# MARYLAND UBLESATION

GENERAL CATALOG
ISSUE

- AGRICULTURE
  - \* ARTS and SCIENCES
    - BUSINESS and PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION
      - EDUCATION
        - ENGINEERING
          - HOME ECONOMICS
            - MILITARY SCIENCE, PHYSICAL EDUCATION and RECREATION

" DUATE STUDIES

- \* DEWTISTRY
  - . A 12
    - · W. DICINE
      - \* IFIMENTACY
        - \* NURSHIS
          - \* EXTENSION
            - · F-SEAHCH

### TABLE OF COVERES

MAP OF GAMPUS
CALIDIDAR FOR 1948, 1949, AND 1950
University Calendar for 1948-1949
CAMPOS PIOTÓRE
BOARD OF RECENTS.
OPPICEES OF ADMINISTRATION AND INSTRUCTIONAL STAFF AT
COLLEGE PARK
SECTION I—GENERAL Preliminary Information
Organization of the University
Physical Facilities
Admission Procedure
Regulation of Studies
Definition of Residence
Fees and Expenses
Student Health and Welfare
Living Arrangements
Honors and Awards
Student Activities and Organizations
SECTION II—RESIDENT INSTRUCTION AT COLLEGE PARK
College of Agriculture
College of Arts and Sciences
College of Business and Public Administration
College of Education
College of Engineering
College of Home Eqonomics
College of Military Science, Physical Education and Recreation .
Graduate School
Summer Session
Coulege of Special and Continuation Studies
CTION III—DIVISIONS  Cooperation With Graduate School, U. S. Dept. of Agricultu-
TION IV—COURSE OFFERINGS AT COLLEGE PARK,  LISTED ALPHABETICALLY BY DEPARTMENTS
CTION V-RESIDENT INSTRUCTION. AT BALTIMORE
School of Dentistry
School of Law
ool of Medicine
School of Pharmacy
University Hospital
School of Nursing
CION VI—AGRICULTURAL EXTENSION, RESEARCH AND REGULATORY AGENCIES,
ON VII—RECORDS AND STATISTICS
Conferred, Certificates and Honors Awarded.
incolliments for 1947-1948.
March Company

17



## GENERAL CATALOG ISSUE 1948 • 1949

The provisions of this publication are not to be regarded as an irrevocable contract between the student and the University. The University reserves the right to change any provision or requirement at any time within the student's term of residence. The University further reserves the right at any time, to ask a student to withdraw when it considers such action to be in the best interests of the University.

Volume 1

May 1, 1948

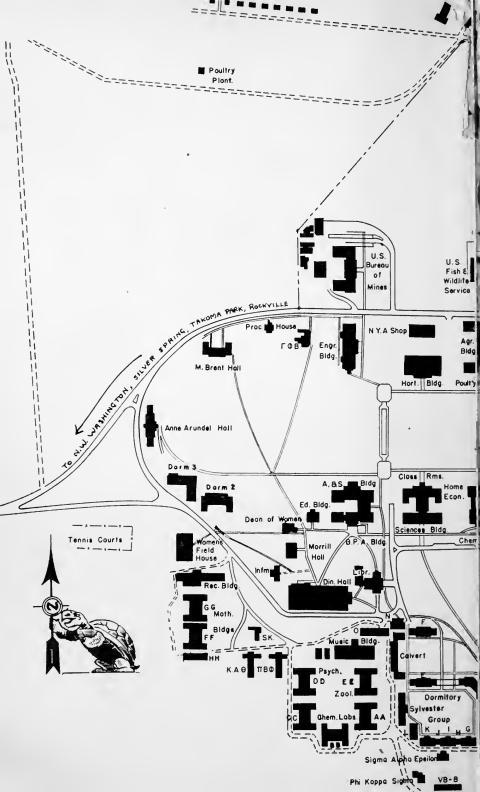
Number 4

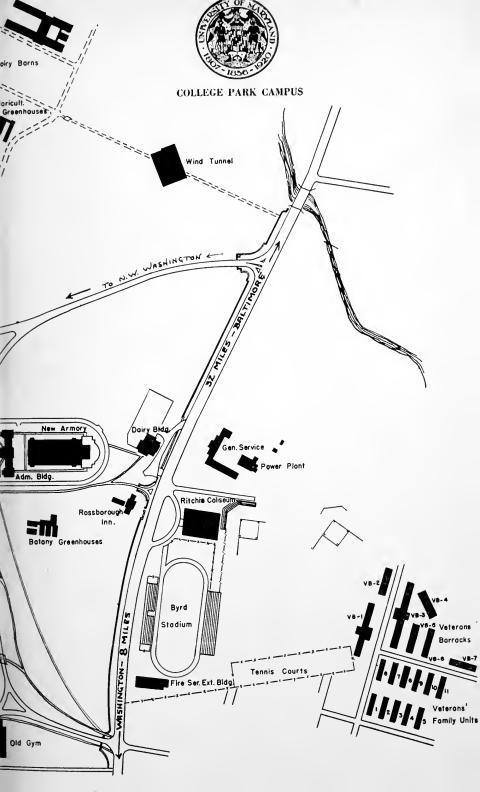
## A UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND PUBLICATION

is published three times during April, twice during May, once in August, October, and December, and three times in January, February and March.

Entered at the Post Office in College Park, Maryland, as second class mail matter under the Act of Congress of August 24, 1912.

Edited by Harvey L. Miller, Director of Publications, University of Maryland.





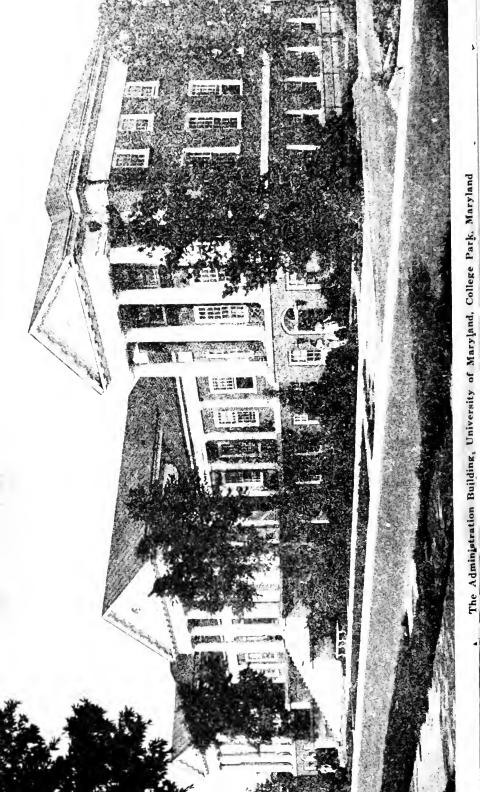
### **CALENDAR**

	1		
1948	19	1949	
JULY	JANUARY	JULY	JANUARY
SMTWTFS	SMTWTFS	SMTWTFS	SMTWTFS
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$
AUGUST	FEBRUARY	AUGUST	FEBRUARY
SMTWTFS	SMTWTFS	SMTWTFS	SMTWTFS
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c }\hline . & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6\\ 7 & 8 & 9 & 10 & 11 & 12 & 13\\ 14 & 15 & 16 & 17 & 18 & 19 & 20\\ 21 & 22 & 23 & 24 & 25 & 26 & 27\\ 28 & 29 & 30 & 31 & . & . & . \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c }\hline & . & . & . & . & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ \hline & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 & 10 & 11 \\ 12 & 13 & 14 & 15 & 16 & 17 & 18 \\ 19 & 20 & 21 & 22 & 23 & 24 & 25 \\ 26 & 27 & 28 & . & . & . & . & . \\ \hline \end{array}$
SEPTEMBER	MARCH	SEPTEMBER	MARCH
SMTWTFS	SMTWTFS	SMTWTFS	SMTWTFS
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	1 1 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$
OCTOBER	APRIL	OCTOBER	APRIL
SMTWTFS	SMTWTFS	SMTWTFS	SMTWTFS
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30
NOVEMBER	MAY	NOVEMBER	MAY
SMTWTFS	SMTWTFS	SMTWTFS	SMTWTFS
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
DECEMBER	JUNE	DECEMBER	JUNE
SMTWTFS	SMTWTFS	SMTWTFS	SMTWTFS
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

### CALENDAR FOR 1948-49 COLLEGE PARK

1948	First Seme	ster	
September 20-24	Monday-Friday	Registration for first semester	
September 27	Monday	Instruction begins	
October 21	Thursday	General Convocation for faculty and students	
November 25	Thursday	Thanksgiving, holiday	
December 22	Wednesday after last class	Christmas recess begins	
1949			
January 3	Monday, 8:00 A. M.	Christmas recess ends	
January 20	Thursday	Inauguration Day, holiday	
January 20	Thursday .	Charter Day, Alumni Banquet	
January 18-25	Tuesday-Tuesday, inc.	First semester examinations	
Second Semester			
Jan. 31-Feb. 4	Monday-Friday	Registration for second semester	
February 7	Monday	Instruction begins	
February 22	Tuesday	Washington's Birthday, holiday	
March 25	Friday ·	Celebration of Maryland Day	
April 14	Thursday after last class	Easter recess begins	
April 20	Wednesday, 8:00 A. M.	Easter recess ends	
May 19	Thursday	Military Day	
May 29	Sunday	Baccalaureate exercises	
May 30	Monday	Memorial Day, holiday	
May 25-June 1	Wednesday-Wednesday, inclusive	Second semester examinations	
June 4	Saturday	Commencement exercises	
	Summer Sessie	on, 1949	
June 27	Monday	Summer session begins	
August 5	Friday	Summer session ends	
	Short Cour	rses	
June 13-18	Monday-Saturday	Rural Women's Short Course	
August 8-13	Monday-Saturday	4-H Club Week	
September 6-9	Tuesday-Friday	Firemen's Short Course	

NOTE: The academic calendars of the professional schools in Baltimore will be found in separate catalogs published by these schools.



### BOARD OF REGENTS

### UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND

AND

MARYLAND STATE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE	Term
E	xpires
WILLIAM P. COLE, Jr., Chairman, 100 West University Parkway, Baltimore	1949
STANFORD Z. ROTHSCHILD, Secretary, 109 East Redwood Street, Baltimore	1952
J. MILTON PATTERSON, Treasurer, 120 West Redwood Street, Balti-	
more	1953
E. PAUL KNOTTS, Denton, Caroline County	1954
GLENN L. MARTIN, Middle River, Baltimore	1951
HARRY H. NUTTLE, Denton, Caroline County	1950
PHILIP C. TURNER, 2 East North Avenue, Baltimore	1950
MRS. JOHN L. WHITEHURST, 4101 Greenway, Baltimore	1956
CHARLES P. McCormick, McCormick & Company, Baltimore	1948
MILLARD E. TYDINGS, Senate Office Building, Washington, D. C	1951
EDWARD F. HOLTER, Middletown, Md	1952

Members of the Board are appointed by the Governor of the State for terms of nine years each, beginning the first Monday in June.

The President of the University of Maryland is, by law, Executive Officer of the Board.

The State Law provides that the Board of Regents of the University of Maryland shall constitute the Maryland State Board of Agriculture.

A regular meeting of the Board is held the last Friday in each month, except during the months of July and August.

### GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE BOARD

PRESIDENT BYRD, Chairman MISS PREINKERT, Secretary

DEAN APPLEMAN	DEAN DUMEZ	DEAN MOUNT
Dr. Bamford	DEAN EPPLEY	MISS PREINKERT
DEAN BENJAMIN	Mr. Fogg	DEAN PYLE
MR. BENTON	Mr. Haszard	DEAN ROBINSON
MR. BRIGHAM	DEAN HOWELL	DEAN STAMP
Mr. Brown	Dr. Huff	DEAN STEINBERG
DR. BRUECKNER	Dr. Hoffsommer	DEAN SYMONS
DR. BURNETT	Colonel Johnson	Mr. Weber
PRESIDENT BYRD	Dr. Kabat	DR. WHITE
MR. COBEY	MISS KELLAR	DEAN WYLIE
DR. CORBETT	DIRECTOR KEMP	Dr. Zucker
DEAN COTTERMAN	Dr. Long	

### EDUCATIONAL [COUNCIL

THE PRESIDENT THE REGISTRAR DEANS OF COLLEGES
HEADS OF EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENTS

### OFFICERS OF ADMINISTRATION

H. C. BYRD, LL.D., D.Sc., President of the University

H. F. COTTERMAN, Ph.D., Dean of the Faculty

- T. B. SYMONS, M.S., D.Agri., Director of Extension Service, Dean of College of Agriculture
- J. FREEMAN PYLE, Ph.D., Dean of College of Business and Public Administration and Acting Dean of College of Arts and Sciences
- J. BEN ROBINSON, D.D.S., F.A.C.D., Dean of School of Dentistry

HAROLD BENJAMIN, Ph.D., Dean of College of Education, Director of Summer School

S. S. STEINBERG, B.E., C.E., Dean of College of Engineering

C. O. APPLEMAN, Ph.D., Dean of Graduate School

M. MARIE MOUNT, M.A., Dean of College of Home Economics

ROGER HOWELL, LL.B., Ph.D., Dean of School of Law

H. BOYD WYLIE, M.D., Acting Dean of School of Medicine

FLORENCE M. GIPE, M.S., R.N., Superintendent of Nurses, Director of School of Nursing

ANDREW G. DUMEZ, Ph.G., Ph.D., Dean of School of Pharmacy

W. B. KEMP, Ph.D., Director of the Agricultural Experiment Station

G. J. KABAT, Ph.D., Director of College of Special and Continuation Studies

W. J. HUFF, Ph.D., D.Sci., Director of the Engineering Experiment Station

R. B. CORBETT, Ph.D., Associate Dean of College of Agriculture and Associate Director of Extension Service

GEARY F. EPPLEY, M.S., Dean of Men

ADELE H. STAMP, M.A., Dean of Women

JAMES M. TATUM, B.S., Director of Athletics

CHARLES S. JOHNSON, Col., Inf., U. S. Army., Acting Dean, College of Military Science, Physical Education and Recreation, and Commandant

ALMA H. PREINKERT, M.A., Registrar

EDGAR F. LONG, Ph.D., Director of Admissions

CHARLES L. BENTON, M.S., C.P.A., Comptroller

HOWARD ROVELSTAD, M.A., B.S.L.S., Acting Director of Libraries

HAROLD A. SAYLES, A.B., Assistant Superintendent of University Hospital

Louis R. Burnett, M.D., Medical Director

GEORGE W. FOGG, M.A., Director of Personnel

GEORGE O. WEBER, B.S., Business Manager

Frank K. Haszard, B.F.S., Director of Procurement and Supply

### OTHER ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICERS

Office of the President

JEAN H. FAUGHT, B.A.

Secretary to the President

Office of the Director of Admissions

MARY BURKE..... Assistant, Baltimore Division Office

Office of the Registrar  MARY SPENCE, B.A., Assistant Registrar LISETTE THOMPSON Assistant, Records FLORENCE STAFFORD Assistant, Baltimore Division Office
Dean of Women's OfficeROSALIE LESLIE, M.A.Assistant Dean of WomenMARIAN JOHNSON, M.A.Assistant Dean of WomenJANE CATON, M.S.Assistant Counselor
Office of Financial Administration and Control C. L. BENTON, M.S., C.P.A
Office of Business Management GEORGE O. Weber, B.S.  HARRY GALLOGLY, B.S.  Maintenance Engineer WILLIAM WOOD.  Service Supervisor GRACE HALE, B.A.  Administrative Assistant II C. A. SPEAKE.  Superintendent of New Construction NELSON O. RIMA.  Superintendent of Veterans Housing ALVIN W. JEWELL, B.S.  Manager, Students' Supply Store
Dining Hall ROBINSON LAPPIN General Manager
Student Health Service  LOUIS R. BURNETT, M.D. Medical Director W. ALLEN GRIFFITH, M.D. Physician Consultant ESTELLA C. BALDWIN, R.N. Supervisor of Nurses
Publications and Publicity HARVEY L. MILLERDirector of Publications and Publicity
Alumni Office David L. Brigham
THE UNIVERSITY LIBRARIES HOWARD ROVELSTAD, M.A., B.S.L.S

### College Park

BETTY B. BAEHR, A.B., B.S.L.SActing Loan	
VELMA L. CHARLESWORTH, B.S.E. in L.S Assistant Catalog	Librarian
Lois Holladay, A.B., B.L.SCatalog	Librarian
EMERSON D. JACOB, B.A., B.S.L.SOrder	Librarian
VIRGINIA PHILLIPS, A.B., A.B.L.S Assistant Reference	Librarian
MERILYN POTTER, A.BAssistant Loar	Librarian
ANNA MARY URBAN, A.B., A.B.L.S	Librarian
THERESA VEVERKA Assistant Catalog	Librarian
KATE WHITEPeriodicals	

### Baltimore

### Dental-Medical-Pharmacy and School of Nursing Libraries

IDA M. ROBINSON, A.B., B.S.L.SLibrarian
ELIZABETH ANNA CROUSE Assistant Librarian (Dentistry)
REBECCA ELAM, B.A., B.S.L.S
MARY E. HICKS, A.B., B.L.SAssistant Librarian (Medicine)
SIMONE C. HURSTLibrarian in Charge (School of Nursing)
EDITH R. McIntosh, A.M., A.B.L.SCatalog Librarian (Medicine)
BEATRICE MARRIOTT, B.S Assistant Librarian (Dentistry)
HILDA E. MOORE, A.B., A.B.L.SAssitant Librarian (Pharmacy)
FLORENCE R. KIRK

### Law Library

ANNE C. BAGBY, A.B., B.L.S....Librarian

### FACULTY COMMITTEES

### Admission, Guidance, and Adjustment

PROFESSOR BAMFORD, Chairman; DEANS EPPLEY, STAMP; MISS PREINKERT; PROFESSORS CURTISS, HODGINS, LONG, QUIGLEY, REID, SCHINDLER, D. D. SMITH, WILLTE.

### Coordination of Agricultural Activities

DIRECTOR SYMONS, Chairman; DIRECTOR KEMP; DEAN CORBETT; ASSIST-ANT DIRECTORS CORY, OSWALD; STATE CHEMIST BOPST; PROFESSORS AHALT, BAMFORD, BRUECKNER, CAIRNS, CARPENTER, DEVAULT, FOSTER, HAUT, HOLMES, JULL.

### Council on Intercollegiate Athletics

DEAN EPPLEY, Chairman; COLONEL JOHNSON; DIRECTORS KEMP, TATUM; ASSISTANT DIRECTOR CORY; PROFESSOR SUPPLEE, the President of the Student Government Association, and the Chairman of the Alumni Council, ex-officio.

### Educational Standards, Policies and Coordination

DR. DENZEL SMITH, Chairman; PROFESSORS BAMFORD, DRAKE, CAIRNS, DEVAULT, HARTUNG, HOFFSOMMER, MARTIN, H. B. McCarthy, McNaughton, Shreeve, Strathorn, J. Boyd, Wylie.

### Extension and Adult Education

ASSOCIATE DIRECTOR AND DEAN CORBETT, Chairman; ASSISTANT DEAN BRECHBILL; ASSISTANT DIRECTORS KELLAR, OSWALD; PROFESSORS BAKER, G. D. BROWN, CORCORAN, DEVAULT, EHRENSBERGER, KABAT, MARTIN, PHILLIPS, STEINMEYER.

### Libraries

PROFESSOR CARDWELL, Chairman; PROFESSORS AISENBERG, RUSSELL BROWN, CORCORAN, DILLARD, HACKMAN, HARMAN, PARSONS, REEVE, ROVELSTAD, SPENCER, STEINMEYER, STRAHORN, TAYLOR, WIGGIN.

### Publications and Catalog

DEAN COTTERMAN, Chairman; DEAN BENJAMIN, DIRECTOR KEMP; ASSISTANT DIRECTOR OSWALD; PROFESSORS BAKER, BALL, BRYAN, ZUCKER; MR. BRIGHAM; MISS E. FROTHINGHAM; COLONEL MILLER; MISS PREINKERT.

### Public Functions and Public Relations

DIRECTOR SYMONS, Chairman; DEANS DUMEZ, EPPLEY, MOUNT, ROBINSON, STAMP; MR. FOGG; COLONEL JOHNSON; MR. BRIGHAM; COLONEL MILLER; MISS PREINKERT; PROFESSORS BOPST, CORY, GEWEHR, RANDALL, REID, SHREEVE, SNYDER, STEINMEYER, WEBER.

### Religious Life Committee

ASSISTANT DEAN ROSALIE LESLIE, Chairman; PROFESSORS GEWEHR, HAMILTON, McNaughton, Randall, Reid, White, Shreeve.

### Scholarships and Student Aid

DEAN COTTERMAN, Chairman; DEANS EPPLEY, MOUNT, STAMP; DIRECTOR LONG; PROFESSORS REID, STEINMEYER.

### Student Life

PROFESSOR JAMES H. REID, Chairman; DEANS EPPLEY, STAMP; COLONEL JOHNSON; MISS PREINKERT; PROFESSORS RUSSELL ALLEN, RACHEL BENTON, BURNETT, EHRENSBERGER, HARMAN, KRAMER, LEJINS, OUTHOUSE, PHILLIPS, REID, SANFORD, CHARLES WHITE; MISS LESLIE.

### INSTRUCTIONAL STAFF, COLLEGE PARK

GEORGE J. ABRAMS, M.S., Assistant Professor of Apiculture.

FRANCIS R. ADAMS, M.A., Instructor in English.

ARTHUR M. AHALT, M.S., Professor of Agricultural Education.

WILLIAM R. AHRENDT, S.M., Lecturer in Electrical Engineering.

EMILY W. AKIN, M.S., Assistant Professor of Textiles and Clothing.

ALFRED O. ALDRIDGE, Ph.D., Professor of English.

MARY H. ALDRIDGE, M.A., Assistant Professor of Chemistry.

REDFIELD W. ALLEN, B.S., Instructor in Engineering Drawing.

RUSSELL B. ALLEN, B.S., Professor of Civil Engineering.

MARY E. AMBROSE, M.S., Instructor in Chemistry.

JAMES R. ANDERSON, M.A., Instructor in Geography.

MARY L. ANDREWS, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of English.

SAMUEL ARBES, Instructor in Physical Education.

GORDON L. ARBOGAST, B.E., Instructor in Engineering Drawing.

WILLARD O. ASH, M.A., Instructor in Statistics.

JOHN HAROLD AXLEY, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Agronomy.

JAMES J. AYLWARD, JR., M/Sgt., Instructor in Military Science.

BETTY B. BAEHR, B.S.L.S., Instructor in Libraray Science.

OLIVER E. BAKER, Ph.D., Professor of Economic Geography.

CECIL R. BALL, M.A., Associate Professor of English.

ROLAND BAMFORD, Ph.D., Professor of Botany.

EDWARD S. BARBER, B.S., Associate Professor of Civil Engineering.

GEORGE BARCLAY, A.B., Assistant Professor of Physical Education.

CHARLES B. BARKER, II, Ph.D., Lecturer in Mathematics.

ELMER BARRACLOUGH, B.A., Instructor in Speech.

JAMES L. BATES, B.A., Instructor in History.

RICHARD H. BAUER, Ph.D., Associate Professor of History.

JACK L. BAXTER, B.S., Instructor in Electrical Engineering.

GEORGE M. BEAL, Ph.D., Professor of Agricultural Economics & Marketing. OTHO T. BEALL, JR., M.A., Instructor in English.

WALTER R. BEAM, JR., B.S., Instructor in Electrical Engineering.

MADGE BEAUMAN, R.N., Assistant in Physical Education.

RACHEL J. BENTON, Ph.D., Professor of Physical Education.

JOHN BETTENBENDER, Instructor in Speech.

WARREN BEZANSON, A.M., Instructor in English.

JOSEPH H. BILBREY, JR., B.S., Instructor in Chemical Engineering.

ALFRED J. BINGHAM, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Foreign Languages.

HENRY BIRNBAUM, M.A., Instructor in English.

MARIE BOBORYKINE, M.A., Instructor in Foreign Languages.

CARL BODE, Ph.D., Professor of English.

DONALD T. BONNEY, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Chemical Engineering.

CHARLES F. BOPES, M.A., Instructor in English.

THOMAS E. BOURNE, JR., B.S., Instructor in Business Administration.

ROMALD E. BOWLES, B.S., Assistant in Engineering Drawing.

ROBERT D. BOYCE, B.S., Instructor in Agronomy.

JEAN M. BOYER, M.A., Instructor in Mathematics.

HUGO BRANDT, B.A., Instructor in Mathematics.

HENRY H. BRECHBILL, Ph.D., Professor of Education; Assistant Dean.

GEORGE P. BREWSTER, JR., B.S., Instructor in Mathematics.

FERDINAND G. BRICKWEDDE, Ph.D., Professor of Physics.

GEORGE H. BROADLEY, A.B., Instructor in English.

ALLAN A. BROCKMAN, M.A., Instructor in English.

VERNA I. BROOKS, M.Ed., Instructor in Office Management.

ALLISON T. BROWN, Instructor of Interior Design.

DONALD P. BROWN, M.A., Instructor in Government and Politics.

GEORGE M. BROWN, M.S., Assistant Professor of Chemistry.

GLEN D. BROWN, M.A., Professor of Industrial Education.

JOHN H. BROWN, Capt., U.S.A., Assistant Professor of Military Science and Tactics.

RUSSELL G. BROWN, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Plant Physiology.

SAMUEL A. BROWN, B.A., Instructor in Foreign Languages.

JACK Y. BRYAN, Ph.D., Professor of English.

MARIE D. BRYAN, M.A., Assistant Professor in English and Education.

WILLIAM BUCKLEY, M/Sgt., U.S.A., Instructor in Military Science and Tactics.

ELEANOR W. BULATKIN, M.A., Instructor in Foreign Languages.

FRANKLIN L. BURDETTE, Ph.D., Professor of Government and Politics.

SUMNER O. BURHOE, Ph.D., Professor of Zoology.

RICHARD J. BURKE, Assistant in Chemistry.

LOUIS R. BURNETT, M.D., Professor of Physical Education.

VIRGINIA B. BURTON, Instructor in Music.

MARTHA E. BYERS, M.A., Instructor in English.

GORDON M. CAIRNS, Ph.D., Professor of Dairy Husbandry.

CHARLES E. CALHOUN, M.B.A., Professor of Finance.

CATHERINE L. CALLEGARY, B.A., Instructor in Mathematics.

GUY A. CARDWELL, Ph.D., Professor of English.

RAY W. CARPENTER, A.B., LL.B., Professor of Agricultural Engineering.

SUSANNE CASSELS, B.A., Instructor in Art.

LENORE T. CERVANTES, M.A., Instructor in English.

GEORGE H. CHARLESWORTH, M.A., Assistant in College of Special and Continuation Studies.

VERNE E. CHATELAIN, Ph.D., Professor of History.

HARVEY J. CHESTON, JR., M.A., Instructor in Mathematics.

C. WILBUR CISSEL, M.A., C.P.A., Associate Professor of Accounting.

JAMES A. CLARK, B.S., Instructor in Shop Practice.

WESTON R. CLARK, Ph.D., Professor of Psychology.

ELI W. CLEMENS, Ph.D., Professor of Economics.

CHARLES N. COFER, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Psychology.

JOHN M. COFFIN, V.M.D., Associate Professor of Veterinary Science.

DAVID M. COLE, M.B.A., Instructor in Economics.

CHARLES R. CONKLIN, JR., B.S., Instructor in Engineering Drawing.

FRANKLIN D. COOLEY, Ph.D., Associate Professor of English.

DENSIL M. COOPER, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Physics.

GEORGE F. CORCORAN, M.S., Professor of Electrical Engineering.

EDDIE M. CORNELL, M.A., Instructor in Foods and Nutrition.

ERNEST N. CORY, Ph.D., Professor of Entomology.

JOHN L. COULTER, M.A., Assistant Professor of English.

JOHN H. COVER, Ph.D., Professor of Business Policies.

CARROLL E. Cox, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of Plant Pathology.

AUDREY CRAFTS, A.M., Instructor in English.

GEORGE CRESS, B.F.A., Instructor in Art.

ROBERT B. CRICHTON, B.S., Instructor in Engineering Drawing.

RAYMOND E. CRIST, Litt.D., Professor of Human and Natural Resources.

CHARLES F. CRONIN, B.S., C.P.A., Instructor in Accounting.

F. HARFORD CRONIN, B.S., Assistant Professor of Physical Education.

HERBERT A. CROSMAN, A.M., Assistant Professor of History.

JANE H. CROW, M.S., Assistant Professor of Home Economics.

WILLIAM E. CROW, B.S., Instructor in Animal Husbandry.

JOHN H. CUDMORE, B.S., Instructor in Physical Education.

GEORGE H. CUNEO, B.S., Assistant Professor of Art.

DIETER CUNZ, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Foreign Languages.

VIENNA CURTISS, M.A., Professor of Art.

MARGARET CUSSLER, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of Sociology.

JOHN A. DAIKER, B.S., Assistant in Accounting.

HENRY P. DANTZIG, B.S., Instructor in Mathematics.

DOROTHY S. DARE, B.S., Instructor in Mathematics.

GOMER L. DAVIES, B.S., Lecturer on Radio Communications.

NANCY E. DAVIS, M.S., Instructor in Physical Education.

SIDNEY S. DAVIS, Lt. Col., U.S.A., Assistant Professor of Physical Education.

JULES DELAUNCEY, Ph.D., Lecturer in Physics.

HENRI DEMARNE, B.A., Instructor in Foreign Languages.

Samuel H. DeVault, Ph.D., Professor of Agricultural Economics and Farm Management.

HAROLD M. DEVOLT, D.V.M., Professor of Animal Pathology.

CHARLES S. DEWEY, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of Chemistry.

DUDLEY DILLARD, Ph.D., Professor of Economics.

LOUISA DILLARD, M.A., Instructor in Geography.

ROBERT G. DIXON, B.A., Instructor in Government and Politics.

EITEL W. DOBERT, B.A., Instructor in Foreign Languages.

CHARLES H. DODSON, M/Sgt., U.S.A., Instructor in Military Science and Tactics.

RAYMOND N. DOETSCH, M.A., Instructor in Bacteriology.

AUDREY C. DOOLING, Assistant in Chemistry.

DONALD G. DORAN, Instructor in Military Science and Tactics.

NATHAN L. DRAKE, Ph.D., Professor of Organic Chemistry.

STANLEY J. DRAZEK, Instructor in Education.

JOSEPH G. DUBUQUE, M.A., Instructor in Economics.

P. W. DURKEE, M.S., Visiting Professor of Physics.

LUKE E. EBERSOLE, M.A., Instructor in Sociology and Education.

BARBARA EDWARDS, B.S., Instructor in English.

RAY EHRENSBERGER, Ph.D., Professor of Speech.

THADDEUS ELDER, JR., Assistant in Chemistry.

MATTHEW F. ELLMORE, B.S., Instructor in Dairy Husbandry.

RACHEL EMMETT, M.A., Assistant Professor in Physical Education.

MARY T. EWALD, Instructor in English.

WILLIAM B. EWALD, M.A., Instructor in English.

ROBERT L. EYLER, Instructor in Military Science and Tactics.

JOHN E. FABER, Ph.D., Professor of Bacteriology.

WILLIAM F. FALLS, Ph.D., Professor of Foreign Languages.

STEPHEN FELBER, 1st Sgt., U.S.A., Instructor in Military Science and Tactics.

E. JAMES FERGUSON, M.A., Instructor in History.

DAVID A. FIELD, B.S., Instructor in Physical Education.

LOUIS FINK, B.S., Assistant in Chemistry.

JOHN G. FISCHER, M.A., Instructor in English.

JAMES E. FLEMING, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of Sociology.

LESSIE T. FLEMING, M.A., Instructor in Sociology.

MARY W. FLEMING, M.A., Instructor in English.

RUDD FLEMING, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of English.

ELIZABETH FLINCHBAUGH, M.A., Instructor in Physical Education.

JOHN FLODIN, M.S., Associate Professor of Mechanical Engineering.

GEORGE A. FOELKER, S/Sgt., U.S.A., Instructor in Military Science and Tactics.

JOHN E. FOSTER, Ph.D., Professor of Animal Husbandry.

RACHEL FRANK, M.A., Instructor in Foreign Languages.

JOHN H. FREDERICK, Ph.D., Professor of Transportation and Foreign Trade.

SALVATORE GAGLIEMO, Instructor in Military Science and Tactics.

EDMUND C. GASS, M.A., Instructor in Government and Politics.

HUGH G. GAUCH, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Plant Physiology.

WESLEY M. GEWEHR, Ph.D., Professor of History.

GUY W. GIENGER, M.S., Associate Professor of Agricultural Engineering.

LEON GILBERT, JR., B.A., Instructor in Foreign Languages.

GEORGE M. GLOSS, Ed.D., Professor of Physical Education.

CARL W. GOHR, B.S., Assistant Professor of Civil Engineering.

RICHARD A. GOOD, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of Mathematics.

DONALD C. GORDON, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of History.

IRA A. GOULD, Ph.D., Professor of Dairy Manufacturing.

WILLIAM H. GRAVELY, JR., M.A., Assistant Professor of English.

MEYER GREENBERG, B.A., M.H.L., Instructor in Hebrew.

KENNETH, A. GRUBB, M.B.A., Professor of Advertising.

ALLAN G. GRUCHY, Ph.D., Professor of Economics.

JOSEPH A. GUARD, M.S., Instructor in Engineering Drawing.

JAMES M. GWIN, M.A., Associate Professor of Poultry Production and Marketing.

RAY C. HACKMAN, Ph.D., Assistant Professor in Psychology.

F. LOUISE HAGEL, B.S., Instructor in Foods and Nutrition.

DICK W. HALL, Ph.D., Professor of Mathematics.

ROSCOE W. HALL, Ph.D., Lecturer in Psychology.

ARTHUR B. HAMILTON, M.S., Associate Professor of Agricultural Economics.

LUDWIG HAMMERSCHLAG, Ph.D., Assistant Professor in Foreign Languages.

RICHARD W. HANFORD, B.A., Instructor in Physics.

JEAN O. HANNON, B.A., Assistant in Speech.

HERBERT W. HARDEN, B.S., Instructor in Civil Engineering.

SUSAN E. HARMAN, Ph.D., Professor of English.

EARL L. HARPER, Capt., U.S.A., Assistant Professor of Military Science and Tactics.

MARY R. HARRISON, B.A., Instructor in English.

CONSTANCE A. HARTMAN, M.A., Instructor in Speech.

CHARLES A. HASLUP, M.Ed., Instructor in Music.

FREDERICK E. HAUN, M.A., Instructor in English.

IRVIN C. HAUT, Ph.D., Professor of Horticulture.

ELIZABETH E. HAVILAND, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of Entomology.

CHARLES R. HAYLECK, JR., B.S., Instructor in Mechanical Engineering.

EVERETT B. HEINS, Sgt., Instructor Military Science and Tactics.

JOHN K. HEMPHILL, M.A., Res. Assistant in Psychology.

RICHARD HENDRICKS, M.A., Instructor in Speech.

DONALD C. HENNICK, B.S., Instructor in Mechanical Engineering.

ROY T. HICKMAN, B.S., Instructor in Geography.

ROBERT B. HILL, JR., B.S., Assistant in Horticulture.

DAVID R. HINTON, Instructor in Mechanical Arts.

LAWRENCE J. HODGINS, B.S., Associate Professor of Electrical Engineering.

RAYMOND W. HOECKER, Ph.D., Professor of Agricultural Marketing.

HAROLD HOFFSOMMER, Ph.D., Professor of Sociology.

HARRY J. HOFMEISTER, JR., B.S., Assistant Professor of Agricultural Engineering.

Lois Holladay, B.L.S., Instructor in Library Science.

WILLIS D. HOLLAND, B.S., Instructor in Mathematics.

JAMES C. HOLLINGSWORTH, Major, Assistant Professor of Military Science.

R. LEE HORNBAKE, Ph.D., Professor of Industrial Education.

HARRY B. HOSHALL, B.S., M.E., Associate Professor of Mechanical Engineering.

WILLIAM HOTTEL, Lecturer in English.

LEAH HOUSER, M.A., Instructor in Sociology.

PAUL M. HOUSER, M.A., Assistant Professor of Sociology.

JOHN R. Howe, M.A., Instructor in Foreign Languages.

C. Y. Hu, Ph.D., Professor of Human and Natural Resources.

RAYMOND HUCK, M.S., Instructor in Mathematics.

WILBERT J. HUFF, Ph.D., D.Sc., Professor of Chemical Engineering.

CHARLES E. HUTCHINSON, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of Sociology.

ROBERT T. HYDE, B.S., Instructor in English.

THOMAS P. IMSE, M.A., Instructor in Sociology.

RICHARD W. ISKRAUT, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Physics.

JOHN W. JACKSON, M.S., M.E., Associate Professor of Mechanical Engineering.

STANLEY B. JACKSON, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Mathematics.

EMERSON D. JACOB, B.S.L.S., Instructor in Library Science.

MARY F. JAMESON, B.A., Instructor in Mathematics.

WILHELMINA JASHEMSKI, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of History.

WALTER F. JEFFERS, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Plant Pathology.

CLAY L. JENNISON, Instructor in Mathematics.

JUAN R. JIMENEZ, Lecturer in Foreign Languages.

ZENOBIA JIMENEZ, Instructor in Foreign Languages.

MONTGOMERY H. JOHNSON, Ph.D., Professor of Physics.

MORLEY A. JULL, Ph.D., Professor of Poultry Husbandry.

HELEN R. KAHN, M.A., Instructor in English.

MORRIS L. KALES, Ph.D., Lecturer in Mathematics.

MARTIN KATZIN, M.S.E., Lecturer in Electrical Engineering.

JAMES H. KEHOE, B.S., Assistant Professor of Physical Education.

EARLE H. KENNARD, Ph.D., Professor of Physics.

NELSON K. KLOSE, Ph.D., Instructor in History.

EVELYN KOSSOFF, M.A., Instructor in English.

CHARLES F. KRAMER, M.A., Associate Professor of Foreign Languages.

WILLIAM KROUSE, B.S., Instructor in Physical Education.

ALBIN O. KUHN, M.S., Associate Professor of Agronomy.

JOHN J. KURTZ, M.A., Instructor in Education.

NORMAN C. LAFFER, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Bacteriology.

GEORGE L. LAFUZE, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of Government and Politics.

GEORGE S. LANGFORD, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Entomology.

PAUL B. LARSEN, M.S., Assistant Professor of Dairy Husbandry.

ORVILLE K. LARSON, M.A., Instructor in Speech.

GORDON C. LAWSON, B.S., Assistant Professor of Art.

NEAL G. LEBERT, M.A., Instructor in English.

DOROTHY L. LEGRAND, M.S., Instructor in Foods and Nutrition.

PETER P. LEJINS, Ph.D., Professor of Sociology.

DANIEL C. LEWIS, JR., Ph.D., Professor of Mathematics.

CONRAD H. LIDEN, B.S., Instructor in Agronomy.

CHARLES LIGHTNER, 1st Sgt., Instructor in Military Science and Tactics.

ROBERT A. LITTLEFORD, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of Zoology.

TOLLAND O. LIVESAY, Assistant Professor in Military Science and Tactics.

RUSSELL A. LOMBARDY, B.S., Instructor in Physical Education for Men.

Louis P. Loomis, B.S., Instructor in Mathematics.

MARVIN R. LOWE, B.A., Assistant in Foreign Languages.

MARTHA MACHLIN, B.S., Research Assistant in Geography.

DONALD E. MALEY, Instructor in Education.

CHARLOTTE W. MANGOLD, B.A., Instructor in English.

ROBERT T. MANN, B.S., Instructor in Business Administration.

CHARLES MANNING, M.A., Assistant Professor of English.

HERMAN MARIL, Instructor in Art.

DONALD O. MARKHAM, Captain, U.S.A., Assistant Professor of Military Science and Tactics.

EDWARD MARS, C.W.O., Assistant Professor in Military Science and Tactics. ARTHUR E. MARSTON, Ph.D., Lecturer in Mathematics.

HAROLD R. MARTIN, M.S., Associate Professor of Mechanical Engineering.

MINERVA L. MARTIN, Ph.D., Instructor in English.

MONROE H. MARTIN, Ph.D., Professor of Mathematics.

FRANK J. MASSEY, Jr., Ph.D., Assistant Professor of Mathematics.

ELWYN A. MAUCK, Ph.D., Professor of Government and Politics.

HAROLD V. MAULL, Lt. Col., U.S.A., Assistant Professor of Military Science and Tactics.

LYLE V. MAYER, M.A., Instructor in Speech.

HAROLD S. McConnell, M.S., Associate Professor of Entomology.

DOROTHY McDonald, B.A., Assistant in Speech.

FREIDA W. McFARLAND, M.A., Professor of Textiles and Clothing.

ROBERT J. McFarland, M.Sgt., Instructor in Military Science and Tactics.

WILLIAM J. McLARNEY, M.A., Associate Professor of Industrial Management.

HUGH B. McLEAN, B.S., Instructor in Mathematics.

JAMES G. McManaway, Ph.D., Lecturer in English.

J. HOWARD McMillen, Ph.D., Professor of Physics.

EDNA B. McNaughton, M.A., Professor of Nursery School Education.

FLOYD D. McNaughton, M.A., Instructor in Economics.

JAMES G. MEADE, B.S., Assistant Professor of Physical Education.

MARY E. MEADE, M.A., Instructor in Mathematics.

L. KENTON MEALS, A.M., Instructor in Mathematics.

JESSIE W. MENNEKEN, M.S., Instructor in Mathematics.

HORACE S. MERRILL, Ph.D., Associate Professor of History.

MADELINE MERSHON, Assistant Professor of Education.

EDNA MESHKE, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Home Economics Education.

JEAN F. MESSER, M.A., Instructor in Business Organization.

EDMUND E. MILLER, Ph.D., Professor of Foreign Languages.

FRANCES H. MILLER, M.A., Instructor in English.

HARVEY L. MILLER, Professor of Journalism. (Associate Professor of Physical Education)

WALTER L. MILLER, Major, U.S.A., Assistant Professor in Military Science and Tactics.

JAMES I. MILLS, M.A., Assistant Professor of Business Administration.

EDWARD M. MINION, Lt. Col., U.S.A., Assistant Professor in Military Science and Tactics.

EDWARD G. MISEY, M.A., Instructor in Government and Politics.

ALFRED K. MITCHELL, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Mathematics.

EARL H. MITCHELL, B.S., Assistant in Speech.

T. FAYE MITCHELL, M.A., Associate Professor of Textiles and Clothing.

EMORY A. MOONEY, Ph.D., Associate Professor of English.

DELBERT T. MORGAN, M.A., Assistant Professor of Botany.

H. GERTHON MORGAN,, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Education.

RAYMOND MORGAN, Ph.D., Professor of Physics.

JANE V. MORIARITY, M.A., Instructor in English.

MARIAN F. MORRIS, M.A., Instructor in English.

EARL W. MOUNCE, M.A., LL.M., Associate Professor of Law and Labor.

M. Marie Mount, M.A., Professor of Home and Institution Management.

CHARLES D. MURPHY, Ph.D., Associate Professor of English.

RALPH D. MYERS, Ph.D., Professor of Physics.

WILLIAM O. NEGHERBON, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of Zoology.

GRACIELA P. NEMES, B.S., Instructor in Foreign Languages.

MARY H. NETHKEN, M.A., Instructor in English.

ROBERT H. NEWALL, B.A., Instructor in English.

CLARENCE A. NEWELL, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Educational Administration.

GROVER C. NIEMEYER, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of Speech.

FAY J. NORRIS, M/Sgt., U.S.A., Instructor in Military Science and Tactics.

ANN E. NORTON, M.A., Instructor in Foreign Languages.

ARTHUR T. OLSEN, S/Sgt., Instructor in Military Science and Tactics.

EUGENE J. O'SULLIVAN, JR., M.A., Instructor in Speech.

Louis E. Otts, M.S., Associate Professor of Civil Engineering.

JAMES B. OUTHOUSE, M.S., Associate Professor of Animal Husbandry.

JEANNE PALMER, Instructor in Home Economics.

JESSE T. PALMER, Ph.D., Instructor in Economics.

EDWIN H. PARK, M.A., Instructor in Business Administration.

ARTHUR C. PARSONS, M.A., Assistant Professor of Foreign Languages.

ARTHUR S. PATRICK, M.A., Associate Professor of Secretarial Training.

MICHAEL J. PELCZAR, JR., Ph.D., Associate Professor in Bacteriology.

NORMAN E. PHILLIPS, Ph.D., Professor of Zoology.

HUGH B. PICKARD, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of Chemistry.

H. PHILLIP PICKERING, B.S., Assistant Professor of Civil Engineering.

PAUL R. POFFENBERGER, M.S., Associate Professor of Agricultural Economics.

JOHN PORTZ, M.A., Instructor in English.

JOSEPH M. POWER, Assistant in Music.

AUGUSTUS J. PRAHL, Ph.D., Professor of Foreign Languages.

ERNEST F. PRATT, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Chemistry.

DANIEL A. PRESCOTT, Ed.D., Professor of Child Study.

EDWARD H. PRICE, B.S., Assistant in Chemistry.

HESTER B. PROVENSON, LL.B., Assistant Professor of Speech.

JAMES V. QUAGLIANO, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of Chemistry.

GEORGE D. QUIGLEY, B.S., Associate Professor of Poultry Husbandry.

WILLIAM R. QUYNN, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Foreign Languages.

MARGUERITE C. RAND, M.A., Assistant Professor of Foreign Languages.

B. HARLAN RANDALL, B.Mus., Professor of Music.

CHARLES J. RATZLAFF, Ph.D., Professor of International Economics.

JOSEPH M. RAY, Ph.D., Professor of Government and Politics.

WALTON R. READ, M.S., Assistant Professor of Mechanical Engineering.

WILLIAM M. REDD, Jr., B.S., Assistant in Engineering Drawing.

HENRY R. REED, Ph.D., Professor of Electrical Engineering.

E. WILKINS REEVE, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Chemistry.

JAMES H. REID, M.A., Professor of Economics.

JACQUELINE M. RICHARDS, B.S., Instructor in Physical Education.

VICTOR G. RINKER, Assistant in Engineering.

ROBERT M. RIVELLO, B.S., Instructor in Mechanical Engineering.

MARGUERITE E. ROBISON, M.A., Instructor in English.

CARL L. ROLLINSON, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Chemistry.

MARY C. Rose, M.A., Instructor in English.

LENORA C. ROSENFIELD, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of Foreign Languages. HOWARD ROVELSTAD, B.S.L.S., M.A., Associate Professor of Library Science.

FILLMORE H. SANFORD, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of Psychology.

WILLIS C. SCHAEFER, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of Psychology.

HERBERT SCHAUMANN, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of English.

VIRGINIA L. M. SCHERMERHORN, B.S., Assistant in Physics.

ALVIN W. SCHINDLER, Ph.D., Professor of Education.

ALDERM I COMPANIE, Ph.D. Dueferson of Develope

ALBERT L. SCHRADER, Ph.D., Professor of Pomology.

MARK Schweizer, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of Foreign Languages.

LELAND E. SCOTT, M.S., Professor of Horticulture.

B. FRANK SEDWICK, M.A., Instructor in Foreign Languages.

CRAWFORD SENSENIG, M.A., Instructor in History.

MARY G. SESSON, M.S., Instructor in Foods and Nutrition.

CLYNE S. SHAFFNER, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Poultry Husbandry.

PAUL W. SHANKWEILER, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Sociology.

JOSEPH C. SHAW, Ph.D., Professor of Dairy Husbandry.

JULIUS C. SHEPHERD, M.A., Instructor in Mathematics.

AARON W. SHERWOOD, M.S., Professor of Aerodynamics.

H. BURTON SHIPLEY, B.S., Assistant Professor of Physical Education.

MARK M. SHOEMAKER, M.L.D., Associate Professor of Landscaping.

CHARLES A. SHREEVE, Jr., M.S., Associate Professor of Mechanical Engineering.

STANLEY C. SHULL, M.A., Associate Professor of Agricultural Economics and Marketing.

MAURICE R. SIEGLER, B.S., Associate Professor of Art.

JEAN SINCLAIR, B.A., Instructor in English.

THOMAS C. SLINGLUFF, B.S., Assistant Professor of Mechanical Engineering.

ERIC H. SMALL, M.E.E., Assistant Professor of Electrical Engineering.

DENZEL D. SMITH, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Psychology.

JESSE E. SMITH, M.A., Instructor in Speech. \*

CATHERINE SNELL, Assistant Professor of Physical Education.

ROBERT E. SNODGRASS, B.A., Lecturer of Entomology.

BARBARA M. SNOW, M.A., Assistant Professor of Physical Education.

ETHEL SNYDER, M.E., Instructor in Mathematics.

JAMES S. SPAMER, B.S., Instructor in Civil Engineering.

DAVID S. SPARKS, A.M., Instructor in History.

JESSE W. SPROWLS, Ph.D., Professor of Psychology.

JAMES M. STAMPER, M.A., Instructor in English.

FRANCIS C. STARK, JR., M.S., Assistant Professor of Vegetable Crops.

S. Sidney Steinberg, B.E., C.E., Professor of Civil Engineering.

REUBEN G. STEINMEYER, Ph.D., Professor of Government and Politics.

LISBETH STEVENS, Instructor in Foreign Languages.

BARBARA H. STEVENSON, M.A., Instructor in English.

ALFRED L. STEWART, M.S., Associate Professor of Physical Education.

ENOCH F. STORY, JR., Ph.D., Assistant Professor of Chemistry.

WARREN L. STRAUSBAUGH, M.A., Assistant Professor of Speech.

ROLAND N. STROMBERG, M.A., Assistant in History.

CALVIN F. STUNTZ, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of Chemistry.

JOHN W. STUNTZ, B.S., Instructor in Electrical Engineering.

EMILE H. SUNIER, B.S., Instructor in Surveying.

DRAPER K. SUTCLIFFE, Assistant in Surveying.

WILLIAM J. SVIRBELY, D.Sc., Professor of Chemistry.

FRANK V. SYKORA, M.A., Instructor in Music.

JOHN K. SYLVESTER, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of Business and Public Administration.

JAMES M. TATUM, B.S., Professor of Physical Education.

ESTHER T. TAYLOR, M.S., Assistant Professor of Foods and Nutrition.

MARGARET E. TEETER, A.B., Instructor in English.

EVELYN K. TENNEY, A.M., Instructor in English.

ROYLE P. THOMAS, Ph.D., Professor of Soils.

CHARLES W. THORNTHWAITE, Ph.D., Professor of Human and Natural Resources.

RICHARD E. TILLER, Ph.D., Instructor in Zoology.

ADELE TINGEY, M.A., Instructor in Physical Education.

ISABELLE TOMBERLIN, B.S., Instructor in Foods and Nutrition.

THERON A. TOMPKINS, M.A., Associate Professor of Physical Education.

HORACE M. TRENT, Ph.D., Lecturer on Operational Circuit Analysis.

EMIL S. TROELSTON, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Economics.

GILBERT W. TUCK, M.A., Instructor in Foreign Languages.

PETER J. TURANO, M.A., Instructor in Government and Politics.

WILLIAM E. ULRICH, A.M., Assistant in Education.

JOHN F. UPSON, A.M., Instructor in English.

ANNA MARY URBAN, B.A., B.A.L.S., Instructor in Library Science.

JOHN L. VANDERSLICE, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of Mathematics.

WILLIAM VANROYEN, Ph.D., Professor of Geography.

FLETCHER P. VEITCH, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Chemistry.

J. MANUEL VELASCO, Instructor in Foreign Languages.

PETER F. VIAL, B.S., Instructor in Mechanical Engineering.

GEORGE B. VOGT, B.S., Assistant Professor of Entomology.

RUBY C. WAGNER, B.S., Instructor in Secretarial Training.

T. C. GORDON WAGNER, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Mathematics.

ROBERT Y. WALKER, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of Psychology.

W. PAUL WALKER, M.S., Associate Professor of Agricultural Economics.

GUSTAVE S. WALL, M.A., Associate Professor of Industrial Education.

EDGAR P. WALLS, Ph.D., Professor of Canning Corps.

KATHRYN M. P. WARD, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of English.

VERNA Z. WATERS, M.A., Instructor in Mathematics.

DOROTHY M. WATSON, M.S., Instructor in Natural and Human Resources.

J. DONALD WATSON, Ph.D., Professor of Finance.

JOSEPH WEBER, B.S., Instructor in Electrical Engineering.

KURT G. WEBER, Ph.D., Associate Professor of English.

SIVERT M. WEDEBERG, M.A., C.P.A., Professor of Accounting.

PRESLEY A. WEDDING, B.S., Assistant Professor of Civil Engineering.

JOHN V. WEHAUSEN, Ph.D., Lecturer in Mathematics.

ALFRED WEISSLER, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of Chemistry.

FRED W. WELLBORN, Ph.D., Professor of History.

HENRY J. WERNER, M.S., Instructor in Zoology.

CHARLES E. WHITE, Ph.D., Professor of Inorganic Chemistry.

IRA U. WHITE, B.S., Assistant in Zoology.

MELVIN R. WHITE, M.A., Assistant Professor of Speech.

VESTA A. WHITE, B.A., Assistant in Speech.

ELIZABETH WHITNEY, A.B., Instructor in Education.

GLADYS A. WIGGIN, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Education.

MILTON J. WIKSELL, M.A., Assistant Professor of Speech.

JUNE C. WILBUR, M.S., Assistant Professor of Textiles and Clothing.

JULIUS WILDSTOSSER, J.U.D., Instructor in Foreign Languages.

RAYMOND C. WILEY, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Analytical Chemistry.

DOROTHY K. WILLNER, M.A., Instructor in Sociology.

HOWARD WINANT, M.S., Assistant Professor of Agronomy.

COLUMBIA WINN, M.A., Assistant Professor of Education.

THOMAS T. WITKOWSKI, M.S., Assistant Professor in Electrical Engineering.

EDGAR S. WOOD, M.A., Instructor in Speech.

WILLIAM H. WOOD, Assistant in Horticulture.

MAYNARD B. WOODBURY, M.A., Instructor in Business Organization.

ALBERT W. WOODS, B.S., Associate Professor of Physical Education.

G. FORREST WOODS, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Chemistry.

Howard W. Wright, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Business Administration.

IRVIN G. WYLLIE, M.A., Instructor in History.

CHARLES W. YANTIS, B.S., Instructor in Civil Engineering.

JAMES F. YEAGER, Ph.D., Lecturer in Entomology.

WILLIS H. YOUNG, JR., B.S., Instructor in Mechanical Engineering.

W. GORDON ZEEVELD, Ph.D., Associate Professor of English.

R. YVONNE ZENN, M.A., Assistant Professor of Physical Education.

ADOLPH E. ZUCKER, Ph.D., Professor of Foreign Languages.

### GRADUATE ASSISTANTS AND FELLOWS

Name	Department
RUTH ADAMS, B.A.	English
J. Francis Allen, B.S	Zoology
JAY O. ANDERSON, B.SPoultry	Husbandry
JULIAN B. ANDERSON, B.SAnimal	Hushandry
CHARLES W. ANTHONY, B.A	English
BERNARD H. ARMBRECHT, B.A	Chemistry
DELBERT D. ARNOLD, M.A	History
THOMAS E. ARTHER, B.S	Chemistry
HARRY A. BACAS, B.ASpecial and Continua	tion Studies
GRAEME L. BAKER, B.S	Chemistry

JACK C. BARNES, M.A	English
ANNABELLE A. BARNETT, B.A	
ROSCOE G. BARTLETT, B.A	Zoology
KENNETH BATTERSBY, B.A	Geography
THOMAS E. BEATTY, B.S	Agronomy
FRANK L. BENTZ, JR., B.S	Agronomy
DAVID I. BLUMENTHAL, B.A	
ROBERT A. BOOTH, A.B	English
Louise A. Bradley, M.A	English
SYDNEY S. BREESE, B.S	Physics
ARTHUR E. BROWN, A.B	Chemistry
EMILY M. BRUNK, B.A	Sociology
CHARLES CALDWELL, M.A	Education
ROBERT L. CAMPBELL, B.S	Chamistry
EILEEN A. CARBERY, B.S	Ecode and Nutrition
EILEEN A. CARBERY, B.S	Foods and Nutrition
JANE D. CARMAN, B.A	English
DAVID H. CHAMBERS, B.S	
JUNE E. CHANCE, A.B	Psychology
MARGARET S. CLARKE, B.S., R.N	Chemistry
ROBERT C. CLEVERDON, M.S	Bacteriology
JERRY M. COHEN, B.S	Chemistry
IRENE M. COONEY, B.A	Physics
VIRGINIA H CORP B.S	Botany
LUCILLE A. COSBY, B.S	Zoology
ROBERT M. CREAMER, B.S	
RUTH N. CROMIE, B.A	Mathematics
DURANT H. DAPONTE, M.A	English
FRANK DAVIS, M.S	Poultry Husbandry
HARRIET J. DAVIS, B.A	
RAY F. DECK, B.S	Chemistry
HARRY M. DOUKAS, B.S	Chemistry
CHARLES W. DULIN, B.S	Chemistry
WILLIAM M. EARECKSON, III, B.S	Chamistry
WILLIAM M. EARECKSON, III, B.S	Rotany
RICHARD VAN D. ECK, B.S	Formies
MIRIAM B. ECKARD, B.S	Economics
RAYMOND L. ERICKSON, B.S	English
HERBERT M. EZEKIEL, B.S.	Destacial
JOHN W. FOSTER, B.S	Bacteriology
MARGARET FRYE, A.B	Physics
SIDNEY R. GALLER, M.S	Zoology
ROCCO L. GENTILCORE, B.A	Geography
ENGEL L. R. GILBERT, B.S	Entomology
MARGARET M. GILLESPIE, B.S	Zoology
LEX B. GOLDEN, B.S	
SAMUEL COLDHAGEN BS	
LEON GONSHERRY, B.S	Bacteriology
FREDERICK H. GRANNIS, B.A	Physics
	•

SHELDON B. GREENBAUM, M.S	Chemistry
SIDNEY GROLMAN, B.S	
HOWARD M. GROSS, B.S	
CHARLES HABER, M.S.	
MILTON D. HAVRON, B.A	
STUART HAYWOOD, B.S	
MARY F. HELMS, B.AGov	
CECIL G. HEWES, B.A	Zoology
EDWARD C. HIGGISON, B.A	Mathematics
WILLIAM M. HOFFMAN, B.S	
NORMAN L. HORN, B.S	
HARRY F. HOWDEN, JR., B.S.	
JOHN B. Howes, B.A	
JOHN H. HOYERT, B.S	
CHIEN CHUN HSIAO, M.A	
BETTY M. JONES, A.B	Geography
FLORA M. KEARNEY, M.A	English
EDWIN J. KELLEY, JR., B.S	Horticulture
HAMILL T. KENNY, A.M	
CHARLES W. J. KISSINGER, B.S	
WILLIAM I. C. KNIGHT, B.S.	
FLORENCE KORN, B.A	
Nepress Values D.C.	Geography
NORMAN KRAMER, B.S	Bacteriology
RAYMOND KRAY, B.S	
IVONNE LASTRA, M.A	Zoology
LEO W. LATHROUM, B.S	Mathematics
EMORY C. LEFFEL, M.S	
KENNETH LEVENBERG, B.S	Mathematics
MAXIMO LEVIN, B.S	
JUDITH M. MARGARETTEN, B.A	Foreign Languages
PATRICIA E. MARKS, B.S	
SALVATORE F. MARTINO, B.S	Dhysics'
AARON H. MASER, B.S.	Physics
MARUN II. MASER, D.S	Zoology
KEN MATSUDA, B.S	Chemistry
MARTHA J. MAXWELL, B.A	Psychology
Morley G. McCartney, M.S	
HERBERT MEYERS, B.S	
JOHN L. MILLIGAN, B.S	. Poultry Husbandry
ROBERT E. MORENG, B.S	. Poultry Husbandry
CORNELIUS F. MOXLEY, A.B	English
WILLIAM H. MYERS, B.S	
VISHWAMBHAR NATH, M.A	Coomanhy
JOHN L. NEMES, M.S.	Postoviology
GEORGE W. NEWELL, M.S.	Dayley Hacker line
DETAY OFF DA	. Fountry Husbandry
BETTY OTT, B.A	Business
Anna B. Owens, B.S	Botany
GEORGE R. PAPPAS, B.A	Geography

MAURICE J. PETERSON, M.S	
CHARLES W. PORTER, B.A	
Frank E. Potter, B.S	
CLAUDIA S. PRICKETT, B.S	Chemistry
REUBEN PROPER, B.S	
Betty L. Pugh, B.S	
HAROLD J. QUINN, B.S	
JEAN E. RAHAUSER, B.S	Chemistry
ROBERT D. RAPPLEYE, M.S	Botany
ARNOLD G. RAWLING, B.S.	Mathematics
Fred T. Reed, B.A.	Chemistry
Andress O. Ridgway, B.S.	Mathematics
WILLIAM A. ROGERS, B.A.	Physics
JAMES F. ROTH, B.A.	Chemistry
JAMES F. ROTH, B.A. HELEN J. RUTH, B.S.	Zoology
MARJORIE B. RUTHERFORD, B.S.	Zoology
HARRIET SACIIS, B.A.	English
WALLACE G. SANFORD, B.A.	Botany
CHARLES H. SCHAFER, M.A.	
CAROLYN SMITH, B.A.	
JOHN J. SMOOT, B.S.	
FRANK N. SNYDER, B.S.	Chemistry
SIU-CHI SONG, B.S.	
Franklin B. Stewart, M.S.	
KENNETH STRINGER, B.S.	Zoology
DOROTHY M. SVIRBELY, B.S.	
DONALD L. SWEETMAN, B.ABusine	es Pesearch
ARMEN C. TARJAN, B.S.	
SAMUEL C. TEMIN, M.S.	Chomistry
BEATRICE J. THEARLE, M.A.	
HOWARD M. TRUSSELL, B.S.	
IRWIN W. TUCKER, B.S.	
JOSEPH G. TUONO, B.S.	
Anna Lee Van Artsdale, B.S.	
NORBERT B. WAGNER, B.S.	
SHIRLEY WAGNER, B.A.	English
WILLIS H. WALDO, B.S.	Chemistry
GEORGE S. WARNER, B.S	Bacteriology
DONALD V. WEICK, B.A.	
SAMUEL WEISS, B.S.	
ROY G. WESTON, B.A	Chemistry
MILDRED M. WIKER, B.S.	
DAVID WINFREY, B.A.	Physics
EARL G. WOHLFORD, B.S.	
ALDEN E. YELMGREN	
KATHRYN YOUNG, B.S.	

