulosum. Amenta faeminea dependentia in apice ramulorum hornotinorum brevium terminalia 4-6 cm. longa pedunculata; axis glabra; bracteae pallidae flavescentes membranaceae ellipticae acutiusculae vel obtusiusculae margine et dorso parce pilosae trinerviae post anthesin deciduae; glandulae ventrali evolutae 2 vel 3 ie. 2 ventrali-laterales basi saepe connatae 1 laterale si evoluta basi cum glandula alia connata; ovarium glabrum stipitatum ovato-oblongum vel ovato-lanceolatum apice in stylum bifidum sensim angustatum uniloculare; stigmata bifida post anthesin emortua ex stylis inarticulatim sejuncta; placenta 2 basilaria in quoque placento 2 ovulata; ovula anatropa. Amenta fructifera elongata 5-11 cm. longa. Capsula glabra 5 mm. longa bivalvis lucida. Semina anguste oblonga basi contracta 1,5 mm. longa. Coma candissima.

Hab.

Prov. Kanhok: Mt. Shayurei (CHUNG no. 905); secus torrentem pedemontis Kanbōhō (T. NAKAI no. 6844 fr.); Shuotsu (T. NAKAI no. 6845 fr.).

Prov. Kannan: Baidenhei (T. NAKAI no. 1521 fr.); Kakatsuyō (T. MORI); secus torrentem montis Gatokurei (T. NAKAI no. 1926); Mt. Kimpairei (T. ISHIDOYA no. 5214 ♂, 5215 ♂, 5191 ♂, 5221 ♀, 5225 ♀); Taimintaidō (T. ISHIDOYA no. 5216 ♀, 5220 ♀, 5222 ♀, 5217 ♂, 5218 ♂, 5226 ♀, 5230 ♂); Jyōreiri (T. ISHIDOYA no. 4332); Kōsuiin (T. ISHIDOYA no. 5223).

Prov. Heihok: Kōshō Nanshadō (S. GOTŌ, ♂ & ♀); Mt. Myohōzan (C. KONDO no. 38 fr.); Sakushū Ryōzanmen (T. SAWADA, ♂ & ♀); Syōjyō Shinsōmen (T. SAWADA, ♀); Kōshō Saichikudō (S. GOTŌ).

Prov. Kōgen: Mt. Kongōsan (T. NANAI no. 5309); ibidem (CHUNG); Mt. Godaizan (T. ISHIDOYA no. 6540); Mt. Taihakusan (T. ISHIDOYA no. 5655 fr.; 2028, 5626).

This plant is endemic in Korea. Our young salicologist Mr. A. KIMURA has reduced this with *Salix Urbaniana* to *Salix cardiophylla*. But this willow differs from both *Salix cardiophylla* and *Salix Urbaniana* by the shape of the leaves and the flowers. *Salix*

Maximowiczii is nearest to *Salix Urbaniana* var. *Schneideri* MIYABE & KUDO. When Prof. KOMAROV payed a visit to our herbarium during his attendance to the Third Pan-Pacific Congress held in Tokyo, 1926 and saw the specimens of *Salix Urbaniana* var. *Schneideri*, he said that he can not discriminate it from his *Salix Maximowiczii*. Yet, *Salix Urbaniana* var. *Schneideri* has broader leaves and the ovaries pilose at the basal portion. The glands of the female flowers are almost invariably distinct. Mr. KIMURA being encouraged by the words of Prof. KOMAROV put these three species together. He separated the group of *Salix cardiophylla* from *Salix* naming as *Toisusu*. The ventral-lateral glands of the female flowers are the remnant of the former five glands in a set. When these two glands begin to unite, they take such a form as designated in the figure B and C of the plate VII, and gradually transform to the one ventral gland of ordinary flowers of *Salix*. The catkins of this group are drooping or nodding, but unlike *Populus* and *Chosenia*, the pollens are carried by insects. Without doubt, the group of *Salix cardiophylla* represents a distinct section of *Salix*, but there seems no good reason to separate it from *Salix* as a genus *Toisusu*.

あかめやなぎ節

芽ノ鱗片ハ三個ニシテ相重ナル。嫩葉ハ内卷ス。花穂ハ傾上ス。苞ハ落チズ。雄花ハモト六個ノ蜜腺ヲ有スレドモ多クハ減數シテ三個乃至五個トナリ又ハ杯狀ニ相癒合ス。雄蕊ハ六個（稀ニ五個又ハ七個）蜜腺ト互生ス。雌蕊ハ痕跡二個アルカ又ハ全クナシ。雌花ハ減數シテ一個又ハ二個トナリ又ハ杯狀ヲナス蜜腺ヲ有ス。子房ハ有柄、柱頭ハ四個無柄永存性。

東亞ニ四種アリ。其中ノ一種ハ朝鮮ニモ自生ス。

3. あかめやなぎ

（第七、八圖）

雌雄異株ノ喬木ニシテ高サ十五乃至二十米突ニ達シ、幹ノ直徑ハ一米突以上ニ達スルアリ。樹膚ハ深ク縦ニ溝アリ。二年生ノ枝ハ光澤アリ帶

紅黄色、一年生ノ枝ハ帶黄綠色又ハ黄色始メ毛アレドモ後無毛トナル。芽ハ卵形長サ二乃至三ミリ、鱗片ハ三個相重ナリ。稍硬ク光澤アリ。葉序ハ五分ノ二、托葉ハ通例發達シ耳形ニシテ葉質ナリ。葉柄ハ始メ微毛アレドモ間モナク無毛トナリ長サ二乃至十ミリ背面ニ皺アリ。先端ニ櫻屬ノ如ク二個乃至三個ノ蜜腺ヲ有ス。嫩葉ハ内卷。葉身ハ長橢圓形又ハ橢圓形基脚或ハ丸ク或ハ截形先端ハ急ニ尖リ又ハ著シク尖ル。長サ二センチ半乃至十一センチ幅一、四センチ乃至四、八センチ表面ハ無毛光澤アリ裏面ハ淡白ク無毛又ハ基脚ニ近ク微毛アリ。縁ニハ内曲ノ小鋸齒アリ。雄花穂ハ傾上シ或ハ彎曲シ基部ニ葉ヲ附ケザレドモ苞狀葉ノ葉狀化セルモノヲ一個乃至三個宛有スルモアリ。花軸ハ絨毛アリ。苞ハ永存性内凹、丸ク背面ハ無毛内面ニ毛アリ基部ハ花糸ト癒合シ長サ一ミリ半、蜜腺ハ六個ナレドモ背腹ノ各二個宛ハ互ニ相癒合スル故四個トナルモノ多ク又癒合ニ依リテ三個又ハ五個トナルモアリ。雄蕊ハ六個長サ二乃至三ミリナレドモ腹側面ノ二本ハ短クシテ長サ一乃至二ミリニ過ギズ。花糸ハ無毛、細シ、葯ハ丸ク花軸ニ向ヒ黄色ナリ。子房ハ痕跡二個アリテ雄蕊ノ中央ニ左右ニ並ブ。雌花穂ハ傾上シ長サ二乃至四センチ有柄基部ニ二個乃至三個ノ葉ヲ附ケ又ハ全ク葉ナシ、花軸ニ絨毛アリ。苞ハ永存性丸ク外側ハ無毛内側ニ毛アリ。長サ一ミリ半、蜜腺ハ通例一個宛腹面ニ位シ又ハ幅廣ク側方ニ彎曲シ稀ニ不完全ナル輪狀トナルアリ。子房ハ有柄帶卵長橢圓形長サ一ミリ半先端ハ短カキ花柱ニ向ヒ次第ニ細マル、一室、柱頭ハ四個極メテ短シ、卵子ハ各胎坐ニ四個乃至五個ニ列ニ並ブ、果穂ハ長サ六乃至九センチ、蒴ハ長サ一乃至一ミリ半ノ柄アリ卵形ニシテ長サ三ミリ無毛、二瓣ニ開ク。

全南、群島、慶南、慶北、江原ノ諸道ニ生ズ。

(分布) 本島、四國、支那中部。

一種枝ト葉柄トニ毛アルアリ之ヲ**けあかめやなぎ**ト謂フ。

全南、慶南、忠南、忠北ノ諸道ニ生ズ。

Salix sect. **Glandulosæ** KIMURA in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XLII, p. 65 (Jan. 1928)—NAKAI in Bull. Soc. Dendrol. France no. 66, p. 7 (Mao 1928).

Syn. *Salix* sect. *Pentandrae* (non DUMORTIER) SEEMEN in ENGLER, Bot. Jahrb. XXI, Beiblatt 53, p. 56 in nota sub *Salix glandulosa* (1896); XXIX, p. 276 (1901).

Salix A. *Didymadeniæ* a. *Pleonandræ* σ . *Brachystylæ* I. *Pentandræ*
SEEMEN, Salic. Jap. p. 15 (1904).

Salix sect. *Tetraspermæ* (non ANDERSSON) SCHNEIDER in SARGENT,
Pl. Wils. III, pt. 1, p. 93 (1916), pro parte.

Salix subgn. *Protitea* KIMURA in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XLII, p. 290
(Maio 1928).

Squamæ gemmarum imbricatim 3 convolutæ. Folia æstivatione
convoluta. Amenta dioica ascendentia. Bracteæ persistentes. Flos
masculus cum glandulis fundamentale 6 sed vulgo reductim 3–5
sæpe conjunctis, staminibus 6 (5–7) cum glandulis alternis, pistilis
2 abortivis vel nullis. Flos fæmineus cum glandulis reductim 1–2
rarissime cupularibus, ovario stipitato, stigmatibus 4 sessilibus persis-
tentibus.

Species 4 (*S. glandulosa* SEEMEN, *S. Kusanoi* SCHNEIDER, *S. swisha-
nensis* HAYATA, *S. Warburgii* SEEMEN), quarum unica in Korea australe
spontanea.

3. *Salix glandulosa* SEEMEN.

(Tabulæ nostræ VII & VIII.)

Salix glandulosa SEEMEN in ENGLER, Bot. Jahrb. XXI, Beiblatt 53,
p. 55 (1896); in ENGLER, Bot. Jahrb. XXIX, p. 276 (Diels. Fl. Central-
China) (1900); Salic. Jap. p. 22, Taf. 1, fig. A–F. (1903)—SHIRAI in
Tokyo Bot. Mag. XVII, p. 223 (1903)—LÉVÉILLE & VANIOT in Bull.
Acad. Int. Geogr. Bot. XIV, p. 208 (1904)—NAKAI in Journ. Coll. Sci.
Tokyo XXXI, p. 214 (1911)—MATSUMURA, Ind. Pl. Jap. II, 2, p. 10
(1912)—KOIDZUMI in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XXVII, p. 87 (1913)—MAKINO
& NEMOTO, Cat. Jap. Pl. Herb. Nat. Hist. Imp. Mus. Tokyo p. 309
(1914)—NAKAI, Veg. Mt. Chirisan p. 28, no. 105 (1915)—MORI, Enum.
Corean Pl. p. 109 (1922)—REHDER in Journ. Arnold Arboretum IV, p.
138 (1923)—MAKINO & NEMOTO, Fl. Jap. p. 1123 (1925)—KIMURA in
Tokyo Bot Mag. XLII, p. 69 (1928).

Syn. *Salix cardiophylla* (non TRAUTVETTER & MEYER) WILSON in
Journ. Arnold Arb. I, no. 1, p. 36 (1919).

Arbor dioica magna ambitu sphærica 15-20 metralis alta, truncus diametro usque 1 metralis vel ultra, cortice longitudine irregulariter fissa. Ramuli biennes lucidi rubescenti-flavi; hornotini flavescenti-virides vel flavidi, primo pilosi demum glabrescentes. Gemmæ ovatæ 2-3 mm. longæ; squamæ 3 imbricatæ coriaceæ lucidæ convolutæ. Phyllotaxis 2/5. Stipulæ vulgo evolutæ auriculatæ foliaceæ. Petioli



あかめやなぎ、慶尙南道達城郡解顔面。
Salix glandulosa SEEMEN in the village Kaiganmen, Tatsujyo
Country, in the Province of Keisho-Nandō.

imprimo adpresse pilosi mox glabrescentes 2–10 mm. longi dorso rugosi apice ut *Pruno* glandulis 2–3 portantes. Lamina aestivatione convoluta, oblonga vel elliptica basi obtusa vel truncata apice mucronata vel acuminata vel attenuata 2,5–11 cm. longa 1,4–4,8 mm. lata supra glabra lucida venis primariis plus minus elevatis infra glauca vel glaucescentes glabra vel circa basin pilosa, margine incurvato-serrulata. Amenta masculina ascendentia vel flexuosa aphylla vel cataphyllis subfoliaceis 1–3 instructa, 2–6 cm. longa; axis velutina; bracteae persistentes concavae rotundatae dorso glabrae ventre pubescentes basi filamentis connatae 1,5 mm. longae, nectaria 6 quarum 2 dorsalia et ventralia vulgo connata ita vulgo 4, rarius connatim 3 vel 5; stamina 6, 2–3 mm. longa sed ventrali-lateralia brevissima et minima 1–2 mm. longa; filamenta glabra linearia; antherae rotundatae ad axin spectantes flavae; ovaria 2 abortiva minima in medio staminorum posita glabra. Amenta faeminea ascendentia 2–4 mm. longa pedunculata basi foliis 2–3 (interdum nullis) instructa; axis velutina; squamae persistentes rotundatae extus glabrae intus pubescentes 1,5 mm. longae; nectarium solitarium vulgo ventrale et lateralem curvatum interdum imperfecte annulare; ovarium unicum stipitatum ovato-oblongum 1,5 mm. longum apice in stylos brevissimos sensim contractum cum stipite aequilongum uniloculare; stigmata 4; ovula in quoque placenta biserialia 4–5. Amenta fructifera 6–9 cm. longa. Capsula stipite 1–1,5 mm. longo ovata 3 mm. longa glabra 2-valvata.

Varietates duae adsunt.

Salix glandulosa var. **pilosa** NAKAI.

Ramuli et petioli pilosi.

Hab.

Prov. Zennan: Inter Shigairi et Yakusui tractu Chōjyō (S. TATE).

Prov. Keinan: Chinkai (T. NAKAI no. 10901 fr.—typus in Herb.

Imp. Univ. Tokyo); Mt. Seishūzan (T. SAWADA ♀); Mt. Kachisan (T. SAWADA ♀), Kyoshō (T. ISHIDOYA & CHUNG no. 4573 ♀).

Prov. Chūnan: Taiden (T. ISHIDOYA no. 3841 ♀, 3846 ♂, 3849 ♂, 3850 ♂, 3851 ♂, 3852 ♀, 3853 ♂, 3854 ♀, 3855 ♂, 3858,

3859 ♀, 3861 ♀, 3862 ♀, 3863 ♀, 3886 ♀); Heisenri (CHUNG & PAK ♀).

Prov. Chūhok: Chūshū (T. ISHIDOYA no. 3836 ♀); Seishū (T. ISHIDOYA no. 3833, 3838 ♀); Eidō (T. ISHIDOYA no. 3857 ♂, 3864 ♀, 3865 ♂, 3866 ♂, 3868 ♂); Fukō (T. ISHIDOYA no. 3839 ♂); Sōhyōmen (CHUNG & PAK).

Salix glandulosa SEEMEN var. **glabra** NAKAI.

Hæc est varietas typica cum ramis et foliis glabris. In juventute ramuli sub folia et costa foliorum pilosella sed mox glabrescentia.

Hab.

Prov. Zennan: Wangtō (T. NAKAI no. 10909); Chintō (T. NAKAI no. 9370); Keigenmen tractu Muan (T. NAKAI no. 9371); Mt. Mutōsan (S. FUKUBARA); inter Shigairi & Yaksuitei (S. TATE); Chōjyō (T. NAKAI).

Prov. Keinan: Raktō (T. UCHIYAMA); Chōsen (T. UCHIYAMA).

Prov. Keihok: Kōkō (T. NAKAI no. 4721); Taikyu (T. NAKAI no. 7832); Mt. Hakkōzan (T. SAWADA); Mt. Zitsugetsuzan (T. SAWADA); Kaiganmen (T. NAKAI no. 7831 ♀).

Prov. Kōgen: Mt. Chigakusan (CHUNG).

Distr. Hondo, Shikoku, Kiusiu & China centralis.

てりはやなぎ節

芽ノ鱗片ハ一個腹面ハ鑷合狀ニ相癒着ス。嫩葉ハ内卷、穂ハ直立又ハ傾上、苞ハ永存性、雄花ハ二個乃至六個ノ蜜腺ト五個(三個乃至十二個)ノ雄蕊ヲ有ス。雌花ハ二個ノ離生又ハ杯狀ニ癒着スル蜜腺ト有柄ノ子房ト二又スル花柱ト四個ノ柱頭トヲ有ス。

歐亞兩洲ニ互リ三種アリ、其中一種ハ北朝鮮ニ自生ス。

4. てりはやなぎ

(第拾圖)

高サ二米突乃至三米突許ノ灌木、二年生ノ枝ハオリーブ色ニシテ光澤アリ。一年生ノ枝ハ綠色無毛、芽ハ卵形先端ハ少シク屈曲シ褐色光澤ア

リ。一枚ノ鱗片ヲ有ス。嫩葉ハ内卷無毛、苞狀葉ハ二個又ハ三個漸次内方ニ向ヒ葉ニ移行シ、先端ニ長キ絹毛アリ。葉柄ハ長サ二乃至十四ミリ表面ノ央以上ニ縁ニ乳頭狀ノ腺アリ。葉身ハ長橢圓形基脚ハ尖リ先端ハ鋭尖又ハ漸尖又ハトガリ縁ニハ同形ノ小鋸齒アリ、下方ノ鋸齒ハ屢々腺ニ化ス。葉身ノ長サ一、七センチ乃至七、八センチ幅乃至三十五ミリ、表面ハ綠色光澤ニ富ミ裏面ハ淡綠色、花穂ハ若枝ノ先端ニ生ジ有柄、花梗ノ先端ニ二個乃至三個ノ苞アリ、花軸ハ白キ微毛生ズ。雄花ハ長橢圓舟形ノ微毛アル苞ト腹背ニ各一個ノ蜜腺ト五個又ハ六個ノ雄蕊ト基部多少癒合シ密毛アル花糸ト黄色ノ葯トヲ有ス。未ダ雌花ヲ見ズ。果穂ハ長サ二乃至五センチ、有柄、苞ハ落ツ、腹面ノ蜜腺ハ二又ス。蒴ハ短カキ柄ヲ有シ長サ七ミリ光澤アリ。花柱及ビ柱頭ハ永存性。

咸南甲山郡、咸北茂山郡ノ深山ニ生ジ稀品ナリ。

歐亞兩洲ニ産スル *Salix pentandra* LINNÆUS トカムチャツカニ産スル *Salix pseudopentandra* FLÖDERUS トノ中間ニ位シ灌木性ナル事ト枝ノオリーブ色ナル點ハ後者ニ似タレドモ花形ハ前者ニ同ジ。

Salix sect. **Pentandræ** DUMORTIER in Bijdr. Nat. Wetens. I, p. 58 (1825) —TŒPFFER, Salic. Bav. p. 44 (1915) —NAKAI in Bull. Soc. Dendrol. France no. 66, p. 9 (1928).

Syn. *Salix* cohors *Fragiles* KOCH, Salic. Europ. Comm. p.p. 11 & 13 (1828), pro parte—REICHENBACH, Fl. Germ. Excurs. II, p. 172 (1831), pro parte—MUTEL, Fl. Franc. III, p. 196 (1836), pro parte—KOCH, Syn. Fl. Germ. & Helv. ed. 1, p. 642 (1837), pro parte—SPACH, Hist. Nat. Vég. X, p. 363 (1841)—REICHENBACH, Icon. XI, p. 28 (1849), pro parte—TRAUTVETTER in LEDEBOUR, Fl. Ross. III, pt. 2, p. 596 (1851), pro parte—PETZOLD & KIRCHNER, Arb. Musc. p. 587 (1864), pro parte—WIMMER, Salic. Europ. p. LXXV (1866), pro parte—ČELAKOVSKÝ, Prodr. Fl. Böhm. II, pt. 1, p. 132 (1871), pro parte—DIPPEL, Handb. Laubholz. II, p. 214 (1892), pro parte—KŒHNE, Deutsche Dendrol. p.p. 86 & 89 (1893), pro parte.

Salix—Chrysolepideæ—Phygalepideæ TRAUTVETTER in Linnæa X, p. 572 (1836), pro parte.

Salix 1. *Pentandræ* BORRER ex LOUDON, Arb. & Fruct. Brit. III, p. 1503 (1838)—BABINGTON, Man. Brit. Bot. ed. 1, p. 270 (1843).

Salices fragiles (KOCH) apud DÖELL, Rheinische Flora p. 260 (1843).

Salix Sect. 1. *Amerina* FRIES a *Fragiles* GRENIER & GODRON, Fl. Franc. III, p. 124 (1855), pro parte—LANGE in WILLKOMM & LANGE, Prodr. Fl. Hisp. I, p. 225 & 226 (1870), pro parte.

Salix 1. *Serotinæ* DÖELL, Fl. Bad. II, p. 486 (1859), pro parte.

Salix Sect. 1. *Vitisalix* DUMORTIER subsect. *Lycus* DUMORTIER ex BABINGTON in SEEMANN, Journ. Bot. I, p. 170 (1863) — SYME in SOWERBY, Engl. Bot. III, p. 201 (1873).

Salix A. *Salices Pleiandræ* b. *Temperatæ* Stirpes VI, *Salices lucidæ* v. *S. pentandræ* ANDERSSON, Monogr. I, p. 30 (1863).

Salix Pleiandræ 2. *Temperatæ* § 6. *Lucidæ* v. *pentandræ* ANDERSSON in DC. Prodr. XVI, pt. 1, p. 205 (1868).

Salix Sect. *Pentandræ* SEEMEN apud SCHNEIDER, Illus. Handb. I, p. 29 (1904).

Salix Didymadeniæ Pleonandræ Brachystylæ Lucidæ SEEMEN in ASCHERSON & GRÆBNER, Syn. IV, p. 61 (1908).

Salix Sect. *Lucidæ* ANDERSSON apud ROUY, Fl. Franc. XII, p. 191 (1910).

Squama gemmarum I ventre valvatim connata. Folia æstivatione convoluta. Brectæ persistentes. Flores masculi cum glandulis 4 (2-6). Stamina 5 (3-12). Flores fæminei cum glandulis 2 vel connatim cupulare. Ovarium stipitatum. Styli bifidi. Stigmata 4.

Species 3, quarum unica in Korea septentrionali sponte nascit.

4. *Salix pentendra* LINNÆUS

var. *intermedia* NAKAI.

(Tabula nostra X.)

Salix pentendra LINNÆUS [Fl. Lapp. p. 390, t. 8, fig. 3 (1737)]; Sp. Pl. ed. 1, p. 1016 (1753); Fl. Suec. ed. 2, p. 346 (1755); Sp. Pl. ed. 2, II, p. 1442 (1763); Sp. Pl. ed. 3, II, p. 1442 (1764); Syst. Nat. ed. 13, p. 648 (1770)—MURRAY, Syst. Veg. ed. 13, p. 736 (1774); ed. 14, p. 879 (1784)—ALLIONI, Fl. Pedemont. II, p. 183 no. 1956 (1785)—PALLAS, Fl. Ross. I, pt. 2, p. 83 (1788)—ROTH, Tent. Fl. Germ. I, p. 416 (1788)—

VILLARS, Fl. Dauph. III, p. 764 (1789)—GMELIN, Syst. Nat. II, pt. 1, p. 72 (1791)—VITMAN, Summa Pl. V, p. 396 (1791)—SMITH, Fl. Lapp. p. 303, t. 8, fig. 2 (1792)—ROTH, l. c. II, pt. 2, p. 502 (1793)—MÖNCH, Methodus I, p. 335 (1794)—PERSOON, Syst. Nat. ed. 15, p. 921 (1797)—POIRET, Encycl. Méthod. VI, p. 642 (1804)—WILLDENOW, Sp. Pl. II, pt. 2, p. 658 (1805)—PERSOON, Syn. Pl. II, p. 597 (1807)—DIETRIG, Vollst. Lexic. VIII, p. 398 (1808)—WILLDENOW, Baumz. p. 426 (1811)—LAPEYROUS, Hist. Pl. Pyr. p. 593 (1813)—AITON, Hort. Kew. ed. 2, V, p. 353 (1811)—LAMARCK & DC. Fl. Franc. ed. 3, III, p. 287 (1815)—WAHLENBERG, Fl. Goteborg. p. 86 (1820)—SPRENGEL, Syst. Veg. I, p. 100 (1825)—HOST, Salic. p. 1, t. 1 & 2 (1828)—KOCH, Salic. Eur. Comm. p. 13 (1828)—REICHENBACH, Fl. Germ. Excur. II, p. 173 (1831)—CHAMISSO in Linnæa VI, p. 538 (1831)—MUTEL, Fl. Franc. III, p. 190 (1836)—KOCH, Syn. p. 642 (1837)—LOUDON, Arb. & Frutic. Brit. III, p. 1503, fig. 1299 a (1838)—SPACH, Hist. Vég. X, p. 363 (1841)—DCELL, Rhein. Fl. p. 260 (1843)—BABINGTON, Manual Brit. Bot. p. 27 (1843)—ANDERSSON, Salic. Lapp. p. 15 (1845)—REICHENBACH, Icon. XI, p. 29, tab. DCXII-DCXIII (1849)—TRAUTVETTER in LEDEBOUR, Fl. Ross. III, pt. 2, p. 597 (1851), pro parte—GRENIER & GODRON, Fl. Franc. III, pt. 1, p. 124 (1855)—DCELL, Fl. Bad. II, p. 488 (1859)—TRAUTVETTER in MAXIMOWICZ, Prim. Fl. Amur. p. 245 (1859)—ANDERSSON, Monogr. I, p. 35, t. II, fig. 24 (1863)—PETZOLD & KIRCHNER, Arb. Musc. p. 583 (1864)—WIMMER, Salic. Europ. p. 22 (1866)—ANDERSSON in DC. Prodr. XVI, sect. 2, p. 206 (1868)—ČELAKOVSKÝ, Prodr. Fl. Boehm. II, pt. 1, p. 132 (1871)—KOCH, Dendrol. II, p. 518 (1872)—SYME in SOWERBY, Engl. Bot. VIII, p. 202, Pl. MCCCIII (1873)—LAUCHE, Deutsch. Dendrol. p. 321 (1880)—BENTHAM & HOOKER, Handb. Brit. Fl. ed. 5, p. 409 (1887)—BURKILL in Journ. Linn. Soc. XXVI, p. 531 (1889)—DIPPEL, Handb. Laubholzk. II, p. 214 (1892)—KORSCHINSKY in Acta Hort. Petrop. XII, p. 390 (1892)—KÖHNE, Deutsche Dendrol. p. 90 (1893)—BEISSNER, SCHEEL & ZABEL, Laubholzbenn. p. 20 (1903)—KOMAROV in Acta Hort. Petrop. XII, p. 27 (1903)—CAMUS, Monogr. I, p. 84 (1904)—SCHNEIDER, Illus. Handb. I, p. 30, fig. 12, f-f₁ fig. 13

(1904)—SIUZEV in Trav. Mus. Bot. St. Pétersb. IX, p. 87 (1912)—HENRY in ELWES & HENRY, Trees & Shrubs Brit. VII, p. 1747 (1913)—TŒPFFER, Salic. Bav. p. 57 (1915)—NAKAI in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XXXII, p. 30 (1918); Fl. Paiktusan p. 63, no. 86 (1918)—MORI, Enum. Korean Pl. p. 111 (1922)—REHDER, Manual p. 102 (1927).

var. **intermedia** NAKAI, var. nov.

Habitu fruticosa et ramis olivaceis hæc ad *Salix pseudopentandra* [FLODERUS in Arkiv. för Botanik, Band 20 A, no. 6, p. 57, (1927)] accedit, sed folia et flores toto cum eis *Salicis pentandræ* congruerunt.

Frutex 2-3 metralis altus. Ramus annotinus olivaceus lucidus, hornotinus viridis glaberrimus. Gemmæ ovatæ apice leviter curvatæ fuscæ lucidæ a squama unica obtectæ. Folia æstivatione convoluta glabra. Cataphylla 2-3 gradatim in folia transeunt apice sericeo-barbata. Petioli 2-14 mm. longi supra medium margine glanduloso-papillosa. Lamina oblonga basi acuta apice acuminata vel attenuata vel acuta margine æqualiter serrulata, serrulis inferioribus sæpe glandulosis 1,7-9,0 cm. longa 0,8-3,5 cm. lata supra lucida viridissima subtus pallida. Amenta cætanea in apice ramuli hornotini terminalia pedunculata; pedunculi apice bracteis 2-3; axis albo-pilosa. Flos masculus cum bractea oblongo-naviculare pilosa, glandulis binis dorsi-ventralibus; staminibus 5 (6) dorsalibus quam ventrales longioribus; filamentis basi sæpe connatis pilosis. Flores fæminei adhuc ignoti. Amenta fructifera pedunculata 2-5 cm. longa; bracteæ deciduæ, glandula ventralis biloba, capsula brevi-stipitata 7 mm. longa lucida, styli et stigmata persistentia.

Hab.

Prov. Kannan: inter Hôtaizan & Kyokōrei (T. NAKAI no. 1934 fr.)

Prov. Kanhoku: districtu montis Paiktusan (ZEN SHŌ RAN, ♂);

Engan (M. FURUMI no. 440 fr., no. 442); Yuhei (M. FURUMI no. 468 fr.).

たちやなぎ節

芽ノ鱗片ハ唯一個ニシテ腹縁ハ鑷合狀ニ完全ニ癒着ス。嫩葉ハ内卷、苞ハ永存性、雄花ハ腹背ニ位スル二個ノ蜜腺ト三個（四個又ハ五個トナ

ルコトモアリ)ノ雄蕊トヲ有ス。花糸ハ基部ニモアリ。雌花ハ腹面ニ位スル一個ノ蜜腺ト有柄ノ子房ト二又スル花柱ト四個ノ柱頭トヲ有ス。

歐亞兩洲ニ互リ五種アリ、其中一種ハ朝鮮ニモ自生ス。

5. たちやなぎ

(第拾壹圖)

灌木狀後小喬木トナル。幹ノ直徑ハ七乃至八センチニ達ス。末梢ハ綠色、芽ノ鱗片ハ一個、卵形、長サ三乃至七ミリ腹背ノ方向ニ稍扁平ナリ。無毛、長枝ハ無毛ニシテ大形ノ葉ヲ有シ葉柄ハ二十乃至二十三ミリ始メ腹面ニモアレドモ早ク無毛トナル。葉身ハ狹長橢圓形長サ十三乃至十四センチ幅四センチ半乃至五センチニ達シ先端ハ尖リ基脚ハ銳形又ハ弱銳形縁ニ鋸齒アリ表面ハ稍光澤アリ裏ハ白味アリ。老成ノ枝ノ葉ハ多クハ托葉ヲ有シ葉柄ハ長サ三乃至十ミリ、托葉ハ耳形又ハ卵形葉質長サ五乃至十ミリ、葉身ハ披針形尖銳、腺狀ノ鋸齒アリ。長サ六乃至十二センチ幅十三乃至二十五ミリ、表面ハ綠色光澤アリ、裏面ハ白シ。雄花穂ハ短キ若枝ノ先端ニ生ジ直立又ハ傾上シ長サ二乃至五センチ幅十ミリ基脚ニ葉アルモノトナキモノトアリ。花軸ハ短微毛生ジ、雄花ハ長サ一ミリ半乃至三ミリノ狹長橢圓形乃至橢圓形淡綠色三脈背面ノ半以下ニモアル苞ト黃色又ハ帶褐黃色長キ〇、七ミリ帶卵矩形ノ腹腺ト圓柱狀長サ〇、七ミリノ背腺ト三個(稀ニ四個又ハ五個)ノ雄蕊ト長サ四ミリ基ニモアル花糸ト黃色外開スル長サ一ミリノ葯トヲ有ス。雌花穂ハ直立シ長サ一センチ半乃至三センチ半花軸ハ微毛アリ。苞ハ淡綠色長橢圓倒卵形薄ク長サ一ミリ二乃至二ミリ三脈アリ背面ニハ中央以下ニ微毛アリ腹面ニモナシ。蜜腺ハ腹側面ニ二個出デ之ガ次第ニ相寄リテートナル。最上端ノ花ノ蜜腺ハ發達セヌモノアリ。子房ハ約二ミリ長サ一ミリ半ノ柄ヲ有シ。無毛先端ハ花柱ニ向ヒ細マル。柱頭ハ一個短ク二又シ柱頭ハ四個、蒴ハ長サ三ミリ乃至三ミリ半。

平北、咸南、忠北ニ自生アリ。

歐亞兩洲ニ廣ク分布ス。

Salix sect. **Triandræ** DUMORTIER in Bijdr. Nat. Wetens. I, p. 58 (1825)—PETZOLD & KIRCHNER, Arb. Mus. p. 587 (1864)—TŌEPFFER, Salic. Bav. p. 46 (1915)—SCHNEIDER in SARGENT, Pl. Wils. III, pt.

1, p. 106 (1916)—NAKAI in Bull. Soc. Dendr. Franc. no. 66, p. 9 (1928).

Syn. *Salix* cohors *Amygdalinæ* KOCH, Salic. Europ. Comment. p.p. 11 & 17 (1828), pro parte—REICHENBACH, Fl. Germ. Excurs. II, p. 171 (1831), pro parte,—KOCH, Syn. ed. 1, p. 644 (1837), pro parte—SPACH, Hist. Vég. X, p. 367 (1841)—DÖELL, Rhein. Fl. p. 261 (1843), pro parte—REICHENBACH, Icon. XI, p. 27 (1849)—TRAUTVETTER in LEDEBOUR, Fl. Ross. III, pt. 2. p. 600 (1851)—GRENIER & GODRON, Fl. Franc. III pt. 1. p. 126 (1855)—ČELAKOVSKÝ, Prodr. Fl. Böhm. II, pt. 1, p. 133 (1871)—DIPPEL, Handb. Laubholzk. II, p. 223 (1892), pro parte—KÖEHNE, Deutsche Dendrol. p. 86 (1893), pro parte—SCHNEIDER, Illus. Handb. I, p. 30 (1904)—ROUY, Fl. Franc. XII, p. 195 (1910).

Salix—*Chrysolepideæ*—*Triandræ* TRAUTVETTER in Linnæa X, p. 573 (1836).

Salix sect. *Triandræ* BORRER ex LOUDON, Arb. & Frutic. Brit. III, p. 1436 (1838)—BABINGTON, Manual Brit. Bot. p. 271 (1843).

Salix sect. *Serotinæ* DÖELL, Fl. Bad. II, p. 486 (1859), pro parte.

Salices Pleiandræ b. *Temperatæ* stirps *Salices Amygdalinæ* v. *S. triandræ* ANDERSSON, Monogr. p. 19 (1863), pro parte.

Salix cohors II *Amygdalinæ* WIMMER, Salic. Europ. p. LXXV (1866).

Salices Pleiandræ 2 *Temperatæ* §5. *Amygdaliæ* KOCH apud ANDERSSON in DC. Prodr. XVI, sect. 2 p. 200 (1868).

Salix sect. 1. *Vitisalix* subsect. 1. *Amerina* DUMORTIER I. *Triandræ* DUMORTIER ex BABINGTON in SEEMANN, Journ. Bot. I, p. 170 (1863)—SYME in SOWERBY, Engl. Bot. VIII, p. 213 (1873).

Salix sect. *Amerina* FRIES b. *Amygdalinæ* LANGE in WILLKOMM & LANGE, Prodr. Fl. Hisp. I, p. 225 & 226 (1870).

Salix B. *Heteradeniæ* a. *Pleonandræ* IV. *Triandræ* SEEMEN, Salic. Jap. p. 27 (1903); in ASCHERSON & GRÆBNER, Syn. IV, p. 74 (1908).

Squama gemmarum 1 ventre valvatim connata. Folia æstivatione convoluta. Bracteæ persistentes. Flores masculi glandulis 2 dorsi-

ventralibus, staminibus 3 (4-5). Flores fæminei glandulis ventrale 1 vel ventrali-laterale 2, ovario stipitato, stylo 1 bifido, stigmatibus 4.

Species 5 in Eurasia indigenæ, inter eas unica in Korea spontanea.

5. **Salix triandra** LINNÆUS.

var. **discolor** ANDERSSON.

(Tabula nostra XI.)

Salix triandra LINNÆUS, Sp. Pl. ed. 1, p. 1016 no. 2 (1753); ed. 2, II, p. 1442 (1763); ed. 3, II p. 1442 (1763); Syst. nat. ed. 13, III, p. 648, no. 2 (1770)—SCOPOLI, Fl. Carniol. II, p. 259 (1772)—MURRAY, Syst. Veg. ed. 13, p. 736 (1774); ed. 14, p. 879. no 2 (1784)—ALLIONI, Fl. Pedemont. II, p. 183, no. 1954 (1785)—HOFFMANN, Hist. Salic. I, p. 45 t. 9, 10, 23 fig. 2 (1785)—ROTH, Tent. Fl. Germ. I, p. 416 (1788)—PALLAS, Fl. Ross. I, pt. 2, p. 78 (1788)—GMELIN, Syst. Nat. II, pt. 1, p. 72, no. 3 (1791)—VITMAN, Summa Pl. V, p. 396 (1791)—ROTH, l. c. II, p. 501 (1793)—HOST, Syn. Fl. Austr. p. 526 (1798)—PERSOON, Syst. Veg. ed. 15, p. 921 (1797)—VILLARS, Fl. Dauph. III, p. 762 (1789)—HOFFMANN, Deutschl. Fl. ed. 2, I Abt. 2, p. 259 (1804)—POIRET in Encycl. Méthod. VI, p. 645 (1804)—LAMARCK & DC., Syn. Fl. Gall. p. 178 (1806)—PERSOON, Syn. Pl. II, p. 598 (1807)—DIETRIG, Vollst. Lexic. Gärtn. & Bot. VIII, p. 409 (1808)—WILLDENOW, Sp. Pl. IV pt. 2, p. 654 (1805)—AITON, Hort. Kew. ed. 2, V, p. 352 (1811)—WILLDENOW, Baumz. ed. 2, p. 423 (1811)—LAPEYROUS, Hist. Pl. Pyrén, p. 594 (1813)—LAMARCK & DC. Fl. Franc. ed. 3, III, p. 285, no. 2074 (1815)—SPRENGEL, Syst. Veg. I, p. 99 (1825)—MUTEL, Fl. Franc. III, p. 195 (1836)—LOUDON, Arb. & Frutic. Brit. III, p. 1498, fig. 1297 (1838)—SPACH, Hist. Vég. X, p. 368 (1841)—BABINGTON, Man. Brit. Bot. p. 272 (1843)—PETZOLD & KIRCHNER, Arb. Musc. p. 586 (1864)—KOMOROV, in Act. Hort. Petrop. XXII, p. 30 (1903)—BEISSNER, SCHELL & ZABEL, Handb. Laubholz. p. 19 (1903)—TÖPFFER, Salic. Bav. p. 68 (1915).

var. **discolor** ANDERSSON in DC. Prodr. XII, sect. 2, p. 203 (1868).

Syn. *Salix amygdalina* var. *discolor* WIMMER & GRABOWSKI, Fl. Siles. III, p. 362 (1829)—REICHENBACH, Fl. Germ. Excurs. II, p. 171

(1831)—KOCH, Syn. p. 644 (1838)—REICHENBACH, Icon. XI, p. 27 (1849)—TRAUTVETTER in LEDEBOUR, Fl. Ross. III, pt. 2, p. 600 (1851)—GRENIER & GODRON, Fl. Franc. III, p. 126 (1855)—TRAUTVETTER in MAXIMOWICZ, Prim, Fl. Amur. p. 242 (1859)—LANGE in WILLKOMM & LANGE, Prodr. Fl. Hisp. I, 227 (1870)—ČELAKOVSKÝ, Prodr. Fl. Böhm. II, p. 133 (1871)—ROUY, Fl. Franc. XII, p. 196 (1910).

Salix triandra var. *Willdenowiana* TRAUTVETTER in Linnæa X, p. 573 (1836).

Salix amygdalina var. *triandra* REICHENBACH, Icon. XI, tab. DCV. fig. 1259 (1849).

Salix triandra var. *genuina* SYME in SOWERBY, Engl. Bot. VIII, p. 215, Pl. MCCCXIII (1873).

Salix nipponica FRANCHET & SAVATIER, Enum. Pl. Jap. I, p. 495 (1875), nom. II, pt. 1, p. 502 (1876)—MATSUMURA, Nippon Shokubutsu Meii p. 170 (1884); Shokubutsu Meii p. 260 (1895).

Salix triandra var. *nipponica* SEEMEN, Salic. Jap. p. 27 (1903), in ASCHERSON & GRÆBNER, Syn. IV, p. 78 (1908)—MATSUMURA, Ind. Pl. Jap. II, pt. 2, p. 14 (1912)—SIUZEV in Trav. Mus. Bot. Acad. Imp. Sci. St. Pétersb. IX, p. 87 (1912).

Salix amygdalina var. *vulgaris* WIMMER f. *discolor* SCHNEIDER, Illus. Handb. I, p. 30 (1904).

Salix Kinashii LÉVEILLÉ & VANIOT in Bull. Soc. Bot. Franc. LII, p. 141 (1905); in Bull. Acad. Int. Geogr. Bot. XVI, p. 148 (1906).

Salix amygdalina II. *glaucophylla* SEEMEN in ASCHERSON & GRÆBNER, Syn. IV, p. 77 (1908).

Salix amygdalina var. *nipponica* SCHNEIDER in SARGENT, Pl. Wils. VII, p. 106 (1916)—REHDER in Journ. Arnold Arb. IV, p. 139 (1923); Manual. X, p. 113 (1929)—MAKINO & NEMOTO, Fl. Jap. p. 1120 (1925).

Frutex demum arborescens. Truncus diametro usque 7-8 cm. Ramulus viridis. Squama gemmæ solitaria ovata 3-7 mm. longa dorsi-ventrali compressa ventre valvatum connata glabra. Turio elongatus glaber. Folia turionum magna, petiolis usque 20-23 mm. longis primo ventre pilosis

sed mox glabrescentibus, laminis lineari-oblongis usque 13-14 cm. longis 4,5-5 cm. latis apice cuspidatis basi acutis vel acutiusculis margine serrulatis supra lucidusculis infra glaucis vel glaucescentibus. Folia ramorum vulgo stipullata, petiolis 3-10 mm. longis, stipulis auriculatis vel ovatis foliaceis 5-10 mm. longis, laminis lanceolatis acuminatissimis glanduloso-serrulatis 6-12 cm. longis 13-25 mm. latis supra viridibus lucidis infra glaucis. Amenta mascula ad apicem rami hornotini brevis terminalia erecta vel ascendentia 2-5 cm. longa 10 mm. lata basi foliacea vel efoliacea; axis adpresse pilosis. Bracteae 1,5-3 mm. longae lineari-oblongae ellipticae pallide viridulae concavae trinerves dorso infra medium pilosae ventre hirtellae. Glandula flava vel fuscescenti-flava, ventralis magna dilatata subovato-trapeziformis 0,7 mm. longa, dorsalis minor teres angusta 0,7 mm longa. Stamina 3 (4-5) filamentis teretibus basi pilosis 4 mm. longis antheris extrorsis flavis 1 mm. longis. Amenta faeminea erecta 1,5-3,5 cm. longa; axis pilosa; bracteae oblongo-obovatae tenues olivaceae 1,2-2 mm. longae trinerves dorso infra medium pilosae ventre glabrae; glandulae ventrali-laterales 2 sed vulgo unico connatae in flore supremo saepe emarcidae; ovarium cum stipite 1,5 mm. longo 2 mm. longum glabrum in stylum angustatum; styli 1 brevissimi bifidi; stigmata brevissima bifida ita 4 apice subplana. Capsula 3-3,5 mm. longa glabra.

Hab.

Prov. Heihok: Shingishū (T. NAKAI); ibidem (T. ISHIDOYA no. 3871 ♂, 3872 ♂, 3873 ♂, 3874 ♀, 3875 ♂, 3877 ♀, 3879 ♀, 3880 ♀, 3881 ♀); ibidem (M. FURUMI); ibidem (M. TAMURA, ♀); inter Chokudō & Igen (T. NAKAI, no. 1894).

Prov. Kannan: Inter Keizanchin & Futempo (T. NAKAI no. 1895); inter Hokusei & Chokudō (T. ISHIDOYA no. 5202 ♀).

Prov. Chūhoku: Fukō (T. ISHIDOYA no. 3874 ♀).

Distr. Europa, Asia bor. et media nec non orientalis.

えぞやなぎ節

喬木。芽ハ一個ノ鱗片ヲ有ス。鱗片ハ腹面鑷合狀ニ癒着ス。嫩葉ハ内卷。枝ニ白蠟質物ヲ被ル。花序ハ葉ニ先チテ生ジ二年生ノ枝ノ葉腋ニ生

ズ無柄ナリ。花ニハ唯一個ノ蜜腺アリ。花柱ハ長ク柱頭ハ二個又ハ四個。

歐亞北米ニ互リ七種アリ。其中二種ハ朝鮮ニ自生ス。

- { 苞ノ兩側ニハ蜜腺アリ。子房ニ稜角ナシ。……………えぞやなぎ
- { 苞ニ蜜腺ナシ。子房ハ四角ノ稜角アリ。……………こえぞやなぎ

6. えぞやなぎ

(第拾貳圖)

雌雄異株ノ喬木。大ナルハ幹ノ直徑一米突ニ達スルアリ。樹膚ハ縦ノ方向ニ不規則ニ剝グ。若枝ハ無毛白蠟質ノ物質ヲ被ル。黄色ニシテ日光ニ面スル側ハ帯紅色ナリ。芽ノ鱗片ハ一個ニシテ腹面ハ鑷合狀ニ完全ニ癒着シ無毛白蠟質ヲ被リ枝ノ伸長ト共ニ縦ニ裂開ス。葉ハ無毛托葉アルモノトナキモノトアリ。托葉ハ長サ四乃至八ミリ橢圓形、又ハ卵形先ハ銳角葉質表面ハ綠色裏面ハ白ク鋸齒アリ。葉柄ハ長サ一乃至八ミリ白蠟質ヲ被リ。葉身ハ披針形長サ二センチ半乃至十二センチ幅七乃至三十二ミリ。表面ハ綠色裏面ハ白ク先端ハ漸銳尖縁ニ小鋸齒アリ基脚ハ銳角又ハ稍鈍角、雄花穂ハ二年生ノ枝ニ腋生殆ンド無柄長サ一センチ半乃至三センチ半幅一、七センチ乃至二センチ 概ネ先端ヨリ花咲ク。花軸ニ絹毛アリ。苞狀葉ハ三個乃至五個、披針形先端帶紅色長サ三乃至五ミリ背面ハ絹毛アリ内面ハ無毛縁ニ腺狀ノ小鋸齒アリ。苞ハ倒卵長橢圓形長サ一ミリ半乃至二ミリ央以下ハ綠色縁ハ内卷腺狀央以上ハ黒ク長キ絹毛密生ス。蜜腺ハ一個長サ半ミリ許先ヨリ蜜ヲ出ス。雄蕊ハ二個長サ七乃至八ミリ、花糸ハ白ク長サ六乃至七ミリ無毛、葯ハ黄色長サ一乃至一、二ミリ外開卵形。雌花穂ハ長サ二乃至四センチ幅一センチ乃至一センチ半先端丸シ。苞狀葉ハ長サ七乃至十ミリ 薄ク絹毛アリ先端ハ銳角縁ニ蜜腺多シ。苞ハ横ニ展開シ且先ハ後ニ反ル。倒卵長橢圓形又ハ長橢圓倒卵形先端ハ黒ク長サ一ミリ半乃至二ミリ半、央以下ハ綠色縁ニ丸キ腺數個アリ、央以上ハ長毛密生ス。蜜腺ハ橢圓又ハ長橢圓又ハ卵形先端ハ丸ク又ハ截形黄色、子房ハ綠色長橢圓卵形長サ一ミリノ柄ト共ニ三ミリ許表面ハ毛ナク氣孔散在ス。花柱ハ長サ一ミリ半乃至二ミリ。柱頭ハ二又シ花柱ト共ニ黄色、果穂ハ殆ンド無柄長サ四乃至五センチ多少屈曲ス。

咸北、咸南、平北、平南、黃海、江原、京畿、慶北ノ諸道ニ分布シ主トシテ清流ニ沿ヒテ生ズ。

(分布) アムール、烏蘇利、樺太、北海道。

7. こえぞやなぎ

(第拾參圖)

喬木。皮ハ縦ニ裂開ス。小枝ハ黄色ニシテ日ニ向フ所ハ紅色ナルハ恰モえぞやなぎノ如シ。長枝ノ葉ハ廣鑿形、葉柄ハ長サ十六乃至十九ミリ、葉身ハ長サ十八センチ半乃至十九、八センチ 幅ハ二十四ミリ乃至二十六ミリ表面ハ無毛綠色裏面ハ白蠟色 先端ハ細ク鋭尖、縁ニハ小鋸齒アリ。果實ヲ附クル枝ノ葉ハ披針形若キ時ハ絹色ノ長毛アレドモ後無毛トナル。葉柄ハ長サ二乃至五ミリ葉身ハ長サーセンチ半乃至十一センチ幅四ミリ乃至二十八ミリ表面ハ無毛綠色裏面ハ白蠟色、未ダ雄花ヲ見ズ。雌花穂ハ長サ二乃至二センチ半花軸ニ微毛アリ。苞ハ倒卵形全縁央以上ハ黒ク央以下ハ綠色全表面ニ密ニ絹色ノ長毛生ズ。長サ二ミリ半乃至三ミリ、蜜腺ハ腹面ニ位シ殆ンド四邊形長サ半ミリ乃至〇、七ミリ、子房ハ卵形四角ニシテ長サーミリ半、約一ミリノ柄アリ。花柱ハ長サーミリ半、柱頭ハ二又シ細シ。果穂ハ長サ四センチ乃至五センチ半、果實ハ長サ四乃至五ミリ。

咸南、咸北ニ産ス。

(分布) 本島中部(信濃上高地)。

Salix sect. *Daphnoideæ* DUMORTIER, Fl. Belg. Prodr. p. 12 (1827)—TŒPFFER, Salic. Bay. p. 86 (1915)—SCHNEIDER in SARGENT, Pl. Wils. III, p. 154 (1916).

Sny. *Salix* cohors *Pruinosæ* KOCH, Salic. Europ. Comment. p.p. 12 & 22 (1828); Syn. ed. 1, p. 645 (1837)—SPACH, Hist. Vég. X, p. 368 (1841)—DŒLL, Rhein. Fl. p. 262 (1843)—REICHENBACH, Icon. XI, p. 26 (1849)—TRAUTVETTER in LEDEBOUR, Fl. Ross. III, 2, p. 601 (1851)—PETZOLD & KIRCHNER, Arb. Musc. p. 587 (1849)—WIMMER, Salic. Europ. p. LXXVI (1866)—ČELAKOVSKÝ, Prodr. Fl. Böhn. II, p. 134 (1871)—DIPPEL, Handb. Laubhokz. II, p. 290 (1892)—KŒHNE, Deutsche Dendrol. p.p. 88 & 98 (1893)—SCHNEIDER, Illus. Handb. Laubhokz. I, p. 44 (1904)—ROUY, Fl. Franc. XII, p. 199 (1910).

Salix sect. *fragiles* a REICHENBACH, Fl. Germ. Excurs. II, p. 172 (1831).

Salix—Allolepidæ—Macrophyllæ TRAUTVETTER in Linnæa X, p. 579 (1836), pro parte.

Salix II. *Acutifoliæ* BORRER ex LOUDON, Arb. & Frutic. Brit. VIII, p. 1494 (1838).

Salix Præcoces DÖELL, Fl. Bad. II, p. 491 (1859), pro parte.

Salices Diandræ 3. *Macrostyleæ* § 14. *Pruinosæ* s. *daphnoides* ANDERSSON in DC. Prodr. XVI, sect. 2, II, p. 261 (1868).

Salix Monadenicæ α. *Choristandræ* γ. *Dolichostylæ* XI. *Pruinosæ* SEEMEN, Salic. Jap. p. 49 (1903), in ASCHERSON & GRÆBNER, Syn. IV, p.p. 59 et 167 (1908).

Arbores. Squama gemmæ 1 ventrali valvatim coherens. Folia æstivatione convoluta. Rami pruinosi. Amenta præcocia lateralia sessilia. Glandula 1. Styli 1 elongati. Stigmata 2-4.

Species 7, inter eas 2 in Korea indigenæ, quæ in modo sequente inter sese distinguendæ.

}	Bracteæ basi glanduloso-dentatæ. Ovarium non angulatum.....
 <i>S. rorida</i>
}	Bracteæ glandulosæ integræ. Ovarium quadrangulare.....
 <i>S. roridæformis</i>

6. *Salix rorida* LACHSCHEWITZ.

(Tabula nostra XII.)

Salix rorida LACHSCHEWITZ in Schedæ Herb. Fl. Ross. VII, p. 131 (1911)—TÖEPFFER, Salic. Mitt. V, p. 238 (1912)—SCHNEIDER in SARGENT, Pl. Wils. III, p. 155 (1916)—MIYABE & KUDO, Icon. V, p. 55, t. 16 (1921)—KUDO, Report Veg. North Saghalin p. 100 (1922)—MORI, Enum. Korean Pl. p. 111 (1922)—MAKINO & NEMOTO, Fl. Jap. p. 1128 (1925)—NAKAI in Bull. Soc. Dendrol. Franc. no. 66, p. 13 (1928).

Syn. *Salix acutifolia* (non WILLDENOW) TRAUTVETTER in LEDEBOUR, Fl. Ross. III, pt. 2, p. 601 (1851), pro parte—TURCZANINOW in Bull. Soc. Imp. Nat. Mosc. XXVII, p. 374 (1854)—FRANCHET & SAVATIER, Enum. Pl. Jap. I, p. 461 (1875)—HERDER in Acta Hort. Petrop. XI, p. 424 (1891), pro parte.

Salix daphnoides (non VILLARS) TRAUTVETTER in LEDEBOUR, l. c. p. 602, pro parte—ANDERSSON in DC, Prodr. XII, sect. 2, p. 261 (1868), pro parte—HERDER, l. c. p. 423, pro parte—MATSUMURA, Shokubutsu Meii p. 260 (1895)—SEEMEN, Salic. Jap. p. 49, t. 9, fig. A-E (1903)—SCHNEIDER, Illus. Handb. Laubholzk. I, p. 44 (1904), pro parte—NAKAI in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XXVI, p. 168 (1912)—MATSUMURA, Ind. Pl. Jap. II, 2, p. 9 (1912)—MIYABE & MIYAKE, Fl. Saghalin p. 427 (1915)—NAKAI, Veg. Diamond Mts. p. 168 (1918).

Salix præcox (non HOPPE) TRAUTVETTER in MAXIMOWICZ, Prim. Fl. Anur. p. 242 (1859).

Arbor dioica alta et magna. Truncus diametro usque 1 metralis. Cortex longitudine alte fissus. Ramus glaber pruinosis flavus apricus rubescens. Squama gemmæ 1 ventre valvatim connata glabra pruinosa demum ventrali longitudine fissa. Folia glabra stipullata vel exstipullata. Stipulæ 4-8 mm. longæ late oblique ovatæ acutæ foliaceæ supra virides infra glaucæ serrulatæ. Petioli 1-8 mm. longi pruinosi. Lamina foliorum lanceolata 2,5-12 cm. longa 7-32 mm. lata supra viridis infra pruinosa apice acuminato-attenuata margine serrulata basi acuta vel obtusiuscula. Amenta mascula axillaria subsessilia 1,5-3,5 cm. longa 1,7-2 cm. lata subcentrifugalia; axis sericea, cataphylla 3-5 lanceolata apice rubescentia 3-5 mm. longa dorso sericeo-villosa intus glabra margine glanduloso-serrulata; bracteæ obovato-oblongæ 1,5-2 mm. longæ infra medium virides constrictæ et convolutæ margine glandulosæ supra medium atræ longe sericeo-villosæ; glandula 1 elongatæ 0,5 mm. longæ apice nectarigeræ; stamina 2 elongatæ 7-8 mm. longæ; filamenta 6-7 mm. longa alba glabra; antheræ flavæ 1-1,2 mm. longæ extrorsæ ovatæ. Amenta fæminea 2-4 cm. longa 1-1,5 cm. lata apice obtusa; cataphylla 7-10 mm. longa parce sericeo-hirtella acuta margine dense glandulosa; bracteæ patentés vel reflexæ obovato-oblongæ vel oblongo-obovatæ apice atræ 1,5-2,5 mm. longæ infra medium virides margine sphærico-glandulosæ supra medium villosæ; glandula oblonga vel elliptica vel ovata apice obtusa vel truncata flavida; ovarium



えぞやなぎ、江原道金剛山新金剛ノ奥ニテ寫ス。

Salix rorida LACHSCHEWITZ, growing in the ravine of Shinkongō. Diamond mountains, in the Province of Kōgendō. Photographed in July, 1917.

viride oblongo-ovatum cum stipite 1 mm. longo 3 mm. longum facie parce stomatosum; styli 1,5-2 mm. longi; stigmata bifida stylisque flavida. Amenta fructifera subsessilia 4-5 cm. longa curvata.

Hab.

Prov. Kanhok: Shuotsu (T. NAKAI no. 6880); Mt. Hichihōzan (C. KONDŌ no. 337); Shōjyō Hokusō (CHUNG, no. 1272); Shōjyō (CHUNG no. 1273); secus fl. Hokkazui (T. SAWADA no. 1612); Kisshū Yōshamen (S. FUKUBARA no. 1629); Shōjyō Sōzan (CHUNG no. 690); Mosan Shayuzan (CHUNG no. 911); Hojyōdō (T. NAKAI no. 6850).

Prov. Kannan: Kōzan Taichūri (T. ISHIDOYA no. 2735, 2740 ♀, 2741 ♀, 2751 ♀); Hōzan Jyōri (T. ISHIDOYA no. 2752 ♀); Inter Hōzan et Kōsuiin (T. ISHIDOYA); Mt. Shisuizan (CHUNG); Mt. Shūaizan (S. FUKUBARA); Kankō (T. ISHIDOYA no. 4510, 4514); Anpen Sanbō (CHUNG); Mt. Kōjirei (T. ISHIDOYA no. 5173 ♀); Kōsuiin (T. ISHIDOYA no. 5172 ♀, 5173 ♀, 2810 ♀); inter Teihei & Eikō (CHUNG); Mt. Kantairei (T. MORI).

Prov. Heikok: Sakshū Ryōzanmen (T. SAWADA); Mt. Hakutōzan tractus Sosan (S. FUKUBARA no. 1047); Nansha (S. GOTŌ); Mt. Hinantoksan tractus Sosan (S. FUKUBARA no. 1253); Kōkai (R. G. MILLS no. 373); Mt. Hakuhekizan tractus Unzan (T. ISHIDOYA no. 50).

Prov. Heinan: pede montis Rōrinsan (K. ŌKUBO); Mt. Kenzanrei tractus Neien (T. ISHIDOYA no. 4512-4513); Mt. Kakatsurei (T. MORI); Yōtoku (T. NAKAI).

Prov. Kōgen: Rankoku (T. ISHIDOYA no. 3106 ♂, 3107 ♂, 3123 ♀, 3120 ♀); Sempo (T. KIMURA); ibidem (T. ISHIDOYA no. 3105 ♂, 3124 ♂); Mt. Kongōsan (T. NAKAI no. 5307); ibidem (CHUNG); Mt. Godaizan (T. ISHIDOYA no. 6541); Mt. Taikisan (S. FUKUBARA); Mt. Reigakusan (T. ISHIDOYA no. 6234).

Prov. Kōkai: Katomen tractus Kokuzan (K. TAKAICHI ♀); Mt. Kāranzan (K. TAKAICHI ♀).

Prov. Keiki: Mt. Kagakusan (T. SAWADA).

Prov. Keihoku: Mt. Zitsugetsusan (T. SAWADA).

Distr. Amur. Ussuri, Sachalin & Yeso.

7. *Salix roridæfomis* NAKAI.

(Tabula nostra XIII.)

Salix roridæformis NAKAI in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XXXIII, p. 5 (1919) — MORI, Enum. Corean Pl. p. 111 (1922) — NAKAI, Veget. Kamikōchi of Province Shinano, p. 15 & 38 (Feb. 1928); in Bull. Soc. Dendrol. France no. 66, p. 14 (1928).

Arbor. Cortex longitudine fissus. Ramuli flavi, aprici rubescentes. Folia turionum late subulata; petioli 16–19 mm. longi; lamina 18,5–19,8 cm. longa 24–26 mm. lata supra glabra viridis infra glaucescens apice angustato-acuminata margine serrulata. Folia ramorum fructiferorum lanceolata, juvenilia sericeo-hirtella demum glabrescentia; petioli 2–5 mm. longi; lamina 1,5–11 cm. longa 4–28 mm. lata supra glabra viridis infra glauca. Amenta mascula nostris ignota. Amenta fæminea præcocia 2–2,5 cm. longa; axis pilosa; bracteæ obovatæ integerrimæ supra medium atratæ infra medium virides toto dense sericeo-tomentosæ 2,5–3 mm. longæ; glandula ventralis subtrapeziformis 0,5–0,7 mm. longa; ovarium ovatum subcostato-quadrangulare 1,5 mm. longum, stipite 1 mm. longo, stylo 1,5 mm. longo; stigmata bifida linearia. Amenta fructifera 4–5,5 cm. longa. Capsula 4–5 mm. longa.

Hab.

Prov. Kanhok: pede montis Setsurei (T. NAKAI no. 6851); Shuotsu Onpō (T. NAKAI no. 6849).

Prov. Kannan: Taichūri tractus Kōzan (T. ISHIDOYA no. 2738 — typus in Herb. Imp. Univ. Tokyo); Kōsuiin tractus Hōzan (T. ISHIDOYA no. 2737).