ROBERT O. ZELLER, B.A.	Zoology
JOSHUA E. ZIA, B.S.	
RALPH ZIRKIND, M.S.	
· ·	·
Fellows	
ROWLAND K. ADAMS, B.S	Chemistry
BARBARA H. CAMINITA, B.S	Bacteriology
PHYLLIS EVERHART, M.A	Geography
JACK E. GRAY, B.S	English
LARRY Q. GREEN, M.S	Chemistry
GEORGE W. HARMON, B.S	Chemical Engineering
RUSSELL L. HAWES, B.S	. Agricultural Economics
WILLIAM F. JENKINS, M.S	
FRANK L. KELLER, A.B	Geography
RUTH A. KEYES, B.A	History
WILLIAM E. LUSBY, JR., B.S	
MALVIN McGAHA, B.S	. Agricultural Economics
HUGH V. PERKINS, A.M	Education

### SECTION I—General

### PRELIMINARY INFORMATION

The University of Maryland, in addition to being a State University, is the "Land-Grant" institution of Maryland. The University is co-educational in all of its branches.

### College Park

The undergraduate colleges and the Graduate School of the University of Maryland are located at College Park, Prince George's County, Maryland, on a beautiful tract of rolling, wooded land, less than eight miles from the heart of the Nation's capital, Washington, D. C. This nearness to Washington, naturally, is of immeasurable advantage to students because of the unusual library facilities afforded by the Library of Congress and the libraries of Government Departments; the privilege of observing at close range sessions of the United States Supreme Court, the United States Senate and the House of Representatives; the opportunity of obtaining almost without effort an abundance of factual data which is constantly being assembled by the numerous agencies of the Federal Government.

The University is served by excellent transportation facilities, including the main line of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, by the Washington street car system, and by several bus lines. The campus fronts on the Baltimore-Washington Boulevard, a section of U. S. Route No. 1, which makes the University easily accessible by private automobile travel.

College Park, and the adjacent Calvert Hills and College Heights, constitute a group of fine residential communities close to the University campus, where are located the homes of many of the members of the faculty and staff, and where students who prefer to live off campus may find desirable living accommodations at reasonable rates.

### Baltimore

The professional schools of the University—Dentistry, Law, Medicine, Nursing, and Pharmacy—the University Hospital, and the Baltimore Program of the College of Special and Continuation Studies are located in a group of splendid buildings, most of them erected in recent years, at or near the adjacent corners of Lombard and Greene Streets and Lombard and Redwood Streets, Baltimore, Maryland.

Baltimore, a thriving, modern industrial city of more than a million inhabitants, has an old established culture represented by outstanding educational institutions, libraries, museums, parks, public buildings, and places of historical interest.

Baltimore is justly proud of its well earned reputation as a center of the highest type of professional education, and no finer location could be chosen by a young man or young woman desiring to prepare for a professional career.

### BRIEF HISTORY OF THE UNIVERSITY

While its advancement in recent years, both in the matter of physical plant facilities and educational standards has been especially rapid, the University has behind it a long and honorable history.

The history of the present University is the history of two institutions; the old privately-owned and operated University of Maryland in Baltimore and the Maryland State College (formerly Maryland Agricultural College) at College Park. These institutions were merged in 1920.

In 1807 the College of Medicine of Maryland was organized, the fifth medical school in the United States. The first class was graduated in 1810. A permanent home was established in 1814-1815 by the erection of the building at Lombard and Greene Streets in Baltimore, the oldest structure in America devoted to medical teaching. Here was founded one of the first medical libraries (and the first medical school library) in the United States. In 1812 the General Assembly of Maryland authorized the College of Medicine of Maryland to "annex or constitute faculties of divinity, law, and arts and sciences," and by the same act declared that the "colleges or faculties thus united should be constituted an university by the name and under the title of the University of Maryland." By authority of this act, steps were taken in 1813 to establish "a faculty of law," and in 1823 a regular school of instruction in law was opened. Subsequently there were added: in 1882 a Department of Dentistry which was absorbed in 1923 by the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery (founded in 1840, the first dental school in the world); in 1889 a School of Nursing; and in 1904 the Maryland College of Pharmacy (founded in 1841, the third oldest pharmacy college in the United States).

The Maryland State College was chartered in 1856 under the name of the Maryland Agricultural College, the second agricultural college in the Western Hemisphere. For three years the College was under private management. In 1862 the Congress of the United States passed the Land Grant Act. This act granted each State and Territory that should claim its benefits a proportionate amount of unclaimed western lands, in place of scrip, the proceeds from the sale of which should apply under certain conditions to the "endowment, support, and maintenance of at least one college where the leading object shall be, without excluding other scientific and classical studies, and including military tactics, to teach such branches of learning as are related to agriculture and the mechanic arts, in such a manner as the Legislatures of the States may respectively prescribe, in order to promote the liberal and practical education of the industrial classes in the several pursuits and professions of life." This grant was accepted by the General Assembly of Maryland, and the Maryland Agricultural College was named as the beneficiary of the grant. Thus the College became, at least in part, a State institution. In the fall of 1914 control was taken over entirely by the State. In 1916 the General Assembly granted a new charter to the College, and made it the Maryland State College.

In 1920, by an act of the State Legislature, the University of Maryland was merged with the Maryland State College, and the resultant institution was given the name University of Maryland.

### THE UNIVERSITY YEAR

The University year is divided into two semesters of approximately seventeen weeks each, and a summer session of six weeks.

### ADMINISTRATIVE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNIVERSITY

The government of the University is, by law, vested in a Board of Regents, consisting of eleven members appointed by the governor of the State, each for a term of nine years. The administration of the University is vested in the president. The deans, directors and other principal officers of the University form the Administrative Board. This group serves in an advisory capacity to the president.

Following is a list of the administrative divisions of the University:

At College Park
College of Agriculture
College of Arts and Sciences
College of Business and Public
Administration
College of Education
College of Engineering
College of Home Economics
College of Military Science, Physical Education and Recreation

College of Special and Continuation Studies Graduate School

Summer Session

Agricultural Experiment Station
Agricultural and Home Economics
Extension Service

### State-Wide Activities

The Agricultural and Home Economics Extension Service maintains local representatives in every county of the State. These representatives, County Agents and Home Demonstration Agents, provide expert assistance to farmers and farm families in their areas and, when necessary, call upon the large staff of specialists at the headquarters of the Extension Service at College Park.

The Live Stock Sanitary Service, which is charged with responsibility for the control and eradication of diseases of live stock and poultry, maintains local veterinary inspectors throughout the State, in addition to specialists and laboratory technicians at the main laboratory at College Park and the branch laboratories in Salisbury, Centerville and Baltimore.

At Baltimore
School of Dentistry
School of Law
School of Medicine
School of Nursing
School of Pharmacy
University Hospital

Maryland State Board of Agricul-

### PHYSICAL FACILITIES—GROUNDS, BUILDINGS AND EQUIPMENT College Park

Grounds. The University grounds at College Park comprise over six hundred acres. A broad rolling campus is surmounted by a commanding hill which overlooks a wide area and insures excellent drainage. Most of the buildings are located on this eminence and the adjacent grounds are laid out attractively in lawns and terraces ornamented with trees, shrubbery and flower beds. Below the hill and along either side of the Washington-Baltimore Boulevard lie the drill grounds and athletic fields.

Approximately 300 acres are used for research and teaching in horticulture, agriculture, dairying, livestock and poultry. An additional five hundred acres of land provided for plant research work are located at the Hopkins and Nash farms, five miles northwest of College Park and in various other localities.

Buildings. The buildings of beautifully designed Georgian colonial motif comprise about fifty principal structures and an additional fifty for supplemental utility, providing facilities for the varied activities carried on at College Park.

Administration and Instruction. This group consists of the following: Administration Building, which accommodates the offices of the President, Dean of Men, Business Manager, Comptroller, Director of Personnel, Registrar, Director of Admissions, Publications, Alumni Secretary, Director of Procurement and Supply, and Cashier, as well as Student Supply Store and University Post Office.

Agriculture Building, which houses the College of Agriculture, the Agricultural and Home Economics Extension Service and the Director of the Agricultural Experiment Station.

Other buildings, whose space is principally devoted to the College of Agriculture are: Poultry Building, Horticulture Building, and Dairy Building.

The Arts and Science Building, Engineering Building, Education Building, Business and Public Administration and Home Economics Building, as the names imply, house the various colleges.

The Armory, one of the finest structures of its kind in the country; the Ritchie Coliscum, seating 4,500, used for indoor sports events; the Gymnasium; the Women's Field House and the Byrd Stadium providing for 8,000 spectators are utilized principally by the College of Military Science and Physical Education. The Chemistry Building, Science Building (formerly Agriculture Building), Classroom Building, Dean of Women's Building, Library, Morrill Hall, and the Home Economics Practice House, complete the principal structures in this group.

Ten temporary frame classroom buildings serve the overflow from Chemistry, Physics and Zoology as well as the entire Psychology and Mathematics departments and provide a Recreation building for day students and headquarters for all student publications.

A Shop building is being jointly used by the Engineering College, Industrial Education and Agricultural Engineering departments until new buildings, planned as part of the Glenn L. Martin College of Engineering and Aeronautical Sciences, are constructed. The experimental Wind Tunnel Building, the first unit of this group, is located near the Paint Branch bridge on the north side of the campus.

Housing. The Women's Dormitories are Anne Arundel Hall and Margaret Brent Hall. In addition, there are four smaller units at present providing housing for sorority groups. Two new women's dormitories are to be completed late in 1948.

Men's Dormitories. Calvert and Silvester Halls are the only two named dormitories of a group of ten separate buildings housing men students.

A Veterans' Housing Project provides facilities for 1,100 male students in nine dormitories and 104 veteran families in thirteen family units.

Experiment Station. The headquarters for the Agricultural Experiment Station are in the new Agricultural building. The laboratories and greenhouses for this research work are located in several buildings on the campus.

The Live Stock Sanitary Service is located in a group of buildings about a mile east of the main campus, near the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Station.

Service Buildings. This group includes the Central Heating Plant, Service Building, the Infirmary, and the Dining Hall.

The Fire Service Extension Building, completed in 1946, is located south of the Byrd Stadium on the boulevard. It houses the Fire Extension Service offices as well as the College Park Volunteer Fire Department.

Historical Building. Rossborough Inn. This historic Inn, built in 1798, is the oldest building on the campus and for many years housed the Agricultural Experiment Station. Entirely restored, it is now one of the most beautiful and interesting buildings on the campus.

U. S. Government Buildings. United States Bureau of Mines. The Eastern Experiment Station of the United States Bureau of Mines is located on the University grounds. The general laboratories are used for instruction purposes in College of Engineering as well as by the United States Government for Experimental work. The building contains a geological museum and a technical library. United States Fish and Wildlife Service Laboratory. The technological research laboratory building of the U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service is located on the University campus. It contains laboratories for research in fisheries dealing with chemical, chemical engineering, bacteriological, nutritional, and biological subjects. Through a cooperative arrangement with the University it is possible for students to do graduate work using the facilities of these laboratories.

### Baltimore

The group of buildings located in the vicinity of Lombard and Greene Streets provides available housing for the Baltimore division of the University. The group comprises the original Medical School Building, erected in 1814; the Old Hospital now used as a dispensary; the New University Hospital with approximately 450 beds; the Frank C. Bressler Research Laboratory; the Dental and Pharmacy Building; the Nurses' Home; the Law School Building; Davidge Hall, which houses the Medical library; and the Administration Building.

### LIBRARY FACILITIES

Libraries are located at both the College Park and Baltimore divisions of the University.

The General Library at College Park, completed in 1931, is an attractive and well equipped structure. The main reading room on the second floor seats 250 and has about 5,000 reference books and bound periodicals on open shelves. The five-tier stack room and basement are equipped with carrels and desks for use of advanced students. About 20,000 of the 132,000 volumes on the campus are shelved in the Chemistry, Entomology and Mathematics Departments, the Graduate School, and other units. Over 1,000 periodicals are currently received.

Facilities in Baltimore consist of the libraries of the School of Dentistry, containing 13,000 volumes; the School of Law, 20,000 volumes; the School of Medicine, 27,000 volumes; the School of Nursing, 1,000 volumes; and the School of Pharmacy, 11,000 volumes. The Medical Library is housed in Davidge Hall; the remaining four libraries have adequate quarters in the buildings of their respective schools, where they are readily available for use. Facilities for the courses in Arts and Sciences are offered jointly by the libraries of the Schools of Dentistry and Pharmacy.

The libraries of the University total in the aggregate over 200,000 bound volumes. The General Library is a depository for publications of the United States Government and numbers some 75,000 documents in its collection.

The University Library System is able to supplement its reference service by borrowing material from other libraries through Inter-Library Loan or Bibliofilm Service, or by arranging for personal work in the Library of Congress, the United States Department of Agriculture Library, and other agencies in Washington.

### ADMISSION PROCEDURE

Undergraduate Schools: Applicants for admission to the College of Agriculture, Arts and Sciences, Business and Public Administration, Education, Engineering, and Home Economics should communicate with the Director of Admissions, University of Maryland, College Park, Maryland.

Graduate School: Those seeking admission to the Graduate School should address the Dean of the Graduate School, University of Maryland, College Park.

Professional Schools: Information about admission to the professional schools in Baltimore may be had by writing to the dean of the college concerned or to the Director of Admissions of the University.

Applicants from Secondary Schools: Procure an application blank from the Director of Admissions. Fill in personal data requested and ask your principal or headmaster to enter your secondary school record and mail the blank to the Director of Admissions.

To avoid delay, it is suggested that applications be filed not later than July 1 for the fall semester, and January 1 for the spring semester. Applications from students completing their last semester of secondary work are encouraged. If acceptable, supplementary records will be sent upon graduation.

Applicants from Other Colleges and Universities: Secure an application blank from the Director of Admissions. Fill in personal data requested and ask secondary school principal or headmaster to enter secondary school record and send the blank to the Director of Admissions. Request the Registrar of the College or University attended to send a transcript to the Director of Admissions, College Park, Maryland.

Time of Admission: New students should plan to enter the University at the beginning of the fall semester if possible. Students, however, will be admitted at the beginning of either semester.

### ADMISSION OF FRESHMEN

Admission by Certificate: Graduates of accredited secondary schools of Maryland or the District of Columbia will be admitted by certificate upon the recommendation of the principal. Graduates of out-of-state schools should have attained college certification marks, such marks to be not less than one letter or ten points higher than the passing mark.

Veterans and other mature persons who are not high school graduates may qualify for admission to the freshman class by passing prescribed tests comparable to those employed by state authorities to establish high school equivalence.

### SUBJECT REQUIREMENTS

In selecting students more emphasis will be placed upon good marks and other indications of probable success in college rather than upon a fixed pattern of subject matter.

For all colleges one unit each of Algebra and Plane Geometry is desirable. Deviation may be allowed for certain curricula.

Social Science; Natural and Biological Science..1 unit from each group is required; two are desirable.

Foreign Languages.... Those who will follow the professions, enter journalism, foreign trade or service, study the humanities or do research, should have a good foundation in one or more, but none is required.

Electives ...... Fine Arts, trade and vocational subjects are acceptable.

Transfer Students: Only students in good standing as to scholarship and conduct are eligible to transfer. Advanced standing is assigned to transfer students from accredited institutions under the following conditions:

- 1. A minimum of one year of resident work of not less than 30 semester hours is necessary for a degree.
- The University reserves the right at any time to revoke advanced standing if the transfer student's progress is unsatisfactory.

Special Students: Applicants who are at least twenty-one years of age, and who have not completed the usual preparatory course, may be admitted to such courses as they seem fitted to take. Special students are ineligible to matriculate for a degree until entrance requirements have been satisfied.

Unclassified Students: Applicants who meet entrance requirements but who do not wish to pursue a program of study leading to a degree are eligible for admission to pursue courses for which they have met prerequisites.

### PHYSICAL EDUCATION REQUIREMENTS FOR MEN AND WOMEN

All undergraduate students classified academically as freshmen or sophomores who are registered for more than six semester hours are required to carry physical activities three hours per week until they have successfully completed four semesters. The successful completion of this course is a prerequisite for graduation, but it must be taken by all eligible students during the first two years of attendance at the University, whether they intend to graduate or not. Students not qualified to take the regular activities program will be given adaptive work suitable to their physical capacities.

### REQUIREMENTS IN MILITARY INSTRUCTION

All male students unless specifically exempted under University rules are required to take elementary military training for a period of two years. The successful completion of this course is a prerequisite for graduation but it must be taken by all eligible students during the first two years of attendance at the University, whether they intend to graduate or not. Transfer students who do not have the required two years of military training will be required to complete the course or take it until graduation, whichever occurs first.

#### EXEMPTIONS:

- 1. Students who are not citizens of the United States.
- 2. Students who have completed the course in other senior units of the R. O. T. C.
- 3. Students holding commissions in the Reserve Corps of the Army, Navy, Marines or Coast Guard.
- 4. Students who have served in the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard for a period of time long enough to be considered equivalent to the training received in the R. O. T. C. Short periods of service in any of the branches named above will be evaluated and allowed as credit toward completion of the course.
  - 5. Graduate students.
- 6. Students classified as "Special Students" who are registered for less than seven semester credits.
- 7. Students who have passed their thirtieth birthday before starting the course.

Students excused from basic military training are required to take an equivalent number of credits in other subjects, which substitution must be approved by the dean of the college concerned.

## THE PROGRAM IN AMERICAN CIVILIZATION

Work in American Civilization is offered at three distinct academic levels. Work at the first level is described below. For a description of work at the second level, see "American Civilization," pages 89-90, and for details concerning the degree of Master of Arts in American Civilization, see "Requirements for the degree of Master of Arts in American Civilization," page 204. For information concerning requirements for the doctorate in American Civilization, consult the Chairman of the Program in American Civilization.

# Required Courses in the American Civilization Program

All students (unless specific exceptions are noted in printed curricula) are required to take twelve semester hours of English (for sequence and descriptions, see the offerings of the Department of English), three semester hours of sociology (Soc. 1—Sociology of American Life), three semester hours of government (G. & P. 1—American Government), and six semester hours of history (H. 5, 6—History of American Civilization).

These several courses are planned as parts of a whole that is designed to acquaint students with the basic facts of American history, with the fundamental patterns of our social, economic, political, and intellectual development, and with the riches of our cultural heritage.

### REGULATION OF STUDIES

Course Numbers. Courses for undergraduates are designated by numbers 1—99; courses for advanced undergraduates and graduates, by numbers 100—199\*; and courses for graduates, by numbers 200—299.

<sup>\*</sup> But not all courses numbered 100 to 199 may be taken for graduate credit.

A course with a single number extends through one semester. A course with a double number extends through two semesters.

Schedule of Courses. A semester time schedule of courses, giving days, hours, and rooms, is issued as a separate pamphlet at the beginning of each semester. Classes are scheduled beginning at 8:00 A. M.

Definition of Credit Unit. The semester hour, which is the unit of credit in the University, is the equivalent of a subject pursued one period a week for one semester. Two or three periods of laboratory or field work are equivalent to one lecture or recitation period. The student is expected to devote three hours a week in classroom or laboratory, including outside preparation for each credit hour in any course.

Examinations. Examinations are held at the end of each semester in accordance with the official schedule of examinations. Students are required to use the prescribed type of examination book in final examinations; and, also, when requested to do so by the instructor, in tests given during the semester.

Final examinations are held in all courses except in classes where the character of the work will permit the instructor to note frequently the progress and proficiency of the student—in which case they may be omitted upon approval of the head of the department and dean of the college. Periodic examinations and tests are given during regularly scheduled class periods. Final examinations, where required, are given according to schedule and are of not more than two hours' duration.

Final examinations for undergraduate candidates for degrees are waived in the semester immediately preceding their June graduation exercises, and final grades are based on daily grades and tests given during the semester.

Marking System: The following symbols are used for marks: A, B, C, and D, passing; F, Failure; I, Incomplete.

Mark A denotes superior scholarship; mark B, good scholarship; mark C, fair scholarship; and mark D, passing scholarship.

In computing scholastic averages, numerical values are assigned as follows: A-4; B-3; C-2; D-1; F-0.

A scholastic average of C is required for graduation and for junior standing. At least three-fourths of the credits required for graduation must be earned with marks of A, B, or C. A student who receives the mark of D in more than one-fourth of his credits must take additional courses or repeat courses until he has met these requirements.

Academic Regulations. A separate pamphlet is published each year listing the regulations which govern the academic work and other activities of students.

#### REPORTS

Written reports of grades are sent by the Registrar to parents or guardians of minor students who are not veterans at the close of each semester.

### DELINQUENT STUDENTS

A student must attain passing marks in fifty per cent of the semester hours for which he is registered, or he is automatically dropped from the University. The Registrar notifies the student, his parent or guardian, and the student's dean of this action. A student who has been dropped for scholastic reasons may appeal in writing to the Committee on Admission, Guidance, and Adjustment for reinstatement. The Committee is empowered to grant relief for just cause. A student who has been dropped from the University for scholastic reasons, and whose petition for reinstatement is denied, may again petition after a lapse of at least one semester.

The University reserves the right to request at any time the withdrawal of a student who cannot or does not maintain the required standard of scholarship, or whose continuance in the University would be detrimental to his or her health, or to the health of others, or whose conduct is not satisfactory to the authorities of the University. Students of the last class may be asked to withdraw even though no specific charge be made against them.

According to University regulations, excessive absence from any course is penalized by failure in that course. Students who are guilty of persistent absence from any course will be reported to the President or to his appointed representative for final disciplinary action.

### JUNIOR STANDING

No student will be certified as a junior, or be permitted to select a major or minor, or to continue in a fixed curriculum until he or she shall have passed with an average grade as high as C (2.0) the minimum number of semester credits required for junior standing in any curriculum.

#### DEGREES AND CERTIFICATES

The University confers the following degrees: Bachelor of Arts, Bachelor of Science, Master of Education, Master of Arts, Master of Science, Master of Business Administration, Doctor of Philosophy, Civil Engineer, Mechanical Engineer, Electrical Engineer, Chemical Engineer, Bachelor of Laws, Doctor of Medicine, Doctor of Dental Surgery, and Bachelor of Science in Pharmacy.

Students in the two-year and three-year curricula are awarded certificates.

No baccalaureate degree will be awarded to a student who has had less than one year of resident work in this University. The last thirty semester credits of any curriculum leading to a baccalaureate degree must be taken in residence at the University of Maryland. Candidates for the baccalaureate degree in combined curriculums at College Park and Baltimore must complete a minimum of thirty semester credits at College Park.

An average mark of C is required for graduation. In addition, at least three-fourths of the credits required for graduation must be earned with marks of A, B, or C. In the case of a candidate for a combined degree or of a transfer student with advanced standing, a grade of D will not be recognized for credit towards a degree in more than one-fourth of the credits earned at this institution.

The requirements for graduation vary according to the character of work in the different colleges and schools. Full information regarding specific college requirements for graduation will be found in the college sections of the catalog.

Each candidate for a degree must file in the office of the Registrar three months prior to the date he expects to graduate, a formal application for a degree. Candidates for degrees must attend a convocation at which degrees are conferred and diplomas are awarded. Degrees are conferred in absentia only in exceptional cases.

### DEFINITION OF RESIDENCE AND NON-RESIDENCE

Students who are minors are considered to be resident students, if at the time of their registration their parents have been residents of this State for at least one year, or upon their return to the State, if they have resided in the State for one full year during the five years immediately preceding their return.

Adult students are considered to be residents, if at the time of their registration they have been residents of this State for at least one year, or upon their return to the State, if they have resided in the State for one full year during the five years immediately preceding their return; provided such residence has not been acquired while attending any school or college in Maryland.

The status of the residence of a student is determined at the time of his first registration in the University, and may not thereafter be changed by him unless, in the case of a minor, his parents move to and become legal residents of this State, by maintaining such residence for at least one full calendar year. However, the right of the student (minor) to change from a non-resident to a resident status must be established by him prior to registration for a semester in any academic year.

#### FEES AND EXPENSES

#### General

All checks or money orders should be made payable to the University of Maryland for the exact amount of the charges.

In cases where students have been awarded Legislative Scholarships or University Grants, the amount of such scholarship or grant will be deducted from the bill.

All fees are due and payable at the time of registration, and students should come prepared to pay the full amount of the charges. No student will be admitted to classes until such payment has been made. Veterans are

required to comply with these conditions if the University does not have in its possession at the time of registration an approved Certificate of Eligibility and Entitlement from the Veterans Administration.

The University reserves the right to make such changes in fees and other charges as may be found necessary, although every effort will be made to keep the costs to the student as low as possible.

No degree will be conferred, nor any diploma, certificate, or transcript of a record issued to a student who has not made satisfactory settlement of his account.

The University will award to all World War II Veteran Students approved by the Veterans Administration for the educational benefits under Public Laws 16 or 346, a scholarship whenever the total charges excluding room and board, but including textbooks and supplies, exceeds the \$500 allotment per academic year payable to the University by the Federal Government. The amount of such scholarship shall be the difference between such total charges as above defined and the maximum amount payable by the Veterans Administration during the veteran student's period of eligibility.

### RESIDENTS, NON-RESIDENTS

Fees	for	Under	graduate	Students
------	-----	-------	----------	----------

	First	Second	
Maryland Residents	Semester	Semester	Total
Fixed Charges	\$82.00	\$83.00	\$165.00
Athletic Fee	15.00		15.00
Special Fee	10.00		10.00
Student Activities Fee	10.00		10.00
Infirmary Fee	5.00		5.00
Post Office Fee	2.00		2.00
Advisory and Testing Fee	1.00		1.00
Total for Maryland Residents	\$125.00	\$83.00	\$208.00
Residents of the District of Columbia, Other States and Countries			
Tuition Fee for Non-Resident Students.	\$63.00	\$62.00	\$125.00
Total for Non-Resident Students	\$188.00	*\$145.00	\$333.00
Board and Lodging			
Board	\$170.00	\$170.00	\$340.00
Dormitory Room	\$40\$45	\$40—\$45	\$80—\$90
Total for Board and Room	\$210—215	\$210—215	\$420—430

The Fixed Charges Fee is not a charge for tuition. It is a charge to help defray the cost of operating the University's physical plant and other various services which ordinarily would not be included as a cost of teaching personnel and teaching supplies. Included in these costs would be janitorial services, cost of heat, electricity, water, etc., administrative and clerical cost, maintenance of buildings and grounds, maintenance of libraries, cost of University publications, Alumni Office, the University Business and Financial Offices, the Registrar's Office, the Admissions Office, and any other such services as are supplemental and necessary to teaching and research are supported by this fee.

The Athletic Fee is charged for the support of the Department of Intercollegiate Athletics. All students are eligible and encouraged to participate in all of the activities of this department and to attend all contests in which they do not participate.

The Special Fee is used for improving physical training facilities and for other University projects that have direct relationship to student welfare, especially athletics and recreation. This fee now is allocated to a fund for construction of a stadium, a new combination coliseum and auditorium, and to constructing a new swimming pool, as soon as the fund is sufficient and materials are available.

The Students Activities Fee is a mandatory fee included at the request of the Student Government Association. It covers subscriptions to the Diamondback, student paper, of \$1.50 per year, the Old Line, literary magazine, of \$.75 per year, and the yearbook; class dues, including financial support for the musical and dramatic clubs.

• Students entering the University for the second semester will pay the following additional fees: Athletic, \$7.50; Special, \$5.00; Student Activities, \$8.00; Infirmary, \$2.50; Post Office Fees, \$1.00; Advisory and Testing Fee, \$.50.

# LABORATORY AND OTHER FEES

0
0
60
0
0
0
0
0
0
0
0
0
0
0
0
0
0
0
0
0
•
0
_
0

Miscellaneous Fees and Charges (Continued)	1.00
Transcript of Record Fee  Property Damage Charge—Students will be charged for damage to property or equipment. Where responsibility for the damage can be fixed, the individual student will be billed for it; where responsibility cannot be fixed, the cost of repairing the damage or replacing equipment will be pro-rated.	1.00
Library Charges:	
Fine for failure to return book from general library before expiration of loan period	r day
First hour overdue	.25
Each additional hour overdue	.05
Text Books and Supplies	
Text books and classroom supplies—These costs vary with the course pursued, but will average per semester	35.00
Fees for Graduate Students	
Tuition charge for students carrying more than 8 semester credit hours	65.00
Tuition charge per semester hour for students carrying 8 semester	0.00
credit hours or less	8.00
Matriculation Fee, payable only once, at time of first registration.  Diploma Fee (For Master's Degree)	10.00
Cap and Gown fee, Master's degree	2.75
Graduation Fee (For Doctor's Degree)	
Cap and Gown fee, Doctor's degree  Notes: Fees in the Graduate School are the same for all students, whether residents of the State of Maryland or not.  All fees, except Diploma Fee and Graduation Fee, are payable at the time of registration for each semester.  Diploma Fee and Graduation Fee must be paid prior to graduation.	3.75
Fees for Evening Courses	
Matriculation Fee (Payable once, at time of first registration by all students—full time and part time; candidates for degrees, and non-candidates).	
For Undergraduates	
For Graduates	10.00
Tuition Charge (same for all students)—Limit six hours. Charge	8.00

Laboratory Fees—A laboratory fee, to cover cost of materials used, is charged in laboratory courses. These fees vary with the course and can be ascertained in any case by inquiry of the Director of Evening Courses, or the instructor in charge of the course.

### WITHDRAWAL AND REFUND OF FEES

Any student compelled to leave the University at any time during the academic year, should file an application for withdrawal, bearing the proper signatures, in the office of the Registrar. If this is not done, the student will not be entitled, as a matter of course, to a certificate of honorable dismissal, and will forfeit his right to any refund to which he would otherwise be entitled. The date used in computing refunds is the date the application for withdrawal is filed in the office of the Registrar.

In the case of a minor, withdrawal will be permitted only with the written consent of the student's parent or guardian.

Students withdrawing from the University will receive a refund of all charges, except board, lodging, deposits for room reservation and advanced registration, less the matriculation fee in accordance with the following schedule:

	Percentage
Period from Date Instruction Begins	Refundable
Two weeks or less	80%
Between two and three weeks	60%
Between three and four weeks	40%
Between four and five weeks	20%
Over five weeks	0

Board and lodging are refunded only in the event the student withdraws from the University. Refunds of board and lodging are made on a pro-rata, weekly basis. Dining Hall cards issued to boarding students must be surrendered at the Dining Hall office the day of withdrawal.

### TRANSCRIPTS OF RECORDS

Any student or alumnus may secure a transcript of his scholastic record from the Registrar. No charge is made for the first copy, but, for each additional copy, there is a charge of \$1.00. Make checks payable to the University of Maryland.

Transcripts of records should be requested at least one week in advance of the date when the records are actually needed.

No transcript of a student's record will be furnished any student or alumnus whose financial obligations to the University have not be satisfied.

### STUDENT HEALTH AND WELFARE

The University recognizes its responsibility for safeguarding the health of its student body and takes every reasonable precaution toward this end.

44 HEALTH

All freshman students will be given a thorough physical examination at the time of their entrance to the University. A modern, well-equipped infirmary is available for the care of the sick or injured students. A small fee is charged undergraduate students for this infirmary service.

## Infirmary Service

- 1. All undergraduate students may receive dispensary service and medical advice at the Infirmary during regular office hours established by the physician in charge. Nurses' office hours are 8 A. M. to 5 P. M. daily except Sunday. On Sunday 10 A. M. to 12 Noon. In the evening for emergency only. Doctors' office hours are 10 A. M. to 1 P. M. daily except Sunday. Other times by appointment only.
- 2. A registered nurse is on duty at all hours in the Infirmary. Students are requested to report illnesses during office hours unless the case is an emergency.
- 3. Students not residing in their own homes may, upon order of the University physician, be cared for in the Infirmary to the extent of the facilities available. Students living off the campus will be charged a subsistence fee of \$1.75 a day. In case of illness requiring a special nurse or special medical attention the expense must be borne by the student.
- 4. Students living in the dormitories or "off campus" houses who are ill and unable to attend classes must report to the Infirmary at 8 A. M. If they are too ill to go to the Infirmary, they must notify the housemother or householder who in turn will notify the Infirmary, so that a physician may visit the residence. After the first visit the physician will make his usual charge for visits to the dormitories and "off campus" houses.
- 5. When a student is admitted to the Infirmary and the illness is of a serious nature, parents will be promptly informed of the admission and of the progress of the student's condition. Visiting hours are 10 A. M. to 11 A. M. and 7 P. M. to 7:30 P. M. daily. Each patient is allowed only three visitors at one time. No visitor may see any patient until permission is granted by the nurse in charge.
- 6. Hospitalization is not available at the Infirmary for graduate students, faculty and employees. Dispensary service, however, is available for graduate students, faculty and employees who are injured in University service or University activities.

#### Public Health

All dormitories, "off campus" houses, sorority and fraternity houses are inspected periodically by the Student Health Service to insure that proper sanitary conditions are maintained and that kitchens meet the prescribed standards for cleanliness and sanitation. All food handlers will be examined in accordance with directives issued by the Student Health Service.

### LIVING ARRANGEMENTS

#### Dormitories

Room Reservations. All new students desiring to room in the dormitories should request room application cards by carefully checking the admission blanks. The Director of Admissions will refer these to the offices of the Dean of Men or the Dean of Women. Application cards or blanks will be sent to applicants and should be returned promptly. A fee of \$15.00 will be requested which will be deducted from the first semester charges when the student registers. A room is not assured until notice is received from the Dean concerned. Room reservations not claimed by freshmen or upper-classmen on their respective registration days will be cancelled. A room will be held by special request until after classes begin providing the dormitory office is notified by the first day of registration. Room reservation fees will not be refunded if the request is received later than September 1 for the first semester or January 15 for the second semester.

Applications for rooms are considered only when a student has been fully admitted academically to the University.

Reservations by students in attendance at the University should be made at least two weeks before the close of the preceding semester. New students are urged to attend to their housing arrangements about three months in advance of registration.

It is understood that all housing and board arrangements which are made for the fall semester are binding for the spring semester. Room and board charges begin with the evening meal prior to the first day of registration and include the last day of classes for each semester with the exception of the Christmas recess and the Easter recess. Students unable to make other arrangements for the holidays may consult with the Dean of Men or the Dean of Women for assistance.

All freshmen except those who live at home, are required to room in the dormitories when accommodations are available.

# Equipment

Students assigned to dormitories should provide themselves with sufficient single blankets, at least two pairs of sheets, a pillow, pillow cases, towels, a laundry bag, and a waste paper basket.

The individual student must assume responsibility for all dormitory property assigned to him. Any damage done to the property other than that which would result from ordinary wear and tear will be charged to the student concerned.

Each student will be furnished a key for his room for which a deposit of \$1.00 will be made. This deposit will be returned in exchange for the key at the end of the year.

Laundry. The University does not provide laundry service and each student is responsible for his or her own laundry. There are several

reliable laundry concerns in College Park; or if a student prefers, he may send his laundry home. Women students may, if they wish, do their own laundry in the laundry room in each dormitory, not including bed linen.

Personal baggage sent via the American Express and marked with a dormitory address will be delivered when the student concerned notifies the College Park express office of his arrival.

### VETERANS' HOUSING

A Veterans' Housing project has been established on the campus in cooperation with the Federal Government. This project is governed by regulations established in accordance with Federal directives. The dormitories in the project are under the same regulations as the other University dormitories, except that the residents are not required to board at the University Dining Hall.

#### OFF-CAMPUS HOUSES

Men: Only upper-classmen, veterans and those freshmen who cannot be accommodated are allowed to live in houses off the campus. A list of "off-campus" rooms is available in the Office of the Dean of Men.

Women: All housing arrangements for women students must be approved by the Office of the Dean of Women.

Undergraduate women students who cannot be accommodated in the women's dormitories are referred to private homes which are registered in the Office of the Dean of Women as "Off-Campus Houses for Undergraduate Women." The householders in these homes agree to maintain the same rules and regulations as in the dormitories but business arrangements are made entirely between the student and the householder. Students and their parents should plan to see these accommodations personally and talk with the householder before making final arrangements. No woman student should enter into an agreement with a householder without first ascertaining at the Office of the Dean of Women that the house is on the approved list.

#### Meals

All students who live in permanent University dormitories must board at the University Dining Hall.

Students not living in the dormitories may make arrangements to board by the semester at the Dining Hall, eat at the University cafeteria, or at eating establishments in College Park. A few "off-campus" houses provide board as well as room.

# Estimated Expenses of "Off-Campus" Residence

Most of these houses have only double rooms with twin beds. The students provide their own linens as in the dormitory. Price per person for room is about \$18.00 a month, all rooms being registered with the room control board.

No rebate is made for meals not eaten at the University Dining Hall or in other places where board is paid in advance. Therefore, with care, students may save enough money on their meals to make up for the difference in rent between the off-campus houses and the dormitory. Some even find this less expensive.

Girls may find desirable rooms in good homes where they can earn their room and board by applying to the Office of the Dean of Women.

### OFFICE OF THE DEAN OF WOMEN

The Office of the Dean of Women exists for the purpose of furnishing friendly counsel and helpful guidance to women students in connection with any of their personal problems, especially those relating to financial need, employment, housing, etc. In addition, it coordinates the interests of women students, handles matters of chaperonage at social functions, regulation of sorority rushing in cooperation with Panhellenic Association, and so forth. It has supervision over all housing accommodations for women students, whether on or off campus. A personal interview with one of the Deans of Women is required of every woman student on entering and on leaving the University. Any woman student is invited to avail herself of all of the services of this department.

### OFFICE OF THE DEAN OF MEN

The Office of the Dean of Men exists for the purpose of furnishing friendly counsel and helpful guidance to male students in connection with any of their personal problems, especially those relating to financial need, employment, housing, etc. This office also handles for male students matters of discipline and infringement of University regulations.

#### ADDITIONAL PERSONAL SERVICES

The above services are closely coordinated with the activities of the University Counseling Bureau, maintained by the Department of Psychology. This Bureau is provided with a well-trained technical staff and is equipped with an extensive stock of standardized tests of aptitude, ability, and interest. By virtue of payment of the annual "Advisory and Testing Fee," students are entitled to the services of the University Counseling Bureau without further charge.

#### SCHOLARSHIPS AND STUDENT AID

Under an act of the Legislature, the University may award such scholarships, and accept gifts for scholarships, as it may deem wise, and consistent with prudent financial operation.

All scholarships for the undergraduate departments of the University at College Park are awarded by the Faculty Committee on Scholarships. All scholarship applicants are subject to the approval of the Director of Admissions insofar as qualifications for admission to the University are concerned. All holders of scholarships are subject to the educational standards of the University, and to deportment regulations and standards.

Scholarships are awarded on the basis of apparent qualifications for leadership. In making scholarship awards, consideration is given to participation in the various student activities, and to other outstanding attributes that indicate future possibilities as a leader, as well as to scholastic achievement, character, and all other factors which distinguish the most worthwhile students. It is the intention that scholarships shall be provided for young men and women who have characteristics which make them outstanding among their fellows, who might not otherwise be able to provide for themselves an opportunity for advanced education.

The types of scholarships and loan funds available are as follows:

### Full Scholarships

The University awards 36 full scholarships, 24 for men and 12 for women, covering board, lodging, fixed charges, and fees for which graduates of Maryland high and preparatory schools only are eligible. These scholarships are similar to those which the State provides and pays for at private colleges in the State, except that the State makes no special appropriation therefor.

### General Assembly Scholarships

These scholarships are for fixed charges only and are awarded by members of the Legislature, three for each Senator and one for each member of the House of Delegates. These scholarships may be awarded by a member of the House of Delegates or a senator only to persons in the county or Legislative district of Baltimore City which the Delegate or Senator represents. Awards of such scholarships are subject to approval by the Faculty Committee on Scholarships and by the Director of Admissions as to qualifications for admission.

### University Grants

The University awards to deserving and outstanding secondary school graduates a limited number of scholarships covering fixed charges only.

#### District of Columbia Scholarships

District of Columbia students for many years have been granted a favored position with regard to non-resident tuition charges. This favored position has been discontinued, which means that District of Columbia students now pay considerably higher costs to attend the University. In view of this, and in further view of the increased costs to students from other localities, and in line with action by several other universities and colleges which have increased tuition costs, the University has established 20 scholarships for the students from the District of Columbia and other states.

#### **Endowed Scholarships**

The University has a few endowed scholarships and special awards. These are paid for by income from funds especially established for this purpose. Brief descriptions of these awards follow:

## Albright Scholarship

A scholarship, known as the Victor E. Albright Scholarship, is open to graduates of Garrett County High Schools who were born and reared in that County. Application should be made to the high school principals.

## Alumni Scholarships

The alumni have established a limited number of scholarships. These scholarships are awarded by the Faculty Committee to the most outstanding applicants.

## Scholarships by Baltimore Merchants

Baltimore merchants, through the Retail Merchants Association of Baltimore, have provided two scholarships of \$300 each for residents of the State of Maryland who have completed the junior year of the Practical Art curriculum. Each recipient must have shown proficiency and interest in merchandising.

## Borden Agricultural and Home Economics Scholarships

A Borden Agricultural Scholarship of \$300 is granted to that student in the College of Agriculture who has had two or more of the regularly listed courses in dairying and, who, upon entering the senior year of study, has achieved the highest average grade and other requirements of all other similar eligible students in all preceding college work.

A Borden Home Economics Scholarship of \$300 is granted to that student in the College of Home Economics who has had two or more of the regularly listed courses in food and nutrition and, who, upon entering the senior year of study, has achieved the highest average grade and other requirements of all other similar eligible students in all preceding college work.

# W. Atlee Burpee Company Scholarship Award in Horticulture

A scholarship award of \$100, open to upper class students in Horticulture at the University of Maryland, has been established by the W. Atlee Burpee Company, Seed Growers, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and Clinton, Iowa. Its purpose is to encourage and stimulate interest in flower and vegetable growing. The award is made on the basis of scholarship, experience, and interest in research.

## The Danforth Foundation and the Ralston Purina Scholarships

The Danforth Foundation and the Ralston Purina Company of St. Louis offer two summer scholarships to outstanding students in the College of Agriculture, one for a student who has successfully completed his Junior year; the other for a student who has successfully completed his Freshman year. The purpose of these scholarships is to bring together outstanding young men for leadership training.

The Danforth Foundation and the Ralston Purina Company of St. Louis offer four summer scholarships to outstanding Home Economics Students, two to Juniors and two to Freshmen. The purpose of these scholarships is to bring together outstanding young women for leadership training.

### Exel Scholarships

The largest grant for endowed scholarships was made by Deborah B. Exel. These scholarships are awarded by the Faculty Committee in accordance with the general principles underlying the award of all other scholarships.

### William Randolph Hearst Scholarships

These scholarships have been established through a gift of the Baltimore News-Post, one of the Hearst newspapers, in honor of William Randolph Hearst. The undergraduate scholarship of \$400 annually is open to the graduate of any high school in America. The graduate scholarship of \$600 annually is open to the graduate of any college or university in America. These scholarships are awarded for special work in the University's program of Americanization.

## The Hecht Company Merchandising Award

Three hundred dollars is offered by The Hecht Company of Washington to a resident of Maryland, or the District of Columbia, who is interested in merchandising as a career. The student must have completed the junior year of the Practical Arts curriculum and have met other specific requirements.

## Home Economics Scholarships

Two thousand dollars has been made available for Home Economics Scholarships by Marie Mount.

### Edward L. Israel Inter-faith Scholarship

The sum of \$300 is given to the student, who, upon entering the senior year, is adjudged to have contributed most to fostering inter-faith understanding and relations. This scholarship is in honor of the late Edward L. Israel and is sponsored by the National Hillel Foundation. The funds are given by the B'nai B'rith Federation of Maryland and the District of Columbia.

#### Kiwanis Scholarship

A Kiwanis Memorial Scholarship of \$200 per year is awarded by the Prince George County Kiwanis Club to a resident of Prince Georges County, Maryland, who in addition to possessing the necessary qualifications for maintaining a satisfactory scholarship record, must have a reputation for high character and attainment in general all-around citizenship.

#### Helen Aletta Linthicum Scholarships

These scholarships, several in number, have been established through the benefaction of the late Mrs. Helen Aletta Linthicum, widow of the late Congressman Charles J. Linthicum, who served in Congress from the Fourth District of Maryland for many years. These scholarships are known as the Helen Aletta Linthicum scholarships. They are granted only to

worthy young men and women who are residents of the State of Maryland and who have satisfactory high school records, forceful personality, a reputation for splendid character and citizenship, and the determination to get ahead.

## Maryland Distillers' Association Scholarships

The Maryland Distillers' Association makes an annual grant of \$3,000 to create a limited number of scholarships. These scholarships will be available in accordance with vacancies, and as long as the Association provides the funds.

### Maryland Educational Foundation Scholarships

The Maryland Educational Foundation provides funds each year for the education of several outstanding young men. These scholarships are awarded by the Faculty Committee to the most outstanding applicants.

## The Sears Roebuck Foundation Scholarships

Ten scholarships of \$165 each are granted by the Sears Roebuck Foundation to the sons of farmers in the State of Maryland who enroll in the freshman class of the College of Agriculture of this University. One \$200 scholarship is granted each year to the sophomore student in the College of Agriculture who proved to be the outstanding student on a Sears Roebuck scholarship the previous year. These scholarships are awarded by the Faculty Committee in accordance with the terms of the grant.

### Loan Funds

A. A. U. W. Loan. The College Park Branch of the American Association of University Women maintains a fund from which loans are made to women students of junior or senior standing who have been in attendance at the University of Maryland for at least one year.

American Bankers Association Scholarship Loan Fund. A loan fund of \$250 for one year only limited to students in the senior year or in graduate work in banking, economics, or related subjects in classes of senior grade or above.

Catherine Moore Brinkley Loan Fund. Under the provisions of the will of Catherine Moore Brinkley, a loan fund has been established, available for worthy students who are natives and residents of the State of Maryland, studying mechanical engineering or agriculture at the University of Maryland.

Home Economics Loan Fund. A loan fund, established by the District of Columbia Home Economics Association, is available for students majoring in Home Economics.

The Kappa Kappa Gamma Sorority Loan. Annually a Sigma Delta loan of one hundred dollars, without interest, is made to a woman student registered in the University of Maryland.

### Student Employment

A considerable number of students earn some money through employment while in attendance at the University. No student should expect, however, to earn enough to pay all of his expenses. The amounts vary, but some earn from one-fourth to three-fourths of all the required funds.

Generally the first year is the hardest for those desiring employment. After one has demonstrated that he is worthy and capable, there is much less difficulty in finding work.

The University assumes no responsibility in connection with employment. It does, however, make every effort to aid needy students. The nearby towns and the University are canvassed, and a list of available positions is placed at the disposal of students. Applications for employment should be made to the Dean of Men.

# Procedures in Applying for Scholarships and Student Aid

All requests for information concerning scholarships and student aid should be addressed to the Chairman of the Scholarship Committee, University of Maryland, College Park, Maryland. Regulations and procedures for the award of scholarships are formulated by this committee.

#### ATHLETICS AND RECREATION

The University recognizes the importance of the physical development of all students, and besides the required physical education for freshmen and sophomores sponsors a comprehensive intercollegiate and intramural program. Students are encouraged to participate in competitive athletics and to learn the skill of games that may be carried on after leaving college. The intramural program which covers a large variety of sports is conducted by the Physical Education Department for both men and women.

A full program in intercollegiate athletics is sponsored under the supervision of the Council on Intercollegiate Athletics. The University is a member of the Southern Conference, the National Collegiate Athletic Association, the United States Intercollegiate Lacrosse Association, Intercollegiate Amateur Athletic Association of America, and cooperates with other national organizations in the promotion of amateur athletics.

Excellent facilities are available for carrying on the activities of the program in physical development. The University has two modern gymnasia, a coliseum, a large armory, a number of athletic fields, tennis courts, baseball diamonds, running tracks and the like constituting the major portion of the equipment.

### EXTRA-CURRICULAR STUDENT ACTIVITIES

The following description of student activities covers those of the undergraduate divisions of College Park. The descriptions of those in the Baltimore divisions are included elsewhere.

### STUDENT GOVERNMENT

Regulation of Student Activities. The association of students in organized bodies for the purpose of carrying on voluntary student activities in orderly and productive ways, is recognized and encouraged. All organized student activities are under the supervision of the Student Life Committee. Such organizations are formed only with the consent of the Student Life Committee and the approval of the President. Without such consent and approval no student organization which in any way represents the University before the public, or which purports to be a University organization or an organization of University students, may use the name of the University in connection with its own name, or in connection with its members as students.

Student Government. The Student Government Association consists of the Executive Council, the Women's League, and the Men's League, and operates under its own constitution. Its officers are a president, a vice-president, a secretary, a treasurer, president of Women's League, and president of Men's League.

The Executive Council is the over-all student governing body and performs the executive duties incident to managing student affairs and works in cooperation with the Student Life Committee.

The Women's League, in cooperation with the Office of the Dean of Women, handles all matters pertaining to women students.

The Men's League, in cooperation with the Office of the Dean of Men, handles all matters pertaining to men students.

The Student Life Committee, a faculty committee appointed by the President, keeps in close touch with all activities and conditions, excepting classroom work, that affect the student, and, acting in an advisory capacity, endeavors to improve any unsatisfactory conditions that may exist.

A pamphlet entitled Academic Regulations, issued annually and distributed to the students in the fall, contains full information concerning student matters as well as a statement of the rules of the University.

Eligibility to Represent the University. Only students in good standing are eligible to represent the University in extra-curricular contests. In addition, various student organizations have established certain other requirements. To compete in varsity athletics a student must pass the required number of hours as determined by the Athletic Board.

Discipline. In the government of the University, the President and faculty rely chiefly upon the sense of responsibility of the students. The student who pursues his studies diligently, attends classes regularly, lives honorably and maintains good behavior meets this responsibility. In the interest of the general welfare of the University, those who fail to maintain these standards are asked to withdraw. Students are under the direct supervision of the University only when on the campus, attending an ap-

proved function or representing the University, but they are responsible to the University for their conduct wherever they may be.

## HONORS AND AWARDS

Scholarship Honors. Final honors for excellence in scholarship are awarded to one-fifth of the graduating class in each college. First honors are awarded to the upper half of this group; second honors to the lower half. To be eligible for honors, at least two years of resident work must be completed, and the average must be B (3.00) or higher.

The Goddard Medal. The James Douglas Goddard Memorial Medal is awarded annually to the resident of Prince Georges County, born therein, who makes the highest average in his studies and who at the same time embodies the most manly attributes. The medal is given by Mrs. Anne K. Goddard James, of Washington, D. C.

Sigma Chi Medal. Sigma Chi Fraternity offers annually a gold medal to the man in the freshman class who makes the highest scholastic average during the first semester.

Alpha Zeta Medal. The Honorary Agricultural Fraternity of Alpha Zeta awards annually a medal to the agricultural student in the freshman class who attains the highest average record in academic work. The mere presentation of the medal does not elect the student to the fraternity, but simply indicates recognition of high scholarship.

Dinah Berman Memorial Medal. The Dinah Berman Memorial Medal is awarded annually to the sophomore who has attained the highest scholastic average of his class in the College of Engineering. The medal is given by Benjamin Berman.

Delta Delta Medal. This sorority awards a medal annually to the girl who attains the highest average in academic work during the sophomore year.

Omicron Nu Sorority Medal. This sorority awards a medal annually to the freshman girl in the College of Home Economics who attains the highest scholastic average during the first semester.

Bernard L. Crozier Award. The Maryland Association of Engineers awards a cash prize of \$25.00 annually to the senior in the College of Engineering who, in the opinion of the faculty, has made the greatest improvement in scholarship during his stay at the University.

Alpha Lambda Delta Award. The Alpha Lambda Delta Award is given to the senior member of the group who has maintained the highest average for the past three and one-half years. She must have been in attendance in the institution for the entire time.

American Society of Civil Engineers Award. The Maryland Section of the American Society of Civil Engineers awards annually a junior membership in the American Society of Civil Engineers to the senior in the Department of Civil Engineering who has the highest scholastic standing. AWARDS 55

Tau Beta Pi Award. The Maryland Beta Chapter of Tau Beta Pi awards annually an engineers' handbook to the junior in the College of Engineering who, during his sophomore year, has made the greatest improvement in scholarship over that of his freshman year.

Sigma Alpha Omicron Award. This is awarded to the senior student majoring in Bacteriology for high scholarship, character and leadership.

Delta Gamma Scholarship Award is offered to the woman member of the graduating class who has achieved the highest scholastic average for her entire course.

The Charles B. Hale Dramatic Awards. The Footlight Club recognizes annually the man and woman members of the senior class who have done most for the advancement of dramatics at the University.

The Philip W. Pillsbury Shelf of Home Economics Books is awarded to the highest ranking student in the graduating class of the College of Home Economics.

Rabbi Edward L. Israel Interfaith Scholarship of \$300 is awarded by the B'nai B'rith Lodges of Maryland and Washington, D. C., to the student in the junior class who has done most to improve interfaith relations on the campus.

### CITIZENSHIP AWARDS

Citizenship Prize for Men. An award is presented annually by President H. C. Byrd, a graduate of the Class of 1908, to the member of the senior class who, during his collegiate career, has most nearly typified the model citizen, and has done most for the general advancement of the interests of the University.

Citizenship Prize for Women. The Citizenship Prize is offered by Mrs. Albert F. Woods, wife of a former president of the University of Maryland, to the woman member of the senior class who, during her collegiate career, has most nearly typified the model citizen, and has done most for the general advancement of the interests of the University.

### MILITARY AWARDS

Mahlon N. Haines '94 Trophy. This is offered to the major of the winning battalion.

Military Department Award. Gold second lieutenant's insignia to the major of the winning battalion.

The Governor's Cup. This is offered each year by His Excellency, the Governor of Maryland, to the best drilled company.

Company Award. The Reserve Officers' Association, Montgomery County Chapter, awards annually to the captain of the best drilled company of the University, gold second lieutenant's insignia.

The Alumni Cup. The Alumni offer each year a cup to the commanding officer of the best drilled platoon.

Scabbard and Blade Cup. This cup is offered to the commander of the winning platoon.

Class of '99 Gold Medal. The class of 1899 offers each year a gold medal to the member of the battalion who proves himself the best drilled soldier.

The Meeks Trophy is awarded to the member of the varsity R. O. T. C. Rifle Team who fired the high score of each season.

A Gold Medal is awarded to the members of the Freshman Rifle Team who fired the high score of each season.

Pershing Rifle Medals are awarded to each member of the winning squad in the squad drill competition.

Pershing Rifle Medals are awarded to the three best drilled students in Pershing Rifles.

Mehring Trophy Rifle Competition. A Gold Medal is awarded to the student firing highest score in this competition. A Silver Medal is given to the student showing greatest improvement during the year in this competition.

Air Force Association Medal. A silver medal awarded to the outstanding first-year student in the advanced Air R. O. T. C. course based on scholastic grades, both general and military, individual characteristics and the performance during the period of summer camp.

#### ATHLETIC AWARDS

Silvester Watch for Excellence in Athletics. A gold watch is offered annually to "the man who typified the best in college athletics." The watch is given in honor of a former President of the University, R. W. Silvester.

Maryland Ring. The Maryland Ring is offered by Charles L. Linhardt to the Maryland man who is adjudged the best athlete of the year.

Edward Powell Trophy. This trophy is offered by the class of 1913 to the player who has rendered the greatest service to lacrosse during the year.

Louis W. Berger Trophy. This trophy is awarded to the outstanding senior baseball player.

#### STUDENT GOVERNMENT AWARDS

Medals are awarded to members of the Executive Committee of the Student Government Association who faithfully perform their duties throughout the year.

#### RELIGIOUS INFLUENCES

The University recognizes its responsibility for the welfare of the students, not solely in their intellectual growth, but as human personalities whose development along all lines, including the moral and religious, is included in the educational process. Pastors representing the major denominational bodies assume responsibility for work with the students of their respective faiths. Church attendance is encouraged.

Religious Life Committee. A faculty committee on Religious Affairs and Sociay Service has as its principal function the stimulation of religious thought and activity on the campus. It brings noted speakers on religious subjects to the campus from time to time. The committee cooperates with the Student Religious Activities Council and the student pastors and assists the student denominational clubs in every way that it can. Opportunities are provided for students to consult with pastors representing the denominations of their choice.

While there is no attempt to interfere with anyone's religious beliefs, the importance of religion is recognized officially and religious activities are encouraged.

Denominational Clubs. Several religious clubs have been organized among the students for their mutual benefit and to undertake certain types of service. This year the list includes the Baptist Student Union, the Canterbury Club (Episcopal), the Albright-Otterbein Club (Evangelical United Brethren), Epsilon Phi Sigma (Greek Orthodox), the Christian Science Club, the Friends' University Group, the Hillel Foundation (Jewish), the Lutheran Club, the Newman Club (Catholic), the Pre-theological Group, the Religious Philosophy Study Group, the Wesley Foundation (Methodist), and the Westminster Foundation (Presbyterian). These clubs meet regularly for worship and discussion, and occasionally for social purposes. A pastor or a member of the faculty serves as adviser.

# FRATERNITIES, SORORITIES, SOCIETIES AND CLUBS

#### General Statement

Fraternities and sororities, as well as all other clubs and organizations recognized by the University, are expected to conduct their social and financial activities in accordance with the rules of good conduct and upon sound business principles. Where such rules and principles are observed, individual members will profit by the experience of the whole group, and thereby become better fitted for their life's work after graduation. Rules governing the different activities will be found in the list of Academic Regulations.