ねこやなぎ節

灌木又ハ小喬木。芽ノ鱗片ハ一個腹縁ハ全ク癒着ス。嫩葉ハ内卷。花穂ハ葉ニ先チテ生ズ無柄花密ナリ。雄花ハ一個ニ癒着セル雄蕊ト黄色又ハ帶紫色ノ葯ト腹面ノ蜜腺一個トヲ有ス。雌花ハ腹面ノ蜜腺一個ト長キ柄ヲ有スル多毛ノ子房ト細長キ花柱ト短カキ柱頭トヲ有ス。

東亞ニ五種アリ其中四種ハ朝鮮ニ自生ス。

- 1 { 小喬木性。花糸ハ離生又ハ中央迄相癒着ス。葯ハ黄色。……………
 ……………… かうかいやなぎ
- 2 { 灌木又ハ小灌木。雄蕊ハ完全ニ癒合シテ一個トナル。……………2
 苞ハ長サ一ミリ長橢圓形先端ハ黒褐色。枝及ビ葉柄ハ帶紅色。花
 柱ハ一ミリ半ヨリモ短シ。…………… たんなみねやなぎ
 苞ハ長サ二乃至二ミリ半 卵形鋭角 又ハ尖鋭基部ヲ除ク外 黒色。
 花柱ハ長サ二乃至三ミリ。……………3
- 3 { 葉ハ老成スレバ無毛。通例低ク一米突以内ノ灌木。苞ハ背面ノ
 基部ニノミ毛アリ。…………… てうせんねこやなぎ
 葉ハ老成スルモ絹毛ニテ被ハル。一米突以上二米突ニ達スル灌
 木稀ニ其レ以上アリ。苞ハ全面長絨毛アリ。…………… ねこやなぎ

8. かうかいやなぎ

(江界柳ノ意)

(第拾四圖)

小喬木トナル。分岐多シ。枝ハ直立又ハ傾上ス。小枝ハ綠色又ハ帶綠黄色若キ時特ニ長枝ニアリテハ絨毛生ズ。花枝ハ殆ンド毛ナシ。芽ハ微毛又ハ絨毛ヲ有ス。芽ノ鱗片ハ一個腹面ハ縦ニ裂ク。葉柄ハ長サ三乃至十五ミリ微毛又ハ密毛又ハ絨毛生ズ。葉身ハ長枝ノ葉ニテハ狹長橢圓形長サ二十センチ 幅六、三センチニ達シ表面ハ中肋ヲ除ク外ハ毛ナシ裏面ハ軟毛生ジ縁ニ小鋸齒アリ先端ハ尖鋭基脚ハ弱鋭角又ハ鈍角、又ハ丸シ。果實ヲ附クル枝ノ葉ハ披針形又ハ長橢圓披針形又ハ狹長橢圓形、葉柄ハ長サ三乃至十七ミリ微毛アリ。葉身ハ主脈ノ外ハ全ク無毛、裏面ハ灰色ニシテ短毛又ハ絹毛アリ長サ四乃至十センチ幅一乃至三センチ縁ニハ鋭鋸齒アリ先端ハ尖鋭基脚ハ鋭角又ハ鈍角、苞狀葉ハ花穂ノ基ニ生ジ基脚及ビ縁ニ密ナル絹色ノ長毛生ズ。縁及ビ基部ハ帶紫色長サ八乃至十ミリ先ハヤ、丸シ。雄花穂ハ無柄、葉ニ先チテ生ジ長サ二センチ半乃至四センチ幅一センチ半。花軸ハ絹毛アリ。苞ハ横ニ出デ倒卵形基部ハ狭マリ稍内卷、全縁長サ二ミリ半先端ハ黒ク長キ絹色ノ密毛アリ。蜜腺ハ腹側ニ唯一個アリ長橢圓形又ハ圓柱形、雄蕊ハ二個離生 又ハ中央迄相癒合ス。葯ハ殆ンド丸ク長サ半ミリ乃至〇、七ミリ、黄色。雌花穂ハ無柄長サ二乃至三センチ先端尖ル。苞ハ傾上シ角アル倒卵形又ハ長橢圓倒卵形基部ハ綠色中央以上ハ黒ク長キ絹毛アリ長サハ約二ミリ幅一ミリ半、蜜腺ハ腹面

ニ出デ四邊形又ハ卵形、子房ハ或ハ短キ或ハ長キ柄アリ長サーミリ半乃至二ミリ、柄ハ〇、九ミリ乃至一、二ミリ、綠色又ハ先端ハ極メテ淡紫腹面ハ殆ンド角張リテ突出シ背面ハ平タク突出シ全表面ニ氣孔アリ先端ニ長サ三ミリノ花柱ヲ戴ク。花柱及ビ柱頭ハ始メ廓大鏡下ニテハ紅色ノ點アリ後花柱ハ綠化シ柱頭ハ黒化ス。柱頭ハ長サ半ミリ始メ先端凹入シ卵形ナレモ後二又シ又更ニ四又トナル。

咸北、咸南、平北ニ分布ス。

朝鮮ノ特産ナリ。

9. てうせんねこやなぎ

(第拾五圖)

河床ノ砂地ニ生ジ高サ二十センチ乃至百三十センチ許ニ達スル低キ灌木ニシテ莖ハ横臥傾上シテ根ヲ出ス。若枝ニハ短キ絹毛アレドモ後無毛トナル。冬期ハ黄色ニシテ日光ニ面スル側ハ紅色ナリ。芽ノ鱗片ハ一個微毛アリ先端ニハ絹毛アルヲ常トス。腹面ハ鑷合狀ニ癒合シ芽ノ伸長ニ伴ヒ癒合線ヨリ縦ニ半又ハ全長ニ互リ裂開ス。葉柄ハ長サー乃至十ミリ微毛アルモノト無毛ノモノトアリ。葉身ハ狭倒披針形又ハ狭長橢圓形表面ハ無毛裏面ハ若キ時ハ短キ絹毛アルカ又ハ殆ンド無毛、先端ハ銳尖縁ニハ小鋸齒アリ基脚ハ銳角又ハ狭キ楔形長サー乃至十センチ幅三乃至二十ミリ、長枝ノ葉ハ幅三十ミリニ達スルアリ。花穂ハ葉ニ先チテ生ズ。雄花穂ハ長サーセンチ半乃至二センチ半幅七乃至八ミリ、無柄。苞狀葉ハ花穂ノ基ニ一乃至五個アリ長橢圓形又ハ匙狀紅色全縁長サ三乃至五ミリ幅一ミリ半乃至二十五ミリ、背面ニハ長キ絹毛アリ内面ハ無毛、最内部ノモノハ兩面ニ絹毛アリ。苞ハ水平ニ出デ傾上シ長サ二ミリ幅一ミリ長橢圓形又ハ帶卵長橢圓形先端ハ銳尖又ハ銳角又ハ鈍角基脚ハ綠色ニシテ長キ絹毛密生ス、上方ハ黑色ニシテ背面ハ無毛、蜜腺ハ一個細ク長サーミリ幅三分ノ一ミリ先端ハ紅色。雄蕊ハ二個、花糸ハ全部完全ニ癒着シ葯ハ四室始メ帶褐紅色ナレドモ後黃化ス。雌花穂ハ長サーセンチ半乃至三センチ半、花軸ニ絹毛アリ。苞ハ卵形銳尖背面ハ黑色無毛但シ基脚ノミ綠色ニシテ長キ絹毛アリ内面ニモ長キ絹毛密生ス。腺ハ細長シ。子房ハ卵形密ニ短毛生ジ綠色先端ハ帶紅色長サ二ミリ半花柱ハ細ク長サ二乃至三ミリ基部ニ微毛アリ紅色、柱頭ハ極メテ短ク四又ス長サ〇、三ミリ。果實ハ長サ三ミリ絹毛アリ。

平南、平北、黄海、江原、京畿、慶北、慶南ノ諸道ニ産ス。

朝鮮ノ特産ナリ。

理學士木村有香君ガ *Salix Nakaii* ト命名發表セルハ本種ノ雄本ニシテ余ガ清凉里ヨリ東京ニ持歸リシガ生長シタルモノナリ。余ガ *Salix graciligrans* ト命名シテ發表セシハ雌本ニシテ木村君ノ發表ニ先ツコト正ニ十年ナリ。

10. ねこやなぎ

一名、たにがはやなぎ

(第拾七圖)

高サ一米突乃至二米突ノ灌木稀ニ三米突ニ達スルアリ。根本ヨリ分岐多ク外側ニアル枝ハ傾上シテ根ヲ出ス。若枝ハ絹毛アリ後殆ンド無毛トナル黄色ニシテ日光ニ面スル側ハ紅色ナリ。芽ノ鱗片ハ微毛アリテ腹面ニテ開ク。嫩葉ハ内卷、葉柄ハ長サ一乃至十ミリ始メ絹毛アレドモ後殆ンド無毛トナル。葉身ハ狹長橢圓形又ハ倒披針形長サ一乃至十二センチ幅三乃至三十七ミリ表面ニハ薄ク絹毛アレドモ後無毛トナル裏面ハ白ク且ツ絹毛密生スレドモ最下方ノ葉ニテハ屢々無毛トナル。縁ニハ腺狀ノ鋸齒アリ。花穂ハ葉ニ先チテ生ジ無柄、雄花穂ハ長サ三センチ乃至三センチ半、花軸ニ絹毛アリ。苞ハ卵形鋭尖基部ノ外黑色ニシテ長キ絹毛微生シ長サ二ミリ半。蜜腺ハ細ク長サ一ミリ半。雄蕊ハ二本ガ完全ニ癒着シテ一本トナル故葯ハ四室長サ五乃至六ミリ。雌花穂ハ長サ二乃至五センチ花軸ハ絹毛アリ。苞ハ帶卵長橢圓形鋭尖黑色長絨毛アレドモ毛ハ雄花穂ノ苞ノ毛ヨリモ短カシ。蜜腺ハ細ク長サ一ミリ半、子房ハ長橢圓形絹毛アリ。花柱ハ長サ二ミリ。柱頭ハ極メテ短ク且ツ四叉ス。果實ハ長橢圓形絹毛密生シ長サ三ミリ。

咸北、咸南、平北、平南、江原、黄海、京畿、忠北、忠南、慶北、慶南、全北、全南ノ河川ニ沿ヒテ生ズ。

(分布) 北海道、本島、四國、九州、滿洲、支那。

11. たんなみねやなぎ

(第拾八圖)

高サ五十センチ又ハ其レヨリモ低キ小灌木ニシテ分岐多ク外側ノ枝ハ傾上シ基ヨリ根ヲ下ス。二年生ノ枝ハ無毛紅色、一年生ノ枝ハ始メ絹毛アレドモ後無毛トナリ帶紅綠色。葉ハ小形ニシテ葉柄ハ長サ一乃至七ミ

リ帯紅色始メ微毛アレドモ後無毛トナル。葉身ハ倒披針形又ハ狭倒披針形又ハ長橢圓倒披針形長サ半センチ乃至五センチ幅二乃至十四ミリ、表面ハ無毛又ハ始メ薄ク絹毛アレドモ無毛トナル。裏面ハ帯白又ハ淡綠始メ短キ絹毛アレドモ後殆ンド無毛トナル。先端ハ銳尖又ハ銳角稀ニ丸ク基脚ハ銳角又ハ鈍角又ハ楔形縁ニハ微小ノ鋸齒アリ。花穂ハ無柄殆ンド葉ト同時ニ生ズ、未ダ雄花ヲ見ズ。雌花穂ハ長サー乃至二センチ、花軸ニ絹毛アリ。苞ハ長サーミリ橢圓形銳角先端ノミ黒褐色全面ニ絹色ノ密毛アリ。蜜腺ハ細ク、子房ハ長橢圓形長サーミリ絹毛アリ。花柱ハ長サー一、二ミリ乃至一、三ミリ。柱頭ハ極メテ短カクシテ四叉ス。果實ハ長サ三ミリ、絹毛アリ。

濟州島ニ産シ特産ナリ。

Salix Sect. **Gracilistylæ** SCHNEIDER in SARGENT, Pl. Wils. III, p. 163 (1916).

Syn. *Salix* Sect. *Subviminales* SEEMEN, Salic. Jap. p. 20 (1903), pro parte—SCHNEIDER, Illus. Handb. Laubholzk. II, p. 15 (1904), pro parte—SEEMEN in ASCHERSON & GRÆBNER, Syn. Mitteleurop. Fl. IV, p. 60 (1908), pro parte.

Salix Sect. *Viminales* (non BLUFF & FINGERFUTH) SCHNEIDER in SARGENT, Pl. Wils. III, p. 157 (1916), pro parte.

Frutices vel arborescentes. Squama gemmæ unica ventrali toto connata. Folia æstivatione convoluta. Amenta præcocia subsessilia densiflora. Flores masculi staminibus duobus sæpe coalitis, antheris flavis vel purpureis vel rubris, glandula unica ventrale. Flores fæminei glandula ventrale, ovario longe stipitato sericeo, stylo elongato, stigmatibus brevis.

Species 5, quarum 4 in Korea spontaneæ.

- | | | |
|---|---|--|
| 1 | { | Arborescentes. Stamina libera vel ad medium coalita... <i>S. kangensis</i> . |
| | | Frutices vel fruticuli. Stamina toto coalita.....2 |
| 2 | { | Bracteæ 1 mm. longæ oblongæ apice atro-fuscæ. Rami et petioli toto rubescentes. Folia adulta glabra vel subglabra. Styli quam 1,5 mm. breviores. <i>S. Blinii</i> . |
| | | Bracteæ 2-2,5 mm. longæ ovatæ acutæ vel acuminatæ præter basin atræ, Styli 2-3 mm. longi.3 |
| | | |

- 3 { Folia adulta glabra. Frutex quam 1 metralis humilior vulgo nanus. Bracteæ dorso præter basin glabræ. ... *S. graciliglans*.
Folia adulta subtus subsericea. Frutex 1-2 metralis vel rarius 3 metralis. Bracteæ toto villosæ. *S. gracilistyla*.

8. **Salix kangensis** NAKAI.

(Tabula nostra XIV.)

Salix kangensis NAKAI in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XXX, p. 275 (1916)—MORI, Enum. Corean Pl. p. 110 (1922)—NAKAI in Bull. Soc. Dendrol. France no. 66, p. 11 (1928).

Arborescens dioicus virgatus, ramis erectis vel ascendentibus. Ramuli virides vel viridescenti-flavidi juventute præcipue turiones velutini. Ramuli floriferi subglabri. Gemmæ pilosæ vel velutinæ. Squama gemmarum unica ventre longitudine fissa. Petioli 3-15 mm. longi pilosi vel pubescentes vel velutini. Lamina foliorum in turione lineari-oblonga usque 20 cm. longa 6,3 cm. lata supra præter costam pilosam glabra subtus molliter pilosa margine serrulata apice attenuata basi acutiuscula vel obtusa. Folia ramorum fructiferorum lanceolata vel oblongo-lanceolata vel lineari-oblonga; petioli 3-17 mm. longi pilosi; lamina supra præter venas glabra, subtus griseus adpresse pilosa vel subsericea 4-10 cm. longa 1-3 cm. lata margine argute serrulata apice attenuata basi acuta vel acutiuscula. Cataphylla amentorum præcipue basi et margine dense sericeo-tomentosa integerrima margine et basi purpurascencia 8-10 mm. longa obtusiuscula. Amenta mascula præcocia sessilia 2,5-4 cm. longa 1,5 cm. lata; axis sericea; bracteæ divaricatæ obovatæ basi constrictæ et subconvolutæ integræ 2,5 mm. longæ apice atratæ longe sericeo-tomentosæ; glandula ventrali solitaria oblonga vel subteres; stamina 2 libera vel usque ad medium coalita; antheræ subrotundatæ 0,5-0,7 mm. longæ flavæ. Amenta fæminea sessilia 2-3 cm. longa apice acute; bracteæ ascendentes angulato-obovatæ vel oblongo-obovatæ basi virides supra medium atræ longe sericeo-hirsutæ vix 2 mm. longæ 1,5 mm. latæ; glandula ventralis trapeziformis vel brevissima vel quadrangularis vel ovata; ovarium breve vel longe stipitatum 1,5-2 mm.

longum, stipite 0,9–1,2 mm. longo, viride vel apice dilutissime purpurascens dorsi-ventrali convexum ie ventre subangulato-convexum dorsali plano-convexum facie stomatiferum apice in stylum 3 mm. longum attenuatum. Styli et stigmata primo sub lente sanguineo-punctata, deinde styli viridescentes et stigmata nigrescentia. Stigmata 0,5 mm. longa ovata primo apice emarginata ovata tum bifidum demum quadridum.

Hab.

Prov. Kanhok: Yujiyō (CHUNG no. 1277); Hojyōdō (T. SAWADA no. 1607); Funei (T. NAKAI); Mt. Shayuzan (CHUNG no. 904); inter Kōei & Chōzandō (T. NAKAI no. 1918).

Prov. Kannan: Kōsuiin (T. ISHIDOYA no. 2809 ♀, 5171 ♀, 5187 ♀, 5192 ♀); inter Keizanchin & Futempō (T. NAKAI no. 1903); Taichūri tractus Kōzan (T. ISHIDOYA ♀); ibidem (T. ISHIDOYA, typus floris masculi in Herb. Imp. Univ. Tokyo).

Prov. Heihok: Kōkai vel Kangei (R. G. MILLS no. 301—typus floris fæminei in Herb. Imp. Univ. Tokyo); Anshū (T. NAKAI no. 2382).

9. *Salix graciliglans* NAKAI.

(Tabulæ nostræ XV–XVI.)

Salix graciliglans NAKAI in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XXX, p. 274 (1916)—MORI, Enum. Corean Pl. p. 109 (1922)—NAKAI in Bull. Soc. Dendrol. France no. 66, p. 10 (1928).

Syn. *Salix phyllicifolia* (non L.) NAKAI in Journ. Coll. Sci. Tokyo, XXXI, p. 214 (1911).

Salix repens (non L.) NAKAI in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XXVI, p. 43 (1912).

Salix Nakaii KIMURA in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XL, p. 637 (1926).

Frutex arenicola prostratus ascendens 20–130 cm. altus radicans. Ramus juvenilis adpresse sericeus sed demum glabrescens, hieme flavescens et apricus rubescens. Squama gemmæ unica pilosa vel apice subsericea ventrali valvatim connata demum ramo evolvente longitudine fissus. Petioli 1–10 mm. longi piloselli vel glabri. Lamina foliorum lineari-oblongata vel lineari-oblonga supra glabra subtus juventute

adpresse sericea vel pilosa vel pilosella vel fere glabra plus minus glaucescentia apice acuminata margine serrulata basi acuta vel anguste cuneata 1–10 cm. longa 3–31 mm. lata, turionum sæpe 30 cm. lata. Amenta præcocia. Amenta mascula 1,5–2,5 cm. longa 7–8 mm. lata sessilia; cataphylla 1–3 oblonga vel spathulata rubra integra 3–5 mm. longa 1,5–2,5 mm. lata; bracteæ horizontali arcuatæ 2 mm. longæ 1 mm. latæ oblongæ vel ovato-oblongæ acuminatæ vel obtusæ vel acutæ basi virides ubi dorso longissime sericeo-villosæ ceteræ atræ dorso glabræ; glandula 1 angusta 1 mm. lata $\frac{1}{3}$ mm. lata apice rubra; stamina 2, filamenta toto connata, antheræ primo fusco-rubrescentes demum flavæ 4-loculares. Amenta fæminea 1,5–3,5 cm. longa; axis sericea; bracteæ ovatæ acuminatæ dorso atræ glabræ sed basi virides et longe villosæ, intus villosæ; glandula elongata; ovaria ovata dense adpresse sericea viridia apice rubescentia 2,5 mm. longa; styli elongati 2–3 mm. longi rubri basi pilosi; stigmata brevissima quadrifida 0,3 mm. longa. Fructus oblongi 3 mm. longi sericei.

Hab.

Prov. Heihoku: Kōkai (R. G. MILLS no. 312 ♀ — typus in Herb. Imp. Univ. Tokyo; 110).

Prov. Heinan: Heijyō (H. IMAI no. 23, 55, 89 ♀); Mt. Rōrinsan (T. MORI).

Prov. Kōkai: Kaishū (legitor? ♀).

Prov. Kōgen: Mt. Taihakusan (T. ISHIDOYA no. 5657).

Prov. Keiki: Suifudo oppidi Onheimen (T. ISHIDOYA); Seiryōri (T. NAKAI ♀); ibidem (T. NAKAI ♂ — type of *Salix Nakaii* in Herb. Imp. Univ. Tokyo).

Prov. Keihok: Antō (R. K. SMITH ♀).

Prov. Keinan: in monte templi Kabōji insulæ Nankaito (T. NAKAI no. 10903); Mt. Seishūzan (T. SAWADA).

Salix Nakaii KIMURA was described from the male plant cultivated in the Koishikawa Botanic Garden which the writer brought back from Korea. The cuttings were taken from the wild plants growing in the sandy beds along a brook near the Forest Experiment Station

at Seiryōri near Keijyō. This willow is one of the best willows for the protection of the banks of the river.

10. *Salix gracilistyla* MIQUEL.

(Tabula nostra XVII.)

Salix gracilistyla MIQUEL in Ann. Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. III, p. 26 (1867); Prol. Fl. Jap. p. 214 (1867)—K. KOCH, Dendrol. II, 1, p. 504 (1872)—FRANCHET & SAVATIER, Enum. Pl. Jap. I, p. 461 (1875)—MATSUMURA, Shokubutsu Mei-I. p. 260 (1895)—BEISSNER, Scheel & Zabel, Handb. Laubholzben. p. 46 (1903)—SCHNEIDER, Illus. Handb. Laubholzk. I, p. 65, fig. 26, fig. 27 i-k. (1904)—KOIDZUMI in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XXVII, p. 92 (1913)—SCHNEIDER in SARGENT, Pl. Wils. III, p. 164 (1916)—NAKAI, Veg. Diamond Mts. p. 168 no. 162 (1918)—MORI, Enum. Korean Pl. p. 109 (1922)—MAKINO & NEMOTO, Fl. Jap. p. 1123 (1925)—REHDER, Manual p. 121 (1927)—NAKAI in Bull. Soc. Dendrol. France no. 66, p. 10 (1928).

Syn. *Salix Thunbergiana* BLUME ex ANDERSSON in DC. Prodr. XVI, sect 2, p. 271 (1868)—BURKILL in Journ. Linn. Soc. XXVI, p. 533 (1899)—PALIBIN in Acta Hort. Petrop. XVIII, p. 52 (1900)—KOMAROV in Acta Horti Petrop. XXII, p. 30 (1903)—SEEMEN, Salic. Jap. p. 61, t. 14, fig. A-E (1903)—BEISSNER, SCHEEL & ZABEL, Handb. Laubholzkenn. p. 40 (1903), excl. syn.—LÉVEILLÉ in Bull. Acad. Int. Geogr. Bot. XIV, p. 210 (1904)—SHIRASAWA, Icon. Ess. Forest Trees Jap. II, t. 7, fig. 1-9 (1908)—NAKAI in Journ. Coll. Sci. Tokyo XXXI, p. 213 (1911)—MATSUMURA, Ind. Pl. Jap. II, pt. 2, p. 14 (1912)—NAKAI, Veg. Isl. Quelpært p. 36, no. 479 (1914); Veg. Chirisan Mts. p. 28, no. 118 (1915).

Salix brachystachys (non BENTHAM) MATSUMURA, Nippon Shokubutsu Meii p. 169 (1884); Cat. Pl. Herb. Coll. Sci. Imp. Univ. p. 181 (1886).

Salix cinerea (non LINNÆUS) KOMAROV, l. c. p. 22; in Acta Hort. Petrop. XXV, p. 813 (1907).

Frutex 1-2 metralis altus rarius 3 metralis, ramis exterioribus radicanibus ascendentibus ita cæspitem densam format. Rami juveniles

sericei demum subglabrescentes flavi aprici rubescentes. Squama gemmarum pilosula ventrali aperta. Folia aestivatione convoluta; petioli 1–10 mm. longi primo sericei demum subglabrescentes; lamina lineari-oblonga vel oblanceolata 1–12 cm. longa 3–37 mm. lata supra parce sericea demum glabrescens infra glauca et sericea sed inferiora sæpe glabrescens margine glanduloso-serrulata. Amenta præcocia sessilia. Amenta mascula 3–3,5 cm. longa; axis sericea; bracteæ ovatæ acuminatæ præter basin atræ longe villosæ 2,5 mm. longæ; glandulæ angustæ subulatae 1,5 mm. longæ; stamina 5–6 mm. longæ toto connata ita antheræ 4-loculares. Amenta fæminea 2–5 cm. longa; axis sericea; bracteæ ovato-oblongæ acuminatæ atræ villosæ sed villis quam in floribus masculis breviores; glandula subulata 1,5 mm. longa; ovarium oblongum sericeum; styli 2 mm. longi; stigma brevissimum quadrifidum. Capsula oblonga sericea 3 mm. longa.

Hab.

Prov. Kanhok: Chōmeikoku tractus Kyōjyō (T. NAKAI, no. 6856); Mt. Shayusan (CHUNG no. 921, 923); Oppido Fukyomen tractus Funei (CHUNG no. 1260); Mt. Hichihōzan (C. KONDO no. 357); Shuotsu tractus Kyōjyō (T. SAWADA no. 1605); Chōzandō (CHUNG no. 398); Oppido Yōshamen tractus Kisshū (S. FUKUBARA no. 1600); Sōzan (CHUNG no. 675).

Prov. Kannan: Chūzanri tractus Kōzan (legitor? ♀); Genzan (T. NAKAI); Mt. Shūaizan (S. FUKUBARA); Kōsuiin tractus Hōzan (T. ISHIDOYA no. 5203 ♂, 5204 ♀); Mt. Kōrohō (CHUNG); Kōzanmen (T. ISHIDOYA no. 4484); Kankō (T. ISHIDOYA no. 4482).

Prov. Heihoku: Nanshadō tractus Kōshō (S. GOTŌ ♂ & ♀); Kōkai (R. G. MILLS no. 302 ♀, 183, 734); inter Kōkai & Zyūhochin (T. NAKAI no. 1898); Mt. Hakuheizan tractus Unzan (T. ISHIDOYA no. 198); Oppido Yōmen tractus Shōjyō (T. SAWADA); Mt. Hakutozan tractus Sozan (S. FUKUBARA, no. 1270, 1046 ♀); Taiyudō tractus Sozan (S. FUKUBARA); Oppido Hokuchinmen tractus Unzan (S. FUKUBARA no. 1268); Oppido Tōsōmen tractus Shōjyō (S. FUKUBARA no. 1265); Gishū (T. ISHIDOYA ♀).

- Prov. Heinan: Chinnampo (T. NAKAI no. 10902); Jyōnandō (T. MORI); Mt. Katsujitsurei (T. MORI); Mt. Myōkōzan (C. KONDO no. 33 ♀); Oppido Taikyomen tractus Tokusen (C. KONDO ♀); in delta Ryōratō fluminis Daidōkō (T. ISHIDOYA no. 3298); Mt. Rōrinsan (K. OKAMOTO); Mt. Shōhakuzan (T. ISHIDOYA no. 4481).
- Prov. Kōkai: Mt. Kugetsusan (C. MURAMATSU); ibidem (K. OKAMOTO); Mt. Metsuaksan (C. MURAMATSU).
- Prov. Kōgen: Tsūsen (T. NAKAI no. 5294); Mt. Godaisan (T. ISHIDOYA no. 6545); Mt. Kongōsan (CHUNG); Mt. Taihakusan (T. ISHIDOYA no. 5659); Mt. Taikisan (S. FUKUBARA); Jyōyō Nangairi (T. ISHIDOYA no. 6629); Senpo (T. KIMURA); Rankoku (T. ISHIDOYA no. 3091 ♀, 3122 ♀, 1975, 3097 ♂).
- Prov. Keiki: Kōryō (T. NAKAI); ibidem (T. ISHIDOYA no. 1983, 1984); Suigen (RI-SHŌ-KO no. 159); Keijyō (N. OKUDA); ibidem (T. ISHIDOYA no. 1977 ♀); Mt. Kagakusan (T. SAWADA); Mt. Ryūmonzan (T. SAWADA).
- Prov. Chūhok: Mt. Zokrisan (S. FUKUBARA); Eidō (T. ISHIDOYA no. 3868 ♀).
- Prov. Chūnan: Mt. Keiryuzan (C. KONDŌ).
- Prov. Keihok: Antō (R. K. SMITH ♂).
- Prov. Keinan: Mt. Kayasan (T. ISHIDOYA no. 4575); Sinshū (legitor?); Mt. Gyokujyohō insulæ Kyosaitō (T. NAKAI no. 10904); Shōshimpo insulæ Kyosaitō (T. NAKAI no. 10905).
- Prov. Zenhok: Mt. Tokuyūzan (S. FUKUBARA).
- Prov. Zennan: Mt. Chiisan (T. NAKAI no. 52, 82); insula Chintō (T. NAKAI no. 9372); Kainan (T. NAKAI no. 9373).
- Distr. Yeso, Hondo, Shihoku, Kiusiu, Manshuria & China.

11. *Salix Blinii* LÉVEILLÉ.

(Tabula nostra XVIII.)

Salix Blinii LÉVEILLÉ in FEDDE, Repert. X, p. 435 (1912)—SCHNEIDER in SARGENT, Pl. Wils. III, p. 161 (1916)—MORI, Enum.

Corean Pl. p. 109 (1922)—NAKAI in Bull. Soc. Dendrol. France no. 66, p. 10 (1928).

Syn. *Salix Taquetii* LÉVEILLÉ, l. c. p. 436.

Salix myrtilloides (non LINNÆUS) NAKAI, Veg. Isl. Quelpært, p. 36 no. 477 (1914).

Frutex circ. 50 cm. altus vel humilior ramosissimus, ramis lateralibus prostrato-ascendentibus radicanibus. Rami biennes glabri rubescentes, hornotini primo sericei demum glabrescentes rubescenti-virides. Folia potius parva; petioli 1-7 mm. longi rubescentes primo pilosi mox glabrescentes; lamina oblanceolata vel lineari-oblanceolata vel oblongo-oblanceolata 0,5-5 cm. longa 2-14 mm. lata supra glabra vel primo parce sericeo-pilosa demum glabrescens subtus glaucescens vel pallida primo adpresse sericea demum subglabrescens apice acuminata vel acuta rarius obtusiuscula basi acuta vel acutiuscula vel cuneata margine minute serrulata. Amenta sessilia subcætanea. Amenta mascula nostris ignota. Amenta fæminea 1-2 cm. longa; axis sericea; bracteæ 1 mm. longæ oblongæ acutæ apice tantum atro-fusæ toto densissime sericeo-tomentosæ; glandula linearia; ovarium oblongum 1 mm. longum sericeum; stylus 1,2-1,3 mm. longus; stigmata brevissima 4-fida. Capsula 3 mm. longa sericea.

Hab.

Quelpært: secus torrentes 1600 m. montis Hallasan (E. TAQUET no. 6008—type of *Salix Taquetii*); ibidem (E. TAQUET no. 6007); Mt. Hallasan 1200 m. (E. TAQUET no. 3248 & 3249—type of *Salix Blinii*); in rupibus torrentis montis Hallasan 1700 m. E. TAQUET no. 7245).

Planta endemica!

こりやなぎ節

芽ノ鱗片ハ一個腹縁ハ鑷合狀ニ癒着シ發芽ニ際シ縦ニ裂開ス。葉ハ對生又ハ互生、嫩葉ハ内卷、花穂ハ葉ニ先テ生ズ。苞ハ丸ク蜜腺ハ腹面ニ一個、雄蕊ハ二個、花糸ハ少クモ尖以上(通例全長)迄相癒合ス。花柱ハ短シ。

北半球ニ十餘種アリ。其中三種ハ朝鮮ニ自生ス。其區別法左ノ如シ。

- | | | | |
|---|---|---|---------|
| 1 | } | 葉及び若枝ハ少シク絹毛アリ。互生花穂ハ長サ一乃至四センチ。 | かはやなぎ |
| | | | |
| 2 | } | 葉及び若枝ハ始メヨリ無毛。..... | 2 |
| | | | |
| 2 | } | 苞ハ僅ニ長毛疎生スルカ又ハ無毛。葉ハ對生、橢圓形莖ヲ抱ク。 | いぬこりやなぎ |
| | | | |
| 3 | } | 苞ハ長キ絨毛アリ。葉ハ狹長。..... | 3 |
| | | | |
| 3 | } | 葉ハ凡テ對生。雄蕊ハ苞ノ三倍乃至四倍ノ長サアリ。花柱ハ少シク伸長ス。..... | こりやなぎ |
| | | | |
| 3 | } | 葉ハ互生但シ小枝ノ葉ハ對生ノモノモアリ。雄蕊ハ苞ノ二倍ノ長サアリ。花柱ハ殆ンドナシ。..... | からこりやなぎ |
| | | | |

12. かはやなぎ

(第拾九圖)

雌雄異株ノ灌木長サハ大ナルハ七米突ニ達スルモノアリ。枝多ク幹ノ直徑ハ太キハ二十センチニ達スルアリ。枝ハ長ク傾上又ハ直立ス。二年生ノ枝ハ帶黃綠色又ハ帶紅綠色又ハ帶灰色綠色無毛、一年生ノ枝ハ若キ時ハ短キ絹毛生ジ後無毛トナリ綠色ナリ。冬芽ハ光澤アリ腹背ノ方向ニ扁タク長サ三乃至六ミリ先ハ丸シ。葉ハ始メ短カキ絹毛アリ特ニ雄本ニ於テハ密ナリ。嫩葉ハ内卷後無毛トナル。狹長ク或ハ狹長披針形ナリ。長サ一センチ半乃至十二、二センチ幅二乃至十七ミリ表面ハ無毛綠色裏面ハ中肋ノミ綠色ニシテ他ハ白シ。縁ニ鋸齒アリ先ハ尖銳角基脚ハ尖銳又ハ銳角又ハ狹楔形、葉柄ハ長サ一至乃九ミリ基部ニ向ヒ太マル。托葉ハ細シ長サ七乃至十五ミリ又ハ全ク發達セスモアリ。花穂ハ葉ニ先チテ生ジ無柄基脚ニ二個乃至四個ノ苞狀葉ヲ具フ。雄花穂ハ長サ一センチ半乃至五センチ。花軸ニハ短カキ微毛アリ。苞ハ倒卵形基脚狹マリ先端ハ黑色長絨毛アリ基部ハ綠色長サ二ミリ。蜜腺ハ腹面ニ唯一個アリ卵形又ハ央以上急ニ狹マル。雄蕊ハ二個ガ全ク合シテ一個トナル。花糸ハ央以上ニ毛多シ。葯ハ紫色、花粉ハ黃色、雌花穂ハ長サ二乃至四センチ。花軸ニハ短カキ微毛アリ。苞ハ長橢圓形先端丸ク黑褐色長キ絹毛密生シ長サ一乃至一ミリ半。蜜腺ハ腹面ニ唯一個アリ基部ハ幅廣ク央以上ハ細シ長サ〇、三ミリ乃至〇、五ミリ。子房ハ極メテ短キ柄ヲ有シ柄ト共ニ短キ絹

毛アリ長サ一ミリ半。花柱ハ長サ〇、三ミリ無毛、柱頭ハ極メテ短ク四又シ外ニ反ル。花穂ハ長サ三乃至五センチ。果實ハ長サ四ミリ絹毛アリ。

平北、平南、咸北、咸南ニ互リテ産ス。

(分布) 本道。

13. いぬこりやなぎ

(第貳拾圖)

雌雄異株ノ灌木高サ一乃至三米突、二年生ノ枝ハ光澤アリ黄色又ハ帶紅色始メヨリ無毛、葉ハ對生、嫩葉ハ内卷、葉身ハ狹長橢圓形又ハ長橢圓形無柄基脚ハ莖ヲ抱キ縁ニハ小鋸齒アリ先端ハ銳角又ハ急ニ尖リ始メヨリ無毛、若キ時ハ屢々紅色長サ二乃至六センチ幅六乃至十八ミリ。花穂ハ葉ニ先チテ生ズ。雄花穂ハ未ダ朝鮮産ノモノヲ見ズ。雌花穂ハ長サ一センチ乃至一センチ半基脚ニ苞狀葉三乃至四個アリ。花軸ニハ短カキ微毛アリ。苞ハ倒卵形黑色長サ一ミリ半僅カニ長毛生ズルカ又ハ無毛、蜜腺ハ腹面ニ一個卵形極メテ小、子房ハ卵形長サ一センチ半絹毛アリ。花柱ハ長サ〇、三ミリ無毛、柱頭ハ極小二又ハ四又ス。果穂ハ長サ二センチ屈曲ス。果實ハ長サ三ミリ短毛生ズ。

咸北ニ生ズ。

(分布) 本海道、本島、九州。

14. からこりやなぎ

(第貳拾壹圖 A-B, 第貳拾貳圖 A-D)

雌雄異株ノ灌木高サ一乃至三米突枝多シ基部ヨリ傾上スル枝ヲ出シ根ヲ生ズ。芽ハ長サ三乃至五ミリ。腹面ハ縦ニ裂開ス。二年生ノ枝ハ黄色又ハ帶黄紅色又ハ帶朱色、一年生ノ枝ハ綠色始メヨリ無毛、長枝ノ葉ハ互生細長シ。葉柄ハ長サ二乃至六ミリ。托葉ハ狹披針形又ハ帶披針線狀長サ十五乃至十八ミリ。綠色、小鋸齒アリ。葉身ハ長サ九乃至十三センチ幅八乃至十五ミリ表面ハ綠色裏面ハ白ク縁ニ小鋸齒アリ。先端ハ銳尖基脚ハ狹楔形、嫩葉ハ紅色、末梢ノ葉ハ通例互生ナレドモ稀ニ對生、果枝ノ葉ハ長枝ノ葉ヨリモ小サク長サ二乃至八センチ幅三乃至十ミリ。花穂ハ二年生ノ枝ニ側生シ、葉ニ先チテ生ジ極メテ短キ若枝ノ先端ニ附ク基ニ小サキ葉二乃至五個アリ。雄花穂ハ長サ二乃至三センチ。花軸ハ短カキ密毛生ズ。苞ハ倒卵形先端ハ黑色長サ一ミリ半絹色ノ長毛疎生ス。

蜜腺ハ卵形、雄蕊ハ一本長サ三ミリ半以下ニモアリ。葯ハ紅色四室、雌花穂ハ長サ二センチ乃至二センチ半。花軸ニハ短毛少シク生ズ。苞ハ長橢圓形絹毛アリ、紅色ニシテ先ハ黒ク長サ一ミリ半。蜜腺ハ腹面ニ一箇アルノミ卵形、子房ハ長橢圓卵形絹毛アリ。無柄、花柱ハ殆ンドナク柱頭ハ紅色ニ又シ後又四又ス。

咸北、咸南、平北、江原ノ諸道ニ生ズ。

(分布) 日本ヲ除ク亞細亞ノ北部、中部、歐洲。

一種葉ハ先ニ細マリ。花糸ハ苞ノ三乃至五倍ノ長サアリ。葯ハ黒紫色、子房ハ稍長キ柱頭ニ向ヒ次第ニ細マリ。苞ニハ極メテ長キモアルモノアリ。之ヲ

こりやなぎ

(第貳拾壹圖 C-D, 第貳拾貳圖 E-H)

ト謂フ。

咸北、咸南、平北、平南、黄海、江原、京畿、忠北、慶北、慶南、全南ニ産ス。

(分布) 本島。

Salix sect. **Helix** DUMORTIER, Verh. Gesl. Wilgen p. 15 (1825)—FRIES, Summa Veget. p. 56 (1846)—LANGE in WILLKOMM & LANGE, Prodr. Fl. Hisp. I, p. 225 & 227 (1870)—SCHNEIDER in SARGENT, Pl. Wils. III, p. 165 (1916).

Syn. *Salix* cohors *Purpureæ* W. D. KOCH, Salic. Europ. Comm. pp. 11 & 24 (1828)—FRIES in Syllog. Pl. Nov. II, p. 37 (1828)—REICHENBACH, Fl. Germ. Excurs. II, p. 171 (1831)—W. D. KOCH, Syn. p. 648 (1837)—LOUDON, Arb. & Frutic. Brit. III, p. 1490 (1838)—SPACH, Hist. Vég. X, p. 370 (1841)—BABINGTON, Manual Brit. Bot. p. 272 (1843)—DCELL, Rhein. Fl. p. 263 (1843)—REICHENBACH, Icon. XI, p. 22 (1849)—TRAUTVETTER in LEDEBOUR, Fl. Ross. III, pt. 2, p. 602 (1851)—GRENIER & GODRON, Fl. Franc. III, p. 128 (1855)—ANDERSSON in DC. Prodr. XVI, sect. 2, p. 306 (1868)—ČELAKOVSKÝ, Prodr. Fl. Böhm. II, p. 132 (1871)—DIPPEL, Handb. Laubholzk. II, p. 231 (1892)—KOEHNE, Deutsch. Dendrol. p.p. 89 & 103 (1893)—

SEEMEN, Salic. Jap. p. 20 (1903)—SCHNEIDER, Illus. Handb. I, p. 68 (1904)—SEEMEN in ASCHERSON & GRÆBNER, Syn. Mitteleurop. Fl. IV. p.p. 60 et 192 (1908)—ROUY, Fl. Franc. XII, p. 196 (1910)—TÆPFFER, Salic. Bav. p. 55 (1915).

Salix sect. *Monandræ* BORRER in Hooker, Brit. Fl. p. 413 (1830)—WOLF in Acta Hort. Petrop. XXI, p. 135 (1903)—NAKAI in Bull. Soc. Dendrol. Franc. no. 66, p. 14 (1928).

Salix Allolepideæ—*Stenophylleæ* TRAUTVETTER in Linnæa X, p. 579 (1836), pro parte.

Salix II. *Præcoces* DÆLL, Fl. Bad. II, p. 491 (1859), pro parte.

Salix sect. *Caprisalix* DUMORTIER subsect. 1. *Helice* DUMORTIER in Bull. Soc. Roy. Bot. Belg. I, p. 140 (1862)—BABINGTON in Seemann, Journ. Bot. I, p. 170 (1863)—SYME in SOWERBY, Engl. Bot. VIII, p. 217 (1873).

Salices Synandræ ANDERSSON, Monogr. I, in synopsis (1863).

Salix sect. *Monandræ* WIMMER apud PETZOLD & KIRCHNER, Arb. Musc. p. 588 (1864).

Salix sect. *Albæ* (non BORRER) SCHNEIDER in SARGENT, Pl. Wils. III, p. 109 (1916), pro parte.

Squama gemmæ solitaria ventre valvatim connata demum longitudine rupsa. Folia opposita vel alterna æstivatione convoluta. Amenta præcocia. Bracteæ obtusæ. Glandula solitaria ventralis. Stamina 2, filamentis saltem dimidio (vulgo toto) connatis. Styli breves vel minus elongati.

Species ultra 10, quarum 3 in Korea sponte nascent, quæ ut sequentes inter sese distinguendæ.

- | | | | |
|---|---|---|---------------------|
| 1 | { | Folia et rami juventute subsericea, alterna. Amenta 1–4 cm. | |
| | | longa. | <i>S. Gilgiana.</i> |
| 2 | { | Folia et rami ab initio glaberrima. | 2 |
| | | Bracteæ parce hirtellæ vel glabræ. Folia oblonga amplexicaulia | |
| | | | <i>S. integra.</i> |
| 2 | { | Bracteæ subvillosæ. Folia subulata vel oblanceolata vel anguste | |
| | | oblanceolata. | 3 |

- 3 { Folia omnia opposita. Stamina bracteas 3-4 plo superantia.
Styli plus minus elongati. *S. purpurea* var. *japonica*.
Folia alterna vel in ramulis opposita. Stamina bracteas duplo
superantia. Styli subnulli. *S. purpurea* var. *Smithiana*.

12. *Salix Gilgiana* SEEMEN.

(Tabula nostra XIX.)

Salix Gilgiana SEEMEN, Salic. Jap. p. 59, Taf. XIII, A-D (1903)—LÉVEILLÉ in Bull. Acad. Int. Geogr. Bot. XVI, p. 145 (1906)—SCHNEIDER in SARGENT, Pl. Wils. III, p. 169 (1916).

Syn. *Salix purpurea* (non LINNÆUS) MATSUMURA, Nippon Shokubutsu Meii p. 170 (1884); Shokubutsu Mei-I. p. 261 (1895).

Salix Makinoana SEEMEN in FEDDE, Repert. I, p. 173 (1905), pro parte—MATSUMURA, Ind. Pl. Jap. II, pt. 2, p. 11 (1912), pro parte—SCHNEIDER in Pl. Wils. III, p. 110 (1916)—NAKAI in Bull. Soc. Dendrol. France no. 66, p. 14 (1928)—REHDER in Journ. Arnold Arboretum X, p. 114 (1929).

Salix gymnolepis LÉVEILLÉ & VANIOT in FEDDE, Repert. III, p. 22 (1907)—MATSUMURA, Ind. Pl. Jap. II, pt. 2, p. 10 (1912).

Salix purpurea L. subsp. *eupurpurea* var. *sericea* KOIDZUMI in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XXVII, p. 92 (1913)—SCHNEIDER in SARGENT, Pl. Wils. III, p. 167 (1916).

Salix purpurea L. subsp. *gymnolepis* KOIDZUMI in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XXVII, p. 267 (1913).

. Frutex vel arborescens dioicus usque 7 m. altus virgatus, trunco usque 20 cm. lato, ramis elongatis ascendentibus vel erectis. Ramus biennis flavescenti-viridis vel rubescenti-viridis vel griseo-viridis glaber, hornotinus juventute adpresse sericeo-pubescentis demum glabrescens viridis. Gemmæ hiemales lucidæ dorsi-ventrali compressæ 3-6 mm. longæ obtusæ. Folia primo adpresse sericea præcipue in plantis masculis densius sericea æstivatione convoluta demum glabrescentia angusta subulata vel anguste oblanceolata 1,5-12,2 cm. longa 2-7 mm. lata supra glabra viridia infra præter costas virides glauca, margine denticulata

apice acutissima basi acuminata vel acuta vel anguste cuneata, petiolis 1–9 mm. longis ad basin dilatatis, stipulis si evolutis linearibus vel subulatis 7–15 mm. longis. Amenta præcocia sessilia basi sæpe cataphyllis 2–4 suffulta. Amenta mascula 1,5–5 cm. longa; axis adpresse pilosa; bracteæ obovatae basi contractæ apice atratae villosæ basi virides 2 mm. longæ; glandula unica ventralis ovata vel supra medium contracta; stamina 2 cum filamentis et antheris toto connatis monandra; filamenta infra medium pubescentia; antheræ purpureæ; pollinia flava. Amenta fæminea 2–4 cm. longa; axis adpresse pilosa; bracteæ oblongæ obtusæ atro-fusæ sericeo-hirtæ 1–1,5 mm. longæ; glandula unica ventralis basi dilatata supra medium angustata 0,3–0,5 mm. longa; ovarium brevissime stipitatum cum stipite adpresse sericea 1,5 mm. longa; styli 0,3 mm. longi glabri; stigmata reflexa brevissima 4 fida. Amenta fructifera 3–5 cm. longa; capsula oblonga sericea 4 mm. longa.
Hab.

Prov. Kanhok: Mozan (T. MORI no. 316).

Prov. Kannan: Chōshin (T. NAKAI no. 1901); oppido Kōzanmen tractus Teihei (T. ISHIDOYA no. 4477); inter Hokhei & Chokdō (T. ISHIDOYA no. 5195); Chinkō (T. NAKAI).

Prov. Heihok: Ikado oppido Gishū (T. ISHIDOYA no. 1957, 1964, 1966, 1967, 1968, 1997, 2002); Shingishū (T. ISHIDOYA no. 3890 ♀, 3891 ♀, 3935 ♀, 3936 ♀, 3937 ♀); ibidem (M. FURUMI); inter Gishū & Gyokkōchin (T. NAKAI no. 1902); Gishū (T. ISHIDOYA no. 3886 ♂).

Prov. Heinan: Heijyō (T. ISHIDOYA no. 3892 ♀, 2893 ♀, 3897 ♀); inter Neien & Onsō (T. ISHIDOYA no. 4476); ad ripas fluminis Daidōkō (T. ISHIDOYA no. 3894 ♀, 3895 ♀, 3896 ♀).

Distr. Hondo.

13. *Salix integra* THUNBERG.

(Tabula nostra XX.)

Salix integra THUNBERG, Jap. mspt. ex MURRAY, Syst. Veg. ed. 14, p. 880 (1784)—THUNBERG, Fl. Jap. p. 24 (1784)—GMELIN, Syst. Veg. II,

pt. 1, p. 73, no. 19 (1791)—VITMAN, Summa Pl. V, p. 460 (1791)—
PERSOON, Syst. Veg. ed. 15, p. 922 (1797)—POIRET, Encycl. Méthod.
VI, p. 662 (1804)—WILLDENOW, Sp. Pl. IV, pt. 2, p. 686, no. 65
(1805)—PERSOON, Syn. Pl. II, p. 601 (1807)—STEUDEL, Nomencl. Bot.
ed. 1, I, p. 718 (1821)—SPRENGEL, Syst. Veg. I, p. 107, no. 107 (1825)—
KOIDZUMI in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XXXIX, p. 299 (1925)—NAKAI in Bull.
Soc. Dendrol. France no. 66, p. 14 (1928).

Syn. *Salix purpurea* (non LINNÆUS) MIQUEL in Ann. Mus. Bot.
Lugd. Bat. III, p. 26 (1876); Prol. Fl. Jap. p. 214 (1876).

Salix multinervis FRANCHET & SAVATIER, Enum. Pl. Jap. II, pt. 1,
p. 504 (1876)—MATSUMURA, Nippon Shokubutsu Meii, p. 170 (1884);
Cat. Pl. Herb. Coll. Sci. Imp. Univ. p. 182 (1886)—BEISSNER, SCHEEL
& ZABEL, Handb. Laubholzben. p. 47 (1903)—KOMAROV in Acta Hort.
Petrop. XXII, p. 25 (1903)—SHIRASAWA, Icon. Essen. Forest Trees
Jap. II, t. VIII, fig. 7 (1908)—NAKAI in Journ. Coll. Sci. Tokyo XXXI,
p. 216 (1911); Fl. Paiktusan p. 63, no. 83 (1918)—MAKINO & NEMOTO,
Fl. Jap. p. 1128 (1925).

Salix purpurea LINNÆUS var. *multinervis* MATSUMURA, Shokubutsu
Mei-I, p. 261 (1895)—SEEMEN, Salic. Jap. p. 56, Taf. XI, fig. F-K
(1903)—MATSUMURA, Ind. Pl. Jap. II, pt. 1, p. 13 (1911).

Salix Savatieri A. & E. CAMUS, Monogr. p. 326 (1904).

Salix purpurea LINNÆUS var. *multinervis* FRANCHET & SAVATIER
apud LÉVEILLÉ & VANIOT in Bull. Acad. Int. Geogr. Bot. XIV, p. 210
(1904).

Salix purpurea subsp. *amplexicaulis* (non BOISSIER) KOIDZUMI in
Tokyo Bot. Mag. XXVII, p. 92 (1913).

Salix purpurea subsp. *S. amplexicaulis* (BORRY & CHAUB.) var.
latifolia TŒPFFER, Salic. Bav. p. 168 (1915), quoad pl. ex Japonia.

Salix purpurea subsp. *amplexicaulis* var. *multinervis* SCHNEIDER in
SARGENT, Pl. Wils. III, p. 168 (1916), excl. syn. *S. amplexicaulis*
CHAUBARD.

Frutex dioicus 1–3 metralis, ramis decussatis subfastigiatus erectis.
Rami biennes lucidi flavidi vel rubescentes ab initio glaberrimi. Folia

opposita convoluta anguste oblonga vel oblonga sessilia basi amplexicaulia margine serrulata apice acuta vel mucronata ab initio glaberrima juventute sæpe rubra 2–6 cm. longa 6–18 mm. lata. Amenta præcocia. Amenta mascula in plantis Koreanis adhuc ignota. Amenta fæminea in nostris speciminibus 1–1,5 cm. longa basi cataphyllis 3–4 suffulta. Axis adpresse pilosa. Bracteæ obovatæ atræ 1,5 mm. longæ parcissime hirtellæ vel subglabræ. Glandula unica ventralis ovata minima. Ovaria ovata 1,5 mm. longa sericea. Styli 0,3 mm. longi glabri. Stigmata minima emarginato 2–4 fida. Amenta fructifera 2 cm. longa curvata. Capsella 3 mm. longa adpresse sericea.

Hab.

Prov. Kanhok: Mosan (T. ISHIDOYA no. 2795 fr.; 2796 ♀); inter Zimmujyō & Mohō (T. NAKAI no. 1920); oppido Fukyomen tractus Funei (CHUNG no. 1307, 1309); Syōjyō (CHUNG no. 1308); Shōzandō (CHUNG no. 399, 400, 401); Sōzan (CHUNG no. 673, 674); oppido Zyōuhokmen tractus Meisen (S. FUKUBARA no. 1599); Mt. Shayusan (CHUNG no. 924, 925, 926); Hojyōdō (T. SAWADA no. 1710, 1711); Shuotsu (T. NAKAI no. 6855).

Distr. Yeso, Hondo, Kiusiu.

14. *Salix purpurea* L.

var. *Smithiana* TRAUTVETTER.

(Tabulæ nostræ XXI, A–B; XXII, A–D.)

Salix purpurea LINNÆUS, Sp. Pl. ed. 1, p. 1017, no. 10 (1753); Fl. Suec. ed. 2, p. 347, no. 884 (1755); Sp. Pl. ed. 2, II, p. 1444, no. 10 (1763)—SMITH, Engl. Bot. tab. 1388 (1825)—HOST, Salic. p. 12, tab. 40–41 (1828)—HOPPE in STURM, Deutschl. Fl. IX, tab. 1080.

var. *Smithiana* TRAUTVETTER in Linnæa X, p. 579 (1836).

Syn. *Salix monandra* ARDUINO, Memorie I, t. 11 (1766)—HOFFMANN, Hist. Salic. I, fasc. 1, p. 18, tab. I, fig. 1 & 2, Tab. V, fig. 1. (1785)—VILLARS, Fl. Dauph. III, p. 767 (1789)—ROTH, Tent. Fl. Germ. II, pt. 2, p. 507 (1793)—HOST, Syn. Fl. Austr. p. 527 (1798)—HOFFMANN, Deutschl. Fl. ed. 2, I. Abt. 2, p. 259 (1804)—LAMARCK & DC. Fl.

Franc. ed. 3. III, p. 297 (1815)—SPRENGEL, Syst. Veg. I, p. 101 (1825).

Salix purpurea a. trunco humiliori, etc. KOCH, Syn. ed. 1, p. 646 (1837).

Salix purpurea var. *monandra* HOFFMANN apud REICHENBACH, Icon. XI, tab. DLXXXII (1849).

Salix purpurea a. gracilis GRENIER & GODRON, Fl. Franc. III. pt. 1, p. 129 (1855)—ANDERSSON in DC. Prodr. XVI, sect. 2, II, p. 306 (1868)—DIPPEL, Handb. Laubholz. II, p. 236 (1892)—ROUY, Fl. Franc. XII, p. 107 (1910).

Salix Helix (non L.) K. KOCH, Deutsch. Dendrol. II, pt. 1, p. 527 (1872).

Salix purpurea a. genuina SYME in SOWERBY, Engl. Bot. VIII, p. 217, Pl. MCCCXVI (1873).

Salix purpurea var. *typica* BECK, Fl. Nied. Oestr. p. 288 (1890).

Salix purpurea subsp. *Eupurpurea* var. *a. typica* BECK apud SCHNEIDER, Illus. Handb. I, p. 68 (1904).

Frutex dioicus 1–3 metralis altus virgatus basi ramulos arcuato-ascendentes radicanes surgit. Gemmæ 3–5 mm. longæ ventrali longitudine fissæ. Rami biennes flavidi vel flavescenti-rubri vel ochracei, hornotini virides ab initio glaberrimi. Folia turionum alterna elongata; petioli 3–6 mm. longi; stipulæ lineari-lanceolatæ vel lanceolato-lineares 15–18 mm. longæ virides serrulatæ; lamina 9–13 cm. longa 8–15 mm. lata supra viridis infra glaucescens margine serrulata apice acuminata basi anguste cuneata, juventute sæpe rubescens. Folia ramorum vulgo alterna rarius opposita, fructiferorum eis turionis minora 2–8 cm. longa 3–10 mm. lata. Amenta lateralia subpræcocia in apice ramulorum lateralium brevissimorum terminalia foliis parvis 2–5 suffulta. Amenta mascula 2–3 cm. longa; axis adpresse sed dense ciliolata; bracteæ obovatæ apice atratæ 1,5 mm. longæ sericeo-hirtellæ; glandula ovata; stamina unica 3,5 mm. longa infra medium pilosa; antheræ rubræ quadriloculares. Amenta fæminea 2–2,5 cm. longa; axis adpresse ciliolata; bracteæ oblongæ sericeo-pubescentes rubescentes apice nigræ

1,5 mm. longæ ; glandula unica ventralis ovata ; ovarium oblongo-ovatum sericeum sessile ; styli subnulli ; stigmata rubra bifida vel demum emarginato-quadrifida.

Hab.

Prov. Kanhok : Hojyōdō (T. NAKAI, no. 6837) ; Mt. Kapporei (T. NAKAI, no. 1896).

Prov. Kannan : inter Keizanchin & Futempō (T. NAKAI no. 1930) ; Taichūri (T. ISHIDOYA no. 2753 ♂).

Prov. Heihok : Shingishū (T. NAKAI, no. 2372) ; secus fl. Jalu (T. ISHIDOYA ♀).

Prov. Kōgen : Tsūsen (T. NAKAI, no. 5301).

Distr. Asia bor. & merid., nec non Europa.

Salix purpurea L. var. **japonica** NAKAI in Bull. Soc. Dendrol. France no. 66, p. 14 (1928).

Syn. *Salix integra* (non THUNBERG) SIEBOLD & ZUCCARINI in Abh. Muench. Akad. IV, Abt. 3, p. 211, no. 749 (1846).

Salix purpurea (non LINNÆUS) FRANCHET & SAVATIER, Enum. Pl. Jap. I, p. 462 (1875), excl. syn.—SEEMEN, Salic. Jap. p. 54 (1903), excl. syn., pro parte—MATSUMURA, Ind. Pl. Jap. II, pt. 2, p. 12 (1912).

Salix rubra (non HUDSON) MATSUMURA, Nippon Shokubutsu Meii p. 170 (1884) ; Shokubutsu Mei-I, p. 261 (1895).

Differt a *typica* vel *Smithiana* foliis elongatis non ad apicem dilatatis sed sensim angustatis, filamentis bracteas 3-5 plo (non duplo) superantibus, antheris atro-purpureis (non rubescentibus), ovario in stylis plus minus elongatis sensim angustato, bracteis longissime barbatis.

Hab.

Prov. Kanhok : Nōjidō (T. ISHIDOYA no. 2793 ♀).

Prov. Kannan : Taichūri (T. ISHIDOYA no. 2753, typus fl. ♀) ;

Kōzanmen tractus Teihei (T. ISHIDOYA no. 4472, 4473, 4475).

Prov. Heihok : Teishū (T. ISHIDOYA no. 3838, typus fl. ♂) ; Sozan

- Hanmen (S. FUKUBARA no. 1043 ♀); Mt. Hinantoksan (S. FUKUBARA no. 1274 ♀); Shingishū (T. ISHIDOYA no. 3899); Nansha tractus Kōshō (S. GOTŌ); Mt. Hiraihō (T. SAWADA).
- Prov. Heinan: inter Onsō & Rappori (T. ISHIDOYA no. 4474).
- Prov. Kōkai: Mt. Kugetsusan (CHUNG); Mt. Karanzan (K. TAKAICHI); Katomen tractus Kokzan (K. TAKAICHI).
- Prov. Kōgen: Mt. Taihaksan (T. ISHIDOYA no. 5680 ♀); Sempo (T. ISHIDOYA ♂); Rankok (T. ISHIDOYA no. 1957-8, 3092 ♀, 3098 ♂); Mt. Godaisan (T. ISHIDOYA, no. 6548); Mt. Setsugaksan (T. ISHIDOYA no. 6235); Mt. Taikisan (S. FUKUBARA).
- Prov. Keiki: Kōryō (T. NAKAI ♀); Wajyōdai (T. ISHIDOYA no. 2452 ♀); Mt. Kangaksan (T. ISHIDOYA no. 1969); Mt. Kagaksan (T. SAWADA); Mt. Ryūmonzan (T. SAWADA).
- Prov. Chūhok: Seisyū (T. ISHIDOYA no. 3898 ♀).
- Prov. Keihok: Mt. Zitsugetsusan (T. SAWADA).
- Prov. Keinan: Mt. Kayasan (T. ISHIDOYA no. 4572).
- Prov. Zennan: Mt. Mutōzan (S. FUKUBARA).
- Distr. Hondo.

Salix purpurea var. *japonica* f. **rubra** NAKAI, comb. nov.

Syn. *Salix purpurea* f. *rubra* NAKAI in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XXXIII, p. 44 (1919).

Salix purpurea var. *rubra* NAKAI apud Mori, Enum. Korean Pl. p. 111 (1922).

Folia juvenilia omnia intense rubro-sanguinea v. carnea pulcherrima. Hab.

Prov. Kanhok: secus torrentem pede montis Seikirei (T. NAKAI no. 6855).

ばつこやなぎ節

芽ノ鱗片ハ一個發芽ニ際シ腹面縦裂ス。嫩葉ハ内卷、苞ハ永存性、蜜腺ハ腹面ニ一個稀ニ二個、雄蕊ハ二個、子房ハ柄ヲ有シ絨毛アリ。花柱長シ、柱頭ハ四叉ス。分テ二亞節トス。

1. 滑葉亞節

葉ノ表面ハ滑カニシテ皺ナシ。

此亞節ニ屬スルモノハ歐亞兩洲ニ數種アリ。朝鮮ニハ一種テウセンキツネやなぎ及ビ其變種アリ。

2. 皺葉亞節

葉ノ成育シタルモノハ表面ノ葉脈凹ムヲ以テ一面ニ皺アリ。

此亞節ニ屬スルモノハ歐亞兩洲ニ十餘種アリ。其中二種タケシマやなぎ、たんなやなぎ並ニ其變種ハ朝鮮ニ自生ス。

15. てうせんきつねやなぎ

(第貳拾參圖)

雌雄異株ノ灌木又ハ小喬木。高サ二乃至四米半分岐多ク山上ノ乾燥地又ハ岩石地ニ多シ。幹ノ直徑ハ五乃至十センチ、枝ハ綠色、冬期ハ屢々帯紅色又ハ帯黃色、末梢ハ始メ絹毛アレドモ後無毛トナル。托葉ハ耳狀又ハ半月形又ハ廣卵形長サ二乃至七ミリ表面ハ綠色裏面ハ白ク全縁又ハ小鋸齒アリ。葉柄ハ長サ一乃至七ミリ始メ絹毛アリ後微毛アルカ又ハ無毛、葉身ハ長橢圓形又ハ橢圓形長サ八乃至八十五ミリ幅三乃至四十四ミリ基脚ハ銳角又ハ急尖縁ハ全縁又ハ波狀ノ小鋸齒アリ先端ハ銳尖又ハ銳角、表面ハ綠色央以下ハ少シ絹毛アリ。裏面ハ白味アリ絹毛アリ後無毛トナル。花穂ハ葉ニ先チテ生ジ無柄又ハ殆ンド無柄、雄花穂ハ長サ二乃至三センチ幅一センチ基ニ苞狀葉三乃至五個アリ。花軸ハ絹毛アリ。苞ハ黑色又ハ黒褐色基脚ハ綠色帯披針長橢圓形長サ二ミリ半銳角又ハ丸ク又ハ鈍角、背面ハ長キ毛アリ縁ニ長キ絹色ノ毛アリ。蜜腺ハ一個、腹面ニ位シ扁圓柱但シ平タキ方ノ面ハ四角ナリ。先端ヨリ蜜ヲ出ス。雄蕊ハ二個長サ約七ミリ葯ハ橢圓形、黃色、雌花穂ハ長サ一乃至二センチ無柄又ハ若キ短枝ノ先ニ生ズ。花軸ハ絹毛アリ。苞ハ長橢圓形稍銳角長サ一乃至一ミリ半長キ絹色ノ毛アリ。蜜腺ハ一個、腹面ニ位シ花穂ノ基部ノ花ニテハ二個アルモアリ。子房ハ約一ミリノ絹毛アル柄ト合シテ三乃至三ミリ半絹毛アリ。四角、面ハ披針形長サ一乃至一ミリ半ノ花柱ニ向ヒテ細マル。柱頭ハ四叉ス。蒴ハ長サ五乃至六ミリ絹毛アリ。果穂ハ長サ三乃至七センチ。

咸南、平北、平南、黄海、江原、京畿ノ諸道ニ産ス。

(分布) カムチャツカ、沿海洲、烏蘇利、滿洲、黑流江省、西北利亞、露國、ラブランド。

一種、葉長ク先端鋭尖ナルヲ**ながばてうせんきつねやなぎ**ト云フ。平南、江原ニ産ス。

又一種、末梢及ビ葉ハ最初ヨリ無毛又ハ殆ンド無毛ナルアリ。之ヲ**てうせんみねやなぎ**ト云フ。

咸北、咸南、平北、平南、黄海、江原、京畿ノ諸道ニ産ス。

(分布) 滿洲。

又一種、葉ハ橢圓形又ハ長橢圓形又ハ披針形、裏面ニ褐色ノ微毛アルモノアリ。是ヲ**ちやいろみねやなぎ**ト謂フ。

平南ニ産シ稀品ナリ。

皺葉亞節ニ屬スル朝鮮産ノ柳ノ區分法ハ左ノ如シ。

- | | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | { | 低キ灌木。高サ一米突ヲ出デズ。葉ノ側脈ハ七乃至八本(六乃至十本)、葉ハ常ニ廣橢圓形、花柱ハ短シ。……たけしまやなぎ |
| | | 丈高キ灌木又ハ小喬木五乃至六米突ニ達スルアリ。葉ノ側脈ハ九乃至十五本(七乃至十八本)、花柱ハ柱頭ト同長又ハ夫ヨリ長シ。……………2 |
| 2 | { | 葉裏ハ殆ンド無毛又ハ嫩葉ニアリテハ一部分絨毛アリ。……………3 |
| | | 葉裏ハ極メテ密ニ絨毛アリ。……………4 |
| 3 | { | 葉ハ圓形又ハ橢圓形。……………たんなやなぎ |
| | | 葉ハ倒披針形又ハ倒披針長橢圓形。……………ながばたんなやなぎ |
| 4 | { | 葉ハ圓形又ハ橢圓形。……………かうらいばつこやなぎ |
| | | 葉ハ倒披針形又ハ倒披針長橢圓形。……………ほそばばつこやなぎ |

16. たけしまやなぎ

(竹島柳ノ意)

(第貳拾四圖)

雌雄異株ノ小灌木ニシテ高サ一米突ニ達セズ。未ダ雄木ヲ見ズ。二年生ノ枝ハ帶褐綠色皮下ニ縦線ナシ。一年生ノ枝ハ始メ微毛アリ後無毛トナリ綠色、葉柄ハ長サ二乃至十ミリ短微毛アリ後無毛トナル。葉身ハ橢圓形又ハ廣橢圓形但シ長枝ニアリテハ長橢圓披針形トモナル。表面ニ皺アリテ主脈ニノミ微毛アリ綠色、裏面ハ白味アル綠色絹毛アリ嫩葉ニテ

ハ毛深シ。基脚ハ或ハ丸ク或ハ尖リ先端ハ或ハ尖リ或ハ鋭尖、縁ハ全縁又ハ鋸齒アリ長サ二乃至八センチ幅〇、八乃至四、五センチ側主脈ハ彎曲シ兩側ニ各六本乃至十本通例七本乃至八本、果穂ハ長サ約五ミリノ柄ヲ有シ長サ二センチ半、苞ハ倒卵形又ハ長橢圓倒卵形黒色長サーミリ長キ絹毛ヲ被ル。蜜腺ハ一個腹面ニ位シ長サ半ミリ先端ハ帶紅褐色、子房ハ角狀長サ約一ミリノ柄アリ全面ニ短カキ絹毛ヲ被ル。花柱ハ短ク柱頭ハ四叉ス。

鬱陵島ノ特産ナリ。但シ稀ナリ。

17. たんなやなぎ

(耽羅柳ノ意)

(第貳拾五圖)

雌雄異株ノ灌木又ハ小喬木高サ六米突ニ達スルアリ。幹ノ直徑モ十五センチニ達スルアリ。皮ハ始メ滑カナレドモ老木ニテハ粗ニ割ル。末梢ハ太ク節ハ太シ。若枝ニハ絹毛アリ老成スレバ綠色トナリ二年生ハ帶紅色ナリ。芽ハ卵形ヤ、扁ク先端少シク曲ル。葉柄ハ長サ三乃至三十ミリ基脚ハ幅廣ク全長ニ絹毛アリ。葉身ハ圓形又ハ廣橢圓形又ハ廣卵形又ハ橢圓形全縁又ハ不顯著ノ鋸齒アリ但シ長萌枝ニアリテハ内曲スル鋸齒ヲ有スルヲ常トス。表面ハ綠色皺アリ裏面ハ始メ絹毛アリ後葉脈ヲ除ク外殆ンド無毛トナリ脈ハ著シク高マル白ク或ハ白味アリ基脚ハ或ハ丸ク或ハ急ニ尖リ或ハ鋭角先端ハ鋭角又ハ鋭尖長サ二乃至十四センチ幅一センチ半乃至七センチ半、托葉ハ長萌枝ノ葉ニノミアリ半圓形、鋸齒アリ。表面ハ綠色裏面ハ白シ、花穂ハ殆ンド無柄、葉ニ先チテ生ジ基ニ二個乃至四個ノ苞狀葉アリ絹毛アリ。雄花穂ハ長サ二乃至三センチ幅一センチ半概形ハ橢圓形又ハ帶卵橢圓形又ハ長橢圓形、花軸ニ絹毛アリ。苞ハ倒披針形長サ二ミリ乃至二ミリ半先端ハ黒ク長キ毛アリ。蜜腺ハ一個腹面ニ位シ四角形先端ハ截形半ミリ乃至一ミリ、雄蕊ハ二個長サ約八ミリ、花糸ハ基部ニ毛アリ。葯ハ橢圓形黃色長サーミリ、雌花穂ハ長サーセンチ半乃至二センチ但シ花後著シク伸長ス。花軸ニ絹毛アリ。苞ハ倒披針形長サ二ミリ長キ絨毛アリ。背面ノ基部ニ膨ミアリ。蜜腺ハ一個腹側ニ位シ長サ〇、三ミリ乃至半ミリ、子房ハ絹毛ニテ被ハレ長サーミリノ柄アリ。先端ハ花柱ニ向ヒ尖ル。約四角ニシテ柱頭ハ四裂ス。果穂ハ長サ三センチ乃至六センチ半幅一センチ半。

濟州島、智異山、伽倻山、太白山、小白山、咸白山、金剛山、雞龍山、冠岳山、龍門山、華岳山等ヨリ咸南、平北ノ諸山ノ嶺上ニ生ズ。

未ダ朝鮮以外ノ産ヲ知ラス。

一種葉ハ倒披針形又ハ長橢圓形ニシテ兩端尖リ長サ三乃至十七センチ幅七ミリ乃至六十ミリニ達スルアリ。之ヲ**ながばたんやなぎ**ト謂フ。江原、京畿、咸南ノ諸山ニ産ス。

又一種葉ハ老成スルモ裏面ニ白色絨毛ノ密生スルアリ。之ヲ**かうらいばつこやなぎ** (第貳拾六圖)ト謂フ。濟州島、蔚陵島ヲ除ク全道ノ各地ニ生ジ。樺太、烏蘇利、滿洲、北海道、アムール、沿海洲、カムチャツカニ分布ス。

又一種葉裏ノ毛ハ**かうらいばつこやなぎ**ノ如ケレドモ葉ハ長橢圓形又ハ廣披針形又ハ廣倒披針形兩端銳尖ナルアリ。之ヲ**ほそばつこやなぎ** (第貳拾七圖)ト謂フ。咸北ニ産シ稀品ナリ。

Salix cohors Capreæ KOCH, Salic. Europ. Comment. p.p. 11 & 31 (1828), pro parte—REICHENBACH, Fl. Germ. Excurs. II, p. 167 (1831)—KOCH, Syn. ed. 1, p. 650 (1837)—SPACH, Hist. Vég. X, p. 374 (1841)—REICHENBACH, Icon. XI, p. 19 (1849), pro parte—TRAUTVETTER in LEDEBOUR, Fl. Ross. III, pt. 2, p. 607 (1851), pro parte—GRENIER & GODRON, Fl. Franc. III, pt. 1, p. 134 (1855), pro parte—PETZOLD & KIRCHNER, Arb. Musc. p. 587 (1864)—ČELAKOVSKÝ, Prodr. Fl. Böhm. II, p. 135 (1871), pro parte—DIPPEL, Handb. Laubholzk. II, p. 247 (1892), pro parte—KÖHNE, Deutsch. Dendrol. p.p. 89 & 99 (1893).