Honorary Fraternities. Honorary fraternities and societies in the University at College Park are organized to uphold scholastic and cultural standards. These are Phi Kappa Phi, a national honorary fraternity open to honor students, both men and women, in all branches of learning; Sigma Xi, an honorary scientific fraternity; Omicron Delta Kappa, men's national honor society, recognizing conspicuous attainment in non-curricular activities and general leadership; Mortar Board, the national senior honor society for women recognizing service, leadership and scholarship; Alpha Lambda Delta, a national freshmen women's scholastic society requiring a 3.5 average; Phi Eta Sigma, national freshmen honor society for men. A group of honorary fraternities encourage development in specialized endeavor. These are Alpha Zeta, a national honorary agriculture fraternity recog-

nizing scholarship and student leadership; Tau Beta Pi, a national honorary engineering fraternity; Phi Delta Kappa, a professional educational fraternity; Scabbard and Blade, a national military society; Pershing Rifles, a national military society for basic course R. O. T. C. students; Pi Delta Epsilon, a national journalistic fraternity; Omicron Nu, a national home economics society; Beta Alpha Psi, a national accounting honorary fraternity; Beta Gamma Sigma, a national honorary commerce fraternity; Alpha Kappa Delta, a national honorary sociology fraternity; Sigma Alpha Omicron, a national honorary bacteriology fraternity; Pi Sigma Alpha, an honorary political science fraternity; Sigma Tau Epsilon, honorary for the Women's Recreation Association; Iota Lambda Sigma, a national professional education fraternity; National Collegiate Players, a national honorary dramatic fraternity; and "M" Club, honorary athletic organization.

Fraternities and Sororities. There are eighteen national fraternities, two local fraternities and thirteen national sororities at College Park. These in the order of their establishment at the University are: Kappa Alpha, Sigma Nu, Phi Sigma Kappa, Delta Sigma Phi, Alpha Gamma Rho, Theta Chi, Phi Alpha, Tau Epsilon Phi, Alpha Tau Omega, Phi Delta Theta, Lambda Chi Alpha, Alpha Chi Sigma (chemical), Sigma Alpha Mu, Alpha Epsilon Pi, Phi Kappa Sigma, Sigma Chi, Sigma Alpha Epsilon, and Tau Kappa Epsilon national fraternities; Alpha Omicron Pi, Kappa Kappa Gamma, Kappa Delta, Delta Delta Delta, Alpha Xi Delta, Phi Sigma Sigma, Alpha Delta Pi, Sigma Kappa, Gamma Phi Beta, Alpha Epsilon Phi, Pi Beta Phi, Delta Gamma, Kappa Alpha Theta, and Alpha Gamma Delta, national sororities; Beta Tau and Kappa Sigma Kappa, local fraternities.

Clubs and Societies. Many clubs and societies, with literary, art, cultural, scientific, social and other special objectives are maintained in the University. Some of these are purely student organizations; others are conducted jointly by students and members of the factulty. The list follows:

Civic and Service Organizations. Interfraternity Council, Panhellenic Council, Independent Students' Association, Daydodgers' Club, Association of Veterans, Student Unit of the American Red Cross, Latch Key, Alpha Phi Omega (national service fraternity), Chinese Student Club, and Graduate Club.

Subject-Matter Organizations. Argicultural Council, Engineering Council, American Society of Mechanical Engineers, American Society of Civil Engineers, American Institute of Electrical Engineers, Student Affiliate of the American Chemical Society, Farm Economics Club, Block and Bridle Club, Student Port of Propeller Club, Plant Industry Club, and Home Economics Club.

General Organizations. Student Grange, International Relations Club, Future Farmers of America, Psychology Club, Sociology Club, French Club, German Club, Spanish Club, Collegiate 4-H Club, Women's Recreation Association, Collegiate Chamber of Commerce, Cosmopolitan Club, and Roundtable Club.

Recreational Organizations. Rossborough Club (large campus dances), Footlight Club, Men's Glee Club, Women's Chorus, Clef and Key, Riding Club, Terrapin Trail Club, Gymkana Club, Swimming Club, Camera Club, Ballroom Dance Club (instructional group), Radio Club, Chess Club, Art Club, Authorship Club, University Orchestra, Sailing Club, and Judo Club.

### UNIVERSITY AND R. O. T. C. BANDS

The University of Maryland Student Band and the R. O. T. C. Band are two separate musical organizations at the University, existing for the purpose of furthering the musical knowledge of interested students. The R. O. T. C. Band functions under the Military Department. The Student Band is under the direction of the Music Department and is assisted by the Military Department. The instruction of both bands is conducted by an experienced bandmaster. For details see pages 59 and 190.

#### STUDENT PUBLICATIONS

Four student publications are conducted under the general supervision of the Student Publications Board.

The Diamondback, a newspaper, summarizes the University news, and provides a medium for the discussion of matters of interest to the students and the faculty.

The Terrapin, the annual, is a reflection of campus activities, serving to commemorate the principal events of the college year.

The Old Line, a literary, humorous and art magazine, published periodically.

The "M" Book, a handbook issued for the benefit of incoming students, is designed to acquaint them with general University life.

#### UNIVERSITY POST OFFICE

The University operates an office for the reception, dispatch and delivery of United States mail, including Parcel Post packages, and for inter-office communications. This office is located in the basement of the Administration Building. The campus post office is not a part of the United States Postal System and no facilities are available for sending or receiving postal money orders. Postage stamps, however, may be purchased. United States mail is received at 8:30 A. M. and 2:00 P. M. and dispatched at 11:15 A. M. and 4:15 P. M. daily.

Each student in the University is assigned a Post Office box at the time of registration, for which a small fee is charged. Also, boxes are provided for the various University offices.

One of the major reasons for the operation of the Post Office is to provide a convenient method by which Deans, teachers and University officials may communicate with students, therefore students are expected to call for their mail daily, if possible, in order that such communications may come to their attention promptly.

#### STUDENTS' SUPPLY STORE

For the convenience of students, the University maintains a Students' Supply Store, located in the basement of the Administration Building, where students may obtain at reasonable prices text books, classroom materials and equipment. The store also carries jewelry, stationery, fountain pens and novelty items.

This store is operated on a basis of furnishing students needed books and supplies at as low a cost as practicable, and profits, if any, are turned into the general University treasury to be used for promoting general student welfare.

Because of heavy demand for text books at the beginning of each semester the Students' Supply Store operates a temporary annex on the campus. Location of this annex is posted at registration.

#### ALUMNI

The Alumni Council, which is composed of representatives of each school and college in the University, coordinates all general Alumni interests. Alumni activities are further unified in two ways. There are organized alumni associations in the Schools of Medicine, Law, Pharmacy, Dentistry, and Nursing located in Baltimore. Organization of similar groups in the Colleges of Agriculture, Arts and Sciences, Business and Public Administration, Education, Engineering, and Home Economics, located at College Park took place in the past year. Each school and college Alumni organization exerts an active interest in the welfare of its respective graduates.

An Alumni Office is maintained at College Park, in the Rossborough Inn, to direct the work of the association and to form a point of contact between the University and its graduates.

# "Maryland" Magazine

Maryland, a bi-monthly magazine issued jointly by the Alumni Association and the University, is primarily an alumni publication. However, it publishes also articles of general interest, feature articles written by faculty members and alumni, campus news, and sports news. It is a general University of Maryland publication of reader interest to the alumni as well as the student body, next of kin of students, faculty members and Maryland residents generally.

### SECTION II

# Resident Instruction—College Park

# COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE

THOMAS B. SYMONS, Dean
ROGER B. CORBETT, Associate Dean

The College of Agriculture offers both general and specialized training for students who wish to prepare for professional work in the broad field of agricultural endeavor. Student programs are arranged with a view to correlating technical work with related sciences and cultural subjects. Education in fundamentals receives special attention. Accordingly, young men and women are given a basic general education while they are being instructed in the various branches of agriculture. In addition to offering this opportunity for thorough grounding in the related basic natural and social sciences, it is an objective of the College to provide trained personnel for agricultural and allied industries. This personnel is recruited from rural and urban areas. Farm-reared students enter either general or specialized curricula; city-reared students tend to follow the specialized programs.

#### General

The College provides curricula for those who wish to engage in general farming, livestock production, dairying, poultry husbandry, fruit or vegetable growing, floriculture or ornamental horticulture, field crop production, or in the highly specialized scientific activities connected with these industries. It prepares men to serve as farm managers, for positions with commercial concerns related to agriculture, for responsible positions as teachers in agricultural colleges and in departments of vocational agriculture in high schools or as investigators in experiment stations, for extension work, for regulatory activities, and for service in the United States Department of Agriculture. Its curricula in Animal Science, Botany (including Plant Physiology and Plant Pathology), Dairy Science, Entomology, Horticultural Science, Poultry Science, and Soil Technology offer rich opportunities to students with a scientific bent of mind, and lead to positions with many ramifications in teaching, research, extension, and regulatory work.

Through research the frontiers of knowledge relating to agriculture and the fundamental sciences underlying it are constantly being extended and solutions for important problems are being found. Research projects in many fields are in progress. Students taking courses in agriculture from instructors who devote part time to research, or are closely associated with it, are kept in close touch with the latest discoveries and developments in the investigations under way. The findings of these research scientists

provide valuable information for use in classrooms, and make instruction virile and authentic. The results of the most recent scientific investigations are constantly before the student.

Close contact of workers in the College with the problems of farmers and their families in all parts of the State, through the county agents, home demonstration agents, and specialists brings additional life to resident instruction in the College of Agriculture. These contacts operate in two ways: problems confronting rural people are brought to the attention of research workers and the instructional staff, and results of research are taken to farmers and their families in their home communities through practical demonstrations. Hence the problems of the people of the State contribute to the strength of the College of Agriculture, and the College helps them in the improvement of agriculture and rural life.

Through their regulatory functions, certain trained workers in the College of Agriculture are continually dealing with the actual problems associated with the improvement and maintenance of the standards of farm products and animals. Regulatory and control work extends over a wide range of activities and is concerned with reducing the losses due to insect pests and diseases; preventing and controlling serious outbreaks of diseases and pests of animals and plants; analyzing fertilizers, feed, and limes for guaranteed quality; and analyzing and testing germination quality of seeds to insure better seeds for farm planting.

These fields contribute largely to agricultural education, as standardization and education go hand in hand in the development of an industry. Direct contact on the part of professors in their respective departments with the problems and methods involved makes for effective instruction.

#### Special Advantages

The University of Maryland is within a few miles of the Beltsville Research Center of the U. S. Department of Agriculture. This is the largest, best manned, and best equipped agriculture research agency in the world. Also, the University of Maryland, is within a few miles of the Washington, D. C., offices of the U. S. Department of Agriculture and other government departments, including the Library of Congress. Students can easily visit these agencies and become acquainted with their work and the men who conduct this work. Such contacts have already proved valuable to many University of Maryland graduates.

Also, it is not uncommon for men from these agencies to speak before classes at the University and to be guest speakers at student club meetings and otherwise take part in student activities. No other college of agriculture in the United States is physically located to offer like opportunities to its students.

#### Coordination of Agricultural Work

The strength of the College of Agriculture of the University of Maryland lies in the close coordination of the instructional, research, extension, and

regulatory functions within the individual departments, between the several departments, and in the institution as a whole. Instructors in the several departments are closely associated with the research, extension and regulatory work being carried on in their respective fields, and in many cases, devote a portion of their time to one or more of these types of activities. Close coordination of these four types of work enables the University to provide a stronger faculty in the College of Agriculture, and affords a higher degree of specialization than would otherwise be possible. It insures instructors an opportunity to keep informed on the latest results of research, and to be constantly in touch with current trends and problems which are revealed in extension and regulatory activities. Heads of departments hold staff conferences to this end, so that the student at all times is as close to the developments in the frontiers of the several fields of knowledge as it is possible for organization to put him.

In order that the work of the College shall be responsive to agricultural interests and shall adequately meet the needs of the several agricultural industries in the State, and that the courses of instruction shall at all times be made most helpful for students who pursue them, Advisory Councils have been constituted in the major industries of agriculture. These Councils are composed of leaders in the respective lines of agriculture in Maryland, and the instructional staff of the College of Agriculture has the benefit of their counsel and advice. By this means the College, the industries, and the students are kept abreast of developments.

### Facilities and Equipment

In addition to buildings, laboratories, libraries, and equipment for effective instruction in the related basic sciences and in the cultural subjects, the University of Maryland is provided with excellent facilities for research and instruction in agriculture. University farms, totaling more than 1,500 acres, are operated for instructional and investigational purposes. One of the most complete and modern plants for dairy and animal husbandry work in the country, together with herds of the principal breeds of dairy and beef cattle, and other livestock, provides facilities and materials for instruction and research in these industries. Excellent laboratory and field facilities are available in the Agronomy Department for breeding and selection in farm crops, and for soils research. The Poultry Department has a building for laboratories and classrooms, a plant comprising thirty-four acres, and flocks of all the important breeds of poultry. The Horticulture Department is housed in a separate building, and has ample orchards and gardens for its various lines of work.

## Departments

The College of Agriculture includes the following departments: Agricultural Chemistry; Agricultural Economics and Marketing; Agricultural Education and Rural Life; Agricultural Engineering; Agronomy (including Crops and Soils); Animal Husbandry; Botany (including Morphology, Plant Physiology and Plant Pathology); Dairy (including Dairy Husbandry)

and Dairy Products Technology); Entomology (including Bee Culture); Horticulture (including Pomology, Olericulture, Floriculture, Ornamental Horticulture and Commercial Processing); Poultry Husbandry; Veterinary Science.

### Admission

The requirements for admission are given under Admission requirements to the University.

### Junior Standing

To attain junior standing in the College of Agriculture, a student must have an average grade of C in not less than 70 semester hours.

### Requirements for Graduation

Each student must acquire a minimum of 124 semester hour credits in academic subjects other than military science and physical activities. Men must acquire in addition 12 hours in military science and 4 hours in physical activities. Women must acquire in addition 4 hours in hygiene, and 4 hours in physical activities.

#### Farm and Laboratory Practice

The head of each department will help to make available opportunities for practical or technical experience along his major line of study for each student whose major is in that department and who is in need of such experience. For inexperienced students in many departments this need may be met by one or more summers spent on a farm.

### Student Organizations

Students find opportunity for varied expression and growth in the several voluntary organizations sponsored by the College. These organizations are as follows: Student Grange, Block and Bridle Club, Future Farmers of America, Alpha Zeta, Collegiate 4-H Club, Plant Industry Club and the Agricultural Student Council.

Membership in these organizations is voluntary, and no college credits are given; yet much of the training obtained is fully as valuable as that acquired from regularly prescribed courses.

The Student Grange represents the Great National Farmers' fraternity of the Order of Patrons of Husbandry, and emphasizes training for rural leadership. The Livestock Club conducts the Students' Fitting and Showing Contest held on the campus in the Spring. The Future Farmers of America foster interest in vocational agriculture, and the Collegiate Chapter serves as host Chapter in connection with high school judging contests held at the University. The Agricultural Economics group conducts special studies in the field of Agricultural Economics. All these organizations have regular meetings, arrange special programs, and contribute to the extra-curricular life of students.

Membership in Alpha Zeta, national agricultural honor fraternity, is chosen from students in the College of Agriculture who have displayed agricultural and executive ability.

The Agricultural Student Council is made up of representatives from the various student organizations in the College of Agriculture. Its purpose is to coordinate activities of these students and to promote work which is beneficial to the College.

## CURRICULA IN AGRICULTURE

Curricula within the College of Agriculture divide into three general classes: Technical, Scientific, and Special.

- (1) Technical curricula are designed to prepare students for farming as owners, tenants, managers, or specialists; for positions as county agricultural agents, or teachers of agriculture in high schools; as executives, salesmen, or other employees in commercial businesses with close agricultural contact and point of view.
- (2) Scientific curricula are designed to prepare students for positions as technicians, teachers, or investigators. These positions are usually in the various scientific and educational departments, or bureaus of the Federal, State, or Municipal governments; in the various schools or experiment stations; or in the laboratories of private corporations.
- (3) Courses of study may be arranged for any who desire to return to the farm after one or more years of training in practical agricultural subjects.

#### Student Advisers

Each student in the College of Agriculture is assigned to a faculty adviser, either departmental or general. Departmental advisers consist of heads of departments or persons selected by them to advise students with curricula in their respective departments. General advisers are selected for students who have no definite choice of curriculum in mind, or who wish to pursue the general curriculum in agriculture.

### **Electives**

The electives in the suggested curricula which follow afford opportunity for those who so desire to supplement major and minor fields of study or to add to their general training.

With the advice and consent of those in charge of his registration, a student may make such modifications in his curriculum as are deemed advisable to meet the requirements of his particular need.

#### Freshman Year

The program of the freshman year in the College of Agriculture is the same for all curricula of the College. Its purpose is to afford the student an opportunity to lay a broad foundation in subjects basic to agriculture and the related sciences, to articulate beginning work in college with that pursued in high or preparatory schools, to provide opportunity for wise

choice of programs in succeeding years, and to make it possible for a student before the end of the year to change from one curriculum to another, or from the College of Agriculture to the curriculum in some other college of the University with little or no loss of credit.

Students entering the freshman year with a definite choice of curriculum in mind are sent to departmental advisers for counsel as to the wisest selection of freshman electives from the standpoint of their special interests and their probable future programs. Students entering the freshman year with no definite curriculum in mind, are assigned to general advisers, who assist with the choice of freshman electives and during the course of the year acquaint the students with the opportunities in the upper curricula in the College of Agriculture and in the other divisions of the University. If by the close of the freshman year a student makes no definite choice of a specialized curriculum, he continues under the guidance of his general adviser in the General Agriculture Curriculum.

Agriculture Curriculum	-Semes	ster—
Freshman Year	I	II
Eng. 1, 2-Composition and Readings in American Literature	8	8
G. & P. 1-American Government	3	
Soc. 1-Sociology of American Life		3
M. S. 1, 2-Elementary R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
Physical Activities (Men and Women)	1	1
Hea. 2, 4—Hygiene (Women)	2	2
R. Ed. 1-Introduction to Agriculture	1	
*Elect either of the following pairs of courses:		
Bot. 1, General Botany and Zool. 1, General Zoology	4	4
Chem. 1, 3, General Chemistry	4	4
Elect one of the following each semester:		
Modern Language	3	8
†Math. 5, 6 or 10, 11, or 10, 13	3	8
Physics 1, 2—Elements of Physics	3	8
A. H. 1-Fundamentals of Animal Husbandry	3	
Agron. 1—Crop Production		3

### Agriculture-General

This curriculum is designed for persons wishing to return to the farm, enter work allied to farming, for those seeking a general rather than a specialized knowledge of the field of agriculture and for those preparing to be county agents, teachers, etc.

By proper use of the electives allowed in this curriculum, a student may choose a field of concentration in agriculture and at the same time elect courses that contribute to liberal education.

<sup>·</sup> Both pairs of courses are required for graduation from the College of Agriculture.

<sup>†</sup> Students who expect to pursue the curriculum in Agricultural Chemistry must be prepared to elect Math. 15, 11 or 14, 15 and 17; students in Agricultural Engineering 14, 15 and 17.

General Agriculture Curriculum‡		-Semester	
Sophomore Year	I	11	
Eng. 3, 4 or 5, 6	3	3	
H. 5, 6—History of American Civilization	3	3	
Chem. 1, 3—General Chemistry	4	4	
P. H. 1—Poultry Production.	3		
Dairy 1—Fundamentals of Dairying.		3	
Speech 1, 2—Public Speaking.	2	2	
M. S. 3, 4—Elementary R. O. T. C. (Men).	3	3	
Physical Activities	1	. 1	
rnysical Activities	1	1	
Total	19	19	
Junior Year			
Zool. 104—Genetics	3	• • • • •	
Hort. 5—Fruit Production, or Hort. 58—Vegetable Production	• • • •	3	
Ent. 1—Introductory Entomology		3	
Soils 1—General Soils	3		
Agr. Engr. 101—Farm Machinery	3		
Agr. Engr. 102—Gas Engines, Tractors and Automobiles		3	
A. E. 100-Farm Economics	3		
Econ. 37—Fundamentals of Economics		3	
Biological or Physical Science Sequence	3	3	
Electives	3	3	
Total	18	18	
Senior Year			
A. E. 107—Analysis of the Farm Business	3		
A. E. 108-Farm Management		3	
Agron. 151—Cropping Systems		2	
R. Ed. 114—Rural Life and Education	• • • •	3	
Electives	12	9	
Total	15	17	

### AGRICULTURAL CHEMISTRY

This curriculum insures adequate instruction in the fundamentals of both the physical and biological sciences. It may be adjusted through the selection of electives to fit the student for work in agricultural experiment stations, soil bureaus, geological surveys, food laboratories, fertilizer industries and those handling food products.

Agricultural Chemistry Curriculum	-Semest	ter
Sophomore Year	I	II
Eng. 3, 4 or 5, 6	3	3
Chem. 15, 17—Qualitative Analysis	3	8
Math. 20, 21—Calculus	4	4
Bot. 1—General Botany	4	
Zool. 1—General Zoology		4
Speech 18, 19—Introductory Speech	1	1
M. S. 3, 4—Elementary R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
Physical Activities	1	1
Total	19	19

<sup>‡</sup> If A. H. 1 and Agron. 1 are not elected in the Freshman year they must be elected in subsequent years.

	-Semes	ster-
Junior Year	I	II
Chem. 35, 37—Elementary Organic Lecture	2	2
Chem. 36, 38—Elementary Organic Laboratory	2	2
Chem. 21, 22—Quantitative Analysis	4	4
Modern Language	3	3
Geol. 1—Geology	8	
Soils 1-General Soils		3
Electives in Biology	8	8
Total	17	17
Senior Year		
H. 5, 6-History of American Civilization	3	3
Modern Language	3	3
Phys. 20, 21—General Physics	5	5
Electives in Agricultural Chemistry	6	6
Total	17	17
Iotal	11	11

#### AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS AND MARKETING

The curriculum in agricultural economics and marketing is designed to prepare students for the following types of positions: On the farm as farm operators and farm managers; with farm organizations, such as the Farm Bureau and farmers' cooperatives; with private and corporate business concerns; and positions with state and federal agencies, such as college teachers, agricultural extension workers, and research with federal and state agencies.

The courses in this department are designed to provide fundamental training in the basic economic principles underlying farming. The curriculum includes courses in farm management, general agricultural economics, marketing, finance, prices, taxation, and land economics to give the student the foundation needed to meet the production and distribution problems confronting the individual farmer in a progressive rural community.

Farming is a business, as well as a way of life, and as such demands for its successful conduct the use of business methods; the keeping of farm business records, analyzing the farm business, and of organizing and operating the farm as a business enterprise. It requires knowledge of farm resources and taxation, methods of financing agricultural production and marketing, including agencies involved, services rendered and the cost of getting products from the producer to the consumer through cooperative and private types of organization.

Agricultural Economics and Marketing Curriculum*	—Semes	ter—
Sophomore Year	1	II
Eng. 3, 4 or 5, 6	3	3
H. 5, 6—History of American Civilization	3	3
Chem. 1, 3—General Chemistry	4	4
Math. 5—General Mathematics	3	
Econ. 37—Fundamentals of Economics		3
M. S. 3, 4—Elementary R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
Physical Activities	1	1
Total	17	17
Junior Year		
A. E. 100—Farm Economics	3	
A. E. 101-Marketing of Farm Products		3
A. E. 107—Analysis of the Farm Business	3	
A. E. 104—Farm Finance		3
B. A. 130—Statistics		3
Speech 1, 2-Public Speaking	2	2
P. H. 1—Poultry Production	3	
Soils 1—General Soils	3	
Electives	4	7
Total	18	18
Senior Year		
A. E. 103-Cooperation in Agriculture	3 .	
A. E. 106—Prices of Farm Products		3
Agr. Engr. 101-Farm Machinery	3	
A. E. 108—Farm Management		3
Soc. 13—Rural Sociology	3	
A. H. 110—Feeds and Feeding	3	
A. E. 111—Land Economics	3	
A. E. 110-Seminar	1	1
Electives	2	11
Total	18	18

### AGRICULTURAL EDUCATION AND RURAL LIFE

The primary objective of this curriculum is to prepare for teaching secondary vocational agriculture, work as county agents and allied lines of the rural education services. Graduates from this curriculum are in demand in rural businesses, particularly of the cooperative type. A number have entered the Federal service. Others are engaged in teaching and research in agricultural colleges. Quite a few have returned to the farm as owner-managers.

<sup>\*</sup> If A. H. 1 and Agron. 1 are not elected in the Freshman Year, they must be elected in subsequent years.

In addition to the regular entrance requirements of the University, involving graduation from a standard four-year high school, students electing the agricultural education curriculum must present evidence of having acquired adequate farm experience after reaching the age of fourteen years.

Students with high average may upon petition be relieved of certain requirements in this curriculum, when evidence is presented that either through experience or previous training a prescribed course is non-essential. Or they may be allowed to carry an additional load.

Agricultural Education Curriculum*	-Semes	ster—
Sophomore Year	I	II
Eng. 3, 4 or 5, 6	3	8
H. 5, 6-History of American Civilization	3	3
Chem. 1, 3—General Chemistry	4	4
P. H. 1—Poultry Production	3	
Dairy 1—Fundamentals of Dairy Husbandry		3
Speech 1, 2—Public Speaking	2	2
M. S. 3, 4—Elementary R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
Physical Activities	1	1
Total	19	19
Junior Year		
Phys. 1, 2—Elements of Physics	3	8
Bot. 20—Diseases of Plants	3	
Ent. 1—Introductory Entomology		3
A. H. 110—Feeds and Feeding	3	
Soils 1—General Soils	3	
Hort. 58-Vegetable Production		3
A. Engr. 101—Farm Machinery	3	
R. Ed. 107—Observation and Analysis of Teaching		3
A. E. 108—Farm Management		3
Econ. 37-Fundamentals of Economics	3	
Psych. 110—Educational Psychology		3
Total	18	18
Senior Year		
A. Engr. 102—Gas Engines, Tractors and Automobiles		3
R. Ed. 109—Teaching Secondary Vocational Agriculture	3	
R. Ed. 111—Teaching Young and Adult Farmer Groups	1	
R. Ed. 103—Practice Teaching	5	
R. Ed. 101-Teaching Farm Practicums and Demonstrations	2	
A. Engr. 104—Farm Mechanics	2	• • • •
Agron. 151—Cropping Systems		2
Dairy 101—Dairy Production		3
R. Ed. 112—Departmental Management	• • • •	1
R. Ed. 114—Rural Life and Education	• • • •	3
Ed. 131—Theory of Senior High School	• • • •	2
Agricultural Electives	3	2
Total	16	16

<sup>•</sup> If A. H. 1 and Agron. 1 are not elected in the Freshman Year, they must be elected in subsequent years.

### AGRICULTURAL ENGINEERING

The department offers to students of agriculture training in those agricultural subjects which are based upon engineering principles. These subjects may be grouped under three heads: farm machinery and farm power, farm buildings, and farm drainage.

# Five-Year Program in Agriculture-Engineering

For those students who wish to specialize in the application of engineering principles to the physical and biological problems of agriculture there is offered a combined program, extending over a five-year period, arranged jointly by the College of Agriculture and the College of Engineering, and leading to a degree from each of these colleges.

This program prepares graduates to enter state, federal or commercial fields of activity in such work as soil and water conservation, rural electrification, design and sale of farm machinery and structures, and in the development of new uses for farm products and the profitable utilization of farm wastes and by-products.

To be properly trained in these fields a student needs a broader knowledge of basic and applied engineering principles than could be provided in a four-year course in agriculture. He also needs a broader training in the fundamentals of agriculture than a standard four-year course in engineering could furnish.

Upon completion of the normal four year course of study the degree of Bachelor of Science in Agriculture is granted. For the fifth year the student registers in the College of Engineering, and at the end of that year, upon satisfactory completion of the required course of study, receives a degree in civil, electrical, mechanical or chemical engineering.

Curriculum in Agriculture-Engineering	-Semes	ter-
Freshman Year	I	II
Eng. 1, 2-Composition and Readings in American Literature	3	8
Speech 7—Public Speaking		2
*Math. 14-Plane Trigonometry	2	
*Math. 15-College Algebra	3	
Math. 17—Analytic Geometry		4
Chem. 1, 3—General Chemistry	4	4
Dr. 1, 2—Engineering Drawing	2	2
Engr. 1—Introduction to Engineering	1	
R. Ed. 1-Introduction to Agriculture	1	
M. S. 1, 2—Elementary R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
Physical Activities	1	1
Total	20	19

The balance of this curriculum is for the student whose final objective is a degree in Civil Engineering. Corresponding curricula will be arranged for options in Electrical, Mechanical and Chemical Engineering.

<sup>•</sup> A qualifying test is given during registration to determine whether the student is adequately prepared for Math. 14 and 15. A student failing this test is required to take Math. 1, Introductory Algebra, without credit, and is not eligible to take Math. 14 concurrently.

	-Semester	
Sophomore Year (Civil Engineering Option)	I	II
G. & P. 1—American Government	3	
Soc. 1—Sociology of American Life		3
Math. 20, 21—Calculus	4	4
Phys. 20, 21—General Physics	5	5
Dr. 3-Advanced Engineering Drawing	2	
Mech. 1—Statics and Dynamics		3
Surv. 1, 2—Plane Surveying	2	2
M. S. 3, 4—Elementary R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
Physical Activities	1	1
Total	20	21
Junior Year (Civil Engineering Option)		
Eng. 3, 4—Composition and World Literature; or	3	3
Eng. 5, 6-Composition and English Literature	3	3
Speech 108-Public Speaking		2
Math. 16—Spherical Trigonometry	2	
Geol. 2—Engineering Geology		2
Mech. 50-Strength of Materials	4	
Mech. 53-Materials of Engineering		2
Bot. 1—General Botany	4	
Zool. 1—General Zoology		4
Agr. Engr. 101-Farm Machinery	3	
Agr. Engr. 107—Farm Drainage		2
Agr. Engr. 106-Farm Mechanics		2
Agron, 1—Farm Crops	3	
Elective in Agriculture	• • • •	3
Total	19	20
Fourth Year (Civil Engineering Option) C. E. 50—Hydraulics	3	
C. E. 51—Curves and Earthwork.		3
C. E. 100—Theory of Structures		4
Surv. 100—Advanced Surveying	4	
M. E. 50—Principles of Mechanical Engineering	3	
E. E. 50—Principles of Electrical Engineering		3
Agr. Engr. 102—Gas Engines, Tractors and Automobiles		3
Agr. Engr. 105—Farm Buildings	2	
A. E. 108—Farm Management		3
Electives in Agriculture	8	4
Total	20	20
Fifth Year (Civil Engineering Option)		
II. 5, 6—History of American Civilization	3	3
Econ. 37-Fundamentals of Economics	3	
Engr. 100—Engineering Contracts and Specifications		2
Eng. 7—Technical Writing		2
Baet. 55—Sanitary Bacteriology for Engineers	2	
C. E. 101-Soil Mechanics	3	
C. E. 102—Structural Design	6	
C. E. 103—Concrete Design		6
C. E. 104-Water Supply	3	
C. E. 105—Sewerage		3
C. E. 106-Elements of Highways	••••	3
Total	20	19

#### AGRONOMY

The curricula in this department are separated into two major divisions; namely Crops and Soils. The Crops division includes Crop Production and Crop Breeding. The Crop Production curriculum is designed to prepare students for general farming, specialized crop farming, the production of improved seeds, employment with commercial firms, state and federal experiment stations, or county agent work. The curriculum for Plant Breeding is designed to prepare students to work with commercial seed companies or federal and state experiment stations. The curriculum in Soils is designed both to equip future farmers with adequate knowledge of soils and to prepare students for teaching, research, and special soils work. Although the Soils curriculum is placed in the Department of Agronomy, its courses are designed for all students who have soil interests regardless of the line of their major specialization.

Crop Production Curriculum*		ster-
Sophomore Year	I	II
Eng. 3, 4 or 5, 6	3	3
H. 5, 6—History of American Civilization	3	3
Chem. 1, 3—General Chemistry	4	4
Ent. 1—Introductory Entomology	3	
Econ. 37—Fundamentals of Economics		3
Speech 1, 2—Public Speaking	2	2
M. S. 3, 4—Elementary R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
Physical Activities	1	1
Total	19	19
Junior Year		
Agron. 30—Cereal Crop Production	3	
Agron. 31—Forage Crop Production		3
Agron, 153—Selected Crop Studies	• • • •	2
Zool. 104—Genetics		3
Soils 1—General Soils	3	• • • •
Bact. 1—General Bacteriology	4	• • • •
Bot. 101—Plant Physiology	4	• • • •
Bot. 20—Diseases of Plants	3	• • • •
Math. 5-General Mathematics	• • • •	3
Electives	2	6
Total	17	17
~	2	
Agron. 103—Crop Breeding	_	2
Agron. 151—Cropping Systems	• • • •	2
Agron. 152—Seed Production and Distribution		3
A. E. 108—Farm Management		_
Agr. Engr. 101—Farm Machinery	•	
Agr. Engr. 107—Farm Drainage	3	_
Soils 112—Soil Conservation	3	• • • • •
A. H. 110—Feeds and Feeding	Б.	7
Electives		
Total	16	16

<sup>\*</sup>If A. H. 1 and Agron. 1 are not elected in the Freshman Year they must be elected in subsequent years.

### Crop Breeding Curriculum

Students following the Crop Breeding Curriculum will have the same requirements as the Crop Production Curriculum, except that Math. 10 and Math. 13, Algebra, (3), Elements of Mathematical Statistics, (3), will be required in the first semester of the Junior Year.

Soils Curriculum*	-Seme	ster
Sophomore Year	7	11
Eng. 3, 4 or 5, 6	8	. 3
H. 5, 6-History of American Civilization	3	8
Bot. 1—General Botany	4	
Bact. 1-General Bacteriology		4.
Soils 1—General Soils	8	
Soils 2—Principles of Soil Fertility		8
Speech 1, 2—Public Speaking	2	2
M. S. 3, 4—Elementary R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
Physical Activities	1	1
Total	19	19
Junior Year		
Soils 51-Soil Investigation Methods	2	
Soils 103-Soil Geography		3
Bot. 101—Plant Physiology	4	
Agr. Engr. 107-Farm Drainage		2
Geol. 1—Geology	3	
Chem. 19-Quantitative Analysis		4
Chem. 31, 33 or 35, 37-Elements of Organic Chemistry	2	2
Chem. 32, 34—Elements of Organic Chemistry	1	1
Electives	6	6
Total	18	18
Senior Year		
Soils 112-Soil Conservation	3	
Soils 120—Soil Management		3
Agron, 151—Cropping Systems		2
Zool. 104—Genetics	3	
A. E. 108-Farm Management		. 3
Electives	10	8
Total	16	16

### ANIMAL HUSBANDRY

The curriculum in Animal Husbandry is organized for the purpose of preparing students for various phases of work in the field of animal industry as: operators and managers of livestock farms, as investigators and research workers in Federal, State and private institutions, and as workers in specialized fields where a knowledge of the livestock industry is necessary.

By proper use of electives, the student may equip himself to become a county agricultural agent; to meet the requirements of positions with certain types of private and cooperative business concerns; or, with more technical and specialized training, to become qualified for instructional

<sup>\*</sup> If A. H. 1 and Agron. 1 are not elected in the Freshman Year they must be elected in subsequent years.

work in colleges, for investigational work in State and Federal experiment stations or in commercial research laboratories. Students who desire to enter the field of teaching or highly specialized research should elect the more scientific courses offered by this and by other departments.

Animal Husbandry Curriculum*	-Semes	ster-
Sophomore Year	I	11
Eng. 3, 4 or 5, 6	3	3
H. 5, 6—History of American Civilization	3	3
Chem. 1. 3—General Chemistry	4	4
Dairy 1—Fundamentals of Dairying		3
Econ. 37—Fundamentals of Economics	3	
Speech 1, 2—Public Speaking	2	2
M. S. 3, 4—Elementary R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
Physical Activities	1	1
Total	19	19
Junior Year		
Chem. 31, 33—Elements of Organic Chemistry	2	2
Chem. 32, 34—Elements of Organic Laboratory	1	1
Bact, 1—General Bacteriology		4
A. H. 31—Livestock Judging		2
A. H. 110—Feeds and Feeding	3	
A. H. 120—Principles of Breeding		3
**A. H. 130—Beef Cattle Production	2	
**A. H. 132—Pork Production		2
A. E. 108—Farm Management		3
Zool. 104—Genetics	3	
Soils 1-General Soils	3	
Electives	3	2
Total	17	19
Senior Year		
A. H. 111—Animal Nutrition	3	
**A. H. 131—Sheep Production	2	
**A. H. 133—Draft Horse Production		2
A. H. 140—Livestock Management		3
A. H. 150—Livestock Markets and Marketing	2	
A. H. 160—Meat and Meat Products		3
V. S. 101—Comparative Anatomy and Physiology	3	
V. S. 102—Animal Hygiene		3
Agr. Engr. 101—Farm Machinery	3	
Electives	3	5
LICUITUS		
Total	16	16

### BOTANY

The department offers three major fields of work: plant morphology and taxonomy; plant pathology; or plant physiology and ecology. The required courses for the freshman and sophomore years are the same for all students. In the junior and senior years, the student elects botany courses

<sup>•</sup> If A. H. 1 and Agron. 1 are not elected in the Freshman Year they must be elected in subsequent years.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Only two producton courses are required for graduation. The student may choose any two of these four courses to fulfill this requirement.

to suit his particular interest. Courses are elected in other subjects to contribute toward a broad cultural education, and to support the courses selected in the chosen field of botany.

Through cooperation with the College of Education, students who wish to meet the requirements for the state high school teacher's certificates, may elect the necessary work in education.

The curriculum as outlined, provides a complete survey of the field of botany for prospective high school teachers, and lays a good foundation for graduate work in botany in preparation for college teaching and for research in state or federal experiment stations, or in private research laboratories.

Students are also afforded an opportunity for training in other vocations involving various botanical applications, such as extension work, and positions with seed companies, canning companies and other commercial concerns.

Botany Curriculum	-Semes	ter
Sophomore Year	I	II
Eng. 5, 6 or Eng. 3, 4	8	8
Modern Language		8
Bot. 20—Diseases of Plants	3	
Bot. 2—General Botany		4
Chem. 1. 3—General Chemistry	4	4
Speech 1, 2—Public Speaking	2	2
M. S. 3, 4—Elementary R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
Physical Activities	. 1	1
Total	19	20
Junior Year		
H. 5, 6-History of American Civilization	3	8
Modern Language	. 3	8
Phys. 10, 11-Fundamentals of Physics	4	4
Bot. 101—Plant Physiology		
Bot. 11—Plant Taxonomy		3
Bot. 110-Plant Microtechnique		2
Bact. 1—Bacteriology	. 4	• • • •
Electives	••••	. 2
Total	. 18	17
Senior Year		
Bot. 112—Seminar	. 1	1
Bot. 111—Plant Anatomy	. 3	
Bot. 102—Plant Ecology		8
Bot. 115-Structure of Economic Plants		2
Bot. 116-History and Philosophy of Botany	. 1	
Zool. 104—Genetics	. 8	
Botany Electives	. 3-8	3-5
Electives	5-0	7-5
Total	. 16	16

Students specializing in Plant Morphology or Plant Taxonomy will elect Bot. 114 and Bot. 128; those specializing in Plant Pathology will elect Bot. 122, Bot. 121 and Ent. 1; those specializing in Plant Physiology will elect Organic Chemistry, Chem. 31, 32, 33, 34.

#### DAIRY

The department offers instruction in two major lines of work: dairy husbandry and dairy products technology. In the dairy husbandry curriculum, students are given technical and practical training in the breeding, feeding, management, and selection of dairy cattle and in milk production. With suitable choice of courses, students are qualified as operators of dairy farms, for breeding promotion and sales work, for employment with private and cooperative business organizations, and for county agent work. The dairy products technology curriculum is designed to prepare students for practical and scientific work concerned with the processing and distribution of milk, manufacture and handling of butter, cheese, ice cream, and other products, in dairy plant operation and management, and in dairy inspection. Students satisfactorily majoring in dairy manufacturing are qualified for the many technical and applied positions in the various branches of the dairy industry.

By careful election of courses in either curriculum the student may lay a foundation for advanced study, for instructional work in colleges, and for research in experiment stations or commercial laboratories. The suggested curricula will be modified to meet the special needs of individual students.

Dairy Husbandry Curriculum*	-Semes	ter-
Sophomore Year	I	II
Eng. 3, 4 or 5, 6	3	3
H. 5, 6—History of American Civilization	3	3
Chem. 1, 3—General Chemistry	4	4
Bact. 1—General Bacteriology	4	
Agron, 1—Crop Production		3
M. S. 3, 4—Elementary R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
Physical Activities	1	1
Total	18	17
Junior Year		
Chem. 31, 33—Elements of Organic Chemistry	2	2
Chem. 32, 34—Elements of Organic Chemistry Laboratory	1	1
Econ. 37—Fundamentals of Economics		- 3
Speech 1, 2—Public Speaking	2.	2
Bact. 133—Dairy Bacteriology	4	• • • •
Zool. 104—Genetics	3	
Soils 1—General Soils	3	
A. H. 110-Feeds and Feeding	3	
A. H. 120—Principles of Breeding		3
Dairy 30—Dairy Cattle Judging		2
Dairy 109-Market Milk		4
Electives	• • • •	2
Total	18	19

<sup>\*</sup>Students planning to pursue this curriculum should elect Dairy 1 the second semester of the freshman year. If A. H. 1 is not elected in the freshman year it must be elected in subsequent years.

Senior Year	-Semes	ter
Agr. Engr. 101-Farm Machinery	3	
A. E. 108-Farm Management		8
V. S. 101—Comparative Anatomy and Physiology	3	
V. S. 102—Animal Hygiene	• • • •	3
A. H. 111-Animal Nutrition	3	
Dairy 100-Dairy Cattle Management	1	• • • •
Dairy 101—Dairy Production		8
Dairy 105—Dairy Breeds and Breeding	2	• • • •
Dairy 120, 121—Dairy Seminar	1	1
Electives	4	7
Total	17	17
Dairy Products Technology Curriculum†		
Sophomore Year	I	II
	3	3
Eng. 3, 4 or 5, 6	_	
H. 5, 6—History of American Civilization	3	8
Chem. 1, 3—General Chemistry	4	4
Zool. 1—General Zoology		4
Bact. 1—General Bacteriology	• • • •	_
M. S. 3, 4—Elementary R. O. T. C. (Men)	3 1	3
Physical Activities		
Total	18	18
Junior Year		
Chem. 31, 33—Elements of Organic Chemistry	2	2
Chem. 32, 35—Elements of Organic Chemistry Laboratory	1	1
Chem. 19—Quantitative Analysis		4
Econ. 37—Fundamentals of Economics	8	• • • •
Bact. 133—Dairy Bacteriology	4	• • • •
Speech 1, 2—Public Speaking	2	2
Dairy 40—Grading Dairy Products	• • • •	1
Dairy 108—Dairy Technology	4	• • • •
Dairy 110—Butter and Cheese Making		4
Dairy 109—Market Milk		4
Total	16	18
Senior Year		
Dairy 111—Concentrated Milk Products		2
Dairy 112—Ice Cream	4	
Dairy 114—Special Laboratory Methods		4
Dairy 115—Dairy Plant Inspection	2	
Dairy 116—Dairy Plant Management		4
Dairy 120, 121—Dairy Seminar	1	1
Electives	11	6
Total	18	17

<sup>†</sup> Students planning to pursue this curriculum should elect Dairy 1 in the freshman year. Those interested in the business rather than the technical phases of dairy technology may substitute approved courses in business and economics for Chem. 19, 31, 32, 33, 35.

### ENTOMOLOGY

This curriculum trains students for work in state and federal entomological bureaus, in preparation for commercial pest control operations and for actual insect control on their own farms. In addition, entomology is taught as a cultural subject because of its wide field of application, its varied subject matter, and the general interest of the public in the small creatures.

Entomology Curriculum*	-Semes	ster-
Sophomore Year	I	II
Eng. 3, 4 or 5, 6	3	3
H. 5, 6—History of American Civilization	3	3
Chem. 1, 8—General Chemistry	4	4
Ent. 2—Insect Morphology	3	
Ent. 3—Insect Taxonomy		3
Speech 1, 2—Public Speaking	2	2
M. S. 3, 4—Elementary R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
Physical Activities	1	1
Total	19	19
Junior Year		
Chem. 31, 33—Elements of Organic Chemistry	2	2
Chem. 32, 34—Elements of Organic Chemistry Lab	1	1
Bot. 1—General Botany	4	
Bact. 1—General Bacteriology		4
Ent. 103, 104—Insect Pests	3	8
Phy. 1, 2—Elements of Physics	3	8
Foreign Language	3	8
Electives	2	2
Total	18	18
Senior Year		
Bot. 20—Diseases of Plants	8	
Ent. 105-Medical Entomology	3	
Ent. 101—Economic Entomology		8
†Ent. 110, 111—Special Problems	1	1
Ent. 112—Seminar	1	1
Foreign Language	3	8
Electives	6	8
Total	17	16

<sup>•</sup> Students planning to pursue this curriculum should elect Ent. 1 the second semester of the Freshman year.

<sup>†</sup> Students may satisfy this requirement in one semester, if their schedule permits, or expand the work and credits upon departmental approval.

### HORTICULTURE

This department offers instruction in pomology (fruits), olericulture (vegetables), floriculture (flowers) and ornamental gardening, and processing of horticultural crops. These courses prepare students to enter commercial production and the horticultural industries. Students are likewise prepared to enter the allied industries as horticultural workers with fertilizer companies, seed companies, equipment manufacturers, and others. Students who wish to enter specialized fields of research and teaching may take advanced work in the department.

Sophomore Year	Pomology and Olericulture Curriculum	-Semes	ster
H. 5, 6—History of American Civilization.   3   3   3   3   Chem. 1, 3—General Chemistry.   4   4   4   4   4   4   4   4   4	Sophomore Year	· I	11
Chem. 1, 3—General Chemistry       4         Bot. 20—Diseases of Plants       3         Hort. 5, 6—Fruit Production       3         M. S. 3, 4—Elementary R. O. T. C. (Men)       3         3       3         Physical Activities       1         1       1         Electives       4         Total       20         Junior Year       2         Bot. 101—Plant Physiology       4         Bot. 111—Plant Anatomy       3         Soils 1—General Soils       3         Hort. 58—Vegetable Production       3         Hort. 58—Swall Fruits       8         Speech 1, 2—Public Speaking       2       2         Econ. 37—Fundamentals of Economics       3         Electives       5       6         Total       17       17         Senior Year       1       17         Hort. 155—Commercial Processing of Horticultural Crops       3       3         Hort. 101, 102—Technology of Fruits       2       2         Lool. 104—Genetics       3       3         Bot. 115—Structure of Economic Plants       2       2         Hort. 118, 119—Seminar       1       1         Electives       <	Eng. 3, 4 or 5, 6	3	3
Bot. 20—Diseases of Plants.   3	H. 5, 6—History of American Civilization	3	3
Hort. 5, 6—Fruit Production.   3   2	Chem. 1, 3—General Chemistry	4	4
M. S. 3, 4—Elementary R. O. T. C. (Men)       3         Physical Activities       1         Electives       4         Total       20         Junior Year       3         Bot. 101—Plant Physiology       4         Bot. 111—Plant Anatomy       3         Soils 1—General Soils       3         Hort. 55—Vezetable Production       3         Hort. 59—Small Fruits       3         Speech 1, 2—Public Speaking       2         Econ. 37—Fundamentals of Economics       3         Electives       5         Total       17         17       17         Senior Year       1         Hort. 155—Commercial Processing of Horticultural Crops       3         Hort. 103, 104—Technology of Fruits       2         Loc. 103, 104—Genetics       3         Bot. 115—Structure of Economic Plants       2         Loc. 118, 119—Seminar       1         1       1         Electives       5         Total       16         16       16         Floriculture and Ornamental Horticulture Curriculum         Sophomore Year       3         Eng. 3, 4 or 5, 6       3         H. 5, 6—Histor	Bot. 20—Diseases of Plants	3	
Physical Activities	Hort. 5, 6—Fruit Production	3	2
Total   20   20		3	3
Total	Physical Activities	1	1
Bot. 101—Plant Physiology	Electives		4
Bot. 101—Plant Physiology	Total	20	20
Bot. 101—Plant Physiology			
Bot. 111—Plant Anatomy.       3         Soils 1—General Soils       3         Hort. 58—Vegetable Production       3         Hort. 59—Small Fruits.       8         Speech 1, 2—Public Speaking.       2       2         Econ. 37—Fundamentals of Economics       3         Electives       5       6         Total       17       17         Senior Year       17       17         Hort. 101, 102—Technology of Fruits.       2       2         Hort. 103, 104—Technology of Vegetables.       2       2         Zool. 104—Genetics       3       3         Bot. 115—Structure of Economic Plants.       2       2         Hort. 118, 119—Seminar       1       1       1         Electives       5       9         Total       16       16       16         Floriculture and Ornamental Horticulture Curriculum       Sophomore Year       3       3         Eng. 3, 4 or 5, 6       3       3       3         H. 5, 6—History of American Civilization       3       3         Chem. 1, 3—General Chemistry.       4       4         Bot. 20—Diseases of Plants.       3       3         Hort. 22—Landscape Gardening.       2 <td></td> <td>4</td> <td></td>		4	
Soils 1—General Soils   3		3	
Hort. 58—Vegetable Production   3     Hort. 59—Small Fruits.   3     Speech 1, 2—Public Speaking   2     Econ. 37—Fundamentals of Economics   3     Electives   5   6     Total   17   17     Senior Year     Hort. 101, 102—Technology of Fruits   2   2     Hort. 103, 104—Technology of Vegetables   2   2     Zool. 104—Genetics   3       Bot. 115—Structure of Economic Plants   2     Hort. 118, 119—Seminar   1   1     Electives   5   9     Total   16   16     Floriculture and Ornamental Horticulture Curriculum     Sophomore Year     Eng. 3, 4 or 5, 6   3   3     H. 5, 6—History of American Civilization   3   3     Chem. 1, 3—General Chemistry   4   4     Bot. 20—Diseases of Plants   3   3     Hort. 22—Landscape Gardening   2     M. S. 3, 4—Elementary R. O. T. C. (Men)   3   3     Physical Activities   1   1     Electives   5   5     Electives   5   5     Total   5   5     Electives   5   5     Total   6   6     S. 3, 4—Elementary R. O. T. C. (Men)   3   3     Physical Activities   1   1     Electives   5   5	•	•	
Hort. 59—Small Fruits   Speech 1, 2—Public Speaking   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2			
Speech 1, 2—Public Speaking			_
Total			
Total	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
Senior Year			-
Senior Year	Total		
Hort. 155—Commercial Processing of Horticultural Crops   3		11	1,
Hort. 101, 102—Technology of Fruits.   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2		•	
Hort. 103, 104—Technology of Vegetables.   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2		_	
Zool. 104—Genetics   3		_	_
Bot. 115—Structure of Economic Plants.   2			_
Hort. 118, 119—Seminar.			
Total			_
Total	·		
Floriculture and Ornamental Horticulture Curriculum   Sophomore Year	Diectives		
Sophomore Year       8       3         Eng. 3, 4 or 5, 6.       3       3         H. 5, 6—History of American Civilization       3       3         Chem. 1, 3—General Chemistry       4       4         Bot. 20—Diseases of Plants       3       3         Hort. 22—Landscape Gardening       2       2         M. S. 3, 4—Elementary R. O. T. C. (Men)       3       3         Physical Activities       1       1         Electives       5	Total	16	16
Eng. 3, 4 or 5, 6.       3       3         H. 5, 6—History of American Civilization.       3       3         Chem. 1, 3—General Chemistry.       4       4         Bot. 20—Diseases of Plants.       3       3         Hort. 22—Landscape Gardening.       2       2         M. S. 3, 4—Elementary R. O. T. C. (Men).       3       3         Physical Activities       1       1         Electives       5       6	Floriculture and Ornamental Horticulture Curriculum		
H. 5, 6—History of American Civilization.       3       3         Chem. 1, 3—General Chemistry.       4       4         Bot. 20—Diseases of Plants.       3         Hort. 22—Landscape Gardening.       2         M. S. 3, 4—Elementary R. O. T. C. (Men).       3       3         Physical Activities       1       1         Electives       5			
Chem. 1, 3—General Chemistry       4       4         Bot. 20—Diseases of Plants       3         Hort. 22—Landscape Gardening       2         M. S. 3, 4—Elementary R. O. T. C. (Men)       3       3         Physical Activities       1       1         Electives       5		3	3
Bot. 20—Diseases of Plants       3         Hort. 22—Landscape Gardening       2         M. S. 3, 4—Elementary R. O. T. C. (Men)       3       3         Physical Activities       1       1         Electives       5		3	3
Hort. 22—Landscape Gardening       2         M. S. 3, 4—Elementary R. O. T. C. (Men)       3         Physical Activities       1         Electives       5	Chem. 1, 3—General Chemistry	4	4
M. S. 3, 4—Elementary R. O. T. C. (Men)	Bot. 20—Diseases of Plants	_	
Physical Activities 1 1 1 Electives 5		2	
Electives		3	3
		1	1
Total	Electives		Б
	Total	19	19

Junior Year	-Semes	ster
Bot. 101—Plant Physiology	4	
Bot. 11—Plant Taxonomy		3
Hort. 107, 108—Plant Materials	2	3
Speech 1, 2—Public Speaking	2	2
Bot. 111—Plant Anatomy	3	
Econ. 37—Fundamentals of Economics		3
Soils 1—General Soils	3	
Electives	7	7
Total	18	18
Senior Year		
·		
Bot. 121—Diseases of Special Crops	3	
Hort. 16—Garden Flowers		3
Hort. 118, 119—Seminar	1	1
Electives	12	12
Total	16	16
Required of students specializing in floriculture:		
Hort. 10, 11—Greenhouse Management	3	3
Hort. 150, 151—Commercial Floriculture	3	3
Zool. 104—Genetics	3	
Required of students specializing in landscape and ornamental horticulture:	·	
Hort. 152, 153—Landscape Design	3	3
Dr. 1, 2—Engineering Drawing	2	2
Hort. 54—Civic Art		2
Surv. 1, 2—Plane Surveying	2	2
$ \begin{array}{c} \textbf{Commercial Processing of Horticultural Crops Curriculum} \\ Sophomore \ Year \end{array} $		
Eng. 3, 4 or 5, 6	3	3
Hist. 5, 6—History of American Civilization	3	3
Chem. 31, 33—Elements of Organic Chemistry	2	2
Chem. 32, 34—Elements of Organic Laboratory	1	1
Soils 1—General Soils.	3	
Hort. 61—Processing Industries		2
Econ. 37—Fundamentals of Economics		3
Bact. 1—General Bacteriology	4	
M. S. 3, 4—Elementary R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
Physical Activities	1	1
Total	20	18
Junior Year		
Speech 1, 2—Public Speaking	2	2
	3	3
Phys. 1, 2—Elements of Physics	3	2
Hort. 155, 156—Commercial Processing	4	
Bot. 101—Plant Physiology		
Bact. 131—Food Bacteriology	4	
Hort. 58—Vegetable Production		3
Zool. 1—General Zoology	• • • • •	4
Agr. Engr. 111—Fundamentals of Processing Plant Design	3	
Agr. Engr. 112—Processing Plant Machinery and Equipment	• • • •	2
Electives		2-3
Total	19	18-19

			ter
S	Senior Year	I	II
	Hort. 121-Plant Operation	2	
	Hort, 123-Grading and Judging	2	
	Hort. 112-Canning Crops and Technology		3
	Hort. 124—Quality Control		3
	A. E. 105-Food Production Inspection		2
	Hort. 118, 119—Seminar	1	1
	MANAGEMENT		
	Econ. 160—Labor Economics	3	
	B. A. 150-Market Management	3	
	B. A. 161-Personnel Management		3
	Electives	4	2-3
	TECHNOLOGY		
	Chem. 19—Quantative Analysis	4	
	Bact. 53-Sanitation Bacteriology	$^{2-4}$	
	Hort. 126-Nutritional Analyses of Processed Crops		3
	Electives	2-4	2-3

#### POULTRY HUSBANDRY

The curriculum in poultry husbandry is designed to give the student a thorough knowledge of subject matter necessary for poultry raising; the marketing, distribution, and processing of poultry products; poultry improvement work; and as a basis for graduate training for teaching and research in poultry husbandry.

The suggested curriculum will be modified to meet the special needs of individual students. Superior students, definitely anticipating preparation for a professional career in poultry husbandry, will be expected to take a language. However, all students majoring in poultry husbandry will be required to complete 24 semester hours in poultry husbandry.

Poultry Curriculum*	-Semes	ster_
Sophomore Year	1	11
Eng. 3, 4 or 5, 6	3	3
Chem. 1, 3—General Chemistry	4	4
P. H. 2—Poultry Biology		3
Speech 1, 2—Public Speaking	2	2
H. 5, 6-History of American Civilization	3	3
Math. 5-General Mathematics	3	
M. S. 3, 4-Elementary R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
Physical Activities	1	1
Total	19	19

<sup>•</sup> Students planning to pursue this curriculum should elect P. H. 1 the first semester of the Freshman Year. If Agron. 1 is not elected the Freshman Year it must be elected in subsequent year.

	-Semes	ster
Junior Year	I	II
P. H. 101—Poultry Nutrition	3	
P. H. 102—Physiology of Hatchability		3
P. H. 100—Poultry Breeding		2
Bact. 1General Bacteriology	4	
Zool. 104—Genetics	8	
Econ. 37-Fundamentals of Economics		8
B. A. 130—Elements of Business Statistics	3	
Electives	4	9
Total	17	17
Senior Year		
P. H. 104—Poultry Marketing Problems	3	
P. H. 105-Egg Marketing Problems		3
V. S. 108—Avian Anatomy	3	
V. S. 107-Poultry Hygiene		8
P. H. 103-Commercial Poultry Management		2
P. H. 107-Poultry Industrial and Economic Problems	2	
Ent. 1—Introductory Entomology		8
Agr. Engr. 101—Farm Machinery (3)		
or }	3-2	
Agr. Engr. 105—Farm Buildings (2)	5-8	5-8
Total	17	17

# Pre-Forestry Students

The College of Agriculture is glad to cooperate with any student who wishes to attend the University to pursue courses which may be transferred to a standard forestry curriculum in another institution. The program which a student follows depends to some extent upon the forestry college he plans to enter. All pre-forestry students in the College of Agriculture are sent to the Head of the Department of Botany of the University for coursel and advice in these matters.

#### Pre-Theological Students

The College of Agriculture is glad to cooperate with the officers of any theological seminary who desire to urge its prospective students to pursue courses in agriculture as a preparation for the rural ministry. Such pretheological students may enroll for a semester or more or for the usual four year training of the College. In either case they should enroll as members of the general curriculum in the College of Agriculture.

The electives of this curriculum may be used for such pre-theological requirements as seem desirable. Elections may be made from any of the offerings of the University such as history, political science, philosophy, agricultural economics, rural sociology, modern language, English, economics, psychology, sociology, natural science, education and the like. Students desiring to pursue a pre-theological program in the College of Agriculture

of the University of Maryland, should consult with the president or admissions officer of the theological seminary which they expect to attend.

# Pre-Veterinary Students

The College of Agriculture is glad to cooperate with any student who wishes to attend the University to pursue preparation for the study of Veterinary Science. The curriculum which a student will follow will depend to some extent upon the Veterinary College which he plans to enter. All Pre-Veterinary students in the College of Agriculture are sent to the Head of the Department of Veterinary Science of the University for counsel and advice in these matters.

# Special Students in Agriculture

Mature students may, with consent of the Dean, register as special students and pursue a program of studies not included in any regular curriculum, but arranged to meet the needs of the individual. All university fees for these special students are the same as fees for regular students.

There are many young farmers who desire to take short intensive courses in their special lines of work during slack times on the farm. Arrangements have been made to permit such persons to register at the office of the Dean of the College of Agriculture and receive cards granting them permission to visit classes and work in the laboratories of the different departments. This opportunity is created to aid florists, pourtrymen, fruit-growers, gardeners, or other especially interested persons who are able to get away from their work at some time during the year.

The regular charges are \$10.00 for matriculation and \$2.00 per credit hour per month for the time of attendance. One matriculation is good for any amount of regular or intermittent attendance during a period of four years.

# COLLEGE OF ARTS AND SCIENCES

JOHN FREEMAN PYLE, Acting Dean

The College of Arts and Sciences is making the necessary adjustments to meet the educational needs of post war conditions.

It is prepared to furnish the civilian students of the present and future, including the returning service personnel, with liberal and technical training in the physical sciences, the social sciences, the biological sciences, and the humanities. This form of education affords the student an opportunity to acquire a general education which will serve as a foundation for whatever profession or vocation he may choose.

Students in other colleges of the university are offered training in fundamental courses that serve as a background for their professional education. The new program in American Civilization is open to all students of the university as well as to those in Arts and Sciences.

# Requirements for Admission

The requirements for admission to the College of Arts and Sciences are, in general, the same as those for admission to the other colleges and schools of the University.