Syn. *Salix* sect. *Capreæ* DUMORTIER, Fl. Belg. Prodr. p. 11 (1828).

Salix sect. *Cinereæ* FRIES, Syllog. Pl. Nov. II, p. 37 (1828).

Salix Group. *Cinereæ* BORRER in HOOKER, Brit. Fl. p. 424 (1830)—LOUDON, Arb. & Frutic. Brit. III, p. 1553 (1838), pro parte—BABINGTON, Manual Brit. Bot. p. 274 (1843), pro parte.

Salix—*Allolepidææ*—*Platyphyllææ* TRAUTVETTER in LINNÆA X, p. 574 (1836).

Salix sect. *Caprea* FRIES, Summa Veg. p. 56 (1846)—LANGE in WILLKOMM & LANGE, Prodr. Fl. Hisp. I, p. 225 & 228 (1870), pro parte.

Salix sect. *Præcoces* DÖELL, Fl. Bad. II, p. 491 (1859), pro parte.

Salix sect. *Caprisalix* subsect. *Vetrix* ii. *Phylicifoliæ* BABINGTON in SEEMANN, Journ. Bot. I, p. 171 (1863), pro parte—SYME in SOWERBY, Engl. Bot. VIII, p. 229 (1873), pro parte.

Salix Monadeniæ Choristandræ Brachystylæ 1. *Capreæ* ANDERSSON apud SEEMEN in ASCHERSON & GRÆBNER, Syn. IV, p. 93 (1908).

Salix sect. *Capreæ* BLUFF & FINGERHUTH apud SCHNEIDER in SARGENT, Pl. Wils. III, p. 148 (1916), pro parte.

Squama gemmarum solitaria ventrali longitudine fissa. Folia æstivatione convoluta. Bracteæ persistentes. Glandula ventralis 1 vel 2. Stamina 2. Ovaria stipitata sericea. Styli elongati. Stigmata quadrifida.

Salix sect. *Capreæ* subsect. **Lævigatæ** REICHENBACH, Fl. Germ. Excurs. II, p. 167 (1831).

Syn. *Salix* h. *Lividæ* NYMAN, Consp. Fl. Europ. III, p. 668 (1881), nom. nud.—FLODERUS in Arch. Bot. XX, A. no. 6, p. 48 (1926), nom. nud.

Folia lævigata non rugosa.

Species nonnullæ in Eurasia adsunt, quarum unica in Korea indigena.

15. *Salix Floderusii* NAKAI.

(Tabula nostra XXIII.)

Salix Floderusii NAKAI, sp. nov.

Syn. *Salix livida* β . *cinerascens* WAHLENBERG, Fl. Lapp. p. 273 (1812).

Salix glauca (non LINNÆUS) CHAMISSE in Linnæa VI, p. 540 (1831).

Salix depressa var. *cinerascens* {non FRIES, Nov. Fl. Suec. Mantissa I, p. 57 (1832)} TRAUTVETTER & MEYER in MIDDENDORF, Reise p. 79 (1857)—TRAUTVETTER in Mém. Prés. Acad. Imp. Sci. St. Pétersb. div. sav. IX, (Maximowicz, Prim. Fl. Amur.) p. 244 (1859)—REGEL in Mém. Acad. Imp. Sci. St. Pétersb. VII, sér. IV, no. 4 (Tent. Fl. Uss.) p. 131, no. 438 (1861)—FR. SCHMIDT in Mém. Acad. Imp. Sci. St.

Pétersb. VII, sér. XII, no. 2 (Reisen Amurlande & Sachalin) p. 61, no. 331 (1868).

Salix vagans var. *cinerascens* ANDERSSON in DC. Prodr. XII, sect. 2, p. 227 (1868)—HERDER in Acta Hort. Petrop. XI, p. 404 (1890)—KOMAROV in Acta Hort. Petrop. XXII (Fl. Mansh. II), p. 32 (1903)—NAKAI in Journ. Coll. Sci. Tokyo XXXI (Fl. Koreana II), p. 213 (1911).

Salix cinerea (non LINNÆUS) KOMAROV in Acta Hort. Petrop. XXII, p. 22 (1903)—NAKAI in Journ. Coll. Sci. Tokyo XXXI, p. 213 (1911); in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XXVI, p. 8 (1912).

Salix vagans f. *a. cinerascens* SIUZEV in Trav. Mus. Bot. Acad. Imp. Sci. St. Pétersb. IX, p. 88 (1912).

Salix Starkeana var. *cinerascens* SCHNEIDER in SARGENT, Pl. Wils. III, P. 151 (1916)—NAKAI in Bull. Soc. Dendrol. Franc. no. 66, p. 11 (1928).

Salix Starkeana (non WILLDENOW) NAKAI, Fl. Paiktusan, p. 63 no. 90 (1918)—MORI, Enum. Corean Pl. p. 112 (1922).

Salix cinerascens (non LINK) FLODERUS in Arch. Bot. XX. A, no. 6, p. 48 (1926)—HULTEN, Fl. Kamtsch. II, p. 10 (1928).

Frutex vel arborescens dioicus 1-4 metralis altus ramosissimus in jugo montis vel in rupibus vel in loco siccato crescit. Truncus diametro usque 5-10 cm. Ramus viridis, hieme sæpe rubescens vel flavescens. Ramulus primo sericeo-pilosus demum glabrescens. Stipulæ auriculatæ vel semilunares vel late ovatæ 2-7 mm. longæ supra virides infra glaucæ integræ vel serratæ. Petioli 1-7 mm. longi primo sericei demum pilosi vel glabri. Lamina foliorum oblonga vel elliptica 8-85 mm. longa 3-44 mm. lata basi acuta vel mucronata margine integra vel crenato-serrulata apice acuminata vel acuta supra viridis infra medium parce sericea subtus glauca sericeo-pilosa demum glabrescens. Amenta præcocia sessilia vel subsessilia. Amenta mascula 2-3 cm. longa 1 cm. lata basi cataphyllis 3-5 suffulta; axis sericeo-hirtella; bracteæ atræ vel atro-fuscæ basi virides lanceolato-oblongæ 2,5 mm. longæ acutæ vel obtusæ vel obtusiusculæ dorso hirtellæ margine longe sericeo-hirtellæ;

glandula unica ventralis compresso-teres sed facie subquadrangularis apice nectarifera; stamina 2, circ. 7 mm. longa; antheræ ellipticæ flavæ. Amenta fæminea 1–2 cm. longa sessilia vel in apice ramuli hornotini brevis terminalia; axis sericeo-hirtella; bracteæ oblongæ acutiusculæ 1–1,5 mm. longæ longe sericeo-hirtellæ; glandula unica ventralis sed in floribus inferioribus sæpe in binam aperta, ovaria cum stipite circ. 1 mm. longo sericeo 3–3,5 mm. longa sericea quadrangularia facie lanceolata in stylum 1–1,5 mm. longum attenuata; stigmata quadripartita. Capsula 5–6 mm. longa sericea. Amenta fructifera 3–7 cm. longa.

Hab.

Prov. Kanhok: Mt. Hakutōzan (T. MORI).

Prov. Kannan: Taichūri tractus Kōzan (T. ISHIDOYA no. 2741 ♀, 2742 ♂); Genzan (T. NAKAI); pede montis Minami-Hōtaizan (M. FURUMI no. 281, 282, 283 fr.); Mt. Kankanrei (T. ISHIDOYA no. 5176 fr.); Mt. Kōjirei (T. ISHIDOYA no. 5209 ♀).

Prov. Heihok: oppido Yūmen tractus Shōjyō (T. SAWADA ♀); Nansha tractus Kōshō (S. GOTO); Mt. Hinantoksan (S. FUKUBARA no. 1259, 1264); oppido Ryōzanmen tractus Sakshū (T. SAWADA ♀); oppido Shinsōmen tractus Shōjyō (T. SAWADA ♀); oppido Tōsōmen tractus Shōjyō (S. FUKUBARA no. 1262 ♀, 1263 ♀); Kōkai (R. G. MILLS no. 313 fr.); in monte Hiraihō (T. NAKAI no. 1916 fr.); in monte Zyūseizan tractus Kōkai (T. NAKAI no. 1897); inter Sakshū & Shōshū (T. NAKAI no. 1928).

Prov. Heinan: oppido Eirakmen tractus Neien (C. KONDO no. 35); Mt. Rōrinzan (K. OKAMOTO); ibidem (T. MORI).

Prov. Kōgen: Rankok (T. ISHIDOYA no. 1948, 1949, 1950); Mt. Kongōsan (CHUNG); Sempo (T. ISHIDOYA ♀).

Prov. Kōkai: Mt. Karanzan (K. TAKAICHI); oppido Katomen tractus Kokzan (K. TAKAICHI).

Prov. Keiki: Mt. Kangakzan (T. ISHIDOYA no. 1920 fr.).

Distr. Kamtschatka, Regio Ochotensis, Ussuri, Manshuria, Amur, et Sibiria.

Salix Floderusii f. **manshurica** NAKAI, comb. nov.

Syn. *Salix vagans* f. *manshurica* SIUZEV in Trav. Mus. Bot. Acad. Imp. Sci. St. Pétersb. IX, p. 88 (1912).

Folia elongata longius acuminata.

Hab.

Prov. Heinan: Mt. Shōhaksan (T. ISHIDOYA no. 4347, 4351); ibidem (K. OKAMOTO).

Prov. Kōgen: in monte Kongōzan (K. KAMIBAYASHI).

Distr. formæ: Manshuria.

Salix Floderusii var. **glabra** NAKAI, var. nov.

Syn. *Salix vagans* var. *livida* (non ANDERSSON) SIUZEV in Trav. Mus. Bot. Acad. Imp. Sci. St. Pétersb. IX, p. 88 (1912).

Salix Starkeana (non WILLDENOW) NAKAI, Veg. Diamond Mts. p. 169, no. 190 (1918)—MORI, Enum. Corean Pl. p. 112 (1922)—NAKAI in Bull. Soc. Dendrol. France no. 66, p. 11, no. 27 a (1928).

Ramuli et folia ab initio glaberrima vel fere glabra.

Hab.

Prov. Kanhok: Mozan (T. MORI no. 331, 332, 333 fr.); Minmakukok oppidi Shuotsu (T. NAKAI no. 6857); Mt. Hichihōzan (C. KONDŌ); Mt. Setsurei (T. SAWADA); Mt. Shōshinzan (CHUNG no. 389); Mt. Shayusan (CHUNG no. 14); Mt. Mantoksan (S. FUKUBARA no. 1617); Kyomotoku (T. SAWADA); Fukyo tractus Funei (CHUNG no. 1301); Shuotsu (T. SAWADA).

Prov. Kannan: Chōshin (T. NAKAI no. 1931 fr.); Kōzanmen tractus Teihei (T. ISHIDOYA no. 4348, 4354, 4355); Keizanchin (T. ISHIDOYA ♀); Toksen tractus Kankō (KAN SHŌ KEN); Teihei (CHUNG); Mt. Kōjirei (T. ISHIDOYA no. 5198 ♀, 5207 ♂, 5209 ♂, 5210 ♂); Taichūri (T. ISHIDOYA ♀ & ♂); Hōzan (T. ISHIDOYA no. 5208 ♂); inter Hoksei & Chokdō (T. ISHIDOYA no. 5210 bis ♀).

Prov. Heihok: inter Gyoraibō & Kōkai (T. NAKAI no. 1917 fr.); Mt. Hiraihō (T. NAKAI no. 1915 fr.); Nansha tractus Kōshō (S. GOTŌ).

Prov. Heinan : Mt. Kenzanrei (T. ISHIDOYA no. 4353) ; Mt. Shōhaksan (T. ISHIDOYA no. 4358).

Prov. Kōkai : Katomen tractus Kokuzan (K. TAKAICHI ♀) ; Mt. Chōjusan (CHUNG).

Prov. Kōgen : Mt. Taichōhō montium Kongōsan (T. NAKAI no. 5303, 5304) ; Rankok (T. ISHIDOYA no. 1945, 1946, 1947) ; Mt. Setsugaksan (T. ISHIDOYA no. 6224) ; Mt. Taikisan (S. FUKUBARA).

Prov. Keiki : Mt. Tenmasan, Kaijyō (T. ISHIDOYA no. 1951).

Distr. var. Manshuria.

Salix Floderusii var. **fuscescens** NAKAI, var. nov.

Folia elliptica vel oblonga vel lanceolata subtus fuscescenti-pilosa.

Hab.

Prov. Heinan : Mt. Shōhaksan (T. ISHIDOYA no. 4350).

Salix sect. *Capreæ* subsect. **Rugosæ** REICHENBACH, Fl. Germ. Excurs. II, 169 (1831).

Syn. *Salix* g. *Capreæ* NYMAN, Consp. Fl. Europ. III, p. 667 (1881).

Salix sect. *Rugosæ* REICHENBACH apud FLODERUS in Archiv Bot. 20 A, no. 6, p. 51 (1926).

Salix sect. *Caprisalix* subsect. *Vetrix* 1. *Capreæ* BABINGTON in SEEMANN, Journ. Bot. I, p. 171 (1863)—SYME in SOWERBY, Engl. Bot. VIII, p. 229 (1873).

Folia adulta supra cum venis impressis rugosa. Species supra 10, quarum 2 in Korea spontaneæ.

- | | | |
|---|---|--|
| 1 | { | Frutex nanus quam 1 metr. humilior. Venæ foliorum laterales utrinque 6-10 (vulgo 7-8). Folia vulgo late elliptica. Styli brevissimi. <i>S. Ishidoyana</i> |
| | | Frutex elatior vel arborescens usque 5-6 metr. Venæ foliorum laterales 7-18 (vulgo 9-15). Styli stigmatibus æquilongis vel longiores.2 |
| 2 | { | Folia subtus subglabrescentia vel primo partim velutina.....3 |
| | | Folia subtus velutino-tomentosa.4 |

- | | | |
|---|---|--|
| 3 | { | Folia rotundata vel elliptica. <i>S. hallaisanensis</i> |
| | | Folia oblanceolata vel oblanceolato-oblonga.
..... <i>S. hallaisanensis</i> f. <i>longifolia</i> |
| 4 | { | Folia rotundata vel elliptica.... <i>S. hallaisanensis</i> var. <i>orbicularis</i> |
| | | Folia oblanceolata vel oblanceolato-oblonga.
..... <i>S. hallaisanensis</i> v. <i>orbicularis</i> f. <i>elongata</i> |

16. **Salix Ishidoyana** NAKAI.
(Tabula XXIV.)

Salix Ishidoyana NAKAI in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XXXI, p. 25 (1917); Veg. Dagelet Isl. p. 17, no. 101 (1919)—MORI, Enum. Korean Pl. p. 110 (1922)—NAKAI in Bull. Soc. Dendrol. France no. 66, p. 11 (1928).

Frutex dioicus nanus quam 1 metralis humilior ramosus. Planta fæminea tantum nostris nota. Ramus biennis fuscescenti-viridis; lignum longitudine haud striato-elevatum. Ramulus hornotinus primo pilosus demum glabrescens viridis. Petioli 2 10 mm. longi adpresse pilosi demum glabrescentes. Lamina foliorum elliptica vel late elliptica sed in turione oblongo-lanceolata, supra rugosa præter venas primarias pilosas glabra viridis infra glauca viridis vel sericeo-pilosa sed juventute sæpe sericea basi rotundata vel acuta apice acuta vel subacuminata rarius cuspidato-attenuata margine integerrima vel serrata 2-8 cm. longa 0,8-4,5 cm. lata, venæ laterales arcuatæ utrinque 6-10 (vulgo 7-8). Amenta fructifera tantum mihi nota cum pedunculo 5 mm. longo sericeo 2,5 cm. longa. Bracteæ obovatæ vel oblongo-obovatæ atro-fuscæ 1 mm. longæ pilis sericeis elongatis hirsutæ. Glandula unica ventralis 0,5 mm. longa apice rubescenti-fusca. Ovaria cornuta, stipite 1 mm. longo sericea. Styli breves. Stigmata quadrifida.

Hab.

Dagelet: Mt. Jyōhō 700 m. (T. ISHIDOYA no. 21 fr.—typus in Herb. Imp. Univ. Tokyo); in silvis Dōdō (T. NAKAI no. 4197); Mt. Mirokhō (T. NAKAI no. 4196); in rupibus Jugi 700 m. inter Dōdō & Shādō (T. ISHIDOYA no. 20).

17. *Salix hallaisanensis* LÉVEILLÉ.

(Tabula nostra XXIV.)

Salix hallaisanensis LÉVEILLÉ in FEDDE, Repert. X, p. 425 (1912)—NAKAI, Veg. Isl. Quelpært p. 36, no. 475 (1914); Veg. Mt. Chirisan p. 28, no. 116 (1915); in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XXXII, p. 30 (1918); Veg. Diamond Mts. p. 168, no. 163 a (1918)—MORI, Enum. Korean Pl. p. 110 (1922)—NAKAI in Bull. Soc. Dendrol. France no. 66, p. 10 (1928).

Syn. *Salix hallaisanensis* var. *nervosa* LÉVEILLÉ, l. c.

Frutex vel arborescens dioicus 0,5–6 metralis altus. Truncus diametro usque 15 cm., cortice primo plano in plantis senilibus grosse fissa. Ramulus robustus, nodis incrassatis. Ramulus juvenilis sericeus, adultus glaber, biennis rubescens. Gemmæ ovatæ sed ramorum apice compressæ leviter curvatæ. Petioli 3–30 mm. longi basi dilatati sericeo-pilosi. Lamina foliorum rotundata vel late elliptica vel late ovata vel elliptica integra vel obscure serrulata sed turionum incurvato-serrata supra viridis rugosa infra primo sericea demum præter venas glabrescens et valde venosa glauca vel glaucescens basi rotundata vel mucronata vel acuta apice acuta vel acuminata 2–14 cm. longa 1,5–7,5 cm. lata. Stipulæ in turione tantum evolutæ hemisphæricæ serratæ supra virides infra glaucæ. Amenta subsessilia præcocia basi cataphyllis 2–4 sericeis suffulta. Amenta mascula 2–3 cm. longa 1,5 cm. lata ambitu ellipsoidea vel ovato-ellipsoidea vel oblonga, axis sericea; bracteæ oblanceolatæ 2–2,5 mm. longæ apice nigræ longe villosæ; glandula unica ventralis quadrangularis apice truncata 0,5–1 mm. longa. Stamina 2, circ. 8 mm. longa; filamenta basi pilosa; antheræ ellipticæ flavæ 1 mm. longæ. Amenta fæminea 1,5–2 cm. longa sed post anthesin valde accrescentia et elongata; axis sericea; bracteæ oblanceolatæ 2 mm. longæ villosæ dorso basi bullatæ; glandula unica ventralis 0,3–0,5 mm. longa; ovaria sericea stipite 1 mm. longo apice in stylum attenuatum subquadrangulare; stigmata 4-partita. Amenta fructifera elongata 3–6,5 cm. longa 1,5 cm. lata.

Hab.

Quelpært: Sokpat 1000 m. (E. TAQUET no. 1442 typus, 1443 typus); Hoatien (E. TAQUET no. 6004, 6005); Mt. Hallasan 1800 m. (T. NAKAI no. 4889); Hallasan 2000 m. (T. NAKAI no. 4183 ♂, 161 ♀, 4181 ♂, 4184, T. ISHIDOYA 191); Hallasan 1000 m. (T. NAKAI no. 331 fr.); in summo montis Hallasan (T. MORI no. 133).

Prov. Keinan: Mt. Chiisan (T. MORI no. 83); ibidem (T. NAKAI no. 384, 4182); ibidem (T. ISHIDOYA no. 4571, 4576, 4577); Kyoshō (CHUNG); Mt. Kayasan (T. ISHIDOYA no. 4578).

Prov. Chūnan: Mt. Keiryūzan (T. NAKAI no. 7830).

Prov. Keihok: Mt. Hakkōzan (T. SAWADA).

Prov. Keiki: Mt. Kangaksan (T. ISHIDOYA no. 1920 ♀, 1922 ♀); Mt. Ryūmonzan (T. SAWADA); Mt. Kagaksan (T. SAWADA).

Prov. Kōgen: Mt. Kongōsan (T. NAKAI no. 5297, 5299, 5302, 5306, 5308); Mt. Taikisan (S. FUKUBARA); Mt. Kanpaksan (T. ISHIDOYA no. 5628); Mt. Shōhaksan (T. ISHIDOYA no. 5627, 5656, 5658).

Prov. Kōkai: Mt. Chōjusan (CHUNG); Mt. Shuyōzan (S. FUKUBARA); inter Bunka & Shinsen (C. MURAMATSU); Mt. Kugetsusan (CHUNG ♀); Katomen tractus Kokzan (K. TAKAICHI).

Prov. Kannan: Mt. Kankanrei (T. ISHIDOYA no. 5176 ♀, 5189 ♀, 5197 ♀); Mt. Shinsuizan (CHUNG); Mt. Shūaizan (S. FUKUBARA).

Prov. Heihok: Mt. Hiraihō (T. SAWADA fr.); ibidem (T. NAKAI no. 1923 fr.)

Salix hallaisanensis f. **longifolia** NAKAI in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XXXII, p. 30 (1918).

Folia oblanceolata vel oblonga utrinque attenuata 3–17 cm. longa 0,7–6 cm. lata.

Hab.

Prov. Kannan: inter Hōtaidō & Hōtaizan (T. NAKAI no. 1892).

Prov. Kōgen: Mt. Kongōsan (T. NAKAI no. 5298, 5304, 5305).

Prov. Keinan: in monte templi Kabōji insulæ Nankaitō (T. NAKAI no. 10910, fr.).

Salix hallaisanensis is the earliest valid name for this species since the East Asiatic *Salix Caprea* is distinguished from the European type. *Salix hallaisanensis* is a glabrescent variety while the variety *orbicularis* or *Salix Hulteni* FLODERUS represents a sericeous variety. The writer's knowledge of European *Salix Caprea* is only by the dried specimens. As he did not care much about *Salices* in Europe, he is not able to make a good judgement on the method of distinguishing between *Salix Caprea* and *Salix Hulteni* employed by Dr. FLODERUS. However, the Korean specimens agree perfectly with the descriptions of *Salix Hulteni*. Mr. KIMURA distinguished the Japanese type of *Salix Caprea* from the continental form as in the former the longitudinal striations on the woody part are seen when the bark is stripped off. Dr. UEKI, Professor of the Higher Forest School at Suigen has given the similar test on the Korean plant upon my request, and found that the Korean form has also the striation as the Japanese type.

Salix hallaisanensis var. **orbicularis** NAKAI, comb. nov. (Tabula nostra XXVI).

Syn. *Salix Caprea* (non LINNÆUS) TRAUTVETTER in Mém. prés. Acad. Imp. Sci. Pétersb. div. sav. IX (Maximowicz, Prim. Fl. Amur.), p. 243, no. 661 (1859)—REGEL in Mém. Acad. Imp. Sci. St. Pétersb. VII, sér. IV, no. 4 (Tent. Fl. Ussur.), p. 131, no. 437 (1861)—FR. SCHMIDT in Mém. Acad. Imp. Sci. St. Pétersb. VII, sér. XII, no. 2 (Fl. Sachal.), p. 173, no. 384 (1868)—HERDER in Acta Hort. Petrop. XI, p. 462 (1890), pro parte—KORSCHINSKY in Acta Hort. Petrop. XII, p. 390 (1892)—KOMAROV in Acta Hort. Petrop. XXII, p. 21 (1903)—SIUZEV in Trav. Mus. Bot. Acad. Imp. Sci. St. Pétersb. IX, p. 88 (1912)—MIYABE & MIYAKE, Fl. Saghalin p. 425 (1915)—SCHNEIDER in SARGENT, Pl. Wils. III, p. 149 (1916), pro parte—NAKAI, Fl. Paiktusan p. 62, no. 82 (1918); in Bull. Soc. Dendrol. France, no. 66, p. 10 (1928)—REHDER in Journ. Arnold Arb. IV, p. 143 (1923).

Salix Caprea var. *orbicularis* ANDERSSON, Monogr. Salic. p. 77 (1863).

Salix Caprea $\beta?$ *orbicularis* ANDERSSON in DC. Prodr. XII, sect. II, pt. 2, p. 223 (1868).

Salix Caprea (non LINNÆUS) FR. SCHMIDT in Mém. Acad. Imp. Sci. St. Pétersb. VII, sér. XII, no. 2 (Fl. Amg.-Burej.), p. 61, no. 330 (1868).

Salix aurigerana (non LAPEYROUS) NAKAI in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XXXII, p. 31 (1918).

Salix Hulteni FLODERUS in Archiv Bot. 20 A, no. 6, p. 51 (1926)—HULTEN, Fl Kamtsch. II, p. 14 (1928).

Folia juvenilia atque adulta subtus velutina.

Hab.

Prov. Kanhok: Hojōdō tractus Kyōjyō (T. NAKAI no. 6839); Hoksō tractus Kyōjyō (CHUNG no. 1305); oppido Shuhoku tractus Kyōjyō (T. SAWADA); Mt. Hichihōzan (C. KONDŌ no. 355); Yōshamen tractus Kisshū (S. FUKUBARA no. 1607, 1609, 1613); Mt. Mantōzan (S. FUKUBARA no. 1608, 1610); Mt. Sōzan (CHUNG no. 677, 680); Mt. Shayusan (CHUNG no. 919); Mt. Shōshinzan (CHUNG no. 395); Mt. Kyomtok (T. SAWADA); Shuotsu (T. SAWADA); Mt. Kapporei (T. NAKAI no. 1893); Nansendō (T. NAKAI no. 1922); inter Mohō & Nōjidō (T. NAKAI no. 1940); Tōchidō oppidi Shuotsuonmen (T. NAKAI no. 6839); Mt. Mozanrei (T. NAKAI no. 4184 fr.); pede montis Minami-Hōtaizan (M. FURUMI no. 284, 285); inter Kainei & Kōei (T. NAKAI no. 2298 fr).

Prov. Kannan: Mt. Kōjirei (T. ISHIDOYA no. 5175, 5190 ♀, 5204 ♀); oppido Kōzanmen tractus Teihei (T. ISHIDOYA no. 4362); Kōsuiin (T. ISHIDOYA ♀); Hoksei (T. ISHIDOYA no. 2729 ♂); Taichūri (T. ISHIDOYA no. 2788 ♀).

Prov. Heihok: Nansha tractus Kōshō (S. GOTO); Mt. Jyūseizan (T. NAKAI no. 1921).

Prov. Heinan: Mt. Shōhaksan (T. ISHIDOYA no. 4352, 4358, 4368); Mt. Kenzanrei (T. ISHIDOYA no. 4357, 4359, 4361); Inter Neien & Toksan (T. ISHIDOYA no. 4364 ♀); Inter Shasō & Onsō tractus Neien (T. ISHIDOYA no. 4363); Mt. Rōrinzan (K. OKAMOTO).

Prov. Kōkai: Haksen (legitor?); Kōshū (legitor?); Mt. Karanzan

(K. TAKAICHI); Inter Bunkwa & Shinsen (CHUNG).
Prov. Kōgen: Sempo (T. ISHIDOYA no. 2787); Rankok (T. ISHIDOYA no. 1915, 1916, 1917, 3093 ♀, 3108 ♂); Mt. Godaisan (T. ISHIDOYA no. 5646).
Prov. Keiki: Chōtan (T. NAKAI no. 2583); Jinsen (T. UCHIYAMA); circa Keijyō (S. KOBAYASHI); Mt. Kangaksan (T. ISHIDOYA no. 1919, 1921 ♀), Kōryō (T. ISHIDOYA); Mt. Kagaksan (T. SAWADA).
Prov. Chūhok: oppido Sōhyōmen tractus Chinsen (T. NAKAI no. 7829).
Prov. Chūnan: inter Ten-An et Chinsen (CHUNG & PAK ♀).
Prov. Keihok: Mt. Zitsugetsusan (T. SAWADA).
Prov. Keinan: Mt. Kachisan (T. SAWADA).
Distr. var. Sachalin, Ussuri, Manshuria, Amur, Regio Ochotensis & Kamtschatica.

Salix hallaisanensis var. *orbicularis* f. **elongata** NAKAI, nom. nov.
(Tabula nostra XXII).

Syn. *Salix aurigerana* f. *angustifolia* NAKAI in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XXXIII, p. 41 (1919), excl. syn.

Folia oblonga vel late lanceolata vel late oblanceolata utrinque attenuata.
Hab.

Prov. Kanhok: Minmakdō oppidi Hojyōdō tractus Kyōjō (T. NAKAI no. 6840).

おほみねやなぎ節

芽ノ鱗片ハ一個帽狀、發芽ニ際シ腹面ニ於テ縦ニ裂ク。嫩葉ハ内卷、花穂ハ葉ト共ニ出テ短カキ若枝ノ先端ニ着ク。雄花ハ腹背二個ノ蜜腺ト二個ノ雄蕊トヲ有ス。雌花ハ腹面ニ唯一個ノ蜜腺ヲ有ス。子房ニ柄アリテ密毛生ズ。柱頭ハ四叉ス。

北米、北亞、歐洲ニ互リ十餘種アリ。其中一種ハ朝鮮ニ産ス。

18. おほみねやなぎ

(第貳拾八圖)

高サ二十センチ乃至二米突ノ灌木。雌雄異株、分岐多ク枝ハ四方ニ擴



成鏡北道雪嶺標高二千米突ノ邊。

A. おほみれやなぎ、B. えぞのだけかんば、C. ばいけいさう、D. てうせんからまつ。

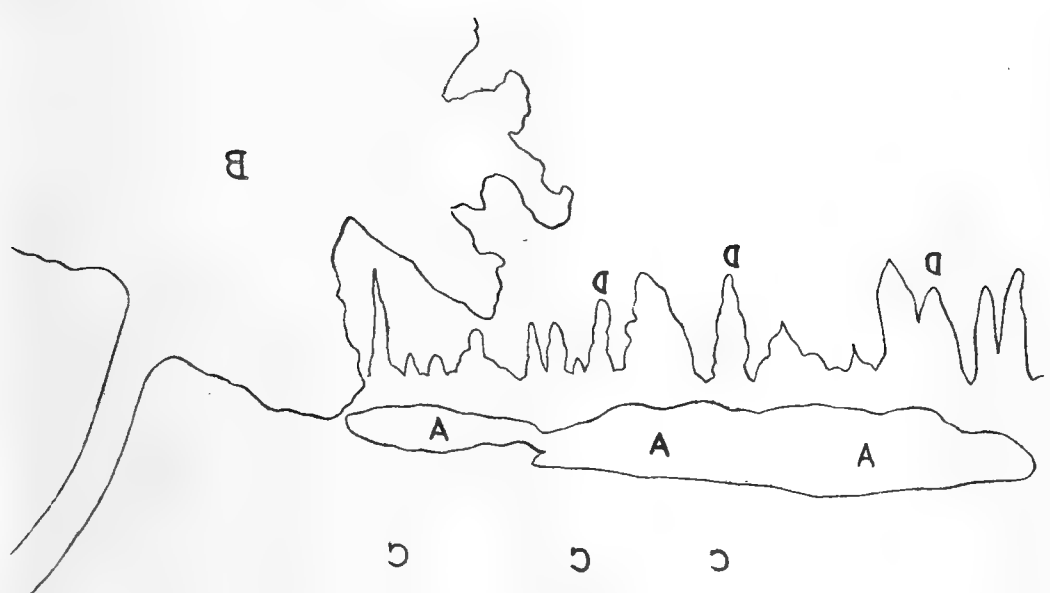
The vegetation on Mt. Setsurei 2000 m. in height, in the Province of Kanhoku.

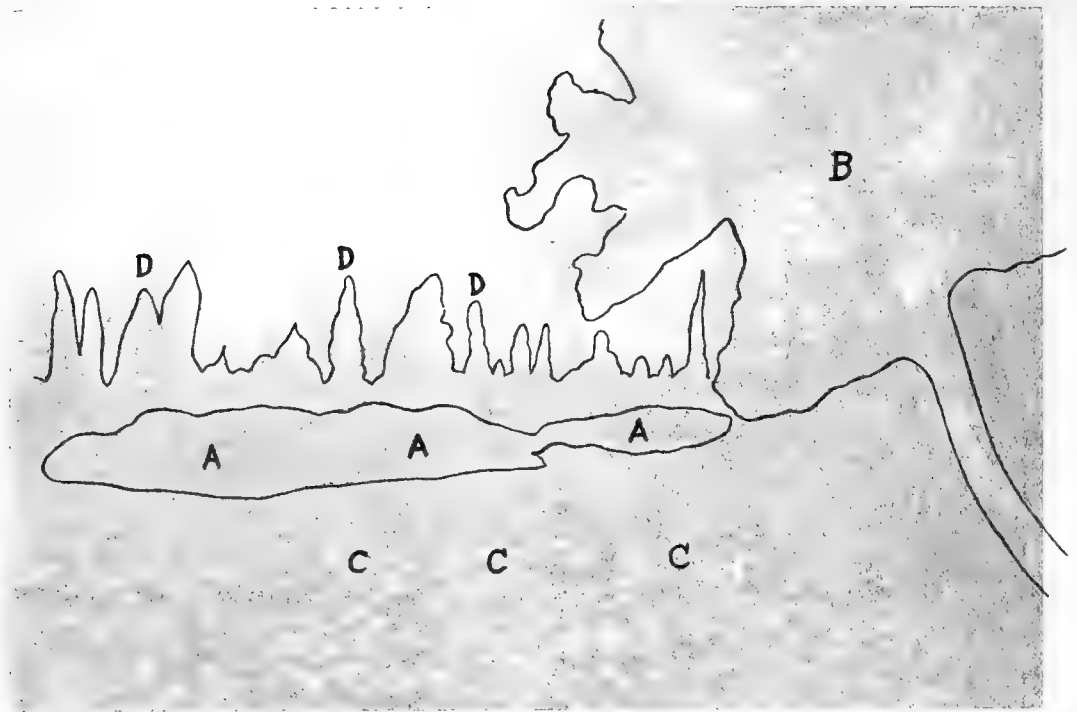
A. *Salix sericeo-cinerea*. B. *Betula Ermani*. C. *Veratrum Lobelianum*.

D. *Larix davurica* var. *coreana*.

ガル。雄本ハ皮ハ縦ニ裂ケ枝ハ帶紅色若枝ニ微毛アリ。葉柄ハ長サー乃至六ミリ。葉身ハ長橢圓形又ハ長橢圓倒卵形又ハ廣倒披針形兩端尖リ基脚ハ丸ク表面ハ綠色嫩葉ニテハ絹毛アレドモ後無毛トナル裏面ハ始メ絹毛ナク淡白シ。花穂ハ若キ短枝ノ先ニ出デ長サ十五乃至二十五ミリ、下ニ小サキ全縁ノ葉三乃至五個アリ。短カキ花梗ヲ具フ。苞ハ卵形又ハ倒卵形黒ク先ハ丸ク長キ絹毛アリ。蜜腺ハ皆細ク背部ニ一個ト腹部ニ一個又ハ穂ノ基部ノ花（稀ニ凡テノ花）ニ二個アリ。雄蕊ハ二個、花糸ハ央以下ニ長毛密生ス。

雌本ハ皮ハ赤ク光澤アリ。葉ニハ屢々小鋸齒アリ。花穂ノ下ニ小サキ葉三乃至五個アリ、花穂ノ長サハ約二センチ幅ハ七乃至八ミリ、短カキ花梗アリ、花梗ト花軸トニ絹毛アリ。苞ハ倒卵長橢圓形長サ二ミリ乃至





成爲北海道雪嶺標高二千米突ノ邊。

A. わほみれやなぎ、B. えぞのだけかんぼ、C. ばいけいさう、D. てんじんからまつ。

The vegetation on Mt. Setsurui 2000 m. in height, in the Province of Kamnoku.

A. *Salix sericeo-cinerea*. B. *Betula Ermani*. C. *Veratrum Lobelianum*.

D. *Larix davurica* var. *coreana*.

ガル。雄本ハ皮ハ縦ニ裂ケ枝ハ帶紅色若枝ニ微毛アリ。葉柄ハ長サ一乃至六ミリ。葉身ハ長橢圓形又ハ長橢圓倒卵形又ハ廣倒披針形兩端尖リ基脚ハ丸ク表面ハ綠色嫩葉ニテハ絹毛アレドモ後無毛トナル裏面ハ始メ絹毛ナク淡白シ。花穂ハ若キ短枝ノ先ニ出デ長サ十五乃至二十五ミリ、下ニ小サキ全縁ノ葉三乃至五個アリ。短カキ花梗ヲ具フ。苞ハ卵形又ハ倒卵形黒ク先ハ丸ク長キ絹毛アリ。蜜腺ハ皆細ク背部ニ一個ト腹部ニ一個又ハ穂ノ基部ノ花（稀ニ凡テノ花）ニ二個アリ。雄蕊ハ二個、花糸ハ尖以下ニ長毛密生ス。

雌本ハ皮ハ赤ク光澤アリ。葉ニハ屢々小鋸齒アリ。花穂ノ下ニ小サキ葉三乃至五個アリ、花穂ノ長サハ約二センチ幅ハ七乃至八ミリ、短カキ花梗アリ、花梗ト花軸トニ絹毛アリ。苞ハ倒卵長橢圓形長サ二ミリ乃至

二ミリ半先ハ丸ク長キ絹毛アリ。子房ハ帶卵長橢圓形密毛生ジ殆ンド無柄、花柱ハ長サ半ミリ短ク二又シ無毛、花柱ノ枝ハ長サ半ミリ、柱頭ハ二又ス。蜜腺ハ唯腹面ニ一個アルノミ殆ンド長橢圓形四角又ハ廣卵形先端ハ截形又ハ中央迄二岐シ長サーミリ半。

咸北（雪嶺、冠帽峯）、平北（鷺峯）、平南（狼林山）ニ産シ朝鮮特産ナリ。

一種葉ハ後ニ至ルモ尙ホ絹毛ニテ被ハルルアリ。之ヲおほみねけやなぎト謂フ。咸北雪嶺上ニ生ズ。



おほみねけやなぎ、咸鏡北道雪嶺上海拔二千二百米突邊ニテ寫ス。

Salix sericeo-cinerea var. *lanata* growing on Mt. Setsurei 2200 m., in the Province of Kanhoku. Photographed in July, 1918.

Salix sect. **Sericeæ** KÖHNE, Deutsche Dendrol. p.p. 86 & 93 (1893)—SCHNEIDER, Illus. Handb. Laubholz. I, p. 41 (1904)—SEEMEN in ASCHERSON & GRÆBNER, Syn. Mitteleurop. Fl. IV, p. 57 (1908)—ROUY, Fl. Franc. XII, p. 21 (1910).

Syn. *Salix* cohors *Frigidæ* KOCH, Salic. Europ. Comm. p.p. 12 & 53 (1828), pro parte; Syn. Fl. Germ. & Helv. ed. 1, p. 657 (1837), pro parte—TRAUTVETTER in LEDEBOUR, Fl. Ross. III, pt. 2, p. 616 (1851)—GRENIER & GODRON, Fl. Franc. III, p. 139 (1853), pro parte.

Salix sect. *Glaucæ* FRIES, Syllog. Pl. Nov. II, p. 36 (1828), pro parte—SCHNEIDER in SARGENT, Pl. Wils. III, p. 147 (1916); in Bot. Gazette LXVII, p. 59 (1919).

Salix sect. *Glaucæ* BORRER in HOOKER, Brit. Fl. p. 422 (1830), pro parte—LOUDON, Arb. & Frutic. Brit. III, p. 1543 (1838), pro parte—BABINGTON, Manual Brit. Bot. p. 280 (1843)—DIPPEL, Handb, Laubholz. II, p. 300 (1892).

Salix—*Allolepideæ*—*Platyphylleæ* TRAUTVETTER in Linnæa X, p. 574 (1836), pro parte.

Salix sect. *Capreæ* REICHENBACH, Icon. Fl. Germ. XI, p. 19 (1849), pro parte.

Salix sect. *Niveæ* s. *Glaucæ* c. *Sericeæ* ANDERSSON in DC. Prodr. XVI, sect. 2, p. 280 (1868).

Salix Diandrae 1. *Sericeæ* SEEMEN in ASCHERSON & GRÆBNER, Syn. IV, p. 84 (1908).

Squama gemmarum solitaria calyptriformis ventrali rupsa. Folia æstivatione convoluta. Amenta cætanea in apice ramorum hornotinorum foliosorum terminalia. Flores masculi cum glandulis binis dorsi-ventralibus staminibus binis filamentis basi barbatis. Flores fæminei cum glandula unica ventrale, ovario stipitato lanato, stigmato quadrifido.

Species supra 10 in boreali hemisphærica indigenæ, quarum unica in Korea endemica.

18. ***Salix sericeo-cinerea* NAKAI.**

(Tabula nostra XXVIII.)

Salix sericeo-cinerea NAKAI in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XXXIII, p. 43 (1919)—MORI, Enum. Korean Pl. p. 112 (1922), ex errore typographicæ ut *serico-cinerea*—NAKAI in Bull. Soc. Dendrol. France no. 66, p. 11 (1928).

Syn. ? *Salix glauca* var. *subglabra* REGEL & TILING, Fl. Ajan. p. 118 (1858).

Frutex dioicus 20–200 cm. altus ramosissimus, ramis divaricatis. Planta mascula cortice longitudine fissio fusco, ramis rubescentibus juventute pilosis, petiolis 1–6 mm. longis, laminis foliorum oblongis vel oblongo-obovatis vel late oblanceolatis utrinque acutis vel basi rotundatis supra primo sericeis mox glabrescentibus viridibus infra primo sericeis demum glabrescentibus et glaucis. Amenta cætanæ in apice ramorum lateralium brevium terminalia foliis parvis 3–5 integris sericeis suffulta 15–25 mm. longa brevis pedunculata, bracteis ovalibus vel obovatis nigrescentibus obtusis longe sericeis, glandulis omnibus augustis dorsale 1 ventrale 1 sed in floribus baseos amenti sæpe bifida vel (rarissime in floribus omnibus) binis; staminibus 2 filamentis infra medium barbatis. Planta fæminea cortice rubescente lucido, foliis sæpe serrulatis. Amenta in apice rami hornotini lateralis terminalia cætanæ basi foliis parvis 3–5 suffulta circ. 2 cm. longa 7–8 mm. lata brevipedunculata; axis et pedunculus sericeo-pilosi; bracteæ nigrescentes obovato-oblongæ 2–2,5 mm. longæ obtusæ longe sericeæ; ovaria ovato-oblonga floccosa vel lanata subsessilia; styli 0,5 mm. longi bifidi glabri, ramis 0,5 mm. longis; glandula tantum ventralis fere oblongo-quadrangularis vel late ovata apice truncata vel ad medium bifida 1,5 mm. longa.

Hab.

Prov. Kanhok: in monte Setsurei (T. NAKAI no. 6870 ♀ —typus pl. fæmineæ; 6868 ♂ typus pl. masculæ, 6866 ♀, 6869 ♀, 6867 ♂); ibidem (S. GOTŌ no. 515 ♀); in monte Kanbōhō 2400 m. et supra (T. NAKAI no. 6864 ♂, 6865 ♂).

Prov. Kannan: Mt. Rohō 2260 m. (T. NAKAI no. 1562).

Prov. Heinan: Mt. Rōrinsan 2200 m. (T. MORI no. 17).

Planta endemica!

Salix sericeo-cenerea var. **lanata** NAKAI in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XXXIII, p. 44 (1919)—MORI, l. c.

Folia adulta etiam sericeo-lanata.

Hab.

Prov. Kanhok : in monte Setsurei 2100-2200 m. (T. NAKAI no. 6853—
typus).

Planta endemica!

This species is closely related to *Salix glauca*, but is distinguished from the latter by having the glabrous branchlets, more glabrous leaves and the narrower and more elongated glands of the male flowers. The North American *Salix glauca* var. *glabrescens* SCHNEIDER resembles to this by having glabrescent branchlets and leaves, but the dorsal gland of the male flowers is always wanted, and the ventral gland is ovate-rectangular or oblong-conical. In Korea, this species grows always in the alpine regions, and no hybrid with other species has ever been found. *Salix* is a genus existing from geological age. In Europe and North America many hybrids of *Salices* have been produced from their ancestors which reoccupied the devastated territories by glacier. In East Asia, the hybrids are not so frequently seen as in Europe.

ほ や な ぎ 節

芽ノ鱗片ハ一個幅狀ニシテ腹面裂開ス。嫩葉ハ内卷、雄花ハ二個ノ雄蕊ト一個ノ蜜腺トヲ有ス。雌花ハ一個腹面ノ蜜腺（稀ニ背面ニモアリ）ト有柄ノ子房ト長キ花柱トヲ有ス。

北半球ニ二十餘種アリ。其中三種ハ朝鮮ニ自生ス。其ノ區別法次ノ如シ。

- | | | |
|---|---|--|
| 1 | { | 莖ハ横臥ス。穂ハ長ク地ヨリ塔狀ニ直立ス。……………ほやなぎ |
| | | 莖ハ直立シ又ハ傾上シ。穂ハ斜出ス。……………2 |
| 2 | { | 一苞ニ二個ノ蒴ヲ有ス。蒴ハ一心皮ヨリ成ル。雄花ハ腹背ニ蜜腺アリ。……………たかねやなぎ |
| | | 一苞ニ各一個ノ蒴ヲ有ス。蒴ハ二心皮ヨリ成ル。雌花ハ腹面ニノミ蜜腺アリ。……………ちゃぼやなぎ |

19. たかねやなぎ

(第貳拾九圖)

雌雄異株ノ低キ灌木ニシテ分岐多シ。枝ハ帶紅色無毛短シ。芽ハ角ニ沿フテ毛アルノミ、葉ハ倒披針形又ハ廣倒披針形又ハ橢圓形又ハ丸キ倒卵形又ハ廣橢圓形長サ十四ミリ乃至四十九ミリ幅十ミリ乃至二十三ミリ全縁又ハ小鋸齒アリ。裏面ハ淡白ク先端ニ近ク絹毛アリ中肋ニ沿ヒテ微毛アルカ又ハ全ク無毛、表面ハ光澤アリ側脈ハ互ニ相平行シ内曲ス。先端ハ銳角又ハ丸シ。基脚ハ銳角、葉柄ハ長サ二乃至七ミリ、未ダ雄花ヲ見ズ。雌花穂ハ長サ四乃至五センチ、花梗ハ長サ一ミリ乃至一ミリ半白キ絨毛アリ。苞ハ黑色外ニ反リ長橢圓卵形又ハ橢圓形殆ンド同長ノ毛ヲ生ズ、長サ一ミリ半乃至二ミリ幅一ミリ乃至一ミリ半、蜜腺ハ腹面ニ一箇舌狀長サ一ミリ、背面ニ一箇ノ細キ蜜腺アリ長サ半ミリ許、往々之ヲ缺グ。心皮ハ二個ニ分レテ各一箇ノ蒴ヲ作ルヲ以テ一苞毎ニ二箇ノ果實アリ。果實ハ左右ニ擴ガリ長サ〇、七ミリ、果實ノ長サ三ミリ狭披針形、各一箇ノ種子ヲ藏ス。柱頭ハ不等形ニ二又ス。

平安南道狼林山上ニ産シ。朝鮮ノ特産ナリ。

20. ちゃぼやなぎ

(第參拾圖)

雌雄異株分岐多ク枝ハ傾上シ基ヨリ根ヲ出ス。枝ハ黄色、始メ絹毛アレドモ後無毛トナル。葉柄ハ長サ二乃至七ミリ始メ絹毛アレドモ後無毛トナル。葉身ハ倒披針形長サ二十二ミリ乃至四十九ミリ幅六ミリ乃至二十二ミリ、表面ハ無毛裏面ハ淡白ク始メ絹毛アリ。縁ハ全縁又ハ小鋸齒アリ中肋ハ葉ノ表面ニテハ凹ミ裏面ニテ高マル、未ダ雄本ヲ知ラズ。雌花穂ハ短枝ノ先ニ生ジ小サキ一箇又ハ二箇ノ葉ヲ有ス。花梗ハ長サ一乃至五ミリ。苞ハ倒卵形又ハ卵形、先端ハ丸ク黑色絹毛アリ長サ一ミリ乃至一ミリ半。子房ハ殆ンド無柄絹毛アリ。卵形ニシテ先端ニ向ヒ漸次尖ル。花柱ハ無毛長サ一ミリ、柱頭ハ二又スルモノ多シ。長サ〇、二乃至〇、三ミリ。蜜腺ハ舌狀唯一箇腹面ニアリ、長サ一ミリ。

白頭山、南胞胎山、無頭峯等ニ産シ。朝鮮ノ特産ナリ。

21. ほ や な ぎ

(第參拾壹圖)

雌雄異株ノ灌木ニシテ莖ハ地ヲ廣ク匍ヒ、至ル所ヨリ根ヲ出ス、若キ時ハ絹毛アレドモ間モナク無毛トナル。枝ハ黄色、葉柄ハ長サ二乃至五ミリ始メ絹毛アレドモ間モナク無毛トナリ少シク紅色ヲ帶ブ。葉ハ廣キ倒披針形又ハ長橢圓倒卵形表面ハ無毛光澤アリ裏面ハ始メ絹毛アレドモ間モナク無毛トナリ淡白シ先端ハトガリ基脚ハ銳角又ハ楔形又ハヤヤ丸シ長サ十五ミリ乃至三十九ミリ幅十二ミリ乃至二十ミリ、全縁又ハ不顯著ノ鋸齒アリ。雌花穗ハ長サ二センチ乃至十一センチ地ニ直角ニ立ツ。花梗ハ長サ五乃至十ミリ絹毛アリ基部ニ一個又ハ二個ノ小サキ葉ヲ附ク。苞ハ倒卵形黑色長サ二ミリ長キ毛アリ。子房ハ殆ンド無柄基脚ハ丸ク先ハ長ク尖ル短カキ微毛アリ。蒴ハ長サ七ミリ。花柱ハ無毛長サ一ミリ。柱頭ハ四又シ長サ〇、三ミリ。

咸北雪嶺、南胞胎山、冠帽峯ニ産ス。

Salix sect. **Phylicifoliæ** DUMORTIER, Fl. Belg. Prodr. p. 12 (1827)—FRIES, Sylloge Pl. Nov. II, p. 36 (1828), pro parte—PETZOLD & KIRCHNER, Arb. Musc. p. 587 (1864), pro parte—DIPPEL, Handb. Laubholz. II, p. 270 (1892)—SEEMEN, Salic. Jap. p. 18 (1903)—SCHNEIDER, Illus. Handb. Laubholz. I, p. 54 (1904)—ROUY, Fl. Franc. XII, p. 209 (1910)—SCHNEIDER in SARGENT, Pl. Wils. III, p. 122 (1916).

Syn. *Salix* cohors VI *Capreæ* KOCH, Salic. Europ. Comm. p.p. 11 & 31 (1828), pro parte; Syn. Fl. Germ. & Helv. p. 650 (1837), pro parte—TRAUTVETTER in LEDEBOUR, Fl. Ross. III, pt 2, p. 607 (1851), pro parte—GRENIER & GODRON, Fl. Franc. III, pt. 1, p. 134 (1855), pro parte.

Salix sect. *Nigricantes* BORRER in HOOKER, Brit. Fl. p. 426 (1830)—LOUDON, Arb. & Frutic. Brit. III, p. 1563 (1838)—BABINGTON, Manual Brit. Bot. p. 275 (1843).

Salix sect. *Bicolores* BORRER, l. c. p. 428—LOUDON, l. c. p. 1577—BABINGTON, l. c. p. 277.

Salix sect. *Caprea* FRIES, Summa Veg. p. 56 (1846)—LANGE in WILLKOMM & LANGE, Prodr. Fl. Hisp. I, p. 225 & 228 (1870), pro parte.

Salix sect. *Virescentes* s. *Phylicifoliæ* ANDERSSON, Monogr. p. 125 (1867); in DC. Prodr. XVI, sect. 2, p. 240 (1868).

Salix sect. *Virescentes* ANDERSSON apud SEEMEN in ASCHERSON & GRÆBNER, Syn. Mitteleurop. Fl. IV, pp. 59 et 130 (1909).

Squama gemmæ unica calyptriformis ventrali fissa. Folia æstivatione convoluta. Flos masculus cum staminibus 2, glandula 1 ventrale. Flos fæmineus cum glandula unica ventrale vel rarius unica dorsale, ovario stipitato, stylo elongato apice 2 4 fido.

Species circ. 20 in boreali-hemisphærica indigenæ, quarum tres in Korea endemicae.

- | | | |
|---|---|--|
| 1 | { | Rami rubescentes. Flores fæminei cum glandulis 2 dorsalibus (rarius unica ventrale). Bracteæ 2 capsullatae in capsula ab uno carpello composita <i>S. bicarpa</i> . |
| | | Rami flavidi. Flores fæminei cum glandula unica ventrale. Capsula a carpellis duobus composita ita bractea uniovare...2 |
| 2 | { | Caulis ascendens, ramis basi radicanibus. Amenta obliqua, pedunculis 1–5 mm. longis, bracteis 1–1,5 mm. longis. Ovarium ovatum sensim angustatum. <i>S. meta-formosa</i> . |
| | | Caulis repens vel prostratus late expansus ubique radicans. Amenta elongata, pedunculis 5–10 mm. longis, bracteis 2 mm. longis. Ovarium oblongo-ovatum longe attenuatum.
..... <i>S. orthostemma</i> . |

19. ***Salix bicarpa*** NAKAI.

(Tabula nostra XXIX.)

Salix bicarpa NAKAI in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XXXI, p. 111 (1917)—MORI, Enum. Korean Pl. p. 109 (1922)—NAKAI in Bull. Soc. Dendrol. France no. 66, p. 10 (1928).

Frutex dioicus nanus ramosissimus. Ramus rubescens glaberrimus brevis. Gemmæ præter angulas pilosas glabræ. Folia oblanceolata vel late oblanceolata vel elliptica vel rotundato-obovata vel late elliptica

14–49 mm. longa 10–23 mm. lata integra vel serrulata subtus glaucina et ad apicem sericea, secus costam pilosa vel glabra, supra lucida, venis lateralibus parallelis incurvatis elevatis, apice acuta vel obtusa, basi acuta, petiolis 2–7 mm. longis. Amenta ♂ nostris ignota. Amenta fæminea elongata 4–5 cm. longa densiflora, pedunculis 1–1,5 cm. longis albo-villosulis. Bracteæ nigræ reflexæ oblongo-ovatae vel ellipticae, pilis albis bracteis fere æquilongis villosæ 1,5–2 mm. longæ 1–1,5 mm. latae. Glandula ventralis 1 ligulata 1 mm. longa, dorsalis 1 augusta apice capitulato-glandulosa 0,5 mm. longa rarius nulla. Carpella in binis aperta ita capsula in quaque bractea bina divaricato-reflexa fusco-ochracea, stipite 0,7 mm. longo piloso, 3 mm. longa lineari-lanceolata basi subito contracta apice sensim acuminata adpressissime ciliolata unilocularia, placento uniovulato. Styli 1 mm. longi. stigma breviter inæqualiterque bifidum.

Hab.

Prov. Heinan: in monte Rōrinsan 2100 m. (T. MORI—typus in Herb.

Imp. Univ. Tokyo).

20. ***Salix meta-formosa*** NAKAI.

(Tabula nostra XXX.)

Salix meta-formosa NAKAI in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XXXIII, p. 42 (1919)—MORI, Enum. Korean Pl. p. 110 (1922)—NAKAI in Bull. Soc. Dendrol. France no. 66, p. 10 (1928).

Syn. *Salix bicolor* (non EHRHARDT) NAKAI in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XXXII, p. 27 (1918), pro parte.

Salix phylicifolia (non LINNÆUS) NAKAI, Fl. Paik-tu-san p. 63, no. 87 (1918).

Dioica. Caulis ascendens crassus basi radicans ramosissimus. Ramus flavidus primo sericeus demum glabrescens. Petioli 2–7 mm. longi primo sericei demum glaberrimi. Folia oblanceolata 22–49 mm. longa 6–22 mm. lata supra glabra infra glaucina at primo sericea, serrulata vel integra, costis supra impressis infra elevatis. Amenta mascula nostris ignota. Amenta fæminea in apice rami lateralis brevis terminalia

erecta recta foliis 1–2 parvis integris sericeis suffulta. Pedunculi 1–5 mm. longi sericei. Bracteæ obovatæ vel ovatæ apice rotundatæ nigrescentes sericeæ 1–1,5 mm. longæ. Ovarium subsessile sericeum ovatum in apice sensim angustatum 2 mm. longum. Styli glabri 1 mm. longi. Stigma bifidum ramis 0,2–0,3 mm. longis. Glandula ventralis ligulata 1 mm. longa apice obtusa vel truncata.

Hab.

Prov. Kanhoku: in summo montis Minami-Hōtaizan (M. FUMUMI, no. 279—typus in Herb. Imp. Univ. Tokyo); in monte Paik-tu-san 2400 m. (T. NAKAI, no. 1936); ibidem (T. MORI no 39); in monte Mutōhō (M. FURUMI no. 369.)

21. *Salix orthostemma* NAKAI.

(Tabula nostra XXXI.)

Salix orthostemma NAKAI in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XXXII, p. 43 (1919)—MORI, Enum. Korean Pl. p. 110 (1922)—NAKAI in Bull. Soc. Dendrol. France no. 66, p. 10 (1928).

Syn. *Salix bicolor* (non EHRHARDT) NAKAI in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XXXII, p. 27 (1918), pro parte.

Dioica. Caulis prostratus late expansus ubique radicans primo sericeus mox glabrescens. Ramus flavidus. Petioli 2–5 mm. longi primo sericei mox glabrescentes leviter rubescentes. Folia late oblanceolata vel oblongo-obovata supra glaberrima lucida infra primo sericea sed mox glabrescentia glaucina, apice cuspidata basi acuta cuneata vel obtusiuscula 15–39 mm. longa 12–20 mm. lata integerrima vel obscure serrulata. Spica fæminea 2–11 cm. longa erecta, pedunculis 5–10 mm. longis sericeis basi foliis parvis 1–2 suffultis. Bracteæ obovatæ nigrescentes 2 mm. longæ longissime sericeæ ciliis longitudine bractearum æquilongis. Ovarium subsessile basi obtusum apice longe attenuatum adpresse pilosum in fructu usque 7 mm. longum. Stylus glaberrimus 1 mm. longus. Stigma quadrifidum 0,3 mm. longum.

Hab.



ほやなぎ、成鏡北道鏡城郡、雪嶺上二千三百米突邊ニテ寫ス。混生
スル地衣ト高サニ於テ大差ナキコトニ注意スベシ。

Salix orthostemma growing on Mt. Setsurei in the Province
of Kanhoku. Note that it grows nearly in the same
height of *Cladonia*. Photographed in July, 1918.

まめやなぎ節

匍匐又ハ横臥スル小灌木ナリ。芽ノ鱗片ハ腹面ニ開ク。嫩葉ハ内卷、花
穂ハ枝ノ先端ニ生ジ葉ニ遅レテ開キ極メテ短ク花少シ。雄花ハ腹背ニ各

一個ノ蜜腺ヲ有ス。雄蕊二個、雌花ハ腹面ニノミ一個ノ蜜腺ヲ有ス。子房ニ柄アリ。花柱ハ短ク、柱頭ハ四個。

北半球ノ周極地方又ハ高山ニ十餘種ヲ産ス。其中一種ハ朝鮮ニモアリ。

22. まめやなぎ

(第參拾貳圖)

雌雄異株ノ小灌木ニシテ莖ハ細ク殆ンド蔓狀ニ地ヲ匍ヒ老成ノ枝ハ帶汚紅色無毛、若枝ハ黃色微毛アルカ又ハ無毛分岐多シ諸所ヨリ根ヲ出ス。葉ハ有柄、葉柄ノ上面ニ溝アリ長サー乃至六ミリ、葉身ハ殆ンド丸ク稀ニ長橢圓形又ハ橢圓形基脚ハ丸ク又ハ截形先端ハ丸ク又ハ凹入シ稀ニ鈍銳、表面ニ光澤アリ。裏面ニハ葉脈突起シ若キ時ハ微毛散生ス。老成スレバ無毛長サ六乃至二十二ミリ幅五ミリ半乃至十六ミリ、花序ハ短キ側枝ノ先端ニ生ズ。雄花穂ハ長サ二乃至五ミリ花少ク苞ハ丸キカ又ハ廣卵形内凹長サーミリ、微毛アリ。腹面ノ腺ハ稍大形ニシテ長サ〇、四乃至〇、六ミリ、背面ノ腺ハ小サク長サ〇、二乃至〇、四ミリ、雄蕊ハ二個、長サーミリ半、雌花穂ハ長サ五乃至六ミリ苞ハ内卷内凹長サーミリ微毛アリ。蜜腺ハ腹面ニ一個、長サーミリ果實ノ柄ト同長ナリ。子房ハ無毛披針形ニシテ先端ハ長サーミリノ花柱ニ向ヒテトガル。柱頭ハ四又ス。果實ハ長サ七乃至八ミリ光澤アリ。

咸北、白頭山ノ斜面ニちやうのすけさう、くもまつつじ、まうせんつじ、みやまくろまめのき等ト混生ス。

(分布) 沿海洲、アラスカ。

Salix sect. **Herbaceæ** BORRER in HOOKER, Brit. Fl. p. 432 (1830)—LOUDON, Arb. & Frutic. Brit. III, p. 1590 (1838), excl. *S. polaris*—RYDBERG in Bull. New York Bot. Gard. I, p. 277 (1899)—SEEMEN in ASCHERSON & GRÆBNER, Syn. Mitteleurop. Fl. IV, p. 64 (1908), pro parte—ROUY, Fl. Franc. XII, p. 218 (1910)—SCHNEIDER in SARGENT, Pl. Wils. III, p. 142 (1916); in Bot. Gazette LXVII, p. 48 (1919).

Syn. *Salix* sect. *Chamaetia* DUMORTIER, Verh. Wilg. p. 15 (1825), pro parte.

Salix sect. *Glaciales* KOCH, Salic. Europ. Comm. p. 11 & 61 (1828),

pro parte—REICHENBACH, El. Germ. Excurs. II, p. 165 (1831), pro parte—KOCH, Syn. p. 660 (1837), pro parte—REICHENBACH, Icon. Fl. Germ. IX, p. 15 (1849), pro parte—TRAUTVETTER in LEDEBOUR, Fl. Ross. III, pt. 2, p. 623 (1851)—GRENIER & GODRON, Fl. Franc. III, pt. 1, p. 142 (1855)—LANGE in WILLKOMM & LANGE, Prodr. Fl. Hisp. I, p. 232 (1870).

Salix sect. *Prostratæ* BARRATT mst. ex HOOKER, Fl. Bor. Americ. II, p. 151 (1839), pro parte.

Salix sect. *Herbaceæ* B. *Herbaceæ* BORRER apud BABINGTON, Manual Brit. Bot. p. 281 (1843).

Salix sect. *Retusæ* KERNER in Verh. Zool.-Bot. Ges. Wien X, p. 195 (1860)—RYDBERG, l. c.—SEEMEN, l. c. 84—ROUY, l. c. p. 219.

Salix sect. *Nitidulæ* s. *Glaciales* b. *Retusæ* ANDERSSON in DC. Prodr. XVI sect. 2, pt. 2, p. 293 (1868).

Salix sect. *Nitidulæ* s. *Glaciales* c. *Herbaceæ* ANDERSSON l. c. p. 297.

Salix sect. *Repentes* ČELAKOVSKÝ, Prodr. Fl. Böhm. II, pt. 1, p. 136 (1871), pro parte.

Salix II. *Diandra* 1. *Herbaceæ* SEEMEN in ASCHERSON & GRÆBNER, Syn. IV, p. 64 (1908).

Fruticulus repens vel prostratus. Squama gemmarum 1 ventre rupsa. Folia æstivatione convoluta. Amenta serotina in apice ramuli hornotini terminalia abbreviata pauciflora. Flores masculi cum glandulis 2 dorsiventralibus, staminibus 2. Flores fæminei cum glandula 1 ventrali, ovario stipitato, stylo breve, stigmatibus 4.

Species ultra 10, in regionibus circumpolaribus vel alpinis boreali-hemisphæricæ indigenæ; quarum unica in Korea sponte nascit.

22. *Salix rotundifolia* TRAUTVETTER.

(Tabula nostra XXXII.)

Salix rotundifolia TRAUTVETTER in Nouv. Mém. Soc. Nat. Mosc. VIII, p. 304 t. 11 (1832)—ANDERSSON in DC. Prodr. XVI sect. 2, pt. 2, p. 299 (1868)—LUNDSTRÖM in Nova Acta Reg. Soc. Sci. Upsal. 1877, t. 30 fig. 3 (1877)—RYDBERG in Bull. New York Bot. Gard. I, p. 276

(1899)—BEISSNER, SCHEEL & ZABEL, Handb. Laubholzbenn. p. 45
(1903)—SCHNEIDER in SARGENT, Pl. Wils. III, p. 143 (1916); in Bot.
Gazette LXVII, p. 53 (1919)—NAKAI in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XXXII,
p. 28 (1918); Fl. Paiktusan p. 63, no. 88 (1918)—MORI, Enum. Corean
Pl. p. 112 (1922).

Syn. *Salix polaris* var. *leiocarpa* CHAMISSO in Linnæa VI, p. 542 (1831).

Salix retusa var. *rotundifolia* TREVIRANUS ex TRAUTVETTER, l. c.
p. 305, pro parte—BUNGE, Enum. Alt. p. 85 (1836)—TRAUTVETTER in
LEDEBOUR, Fl. Ross. III, pt. 2, p. 624 (1851)—HERDER in Acta Hort.
Petrop XI, p. 446 (1891).

Salix retusa (non LINNÆUS) TURCZANINOW in Bull. Soc. Nat. Mosc.
(1838) p. 101, no. 1040.

? *Salix nummularia* ANDERSSON, l. c. p. 298.

Salix vulcani NAKAI in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XXX, p. 140 (1916).

Dioica. Frutex toto repens subherbaceus, ramis adultis sordide
rubrescentibus glabris, junioribus flavescens pilosis vel glabris,
ramosissimus radicans. Folia petiolata, petiolis supra canaliculatis
1–6 mm. longis, lamina fere rotundata, apice obtusa vel leviter retusa
interdum acutiuscula, supra lucida, infra venosa, juniora sparse pilosula,
adulta glaberrima 6–22 mm. longa 5,5–16 mm. lata. Inflorescentia in
apice ramuli lateralis abbreviati terminalis. Amenta mascula brevis
2–5 mm. longa, bracteis rotundatis vel late ovatis convolutis 1 mm.
longis pilosis, glandulis anterioribus majoribus 0,4–0,6 mm. longis,
posterioribus 0,2–0,4 mm. longis, staminibus binis 1,5 mm. longis.
Amenta fæminea 5–6 mm. longa, bracteis convolutis 1 mm. longis
pilosis, glandulis ventralibus circ. 1 mm. longis sublanceolatis stipite
fructus æquilongis, ovario glabro lanceolato in stylum 1 mm. longum
attenuato, stigmatibus 4. Fructus 7–8 mm. longus lanceolatus basi
ovatus lucidus apice stigmate persistente coronatus.

Hab.

Prov. Kanhoku: in monte Hakutōzan vel Paik-tu-san 2200 m. et
supra (T. NAKAI).

Distr. Regio Ochotensis & Alaska,

めぎやなぎ節

小灌木ニシテ密ニ分岐シ枝ヨリ根ヲ生ズ。芽ノ鱗片ハ一個、腹面縦ニ裂開ス。嫩葉ハ内卷、葉ハ二年生兩面ニ氣孔ヲ有シ枝ト關節セザルヲ以テ枯死スルモ落チズ。花ハ葉ヨリモ遅レテ生ズ。雄花ニハ腹背ニ各一個ノ蜜腺ト二個ノ雄蕊トヲ有ス。雌花ハ腹面ニ唯一個ノ蜜腺ヲ有ス（稀ニ背面ニ極小ノ蜜腺ヲ生ズルコトモアリ）。子房ハ有柄、花柱ハ短カク、二又シ柱頭モ二又ス。

次ノ唯一種ヲ含ム。

23. めぎやなぎ

(第參拾參圖)

低キ小灌木ニシテ密ニ分岐シ毛氈狀ヲナス、根ヲ所々ヨリ出ス。葉ハ落葉セズ故ニ二年生乃至四年生ノ枝ニモ枯葉ヲ附ク、二年生ノ枝ハ淡黃色又ハ帶褐黃色無毛、葉柄ハ上面ニ溝アリテ葉身ニ向ヒ急ニ擴ガル。葉身ハ圓形又ハ廣倒卵形又ハ倒卵形又ハ橢圓形、表面ニハ光澤アリ綠色脈著シク縁ニハ銳鋸齒アリ先端ハ丸ク又ハ少シク凹ム、裏面ハ綠色ニシテ脈突出ス。長サ四乃至十六ミリ幅三乃至十二ミリ。雄花穂ハ朝鮮産ノモノニテハ不明、雌花穂ハ葉ヨリモ遅レテ出デ側枝ノ先端ニ附キ長サ五ミリ許、花軸ニ微毛アリ。苞ハ帶圓倒卵形黑色長サ二ミリ背面ニハ中央以下ニ長毛アリ内面ニ絨毛アリ。蜜腺ハ一個腹面ニ生ジ梯形、子房ハ卵形無毛短柄アリ。花柱ハ短ク二又ス。柱頭モ二又ス。果穂ハ長サ一乃至一、二センチ、果實ハ長サ三乃至三ミリ半。

咸北、冠帽峯、南胞胎山等ノ頂ニ近ク生ズ。

(分布) バイカル地方、ダフリア、カムチャツカ。

一種葉ハ倒披針形又ハ廣倒披針形又ハ倒卵長橢圓形ニシテ長サ五乃至二十ミリ幅二乃至八ミリナルアリ。之ヲ

ながばめぎやなぎ

(第參拾四圖)

ト謂フ。咸北、冠帽峯、雪嶺等ニ生ジ。分布ハめぎやなぎニ同ジ。

Salix sect. *Berberifoliae* SCHNEIDER in SARGENT, Pl. Wils. III, p. 141 (1916).

Fruticulus humilis dense ramosus ramis radicantibus. Squama gemmarum 1 ventrali rupsa. Folia æstivatione convoluta biennia utrinque stomatifera, petiolis cum ramis inarticulatis ita folia persistentia et emortua ramos biennes et triennes dense imbricatim vestita. Amenta serotina. Flos masculus cum glandulis binis dorsi-ventralibus et staminibus duobus. Flos fæmineus vulgo cum glandula ventrale (rarissime glandula dorsale minima), ovario breve stipitato, stylo breve bifido, stigmatate bifido.

Species unica.

23. **Salix berberifolia** PALLAS.

var. **genuina** GLEHN.

(Tabula nostra XXXIII.)

Salix berberifolia PALLAS, Fl. Ross. I, pt. 2, p. 84 (1788)—GMELIN, Syst. Nat. II, pt. 1, p. 74, no. 39 (1791)—VITMAN, Summa Pl. V, p. 403 (1791)—GEORGE, Besch. Russ. Reich. III, p. 1339 (1800)—POIRET in LAMARCK, Encyclop. VI, p. 662 (1804)—WILLDENOW, Sp. Pl. IV, pt. 2, p. 683 (1805)—PERSON, Syn. Pl. II, p. 601, no. 57 (1807)—DIETRIG, Vollst. Lexic. VIII, p. 378 (1808)—SPRENGEL, Syst. Veg. I, p. 101 (1825)—FORBES, Salic. Woburn. p. 276, fig. 140 (1829)—CHAMISSO in Linnæa VI, p. 542 (1831)—LEDEBOUR, Icon. V, p. 15 t. 449, fig. g-k (1834)—TURCZANINOW in Bull. Soc. Nat. Mosc. (1838), p. 101, no. 1041—TRAUTVETTER in LEDEBOUR, Fl. Ross. III, p. 621 (1850)—TURCZANINOW, Fl. Baic. Dah. II, pt. 2, p. 119 (1856)—K. KOCH, Dendrol. II, pt. 1, p. 591 (1872)—LAUCHE, Deutsch. Dendrol. p. 331 (1880)—SCHNEIDER in SARGENT, Pl. Wils. III, p. 141 (1916)—FLODERUS in Ark. Bot. 20 A no. 6, p. 28 (1926)—HULTEN, Fl. Kamtsch. II, p. 8 (1928).

var. *genuina* GLEHN in Acta Hort. Petrop. IV, p. 81 (1876)—NAKAI in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XXXIII, p. 41 (1919).

Syn. *Salix Brayii* γ . *berberifolia* ANDERSSON in DC. Prodr. XVI, Sect. 2, pt. 2, p. 293 (1868)—HERDER in Acta Hort. Petrop. XI, p. 445 (1891)—BEISSNER, SCHEEL & ZABEL, Handb. Laubholzben. p. 44 (1903).

Salix berberifolia var. *leiocarpa* TRAUTVETTER in Acta Hort. Petrop. VI, p. 35 (1879).

Fruticulus humilis dense ramosissimus tegetem densam format radicans. Folia persistentia ita rami biennes et triennes rarius quadriennes foliis emortuis imbricatis vestiti. Rami biennes flavidi vel fusco-flavidi glabri. Petioli cum ramis inarticulati sulcati in laminam subito dilatata. Lamina rotundata vel late obovata vel obovata vel elliptica supra lucida viridissima reticulata margine argute serrata apice rotundata vel leviter emarginata, subtus viridescens elevati-venosa 4–16 mm. longa 3–12 mm. lata. Amenta mascula in speciminibus Koreanis adhuc ignota. Amenta fæminea serotina in apice ramulorum brevium terminalia circ. 5 mm. longa, axis pilosa, bracteæ rotundato-obovatae atræ 2 mm. longæ dorso infra basi hirtellæ intus villosæ, glandula solitaria ventralis trapeziformis, ovarium ovatum glabrum brevistipitatum, stylus brevis bifidus, stigma bifidum. Amenta fructifera 1–1,2 cm. longa. Carpella 3–3,5 mm. longa.

Hab.

Prov. Kanhoku: in summo montis Minami-Hōtaizan 2400 m. (M.

FURUMI no. 280); Mt. Kanbōhō (T. SAWADA no. 1622).

Distr. Regio Baicalensis, Dahuria et Kamtschatica.

Salix berberifolia PALLAS.

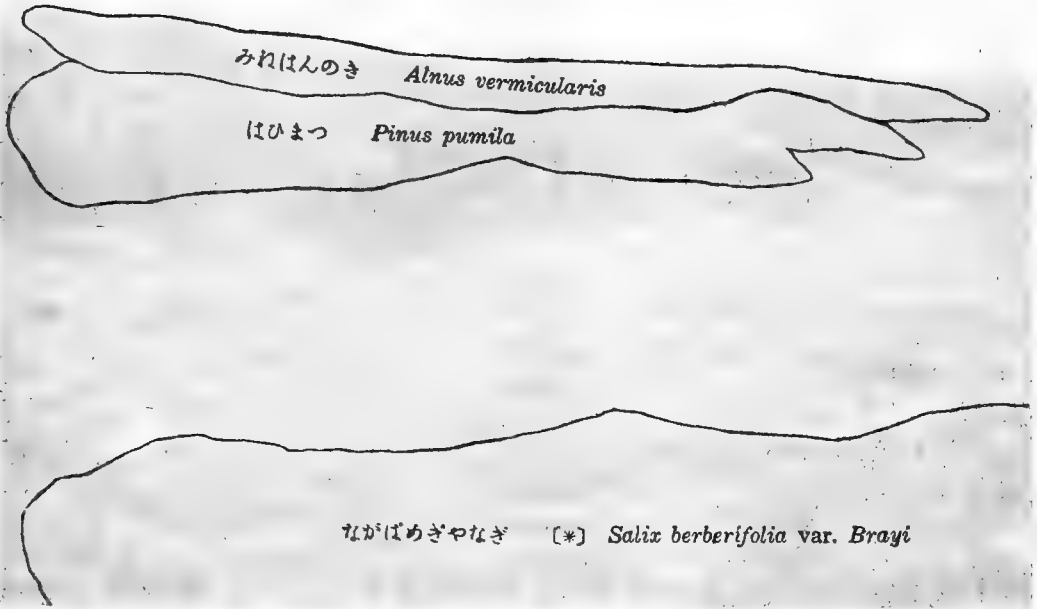
var. **Brayi** TRAUTVETTER.

(Tabula nostra XXXIV.)

Salix berberifolia PALLAS var. *Brayi* TRAUTVETTER ex HERDER in Acta Hort. Petrop. XI, p. 445 (1891), pro syn. *S. Brayii*—SCHNEIDER in SARGENT, Pl. Wils. III, p. 141 (1916)—NAKAI in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XXXIII, p. 41 (1919)—MORI, Enum. Corean Pl. p. 109 (1922)—NAKAI in Bull. Soc. Dendrol. France no. 66, p. 10 (1928).

Syn. *Salix berberifolia* PALLAS, Fl. Ross. I pt. 2, t. 82 (1788)—HULTEN, Fl. Kamtsch. II, p. 8 (1928), pro parte.

Salix Brayii LEDEBOUR, Fl. Alt. IV, p. 289 (1833); Icon. Pl. Fl. Ross, V, p. 15, t. 449, fig. a–f (1834)—TRAUTVETTER in LEDEBOUR, Fl. Ross.



以上皆山上ノ葉はみればんのき、中央ニ得ケル動植物ノ標本ヲ其大サヲ推定シ得ベシ。
Mass of *Salix berberifolia* var. *Brayi* on Mt. Setsurei in the Province of Kanhoku.
The size is indicated with pruning scissors (=) in the centre. Photographed
in July, 1918.

III, pt. 2, p. 621 (1851)—ANDERSSON in DC. Prodr. XVI, sect. 2, p. 293 (1868), excl. var.—HERDER in Acta Horti Petrop. XI, p. 445 (1891)—BEISSNER, SCHEEL & ZABEL, Handb. Laubholzbenn. p. 44 (1903)—NAKAI in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XXXII, p. 28 (1918).

Folia oblanceolata vel late oblanceolata vel obovato-oblonga 5-20 mm. longa 2-8 mm. lata.

Hab.

Prov. Kanhok: Mt. Setsurei 2250 m. (T. NAKAI no. 6858, 6859, 6860); ibidem (S. GOTŌ & ŌMURA); Mt. Kanbōhō (T. SAWADA no. 1618).

Distr. ut var. *genuina*.

Pinus parviflora 小葉松
Alnus verticillata 小葉松



Salix berberifolia var. Braggii [*] 小葉松



成北雪嶺上ノながばめぎやなぎ、中央ニ置ケル剪定鋏ト比較シテ其大サヲ推定シ得ベシ。

Mass of *Salix berberifolia* var. *Brayi* on Mt. Setsurei in the Province of Kanhoku.

The size is compared with pruning scissors [*] put in the centre. Photographed in July, 1918.

III, pt. 2, p. 621 (1851)—ANDERSSON in DC. Prodr. XVI, sect. 2, p. 293 (1868), excl. var.—HERDER in Acta Horti Petrop. XI, p. 445 (1891)—BEISSNER, SCHEEL & ZABEL, Handb. Laubholzbenn. p. 44 (1903)—NAKAI in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XXXII, p. 28 (1918).

Folia oblanceolata vel late oblanceolata vel obovato-oblonga 5-20 mm. longa 2-8 mm. lata.

Hab.

Prov. Kanhok: Mt. Setsurei 2250 m. (T. NAKAI no. 6858, 6859, 6860); ibidem (S. GOTŌ & ŌMURA); Mt. Kanbōhō (T. SAWADA no. 1618).

Distr. ut var. *genuina*.

ぬまやなぎ節

小灌木、匍枝ヲ以テ繁殖ス。芽ノ鱗片ハ一個腹面裂開ス。嫩葉ハ内卷、葉ハ互生又ハ對生、花穂ハ葉ト共ニ生ジ小枝ノ先ニ附ク。苞ハ永存性。雄花ハ一個ノ腹面ノ蜜腺ト二個ノ雄蕊トヲ有シ、花糸ハ基脚離生又ハ相癒着ス。雌花ハ一個腹面ノ蜜腺ト柄アル子房ト短キニ又スル花柱ト四個ノ柱頭トヲ有ス。

北歐、北亞、北米ニ七種アリ。其中一種ハ朝鮮ニモ自生ス。

24. ぬまやなぎ

(第參拾五圖)

高サ半米突乃至一米突ノ小灌木、分岐多シ。古枝ハ灰褐色又ハ帶褐灰色、一年生ノ枝ハ始メ絹毛アレドモ後少シク絹色ノ毛ヲ殘スノミ、芽ハ長サ二乃至五ミリ、微毛アリ。葉ハ互生稀ニ對生、萌枝ノ葉ニハ托葉アリ。托葉ハ卵形又ハ長橢圓形長サ二乃至六ミリ幅一乃至二ミリ半、表面ハ綠色裏面ハ白ク腺狀點狀ノ鋸齒アリ。葉柄ハ長サ二ミリ乃至二ミリ半始メ絹毛アレドモ後無毛トナル。葉身ハ長橢圓形長サ二センチ半乃至四、六センチ幅八ミリ乃至十八ミリ縁ニ不顯著ノ鋸齒アリ故ニ全縁ニ近シ、表面ハ綠色裏面ハ白ク始メ白色又ハ帶褐色ノ絹毛アレドモ早ク落ツ。先端ハ銳角、基脚ハ丸ク又ハ鈍角、末梢ノ葉ハ托葉ナク小形ニシテ橢圓形又ハ長橢圓形長サ六乃至十七ミリ幅二ミリ半乃至九ミリ全縁、葉柄ハ長サ一乃至二ミリ。雄花穂ハ葉ト同時ニ出デ長サ七乃至十ミリ、花軸ニ微毛アリ。苞ハ長橢圓倒卵形、側方ヨリ内ニ卷キ絹毛アリ長サ一ミリ以内、雄花ハ一個ノ腹面ノ蜜腺アリ長梯形ニシテ〇、二ミリ乃至〇、三ミリノ長サアリ。雄蕊ハ二個水平ニ出デ長サ三ミリ、葯ハ極メテ小サク長サ〇、三ミリ、雌花穂ハ葉ト共ニ出デ長サ一乃至二センチ、花軸ニ極メテ短毛アリ。雌花ノ苞ハ長サ一ミリ倒卵形内卷殆ンド無毛、蜜腺ハ腹面ニノミ一個アリテ長サ〇、三乃至〇、五ミリ、子房ハ無毛披針形長サ一ミリノ柄アリ、先端ハ短カキ花柱ニ向ヒテ尖ル。柱頭ハ四又ス。莖ハ長サ四ミリ長サ一ミリ半乃至二ミリノ柄ヲ有ス。

咸北茂山郡、鏡城郡ノ高地ノ沼地ニ生ズ。

(分布) 北滿洲。

Salix sect. **Myrtilloides** BORRER ex LOUDON, Arb. & Frutic. Brit. III, p. 1587 (1838)—KÖEHNE, Deutsch. Dendrol. p. 89 & 102 (1893)—SCHNEIDER in SARGENT, Pl. Wils. III, p. 152 (1916).

Syn. *Salix* sect. *Capreæ* KOCH, Salic. Comm. p.p. 11 & 31 (1828), pro parte; Syn. Fl. Germ. & Helv. ed. 1, p. 650 (1837), pro parte—TRAUTVETTER in LEDEBOUR, Fl. Ross. III, pt. 2, p. 609 (1851).

Salix c. *Capreæ* a. *Argentææ* REICHENBACH, Fl. Germ. Excurs. II, p. 167 (1831), pro parte.

Salix—*Allolepidææ*—*Glaucophyllæ* TRAUTVETTER in Linnæa X, p. 574 (1836).

Salix sect. *Ambiguæ* BORRER ex LOUDON, l. c. p. 1540, pro parte.

Salix sect. *Arbusculæ* BARRATT mst. ex HOOKER, Fl. Bor. Americ. II, p. 150 (1839), pro parte.

Salix sect. *Repentes* REICHENBACH, Icon. IX, p. 23 (1849), pro parte—ČELAKOVSKÝ, Prodr. Fl. Böhm. II, pt. 1, p. 136 (1871), pro parte.

Salix sect. *Virentes* ANDERSSON in Öfv. Svensk. Vet. Akad. Förk. XV, p. 123 (1858), pro parte.

Salix sect. *Roseæ* sive *Myrtilloides* ANDERSSON, Monogr. p. 94 (1863); in DC. Prodr. XVI, sect. 2, p. 229 (1868).

Salix sect. *Livideæ* NYMAN, Consp. Fl. Europ. III, p. 668 (1881), pro parte.

Salix IX. *Arenariæ* II. *Myrtilloides* DIPPEL, Handb. Laubholz. II, p. 256 (1892).

Salix sect. *Roseæ* ANDERSSON, l. c.—SEEMEN in ASCHERSON & GRÆBNER, Syn. Mitteleurop. Fl. IV, p. 58, 120 (1908)—SCHNEIDER in Journ. Arnold. Arboret. II, p. 81 (1920).

Salix sect. *Myrtilloideæ* TŒPFFER, Salic. Bav. p. 53 (1915).

Frutices humiles cum rhizomatibus repentibus. Squama gemmæ unica ventrali-longitudine fissa. Folia æstivatione convoluta, alterna vel subopposita. Amenta cætanea, in apice ramuli terminalia. Bracteæ persistentes. Flos masculus cum glandulis ventralibus 1, staminibus binis, filamentis basi coalitis vel liberis. Flos fæmineus cum glandula unica ventrale, ovario stipitato, stylo breve bifido, stigmatibus 4.

Species 7 in Europa bor., Asia bor., et America bor. incola, quarum unica in Korea septentrionali etiam spontanea.

24. *Salix myrtilloides* LINNÆUS.

var. *manshurica* NAKAI.

(Tabula nostra XXXV.)

Salix myrtilloides LINNÆUS, Sp. Pl. ed. 1, p. 1019, no. 16 (1753); Fl. Suec. ed. 2, p. 349, no. 889 (1755); Sp. Pl. ed. 2, II, p. 1446, no. 18 (1763); Sp. Pl. ed. 3, II, p. 1446, no. 18 (1764); Syst. Nat. ed. 13, III, p. 648 (1770)—MURRAY, Syst. Veg. ed. 13, p. 736 (1774); Syst. Veg. ed. 14, p. 880 (1784)—PALLAS, Fl. Ross. I, pt. 2, p. 79 (1788)—GMELIN, Syst. Nat. II, pt. 1, p. 73 (1791)—VITMAN, Summa Pl. V, p. 399 (1791)—SMITH, Fl. Lapp. p. 295 (1792)—MCENCH, Method. I, p. 337 (1794)—PERSOON, Syst. Veg. ed. 15, p. 922 (1797)—POIRET in LAMARCK, Encyclop. VI, p. 650 (1804)—WILLDENOW, Sp. Pl. IV, pt. 2, p. 686, no. 64 (1805)—PERSOON, Syn. Pl. II, p. 601 (1807)—DIETRIG, Vollst. Lexic. VIII, p. 396 (1808)—WADE, Salic. p. 224 (1811)—WAHLENBERG, Fl. Lapp. no. 479, t. XVIII, fig. 1 (1812)—SPRENGEL, Syst. Veg. I, p. 100 (1825)—KOCH, Salic. Europ. Comm. p. 52 (1828)—REICHENBACH, Fl. Germ. Excurs. II, p. 167 (1831)—KOCH, Syn. Fl. Germ. & Helv. p. 654 (1837)—REICHENBACH, Icon. IX, p. 24, tab. DXCIII (1846)—TRAUTVETTER in LEDEBOUR, Fl. Ross. III, pt. 2, p. 613 (1851)—ANDERSSON, Salic. Lapp. p. 67 (1854)—WIMMER, Salic. Europ. p. 112 (1866)—KOCH, Dendrol. II, p. 595 (1872), etc. etc.

This typical form or var. *typica* TRAUTVETTER has not been found within the Korean boundary as yet.

Salix myrtilloides LINNÆUS var. *manshurica* NAKAI, var. nov.

Syn. *Salix myrtilloides* var. *finnmarekica* TRAUTVETTER & MEYER (non *Salix finnmarekica* WILLDENOW) in MIDDENDORF, Reise p. 80 (1857)—TRAUTVETTER in Mém. prés. Acad. Imp. Sci. St. Pétersb. div. Sav. IX (MAXIMOWICZ, Prim. Fl. Amur.), p. 244 (1859)—FR. SCHMIDT in Mém. Acad. Imp. Sci. St. Pétersb. VII, sér. XII, no. 2, p. 61 (1868).

Salix myrtilloides (non LINNÆUS) NAKAI, Fl. Paiktusan p. 63, no. 84 (1918).

Fruticulus 0,5–1 metralis altus ramosus. Ramus adultus cinereo-fuscus vel fuscescenti-cinereus, hornotinus initio sericeus demum parce sericeo-pilosus. Gemmæ 2–5 mm. longæ dorsi-ventrali compressæ parce pilosæ. Folia alterna rarius subopposita. Folia turionum stipullata; stipulæ ovatæ vel oblongæ 2–6 mm. longæ 1–2,5 mm. latæ supra virides infra glaucæ glanduloso-punctato-serrulatæ; petioli 2–2,5 mm. longi primo sericeo-pilosi demum glabrescentes; lamina oblonga 2,5–4,6 cm. longa 8–18 mm. lata margine obscure serrata ita fere integerrima supra viridis infra glauca primo albo-vel fuscescenti-sericea mox glabrescens apice acuta basi obtusa vel obtusiuscula. Folia ramorum amentiferorum exstipullata parva elliptica vel oblonga 6–17 mm. longa 2,5–9 mm. lata integra, petiolo 1–2 mm. longo. Amenta mascula cætanea 7–10 mm. longa, axis pilosella, bracteæ oblongo-ovatæ laterali-convolutæ sericeo-pilosæ vix 1 mm. longæ. Flos masculus cum glandula unica ventrali elongato-subtrapeziforme 0,2–0,3 mm. longa, staminibus binis horizontali-patentibus 3 mm. longis, antheris minimis 0,3 mm. longis. Amenta fæminea cætanea 1–2 cm. longa, axis adpressissime ciliolata. Flos fæmineus, bracteis 1 mm. longis obovatis convolutis subglabris, glandula unica ventrale 0,3–0,5 mm. longa, ovario glabro lanceolato stipite 1 mm. longo apice in stylum brevem attenuato, stigmatate quadrifido. Capsula 4 mm. longa stipite 1,5–2 mm. longo.

Hab.

Prov. Kanhok: in paludosis Kinkok tractus Kyōjyō (T. NAKAI no. 6841 ♂, 6842 ♀); in paludosis inter Mohō & Nōjidō (T. NAKAI no. 1938); ibidem (M. FURUMI no. 438 fr.); in paludosis districtus montis Paiktusan (T. MORI no. 88 fr.).

Distr. Manshuria.

This variety is chiefly distinguished from var. *typica* by having the young leaves whitish or brownish silky. *Salix finnmarchica* WILLDENOW or *Salix rugulosa* var. *finnmarchica* has rugose leaves. So, it is not reasonable to reduce it to *Salix myrtilloides* as TRAUTVETTER and MEYER did.

ぬまきぬやなぎ節

灌木又ハ小灌木。芽ノ鱗片ハ一個ニシテ腹面ニ於テ裂開ス。嫩葉ハ内卷、葉ハ互生又ハ對生、花穂ハ葉ニ先チテ生ズルカ又ハ殆ンド同時ニ生ズ。雄花ハ一個ノ腹面ノ蜜腺ト二個ノ離生又ハ少シク癒合セル雄蕊トラ有ス。雄花ハ一個ノ腹面ノ蜜腺ト絹毛アルカ又ハ殆ンド無毛ノ子房トラ有ス。子房ハ柄ヲ有シ、花柱ハ短カシ。

約十種ヲ含ム、其中二種ハ朝鮮ニモ自生ス。

25. ぬまきぬやなぎ

(第參拾六圖)

寒地沼澤地生ノ小灌木ニシテ高サ一米以内、萌枝ハ絨毛密生ス。葉ハ對生又ハ互生又ハ三枚宛輪生シ托葉アリ托葉ハ卵形全緣長サ三乃至七ミリ幅二乃至三ミリ表面ハ綠色ニシテ微毛生ジ裏面ニハ絹毛アリ葉柄ハ長サ三乃至四ミリ絹毛アリ。葉身ハ狹長橢圓形又ハ披針形長サ三十乃至五十八ミリ幅十乃至十五ミリ全緣先端ハ銳角基脚ハ銳角又ハ稍鈍角又ハ鈍角表面ハ綠色少シク微毛アリ裏面ニハ絹毛アリ。花穂ヲ附クル枝ノ葉ハ狹長披針形又ハ披針形表面ハ綠色ニシテ微毛アリ裏面ニ絹毛アリ長サ七乃至四十ミリ幅三乃至十二ミリ全緣ニシテ少シク外反ス。先端ハ銳尖基脚ハ銳角又ハ鈍、葉柄ハ長サ一乃至三ミリ少シク絹毛アリ。花穂ハ葉ニ先チテ出ヅルモノト殆ンド同時ニ生ズルモノトアリ基ニ葉ヲ二個至乃五個宛附ク、雄花穂ハ長サ八乃至十九ミリ花軸ニ絹毛アリ。苞ハ廣倒卵形長サ一ミリ半絹毛アリ。雄花ハ一個ノ腹面ノ蜜腺ト無毛ノ雄蕊二個ト帶紅色ノ葯トラ有ス。雌花ハ長サ八乃至十八ミリ花軸ニ毛アリ。苞ハ長橢圓形長キ絹毛アリ。雌花ハ一個ノ腹面ノ腺ト帶卵長橢圓形絨毛ト短柄トアル子房ト短カキ花柱ト四分スル柱頭トラ有ス。

咸北（茂山郡、鐘城郡）、咸南（甲山郡）等ノ寒地ノ沼地ニ生ズ。

（分布） 滿洲、黑龍江流域、烏蘇利、沿海洲、カムチャツカ、ダフリア、バイカル地方。

26. のやなぎ

(第參拾七圖)

乾燥地ニ生ズル小灌木ニシテ高サ十センチ乃至四十センチ許、匍枝ハ

地下ヲ匍ヒ分岐ス。莖ハ多少簇生ス、芽ニ絹毛アリ鱗片一個アリ。若枝ニハ絹毛アリ。葉ハ互生又ハ對生、葉柄ハ長サ半ミリ乃至一ミリ半短カキ絹毛生ズ。葉身ハ長橢圓形又ハ狹長橢圓形又ハ長橢圓倒卵形全縁表面ハ綠色殆ンド毛ナク又ハ先端ニ近ク短毛生ジ裏面ハ白ク短毛アリ長サ五乃至二十ミリ幅二乃至六ミリ、花穂ハ葉ニ先チテ生ズ。未ダ雄花ヲ見ズ。雌花穂ハ長サ半センチ乃至一センチ、苞ハ倒卵長橢圓形長サ一ミリ半絹毛アリ。蜜腺ハ腹面ニノミアリテ梯形、子房ニハ絹毛密生シ柄アリ。花柱ハ極メテ短カシ、柱頭ハ四叉ス。

濟州島ニ産ス。

(分布) 本島ノ西部、四國、九州。

本種ハシュナイデル氏ガぬまきぬやなぎノ變種ニ下セドモぬまきぬやなぎヨリハ *Salix repens* ニ近キ種ナリ。多クノ植物學者特ニ柳屬ノ専門家ハ *Salix repens* ガ東亞ニ産セザルコトヲ主張スレドモ一方ニハ類似ノモノヲ凡テ其中ニ加ヘ東亞ニモ *Salix repens* ガ生ズルコトヲ記スモノモアリ。兎モアレのやながハ稍暖地性乾地生ノ植物ニシテ寒地性湿地特ニ沼澤ニ生ズルぬまきぬやなぎトハ同一ト見做スヲ得ズ。

Salix sect. **Incubaceæ** DUMORTIER, Fl. Belg. Prodr. p. 12 (1927)—FRIES, Nov. Pl. Suec. Mant. I, p. 64 (1832), pro parte—NYMAN, Consp. Fl. Europ. VI, p. 668 (1881)—SCHNEIDER in SARGENT, Pl. Wils. IV, p. 153 (1916).

Syn. *Salix* Cohors VII *Argentææ* KOCH, Salic. Europ. Comment. pp. 11 & 46 (1828), pro parte—SEEMEN in ASCHERSON & GRÆBNER, Mitteleurop. Fl. IV, p. 123 (1909), pro parte—ROUY, Fl. Franc. XII, p. 209 (1910), pro parte.

Salix sect. *Caprææ* KOCH, l. c. p.p. 11 & 31; Syn. Fl. Germ. & Helv. p. 650 (1837), pro parte—TRAUTVETTER in LEDEBOUR, Fl. Ross. III, pt. 2, p. 607 (1851), pro parte—GRENIER & GODRON, Fl. Franc. III, pt. 1, p. 134 (1855), pro parte.

Salix c. *Cappææ* a *Argentææ* REICHENBACH, Fl. Germ. Excurs. II, p. 167 (1831), pro parte.

Salix—*Allolepidææ*—*Stenophyllææ* TRAUTVETTER in Linnæa X, p. 579 (1836), pro parte.

Salix sect. *Fuscæ* BORRER ex LOUDON Arb. & Frutic. Brit. III, p. 1536 (1838)—BABINGTON, Manual Brit. Bot. p. 279 (1843).

Salix sect. *Repentēs* WIMMER, Fl. Schles. ed. 2, p. 335 (1841), pro parte—ČELAKOVSKÝ, Prodr. Fl. Böhm. II, p. 136 (1871), pro parte—PAX in ENGLER & PRANTL, Nat. Pflanzenfam. III, Abt. 1, p. 37 (1889)—SEEMEN, Salic. Jap. p. 17 (1903).

Salix sect. *Frigidæ* TRAUTVETTER in LEDEBOUR, Fl. Ross. III, pt. 2, p. 616 (1851), pro parte.

Salix sect. *Argentæ* s. *Repentēs* ANDERSSON, Monogr. p. 106 (1863), pro parte; in DC. Prodr. XVI, sect. 2, p. 233 (1868), pro parte.

Salix sect. *Caprea* FRIES ††† *Argentæ* KOCH apud LANGE in WILLKOMM & LANGE, Prodr. Fl. Hisp. I, p. 230 (1870).

Salix IX *Arenariæ* II *Argentæ* DIPPEL, Handb. II, p. 260 (1892), pro parte.

Salix sect. *Argentæ* subsect. *Repentēs* SCHNEIDER, Illus. Handb. I, p. 64 (1904).

Salix sect. *Cæsiæ* KERNER apud SCHNEIDER, l. c. p. 67 (1904), pro parte.

Frutex vel fruticulus. Squama gemmarum 1 ventre fissa. Folia æstivatione convoluta, alterna vel subopposita rarius opposita. Amenta præcocia vel subcætanea. Flos masculus cum glandula unica ventrale, staminibus duobus liberis vel basi coalitis. Flos fæmineus cum glandula unica ventrale, ovario sericeo vel subglabro pedicellato, stylo breve.

Species circ. 2, quarum 2 in Korea spontanea.

25. *Salix sibirica* PALLAS.

var. **brachypoda** NAKAI.

(Tabula nostra XXXVI.)

Salix sibirica PALLAS. Fl. Ross. I, pt. 2, p. 78, t. 81, fig. 3 (1788)—GEORGI, Beschr. Russ. Reich. III, pt. 5. p. 1337 (1800)—TRAUTVETTER in LEDEBOUR, Fl. Alt. IV, p. 287 (1833); Fl. Ross. III, pt. 2, p. 622 (1851), excl. *a. glabra*—BEISSNER, SCHEEL & ZABEL, Handb. Laubholzben. p. 47 (1903)—SCHNEIDER, Illus. Handb. I, p. 67 (1904); in

SARGENT, Pl. Wils. III, p. 154 (1916), excl. var.—NAKAI in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XXXII, p. 29 (1918); Fl. Paiktusan p. 63, no. 89 (1918); in Bull. Soc. Dendrol. Franc. no. 66, p. 10 (1928).

var. *brachypoda* NAKAI, comb. nov.

Syn. *Salix repens* var. *brachypoda* TRAUTVETTER & MEYER in MID-DENDORF, Reise p. 79 (1857); in MAXIMOWICZ, Prim. Fl. Amur, p. 245 (1859).

Salix repens subsp. *rosmarinifolia* var. *flavicans* ANDERSSON, Monogr. I, p. 116 (1867).

Salix repens var. *flavicans* ANDERSSON in DC. Prodr. XVI, sect. 2, p. 238 (1868).

Salix repens (non LINNÆUS) KORSCHINSKY in Acta Hort. Petrop. XII, p. 391 (1892)—KOMAROV in Acta Hort. Petrop. XXII, p. 29 (1903)—NAKAI in Journ. Coll. Sci. Tokyo XXXI, p. 214 (1911).

Salix repens f. *flavicans* ANDERSSON apud SIUZEV in Trav. Mus. Bot. Acad. Imp. Sci. St. Pétersb. IX, p. 88 (1912).

Fruticulus paludicola vulgo quam 1 metralis humilior. Turio velutinus, foliis alternis vel oppositis vel verticillatim ternis stipullatis, stipulis ovatis integris 3-7 mm. longis 2-3 mm. latis supra viridibus parce pilosis infra sericeis, petiolis 3-4 mm. longis sericeis, laminis lineari-oblongis vel lanceolatis 30-58 mm. longis 10-15 mm. latis integerrimis apice acuminatis basi acutis vel obtusiusculis vel obtusis supra viridibus parce pilosis infra sericeis. Folia ramorum amentiferorum lineari-oblonga vel lanceolata supra viridia parce pilosa subtus argenteo-sericea 7-40 mm. longa 3-12 mm. lata, margine integerrima leviter recurva apice acuminata basi acuta vel obtusa, petiolis 1-3 mm. longis parce sericeis. Amenta præcocia vel subcætanea basi foliis 2-5 suffulta. Amenta mascula 8-19 mm. longa, axis sericea, bracteæ late obovatæ 1,5 mm. longæ sericeæ. Flos masculus cum glandula 1 (vel 2) ventrale, staminibus 2 glabris antheris rubescentibus. Amenta fæminea 8-18 mm. longa, axis sericea, bracteæ oblongæ longe sericeo-villosæ. Flos fæmineus cum glandula 1 ventrale oblonga vel ovata, ovario ovato-oblongo velutino brevi-stipitato, stylo brevissimo, stigmatibus quadrifido.

Hab.

Prov. Kanhok : in paludosis Nōjidō (T. ISHIDOYA no. 2746 ♀, 2747 ♂);
in paludosis Jinmujiyō (T. ISHIDOYA no. 2748 ♂); in paludosis inter
Mohō & Nōjidō (T. NAKAI no. 1939); Shōjyō Hoksō (CHUNG,
no. 1259).

Prov. Kannan : Taichūri tractus Kōzan (T. ISHIDOYA); Mt. Kōjirei
(T. ISHIDOYA no. 5194 ♂).

Distr. Ussuri, Manshuria, Amur, Dahuria, Regio Transbaicalensis,
Regio Ochotensis & Kamtschatica.

26. *Salix subopposita* MIQUEL.

(Tabula nostra XXXVII.)

Salix subopposita MIQUEL in Ann. Mus. Bot. Lugd. Bat. III, p. 28
(1867); Prol. Fl. Jap. p. 216 (1867)—FRANCHET & SAVATIER, Enum.
Pl. Jap. I, p. 461 (1875)—NAKAI in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XXXII, p. 29
(1918)—MORI, Enum. Korean Pl. p. 112 (1922)—NAKAI in Bull. Soc.
Dendrol. France no. 66, p. 10 (1928).

Syn. *Salix repens* LINNÆUS var. *subopposita* SEEMEN, Salic. Jap.
p. 35, t. 5 A E' (1903); in ASCHERSON & GRÆBNER, Mitteleurop. Fl.
IV, p. 128 (1909)—MATSUMURA, Ind. Pl. Jap. II, pt. 2, p. 13 (1912).

Salix sibirica PALLAS var. *subopposita* SCHNEIDER in SARGENT, Pl.
Wils. III, p. 154 (1916).

Fruticulus 10-40 cm. altus ramosissimus in aridis vel in jugis mon-
tium siccatis graminosis incola (nunquam paludicola). Rhizoma sub-
terraneum ramosum. Caulis plus minus cæspitosus. Gemmæ cum
squama solitaria sericea. Folia alterna vel opposita, petiolis 0,5-1,5 mm.
longis adpresse sericeis, laminis oblongis vel lineari-oblongis vel oblongo-
obovatis integerrimis supra viridibus fere glabris vel circa apicem
parce pilosellis infra glaucis adpresse pilosis 5-20 mm. longis 2-6 mm.
latis. Amenta præcocia, mascula mihi ignota, fæminea 0,5-1 cm. longa.
Bracteæ obovato-oblongæ 1,5 mm. longæ sericeæ. Glandula unica ven-
tralis trapeziformis. Ovarium stipitatum sericeum. Stylus brevissimus.
Stigma quadrifidum.

Hab.

Quelpaert: in herbidis Mok-tjyang (E. TAQUET no. 6006).

Distr. Kiushu, Shikok, et Hondo occidentalis.

Salix subopposita is nearer to *Salix repens* than to *Salix sibirica*. Some of botanists think that *Salix repens* does not grow in East Asia, while some with more broad sense take all allied forms for one *Salix repens*. Be that as it may, this *Salix subopposita* is a plant restricted in warmer region while *Salix sibirica* and *Salix repens* grow in more boreal colder regions. *Salix subopposita* likes dry land, but *Salix sibirica* grows in the swamp only.

しだれやなぎ節

喬木。枝ハ折レ易ク屢々下垂ス。芽ノ鱗片ハ一個腹面ニ於テ裂開ス。嫩葉ハ内卷、花穂ハ葉ト同時ニ生ズルモノト葉ニ先チテ生ズルモノトアリ。苞ハ永存性、雄蕊ハ二個、花糸ニ毛アリ。蜜腺ハ雄花ニテハ腹背兩側ニ各一個宛アレドモ雌花ニテハ唯腹面ニ一個アルノミ（稀ニ背面ニモ極小ノモノ發生スルコトアリ）。子房ハ無柄、花柱ハ短カク又ハ多少伸長ス。柱頭ハ四又ス。

東亞産ノ柳八種之ニ屬シ朝鮮ニハ三種アリ。

27. かうらいやなぎ

(第參拾八圖)

高サ十乃至二十米突ノ喬木。幹ノ直徑ハ大ナルハ一米突乃至一米突半ニ達スルアリ。幹ノ皮ハ厚ク縦ニ深ク裂ル。枝ハ帶灰褐色又ハ帶褐綠色ニシテ折レ易ク殊ニ小枝ノ分岐點ヨリトレ易シ。一年生ノ枝ニハ短毛アルモノト毛ナキモノトアリ。芽ハ卵形長サ二乃至五ミリ腹面ハ縦ニ裂ク。萌枝ノ葉ハ托葉ヲ有シ托葉ハ廣キ斜卵形長サ三乃至六ミリ幅二乃至三ミリ半、腺狀ノ鋸齒アルト殆ンド全縁ノモノトアリ。表面ハ綠色裏面ハ白ク葉柄ハ長サ六乃至十三ミリ表面ニ溝アリ短毛生ズ。葉身ハ狹披針形長サ九乃至十三センチ幅十六乃至二十八ミリ表面ハ綠色中肋ヲ除キ無毛裏面ハ白キ粉フキ中肋上ニノミ微毛アリ基脚ハ銳角又ハヤ、尖リ、先端ハ尖銳、縁ニハ腺狀ノ鋸齒アリ。花穂ヲ附クル枝ノ葉ハ披針形又ハ狹

披針形又ハ披針長橢圓形又ハ長橢圓形無毛表面ハ綠色裏面ハ白ク兩面ニ氣孔ヲ具ヘ長サ一乃至十二センチ幅三乃至三十八ミリ、葉柄ハ無毛長サ一乃至五ミリ、花穂ハ葉ニ先チテ出ヅルト殆ンド同時ニ出ヅルトアリ。雄花穂ハ長サ一乃至三センチ幅六乃至七ミリ基脚ニ小サキ葉ヲ一個乃至五個宛附ク。花ハ密ニ生ジ花軸ニ絹毛アリ。苞ハ内卷帶卵長橢圓形長サ二ミリ兩面ニ長キ毛アリ殆ンド白色、蜜腺ハ小サク腹面ノモノハ〇、七ミリ乃至〇、八ミリ（圖 I, I, I）背面ノモノハ長サ〇、五乃至〇、七ミリ（圖 H, H）雄蕊ハ二個側方ニ對立シ花糸ハ中央以下ニ毛アリ離生又ハ基部相癒合ス殆ンド白色、葯ハ煉瓦紅色又ハ紅色外ニ開キニ室アリ。雌花穂ハ葉ニ先チテ生ジ又ハ同時ニ生ジ基ニ小サキ葉ヲ一個乃至五個宛ツケ長サ〇、七センチ乃至一センチ半、幅六乃至八ミリ、花密ナリ。花軸ニ絹毛アリ。苞ハ長橢圓形又ハ橢圓形帶白綠色微毛アリ内凹、蜜腺ハ圖 P, P ノ如キ形ヲナス背面ノモノハ極メテ小ニシテ圖 O, O ノ如キカ又ハ全ク之ヲ缺グ。子房ニ蜜毛生ジ卵形無柄、花柱ハ子房ヨリモ短ク、柱頭ハ四裂シ帶紅色ナリ。

全道ノ山野、濟州島、鶴陵島ニ生ズ。

（分布） 滿洲、九州、本島ノ西部、隱岐。

28. かうらいしだれやなぎ

（第參拾九圖）

雌雄異株ノ喬木稀ニ同株、高サ十乃至二十米突ニ達シ。幹ノ直徑ハ八十センチニ達ス。皮ハ縦ニ不規則ニ裂ケ汚暗黒灰色、枝ハオリーブ色又ハ帶黃色始メ微毛アルカ又ハ無毛、下垂ス。葉ハ中肋上ニノミ微毛アリ。披針形又ハ狹長披針形先端ハ殆ンド苞狀ニ尖ル。表面ハ綠色稍光澤アリ裏面ハ白ク縁ニ小鋸齒アリ長サ二乃至九センチ幅五乃至十七ミリ、葉柄ハ長サ一乃至四ミリ、花穂ハ短カキ側枝ノ先ニ出デ小サキ葉ヲ三乃至五枚宛附ク。雄花穂ハ短カキ花梗ヲ有シ長サ一乃至二センチ花軸ニ毛アリ。苞ハ橢圓形先ハ丸ク背面ハ中央以下ニ絹毛アリ腹面ハ無毛長サ一ミリ半、背面ノ蜜腺ハ細ク又ハ廣ク腹面ノモノハ幅廣ク雄蕊ハ二個苞ノ約二倍ノ長サアリ。花糸ハ基ニ毛アリ。葯ハ丸ク黃色、雌花穂ハ下垂スルモノト傾上スルモノトアリ長サ一乃至二センチ花軸ニ毛アリ。苞ハ綠色卵形先端ヤ、丸ク背面ハ基部ニ絹毛アリ先端ニハ長キ毛生ジ腹面ハ無毛、背面ノ腺ナシ。腹面ノ蜜腺ハ洋梨形又ハ卵形ニシテ兩側ニ縫目アリ。子

房ハ卵形、絹毛アレドモ先端又ハ中央以上ハ無毛、花柱ハ短ク無毛、柱頭ハ二又シ裂片ハ先凹ム、果實ノ長サ三ミリ許絹毛アリ。

咸北、咸南、平北、平南、江原、黃海、京畿、忠北、忠南、全北、全南ニ産シ主トシテ平地ニ多シ。

朝鮮ノ特産種ナリ。

29. いぬしだれやなぎ

(第四十圖)

喬木、枝ハ下垂シ無毛、オリーブ色。芽ノ鱗片ハ一個、葉ハ無毛狭披針形長サ一乃至六センチ幅四乃至十六センチ小鋸齒アルカ又ハ全縁先端ハ長ク漸尖、葉柄ハ長サ一乃至六ミリ、花穂ハ短カキ側枝ノ先端ニ生ジ葉ト共ニ出ヅ葉二個乃至五個ヲ有ス。雄花穂ハ屈曲シテ傾上シ長サ一センチ半乃至四センチ花軸ニ毛アリ。苞ハ披針形ヤ、尖リ、外面ハ基部ニノミ毛アリ内面ハ毛多シ。背面ノ蜜腺ハ細ク先端截形、腹面ノモノハ披針形、雄蕊ハ二個ニシテ苞ノ約二倍ノ長サアリ花糸ハ基部ニ毛アリ。葯ハ黄色球形、雌花穂ハ下垂スルカ又ハ傾上シ長サ一、八センチ乃至二、七センチ花軸ニ毛アリ。苞ハ長サ二乃至五ミリ帶卵長橢圓形基部ニノミ毛アリ。子房ハ長橢圓形無毛、花柱ハ短カク無毛、柱頭ハ二個先端凹入ス。蜜腺ハ腹面ニノミアリテ卵形又ハ橢圓形。

平北、忠北ノ平野ニ生ズ。

朝鮮ノ特産種ナリ。

本節ニ屬スル左ノ三種ハ栽培品ニアリ。

Salix babylonica LINNÆUS したれやなぎ 支那原産。

Salix elegantissima KOCH 六角 日本原産。

Salix Matsudana KOIDZUMI var. *tortuosa* VILMORIN
雲龍柳 支那原産。

Salix sect. **Subfragiles** SEEMEN, *Salic. Jap.* 15 (1903).

Syn. *Salix* sect. *Micantes* s. *Viminales* ANDERSSON in DC. *Prodr.* XVI, sect. 2, p. 264 (1868), pro parte.

Salix sect. *Albæ* (non BORRER) DIPPEL, *Handb. Laubholzk.* II, p. 220 (1892), pro parte—SEEMEN, *Salic. Jap.* p. 16 (1903)—SCHNEIDER, *Illus.*

Handb. Laubholzk. I, p. 35 (1904); in SARGENT, Pl. Wils. III, p. 109 (1916), pro parte.

Salix sect. *Fragiles* (non W. D. KOCH) SCHNEIDER in SARGENT Pl. Wils. III, p. 107 (1916), pro parte.

Arbores. Ramuli fragiles sæpe pendulini. Squama gemmarum unica ventrali rupsa. Folia æstivatione convoluta. Amenta cætanea vel præcocia. Bracteæ persistentes. Stamina 2. Filamenta basi pubescentia. Glandulæ in flore masculo dorsi-ventrales, in flore fæmineo unica ventralis (rarissime dorsalis minima etiam evoluta). Ovarium sessile vel subsessile. Styli breves vel elongati. Stigma quadrifidum.

Plantæ Asiæ orientales: *Salix babylonica* L., *S. dependens* NAKAI, *S. elegantissima* KOCH, *S. jesoensis* SEEMEN, *S. koreensis* ANDERSSON, *S. Matsudana* KOIDZUMI, *S. pseudo-lasiogyne* LÉVEILLÉ huc pertinent.

Hæc sectio ex sectionibus *Fragiles* et *Albæ* bracteis non membranaceis persistentibus statim dignoscenda, etiamque ex sectione *Viminales* foliis æstivatione convolutis nec revolutis distat.

27. ***Salix koreensis*** ANDERSSON.

(Tabula nostra XXXVIII.)

Salix koreensis ANDERSSON in DC. Prodr. XVI, sect. 2, p. 271, no. 96 (1868)—HERDER in Acta Hort. Petrop. XI, p. 429 (1890)—BURKILL in Journ. Linn. Soc. XXVI, p. 530 (1899)—PALIBIN in Acta Hort. Petrop. XVIII, p. 52 (1900)—KOMAROV in Acta Hort. Petrop. XXII, p. 24 (1903)—NAKAI in Journ. Coll. Sci. Tokyo XXXI, p. 215 (1911)—KOIZUMI in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XXVII, p. 89 (1913)—NAKAI, Veg. Isl. Quelpært p. 36, no. 476 (1914); Veg. Isl. Wangto, p. 5 (1914); Veg. Mt. Chirisan p. 28, no. 117 (1915)—SCHNEIDER in SARGENT, Pl. Wils. III, p. 111 (1916)—NAKAI, Veg. Diamond Mts. p. 169, no. 165 (1918); Veg. Dagelet Isl. p. 17, no. 102 (1919)—MORI, Enum. Corean Pl. p. 110 (1922)—REHDER in Journ. Arnold Arboret. X, p. 114 (1927)—NAKAI in Bull. Soc. Dendrol. France no. 66, p. 11 (1928).

Syn. *Salix Feddei* LÉVEILLÉ in FEDDE, Repert. X, p. 436 (1912).

Salix pogonandra LÉVEILLÉ, l. c. p. 437.

Salix pseudo-Gilgiana LÉVEILLÉ, l. c. p. 436.

Salix pseudo-jessoensis LÉVEILLÉ. l. c.

Arbor 10–20 metralis alta. Truncus diametro usque 1–1,5 metralis, cortice dura longitudine varie fissa. Ramuli cinereo-fuscescentes vel fusco-virides fragiles. Ramuli hornotini adpresse pilosi vel glabri. Gemmæ ovatæ 2–5 mm. longæ ventrali longitudine fissæ. Folia turionum stipullata. Stipulæ late oblique ovatæ 3–6 mm. longæ 2–3,5 mm. latæ glanduloso-serrulatæ vel subintegræ supra virides infra glaucæ. Petioli 6–13 mm. longi supra canaliculati adpresse pilosi. Lamina foliorum lineari-lanceolata 9–13 cm. longa 16–28 mm. lata supra viridis præter costam adpresse pilosam glabra, infra pruinosa supra costam pilosa basi acuta vel acutiuscula apice acuminatissima margine glanduloso-serrulata. Folia ramorum floriferorum lanceolata vel lineari-lanceolata vel lanceolato-oblonga vel oblonga glabra supra viridia infra glaucina utrinque stomatifera 1–12 cm. longa 3–38 mm. lata; petiolis 1–5 cm. longis glabris. Amenta præcocia vel subcætanea. Amenta mascula 1–3 cm. longa 6–7 mm. lata basi foliis parvis 1–5 suffulta densiflora, axis sericea; bracteæ convolutæ ovato-oblongæ 2 mm. longæ utrinque villosæ fere albidæ; glandula flava, ventralis 0,7–0,8 mm. longa forma ut in figura I, I, I, dorsalia ut in fig. H, H, 0,5–0,7 mm. longa; stamina 2 lateralia, filamenta fere albida infra medium hirsuta libera vel basi conniventia; antheræ laterico-rubræ vel rubræ extrorsæ biloculares. Amenta fæminea præcocia vel cætanea foliis parvis 1–5 suffulta 0,7–1,5 cm. longa 6–8 mm. lata densiflora compacta, axis sericea; bracteæ oblongæ vel ellipticæ albido-viridescentes pilosæ concavæ; glandula ventralis ut fig. P, P, dorsalis minima ut in fig. O, O, vel nulla; ovarium villosum ovoideum sessile; stylus ovario brevior; stigma 4-partitum rubescens.

Hab.

Prov. Kanhok: Ranan (T. ISHIDOYA no. 2746 ♀, 2743 ♀); Shiro-machi (T. NAKAI).

Prov. Kannan: Shinshō (T. ISHIDOYA no. 2745 ♀); Inter Hoksei & Chokdō (T. ISHIDOYA no. 2744 ♀); Kankō (T. ISHIDOYA no. 4516,



かうらいやなぎ、咸鏡北道鏡城郡朱乙温面城町附近ニテ寫ス。

Salix koreensis growing on the bank of a river near Shiromachi in the village Shuotsuonmen, Kyojyō County, in the Province of Kanhoku. Photographed in July, 1918.

4517, 4519, 4523); Reijyōri tractus Teihei (T. ISHIDOYA no. 4511); Chinkō (T. NAKAI); Genzan (T. NAKAI, fr.)

Prov. Heihok: Shingishū (T. ISHIDOYA no. 3817 ♂); Mt. Hiraihō (T. NAKAI no. 1935); Kōkai (R. G. MILLS no. 324 ♂, 316 ♂); inter Kōkai & Jyūhochin (T. NAKAI no. 1929); Gishū Ikadō (T. NAKAI no. 1925, 1926, 1963, 2008); Gishū (T. ISHIDOYA no. 3288, 3821 ♂, 3831 ♀); Teishū (T. ISHIDOYA no. 3820 ♂, 3825 ♀); Shōjyō (T. ISHIDOYA no. 1929).

Prov. Heinan: oppido Taikyoku tractus Toksen (C. KONDŌ); in delta Ryoratō, Heijyō (T. ISHIDOYA no. 3283, 3285, 3289, 3294); pede montis Rōrinsan (K. OKAMOTO); ad ripas fluminis Daidōkō (T. ISHIDOYA no. 3813, 3830 ♀); inter Shasō & Onsō tractus Neien (T. ISHIDOYA no. 4521); Mt. Taiseizan (H. IMAI no. 54,

fr.); Neien (T. MORI, fr.); Kōsetsurei (T. MORI); Heijyō (H. IMAI).
Prov. Kōgen: Rankoku tractus Waiyō (T. ISHIDOYA no. 1955, 1956,
7099 ♂, 7096 ♀); Makkiri (T. NAKAI no. 5295); Mt. Kongōsan
(CHUNG); Uchikongō (T. NAKAI no. 5295).

Prov. Keiki: Mt. Ryūmonzan (T. SAWADA); Seiryōri (T. KIMURA,
♀; ISHIDOYA no. 2433 ♂, 2455 ♂, 2459 ♂, 2460 ♂, 2461 ♂,
2463 ♂, 2470 ♂, 2504 ♀, 2505 ♀, 2506 ♀, 2507 ♀, 2511 ♂,
2512 ♂, 2513 ♂, 2514 ♂, 2515 ♂, 2516 ♂, 2517 ♂, 3464 ♀,
3165 ♀, 3166 ♂, 3168 ♂, 3169 ♂, 3177 ♂, 3824 ♀, 3828 ♀,
M. FURUMI, ♂); Keijyō (K. TAKABASHI, ♀); Mt. Kangaksan
tractus Shikō (T. ISHIDOYA no. 1985, 3208 ♂, 3209 ♂); inter
Roryōshin & Kangaksan (T. ISHIDOYA, no. 1973 ♀, 1974 ♀); Sen-
kenmak circa Keijyō (S. KOBAYASHI); Giseifu (T. NAKAI, ♀);
Yōshū (T. NAKAI); Namsan (T. UCHIYAMA); Suigen (H. UEKI no.
544); in plateis Seoul (U. FAURIE no. 632).

Prov. Chūhok: Mt. Zokrisan (S. FUKUHARA); Seishū (T. ISHIDOYA
no. 3822 ♂, 3823 ♂, 3824 ♂, 3825 ♂, 3825 bis ♀, 3826 ♂); Eidō
(T. ISHIDOYA no. 3812 ♀); Sōhyōmen tractus Kaizan (CHUNG &
PAK).

Prov. Chūnan: Mt. Keiryuzan (C. KONDO).

Prov. Keihok: Mt. Hakkōzon (T. SAWADA); Mt. Zitsugetsusan (T.
SAWADA); Taikyū (KIN-SHŌ-KAN).

Dagelet: Rarikol (T. NAKAI no. 4198, 4199 fr.); inter Rarikol &
Songosan (T. NAKAI no. 24); Moshige (T. ISHIDOYA no. 22, 1972);
Ōbokdong (T. NAKAI ♀); Songosan (T. NAKAI); in monte supra
Dōdō 750 m. (T. ISHIDOYA no. 1970); sine loco speciali (T. ISHI-
DOYA no. 1971).

Prov. Keinan: Mt. Shūseizan (T. SAWADA); Mt. Kayasan (T. ISHI-
DOYA no. 4574); ibidem (CHUNG, ♀); Chōsen (T. UCHIYAMA);
Shōshinpo insulæ Kyosaitō (T. NAKAI no. 10907, fr.); in monte
circa templum Kabōji insulæ Nankaitō (T. NAKAI no. 10908 fr.);
secus rivulos Fusan (U. FAURIE no. 176); Fusan (U. FAURIE
no. 181),

Prov. Zennan: Mt. Mutōhō (S. FUKUBARA); insula Daikokuzantō (T. ISHIDOYA & CHUNG no. 3391); Mt. Chiisan (T. NAKAI no. 38); insula Wangtō (T. NAKAI); Kainan (T. ISHIDOYA no. 1928); insula Baikatō (T. MIWA); Chōjyō (T. NAKAI, ♀); Mt. Reishūzan tractus Reisui (T. NAKAI no. 10906).

Quelpært: Mt. Hallasan (T. NAKAI no. 1051, fr.); in pago Polmongi (E. TAQUET no. 4707 ♂); Seishū (T. ISHIDOYA no. 263); in declivitate boreale montis Hallasan (T. NAKAI no. 4888); Chōten (T. NAKAI), secus aquas (U. FAURIE no. 1504); in humidis sejken (E. TAQUET no. 3241); Pientō 400 m. (E. TAQUET no. 4706—typus *Salicis pogonandræ*); Hannon (E. TAQUET no. 4709); Hioton (E. TAQUET no. 4708); in pago Polmonji (E. TAQUET no. 1441—typus *Salicis pseudo-jessoensis* LÉVEILLÉ); sine loco speciali (E. TAQUET no. 3242—*Salix Feddei*); in silvis Setchimeri 500 m. (E. TAQUET no. 3240, *Salix Feddei*); sine loco speciali (E. TAQUET no. 3240—*Salix pseudo-Gilgiana*).

Distr. Manchuria austr., Kiusiu & Hondo occid., nec non insula Oki.

28. *Salix pseudo-lasiogyne* LÉVEILLÉ.

(Tabula nostra XXXIX.)

Salix pseudo-lasiogyne LÉVEILLÉ in FEDDE, Repert. X, p. 436 (1912)—NAKAI in Bull. Soc. Dendrol. France no. 66, p. 11 (1928).

Syn. *Salix babylonica* (non LINNÆUS) NAKAI in Journ. Coll. Sci. Tokyo XXXI, p. 213 (1911).

Salix Matsudana (non KOIDZUMI) SCHNEIDER in SARGENT, Pl. Wils. III, pt. 1, p. 107 (1916), quoad plantam ex Korea.

Salix neo-lasiogyne NAKAI ex MORI, Enum. Corean Pl. p. 111 (1922), nom. nud.—ISHIDOYA, Chōsen Shinrin Jyumok Kanyō p. 12 (1923), cum descript. Jap.

Arbor dioica, rarissime monœica, 10 20 metralis alta; truncus diametro usque 80 cm. Cortex longitudine irregulariter fissus sordide atrofusco-griseus. Ramuli pendulini vel nutantes olivacei vel flavescentes primo piloselli vel glabri. Gemma glabra calyptriformis ventre sæpe

longitudine fissa. Folia præter costam adpresse pilosam glabra lanceolato-subulata vel lanceolata longissime aristato-attenuata, supra viridia luciduscula, infra glauca, margine serrulata, 2-9 cm. longa 5-17 mm. lata; petioli 1-4 mm. longi. Amenta in apice rami hornotini lateralis abbreviati terminalis foliis parvis 2-3 suffulta, cum ramulo ascendente-erecta vel ascendentia. Amenta mascula brevi-pedunculata 1-2 cm. longa; axis pubescens; bracteæ ellipticæ obtusæ dorso infra medium sericeæ ventre glabræ 1-5 mm. longæ; glandula dorsalis angusta vel dilatata, ventralis dilatata interdum laterali continua; stamina 2 bracteas plus puplo superantia; filamenta basi pilosa; antheræ rotundatæ flavæ. Amenta fæminea pendulina vel ascendentia 1-2 cm. longa; axis pubescens; bracteæ viridescens ovatæ obtusiusculæ dorso basi sericeæ apice hirtellæ ventre glabræ; glandula dorsalis nulla, ventralis pyriformis vel ovata utrinque constricta; ovarium sericeum ovatum apice vel supra medium glabrum; stylus brevis glaberrimus; stigmata bifida lobis apice emarginatis. Fructus 3 mm. longus sericeus.

Hab.

Prov. Kanhok: Yōshamen tractus Kisshū (S. FUKUBARA); Mt. Hichihōzan tractus Meisen (C. KONDŌ); Mt. Sōzan (CHUNG, no. 692); Yujiyō (CHUNG, no. 1270, 1293); Nansendō (T. NAKAI no. 1900).

Prov. Kannan: Kankō (T. ISHIDOYA no. 4504-4508, 4516, 4478, 4498); inter Shinshō & Hokusei (T. ISHIDOYA, ♂); Teihei Reijyōri (T. ISHIDOYA no. 4500, 4502, 4503); Kōzanmen tractus Teihei (T. ISHIDOYA no. 4499, 4509, 4522, 4525); inter Teihei & Eikō (CHUNG).

Prov. Heihok: Gishū (T. ISHIDOYA no. 3811 ♂, 3823 ♀, 3810 ♂, 3800 ♂, 3795 ♂, 3796 ♂, 3821 ♀); Teisyū (T. ISHIDOYA no. 3816); Shōjyō (T. ISHIDOYA no. 1980); Shingishū (T. ISHIDOYA no. 3820 ♀, 3821 bis ♀, 3789 ♀); Mt. Hakutōzan tractus Gishū (T. ISHIDOYA no. 1037); Yūmen tractus Shōjyō (T. SAWADA); Hokuchinmen tractus Unzan (S. FUKUBARA no. 1294); Ikado circa Gishū (T. ISHIDOYA no. 1927, 1960, 1961, 1962, 1996, 2000, 2001, 2004, 2005, 2008); Shingishū (M. FURUMI ♂ & ♀).

Prov. Heinan: Taikyokmen tractus Tokusen (C. KONDŌ); ad ripas fluminis Daidōkō (T. ISHIDOYA no. 3793 ♂, 3794 ♂); Neien (T. ISHIDOYA no. 4497).

Prov. Kōgen: Mt. Setsugakusan (T. ISHIDOYA no. 6230).

Prov. Kōkai: Mt. Shuyōzan (C. MURAMATSU); Mt. Metsuaksan (C. MURAMATSU); Kokuzan Katomen (K. TAKAICHI, ♀); Hakusan (legitor ?); Chōzankan (CHUNG, no. 147, 149, 150).

Prov. Keiki: Chemulpo (E. TAQUET no. 3243—typus); Mt. Ryumon-zan (T. SAWADA); Mt. Kagakusan (T. SAWADA); Seiryōri (T. ISHIDOYA no. 2434 ♀, 2465 ♀, 2466 ♀, 2502 ♀, 2503 ♀, 3174 ♀, 3175 ♂, 3176 ♂); ibidem (T. KIMURA, ♂); Inei-en (T. ISHIDOYA no. 3167 ♀); Wajyōdai (T. ISHIDOYA no. 3806 ♂).

Prov. Chūhok: Mt. Zokrisan (S. FUKUBARA); Chūshū (T. ISHIDOYA no. 3827 ♂, 3828 ♂, 3829 ♂); Seisyū (T. ISHIDOYA no. 3788 ♀, 3790 ♀, 3791 ♀, 3792 ♀, 3803 ♂, 3805 ♂).

Prov. Chūnan: sine loco speciali (T. KIMURA, ♀).

Prov. Zennan: Mt. Tokuyūzan (S. FUKUBARA).

Prov. Zenhoku: Mt. Mutōzan (S. FUKUBARA).

Planta endemica!

29. *Salix dependens* NAKAI.

(Tabula nostra XL.)

Salix dependens NAKAI in Bull. Soc. Dendrol. France no. 66, p. 13 (1928).

Arbor; ramuli dependentes glabri olivasei. Gemma 1-perulata calyptriformis. Folia glabra anguste lanceolata 1–6 cm. longa 4–16 mm. lata minute serrulata vel subintegra apice longissime attenuata; petioli 1–6 mm. longi. Amenta in apice ramuli lateralis brevis terminalia foliis 2–5 suffulta. Amenta mascula curvato-ascendentia 1,5–4 cm. longa; axis pubescens; bracteæ lanceolatæ acutiusculæ extus basi tantum hirsutæ intus pubescentes; glandula dorsalis subulata apice truncata, ventralis lanceolata; stamina 2 bracteas duplo superantia; filamenta basi pilosa; antheræ subrotundatæ flavæ. Amenta fæminea dependentia

vel ascendens 1,8-2,7 cm. longa, axis pubescens; ovarium oblongum glabrum; styli breves glabri; stigmata 2, lobis apice emarginatis; glandula unica ventralis obovata vel elliptica.

Hab.

Prov. Heihok: Gisiu (T. ISHIDOYA, no. 3787—typus florum masculorum).

Prov. Chūhok: Chūsiu (T. ISHIDOYA, no. 3807—typus florum fæmineorum).

Besides these, the following three species mentioned below are often cultivated.

Salix babylonica LINNÆUS (native of China).

Salix elegantissima KOCH (native of Japan).

Salix Matsudana KOIDZUMI var. *tortuosa* VILMORIN (native of China).