For admission to the pre-medical curriculum, two years of any one foreign language are recommended. A detailed statement of the requirements for admission to the School of Medicine and the relation of these to the pre-medical curriculum may be obtained by writing the Director of Admissions.

# Degrees

The degrees conferred upon students who have met the requirements prescribed in the College of Arts and Sciences are bachelor of arts and bachelor of science.

Students of this college who complete the regular courses in Humanities and Social Sciences are awarded the degree of bachelor of arts. Students who complete the requirements for the degree of bachelor of science are awarded that degree, provided the major portion of the work has been done in the field of science, and the application has the approval of the science department in which the major work has been completed.

Students who have elected the combined program of arts and sciences and medicine may be granted the degree of bachelor of science after the completion of at least 90 semester hours credit in addition to the required work in military science, hygiene and physical education in this college and the first year of the School of Medicine, so that the quantitative requirements of 120 credits are met, and they are recommended by the Dean of the School of Medicine.

Those electing the combined five-year academic nursing curriculum, for which the degree of bachelor of science in nursing may be awarded upon the completion of the full course, must first take the pre-nursing curriculum in the College of Arts and Sciences before the nursing course in Baltimore.

Those taking the combined course in arts and law may be awarded the bachelor of arts degree after the completion of three years of the work in this college and one year of the full-time law course, or its equivalent, in the University of Maryland School of Law. The total minimum number of credits required for graduation is 120 semester hours exclusive of military science, hygiene, and physical activities.

#### Residence

The last thirty semester hours credit of any curriculum leading to a baccalaureate degree in the College of Arts and Sciences must be taken in residence in this University.

Students working for one of the combined degrees must earn the last 30 semester hours credit of the arts program in residence, in the College of Arts and Sciences, College Park.

# A-General Requirements for Degrees

The baccalaureate degree from the College of Arts and Sciences may be conferred upon a student who has satisfied the following requirements:

- 1. University requirements.
- 2. College of Arts and Sciences requirements:

A minimum of 120 semester hours credit in academic subjects other than military science is required for a bachelor's degree. Men must acquire in addition 12 semester hours in military science, and 4 semester hours credit in physical activities. Women must acquire in addition 4 semester hours credit in hygiene and 4 semester hours credit in physical activities.

# Junior Requirements

A student must acquire a minimum of 56 credits exclusive of the requirements in military science, hygiene, and physical activities with an average grade of at least C in the Freshman and Sophomore years before being permitted to begin advanced work on his major and minor.

The following minimum requirements should be fulfilled, as far as possible, before the beginning of the junior year and must be completed before graduation:

- English—twelve semester hours.
- II. Foreign Language—twelve semester hours in one language. Students wishing to enroll in a language they have studied in high school will be given a placement test.
- III. Social Sciences—twelve semester hours; Government and Politics 1, three semester hours; Sociology 1, three semester hours; History 5 and 6, six semester hours.
- IV. Speech—two to four semester hours depending upon the particular schedule.
  - V. Natural Science and Mathematics—twelve semester hours.
  - VI. Military Science for men, twelve semester hours.
  - VII. Hygiene, for women, four semester hours.

VIII. Physical Activities, for both men and women, four semester hours. Military science and physical activities are required throughout the freshman and sophomore years, Hygiene during the freshman year.

3. Major and minor requirements—When the requirements of the Freshman and Sophomore years have been completed each student is expected to select a major in one of the departments of an upper division, and before graduation must complete a major and a minor. The courses constituting the major and the minor must conform to the requirements of the department in which the major work is done.

Before beginning a major or minor the student must have an average of not less than C in fundamental courses in the fields chosen.

A major shall consist, in addition to the underclass departmental requirements, of 24-40 hours, of which at least 12 must be in courses numbered 100 and above.

A minor shall consist, in addition to the underclass departmental requirements, of 12 to 20 hours, of which at least 6 must be in courses numbered 100 and above. Minor courses shall be chosen with the advice of the major in consultation with the minor department to supplement the student's major work. See departmental statements for specific requirements as to majors and minors.

The average grade of the work taken in the major and minor fields must be at least C. A general average of at least C is required for graduation.

# Certification of High School Teachers

If courses are properly chosen in the field of education, a prospective high school teacher can prepare for high school positions, with major and minor in one of the departments of this College.

# Electives in Other Colleges and Schools

A limited number of courses taken in other colleges and schools of the University may be counted for credit toward a degree in the College of Arts and Sciences.

The number of credits which may be accepted from the various colleges and schools if the work materially supplements the work taken in the College of Arts and Sciences, is as follows:

College of Agriculture-20.

College of Business and Public Administration-20.

College of Education—24.

College of Engineering—20.

College of Home Economics-20.

School of Law—In the combined program the first year of law must be completed.

School of Medicine—In the combined program the first year of medicine must be completed.

School of Nursing—In the combined program the three years of nursing must be completed.

#### Normal Load

The normal load for students in this college is 15 semester hours credit per semester, exclusive of the required work in physical activities and military science and hygiene for women.

Juniors and seniors are not permitted to register for more than 18 hours unless they have a "B" average for the preceding semester and the approval of the Dean of the College.

#### Advisers

Freshmen and sophomores in this college shall consider the Dean of the College their general adviser, special advisers are provided for guidance and assistance during the registration periods.

Juniors and seniors will consider the head of their major department their adviser, and should consult him about the arrangements of their schedules of courses.

# Work in the Freshman and Sophomore Years

The work of the first two years in the College of Arts and Sciences is designed to give the student a basic general education, and to prepare him for concentration in the latter part of his course.

It is the student's responsibility to develop in these earlier years such proficiency in basic subjects as may be necessary for his continuation in the field of his special interest. Personal aptitude and a general scholastic ability must also be demonstrated, if permission to pursue a major study is to be obtained.

The student should follow the curriculum for which he is believed to be best fitted. It will be noted that a core group of studies is required of all students who are candidates for a bachelor's degree. These subjects should be taken, when possible, during the Freshman and Sophomore years. There is a great deal of similarity in these outlines for the first four semesters, and a student need not consider himself attached to any particular department until the beginning of his junior year, at which time he is to select a major.

The following curriculum gives the subjects required of students in the departments of the Humanities and the Social Sciences. Students wishing to major in one of the Physical or Biological Sciences will find the requirements in the curriculums listed under the respective headings, found on subsequent pages.

	-Seme	ster-
Freshman Year	I	II
Eng. 1, 2—Composition and Readings in American Literature	3	3
G. & P.—American Government (or Sociology of American Life)	3	
Soc. I-Sociology of American Life (or American Government)		3
*Foreign Language	3	3
Mathematics or Natural Science	3	3
L. S. 1, 2-Library Science	1	1
Speech 1, 2—Public Speaking	2	2
M. S. 1, 2—Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
He. 2, 4—Hygiene (Women)	2	2
Physical Activities	1	1
Total	18 20	18-20
Sophomore Year		
Eng. 3, 4 or 5, 6-Composition and Readings in English or in World		
Literature	3	3
Hist, 5, 6-History of American Civilization	3	3
Foreign Language	3	3
Natural Science and Mathematics	3	3
Elective	3	3
M. S. 3, 4—Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
Physical Activities	1	1
Total	16-19	16-19

### I. AMERICAN CIVILIZATION

The program in American Civilization embraces required work, a combined major-minor plan for juniors and seniors, and graduate studies. (For information concerning the required work, see page 35 of this catalog; for information concerning the graduate program, see page 204.

The Committee in charge of the program represents the departments of English, History, Government and Politics, and Sociology. Members of the committee serve as official advisers to students electing to work in the field.

The principal objectives of the work for majors are cultural rather than professional; yet the work is excellent preparation for certain careers. Students are directed towards an understanding of the configuration of our civilization, and this understanding should prove valuable in (for example) business, government, journalism, the law, and teaching.

The program is intended to have generous breadth, but the danger of securing breadth without depth is offset by the requirement of an area of concentration. Studies in American civilization are supplemented by studies in source cultures and interacting cultures; however, in choosing a curriculum, students are required to concentrate in one of the four departments primarily concerned with the program. Elective courses are, with the aid of an official adviser, chosen from courses offered in the humanities, in

<sup>\*</sup> A placement test is given during Registration Week for students wishing to pursue a language they have studied in high school.

the social sciences, or in education. Normally, most elective courses are in history, English, foreign languages, comparative literature, economics, sociology, political science, and philosophy; but it is possible for a student to fulfill the requirements of the program and to elect as many as thirty semester hours in such subjects as art and psychology provided that such work fits into a carefully planned program.

In his senior year, each major is required to take a conference course in which the study of American civilization is brought to a focus. During this course, the student analyses eight or ten important books which reveal fundamental patterns in American life and thought and receives incidental training in bibliographical matters, in formulating problems for special investigation, and in group discussion.

### American Civilization Curriculums

A student working in American Civilization must decide upon a program which emphasizes history, literature, sociology, or government and must consult an official adviser before selecting electives. The following skeleton curriculum presents a program which would be followed by a student who elected to emphasize history. Similar programs, making appropriate substitutions, may be worked out with an adviser for students electing to emphasize literature, sociology, or government.

Emphasis History	-Semest	ter-
Junior Year	I	11
American History	3	3
American Literature, or Sociology, or Government and Politics	3	3
European History	3	8
Electives	6	6
Total	15	15
Senior Year		
American History	3	3
English History	3	3
Conference Course	8	3
Electives	6	6
Total	15	15

#### II. BIOLOGICAL CURRICULUMS

#### GENERAL BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES

A curriculum has been prepared for students who are interested in biology but whose interests are not centralized in any one of the biological sciences. The courses as outlined familiarize the student with the general principles and methods of each of the biological sciences.

By the proper selection of courses during the junior and senior years, a student may concentrate his work sufficiently in any of the fields of study to be able to continue in graduate work in that field. Also by a proper

selection of electives, the educational requirements of the State Department of Education for certification can be met.

This curriculum requires the completion of at least 45 credits in the biological sciences which collectively constitute a major and a minor. Of these credits at least 18 must be in courses for advanced undergraduates.

General Biological Sciences Curriculum	~-Sem	ester—
Freshman Year	I	II
Eng. 1, 2-Composition and American Literature	3	8
Soc. 1—Sociology of American Life	3	
G. & P. 1—American Government		3
Zool, 1—General Zoology	4	
Bot. 1—General Botany		4
Chem. 1, 3—General Chemistry	4	4
M. S. 1, 2—Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
He. 2, 4—Hygiene (Women)	2	2
Physical Activities	1	1
Total	17-18	17-18
Sophomore Year		
Eng. 3, 4-Composition and World Literature	3	3
H. 5, 6-History of American Civilization	3	3
Ent. 1—Introductory Entomology	3	
Bact. 1-General Bacteriology		4
Math. 10, 11—Algebra, Trigonometry and Analytic Geometry	8	3
Modern Language	8	1
M. S. 3, 4—Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
Physical Activities	1	1
Total	16-19	17-20
Junior Year		
Phys. 10, 11-Mechanics and Heat, Sound Optics, Magnetism and		
Electricity	4	4
Modern Language	3	8
Electives (Biological Sciences)	6	6
Electives	2	2
Total	15	15
Senior Year		
Speech 18, 19-Introductory Speech	1	1
Electives (Biological Sciences)	9	9
Electives	5	5
Total	15	15

#### BACTERIOLOGY

The Department of Bacteriology functions with three purposes in view. One of these is to provide fundamental training for those students who choose bacteriology as a major subject. Two major fields of study are provided: (1) applied bacteriology, in preparation for such positions as dairy, sanitary and agricultural bacteriologists in federal, state and commercial laboratories, and (2) medical bacteriology, or the more recently recognized specialty of medical technology in relation to hospital, public health and clinic laboratories. The second objective of the department is to provide desirable courses for those students who are majoring in closely allied departments and desire vital supplementary information. Every effort has been made to plan these courses so that they satisfy the demands of these related departments as well as the needs of those students who have chosen bacteriology as a major. The third purpose of the department is to encourage and foster original thought in the pursuit of research.

### Bacteriology Curriculums

The field of bacteriology is too vast in scope to permit specialization in the early stages of undergraduate study. Accordingly, the applied curriculum outlined below includes the basic courses in bacteriology and allied fields.

The course in Advanced General Bacteriology (Bact. 5) is required for all bacteriology majors, and should follow General Bacteriology (Bact. 1). Bacteriology 5 is not required as a prerequisite for upper division courses for majors in other departments provided the student has been introduced to certain aspects of bacteriology, or their equivalent, pertinent to their specialty. Bacteriology 1, however, is required. Students desiring to minor in bacteriology are required to complete Bacteriology 1, Bacteriology 5, and seven or eight hours in courses numbered 100 or above.

The sequence of courses in the following curriculum should be pursued as closely as possible although it is realized that some deviation may be necessary. Sufficient latitude is provided in the senior year for the student to obtain several courses that are correlated with his or her particular interests.

All students planning a major in Bacteriology should consult the Head of the Department during the first year concerning his particular field of study and his choice of a minor. The minor field of study shall be chosen only from the biological or physical sciences. Chemistry, as outlined below, is the preferred minor.

Applied Bacteriology Curriculum	—Seme	ester
Freshman Year	I	II
Eng. 1, 2—Composition and American Literature	3	3
Soc. 1—Sociology of American Life	3	
G. & P. 1-American Government		3
Sp. 18, 19—Introductory Speech	I	1
Chem. 1, 3—General Chemistry	4	4
Math. 10—Algebra	3	
Math. 11—Trigonometry and Analytic Geometry		3
M. S. 1, 2—Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
Hea. 2, 4—Hygiene (Women)	2	2
Physical Activities	1	1
Total	17-18	17-18
Sophomore Year		
Eng. 3, 4—Composition and World Literature	3	3
Fr. 1, 2 or Ger. 1, 2—Elementary French or German	3	3
Bact. 1—General Bacteriology	4	
Bact. 5-Advanced General Bacteriology		4
Chem. 31, 32, 33, 34—Elements of Organic Chemistry	3	3
Hist. 5, 6—History of American Civilization	3	8
M. S. 3, 4—Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
Physical Activities	1	1
Total	17-20	17-20
Junior Year		
Fr. 6, 7 or Ger. 6, 7—Intermediate Scientific French or German	3	3
Physics 10, 11—Fundamentals of Physics	4	4
Bact. 101—Pathogenic Bacteriology	4	****
Bact. 53—Sanitary Bacteriology		4
Chem. 161, 162, 163, 164—Biochemistry	4	4 3
Electives	3	
Total	18	18
Senior Year		
Bact. 60-Journal Club	1	1
Bact. 103—Serology		4
Bact. 161—Systematic Bacteriology	4	• • • •
Electives	9	9
Total	14	14

#### Medical Technology Curriculum

This is a professional curriculum intended for those students who desire to prepare for technical work in hospital, clinical and public health laboratories. Specialization in the field of Medical Technology begins in the sophomore year and becomes more intense during the junior year. Emphasis in this curriculum is upon fundamental courses in Bacteriology, Chemistry and Zoology.

The student who follows this curriculum is encouraged to avail himself of opportunities to work in medical laboratories during the summer months. The optimum plan shall be to place the prospective technologist in a laboratory as an apprentice as soon as his training permits.

	-Seme	ster
Freshman Year	I	II
Eng. 1, 2—Composition and American Literature	3	3
Soc. 1-Sociology of American Life	3	
G. & P. 1-American Government		8
Sp. 18, 19—Introductory Speech	I	1
Chem. 1, 8—General Chemistry	4	4
Math. 10—Algebra	3	
Math. 11-Trigonometry and Analytic Geometry		3
M. S. 1, 2—Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
Hea. 2, 4—Hygiene (Women)	2	2
Physical Activities	1	1
Total	17-18	17-18
Sophomore Year		
Eng. 3, 4—Composition and World Literature	3	3
Fr. 1, 2 or Ger. 1, 2—Elementary French or German	3	8
Bact. 1—General Bacteriology	4	
Bact. 5—Advanced General Bacteriology		4
Chem. 31, 32, 33, 34—Elements of Organic Chemistry	3	
Physics 10, 11—Fundamentals of Physics	4	4
M. S. 3, 4—Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
Physical Activities	1	1
A Mysical Acutivity		
Total	18-21	18-21
Junior Year		
Fr. 6, 7 or Ger. 6, 7-Intermediate Scientific French or German	8	8
Hist. 5, 6—History of American Civilization	8	8
Bact. 101-Pathogenic Bacteriology	4	
Bact. 103—Serology		4
Chem. 161, 162, 163, 164—Biochemistry	4	4
Zool. 1-General Zoology	4	
Zool. 106—Histological Technique		
Total	18	17
Senior Year		
Bact. 105—Clinical Methods	4	
Bact, 53—Sanitary Bacteriology		4
Bact, 108—Epidemiology and Public Health		
Bact. 183—Dairy Bacteriology	4	
Zool. 14, 15—Human Anatomy and Physiology	4	4
Electives	4	4
Total	16	18

# ZOOLOGY

The Department of Zoology offers courses which train the student for professional work in several fields: teaching in college and secondary schools, research and regulatory work in the biological bureaus of the United States Government, work in the biological departments of state and city governments and research in industrial laboratories.

Two courses of study have been established as described below. In each of these curricula the fundamental courses are included and ample opportunity is offered for the election of additional courses in the Department of Zoology or related departments so that the student may plan his training toward the particular professional work in which he is interested.

Zoology Curriculum	-Semes	ster-
Freshman Year	I	II
Eng. 1, 2—Composition and American Literature	3	3
Soc. 1—Sociology of American Life		
G. & P. 1-American Government		3
Zool. 2, 3-Fundamentals of Zoology	4	4
Chem. 1, 3—General Chemistry		4
M. S. 1, 2—Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)		3
Hea. 2, 4—Hygiene (Women)	2	2
Physical Activities	1	1
Total	17-18	17-18
Sophomore Year		
Eng. 3, 4—Composition and World Literature	3	3
H. 5, 6—History of American Civilization	3	3
Zool. 5—Comparative Vertebrate Morphology	4	
Zool. 20—Vertebrate Embryology		4
Math. 10. 11—Algebra, Trigonometry and Analytic Geometry		3
	3	3
Electives	3	3
M. S. 3, 4—Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)	_	ა 1
Physical Activities	1	
Total	17-20	17-20
Junior Year		
Zool. 108—Animal Histology	4	
Zool, 106—Histological Technique		3
Zool. 104—Genetics	3	
Zool, 121-Principles of Animal Ecology		3
Phys. 10, 11-Mechanics and Heat; Sound, Optic, Magnetism and		
Electricity	4	4
Modern Language	3	3
Electives	3	3
Total	17	16
Senior Year		
Zool. 102—General Animal Physiology		4
Zool. 75, 76—Journal Club	1	1
Elective (Zoology)	4	
Speech 18, 19—Introductory Speech	1	1
Modern Language	3	3
Electives	8	8
Total	17	17

# Fisheries Biology

The aquatic resources of Maryland offer an excellent opportunity for the study of Fisheries Biology and Marine Zoology. The Chesapeake Bay and its tributaries, representing many habitats, constitute an excellent laboratory for training in these fields and commercial fisheries of the state offer additional opportunity for studies in methods, management and conservation.

The following curriculum prepares the student for specialization in this field. In addition to the courses as outlined, which he will complete at College Park, he is expected to spend part of his summers in study or practical work on the Chesapeake Bay.

Fisheries Biology Curriculum	$\sim$ Seme	ster
Freshman Year	I	II
Eng. 1, 2-Composition and American Literature	8	3
Soc. 1—Sociology of American Life	3	
G. & P. 1—American Government		3
Zool. 2, 3—Fundamentals of Zoology	4	4
Chem. 1, 3—General Chemistry	4	4
M. S. 1, 2—Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
Hea. 2, 4—Hygiene (Women)	2	2
Physical Activities	1	1
Total	17-18	17-18
Sophomore Year		
Eng. 3, 4—Composition and World Literature	3	3
H. 5, 6—History of American Civilization	3	3
Zool. 5—Comparative Vertebrate Morphology		
Zool, 20-Vertebrate Embryology		4
Chem. 19—Quantitative Analysis		
Bact. 1—General Bacteriology		4
M. S. 3, 4—Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
Physical Activities	. 1	1
Total	15–18	15-18
Junior Year		
Zool. 104—Genetics	3	
Zool. 106—Histological Technique		3
Zool. 118—Invertebrate Morphology		
Zool. 121—Principles of Animal Ecology		3
Math. 10, 11—Algebra, Trigonometry and Analytic Geometry	. 3	3
Modern Language	. 3	3
Electives	3	4
Total	16	16

Senior	Year

Zool. 120, 103—General Animal Physiology		4
Zool. 75, 76—Journal Club	1	1
Zool, 125—Fisheries Biology	3	
Speech 18, 19—Introductory Speech	1	1
Phys. 10, 11-Mechanics and Heat; Sound, Optics, Magnetism and		
Electricity	4	4
Modern Language	3	8
Electives	3	3
Total	15	16

The curriculum of the Department of Botany is found on page 76 and that of the Department of Entomology on page 79.

### III. THE HUMANITIES

#### Art

Two types of majors are offered in art: Art Major A for those who take the art curriculum as a cultural subject and as preparation for a career for which art is a necessary background. Art Major B is for those who prepare themselves for creative work on a professional basis.

In both types the student begins with the basic courses, and moves to more advanced study of the theory of design and of the general principles involved in visual expression. A large amount of study takes the form of actual practice of drawing and painting. The student, in this way, gains a knowledge of the vocabulary of drawing and painting, and of the methods and procedures underlying good quality of performance.

Art Major B emphasizes the development of craftsmanship and the creative faculty. Art Major A, while including the basic studio courses, necessarily places emphasis on the general history, composition and art appreciation, with subsequent choices of special art epochs for greater detailed study.

Art History and Art Appreciation are of special interest to students majoring in English, History, Languages, Philosophy, and Music. It is suggested that they schedule Art 9, Historical Survey of Painting, as excellent supplementary study for a fuller understanding of their major. Art 100-101 is recommended for English, Languages, Philosophy, Home Economics, and Education majors. Art 10, History of American Art, is advised for majors in the American Civilization courses. Home Economics and Horticulture majors are encouraged to schedule basic art courses as a useful means of training observation and developing understanding of and proficiency in the visual arts.

# English

Students majoring in English, particularly those who plan to do graduate work, are urged to take work in language in addition to that required for graduation. In selecting minors or elective subjects, it is recommended

98 SPEECH

that students give special consideration to the following: Greek, Latin, French, German, Italian, philosophy, history, and fine arts.

Unless they stress journalism, students who major in English must choose 21 hours of the possible 24-40 hours required of a major from courses in several groups, as follows:

- 1. Three hours in language (Eng. 101, 102, 104, or 8).
- 2. Six hours in major figures (Eng. 104, 112, 115, 116, 121, 155, 156).
- 3. Six hours in survey or type courses (Eng. 106, 110, 111, 112, 113, 120, 122, 123, 125, 126, 129, 130, 134, 135, 139, 140, 143, 144, 145, 157).
- 4. Six hours in American literature (Eng. 148, 150, 151, 155, 156).

# Foreign Languages and Literature

Two types of majors are offered in French, German, or Spanish: one for the general student or the future teacher and the other for those interested in a rounded study of a foreign area for the purpose of understanding another nation through its literature, history, sociology, economics, and other aspects.

# Literature and Language Major

Language and literature as such are stressed in the first type of major. Specific minimum requirements beyond the first two years are a semester each of intermediate and advanced conversation (Fr., Ger., or Span. 8 or 9 and 80 or 81), a semester of grammar review (Fr., Ger., or Span. 71), six hours of the introductory survey of literature (Fr., Ger., or Span. 75 and 76), any twelve hours in literature courses numbered 100 or above—a total of 26 semester hours. Beyond this minimum further courses in the Department are desirable and as electives work in American and in Comparative Literature is strongly recommended; Comparative Literature 101 and 102 are required.

#### Foreign Area Major

The area study major endeavors to provide the student with a knowledge of various aspects of the country whose language he is studying. Specific minimum requirements beyond the first two years are ten hours of conversation, Life and Culture (Fr., Ger., or Span. 161 and 162), three hours of Advanced Composition (Fr., Ger., or Span. 121) and six hours in literature courses numbered 100 or above—a total of 25 semester hours. In addition the student takes, in lieu of a minor in one department, twenty to thirty-six hours in geography, history, political science, sociology, or economics, distributed through these fields in consultation with advisors in the Foreign Language Department. The student is urged to take some elective work in American and in Comparative Literature.

#### SPEECH

The courses in this department have two main functions: (1) to provide work in public speaking and allied fields which will meet the needs

of all students in the university; (2) to provide an integrated unit of work which will allow a student to major in Speech. A major shall consist of a minimum of 30 hours of which 15 hours must be in courses numbered 100 and above. A minor shall consist of 12-18 credits of which 6 must be in courses numbered 100 and above. All majors and minors must complete Speech 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6. In meeting the Arts and Sciences Natural Science requirement it is recommended that Speech majors elect Zoology 16. A student majoring in Speech may concentrate in: (a) public speaking; (b) drama; (c) speech sciences; (d) radio.

### IV. THE PHYSICAL SCIENCES

# Curriculum for General Physical Sciences

This general curriculum is offered for students who desire a basic knowledge of the physical sciences without immediate specialization in any one of them. By proper selection of courses in the latter semesters, a student may concentrate in the field of his choice. A number of selections are possible and there is considerable freedom in the choice of electives.

(This curriculum represents only two of the possible selections of courses open to a student majoring in General Physical Science. Beginning students who want to select this field as a major should consult the major advisor before making up their schedules.)

	-Seme	ster
Freshman Year	I	II
Chem 1, 3—General Chemistry		
or	4	4
Phys. 10, 11—Fundamentals of Physics		
Eng. 1, 2—Composition and Readings in American Literature	3	3
Math. 14, 15, 17-Trig., Algebra and Geometry		4
G. & P. 1—American Government	3	
Soc. 1—Sociology of American Life		3
M. S. 1, 2—Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
Hea. 2, 4—Hygiene (Women)	2	2
Physical Activities	1	1
Total	17-18	17-18
Sophomore Year		
Chem 1, 3—General Chemistry		
or }	4-3	4-3
Chem. 31, 32, 33, 34—Elements of Organic Chemistry and Laboratory		
Phys. 50, 51—Applied Mechanics		
or }	3-4	3-4
Phys. 10, 11—Fundamentals of Physics		
Eng. 3, 4—Composition and Readings in World Literature		
or	3	3
Eng. 5, 6—Composition and Readings, mainly in English Literature		
Math. 20, 21—Calculus	4	4
M. S. 3, 4—Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
Physical Activities	1	1
Total	15-18	15-18

		ter
Junior Year	I	II
Modern Language	3	8
H. 5, 6-History of American Civilization	3	8
Electives in Biological Sciences		4
Electives in Physical Sciences		7
Total	17	17
Senior Year		
Modern Language	8	8
Electives in Physical Sciences	4	4
Electives in Biological Sciences	4	4
Electives	4	4
Total	15	15

### Chemistry

The science of chemistry is so vast in scope that completion of a well-planned course of undergraduate study is necessary before specialization. The curriculum outlined below describes such a course of study. The sequence of courses given should be followed as closely as possible; it is realized, however, that some deviation from this sequence may be necessary toward the end of the program. All of the courses in chemistry listed, unless otherwise designated, are required of students majoring in chemistry.

Chemistry Curriculum	—Semes	ster—
Freshman Year	I	II
Chem. 1, 3—General Chemistry	4	4
Eng. 1, 2-Composition and Readings in American Literature	3	3
Math. 15-College Algebra		
Math. 11 or 17-Trigonometry and Analytic Geometry		3-4
G. & P. 1-American Government	3	
Soc. 1—Sociology of American Life		3
Speech 18, 19—Introductory Speech	. 1	1
M. S. 1, 2—Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
Hea. 2, 4—Hygiene (Women)	2	2
Physical Activities	1	1
Total—Men	18	18-19
Total—Women	17	17-18
Sophomore Year		
Chem. 15, 17-Qualitative Analysis	3	3
Chem. 35, 37-Elementary Organic Chemistry	. 2	2
Chem. 86, 38-Elementary Organic Laboratory	2	2
Ger. 1, 2-Elementary German	3	8
Math. 20, 21Calculus	4	4
M. S. 3, 4—Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
Physical Activities	1	1
TotalMen	18	18
Total-Women		15

	-Semes	ster
Junior Year	I	II
Chem. 21, 23—Quantitative Analysis	4	4
Chem. 141, 143-Advanced Organic Chemistry	2	2
Chem. 142, 144—Advanced Organic Laboratory	2	2
*Eng. 3, 4-Composition and Readings in World Literature	3	3
*Eng. 5, 6-Composition and Readings, Mainly in English Literature	3	8
Ger. 6, 7-Intermediate Scientific German	3	8
Phys. 20, 21	5	5
Total	19	19
Senior Year		
H. 5, 6-History of American Civilization	3	3
Chem. 101-Advanced Inorganic Chemistry		2
Chem. 187, 189—Physical Chemistry	3	8
Chem. 188, 190—Physical Chemistry Laboratory	2	2
Chem. 146-The Identification of Organic Compounds	2	
*Chem. 221—Chemical Microscopy	2	
*Chem. 161, 163—Biochemistry	2	2
*Chem. 148-The Identification of Organic Compounds		2
Econ. 31, 32	3	3
Total	15	15

# Mathematics and Mathematical Statistics

This curriculum offers training in the fundamentals of Mathematics in preparation for teaching, industrial work, or graduate work in Mathematics.

Students majoring in mathematics who complete freshman and sophomore courses in mathematics with distinction are eligible to try for honors in mathematics. To receive the honors degree in mathematics, a student must:

1. Complete the curriculum in mathematics with an average grade of B in all subjects;

2. Pass an honors examination in mathematics at the end of the senior year;

3. Write a satisfactory thesis on an assigned topic in mathematics in the senior year. Students who wish to try for honors in mathematics should consult the Head of the department at the conclusion of their sophomore year.

The mathematics curriculum offers three options depending on the choice of electives in the Junior and Senior years.

Pure Mathematics option. Electives in mathematics must include three hours in each of the fields of algebra and geometry.

Applied Mathematics option. Electives in mathematics must include six hours in the fields of algebra and geometry, and the remaining six hours in the field of applied mathematics. Minor electives will be selected from the Physical Sciences or Engineering in consultation with the Head of the department of Mathematics.

Mathematical Statistics Option. Electives must include twelve hours in mathematical statistics and six hours in advanced algebra. Students electing this option may omit Math. 115.

<sup>·</sup> Choose one

Mathematics Curriculum	-Sem	ester-
Freshman Year	I	II
Eng. 1, 2-Composition and Readings in American Literature	3	3
Speech 18, 19—Introductory Speech	1	1
Lang. 1, 2-French or German	3	3
G. & P. 1-American Government	3	
Soc. 1-Sociology of American Life		3
Math. 14—Plane Trigonometry	2	
Math. 15—College Algebra	3	
Math. 17—Analytic Geometry		4
M. S. 1, 2—Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
Ilen. 2, 4—Hygiene (Women)	2	2
Physical Activities	1	1
Total	18 or 19	17 or 18
Sophomore Year		
Eng. 3, 4—Composition and Readings in World Literature	3	3
Lang. 4, 5—French or German	3	3
Math. 20, 21—Calculus	4	4
Phys. 20, 21—General Physics	5	5
H. 5, 6-History of American Civilization (Women)	3	3
M. S. 3, 4—Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
Physical Activities	1	1
Total	19	19
	20	20
Junior Year		
Math. 110, 111-Advanced Calculus	3	3
Electives—Mathematics	3	3
Electives—Minor	5-6	5-6
Electives	3	3
H. 5, 6—History of American Civilization (Men)	3	3
Elective (Women)	3	3
Total	17-18	17-18
Senior Year		
Math. 114, 115-Differential Equations	3	3
Electives—Mathematics	3	3
Electives—Minor	6	6
Electives	3	3
Total	15	

### Physics Curriculum

The physics curriculum is designed for students who desire training in the fundamentals of physics in preparation for teaching, graduate work, and for positions in governmental, industrial and biophysical laboratories. In connection with the curriculum suggested below a minor may be chosen to suit the field of study selected. A minor may be taken in biology, chemical engineering, chemistry, civil engineering, electrical engineering, mathematics, mechanical engineering or any allied field. Students interested in applied or engineering physics should minor in one of the fields of

engineering. Entering freshmen who may want to select physics as a major should consult the Head of the Physics Department before making up their schedules.

Physics Curriculum	~ Seme	ster
Freshman Year	I	II
Eng. 1, 2-Composition and Readings in American Literature	3	3
Math. 14, 15, 17—Trig., Alg., Anal., Geom	5	4
G. & P. 1-American Government	3	
Soc, I-Sociology of American Life		3
Language, Physics, or Chemistry	3-4	3 4
M. S. 1, 2- Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
Hea. 2, 4—Hygiene (Women)	2	2
Physical Activities	1	1
Total	17-19	16-18
Sophomore Year		
Eng. 3, 4—Composition and Readings in World Literature	3	3
Math. 20, 21-Differential and Integral Calculus	4	4
Language	3	3
Physics	4-5	4-5
H. 5, 6—History of American Civilization (Women)	3	3
M. S. 3, 4—Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
Physical Activities	1	1
Total	18-19	18-19
Junior Year		
H. 5, 6—History of American Civilization (Men)	3	3
Physics	5	5
Language, Mathematics, or Chemistry	6-7	6-7
Electives	3	3
Total	17-18	17-18
Senior Year		
Chemistry, Engineering, Mathematics and Physics	15-17	15-17
Total	15-17	15-17

### V. THE SOCIAL SCIENCES

#### Social Service Curriculum

This curriculum comprises a four-year preprofessional program in the College of Arts and Sciences with a concentration in sociology and related subjects, leading to the degree of Bachelor of Arts. The curriculum combines a liberal arts education with a sound foundation for the general field of social service and provides: (1) preprofessional preparation for students planning to pursue graduate professional study in social service; (2) a background for responsible civic leadership in the field of social welfare for students who are not planning a professional social service career but who as citizens will be active in various programs of social welfare and com-

munity betterment; (3) basic training for students who may go immediately upon graduation from college into certain social service positions for which graduate professional education is not required. Completion of this curriculum with the B. A. degree meets the educational qualifications for many beginning positions in public welfare, public assistance, social services to individuals and families, social security, and other areas of social service.

The first three years of this curriculum are devoted to a broad liberal education with emphasis on the study of the fundamentals of human association, social motivation, and societal organization. The fourth year includes an introduction to the basic principles, methods, and organization of the social services. Flexibility to meet the varying interests and needs of individual students is provided by the electives in the junior and senior years.

Students who enter this curriculum with advanced standing may be given credit for comparable course work already taken, except that the last year must be completed in residence at this University.

•	-Seme	ster
Freshman Year	I	II
Eng. 1, 2-Composition and Readings in American Literature	_	3
Soc. 1-Sociology of American Life		
G. & P. 1-American Government		3
Modern Language	. 3	3
Mathematics or Natural Science	. 3	3
Soc. 2—Principles of Sociology		3
L. S. 1-Library Science	. 1	
Speech 18, 19—Introductory Speech	. 1	1
M. S. 1, 2—Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
Hea. 2, 4—Hygiene I, II (Women)		2
Physical Activities (Men and Women)		1
Total	17-18	19-20
Sophomore Year		
Eng. 8, 4 or 5, 6-Composition and Readings in World Literature	. 3	3
Psych, 1—Introduction to Psychology	. 3	
Soc. 13 or 14—Rural Sociology (or Urban Sociology)		3
Hist. 5, 6—History of American Civilization	. 3	3
Modern Language		3
Mathematics or Natural Science	. 3	8
M. S. 3, 4—Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
Physical Activities (Men and Women)	. 1	1
Total	16-19	16-19
Junior Year		
Soc. 51-Social Pathology	. 8	
Soc. 52—Criminology		8
Soc. 131—Introduction to Social Service.		
Soc. 186—Sociological Theory	-	8
Econ. 87—Fundamentals of Economics		
G. & P. 4 or 5-State Government or Municipal Gov't and Admin		
Electives in related subjects		9
Total	16	16

	$\sim$ Semes	ter
Senior Year	I	II
Soc. 118—*Community Organization		R
Soc. 171—*Family and Child Welfare	3	
Soc. 173—Social Security		
Soc. 174—*Public Welfare		8
Soc. 183—Social Statistics	8	
Soc. 196—Senior Seminar		3
Electives in related subjects	6	6
Total	15	15

# Crime Control Curriculum

This curriculum comprises a four-year preprofessional program in the College of Arts and Sciences, with a major in sociology and a minor in psychology, leading to the degree of Bachelor of Arts. The curriculum combines a liberal arts education with basic training for the field of crime and delinquency prevention and control. It is designed specifically for students preparing for positions in correctional and penal institutions, institutions for juveniles, juvenile courts, probation and parole services, the socalled "area projects," research in juvenile delinquency and criminology, and similar positions.

Students entering this curriculum with advanced standing will be given credit for comparable course work already completed.

	-Seme	ster
Freshman Year	I	II
Eng. 1, 2-Composition and Readings in American Literature	3	8
Soc. 1—Sociology of American Life	3	
G. & P. 1-American Government		3
Modern Language	3	3
Speech 18, 19—Introductory Speech	1	1
Zool. 1—General Zoology	4	• • • •
Soc. 2—Principles of Sociology		3
Elective		3
M. S. 1, 2—Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
Hea. 2, 4—Hygiene (Women)	2	2
Physical Activities (Men and Women)	1	1
Total	17–18	18-19
Sophomore Year		
Eng. 3, 4 or 5, 6—Composition and Readings in English or in World		
Literature	3	3
Hist. 5, 6—History of American Civilization	3	3
Modern Language	3	3
Zool. 14, 15—Human Anatomy and Physiology	4	
Psych. 1—Introduction to Psychology	3	• • • •
Soc. 52—Criminology	• • • •	8
M. S. 3, 4—Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
Physical Activities (Men and Women)	1	1
Total	17-20	17-20

<sup>\*</sup> Supervised field trips and observation of the functioning of representative agencies, institutions, and organizations are required in connection with these courses.

	-Seme	ster
Junior Year	I	II
Soc. 51-Social Pathology	3	
Soc. 131—Introduction to Social Service	3	
Soc. 153-Juvenile Delinquency	3	
Soc. 154-*Crime and Delinquency Prevention		3
Soc. 183—Social Statistics	3	
Soc. 186—Sociological Theory		3
B. A. 10, 11—Organization and Control	2	2
Psych, 130-Mental Hygiene	3	
Psych, 131—Abnormal Psychology		3
Electives	••••	6
Total	17	17
Senior Year		
Soc. 114—The City	3	
Soc. 118-*Community Organization		3
Soc. 145—Social Control	3	
Soc. 156-*Institutional Treatment of Criminals and Delinquents		3
Soc. 196—Senior Seminar		3
Psych. 125—Child Pyschology	3	
Psych. 150-Tests and Measurements	3	
Psych. 161—Psychological Techniques in Personnel Administration		3
Electives	3	3
Total	15	15

### The Curriculum in History

The study of history is basic for the cultural background of all fields of knowledge. In addition, the Department of History offers a curriculum which is designed to assist students who wish to prepare themselves for entering several fields of professional activity. Specifically these fields are (1) teaching history and the social sciences at the secondary level; (2) the field of journalism which requires a broad historical background; (3) research and archival work; (4) the diplomatic service. In addition, the department offers adequate preparation and training for those who intend to pursue higher degrees and prepare themselves for teaching at the college level.

Undergraduate history majors must complete the following departmental requirements:

<sup>\*</sup> Supervised field trips and observation of the functioning of representative agencies, institutions, and organizations are required in connection with these courses.

- 1. Every major is required to complete a minimum of 24 semester hours in advanced courses, of which no less than 15 and no more than 18 must be taken in any one field of history. Thus, if a major has completed 18 semester hours in United States history, the remaining courses must be taken in some other fields of history, such as European or Latin-American history.
- 2. Prerequisites for majors in United States history are History 5 and 6 (required of all college students) and History 1 and 2 or History 3 and 4. Prerequisites for specialization in European history, in addition to History 5 and 6, are History 1 and 2, or History 3 and 4.
- All majors are required to take the proseminar during the second semester of their senior year. Students who expect to graduate in February should take the course during the preceding academic year.
- 4. No grade of "D" in the major field will be counted toward completing the major requirements for graduation.

Students selecting a minor in history must complete 12 semester hours in advanced courses. The prerequisites for U. S. History and European History are stated in the second item above.

# VI. PRE-PROFESSIONAL CURRICULUMS† COMBINED PROGRAM IN ARTS AND SCIENCES AND LAW

The School of Law of the University requires two years of academic credit for admission to the school.

The University offers also a combined program in arts and law leading to the degrees of bachelor of arts and bachelor of laws. Students pursuing this combined program will spend the first three years in the College of Arts and Sciences at College Park. During this period they will complete the prescribed curriculum in prelegal studies as outlined below, or a total of 106 semester hours for men and 98 for women, and they must complete the requirements for graduation, as indicated below. If students enter the combined program with advanced standing, at least the third full year's work, i.e. 30 semester hours of credit-must be completed in residence at College Park. Upon the successful completion of one year of full-time law courses in the School of Law in Baltimore, the degree of bachelor of arts may be awarded on the recommendation of the Dean of the School of Law, and provided the student has earned at least a total of 120 credits exclusive of military science and physical activities with a C average. The degree of bachelor of laws may be awarded upon the completion of the combined program.

<sup>†</sup> For the combined Business Administration and Law program see page 118.

Arts-Law Curriculum	-Seme	ster-
Freshman Year	I	I
Eng. 1, 2—Composition and Readings in American Literature	3	
Science or Mathematics	3	
G. & P. 1—American Government		
or	8	
Soc. 1—Sociology of American Life		
Foreign Language	3	
Speech 1, 2—Public Speaking	2	
L. S. 1, 2—Library Methods	1	
M. S. 1, 2—Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	
Physical Activities	1	
Hea. 2, 4—Hygiene (Women)	2	
Total	18-19	18-1
Sophomore Year		
Eng. 3, 4Composition and Readings in World Literature	8	3
Econ. 31, 32—Principles of Economics	3	- 3
Hist. 5, 6-History of American Civilization	3	
Science or Mathematics	3	
Foreign Language	3	
M. S. 3, 4—Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	
Physical Activities	1	
Total	16–19	16-1
Junior Year		
G. & P. 4—State Government	3	
G. & P. 124—Legislatures and Legislation		
Hist. 135, 136—Constitutional Hist. of the U. S	3	
Psych. 1—Introduction to Psychology	3	• • •
Psych. 2—Applied Psychology	• • • •	
G. & P. 181—Administrative Law	• • • •	
Econ. 140—Money and Banking	3	• • •
Econ. 160—Labor Economics	3	• • •
B. A. 189—Government and Business		
Total	15	1

#### FIVE-YEAR COMBINED ARTS AND SCIENCES AND NURSING

The first two years of this curriculum comprising a minimum of 60 semester hours exclusive of hygiene and physical activities, are taken in the College of Arts and Sciences at College Park and the professional training is taken in the School of Nursing of the University in Baltimore or in the Training School of Mercy Hospital, Baltimore.

In addition to the Diploma in Nursing, the degree of Bachelor of Science in Nursing may, upon the recommendation of the Director of the School of Nursing, be granted at the end of the professional training. Full details regarding the nursing curriculum may be found in the section of the catalog dealing with the School of Nursing.

A student may enter this combined curriculum with advanced standing, but the second year, consisting of a minimum of 30 credits, exclusive of physical training, must be completed in College Park and the professional training must be completed in one of the schools indicated above. To qualify for the combined degree the student must complete the required work at College Park before beginning the professional training in Baltimore.

In order to receive the Bachelor of Science degree the student must fulfill the grade requirements of the university.

Arts-Nursing Curriculum	-Semes	ster-
Freshman Year	I	II
Eng. 1, 2-Composition and American Literature	3	8
Soc. 1—Sociology of American Life	3	
G. & P. 1—American Government		8
Chem. 11, 13—General Chemistry	3	3
L. S. 1, 2-Library Methods	1	1
Modern Language	3	8
Speech 18, 19-Introductory Speech	1	1
Hea. 2, 4—Hygiene (Women)	2	2
Physical Activities	1	1
Total	17	17
Eng. 8, 4-Composition and World Literature	3	8
H. 5, 6—History of American Civilization	3	8
Zool, 1—General Zoology	4	
Bact, 1—General Bacteriology		4
Psych. 1—Introduction to Psychology	3	
Econ. 37—Fundamentals of Economics		8
Modern Language	8	8
Physical Activities	1	1
Total	17	17

#### PRE-MEDICAL CURRICULUM

This course, which consists of three years of training in the College of Arts and Sciences, is recommended for admission to the School of Medicine of the University of Maryland. It also meets the requirements prescribed by the Council on Medical Education of the American Medical Association.

This curriculum also offers to the student a combined program leading to the degrees of Bachelor of Science and Doctor of Medicine. The preprofessional training is taken in residence in the College of Arts and Sciences at College Park, and the professional training in the School of Medicine in Baltimore.

Students who have elected the combined program of Arts and Sciences and Medicine may, upon recommendation of the Dean of the School of Medicine, be granted the degree of Bachelor of Science by the College of Arts and Sciences. To qualify for this degree at least 90 semester credits exclusive of required work in military science and physical education in this

college and the first year of the School of Medicine must have been completed so that the quantitative requirements of 120 semester hours are met. The qualitative grade requirements of the University must also be fulfilled. The degree will be granted at the commencement following the completion of the student's second year in medical school.

A student may enter this combined curriculum with advanced standing, but the last year of the preprofessional training, consisting of a minimum of 30 credits, exclusive of physical training and military instruction, must be completed in College Park and the professional training must be completed in the University of Maryland School of Medicine in Baltimore.

Students who expect to qualify for the combined degree must complete the work as outlined in the curriculum. Changes may be made only when authorized by the Dean of the College of Arts and Sciences.

Pre-Medical Three Year Curriculum	—Seme	ster-
Freshman Year	I	II
Eng. 1, 2—Compostion and American Literature	3	3
Soc. 1-Sociology of American Life	3	
G. &. P. 1-American Government		8
Zool. 2, 3-Fundamentals of Zoology	4	4
Math. 10, 11-Algebra, Trigonometry and Analytic Geometry	3	3
Chem. 1, 3—General Chemistry	4	4
M. S. 1, 2—Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
Hea. 2, 4-Hygiene (Women)	2	2
l'hysical Activities	1	1
Total	20-21	20-21
Sophomore Year		
Eng. 3, 4—Composition and World Literature	3	8
Zool, 5-Comparative Vertebrate Morphology	4	
Zool. 20-Vertebrate Embryology		4
Chem. 35, 36, 37, 38-Elementary Organic Chemistry	4	4
Modern Language	3	3
M. S. 3, 4—Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
Physical Activities	1	1
Total	15-18	15-18
Junior Year		
Psych. 1—Introduction to Psychology		3
Phys. 10, 11-Mechanics and Heat; Sound, Optics, Magnetism and		
Electricity	4	4
H. 5, 6—History of American Civilization	3	8
Modern Language	3	3
Speech 18, 19-Introductory Speech	1	1
Electives (Sciences)	7	4
Total	18	18

Senior Year

The curriculum of the first year of the School of Medicine of the University of Maryland is accepted by the College of Arts and Sciences as the fourth year of academic work toward the degree.

If at the beginning of the Senior Year the student decides to postpone his entrance to Medical School and to remain in the College of Arts and Sciences and complete work for the Bachelor Degree he may choose a major and minor in any departments in which he has completed the necessary underclass requirements. Because of the general nature of the first three years of this curriculum, the student has open to him a wide choice of departments in which he may specialize.

#### PRE-DENTAL CURRICULUM

Students entering the College of Arts and Sciences who desire to prepare themselves for the study of dentistry are offered the following curriculum, which meets the predental requirements of the American Association of Dental Colleges. If the student decides to continue his college training and complete work for the Bachelor of Science degree, this curriculum will constitute the first two years of his college work. The courses chosen during the Junior and Senior years must meet the college and university requirements for graduation.

Predental Two-Year Curriculum		
Fredental Iwo-Tear Curriculum	-Semest	ter
Freshman Year	I	II
Eng. 1, 2—Composition and American Literature	3	3
Soc. 1—Sociology of American Life	3	
G. & P. 1-American Government		3
Zool. 2, 3—Fundamentals of Zoology	4	4
Chem. 1, 3—General Chemistry	4	4
Math. 10, 11-Algebra, Trigonometry and Analytic Geometry	3	3
M. S. 1, 2—Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
Physical Activities	1	1
Total	21	21
Sophomore Year		
Eng. 3, 4—Composition and Literature	3	3
H. 5, 6-History of American Civilization	3	3
Chem. 35, 36, 37, 38-Elementary Organic Chemistry	4	4
Physics 10, 11-Mechanics and Heat; Sound, Optics, Magnetism and		
Electricity	4	4
M. S. 3, 4—Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
Physical Activities	1	1
Total	18	18

## COLLEGE OF BUSINESS AND PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

JOHN FREEMAN PYLE, Dean

The University of Maryland is in an unusually favorable location for students of Business, Government and Politics, Economics, Public Administration, Geography, Foreign Service and International Relations. Downtown Washington is only twenty-five minutes away in one direction, while the Baltimore business district is less than an hour in the other. There is frequent transportation service from the University gates to each city. Special arrangements are made to study commercial, manufacturing, exporting, and importing agencies and methods in Baltimore, assistance is given qualified students who wish to obtain a first hand glimpse of the far-flung economic activities of the national government or to utilize the libraries, government departments, and other facilities available in Washington.

## ORGANIZATION OF THE COLLEGE OF BUSINESS AND PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

The College comprises two major sections, viz. Business Administration and World Economics and Public Affairs. Each section has departments as indicated below.

#### A. Business Administration

- I. Department of Business Organization and Administration
  - 1. Accounting and Statistics
  - 2. Financial Administration
  - 3. Industrial Administration
  - 4. Marketing Administration
    - (a) Advertising
    - (b) Foreign Trade and International Finance
    - (c) Retail Store Management
    - (d) Sales Management
  - 5. Personnel Administration
  - 6. Transportation Administration
    - (a) Airport Management
    - (b) Traffic Management
  - 7. Public Administration
- II. Bureau of Business and Economic Research
- III. Department of Economics
- IV. Department of Office Techniques and Management
  - 1. Office Management
  - 2. Office Techniques

#### B. World Economics and Public Affairs

- I. Department of Government and Politics
- II. Bureau of Public Administration.
- III. Department of Foreign Service and International Relations.
- IV. Department of Geography.

Aims

The College of Business and Public Administration offers training designed to prepare young men and women for service in business firms, governmental agencies, cooperative enterprises, labor unions, small business units, and other organizations requiring effective training in administrative skills and techniques, and for the teaching of business subjects, economics, geography, and government and politics in high schools and colleges. It supplies scientific administrative training to students and prospective executives on a professional basis comparable to university training in the other professional fields. Administration is regarded as a profession, and the College of Business and Public Administration prepares its students for this profession by offering courses of instruction which present general principles and techniques of management and administration and brings together in systematic form the experiences and practices of business firms and governmental units. This plan of education does not displace practical experience, but supplements and strengthens it by shortening the period of apprenticeship otherwise necessary, and by giving a broad and practical knowledge of the major principles, policies, and methods of administration.

During the first half of the college study programs the student secures a broad foundation upon which to base the professional and the more technical courses offered in the last half of the course. The managerial and operating points of views are stressed in the advanced courses in production, marketing, labor, finance, real estate, insurance, accounting, secretarial training and public administration. The purpose of the training offered is to aid the student as a prospective executive in developing his ability to identify and to solve administrative and managerial problems; and to adjust himself and his organization, policies, and practices to changing social, political and economic situations.

The aim of the college is to present and illustrate such sound principles of management as are applicable to both big business and small business. Large-scale business, because of its possible economies, will be expanded in some industries under certain well-known conditions. There are, on the other hand, industries and many situations which still call for the small business. If these small-scale businesses are to be operated with profit to the owners and with satisfactory and economical service to the public, it is imperative that authentic principles of administration be applied to them. Sound principles of ethical conduct are emphasized at all times throughout the various courses.

The primary aim of collegiate education for government and business service is to train for effective management. The College of Business and Public Administration, University of Maryland, was established to supply effective training in administration to the young men and women whose task will be the guiding of the more complex business enterprises and governmental units resulting from industrial, social and political development and expansion. This statement does not mean that the graduate may expect

to secure a major executive position upon graduation. He will, on the contrary, usually be required to start near the well publicized "bottom" of the ladder and work his way up through a number of minor positions. He will, however, be able to move up at a faster rate if he has taken full advantage of the opportunities offered by the college in developing his talents and in acquiring technical and professional information, point of view, skills, and techniques.

#### Graduation Requirement

A minimum of 120 semester hours of credit in courses suggested by the College in addition to the specified courses in military science, physical activities and hygiene are required for graduation. The student is required to have a "C" average for all courses used in meeting the quantitative graduation requirements. A student who receives the mark of D in more than one-fourth of his credits must take additional courses or repeat courses until he has met these requirements. The time required to complete the requirements for the bachelors degree for the average student is eight semesters. A superior student, by carrying more than the average load, can complete the work in a shorter period of time.

#### Degrees

The University confers the following degrees on students of Business and Public Administration: Bachelor of Science, Master of Business Administration, Master of Arts, and Doctor of Philosophy. (See bulletin of Graduate School for graduate rules and regulations.)

Each candidate for a degree must file in the office of the Registrar on a date announced for each semester a formal application for a degree. Candidates for degrees must attend a convocation at which degrees are conferred and diplomas are awarded. Degrees are conferred in absentia only in exceptional cases.

#### Junior Requirement

To be classified as a junior a student must have earned 56 semester hours of his freshman and sophomore requirements with an average grade of at least "C", plus the required work in military science, hygiene and physical activities for the freshman and sophomore years. If a student has better than a "C" average and lacks a few credits of having the total of 56 he may be permitted to take certain courses numbered 100 and above providing he has the prerequisites for these courses and the consent of the Dean.

## Senior Residence Requirement

After a student has earned acceptable credit to the extent of 90 semester hours exclusive of the required work in military science, physical activities, and hygiene, either at the University of Maryland or elsewhere, he must earn a subsequent total of at least 30 semester hours with an average grade of "C" or better at the University of Maryland. No part of these credits may be transferred from another institution.

#### Programs of Study

The College offers programs of study in economics, business administration, secretarial training, public administration, government and politics, geography, and a number of combination curriculums, e.g., business administration and law, commercial teaching, industrial education, chemistry, agriculture, or basic engineering courses. Research is emphasized throughout the various programs.

### **Professional Objectives**

The executive manager or administrator in modern business enterprises and governmental units and agencies should have a clear understanding of:

- (a) the business organizations and institutions which comprise the modern business world;
- (b) the political, social, and economic forces which tend to limit or to promote the free exercise of his activities; and
- (c) the basic principles which underlie the efficient organization and administration of a business or governmental enterprise.

In addition, the executive or the prospective executive should:

- (a) be able to express his thoughts and ideas in correct and concise English;
- (b) have a knowledge of the fundamental principles of mathematics and the basic sciences, such as physics, chemistry, geology, and geography;
- (c) have a knowledge of the development of modern civilization through a study of history, government, economics, and other social science subjects;
- (d) have a sympathetic understanding of people gained through a study of psychology, sociology, and philosophy.

If the executive is to be successful in solving current business and governmental problems, he should be skilled in the scientific method of collecting, analyzing, and classifying pertinent facts in the most significant manner, and then, on the basis of these facts, be able to draw sound conclusions and to formulate general principles which may be used to guide his present and future conduct. In other words, probably the most important qualities in a successful executive are:

- (a) the ability to arrive at sound judgments;
- (b) the capacity to formulate effective plans and policies, and the imagination and ability to devise organizations, methods, and procedures for executing them.

#### Facilities Furnished

The teaching staff and the curriculums of the College of Business and Public Administration have been selected and organized for the purpose of providing a type of professional and technical training that will aid the capable and ambitious student in developing his potential talents to their full capacity.

The college study programs on both the undergraduate and graduate levels presuppose effective training in English, history, government, language, science, and mathematics.\* The program of study for any individual student may be so arranged as to meet the needs of those preparing for specific lines of work, such as accounting, advertising, banking, foreign trade, industrial administration, marketing administration, personnel administration, real estate practice, insurance, government employment, secretarial work, teaching, and research.

#### Advisory Councils

In order to facilitate the prompt and continuous adjustment of courses, curriculums, and instructional methods to provide the training most in demand by industry and commerce; and in order constantly to maintain instruction abreast of the best current practice, the advice and suggestions of business men and public officials are constantly sought from outstanding leaders in each major field of business activity. Each council has its own particular interest to serve, such as advertising, marketing, or finance; and the viewpoint and suggestions of these business men are proving to be invaluable in developing the instructional and research programs of the College.

## STUDY PROGRAMS IN THE COLLEGE OF BUSINESS AND PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

A student in the College can so arrange his grouping and sequence of courses as to form a fair degree of concentration in one of the Departments. When, however, he wishes to become a *specialist* in any one of the departments, he should plan to continue his studies on to the graduate level, working toward either the Master's or the Doctor of Philosophy degree.

#### A. BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

Business organizations are set up primarily for the purpose of producing and distributing goods and services. Modern business administration requires a knowledge of and skill in the use of effective tools for the control of organizations, institutions, and operations. The curriculums of the Department of Business Organization and Administration emphasize the principles and problems of the development and the use of policies and organizations, and the methods, techniques and procedures of execution, in other words, the essence of Administration and Management.

The programs of study in the Department of Business Organization and Administration are so arranged as to facilitate concentrations according to the major functions of business organization. This plan is not, however, based on the assumption that these major divisions are independent units, but rather that each is closely related and dependent on the others. Every student in Business Administration, therefore, is required to complete satisfactorily a minimum number of required basic subjects in economics and in

<sup>\*</sup>The major portion of this training is usually secured in the four years of high school and the first two years of college.

each of the major functional fields. Each graduate upon completion of the requirements for the bachelor's degree finds himself well grounded in the theory and practice of administration. There are five commonly recognized major business functions, viz: production, marketing, finance, labor relations, and control.

The function of control may be thought of as comprising two sectors, viz. internal and external. Internal control has to do with men, materials, and operations. External control is secured through the force of laws and courts, board and commission decisions, also through the influence of custom and public opinion. Management endeavors to make adequate adjustments to these forces. Courses in law and public administration, for example, aid in giving the student an understanding of the problems, devices, and methods of external or "social" control.

#### FRESHMAN AND SOPHOMORE REQUIREMENTS

During the first half of the program of study each student is expected to complete the following basic subjects, except as indicated in a particular curriculum:

Required Courses:	Semester .	Hours
English, Composition and American and World Literature	. 12	
Mathematics, Math. 5 and 6	. 6	
Economic Geography 1, 2	. 4	
Economic Developments 4, 5	. 4	
Organization and Control 10, 11	. 4	
Government and Politics 1	. 3	
Sociology of American Life 1	. 3	
History of American Civilization 5, 6	. 6	
Military Training and Physical Activities for Men	. 16	
Hygiene and Physical Activities for Women	. 8	
Accounting 20, 21	. 8	
Speech 18, 19	. 2	
Principles of Economics 31, 32	. 6	
Total specified requirements	. 66-74	1

A minimum of forty per cent of the total number of credits required for graduation must be in subjects with designations other than Business Administration; forty per cent must be in Business Administration subjects, the other twenty per cent may be in either group or comprise a combination of the two groups of subjects.

Freshmen who expect to make a concentration in foreign trade, or who plan to enter public service abroad, should elect an appropriate foreign language.

## JUNIOR AND SENIOR REQUIREMENTS

During the junior and senior years each student is required to complete in a satisfactory manner the following specified courses unless the particular curriculum being followed provides otherwise:

	Econ. 140-Money and Banking	3
	B. A. 140—Financial Management	3
	Econ. 150-Marketing Principles and Organization	3
	B. A. 150—Marketing Management	3
	Econ. 160—Labor Economics	3
	B. A. 160—Personnel Management	3
	B. A. 130—Elements of Statistics	3
	B. A. 180, 181—Business Law I, II	8
7	Total .	29

The remaining credits for the juniors and seniors may be used to meet the requirements for one of the special concentration programs, for example, in Public Administration, Foreign Service, Commercial Teaching, and in the fields of Business Administration, such as: Accounting and Statistics, Production Administration, Marketing, Advertising, Retailing, Purchasing, Foreign Trade, Transportation, Labor Relations, Real Estate, Insurance, Investment and General Finance. Juniors and seniors may elect appropriate Secretarial Training courses.