きぬやなぎ節

小喬木又ハ灌木、芽ノ鱗片ハ一個腹面ニ於テ裂開ス。葉ハ細ク少クモ上方ノモノハ始メ外卷ナリ。花ハ葉ニ先チテ生ズ。雄花ハ一個ノ腹面ノ蜜腺ト二個ノ雄蕊トヲ有ス。雌花ハ一個ノ腹面ノ蜜腺ト無柄又ハ有柄ノ子房ト長キ花柱ト二又スル柱頭トヲ有ス。

約十種アリテ歐亞兩大陸ニ産ス、其中三種ハ朝鮮ニモ自生ス。

30. 大陸きぬやなぎ

(第四拾壹圖)

小喬木トナリ枝ハ下ヨリ叢生ス。高サ五米突乃至六米突ニ達ス。幹ノ直徑ハ十乃至二十センチニ達ス。枝ハ寧ロ細シ。若枝ノ皮ハ綠色ナレドモ日ニ向フ側ハ帶紅色ナリ絨毛アリ。芽ノ鱗片ハ長サ三乃至五ミリ帶紅褐色腹面ハ縱ニ裂ケ背面ニハ微毛生ズ。葉ハ最初ノ五六枚ハ内卷ナレドモ其以上ノモノハ凡テ外卷ナリ。葉柄ハ長サー乃至五ミリ絹毛アリ。葉身ハ帶披針線狀細ク漸尖基部ハ細キ楔形又ハ漸尖、表面ハ綠色始メハ微毛アレドモ早ク落ツ裏面ニハ白銀色ノ毛アリ長サ三乃至十八センチ幅三乃至十ミリ縁ハ多少外卷ナリ。花穂ハ葉ニ先チテ生ジ花軸ニ絹毛アリ。雄花穂ハ橢圓形又ハ長橢圓形長サーセンチ半乃至三センチ幅一センチ

半。苞ハ倒卵形又ハ倒披針形、舟形ニシテ始メ傾上シ中途ヨリ外ニ反ル、長サ三ミリ先端ハ尖リ上部三分ノ二ハ黒ク背面ハ中央以上ニ長絨毛アリ内面ハ無毛又ハ微毛アリ、背面ノ中央以下ニハ横ニ皺ニ有リ。蜜腺ハ腹面ニ一箇柱狀長サ一乃至一ミリ半。雄蕊ハ兩側ニ並ビ二個。花糸ハ白ク無毛長サ十一乃至十二ミリ離生又ハ基部癒合ス。葯ハ長橢圓形長サ一ミリ黄色又ハ帶紅色、外向。雌花穂ハ無柄長サ二センチ半乃至三センチ半、基部ニ苞狀葉ヲ二三個ツク其長サ三乃至五ミリニシテ披針形舟形、背面ニ絹毛アリ内面ハ無毛光澤アリ。苞ハ倒卵形先端稍尖リ又ハ鈍形又ハ丸ク中央以上ハ黒ク毛ハ苞ヨリモ短シ。腹面ニ長サ一ミリ乃至一、二ミリノ蜜腺アリ此蜜腺ハ稀ニ花瓣ニ化ス。子房ニハ短カキ絹毛アリ長サ二ミリ乃至二ミリ半卵形先端ハ長サ二ミリ乃至二ミリ半ノ花柱ニ向ヒテ尖ル。花柱ハ中央以下ニ短カキ微毛アリ。柱頭ハ二又又ハ四又シ長サ一ミリ。果實ハ卵形長サ四ミリ乃至五ミリ短カキ絹毛アリ。

咸北、咸南、平北ノ河岸ニ生ズ。

(分布) 歐亞兩大陸。

一種葉ハ細ク長サ七乃至十六センチ幅ハ三乃至八ミリ(通常三乃至五ミリ)ナルアリ、之ヲ

ほそばきぬやなぎ

(第四十二圖)

ト謂フ。平北鴨綠江岸ニ生ズ。歐洲ニモアリ。亞細亞ニテハ初發見ナリ。

又一種葉ハ狭披針形ニシテ長サ二センチ半乃至九センチ幅ハ三ミリ半乃至六ミリ、花序モ小サク長サ六乃至十二ミリ幅六ミリ許ナルアリ。之ヲ

こばのきぬやなぎ

(第四十三圖)

ト謂フ。新義州ノ河洲ニ生ジ、亞細亞ニテハ初發見ナリ。歐洲ニモ産ス。

31. かうらいきぬやなぎ

(第四十四圖)

小喬木又ハ大形ノ灌木、枝ハモトヨリ簇出ス。枝ノ皮ハ綠色ナレドモ日ニ向フ側ハ帶紅色ナリ凡テ絹毛密生ス。芽ノ鱗片ハ長サ三乃至七ミリ

橢圓形、褐色又ハ帶紅褐色絹毛生ス。嫩葉ハ最初ノ二個乃至四個ハ内卷ナレドモ其以上ノモノハ皆外卷ナリ。葉ノ表面ニハ微毛アリテ綠色裏面ニハ銀色ノ絹毛アリ。葉ハ狹披針形長サ五乃至十四センチ幅ハ七乃至十四ミリ縁ハ全縁ナレドモ波狀ニシテ外卷ナリ。雄花穂ハ橢圓形長サ一センチ半乃至三センチ幅ハ一センチ半。苞ハ倒披針形舟形傾上シ内曲ス、中央以上ハ黒ク約二ミリノ長サノ絨毛アリ。蜜腺ハ腹面ニノミアリテ長サ一ミリ半一個又ハ二又シ又ハ殆ンド二分ス。雄蕊ハ二個側立。花糸ハ白ク長サ十一乃至十二ミリ。葯ハ黄色ナレドモ往々帶紅色外向。

咸南、平北ノ河岸ニ生ズ。

(分布) 歐亞兩大陸。

32. てうせんをのへやなぎ

(第四十五圖)

丈高キ灌木又ハ小喬木、二乃至五米突ニ達ス。樹膚ハ汚キ暗灰色。若枝ハ綠色ナレドモ後帶褐色トナリ遂ニ栗色ト化シ光澤アリ。芽ノ鱗片ハ長サ四乃至六ミリ始メ絹毛アレドモ後無毛トナル。葉ハ最初ノ六乃至七枚ハ内卷ナレドモ其以後ニ出ヅルモノハ皆外卷ナリ。萌枝ノ葉ハ長サ四乃至七ミリ無毛ノ葉柄アリ葉身ハ狹披針形長サ七乃至十四センチ幅十五乃至十九ミリ表面ハ綠色裏面ハ白ク兩面共無毛縁ハ波狀基脚ハ銳角又ハ楔形先端ハ漸尖。花枝ノ葉ハ長サ一乃至六ミリノ葉柄ヲ有シ葉身ハ倒披針形又ハ狹長倒披針形長サ一センチ乃至六センチ幅ハ五乃至十二ミリ基脚ハ細キ楔形先端ハ極メテ著シク尖ル。縁ハ不顯著ノ波狀ヲナシ外卷、花穂ハ葉ニ先チテ生ジ基ニ苞狀葉二三個アリ其長サ三乃至八ミリニシテ倒披針形背面ニ絹毛アリ内面ハ無毛。雄花穂ハ長サ十五乃至二十二ミリ。花軸ハ絹毛アリ。苞ハ倒卵長橢圓形長サ二ミリ先端ハ尖リ中央以上ハ黒ク背面ハ長キ絹毛アリ内面ハ微毛アルノミ。蜜腺ハ細長ク其形ハ圖 F. F. ノ如シ。雄蕊ハ二個。花糸ハ無毛。葯ハ黄色橢圓形。雌花穂ハ殆ンド無柄長サ二乃至四センチ下ヨリ漸次ニ花開ク。花軸ハ微毛アリテ屢々帶紅色。苞ハ長サ二ミリ半倒卵長橢圓形基部ハ殆ンド直立シ帶紅色中部以上ハ外ニ反リ黒色密ニ絹毛アリ。蜜腺ハ腹面ニ一個アリテ圖 I. I. I ノ如ク長サ一ミリ、帶黃綠色先端ハ凹入スルカ又ハ丸ク帶紅色。子房ハ卵形絹毛アリ長サ一ミリ半。柄ハ短毛生ジ長サ一ミリ半。花柱ハ長サ一ミリ。柱頭ハ四又シ長サ半ミリ。

咸北、咸南、平北、平南、江原、黄海ノ諸道ニ生ジ、河畔、平野ニアリ。

(分布) 滿洲、烏蘇利。

Salix sect. **Viminales** BLUFF & FINGERFUTH, Comp. Fl. Germ. II, p. 562 (1825)—KOCH, Salic. Europ. Comment. p.p. 12 & 27 (1828)—REICHENBACH, El. Germ. Excurs. II, p. 170 (1831)—KOCH, Syn. Fl. Germ. & Helv. ed. 1, p. 147 (1837)—REICHENBACH, Icon. Fl. Germ. & Helv. p. 25 (1849)—PETZOLD & KIRCHNER, Arb. Musc. p. 588 (1864)—ČELAKOVSKÝ, Prodr. Fl. Böhm. II, p. 134 (1871)—DIPPEL, Handb. Laubholz. II, p. 293 (1892)—KÖHNE, Deutsch. Dendrol. p.p. 88 & 99 (1893)—SEEMEN, Salic. Jap. p. 19 (1903); in ASCHERSON & GRÆBNER, Syn. Mitteleurop. Fl. IV, p.p. 60 et 173 (1908)—TÖPFFER, Salic. Bav. p. 48 (1915)—SCHNEIDER in SARGENT, Pl. Wils. III, p. 157 (1916).

Syn. *Salix* sect. *Viminales* BORRER in HOOKER, Brit. Fl. p. 423 (1830)—LOUDON, Arb. & Frutic. Brit. III, p. 1547 (1838)—BABINGTON, Man. Brit. Bot. ed. 1, p. 273 (1843).

Salix sect. *Allolepidæ*—*Macrophyllæ* TRAUTVETTER in Linnæa X, p. 579 (1836), pro parte.

Salix sect. *Allolepidæ*—*Stenophyllæ* TRAUTVETTER, l. c., pro parte.

Salix sect. *Viminales* KOCH apud SPACH, Hist. Vég. X, p. 371 (1841)—DÖLL, Rhein. Fl. p. 264 (1843)—TRAUTVETTER in LEDEBOUR, Fl. Ross. III, pt. 2, p. 605 (1851)—GRENIER & GODRON, Fl. Franc. III, pt. 1, p. 130 (1855)—SCHNEIDER, Illus. Handb. Laubholz. I, p. 45 (1904)—ROUY, Fl. Franc. XII, p. 199 (1910).

Salix sect. III. *Vetrix* FRIES, Summa Pl. p. 56 (1846)—LANGE in WILLKOMM & LANGE, Prodr. Fl. Hisp. I, p. 227 (1870).

Salix sect. *Præcoces* DÖLL, Fl. Bad. II, p. 491 (1839), pro parte.

Salix sect. *Phylicifoliæ* WIMMER apud PETZOLD & KIRCHNER, l. c. p. 587.

Salix sect. *Caprisalix* subsect. *Vimen* DUMORTIER apud BABINGTON in SEEMANN, Journ. Bot. I, p. 171 (1863)—SYME in SOWERBY, Engl. Bot. VII, p. 223 (1873).

Salix sect. *Micantes* seu *Viminales* ANDERSSON in DC. Prodr. XVI, sect. 2. p. 264 (1868), pro parte.

Arborescentes vel frutices. Gemmæ cum squama unica ventrali fissa. Folia angusta saltem superiora æstivatione revoluta. Amenta præcocia. Flores masculi cum glandula unica ventrali, staminibus duobus. Flores fæminei cum glandula unica ventrali, ovario sessile vel pedicellato, stylo elongato, stigmatе bifido vel emarginato vel integro.

Species infra 10 in Europa et Asia indigenæ, quarum tres in Korea spontaneæ.

30. *Salix viminalis* LINNÆUS.

(Tabula nostra XLI.)

Salix viminalis [DODONEUS, Nieuw. Herb. p. 744 (1578)]—LINNÆUS, Sp. Pl. ed. 1, p. 1021, no. 27 (1753); Fl. Suec. ed. 2, p. 353, no. 901 (1755); Sp. Pl. ed. 2, II, p. 1448, no. 29 (1763); ed. 3, II, p. 1448, no. 29 (1764); Syst. Nat. ed. 13, III, p. 649, no. 29 (1770)—SCOPOLI, Fl. Carn. II, p. 257, no. 1211 (1772)—HOUTTUYN, Nat. Hist. III, p. 468 (1774)—MURRAY, Syst. Veg. ed. 13, p. 737, no. 29 (1774); ed. 14, p. 880, no. 31 (1784)—ALLIONI, Fl. Pedemont. II, p. 184, no. 1959 (1785)—HOFFMANN, Salic. I, p. 13 tab. II, & Tab. V fig. 2 (1785)—ROTH, Tent. Fl. Germ. I, p. 420, no. 19 (1788)—PALLAS, Fl. Ross. I, pt. 2, p. 76 (1788)—GMELIN, Syst. Nat. II, pt. 1, p. 74, no. 35 (1791)—VITMAN, Summa Pl. V, p. 402, no. 31 (1791)—ROTH, l. c. II, pt. 2, p. 520 (1793)—MÆNCH, Method. I, p. 336 (1794)—PERSOON, Syst. Veg. ed. 15, p. 923, no. 31 (1797)—POIRET in LAMARCK, Encycl. VI, p. 658 no. 35 (1804)—WILLDENOW, Sp. Pl. IV, pt. 2, p. 706, no. 109 (1805)—J. ST. HILAIRE, Exposit. Fam. Nat. II, p. 317 (1805)—LAMARCK & DC. Syn. Fl. Gall. p. 179 (1806)—PERSOON, Syn. Pl. II, pt. 2, p. 603, no. 109 (1807)—DIETRIG, Vollst. Lexic. VIII, p. 410 (1808)—WADE, Salic. p. 371 (1811)—WILLDENOW, Baumz. ed. 2, p. 436 (1811)—AITON, Hort. Kew. ed. 2, V, p. 364. no. 60 (1811)—LAPEYROUS, Hist. Pl. Pyrénées. p. 603 (1813)—LAMARCK & DC. Fl. Franc. ed. 3, III, p. 297,

no. 2098 (1815)—SPRENGEL, Syst. Veg. I, p. 101 (1825)—KOCH, Salic. Europ. Comment. p. 29 (1828)—HOST, Salic. p. 16, t. 55-56 (1828)—HOPPE in STURM, Deutschl. Fl. IX. Pl. 1084—FORBES, Salic. Wobur. p. 265 (1829)—LINDLEY, Syn. Brit. Fl. ed. 1, p. 237, no. 61 (1829)—REICHENBACH, Fl. Germ. Excurs. II, p. 170 (1831)—MUTEL, Fl. Franc. III, p. 193 (1836)—HOOKER in SMITH, Comp. Engl. Fl. ed. 2, p. 203 (1836)—KOCH, Syn. Fl. Germ. & Helv. ed. 1, p. 648 (1837)—LOUDON, Arb. & Frutic. Brit. III, p. 1549 fig. 1329 (1838)—SPACH, Hist. Vég. X, p. 372 (1841)—BABINGTON, Man. Brit. Bot. p. 273 (1843)—DCELL, Rhein. Fl. p. 264 (1843)—REICHENBACH, Icon. IX, p. 25 tab. DXCVII (1849)—ANDERSSON in Svensk. Vetensk. Acad. Honoa 1850. p. 475 (1851)—TRAUTVETTER in LEDEBOUR, Fl. Ross. III, pt. 2, p. 605 (1851)—GRENIER & GODRON, Fl. Franc. III, pt. 1, p. 131 (1855)—REGEL & TILING, Fl. Ajan. p. 117 (1858)—DCELL, Fl. Bad. II, p. 494 (1859)—TRAUTVETTER in MAXIMOWICZ, Prim. Fl. Amur. p. 243 (1859)—REGEL, Tent. Fl. Uss. p. 131 (1861)—PETZOLD & KIRCHNER, Arboret. Mus. p. 586 (1864)—WIMMER, Salic. p. 36 (1866)—ANDERSSON in DC. Prodr. XVI, sect. 2, p. 264 (1868), pro parte—FR. SCHMIDT. Reis. Amurl. p. 61, no. 329, p. 172. no. 381 (1868)—ČELAKOVSKÝ, Prodr. Fl. Böhm. II, p. 134 (1871)—KOCH, Dendrol. II, p. 544 (1872)—SYME in SOWERBY, Engl. Bot. p. 223, Pl. MCCCXXII (1873)—LAUCHE, Deutsch. Dendrol. p. 324 (1880)—NYMAN, Consp. Fl. Europ. III, p. 666 (1881)—BENTHAM & HOOKER, Brit. Fl. ed. 5, p. 410 (1887)—BURKILL in Journ. Linn. Soc. XXVI, p. 534 (1889)—HERDER in Acta Hort. Petrop. XI, p. 425 (1890)—KORSCHINSKY in Acta Hort. Petrop. XII, p. 390, no. 498 (1892)—DIPPEL, Handb. Laubholz. II, p. 293 (1892)—KCEHNE, Deutsch. Fl. p. 99 (1893), excl. var.—BEISSNER, SCHEEL & ZABEL, Handb. Laubholz. p. 40 (1903)—KOMAROV in Acta Hort. Petrop. XXII, p. 32 (1903), pro parte—CAMUS, Monogr. I, p. 214 (1904)—SCHNEIDER, Illus. Handb. Laubholz. I, p. 45 (1904)—ROUY, Fl. Franc. XII, p. 200 (1910)—NAKAI in Journ. Coll. Sci. Tokyo XXXI, p. 214 (1911)—SUZEV in Trav. Mus. Bot. Acad. Imp. Sci. St. Pétersb. IX, p. 89 (1912)—ТРЕПФЕР, Salic. Bav. p. 89 (1915)—SCHNEIDER in SARGENT, Pl. Wils. III,

p. 157 (1916)—MORI, Enum. Korean Pl. p. 112 (1922)—REHDER in Journ. Arnold Arb. IV, p. 144 (1923); Man. Cultiv. Trees & Shrubs p. 118 (1927).

Syn. *Salix longifolia* LAMARCK, Fl. Franc. II, p. 232 (1778).

Salix viminalis var. *Linnæana* TRAUTVETTER in Linnæa X, p. 580 (1836).

Arborescens virgatus usque 5-6 metralis altus, trunco diametro 10-20 cm. Rami potius gracilis. Cortex ramulorum viridis apricus rubescens velutinus. Squama gemmæ 3-5 mm. longa rubro-fusca dorsiventrali-compressa et ventrali longitudine fissa dorso adpresse pilosa. Folia exteriora 4-5 convoluta, interiora omnia æstivatione revoluta; petioli 1-5 mm. longi sericei; lamina lanceolato-linearum acuminato-attenuata basi anguste cuneata vel attenuata supra viridis primo parce pilosella mox glabrescens subtus argenteo-sericea supra costam parce sericea 3-18 cm. longa 3-10 mm. lata margine plus minus revoluta. Amenta præcocia, axis sericea, mascula ellipsoidea vel oblonga 1,5-3 cm. longa 1,5 cm. lata. Flos masculus cum bractea 3 mm. longa obovata vel oblanceolata naviculare ascendenti-incurva acuta parte superiore $\frac{2}{3}$ atrata dorso supra medium villis 2 mm. longis sericeo-villosa intus glabra vel pilosella dorso infra medium horizontali rugulosa; glandula unica ventralis columnaris elongata apice nectarifera 1-1,5 mm. longa; stamina 2 lateralia, filamenta alba glabra 11-12 mm. longa libera vel basi connata, antheræ oblongæ 1 mm. longæ flavæ sed interdum parce rubescentes extrorsæ. Amenta fæminea sessilia 2,5-3,5 cm. longa; cataphylla 2-3 suffulta 3-5 mm. longa lanceolata navicularia dorso sericea intus glabra lucida; bracteæ obovatæ apice acutiusculæ vel obtusiusculæ vel subrotundatæ obtusæ supra medium atræ villis bracteis brevioribus. Glandula ventralis 1-1,2 mm. longa ut in figuris LL, interdum in petala transformans. Ovarium adpresse sericeum 2-2,5 mm. longum ovoideum apice in stylum 2-2,5 mm. longum attenuatum. Stylus infra medium adpresse parce pilosellus. Stigma bifidum vel quadrifidum circ. 1 mm. longum. Fructus ovoideus 4-5 mm. longus adpresse sericeus.

Hab.

Prov. Kanhoku: Yuujyō (T. NAKAI); Shinjinkok oppidi Shuotsu tractus Kyōjyō (T. NAKAI no. 6836).

Prov. Kannan: Taichūri (T. ISHIDOYA no. 2799, ♀ & ♂); inter Keizanchin & Futempō (T. NAKAI no. 1912).

Prov. Heihoku: Shingishū (T. NAKAI no. 1913); Sakshū (R. G. MILLS no. 577).

Distr. Europa et Asia.

Salix viminalis LINNÆUS var. **linearifolia** WIMMER & GRABOWSKI, Fl. Siles. II, p. 368 (1829)—SEEMEN in ASCHERSON & GRÆBNER, Syn. IV, p. 174 (1908).

Syn. *Salix viminalis* (non LINNÆUS) HOFFMANN, Hist. Salic. t. XXI, fig. 1 (1789).

Salix viminalis var. *angustifolia* TAUSCH ex OPIZ, Seznam p. 36 (1852), nom.

Salix viminalis var. *tenuifolia* KERNER in Nied.-Oest. Weid. p. 211 (1860).

Salix viminalis var. *angustissima* COSSON & GERMAINE, Fl. Envir. Paris ed. 2, p. 618 (1861)—ROUY, Fl. Franc. XII, p. 200 (1910).

Folia subulata 7–16 cm. longa 3–8 (vulgo 3–5) mm. lata.

Hab.

Prov. Heihok: inter Gyokkōchin & Seijyōchin (T. NAKAI no. 1910); in delta prope Shingishū (T. ISHIDOYA).

Distr. Europa.

Salix viminalis LINNÆUS var. **abbreviata** DCÉLL, Fl. Bad. II, p. 495 (1859)—WIMMER, Salic. Europ. p. 37 (1866)—SEEMEN in ASCHERSON & GRÆBNER, Syn. IV, p. 174 (1908)—ROUY, Fl. Franc. XII, p. 200 (1910)—TCEPFER, Salic. Bav. p. 90 (1915).

Syn. *Salix viminalis* (non LINNÆUS) HOFFMANN, Hist. Salic. t. XXI fig. 9. (1789).

Folia lineari-lanceolata 2,5–9 cm. longa 3,5–6 mm. lata. Amenta fæminea tantum mihi nota 6–12 mm. longa 6 mm. lata subsessilia.

Cataphylla 3-5 quarum 1-2 foliacea. Bracteæ ascendentes obovato-oblongæ apice 1/3 nigræ longe sericeo-villosæ 1,7 mm. longæ. Glandula subulata flava 1,5 mm. longa. Ovarium sericeum 1,7 mm. longum ovoideum. Styli glabri 1 mm. longi apice bifidi.

Hab.

Prov. Heihoku: in delta prope Shingishū (T. ISHIDOYA).

Distr. Europa.

The above three varieties of *Salix viminalis* are cultivated in the farm of the Forest Experiment Station at Seiryōri near Keijyo. All of them were taken formerly from the wild plants in Korea.

31. *Salix stipularis* SMITH.

(Tabula nostra XLIV.)

Salix stipularis SMITH, Engl. Bot. XVII, t. 1214 (1803)—WILLDENOW, Sp. Pl. IV, pt. 2, p. 708 (1805)—PERSON, Syn. Pl. II, p. 604, no. 111 (1807)—DIETRIG, Vollst. Lexic. VIII, p. 407, no. 104 (1808)—AITON, Hort. Kew. ad. 2, V, p. 365, no. 62 (1811)—KOCH, Salic. Europ. Comm. p. 29 (1828)—LINDLEY, Syn. Brit. Fl. ed. 1, p. 238 (1829)—REICHENBACH, Fl. Germ. Excurs. II, p. 170 (1831)—MUTEL, Fl. Franc. III, p. 193 (1836)—HOOKER in SMITH, Comp. Engl. Fl. ed. 2, p. 203 (1836)—KOCH, Syn. Fl. Germ. & Helv. ed. 1, p. 648 (1837)—LOUDON, Arb. & Frutic. Brit. III, p. 1550 (1838)—SPACH, Hist. Vég. X, p. 373 (1841)—BABINGTON, Man. Brit. Bot. p. 273 (1843)—REICHENBACH, Icon. IX, p. 25, t. DXCVIII (1849)—TRAUTVETTER in LEDEBOUR, Fl. Ross. III, pt. 2, p. 605 (1851); in MAXIMOWICZ, Prim. Fl. Amur. p. 243 (1859)—PETZOLD & KIRCHNER, Arb. Musc. p. 585 (1864)—ANDERSSON in DC. Prodr. XVI, sect. 2, p. 266 (1868)—KOCH, Dendrol. II, pt. 1, p. 547 (1872)—SYME in SOWERBY, Engl. Bot. VIII, p. 225, Pl. MCCCXXIII (1873)—LAUCHE, Deutsch. Dendrol. p. 325 (1880)—BEISSNER, SCHEEL & ZABEL, Handb. Laubholzbenn. p. 40 (1903)—SEEMEN in ASCHERSON & GRÆBNER, Syn. IV, p. 181 (1908)—SCHNEIDER in SARGENT, Pl. Wils. III, p. 159 (1916)—REHDER, Man. p. 119 in nota sub *S. viminalis* (1927).

Syn. *Salix glauca* β . *sericea* REGEL & TILING, Fl. Ajan. p. 118 (1858).

Salix opaca ANDERSSON¹⁾ in herb. Petrop. ex HERDER in Acta Hort. Petrop. XI, p. 428 (1890).

Salix dasyclados subsp. *stipularis* SEEMEN in ASCHERSON & GRÆBNER, Syn. Mitteleurop. Fl. IV, p. 180 (1909)—SIUZEV in Trav. Mus. Bot. Acad. Imp. St. Pétersb. IX, p. 89 (1912).

Salix dasyclados (non WIMMER) SIUZEV, l. c.

Planta mascula tantum ex Korea nota. Arborecens vel frutex elatus virgatus. Cortex viridis apricis rubescens dense sericeo-velutinus. Squama gemmæ 3-7 mm. longa oblonga fusca vel rubro-fusca velutina dorsi-ventrali compressa ventrali longitudine fissa. Folia exteriora 2-4 æstivatione convoluta sed interiora revoluta omnia supra parce sericea viridia infra argenteo-sericea lineari-lanceolata 5-14 cm. longa 7-14 mm. lata margine integra subrepanda revoluta; petioli 3-8 mm. longi adpresse sericei. Amenta mascula oblonga 1,5-3 cm. longa 1,5 cm. lata. Bracteæ oblanceolatæ naviculares ascendentes incurvæ supra medium nigrae et villis circ. 2 mm. longis villosæ. Glandula ventralis unica elongata curvata apice integra vel emarginata vel subbifida nectarifera 1,5 mm. longa. Stamina 2 lateralia; filamenta alba 11-12 mm. longa. Antheræ flavæ sed interdum parce rubescentes extrorsæ.

Hab.

Prov. Kannan: inter Keizanchin & Futempō (T. NAKAI no. 2296).

Prov. Heihok: Shingishū (T. ISHIDOYA).

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32. *Salix Siuzevii* SEEMEN.

(Tabula nostra XLV.)

Salix Siuzevii SEEMEN in FEDDE, Repert. V, p. 17 (1908)—SIUZEV in Trav. Mus. Bot. Imp. Sci. St. Pétersb. IX, p. 90, fig. 1 (1912)—

1) *Salix opaca* SEEMEN, Salic. Jap. p. 51 is identical with *Salix Onoei* FRANCHET & SAVATIER.

NAKAI in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XXXIII, p. 5 (1919)—MORI, Enum. Korean Pl. p. 112 (1922)—NAKAI in Bull. Soc. Dendrol. Franc. no. 66, p. 8 (1928).

Syn. *Salix mixta* (non KORSCHINSKY) NAKAI in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XXII, p. 59 (1908).

Salix stipulasis (non SMITH) NAKAI in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XXVI, p. 168 (1912).

Salix Onoei (non FRANCHET & SAVATIER) NAKAI, Fl. Paiktusan p. 63, no. 85 (1918).

Frutex elatus vel arborescens, 2-5 metralis altus. Cortex sordide atro-cinereus. Ramuli primo virides, deinde fuscescentes, demum castanei lucidi. Squama gemmarum 4-6 mm. longa ventre valvatum verticale fissa, primo sericea demum glabrescentes. Folia exteriora 6-7 aestivatione convoluta, cetera omnia revoluta, turionum petiolis 4-7 mm. longis glabris, laminis lineari-lanceolatis 7-14 cm. longis 15-19 mm. latis supra viridibus infra glaucinis utrinque glabris margine grosse repandis, basi acutis vel cuneatis apice attenuatis; ramorum fructiferorum petiolis 1-6 mm. longis glabris, laminis oblanceolatis vel anguste oblanceolatis 1,6-6 cm. longis 5-12 mm. latis basi anguste cuneatis apice acuminatissimis margine obscure crenatis revolutis. Amenta præcocia lateralia cataphyllis 2-3 lanceolatis 3-8 mm. longis dorso sericeis intus glabris suffulta. Amenta mascula 15-22 mm. longa, axis sericea, bractea 2 mm. longa obovato-oblonga apice acuta supra medium atrata dorso sericeo-villosa ventre pilosa, glandula elongata ut in figuris F. F; stamina 2 lateralia; filamenta glabra; antheræ ellipticæ flavæ. Amenta fæminea subsessilia 2-4 cm. longa centripedalia, axis pilosa sæpe rubescentia; bractea 2,5 mm. longæ obovato-oblongæ basi suberectæ rubescentes, supra medium reflexo-ascendentes nigræ dense sericæ; glandula ventralis unica ut in figuris I, I, I, 1 mm. longa flavo-viridis apice emarginata vel rotundata sæpe rubescens. Ovarium sericeum ovoideum 1,5 mm. longum, stipite adpresse ciliolato 1,5 mm. longo. Styli 1 mm. longi. Stigmata 0,5 mm. longa quadrifida.

Hab.

Prov. Kanhok: pede montis Kanbōhō (T. SAWADA); in vallis montium

Hichihōzan (C. KONDO no. 342); oppido Yōshamen tractus Kisshū (S. FUKUBARA no. 1624); secus torrentes montis Kōsetsurei (T. NAKAI no. 6842, 6848, fr.); districtu montium Hakutōzan (T. MORI); Shuotsu (T. NARAI no. 6846); Mt. Sōzan (CHUNG no. 683, 684); Shōjyō (CHUNG no. 1247); Funei Fukyomen (CHUNG); Mt. Shōshinzan (CHUNG no. 388); Taitōsuihok oppidi Shunanmen (T. NAKAI no. 6846 bis); Engan tractus Mozan (M. FURUMI no. 441); Renkado oppidi Shuhokumen (T. NAKAI no. 6847, fr.).

Prov. Kannan: Chōshin (T. NAKAI no. 1905); Chinkō (T. NAKAI); Mt. Kōsōrei (T. MORI); Taichūri tractus Kōzan (T. ISHIDOYA no. 2791 ♀); Mt. Kōjirei (T. ISHIDOYA no. 5179 ♂, 5181 ♂, 5184 ♀, 5211 ♂); Mt. Shūaizan (S. FUKUBARA); Mt. Kōrōhō tractus Teihei (CHUNG); Mt. Mōtōhō tractus Keikō (CHUNG); Kankō (T. ISHIDOYA no. 4479); inter Kyokōrei & Zinmujiyō (T. NAKAI no. 1941); inter Taikōri et Sanyō (T. NAKAI no. 1914).

Prov. Heihoku: Kōkai (R. G. MILLS no. 496); Mt. Hakuhekizan (T. ISHIDOYA); Shingishū (M. FURUMI ♂ & ♀); Mt. Gatokurei (T. NAKAI no. 1933); in delta Shingishū (T. ISHIDOYA).

Prov. Heinan: Heijyō (T. NAKAI no. 1899); Mt. Kenzanrei tractus Neien (T. ISHIDOYA no. 4480); inter Shasō & Onsō (T. ISHIDOYA no. 4481).

Prov. Kōgen: Rankoku (T. ISHIDOYA no. 3094 ♀, 3095 ♀, 3102 ♂, 3103 ♂, 3105 ♂, 3124 ♂, 1943, 1944); Mt. Taikisan (S. FUKUBARA); Mt. Taihakusan (T. ISHIDOYA no. 5676, 5678); in area templi Jyōyōji (T. ISHIDOYA no. 6232); Sempo (T. KIMURA).

Prov. Kōkai: Katomen tractus Kokzan (K. TAKAISHI).

Distr. Manshuria & Ussuri.

第三族 だろのき族

芽ハ數個ノ鱗片ヲ有ス。花穂ハ下垂ス。花ハ風媒。苞ハ早落性又ハ半永存性。花被ハ一列杯狀。花柱ハ一個短カクニ又又ハ三又ス。次ノ一屬ヲ含ム。

第 參 屬 ど ろ の き 屬

雌雄異株ノ喬木。芽ハ無毛又ハ有毛又ハ粘質。葉ハ一年生互生有柄、嫩葉ハ内卷。托葉ハ早落性、花穂ハ葉ニ先チテ生ジ無柄又ハ有柄、穂狀又ハ總狀稀ニ複總狀。苞ハ早落性又ハ半永存性細ク缺刻ス。花被ハ一列杯狀。雄蕊ハ五個乃至二十五個（四個乃至六十個）。花糸ハ離生。葯ハ外向二室。子房ハ二室二個ノ心皮ヨリ成ル。胎坐ハ二個、卵子ハ二列倒生。蒴ハ二辨ヨリ成リ通例種子多シ、種子ハ長橢圓形白キ冠毛アリ。幼根ハ下向。

北半球ニ産シ約二十種アリ、其中五種ハ朝鮮ニ自生シ三種ハ廣ク栽植サル。分テ次ノ節ニ區分ス。

- 1 { 葉柄ノ上部ハ側扁ナリ。……………2
- { 葉柄ノ上部ハ丸シ。……………3
- 2 { 芽ニ毛アリ。花穂ハ穂狀又ハ總狀穂狀。雄蕊ハ八個乃至十個…
- { …………… やまならし節
- { 芽ハ無毛。雄花穂ハ總狀又ハ複總狀。雄蕊ハ十五個乃至三十個。
- { …………… ポプラ節
- 3 { 芽ニ毛アリ。粘質ナラズ。雄蕊ハ四個乃至八個。……………白楊節
- { 芽ハ無毛極メテ粘質ナリ。雄蕊ハ十個乃至六十個。…ごろのき節

Salicaceæ Tribus *Populeæ* NAKAI, nov. trib.

Syn. *Salicaceæ* subfam. *Saliceæ* NAKAI in Journ. Arnold Arboret. V, p. 73 (1924), pro parte; in Bull. Soc. Dendrol. France no. 66, p. 5 (1928), pro parte.

Salicaceæ Subfam. *Populoideæ* KIMURA in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XLII, p. 290 (1928).

Gemmæ pleiolepidēs. Amenta pendula. Flores anemophili. Bracteæ deciduæ vel subpersistentes. Perigonium uniseriale cupulare. Stylus 1 brevis 2-3 furcatus. Genus unicum continet.

Populus [PLINIUS, Hist. nat. ed. 1, liber XV, fol. 135 sin. (1469)—DIOSCORIDES, libes I. capt. IV, interprete VIRGILIO (1518)—BRUNFELS, Nov. Herb. II, p.p. 8, 34, 148 (1530); Herb. III, p. 236 (1536)—MATTHIOLUS, Med. Senens. Comm. p. 88 cum. figs. (1554)—DODONÆUS, Niuv. Herb. p. 749, figs. (1578); Pempt. p. 823, cum figs. (1583)—

GERARDE, Hist. p. 1301 (1597)—BAUHINUS, Pinax p. 429 (1623)—RAIUS, Hist. II, p. 1417 (1688)—TOURNEFORT, Instit. Rei Herb. p. 592, t. 365 (1700)—BÆRHAAVE, Index Pl. II, p. 211 (1720)—LINNÆUS, Gen. Pl. p. 307, no. 755 (1737)]; Sp. Pl. ed. 1, p. 1034 (1753); Gen. Pl. ed. 5, p. 456, no. 996 (1754)—DUHAMEL, Traité Arb. II, p. 177 (1755)—HILL, Brit. Herb. p. 512 (1756)—SCOPOLI, Fl. Carn. p. 411 (1760)—ADANSON, Fam. Pl. p. 376 (1763)—SCHREBER, Gen. Pl. p. 693, no. 1531 (1789)—JUSSIEU, Gen. Pl. p. 409 (1789)—NECKER, Elem. Bot. III, p. 261 (1790)—GÆRTNER, Fruct. Sem. Pl. II, p. 56, t. 90, fig. 4 (1791)—MËNCH, Method. I, p. 337 (1794)—DESFONTAINES, Fl. Atl. II, p. 369 (1798)—VENTENAT, Tab. Vég. III, p. 555 (1799)—J. ST. HILAIRE, Exposit. Fam. Pl. II, p. 317 (1805)—LAMARCK & DC. Fl. Franc. ed. 3, III, p. 298 (1815)—LINDLEY, Syn. Brit. Fl. p. 238 (1829)—ENDLICHER, Gen. Pl. p. 290, no. 1904 (1836)—MEISSNER, Pl. Vasc. Gen. I, p. 348 (1836)—SPACH, Hist. Vég. X, p. 378 (1841)—HARTIG, Forst. Cult. Deutsch. p. 427 (1851)—TRAUTVETTER in LEDEBOUR, Fl. Ross. III, pt. 2, p. 625 (1851)—PETZOLD et KIRCHNER, Arb. Musc. p. 589 (1864)—WESMÆL in DC. Prodr. XVI, pt. 2, p. 323 (1868)—KOCH, Dendrol. II, p. 482 (1872)—LAUCHE, Deutsch. Dendrol. p. 313 (1880)—BENTHAM & HOOKER, Gen. Pl. III, p. 412 (1880)—BENTHAM & HOOKER, Brit. Fl. ed. 5, p. 637 (1888)—PAX in ENGLAR & PRANTL, Nat. Pflanzenfam. III, Abt. 1, p. 35 (1887)—KËHNE, Deutsch. Dendrol. p. 77 & 78 (1893)—SCHNEIDER, Illus. Handb. I, p. 23 (1904)—ASCHERSON & GRÆBNER, Syn. IV, p. 14 (1908).

Arbor dioica. Gemma glabra vel pubescens vel viscosa. Folia annua alterna petiolata æstivatione convoluta stipullata serrata vel dentata vel integra. Stipulæ caducæ. Amenta præcocia sessilia vel pedunculata spicata vel racemosa rarius paniculata. Bracteæ caducæ vel subpersistentes laciniatæ. Perigonium 1-seriale cupulare. Stamina 5-25 (4-60). Filamenta libera. Antheræ extrorsæ biloculares. Ovarium carpellis binis compositum 1-loculare. Placenta 2 basilari-parietalia. Ovula 2-serialia anatropa. Capsula 2-valvis oligo-polysperma. Semina oblonga. Radicula infera.

Species circ. 20 in boreali-hemisphaerica incola, quarum 5 in Korea media et boreali spontaneæ, et tres exoticæ late plantatæ.

Conspectus sectionum.

1	{	Petioli apice laterali compressi.	2
	{	Petioli apice teretes.	3
2	{	Gemmæ pilosellæ. Amenta spicata vel racemoso-spicata. Stamina 8-10.	<i>Trepidæ</i>
	{	Gemmæ glabræ. Amenta mascula racemosa vel paniculata. Stamina 15-30.	<i>Aigeiros</i>
3	{	Gemmæ pubescentes non viscosæ. Stamina 4-8.	<i>Leuce</i>
	{	Gemmæ glabræ viscosæ. Stamina 10-60.	<i>Tacamahaca</i>

第一節 白 楊 節

芽ハ毛アリ粘質ナラズ。若枝ハ毛多シ。葉柄ハ丸シ。雄蕊ハ四個乃至八個。本節ニ屬スル朝鮮自生植物ナシ唯滿洲ヲ經テ支那ヨリ移セル

白楊 *Populus alba* LINDLÆUS

ハ平南、平北ニ屢々栽植シアリ。

Populus sect. **Leuce** DUBY in DE CANDOLLE, Bot. Gallic. ed. 2, I, p. 427 (1828), pro parte—REICHENBACH, Fl. Germ. Excurs. II, p. 173 (1831), pro parte—KOCH, Syn. Fl. Germ. & Helv. ed. 1, p. 660 (1837), pro parte—SPACH, Hist. Vég. X, p. 379 (1841), pro parte; in Ann. Sci. Nat. 2 sér. XV, p. 28 (1841), pro parte—TRAUTVETTER in LEDEBOUR, Fl. Ross. III, pt. 2, p. 626 (1851), pro parte—GRENIER & GODRON, Fl. Franc. III, pt. 1, p. 143 (1855), pro parte—WESMÆL in DC. Prodr. XVI, sect. 2, p. 324 (1868), excl. syn. *Leucoides*—LANGE in WILLKOMM & LANGE, Prodr. Fl. Hisp. I, p. 233 (1870), pro parte—KOCH, Dendrol. II, pt. 1, p. 483 (1872), pro parte—DIPPEL, Handb. Laubholz. II, p. 190 (1892), pro parte—KOEHNE, Deutsch. Dendrol. p. 78 (1893), pro parte—SCHNEIDER, Illus. Handb. Laubholz. I, p. 16 (1904).

Syn. *Populus* §1. *Populi albæ* LAMARCK & DC. Syn. Fl. Gall. p. 179 (1806), pro parte.

Balsamiflua GRIFFITH, Notul. Pl. Asiat. IV, p. 382 (1854).

Populus Subgn. *Leuce* DUBY apud LAUCHE, Deutsch. Dendrol. p. 313 (1880), pro parte.

Populus Subgn. *Leuce* sect. *Albidæ* DODE in Mém. Soc. Hist. nat. Autun XVIII, p.p. 18 & 19 (1905)—ASCHERSON & GRÆBNER, Syn. IV, p. 16 (1908).

Populus sect. *Leuce* Subsect. *Albidæ* SCHNEIDER in SARGENT, Pl. Wils. III, p. 29 (1916), pro parte.

Gemmæ pubescentes haud viscosæ. Rami juveniles pubescentes. Petioli teretes. Stamina 4-8.

There is no indigenous species belonging to this section in Korea. The white poplar *Populus alba* LINNÆUS, Sp. Pl. ed. 1, p. 1034, no. 1 (1753) often seen in the north-western part of Korea was early introduced from Manchuria.

第貳節 やまならし節

若芽ニハ微毛アレドモ後落チ粘質ナリ。鱗片ハ四乃至六個。若枝ニハ毛アルモノトナキモノトアリ。葉柄ハ側方ヨリ壓サレシ如シ。雄蕊ハ八個乃至十個。

歐、亞、北米三大陸ニ互リ七種アリ、其中二種ハ朝鮮ニモ自生ス。

葉柄ハ長サ四乃至九センチ、葉身ハ長サ七乃至十四センチ幅六乃至十五センチ粗大ナル稍内曲セル鋸齒アリ。……えぞやまならし
葉柄ハ長サー乃至四センチ、葉身ハ長サ二センチ半乃至六センチ幅一センチ半乃至五センチ半波狀ノ齒アリ。…てうせんやまならし

33. えぞやまならし

(第四拾六圖)

高サ六乃至七米突ノ小喬木、概形ハ橢圓形ナリ。皮ハ灰色。枝ハ太ク幅三乃至四ミリ無毛、芽ハ卵形又ハ長橢圓形先ハ尖ル、粘質、長サ三乃至十ミリ褐色ノ鱗片相重ナル。葉柄ハ基部ニ溝アリ其ヨリ丸クナリ央以上ハ側扁トナル故ニ先端ハ縦ノ方向ニ一ミリ半乃至三ミリノ厚サアリ、葉身ノ基部ニハ屢々蜜腺アリ、長サハ三センチ半乃至九センチ。葉身ハ帶卵圓形基脚ハ丸ク又ハ廣キ楔形先端ハ鋭角縁ニハ大形ノ内曲セル鋸齒アリ、長サ四、八センチ乃至十、九センチ幅四乃至九センチ（萌枝ニアリ

テハ長サ十四センチ半幅十五センチ半ニ達スルアリ)、表面ハ綠色、裏面ハ白味アリ、始メヨリ毛ナシ。花穂ハ葉ニ先チテ出デ下垂ス。雌花穂ハ花時長サ二乃至五センチ。花軸ハ無毛。苞ハ早ク落チ基ハ爪狀先端ハ團扇狀縁ハ多數ニ切レ込ミ黑色、爪ト共ニ長サ六乃至七ミリ縁ニ絹狀ノ毛アリ。子房ニハ短カキ柄ヲ有シ央以下ハ杯狀ノ萼ニ包マル。先端ニハ紅色雞冠狀ノ柱頭二乃至三個ヲ戴ク。

平南、平北ノ山ニ生ジ寧ロ稀ナリ。

(分布) 北海道(天鹽、北見)。

34. てうせんやまならし

(第四拾六、四拾七圖)

雌雄異株ノ喬木ニシテ高サ十五米突乃至二十米突ニ達シ幹ノ直徑ハ最大ナルハ一米突ニ達スルアリ。皮ハ帶褐灰色縦ニ割目アリ。小枝ハ無毛綠色又ハ帶紅色。芽ハ褐色粘質長サ五乃至八センチ相重ナレル鱗片ニテ被ハル、無毛。花芽ハ廣卵形。葉芽ハ帶卵披針形。芽及ビ若芽ハ粘質ニシテ香氣アリ。托葉ハ披針形又ハ狹披針形長サ三乃至六ミリ無毛早落性帶紅色。葉柄ハ無毛基部ハ表面ニ溝アリ央以上ハ側扁ニシテ長サ六乃至四十五ミリ、綠色又ハ先端帶紅色。葉身ハ帶卵橢圓形又ハ短カキ圓形又ハ廣卵形長サ二乃至五、七センチ幅一、五乃至六センチ表面ハ綠色裏面ハ淡白シ基脚ハ截形又ハ鈍形又ハ弱心臟形、先端ハヤ、丸キカ又ハ尖リ縁ハ波狀ノ齒アリ且ツ微毛アリ齒ハ兩縁ニ各七乃至十三個宛アリ。花穂ハ葉ニ先チテ生ジ無柄又ハ短柄アリ。芽ノ鱗片ハ丸ク内卷四個又ハ五個。花軸ニ微毛アリ、苞葉ナシ。雄花穂ハ長サ五乃至九センチ。苞ハ半永久性、爪ハ長サ二ミリ苞身ハ四乃至五ミリ丸キ團扇狀ニシテ多數ノ切込アリ黑色。花被ハ斜ノ倒圓錐形白色長サ二ミリ半乃至三ミリ。雄蕊ハ六乃至十一個腹背ノ方向ニ殆ンド二列ニ列ブ。藥ハ球形紫色永久性。雌花穂ハ長サ四乃至七センチ花軸ニ微毛アリ。苞ハ早落性長サ三ミリ先ハ團扇狀ニ擴リ切込アリ黑色縁ニ絹毛アリ、基部ハ急ニ細キ綠色ノ爪ニ縮マル花被ハ斜倒圓錐形長サ二ミリ白色。子房ハ卵形長サ二ミリ半綠色。柱頭ハ二乃至三個雞冠狀ナリ。

咸北、咸南、平北、平南、黃海、江原、京畿、慶北、忠北、忠南、鬱陵島ニ産ス。

(分布) 滿洲、北支那、黑龍江流域、烏蘇利、北海道。

一種葉ハ基脚廣キ楔形ヲナスアリ、之ヲ**ながばてうせんやまらし**ト謂フ。平北、黄海兩道ニ産ス。

又一種一年生ノ枝ト葉柄ト葉裏トニ微毛ノ生ズルアリ、之ヲ**けてうせんやまならし**ト謂フ。京畿道ニ産シ支那ニモアリ。

Populus sect. **Trepidæ** NAKAI, comb. nov.

Syn. *Populus* sect. *Leuce* DUBY, l. c. pro parte—REICHENBACH, l. c. pro parte—KOCH, l. c. pro parte—SPACH, l. c. pro parte—TRAUTVETTER, l. c. pro parte—GRENIER & GODRON, l. c. pro parte—WESMÆL, l. c. pro parte—LANGE, l. c. pro parte—KOCH, l. c. pro parte—LAUCHE, l. c. pro parte—DIPPEL, l. c. pro parte—KØHNE, l. c. pro parte—ROUY, l. c. pro parte—SCHNEIDER, l. c. pro parte.

Populus subgn. *Leuce* sect. *Trepidæ* DODE in Mém. Soc. Hist. Nat. Autun XVIII, p. 19 (1905)—ASCHERSON & GRÆBNER, Syn. IV, p. 24 (1908).

Populus sect. *Leuce* subsect. *Trepidæ* SCHNEIDER, l. c. p. 29.

Gemmæ juveniles sæpe pilosellæ demum glabrescentes viscosæ squamis 4-6. Rami juveniles pubescentes vel glabri. Petioli laterali compressi. Stamina 8-10.

Species 7 in Europa, Asia et America bor. indigenæ, quarum duæ in Korea spontaneæ.

{ Petioli 4-9 cm. longi. Lamina foliorum 7-14 cm. longa 6-15 cm.
lata grosse subincurvato-serrata. *P. jesoensis*
{ Petioli 1-4 cm. longi. Lamina foliorum 2,5-6 cm. longa 1,5-5,5 cm.
lata crenato-dentata. *P. Davidiana*

33. *Populus jesoensis* NAKAI.

(Tabula nostra XLVI.)

Populus jesoensis NAKAI in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XXXIII, p. 197 (1919)—MIYABE & KUDO, Icon. Essent. Forest Fl. Hokkaido, facs. IV, p. 44 in nota sub *P. Sieboldii* (1921)—MAKINO & NEMOTO, Fl. Jap. p. 1119 (1925).

Arborea 6-7 metralis alta ambitu ellipsoidea. Cortex cinereus.

Ramulus robustus 3-4 mm. latus glaberrimus. Gemmæ ovatæ vel oblongæ acutæ vel acuminatæ viscosæ 3-10 mm. longæ, squamis fuscis imbricatis obtectæ. Petioli basi sulcati tum teretes et saltem supra medium laterali compressi apice dorsi-ventrali 1,5-3 mm. crassi 3,5-9 cm. longi, circa basin laminæ sæpe glandulosi. Lamina foliorum ovato-rotundata basi rotundata vel late cuneata apice acuta margine grosse imbricato-serrata 4,8-10,9 cm. longa 4-9 cm. lata (in turione usque 14,5 cm. longa 15,5 cm. lata tum basi leviter cordata) supra viridis infra glaucescens vel pallida chartacea ab initio glaberrima. Amenta præcocia, fæminea tantum mihi nota, pendula sub anthesin 3-5 cm. longa, axis glabra, bracteæ deciduæ basi unguiculatæ apice flabellatæ et margine laceratæ nigrescentes cum unguis 6-7 mm. longæ margine sericeo-villosæ. Ovarium brevi-stipitatum infra medium calyce cupulare clausum, apice stigmatibus rubris cristato-laciniatis 2-3 coronatum viride.

Hab.

Prov. Heinan : in silvis Yōtoku (T. NAKAI) ; ibidem (S. IKUBO, fl.).

Prov. Heihok : in monte Zyūseizan (T. NAKAI no. 1950).

Distr. Yeso (Prov. Kitami & Teshio).

34. *Populus Davidiana* DODE.

(Tabulæ nostræ XLVII & XLVIII.)

Populus Davidiana DODE in Mém. Soc. Nat. Hist. Autun XVIII, p. 31, t. 11, fig. 31 (1905)—NAKAI in Bull. Soc. Dendrol. France no. 66, p. 6 (1928).

Syn. *Populus tremula* (non LINNÆUS) RUPRECHT in Mém. Biol. II, p. 556 (1858)—TRAUTVETTER in Mém. prés. Acad. Imp. Sci. St. Pétersb. div. sav. IX, p. 245 (MAXIMOWICZ, Prim. Fl. Amur.) (1859)—REGEL in Mém. Acad. Sci. St. Pétersb. VII, sér. IV, no. 4 (Tent. Fl. Uss.), p. 131, no. 439 (1861)—FR. SCHMIDT in Mém. Acad. Sci. St. Pétersb. XII, no. 2 (Reisen Amurlande & Sachal.), p. 61, no. 336, p. 134, no. 387 (1868)—HERDER in Acta Hort. Petrop. XI (Pl. Radd. IV), p. 460 (1890)—KORSCHINSKY in Acta Hort. Petrop. XII, p. 390 (Fl. Amur.), p. 390,

no. 494 (1892)—BURKILL in Journ. Linn. Soc. XXVI (HEMSLEY, Ind. Fl. Sin. II), p. 537 (1899), pro parte, excl. var.—KOMAROV in Acta Hort. Petrop. XXII (Fl. Mansh. II), p. 15 (1903), pro parte—NAKAI in Journ. Coll. Sci. Tokyo XXXI (Fl. Koreana II), p. 212 (1911).

Populus tremula var. *Davidiana* SCHNEIDER in SARGENT, Pl. Wils. III, p. 24 (1916)—NAKAI, Veg. Diamond Mts. p. 168, no. 160 (1918); in Tokyo Bot. Mag. XXXIII, p. 198 (1919)—MORI, Enum. Corean Pl. p. 108 (1922)—REHDER in Journ. Arnold Arb. IV, p. 137 (1923); Man. Cult. Trees p. 85 (1927).

Arbor dioica usque 15-20 metralis alta, trunco usque 1 metralis lato, cortice fuscescenti-cinereo longitudine fisso. Rami diametro infra 10 cm. vulgo cortice cinereo-viride non fisso. Ramuli juveniles glabri virides vel parce rubescentes. Gemmæ fuscae viscosæ 5-8 cm. longæ squamis imbricatis obtectæ glabræ, florum late ovoideæ, ramorum ovato-lanceolatae. Gemmæ et folia juvenilia viscidula suaveolentia. Stipulæ lanceolatae vel lineari-lanceolatae 3-6 mm. longæ glabræ caducæ rubescentes. Petioli glabri basi supra sulcati supra medium laterali compressi 0,6-4,5 cm. longi virides vel apice rubescentes. Lamina foliorum ovali-rotundata vel depresso-rotundata vel late ovata 2-5,7 cm. longa 1,5-5 cm. lata supra viridis infra glaucescens, basi truncata vel obtusa vel leviter cordata apice obtusiuscula vel infra margine crenato-dentata parce hirtella dentibus utrinque 7-13. Amenta præcocia sessilia vel brevi-pedunculata. Squamæ gemmarum 4-5 rotundatae convolutæ. Axis amentorum pilosella. Cataphylla nulla. Amenta mascula 5-9 cm. longa. Bracteæ subpersistentes unguibus 2 mm. longis, limbis 4-5 mm. longis rotundatis flabellato-laciniatis nigris. Perigonium oblique turbinatum albidum 2,5-3 mm. longum. Stamina 6-11 dorsi-ventrali subserialia. Antheræ rotundatae purpureæ persistentes. Amenta fæminea 4-7 cm. longa. Axis pilosella. Bracteæ caducæ 3 mm. longæ apice flabellatim expansæ et laciniatae nigrescentes margine sericeo-hirtellæ basi subito in unguis subulato-virides contractæ. Perigonium turbinatum obliquum 2 mm. longum albidum. Ovarium ovoideum 2,5 mm. longum viride. Stigmata 2-3 cristato-laciniata.

Hab.

Prov. Kanhok: Tōchidō oppidi Shuotsu (T. NAKAI no. 6872); Mt. Hichihōzan (C. KONDO no. 360); Keigen (CHUNG no. 1242); Mt. Sōzan (CHUNG no. 667); Mt. Shayusan (CHUNG); Nōjidō (T. ISHIDOYA no. 2733).

Prov. Kannan: Kōsuiin tractus Hōzan (T. ISHIDOYA no. 2731 ♀, 2732 ♀, 5199, 5231, 5232); Kōzan tractus Kōzan (T. ISHIDOYA no. 2731 ♀, 4489); Gensenmen (T. ISHIDOYA no. 5233); Mt. Shūaisan (S. FUKUBARA); Teihe (CHUNG); Kankō (KIN-HEI-RAN).

Prov. Heihok: Mt. Hiraihō (T. NAKAI); Mt. Zyūseizan (T. NAKAI no. 1949); inter Kōkai & Jūhōchin (T. NAKAI no. 2295); Kōkai (R. G. MILLS no. 311); Mt. Kanrei (T. NAKAI no. 1948); Mt. Hakutōzan tractus Sozan (S. FUKUBARA no. 1049); Shōjyō (T. ISHIDOYA); Yūmen tractus Shōjyō (T. SAWADA).

Prov. Heinan: Heijyō (H. IMAI); Chōjyōdō (S. KOBAYASHI); Yōtoku (T. NAKAI); Mt. Rōrinsan (K. OKAMOTO).

Prov. Kōkai: Mt. Chōjusan (CHUNG no. 151); Kananmen (K. TAKAICHI); Mt. Shuyōzan (C. MURAMATSU); insula Shōtō (CHUNG).

Prov. Kōgen: Mokho (T. UCHIYAMA); Mt. Setsugakusan (T. ISHIDOYA no. 6240); Mt. Taihakusan (T. ISHIDOYA no. 5631); Mt. Taikisan (S. FUKUBARA); Mt. Kongōsan (T. NAKAI); Mt. Chigakusan (CHUNG); Mt. Godaisan (T. ISHIDOYA no. 6537).

Prov. Keiki: Mt. Kagakusan (T. SAWADA).

Prov. Keihok: Mt. Hakkōzan (T. SAWADA); Mt. Jitsugetsusan (T. SAWADA).

Prov. Chūnan: Mt. Keiryuzan (C. KONDO).

Dagelet: Ōbokudon (T. NAKAI no. 4200).

Distr. Manshuria, China bor., Ussuri, Amur, Yeso.

Populus tremula is readily distinguished from this species by having the leaves with fewer and larger dentations, and more oblong bracts.

Populus Davidiana f. **laticuneata** NAKAI.

Folia basi late cuneata.

Hab.

Prov. Heihok: Nanmen (C. KONDO).

Prov. Kōkai: Mt. Chōjyusan (CHUNG).

Populus Davidiana var. **tomentella** NAKAI, comb. nov.

Syn. *Populus tremula* LINNÆUS var. *Davidiana* f. *tomentella* SCHNEIDER in SARGENT, Pl. Wils. III, p. 26 (1916).

Ramuli hornotini, petioli et inferior pagina foliorum pilosa.

Hab.

Prov. Keiki: Namsan (N. OKADA).

Distr. China.

第三節 ポ フ ラ 節

芽ハ粘質無毛、葉柄ハ先端側扁、苞ハ早ク落ツ、雄花ニハ長キ小花梗ヲ有ス。雄蕊ハ十五個乃至三十個、葯ハ永存性、柱頭ハ二個乃至四個雞冠状。

朝鮮ニハ此節ニ屬スル自生植物ナケレドモ左ノ二種一變種ハ廣ク栽植サル。

1. (a) *Populus nigra* LINNÆUS, Sp. Pl. ed. 1, p. 1034 (1753).

洋種やまならし。

歐洲、高加索、西比利亞原産。

- (b) *Populus nigra* LINNÆUS var. *italica* DU ROI, Harbk. Baumz. II, p. 141 (1772).

Syn. *Populus nigra* var. *pyramidalis* SPACH in Ann. Sci. Nat. sér. 2, XV, p. 31 (1841).

イタリアやまならし、一名ピラミッドやまならし。

クリミア、ヒマラヤ原産。

2. *Populus monilifera* AITON, Hort. Kew. ed. 1, III, p. 406 (1789).

アメリカやまならし、一名モニリフェラやまならし。

北米ノ東北部原産。

Populus sect. **Aigeiros** DUBY in DC. Bot. Gall. ed. 2, I, p. 427 (1828)—REICHENBACH, Fl. Germ. Excurs. II, p. 173 (1831)—KOCH, Syn. Fl. Germ. & Helv. ed. 1, p. 661 (1837)—SPACH, Hist. Vég. X, p.

386 (1841); in Ann. Sci. Nat. 2 sér. XVI, p. 31 (1841)—LEDEBOUR, Fl. Ross. III, pt. 2, p. 628 (1851)—GRENIER & GODRON, Fl. Franc. III, pt. 1, p. 144 (1855)—WESMÆL in DC. Prodr. XVI, sect. 2, p. 327 (1868)—LANGE in WILLKOMM & LANGE, Prodr. Fl. Hisp. I, p. 233 (1870)—KOCH, Deutsch. Dendrol. II, pt. 1, p. 488 (1872)—DIPPEL, Handb. Laubholz. II, p. 198 (1892)—KØEHNE, Deutsch. Dendrol. p. 78 (1893)—SCHNEIDER, Illus. Handb. Laubholz. I, p. 5 (1904).

Syn. *Populus* § *Populi nigrae* LAMARCK & DC. Syn. Fl. Gall. p. 180 (1806).

Populus sect. *Aegirus* ASCHERSON, Fl. Brandenb. p. 643 (1864).

Populus subgn. *Leuce* LAUCHE, Deutsch. Dendrol. p. 316 (1880), pro parte.

Populus subgn. *Eupopulus* sect. *Aegiri* DODE in Mém. Soc. Hist. Nat. Autun XVIII, p. 14 & 31 (1905).

Populus II. *Eupopulus* I. *Aegirus* ASCHERSON apud ASCHERSON & GRÆBNER, Syn. IV, p. 31 (1908).

Gemmæ viscidæ glabræ. Petioli apice plus minus laterali compressi. Bracteæ caducæ. Flores masculi longè pedicellati. Stamina 15-30. Antheræ persistentes. Stigmata 2-4 cristata.

No Korean species belongs to this section. However, the following exotic plants are used extensively for silviculture.

1. (a) *Populus nigra* LINNÆUS, Sp. Pl. ed. I, p. 1034 (1753).

Europa, Caucasus, Siberia.

(b) *Populus nigra* LINNÆUS var. *italica* DU ROI, Harbk. Baumz. II, p. 141 (1772).

Tauria, Himalaya.

2. *Populus monilifera* AITON, Hort. Kew. ed. 1, III, p. 406 (1789).

Regiones boreali-orientalis Americæ septentrionalis.

第四節 どろのき節

芽ハ粘質ノモノ多シ、無毛鱗片ハ四個乃至六個、葉柄ハ丸シ。葉身ハ多クハ羽狀脈ヲ有ス。苞ハ落ツ。花ハ短カキ小花梗ヲ有スルカ又ハ無柄。雄蕊ハ二十個乃至三十個（六個乃至六十個）。葯ハ少クモ一部ハ落ツ。柱頭ハ無柄又ハ殆ンド無柄二個乃至四個。

歐、亞、北米ニ互リ約十種ヲ産ス。其中三種ハ朝鮮ニモ自生ス。

- | | | | |
|---|---|--------------------------------|--------|
| 1 | { | 萌枝ニ稜角ナシ。葉ハ著シク皺アリ。芽及ビ嫩葉ハ香氣アリ頗 | ちりめんどろ |
| | | ル粘質ナリ。…………… | |
| 2 | { | 萌枝ニ稜角アリ。葉ニ皺ナシ。芽及ビ嫩葉ニ香氣ナシ。…………… | 2 |
| | | 葉柄及ビ中肋ニ短毛密生ス。…………… | |
| | | 葉柄及ビ中肋ニ毛ナシ。…………… | てりはどろ |

35. ちりめんどろ

一名、にほひどろ

(第四十九圖)

小喬木又喬木高サ二十米突ニ達ス。幹ノ直径ハ四十乃至八十センチニ達スルアリ。皮ハ帶褐灰色。芽ハ褐色著シク粘質ナリ。嫩枝モ亦極メテ粘質ニシテ香氣ニ富ム。萌枝ニ稜角ナシ、萌枝ノ葉ハ短柄ヲ有ス。葉柄ノ長サ四乃至十五ミリ無毛帶紅色。葉身ハ長橢圓形又ハ倒披針形長橢圓形又ハ橢圓形又ハ廣橢圓形又ハ帶卵橢圓形表面ハ綠色葉脈凹入スル爲メ皺ヲ生ズ裏面ハ白ク兩面共無毛、老成ノ枝ノ葉ハ常ニ短カキ側枝ノ先端ニ集合シテ出ヅ。葉柄ハ長サ一ミリ乃至三ミリ半帶紅色無毛又ハ微毛アリ、丸ケレドモ基部ハ廣シ。葉身ハ倒卵長橢圓形又ハ長橢圓形又ハ橢圓形又ハ殆ンド圓形長サ四乃至十二センチ幅二、四センチ乃至八、八センチ表面ハ葉脈ノ凹入ノ爲メ皺ヲ生ジ綠色裏面ハ白ク葉脈隆起シ網狀ナリ、基脚ハ或ハ丸ク或ハ弱心臟形先端ハ銳角又ハ急尖、縁ニハ不顯著ナル波狀ノ鋸齒アルカ全縁、中肋ハ中央以下ハ屢々帶紅色ナリ。雄花穂ハ下垂シ葉ニ先チテ生ズ、長サ三乃至五センチ。苞ハ早落性概形圓形又ハ腎臟形切込アリ、長サ三乃至四ミリ基部ニ帶紅色ノ爪アリ。花被ハ杯狀白色。雄蕊ハ十個乃至三十個。花糸ハ細ク、葯ハ濃紅色長サ一ミリ以内。雌花穂ハ長サ三乃至五センチ無毛、葉ニ先チテ生ズルカ又ハ葉ト殆ンド同時ニ生ズ。花ハ無柄。苞ハ早ク落ツ。花被ハ杯狀。子房ハ綠色殆ンド球形。柱頭ハ二個乃至四個。

咸北、咸南、平北、平南ノ山野ニ生ズ。

(分布) 北海道、本島、烏蘇利(?)

36. どろのき

(第五拾圖)

高サ二十米突乃至三十米突ノ喬木、幹ノ直径ハ大ナルハ四米突乃至五

米突ニ達ス。皮ハ不規則ニ縦ニ割レ厚シ但シ若木ノ皮ハ灰色ニシテ割レズ。芽ハ褐色、粘質。萌枝ニハ稜角アリ往々翼ヲナス。萌枝ノ葉ハ葉柄ハ長サ七乃至十五ミリ綠色無毛又ハ短毛アリ。葉身ハ卵形又ハ廣橢圓形又ハ廣卵形又ハ極メテ廣キ卵形長サ十二乃至二十センチ幅七乃至十六センチ表面ハ綠色裏面ハ白ク縁ニ波狀ノ小鋸齒アリ、老成ノ枝ノ葉ハ長キ葉柄ヲ具ヘ小枝ノ先ニ集合シテ生ズ。葉柄ハ長サ一乃至四センチ短カキ絨毛アリ。葉身ハ橢圓形又ハ廣橢圓形又ハ極メテ廣キ卵形又ハ長橢圓形表面ハ綠色稍光澤アリ主脈ト中肋トニ短カキ毛アリ、裏面ハ白ク主脈又ハ稀ニ全表面ニ毛アリ基脚ハ弱心臟形又ハ丸ク縁ニ小サキ波狀ノ鋸齒アリ先端ハ急ニ尖リ長サ二乃至八センチ幅一乃至七センチ。果穂ハ短カキ果梗ヲ有シ長サ八乃至十三センチ。蒴ハ無柄長サ四乃至六ミリ永存性ノ花被ニ包マル。

咸北、咸南、平北、平南、江原ノ諸道ノ山野ニ生ズ。

(分布) 滿洲、烏蘇利、樺太、北海道、本島。

一種葉ハ長橢圓形又ハ帶卵長橢圓形始メ裏面ニ長キ毛生ジ後主脈上ニノミ長キ毛ヲ殘スモノアリ、之ヲけどろのきト謂ヒ、咸北、咸南、平北ニ産ス。

37. てりはどろ

(第五拾壹、五拾貳圖)

高サ十五米突乃至二十米突ノ喬木。皮ハ灰色又ハ灰褐色。芽ハ披針形褐色粘質。萌枝ハ稜角アリ。小枝ハ無毛帶黃色又ハ帶紅色皮目點在ス。托葉ハ早落性。葉ハ無毛、嫩葉ニアリテハ内卷、若キ木ノ葉ハ通例小形ニシテ葉柄ハ帶紅色長サ二乃至七ミリ、葉身ハ倒卵形長サ十三ミリ乃至八十ミリ幅六ミリ乃至四十ミリ基脚ハ楔形又ハ丸ク先端ハ急ニ尖リ縁ハ基部ヲ除クノ外鋸齒アリ表面ハ光澤ニ富ミ裏面ハ白シ、老成ノ枝ハ葉柄ノ長サ六乃至二十ミリ無毛。葉身ハ倒卵形又ハ長橢圓倒卵形長サ四、五センチ乃至八センチ幅一、七乃至四、二センチ基脚ハ楔形又ハ銳角先端ハ漸尖又ハ急尖。花穂ハ葉ニ先チテ生ジ雄花穂ハ下垂シ長サ四乃至七センチ花軸ハ丸ク無毛。苞ハ長サ三ミリ早ク落チ暗褐色、縁ハ放射狀ニ切レ込アリ。花被ハ低キ杯狀淡黃色。雄蕊ハ九個乃至二十五個。花糸ハ長サ一ミリ毛狀。葯ハ外向長サ一、五ミリ帶煉瓦色紫色、早ク落チ帶卵球形先端ニ小突起アリ、未ダ雌花ヲ見ズ。

咸北、咸南、平北、平南、京畿諸道ニ生ジ韓國當時ヨリ廣ク道並木ニ用キラレタリ。

(分布) 北支那、滿洲。

Populus sect. **Tacamahaca** SPACH, Hist. Vég. X, p. 392 (1841); in Ann. Sci. Nat. XV, p. 32 (1841)—LEDEBOUR, Fl. Ross. III, pt. 2, p. 629 (1851)—WESMÆL in DC. Prodr. XVI, sect. 2, p. 329 (1868)—KOCH, Dendrol. II, p. 494 (1872)—DIPPEL, Handb. Laubholz. II, p. 203 (1892)—KŒHNE, Deutsch. Dendrol. p. 78 (1893)—SCHNEIDER, Illus. Handb. Laubholz. I, p. 12 (1904); in SARGENT, Pl. Wils. III, p. 31 (1916).

Syn. *Populus* Subgn. *Tacamahaca* SPACH apud LAUCHE, Deutsch. Dendrol. p. 317 (1880).

Populus Subgn. *Eupopulus* DODE sect. *Tacamahacæ* DODE in Mém. Soc. Hist. Nat. Autun XVIII, p. 14 & 34 (1905).

Populus II. *Eupopulus* DODE 2. *Tacamahaca* SPACH apud ASCHERSON & GRÆBNEE, Syn. IV, p. 46 (1908).

Gemmæ haud vel eximie viscidæ glabræ squamis 4-6. Petioli teretes. Lamina foliorum sæpe penninervis. Bracteæ deciduæ. Flores brevipedicellati vel sessiles. Stamina 2 30 (6 60). Antheræ saltem pertem deciduæ. Stigmata 2-4 sessilia vel subsessilia.

Species circ. 10 in Asia, Europa et America boreali incola, quarum tres in Korea indigenæ.

- | | | | |
|---|---|---|------------------------|
| 1 | { | Turiones teretes. Folia eximie rugosa. Gemmæ et folia juvenilia suaveolentia eximie viscosa. | <i>P. koreana</i> |
| | | Turiones angulati. Folia plana. Gemmæ et folia juvenilia haud suaveolentia. | 2 |
| 2 | { | Petioli et costa adpresse pilosi. | <i>P. Maximowiczii</i> |
| | | Petioli et costa glaberrimi. | <i>P. Simonii</i> |

35. **Populus koreana** REHDER.

(Tabula nostra XLIX.)

Populus koreana REHDER in Journ. Arnold Arboret. III, p. 226

(1922); Man. Cult. Trees. p. 89 (1927); in Mitt. Deutsch. Dendrol. Gesells. XXXVIII, p. 37 (1927).

Arborea vel arbor usque 20 metralis alta, trunco diametro 40-80 cm, cortice fuscescenti-cinerea. Gemmæ fuscae eximie viscidæ. Ramuli juveniles etiam viscidi suaveolentes. Folia turionum brevi-petiolata, petiolis 4-15 mm. longis glabris rubescentibus, laminis oblongis vel oblanceolato-oblongis vel ellipticis vel late ellipticis vel ovato-ellipticis supra viridibus cum venis impressis rugulosis infra albescens utrinque glabris. Folia ramorum adulatorum vulgo in apice ramulorum brevium congesta, petiolis 1-3,5 cm. longis rubescentibus glabris vel adpresse pilosis teretibus basi dilatatis, laminis obovato-oblongis vel oblongis vel ellipticis vel subrotundatis 4-12 cm. longis 2,4-8,8 cm. latis supra cum venis impressis rugulosis viridibus opacis apice acutis vel breve mucronatis margine obscure crenulatis vel subintegris vel crenulato-serrulatis, costis infra medium sæpe rubescentibus. Amenta mascula pendula præcocia 3-5 cm. longa, bracteis ambitu rotundatis vel reniformibus laceratis 3-4 mm. longis basi unguiculatis erubescens deciduis, perigonio cupulare albido, staminibus 10-30 filamentis capillaribus, antheris atro-rubescens vix 1 mm. longis. Amenta fæminea pendula præcocia vel subcætanæ 3-5 cm. longa glabra, floribus sessilibus bracteis caducis, perigonio cupulare, ovario viride subgloboso stigmatibus 2-4 coronato.

Hab.

Prov. Kanhok: Nankazui tractus Kyōjyō (T. NAKAI no. 6875); Hokkazui tractus Kyōjyō (T. NAKAI no. 6879); Shuotsu Onpō (T. NAKAI no. 6874); Hojyōdō (T. NAKAI no. 6873, 6877); Mt. Shayurei (T. ISHIDOYA no. 2723, 2725, 2726, 2976); Mt. Shayuzan (CHUNG); Shuotsu (T. SAWADA).

Prov. Kannan: Shin-indō (T. NAKAI no. 1945, 1947); inter Sansui & Keizanchin (T. NAKAI no. 1942); Mt. Hakuirei (T. NAKAI no. 1941); Kōsuiin (T. ISHIDOYA no. 5241); Taichuri (T. ISHIDOYA no. 2719, 2720, 2721, 2724); inter Hōzan & Zyōri (T. ISHIDOYA no. 2722); Mt. Shisuizan (CHUNG); Mt. Kinparei (T. ISHIDOYA); Jyōri (T. ISHIDOYA).



ごろのき(向テ右)、ちりめんごろ(向テ左)、咸北、鏡城郡、朱乙
温面、甬上洞、南河瑞ニテ寫ス。

Populus koreana (left) and *Populus Maximowiczii* (right)
growing at Nankazui, Kyōjyō County in the Province of
Kanhoku. Specimens numbered 6875 and 6878 were taken
from these trees.

Prov. Heihok : Nansha (S. GOTŌ) ; Mt. Zyūseizan (T. NAKAI no. 1946) ;
Kōkai (R. G. MILLS no. 493) ; Mt. Kongōzan circa Gishū (T. ISHI-
DOYA no. 3242) ; oppido Hanmen tractus Sosan (S. FUKUBARA

no. 1054); Mt. Hakutōzan tractus Sosan (S. FUKUBARA); Mt. Hinantokusan (S. FUKUBARA); Shōseimen (T. SAWADA); Mt. Takakusan (T. SAWADA).

Prov. Heinan: Mt. Rōrinsan (K. OKAMOTO); Mt. Shōhakusan (T. ISHIDOYA no. 4344).

Distr. Hondo, Yeso, et ? Ussuri.

36. *Populus Maximowiczii* HENRY.

(Tabula nostra L.)

Populus Maximowiczii HENRY in Gard. Chron. sér. 3, LIII, p. 198, fig. 89 (1913); in ELWES & HENRY, Trees Great Brit. & Irel. VII, p. 1838, t. 410, fig. 24 (1913)—SCHNEIDER in SARGENT, Pl. Wils. III, p. 32 (1916)—NAKAI, Fl. Paiktusan p. 62, no. 80 (1918); Veg. Diamond Mts. p. 168, no. 159 (1918)—MIYABE & KUDO, Icon. Ess. Trees Hokkaido V, p. 39. t. 11, fig. 1-16 (1921)—MORI, Enum. Corean Pl. p. 108 (1922)—MAKINO & NEMOTO, Fl. Jap. p. 1119 (1925)—REHDER, Man. Cult. Trees. p. 89 (1927).

Syn. *Populus suaveolens* (non FISCHER) MAXIMOWICZ in Bull. Soc. Imp. Nat. Mosc. LIV, p. 52 (1879)—SARGENT in Garden & Forest VI, p. 404 (1893); Forest Fl. Jap. p. 71 (1894)—KOMAROV in Acta Hort. Petrop. XXII, p. 17 (1913), pro parte—NAKAI in Journ. Coll. Sci. Tokyo XXX, p. 211 (1911), pro parte.

Populus balsamifera var. *suaveolens* (non LOUDON) BURKILL in Journ. Linn. Soc. XXVI, p. 536 (1899), pro parte—SHIRASAWA, Icon. Ess. Forest Trees Jap. I, p. 37, t. 18, fig. 11-24 (1900).

Arbor 20-30 metralis alta, trunco diametro usque 4-5 metræ. Cortex trunci irregulariter longitudine fissa sed plantarum juvenilium cinereus planus. Gemmæ fuscæ glutinosæ. Turiones angulati vel subalati. Folia turionum petiolis 7-15 mm. longis viridibus glabris vel adpresse pilosis, laminis ovatis vel late ellipticis vel late ovatis vel latissime ovatis 12-20 cm. longis 7-16 cm. latis supra viridibus infra albeseentibus margine crenato-serrulatis. Folia ramorum adultorum longe petiolata in apice ramulorum congesta, petiolis 1-4 cm. longis adpresse velutinis, laminis

ellipticis vel late ellipticis vel latissima ovatis vel oblongis supra viridibus
lucidusculis præter costas et venas primarias glabris infra albescentibus



ごろのきの大木、幹ノ周囲ハ高さ五尺ノ所ニテ五米突十アリ。余ハ未
ダ此ヨリ大ナルごろのきを見ズ。平安北道牙徳嶺ニテ大正三年七月
寫ス。

Giant *Populus Maximowiczii*. The trunk measures 5,10 meters
in girth at 5 feet above the ground. This is the biggest
Populus Maximowiczii the author has seen so far. Photo-
graphed in the Mt. Gatokurei in the Province of Heihok.

venis primariis rarius fere tota pilosis basi subcordatis vel rotundatis margine minute crenulato-serrulatis apice mucronatis 2-8 cm. longis 1-7 cm. latis. Amenta fructifera lateralia brevi-pedunculata 8-13 cm. longa. Capsula sessilia basi perigonio persistente instructa 4-6 mm. lata.

Hab.

Prov. Kanhok : Mt. Seikirei (T. NAKAI no. 6878 bis fr); Funei (T. NAKAI); ibidem (K. JŌ); Nankazui (T. NAKAI no. 6878); Mosan (T. NAKAI no. 1944); ibidem (T. MORI); Mt. Shayurei (T. ISHIDOYA no. 2723 fr.); ibidem (CHUNG no. 933, 934); Yōshamen tractus Kisshū (S. FUKUBARA no. 1586).

Prov. Kannan : Mt. Hokusuirei (T. NAKAI no. 1940); Hōgan (T. ISHIDOYA); Jōri (T. ISHIDOYA no. 2729); inter Kōzan et Jōri (T. ISHIDOYA no. 2766, 2767 ♂).

Prov. Heihok : Sakshu (R. G. MILLS no. 18, 578, 592); Nanshadōkō tractus Kōshō (S. GOTŌ); Mt. Jyūseizan (T. NAKAI no. 1946).

Prov. Heinan : Mt. Kōsetsurei (T. MORI).

Prov. Kōgen : Tsūsen (T. NAKAI no. 6033); Mt. Kongōsan (T. NAKAI no. 5300); Kōryō (CHUNG); Godaizan (T. ISHIDOYA no. 6536).

Distr. Manshuria, Amur, Ussuri, Sachalin, Yeso & Hondo.

Populus Maximowiczii var. **barbinervis** NAKAI, var. nov.

Folia oblonga vel ovato-oblonga primo subtus hirsuta demum præter venas primarias barbata glabrescentia.

Hab.

Prov. Kanhok : Yōshamen tractus Kisshū (S. FUKUBARA no. 1586 bis); Minmakri (T. SAWADA).

Prov. Kannan : Hōzan (T. ISHIDOYA); Jyōri (T. ISHIDOYA no. 2803, 2806); Kōzanmen (T. ISHIDOYA no. 4487); Gensenmen (T. ISHIDOYA no. 5239).

Prov. Heihok : Nansha (S. GOTŌ).

37. *Populus Simonii* CARRIÈRE.

(Tabulæ nostræ LI & LII.)

Populus Simonii CARRIÈRE in Rev. Hort. XXXIX, p. 360 (1867)—BEISSNERR, SCHEEL & ZABEL, Handb. Laubholzbenn. p. 18 (1903)—BONNARD, Peuplier p. 75 (1904)—SCHNEIDER, Illus. Handb. Laubholzk. I, p. 16, fig. 5 s-t (1904)—HENRY in ELWES & HENRY, Trees Great Brit. & Irel. VII, p. 1839 (1913)—SCHNEIDER in SARGENT, Pl. Wils. III, pt. 1, p. 21 (1916)—REHDER in Journ. Arnold Arb. IV, p. 134 (1923); Man. Cult. Trees p. 88 (1927).

Syn. *Populus laurifolia* var. *Simonii* REGEL, Russ. II, p. 152 (1883).

Populus balsamifera var. *Simonii* WESMÆL in Bull. Soc. Bot. Belg. XXVI, p. 378 (1887)—BURKILL in Journ. Linn. Soc. XXVI, p. 539 (1899).

Populus suaveoleus (non FISCHER) NANAI in Journ. Coll. Sci. Tokyo XXXI, p. 211 (1911), pro parte.

Arbor usque 15-20 metralis alta. Cortex cinereus vel cinereo-fuscescens. Gemmæ lanceolatæ fuscæ viscosæ. Turiones angulati. Ramuli glabri flavescentes vel rubescentes lenticellis punctulati. Stipulæ cataphylloides deciduæ. Folia glabra æstivatione involuta plantarum juvenilium vulgo minora, petiolis erubescensibus 2-7 mm. longis, laminis obovatis 13-80 mm. longis 6-40 mm. latis basi cuneatis vel subrotundatis apice mucronatis margine præter basin serrulatis supra lucidis infra albidis. Folia ramorum adultorum petiolis 6-20 mm. longis glabris, laminis obovatis vel oblongo-obovatis, 4,5-8 cm. longis 1,7-4,2 cm. latis basi cuneatis vel acutis apice attenuatis vel cuspidatis vel mucronato-acuminatis. Amenta præcocia, mascula pendula 4-7 cm. longa; axis teres glabra; bracteæ caducæ 3 mm. longæ atro-fuscæ margine subradiatim laciniatæ; perigonium depresso-cupulare ochroleucum; stamina 9-25; filamenta gracillima 1 mm. longa; antheræ extrorsæ 1,5 mm. longæ laterico-purpureæ deciduæ ovato-rotundatæ non apiculatæ. Amenta fæminea in Korea adhuc ignota.

Hab.

Prov. Kanhok: Yujiyō (CHUNG, no, 1241, 1924); Yōshamen tractus
Kisshū (S. FUKUBARA no. 1588).

Prov. Kannan: Gensenmen (T. ISHIDOYA no. 1596, 5200, 5477); inter
Teihei & Eikō (CHUNG); Teikōmen (CHUNG); Kōzanmen (T. ISHI-
DOYA no. 4486, 4488); Chokudo (T. ISHIDOYA no. 2766); circa
Kankō (K. JO); Somui (T. NAKAI); Genzan (T. NAKAI).

Prov. Heihok: Sakushū (T. NAKAI no. 1943); Sosan (H. IMAI no.
69); Tōsōmen (S. FUKUBARA no. 1277); Hanmen (S. FUKUBARA
no. 1055); Shinsōmen (T. ISHIDOYA); Yūmen (T. SAWADA).

Prov. Heinan: inter Shasō & Onsō (T. ISHIDOYA no. 4490).

Prov. Kōgen: Seizen (T. ISHIDOYA no. 5633); Ryutairi (T. ISHIDOYA
no. 6237).

Prov. Keiki: Kōryō (T. NAKAI no. 1951); Minrakuri (T. NAKAI).

Distr. China bor. et Manshuria.

[附 録]

朝鮮産胡椒科、金粟蘭科、楊柳科植物ノ和名、
朝鮮名、學名ノ對稱表

和 名	朝 鮮 名	學 名
ふうどうかづら		<i>Piper futo-kadzura</i> SIEBOLD
せんりやう		<i>Sarcandra glabra</i> NAKAI
けしよやなぎ、から ふとくろやなぎ		<i>Chosenia bracteosa</i> NAKAI
てうせんやまならし	サシナム、ササナム	<i>Populus Davidiana</i> DODE
ながばてうせんやまな らし		<i>Populus Davidiana</i> DODE f. <i>lati- cuneata</i> NAKAI
けてうせんやまならし		<i>Populus Davidiana</i> DODE var. <i>tomentella</i> NAKAI
ゑぞやまならし		<i>Populus jesoensis</i> NAKAI
ちりめんどろ、にほひ どろ		<i>Populus koreana</i> REHDER

和名	朝鮮名	學名
ごろのき	マンボトル(平北)、ホアンチヨルナム(平北)	<i>Populus Maximowiczii</i> HENRY
けごろのき		<i>Populus Maximowiczii</i> HENRY var. <i>barbinervis</i> NAKAI
てりはごろのき	ピヤツヤン(京城)、ライホドナム(京畿)、モイボトル(京畿、慶南)	<i>Populus Simonii</i> CARRÉIRE
めぎやなぎ		<i>Salix berberifolia</i> PALLAS var. <i>genuina</i> GLEHN
ながばめぎやなぎ		<i>Salix berberifolia</i> PALLAS var. <i>Brayii</i> TRAUTVETTER
たかねやなぎ		<i>Salix bicarpa</i> NAKAI
たんなみねやなぎ		<i>Salix Blinii</i> LÉVEILLÉ
いぬしだれやなぎ		<i>Salix dependens</i> NAKAI
てうせんきつねやなぎ		<i>Salix Floderusii</i> NAKAI
ながばてうせんきつねやなぎ		<i>Salix Floderusii</i> f. <i>manshurica</i> NAKAI
てうせんみねやなぎ		<i>Salix Floderusii</i> var. <i>glabra</i> NAKAI
茶色みねやなぎ		<i>Salix Floderusii</i> var. <i>fuscescens</i> NAKAI
かはやなぎ		<i>Salix Gilgiana</i> SEEMEN
あかめやなぎ		<i>Salix glandulosa</i> SEEMEN var. <i>glabra</i> NAKAI
けあかめやなぎ		<i>Salix glandulosa</i> SEEMEN var. <i>pilosa</i> NAKAI
てうせんねこやなぎ		<i>Salix graciligrans</i> NAKAI
ねこやなぎ		<i>Salix gracilistyla</i> MIQUEL
たんなやなぎ		<i>Salix hallaisanensis</i> LÉVEILLÉ
ながばたんなやなぎ		<i>Salix hallaisanensis</i> LÉVEILLÉ f. <i>longifolia</i> NAKAI
かうらいばっこやなぎ		<i>Salix hallaisanensis</i> LÉVEILLÉ var. <i>orbicularis</i> NAKAI
ほそばばっこやなぎ		<i>Salix hallaisanensis</i> var. <i>orbicularis</i> f. <i>elongata</i> NAKAI
いぬこりやなぎ		<i>Salix integra</i> THUNBERG
たけしまやなぎ		<i>Salix Ishidoyana</i> NAKAI
こうかいやなぎ		<i>Salix kangensis</i> NAKAI
かうらいやなぎ	スーヤンボートル(京畿)、ボートルナム	<i>Salix koreensis</i> ANDERSSON
ひろはのたちやなぎ		<i>Salix Maximowiczii</i> KOMAROV

和名	朝鮮名	學名
ちほやなぎ		<i>Salix meta-formosa</i> NAKAI
ぬまやなぎ		<i>Salix myrtilloides</i> LINNÆUS var. <i>manshurica</i> NAKAI
ほやなぎ		<i>Salix orthostemma</i> NAKAI
てりはやなぎ		<i>Salix pentandra</i> LINNÆUS var. <i>intermedia</i> NAKAI
かうらいしだれやなぎ	ポートルナム	<i>Salix pseudo-lasiogyne</i> LÉVEILLÉ
こりやなぎ	コリポートル	<i>Salix purpurea</i> LINNÆUS var. <i>japonica</i> NAKAI
べにこりやなぎ		<i>Salix purpurea</i> LINNÆUS var. <i>japonica</i> NAKAI f. <i>rubra</i> NAKAI
からこりやなぎ		<i>Salix purpurea</i> LINNÆUS var. <i>Smithiana</i> TRAUTVETTER
ゑぞやなぎ	カイポートル	<i>Salix rorida</i> LACKSCHEWITZ
こゑぞやなぎ		<i>Salix roridæformis</i> NAKAI
まめやなぎ		<i>Salix rotundifolia</i> TRAUTVETTER
おほみねやなぎ		<i>Salix sericeo-cinerea</i> NAKAI
けおほみねやなぎ		<i>Salix sericeo-cinerea</i> NAKAI var. <i>lanata</i> NAKAI
ぬまきぬやなぎ		<i>Salix sibirica</i> PALLAS var. <i>brachypoda</i> NAKAI
てうせんおのへやなぎ		<i>Salix Siuzevii</i> SEEMEN
かうらいきぬやなぎ		<i>Salix stipularis</i> SMITH
のやなぎ		<i>Salix subopposita</i> MIQUEL
たちやなぎ		<i>Salix triandra</i> LINNÆUS var. <i>discolor</i> ANDERSSON
大陸きぬやなぎ		<i>Salix viminalis</i> LINNÆUS
こばのきぬやなぎ		<i>Salix viminalis</i> LINNÆUS var. <i>abbreviata</i> DCELL
ほそばきぬやなぎ		<i>Salix viminalis</i> LINNÆUS var. <i>linearifolia</i> WIMMER & GRABOWSKI

朝鮮産、胡椒科植物、金粟蘭科植物、楊柳科 植物ノ分布ニ就イテ

胡椒科並ニ金粟蘭科ニハ朝鮮ニハ木本植物各一種宛アリテ皆濟州島ニノミアリ。而シテ其等ノ分布ニ就イテハ各種ノ下ニ記シアル故改メテ茲ニ論ゼズ。

楊柳科ハ種類多ク爲メニ變化モ著シク分布モ種類ニ依リテ大ニ異ナル然レドモ柳屬、白楊屬ハ共ニ中世紀ノ白亞期上部後綠砂時代ノ水成岩ニ化石トシテ出ヅ。其レヨリ第三期、洪積期ヲ經テ沖積期ノ現世ニ至ル迄ノ幾千萬年ノ間ニ生ジテハ滅ビ行キシ種ガ幾何アリシヤ推定ニ餘リアリ。從テ今日殘存シアル種類ノ中ニハ比較的の古型ノモノアリ又新シキモノモアリ。又一方ニハ現時ニ於テ盛ニ雜種ノ形成ガ行ハレ居ル故今後モ又益々繁殖シ行ク傾アリ。其中東亞特ニ東亞ノ暖地ニ限り生ズルモノニハ比較的の古型ノモノアリテ必ズシモ分布廣キガ故ニ最モ古キ種ナリトハ斷定シ難ク此點ニ於テ柳楊ノ類ハ他ノ樹木類ト共撰ニ異ニス。

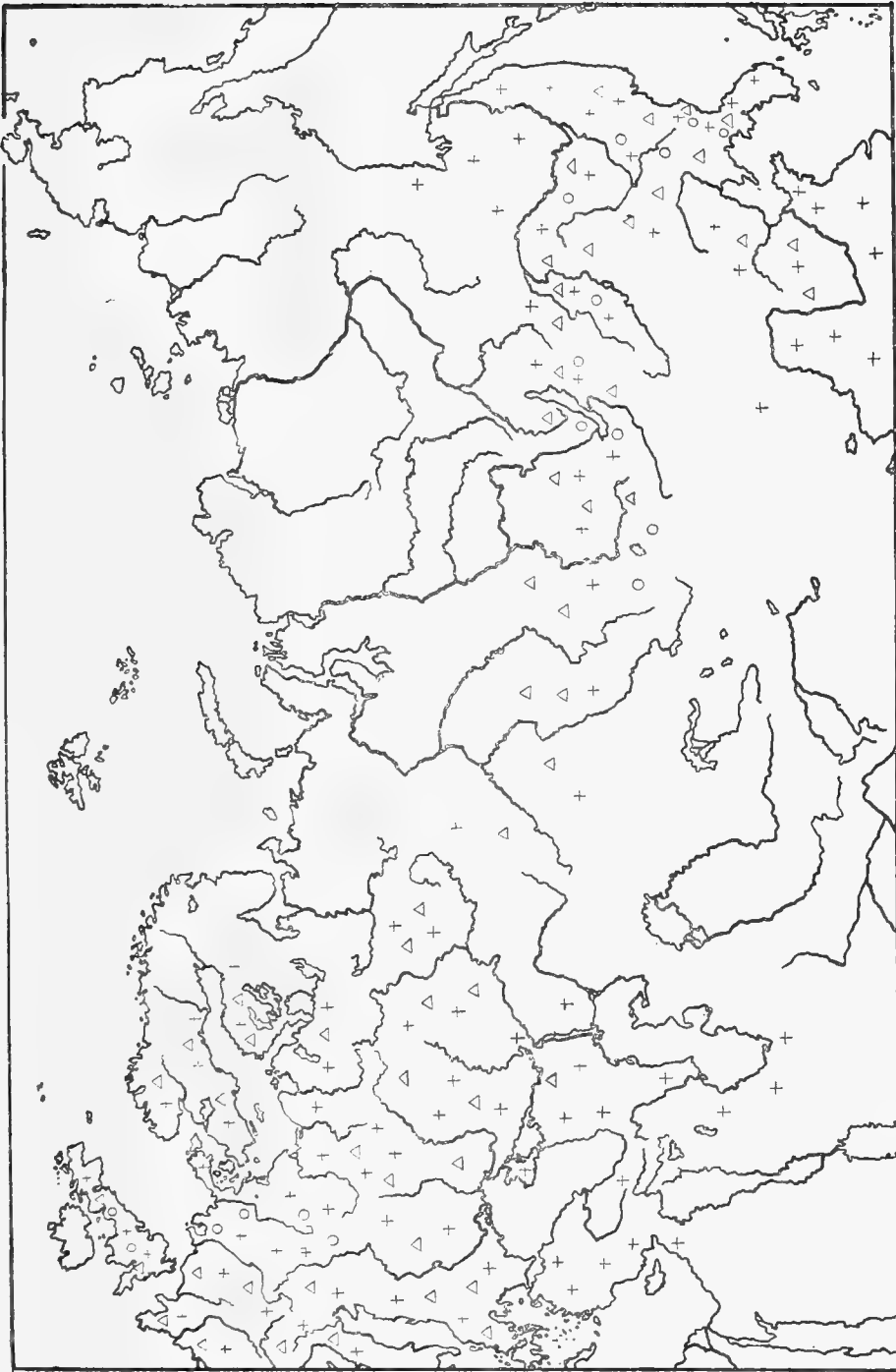
大凡朝鮮産ノ楊柳科植物ハ分布上ヨリ次ノ十分子ニ區別シ得。

1. 歐亞大陸ニ共通ノ分子。
2. 西比利亞、滿鮮、オコーツク分子。
3. 北支那滿鮮分子。
4. 周日本海分子。
5. 烏蘇利オコーツク分子。
6. 滿鮮分子。
7. 南西日本ト共通分子。
8. 南日本、南鮮、中支トノ共通分子。
9. 日本ノ中部ト共通分子。
10. 固有ノ分子。

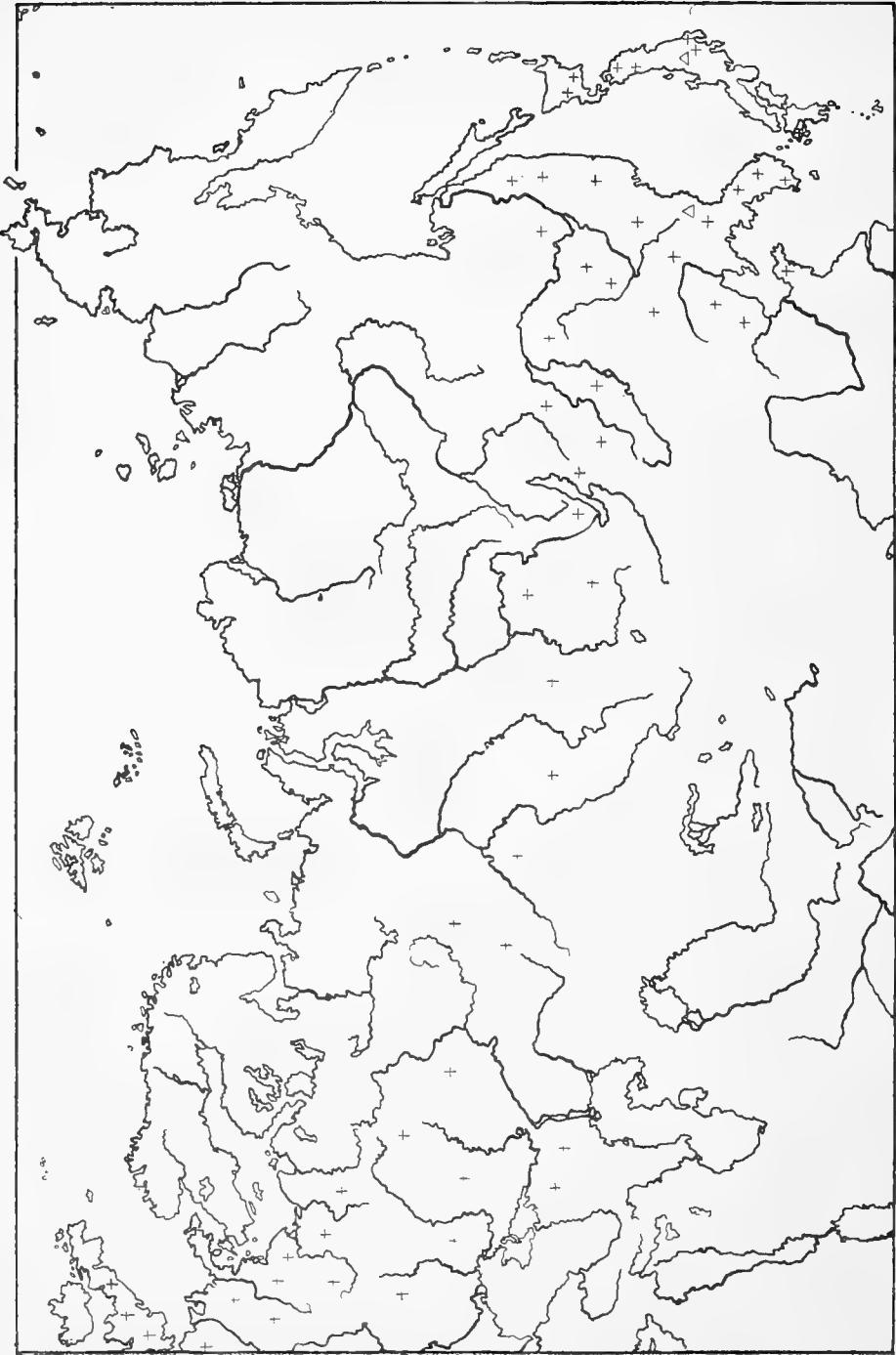
1. 歐亞、大陸ニ共通ノ分子

此ニ屬スルモノハからこりやなぎ *Salix purpurea* var. *Smithiana*, かうらいきぬやなぎ *Salix stipularis*, たちやなぎ *Salix triandra* var. *discolor*, 大陸きぬやなぎ *Salix viminalis* ノ四種ナリ。其分布ノ狀ハ地圖 1. 2 ニ示スガ如シ。

第一圖ニ示ス三種ハ大陸ニノミアリテ日本群島ニナキモノナリ。反之たちやなぎハ第二圖ニ示スガ如ク大陸並ニ日本群島ニモアリ。而シテ此等ノ各種ガ米大陸ニナキコトハ寧ロ了解ニ苦シム所ニシテ此點ニ於テモ柳類ハ他ノ樹木類ト共軌ヲ一ニセス。

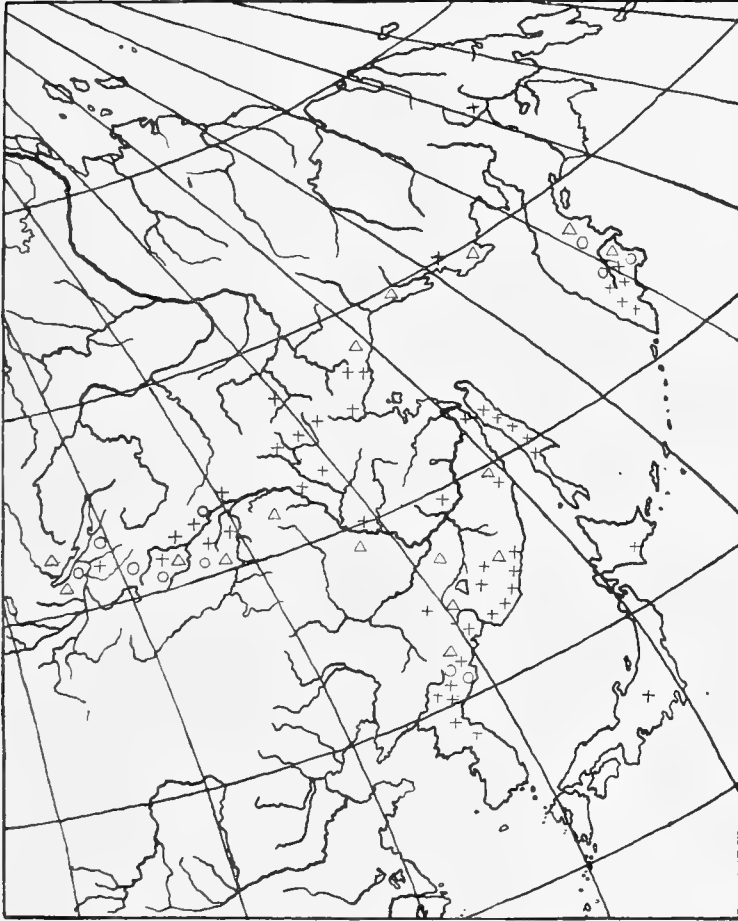


地圖 1. $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} + \text{ からこりやなぎ } Salix \text{ purpurea var. } Smithiana. \\ O \text{ かうらいきやなぎ } Salix \text{ stipularis.} \\ \Delta \text{ 大陸きやなぎ } Salix \text{ viminalis.} \end{array} \right.$



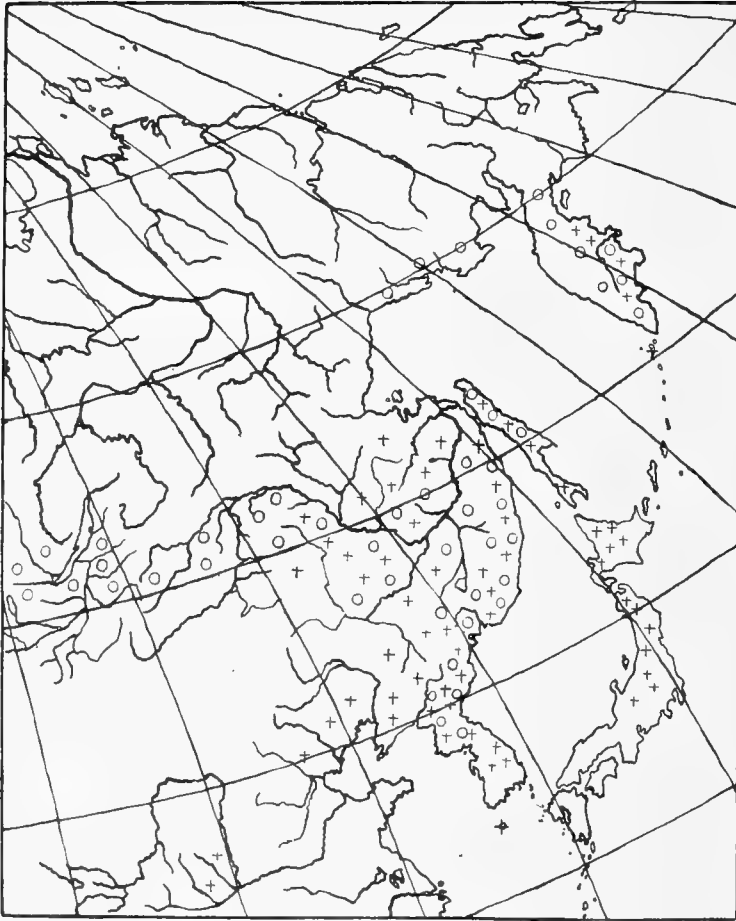
地圖 2. { + . たちやなぎ *Salix triandra* var. *discolor*.
 { Δ . こえやなぎ *Salix roridaeformis*.

2. 西比利亚、滿鮮オコーツク分子



地圖 3. { + けしやなぎ *Chosenia bracteosa*.
O めぎやなぎ類 *Salix berberifolia et ejus varietas*.
Δ めまきぬやなぎ *Salix sibirica var. brachypoda*.

此部ニ屬スルモノハバイカル地方ヨリ 以東遠クハカムチャツカ迄ニ至ル地方ニ分布スル分子ナリ。けしやなぎ、めぎやなぎ、ながばめぎやなぎ、てうせんきつねやなぎ、ばつこやなぎ等之ニ屬シ共分分ノ狀況

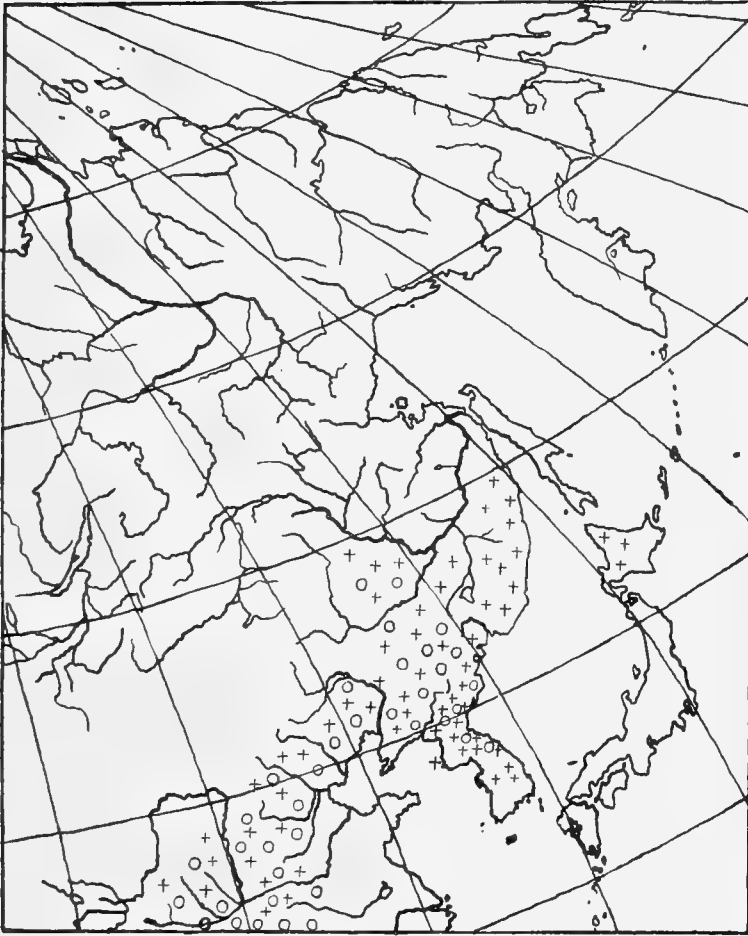


地圖 4. {+ ばつこやなぎ *Salix hallaisanensis* et ejus varietates.
○ てうせんきつねやなぎ *Salix Floderusii*.

ハ地圖 3. 4 ニ示スガ如シ。

3. 北支那滿鮮分子

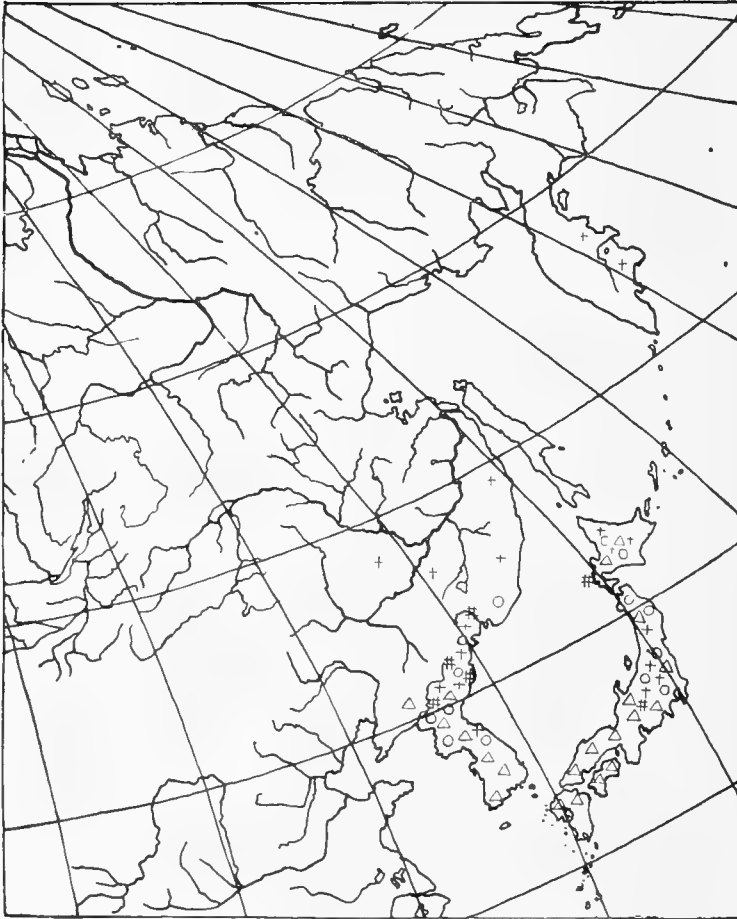
此部ニ屬スルモノハてうせんやまならし *Populus Davidiana* トてり
はごらのき *Populus Simonii*. ノ二種ナリ。其中てうせんやまならしハ
北海道ニモ産ス。



地圖 5. { + てうせんやまならし類 *Populus Davidiana* et ejus varietates.
○ てりはごろ *Populus Simonii*.

4. 周日本海分子

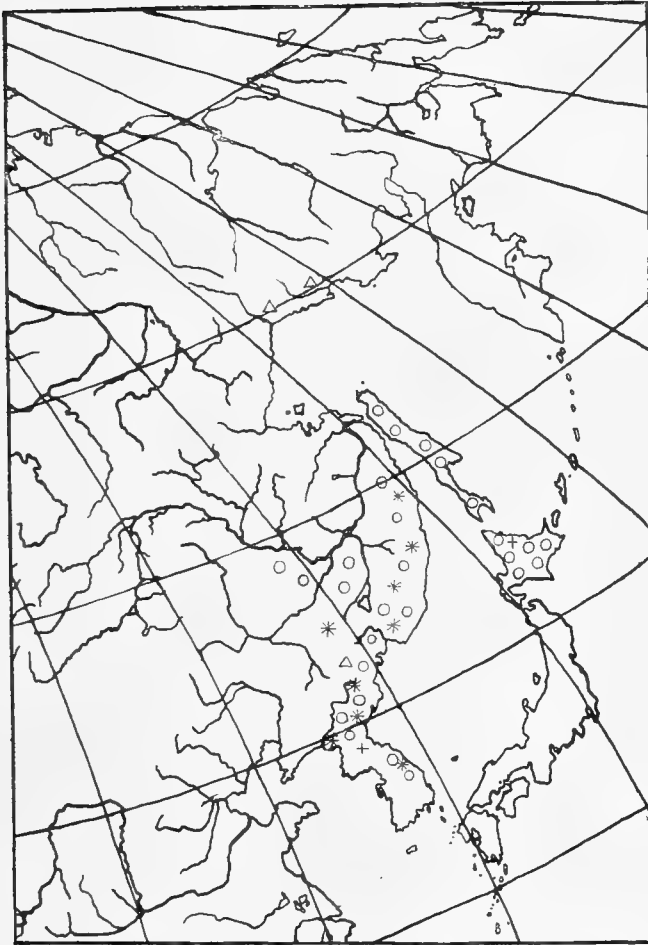
周日本海分子トハ日本海四周ノ陸即チ日本群島中本島、北海道、樺太、大陸側ニテハ朝鮮、烏蘇リヲ含ム地ナリ。此レニ限ラレタル種ハごろのき *Populus Maximowiczii*, ちりめんごろ *Populus koreana*, かはやなぎ *Salix Gilgiana*, ねこやなぎ *Salix gracilistyla*, こりやなぎ *Salix purpurea japonica* ノ五種ナリ其中ごろのきノミハカムチャツカニ迄モ分布ス其狀況ハ地圖 6 及ビ 9 ニ示スガ如シ。



地圖 6. { + ぎろのき *Populus Maximowiczii.*
O かはやなぎ *Salix Gilgiana.*
△ ねこやなぎ *Salix gracilistyla.*
ちりめんぎろ *Populus koreana.*

5. 烏蘇利、オコーツク分子

此部ニ屬スルモノハ朝鮮、烏蘇利、沿海洲、樺太、北海道ニ産シ本島四國九州ニナキモノナリ。えぞやまならし *Populus jesoensis*, えぞやなぎ *Salix rorida*, まめやなぎ *Salix rotundifolia*, てうせんをのへやなぎ *Salix Siuzevii* 之ニ屬シ其分布ノ状ハ地圖 7 ニ示スガ如シ。但シまめやなぎノミハ遠ク白令海峽附近ニ迄モ及ブ。本種ハモト寒地ノ倭小灌木



地圖 7. { + えぞまならし *Populus jesoensis*.
○ えぞやなぎ *Salix rorida*.
△ まめやなぎ *Salix rotundifolia*.
* てうせんなのへやなぎ *Salix Siuzevii*.

ニテ人ノ目ニツキ難キモノ故今後精査ノ行ハルル曉ニハ尙ホ一層廣キ範圍ニ分布スルコトヲ知ルニ至ルコトヲ信ズ。

6. 満 鮮 分 子

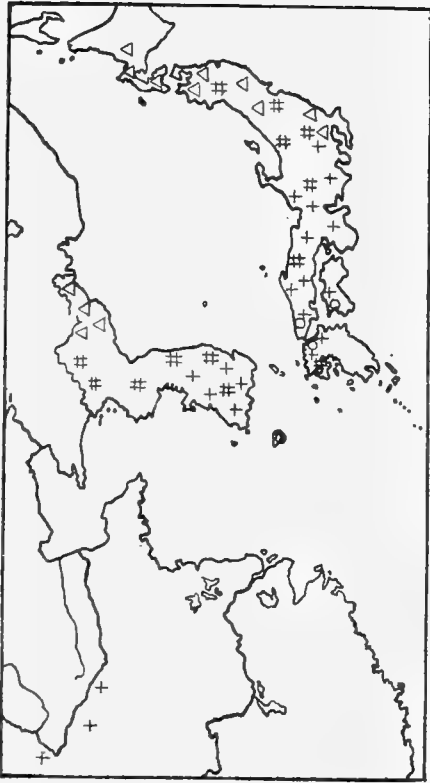
此部ニ屬スル柳ハ滿洲ト朝鮮トノミニ限ラレテ産スルモノニシテぬまやなぎ *Salix myrtilloides* var. *manshurica* トてりやはなぎ *Salix pentandra* var. *intermedia* ノ二種之ニ屬ス、其分布ノ狀ハ地圖 8 ニ示スガ如シ。



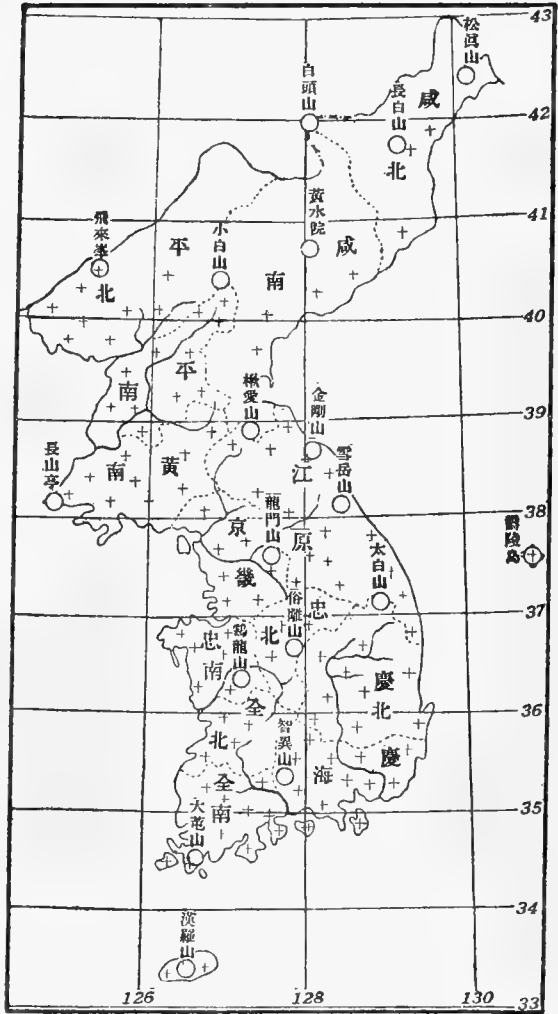
地圖 8. { + ぬまやなぎ *Salix myrtilloides* var. *manshurica*.
○ てりやはなぎ *Salix pentandra* var. *intermedia*.

7. 南西日本ト共有分子

此部ニ屬スルモノハ本島ノ中部以西、四國、九州トニ共通ノ分子ニシテのやなぎ *Salix subopposita*, いぬこりやなぎ *Salix integra*, かうらいやなぎ *Salix koreensis* ノ三種之ニ屬ス。其分布ノ狀ハ地圖 9. 10 ニ示スガ如シ但シかうらいやなぎハ朝鮮内ノ分布ノミヲ示ス。



地図 9.
 + あかめやなぎ *Salix glandulosa*.
 O のやなぎ *Salix subopposita*.
 Δ いねこりやなぎ *Salix integra*.
 # こりやなぎ *Salix purpurea*
 var. *japonica*.



地図 10. かうらいやなぎ *Salix koreensis* の朝鮮内分布図。

8. 南西日本、南鮮、中支トノ共有分子

本部ニ屬スルモノハあかめやなぎ *Salix glandulosa* 一種ニシテ支那ノ中部陝西、河南ヨリ朝鮮半島ノ中部以南ヲ通リテ九州ノ北部、四國ノ北部ト本島ノ中部以西トニ東西ニ互リ廣汎ナル地域ニ分布ス。其狀ハ地圖 9 ニ示スガ如シ。

6

9. 日本中部ト共通ノ分子

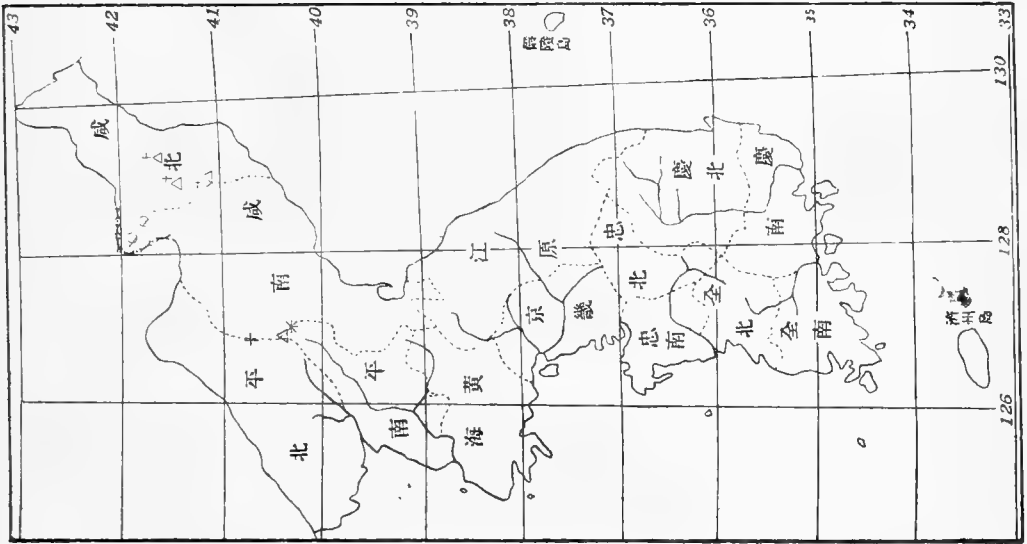
本部ニ屬スルハ頗ル不可解ノ分布ヲナスモノニシテ朝鮮ノ北部ト本島ノ中部信州上高地トノミニ共有ノ分子ナリこえぞやなぎ是ナリ。尤モ本種ハ其形狀色彩えぞやなぎニ酷似スルヲ以テ採收家ノ日ヨリ逸シ居リ其實烏蘇利、北海道等ニモ産スルモノナルヤモ不計ズ其分布ハ地圖 2 ニ示スガ如シ。

10. 固有分子

固有分子トハ朝鮮ニノミ産シ未ダ朝鮮以外ノ地ニ産スルヲ知ラザル種ナリ。分テ次ノ四種類トス。

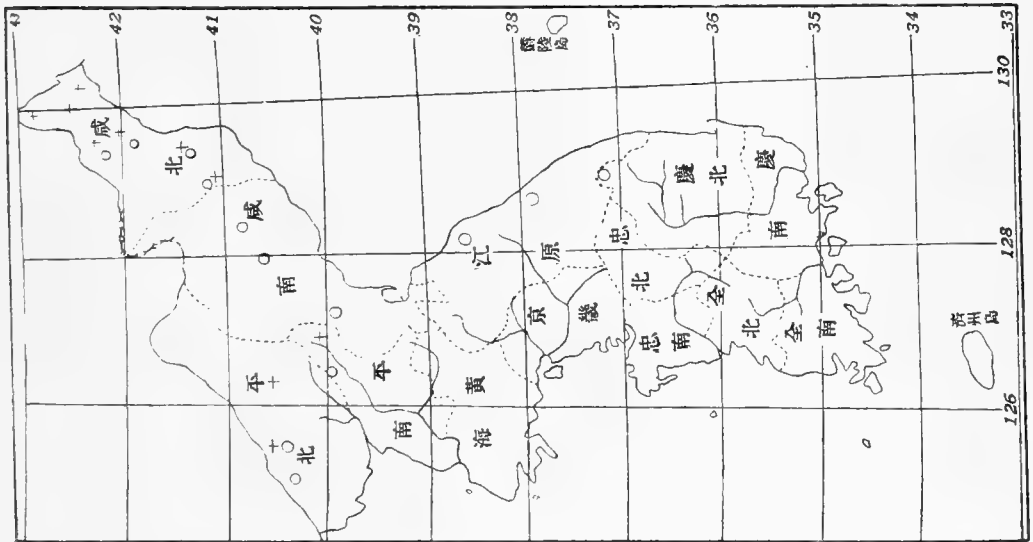
- A. 高山植物。
- B. 北部平野山地植物。
- C. 一般平野植物。
- D. 島嶼植物。

A ニ屬スルモノハたかねやなぎ *Salix bicarpa*, ちやぼやなぎ *Salix meta-formosa*, ほやなぎ *Salix orthostemma*, おほみねやなぎ *Salix sericeo-cinerea* ノ四種ニシテ北部ノ六千尺以上ノ高山ニノミ生ズ。其狀ハ地圖 11 ニ示スガ如シ。大凡朝鮮ノ高山ノ探究サレシモノハ頗ル少ク其爲メ此四種ノ正確ナル分布ヲ知り得ザルヲ遺憾トス。



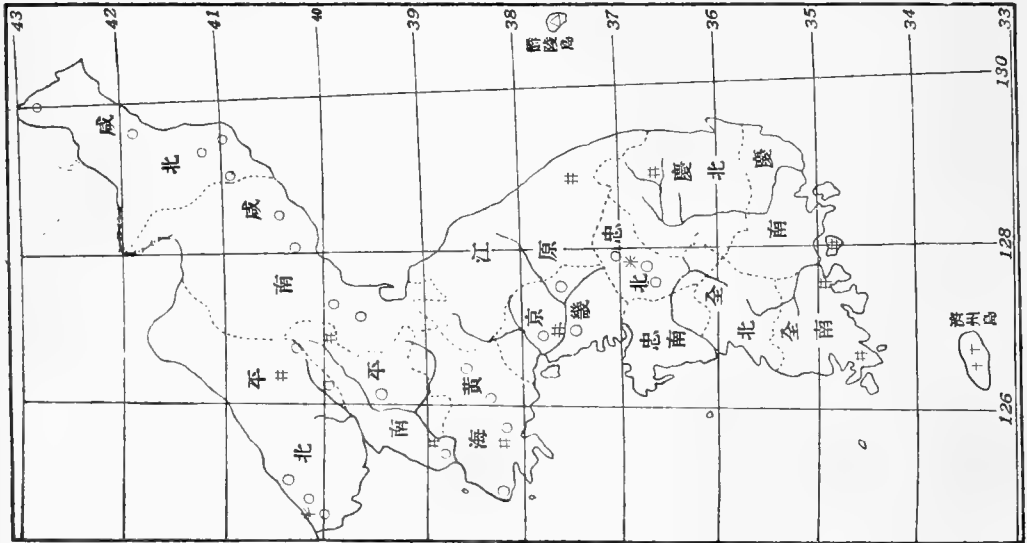
地図 11. { * たかれやなぎ *Salix bicarpa*.
 ○ ちやばやなぎ *Salix meta-formosa*.
 + ほやなぎ *Salix orthostemma*.
 △ おほみれやなぎ *Salix sericeo-cinerea*.

Bニ屬スルハかうかいやなぎ *Salix kangensis*, ひろはたちやなぎ *Salix Maximowiczii* ノ二種ナリ。其分布ノ状ハ地圖 12ニ示スガ如シ。



地図 12. { + かうかいやなぎ *Salix kangensis*.
 ○ ひろはたちやなぎ *Salix Maximowiczii*.

C = 屬スルはいぬしたれやなぎ *Salix dependens*, かうらいしたれやなぎ *Salix pseudo-lasiogyne*, てうせんねこやなぎ *Salix graciliglans* ノ三種ニシテ地圖 13 ニ示スガ如シ。



地圖 13.
 + たんなみねやなぎ *Salix Blinii*.
 △ たけしまやなぎ *Salix Ishidoyana*.
 ○ かうらいしたれやなぎ *Salix pseudo-lasiogyne*.
 * いぬしたれやなぎ *Salix dependens*.
 # てうせんねこやなぎ *Salix graciliglans*.

D = 屬スルハ濟州島特産ノたんなみねやなぎ *Salix Blinii*, 鬱陵島特産ノたけしまやなぎ *Salix Ishidoyana* ノ二種ニシテ圖ノ 13 ニ示スガ如シ。

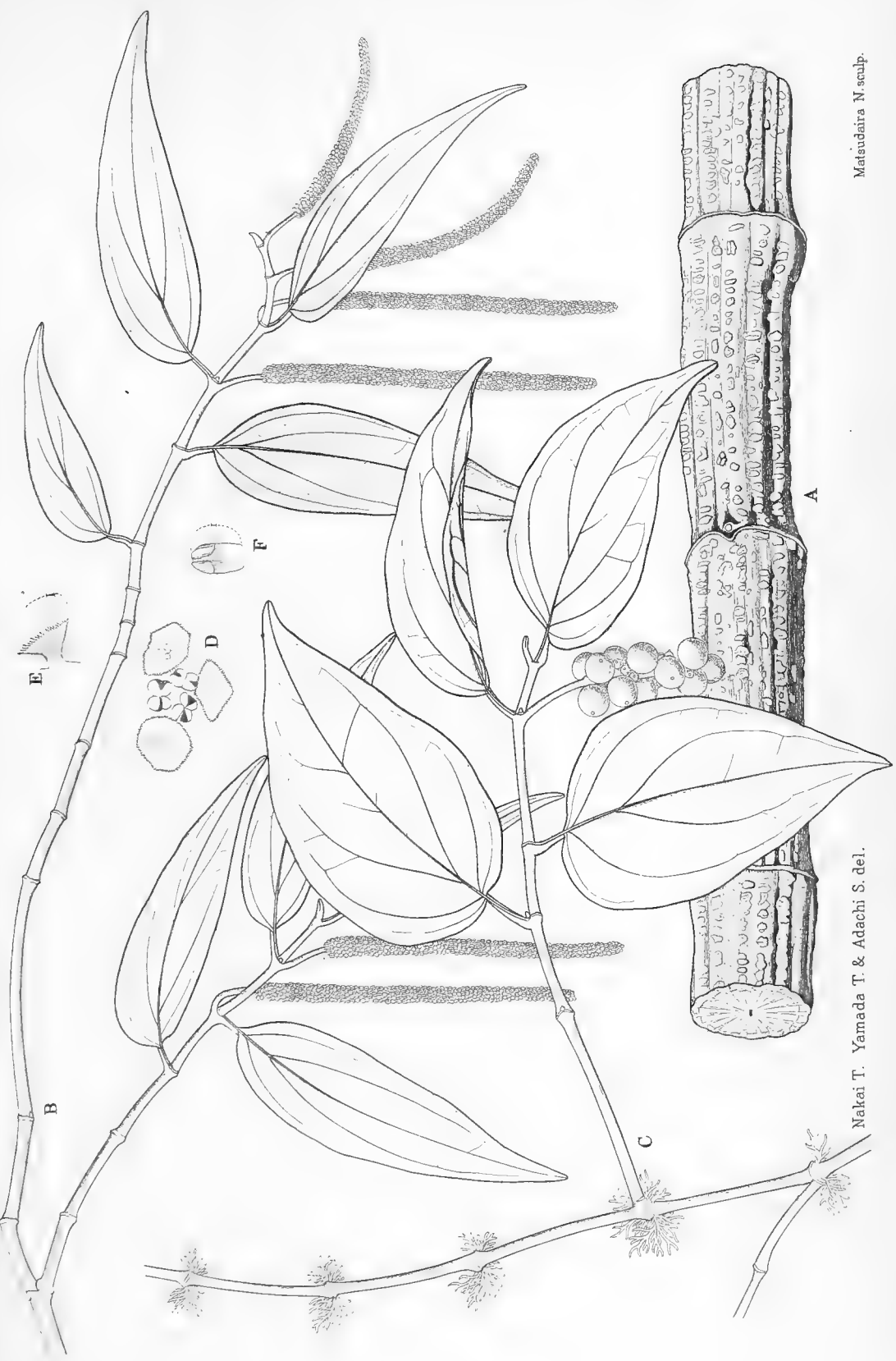
元來楊柳類ノ種子ハ所謂「絮花飛ブ」ト謂フガ如ク風ノ爲メニ飛散シ易ク一日ニシテヨク數十里ノ遠キニ達シ得レドモ發芽力ノ早ク消滅スル爲メニ (通例一日乃至三日) 風ニ乗ジ得ヌ狀況ニアレバ遠ク散布スルコトハ難シ殊ニ楊柳類ノ種子ハ適當ノ地ニ達セザルトキハ假令遠ク飛ブモ發生上ニ何ノ効ナキノミナラズ一般ニ如何ナル土地ニモ生ジ得ル種ハ少ナク多クハ極メテ限ラレタル土地ヲ撰ビテ生ズ (假令バ沼地、清流ノ側、岩角等) 故ニ飛ビテ到レル土地ガ不適當ナレバ發生シ得ヌコト明ナリ。此等ノ事情ノ爲メ或ハ分布廣ク或ハ分布狭ク種々複雑ナル分布ヲナスモノノ如シ而シテ其土地ニ流行スル風假令バ貿易風、氣候風ノ如キハ分布上ニ關係ナキモノノ如シ。

第 壹 圖 Tabula I.

ふ う とう か づ ら

Piper futokadsura SIEBOLD.

- | | |
|-----------------------------|---|
| A. 幹ノ一部。 | A. Pars trunci. |
| B. 雄花穂ヲ附クル枝。 | B. Ramus cum spicis masculis. |
| C. 果穂ヲ附クル枝。 | C. Ramus cum fructibus. |
| D. 三個ノ苞ノ間ニ介在スル雄
花ヲ上ヨリ見ル。 | D. Flos masculus inter bracteas tres
interstat, e supra visus. |
| E. 苞ヲ側方ヨリ見ル。 | E. Bractea laterali visa. |
| F. 雄蕊ヲ腹面ヨリ見ル。 | F. Stamen ventrali visum. |



Nakai T. Yamada T. & Adachi S. del.

Matsudaira N. sculp.



第 貳 圖 Tabula II.

せんりやう

Sarcandra glabra NAKAI.

- | | |
|--------------|--|
| A. 果實ヲ附クル植物。 | A. <i>Planta fructifera.</i> |
| B. 核 (實物大)。 | B. <i>Putamen in mag. nat.</i> |
| C. 核ノ縦斷面。 | C. <i>Sectio putaminis longitudinalis.</i> |



Nakai T. & Yamada T. del.

Matsudaira N. sculp.

第 參 圖 Tabula III.

けしやうやなぎ

Chosenia bracteosa NAKAI.

- | | |
|------------------------------|--|
| A. 雄花穂ヲ附クル小枝。 | A. Ramulus cum amentis masculis pendulis. |
| a. 雄蕊ト合セル苞。 | a. Bractea cum staminibus. |
| B. 雌花穂ヲ附クル小枝、苞ノ一部ハ既ニ脱落セリ。 | B. Ramulus cum amentis fæmineis; bracteæ partim jam deciduæ. |
| b. 花ノ咲キ終レル花ニテ正ニ苞ト花柱ガ離レ去ル所ナリ。 | b. Flos fæmineus post anthesin, bractea et stigmata modo jejuncta. |



第 四 圖 Tabula IV.