## Combined Administration and Law Program

When a student elects the combination Administration-Law curriculum, he must complete in a satisfactory manner the specific requirements listed for the first three years in the College of Business and Public Administration plus enough electives to equal a minimum of 90 credits exclusive of military science, physical activities and hygiene, with an average grade of at least "C". The last year of college work before entering the Law School must be done in residence at College Park. The Bachelor of Science degree from the College of Business and Public Administration is conferred upon the satisfactory completion of the first year in the Law School and the recommendation of the Dean of the Law School. Business Law cannot be used as credit in this combined curriculum.

#### Master of Business Administration

Candidates for the degree of Master of Business Administration are accepted in accordance with the procedures and requirements for the Graduate School. See Graduate School, Section II.

#### I. BUSINESS ORGANIZATION AND ADMINISTRATION

Study programs in Business Administration furnish an opportunity for a small amount of concentration in one of the major sections during the undergraduate period. The basis of these curriculums is the general study program.

The following suggested study programs will aid the thoughtful student in planning his concentration according to his natural aptitudes and the line of his major interest:

## The General Curriculum in Administration

This curriculum is set up on an eight semester basis which corresponds to the traditional four-year course that leads to a bachelor's degree. A student may complete the full course in a shorter period of time by attending summer sessions. A superior student may, however, complete the course in a shorter period of time by carrying a heavier load each semester.

	-Seme	ster-
Freshman Year	I	11
Geog. 1, 2—Economic Resources	2	2
Econ. 4, 5—Economic Developments	2	2
Eng. 1, 2-Composition and Readings in American Literature	3	8
B. A. 10, 11-Organization and Control	2	2
Mathematics 5 and 6	3	3
G. & P. 1-American Government (or Sociology of American Life)	3	
Soc. 1—Sociology of American Life (or American Government)		3
M. S. 1, 2—Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
P. E. 42, 44—Hygiene (Women)	2	2
Physical Activities (Men and Women)	1	1
Total	18-19	18-19
Sophomore Year		
Eng. 3, 4, or 5, 6-Composition and Readings in Literature	3	3
Econ. 31, 32—Principles of Economics	8	8
B. A. 20, 21—Principles of Accounting	4	4
Speech 18, 19—Introductory Speech	1	1
H. 5, 6—History of American Civilization	3	3
Electives (Girls)	3	8
M. S. 3, 4—Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
Physical Activities (Men and Women)	1	1
Total	17-18	17-18
Junior Year		
Econ. 140-Money and Banking	8	
B. A. 140—Financial Management		3
B. A. 130—Elements of Business Statistics	3	
Econ. 150—Marketing Principles and Organization	3	
B. A. 150-Marketing Management		8
Econ. 160—Labor Economics	8	
B. A. 160—Personnel Management		3
Electives in Bus. & Pub. Adm., Economics, or other approved subjects	3	6
Total	15	15
Senior Year		
B. A. 180, 181—Business Law I, II	4	4
Econ. 131—Comparative Economic Systems	3	
Econ. 171—Economics of American Industry		3
Econ. 142-Public Finance and Taxation	3	
B. A. 189—Government and Business		3
Electives in Bus. & Pub. Adm., Economics, or other approved subjects	6	6
Total	16	16

Electives may be chosen under the direction of a faculty advisor from courses in Accounting, Statistics, Geography, Public Administration, Secretarial Training, or other courses that will aid the student in preparing for his major objective. The electives indicated in the General Course are provided so that students can arrange their schedules, under the guidance of a faculty advisor, in such a way as to secure a concentration or major when desired in:

- 1. Accounting and Statistics
- 2. Financial Administration
- 3. Industrial Administration
- 4. Marketing Administration
- 5. Personnel Administration
- 6. Transportation Administration
- 7. Public Administration

## 1. Accounting and Statistical Control Study Program

Internal control in modern business and governmental organizations is a major over-all administrative function. The rapid growth in size and complexity of current governmental units and business enterprises has emphasized the importance of the problems of control in management. In order to control intelligently and effectively the manifold activities of these units, it is necessary to establish an organization, formulate policies, and develop methods of procedures. In order to perform satisfactorily these managerial activities, it is necessary to have pertinent facts concerning the operations of the various units, divisions, and departments. It is the function of the accounting and statistical departments to secure, analyze, classify, and, to a limited extent, interpret these facts.

This study program is designed to give the student a broad training in administrative control supplemented by specific technical training in the problems, procedures, methods and techniques of accounting and statistics. If the program is followed diligently, the student may prepare himself for a career as a public accountant, tax specialist, cost accountant auditor, budget officer, comptroller, credit manager, or treasurer.

Provision for practical experience. Arrangements have been made with firms of certified public accountants in Baltimore and the District of Columbia for apprenticeship training in the field of public accounting. This training is provided between semesters of the senior year (approximately January 15 to February 15), and for the semester immediately following graduation. A student may also elect to take one semester of apprenticeship training before graduation.

The following study program provides courses for those wishing to concentrate in this important field:

Students who select a concentration in accounting and statistics follow the general study program in the freshman and sophomore years.

	-Semes	ster-
Junior Year	I	II
B. A. 110, 111—Intermediate Accounting	3	3
B. A. 121—Cost Accounting		4
B. A. 123—Income Tax Accounting	4	
B. A. 130-Elements of Business Statistics		3
Econ. 140-Money and Banking	3	
B. A. 140—Financial Management		3
Econ. 150-Marketing Principles and Organization	3	
B. A. 150-Marketing Management		3
Econ. 160—Labor Economics	3	
Total	16	16
Senior Year		
B. A. 160—Personnel Management	3	
B. A. 124, 126—Advanced Accounting Theory and Practice	3	3
B. A. 122—Auditing Theory and Practice	3	
B. A. 127—Advanced Auditing Theory and Practice		3
B. A. 125—C. P. A. Problems,* or Elective		3*
B. A. 180, 181—Business Law	4	4
Electives	3	3
Total	16	16

The student interested in this field may select such electives, with the aid of his advisor, from the following list of subjects such courses as will best meet his needs:

- B. A. 116-Public Budgeting (3)
- B. A. 118—Governmental Accounting (3)
- B. A. 129-Apprenticeship in Accounting
- B. A. 132, 133-Advanced Business Statistics (3, 3)
- B. A. 143-Credit Management (3)
- B. A. 165-Office Management (3)
- B. A. 166—Business Communications (3)
- B. A. 183-Law for Accountants (2)
- B. A. 220-Managerial Accounting (3)
- B. A. 221, 222-Seminar in Accounting (arranged)

- B. A. 226-Accounting Systems (3)
- B. A. 228-Research in Accounting (arranged)
- B. A. 229-Studies of special problems in the fields of Statistical Control
- Econ. 131-Comparative Economic Systems
- Econ. 132-Advanced Economic Principles
- Econ. 134-Contemporary Ecnomic Thought (3)

#### 2. Financial Administration

A nation with a highly developed industrial system requires an effective financial organization. Production and marketing activities of business enterprises must be financed; a large volume of consumer purchases depend on credit: and the activities of local, state, and federal governments depend, in large part, on taxation and borrowing. To meet these needs a complicated structure of financial institutions, both private and public, has evolved together with a wide variety of financial instruments. The methods used are equally varied and complicated. Since the financing service is so pervasive throughout our economic life and because it is an expense which must be borne by the ultimate purchaser, the management of the finance function is endowed with a high degree of public interest.

<sup>\*</sup> C. P. A. Problems is required only of students who plan to go into public accounting.

This study program is designed to give the student fundamental information concerning financing methods, institutions, and instruments; and to aid him in developing his ability to secure and evaluate pertinent facts, and to form sound judgments with reference to financial matters. Through a wise selection of subjects the student who selects this curriculum may prepare himself for positions in the commercial, savings, and investment banking fields, investment management; corporate financial management; real estate financing; and insurance. A student may qualify himself to enter government service, e.g., in departments regulating banking operations, international finance, the issuance and sales of securities, and a number of financial corporations owned and operated or controlled by the government.

Students wishing to form a concentration in Financial Administration should follow the general study program for the freshman and sophomore years, the program for the junior and senior years is outlined below.

	-Semes	ter
Junior Year	I	II
Econ. 140-Money and Banking	3	
B. A. 140—Financial Management		3
B. A. 130—Elements of Business Statistics		3
B. A. 110-111—Intermediate Accounting	3	3
B. A. 123—Income Tax Accounting	4	
Econ. 150-Marketing Principles and Organization	3	
B. A. 150-Marketing Management		3
Electives in Economics, Business and Public Administration	3	4
Total	16	16
Senior Year		
B. A. 180, 181—Business Law	4	4
B. A. 141—Investment Management	3	
B. A. 143-Credit Management	3	
B. A. 160—Personnel Management		3
Econ. 160—Labor Economics	8	
B. A. 165—Office Management		3
Electives in Finance	3	6
2.000.00 in a manufacturi i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i		
Total	16	16

Selection of electives may be made with the aid of the advisor from the following list of subjects:

- B. A. 142—Banking Policy and Practice (3)
- B. A. 145—Property, Casualty, and Liability Insurance.
- B. A. 147-Business Cycle Theory (3)
- Econ. 141—Theory of Money, Credit and Prices (3)
- B. A. 146—Real Estate Financing and Appraisals (2)
- Econ. 142-Public Finance and Taxation (3)
- Econ. 149—International Finance and Exchange (3)
- Econ. 241—Seminar in Money, Credit and Prices (arranged)
- B. A. 240—Seminar in Financial Organization and Management (3)
- B. A. 249—Studies of Special Problems in the Field of Financial Administration (arranged)

#### 3. Industrial Administration

This curriculum is designed to acquaint the student with the problems of organization and control in the field of industrial management. Theory and practice with reference to organization, policies, methods, processes, and techniques are surveyed, analyzed, and criticized. The student is required to go on inspection trips, and when feasible is expected to secure first-hand information through both observation and participation. He should be familiar with the factors that determine plant location and layout, types of buildings, and the major kinds of machines and processes utilized; he should understand effective methods and devices for the selection and utilization of men, materials and machines.

The courses, in addition to those required of all students in the college, which will aid the undergraduate student in preparing himself for a useful place in this field of effort are:

- B. A. 121-Cost Accounting (4)
- B. A. 122, 127—Auditing (3, 3)
- B. A. 132, 133—Advanced Business Statistics (3, 3)
- B. A. 153—Purchasing Management (3)
- B. A. 163-Industrial Relations (3)
- B. A. 165-Office Management (3)
- B. A. 166—Business Communications (3)
- B. A. 169-Industrial Management (3)
- B. A. 170—Transportation I—Regulation of Transportation Services (3)
- B. A. 171—Transportation II—Services, Rules, and Practices (3)
- B. A. 172—Transportation III—Motor Transportation (3)

Industrial Administration students may so arrange their study programs as to take a series of related courses in one of the following fields:

- 1. Physics
- 2. Chemistry

- 3. Some basic engineering courses
- 4. Agriculture

## 4. Marketing Administration

Modern business administration is concerned largely with marketing activities. Buying and selling of products and services comprise the major portion of the time and energies of a large group of our population. The ideals of our system of private property, individual initiative and free enterprise are closely related to present-day marketing organization and practice. Effective solutions of the problems of marketing are necessary to the success of the individual business enterprise and for the welfare of the consumer. If the costs of distribution are to be reduced or kept from rising unduly, it is necessary that careful study of the organization, policies, methods, and practices of advertising, selling, purchasing, merchandising, transportation, financing, storing, and other related activities be made, and corresponding appropriate action taken by qualified marketing technicians and executives.

The purpose of the marketing administration program of study is to give the alert and serious student an opportunity to analyze, evaluate and otherwise study the problems connected with marketing institutions, organizations, policies, methods, and practices. The student who elects this field of concentration may develop his aptitudes, on the technical level, for research, selling, buying, and preparing advertising copy, and on the administrative level he may develop his abilities for organizing, planning, and directing the various activities in the field of marketing.

Thoughtful selection of courses from the following lists in addition to those required of all students in business administration will aid the student in preparing himself for an effective position in the field of marketing. He may form a concentration in:

- a. General Marketing
- b. Advertising
- c. Foreign Trade and International Finance
- d. Retail Store Management
- e. Sales Management
- B. A. 132, 133—Advanced Business Statistics (3, 3)
- B. A. 151—Advertising Programs and Campaigns (2)
- B. A. 144—Life, Group, and Social Insurance (2)
- B. A. 152—Copy Writing and Layout (2)
- B. A. 145—Property and Casualty Insurance (2)
- B. A. 153-Purchasing Management (3)
- B. A. 147—Business Cycle Theory (3)
- B. A. 154-Retail Store Management (3)
- B. A. 143-Credit Management (3)
- B. A. 165--Office Management (3)
- B. A. 166—Business Communications (3)
- B. A. 156—Real Estate Principles and Practices (2)
- B. A. 186—Real Estate Law and Conveyancing (2)
- B. A. 146—Real Estate Financing and Appraisals (2)

- B. A. 170—Transportation I—Regulation of Transportation Services (3)
- B. A. 171—Transportation II—Services,
   Rules, and Practices (3)
- B. A. 172—Transportation III—Motor Transportation (3)
- B. A. 250—Problems in Sales Management
  (3)
- B. A. 251-Problems in Advertising (3)
- B. A. 252—Problems in Retail Store Management (3)
- B. A. 257—Seminar in Marketing Management (arranged)
- B. A. 258—Research in Marketing (arranged)
- B. A. 259—Studies of Special Problems in the field of Marketing Policies, Management and Administration (arranged)
- B. A. 299—Thesis (3-6 hours) (arranged)

For those especially interested in foreign trade, selections may be made from the following courses:

- Econ. 136—International Economic Policies and Relations (3)
- Econ. 137—Economic Planning and Postwar Problems (3)
- Econ. 149—International Finance and Exchange (8)
- B. A. 151—Advertising Programs and Campaigns (2)
- B. A. 157-Foreign Trade Procedure (3)
- B. A. 170—Transportation I, Regulation of Transportation Services (3)
- B. A. 173—Transportation IV, Overseas Shipping (3)
- B. A. 189—Government and Business (3)
   Ec. Geog. 4—Regional Geography of the Continents (3)

- Geog. 100, 101—Regional Geography of the United States and Canada (3, 3)
- Geog. 102—The Geography of Manufacturing in the United States and Canada (3)
- Geog. 110, 111—Latin America (3, 3).
- Geog. 115—Peoples of Latin America (2)
  Geog. 120—Economic Geography of Eur-
- Geog. 120—Economic Geography of Europe (3)
- Geog. 122—Economic Resources and Development of Africa (3)
- Geog. 130-131—Economic and Political Geog. of Southern and Eastern Asia (3, 3)
- Geog. 180, 181—Principles of Geography (3, 3)
- Geog. 260-261—Problems in the Geog. of Europe and Africa (3, 3)

#### 5. Personnel Administration and Labor Economics

Recent development of large scale operation on the part of both private enterprise and government has emphasized the growing vital importance relationships. Successful operation depends monious cooperation between employer and employee. The interests of the public, the owners, and the management, as well as those of the employees, may be greatly affected by the solutions evolved in any given case of personnel relationship. The growth of large-scale, centrally controlled labor organizations and the increased participation of governmental agencies in labor disputes have created problems for which business management, union officials, and government representatives have been, on the whole, illprepared to solve satisfactorily. The government, the unions, and business need men and women qualified to deal effectively with these problems. They should have broad training and technical information in the fields of business and public administration, economics, and psychology, together with suitable personalities. They must be able to approach these problems with an open mind, unbiased by personal and class prejudices.

Personnel administration which has to do with the direction of human effort, is concerned with securing, maintaining, and utilizing an effective working force. People adequately trained in personnel administration find employment in business enterprises, governmental departments, governmental corporations, educational institutions and charitable organizations.

A student may select from the following courses those which will, in addition to those required of all students in business administration, best prepare him for the kind of personnel work he wishes to enter.

B. A. 162—Contemporary Trends in Labor Relations (3)

B. A. 163-Industrial Relations (8)

B. A. 164—Recent Labor Legislation and Court Decisions (3)

Econ. 130—Economics of Consumption (8) B. A. 169—Industrial Management (3)

G. & P. 111—Public Personnel Administration (3)

Psych. 2-Applied Psychology (3)

Psych. 121-Social Psychology (8)

Psych. 161—Psychological Techniques in Personnel Administration (3)

G. & P. 214-Problems in Public Personnel Administration (arranged)

B. A. 262 — Seminar in Contemporary Trends in Labor Relations (3)

B. A. 266—Research in Personnel Management (arranged)

 B. A. 269—Studies of Special Problems in Employer-Employee Relationships (arranged)

B. A. 299-Thesis, 3-6 hours (arranged)

## 6. Transportation Administration

The problems of transportation administration are complex and far reaching. The student preparing for this type of work should be well grounded in economics, government, and business administration, as well as being proficient in the use of the technical tools of the profession. Rail, highway, water, and air transportation are basic to our economic life, in fact, to our very existence. This curriculum gives considerable emphasis to air transportation.

The following courses, in addition to those required of all students in the Department of Business Organization and Administration, will aid the student in preparing himself for a useful place in the fields of air, water, highway, and railway transportations. Airport management is a rapidly growing new business activity.

- B. A. 170—Transportation I, Regulation of Transportation Services (3)
- B. A. 171—Transportation II, Services, Rules, and Practices (3)
- B. A. 172—Transportation III, Motor Transportation (3)
- B. A. 173—Transportation IV, Overseas Shipping (3)
- B. A. 174—Commercial Air Transportation
  (3)
- B. A. 175—Airline Administration (3)
- B. A. 176—Problems in Airport Management (3)

Other courses may be selected with the approval of the advisor for the curriculum.

#### 7. Public Administration

The trend toward increased governmental participation in the fields of our economic, political, and social life has been developing for a number of years but more rapidly in some countries than others. The growth was pronounced in the European countries during the twenties, it grew rapidly in the United States during the thirties and World War II. Thousands of men and women are now employed in developing organizations, evaluating policies, and devising methods and procedures for administering and supervising the manifold governmental activities required in the far-flung scheme of economic and social control. Our government, for example, has now become the largest "business" enterprise in the country. The gigantic task of organization, management and control was undertaken before an adequately qualified personnel could be selected and properly trained. Federal, State, and Local Governments have called upon the universities to aid in training young men and women for effective public service. Graduates who are mentally alert, can think clearly, form critical judgments, express their thoughts and conclusions succinctly, have well-balanced minds, and possess a professional point of view with reference to their work, are needed throughout the government service.

The curriculum in Public Administration is designed primarily to aid in the preparation of young men and women for technical, supervisory, and managerial positions in the various state and federal services. The particular selections of subjects in any individual case will depend on the type of position for which the student wishes to prepare. The full course resources of the University are available for this training. Courses, for example, in foreign languages, geography, history, philosophy, and government, as well as studies in social, legal, political, and economic institutions may be advisable in addition to the required courses in Business and Public Administration.

Properly qualified graduates can usually find employment in the field of their major interest. Large numbers of people trained in such technical fields as statistics, accounting, finance, personnel, marketing and transportation are employed by governmental agencies. There is a need for people trained for and interested in the various aspects of research in the social science and business administration fields. Graduates fitted by nature and equipped through proper training and experience for the broader fields of administration and management can find interesting work in governmental units and at the same time satisfy their normal desire to render a special service to society.

Some of the governmental agencies which employ college trained people are given as an illustration of the opportunities available. Many of these are within the classified service. Such independent federal agencies as the Social Security Administration, Federal Reserve Board, Reconstruction Finance Corporation, Tennessee Valley Authority, and the independent regulatory commissions demand the services of many professionally and technically trained people. The Departments of Agriculture, Commerce, Defense, Interior, State, Labor, and Treasury use many college trained men and women. State and local governments also are developing greater need for personnel trained in Administration.

The undergraduate student who expects to make his concentration in the field of Public Administration will find the following curriculum serviceable:

	-Seme	ster—
Freshman Year	I	II
Eng. 1. 2—Composition and Readings in American Literature	3	3
G. & P. 1-American Government	3	
Soc. 1-Sociology of American Life		3
B. A. 10, 11—Organization and Control	2	2
Geog. 1, 2—Economic Resources	2	2
Econ. 4, 5Economic Developments	2	2
Mathematics 5, 6	3	8
M. S. 1, 2-Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
P. E. 42, 44—Hygiene (Women)	2	2
Physical Activities (Men and Women)	1	1
Total	18-19	18-19
Sophomore Year		
Eng. 3, 4, or 5, 6—Composition and Reading in Literature	3	3
Econ. 31, 32—Principles of Economics	3	3
H. 5, 6—History of American Civilization	3	3
B. A. 20, 21—Principles of Accounting	4	4
G. & P. 4-State Government and Administration	3	
G. & P. 5-Local Government and Administration		3
M. S. 3, 4-Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
Physical Activities (Men and Women)	1	1
Total	17-20	17-20

	-Seme	ster
Junior Year	I	II
G. & P. 110-Principles of Public Administration	3	
G. & P. 111-Public Personnel Administration		3
Econ. 160—Labor Economics	8	
Econ. 140-Money and Banking	8	
B. A. 140—Financial Management		8
Econ. 130-Elements of Business Statistics	8	
Econ. 150-Marketing Principles	3	
B. A. 132—Advanced Business Statistics		8
Speech 18, 19—Introductory Speech	1	1
Electives	• • • •	6
Total	16	16
Senior Year		
B. A. 189—Government and Business	3	
Econ. 161-The Government and Social Security		3
Econ. 149-International Finance and Exchange		3
Econ. 142-Public Finance and Taxation	3	
Econ. 132-Advanced Economic Principles	3	
Econ. 134—Contemporary Economic Thought		3
Econ, 131—Comparative Economic Systems		3
Electives (to be selected in terms of the student's primary object		
with the aid of his advisor)	6	3
Total	15	15

#### Selection of electives may be made from the following courses:

- B. A. 128-Governmental Accounting (3)
- B. A. 164—Recent Labor Legislative and Court Decisions (3)
- B. A. 170—Transportation I, Regulation of Transportation Services (3)
- B. A. 127-Public Budgeting (3)
- H. 135—Constitutional History of the United States (3, 3)
- G. & P. 181-Administrative Law (3)
- G. & P. 201—Seminar in International Organization (3)
- G. & P. 213—Problems of Public Administration (3)
- G. & P. 214—Problems of Public Personnel Administration (3)
- Econ. 235—Seminar in International Economic Relations (3) (arranged)

- Econ. 242—Research in Government Fiscal Policies and l'ractices (arranged)
- B. A. 280—Seminar in Business and Government Relationships (arranged)
- B. A. 284—Seminar in Public Utilities (arranged)
- B. A. 299-Thesis (3-6 hours) (arranged)
- G. & P. 7, 8, 9, 10—Comparative Government (2, 2, 2, 2)
- G. & P. 101-International Political Relations (3)
- G. & P. 102-International Law (3)
- G. & P. 105—Recent Far Eastern Politics (3)
- G. & P. 131—Constitutional Law (3)

#### II. BUREAU OF BUSINESS AND ECONOMIC RESEARCH

The Bureau of Business and Economic Research is recognized as the laboratory for the practical study of business and economic problems. As such, it has three principal functions: first, to train students in the field of business and economic research; second, to disseminate information concerning business and economic conditions in Maryland; and third, to make available the facilities and to give active research assistance to interested business firms, governmental units, and citizen groups within the state.

Through the facilities of the Bureau qualified interested students can obtain practical experience in research work. This involves the application of techniques and principles studied in the classroom to actual business and governmental problems.

The Bureau—through its direct contact with business, government, labor and the professions and in its research into problems in these fields—serves as an important source of information relative to business and economic conditions and developments in the state. This information is made available, in part, by means of Bureau publications and, in part, by direct inquiry to the Bureau. This service is supplemented by active cooperation with individual business firms and citizen organizations within the state who request assistance in the study of specific problems which are recognized as having an important bearing on community welfare. The Bureau welcomes the opportunity to be of real service to such organizations.

#### III. ECONOMICS

The program of studies in the field of Economics is designed to meet the needs of students who wish to concentrate either on a major or minor scale in this division of the Social Sciences. Students who expect to enroll in the professional schools and those who are planning to enter the fields of Business or Public Administration, or Foreign Service, or Social Service Administration, will find courses in economics of considerable value to them in their later work. A student of economics should choose his courses to meet the requirements for his major objective, or the Master of Arts, or a Doctor of Philosophy degree. (He should consult the bulletin of the Graduate School for the general requirements for the advanced degrees.)

## Requirements for an Economics Major

A student majoring in Economics is required to complete satisfactorily 120 semester hours of work in addition to the required work in military science, hygiene and physical activities. A general average of at least "C" is required for graduation. A student must maintain at least an average grade of "C" in his major and minor in order to continue in his chosen field.

The specific requirements for the Economics Major are:

I. Geog. 1, 2, and Econ. 4, 5, 31 and 32—a total of 10 semester hours of specifically required courses in Economics. B. A. 20, 21 (Principles of Accounting) are recommended, and B. A. 130 (Statistics) is required Other courses in Economics to meet the requirements of a major are to be selected with the aid of a faculty adviser.

- II. Social Science—American Government (3); Sociology of American Life (3); History of American Civilization (6)—a total of 12 semester hours.
- III. English—12 semester hours, comprising Eng. 1, 2, and 3, 4; or 5, 6; Speech—2 to 4 semester hours.
- IV. Foreign Language and Literature, 12 semester hours in one language. Candidates of the Ph.D. degree are required to have a reading knowledge of two modern foreign languages.
  - V. Natural Science and Mathematics, 12 semester hours.
- VI. Military Science, Hygiene, and Physical Activities. The present University requirement is 16 semester hours in Military Science and Physical Activities for all able-bodied male students; women students are required to take 8 semester hours credit in hygiene and physical activities.

A student who elects economics as a major must have earned 10 semester hours credit in the prerequisite courses in economics prior to his beginning the advanced work of the junior year. These are normally taken during the freshman and sophomore years and must be completed with an average grade of not less than "C". The major sequences are not completed until at least 26 and not more than 40 credits, in addition to the required prerequisite courses, are satisfactorily earned, that is, with an average grade of at least "C".

A minor in economics consists of the 10 prerequisite credits mentioned above plus at least 18 additional credits in economics.

As many as 24 additional semester hours may be taken by the economics students from Business and Public Administration courses.

The specific courses comprising the student's program of studies should be selected with the aid of a faculty advisor in terms of the student's objective and major interest.

Study Program for Economics Majors		ter-
Freshman Year	I	11
Geog. 1, 2—Economic Resources	2	2
Econ. 4, 5—Economic Developments	2	2
Eng. 1, 2-Composition and Readings in American Literature	3	8
Mathematics 5, 6-General Mathematics	3	3
G. & P. 1-American Government (or Sociology of American Life)	3	
Soc. 1-Sociology of American Life (or American Government)		3
Foreign Language	3	8
M. S. 1, 2—Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
P. E. 42, 44—Hygiene (Women)	2	2
Physical Activities (Men and Women)	1	1
Total	19-20	19-20

	$\sim$ Seme	ster
Sophomore Year	I	II
Econ. 31, 32—Principles of Economics	3	3
Eng. 3, 4 or 5, 6—Composition and Readings in Literature	3	3
Foreign Language	3	3
Natural Science	3	3
Speech 18, 19—Introductory Speech	1	1
H. 5, 6—History of American Civilization	3	3
M. S. 3, 4—Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
Physical Activities (Men and Women)	1	1
Total	17-20	17-20
Junior Year		
Econ, 140-Money and Banking	3	
Econ. 150-Marketing Principles and Organization	3	
B. A. 130—Elements of Business Statistics		3
Econ. 160—Labor Economics	3	
Econ. 131—Comparative Economic Systems		3
Electives in Economics and Business Administration*	6	9
Total	15	15
Senior Year		
Econ. 182-Advanced Economic Principles	3	
Econ. 134—Contemporary Economic Thought		3
Econ. 171—Economics of American Industries		3
Econ. 142-Public Finance and Taxation	3	
Electives in Economics and Business Administration*	9	9
Total	15	15

## IV. OFFICE TECHNIQUES AND MANAGEMENT

#### 1. Office Management

With the rapidly mounting volume of office work now being done, and the rapid increase in the number of office workers required to do it, effective office management and supervision is needed. Despite the current popular opinion that the office manager needs to know only a number of systems and machines, there is an ever-growing group of executives who believe that the management and supervision of an office is quite as important a job as the management of a factory or any other industrial enterprise. Many instances may be cited where the managers of offices have, by a consistent and logical use of scientific management principles, saved as much as \$100,000 a year for their companies.

Any young man or woman entering business today need have no hesitancy in preparing himself for the position of office manager, for that position has proved a stepping stone to positions of great responsibility for many of our present leading executives.

Other electives may be selected with the approval of the Head of the Department of Economics, but they must be on the Junior and Senior level.

The student interested in this field will find the following required courses with the suggested electives selected under the guidance of the advisor, a valuable aid in preparing for positions in this field.

Office Administration Study Program	-Seme	ester—
Freshman Year	I	II
Geog. 1, 2—Economic Resources	2	2
Eng. 1, 2-Composition and Readings in American Literature	3	3
B. A. 10, 11-Organization and Control	2	2
Math 5-General Mathematics	3	
Math. 6-Mathematics of Finance		3
G. & P. 1-American Government	3	
Soc. 1—Sociology of American Life		3
S. T. 1—Principles of Typewriting	2	
S. T. 2—Intermediate Typewriting		2
M. S. 1, 2—Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
P. E. 42, 44—Hygiene (Women)	2	2
Physical Activities (Men and Women)	1	1
Total	18-19	18-19
Sophomore Year		
Eng. 3, 4—Composition and Readings in Literature	3	3
Econ. 31, 32—Principles of Economics	3	3
B. A. 20, 21—Principles of Accounting	4	4
Speech 18, 19—Introductory Speech	1	1
H. 5, 6—History of American Civilization	3	3
S. T. 10-Office Typewriting Problems	2	
M. S. 3, 4—Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
Physical Activities (Men and Women)	1	1
Total	17-19	15-17
Junior Year		
Psych. 1—Introduction to Psychology	3	
Psych. 2—Applied Psychology		3
Econ. 140-Money and Banking	3	
Econ. 160—Labor Economics	3	
Econ. 150-Principles of Marketing	3	
B. A. 121—Cost Accounting		4
S. T. 112—Filing	2	
B. A. 160-Personnel Management		3
B. A. 130-Elements of Business Statistics		3
S. T. 111—Office Machines		3
Electives	. 2	• • • • •
Total	16	16

	-Semes	ter
Senior Year	I	II
B. A. 180, 181—Business Law	4	4
B. A. 165—Office Management	3	
B. A. 169—Industrial Management	3	
B. A. 154—Retail Store Management		3
B. A. 151—Advertising Programs and Campaigns		2
Electives in Accounting; Marketing; Real Estate; Insurance; Finance;		
Transportation; and Psychology	6	7
Total	16	16

### 2. Office Techniques

In order to meet the growing demand for college trained secretarial and office personnel, the College of Business and Public Administration is offering to both men and women a program of secretarial training courses. The Secretarial Curriculum provides students with the opportunity to obtain the essential background for stenographic, executive and administrative positions. One of the best methods of assuring success in one's chosen profession is through the medium of specialized secretarial service. end the courses have been designed. The major objectives of the College will be maintained and emphasized throughout the presentation of the program of studies. The purpose of this curriculum is not only to furnish merely technical or vocational training, but also, to aid the student in developing his natural aptitudes for secretarial and administrative positions. The development of the student's capacity to plan, organize, direct, and execute is the guiding principle followed in this curriculum. This program of study will appeal to the young man or woman who is ambitious, naturally capable, and willing to work. It will also appeal to those who realize that positions in secretarial service require much more than merely skill in typewriting and stenography. These are essential tools, but knowledge and skill in other subjects are as important for the more responsible positions.

### Placement Examination

Students with one or more years of college, high school, or equivalent training in shorthand and/or typewriting are required to take a placement examination in those subjects prior to, or at the time of, their first registration in a shorthand or typewriting course at the University.

Based on the results of this examination, the student may be exempt from certain of the beginning courses in either, or both, shorthand and typewriting. Credit will be given only for the work done in residence.

## Record of Competency

Students must make a grade of "C" in each course in the Secretarial sequence before they may progress to the next advanced course.

## Senior Requirement

A vocational level of competency in business skills is imperative at the time of graduation. As a requirement for graduation, students following the secretarial curriculum must either take S. T. 16 and S. T. 17 (or S. T. 18) within the six-month period preceding graduation, or take a proficiency examination on the material covered in these courses within this six-month period.

The following program of study is designed to give the capable student an opportunity to develop his potential aptitudes to an effective end.

	—Seme	ster
Freshman Year	I	II
Eng. 1, 2-Composition and Readings in American Literature	3	8
G. & P. 1-American Government	8	
Soc. 1-Sociology of American Life		8
Geog. 1, 2—Economic Resources	2	2
Econ. 4, 5—Economic Developments	2	2
Math. 5, 6-General Mathematics and Mathematics of Finance	3	8
S. T. 1—Principles of Typewriting*	2	
S. T. 2—Intermediate Typewriting		2
M. S. 1, 2—Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
P. E. 42, 44—Hygiene (Women)	2	2
Physical Activities (Men and Women)	1	1
Total	18-19	18-19
Sophomore Year		
Eng. 3, 4—Composition and Readings in Literature	3	3
H. 5, 6—History of American Civilization	8	8
Econ. 31, 32—Principles of Economics	3	3
S. T. 12, 13-Principles of Shorthand I, II	4	4
S. T. 10-Office Typewriting Problems	2	
Speech 18, 19—Introductory Speech	1	1
M. S. 3, 4—Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
Physical Activities (Men and Women)	1	1
Total	17-20	16-17
Junior Year		
B. A. 10, 11—Organization and Control	2	2
B. A. 20, 21—Principles of Accounting	4	4
S. T. 16-Advanced Shorthand <sup>†</sup>	3	•
S. T. 17—Gregg Transcription†	2	
B. A. 166—Business Communications		8
S. T. 111—Office Machines	3	
S. T. 112—Filing		2
Econ. 140-Money and Banking		3
Electives	2	2
Total	16	16

<sup>\*</sup>S. T. 1 should be completed prior to enrollment in Principles of Shorthand 1 (S. T. 12).

<sup>†</sup> S. T. 16, Advanced Shorthand, and S. T. 17, Gregg Transcription, must be taken concurrently.

	-Seme	ster
Senior Year	I	II
S. T. 110-Secretarial Work	3	
S. T. 114—Secretarial Office Practice		3
B. A. 165-Office Management	3	
B. A. 180, 181—Business Law	4	4
Econ. 160-Labor Economics	3	
Suggested Elective-Gregg Shorthand Dictation (S. T. 18)		3
Electives		Б
Econ. 150-Marketing Principles and Organization	3	
Total	16	16

## Combined Secretarial Training and Business Teaching Curriculum

Capable students may elect courses offered by the College of Education in such a manner as to qualify themselves for commercial teaching in high schools.

Requirements to teach business subjects: Twenty semester hours of prescribed courses in education are required for certification to teach business subjects in Maryland, and 24 semester hours in the District of Columbia.

#### B. WORLD ECONOMICS AND PUBLIC AFFAIRS

The section of World Economics and Public Affairs comprises three Departments, viz., Government and Politics, Foreign Service and International Relations, and Geography, and the Bureau of Public Administration. The Departments in this section furnish the student an opportunity to work out a major in Government and Politics, or to prepare himself for effective service in some division of our State or Federal Governments, or in the field of International Affairs. Courses leading to the Bachelor's, Master's, and Doctor of Philosophy degrees are offered. The qualified student may so arrange his curriculum as to prepare himself for teaching, research, or for public or private service.

A minimum of 120 semester hours credit, exclusive of Military Science, Physical Activities, and Hygiene, is required for graduation with an average grade of "C" or better and not more than 25 per cent in "D" grades can be counted toward fulfilling the requirement.

#### I. GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS

#### Government and Politics Major and Minor Requirements

In addition to the regular university requirements, a student majoring in the field of Government and Politics must meet the following conditions: (1) G. & P. 1, American Government, or its equivalent, is prerequisite to all other courses offered by the Department. All persons majoring in Government and Politics must first complete this course with a grade of C or better. (2) All majors must take 36 hours of Government and Politics, including G. & P. 1. No Government and Politics course with a grade of less than C can be counted as a part of the 36 hours of major work. (3) Each

major must have at least one course in each of five of the following six fields within the Department of Government and Politics: (1) Local Government, (2) Public Administration, (3) Political Theory, (4) Public Policy, (5) Comparative Government and International Affairs, and (6) Public Law.

A minor in Government and Politics consists of a minimum of 18 hours, including G. & P. 1. At least six semester hours must be in courses numbered 100 and above.

	—Seme	ster-
Freshman Year	I	II
G. & P. 1-American Government	3	
Soc. 1—Sociology of American Life		3
Eng. 1, 2—Composition and Readings in American Literature	3	3
Math. 5, 6, or 10, 11—Mathematics	3	3
Econ. 4, 5—Economic Developments	2	2
Speech 18, 19—Introductory Speech	1	1
Foreign Language	3	3
M. S. 1, 2—Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
P. E. 42, 44—Hygiene (women)	2	2
Physical Activities (Men and Women)	1	1
Total	18-19	18-19
Sophomore Year		
G. & P. 4-State Government and Administration	3	
G. & P. 5—Local Government and Administration		3
G. & P. 7 or 9—Comparative Government	2	_
G. & P. 8 or 10—Comparative Government		2
Eng. 3, 4, or 5, 6—Composition and Readings in Literature	3	3
Foreign Language	3	3
Econ. 31, 32—Principles of Economics	3	3
H. 5, 6—History of American Civilization	3	3
M. S. 3, 4—Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
Physical Activities (Men and Women)	1	1
Total	18-21	18-21
Junior Year		
G. & P. 110—Public Administration	3	
G. &. P. 174—Political Parties	3	
G. & P. 124—Legislatures and Legislation.		3
G. & P. 102—International Law		3
*Electives	9	9
Total	15	15
Senior Year		
G. & P. 141—History of Political Theory	3	
G. & P. 142 or 144-Recent and American Political Theory		3
G. & P. 131—Constitutional Law	3	
G. & P. 181-Administrative Law		3
Econ. 142—Public Finance and Taxation	3	• • • •
B. A. 189—Government and Business		3
*Electives	6	6
Total	15	15

<sup>\*</sup> Electives are to be chosen under the direction of the student's advisor.

## H. BUREAU OF PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

The Bureau of Public Administration was organized in 1947. It is closely allied, both in function and personnel, with the Department of Government and Politics. The Department of Government and Politics is the teaching agency; the Bureau of Public Administration is the governmental research agency. The Bureau's activities relate primarily to the problems of state and local government in Maryland. The Bureau engages in research and publishes research findings. It conducts short courses or institutes of government attended by local government officials. It undertakes surveys and offers its assistance and services to units of government in Maryland. Finally, it serves as a clearing house of information for the benefit of Maryland state and local government.

#### III. FOREIGN SERVICE AND INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

If the student expects to enter the foreign service he should be well grounded in the language, geography, history, and politics of the region of his anticipated location as well as in the general principles and practices of organization and administration. It should be recognized that only a limited training can be secured during the undergraduate period. When more specialized or more extensive preparation is required, graduate work should be planned. The individual program, in either instance, however, should be worked out under the guidance of a faculty advisor. The following study program is offered as a guide in the selection of subjects.

	-Semes	ster—
Freshman Year	I	II
Eng. 1, 2-Composition and Readings in American Literature	8	8
G. & P. 1—American Government	8	
Soc. 1—Sociology of American Life		8
Foreign Language (Selection)	8	3
Geog. 1, 2—Economic Resources	2	2
Econ. 4, 5-Economic Developments	2	2
Mathematics 5, 6	3	8
M. S. 1, 2—Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
P. E. 42, 44—Hygiene (Women)	2	2
Physical Activities (Men and Women)	1	1
Total	19-20	19-20
Sophomore Year		
Eng. 3, 4 or 5, 6—Composition and Readings in Literature	3	3
Foreign Language (Continuation of Freshman year selection)	3	3
Econ. 31, 32—Principles of Economics	3	3
H. 5, 6-History of American Civilization	3	3
G. & PComparative Government, selection in accordance with the		
student's need	2	2
Sp. 18, 19—Introductory Speech	1	1
M. S. 3, 4—Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
Physical Activities (Men and Women)	1	1
Total	16-19	16-19

	-Seme	ster
Junior Year	I	II
Econ, 150-Marketing Principles and Organization	3	
Econ. 140-Money and Banking	8	
Econ. 160-Labor Economics		8
G. &. P. 101-International Political Relations		3
B. A. 130-Elements of Business Statistics	3	
Econ. 131—Comparative Economic Systems		3
Ec. GeogSelection of Regional division to fit student's needs	3	8
Electives to meet student's major interest	3	3
Total	15	15
Senior Year		
G. & P. 102-International Law	3	
G. & P. 131—Constitutional Law		8
G. & P. 180—Government and Business		8
Ec. 132-Advanced Economic Prin., or Ec. 134, Contemporary Econ.		
Thought	3	
G. & P. 181-Administrative Law	3	
Econ. 136-International Economic Policies and Relations		3
Econ. 149-International Finance and Exchange		3
Electives to meet the needs of the student's major interest	3	6
Total	15	15

#### Suggested electives:

American History 108, 127, 129, 133, 135, 145, and 146.

European History 175, 176, 179, 180, 185, 186, and History 191—History of Russia; History 195—The Far East.

Government and Politics 7, 8, 9, 10, 105, and 154.

#### IV. GEOGRAPHY

Agriculture, industry, trade, social customs and politics of a given geographical region are influenced to a great extent by the natural resources of that area. Climatic conditions, topography, soils, mineral deposits, water power, and other physical factors largely determine the economic possibilities of a country. The characteristics of the philosophy, political ideals and degrees of technological maturity of the people within a given geographical unit, in turn, determine in large measures the degree of effectiveness with which the natural resources are utilized. The standard of living, the purchasing power, and the political outlook of the inhabitants of a country are, in the main, the result or the expression of the interrelationship existing between the people and their physical environment.

This curriculum is designed to aid the student in securing the facts concerning the major geographical areas of the world and in studying and analyzing causes and results as they affect economic, political, and social activities. The student interested in international trade, international political relations, diplomacy, overseas governments, and national aspirations will find the courses in this department of great practical value. Work is offered on both the undergraduate and the graduate levels. Emphasis is

placed on research activity on the part of faculty members and graduate students.

Students who expect to enroll in the engineering and professional schools and those who are planning to enter the fields of Business and Public Administration, or Foreign Service, will find courses in geography of material value to them in their later work. At present there exists a serious lack of well-trained geographers, in government service, in universities, colleges, and high schools, as well as in private business, with demand greatly exceeding the supply. A student of geography should choose his courses to meet the requirements for his major objective, be it an undergraduate major or minor, or a Master of Arts, or a Doctor of Philosophy degree. He should consult the bulletin of the Graduate School for the general requirements for the advanced degrees.

#### Requirements for a Geography Major:

A student majoring in geography is required to complete satisfactorily 120 semester hours of work in addition to the required work in military science, hygiene, and physical activities. A general average of at least "C" is required for graduation. A student must maintain at least an average grade of "C" in his major and minor in order to continue in his chosen field.

The specific requirements for the geography major are:

- I. Geog. 30 and 41 (3, 3); Geog. 60 and 61 (3, 3); and 6 hours in regional geography courses numbered 100 to 149; a total of 18 hours of required courses. Other courses in geography to meet the requirements of a major are to be selected with the aid of a faculty advisor.
- II. Social Science—G. & P. 1 (3); Econ. 31 and 32 (3, 3); History 5 and 6 (3, 3); Soc. 1, 5 (3, 3) and 121 and 122 (3, 3); a total of 27 semester hours.
- III. Natural Science—Botany 1 and 102 (4, 3); Soils 1 and 103 (3, 3); Chem. 7 and 9 (3, 3); or 1 and 3 (4, 4). Students specifically interested in meteorology can substitute Physics 1 and 2 (3, 3) or 10 and 11 (4, 4) for Chemistry. A total of 19 or 21 semester hours.
- IV. Mathematics—Math. 5, 6 (3, 3), or, according to the interest of the student in meteorology, climatology, and cartography, Math. 10, 11 (3, 3).
  - V. English—Eng. 1, 2; and 3, 4 or 5, 6—a total of 12 semester hours.
- VI. Foreign Language and Literature, 12 semester hours in one language, unless an advanced course is taken. Candidates for the Ph.D. degree are required to have a reading knowledge of two modern languages.
- VII. Military Science, Hygiene, and Physical Activities. The present University requirements is 16 semester hours in Military Science and Physical Activities for all able-bodied male students. Women students are required to take 8 semester hours credit in hygiene and physical activities.

A student who elects geography as a major must have earned 12 semester hours credit in the prerequisite courses in geography prior to his beginning the advanced work of the junior year. These are normally taken during the freshman and sophomore years and must be completed with an average grade of not less than "C." The major sequences are not completed until at least 26 or not more than 40 credits, in addition to the required prerequisites, are satisfactorily earned, that is, with the average grade of at least "C."

A minor in geography consists, in addition to the underclass departmental requirements (that is Geog. 1, 2 (2, 2), or Geog. 60, 61 (3, 3); Geog. 30 (3) and Geog. 41 (3), or 12 hours in all) of 12 hours additional credits in geography, or in courses which are judged to be sufficiently closely related by an adviser from the Department of Geography.

For the guidance of graduate students, it should be emphasized that the Department of Geography is particularly interested in the appraisal of natural resources in relation to economic, social and political developments; it aims to encourage study of the natural resource base of the culture of an area. This necessitates, on the one hand, an elementary knowledge of certain of the physical sciences as a basis for the physical aspects of geographic study and resource analysis. On the other hand, a certain amount of knowledge of economics, of sociology and of political organization may be necessary in order to understand stages of resource utilization and the social consequences. The Department believes that for many candidates, for both Master's and Doctor's degrees, a balanced training in the physical and socio-economic aspects of geography is desirable. In specialization, emphasis may be shifted toward the physical side of geography, or toward the socio-economic side, depending upon the preparation, background, interests and intended work of each candidate.

The specific courses comprising the student's program of studies should be selected with the aid of a faculty adviser from the Department of Geography in terms of the student's objective and major interests.

## Study Program for Geography Majors:

	-Semest	er
Freshman Year	I	II
Geog. 30-Principles of Physical Geography	3	
Geog. 41—Weather and Climate		3
and 11	3	3
Chem. 7 and 9 (or 1 and 3)-Introductory Chemistry	3(4)	3(4)
G. & P. 1-American Government (or Soc. Amer. Life)		3
Soc. 1—Sociology of American Life (or Amer. Gov't)	3	
Eng. 1, 2-Composition and Readings in American Literature	3	3
M. S. 1, 2—Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
P. E. 42, 44—Hygiene (Women)	2	2
Physical Activities (Men and Women)	_ 1	1
Total	18 -20	18 - 20

	-Seme	ster
Sophomore Year	I	II
Geog. 60, 61—Economic Geography	3	3
Soils 1—General Soils	3	
Botany 1—General Botany		4
Econ. 31, 32—Principles of Economics	3	3
Eng. 3, 4 or 5, 6-Composition and Readings in Literature	3	**
Hist. 5, 6-History of American Civilization	3	3
M. S. 3, 4—Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
Physical Activities (Men and Women)	1	1
Total	15-19	16-19
Junior Year		
Soc. 5-Anthropology	3	
Bot, 102-Plant Ecology		3
Soils 103—Soil Geography		3
Foreign Language	3	3
Geog.—Selection of Regional Courses to Fit Student's Needs	3	3
Electives, with adviser's consent	6	3
Total	15	15
Senior Year		
Soc. 120, 121—Population	3	3
Foreign Language	3	3
Geog.—Selection of Regional Courses to Fit Student's Needs	3	3
Electives, with adviser's consent	6	6
Total	15	15

## COLLEGE OF EDUCATION

HAROLD BENJAMIN, Dean HENRY BRECHBILL, Assistant Dean ALMA FROTHINGHAM, Secretary

The College of Education meets the needs of the following classes of students: (1) undergraduates preparing to teach in secondary, nursery, nursing and dental schools; (2) present or prospective elementary teachers who wish to supplement their training; (3) students preparing for educational work in the trades and industries; (4) students preparing to become home demonstrators, club or community recreation leaders, and (in cooperation with the Department of Sociology) social workers; (5) graduate students preparing for teaching, supervisory, or administrative positions; (6) students whose major interests are in other fields, but who desire courses in education.

### Special Facilities

Because of the location of the University in the suburbs of the nation's capital, unusual facilities for the study of education are available to its students and faculty. The Library of Congress, the library of the Office of Education, and special libraries of other government agencies are accessible, as well as the information services of the National Education Association, American Council on Education, U. S. Office of Education, and other institutions, public and private. The school systems of the District of Columbia, Baltimore, and suburban counties of Maryland offer generous cooperation.

## The Institute for Child Study

The Institute for Child Study carries on the following activities: (1) it undertakes basic research in human development; (2) it digests and synthesizes research findings from the many sciences that study human beings; (3) it plans, organizes and services programs of direct child study by inservice teachers in individual schools or in municipal, county or state systems; (4) it offers field training to a limited number of properly qualified doctorate students, preparing them to render expert consultant service to schools and for college teaching of human development. Inquiries should be addressed to Prof. Daniel A. Prescott, Director, Institute for Child Study.

## The Workshop on Child Development and Education.

The College of Education operates a Workshop on Child Development and Education for six weeks each summer. Requiring full-time work of all participants, it provides opportunities for (1) study and synthesis of scientific knowledge about children and youth; (2) training in the analysis of case records; (3) training for study-group leaders for in-service child study programs; (4) planning in-service programs of child study for teachers and pre-service courses and laboratory experiences for prospective teachers; (5) analysis of the curricular, guidance, and school organization implications of scientific knowledge about human development and behavior.

Special announcements of the Workshop are available about March 15 of each year and advance registration is required because the number of participants must be limited. Inquiries should be addressed to Dr. Daniel A. Prescott, Director, Workshop on Child Development and Education.

## THE UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND NURSERY SCHOOL

The University of Maryland has a nursery school on the campus where Students majoring in nursery school education may receive training and practical experience. This school is a cooperative effort which is operated jointly by the parents and the College of Education.

# Requirements for Admission

The requirements for admission to the College of Education are in general the same as for the other colleges of the University. Candidates for admission whose high school records are consistently low are strongly advised not to seek admission to the College of Education.

# Guidance in Registration

At the time of matriculation each student is tentatively assigned to a member of the faculty who acts as the student's personal adviser. The choice of subject areas within which the student will prepare to teach and the selection of his professional courses will be made under faculty guidance during the first year in the Introduction to Education course, required of all freshmen. While in particularly fortunate cases it may be possible to make satisfactory adjustments as late as the junior year, for students from other colleges who have not already entered upon the sequence of professional courses, it is highly desirable that this work in the College of Education be begun in the freshman year. Students who intend to teach (except Vocational Agriculture) should register in the College of Education, in order that they may have continuously the counsel and guidance of the faculty which is directly responsible for their professional preparation.

#### Junior Status

The first two years of college work are preparatory to the professional work of the junior and senior years. To be eligible to enter the professional courses, a student must have attained junior status, that is, he must have completed 64 semester hours with an average grade of C or better.

# Courses Outside of College Park

Through the College of Special and Continuation Studies a number of courses in Education are offered in Baltimore and elsewhere. These courses are chosen to meet the needs of groups of students in various centers. In these centers, on a part-time basis, a student may complete a part of the work required for a bachelor's degree. Graduate courses in Education are offered in Baltimore.

Announcement of such courses may be obtained by addressing requests to the Director of the College of Special and Continuation Studies, College Park, Maryland.

#### Certification of Teachers

The State Department of Education certifies to teach in the approved high schools of the State only graduates of approved colleges who have satisfactorily fulfilled subject-matter and professional requirements. Specifically it limits certification to graduates who "rank academically in the upper four-fifths of the class and who make a grade of C or better in practice teaching." (See also Elementary Education.)

From the offerings in Education, the District of Columbia requirement of 24 semester hours of professional courses may be fully met. Students intending to qualify as teachers in Baltimore, Washington, or any other city or state should, in their junior year, obtain a statement of certification requirements in such area and be guided thereby in the selection of courses. Advisers will assist in obtaining and utilizing such information.

#### Degrees

The degrees conferred upon students who have met the conditions prescribed for a degree in the College of Education are Bachelor of Arts and Bachelor of Science. Majors in English, social sciences, languages, and art, receive the B. A. degree. Mathematics' majors may receive either degree. All others receive the B. S. degree.

#### **Professional Organizations**

The College of Education sponsors two professional organizations, Phi Delta Kappa, the national professional fraternity for men in Education, and Iota Lambda Sigma, the national honorary fraternity in Industrial Education. Both fraternities have large and active chapters and are providing outstanding professional leadership in their fields of service.

### Graduate Status

To be eligible for graduate study in Education a student must have earned at least 16 semester credits in Education at the undergraduate level. He must also hold the Bachelor of Arts degree, or its equivalent.

## CURRICULA AND REQUIRED COURSES

There are 12 curricula in the College of Education, as follows: (1) Academic, which is selected by students who wish to become teachers of English, social studies, sciences, mathematics, or languages; (2) Art Education; (3) Business Education; (4) Dental Education; (5) Elementary Education; (6) Home Economics Education; (7) Industrial Education; (8) Nursery School Education; (9) Nursing Education; (10) Physical Education; (11) Health Education; (12) Recreation Education; and (13) Prephysical Therapy.

A total of 120 semester hours in addition to the University requirement in military and physical education is required for graduation in the College of Education. In no case shall the total number of semester hours required for graduation be less than 128.

The following minimum requirements are common to all curricula: English—12 semester hours; social studies—12 semester hours, as follows: Soc. 1—Sociology of American Life; G. & P. 1—American Government; and H. 5, 6—History of American Civilization; science or mathematics—6 semester hours; education—20 semester hours; Speech—3 semester hours; physical education and military science as required by the University.

Marks in all required courses in education and in the major and minor must be C or higher. A general average of C or higher must be maintained and three-fourths or more of the total required credits must carry grades of C or better. In order to be admitted to a course in student teaching (Ed. 143, 148, or 149) a student must have a grade point average of 2.275.

Exceptions to curricular requirements and rules of the College of Education must have the approval of the student's adviser and the dean.

#### Academic Education

Students enrolled in this curriculum will meet the following general requirements.

- (1) English, 12 semester hours.
- (2) Foreign language for candidates for the bachelor of arts degree: 12 semester hours provided the student enters with less than three years of foreign language credits; 6 semester hours, if he enters with three years of such credits. No foreign language is required of any student who enters with four years of language credits nor of candidates for the bachelor of science degree. See "Degrees" above.
- (3) Social sciences, 12 semester hours as follows: Soc. 1—Sociology of American Life; G. & P. 1—American Government; and H. 5, 6—History of American Civilization.
- (4) Science or mathematics, 12 semester hours.
- (5) Education, 20 semester hours.
- (6) Speech, 4 semester hours.

All students who elect the academic education curriculum will fulfill the preceding general requirements and also prepare to teach at least two high school subjects which will involve meeting specific requirements in particular subject matter fields called majors or minors. Usually the student completes one major and one minor.

The specific requirements by subject fields are as follows:

A minor in English requires 26 semester hours. It includes the 15 semester hours prescribed for the major and 11 hours of electives.

Electives must be chosen with the approval of the adviser who will guide the student in terms of College of Education records and recommendations of the English Department.

Social Sciences. For a major in this group 36 semester hours are required, of which at least 18 hours must be in history, including 6 hours in American history and 6 hours in European history. Six of the 18 hours must be in advanced courses. For a minor in the group, 24 hours are required, of which 18 are the same as specified above.

History (including one year each of American and

For a minor, the requirements are the same less the electives.

Foreign Languages. All students preparing to teach French, German, or Spanish are required to take Comparative Literature 101 and 102 and are strongly advised to take the review course for majors (Fr., Ger., or Sp. 99). Further courses in comparative literature along with work in European or Latin American history are also recommended.

Specific minimum requirements in the three languages are a semester each of intermediate and advanced conversation (Fr., Ger., or Sp. 8 and 80), a semester of grammar review, six hours of introductory survey of the literature (Fr., Ger., Sp. 75 and 76), one semester of a Life and Culture Course (Fr., Ger. or Sp. 161 or 162) and six hours in literature courses numbered 100 or above. No minor is provided.

Mathematics. A major in mathematics requires 36 semester hours as follows: math. 2, 14, 15, 17, 20, 21, and elective credits in mathematics.

For a minor, the requirements are: Math. 2, 14, 15, 17, 20, 21, and five elective credits in mathematics.

The following courses are recommended for electives in mathematics: Math. 13, 16, 102, 103, 124, 125.

Students who pass an attainment examination with a satisfactory grade are excused from the requirement in Solid Geometry.

Science. In general science a major of 40 semester hours and a minor of 30 semester hours are offered, each including elementary courses in chemistry, physics, and biology (zoology and botany). The major should include one of the following programs.

Program I, emphasizing chemistry: Math. 14, 15; Chem. 1, 3, 5, 19, 31, 32, 33, 34, 101, 181, 182, 183, 184; Phys. 10, 11, or 20, 21; Zool. 1; Bot. 1; Bact. 1.

Program II, emphasizing physics: Math. 14, 15; Chem. 1, 3; Phys. 20, 21, and six additional hours in physics; Zool. 1; Bot. 1; Bact. 1.

Program III, emphasizing botany: Chem. 1, 3; Phys. 1, 2, or 10, 11; Zool. 1; Bot. 1, 2, 50, 111, 102; Bact. 1.

Program IV, emphasizing zoology: Chem. 1, 3; Phys. 1, 2 or 10, 11; Zool. 2, 3, 14, 15, 107, 121 or 104, 75, 76; Bot. 1; Bact. 1.

Minors of 20 semester hours are offered in chemistry, in physics, and in biological sciences. A minor in biology must be supported by a course in chemistry. A minor in physics must be supported by a basic course in chemistry. A minor in chemistry must be supported by a basic course in physics.

If a major in general science is accompanied by a minor in chemistry, physics, or biology, the same credits may be applied to both provided that they number not less than 52 semester hours in natural sciences.

Academic Education Curriculum	-Seme	ster
Freshman Year	I	II
Ed. 2—Introduction to Education	2	or 2
Eng. 1, 2—Composition and American Literature	3	3
Soc. 1—Sociology of American Life	3	
Speech 1, 2—Public Speaking	2	2
G. & P. 1-American Government		3
M. S. 1, 2—Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
Physical Activities	1	1
P. E. 42, 44—Hygiene I, II (Women)	2	2
General requirements		
Major and minor requirements		
Electives	• • • •	••••
Total	17	17-18
Sophomore Year		
Ed. 2—Educational Forum	1	or 1
Eng. 3, 4—Composition and World Literature, or	3	3
Eng. 5, 6-Composition and English Literature	3	3
H. 5, 6—History of American Civilization	3	3
M. S. 3, 4—Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
Physical Activities	1	1
General requirements	• • • •	
Major and minor requirements	• • • •	
Electives	• • • •	••••
Total	17-18	17-18
Junior Year		
Psych. 110—Educational Psychology	3	
Ed. 160—Educational Sociology	2	• • • •
Ed. 180—Theory of the Junior High School or		2
Ed. 131-Theory of the Senior High School		2
Ed. 140-Curriculum, Instruction, and Observation		8
General requirements		
Major and minor requirements		
Electives	• • • •	• • • •
Total	16-18	16_18

	-Seme	ster
Senior Year	I	II
Ed. 150-Educational Measurements	2	
Ed. 148-Methods and Practice of Teaching or	. 4	or 4
Ed. 149-Methods and Practice of Teaching	9	or 9
Major and minor requirements		• • • •
Total	12-18	12-18

#### Art Education

This curriculum is planned to meet the growing demand for special teachers and supervisors in art activity. Emphasis is placed upon ways to draw out and develop the creative inclinations of beginners; to integrate art and other areas of study; to utilize art in solving social problems. General requirements are the same as for the academic curriculum.