けしよ う や な ぎ

Chosenia bracteosa NAKAI.

- | | |
|---|--|
| A. 將ニ延ビ始メントスル芽ヲ
有スル小枝。 | A. Ramulus cum gemmis modo
evolvere inciptis. |
| a, a. 芽ノ鱗片。 | a, a. Squamæ gemmarum. |
| B. 若キ雌花穂ヲ附ケル小枝。 | B. Ramulus cum amentis fæmineis
juvenilibus. |
| C. 雌花ト苞トヲ腹面ヨリ見ル。 | C. Flos fæmineus et bractea ventrali
visi. |
| D. 苞ヲ背面ヨリ見ル。 | D. Bractea dorsale visa. |
| E. 一個ノ苞ト一個ノ雌花トヲ
有スル花軸。 | E. Axis inflorescentiæ cum una
bractea et uno flore fæmineo. |
| F. 花柱ヲ有スル子房ノ先端ヲ
側方ヨリ見ル。 | F. Apex ovarii cum stylo, laterali
visa. |
| F ₁ . 柱頭ノ既ニ離レタル花柱ヲ
示ス。 | F ₁ . Eadem cum stigmate jam
sejuncto. |
| F ₂ . 花柱ヲ有スル子房ノ先ヲ腹
面ヨリ見ル。 | F ₂ . Eadem cum stylis, ventrali visa. |
| F ₃ . 柱頭ノ枯死セル花柱ヲ有ス
ル子房ノ先端。 | F ₃ . Eadem cum stylis stigmata
perditis. |
| G. 子房ノ縦斷。 | G. Ovarium verticale sectum. |
| G ₁ . 子房ノ基ヲ腹面ヨリ切り胎
坐ト卵子トヲ見ル。 | G ₁ . Basis ovarii laterali secta et
placenta et ovula exhibita. |
| G ₂ . 子房ノ基ヲ腹背ノ方向ヨリ
切り胎坐ト卵子トヲ内側
ヨリ見ル。 | G ₂ . Basis ovarii dorsi-ventrali secta,
ita placenta et ovula a latere
interiori visa. |
| H. 花式。 | H. Diagramma floris. |
| I. 種子 (十一倍大)。 | I. Semen (1×11). |
| II. 胚 (十二倍大)。 | II. Embryo (1×12). |

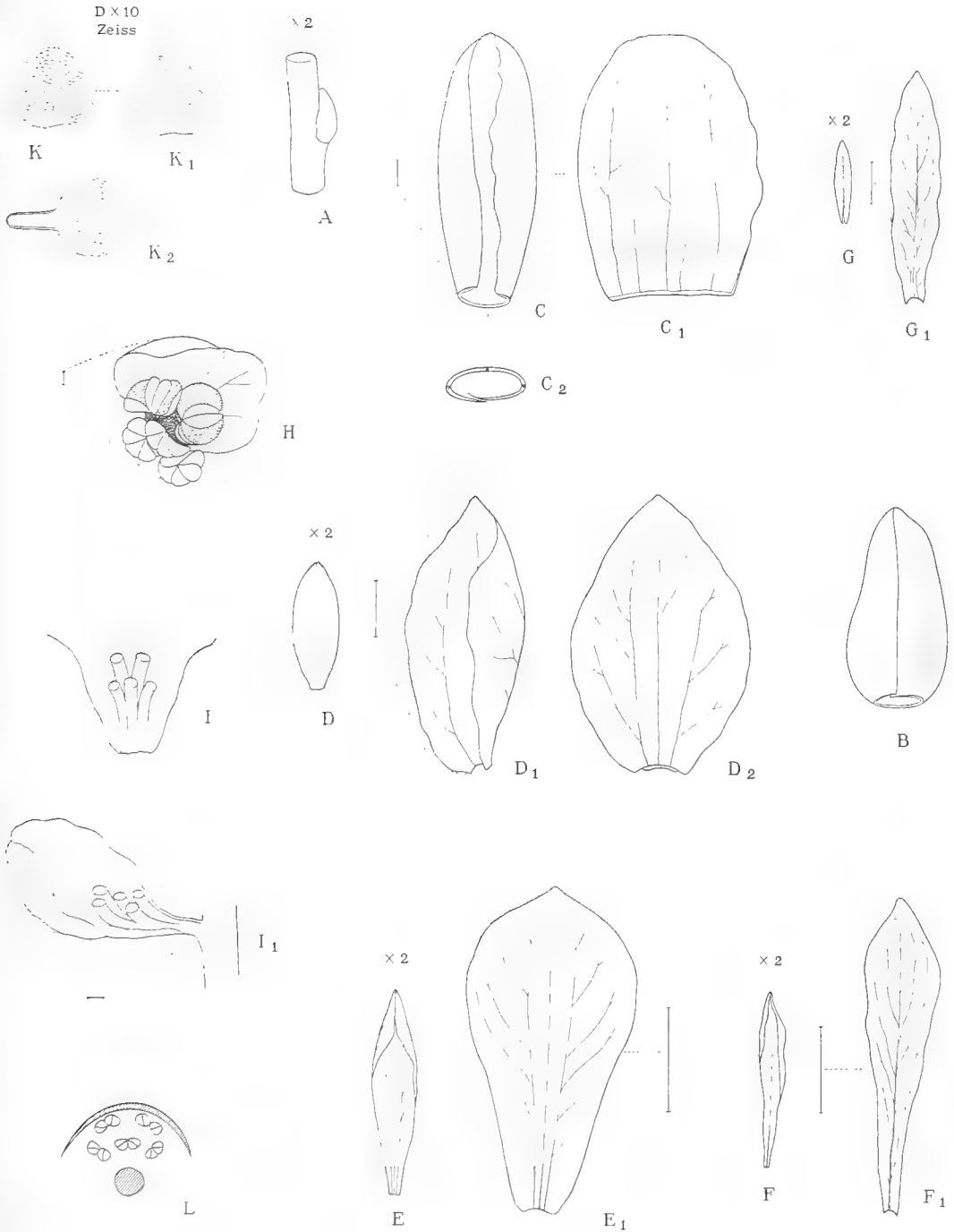


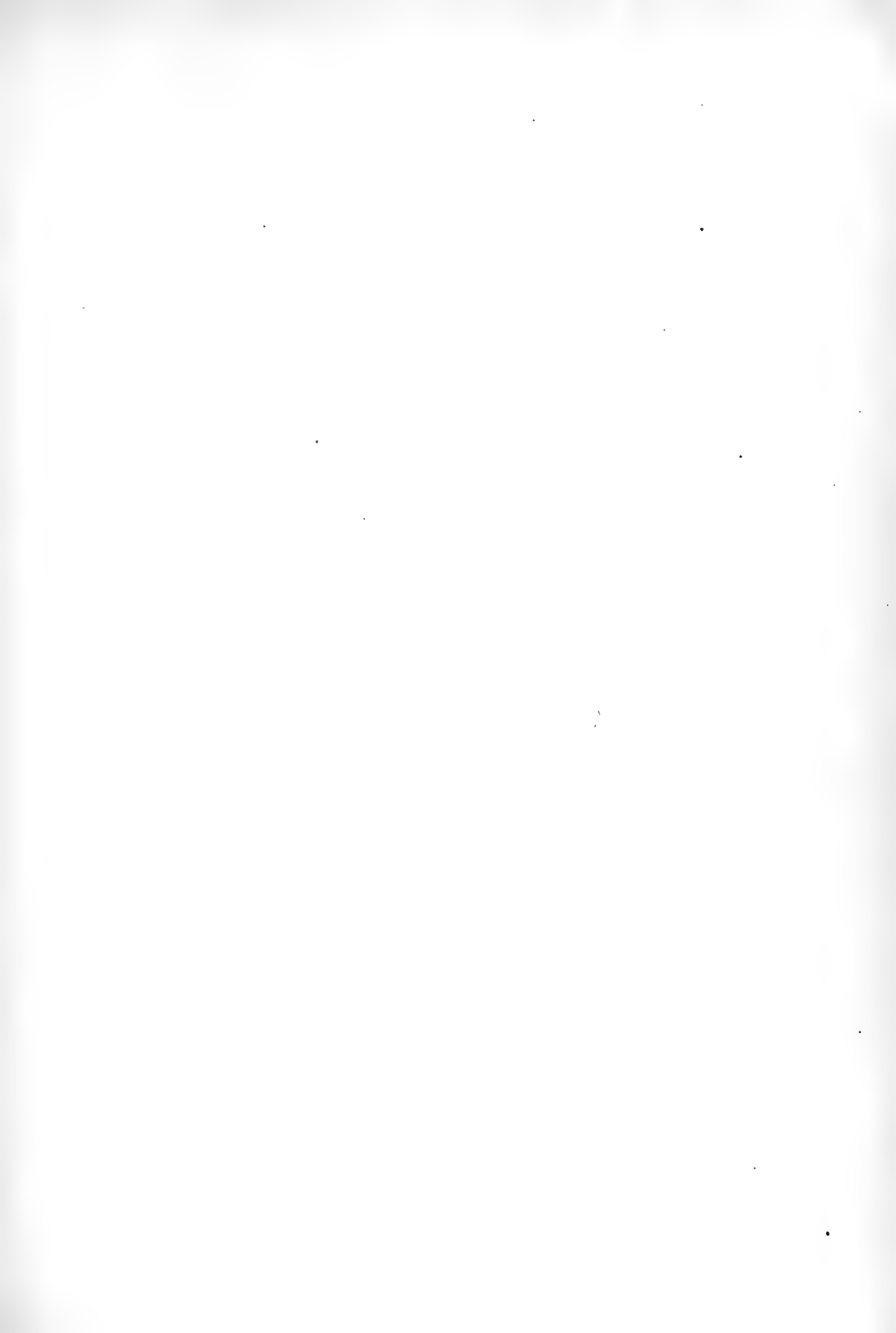
第五圖 Tabula V.

けしよやなぎ

Chosenia bracteosa NAKAI.

- | | |
|----------------------------------|---|
| A. 芽ヲ有スル小枝 (二倍大)。 | A. Ramulus cum gemma (1×2). |
| B. 芽ノ鱗片ヲ背面ヨリ見ル。 | B. Squama gemmæ, dorsali visa. |
| C. 芽ノ鱗片ヲ腹面ヨリ見ル。 | C. Squama gemmæ, ventrali visa. |
| C ₁ . 芽ノ鱗片ヲ開キテ腹面ヨリ見ル。 | C ₁ . Eadem aperta. |
| C ₂ . 芽ノ鱗片ノ横断面。 | C ₂ . Sectio squamæ transversalis. |
| D. 第一苞狀葉 (二倍大)。 | D. Cataphyllum primum (1×2). |
| D ₁ . 第一苞狀葉ヲ腹面ヨリ見ル。 | D ₁ . Idem ventrali visum. |
| D ₂ . 第一苞狀葉ヲ開キテ見ル。 | D ₂ . Idem apertum. |
| E. 第二苞狀葉 (二倍大)。 | E. Cataphyllum secundum (1×2). |
| E ₁ . 第二苞狀葉ヲ開キテ見ル。 | E ₁ . Idem apertum. |
| F. 第三苞狀葉 (二倍大)。 | F. Cataphyllum tertium (1×2). |
| F ₁ . 第三苞狀葉ヲ開キテ見ル。 | F ₁ . Idem apertum. |
| G. 第四苞狀葉 (二倍大)。 | G. Cataphyllum quartum (1×2). |
| G ₁ . 第四苞狀葉ヲ一層廓大ス。 | G ₁ . Idem multo auctum. |
| H. 雄花ヲ上ヨリ見ル。 | H. Flos masculus supra visus. |
| I. 花糸ヲ有スル苞ノ基部。 | I. Basis bractea cum filamentis. |
| I ₁ . 花糸ヲ有スル苞ヲ側面ヨリ見ル。 | I ₁ . Bractea cum filamentis, laterali visa. |
| K. 花粉ヲ上ヨリ見ル。 | K. Pollen supra visum. |
| K ₁ . 花粉ヲ下ヨリ見ル。 | K ₁ . Idem ab imo visum. |
| K ₂ . 花粉管ヲ延シ始メタル花粉。 | K ₂ . Pollen jam germinare inceptum. |
| L. 雄花ノ花式。 | L. Diagramma floris masculi. |





第 六 圖 Tabula VI.

ひろはたちやなぎ

Salix Maximowiczii KOMAROV.

- | | |
|------------------|--|
| A. 雌花穂ヲ附クル小枝。 | A. Ramulus cum amento fæmineo
(mag. nat.). |
| B. 雄花穂ヲ附クル小枝。 | B. Ramulus cum amento masculo
(mag. nat.). |
| C. 果穂ヲ附クル小枝。 | C. Ramulus cum amentis fructiferis
(mag. nat.). |
| D. 成熟セル果穂ヲ附クル小枝。 | D. Ramulus cum amentis fructiferis
maturatis (mag. nat.). |
| E, E. 葉ヲ表面ヨリ見ル。 | E, E. Folia supra visa. |
| F. 葉ヲ裏面ヨリ見ル。 | F. Folium infra visum. |



Adachi S. del.

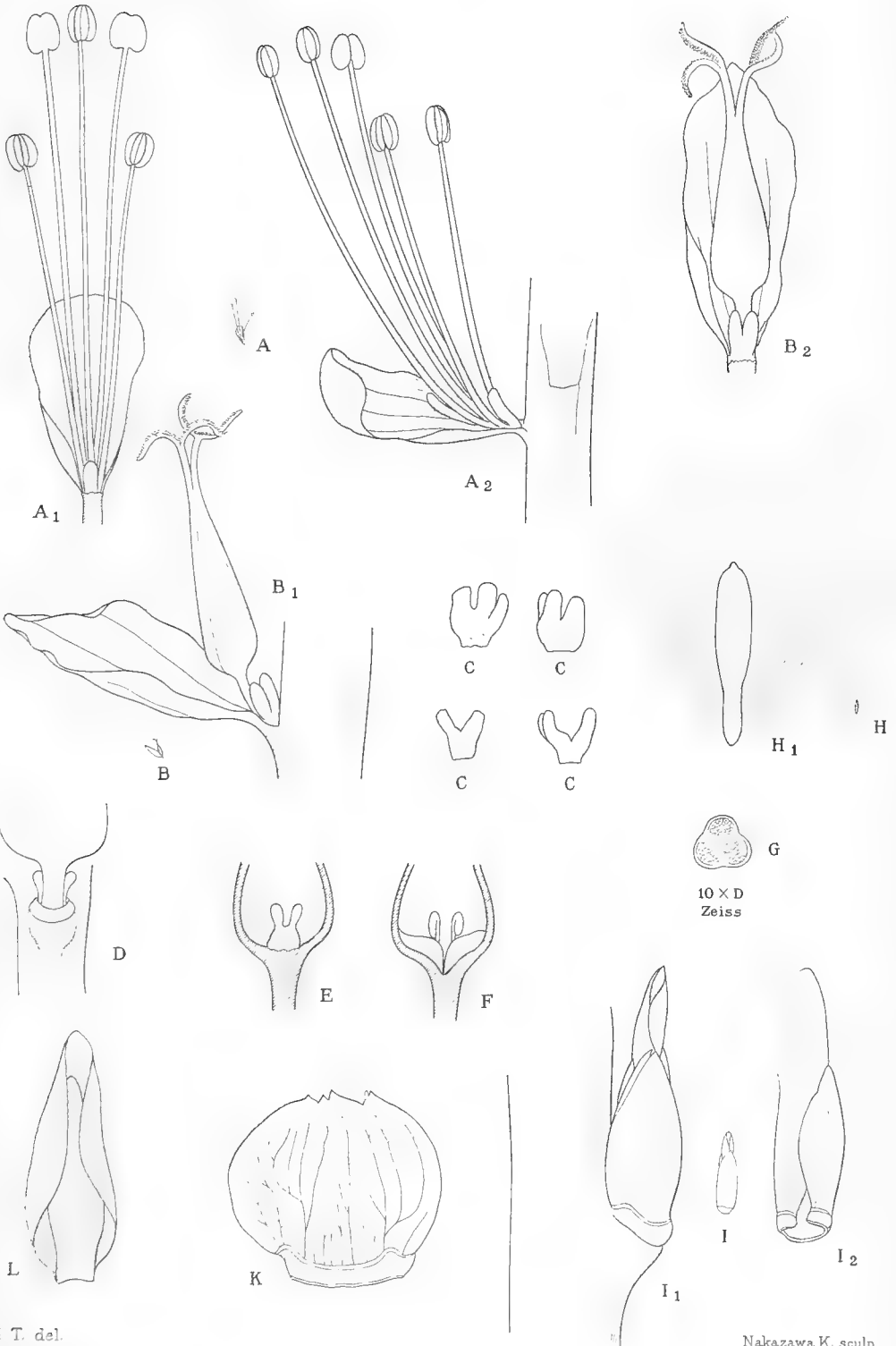
Mateudaira N. sculp.

第七圖 Tabula VII.

ひろはたちやなぎ

Salix Maximowiczii KOMAROV.

- | | |
|------------------------------------|---|
| A. 雄花ヲ腹面ヨリ見ル
(自然大)。 | A. Flos masculus ventrali visus
(mag. nat.). |
| A ₁ . 同上ヲ廓大ス。 | A ₁ . Idem (auctus). |
| A ₂ . 雄花ヲ側面ヨリ見ル (廓大)。 | A ₂ . Idem laterali visus (auctus). |
| B. 雌花ヲ側面ヨリ見ル
(自然大)。 | B. Flos fæmineus laterali visus
(mag. nat.). |
| B ₁ . 同上ヲ廓大ス。 | B ₁ . Idem (auctus). |
| B ₂ . 雌花ヲ腹面ヨリ見ル (廓大)。 | B ₂ . Idem ventrali visus (auctus). |
| C, C, C, C. 雌花ノ蜜腺ヲ腹面ヨ
リ見ル (廓大)。 | C, C, C, C. Nectaria florum fæmi-
norum ventrali visa (aucta). |
| D. 苞ノ落チタル後ノ子房ノ柄
ノ基部 (廓大)。 | D. Basis stipitis ovarii post sejun-
ctam bractæe (aucta). |
| E. 胎坐ヲ内面ヨリ見ル (廓大)。 | E. Placenta ex interiore visum
(auctum). |
| F. 胎坐ヲ側面ヨリ見ル (廓大)。 | F. Idem laterali visum (auctum). |
| G. 花粉 (10×D Zeiss). | G. Pollen (10×D Zeiss). |
| H. 冠毛ヲ附クル種子 (自然大)。 | H. Semen cum coma (mag. nat.). |
| H ₁ . 同上ノ廓大圖。 | H ₁ . Idem (auctum). |
| I. 芽 (自然大)。 | I. Gemma (mag. nat.). |
| I ₁ . 芽 (廓大)。 | I ₁ . Eadem (auctum). |
| I ₂ . 芽ヲ腹面ヨリ見ル (廓大)。 | I ₂ . Eadem ventrali visa (aucta). |
| K. 芽ノ鱗片ヲ擴ゲテ腹面ヨリ
見ル (廓大)。 | K. Squama gemmæ artificial ex-
tensa et ventrali visa (aucta). |
| L. 苞狀葉 (廓大)。 | L. Cataphylla nondum extensa
(aucta). |



第 八 圖 Tabula VIII.

あかめやなぎ

Salix glandulosa SEEMEN.

- | | |
|--------------|---|
| A. 秋期採收ノ枝。 | A. Rami in auctumno lecti (mag. nat.). |
| B. 雄花穂ヲ附クル枝。 | B. Ramuli cum amentis masculis (mag. nat.). |
| C. 雌花穂ヲ附クル枝。 | C. Ramuli cum amentis fæmineis (mag. nat.). |



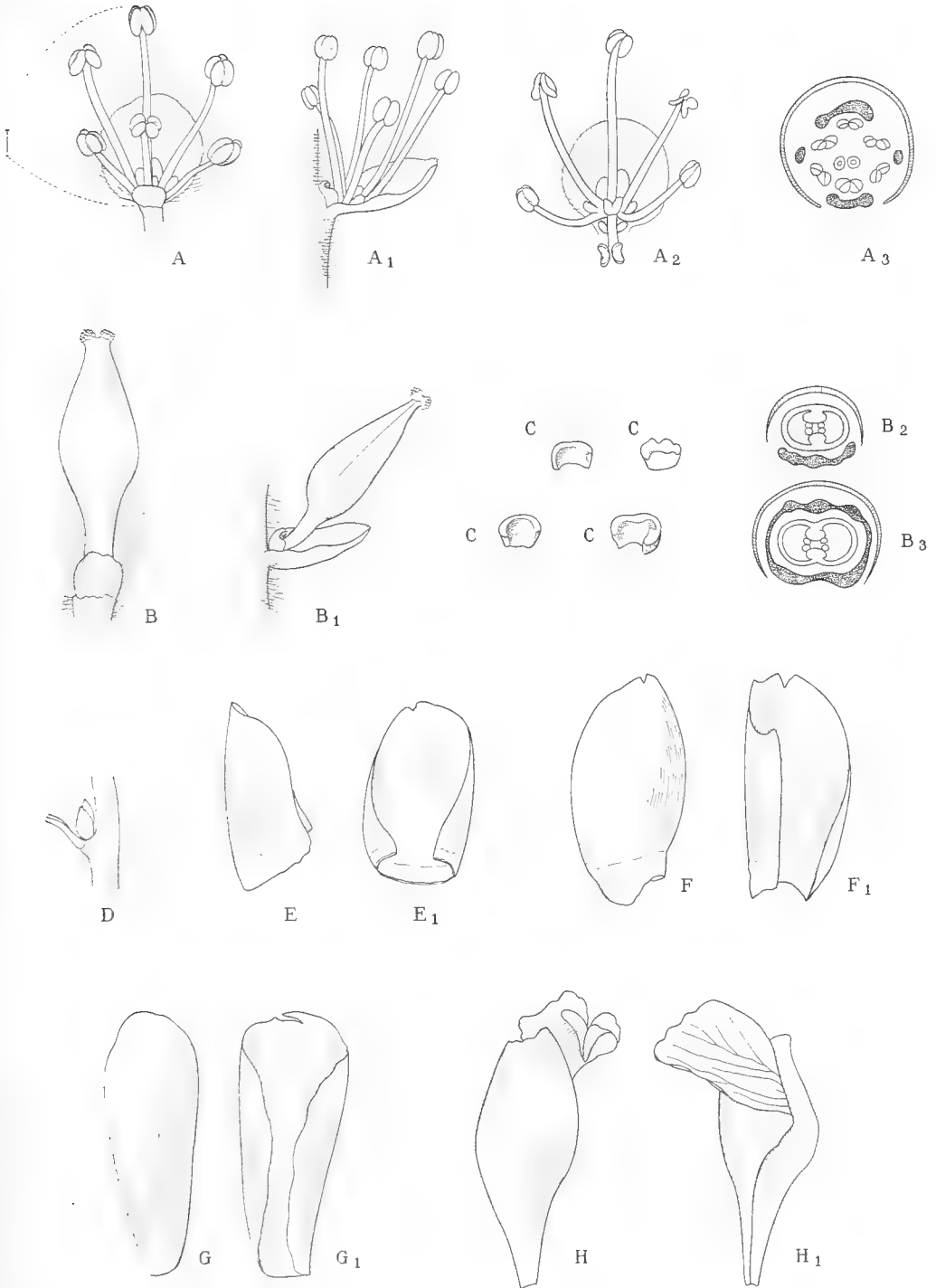


第九圖 Tabula IX.

あかめやなぎ

Salix glandulosa SEEMEN.

- | | |
|--|--|
| A. 雄花ヲ腹面ヨリ見ル (廓大)。 | A. Flos masculus ventrali visus (auctus). |
| A ₁ . 同上ヲ側面ヨリ見ル (廓大)。 | A ₁ . Idem laterali visus (auctus). |
| A ₂ . 同上ノ蜜腺ガ四個ニ癒合セルモノ (廓大)。 | A ₂ . Idem cum glandulis in quattuor connatis (auctus). |
| A ₃ . 雄花ノ花式。 | A ₃ . Diagramma floris masculi. |
| B. 雌花ヲ腹面ヨリ見ル (廓大)。 | B. Flos fæmineus ventrali visus (auctus). |
| B ₁ . 同上ヲ側面ヨリ見ル (廓大)。 | B ₁ . Idem laterali visus (auctus). |
| B ₂ , B ₃ . 雌花ノ花式。 | B ₂ , B ₃ . Diagrammata florum fæminorum cum glandulis diversis. |
| C, C, C, C. 雌花ノ蜜腺ヲ腹面ヨリ見ル (廓大)。 | C, C, C, C. Nectaria florum fæminorum ventrali visa (aucta). |
| D. 腋芽 (自然大)。 | D. Gemma axillaris (mag. nat.). |
| E. 芽ノ第一鱗片ヲ側面ヨリ見ル (廓大)。 | E. Squama gemmæ prima laterali visa (aucta). |
| E ₁ . 同上ヲ腹面ヨリ見ル (廓大)。 | E ₁ . Eadem ventrali visa (aucta). |
| F. 芽ノ第二鱗片ヲ側面ヨリ見ル (廓大)。 | F. Squama gemmæ secunda laterali visa (aucta). |
| F ₁ . 同上ヲ腹面ヨリ見ル (廓大)。 | F ₁ . Eadem ventrali visa (aucta). |
| G. 芽ノ第三鱗片ヲ背面ヨリ見ル (廓大)。 | G. Squama gemmæ tertia dorsali visa (aucta). |
| G ₁ . 同上ヲ腹面ヨリ見ル (廓大)。 | G ₁ . Eadem ventrali visa (aucta). |
| H. 第一苞狀葉ヲ背面ヨリ見ル (廓大)。 | H. Cataphylla prima subsquamosa dorsali visa (aucta). |
| H ₁ . 同上ヲ腹面ヨリ見ル。 | H ₁ . Eadem ventrali visa (aucta). |



第拾圖 Tabula X.

Salix pentandra LINNÆUS.
var. *intermedia* NAKAI.

- | | |
|----------------------------|--|
| A. 雄花穂ヲ附クル枝。 | A. Ramulus cum amentis masculis. |
| B. 果穂ヲ附クル枝。 | B. Ramulus cum amentis fructiferis. |
| C. 雄花ヲ側面ヨリ見ル。 | C. Flos masculus laterali visus. |
| D. 雄花ノ腹面ノ蜜腺。 | D. Glandula ventralis floris masculi. |
| D ₁ . 雄花ノ背面ノ蜜腺。 | D ₁ . Glandula dorsalis floris masculi. |
| E, E, E. 雌花ノ種々ナル蜜腺。 | E, E, E. Glandulæ variæ florum fæminorum. |



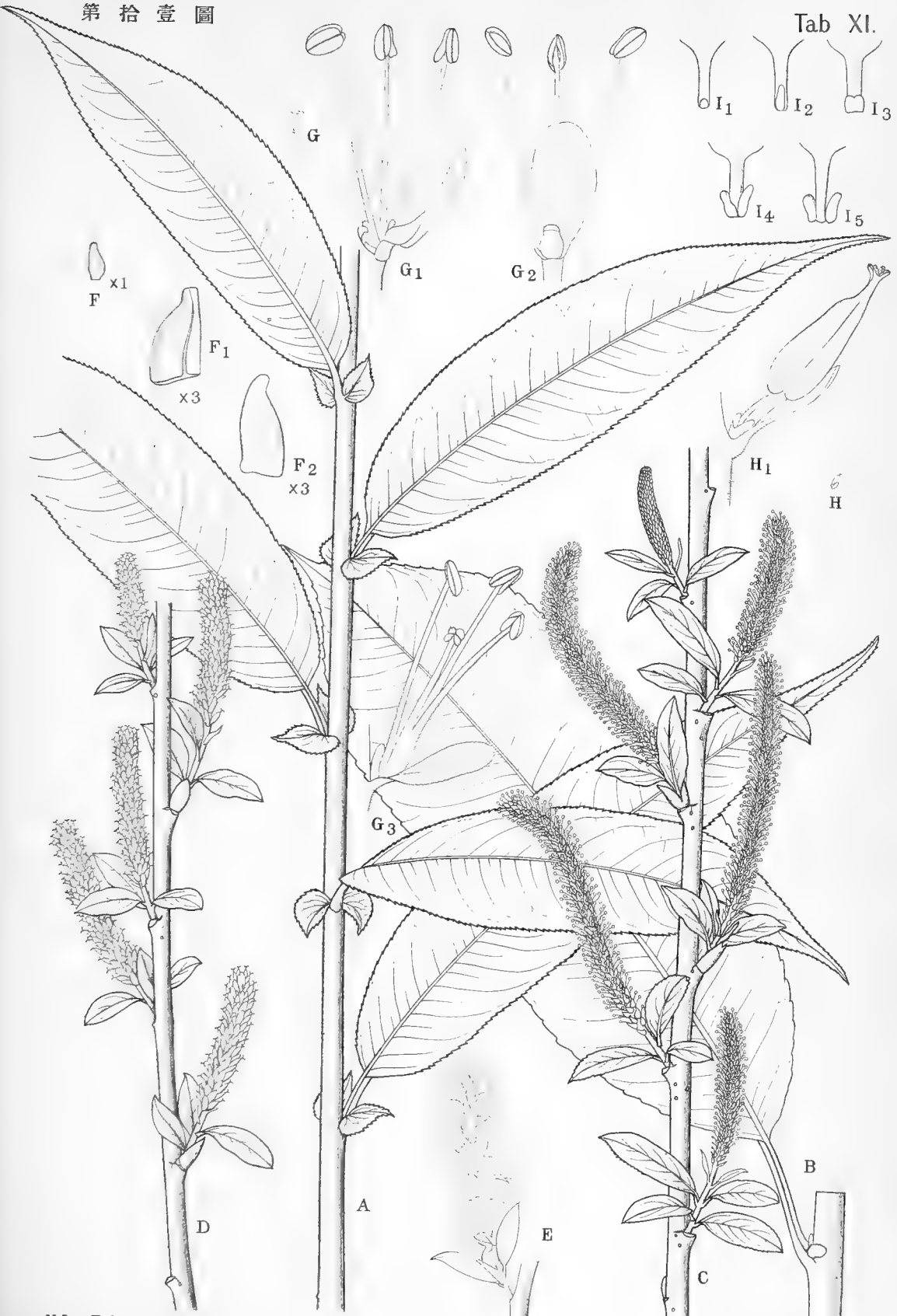
第拾壹圖 Tabula XI.

たちやなぎ

Salix triandra LINNÆUS

var. *discolor* ANDERSSON.

- | | |
|--|--|
| A. 秋期採收ノ枝。 | A. Ramulus auctumnalis. |
| B. 長枝ノ葉。 | B. Folium trionis. |
| C. 雄花穂ヲ附クル枝。 | C. Ramus cum amentis masculis. |
| D. 雌花穂ヲ附クル枝。 | D. Ramus cum amentis fæmineis. |
| E. 果穂。 | E. Amenta fructifera. |
| F. 芽。 | F. Gemma. |
| F ₁ . 芽ノ鱗片ヲ腹面ヨリ見ル
(三倍大)。 | F ₁ . Squama gemmæ ventrali visa
(×3). |
| F ₂ . 同上ヲ背面ヨリ見ル(三
倍大)。 | F ₂ . Ditto dorsali visa (×3). |
| G. 雄花。 | G. Flos masculus. |
| G ₁ . 雄花ノ廓大圖。 | G ₁ . Ditto auctus. |
| G ₂ . 同上ヲ腹面ヨリ見ル。 | G ₂ . Ditto ventrali visus. |
| G ₃ . 二又セル雄蕊ヲ有スル雄
花。 | G ₃ . Flos masculus cum stamino unico
bifids. |
| H. 雌花。 | H. Flos fæmineus. |
| H ₁ . 同上ヲ廓大ス。 | H ₁ . Ditto auctus. |
| I ₁ -I ₅ . 雌花ノ蜜腺ヲ花穂ノ上
方ノモノヨリ下方ノモ
ノニ向ヒ順次ニ畫ク | I ₁ -I ₅ . Glandulæ florum fæminorum ex
apice amentæ ad basin seriatim
illustratæ (omnes auctæ). |



第拾貳圖 Tabula XII.

えぞやなぎ

Salix rorida LACHSCHEWITZ.

- | | |
|---|---|
| A. 秋期採收ノ枝。 | A. Ramus auctumnalis. |
| B. 芽ヲ背面ヨリ見ル (二倍大)。 | B. Gemma dorsali visa. |
| B ₁ . 芽ヲ腹面ヨリ見ル (二倍大)。 | B ₁ . Gemma ventrali visa. |
| C. 雄花穂ヲ附クル枝。 | C. Ramus cum amentis masculis. |
| D. 雌花穂ヲ附クル枝。 | D. Ramus cum amentis fæmineis. |
| E. 雄花ヲ側面ヨリ見ル。 | E. Flos masculus ex latere visus. |
| E ₁ . 雄花ヲ腹面ヨリ見ル。 | E ₁ . Flos masculus ventrali visus. |
| F. 雌花ヲ側面ヨリ見ル。 | F. Flos fæmineus ex latere visus. |
| F ₁ . 雌花ヲ腹面ヨリ見ル。 | F ₁ . Flos fæmineus ventrali visus. |
| F ₂ , F ₂ , F ₂ . 種々ノ形ノ花柱。 | F ₂ , F ₂ , F ₂ . Formæ variæ styliorum. |



Nakai T. & Yamada T. del.

Nakazawa K. sculp.

第拾參圖 Tabula XIII.

こえぞやなぎ

Salix roridæformis NAKAI.

- | | |
|----------------|--|
| A. 夏時採收ノ枝。 | A. Ramus æstivalis. |
| B. 雌花穂ヲ附クル枝。 | B. Ramus cum amentis fæmineis. |
| C. 未熟ノ果穂ヲ附クル枝。 | C. Ramus cum amentis fructiferis im-
maturatis. |
| D. 雌花ヲ腹面ヨリ見ル。 | D. Flos fæmineus ventrali visus. |
| E. 雌花ヲ側面ヨリ見ル。 | E. Flos fæmineus laterali visus. |

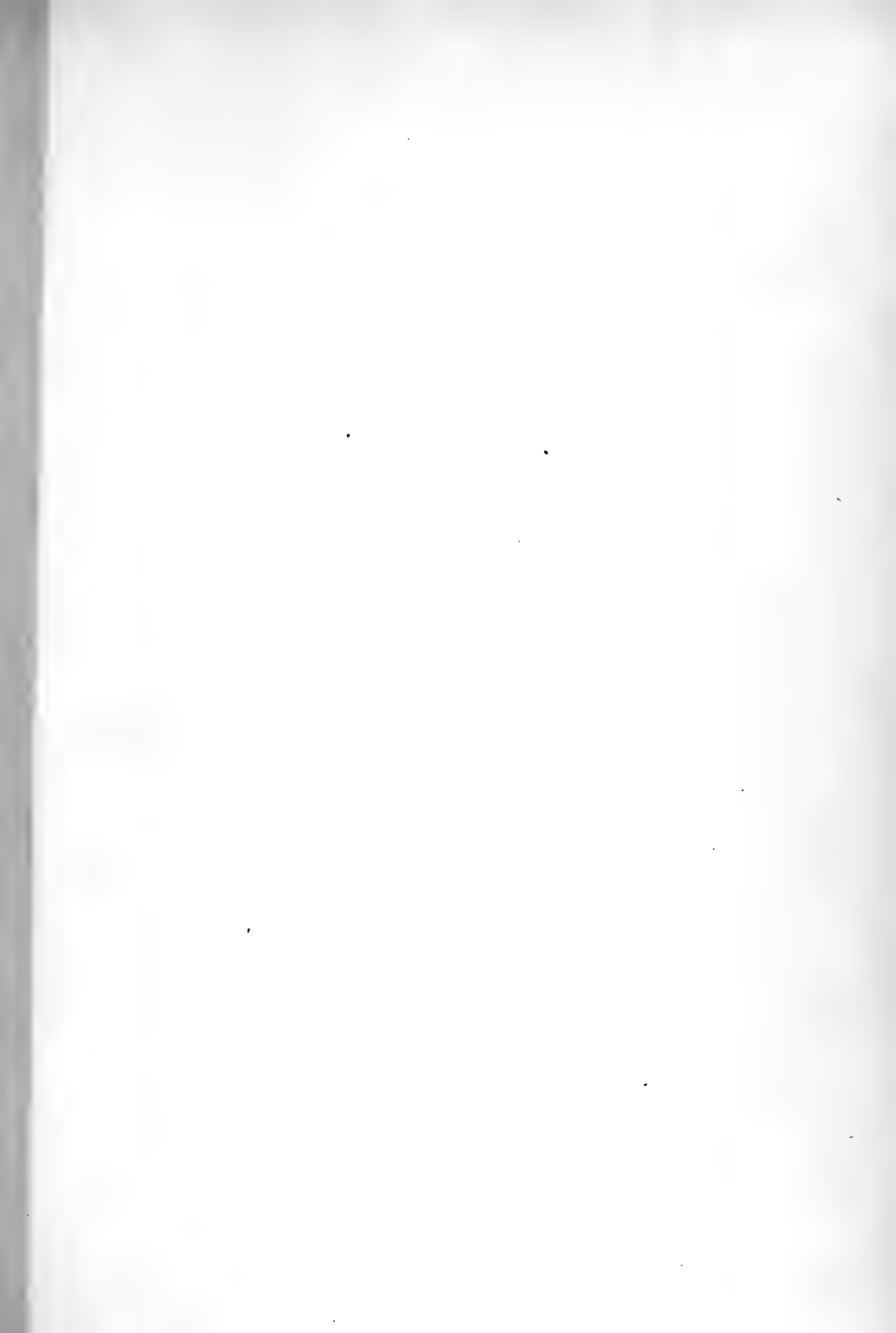


第拾四圖 Tabula XIV.

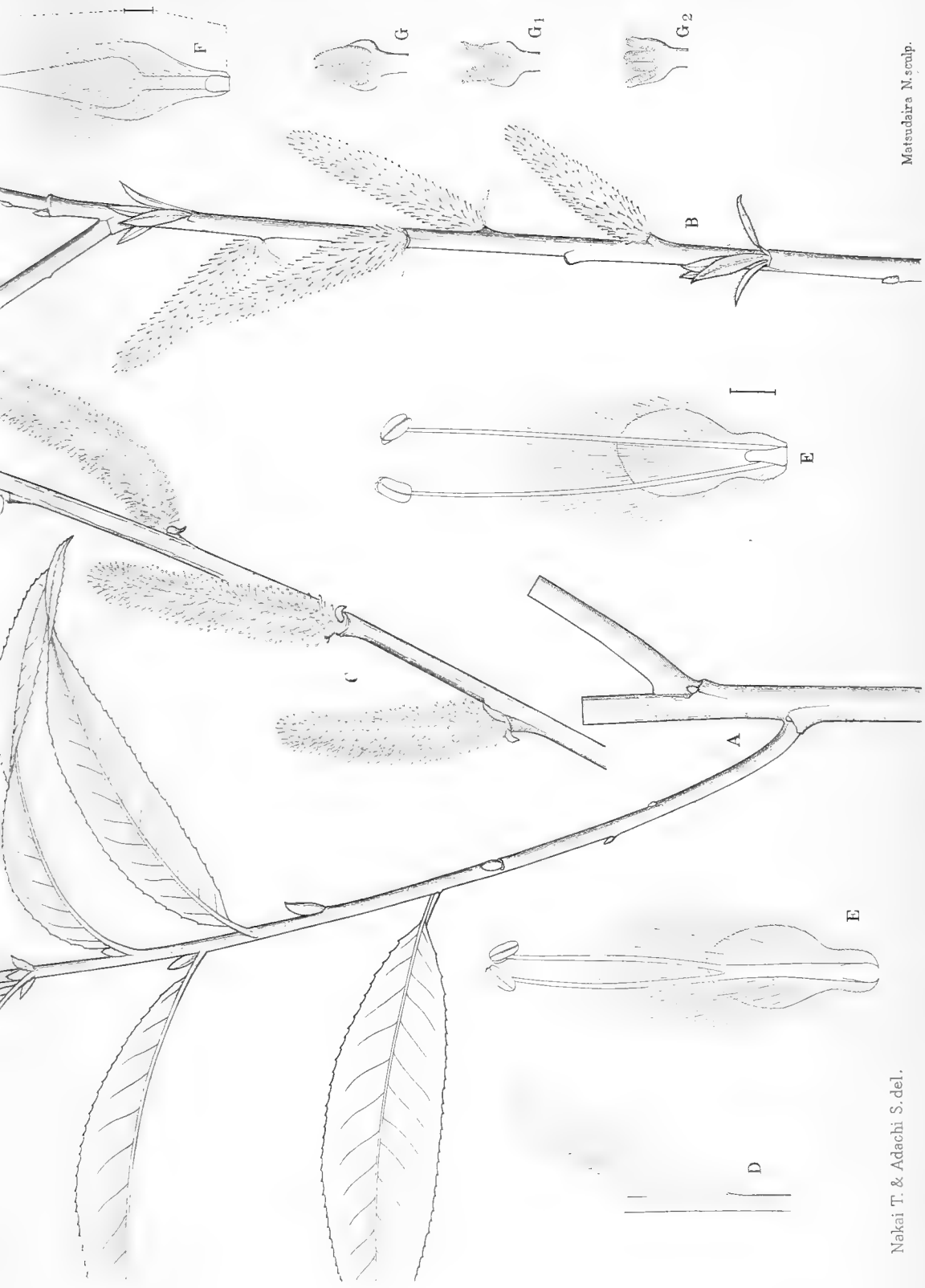
かう かい やなぎ
江 界 柳

Salix kangensis NAKAI.

- | | |
|---|--|
| A. 秋期採收ノ枝。 | A. Ramus auctumnalis. |
| B. 若キ雌花穂ヲ附クル枝。 | B. Ramus cum amentis fæmineis juvenilibus. |
| C. 花咲ク雌花穂ヲ附クル枝。 | C. Ramus cum amentis fæmineis florentibus. |
| D. 雄花穂。 | D. Amenta mascula. |
| E. 雄花ヲ腹面ヨリ見ル。 | E. Flos masculus ventrali visus. |
| E ₁ . 癒合セル雄蕊ヲ有スル雄花。 | E ₁ . Flos masculus cum staminibus connatis. |
| F. 雌花ヲ側面ヨリ見ル。 | F. Flos fæmineus laterali visus. |
| F ₁ . 雌花ヲ腹面ヨリ見ル。 | F ₁ . Flos fæmineus ventrali visus. |
| G, G ₁ , G ₂ . 柱頭ノ展開ヲ順次ニ示ス。 | G, G ₁ , G ₂ . Amplificationes stigmatum ordinatim exhibitæ. |







Nakai T. & Adachi S. del.

Matsudaira N. sculp.



第拾五圖 Tabula XV.

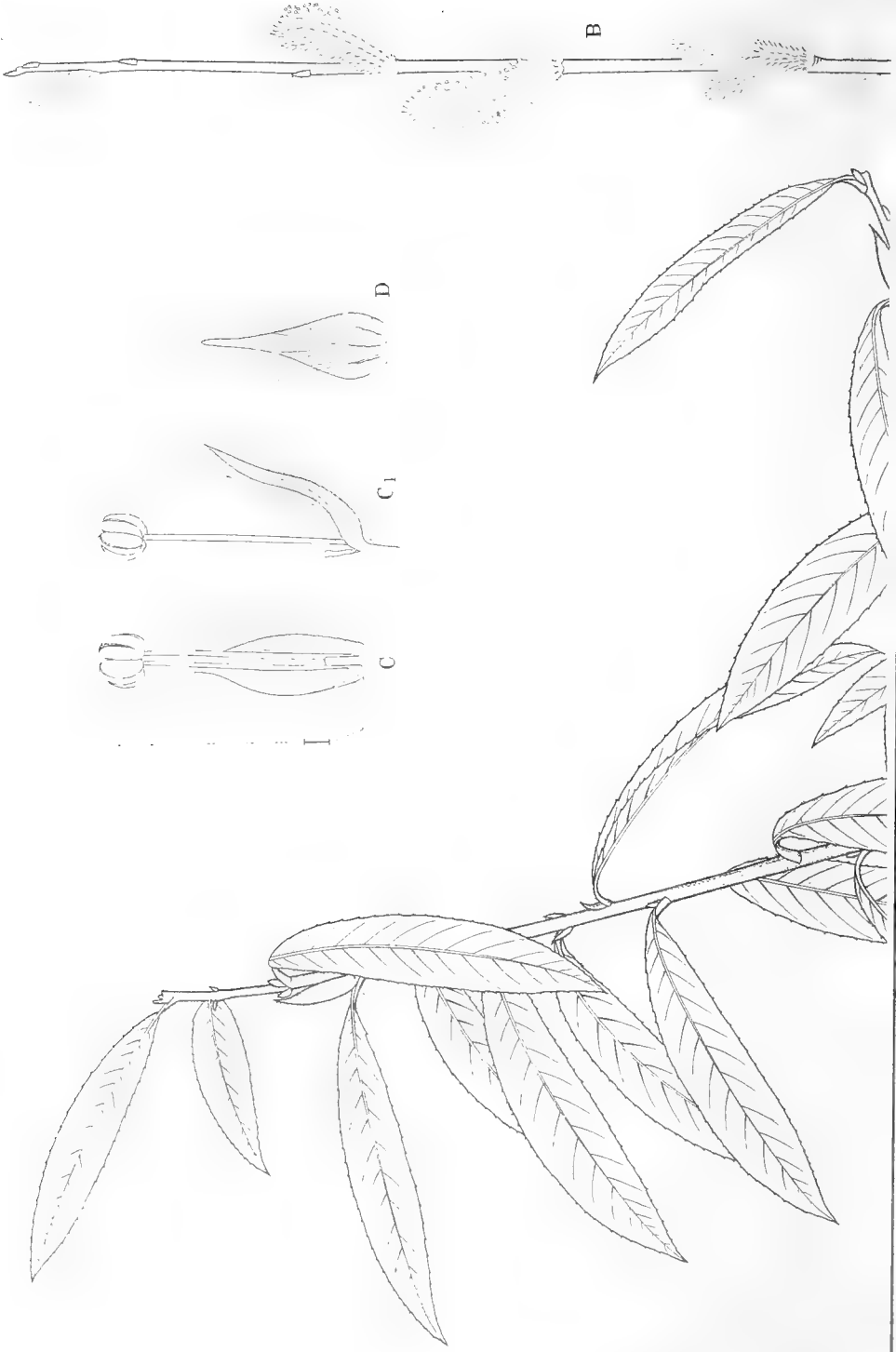
てうせんねこやなぎ

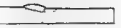
Salix graciliglans NAKAI.

- | | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| A. 秋期採收ノ枝。 | A. Ramus auctumnalis plantæ masculæ. |
| B. 雄花穂ヲ附クル枝。 | B. Ramus cum amentis masculis. |
| C. 雄花ヲ腹側ヨリ見ル。 | C. Flos masculus ventrali visus. |
| C ₁ . 雄花ヲ側面ヨリ見ル。 | C ₁ . Flos masculus laterali visus. |
| D. 雄花ノ苞ヲ背面ヨリ見ル。 | D. Bractea floris masculi dorsali visa. |

第十五圖

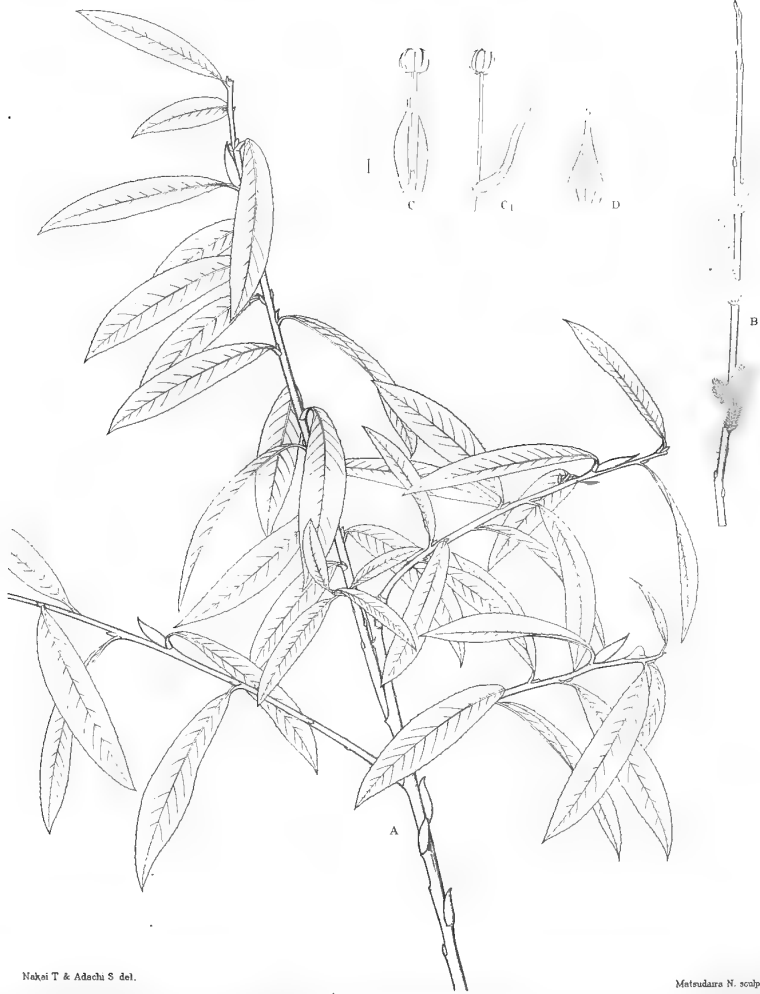
Tab XV.



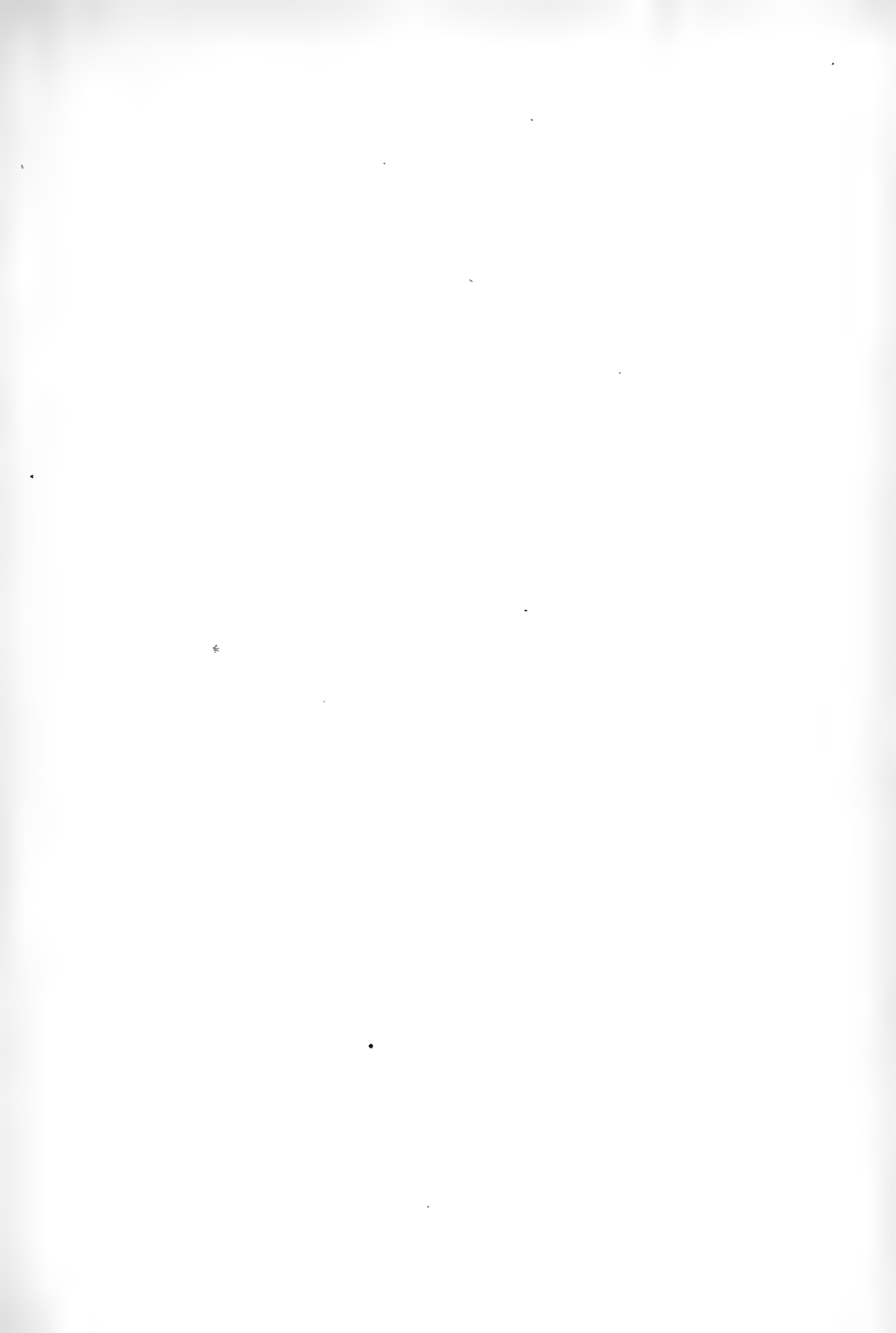


Nakai T & Adachi S. del.

Matsudaira N. sculp.







第拾六圖 Tabula XVI.

てうせんねこやなぎ

Salix graciliglans NAKAI.

- | | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| A. 雌本ノ葉ヲ附クル枝ヲ春
採ル。 | A. Ramus foliiger vernalis plantæ
fæmineæ. |
| B. 雌花穂ヲ附クル枝。 | B. Ramus cum amentis fæmineis. |
| C. 果穂ヲ附クル枝。 | C. Ramus cum amentis fructiferis. |
| D. 雌花ヲ腹面ヨリ見ル。 | D. Flos fæmineus ventrali visus. |
| D ₁ . 雌花ヲ側面ヨリ見ル。 | D ₁ . Flos fæmineus laterali visus. |



第拾七圖 Tabula XVII.

ねこやなぎ

一名 たにかはやなぎ

Salix gracilistyla MIQUEL.

- | | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| A. 夏時ノ枝。 | A. Ramus æstivalis. |
| B. 半熟ノ果穂ヲ附クル枝。 | B. Ramus cum amentis fructiferis
semimaturatis. |
| C. 雄花穂ヲ附クル枝。 | C. Ramus cum amento masculo. |
| D. 雄花ヲ腹面ヨリ見ル。 | D. Flos masculus ventrali visus. |
| D ₁ . 雄花ヲ側面ヨリ見ル。 | D ₁ . Flos masculus laterali visus. |
| E. 雌花ヲ腹面ヨリ見ル。 | E. Flos fæmineus ventrali visus. |
| E ₁ . 雌花ヲ側面ヨリ見ル。 | E ₁ . Flos fæmineus laterali visus. |



第拾八圖 Tabula XVIII.

たんなみねやなぎ

(耽羅峯柳ノ意)

Salix Blinii LÉVELLÉ.

- | | |
|---------------|-----------------------------------|
| A. 夏時ノ枝。 | A. Ramus æstivalis. |
| B. 果穂ヲ附クル枝。 | B. Ramus cum amentis fructiferis. |
| C. 苞ヲ背面ヨリ見ル。 | C. Bractea dorsali visa. |
| D. 雌花ヲ側面ヨリ見ル。 | D. Flos fæmineus laterali visus. |
| E. 雌花ヲ腹面ヨリ見ル。 | E. Flos fæmineus ventrali visus. |



第拾九圖 Tabula XIX.

かはやなぎ

Salix Gilgiana SEEMEN.

- | | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| A. 夏期採收ノ枝。 | A. Ramus æstivalis. |
| B. 雄花穂ヲ附クル枝。 | B. Ramus cum amentis masculis. |
| C. 未熟ノ果穂ヲ附クル枝。 | C. Ramus cum amentis fructiferis
immaturatis. |
| D. 成熟セル果穂。 | D. Amenta cum fructibus maturatis. |
| E. 雄花ヲ腹面ヨリ見ル。 | E. Flos masculus ventrali visus. |
| E ₁ . 雄花ヲ側面ヨリ見ル。 | E ₁ . Flos masculus laterali visus. |
| F. 雌花ノ苞。 | F. Bractea floris fæminei. |
| G. 雌花ヲ腹面ヨリ見ル。 | G. Flos fæmineus ventrali visus. |
| G ₁ . 雌花ノ側面ヨリ見ル。 | G ₁ . Ditto laterali visus. |



第貳拾圖 Tabula XX.

いぬこりやなぎ

Salix integra THUNBERG.

- | | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| A. 夏期採收ノ枝。 | A. Ramus æstivalis. |
| B. 裂開セル果實ヲ附クル枝。 | B. Ramus cum fructibus rupsis. |
| C. 雌花ノ苞。 | C. Bractea floris fæminei. |
| D. 雌花ヲ腹面ヨリ見ル。 | D. Flos fæmineus ventrali visus. |
| D ₁ . 雌花ヲ側面ヨリ見ル。 | D ₁ . Ditto laterali visus. |
| E, E ₁ . 柱頭。 | E, E ₁ . Stigmata. |



第貳拾壹圖 Tabula XXI.

A—B. からこりやなぎ

Salix purpurea LINNÆUS var. *Smithiana* TRAUTVETTER.

C—D. こりやなぎ

Salix purpurea LINNÆUS var. *japonica* NAKAI.

- | | |
|-------------------------|---|
| A. 雄花蕾ヲ附クル枝、葉ハ
全縁ナリ。 | A. Ramus cum amentis masculis
nondum maturantibus et foliis
integris. |
| B. 雄花穂ト鋸齒アル葉ヲ有
スル枝。 | B. Ramus cum amentis masculis et
foliis serrulatis. |
| C. 夏期採收ノ枝。 | C. Ramus æstivalis. |
| D. 果穂ヲ附クル枝。 | D. Ramulus cum amentis fructiferis. |



第貳拾貳圖 Tabula XXII.

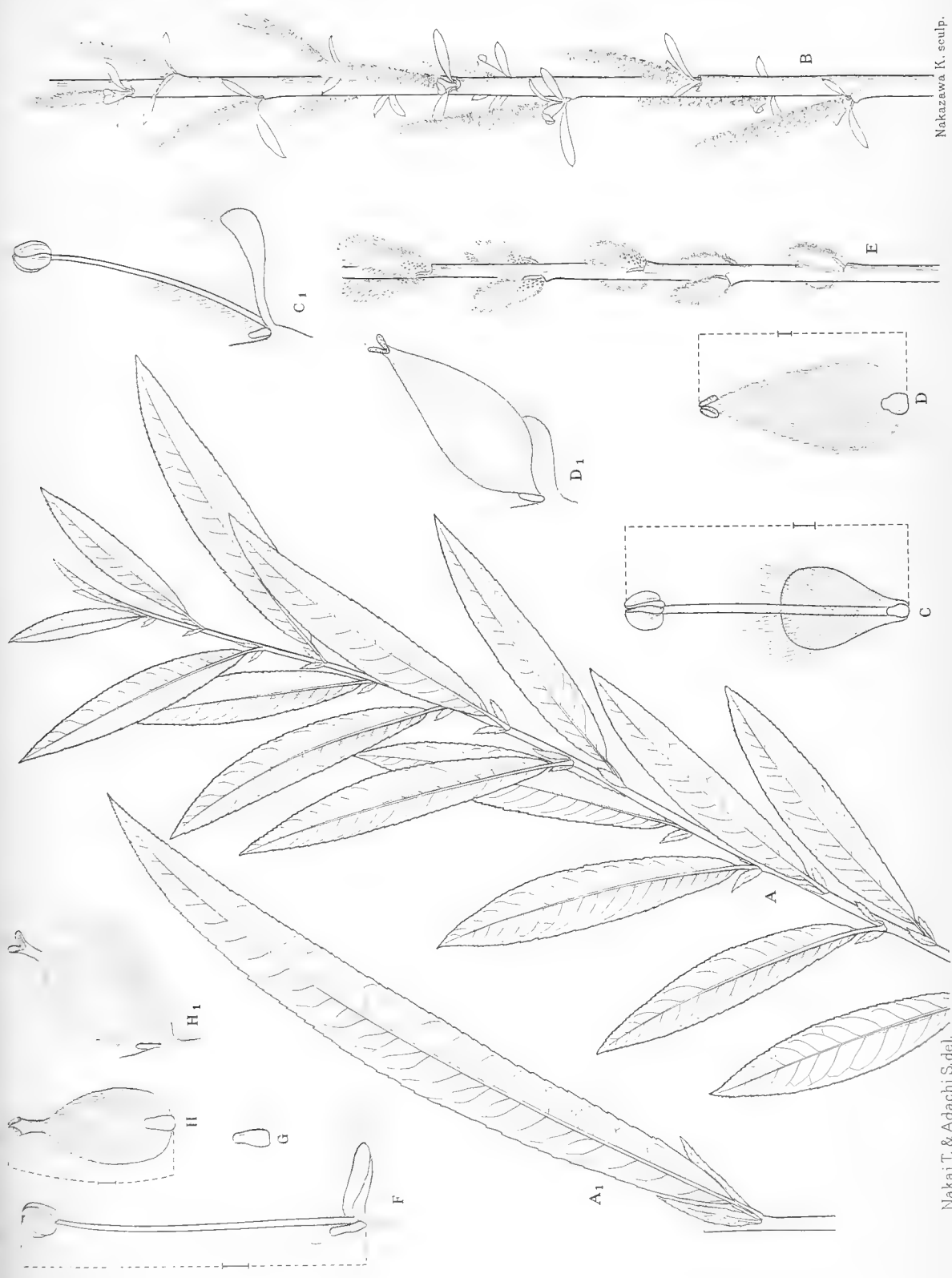
A—D₁. からこりやなぎ

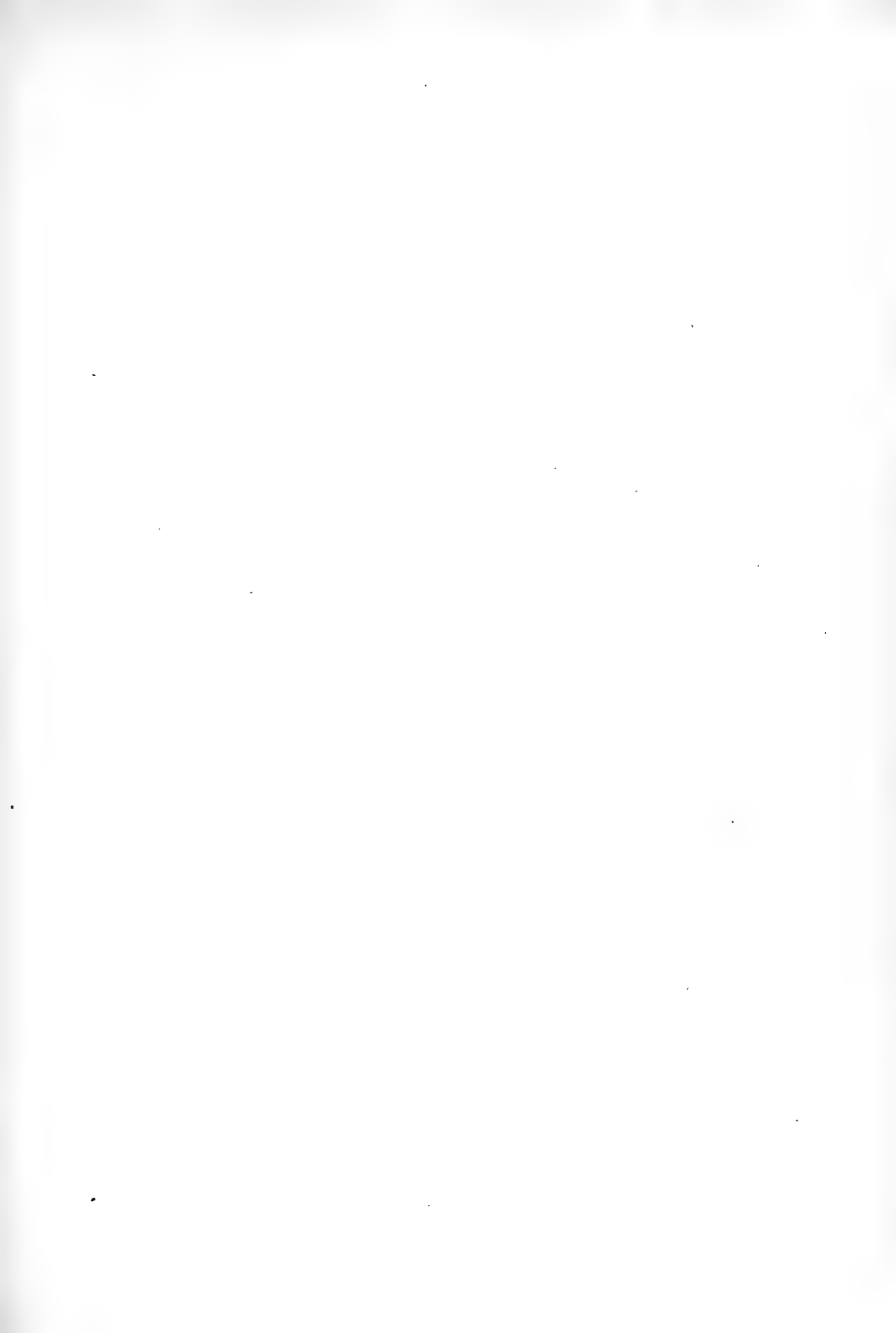
Salix purpurea LINNÆUS var. *Smithiana* TRAUTVETTER.

E—H₁. こりやなぎ

Salix purpurea LINNÆUS var. *japonica* NAKAI.

- | | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| A. 夏期採收ノ枝。 | A. Ramus æstivalis. |
| A ₁ . 萌枝ノ葉。 | A ₁ . Folia turionum. |
| B. 雌花穂ヲ附クル枝。 | B. Ramus cum amentis fæmineis. |
| C. 雄花ヲ腹面ヨリ見ル。 | C. Flos masculus ventrali visus. |
| C ₁ . 雄花ヲ側面ヨリ見ル。 | C ₁ . Ditto laterali visus. |
| D. 雌花ヲ腹面ヨリ見ル。 | D. Flos fæmineus ventrali visus. |
| D ₁ . 雌花ヲ側面ヨリ見ル。 | D ₁ . Idem laterali visus. |
| E. 雄花穂ヲ附クル枝。 | E. Ramus cum amentis masculis. |
| F. 雄花ヲ腹面ヨリ見ル。 | F. Flos masculus ventrali visus. |
| G. 雄花ノ蜜腺。 | G. Glandula floris masculi. |
| H. 雌花ヲ腹面ヨリ見ル。 | H. Flos fæmineus ventrali visus. |
| H ₁ . 雌花ヲ側面ヨリ見ル。 | H ₁ . Idem laterali visus. |





第貳拾參圖 Tabula XXIII.

てうせんきつねやなぎ

Salix Floderusii NAKAI.