Art Education Curriculum	-Seme	ster
Freshman Year	I	II
Ed. 2-Introduction to Education	2	
Eng. 1, 2-Composition and American Literature	3	3
Soc. 1—Sociology of American Life		3
G. & P. 1—American Government	3	
Speech 1, 2—Public Speaking	2	2
Pr. Art 1—Design		3
Pr. Art 2-Survey of Art History	2	
P. E. 42, 44—Hygiene (Women)	2	2
M. S. 1, 2—Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
Physical Activities	1	1
*Math. O—Basic Mathematics		0
Electives	2	2-4
		2-4
Total	17	16-18
Sophomore Year		
Ed. 3—Educational Forum		1
Eng. 3, 4-Composition and World Literature, or	3	3
Eng. 5. 6—Composition and English Literature	3	3
Chem. 11, 13—General Chemistry	3	3
Pr. Art 20—Costume Design	3	
Pr. Art 30—Typography and Lettering		3
Cr. 2—Simple Crafts		2
Pr. Art 3—Creative Art Inspired by Primitive Art	2	_
Pr. Art 4—Three-dimensional Design	_	2
M. S. 3, 4—Basic R. O. T. C. (Men).	3	3
Physical Activities	1	1
Electives	4-6	2
***************************************	4-6	2
Total	16-18	16-18
***************************************	10-18	10-19

An examination in mathematics will be given to freshmen during the fall semester:
 those who pass will not be required to take Math. O

	-Seme	ster
Junior Year	I	11
Ed. 160-Educational Sociology	2	
Psych. 110-Educational Fsychology		
Ed. 130-Theory of the Junior High School, or		2
Ed. 131-Theory of the Senior High School		2
H. 5, 6-American History		3
Pr. Art. 140, 141-Interior Design		3
Cr. 20—Ceramics		
Cr. 30—Metalry		
Cr. 5—Puppetry		2
Professional Lectures		0
Electives	4-6	3-5
Total	16-18	16-18
Senior Year		
Ed. 140-Curriculum, Instruction, and Observation-Art	3	
Ed. 150-Educational Measurement		
Ed. 148-Methods and Practice of Teaching		4-9
Pr. Art 132—Advertising Layout	2	
Cr. 40—Weaving	2	
Cr. 198—Crafts in Therapy		2
Electives	7	5-10
Total	16	16

# **Business Education**

Two curricula are offered for the preparation of teachers of business subjects. The General Business Education Curriculum qualifies for teaching all business subjects except shorthand. Providing thorough training in general business, including economics, it leads to teaching positions on both junior and senior high school levels. By the proper selection of electives, persons following this curriculum may also qualify as teachers of social studies.

The Secretarial Education course is adapted to the needs of those who wish to become teachers of shorthand as well as other business subjects.

General Business Education Curriculum	—Sem	ester
Freshman Year	I	II
Eng. 1, 2-Composition and American Literature	3	3
G. & P. 1-American Government	3	
Soc. 1—Sociology of American Life		3
Math. 5—General Mathematics	3	
Math, 6-Mathematics of Finance		3
Econ. 1, 2—Economic Resources	2	2
S. T. 1—Principles of Typewriting		2
Ed. 2—Introduction to Education	2	
Speech 1, 2—Public Speaking	2	2
M. S. 1, 2—Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
P. E. 42, 44—Hygiene I, II (Women)	2	2
Physical Activities (Men and Women)	1	1
Total	18-19	18-19

	-Seme	ster
Sophomore Year	I	II
Eng. 3, 4—Composition and World Literature	3	3
Hist. 5, 6—History of American Civilization		8
Econ. 31, 32—Principles of Economics		3
B. A. 20, 21—Principles of Accounting	4	4
S. T. 2—Intermediate Typewriting	2	
S. T. 10—Office Typewriting Problems		2
Ed. 3—Educational Forum		1
M. S. 3, 4—Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	3
Physical Activities (Men and Women)	1	1
Total	16-19	17-20
Junior Year		
Psych. 110—Educational Psychology	3	
Ed. 140-Curriculum, Instruction, and Observation-Business Subjects		3
Ed. 146—Techniques of Teaching Office Skills	2	
Ed. 160—Educational Sociology		2
Ed. 130-Theory of Junior High School, or Theory of Senior High School	2	
S. T. 112—Filing		2
S. T. 111—Office Machines	3	
B. A. 10, 11-Organization and Control	2	2
Econ. 140-Money and Banking	3	
Econ. 150-Marketing and Organization		8
Electives	2	5
Total	17	17
Senior Year		
Ed. 150-Educational Measurements	2	
Ed. 149-Methods and Practice of Teaching		9
B. A. 165—Office Management	3	
B. A. 180, 181—Business Law	4	4
Electives	8	8
Total	17	16

# Secretarial Education Curriculum

Freshman Year

Same as General Business Curriculum

	_Seme	ster
Sophomore Year	I	11
Ed. 3-Educational Forum		1
Eng. 3, 4—Composition and World Literature, or	3	3
Eng. 5, 6—Composition and English Literature.	3	3
Hist. 5, 6—History of American Civilization.	3	3
S. T. 12, 13—Principles of Shorthand I, II.	4	4
S. T. 2—Intermediate Typewriting	2	-
S. T. 10—Office Typewriting Problems	_	2
Econ. 37—Fundamentals of Economics.		_
M. S. 3, 4—Basic R. O. T. C. (Men)	3	
	3	3
Physical Activities	1	1
Total	19	17
Junior Year		•
Psych. 110-Educational Psychology		8
Ed. 140-Curriculum, Instruction, and Observation-Business Subjects		3
Ed. 146—Techniques of Teaching Office Skills	2	
Ed. 160—Educational Sociology	2	
Ed. 130 or 131—Theory of Junior (or Scnior) High School		2
S. T. 16—Advanced Shortand	3	
S. T. 17—Transcription	2	
B. A. 20, 21—Principles of Accounting	4	4
S. T. 112—Filing		2
S. T. 111—Office Machines	3	_
Electives	-	3
Diectives		
Total	16	17
Senior Year		
Ed. 150-Educational Measurement	2	
Ed. 149-Methods and Practice of Teaching		9
S. T. 110-Secretarial Work	8	
B. A. 165—Office Management		8
B. A. 180, 181—Business Law	4	4
Electives	8	
Total	17	16

### **Dental Education**

In cooperation with the School of Dentistry, the College of Education offers a curriculum in dental education leading to the Bachelor of Science degree, with course work offered in the Baltimore Center only. This curriculum is designed to prepare superior graduates of the Dental School for positions as teachers of dentistry. Details of the program may be obtained from the Dean of the School of Dentistry or of the College of Education. Persons entering the program must be approved by the Committee on Admissions of the Dental School.

For students who are dental school graduates with the degree of Doctor of Dental Surgery (acquired since 1936-37, after six years of study) and who have the approval of the Committee on Admissions of the Dental School:

A. Ninety-six (96) semester hours (or the equivalent	of three years of
work) may be credited for the dental school work pr	ovided none of the
dental school marks were lower than "B".	•

В.	The additional	32 semester	hours, as	follows, a	re required:
----	----------------	-------------	-----------	------------	--------------

Directed electives ......

	additional be believed hours, as follows, are required.		
1.	English. English language and literature		8
2.	Social Science. Four (4) of which are in American His and the other 4 directed electives		8
3.	Education, as follows:		16
	History of Dental Education	2	
	Educational Psychology	4	
	Secondary Education	2	
	Educational Tests and Measurements	2	
	Methods of Teaching Vocational Subjects	2	
	Organization and Management of Vocational Classes	2	

# Elementary Education

This curriculum is open only to persons who have completed a two- or three-year curriculum in a Maryland State Teachers College or other accredited teacher education institutions and whose records give evidence of ability and character essential to elementary teaching. Such persons will be admitted to advanced standing and classified provisionally in appropriate classes.

Credit for extension courses given by other institutions may be accepted in an amount not exceeding 30 semester hours. The last 30 semester hours of work preceding the conferring of the degree must be done in the University of Maryland.

Additional curriculum requirements for students who are admitted with approximately 64 semester hours of advanced standing (two year normal school graduates) are as follows:

Education—4 semester hours; English—10 semester hours; science (chemistry, physics, zoology, botany, bacteriology, entomology)—10 semester hours; social science (history, sociology, economics, government and politics, geography)—12 semester hours. Electives to be chosen according to individual need and approved by adviser.

Additional curriculum requirements for students who enter with approximately 96 semester hours of advanced standing (three-year normal school graduates) are as follows:

Education—2 semester hours; English—6 semester hours; science (as above)—6 semester hours; social science (as above)—12 semester hours. Electives—as above.

State Department of Education requirements provide that a teacher in service may present for certificate credit not more than six semester hours

of credit completed during a school year. The College of Education assumes no responsibility in this connection but candidates are advised to observe this regulation.

# Home Economics Education

The Home Economics Education curriculum is designed for students who are preparing to teach vocational or general home economics or to engage in any phase of home economics work which requires a knowledge of teaching methods. It includes studies of all phases of home economics and the allied sciences, with professional training for teaching these subjects. A student majoring in this curriculum may also qualify for a science minor.

Students electing this curriculum may register in the College of Education or the College of Home Economics. See "Guidance in Registration," page 143.

Home Economics Education Curriculum		ster—
Freshman Year	I	H
Ed. 2—Introduction to Education	2	
Eng. 1, 2—Composition and American Literature, or	3	3
Eng. 5, 6-Composition and English Literature	3	3
Soc. 1—Sociology of American Life	3	
Pol. Sci. 1—American Government		3
Speech 1, 2—Public Speaking	2	2
H. E. 1—Home Economics Lectures	1	
Pr. Art 1—Design	3	
Math. O or Elective		3
P. E. 42, 44—Hygiene I, II	2	2
Physical Activities	1	1
Tex. 1—Textiles		3
Total	17	17
Sophomore Year		
Ed. 3—Educational Forum		1
Eng. 3, 4—Composition and World Literature	3	3
H. 5, 6-History of American Civilization	3	3
Chem. 11, 13—General Chemistry	3	3
Pr. Art 20-Costume Design		3
Clo 20A or B—Clothing	3	
Foods 2, 3—Foods		3
Physical Activities	1	1
Total	16	17

Not required of students who pass the qualifying examination which is given during the first semester. Prerequisite for chemistry.

	-Semes	ster
Junior Year	I	II
H. E. Ed. 101-Curriculum, Instruction, and Observation		8
Psych. 110-Educational Psychology	3	
Home Mgt. 150, 151-Home Management	3	3
Nut. 10-Elements of Nutrition		8
Foods 100—Food Economics	2	
Foods 101-Meal Service		2
Clo. 120-Draping		8
Pr. Art 140—Interior Design	3	
Econ. 37—Fundamentals of Economics	3	'
Zool. 16—Human Physiology	4	
Bot. 1—General Botany		4
Total	18	18
Senior Year		
H. E. Ed. 102-Problems in Teaching Home Economics	3	
H. E. Ed. 103-Teaching Secondary Vocational Home Economics		4-8
Home Mgt. 152-Practice in Management of the Home		3
H. E. Ed. 110-Child Development	3	
Ed. 150-Educational Measurement	2	
Bact. 51-Household Bacteriology	3	
Ed. 130-Theory of the Junior High School or	2	
Ed. 131-Theory of the Senior High School		
Ed. 160-Educational Sociology	2	
———Child Study	• • • •	. 3
Total	15	10

## Nursery School Education

The nursery school education curriculum has as its goal the preparation of nursery school teachers. It is also planned to further the personal development of the student and to give training in homemaking.

Nursery School Education Curriculum	-Semester	
Freshman Year	I	II
Ed. 2—Introduction to Education	2	
Eng. 1, 2-Composition and American Literature	3	3
Soc. 1—Sociology of American Life	3	
G. & P. 1-American Government		3
Speech 1, 2-Public Speaking	2	2
Pr. Art 1—Design	3	
Psych. 1—Introduction to Psychology		3
P. E. 42, 44—Hygiene I, 11	2	2
Physical Activities	1	1
Electives	••••	2
Total	16	16

	-Seme	ster-
Sophomore Year	I	II
Ed. 3—Educational Forum		1
Eng. 3, 4—Composition and World Literature, or	3	3
Eng. 5, 6—Composition and English Literature	3	3
Nut. 10-Elements of Nutrition	3	
Zool, 16-Human Physiology	4	
Hist. 5, 6—History of American Civilization	3	3
Foods 1—Int. Foods		3
Econ. 37—Fund. of Economics		3
Physical Activities	1	1
Electives	3	3
Total	17	17
Junior Year		
H. E. Ed. 110—Child Development I	3	
Home Mgt. 150, 151—Management of the Home	3	3
Foods 100—Food Economics	2	• • • •
Foods 101—Meal Service	2	• • • •
Zool. 55—Development of the Human Body	2	• • • •
Psych. 110—Educational Psychology	• • • •	3
H. E. Ed. 112-Play and Play Materials	• • • •	2
Bact. 51—Household Bacteriology	• • • •	3
Ed. 159—Child Development II	• • • • •	2
Electives	4	3
Total	16	16
10tal	10	10
a : w		
Senior Year		
H. E. Ed. 111-Curriculum, Instruction, and Observation-Nursery		
School	3	• • • •
H. E. Ed. 118—Teaching Nursery School	• • • •	4-8
Psych. 125—Child Psychology	3	• • • •
Home Mgt. 152—Practice in Management of the Home	• • • •	8
Clo. 123—Children's Clothing	2	
Nut. 111—Child Nutrition		2
Soc. 61-Marriage and the Family		8
Ed. 42—Children's Literature	2	
H. E. Ed. 116, 117—Creative Expression—Art, Music, Dance	3	8
Electives	2	• • • •
Total	15	15

### Nursing Education

By cooperative arrangements between the School of Nursing and the College of Education a curriculum is provided for persons who desire to become teachers in schools of nursing. While the curriculum has not yet been developed in final form, a tentative statement of requirements adequate for current student guidance is available and may be obtained on request from the School of Nursing in Baltimore or the College of Education in College Park.

#### Industrial Education

The program of studies in Industrial Education provides: (a) a four-year curriculum leading to the degree of bachelor of science in industrial education; (b) a program of professional courses to prepare teachers to meet the certification requirements in vocational and occupational schools; (c) a program of courses for the improvement of teachers in service.

Experience in some trade or industrial activity will benefit students preparing to teach industrial subjects. The curriculum is designed to prepare teachers of trade and industrial shop and related subjects, and teachers of industrial arts. Reasonable adaptations of this curriculum are made for trade and industrial teachers in service. Students entering an industrial education curriculum register in the College of Education.

Industrial Education Curriculum	-Semes	ster-
Freshman Year	1	II
Ed. 2-Introduction to Education	2	
Eng. 1, 2-Composition and American Literature	3	8
Speech 1, 2-Public Speaking	2	2
Soc. 1—Sociology of American Life	3	
Pol. Sci. 1-American Government		3
Ind. Ed. 1—Mechanical Drawing	2	
Ind. Ed. 21-Mechanical Drawing		2
Ind. Ed. 2-Elementary Woodworking	2	
Ind. Ed. 22-Machine Woodworking I	,	2
Ind. Ed. 12—Shop Calculation	,	3
M. S. 1, 2—Basic R. O. T. C	3	3
Physical Activities	1	1
Total	18	19
Sophomore Year		
Ed. 3—Education Forum		1
Eng. 3, 4—Composition and World Literature, or	3	3
Eng. 5, 6-Composition and English Literature	3	3
Hist. 5, 6—History of American Civilization	3	8
Ind. Ed. 23—Arc and Gas Welding		1
Ind. Ed. 24—Sheet Metal Work	2	
Ind. Ed. 41—Architectural Drawing	2	
Ind. Ed. 67—Cold Metal Work		2
Chem. 1, 3—General Chemistry	4	4
Math. 10—Algebra		3
M. S. 3, 4—Basic R. O. T. C	3	3
Physical Activities	1	1
Total	18	21

	=Seme	ester =
Junior Year	I	II
Ind. Ed. 26—Art Metal Work I		2
Ind. Ed. 28—Electricity 1		2
Ind. Ed. 69-Machine Shop Practice 1	2	
Ind. Ed. 110—Foundry	1	
Ind. Ed. 160—Essentials of Design.	2	
Ind. Ed. 140 - Curriculum, Instruction, and Observation-Industrial	_	
Education		3
Ind. Ed. 166 -Educational Foundations of Industrial Arts, or	2	
Ind. Ed. 171—History of Vocational Education	2	
Psych. 110—Educational Psychology	3	
Ed. 160—Educational Sociology		2
Ed. 130—Educational Sociology  Ed. 130—Theory of the Junior High School, or	2	
	2	
Ed. 131—Theory of the Senior High School	3	3
	3	3
Directed Electives in Industrial Education		3
Electives		
Total	18	18
Senior Year		
Ind. Ed. 89-Machine Shop Practice II	2	
Ind. Ed. 48—Electricity II	2	
*Ind. Ed. 31—Mechanical Drawing		2
†Ind. Ed. 42—Machine Woodworking II		2
Ind. Ed. 164—Shop Organization and Management		2
Ed. 150—Educational Measurement	2	
Ed. 16I—Guidance in Secondary Schools		2
Ind. Ed. 105—General Shop, or	.2	
Ind. Ed. 168—Trade or Occupational Analysis	2	
Econ. 37—Fundamentals of Economics		3
Ed. 148 or 149—Methods and Practice of Teaching		or 4-9
Electives	4-9	4-9
Total	18 10	10_20

<sup>\*</sup> Ceramics accepted as a substitute.

# Physical Education, Health and Recreation

The College of Education, in cooperation with the College of Military Science, Physical Education, and Recreation, offers curricula for the preparation of teachers in the fields of Physical Education, Health, Pre-physical Therapy and Recreation. For detailed listing of these curricula and the courses in these fields, see pages 195, 295, 346, 366.

Students interested in preparation for teaching in these fields should first consult the Head of the Department of Physical Education, Health, and Recreation and if approved, then may register in the College of Education.

<sup>†</sup> Automotives accepted as a substitute.

# COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

S. S. Steinberg, Dean

The College of Engineering will, after the current year and in future catalogues, be known as the Glenn L. Martin College of Engineering and Aeronautical Sciences. The present College of Engineering is now undergoing a reorganization which is expected will be completed before September, 1949. This reorganization involves a continuation and expansion of the present departments and the establishment, within the College, of an Institute for Advanced Technological Studies. This Institute will carry on full-time research in connection with an organization known as the State Institute for Industrial Research authorized by the last Legislature to be under the direction of the Board of Regents of the University, and also will carry on studies in the various departments leading to graduate degrees.

The primary purpose of the College of Engineering is to train young men to practice the profession of Engineering. It endeavors at the same time to equip them for their duties as citizens and for careers in public service and in industry.

In training professional engineers it is necessary that great emphasis be placed on the fundamentals of mathematics, science and engineering so as to establish a broad professional base. Experience has also shown the value of a coordinated group of humanistic-social studies for engineering students since their later professional activities are so closely identified with the public. It is well recognized that an engineering training affords an efficient preparation for many callings in public and private life outside the engineering profession.

The length of the normal curriculum in the College of Engineering is four years and leads to the bachelor's degree. In the case of most students these four years give the engineering graduate the basic and fundamental knowledge necessary to enter upon the practice of the profession. Engineering students with superior scholastic records are advised to supplement their undergraduate programs by at least one year of graduate study leading to the master's degree. Graduate programs will be arranged upon application to the chairman of the engineering department concerned.

In order to give the new student time to choose the branch of engineering for which he is best adapted, the freshman year of the several curriculums is the same. Lectures and conferences are used to guide the student in making a proper choice. The courses differ only slightly in the sophomore year, but in the junior and senior years the students are directed definitely along professional lines.

#### Admission Requirements

The requirements for admission to the College of Engineering are, in general, the same as elsewhere described for admission to the undergraduate

departments of the University, except as to the requirements in mathematics. See Admission, Section I.

It is possible, however, for high school graduates having the requisite number of entrance units to enter the College of Engineering without the unit of advanced algebra, or the one-half unit of solid geometry. The program for such students would be as follows: during the first semester, five hours a week would be devoted to making up advanced algebra and solid geometry; in the second semester, mathematics of the first semester would be scheduled, and the second semester mathematics would be taken in the third semester.

# Bachelor Degrees in Engineering

Courses leading to the degree of Bachelor of Science are offered in aeronautical, chemical, civil, electrical, and mechanical engineering.

# Master of Science in Engineering

Candidates for the degree of Master of Science in Engineering are accepted in accordance with the procedure and requirements of the Graduate School. See Graduate School, Section II.

# Professional Degrees in Engineering

The degrees of Aeronautical Engineer, Chemical Engineer, Civil Engineer, Electrical Engineer, and Mechanical Engineer will be granted only to graduates of the University who have obtained a bachelor's degree in engineering. The applicant must satisfy the following conditions:

- 1. He shall have engaged successfully in acceptable engineering work for not less than four years after graduation.
- 2. He must be considered eligible by a committee composed of the Dean of the College of Engineering and the heads of the Departments of Aeronautical, Chemical, Civil, Electrical, and Mechanical Engineering.
- 3. His registration for a degree must be approved at least twelve months prior to the date on which the degree is to be conferred. He shall present with his application a complete report of his engineering experience and an outline of his proposed thesis.
  - 4. He shall present a satisfactory thesis on an approved subject.

# Equipment

The Engineering buildings are provided with lecture-rooms, recitation-rooms, drafting-rooms, laboratories, and shops for various phases of engineering work.

Drafting-Rooms. The drafting-rooms are fully equipped for practical work. The engineering student must provide himself with an approved drawing outfit, supplies, and books.

Chemical Engineering Laboratories. For instruction and research, the Chemical Engineering Department maintains laboratories for (1) General Testing and Control; (2) Unit Operations; (3) Cooperative Research; (4) Graduate Research.

General Testing and Control Laboratory. In this laboratory there is available complete equipment for the chemical and physical testing of water, gases, coal, petroleum, and their by-products; and for general industrial chemicals, both inorganic and organic.

Unit Operations Laboratory. This laboratory contains equipment for the study of fluid flow, heat flow, drying, filtration, distillation, evaporation, crushing, grinding, combustion, gas absorption, extraction, and centrifuging. Organic process equipment includes an autoclave, nitrator, reducer, and mixing kettle. For the study of fluid flow a permanent hydraulic assembly is available, and this includes flow meters of most types.

In the laboratory there is a large column still with a kettle capacity of 100 gallons, equipped for the measurement of temperature and pressure, sampling devices, condensers, and vacuum receivers. This still is so designed that it can be used either as a batch type unit, continuous feed type, direct pot still, steam still, or as a vacuum still. Studies in evaporation can be made on a double effect evaporator, one unit of which is equipped with a horizontal tube bundle and the other with a vertical tube bundle. evaporator is equipped with vacuum and pressure gauges, stirrer, wet vacuum pump, condensate pump, and salt filter. Gas absorption equipment includes a blower and a stoneware column packed with different types of packings in respective sections so that comparative studies may be made. The organic process equipment is all self-driven and designed to afford flexibility in use. Filtration studies may be made either on a large plate and frame press or on the ordinary Sweetland type press. Combustion equipment available consists of an industrial carburetor, pot furnace, premix gas fired furnace and the usual gas analysis equipment. For grinding there is a jaw crusher, a disc crusher, and a ball mill. A mechanical shaker and standard sieve are available for particle size separation. Shop facilities include a lathe, drill press, grinder, welding equipment, and other tools necessary for unit operation and research studies. The University has received war surplus equipment which, when placed in operation, will greatly expand these facilities.

Cooperative and Graduate Research Laboratories. These laboratories are arranged to permit the installation of such special equipment as the particular problems under consideration may require. Effort is made to maintain cooperation with the industries of Maryland and the Chemical Engineering activities of the State and Federal governments; for such work important advantages accrue because of the location of the Eastern Experiment Station of the United States Bureau of Mines on the University campus.

Electrical Machinery Laboratories. There is provided a motor-generator set, consisting of a synchronous motor and a compound direct-current generator with motor and generator control panels, to furnish direct current for testing purposes. Through a distribution switchboard, provision is made

for distributing to the various laboratories direct current at 125 volts, and alternating current, single-phase, and three-phase, at 110 and 220 volts.

High-current potential dividers and auto-transformers are available at the testing stations for individual voltage control. A single-phase induction regulator with control panel is also available for voltage regulation of experimental circuits. At the individual testing stations, use is made of specially constructed instrument tables which are designed to facilitate measurements in fundamental, direct-current machinery, and alternating-current machinery experiments.

The test equipment includes a variety of direct- and alternating-current generators and motors, distribution transformers, a synchronous converter, an induction regulator, and modern control apparatus. Most of the machines are of modern construction and of such size and design as to give typical performance characteristics. Flexibility of operation is provided in several ways: for example, direct-current machines and alternating-current machines are mounted on common bases with provisions for easy mechanical coupling and any machine may be readily connected electrically to any other machine through a common distribution panel. Metering and control boards are provided for rapid change of operating conditions with any machine. Water-cooled Prony brakes are available for machine testing.

Included in the test equipment are the measuring instruments essential for practical electrical testing, namely, ammeters, voltmeters, wattmeters, watthourmeters, frequency meters, tachometers, stroboscopes, Wheatstone bridges, impedance bridges, and oscillographs.

Electrical Measurements Laboratory. The calibrating equipment consists of standards of potential and resistance which are used in conjunction with modern potentiometers to maintain calibration of a standard ammeter, voltmeter, and watthourmeter. Secondary standards of potential, resistance, inductance, capacitance, and frequency are available. Auxiliary devices such as oscillators, amplifiers, rectifiers, wavemeters, bridges, and galvanometers are also available.

A five-machine motor-generator set delivers voltages and currents, both alternating and direct, to test tables for meter testing. Equipment is also available for the experimental study of electric and magnetic fields, nonlinear circuit elements and other topics in the field of electricity and magnetism.

Electronics Laboratory. This laboratory is housed in the same room as the measurements laboratory thereby permitting direct use of the measurements equipment. A wide variety of vacuum tubes, gas-filled tubes, and photo-tubes is provided for studying tube characteristics. Associated equipment is also provided for making quantitative studies of emission, rectification, amplification, and oscillation. This equipment includes cathoderay oscillographs, vacuum-tube voltmeters, micro-voltmeters, audio oscillators, signal generators, and a-c and d-c bridges.

Electrical Communications Laboratory. Equipment for studying both wire and wireless communication is provided. Transmission circuits, including artificial lines, filter sections, attenuation sections, and coupling devices are provided.

Audio-frequency, high-frequency, and ultra-high-frequency oscillators together with standard signal generators and other standard measuring equipment are available. Several demonstration radio receivers and transmitters are used in laboratory tests involving radio frequencies and several wave guide configurations and antenna arrays are employed in ultra-high-frequency testing.

Mechanical Engineering Laboratories. These laboratories are equipped for research and practice in thermodynamics, heat transmission, fuels and lubricants, steam power, internal combustion engines, refrigeration, air conditioning and heating and ventilation.

The apparatus in the steam power and heat transfer laboratory consists of steam engines equipped with Prony brakes, two-stage steam driven air compressor, mechanical indicators, planimeters, pumps, gauges and their testing equipment, feed water heaters, steam condensers, injectors and ejectors, and a steam turbine generator set.

The fuels and lubricants equipment consists of bomb and gas calorimeters, viscosimeter, octane and octane rating engines, hydrometers, chemical balances, drying ovens, and exhaust gas analyzing equipment.

For internal combustion engine laboratory practice and research there are available: Waukesha Diesel engine research unit with electric dynamometer, National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics variable compression ratio research engine, single and multi-cylinder gasoline engines, radial aircraft engine, R.C.A. piezo-electric high speed engine indicator, vibration measuring equipment, and exhaust pyrometers.

A refrigeration and air conditioning unit, fans, flowmeters, and two heating and ventilation units are also available.

Metallography Laboratory. This laboratory is equipped for the physical study of metals. Research and practice can be carried out in this laboratory in the following fields: crystallography and alloy systems, heat treatment and strength of materials, and macro and micro examination of metals. Included also are controlled heat treating and melting furnaces, bakelite mold press, polishing wheels, etching equipment, microscopes, photographic equipment, Rockwell hardness tester, Jominy and quench testing equipment, creep testing machine, cutting off wheels, thermocouples and pyrometers, and other special instruments.

The laboratory has a Bausch and Lomb I L S metalloscope for producing photomicrographs up to 2,000 magnifications.

Aeronautical Laboratory. The present aeronautical laboratory is equipped for practice and research in engines, metal aircraft construction, structural tests, vibration and noise, and arcodynamics.

A sheet metal shop equipped to construct components of aircraft structures in aluminum alloy and steel is available. This shop includes such equipment as automatic air riveting hammer, planishing machines, squaring shears, rolls, brake, heat treating furnace, etc. A small machine shop is also available for students in constructing research apparatus. Variable speed motors are available for experiments in vibration and noise.

The laboratory also includes a research spot welding machine, a sixty-thousand-pound Baldwin-Southwark aircraft universal testing machine, Tuckerman gauges, oscillographs with accessories, and a Timby hydraulic jack system for static testing.

Hydraulics Laboratory. The equipment consists of electrically driven centrifugal pumps, measuring tanks, various types of weirs, venturi meters, nozzles, Pelton water wheel with Prony brake built especially for laboratory use, hook gauges, dial gauges, tachometers, stop watches, and other apparatus necessary for the study of the flow characteristics of water.

Materials Testing Laboratories. Apparatus and equipment are provided for making standard tests on various construction materials, such as sand, gravel, steel, concrete, timber, and brick.

Equipment includes a 300,000-pound hydraulic testing machine, two 100,000-pound universal testing machines, torsion testing machine, impact testing machine, Rockwell, Brinnell and Shore hardness testers, abrasion testing machine, rattler, constant temperature chamber, cement-testing apparatus, extensometer and micrometer gauges, and other special devices for ascertaining the elastic properties of different materials.

Special apparatus which has been designed and made in the shops of the University is also available for student work.

The College of Engineering owns a Beggs deformeter apparatus for the mechanical solution of stresses in structures by use of celluloid models. Equipment is also available for study of models by the photo-elastic method.

Engineering Soils Laboratory. Equipment is available for performing the usual tests on engineering soils. This includes apparatus for grain size analysis, Atterberg limits, permeability, optimum moisture content for compaction, Proctor penetration, and consolidation.

Research Foundation. The National Sand and Gravel Association has, by arrangement with the College of Engineering, established its testing and research laboratory at the University. The purpose of the Research Foundation thus organized is to make available to the Association additional facilities for its investigational work, and to provide for the College of Engineering additional facilities and opportunities for increasing the scope of its engineering research.

Machine Shop. The machine shop is equipped with various types of lathes, planers, milling machines, drill presses, shaper, midget mill, and precision boring head. Equipment is available for gas and electric arc welding.

The shop equipment not only furnishes practice, drill, and instruction for students, but makes possible the complete production of special apparatus for conducting experimental and research work in engineering.

Surveying Equipment. Surveying equipment for plane, topographic, and geodetic surveying is provided properly to equip several field parties. A wide variety of surveying instruments is provided, including domestic as well as foreign makes, and stereoscopic instruments are available for the interpretation and use of aerial photographs.

Special Models and Specimens. A number of models illustrating various types of highway construction and highway bridges are available.

A wide variety of specimens of the more common minerals and rocks has been collected from various sections of the country, particularly from Maryland.

## Engineering Library

In addition to the general University Library, each department maintains a library for reference, and receives the standard engineering magazines. The class work, particularly in advanced courses, requires that students consult special books of reference and current technical literature.

The Davis Library of Highway Engineering and Transport, founded by Dr. Charles H. Davis, President of the National Highways Association, is part of the Library of the College of Engineering. The many books, periodicals, pamphlets, and other items included in this library cover all phases of highway engineering, highway transportation, and highway traffic control.

There has also been donated to the College of Engineering the transportation library of the late J. Rowland Bibbins of Washington, D. C. The books and reports in this library deal with urban transportation problems, including railroads, street cars, subways, busses, and city planning.

#### Curricula

The normal curriculum of each department is outlined on the following pages. Students are expected to attend and take part in the meetings of the student chapters of the technical engineering societies.

Freshman engineering students are given a special course of lectures by practicing engineers covering the work of the several engineering professional fields. The purpose of this course is to assist the freshman in selecting the particular field of engineering for which he is best adapted. The student is required to submit a brief written summary of each lecture. A series of engineering lectures for upper classmen is also provided. These are given by prominent practicing engineers in the various branches of the profession.

Student branches of the following national technical societies are established in the College of Engineering: American Institute of Chemical Engineers, American Society of Civil Engineers, American Institute of Electrical

Engineers, and American Society of Mechanical Engineers. The student branches meet regularly for the discussion of topics dealing with the various fields of engineering.

A student in the College of Engineering will be certified as a junior when he shall have passed all the basic technical courses of the Freshman and Sophomore years with an average grade of C or higher.

The proximity of the University to Baltimore and Washington, and to other places where there are large industrial enterprises, offers an excellent opportunity for the engineering student to observe what is being done in his chosen field. An instructor accompanies students on all inspection trips, and students are required to submit a written report of each trip.

The courses listed in the curricula to follow will be found described in detail on the following pages.

## BASIC CURRICULUM FOR ALL FRESHMAN STUDENTS

All freshman students are required to take the following curriculum during their first year:

	-Semes	ter-
Freshman Year	I	II
Eng. 1, 2-Composition and Readings in American Literature	3	3
Speech 7—Public Speaking		2
*Math. 14—Plane Trigonometry	2	
*Math. 15—College Algebra	3	
Math. 17—Analytic Geometry		4
Chem. 1, 3—General Chemistry	4	4
Dr. 1, 2—Engineering Drawing	2	2
Engr. 1—Introduction to Engineering	1	
M. S. 1, 2—Elementary R. O. T. C	3	3
Physical Activities	1	1
Total	19	19

#### AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

Aeronautical Engineering deals with the design, construction, and maintenance of aircraft and aircraft power plants; aerodynamics and performance of aircraft; structural design and mechanical equipment; and the organization and operation of industrial aircraft plants.

<sup>\*</sup>A qualifying test is given during registration to determine whether the student is adequately prepared for Math. 14 and 15. A student failing this test is required to take Math. 1, Introductory Algebra, without credit and is not eligible to take Math. 14 concurrently.

Aeronautical Engineering Curriculum	-Semes	ster
Sophomore Year	I	II
G. & P. 1-American Government	3	
Soc. 1—Sociology of American Life		8
Math. 20, 21—Calculus	4	4
Phys. 20, 21—General Physics	5	5
Surv. 1—Plane Surveying		2
Dr. 3-Advanced Engineering Drawing	2	
Shop 1-Machine Shop Practice	2	
Shop 2-Machine Shop Practice		1
Shop 3—Foundry Practice :		1
M. S. 3, 4—Elementary R. O. T. C	3	3
Physical Activities	1	1
Total	20	20
Junior Year		
Eng. 3, 4—Composition and World Literature; or	3	3
Eng. 5, 6—Composition and English Literature	3	3
Math. 64—Differential Equations for Engineers	3	
Mech. 2—Statics and Dynamics	5	
Mech. 52—Strength of Materials.		5
M. E. 53—Metallography		3
M. E. 100—Thermodynamics	3	
		3
Aero, E. 101—Aerodynamics		_
Aero, E. 103—Airplane Detail Drafting	1	• • • • •
Aero, E. 104—Airplane Layout Drafting		1
E. E. 51, 52—Principles of Electrical Engineering	4	4
Total	19	19
Senior Year		
H. 5, 6-History of American Civilization	3	3
Aero. E. 102-Aerodynamics	2	
Aero. E. 105, 106—Airplane Fabrication Shops	1	2
Aero. E. 107, 108—Airplane Design	4	4
Aero. E. 109, 110—Aircraft Power Plants.	4	4
Aero. E. 111, 112—Aeronautical Laboratory	2	2
	3	3
Aero. E. 113, 114—Mechanics of Aircraft Structures	3	3
m.4.1		

## CHEMICAL ENGINEERING

Chemical Engineering deals primarily with the industrial and economic transformation of matter. It seeks to assemble and develop information on chemical operations and processes of importance in modern life and to apply this under executive direction, according to engineering methods, for the attainment of economic objectives. Modern chemical research has contributed so much to industrial and social welfare that the field of the chemical engineer may now be said to cover practically every operation in which any industrial material undergoes a change in its chemical identity.

Chemical Engineering Curriculum	_Semester_	
Sophomore Year	1	11
G. & P. 1—American Government	3	
Math. 20, 21—Calculus	4	4
Phys. 20, 21—General Physics.	5	5
Chem. 19—Quantitative Chemical Analysis	4	
Ch. E. 10-Water, Fuels and Lubricants		4
Surv. 1-Elements of Plane Surveying		2
M. S. 3, 4—Elementary R. O. T. C.	3	3
Physical Activities	1	1
Total	20	19
Junior Year	-	
Eng. 3, 4-Composition and World Literature; or	3	3
Eng. 5, 6—Composition and English Literature	3	3
Econ. 31, 32—Principles of Economics	3	3
Ch. E. 103, f, s.—Elements of Chemical Engineering	3	3
Chem. 187, 189—Elements of Physical Chemistry Lectures	3	3
Chem. 188, 190-Physical Chemistry Laboratory	2	2
Chem. 35, 37-Elementary Organic Chemistry Lectures	2	2
Mech. 3, 4—Statics and Dynmaics	3	3
Total	19	19
Senior Year		
*H. 5, 6—History of American Civilization	3	3
Ch. E. 105 f, s.—Advanced Unit Operations	5	5
Ch. E. 109 f, s.—Chemical Engineering Thermodynamics	2	2
**Ch. E. 110-Advanced Chemical Engineering Calculations	3	
Ch. E. 107—Fuels and Their Utilization		3
Ch. E. 108 f, s.—Chemical Technology	2	2
E. E. 51, 52—Principles of Electrical Engineering	4	4
†Ch. E. 104 f, s.—Seminar	1	1
Total	20	20

#### CIVIL ENGINEERING

Civil Engineering deals with the design, construction, and maintenance of highways, railroads, waterways, bridges, buildings, water supply and sewerage systems, harbor improvements, dams, and surveying and mapping.

<sup>\*</sup>Students who are to become candidates for graduate degrees requiring foreign language may elect instead a foreign language and secure the American History credit in their graduate program.

<sup>••</sup> Under some conditions, Math. 66—Applied Calculus, will be assigned as a substitute for Ch. E. 110—Chemical Engineering Calculations.

<sup>†</sup> Students prepare reports on current programs on Chemical Engineering and participate under supervision of staff member. The content of this course is constantly changing so a student may receive a number of credits by re-registration.

Civil Engineering Curriculum	-Semes	ter
Sophomore Year	I	Iì
G. & P. 1-American Government	3	
Soc. 1—Sociology of American Life		3
Math. 20, 21—Calculus	4	4
Phys. 20, 21—General Physics	5	5
Dr. 8-Advanced Engineering Drawing	2	
Mech. 1-Statics and Dynamics		3
Surv. 1, 2—Plane Surveying	2	2
M. S. 3, 4-Elementary R. O. T. C	3	3
Physical Activities	1	1
Total	20	21
I		
Junior Year		
Eng. 3, 4—Composition and World Literature; or	3	3
Eng. 5, 6—Composition and English Literature	3	3
Speech 108—Public Speaking		2
Math. 16—Spherical Trigonometry	2	
Geol. 2—Engineering Geology		2
Mech. 50—Strength of Materials	4	2
Mech. 53—Materials of Engineering	3	_
C. E. 51—Curves and Earthwork	•	3
C. E. 100—Theory of Structures		4
Surv. 100—Advanced Surveying	4	
M. E. 50—Principles of Mechanical Engineering	3	
E. E. 50-Principles of Electrical Engineering		8
Total	19	19
Senior Year		
H. 5, 6—History of American Civilization	3	8
Econ. 37—Fundamentals of Economics	8	
Engr. 100—Engineering Contracts and Specifications		2
Eng. 7—Technical Writing		2
Bact. 55—Lectures in Sanitary Bacteriology	2	
C. E. 101—Soil Mechanics	3	
C. E. 102—Structural Design.	6	
C. E. 103—Concrete Design		6
C. E. 104—Water Supply	3	
C. E. 105—Sewerage		3
C. E. 106—Elements of Highways		3
O. E. 100—Elements of Fighways		
matal *	20	19
Total	20	19

## ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

Electrical Engineering deals with the generation, transmission, and distribution of electrical energy; electrical transportation, communication, illumination, and manufacturing; and miscellaneous electrical applications in industry, commerce, and home life.

Electrical Engineering Curriculum	—Semes	ster—
Sophomore Year	I	II
G. & P. 1—American Government	3	
Math. 20, 21—Calculus	4	4
Phys. 20, 21—General Physics	5	5
Mech. 1-Statics and Dynamics		3
Surv. 1—Plane Surveying	2	
E. E. 1—Electrical Engineering Fundamentals		4
M. S. 3, 4—Elementary R. O. T. C	3	3
Physical Activities	1	1
Total	18	20
Junior Year		
Eng. 3, 4—Composition and World Literature; or	3	3
Eng. 5, 6—Composition and English Literature	3	3
Mech. 51-Strength of Materials	3	
C. E. 50—Hydraulics		3
Math. 64—Differential Equations	3	
E. E. 60-Electricity and Magnetism	4	
E. E. 65-Direct Current Machinery		4
E. E. 100-Alternating Current Circuits	6	
E. E. 101—Engineering Electronics		6
E. E. 104—Communication Networks	• • • •	3
Total	19	19
Senior Year		
H. 5, 6-History of American Civilization	3	3
M. E. 51—Thermodynamics	4	
M. E. 52—Power Plants		4
E. E. 102, 103—Alternating Current Machinery	4	4
E. E. 105, 106—Radio Engineering	4	4
Electrical Engineering Elective (listed below)	3	3
Total	18	18
Two of the following courses may be elected:		
E. E. 108—Electric Transients	• • • •	8
E. E. 109—Principles of Radar	• • • •	3
E. E. 113—Electric Railways	3	• • • •
E. E. 114—Applied Electronics	3	
E. E. 116—Alternating-Current Machinery Design	• • • •	3
E. E. 117—Transmission and Distribution	3	• • • •

# MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

Mechanical Engineering deals with the design, construction, and maintenance of machinery and power plants; heating, ventilation, and refrigeration; and the organization and operation of industrial plants.

Mechanical Engineering Curriculum	Seme:	ster—
Sophomore Year	I	II
G. & P. 1-American Government	3	
Soc. 1-Sociology of American Life		3
Math. 20, 21—Calculus	4	4
Phys. 20, 21—General Physics	5	5
Surv. 1—Plane Surveying		2
Dr. 3-Advanced Engineering Drawing	2	
Shop 1-Machine Shop Practice	2	• • • •
Shop 2-Machine Shop Practice		1
Shop 3—Foundry Practice		1
M. S. 3, 4—Elementary R. O. T. C	3	3
Physical Activities	1	1
Total		
Total	20	20
Junior Year—General Option		
Eng. 3, 4—Composition and World Literature; or	3	3
Eng. 5, 6—Composition and English Literature	3	3
Math. 64—Differential Equations for Engineers	3	• • • •
Mech. 2—Statics and Dynamics	5	• • • •
Mech. 52—Strength of Materials	• • • •	5
E. E. 51, 52—Principles of Electrical Engineering	4	4
M. E. 53—Metallography	• • • •	3
M. E. 54—Fluid Mechanics		3
M. E. 100—Thermodynamics	3 –	• • • •
Total	18	18
Junior Year—Aeronautical Option		
Eng. 3, 4-Composition and World Literature; or	3	3
Eng. 5, 6—Composition and English Literature	3	3
Math. 64—Differential Equations for Engineers	3	
Mech. 2-Statics and Dynamics	5	
Mech. 52-Strength of Materials		5
E. E. 51, 52-Principles of Electrical Engineering	4	4
M. E. 53—Metallography		8
M. E. 55-Fluid Mechanics and Aerodynamics		3
M. E. 100—Thermodynamics	3	
Total	18	18
Senior Year—General Option		
Engr. 100—Engineering Contracts and Specifications		2
H. 5, 6—History of American Civilization	3	3
M. E. 101—Heat Transfer	2	• • • •
M. E. 102—Heating and Ventilation	3	• • • •
M. E. 103—Refrigeration		3
M. E. 104, 105—Prime Movers	4	4
M. E. 106, 107—Mechanical Engineering Design	4	4
M. E. 108, 109—Mechanical Laboratory	2	2
Total	18	18

## Senior Year-Aeronautical Option

Engr. 100—Engineering Contracts and Specifications		2
H. 5, 6-History of American Civilization	3	3
Aero. E. 113, 114-Mechanics of Aircraft Structures	3	3
M. E. 101—Heat Transfer	2	
M. E. 104, 105—Prime Movers	4	4
M. E. 106, 107—Mechanical Engineering Design	4	4
M. E. 108, 109-Mechanical Laboratory	2	2
Total	18	18

#### AGRICULTURE -- ENGINEERING

A five-year combined program in Agriculture and Engineering, arranged jointly by the College of Agriculture and the College of Engineering, permits students to become candidates for the degree of Bachelor of Science in Agriculture at the end of four years and for the degree of Bachelor of Science in Civil, Electrical, Mechanical, or Chemical Engineering at the end of the fifth year.

Details of this program will be found listed in this catalog under College of Agriculture.

# FELLOWSHIPS OF THE NATIONAL SAND AND GRAVEL ASSOCIATION RESEARCH FOUNDATION AND THE NATIONAL READY MIXED CONCRETE ASSOCIATION RESEARCH LABORATORY

The University of Maryland, in cooperation with the National Sand and Gravel Association and the National Ready Mixed Concrete Association, offers fellowships for research on appropriate problems related to the sand and gravel and the ready mixed concrete industries. The fellowships are known as the Stanton Walker and the Stephan Stepanian Fellowships, respectively. Fellows enter upon their duties on July 1 and continue for 12 months, including one month for vacation. Payments under the fellowships are made at the end of each month and amount to \$750 for the year.

Fellows register as students in the Graduate School of the University of Maryland. Class work will be directed by the heads of the departments of instruction, but about half of the time will be spent in research work. The faculty supervisor will be the Dean of the College of Engineering of the University of Maryland.

These fellowships are open to graduates in Engineering from an accredited college or university, who are qualified to undertake graduate study and research work leading to a Master's degree. Applications should be accompanied by a certified copy of college record, applicant's recent photograph, statement of technical and practical experience (if any), and letters from three persons, such as instructors or employers, covering specifically the applicant's character, ability, education, and experience.

The applications should be addressed: Dean, College of Engineering, University of Maryland, College Park, Md.

#### ENGINEERING SHORT COURSES

Through short courses, the College of Engineering carries the benefits of engineering teaching to persons and industries in various parts of the State. These courses offer, in addition to regular instruction, an opportunity for the discussion of problems of interest to those engaged in public works, in public health, and in public safety.

Mining Extension Classes. In cooperation with the Maryland Bureau of Mines and the State Departments of Education of Allegany and Garrett Counties, night mining classes are conducted throughout the year in several training centers in the western part of the State. The subjects studied are coal mine gases, coal mine ventilation, map reading, and mine safety.

Volunteer Firemen's Short Course. In cooperation with the Maryland State Firemen's Association a short course is held annually at College Park for volunteer firemen throughout the State. This four-day course is designed to bring to firemen the newest developments in fire prevention, control and extinguishment, as well as information on inspection, arson investigation and equipment maintenance.

Information regarding fire service extension courses may be found under "Fire Service Extension Department."

Additional information regarding engineering short courses may be obtained from Dean S. S. Steinberg, College of Engineering.

#### FIRE SERVICE EXTENSION DEPARTMENT

The Fire Service Extension Department is organized under the College of Engineering in cooperation with the State Department of Vocational Education, and operates with both Federal and State funds. The Department provides in-service training for firemen with classes conducted throughout the State by about 50 local instructors, with one full-time Senior Instructor. Basic training of 75 clock hours is given in the fundamentals of firemanship, as well as an advanced course of 69 clock hours, covering the technical field of fire prevention, control and extinguishment and a third section of 57 clock hours in related technical information. A training course of 45 clock hours for industrial plant fire brigades is also available. A fourday short course is held at the University at the new fire service building the first week in September, and short course outlines have been prepared for watchmen, janitors and building custodians, nurses and hospital attendants, and public school teachers. Firemen who have completed the prescribed training courses have been given preferential rating in positions in the military and naval fire fighting forces.

The Department also serves in an advisory capacity to the State Fire Marshal and municipal authorities in matters of fire prevention, fire protection engineering, and fire safety regulations. The Director serves as Technical Advisor to the Maryland State Firemen's Association, and on various National Committees of the National Fire Protection Association.

Additional information may be obtained from Chief J. W. Just, Director, Fire Service Extension Department, Fire Service Building, University of Maryland, College Park, Maryland.

## ENGINEERING EXPERIMENT STATION

## WILBERT J. HUFF, Director.

The Engineering Experiment Station carries on cooperative investigations with industries of Maryland and Departments of the State and Federal Governments. A diversity of engineering training, experience, and equipment represented by the faculty and laboratories of the College of Engineering is thus made available for the problems under inquiry.

The staff of the College of Engineering available for research studies will be glad to discuss proposed problems of importance to industry and of public interest where means can be found for the cooperative researches; such studies may be undertaken with the approval of the administration of the University.

# COLLEGE OF HOME ECONOMICS

M. MARIE MOUNT, Dean

The College of Home Economics serves Maryland and the surrounding area with its educational program for both young women and young men. The program for young women combines good personal development with education for homemaking and for a livelihood. Information on better health principles, good study habits, efficient use of time, good grooming, becoming dress and proper adjustment to new situations constitute the student's program for self-development.

In the professional phases of her program, the student consults with the faculty member assigned as her adviser. She also has the opportunity to consult with leaders in her chosen field.

The program for men is directed toward enriched living, vocationally and avocationally. It emphasizes art in merchandising and in crafts.

Students are urged to acquire practical experience during vacations. This experience may be gained either in the actual management of the family home, in some professional phase of home economics, or both. Students preparing to teach gain experience on playgrounds in caring for children and in executing home projects. Commercial firms and institutions provide opportunities for other types of experience.

## Organization

For administrative purposes the College of Home Economics is organized into the Departments of Textiles and Clothing, Practical Art, Home and Institution Management, and Foods and Nutrition.

#### **Facilities**

The home of the College of Home Economics, following campus tradition, is a new colonial brick building planned and built to present the best equipment and facilities for education in home economics. A home management house is maintained on the campus for experience in homemaking.

Located, as the campus is, between two large cities, unsual opportunities are provided for both faculty and students. In addition to the University's excellent general and specialized libraries, Baltimore and Washington furnish the added library facilities so essential to scientific research and creative work in the arts. The art galleries and museums with their priceless exhibits, the government bureaus and city institutions, stimulate study and provide practical experience for the home economics student.

Home Economics Club: Membership is open to all home economics students. The Club is affiliated with the American Home Economics Association.

Omicron Nu: This Club is a national home economics honor society. Students of high scholarship are eligible for election to membership twice during the year. Twelve percent of the senior class is elected for membership in the fall and eight percent of the junior class in the spring.

#### Honors and Awards, Scholarships and Loan Fund

Marie Mount home economics scholarships: Two thousand dollars has been made available to home economics students.

The Danforth Foundation and the Ralston Purina Company of St. Louis Summer Fellowships: One of four weeks to an outstanding junior; one of two weeks to an outstanding freshman.

Borden Home Economics Scholarship Award: Three hundred dollars is given by the Borden Company to the home economics student, who, upon entering her senior year, has completed two or more courses in foods and nutrition and has the highest scholastic standing of eligible students.

Retail Merchants Association of Baltimore Scholarship: Two \$200 scholarships are provided for residents of the State of Maryland who have completed the junior year of the Practical Art curriculum. Each recipient must have shown proficiency and interest in merchandising.

Hecht Company of Washington Scholarship: A \$300 scholarship is offered to a resident of Maryland, or the District of Columbia, who is interested in merchandising as a career. The student must have completed the junior year of the Practical Art curriculum and have met other specific requirements.

Omicron Nu Scholarship Award: Omicron Nu presents annually an award to the freshman in the College of Home Economics who attains the highest scholastic average during the first semester.

A loan fund, established by the District of Columbia Home Economics Association, is available for students majoring in home economics.

For other scholarships and awards, see pages 47-56.

#### Admission

The requirements for admission to the College of Home Economics arc, in general, the same as for other divisions of the University (see page 32).

#### Degrees

The degree of Bachelor of Science is conferred for the satisfactory completion, with an average of C or better, of a prescribed curriculum of 120 semester hour credits exclusive of 4 credits in hygiene and 4 in physical activities—a total of 128 credits.

The Master of Science degree is offered in Foods and Nutrition, Textiles and Clothing and in Home Economics Education in the College of Education.\*

<sup>\*</sup> See the Graduate School announcements.

#### The Student Load

The student load in the College of Home Economics varies from 14-18 credits. A student wishing to carry more than 18 credits must have a B-grade average and the permission of the Dean.

#### Curricula†

A student may elect the curriculum in general home economics or one of the following professional curricula, or a combination of curricula: Home economics education, textiles and clothing, practical art, crafts, home economics extension, institution management, and foods and nutrition. A student who wishes to teach home economics may register in home economics education in the College of Home Economics or in the College of Education. (See Home Economics Education.) All students follow the general home economics curriculum during the freshman year. It is advisable for students to choose a professional curriculum at the beginning of the sopohomore year. The student who has not decided to specialize follows the general home economics curriculum until a choice is made. Before continuing with the third year of any curriculum, the student must have attained junior standing: 64 semester hours with a C-grade average.

#### GENERAL HOME ECONOMICS

The general home economics curriculum is planned to give a young woman a good basis for her best personal development, as has been described earlier. It provides good training for her as a future homemaker. This curriculum also forms the basis of all the professional curricula. The additional requirements of the professional curricula are listed under the description of each.

	-Semes	ster-
Freshman Year	I	II
Eng. 1, 2-Composition and American Literature	3	3
Soc. 1—Sociology of American Life		3
G. & P. 1-American Government	3	
Speech 18, 19—Introductory Speech	1	1
H. E. 1—Home Economics Lectures	1	
Tex. 1—Textiles		3
Pr. Art 1—Design	3	
Hea. 2, 4—Hygiene	2	2
Physical Activities	1	1
**Math. 0-Basic Mathematics or		0
Elective	3	3
Total	17	13-16

•• An examination in Mathematics will be given to freshmen during the first semester; those who pass will not be required to take Math. 0.

<sup>†</sup> In order to meet the particular need of a student certain adjustments in these requirements may be made with the approval of the student's adviser and dean.

	-Semes	ster	
Sophomore Year	I	II	
Eng. 3, 4—Composition and World Literature or	3	3	
Eng. 5, 6-Compositions and English Literature	(3)	(3)	
Chem. 11, 13—General Chemistry	3	3	
Foods 2, 3—Foods	3	3	
Econ. 37-Fundamentals of Economics	3		
Psych. 1—Introduction to Psychology		3	
Clo. 20 A or B—Clothing Construction	3		
Pr. Art 20—Costume Design		3	
Physical Activities	1	1	
Total	16	16	
Junior Year			
Home Mgt. 150, 151-Management of the Home	3	3	
Nut. 110—Nutrition or	3		
Nut. 10-Elements of Nutrition	(8)		
Pr. Art 2—Survey of Art History	2		
Pr. Art 140, 141—Interior Design	1	3	
Clo. 120-Draping		8	
Foods 101-Meal Service		2	
Foods 100—Food Economics	2		
Physics 1, 2—Elements of Physics	3	8	
Elective	3	8	
Total	17	17	
Senior Year			
H. 5, 6-History of American Civilization	3	8	
Home Mgt. 152-Practice in Management of the Home		3	
H. E. Ed. 110-Child Development	3		
Bact. 51—Household Bacteriology		3	
Zool. 16—Human Physiology	4		
Electives	6	Б	
Total	15	14	

## Textiles and Clothing

The curricula below have been planned to meet the demand for technically trained college women in the textile, clothing and fashion industries.

Specialization in textiles or clothing begins in the junior year.

Students who prefer a combination curriculum may satisfy the requirements for such a curriculum by taking all the courses common to both the textile and clothing curricula and a minimum of five additional credits in each field.

	-Semes	-Semester-	
Sophomore Year	I	II	
Eng. 3, 4—Composition and World Literature or	3	3	
Eng. 5, 6—Composition and English Literature	(3)	(3)	
Chem. 11, 13—General Chemistry	3	3	
Foods 1—Introductory Foods or		3	
Foods 2, 3—Foods	(3)	(3)	
Econ. 37-Fundamentals of Economics	3		
Psych. 1—Introduction to Psychology		3	
Pr. Art 20—Costume Design		3	
Clo. 20 A or B—Clothing Construction	3		
Clo. 21-Personal Problems in Clothing	2		
Physical Activities	1	1	
Total	15	16	
Textiles			
Junior Year			
Home Mgt. 150, 151-Management of the Home	3	3	
Foods 101—Meal Service		2	
Nut. 10-Elements of Nutrition or	3		
Nut. 110—Nutrition	(8)		
Art	2		
Physics 1, 2—Elements of Physics	3	3	
Chem. 31, 32, 33, 34-Elements of Organic Chemistry	. 3	3	
Math. 10—Algebra		3	
Tex. 100—Advanced Textiles		3	
Electives	. 3		
Total	. 17	17	
Senior Year			
H. 5, 6—History of American Civilization	. 3	3	
Bact. 51—Household Bacteriology		3	
Tex. 101-Problems in Textiles	. 3	• • • •	
Chem. 41—Chemistry of Textiles	••••	4	
Home Mgt. 152-Practice in Management of the Home	. 3	• • • •	
H. E. Ed. 110-Child Development	. 3		
Math. 13—Elementary Mathematical Statistics		8	
Speech 22—Introduction to Radio	. 3	• • • •	
Electives	• • • • •	2	
Total	. 15	15	

Clothing	-Seme	ster-
Junior Year	1	11
Home Mgt. 150, 151-Management of the Home	3	3
Nut. 10-Elements of Nutrition	3	
Art	3	3
Clo. 120-Draping	3	
Clo. 121—Pattern Design		2
Text. 100—Advanced Textiles		3
Foods 101—Meal Service		2
Psychology	3	
Electives	2	2
Total	17	15
Senior Year		
H. 5, 6—History of American Civilization	3	3
Bact. 51—Household Bacteriology		3
H. E. Ed. 110-Child Development	3	
Tex. 103—Consumer Problems in Textiles		3
Home Mgt. 152-Practice in Management of the Home	3	
Clo. 122—Tailoring	2	
Clo. 124-Projects and Readings in Textiles and Clothing		2
Speech 22-Introduction to Radio	3	
Electives	2	5
Total	16	16

Art Education, see page 148.

## Practical Art (For Women)

This curriculum permits a choice of three fields of concentration: advertising, interior design, costume design. Emphasis is given to the selection of house furnishings and wearing apparel with relation to personality. Positions available to graduates begin with advertising, selling, display, comparison shopping, textile analysis, and radio work; they develop into advanced positions in these fields or in departmental buying, department managing, style coordination, personality consulting, designing, store training and personnel work.

#### \*Freshman Year

•	-Semes	ter
Sophomore Year	I	II
Eng. 3, 4—Composition and World Literature or	3	8
Eng. 5, 6—Composition and English Literature	(3)	(3)
Chem. 11, 13—General Chemistry	3	8
Foods 1—Introductory Foods	8	
Econ. 37-Fundamentals of Economics	3	
Psych. 1—Introduction to Psychology		8
Pr. Art 20—Costume Design.	3	
Clo. 20—Clothing Construction		8
Pr. Art 30-Typography and Lettering		3
Physical Activities	1	1
Electives	2	2
Total	18	18
Junior Year		
Home Mgt. 150, 151-Management of the Home	3	8
Foods 101—Meal Service	2	
Nut. 10-Elements of Nutrition		8
Pr. Art 140, 141—Interior Design.	1	3
Econ. 150-Marketing Principles and Organization	3	
B. A. 154-Retail Store Management and Merchandising		3
Pr. Art 0—Professional Lectures		0
**French, Spanish, German or Elective	3	8
Electives	4	2
Total	16	17
Senior Year		
H. 5, 6—History of American Civilization	3	3
Home Mgt. 152-Practice in Management of the Home	(3)	8
Pr. Art 136-Merchandise Display	2	(2)
Pr. Art 132-Advertising Layout	2	
H. E. Ed. 110-Child Development		8
Tex. 105—Consumer Problems in Textiles		8
Speech 115—Radio in Retailing	3	
Pr. Art 120—Costume Illustration or	(2)	(2)
Pr. Art 142—Advanced Interior Design	2	2
Electives	4	
Total	16	14

<sup>•</sup> Pr. Art 2—Survey of Art History (2) is a required subject which should be taken the fall term of the Freshman Year.

<sup>\*\*</sup> One year of French, Spanish, or German is required of every student who has not completed two years of one of these languages, with a grade of C or better, in high school.

Note: Students, who are majoring in Costume Design, are advised to take Pr. Art 21 Action Drawing (2), Clo. 120 Draping (3), Clo. 121 Pattern Design (2).

Students who are interested in Merchandising, are advised to take Pr. Art 198 Store Experience (3) the summer following their junior year; they must make their arrangements with the Head of the Department of Practical Art during the spring semester of the junior year.

### Practical Art (For Men)

Requirements are the same as for the curriculum in Practical Art, as set up for women, with the following exceptions:

Omissions—H. E. 1; Pr. Art 20; Clo. 20; Foods 1, 101; Home Mgt. 150, 151, 152; Tex. 105; H. E. Ed. 110.

Additions—H. E. 2; M. I. 1, 2, 3, 4; also, 15 hours in art and merchandising courses to be selected in consultation with the Head of the Department of Practical Art.

## Crafts (For Women)

This curriculum serves persons who are interested in crafts for recreational, therapeutic, and professional purposes. Emphasis is given to the joy of creation through crafts. Positions available to graduates include industrial designing, occupational therapy, instruction at recreation centers, and classroom teaching of crafts.

*Freshman Year	-Semes	ter
Sophomore Year	I	II
Eng. 3, 4—Composition and World Literature or	. 3	8
Eng. 5, 6—Composition and English Literature		(3)
Chem. 11, 13—General Chemistry		8
Foods 1—Introductory Foods		
Econ. 87—Fundamentals of Economics		
Psych, 1—Introduction to Psychology		8
Pr. Art 20—Costume Design.		-
Clo. 20—Clothing Construction		
Cr. 2—Simple Crafts		2
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		_
Pr. Art 3—Creative Art Inspired by Primitive Art		
Pr. Art 4—Three Dimensional Design		2
Physical Activities	1	1
Total	. 18	17
Junior Year		
Home Mgt. 150, 151-Management of the Home	. 3	8
Foods 101—Meal Service		
Nut. 10-Elements of Nutrition		3
Pr. Art 140, 141—Interior Design		3
Cr. 20, 21—Ceramics		2
Cr. 30, 31—Metalry		2
Pr. Art 0—Professional Lectures		0
••French, Spanish, German, or Elective		8
Electives		2
Total	17	18

<sup>•</sup> Pr. Art 2 Survey of Art History is a required subject which should be taken the fall term of the Freshman Year.

<sup>••</sup> One year French, Spanish, or German is required of every student who has not completed two years of one of these languages, with a grade of C or better, in high school.

Note: Students, who expect to work in occupational therapy, are advised to elect courses in physiology, kinesiology and mental hygiene.

	-Semes	ster-
Senior Year	I	11
H. 5. 6-History of American Civilization	3	(3)
Home Mgt. 152-Practice in Management of the Home	3	(3)
H. E. Ed. 110-Child Development		8
Cr. 40, 41-Weaving	2	2
Advanced Crafts	4	4
Cr. 198—Crafts in Therapy		2
Electives	3	
Total	15	14

### Crafts (For Men)

Requirements are the same as for the Curriculum in Crafts, as set up for women, with the following exceptions:

Omissions—H. E. 1; Pr. Art 20; Clo. 20; Foods 1, 101; Home Mgt. 150, 151, 152; H. E. Ed. 110.

Additions—H. E. 2; M. I. 1, 2, 3, 4; also 15 hours in art courses to be selected in consultation with the Head of the Department of Practical Art.

#### Home Economics Extension\*

This curriculum outlines the training necessary for the young woman who wishes to work with rural people through extension service or other agencies interested in the educational and social problems of rural living.

	-Semes	ter_
Sophomore Year	I	II
Eng. 3, 4-Composition and World Literature or	3	3
Eng. 5, 6-Composition and English Literature	(3)	(3)
Chem. 11, 13—General Chemistry	3	3
Foods 2, 3—Foods	3	3
Econ. 37-Fundamentals of Economics		3
Pr. Art 20—Costume Design		3
Clo. 20 A or B-Clothing Construction	3	
Zool. 16—Human Physiology	. 4	
Physical Activities	1	1
Total	17	16

<sup>•</sup> Practice work in the field of Home Economics Extension or in social case work is encouraged for all students majoring in this curriculum. Such experience should be gained before the completion of the senior year.

	—Seme	ster
Junior Year	I	II
Home Mgt. 150, 151-Management of the Home	3	3
Foods 100-Food Economics	2	
Nut. 110—Nutrition	3	
Chem. 31, 32, 33, 34-Elements of Organic Chemistry	3	3
Physics 1, 2—Elements of Physics	3	3
Ed. 190—Principles of Education		2
R. Ed. 114—Rural Life Education		3
Electives	3	2
Total	17	16
Senior Year		
H. 5, 6—History of American Civilization	3	3
Home Mgt. 152-Practice in Management of the Home		3
Foods 103—Demonstrations	2	
Bact. 51-Household Bacteriology		3
H. E. Ed. 110-Child Development	3	
Clo. 120—Draping		3
Foods 102—Experimental Foods	3	
Psych. 110—Educational Psychology	3	
H. E. Ext. 100-Methods in Home Economics Extension		3
Pr. Art 2—Survey of Art History	2	
Pr. Art 140, 141-Interior Design	1	3
Total	17	18

#### Institution Management

This curriculum provides training for those interested in housing and the food service administration for large groups of persons. The work is of two general types: (1) food service in such institutions as hospitals, schools and colleges; in the public schools where a midday meal is served; and in commercial organizations: restaurants, inns, hotels and industrial cafeterias; (2) housekeeping in inns and hotels; and in hospitals, schools and colleges.

The preparation for a hospital dietitian requires one year of graduate training in a hospital offering a course approved by the American Dietetic Association. This curriculum meets the academic requirements for entrance to such a course.

Students following this curriculum are required to have, before the senior year, field experience in food service. This experience must be satisfactory in length of time, type of work experienced and in quality.

A student planning to do institutional work other than hospital dietetics is not required to take Principles of Education and Diet in Disease.

	-Semes	iter-
Sophomore Year	I	II
Eng. 3, 4—Composition and World Literature or	3	3
Eng. 5, 6—Composition and English Literature	(3)	(3)
Chem. 11. 13—General Chemistry	3	8
Foods 2, 3—Foods	3	8
Econ. 37—Fundamentals of Economics		3
Zool. 16—Human Physiology	4	
Physical Activities	i	1
*Electives	3	3
Total	17	16
Junior Year		
Home Mgt. 150, 151-Management of the Home	8	3
Nut. 110—Nutrition	3	
Nut. 112—Dietetics		3
Chem. 31, 32, 33, 34—Organic Chemistry	3	3
Inst. Mgt. 160-Institution Organization and Management	8	
Inst. Mgt. 161-Institution Purchasing and Accounting		8
Ed. 190-Principles of Education		2
Phys. 1—Elements of Physics	3	
H. E. Ed. 110—Child Development.		3
Elective	2	• • • •
Total	17	17
Senior Year		
H. 5, 6—History of American Civilization	3	8
Home Mgt. 152-Practice in Management of the Home		3
Pr. Art 2—Survey of Art History	2	
Pr. Art 140—Interior Design	1	
Bact. 51-Household Bacteriology		8
Foods 102—Experimental Foods	8	
Inst. Mgt. 162—Institution Foods		3
Nut. 113—Diet in Disease	2	
Inst. Mgt. 164-Advanced Institution Management		2
Chem. 81, 82—General Bio-Chemistry	4	
Psych. 110—Educational Psychology		3
Electives	2	• • • •
Total	17	17

#### Foods and Nutrition

The purpose of the Foods and Nutrition Curriculum is two-fold—to provide an education in this field for the individual's personal use or for use in promoting good health and happiness in the family group and to provide training for professional use: in teaching, research, editorial or promotional work.

<sup>\*</sup>One of the following selection of courses is to be taken in place of a freshman or sophomore elective: Pr. Art 20, Costume Design (3), Clo. 20 A or B, Clothing Construction (3), Clo. 21, Personal Clothing Problems (2).

	-Semes	ster-
Sophomore Year	I	11
Eng. 3, 4-Composition and Readings in World Literature or	3	8
Eng. 5, 6-Composition and Readings, mainly in English Literature	(3)	(8)
Chem. 11, 13-General Chemistry	8	8
Foods 2, 3—Foods	3	8
Zool. 16Human Physiology	4	
Psych. 1-Introduction to Psychology		3
Pr. Art 20-Costume Design		8
Clo. 20—Clothing Construction	8	
Physical Activities	1	1
Total	17	16
Junior Year		
Home Mgt. 150, 151-Management of the Home	3	8
Foods 100—Food Economics	2	
Foods 101—Meal Service		2
Nut. 110—Nutrition	8	
Nut. 112—Dietetics		3
Chem. 31, 32, 33, 34—Elements of Organic Chemistry	3	3
H. E. Ed. 110-Child Development		3
Physics 1, 2—Elements of Physics	3	8
Econ. 37—Fundamentals of Economics	3	• • • •
Total	17	17
Senior Year		
H. 5, 6—History of American Civilization	3	3
Home Mgt. 152-Practice in Management of the Home		3
Pr. Art 2—Survey of Art History	2	
Pr. Art 140, 141-Interior Design	1	3
Bact. 51Household Bacteriology		8
Nut. 111-Child Nutrition		2
Foods 102—Experimental Foods	3	
Foods 103—Demonstrations	2	• • • •
Foods 104-Advanced Foods		2
Chem. 81, 82—General Bio-Chemistry	4	
Elective	2	• • • •
Total	17	16

# COLLEGE OF MILITARY SCIENCE, PHYSICAL EDUCATION, AND RECREATION

Col. Charles S. Johnson, U. S. A., Acting Dean

The College of Military Science, Physical Education, and Recreation has been established to provide leaders for the Nation in the field of Military Science and for the Nation and State in Physical Education and Recreation programs. The college will give training and education to prepare men for the military services. The college also will fulfill the need for teachers and for leaders in recreation programs such as camping, the arts, dramatics, pageants, and so forth. The work in the college is so organized that majors in four different fields will be given; namely, Military Science, Physical Education, Recreation, and Health Education. Students with majors in other colleges may elect to take minors in any of the above-mentioned fields.

Required physical training for all freshmen and sophomore students will be closely coordinated and be a part of the general military work. One of the great lessons of the war was the discovery that so many young men were not physically qualified for military service. Physical examinations will be given all students and, in case of physical disabilities, corrective work will be assigned.

## Military Science and Tactics

Instruction in military science and tactics has been an important phase of the College Park division of the University of Maryland since 1856. In 1864 the General Assembly of Maryland accepted the provision of the Act of Congress of 1862 whereby public lands were donated to the States providing colleges in which a course of military training was maintained. Until 1916 the institution was a military school. After the first World War the military training was reorganized and given as specified in the Acts of Congress of 1916 and 1920, as amended, which are commonly known as the National Defense Acts. Under these laws the Reserve Officer Training Corps is organized to provide basic training and to offer advanced training leading to a commission in the Officer Reserve Corps on a selective basis. All male students, unless specifically exempted, under University rules are required to take basic military training for a period of two years. is a prerequisite for graduation and must be taken by all eligible students in their first two years of attendance whether they intend to graduate or Students of the University, regardless of the college in which registered, who successfully complete the Basic Course Reserve Officers Training Corps may be considered as candidates for the Advanced Course.

The mission of the Senior Division, Reserve Officers' Training Corps is to produce junior officers who have the qualities and attributes essential to their progressive and continued development as officers in a component of the Army of the United States. The major mission is the training of officers to serve with the Reserve Components of the Army of the United States, i.e., the Organized Reserve Corps or the National Guard. In addition, the Senior Reserve Officers Training Corps will provide the principal source of procurement of junior officers for the Regular Army through selection of a required number of Distinguished Military Graduates of the Senior Division for direct appointment, and through extended active duty tours of volunteer officers from which will be selected additional personnel for Regular Army appointment. The hundreds of Maryland graduates who received their commissions through this unit were found ready and capable when the national crisis arose, and they have achieved an inspiring and enviable record of which the State may well be proud.

#### Staff

- COLONEL CHARLES S. JOHNSON, Professor, Military Science and Tactics.
- LT. COLONEL HAROLD V. MAULL, Assistant Professor, Military Science and Tactics (Air)
- Lt. Colonel Edward M. Minion, Assistant Professor, Military Science and Tactics (Infantry)
- Lt. Colonel Sidney S. Davis, Assistant Professor, Military Science and Tactics (Signal)
- MAJOR JAMES S. HOLLINGSWORTH, Assistant Professor, Military Science and Tactics (Transportation)
- MAJOR OVIE D. CLARK, Assistant Professor, Military Science and Tactics (Air)
- MAJOR WALTER L. MILLER, Assistant Professor, Military Science and Tactics
- CAPTAIN DONALD O. MARKHAM, Assistant Professor Military Science and Tactics (Transportation)
- CAPTAIN EARL C. HARPER, Assistant Professor, Military Science and Tactics
- CAPTAIN DAVID M. CHASE, Assistant Professor, Military Science and Tactics
- CAPTAIN JOHN H. BROWN. Assistant Professor, Military Science and Tactics (Air)
- FIRST LIEUTENANT GEORGE P. PETERSON, Assistant Professor, Military Science and Tactics (Air)

CWO TOLLAND O. LIVESAY, Adjutant and Administrative Officer.

Mr. FRANK SYKORA, Band Director

MRS. ANITA JEAN O'CONNOR, Secretary to The Professor of Military Science and Tactics

MASTER SERGEANT JAMES J. AYLWARD, Administrative Assistant

MASTER SERGEANT WILLIAM BUCKLEY, Instructor (Signal)

MASTER SERGEANT CHARLES H. DODSON, Instructor

MASTER SERGEANT ROBERT J. McFarland, Instructor (Air)

MASTER SERGEANT FAY J. NORRIS, Instructor

FIRST SERGEANT STEPHEN FELBER, Instructor

FIRST SERGEANT EVERETT B. HEINS, Supply (Transportation)

FIRST SERGEANT CHARLES LIGHTNER, Administrative Assistant (Air)

TECHNICAL SERGEANT DONALD G. DORAN, Instructor (Signal)

TECHNICAL SERGEANT JOHNNIE C. RIGGLE, Instructor (Air)

STAFF SERGEANT GEORGE A. FOELKER, Instructor (Air)

STAFF SERGEANT SALVATORE GAGLIEMO, Supply Assistant

STAFF SERGEANT ARTHUR T. OLSEN, Supply Assistant

SERGEANT ROBERT L. EYLER, Assistant

Army personnel, approved by the President of the University, are detailed by the Departments of the Army and Air to administer the course. They serve under appointment by the University, the senior as the Professor of Military Science and Tactics, and the others as Assistant Professors of Military Science and Tactics. Selected non-commissioned officers of the Departments of the Army and Air are detailed to serve as Assistant Instructors.

The required course of two years is known as the First and Second Year Basic Course. This is a thorough, comprehensive course designed to prepare men for any branch of the service. The elective two-year Advanced Course in Air Force, Infantry, Signal Corps and Transportation Corps specifically trains students in their selected specialization. Applicants for the Advanced Course Signal Corps must be registered for Mechanical or Electrical Engineering, Electronics, or a course leading to a major in physics.

The necessary training equipment including uniforms, weapons, and technical material, is loaned to the University by the Departments of the Army and Air. Students in the basic courses are loaned uniforms without cost.

The New Armory located East of the Administration Building has been declared by a Department of the Army inspector to be one of the finest buildings used for Military instruction in the country. It contains clothing

and ordnance storerooms, class rooms, offices, projection room, a ten firing point small bore range, and a drill floor 240 feet long by 120 feet wide. Drill field, parade grounds and outdoor range are nearby.

#### **Advanced Course**

The primary object of the Advanced Course is to provide military instruction and systematic training to selected eligible students through the agency of educational institutions, to the end that they may qualify as reserve officers in the Military forces of the United States. It is intended to attain this objective in accordance with the terms of the contract during the time the students are pursuing their academic studies at the University.

A student prior to enrollment in the course must have satisfactorily completed the Basic Course or have been honorably discharged after at least one year active service in one of the armed forces. The student must have indicated in writing his desire to undertake the course. Selection of students in the advanced course will be made by the President of the University and the Professor of Military Science and Tactics, as provided in Section 47c, National Defense Act. No applicant will be admitted to the advanced course who is less than eighteen or more than twenty-six years of age at the time of admission or who is not able to pass physical standards set forth in AR 40-105 and 40-110 and the Army General Classification Test with a qualifying score. Opportunities for students interested in the Regular Army as a career have been augmented by recent legislation authorizing increased numbers of regular commissions to distinguished Reserve Officers' Training Corps graduates, and one-year active duty competitive tours to all Advanced Course graduates.

## Program of Instruction

For first and second years, basic course, and the advanced course the instruction will consist of five hours per week, of which at least three hours are utilized for theoretical instruction.

## Uniforms

All members must appear in proper uniforms at all Military drill formations and at such other times as the P. M. S. & T. may designate.

Uniforms for students in the elementary course are furnished by the Government. The uniforms are the regulation uniforms of the United States Army, with certain distinguishing features. Such uniforms must be kept in good condition by the students. They remain the property of the Army, and though intended primarily for use in connection with military instruction they may be worn at other times unless the P. M. S. & T. instructs otherwise. The uniforms will not be worn in part nor used while the wearer is engaged in athletic sports. A basic uniform will be returned

to the Military Department at the end of the year; or before, if a student severs his connection with the Department.

The Advanced Course students will wear an officer-type uniform, purchased on a Government allowance.

#### Commutation

All members of the Advanced Course will receive a monetary allowance in lieu of subsistence, equivalent to the current value of the garrison ration, to be paid monthly during the periods of enrollment in the Advanced Course less the period of the Advanced Camp of six weeks. During this Camp the student will receive the pay of the seventh enlisted grade and travel pay. The total period of receiving commutation will not exceed 570 days for any student. This allowance will be paid in addition to benefits authorized by the GI Bill of Rights.

#### Credits

Military instruction at this Institution is on a par with other university work, and the requirements of this department as to proficiency are the same as those of other departments.

Students who have received Military Training at any educational institution under the direction of army officers detailed as Professor of Military Science and Tactics, may receive such credit as the l'. M. S. & T. and the President may jointly determine.

## University and Reserve Officers' Training Corps Bands

The University of Maryland Student Band and the Reserve Officers' Training Corps Band are two separate musical organizations at the University, existing for the purpose of furthering the musical knowledge of interested students. The Reserve Officers' Training Corps Band functions under the Military Department. The Student Band is under the direction of the Music Department and is assisted by the Military Department. The instruction of both bands is conducted by an experienced bandmaster.

The Reserve Officers' Training Corps Band is composed of Reserve Officers' Training Corps students. It practices during drill periods and plays for drills and military formations. Uniforms and instruments are furnished by the Federal Government. Members of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps Band are eligible for enrollment in the Student Band:

The University of Maryland Student Band is one of the most important and most active undergraduate organizations on the Maryland Campus. Membership in the Student Band is open to all interested men and women students of the University. The Band furnishes music for all athletic events and all special occasions during the School Year. The Fall practice

sessions are devoted to the support of the football season, with the band accompanying the football team on several of its trips away from home. During the Winter season the Band plays for the basketball games and for the boxing matches. The practice hours during the winter are devoted to concert music which culminates in an Annual Spring Concert.

Band is a regular scheduled course of instruction. One credit per semester, not to exceed a total of eight (8) credits, may be earned by the student participating in this activity. Uniforms and certain instruments are furnished by the University. Band rehearsals are conducted in the Band Room in the New Armory. A band letter may be earned each year by faithful attendance. A gold award is presented to the student who carns a letter for four successive years. Students may be elected to positions of honor and responsibility within this student organization which operated under its own constitution.

Men or women, applying for admission to the University who play musical instruments and who desire to be considered for the Student Band, should indicate their experience and ability on their application form, and should contact the bandmaster at the earliest opportunity for enrollment in the Student Band, after being accepted for admission to the University.

## The Varsity Rifle Team

The Varsity Rifle Team is under the supervision of the Military Department. Rifle competition at the University of Maryland is rated as a major sport activity, and the varsity letters and sweaters are awarded each year to team members. The rifle teams representing this institution have a high national standing as they have consistently placed in the top brackets in the National Intercollegiate Rifle Match. The Varsity Rifle Team won the National Intercollegiate Championship in 1947 with a new record score. They have been consistent winners in the William Randolph Hearst Trophy Match and the Third Service Command Reserve Officers' Training Corps Match as well as winning a very high percentage of the regular schedule of postal and shoulder matches. Rifle and amunition are furnished by the State and Federal Governments and the rifle range in the New Armory used by the team has been pronounced by officials of the National Rifle Association to be one of the finest in the country.

Both a Varsity Team and a Freshman Team are placed in competition, with members of the latter team being awarded class numerals.

## Degrees

The degree conferred upon students who have met the conditions described for a degree in the College of Military Science, Physical Education and Recreation is a Bachelor of Science.

## COLLEGE OF MILITARY SCIENCE CURRICULUM

	-Semeste	
Freshman Year	I	II
Eng. 1, 2—Composition and Reading in American Literature	3	3
Soc. 1—Sociology of American Life		3
G. & P. 1—American Government	3	• • • • •
Speech 1, 2—Public Speaking	2	2
Math. 10, 11-Algebra, Trigonometry, Analytic Geometry	3	3
Modern Language (one language for two years' study)	3	3
*M. S. 1, 2—Basic R. O. T. C.:	3	3
*Physical Activities	1	1
Total	18	18
Sophomore Year		
Eng. 3, 4 or 5, 6—Composition and Reading in World Literature	3	3
Hist. 5, 6—History of American Civilization	3	8
Speech 5, 6—Advanced Public Speaking	2	2
	3	3
Physics 1, 2—Elements of Physics	-	-
Modern Language	3	3
*M. S. 3, 4—Basic R. O. T. C	3	3
*Physical Activities	1	1
Total	18	18
Junior Year		
†Speech 127-Military Speech and Command	2	2
Agr. Engr. 102—Gas Engines, Tractors and Automobiles		3
Ecom. 37—Fundamentals of Economics	3	
Surv. 1, 2—Plane Surveying	2	2
Dr. 1—Engineering Drawing	2	
†M. S. 101, 102—Advanced R. O. T. C.	3	3
Minor Sequence	6	6
Minor Sequence		
Total	18	16
Students entered in Advanced R. O. T. C. are required to attend six weeks summer camp between Junior and Senior years.		
	-Semes	ter
Senior Year	I	II
G. & P. 102-International Law		8
M. S. 151—Military Logistics	3	
†M. S. 152—Military Leadership	_	3
	••••	•
M. S. 153—Military Policy of the United States	3	
†M. S. 103, 104—Advanced R. O. T. C	3	3
Minor Sequence		6
Total	15	15

<sup>•</sup> Credit allowed for equivalent service in the Armed Forces.

<sup>†</sup> Credit allowed to those holding Regular, Reserve, or National Guard commissions.

## PHYSICAL EDUCATION, HEALTH, AND RECREATION

The primary purposes of the offerings in Physical Education, Health and Recreation are (a) Conducting the obligatory classes in physical education taken three periods weekly by freshmen and sophomores; (b) Organizing and conducting the intramural program of individual and team sports; (c) Organizing and conducting pageants, dances, and gymnastic exhibitions; (d) Prescribing and conducting adaptive or corrective exercises for physically handicapped students; (e) Promoting the proper use of leisure time by organizing wholesome recreation for the students and faculty; (f) Conducting major courses for the education of teachers and leaders in Recreation, Health, Pre-Physical Therapy and Physical Education.

The activities in Physical Education, Health, and Recreation function through a cooperative arrangement among the following: (1) The College of Military Science, Physical Education, and Recreation; Required conditioning exercises of freshmen and sophomores, intramurals, adaptive classes, and major and minor curricula; (2) College of Education; Major and minor curricula; (3) Graduate School; Graduate curricula.

## Required Uniform

Men students taking the required activity classes for freshmen and sophomores are required to wear a uniform consisting of a white cotton T-shirt, black or khaki shorts, supporters, and rubber-soled athletic shoes.

Women students must wear one-piece blue uniforms.

## Physical Education

The demand for teachers in the field of physical education is far greater than the supply. The professional work in physical education is intended to develop leaders to teach and to supervise such work in the public school system, in private schools and colleges.

#### Health

The demand for teachers in Hygiene Instruction, especially in large cities, has existed for some time. To meet this situation, a major course in health instruction is conducted. This course prepares students as teachers and supervisors in personal and community hygiene.

#### Recreation

Throughout the country there is a great demand for men and women trained in the field of recreation. This involves not only recreation from the standpoint of play programs, but also for the management of camps, development of the dramatic arts, conducting community and industrial recreation programs, writing and conducting pageants and numerous other activities intended to relieve the tedium of life for large groups of people; in fact, all those factors that go to make up the sociology of American life.

#### Facilities

The University of Maryland has several athletic fields, a large armory which is also used for recreation purposes, a gymnasium for men and a gymnasium for women, also a large building in which athletic events are held. The State legislature has authorized the construction of two swimming pools which will be built as soon as materials become available.

The weakening influence of our modern machine civilization makes essential a progressive course, especially designed to condition and develop the human body to the point where it can retain normal responses to stimuli in spite of fatigue and exhaustion and continue to function effectively in the routine and emergency tasks of life.

In addition to the required activities, sophomore men students may elect a considerable number of individual sports such as fencing, boxing, wrestling, horseshoes, bag punching, badminton, shuffleboard, and the like.

#### Intramurals for Men

An adequate program of intramural sports is conducted. Touch football, horseshoes, tennis and soccer in the fall; table tennis, basketball, badminton, wrestling, swimming, boxing, handball, and volleyball in the winter; softball, tennis, golf, and track in the spring are the chief activities in this program. Plaques, medals and other appropriate awards in all tournaments of the program are provided for the winning teams and individual members.

The facilities of the Physical Education Department are thrown open to all students when the time does not interfere with scheduled activities.

#### Intramurals for Women

The Department of Physical Education, Health Education, and Recreation for Women has facilities for conducting a full activities program. Recreational games; team sports, including hockey, soccer, field ball, Baltimore ball, speedball, basketball, volleyball, softball, individual sports, consisting of tennis, badminton, fencing, golf, archery, and table tennis are offered.

The Women's Recreation Association under the supervision of the Department of Physical Education for Women, sponsors and conducts intramural tournaments in hockey, bowling, basketball, volleyball, badminton, and tennis, and arranges sport days with neighboring colleges.

#### **Graduate Students**

Candidates for the degree of Master of Arts or Master of Science in Health, Physical Education or Recreation are accepted in accordance with the procedure and requirements of the Graduate School. See Graduate School, Section II.

## Undergraduate Curricula

Professional curricula are offered consisting of four years of lectures, reading, observation, discussion, and practice leading to the degrees of

Bachelor of Science in Physical Education, Health, Recreation, or Pre-Physical Therapy. Certified graduates are prepared to teach hygiene, conduct physical conditioning classes, coach athletics, manage camp activities, supervise municipal or industrial recreation and administer corrective exercises according to the special major and minor subjects pursued.

All applicants must possess good health with no handicapping physical defects. They must be approved by the Medical Director of the University.

Suitable uniforms are required in the activity classes taken by both men and women majoring in the above subjects. The uniform for men consists of a white cotton T-shirt, black pants with gold braid on side, supporters, and rubber-soled shoes. The uniform for women is a white, one-piece suit.

The freshman and sophomore curricula are essentially the same for all majors, consisting of basic cultural courses and introductory activity courses.

The junior and senior curricula provide four areas of specialization and sufficient electives to develop a minor specialty.

# Curricula for Physical Education, Health, Recreation, and Pre-Physical Therapy

W-Women

M-Men

Odd numbered P. E. courses are for Men

Even numbered P. E. courses are for Women

P. E. courses ending in "O" are for both

## Freshman Year

Zool. 1—General Zoology 4	Eng. 2-Comp. & American Lit 3
Eng. 1-Composition & American Lit 3	G. & P. 1—American Government 3
Soc. 1-Sociology of American Life 3	Sp. 10—Group Discussion 2
Sp. 4-Voice and Diction 3	Rec. 30—Hist. & Intro. to Rec. (2), or
P. E. 1, 2—Physical Activities 1	Ed. 2—Intro. to Education (2), or
P. E. 31—Sport Skills (M) 2	P. E. 30—Hist. & Intro. to P. E 3
P. E. 32—Sport Skills (W)	P. E. 4, 5—Physical Activities 1
P. E. 40-Elementary Gymnasium	P. E. 33—Sport Skills (M)
Activities 1	P. E. 34—Sport Skills (W)
P. E. 52—Dance Techniques (W) 2	P. E. 50-Interm. Gym. Activities 1
M. S. 1—Basic R. O. T. C. (M) 3	P. E. 54—Dance Techniques (W1
_	M. S. 2—Basic R. O. T. C. (M) 3
Total(W) 19 (M) 20	_
	Total(W) 17 (M) 18

Sophomore Year			
Eng. 3—Composition & Reading World Lit	Eng. 4—Comp. & Read. Hist. 6—Hist. of America Zool. 15—Human Anat. a Rec. 48—Recreational Da P. E. 8, 19°—Physical A P. E. 37—Sport Skills (V P. E. 38—Sport Skills (V P. E. 45—Track (M) P. E. 47—Baseball (M) P. E. 55—Tennis (M) P. E. 58—Dance Techniq M. S. 4—Basic R. O. T. C Electives  Total	nn Civil nd Physio nce (W) ctivities d) V) ues (W) (M)	3
* Or P. E. 13, 15, 17, 23, 25, 27 if qualified	by PFR score of 300.		
Physical Education		—Semes	t an-
Junior Year		—semes I	II
Zool. 55—Development of Human Body		2	
Zool. 53—Physiology of Exercise			2
Ed. 130-Theory of the Junior High School			2
Ed. 140-Curriculum Instruction and Observ	ation		3
Ed. 147—Audio-Visual Education		2	
Hea. 40—Personal and Community Hygiene.		3	
Hea. 120—Teaching of Health			2
Rec. 120—Camp Administration and Leader			3
Rec. 130—Principles and Practice of Recrea Rec. 150—Recreational Dance		3 2	
P. E. 41—Football (M)		2	
P. E. 57—Combative Sports (M)			1
P. E. 100-Kinesiology		3	
P. E. 102, 104—Sport Skills (W)		2	2
P. E. 170-Principles and Practice of Physi-	cal Education		3
Total		17 W 1	7 M 16
Senior Year			
Ed. 143-Methods and Practice of Teaching.		5 or	
Ed. 149-Methods and Practice of Teaching			
Psych. 110—Educational Psychology			
Rec. 100—Co-Recreational Games and Progr			2
P. E. 43—Basketball (M)		1	
P. E. 101, 103—Organization and Officiating		2	2
P. E. 106, 108—Sport Skills (W)		2	2
P. E. 124, 126—Coaching and Officiating (V		2	2
P. E. 140-Therapeutics (Adaptives)			3
P. E. 160—Golf		1	
P. E. 180—Tests and Measurements		3	
P. E. 181—Training and Conditioning (M)			
P. E. 190—Organization and Adm. of Hea.		· · · ·	3 5 M 6
Electives (Second Semester)		W	0 14 0
NOTE: If Ed. 149 is elected, the omitted: P. E. 51, 101, 106, 108.			
Total	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	16 or20	17

Health Education	Sen	nester
Junior Year	I	II
Zool. 55—Development of Human Body	2	
Zool. 53—Physiology of Exercise		2
Bact. 1—General Bacteriology		4
Ed. 130-Theory of the Junior High School		2
H. Ec. Ed. 110-Child Development		3
Ed. 150—Educational Measurement	2	
Hea. 110—Health Service and Supervision	3	
Psych. 130—Mental Hygiene		3
P. E. 51—Recreational Sport Skills (M)	1	
P. E. 100—Kinesiology	3	
Electives	W 7 M 6	W 3 M 2
· Total	17	17
Senior Year		
Bact. 5-Advanced General Bacteriology	4	
Bact. 131—Food Bacteriology		4
Zool. 51—Physiology of Exercise		1
Nut. 113—Diet and Disease	2	
Ed. 143-Methods and Practice Teaching in Health	5	
Ed. 147—Audio-Visual Education	2	
Hea. 120—Teaching Health		2
P. E. 140—Therapeutics (Adaptives)		3
P. E. 181—Training and Conditioning (M)		1
P. E. 190-Org. and Adm. of Health and Physical Education		3
Electives	4	3
Total	17	17
Recreation		
*		
Junior Year		
Soc. 2—Principles of Society	3	
Soc. 118—Community Organization	• • • •	3
Sp. 113—Play Production		3
Music 1—Music Appreciation	3	
Crafts 2-3—Simple Crafts		2
Rec. 120-Camp Administration and Leadership		3
Rec. 130-Principles and Practice of Recreation	3	
Rec. 150—Recreational Dance		
P. E. 102, 104—Sport Skills (W)		2
Electives		W 4 M 6
m-4-1	17	17

		-Semester	
Senior Year	1	II	
Rec. 100-Co-Recreational Games and Programs		2	
Rec. 110-Nature Lore		1-3	
Rec. 140-Observation and Service in Recreation	5		
Rec. 160—Golf		1	
Rec. 170-Organization and Administration of Recreation		3	
P. E. 43—Basketball (M)	1		
P. E. 51—Recreational Sports (M)	1	• • • •	
P. E. 101, 103—Organization and Officiating in Intramurals (M)	2	2	
P. E. 106, 108—Sport Skills (W)	2	2	
P. E. 124, 126—Coaching and Officiating (W)	2	2	
Electives (First Semester) W7	18 2 d	W 4 M 6	
Total	17	. 17	
Pre-Physical Therapy Curriculum			
Junior Year			
Psych. 110—Educational Psychology	3		
P. E. 100—Kinesiology	3		
Chem. 1, 3—General Chemistry	4	4	
Zool. 53—Physiology of Exercise		2	
Psych. 130—Mental Hygiene		3	
P. E. 31, 33, or 102, 104—Sport Skills	2	2	
P. E. 150—Recreational Dance	2		
Soc. 131—Introduction to Social Service	3		
Cr. 2-3—Simple Crafts		2	
Electives		4	
Total	17	17	
Senior Year			
Phys. 1, 2—Elements of Physics	3	3	
Zool. 55—Development of the Human Body	2		
Psych. 125—Child Psychology	3		
P. E. 101, 103, or 106, 108—Sport Skills	2	2	
Soc. 153—Juvenile Delinquency	3		
Psych. 126—Developmental Psychology		3	
P. E. 140—Therapeutics (Adaptives)		, 3	
Electives	4	6	
Total	17	17	

## Minor Electives

Students who carry a major in any teaching field may develop a minor in any one of the following fields by taking 30 semester hours—20 hours must be selected from the specific field and 10 hours from the other fields in this department.

## THE GRADUATE SCHOOL

C. O. APPLEMAN, Dean

### History and Organization

In the earlier years of the institution the Master's degree was frequently conferred, but the work of the graduate students was in charge of the departments concerned, under the supervision of the general faculty. The Graduate School of the University of Maryland was established in 1918, and organized graduate instruction leading to both the Master's and the Doctor's degree was undertaken. The faculty of the Graduate School includes all members of the various faculties who give instruction in approved graduate courses. The general administrative functions of the graduate faculty are delegated to a Graduate Council, of which the Dean of the Graduate School is chairman.

#### Admission

An applicant for admission to the Graduate School must hold a Bachelor's or a Master's degree from a college or university of recognized standing. The applicant shall furnish an official transcript of his collegiate record which for unconditional admission must show creditable completion of an adequate amount of undergraduate preparation for graduate work in his chosen field. Application for admission to the Graduate School should be made prior to dates of registration on blanks obtained from the office of the Dean.

After approval of the application a matriculation card, signed by the Dean, is issued to the student. This card permits one to register in the Graduate School. After payment of the fee, the matriculation card is stamped and returned to the student. It is his certificate of membership in the Graduate School and should be retained by the student to present at each succeeding registration.

Admission to the Graduate School does not necessarily imply admission to candidacy for an advanced degree.

## Registration

All students pursuing graduate work in the University, even though they are not candidates for higher degrees, are required to register in the Graduate School at the beginning of each semester. In no case will graduate credit be given unless the student matriculates and registers in the Graduate School. The program of work for each session is arranged by the student with the major department and entered upon two course cards, which are signed first by the professor in charge of the student's major subject and then by the Dean of the Graduate School. One card is retained by the Dean. The student takes the other card, and in case of a new student, also the matriculation card, to the Registrar's office, where the registration is completed. Students will

not be admitted to graduate courses until the Registrar has certified to the instructor that registration has been completed. Course cards may be obtained at the Registrar's office or at the Dean's office. The heads of departments usually keep a supply of these cards in their respective offices.

#### **Graduate Courses**

Graduate students must elect for credit in partial fulfillment of the requirements for higher degrees only courses designated For Graduates or For Graduates and Advanced Undergraduates. Students who are inadequately prepared for graduate work in their chosen fields or who lack prerequisites for minor courses may elect a limited number of courses numbered from 1 to 99, but graduate credit will not be allowed for these courses. Courses that are audited are registered for in the same way as other courses, and the fees are the same.

## Program of Work

The professor who is selected to direct a student's thesis work is the student's adviser in the formulation of a graduate program, including suitable minor work, which is arranged in cooperation with the instructors. To encourage thoroughness in scholarship through intensive application, graduate students in the regular sessions are limited to a program of fifteen credit hours per semester. If a student is preparing a thesis during the minimum residence for the master's degree, the registration in graduate courses should not exceed twelve hours for the semester.

## Graduate Work in Professional Schools at Baltimore

Graduate courses and opportunities for research are offered in some of the professional schools at Baltimore. Students pursuing graduate work in the professional schools must register in the Graduate School, and meet the same requirements and proceed in the same way, as do graduate students in other departments of the University.

## Graduate Work by Seniors in This University

A senior of this University who has nearly completed the requirements for the undergraduate degree may, with the approval of his undergraduate dean and the Dean of the Graduate School, register in the undergraduate college for graduate courses, which may later be transferred for graduate credit toward an advanced degree at this University, but the total of undergraduate and graduate courses must not exceed fifteen credits for the semester. Excess credits in the senior year cannot later be used for graduate credit unless such prearrangement is made. Seniors who wish to register for graduate courses may apply to the Dean of the Graduate School for blanks and information as to procedure.

## Admission to Candidacy for Advanced Degrees

Application for admission to candidacy for the Master's and for the Doctor's degree is made on application blanks which are obtained at the office of the Dean of the Graduate School. These are filled out in duplicate by the student and submitted to his major department for further action and transmission to the Dean of the Graduate School. All applications for admission to candidacy must be approved by the Graduate Council.

Admission to candidacy in no case assures the student of a degree, but merely signifies he has met all the formal requirements and is considered by his instructors sufficiently prepared and able to pursue such graduate study and research as are demanded by the requirements of the degree sought. The candidate must show superior scholarship in graduate work already completed.

Application for admission to candidacy is made at the time stated in the sections dealing with the requirements for the degree sought.

## REQUIREMENTS FOR THE DEGREES OF MASTER OF ARTS AND MASTER OF SCIENCE

Advancement to Candidacy. Each prospective candidate for the Master's degree is required to make application for admission to candidacy not later than the date when instruction begins for the semester in which the degree is sought. He must have completed at least twelve semester hours of graduate work at the University of Maryland. An average grade of "B" in all major and minor subjects is required.

Minimum Residence. A residence of at least two semesters, or equivalent, at this institution, is required.

Course Requirements. A minimum of twenty-four semester hours, exclusive of thesis and of research, with an average grade of "B" in courses approved for graduate credit, is required for the degrees of Master of Arts and Master of Science. At the option of the major department concerned the student may be required also to register for a maximum of six semester hours for research and thesis work. The total number of credit hours required for the degree would then be thirty. If the student is inadequately prepared for the required graduate courses, either in the major or minor subjects, additional courses may be required to supplement the undergraduate work. Of the twenty-four hours required in graduate courses, not less than twelve semester hours and not more then sixteen semester hours must be earned in the major subject. The remaining credits must be outside the major subject and must comprise a group of coherent courses intended to supplement and support the major work. Not less than one-half of the total required course credits for the degree, or a minimum of twelve, must be selected from courses numbered 200 or above. No credit for the degree of Master of Arts or Master of Science may be obtained for correspondence courses. The entire course of study must constitute a unified program approved by the student's major adviser and by the Dean of the Graduate School.

Transfer of Credit. Credit not to exceed six semester hours, obtained at other recognized institutions, may be transferred and applied to the course requirements of the Master's degree, provided that the work was of graduate character, and provided that it is approved for inclusion in the student's graduate program at the University of Maryland. This transfer of credit is submitted to the Graduate Council for approval when the student applies for admission to candidacy for the degree. Acceptance of the transferred credit does not reduce the minimum residence requirement. The candidate is subject to final examination by this institution in all work offered for the degree.

Thesis. In addition to the twenty-four semester hours in graduate courses a satisfactory thesis is required of all candidates for the degrees of Master of Arts and Master of Science. (Exceptions may be made in the case of candidates for the degree of Master of Arts in American Civilization. See page 204.) The thesis must demonstrate the student's ability to do independent work and it must be acceptable in literary style and composition. With the approval of the student's major professor and the Dean of the Graduate School, the thesis in certain cases may be prepared in absentia under direction and supervision of a member of the faculty of this institution.

The original copy of the thesis must be deposited in the office of the Graduate School not later than two weeks before the convocation at which the degree is sought. The thesis should not be bound by the student, as the University later binds all theses uniformly. An abstract of the contents of the thesis, 200 to 250 words in length, must accompany it. A manual giving full directions for the physical make-up of the thesis is in the hands of each professor who directs thesis work, and should be consulted by the student before the typing of the manuscript is begun. Individual copies of this manual may be obtained by the student at the Dean's office, at nominal cost.

Final Examination. The final oral examination is conducted by a committee appointed by the Dean of the Graduate School. The student's adviser acts as the chairman of the committee. The other members of the committee are persons under whom the student has taken most of his major and minor courses. The chairman and the candidate are notified of the personnel of the examining committee at least one week prior to the period set for oral examinations. The chairman of the committee selects the exact time and place for the examination and notifies the other members of the committee and the candidate. The examination should be conducted within the dates specified by the Dean of the Graduate School at the end of the semester, but upon recommendation of the student's

adviser, an examining committee may be appointed at any time when all other requirements for the degree have been completed. A report of the committee is sent to the Dean as soon as possible after the examination. A special form for this purpose is supplied to the chairman of the committee. Such a report is the basis upon which recommendation is made to the faculty that the candidate be granted the degree sought. The period for the oral examination is usually about one hour, but the time should be long enough to insure an adequate examination.

The examining committée also approves the thesis, and it is the candidate's obligation to see that each member of the committee has ample opportunity to examine a copy of the thesis prior to the date of the examination.

A student will not be admitted to final examination until all other requirements for the degree have been met. In addition to the oral examination a comprehensive written examination may be required at the option of the major department.

## REQUIREMENTS FOR THE DEGREE OF MASTER OF ARTS IN AMERICAN CIVILIZATION

Studies in American Civilization are intended to prepare the student for teaching, for further study, and for research in the general field of American Civilization but with emphasis on one of two disciplines: history, including European backgrounds; or literature, including European literatures, particularly English. All students will be expected to understand the development of American institutions and to demonstrate proficiency in the literary, social, economic, and political history of the United States.

With the approval of his adviser, a candidate for the Master of Arts degree with a major in American Civilization may elect in lieu of the thesis six additional hours of course work, to include at least two substantial seminar papers. The total number of credit hours required for the degree would then be thirty semester hours.

Each candidate must present credits for at least fifteen semester hours of work in American literature and American history, and credits for at least fifteen semester hours in supporting courses (nine hours if a thesis is elected). Supporting courses will normally be in such fields as European or Latin-American history, English literature, comparative literature, philosophy, art, education, sociology, economics, and politics and government.

Each candidate must demonstrate in a written examination that he possesses a reading knowledge of one foreign language.

All other requirements are the same as for the degree of Master of Arts and Master of Science in other fields.

## REQUIREMENTS FOR THE DEGREE OF MASTER OF EDUCATION

Thirty semester hours of course work are required, which may include courses in departments other than Education not to exceed one-half of the total thirty hours, such courses to be selected in conformity with the student's special needs as agreed upon by the student and his adviser. Of the thirty hours, not less than one-half must be on the 200 level.

At least four of the thirty semester hours must be in seminar work in connection with which two seminar papers will be prepared in specially prescribed form approved in writing by the instructor in charge of the seminar and the Dean of the College of Education, and filed in the College of Education. One of these papers shall deal with a topic in the student's major field of concentration.

Included in the program must be courses in educational statistics and in procedure of educational research.

The requirements in regard to advancement to candidacy, transfer of credits, and final oral examination are the same as for the degrees of Master of Arts and Master of Science.

## REQUIREMENTS FOR THE DEGREE OF MASTER OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

The degree of Master of Business Administration represents a minimum of two semesters of graduate work in addition to the satisfaction of all undergraduate requirements for the bachelor's degree. Graduate work will normally include a minimum of twenty-four semester course hours and the completion of a satisfactory thesis. An average grade of "B" must be obtained in the twenty-four hours offered for graduate credit.

The undergraduate prerequisites for graduate work leading to the degree of Master of Business Administration may be satisfied by completion of work for the degree of Bachelor of Science in Business Administration at the University of Maryland, or by equivalent work leading to a corresponding degree at another institution, providing this work is acceptable. Holders of Bachelor's degrees other than in Business Administration must take additional work early in their residence at the University of Maryland as follows: Principles of Economics, Principles of Accounting, the equivalent of six semester hours in Business Law, and introductory courses in each of the following: Labor Economics, Marketing, Money and Banking, and Business Statistics.

Of the twenty-four hours required in graduate courses, not less than twelve hours and not more than sixteen must be earned in the major subject. The remaining credits must be outside the major subject and must comprise a group of coherent courses intended to supplement and support the major work. (The extent of coherency may be determined by the student's major adviser.) Not less than one-half the total required courses credits for the degree, or a minimum of twelve, must be selected from

courses numbered 200 or above, except that with the approval of the student's major adviser and the Dean of the College of Business and Public Administration lower numbered courses may occasionally be permitted to be offered as substitutes.

The degree of Master of Business Administration represents specialized work in a particular field of business administration. To this end course and thesis work should contribute to one field of specialization, such as Accounting, Finance, Labor, Foreign Trade, Marketing, Public Utilities, Transportation, Personnel Administration, Industrial Management, or to some other field of the student's specialized interest.

Requirements for admission to candidacy, minimum residence, transfer of credit, thesis and final examination are the same as those for the degrees of Master of Arts and Master of Science.

## REQUIREMENTS FOR THE DEGREE OF DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY

Advancement to Candidacy. Candidates for the Doctor's degree must be admitted to candidacy at least one academic year before the final examination. Applications for admission to candidacy for the Doctor's degree are made in duplicate by the student and submitted to his major department for further action and transmission to the Dean of the Graduate School. Blanks may be obtained at the office of the Graduate School.

The applicant must have demonstrated to the head of the Foreign Language Department that he possesses a reading knowledge of French and German. With the approval of the major department and the Graduate Council, in special cases, another foreign language may be substituted for either French or German. Preliminary examinations or such other substantial tests as the departments may elect are also required for admission to candidacy.

Residence. The equivalent of three years of full time graduate study and research is the minimum required. Of the three years the equivalent of at least one year must be spent in residence at this university. On a part-time basis the time needed will be correspondingly increased. All work at other institutions offered in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the Ph.D. degree is submitted to the Graduate Council for approval, upon recommendation of the department concerned, when the student applies for admission to candidacy for the degree.

The Doctor's degree is not given merely as a certificate of residence and work, but is granted only upon sufficient evidence of high attainments in scholarship, and ability to carry on independent research in the special field in which the major work is done.

Major and Minor Subjects. The candidate must select a major and one or two closely related minor subjects. At least twenty-four semester hours, exclusive of research, are required in minor work. The remainder of the required residence is devoted to intensive study and research in the major field. The amount of required course work in the major subject

will vary with the department and the individual candidate. The candidate must register for a minimum of twelve semester hours of research.

Thesis. The ability to do independent research must be shown by a dissertation on some topic connected with the major subject. An original typewritten copy and two clear, plain carbon copies of the thesis, together with an abstract of the contents, 250 to 500 words in length, must be deposited in the office of the Dean at least three weeks before the convocation at which the degree is sought. It is the responsibility of the student also to provide copies of the thesis for the use of the members of the examining committee prior to the date of the final examination.

The original copy should not be bound by the student, as the university later binds uniformly all theses for the general university library. The carbon copies are bound by the student in cardboard covers which may be obtained at the students' supply store. The abstracts are published biennially by the university in a special bulletin.

A manual giving full directions for the physical make-up of the thesis is in the hands of each professor who directs thesis work, and should be consulted by the student before typing of the thesis is begun. Students may obtain copies of this manual at the Dean's office, at nominal cost.

Final Examination. The final oral examination is held before a committee appointed by the Dean. One member of this committee is a representative of the graduate faculty who is not directly concerned with the student's graduate work. One or more members of the committee may be persons from other institutions who are distinguished scholars in the student's major field.

The duration of the examination is approximately three hours, and covers the research work of the candidate as embodied in his thesis, and his attainments in the fields of his major and minor subjects. The other detailed procedures are the same as those stated for the Master's examination.

## Rules Governing Language Examinations for Candidates for the Degree of Doctor of Philosophy

1. A candidate for the Doctor's degree must show in a written examination that he possesses a reading knowledge of French and German. With the approval of the major department and the Graduate Council, in special cases another foreign language may be substituted for either French or German. The passages to be translated will be taken from books and articles in his specialized field. Some 300 pages of text from which the applicant wishes to have his examination chosen should be submitted to the head of the Department of Foreign Languages at least three days before the examination. The examination aims to test ability to use the foreign language for research purposes. It is presumed that the candidate will know sufficient grammar to distinguish inflectional forms and that he will be

able to translate readily in two hours about 500 words of text, with the aid of a dictionary.

- 2. Application for admission to these tests must be filed in the office of the Department of Foreign Languages at least three days in advance of the tests.
- 3. No penalty is attached to failure in the examination, and the unsuccessful candidate is free to try again at the next date set for these tests.
- 4. Examinations are held near the office of the Department of Foreign Languages, on the first Wednesday of October, February, and June at 2 p. m.

#### FELLOWSHIPS AND ASSISTANTSHIPS

Fellowships. A number of fellowships have been established by the University. The stipend for the University fellows is \$500 and the remission of all graduate fees except the diploma fee. Several industrial and special fellowships, with varying stipends, are also available in certain departments.

Fellows are required to render minor services prescribed by their major departments. The usual amount of service required does not exceed twelve clock hours per week. Fellows are permitted to carry a full graduate program, and they may satisfy the residence requirement for higher degrees in the normal time.

Applications for fellowships are made on blanks which may be obtained from the office of the Graduate School. The application, with the necessary credentials, is sent by the applicant directly to the Dean of the Graduate School. Applications which are approved by the Dean are forwarded to the departments, where final selection of the fellows is made. The awards of University fellowships are on a competitive basis.

Graduate Assistantships. A number of teaching and research assistantships are available in several departments. The compensation varies with the nature and amount of service required and with the term of appointment. The amount of credit that may be earned toward a degree likewise varies with the amount of time available for graduate study. The research assistants, especially those in the Experiment Station, usually participate in research that meets the requirements for a Master's or a Doctor's degree.

Applications for graduate assistantships are made directly to the departments concerned and appointments are made through the regular channels for staff appointments. Further information regarding these assistantships may be obtained from the department or college concerned.

#### SUMMER SESSION

HAROLD BENJAMIN, Director

A Summer Session of six weeks duration is conducted at College Park. Instruction is offered in most of the departments of the University although, because of lower enrollments than during fall and spring semesters, the course offerings may be somewhat reduced in some divisions. In the College of Education, however, the offerings are considerably expanded in the Summer Session and teachers in service and other persons who are employed during the regular school year will find a wide variety of courses available.

### Terms of Admission

The admission requirements for those who desire to become candidates for degrees are the same as for any other session of the University. Before registering, a candidate for a degree will be required to consult the Dean of the College or School in which he wishes to secure the degree. Teachers and special students not seeking a degree are admitted to the courses of the summer session for which they are qualified. All such selection of courses must be approved by the Director of the Summer Session.

#### Credits and Certificates

The semester hour is the unit of credit as in other sessions of the University. In the summer session, a course meeting five times a week for six weeks and requiring the standard amount of outside work has a value of two semester hours.

Courses satisfactorily completed will be credited by the State Department of Education toward satisfying certification requirements of all classes.

#### Summer Graduate Work

Teachers and other graduate students working for degrees on the summer plan must meet the same requirements as to admission, credits, scholarship, and examinations as do students enrolled in the regular sessions of the University.

All teachers or others planning to do work towards graduate degrees in Education must apply to the Dean of the Graduate School for admission to the Graduate School.

For detailed information in regard to the Summer Session, consult the special Summer Session announcement, a copy of which may be secured from the Director, Summer Session, University of Maryland, College Park, Md.



#### THE COLLEGE OF SPECIAL AND CONTINUATION STUDIES

GEORGE J. KABAT, Director

#### DIVISION OF PART-TIME STUDIES

The University provides a limited program of late afternoon and evening and Saturday morning courses both on and off campus for mature students who have full-time employment or who, for other reasons, cannot follow a full-time program of studies at College Park. These studies are offered at both the graduate and undergraduate levels.

During the academic year 1947-1948, courses were provided at the following University Centers: Baltimore, Aberdeen, Calvert, Annapolis, Glenn L. Martin, Fort George G. Meade, Cambridge, Salisbury, Hagerstown, Cumberland, College Park, Pentagon Building and Washington, D. C. Child study projects for teachers were also sponsored in various counties of Maryland. Over 3900 students were enrolled throughout the year.

The primary purpose of this program is to bring the facilities of the University to the people of Maryland, wherever they may be. All courses taught, on or off campus, are fully approved by the University department concerned, and all instructors are approved by the department head concerned. The part-time program makes it possible for employed students to complete much of their degree requirements off campus.

A separate announcement of the part-time studies program is issued near the beginning of each semester. Two offices of this Division are maintained by the College. Information may be obtained by writing:

The College of Special and Continuation Studies,
University of Maryland,
College Park, Maryland;
or
The College of Special and Continuation Studies,
University of Maryland,
Lombard and Greene Streets,

Baltimore 1, Maryland.

#### DIVISION OF GENERAL STUDIES

In August, 1947, the University established a special program for high school graduates whose secondary school preparation may be dificient in certain minor details.

In September, 1947, 140 students were admitted under this special program. These students are permitted to carry a full load of basic freshman subjects in the arts and sciences. In addition, they are given a course to orient them to university life. Under the direction of a guidance counsellor and subject matter assistants, they are given help in developing successful study habits and in adjusting to the requirements of university procedures.

#### SECTION III

## The Academic Divisions

The academic divisions at the University of Maryland are constituted for the purpose of drawing into closer relationship the scholars among both students and faculty in related departments of study who are faced with common problems and the need for an exchange of experience in reference to progress underway which is of common interest extending beyond the bounds of individual departments.

In addition to the functions of coordinating the work of related departments and stimulating scholarship in a broad subject field, it is more particularly the duty of divisions, through their chairmen, to sanction needed interdepartmental cooperative projects; check and report possible duplication of effort; and in general, to serve as advisory bodies to the General Administrative Board.

The chairmen of the divisions are chosen by the General Administrative Board, of which body they are members.

Five academic divisions have been established in the University to date. These are:

The Lower Division
The Division of Biological Sciences
The Division of Physical Sciences
The Division of Humanities
The Division of Social Sciences

At the present time these divisions are constituted as follows:

#### THE LOWER DIVISION

## CHAIRMAN, DR. CHARLES E. WHITE, Professor of Chemistry

Student programs in Freshman and Sophomore years of the University are under the general oversight of a faculty committee known as the Lower Division Committee. The members of this committee are especially selected because of their interest in student growth and development in Freshman and Sophomore years. They are drawn from the faculties of all of the departments in the University whose responsibility it is to offer courses to students in these years.

It is the function of the Lower Division Committee to consider the general problem of courses which should be open to students in Freshman and Sophomore years; the articulation of these courses in terms of the curricula needs of the several colleges; and, in general, to stimulate interest in learning and teaching at this level.

## THE DIVISION OF BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES CHAIRMAN, DR. RONALD BAMFORD, Professor of Botany

The Division of Biological Sciences includes the departments of Bacteriology, Botany, Entomology, Zoology and Genetics, and representatives of other departments interested in this field.

#### THE DIVISION OF HUMANITIES

CHAIRMAN, DR. ADOLF E. ZUCKER, Professor of Foreign Languages

The Division of Humanities includes the departments of Art, Classical Languages and Literatures, English Language and Literature, Foreign Languages and Literatures, Music, Practical Art, Philosophy, Speech, and representatives of other departments interested in this field.

#### THE DIVISION OF PHYSICAL SCIENCES

CHAIRMAN, DR. WILBERT J. HUFF, Professor of Chemical Engineering

The Division of Physical Sciences includes the departments of Astronomy, Chemistry, Geology, Mathematics, Physics, and representatives of other departments interested in this field.

## THE DIVISION OF SOCIAL SCIENCES

CHAIRMAN, DR. HAROLD C. HOFFSOMMER, Professor of Sociology

The Division of Social Sciences includes the departments of Economics, Agricultural Economics, History, Home Management, Government and Politics, Psychology, Sociology, and representatives of other departments interested in this field.

## Cooperation With Graduate School, U.S. Department of Agriculture

To provide broader educational opportunities for those served by each institution, the Graduate School for the United States Department of Agriculture and the University of Maryland have developed a cooperative arrangement under which certain resources of each institution are made available to students of both institutions. Representatives of certain subject matter departments at each institution are engaged in developing integrated educational programs.

Under these arrangements, work taken at the Graduate School of the United States Department of Agriculture may be applied as partial residence credit toward undergraduate or advanced degrees at the University of Maryland. Those wishing to take advantage of these arrangements must work out an approved program of study with their advisers.

## SECTION IV

## Course Offerings—College Park

Hereinafter are listed, by departments or special units, in alphabetical order, all courses offered in the regular sessions of the University at College Park. Courses offered in the Summer Session and in the Baltimore Schools of the University are described in the separate catalogs issued by the respective schools.

The University reserves the right to withdraw or discontinue any course for which an insufficient number of students have registered to warrant giving the course. In such an event, no fee will be charged for transfer to another course.

Courses are designated by numbers as follows:

1 to 99: courses for undergraduates.

100 to 199: courses for advanced undergraduates and graduates. (Not all courses numbered 100 to 199 may be taken for graduate credit.)

200 to 299: courses for graduates only.

A course with a single number extends through one semester. A course with a double number extends through two semesters.

Courses not otherwise designated are lecture courses. The number of hours' credit is shown by the arabic numeral in parentheses after the title of the course.

A separate schedule of courses is issued each semester, giving the hours places of meeting, and other information required by the student in making out his program. Students obtain these schedules when they register.

#### AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Aero. E. 101, 102. Aerodynamics (3, 2)—Second and first semesters. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week second semester; two lectures a week first semester.

Basic fluid mechanics and the aerodynamic theory of airfoils. Airplane performance and stability calculation. Laboratory demonstration.

Aero. E. 103. Airplane Detail Drafting (1)—First semester. One laboratory period a week. Prerequisites, Dr. 3.

Standards of airplane drafting. Lofting.

Aero. E. 104. Airplane Layout Drafting (1)—Second semester. One laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, Aero. E. 103.

Layout of component parts of airplanes, wings, fuselage, etc.

Aero. E. 105, 106. Airplane Fabrication Shop (1, 2)—First and second semesters. One laboratory period a week first semester; two laboratory periods a week second semester. Prerequisite, Shop 2.

Machine shop, sheet metal forming and fabrication; wood and plastics; riveting, and welding.

Aero. E. 107, 108. Airplane Design (4,4)—First and second semesters. Two lectures and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisites, Mech. 52; Aero. E. 102 and 104.