- | | |
|-----------------|---|
| A. 雄花穂ヲ附クル枝。 | A. Ramus cum amentis masculis. |
| B. 雌花穂ヲ附クル枝。 | B. Ramus cum amentis fæmineis. |
| C. 夏期ノ枝。 | C. Ramus æstivalis. |
| D. 幹ノ一部。 | D. Pars trunci. |
| E. 雄花ヲ側面ヨリ見ル。 | E. Flos masculus laterali visus. |
| F. 雄花ノ苞ヲ背面ヨリ見ル。 | F. Bractea floris masculi dorsali visa. |
| G. 雄花ノ蜜腺。 | G. Glandula floris masculi. |
| H. 雌花ヲ側面ヨリ見ル。 | H. Flos fæmineus laterali visus. |
| I. 雌花ノ苞ヲ背面ヨリ見ル。 | I. Bractea floris fæminei dorsali visa. |



第貳拾四圖 Tabula XXIV.

たけしまやなぎ

Salix Ishidoyana NAKAI.

- | | |
|-------------|----------------------|
| A. 果實ヲ附クル枝。 | A. Ramus fructifer. |
| B. 果實ノ廓大圖。 | B. Fructus (auctus). |

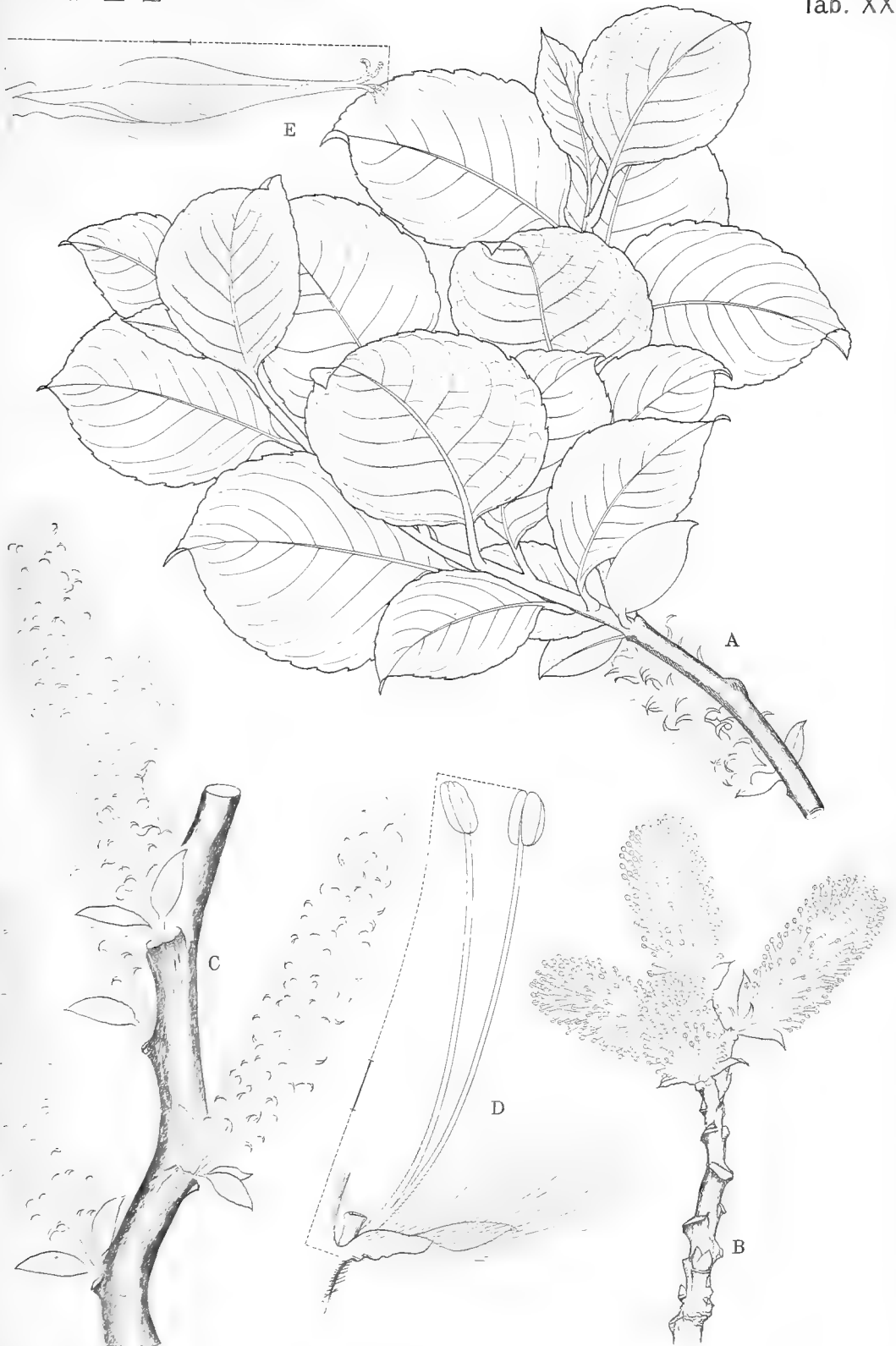


第貳拾五圖 Tabula XXV.

たんなやなぎ

Salix hallaisanensis LÉVEILLÉ.

- | | |
|-----------------|--|
| A. 葉ト果實ヲ附クル夏ノ枝。 | A. Ramus æstivalis cum foliis & fructibus. |
| B. 雄花穂ヲ附クル枝。 | B. Ramulus cum amentis masculis. |
| C. 果穂ヲ附クル枝。 | C. Ramulus cum amentis fructiferis. |
| D. 雄花ヲ側面ヨリ見ル。 | D. Flos masculus laterali visus. |
| E. 雌花ヲ側面ヨリ見ル。 | E. Flos fæmineus laterali visus. |



第貳拾六圖 Tabula XXVI.

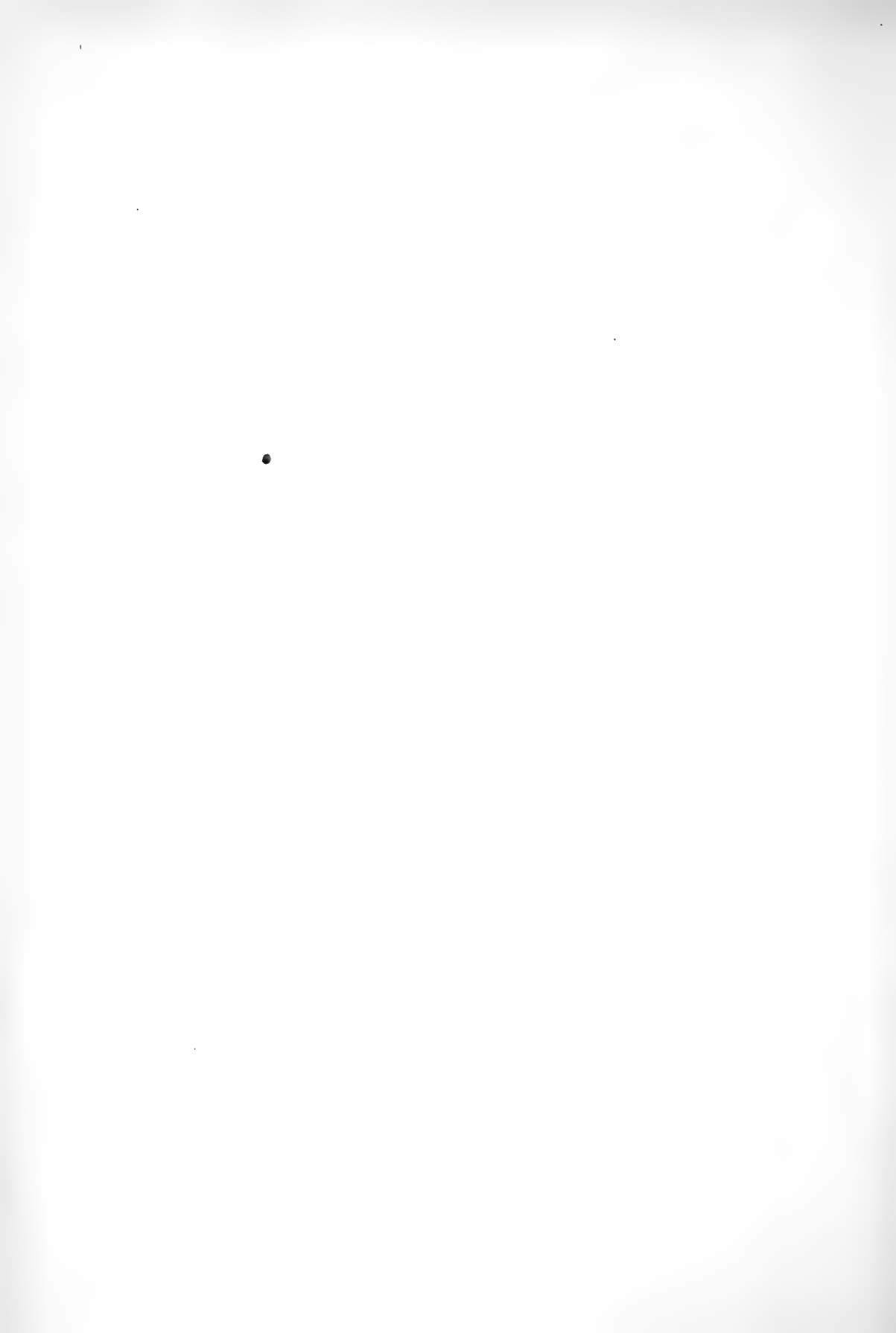
かうらいばっこやなぎ

Salix hallaisanensis LÉVEILLÉ.

var. *orbicularis* NAKAI.

- | | |
|-----------------|---|
| A. 長枝ノ葉。 | A. Folium turionis. |
| B. 雄花穂ヲ附クル枝。 | B. Ramulus cum amentis masculis. |
| C. 果穂ヲ附クル夏期ノ枝。 | C. Ramulus æstivalis cum amentis fructiferis. |
| D, D. 苞。 | D, D. Bracteæ. |
| E. 苞ヲ萼ヨリ離シタルモノ。 | E. Bractea vera ex calyce sejuncta. |
| F. 雄花ヲ側面ヨリ見ル。 | F. Flos masculus laterali visus. |
| G, G. 雄花ノ蜜腺。 | G, G. Glandulæ florum masculorum. |
| H. 雌花ヲ側面ヨリ見ル。 | H. Flos fæmineus laterali visus. |
| I, I. 雌花ノ蜜腺。 | I, I. Glandulæ florum fæminorum. |





第貳拾七圖 Tabula XXVII.

ほそばっこやなぎ

Salix hallaisanensis LÉVEILLÉ.

var. *orbicularis* NAKAI.

f. *elongata* NAKAI.

夏期ノ枝。

Ramus æstivalis tantum cum foliis.



第貳拾八圖 Tabula XXVIII.

おほみねやなぎト おほみねけやなぎ

Salix sericeo-cinerea NAKAI et
ejus var. *lanata* NAKAI.

- | | |
|----------------------------|---|
| A. おほみねけやなぎノ雌花
穂ヲ附クルモノ。 | A. Ramus var. <i>lanatæ</i> cum amentis
fæmineis. |
| B. 雄花穂ヲ附クルおほみね
やなぎ。 | B. Ramus var. <i>typicæ</i> cum amentis
masculis. |
| C. 雌花穂ヲ附クルおほみね
やなぎ。 | C. Ramus var. <i>typicæ</i> cum amentis
fæmineis. |
| D. 果穂ヲ附クルおほみねや
なぎ。 | D. Ramulus var. <i>typicæ</i> cum amentis
fructiferis. |
| E. 雄花ヲ腹面ヨリ見ル。 | E. Flos masculus ventrali visus. |
| F. 雄花ヲ側面ヨリ見ル。 | F. Flos masculus laterali visus. |
| G. 雌花ヲ側面ヨリ見ル。 | G. Flos fæmineus laterali visus. |
| H. 花柱ト柱頭。 | H. Styli et stigmata. |
| I, I, I. 雌花ノ蜜腺ノ異型。 | I, I, I. Glandulæ variæ florum fæmi-
norum. |



第貳拾九圖 Tabula XXIX.

たかねやなぎ

Salix bicarpa NAKAI.

A, A. 果穂ヲ附クル枝。

A, A. Ramus amentis fructiferis.

B. 雌花ノ苞。

B. Bracteæ floris fæminei.

C. 雌花ヲ腹面ヨリ見ル。

C. Flos fæmineus ventrali visus.

D. 蒴ヲ開キテ胎坐ヲ示ス。

D. Carpellum apertum et placentum
exhibitum.



第參拾圖 Tabula XXX.

ちゃぼやなぎ

Salix meta-formosa NAKAI.

- | | |
|-----------------|--|
| A. 夏期採收ノ植物。 | A. <i>Planta in æstate lecta.</i> |
| B. 雌花穂ヲ附クル植物。 | B. <i>Planta cum amentis fæmineis.</i> |
| C. 雌花ノ苞ヲ背面ヨリ見ル。 | C. <i>Squama floris fæminei ex dorso
visa.</i> |
| D. 雌花ヲ側面ヨリ見ル。 | D. <i>Flos fæmineus laterali visus.</i> |
| E, E. 蜜腺。 | E, E. <i>Glandulæ.</i> |



第參拾壹圖 Tabula XXXI.

ほ や な ぎ

Salix orthostemma NAKAI.

- | | |
|-----------------|--|
| A. 半熟ノ果穂ヲ附クル植物。 | A. <i>Planta cum amentis fæmineis semimaturatis.</i> |
| B. 果穂ヲ附クル植物。 | B. <i>Planta cum amentis fructiferis.</i> |
| C. 雌花。 | C. <i>Fløs fæmineus.</i> |



第參拾貳圖 Tabula XXXII.

まめやなぎ

Salix rotundifolia TRAUTVETTER.

- | | |
|--------------------|--|
| A. 雄花穂ヲ附クル雄本。 | A. Planta mascula cum amentis masculis. |
| B. 雌花穂ヲ附クル雌本ノ枝。 | B. Ramus plantæ fæmineæ cum amento fæmineo. |
| C. 果實ヲ附クル雌本。 | C. Planta fructifera. |
| D. 雄花ヲ稍側面ヨリ見ル。 | D. Flos masculus sublaterali visus. |
| E, E, E. 雄花ノ背面ノ蜜腺。 | E, E, E. Glandulæ dorsales florum masculorum. |
| F, F, F. 雄花ノ腹面ノ蜜腺。 | F, F, F. Glandulæ ventrales florum masculorum. |
| G. 雌花ヲ側面ヨリ見ル。 | G. Flos fæmineus laterali visus. |



第參拾參圖 Tabula XXXIII.

めぎやなぎ

Salix berberifolia PALLAS.

var. *genuina* GLEHN.

- | | |
|---------------|----------------------------------|
| A. 果實ヲ附クル植物。 | A. Planta fructifera. |
| B. 雌花ヲ腹面ヨリ見ル。 | B. Flos fæmineus ventrali visus. |
| C. 雌花ヲ側面ヨリ見ル。 | C. Flos fæmineus laterali visus. |



第參拾四圖 Tabula XXXIV.

ながばめぎやなぎ

Salix berberifolia PALLAS.

var. *Brayi* TRAUTVETTER.

- | | |
|---------------|------------------------------------|
| A. 果穂ヲ附クル植物。 | A. Planta cum amentis fructiferis. |
| B. 雌花ヲ側方ヨリ見ル。 | B. Flos fæmineus laterali visus. |
| C. 腹面ノ蜜腺。 | C. Glandula ventralis. |



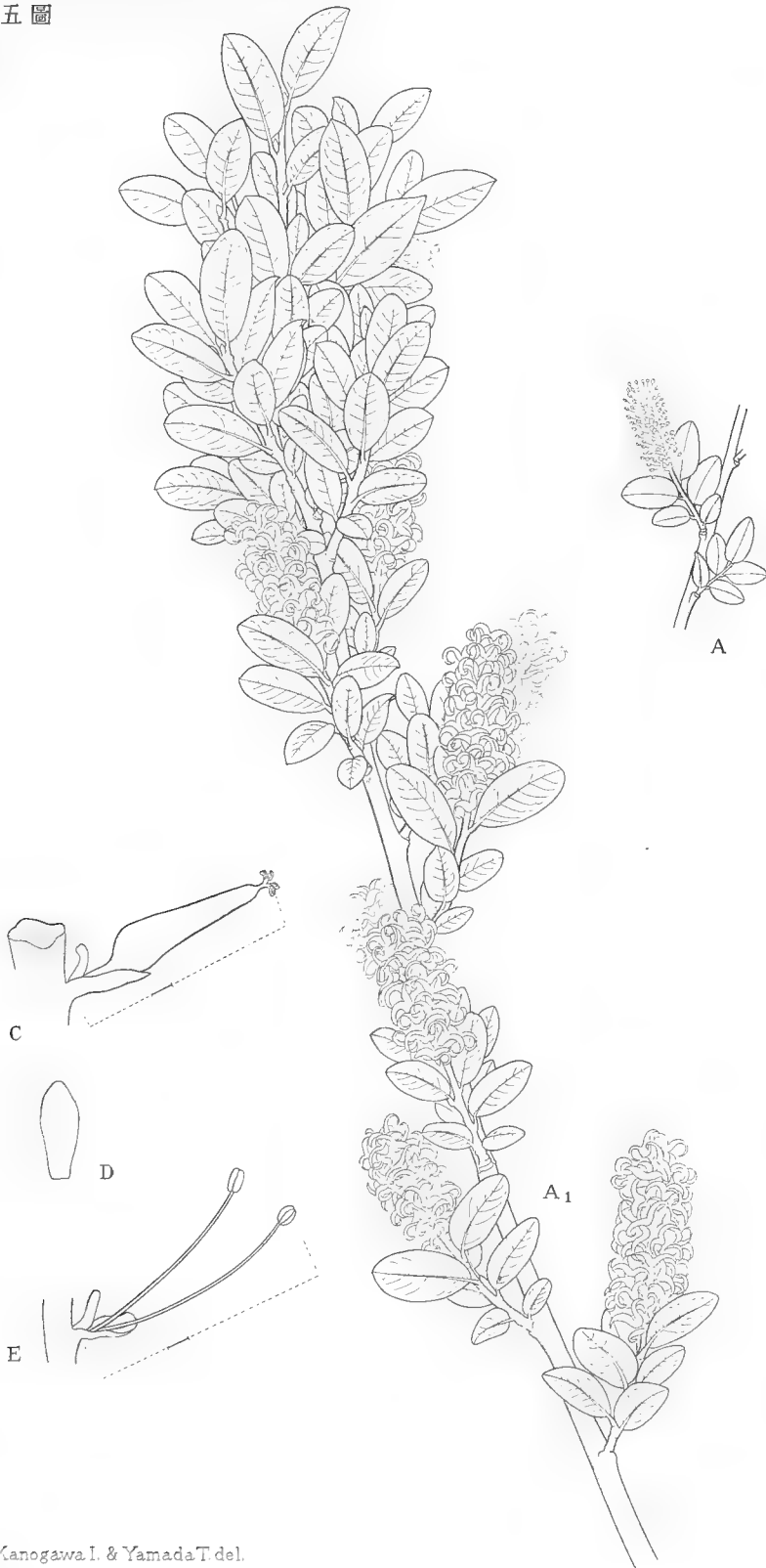
第參拾五圖 Tabula XXXV.

ぬまやなぎ

Salix myrtilloides LINNÆUS.

var. *manshurica* NAKAI.

- | | |
|---------------------------|---|
| A. 雄花穂ヲ附クル枝。 | A. Ramulus cum amentis masculis. |
| A ₁ . 果穂ヲ附クル枝。 | A ₁ . Ramus cum amentis fructiferis. |
| B. 雌花穂ヲ附クル枝。 | B. Ramus cum amentis fæmineis. |
| C. 雌花ヲ側方ヨリ見ル。 | C. Flos fæmineus laterali visus. |
| D. 雌花ノ苞ヲ背面ヨリ見ル。 | D. Bractea floris fæminei dorsali visa. |
| E. 雄花ヲ側方ヨリ見ル。 | E. Flos masculus laterali visus. |



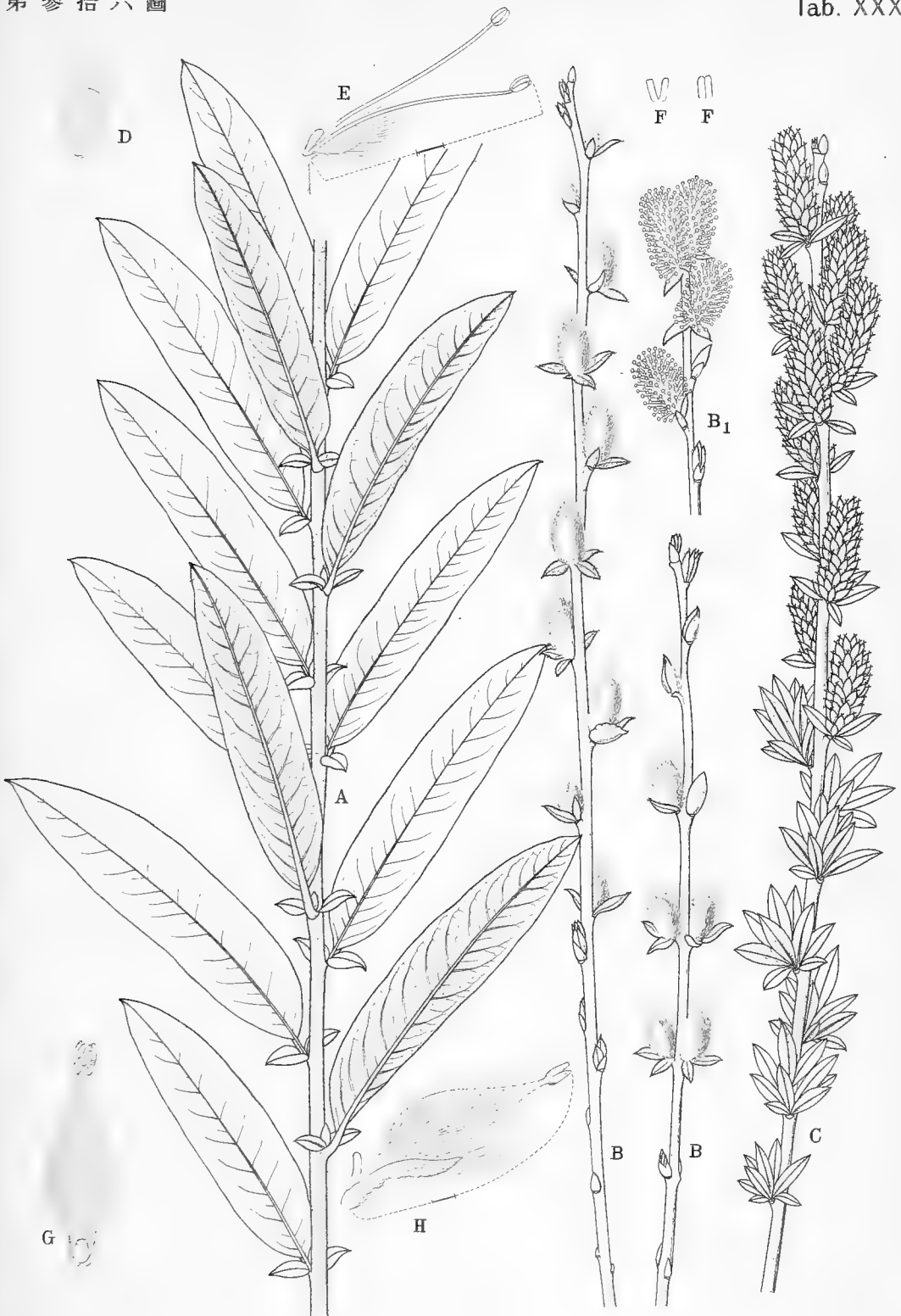
第參拾六圖 Tabula XXXVI.

ぬまきぬやなぎ

Salix sibirica PALLAS.

var. *brachypoda* NAKAI.

- | | |
|---------------------------|--|
| A. 萌枝。 | A. Turio. |
| B. 雄花蕾ヲ持ツ枝。 | B. Ramus cum alabastris masculis. |
| B ₁ . 雄花穂ヲ持ツ枝。 | B ₁ . Ramus cum amentis masculis. |
| C. 未熟ノ花穂ヲ持ツ枝。 | C. Ramus cum amentis fructiferis
immaturatis. |
| D. 雄花ノ苞ヲ背面ヨリ見ル。 | D. Bractea floris masculi dorsali
visa. |
| E. 雄花ヲ側面ヨリ見ル。 | E. Flos masculus laterali visus. |
| F, F. 雄花ノ蜜腺。 | F, F. Glandulæ ventrales florum
masculorum. |
| G. 雌花ヲ腹面ヨリ見ル。 | G. Flos fæmineus ventrali visus. |
| H. 雌花ヲ側面ヨリ見ル。 | H. Flos fæmineus laterali visus. |

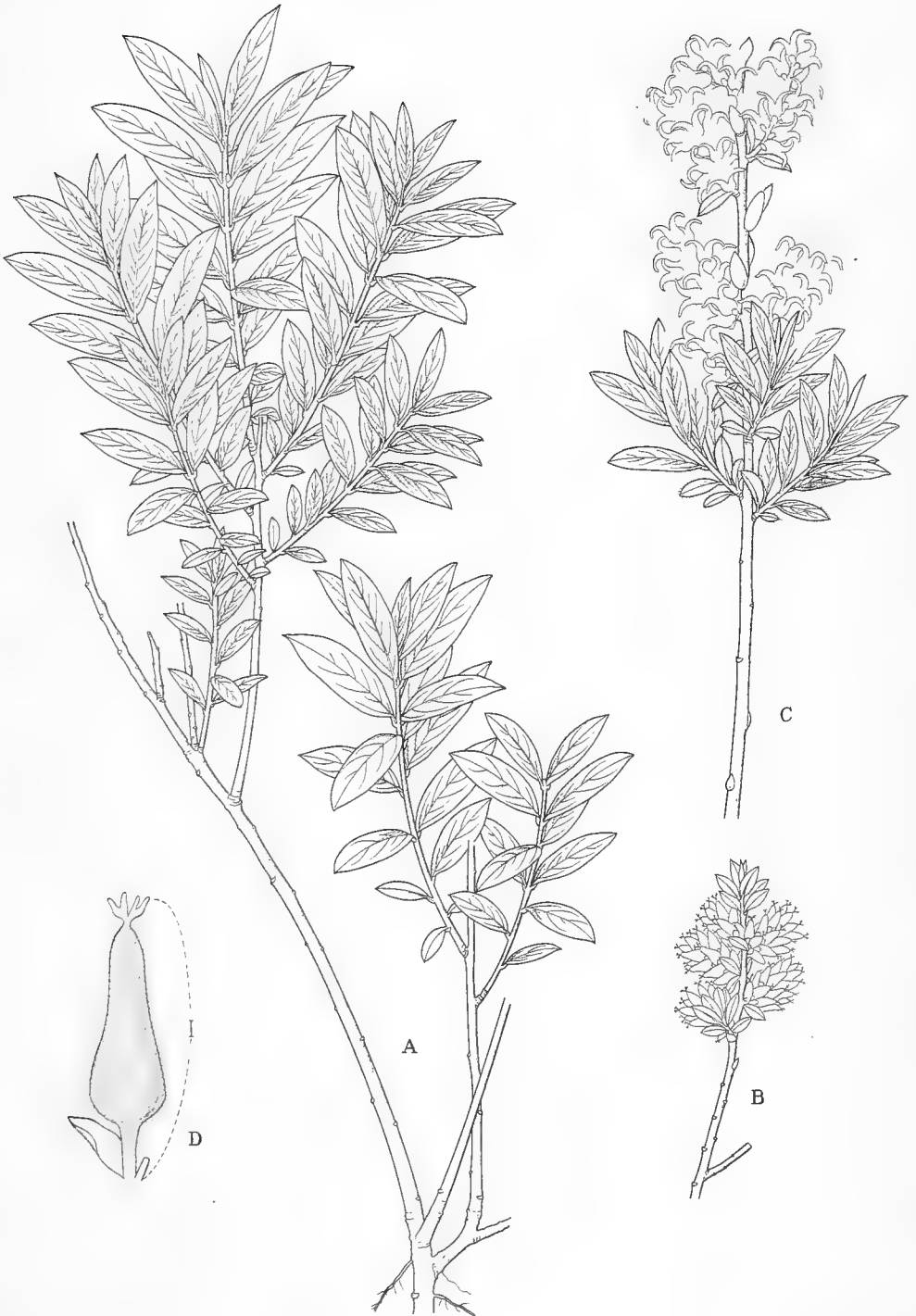


第參拾七圖 Tabula XXXVII.

の や な ぎ

Salix subopposita MIQUEL.

- | | |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------|
| A. 花モ實モナキ植物。 | A. Planta sterilis. |
| B. 未熟ノ果實ヲ附クル枝。 | B. Ramus cum fructibus immaturatis. |
| C. 熟シタル果實ヲ附クル枝。 | C. Ramus cum fructibus maturatis. |
| D. 未熟ノ果實。 | D. Fructus immaturatus. |



第參拾八圖 Tabula XXXVIII.

かうらいやなぎ

Salix koreensis ANDERSSON.

- | | |
|--------------------|--|
| A. 葉ヲ附クル枝。 | A. Ramus foliiger. |
| B. 雄花穂ヲ附クル枝。 | B. Ramus cum amentis masculis. |
| C. 雌花穂ヲ附クル枝。 | C. Ramus cum amentis fæmineis. |
| D. 果實ヲ附クル枝。 | D. Ramus cum fructibus. |
| E. 雄花ノ苞ヲ腹面ヨリ見ル。 | E. Bractea floris masculi ventrali visa. |
| F. 雄花ヲ側面ヨリ見ル。 | F. Flos masculus laterali visus. |
| G. 雄花ヲ腹面ヨリ見ル。 | G. Flos masculus ventrali visus. |
| H, H. 雄花ノ背面ノ蜜腺。 | H, H. Glandulæ dorsales florum masculorum. |
| I, I, I. 雄花ノ腹面ノ蜜腺。 | I, I, I. Glandulæ ventrales florum masculorum. |
| K. 葯ヲ外方ヨリ見ル。 | K. Anthera extus visa. |
| L. 雄花ノ花式圖。 | L. Diagramma floris masculi. |
| M. 雌花ノ苞ヲ腹面ヨリ見ル。 | M. Bractea floris fæminei ventrali visa. |
| N. 雌花ヲ側面ヨリ見ル。 | N. Flos fæmineus laterali visus. |
| O, O. 雌花ノ背面ノ蜜腺。 | O, O. Glandulæ dorsales florum fæmineorum. |
| P, P. 雌花ノ腹面ノ蜜腺。 | P, P. Glandulæ ventrales florum fæmineorum. |
| Q. 雌花ノ花式圖。 | Q. Diagramma floris fæminei. |

第參拾九圖 Tabula XXXIX.

かうらいしだれやなぎ

Salix pseudo-lasiogyne LÉVEILLÉ.

- | | |
|------------------|--|
| A. 長枝ノ一部。 | A. Pars rami elongati. |
| B. 雄花穂ヲ附クル枝。 | B. Ramulus cum amentis masculis. |
| C. 雌花穂ヲ附クル枝。 | C. Ramulus cum amentis fæmineis. |
| D. 雄花。 | D. Flos masculus. |
| E. 雄花ノ基部ヲ腹面ヨリ見ル。 | E. Basis floris masculi ventrali visa. |
| F, F. 雄花ノ蜜腺。 | F, F. Glandulæ floris masculi. |
| G. 雌花ヲ側面ヨリ見ル。 | G. Flos fæmineus laterali visus. |





第四拾圖 Tabula XL.

いぬしだれやなぎ

Salix dependens NAKAI.

- | | |
|---------------|--|
| A. 雄花穂ヲ附クル枝。 | A. Ramus cum amentis masculis. |
| B. 雌花穂ヲ附クル枝。 | B. Ramus cum amentis fæmineis. |
| C. 雄花ヲ側面ヨリ見ル。 | C. Flos masculus laterali visus. |
| D. 雄花ヲ腹面ヨリ見ル。 | D. Bractea floris masculi ventrali visa. |
| E. 雄花ノ背面ノ蜜腺。 | E. Glandula dorsalis floris masculi. |
| F. 雄蕊。 | F. Stamina. |
| G. 雄花ノ腹面ノ蜜腺。 | G. Glandula ventralis floris masculi. |
| H. 雌花ヲ側面ヨリ見ル。 | H. Flos fæmineus laterali visus. |
| K. 雌花ノ蜜腺。 | K. Glandula floris fæminei. |



第四拾壹圖 Tabula XLI.

大陸きぬやなぎ

Salix viminalis LINNÆUS.

- | | |
|--|---|
| A. 夏期採收ノ枝。 | A. Ramus æstivalis. |
| B. 雄花穂ヲ附クル枝。 | B. Ramulus cum amentis masculis. |
| C. 雌花穂ヲ附クル枝。 | C. Ramulus cum amentis fæmineis. |
| D. 未熟ノ果實ヲ附クル枝。 | D. Ramulus cum fructibus immaturatis. |
| E. 葉ノ裏面ノ一部。 | E. Pars paginæ inferioris folii. |
| F. 雄花ヲ腹面ヨリ見ル。 | F. Flos masculus ventrali visus. |
| G. 雄花ノ基部。 | G. Basis floris masculi. |
| H. 葯。 | H. Anthera. |
| I. 果實ヲ附クル枝。 | I. Ramus fructifer. |
| K. 雌花ヲ側方ヨリ見ル。 | K. Flos fæmineus laterali visus. |
| L, L, L. 種々ノ形ノ蜜腺、
其中翼アルモノハ翼
ハ紅色ナリ。 | L, L, L. Glandulæ variæ, quarum alatae
in alis erubescences. |



Nakai T. & Yamada T. del.

Nakazawa K. sculp.

第四拾貳圖 Tabula XLII.

ほそばきぬやなぎ

Salix viminalis LINNÆUS.

var. *linearifolia* WIMMER & GRABOWSKI.

- | | |
|-----------------|----------------------------------|
| A. 夏期採收ノ枝。 | A. Ramulus æstivalis. |
| B. 雌花穂ヲ附クル枝。 | B. Ramulus cum amentis fæmineis. |
| C. 葉ノ一部ヲ裏面ヨリ見ル。 | C. Pars paginæ inferioris folii. |
| D. 苞ヲ側方ヨリ見ル。 | D. Bractea laterali visa. |
| E. 雌花ヲ側方ヨリ見ル。 | E. Flos fæmineus laterali visus. |
| F. 蜜腺。 | F. Glandula. |
| G. 四又セル柱頭。 | G. Stigma quadrifidum. |



第四拾參圖 Tabula XLIII.

こばのきぬやなぎ

Salix viminalis LINNÆUS.

var. *abbreviata* DÖELL.

- | | |
|-----------------|----------------------------------|
| A. 夏期採收ノ枝。 | A. Ramus æstivalis. |
| B. 雌花穂ヲ附クル枝。 | B. Ramulus cum amentis fæmineis. |
| C. 葉ノ一部ヲ裏面ヨリ見ル。 | C. Pars folii infra visa. |
| D. 雌花ヲ腹面ヨリ見ル。 | D. Flos fæmineus ventrali visus. |
| E. 雌花ヲ側面ヨリ見ル。 | E. Flos fæmineus laterali visus. |



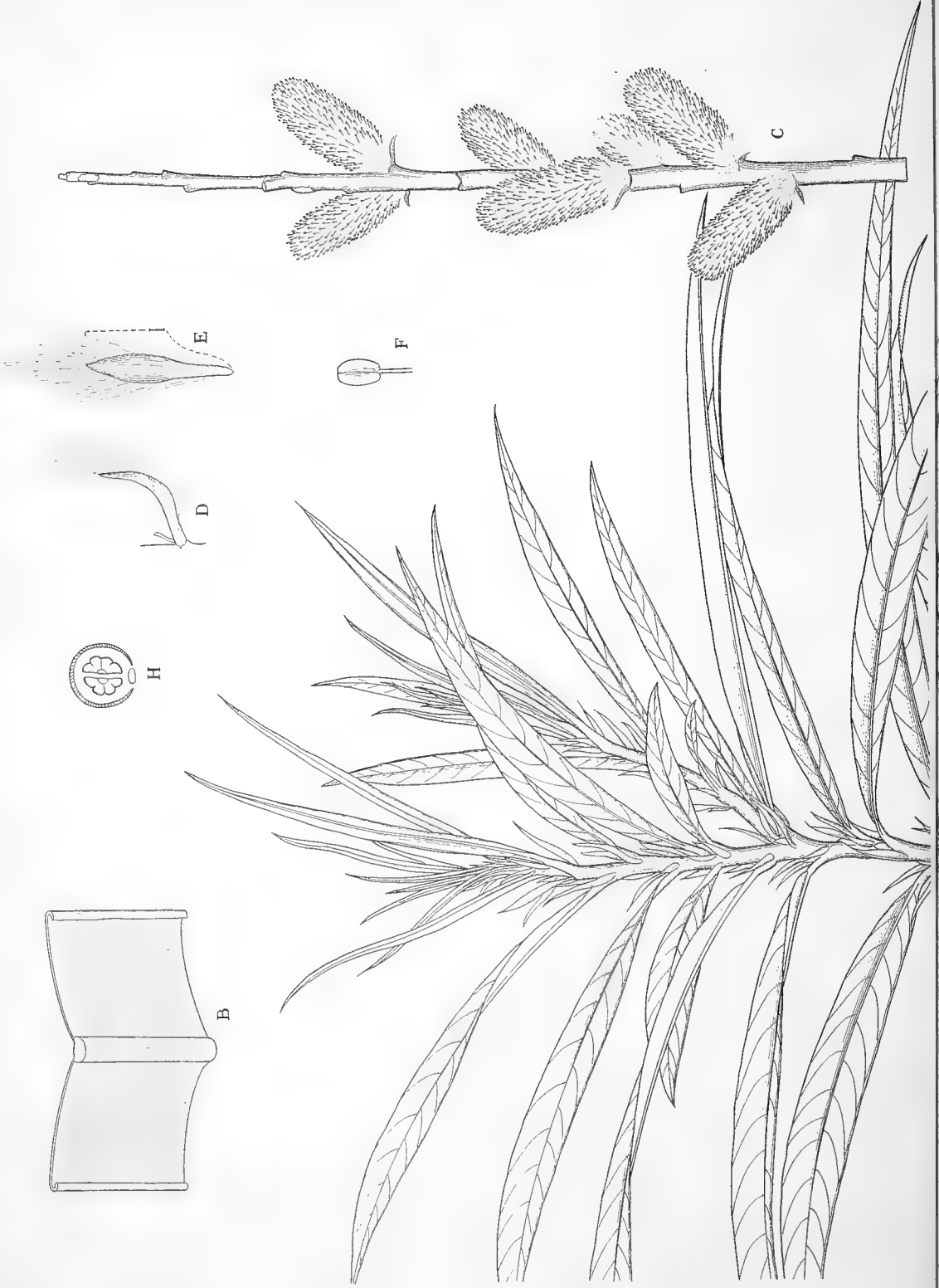
第四拾四圖 Tabula XLIV.

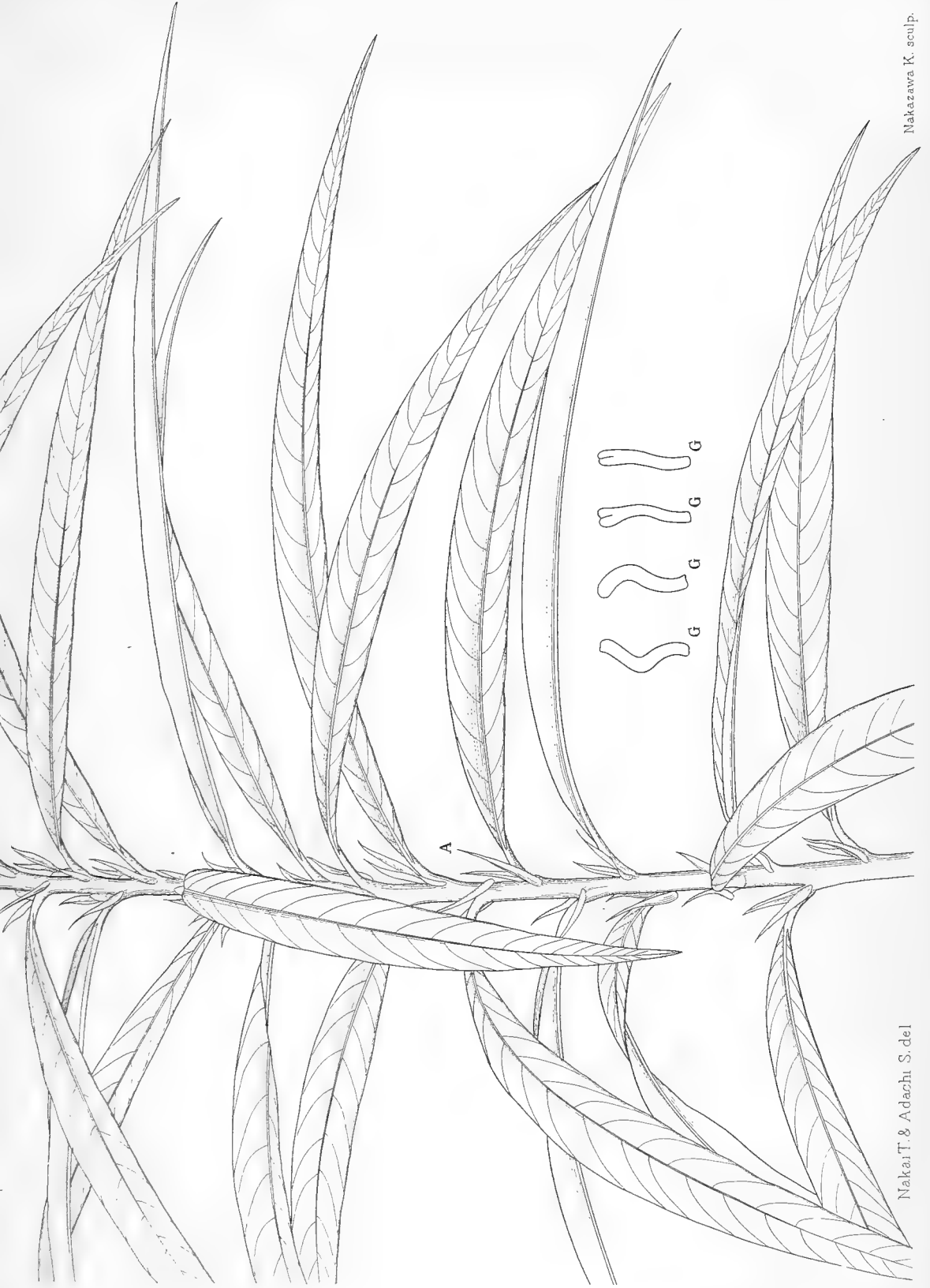
かうらいきぬやなぎ

Salix stipularis SMITH.

- | | |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------|
| A. 葉ヲ附クル枝。 | A. Ramus foliifer. |
| B. 葉ノ一部ヲ裏面ヨリ見ル。 | B. Pars folii infra visa. |
| C. 雄花穂ヲ附クル枝。 | C. Ramulus cum amentis masculis. |
| D. 苞及ビ蜜腺ヲ側方ヨリ見ル。 | D. Bractea et glandula laterali visæ. |
| E. 苞ヲ背面ヨリ見ル。 | E. Bractea dorsali visa. |
| F. 葯。 | F. Anthera. |
| G, G, G, G. 種々ノ形ノ蜜腺。 | G, G, G, G. Glandulæ variæ. |
| H. 雄花ノ花式圖。 | H. Diagramma floris masculi. |









第四拾五圖 Tabula XLV.

てうせんをのへやなぎ

Salix Siuzevii SEEMEN.

- | | |
|--------------------|--|
| A. 萌枝ノ一部。 | A. Pars turionis. |
| B. 雄花穂ヲ附クル枝。 | B. Ramulus cum amentis masculis. |
| C. 雌花穂ヲ附クル枝。 | C. Ramulus cum amentis fæmineis. |
| D. 果實ヲ附クル枝。 | D. Ramulus cum amentis fructiferis. |
| E. 雄花ヲ腹面ヨリ見ル。 | E. Flos masculus ventrali visus. |
| F, F. 雄花ノ蜜腺ノ異型。 | F, F. Glandulæ variæ florum masculorum. |
| G, G, G. 葯ヲ種々ニ見ル。 | G, G, G. Antheræ varie visæ. |
| H. 雌花ヲ側面ヨリ見ル。 | H. Flos fæmineus laterali visus. |
| I, I, I. 雄花ノ蜜腺ノ異型。 | I, I, I. Glandulæ variæ florum fæmineorum. |
| K. 柱頭ヲ種々ノ方向ヨリ見ル。 | K. Stigmata varie visa. |
| L. 雌花ノ苞ヲ側方ヨリ見ル。 | L. Bractea floris fæminei laterali visa. |

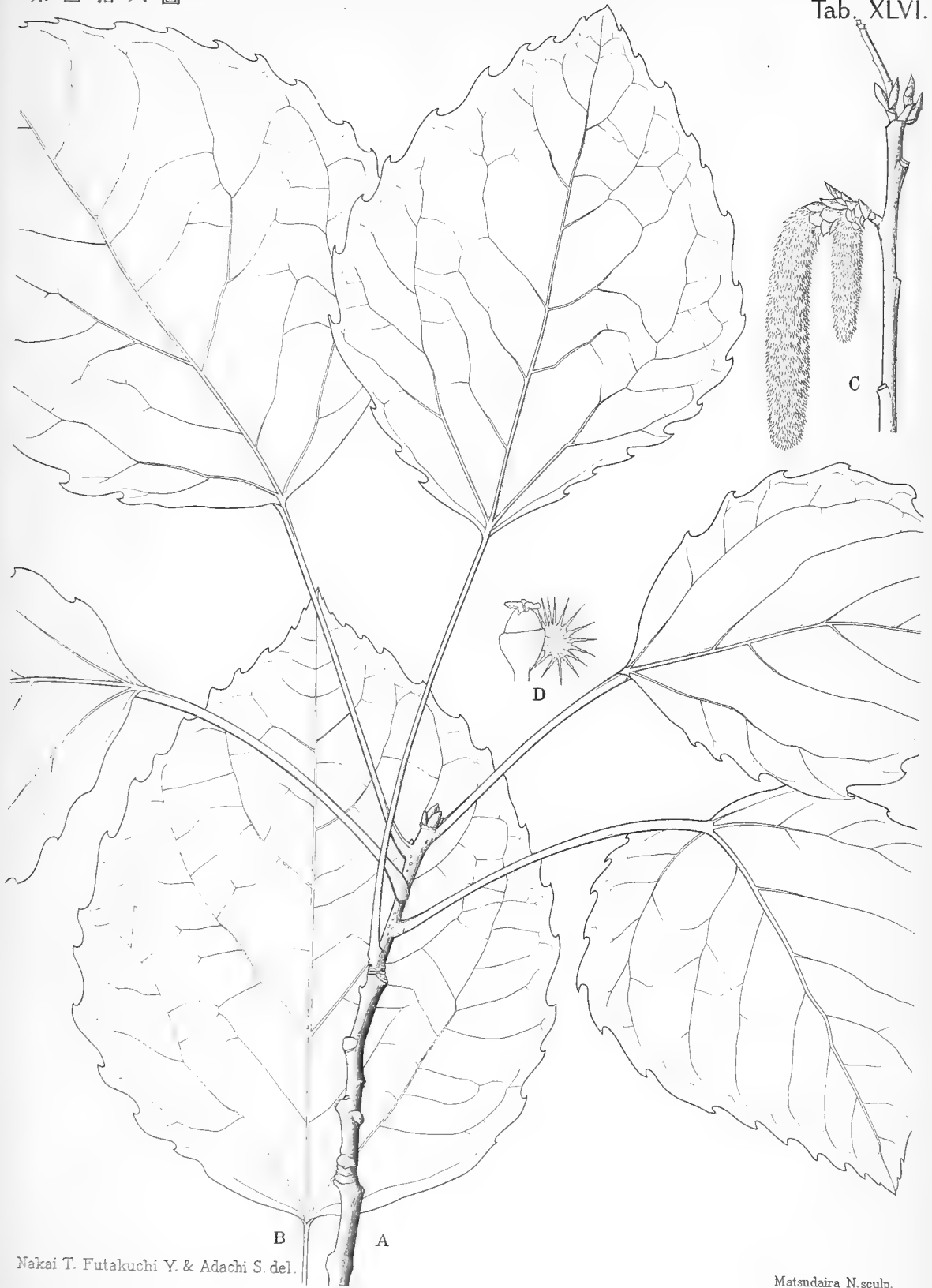


第四拾六圖 Tabula XLVI.

えぞやまならし

Populus jesoensis NAKAI.

- | | |
|--------------|---------------------------------|
| A. 葉ヲ附クル枝。 | A. Ramus adultus cum foliis. |
| B. 平均大サノ葉。 | B. Folium magnitudine mediocre. |
| C. 雌花穂ヲ附クル枝。 | C. Ramus cum amentis fæmineis. |
| D. 雌花。 | D. Flos fæmineus. |





第四拾七圖 Tabula XLVII.

てうせんやまならし

Populus Davidiana DODE.

- | | |
|----------------------------|--|
| A. 葉ヲ附クル枝。 | A. Ramus cum foliis. |
| B. 雄花穂ヲ附クル枝。 | B. Ramulus cum amentis masculis. |
| C. 半熟ノ果穂ヲ附クル枝。 | C. Ramulus cum amentis fructibus
immaturatis. |
| D. 枝ノ一部。 | D. Pars rami. |
| E. 雄花ヲ側方ヨリ見ル。 | E. Flos masculus laterali visus. |
| F. 雄花ノ花被ヨリ雄蕊ヲ
取去リ上ヨリ見ル。 | F. Perigonium floris masculi exquo
stamina sejuncta et supra visum. |



第四拾八圖 Tabula XLVIII.

てうせんやまならし

Populus Davidiana DODE.

果實ヲ附クル枝。

Ramus fructifer.

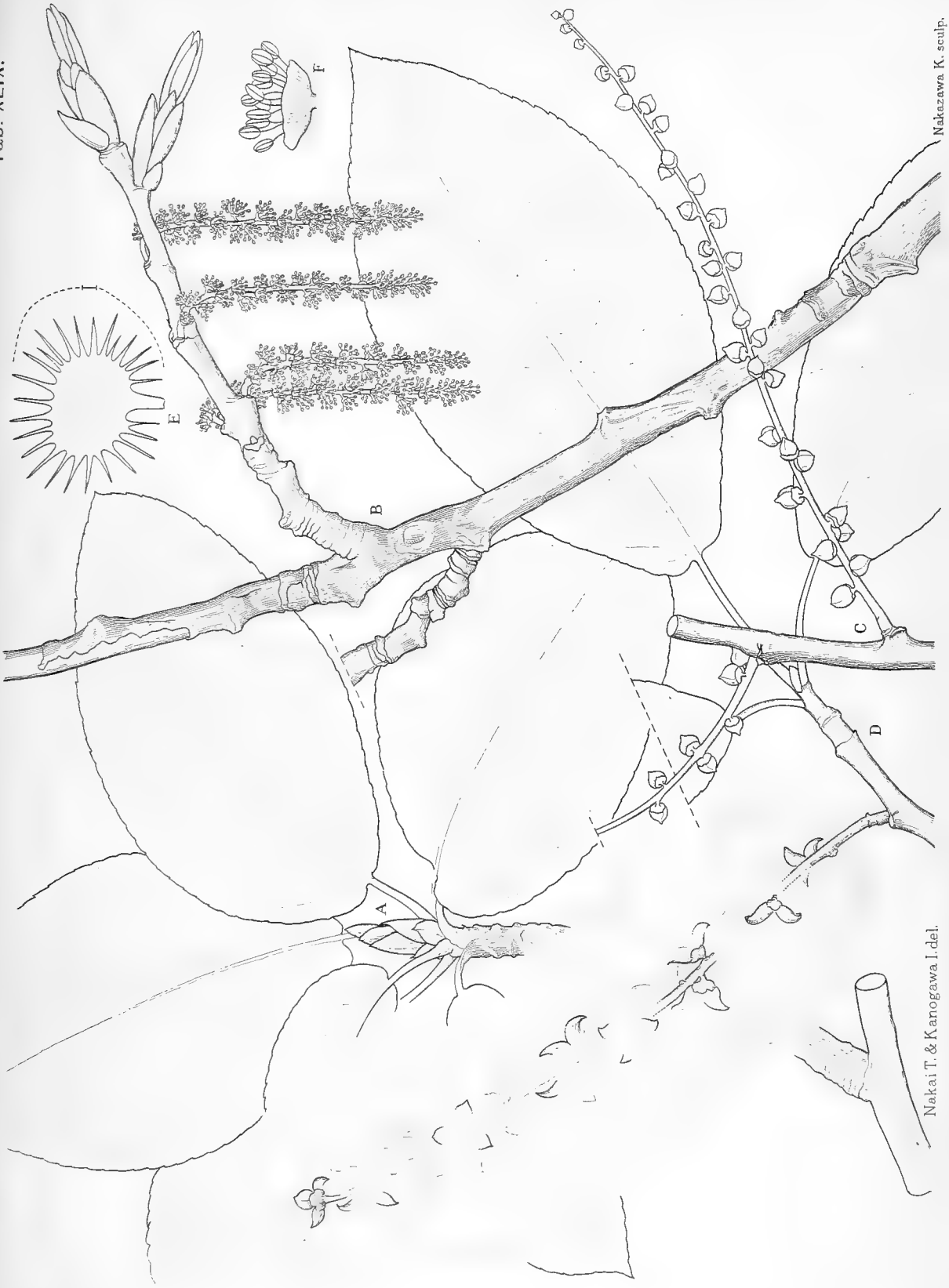


第四拾九圖 Tabula XLIX.

ちりめんごろ
一名 にほひごろ

Populus koreana REHDER.

- | | |
|------------------------|---|
| A. 葉ヲ附クル枝。 | A. Ramus cum foliis. |
| B. 雄花穂ヲ附クル枝。 | B. Ramulus cum amentis masculis. |
| C. 未熟ノ果穂ヲ附クル枝。 | C. Ramulus cum amentis fructiferis.
immaturatis. |
| D. 成熟セル果穂ト葉トヲ附
クル枝。 | D. Ramulus cum fructibus rupsis et
foliis. |
| E. 苞。 | E. Bractea. |
| F. 雄花。 | F. Flos masculus. |





第五拾圖 Tabula L.

ご ろ の き

Populus Maximowiczii HENRY.

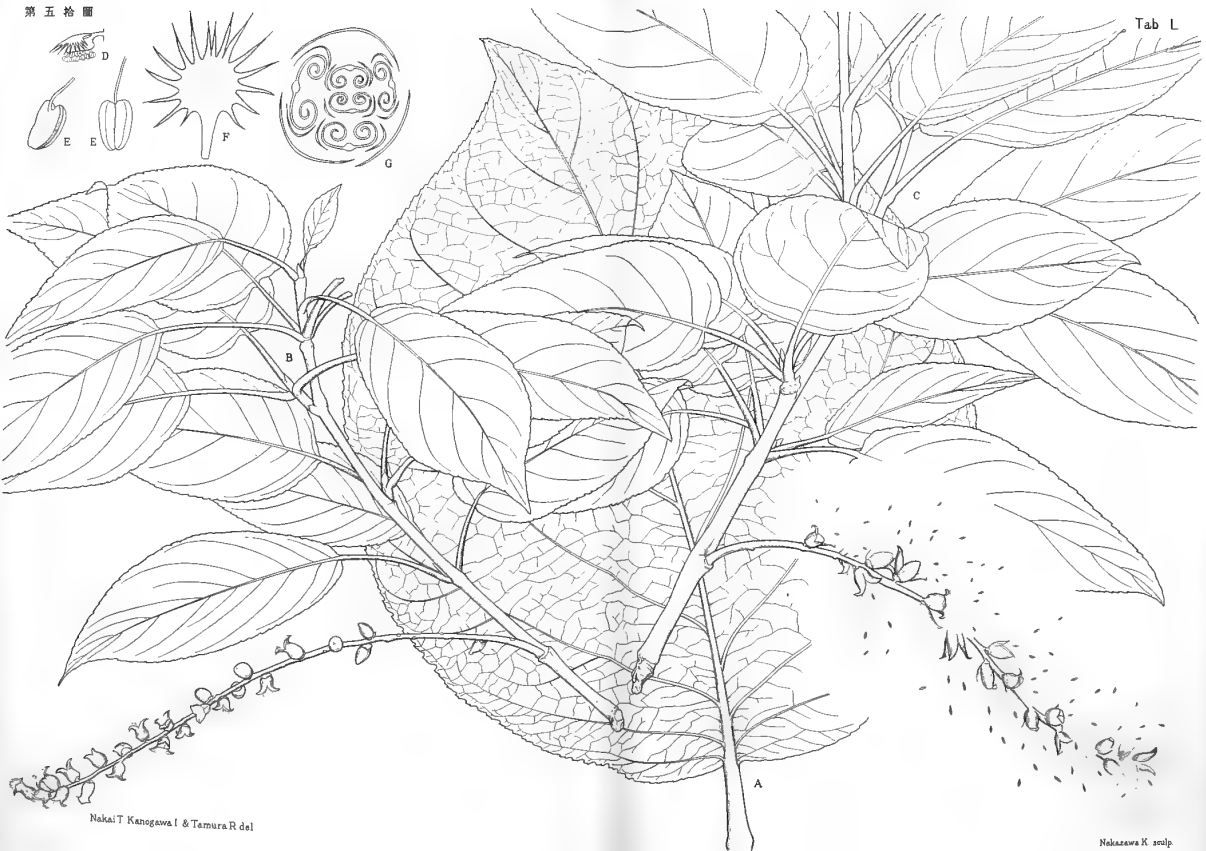
- | | |
|-----------------|---|
| A. 萌枝ノ大型ノ葉。 | A. Folium magnum turionis. |
| B. 果穂ヲ附クル枝。 | B. Ramulus cum amento fructifero. |
| C. 裂開セル果實ヲ附クル枝。 | C. Ramulus cum fructibus rupsis. |
| D. 雄花。 | D. Flos masculus. |
| E, E. 雄蕊。 | E, E. Stamina. |
| F. 苞。 | F. Bractea. |
| G. 嫩葉ノ排列ノ模型。 | G. Diagramma æstivationem foliorum
signatum. |

第五拾圖



Nakai T. Kanogawa I. & Tamura R del.







第五拾壹圖 Tabula LI.

てりはごろのき

Populus Simonii CARRIÈRE.

- | | |
|------------------------------|---|
| A. 葉ヲ附クル枝。 | A. Ramulus cum foliis. |
| B. 雄花穂ヲ附クル枝。 | B. Ramulus cum amentis masculis. |
| C. 雄花。 | C. Flos masculus. |
| D. 花被ヲ側腹面ヨリ見ル。 | D. Perigonium ventrali-laterali visum. |
| D ₁ . 花被ヲ側背面ヨリ見ル。 | D ₁ . Perigonium dorso-laterali visum. |
| D ₂ . 花被ヲ上ヨリ見ル。 | D ₂ . Perigonium supra visum. |
| E. 雄蕊ヲ背面ヨリ見ル。 | E. Stamen dorsali visum. |
| E ₁ . 雄蕊ヲ腹面ヨリ見ル。 | E ₁ . Stamen ventrali visum. |



第五拾貳圖 Tabula LII.

てりはごろのき

Populus Simonii CARRIÈRE.

小型ノ葉ヲ附クル若木ノ枝。 Ramus plantæ juvenilis cum foliis parvis.



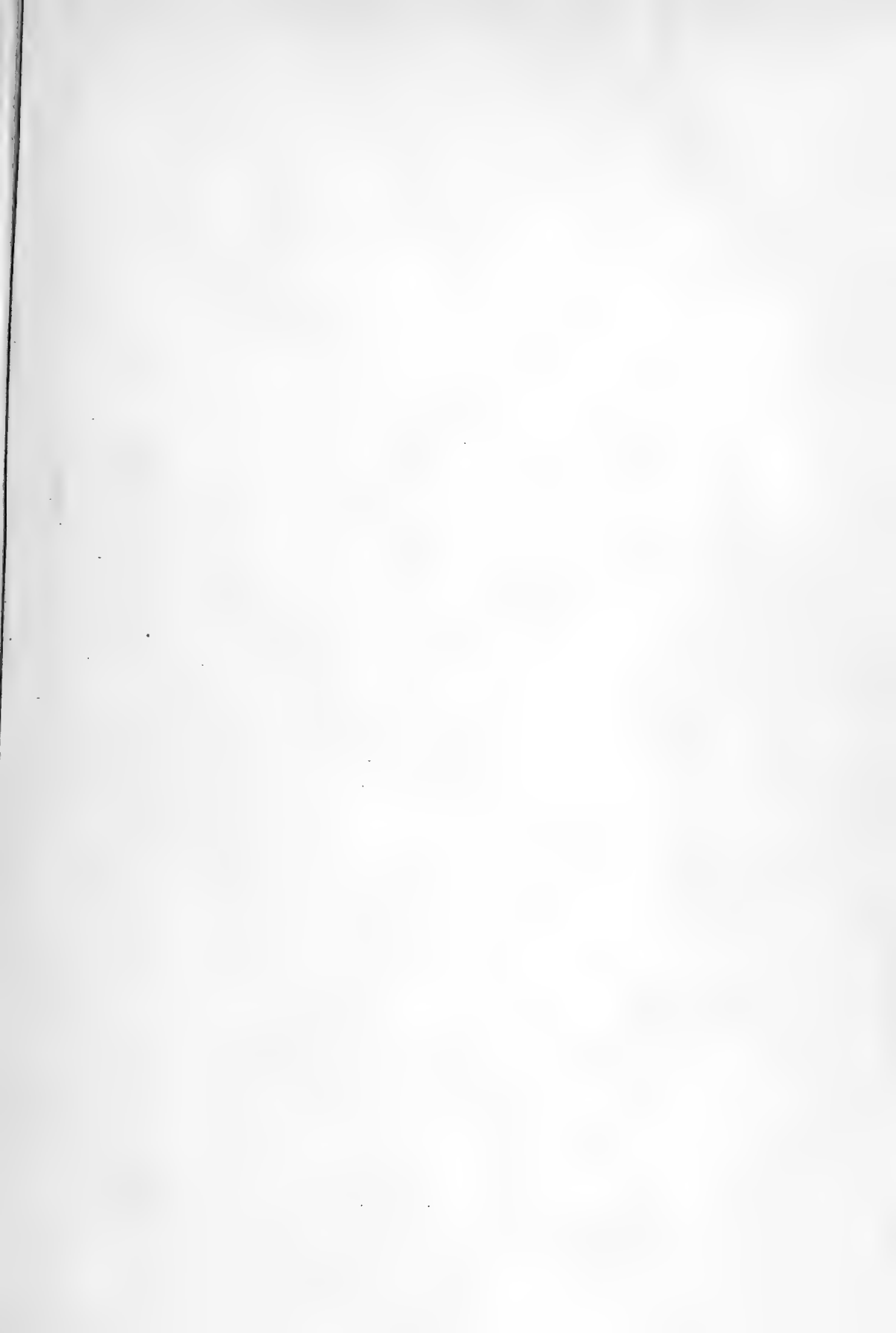
昭和五年六月廿五日印刷
昭和五年六月三十日發行

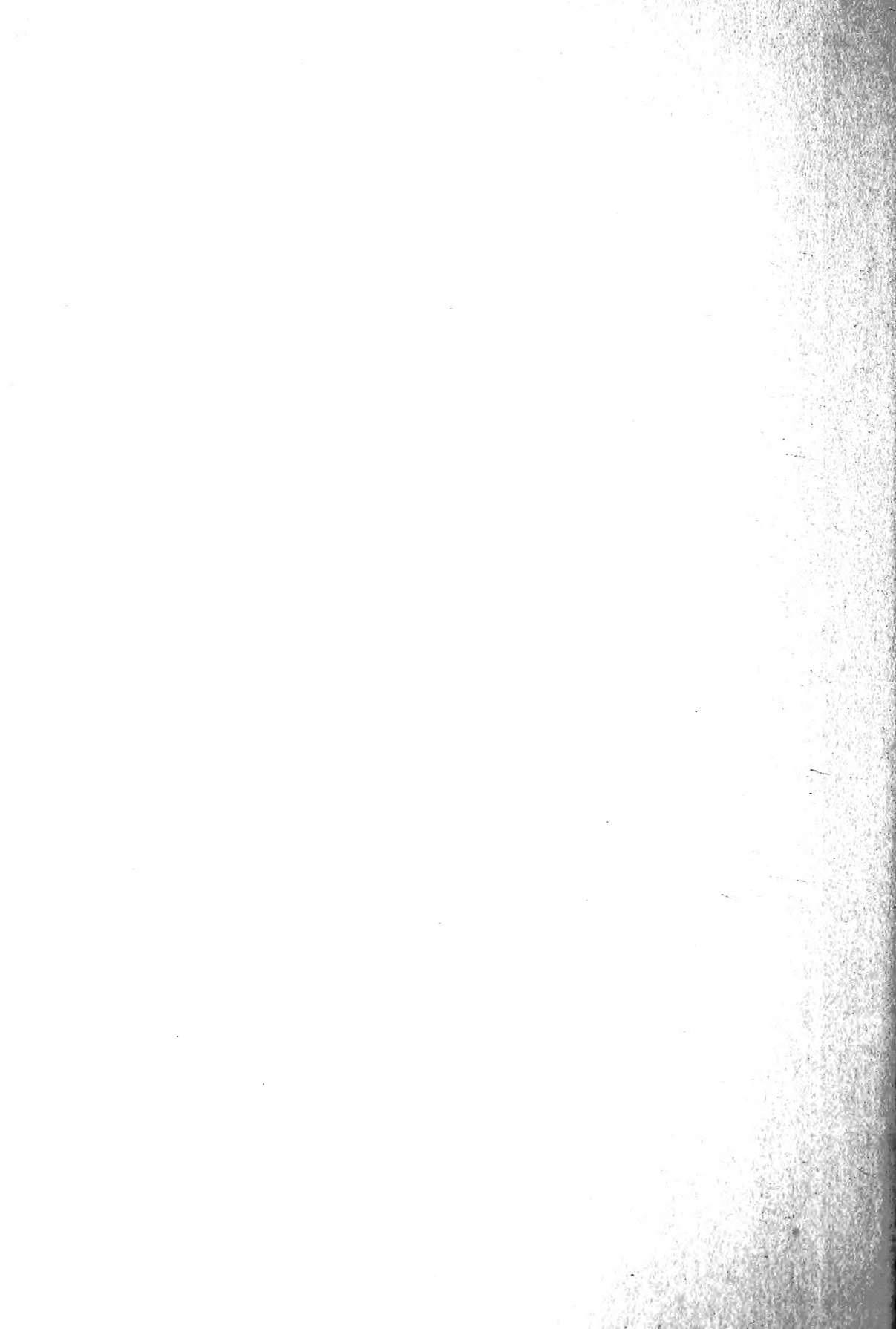
朝鮮總督林業試驗場

印刷者 秋本宗市
東京市麴町區內幸町一丁目四番地

印刷所 へラルド社印刷部
東京市麴町區內幸町一丁目四番地











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