Theory and practice of airplane design.

Aero. E. 109, 110. Aircraft Power Plants (4, 4)—First and second semesters. Three lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisites, Mech. 52, M. E. 100.

Thermodynamics and dynamics of aircraft power plant design. Gas turbines and jet propulsion. Study and tests of aircraft engines in laboratory.

Aero. E. 111, 112. Aeronautical Laboratory (2, 2)—First and second semesters. One lecture and one laboratory period a week.

Wind tunnel tests. Structure tests. Experiments on hydraulic systems, landing gear operation, etc. Performance tests of aircraft engines and propellers.

Aero. E. 113, 114. Mechanics of Aircraft Structures (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, Mech. 52 and Math. 64.

Principles and problems of airplane stress analysis and design.

#### For Graduates

Aero. E. 200, 201. Advanced Aerodynamics (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisites, Aero. E. 101, 102, Math. 64.

Special problems in performance and stability of aircraft. Design of aircraft for speeds approaching the velocity of sound. Wind tunnel research.

Aero. E. 202, 203. Advanced Aircraft Structures (3,3)—First and second semesters. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisites, Aero. E. 113, 114.

Study of latest scientific reports on aircraft structures. Special problems on wing design for high speeds, high wing loading, thin wing sections, and high aspect ratio. Flexural and torsional stiffness of complete wings. Tests on structures in laboratory.

Aero. E. 204, 205. Aircraft Dynamics (3,3)—First and second semesters. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisites, Mech. 52, Math. 64.

Study of vibrations, wing flutter, gust loads, and dynamics of landing. Calculations of natural frequencies of vibration of aircraft structures.

Aero. E. 206, 207. Advanced Aircraft Power Plants (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, M. E. 100; Aero. E. 109, 110.

Special problems of thermodynamics and dynamics of aircraft power plants; jet and rocket engines. Research in power plant laboratory.

Aero. E. 208, 209. Advanced Aircraft Design and Construction (3,3)—First and second semesters. One lecture and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Aero. E. 107, 108; Math. 64.

A course in project engineering. The student studies methods involved in the design, production, and flight testing of aircraft. Problems in design production, management, testing, etc.

Aero. E. 210. Aerodynamic Theory (3)—First semester. Prerequisites, Aero. E. 101, Math. 64.

A study of the application of hydrodynamic theory to engineering problems. Circulation theory of lift. Induced effects. Velocity potential and stream function. Source and sink flow. Conformal transformation.

(Sherwood.)

Aero. E. 211.—The Design and Use of Wind Tunnels (Supersonic) (3)—First and second semesters.

The design and use of wind tunnels (supersonic). Review of basic aerodynamics and thermodynamics. Problems in supersonic tunnel design such as pumping, power supply, condensation and driers. Equipment for measuring results such as balances, monometers, optical instruments, such as schlieren, spark illumination and Xray equipment.

Investigations in supersonic wind tunnels are described with special reference to similitude required for conversion to full scale.

#### AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS AND MARKETING

Professors De Vault, Hoecker, Beal, Baker; Associate Professors Walker, Hamilton, Poffenberger, Shull

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

A. E. 100. Farm Economics (3)—First semester. Prerequisite, Econ. 31, 32, or Econ. 37. (Shull.)

A general course in agricultural economics, with special reference to population trends, the factors in agricultural production, agricultural wealth, land tenure, farm labor, agricultural credit, the tariff, price movements, and marketing.

A. E. 101. Marketing of Farm Products (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Econ. 31, 32, or Econ. 37. (Shull.)

The development of marketing, its scope, channels and agencies of distribution, functions, costs, methods used, and services rendered.

## A. E. 103. Cooperation in Agriculture (3)-First semester.

Historical and comparative development of farmers' cooperative organizations; reasons for failure and essentials to success; commodity developments; operative practices; banks for cooperatives; present trends.

(Poffenberger.)

#### A. E. 104. Farm Finance (3)—Second semester.

A study of credit principles as applied to private and cooperative farm businesses and the agencies extending farm credit. The needs for and benefits of farm insurance, including fire, crop, livestock, and life insurance.

(Poffenberger.)

A. E. 105. Food Products Inspection (2)—Second semester. One lecture and one laboratory period a week.

This course is designed to give students primary instruction in the grading, standardizing and inspection of fruits and vegetables, dairy products, poultry products, meats, and other food products. Theoretical instruction will be given in the form of lectures, while the demonstrational and practical work will be conducted through laboratories and field trips to Washington, D. C., and Baltimore. (Staff.)

## A. E. 106. Prices of Farm Products (3)—Second semester.

A general course in prices, price relationships, and price analysis, with emphasis on prices of agricultural products. (Poffenberger.)

A. E. 107. Analysis of the Farm Business (3)—First semester. One lecture and two laboratory periods a week.

A concise, practical course in the keeping, summarizing, and analyzing of farm accounts. (Hamilton.)

#### A. E. 108. Farm Management (3)—Second semester.

A study of the organization and operation of farms from the standpoint of efficiency, selection of farms, size of farms, leasing systems, and factors affecting profits. Students will make an analysis of the actual farm business and practices of different types of farms, and make specific recommendations as to how these farms may be organized and operated as successful businesses. (Hamilton.)

### A. E. 109. Research Problems (1-2)—First and second semesters.

With the permission of the instructor, students will work on any research problems in agricultural economics. There will be occasional class meetings for the purpose of making reports on progress of work. (De Vault.)

#### A. E. 110. Seminar (1, 1)—First and second semesters.

Students will prepare and present reports on economic literature and current agricultural economic problems. (Hamilton.)

## A. E. 111. Land Economics (3)—First semester.

Concepts of land economy are discussed, as well as conditions and tendencies influencing land requirements in relation to land resources; a study of major land problems and land policies; farm tenancy; tax delinquency and tax reverted lands; land use adjustments; and measures for better use of our land resources.

#### A. E. 112. Agricultural Policy (3)—Second semester.

The evolution of agricultural policy in the United States, emphasizing the origin and development of governmental programs, and their effects upon agricultural production, prices and income. (Beal.)

#### A. E. 114. Foreign Trade in Farm Products (3)—Second semester.

Trends in world trade for agricultural products; the position of the United States in world trade of argicultural products; farm relief measures and international trade; reciprocal trade agreements; possible postwar developments.

(Shull.)

#### A. E. 115. Marketing of Dairy Products (3)—First semester.

A study of principles and practices in the marketing of milk and manufactured dairy products, including the influence of significant geographical and institutional relationships on costs and methods of distribution. (Beal.)

## A. E. 116. Marketing of Fruits and Vegetables (2)—Second semester.

A study of principles and practices in the marketing of fresh and processed fruits and vegetables, including the influence of significant geographical and institutional relationships on costs and methods of distribution. (Hoecker.)

Poultry Marketing Problems. See Poultry Husbandry, P. H. 104.

Egg Marketing Problems. See Poultry Husbandry, P. H. 105.

Poultry Industrial and Economic Problems. See Poultry Husbandry, P. H. 107.

Market Milk. See Dairy Husbandry, D. H. 109.

Livestock Markets and Marketing. See Animal Husbandry, A. H. 150.

Meat and Livestock Products. See Animal Husbandry, A. H. 160.

Economics of Consumption. See Economics, Econ. 130.

Economics of Cooperatives. See Economics, Econ. 151.

Advertising Programs and Campaigns. See Business Administration, B. A. 151.

Retail Store Management. See Business Administration, B. A. 154.

#### For Graduates

A. E. 200, 201. Special Problems in Farm Economics (2, 2)—First and second semesters.

An advanced course dealing extensively with some of the economic problems affecting the farmer, such as land values, taxation, credit, prices, production adjustments, transportation, marketing, and cooperation.

(De Vault.)

#### A. E. 202. Seminar (1, 1)—First and second semesters.

This course will consist of special reports by students on current economic subjects, and a discussion and criticism of the same by the members of the class and instructional staff.

(De Vault.)

## A. E. 203. Research—Credit according to work accomplished.

Students will be assigned research in agricultural economics under the supervision of the instructor. The work will consist of original investigation in problems of agricultural economics. (Staff.)

#### A. E. 210. Taxation in Relation to Agriculture (2)—Second semester.

Principles and practices of taxation in their relation to agriculture, with special reference to the trends of tax levies, taxation in relation to land utilization, taxation in relation to ability to pay and benefits received.

(Walker.)

# A. E. 211. Agricultural Taxation in Theory and Practice (3)—First semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week.

Economic effects of taxation upon the welfare of rural society; theory of the general property tax, business and license taxes, the income tax, the sales tax, special commodity taxes, inheritance and estate taxes as applied to the support of rural governmental functions; practical and current problems in taxation. (Walker.)

## A. E. 212, 213. Land Utilization and Agricultural Production (3, 3)—First and second semesters.

A presentation, by regions, of the basic physical conditions of climate, topography and soils; the economic and social forces that have influenced agricultural settlement and the resultant utilization of the land; followed by a consideration of the regional trends and interregional shifts in land utilization and agricultural production. (Baker.)

# A. E. 214. Consumption of Farm Products and Levels of Living (3)—Second semester.

A presentation of trends in the national per capita consumption of farm products, followed by studies based principally on the Consumers' Purchase Survey; regional and local variations in consumption and levels of living.

(Baker.)

## A. E. 215. Advanced Agricultural Cooperation (3)-First semester.

An appraisal of agricultural cooperation as a means of improving the financial status of farmers. More specifically, the course includes a critical analysis and appraisal of specific types and classes of cooperatives.

(Poffenberger.)

#### A. E. 216. Advanced Farm Management (3)—Second semester.

An advanced course in farm organization and management which applies the economic principles of farm production to the operation of farms of different sizes, types, operations, and geographical locations. Consideration is also given to adjustments which have taken place in farming in specific areas and probable changes in the future.

A. E. 217. Agricultural Economics Research Techniques (2, 2)—First and second semesters.

A study and an appraisal of agricultural economics research techniques. Experience is given in outlining and conducting research projects. A critical appraisal is made of methods of analysis and the presentation of results.

(Hoecker.)

## AGRICULTURAL EDUCATION AND RURAL LIFE

## Professor Ahalt

R. Ed. 1. Introduction to Agriculture (1)—First semester. Required of all Freshmen in the College of Agriculture.

A series of lectures introducing the student to the broad field of agriculture.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

R. Ed. 101. Teaching Farm Practicums and Demonstrations (2)—First semester. Two laboratory periods a week. Open only to students majoring in Agricultural Education. No graduate credit allowed.

This course is designed to assist the student in relating the learning acquired in the several departments with the problems of doing and demonstrating which he faces in the field and in the classroom as a teacher of agriculture. Deficiencies are checked and corrected by laboratory practice.

(Ahalt.)

R. Ed. 103. Practice Teaching (5)—First semester. Open only to students majoring in Agricultural Education. No graduate credit allowed.

Under the direction of a critic teacher the student is required to analyze and prepare special units of subject matter in agriculture, plan lessons, and teach in cooperation with the critic teacher, exclusive of observation, not less than 125 clock hours of vocational agriculture and related subjects.

(Ahalt.)

R. Ed. 104. Practice Teaching (1-4)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, R. Ed. 103. No graduate credit allowed.

A continuation of R. Ed. 90 for those students wishing to acquire additional experience in teaching. (Ahalt.)

R. Ed. 107. Observation and Analysis of Teaching for Agricultural Students (3)—Second semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Open only to students majoring in Agricultural Education.

This course deals with an analysis of pupil learning in class groups.

(Ahalt.)

R. Ed. 109. Teaching Secondary Vocational Agriculture (3)—First semester. Open only to students majoring in Agricultural Education.

A comprehensive course in the work of high school departments of vocational agriculture. It emphasizes particularly placement, supervised farming programs, the organization and administration of Future Farmer work, and objectives and methods in all-day instruction. (Ahalt.)

R. Ed. 111. Teaching Young and Adult Farmer Groups (1)—First semester. Open only to students majoring in Agricultural Education.

Characteristics of young and adult farmer instruction in agriculture. Determining needs for organizing a course; selecting materials for instruction; and class management. Emphasis is placed on the conference method of teaching.

(Ahalt.)

R. Ed. 112. Departmental Management (1)—Second semester. One laboratory period a week. Prerequisites, R. Ed. 107, 109.

The analysis of administrative programs for high school departments of vocational agriculture. Investigations and reports. (Ahalt.)

R. Ed. 114. Rural Life and Education (3)—Second semester.

An intensive study of the educational agencies at work in rural communities, stressing an analysis of school patronage areas, the possibilities of normal life in rural areas, early beginnings in rural education, and the conditioning effects of educational offerings. (Ahalt.)

#### For Graduates

R. Ed. 201, 202. Rural Life and Education (3,3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, R. Ed. 114 or equivalent.

A sociological approach to rural education as a movement for a good life in rural communities. (Ahalt.)

R. Ed. 207, 208. Problems in Vocational Agriculture, Related Science, and Shop (2, 2)—First and second semesters.

In this course special emphasis is placed upon the current problems facing teachers of vocational agriculture. It is designed especially for persons who have had several years of teaching experience in this field. (Ahalt.)

R. Ed. 250. Seminar in Rural Education (1-2)—First and second semesters.

Problems in the organization, administration, and supervision of the several agencies of rural education. Investigations, papers, and reports.

(Ahalt.)

R. Ed. 251. Research-Credit hours according to work done. (Ahalt.)

#### AGRICULTURAL ENGINEERING

Professor Carpenter, Associate Professor Gienger

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Agr. Engr. 101. Farm Machinery (3)—First semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week.

A study of the economics, design and adjustments of modern horse and tractor-drawn machinery, including applications of electricity to farm operations. Laboratory work consists of detailed study of actual machines, their calibration, adjustment, and repair. (Gienger.)

Agr. Engr. 102. Gas Engines, Tractors and Automobiles (3)—Second semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week.

A study of the design, operation, and repair of the internal combustion engines, tractors, and automobiles used in farm practice. (Carpenter.)

Agr. Engr. 104. Farm Mechanics (2)—First semester. Two laboratory periods a week.

This course consists of laboratory exercises in practical farm shop and farm equipment repair and construction projects, and a study of the principles of shop organization and administration. It is available only to seniors in agricultural education. (Gienger.)

Agr. Engr. 105. Farm Buildings (2)-First semester.

A study of all types of farm structures; also of farm lighting, heating, water supply and sanitation systems. (Carpenter.)

Agr. Engr. 106. Farm Mechanics (2)—Second Semester. Two laboratory periods a week.

Laboratory exercises covering practical projects in farm shop work and in the repair and construction of farm equipment. (Gienger.)

Agr. Engr. 107. Farm Drainage (2)—Second semester. One lecture and one laboratory period a week.

A study of farm drainage systems, including theory of tile under-drainage, the depth and spacing of laterals, calculation of grades, methods of construction, and the use of engineering instruments. A smaller amount of time will be spent upon drainage by open ditches, and the laws relating thereto. (Carpenter.)

### AGRONOMY AND SOILS

Professors Kemp and Thomas, Associate Professors Axley and Kuhn,
Instructor Liden

#### A. CROPS

Agron. 1. Crop Production (3)—First and second semesters. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week.

Culture, use, improvement, adaptation, distribution, and history of Cereal and Forage Crops.

Agron. 30. Cereal Crop Production (3)—First semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week.

Continuation study of investigations in Cereal Crop production.

Agron. 31. Forage Crop Production (3)—Second semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week.

Continuation study of investigations in Forage Crop production.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Agron. 103. Crop Breeding (2)—First semester. Prerequisite, Zool. 104.

The principles of breeding as applied to field crop plants and methods used in plant improvement. (Kuhn.)

Agron. 151. Cropping Systems (2)—Second semester.

The bringing to bear of information, from various courses upon the development of balanced cropping systems, appropriate to different objectives and different areas of the State. (Kuhn.)

Agron. 152. Seed Production and Distribution (2)—Second semester. History of seed production, processing, and distribution; current problems; Federal and State seed control programs; and release of new varieties and maintenance of foundation seed stocks. (Liden.)

Agron. 153.—Selected Crop Studies (2-4)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, Agron. 1 and Agron. 30 or 31. Advanced individual study of field crops of special interest to the student. (Staff.)

#### For Graduates

Agron. 201. Crop Breeding (2-4)—First semester. Prerequisite, consent of instructor. (Kuhn.)

Similar to Agron. 103, but better adapted to graduate students and offering a wider range of choice of material to suit special cases.

Agron. 203. Seminar (1)—First and second semesters.

Reports by students on current scientific publications on crops or soils.

Agron. 204. Technic in Field Crop Research (2)—First semester. Field plot technic, application of statistical analysis to Agronomic data, and preparation of the research project. (Kuhn.)

Agron. 209. Research (4-8)—First and second semesters. (Staff.)

Credit according to work accomplished. With approval or suggestion of the head of the department, the student will choose his own problem for study.

#### B. SOILS

Soils 1. General Soils (3)—First semester. Prerequisites, Chem. 1

A broad conception of the fundamentals of soils showing the origin, development, relation to natural sciences, soil uses, effect on civilization, soil properties and relation to soils problems.

SOILS 223

Soils 2. Soil Fertility Principles (3)—Second semester. Two lectures and one two-hour demonstration laboratory each week. Prerequisites, Soils 1, Organic Chemistry, General Bacteriology.

A study of the biological, chemical and physical characteristics of soils that are important in growing crops. Soil deficiencies of physical, fertility or biological nature and their correction by the use of lime, fertilizers, organic materials and rotations are discussed and illustrated.

Soils 51. Soil Investigation Methods (2)—First semester. Two three-hour laboratory periods a week. Prerequisites, Soils 2 and Quantitative and Organic Chemistry or registration therein.

A laboratory study of the common biological, chemical, and physical methods of examining a soil to determine its nutritional needs and fertility level.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Soils 103. Soil Geography (3)—Second semester. Two lectures and one two-hour laboratory period a week. Prerequisites, Soils 1 and Geology.

A study of the factors and processes of soil formation in the world and in Maryland, the relation of soils to related geographic features, the development and use of soil classification and soil capability grouping and uses. The laboratory period is used largely for field trips to examine soils in place. (Thomas.)

Soils 112. Soil Conservation (3)—First semester. Prerequisite, Soils 1.

A study of the factors affecting the preservation of the desired physical, chemical, and biological functions of soil and soil moisture; the influence of soil deterioration on society; methods of soil conservation. Field trips are made to farms using different conservation practices. (Thomas.)

Soils 120. Soil Management (3)—Second semester. Prerequisites, Soils 2 and Soils 103.

A study is made of detailed soil problems and their solutions; soil management practice for maximum production and soil maintenance; and the relation of soils to agriculture and society in general. (Thomas.)

#### For Graduates

Soils 201. Special Problems and Research (10-12)—First and second semesters. Laboratory and library work.

Original investigations of physical, chemical and biological soil problems and their relation to lime, fertilizer and nutritional studies.

(Thomas and Axley.)

Soils 202, 203. Soil Science (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Three discussion periods a week. Prerequisite, approval of instructor.

A review of the development and modern conceptions of the physical, biological, and chemical nature of soils and their contribution to soil science.

(Thomas and Axley.)

Soils 212, 213. Soil Research Technique (2, 2)—First and second semesters. Two three-hour laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, approval of instructor.

A laboratory study of methods, technique, and equipment used to investigate the various soil problems. It is the laboratory part of the soil science course.

(Thomas and Axley.)

#### ANIMAL HUSBANDRY

Professor Foster; Associate Professors Outhouse, Kerr; Instructor Crow; Lecturer Finney

A. H. 1. Fundamentals of Animal Husbandry (3)—First and second semesters. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week.

A study of the types, breeds and market classes of beef cattle, sheep, swine, and horses; general problems in breeding, feeding, management and marketing. Practice in the selection and judging of livestock. A field trip may be made to a packing plant in Baltimore.

A. H. 31. Livestock Judging (2)—Second semester. Two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, A. H. 1.

Training in judging of beef cattle, sheep, swine and draft horses. Occasional trips to farms where outstanding herds and flocks are maintained.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

A. H. 100. Advanced Livestock Judging (2)—First semester. Two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, A. H. 31. No graduate credit allowed.

An advanced course in the selection and judging of purebred and commercial meat and work animals. The most adept students enrolled in this course are chosen to represent the University of Maryland in intercollegiate livestock judging contests. (Kerr.)

A. H. 110. Feeds and Feeding (3)—First semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisites, Chem. 1, 3. No graduate credit allowed.

Elements of nutrition, source, characteristics, and adaptability of the various feeds to the several classes of livestock; feeding standards; the calculation and compounding of rations. (Kerr.)

A. H. 111. Animal Nutrition (3)—First semester. Prerequisites, Chem. 31, 32, 33, 34; A. H. 110. Graduate credit allowed.

Processes of digestion, absorption, and metabolism of nutrients; nutritional balances; nature of nutritional requirements for growth, production and reproduction. (Shaw.).

A. H. 120. Principles of Breeding (3)—Second semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, Zool. 104. No graduate credit allowed.

The practical aspects of animal breeding, heredity, variation, selection, development, systems of breeding, and pedigree work are considered.

(Outhouse.)

A. H. 130. Beef Cattle Production (2)—First semester. Prerequisite, A. H. 1. No graduate credit allowed.

Principles and practices underlying the economical production of beef cattle, including a study of breeds and their adaptability; breeding, feeding and management of purebred and commercial herds. (Foster.)

A. H. 131. Sheep Production (2)—First semester. Prerequisite, A. H. 1. No graduate credit allowed.

Principles and practices underlying economical production of sheep, including a study of the breeds and their adaptability; breeding, feeding and management of purebred and commercial flocks. (Outhouse.)

A. H. 132. Pork Production (2)—Second semester. Prerequisite, A. H. 1. No graduate credit allowed.

Principles and practices underlying the economical production of swine; breeding, feeding and management of purebred and commercial herds; breeds of swine and their adaptability. (Kerr.)

A. H. 133. Draft Horse Production (2)—Second semester. Prerequisite, A. H. 1. No graduate credit allowed.

Principles and practices underlying economical production and use of draft horses, including a study of breeds and their adaptability. (Outhouse.)

A. H. 134. Light Horse Production (1)—First semester. No graduate credit allowed.

A study of the light horse breeds with emphasis on the types and usefulness of each. A discussion of principles of selection and breeding of light horses is included in this course. (Finney.)

A. H. 135. Light Horse Production (1)—Second semester. Prerequisite, A. H. 134. No graduate credit allowed.

A continuation of A. H. 134. Included is a study of the organization of the light horse farm, proper methods of feeding and training, control of disease, treatment and care of injuries, sale of surplus stock. (Finney.)

A. H. 140. Livestock Management (3)—Second semester. One lecture and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, A. H. 1. No graduate credit allowed.

A course designed to familiarize students with various systems of livestock farming, together with practical methods of handling and managing livestock. Practice and training in the feeding, fitting and preparation of animals for show and work purposes and commercial meat production.

(Outhouse.)

A. H. 150. Livestock Markets and Marketing (2)—First semester. Prerequisite, A. H. 1. Graduate credit allowed.

History and development of livestock markets and systems of marketing; trends of livestock marketing; effect of changes in transportation and refrigeration facilities; the merchandising of meat products. (Kerr.)

A. H. 160. Meat and Meat Products (3)—Second semester. One lecture and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, A. H. 1. No graduate credit allowed.

Designed to give information on the processing and handling of the nation's meat supply. A study of the physical and structural qualities which affect the value of meat and meat products. Trips are made to packing houses and meat distributing centers. (Kerr.)

#### For Graduates

A. H. 201. Special Problems in Animal Husbandry (2-4)—Credit given in proportion to amount of work completed.

Problems which relate specifically to the character of work the student is pursuing will be assigned. (Staff.)

A. H. 202, 203. Seminar (1, 1)-First and second semesters.

Students are required to prepare papers based upon current scientific publications relating to animal husbandry or upon their research work for presentation before and discussion by the class. (Staff.)

A. H. 204. Research—Credit to be determined by the amount and character of work done.

With the approval of the head of the department, students will be required to pursue original research in some phase of animal husbandry, carrying the same to completion, and report the results in the form of a thesis. (Staff.)

A. H. 205. Advanced Breeding (2)—Second semester. Prerequisites, Zool. 104, A. H. 120.

This course deals with the more technical phases of heredity and variation; selection and selection indices; breeding systems; specific inheritance in farm animals. (Staff.)

A. H. 206, 207. Advanced Livestock Management (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week.

An intensive study of the newer developments in animal breeding, animal physiology, animal nutrition, endocrinology and other closely allied fields as they apply to the management and commercial production of livestock.

(Staff.)

#### ART DEPARTMENT

Associate Professor Siegler, Instructor Maril

Art 1, 2. Charcoal Drawing (Antique) (3, 3).

Drawing from casts, preparatory to Life and Portrait drawing and painting. Stress is placed on fundamental principles, such as the study of relative proportions, values and modeling, etc. (Siegler.)

ART 227

#### Art 5, 6. Still-life (3, 3).

First half semester devoted to elementary theory and practice of drawing. Methods of linear and tonal description with emphasis on perspective and light-and-shade. Second half semester, elementary theory and practice oil painting. Elementary theory and practice of composition introduced and utilized. Second semester, more advanced problems. (Siegler, Maril.)

## Art 7, 8. Landscape Painting (3, 3).

Outdoor drawing and painting; organization of landscape material. (Art 7 and 6 are interchangeable.) (Maril.)

#### Art. 9. Historical Survey of Painting, Sculpture and Architecture (3).

An understanding of the epochs in the advance of civilization as expressed through painting, sculpture and architecture. A background to more detailed study. (Cress.)

## Art 10. History of American Art (1).

A Resume of the development of painting, sculpture, and architecture in this country and how American Art was influenced by social, political, and economical forces, here and abroad. (Cress.)

#### Art 13, 14. Elementary Sculpture. (1).

Study of three-dimensional form compositions in round and bas-relief.

Mediums used: clay, plasteline. (Maril.)

#### Art 16, 17. Pictorial Composition (2, 2).

Principles underlying graphic presentation of ideas. Problems to stimulate the students' imagination and enable them to do creative work.

(Maril.)

## Art 100, 101. Art Appreciation (2, 2)—Prerequisite, Art 9.

A course designed to help the student to a fuller appreciation and greater enjoyment of art. Lectures, discussions, slides and occasional visits to museums. (Cress.)

## Art 102, 103. Projects (3, 3)-Prerequisites Art 15 and 16.

Assignments of pictorial compositions aimed at both mural decoration and easel picture problems. Emphasis on the psychological and sociological angles of pictorial composition, involving some research. (Siegler, Maril.)

Art 104, 105. Life Class (Drawing and Painting) (3, 3)—Prerequisites, Art 2 and 6.

Careful observation and study of the human figure for construction, action, form, and color. (Siegler.)

Art 106, 107. Portrait Class (Drawing and Painting) (3, 3)—Prerequisites, Art 1 and 5.

Thorough draftmanship and study of characterization and composition stressed. (Siegler.)

#### ASTRONOMY

Astr. 1, 2. Astronomy (3,3)—First and second semesters.

An elementary course in descriptive astronomy.

Astr. 5. Navigation (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Math. 14 and 16. The theory and practice of navigation.

#### BACTERIOLOGY

Professors Faber, Wilcox, Associate Professors Laffer, Pelczar, Assistant Professor Doetsch

Bact. 1. General Bacteriology (4)—First and second semesters. Two lecture and two laboratory periods a week.

The physiology, culture and differentiation of bacteria. Fundamental principles of microbiology in relation to man and his environment. Laboratory fee, \$10.00.

Bact. 5. Advanced General Bacteriology (4)—Second semester. Two lecture and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisites, Bact. 1 and Chem. 3.

Emphasis will be given to the fundamental procedures and techniques used in the field of bacteriology with drill in the performance of these techniques. Lectures will consist of the explanation of various laboratory procedures. Laboratory fee, \$10.00.

Bact. 51. Household Bacteriology (3)—Second semester. Two lecture and one laboratory periods a week. For home economics students only.

Morphology and physiology of the bacteria, yeasts and molds. Application of the effect of chemical and physical agents in the control of microbial growth. Relationship of microbiology to home sanitation, food preservation and manufacture; personal and community hygiene. Laboratory fee, \$10.00.

Bact. 52. Sanitary Bacteriology (2)—Second semester. Two lecture periods a week. Prerequisite, Bact. 1.

This course comprises the lectures only of Bact 53.

Bact. 53. Sanitary Bacteriology. (4)—Second semester. Two lecture and two laboratory peridos a week. Prerequisite, Bact. 5.

Bacteriological and public health aspects of water supplies and sewage disposal, restaurant and plant sanitation, insect and rodent control, and waste disposal. Occasional field trips. Laboratory fee, \$10.00.

Bact. 55. Sanitary Bacteriology for Engineers. (2)—First semester. One lecture and one laboratory period a week. For junior and senior students in engineering only.

Discussion of the fundamental principles of bacteriology and their relationship to water supply, sewage disposal and other sanitary problems. Demonstration of these principles in the laboratory. Laboratory fee, \$5.00.

Bact. 60. Journal Club (1)—First and second semesters. One lecture period a week. Prerequisite, a major in bacteriology with junior standing. Introduction to periodical literature, methods, interpretation, presentation of reports, and evaluation by class.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Bact. 101. Pathogenic Bacteriology (4)—First semester. Two lecture and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Bact. 5.

The role of microorganisms in the diseases of man and animals with emphasis upon the differentiation and culture of bacterial species, types of disease, modes of disease transmission; prophylactic, therapeutic and epidemiological aspects. Laboratory fee, \$10.00. (Faber.)

Bact. 103. Serology (4)—Second semester. Two lecture and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Bact. 101.

Infection and resistance; principles and types of immunity; hypersensitiveness. Fundamental techniques of major diagnostic immunological reactions and their application. Laboratory fee, \$10.00. (Faber.)

Bact. 104. History of Bacteriology (1)—First semester. One lecture period a week. Prerequisite, a major in bacteriology with senior standing.

History and integration of the fundamental discoveries of the science. The modern aspects of cytology, taxonomy, fermentation, and immunity in relation to early theories. (Doetsch.)

Bact. 105. Clinical Methods (4)—First semester. Two lecture and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Bact. 103.

A practical course designed to integrate clinical laboratory procedures in terms of hospital and public health demands. Examination of sputum, feces, blood, spinal fluids, urine, etc. Laboratory fee, \$10.00. (Faber.)

Bact. 108. Epidemiology and Public Health (3)—Second semester. Three lecture periods a week. Prerequisite, Bact. 101.

History, characteristic features and epidemiology of the important communicable diseases; public health aspects of man's struggle for existence; public health administration and responsibilities; vital statistics. (Faber.)

Bact. 131. Food Bacteriology. (4)—First semester. Two lecture and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Bact. 5.

The relationship of microorganisms to fresh and preserved food, the use of microorganisms in the preparation of foods and methods of control of these organisms. Discussion of the pure food laws. Demonstration of the fundamental principles involved and the methods used in the examination of different types of foods. Laboratory fee, \$10.00. (Laffer.)

Bact. 133. Dairy Bacteriology (4)—First semester. Two lecture and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Bact. 5.

Relation of bacteria, yeasts and molds to milk, cream, butter, ice-cream, cheese and other dairy products. Standard methods of examination, public health requirements, plant sanitation. Occasional inspection trips. Laboratory fee, \$10.00. (Doetsch.)

Bact. 135. Soil Bacteriology (4)—Second semester. Two lecture and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Bact. 5.

The role played by microorganisms in the soil; nitrification, denitrification, nitrogen-fixation and decomposition processes; cycles of elements; relationships of microorganisms to soil fertility. Laboratory fee. \$10.00. (Wilcox.)

Bact. 161. Systematic Bacteriology (4)—First semester. Two lecture and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, 16 credits in bacteriology.

History of bacterial classification; genetic relationships; international codes of nomenclature; bacterial variation as it affects classification. Laboratory fee, \$10.00. (Wilcox.)

Bact. 181. Bacteriological Problems (3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisites, 16 credits in bacteriology. Registration only upon the consent of the instructor.

This course is arranged to provide qualified undergraduate majors in bacteriology and majors in allied fields an opportunity to pursue specific bacteriological problems under the supervision of a member of the department. Laboratory fee, \$10.00.

## For Graduates

Bact. 201. Advanced Pathogenic Bacteriology. (4)—First semester. Two lecture and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, 30 credits in bacteriology and allied fields, including Bact. 103.

Primarily a study of the fungi associated with disease and practice in the methods of isolation and identification. Discussion of the rickettsiae and viruses. Practice in the preparation of materials for examination with the electron microscope. Laboratory fee, \$10.00. (Laffer.)

Bact. 204. Bacterial Metabolism (2)—First semester. Two lecture periods a week. Prerequisite, 30 credits in bacteriology and allied fields, including Chemistry 160 and 161.

Bacterial enzymes, nutrition of autotrophic and heterotrophic bacteria, bacterial growth factors, dissimilation of carbohydrate and nitrogenous substrates. Laboratory fee, \$10.00. (Pelczar.)

Bact. 206. Special Topics (1)—First and second semesters. One lecture period a week. Prerequisite, 20 credits in bacteriology.

Presentation and discussion of fundamental problems and special subjects in the field of bacteriology.

Bact. 231. Advanced Food Bacteriology (4)—First semester. Two lecture and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, 30 credits in bacteriology including Bact. 131.

BOTANY 231

The role of microorganisms in food handling and processing with emphasis upon commercial and factory aspects. Laboratory fee, \$10.00. (Laffer.)

Bact. 280. Seminar (1)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, 30 credits in bacteriology.

Discussions and reports prepared by majors in bacteriology engaged in current research; presentations of selected subjects dealing with recent advances in microbiology.

Bact. 290. Research—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, 30 credits in bacteriology.

Credits according to work done. The investigation is outlined in consultation with and pursued under the supervision of a senior staff member of the department. Laboratory fee, \$8.00.

#### **BOTANY**

Professors Bamford, Norton (emeritus), Appleman, and Jehle; Lecturer Steiner; Associate Professors Brown, Jeffers, and Gauch; Assistant Professors Cox and Morgan; Instructor Moore; Assistants Rappleye, Smoot, Horn, Owens, Corp, Eck, Tarjan, and Sanford.

Bot. 1. General Botany (4)—First and second semesters. Two lectures and two laboratory periods a week.

General introduction to botany, touching briefly on all phases of the subject. Emphasis is on the fundamental biological principles of the higher plants. Laboratory fee, \$5.00.

Bot. 2. General Botany (4)—Second semester. Two lectures and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Bot. 1.

A brief evolutionary study of algae, fungi, liverworts, mosses, ferns and their relatives, and the seed plants, emphasizing their structure, reproduction, habitats, and economic importance. Laboratory fee, \$5.00.

Bot. 11. Plant Taxonomy (3)—Second semester. One lecture and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Bot. 1, or equivalent.

A study of the principles of plant classification, based on the collection and identification of local plants. Laboratory fee, \$5.00.

Bot. 20. Diseases of Plants (3)—First semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, Bot. 1.

An introductory study of the symptoms and causal agents of plant diseases and measures for their control. Laboratory fee, \$5.00.

#### For Advanced Undergraduates

Bot. 110. Plant Microtechnique (2)—Second semester. Two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Bot. 1.

Principles and methods involved in the preparation of permanent microscope slides of plant materials. Laboratory fee, \$5.00.

232 BOTANY

Bot. 112. Seminar (1)—First and second semesters.

Discussion of special topics, current literature, problems and progress in all phases of botany. For seniors only, majors and minors in botany or biological science. (Brown.)

## A. Plant Physiology

#### For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Bot. 101. Plant Physiology (4)—First semester. Two lectures and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisites, Bot. 1 and General Chemistry.

A survey of the general physiological activities of plants. Laboratory fee, \$5.00. (Brown.)

Bot. 102. Plant Ecology (3)—Second semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, Bot. 11, or equivalent.

A study of plants in relation to their environments. Plant successions and formations of North America are treated briefly and local examples studied.

(Brown.)

#### For Graduates

Bot. 201. Plant Biochemistry (2 or 4)—First semester. Two lectures and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisites, Bot. 101 and elementary organic chemistry, or equivalent.

A study of the important substances in the composition of the plant body and the chemical changes occurring therein. Laboratory fee, \$5.00.

(Appleman.)

Bot. 202. Plant Biophysics (2)—(Not offered 1948-1949.) Prerequisites Bot. 101 and introductory physics, or equivalent.

An advanced course dealing with the operation of physical phenomena in plant life processes. (Appleman, Gauch.)

- Bot. 203. Biophysical Methods (2)—(Not offered in 1948-1949). Two laboratory periods a week. Laboratory course to accompany Bot. 202. Laboratory fee, \$5.00. (Gauch.)
- Bot. 204. Growth and Development (2)—(Not offered 1948-1949). Prerequisite, 12 semester hours of plant science. (Appleman.)
  - Bot. 205. Salt Nutrition Seminar (1)—Second semester.

Reports on current literature are presented and discussed in connection with recent advances in the mineral nutrition of plants. (Gauch.)

Bot. 206. Research—Credit according to work done.

Students must be qualified to pursue with profit the research to be undertaken. (Appleman, Gauch.)

#### B. Plant Morphology and Taxonomy

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Bot. 111. Plant Anatomy (3)—First semester. One lecture and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Bot. 110, or equivalent.

BOTANY 233

The origin and development of the organs and tissue systems in the vascular plants. Laboratory fee, \$5.00. (Bamford.)

Bot. 113. Plant Geography (2)—First semester. Prerequisite, Bot. 1.

A study of plant distribution throughout the world and the factors generally associated with such distribution. (Brown.)

Bot. 114. Advanced Plant Taxonomy (3)—First semester. One lecture and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Bot. 11.

Principles and criteria of plant classification. Reviews and criticisms of current taxonomic literature. Collection and classification of Maryland plants. Laboratory fee, \$5.00. (Brown.)

Bot. 115. Structure of Economic Plants (2)—Second semester. Two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Bot. 111.

A detailed microscopic study of the anatomy of the chief fruit and vegetable crops. Laboratory fee, \$5.00. (Bamford.)

Bot. 116. History and Philosophy of Botany (1)—First semester. Prerequisite, 15 semester hours of botany.

Discussion of the development of ideas and knowledge about plants, leading to a survey of contemporary work in botanical science. (Bamford.)

Bot. 117. Plant Breeding (2)—Second semester. Prerequisites, Zool. 104 or equivalent.

A survey of the fundamental principles to modern plant breeding. The analysis of hybrid vigor, its application to economic plants, the relation of chromosomes to plant improvement, economically valuable mutations and similar topics will be considered. (Morgan.)

## For Graduates

Bot. 211. Cytology (4)—Second semester. Two lectures and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisites, Bot. 110 and Zool. 104 (Genetics) or equivalent.

A detailed study of the chromosomes in mitosis and meiosis, and the relation of these to current theories of heredity and evolution. Laboratory fee, \$5.00. (Bamford.)

Bot. 212. Plant Morphology (2)—First semester. Two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Bot. 11, Bot. 111, or equivalent.

A comparative study of the morphology of the flowering plants, with special reference to the phylogeny and development of floral organs. Laboratory fee, \$5.00. (Bamford.)

Bot. 213. Seminar (1)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, permission of instructor.

Discussion of special topics in plant morphology, anatomy, and cytology. (Bamford, Morgan.)

- Bot. 214. Research—Credit according to work done. (Bamford, Morgan.)
- Bot. 215. Plant Cytogenetics (3)—First semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisites, Zool. 104, Bot. 211.

An advanced study of the current status of plant genetics, particularly gene mutations and their relation to chromosome changes in corn and other favorable genetic materials. Laboratory fee, \$5.00. (Morgan.)

#### C. Plant Pathology

#### For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Bot. 121. Diseases of Special Crops (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Bot. 20, or equivalent.

Offers more detailed information on the diseases of special crops than is given in Bot. 20. (Cox.)

Bot. 122. Research methods in Plant Pathology (2)—First and second semesters. Two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Bot. 20, or equivalent.

Advanced training in the basic research techniques and methods of plant pathology. Laboratory fee, \$5.00 each semester. (Cox.)

Bot. 128. Mycology (4)—First semester. Two lectures and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Bot. 2.

An introductory study of the morphology, classification, life histories, and economics of the fungi. Laboratory fee, \$5.00. (Jeffers.)

#### For Graduates

Bot. 221. Virus Diseases (3)—Second semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisites, Bot. 20 and Bot. 101.

Consideration of the physical, chemical and physiological aspects of plant viruses and plant virus diseases. Laboratory fee, \$5.00. (———.)

Bot. 222. Plant Nematology (2)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Bot. 20, or equivalent.

A detailed study of the nematodes which cause plant diseases, especially their life history, plant symptoms and control measures. (Steiner.)

Bot. 225. Research, Pathology—Credit according to work done. (Staff.)

Bot. 226. Plant Disease Control (3)—First semester. Prerequisite, Bot. 20, or equivalent.

An advanced course dealing with the theory and practices of plant disease control. (Cox.)

Bot. 229. Seminar, Pathology (1)-First and second semesters.

Discussion on the advanced technical literature of plant pathology.

(Jeffers, Cox.)

#### BUSINESS AND PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

Accounting and Statistical Control, see page 120.

Business Education, see page 243.

Economics, see page 259.

Finacial Administration, see page 121.

Foreign Service and International Relations, see page 137.

Industrial Administration, see page 123.

Marketing Administration, see page 123.

Geography, see page 286

Public Administration, see page 126.

Office Techniques and Management, see page 131.

Transportation Administration, see page 125.

## BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

Professors Pyle, Calhoun, Clemens, Cover, Frederick, Grubb, Reid, Watson and Wedeberg; Associate Professors Cissel, Mounce, McLarney, H. Sylvester and Wright; Assistant Professor Mills; Instructors Ash, Bourne, Cronin, Mann, Messer, and Woodbury; Assistant Instructors Daiker and Thomas.

B.A. 10, 11. Organization and Control (2,2)—First and second semesters. Required in all Bus. Adm. curriculums.

A survey course treating the internal and functional organization of a business enterprise. B.A. 11 includes industrial management, organization and control.

B.A. 20, 21. Principles of Accounting (4, 4)—First and second semesters. Required in all Business Administration curriculums. Prerequisite, Sophomore standing.

The fundamental principles and problems involved in accounting for proprietorships, corporations and partnerships.

#### For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

B.A. 110, 111. Intermediate Accounting (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, a grade of B or better in B.A. 21, or consent of instructor.

A comprehensive study of the theory and problems of valuation of assets, application of funds, corporation accounts and statements, and the interpretation of accounting statements.

B.A. 116. Public Budgeting (3)-Prerequisites, B.A. 21 and Econ. 32.

A study of budgetary administration in the United States, including systems of financial control and accountability, the settlement of claims, centralized purchasing and the reporting of financial operations.

B.A. 118. Governmental Accounting (3)—Prerequisite, B.A. 111, or consent of instructor.

The content of this course covers the scope and functions of governmental accounting. It considers the principles generally applicable to all forms and types of governmental bodies and a basic procedure adaptable to all governments. It deals with governmental accounting as a distinct field. It develops and presents the system, taking full account of the conditions governing the agencies and operations carried on by government.

B.A. 121. Cost Accounting (4)—Second semester. Prerequisite, a grade of B or better in B.A. 21, or consent of instructor.

A study of the fundamental principles of cost accounting including job order, process, and standard cost accounting.

B.A. 122. Auditing Theory and Practice (3)—First'semester. Prerequisite, B.A. 111.

A study of the principles and problems of auditing and the application of accounting principles to the preparation of audit working papers and reports.

B.A. 123. Income Tax Accounting (4)—First semester. Prerequisite, a grade of B or better in B.A. 21, or consent of instructor.

A study of the important provisions of the Federal Tax Law, using illustrative examples, selected questions and problems, the preparation of returns.

B.A. 124, 126. Advanced Accounting (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, B.A. 111.

Advanced accounting theory applied to specialized problems in partnerships, estates and trusts, banks, mergers and consolidations, receiverships and liquidations.

B.A. 125. C.P.A. Problems (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, B.A. 124, or consent of instructor.

A study of the nature, form and content of C.P.A. examinations by means of the preparation of solutions to, and an analysis of, a large sample of C.P.A. problems covering the various accounting fields.

B.A. 127. Advanced Auditing Theory and Practice (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, B.A. 122.

Advanced auditing theory, practice and report writing.

B.A. 129. Apprenticeship in Accounting (0)—Prerequisites, minimum of 20 semester hours in accounting and the consent of the accounting staff.

A period of apprenticeship is provided with nationally known firms of certified public accountants from about January 15 to February 15, and for a semester after graduation.

B.A. 130. Elements of Business Statistics (3)—First semester. Prerequisite, junior standing. Required for graduation.

This course is devoted to a study of the fundamentals of statistics. Emphasis is placed upon the collection of data; hand and machine tabulation; graphic charting; statistical distribution; averages; index numbers; sampling; elementary tests of reliability; and simple correlations.

**B.A. 131.** Statistics Laboratory. Laboratory hours and credit to be arranged. Prerequisite, B.A. 130. (By approval, open to graduate students for work on thesis.)

Through this course the Bureau of Business and Economic Research offers the student an opportunity to do practical work in statistics, business, and economics, under the direction of the Bureau staff.

B.A. 132, 133. Advanced Business Statistics (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, B.A. 130.

The use of statistical methods and techniques in economic studies and in the fields of business and public administration. Advanced methods of correlation and other selected techniques are applied to statistical analyses of economic fluctuations, price changes, cost analysis, and market demand indexes and functions.

B.A. 140. Financial Management (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Econ. 140.

This course deals with principles and practices involved in the organization, financing, and reconstruction of corporations; the various types of securities and their use in raising funds, apportioning income, risk, and control; intercorporate relations; and new developments. Emphasis on solution of problems of financial policy faced by management.

B.A. 141. Investment Management (3)—First semester. Prerequisite, B.A. 140.

A study of the principles and methods used in the analysis, selection, and management of investments; investment programs, sources of investment information, security price movements, government, real estate, public utility, railroad, and industrial securities.

B.A. 142. Banking Policies and Practices (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Econ. 140.

A study of the organization and management of the Commercial Bank, the operation of its departments, and the methods used in the extension of commercial credit.

B.A. 143. Credit Management (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, B.A. 140.

A study of the nature of credit and the principles applicable to its extension for industrial, commercial, and consumer purposes; the organization and management of a credit department, and the collection of accounts.

B.A. 144. Life, Group, and Social Insurance (2)—First semester. Prerequisite, Econ. 32 or 37.

A study of the types of life insurance and the basic principles underlying all life insurance relating to reserves, investments, premiums, and regulations.

B.A. 145. Property, Casualty, and Liability Insurance (2)—First semester. Prerequisite, Econ. 32 or 37.

A survey of the insurance coverages written to protect business and personal risks arising from such hazards as fire, windstorm, ocean and inland transportation, fidelity, and liability.

B.A. 146. Real Estate Financing and Appraisals (2)—Second semester. Prerequisites, Econ. 32 or 37, B.A. 156.

A study of the methods used in financing real estate of all types—residential, industrial, and commercial. The fundamental problem of valuation will be studied from the viewpoint of the appraiser. Appraiser technique will be applied in the field.

B.A. 147. Business Cycles (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Econ. 140 and senior standing.

A study of the causes of depressions and unemployment, cyclical and secular instability, theories of business cycles, and the problem of controlling economic instability.

B.A. 150. Marketing Management (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Econ. 150.

A study of the work of the marketing division in a going organization. The work of developing organizations and procedures for the control of marketing activities are surveyed. The emphasis throughout the course is placed on the determination of policies, methods, and practices for the effective marketing of various forms of manufactured products.

B.A. 151. Advertising Programs and Campaigns (2)—First semester. Prerequisite, B.A. 150.

Deals with the fundamental principles of advertising. Covers the organization and carrying through of advertising campaigns and programs, the selection of ideas, types of appeal and different media, and the method of judging the effectiveness of advertising.

B.A. 152. Advertising Copy Writing and Layout (2)—Second semester. Prerequisite, B.A. 151.

Studies the practices and techniques of copy writing and layout that are useful for those who expect to prepare advertising or to direct the actual production of advertising. Covers the most essential principles of various kinds of copy writing. Surveys the process of production from the original idea to the published advertisement, and analyzes methods of testing its effectiveness.

B.A. 153. Purchasing Management (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, B.A. 150.

Studies the problems of determining the proper sources, quality and quantity of supplies, and of methods of testing quality; price policies, price forecasting, forward buying, bidding and negotiation; budgets and standards of achievement. Particular attention is given to government purchasing, and methods and procedures used in their procurement.

B.A. 154. Retail Store Management (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Econ. 150.

Retail store organization, location, layout and store policy; pricing policies, price lines, brands, credit policies, records as a guide to buying; purchasing mthods; supervision of selling; training and supervision of retail sales force; and administrative problems.

B.A. 156. Real Estate Principles and Practice (2)—First semester. Prerequisite, Econ. 32 or 37.

The principles and practices involved in the acquisition and utilization of land and the improvements thereon.

B.A. 157. Foreign Trade Procedure (3)—Prerequisite, B.A. 150

Functions of various exporting agencies; documents and procedures used in exporting and importing transactions. Methods of procuring goods in foreign countries; financing of import shipments; clearing through the customs districts; and distribution of goods in the United States.

B.A. 160. Personnel Management (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Econ. 160.

This course deals essentially with functional and administrative relationships between management and the labor force. It comprises a survey of the scientific selection of employees, "in-service" training, job analysis, classification and rating, motivation of employees, employee adjustment, wage incentives, employee discipline and techniques of supervision, and elimination of employment hazards.

B.A. 162. Contemporary Trends in Labor Relations (3)—First semester. Prerequisite, B.A. 160.

A study of contemporary trends in society's effort through legislation, mediation, and other methods to bring about a harmonious relationship between labor and management. Laws and court decisions affecting labor relations are given some consideration.

B.A. 163. Industrial Relations (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite; Econ. 160.

A study of the development and methods of organized groups in industry with reference to the settlement of labor disputes. An economic and legal analysis of labor union and employer association activities, arbitration, mediation, and conciliation; collective bargaining, trade agreements, strikes, boycotts, lockouts, company unions, employee representation, and injunctions.

- B.A. 164. Recent Labor Legislation and Court Decisions (3)—Prerequisite, B.A. 160 and senior standing.
- B.A. 165. Office Management (3)—First semester. Prerequisite, B.A. 11 or junior standing.

Considers the application of the principles of scientific management in their application to office work.

B. A. 166. Business Communications (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, junior standing.

The systems of communications used in modern business; techniques of communication forms, administrative memorandums, order, bulletin, digest, reports; communication problems in production, marketing, personnel administration, and public relations.

B. A. 167. Job Evaluation and Merit Rating (2)—Prerequisite B. A. 160.

The investigation of the leading job evaluation plans used in industry, study of the development and administrative procedures, analyzing jobs and writing job descriptions, setting up a job evaluation plan, and relating job evaluation to pay scales. Study of various employee merit rating programs, the methods of merit rating, and the uses of merit rating.

B. A. 169. Industrial Management (3)—Second semester. Prerequisites, B. A. 11 and 160.

Studies the operation of a manufacturing enterprise. Among the topics covered are product development, plant location, plant layout, production planning and control, methods analysis, time study, job analysis, budgetary control, standard costs, and problems of supervision. An inspection trip to a large manufacturing plant is made at the latter part of the semester.

B. A. 170. Transportation I. Regulation of Transportation Services (3)—First semester. Prerequisite, Econ. 32 or 37.

This course is designed for students of Transportation, Public Administration, and General Business. It covers the world practices in the regulation and control of transportation facilities.

B.A. 171. Transportation II. Services, Rules, and Practices (3)—Prerequisite, B.A. 170.

This course treats with the details of classification and rate construction for ground and air transportation. It is designed for students interested in the practical aspects of shipping and receiving. It is primarily a course in industrial and commercial traffic management.

B.A. 172. Transportation III. Motor Transportation (3)—Prerequisite, B.A. 170.

The place of the motor transport industry, development, uses in distribution, competitive situations, organization, regulation.

B.A. 173. Transportation IV. Overseas Shipping (3)—Prerequisite, B.A. 170.

The ocean carrier, development of services, types, trade routes, company organization, ship brokers and freight forwarders, the American Merchant Marine as a factor in national activity.

B. A. 174. Commercial Air Transportation (3)—Prerequisite, B.A. 170.

The air transportation system of the United States: airways, airports, airlines. Federal regulation of air transportation. Problems and services of commercial air transportation: economics, equipment, operations, financing, selling of passenger and cargo services. Air mail development and services.

B. A. 175. Airline Administration (3)—Prerequisite, B.A. 174.

Practices, systems and methods of airline management; actual work in handling details and forms required in planning and directing maintenance, operations, accounting and traffic transactions, study of airline operations and other manuals of various companies.

B. A. 176. Problems in Airport Management (3)—Prerequisite, B.A. 174.

Airports classified, aviation interests and community needs, airport planning, construction, building problems. Airports and the courts. Management, financing, operations, revenue sources.

B. A. 177. Motion Economy and Time Study (3)—Prerequisite B. A. 170.

A study of the principles of motion economy, simo charts, micromotion study, the fundamentals of time study, job evaluation, observations, standard times, allowances, formula construction, and wage payment plans.

B. A. 178. Production Planning and Control (2)—Prerequisite B. A. 170.

An analysis of the man-, material-, and machine requirements for production according to the several types of manufacture. The development and application of inventory records, load charts, production orders, schedules, production reports, progress reports and control reports. One lecture period and one laboratory period each week.

B. A. 179. Problems in Supervision (3)—Prerequisite B. A. 170.

A case study course of supervisory problems divided into difficulties with subordinates, with associates and with superiors. The purposes of the course are to apply general principles of industrial management to concrete cases and to extract principles from a study of cases.

B.A. 180, 181. Business Law (4, 4)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, senior standing. Required in all Bus. Adm. curriculums.

Legal aspects of business relationships, contracts, negotiable instruments, agency, partnerships, corporations, real and personal property, and sales.

B.A. 183. Law for Accountants (2). Prerequisite, B.A. 181.

Principles of law relating to the accounting profession, special emphasis being placed upon sections of the Maryland Annotated Code dealing with accountants, corporations, estates, and trusts.

B. A. 184. Public Utilities (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Econ. 32 or 37 and senior standing.

Using the regulated utilities industries as specific examples attention is focused on broad and general problems in such diverse fields as constitutional law, administrative law, public administration, government control of business, advanced economic theory, accounting, valuation and depreciation, taxation, finance, engineering and management.

B.A. 186. Real Estate Law and Conveyancing (2). Prerequisite, B.A. 156 and 180.

This course attempts to cover in a general way those phases of real property law which are of interest not only to real estate dealers but to all business men.

B. A. 189. Business and Government (3)—First semester. Prerequisite, Econ. 32 or 37. Senior standing.

A study of the role of government in modern economic life. Social control of business as a remedy for the abuses of business enterprise arising from the decline of competition. Criteria of and limitations on government regulation of private enterprise.

#### For Graduates

- B. A. 220. Managerial Accounting (3).
- B. A. 221, 222. Seminar in Accounting—(Arranged.)
- B. A. 226. Accounting Systems (3).
- B. A. 228. Research in Accounting—(Arranged.)
- B. A. 229. Studies of Special Problems in the Fields of Control and Organization—(Arranged.)
- B. A. 240. Seminar in Financial Management (1-3)—Prerequisites, Ec. 140, B. A. 21, B. A. 140.
  - B. A. 250. Problems in Sales Management (3).
  - B. A. 251. Problems in Advertising (3).
  - B. A. 252. Problems in Retail Store Management (3)—(Arranged.)
  - B. A. 257. Seminar in Marketing Management—(Arranged.)
  - B. A. 258. Research in Marketing-(Arranged.)
- B. A. 262. Seminar in Contemporary Trends in Labor Relations—(Arranged.)
- B. A. 265. Development and Trends in Modern Industrial Management (3).

- B. A. 266. Research in Personnel Management—(Arranged.)
- B. A. 267. Research in Industrial Relations—(Arranged.)
- B. A. 269. Studies in Special Problems in Employer-Employee Relationships—(Arranged.)
  - B. A. 271. Theory of Organization (3).
  - B. A. 277. Seminar in Transportation (3).
- B. A. 280. Seminar in Business and Government Relationships—(Arranged.)
  - B. A. 284. Seminar in Public Utilities (3).
  - B. A. 299. Thesis—(Arranged.)

#### BUSINESS EDUCATION

For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

B. Ed. 100. Techniques of Teaching Office Skills (2)—First semester.

An examination and evaluation of the aims, methods, and course contents of each of the office skill subjects offered in the high school curriculum.

(Patrick.)

B. Ed. 101. Methods and Materials in Teaching Office skills (2)

Problems in development of occupational competency, achievement tests, standards of achievement, instructional materials, transcription, and the integration of office skills.

B. Ed. 102. Methods and Materials in Teaching Bookkeeping and Related Subjects (2)

Important problems and procedures in the mastery of bookkeeping and related office knowledges and skills including a consideration of materials and teaching procedures.

B. Ed. 103. Basic Business Subjects in the Junior High School (2)

This course deals with the exploratory aspects of basic business subjects and fundamentals of consumer business education, available instructional materials, and teaching procedures.

B. Ed. 200. Administration and Supervision of Business Education (2)

Major emphasis on departmental organization, curriculum, equipment, budget making, guidance, placement and follow-up, visual aids, and the inservice training of teachers.

For administrators, supervisors, and teachers of business subjects.

B. Ed. 255. Principles and Problems of Business Education (2)—Summer session.

Principles and practices in business education; growth and present status; vocational business education; general business education; relation to consumer education and to education in general.

#### CHEMICAL ENGINEERING

Professor Huff; Associate Professor Bonney; Instructor, Bilbrey.

Chem. E. 10. Water, Fuels and Lubricants (4)—Second semester. Two lectures and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisites, Chem. 19; Phys. 20, 21, or permission of instructor.

Laboratory work consists of exercises in the usual control methods for testing water, fuels, and lubricants, and some related engineering materials. Laboratory fee, \$8.00 per semester. (Huff, Bonney, and Staff.)

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Chem. E. 103 f, s. Elements of Chemical Engineering (3, 3)—Three hours a week. Prerequisites, Chem. 1, 3; Phys. 20, 21.

Theoretical discussion of underlying philosophy and methods in chemical engineering and elementary treatment of important operations involving fluid flow, heat flow, evaporation, humidity and air conditioning, distillation, and absorption. Illustrated by problems and consideration of typical processes. (Huff.)

Chem. E. 104. Chemical Engineering Seminar (1, 1)—One hour a week. Students prepare reports on current problems in chemical engineering and participate in the discussion of such reports.

The content of this course is constantly changing so a student may receive a number of credits by re-registration. (Bonney.)

Chem. E. 105 f, s. Advanced Unit Operations (5,5)—Two lectures and one all-day laboratory period a week. Prerequisites, Chem. E. 103; Chem. 187, 188, 189, 190.

Advanced theoretical treatment of basic chemical engineering operations. Study and laboratory operation of small scale semi-commercial type equipment. A comprehensive problem involving theory and laboratory operations is included to illustrate the development of a plant design requiring the utilization of a number of fundamental topics. Laboratory fee \$8.00 per semester. (Bonney and Staff.)

Chem. E. 106, f, s. Minor Problems (6, 6)—Six hours a week, both semesters. Prerequisites, Chem. E. 105, f, s, or simultaneous registration therein.

Original work on a special problem assigned each student, including the preparation of a complete report covering the study.

(Huff, Bonney, and Staff.)

Chem. E. 107. Fuels and Their Utilization (3)—Second semester. Three hours a week. Prerequisites, Chem. E. 103, or permission of Department of Chemical Engineering.

A study of the sources of solid, liquid, and gaseous fuels, their economic conversion, distribution, and utilization. Problems. (Huff.)

Chem. E. 108 f, s. Chemical Technology (2,2)—Two hours a week. Prerequisites, Chem. E. 103, or simultaneous registration therein, or permission of the Department of Chemical Engineering.

A study of the principal chemical industries. Plant inspections, trips, reports, and problems. (Bonney.)

Chem. E. 109 f, s. Chemical Engineering Thermodynamics (2, 2)—Two hours a week. Prerequisites, Chem. 187, 188, 189, 190; Chem. E. 103; or permission of instructor.

A study of the application of the principles of engineering and chemical thermodynamics to some industrial problems encountered in the practice of chemical engineering. (Bonney.)

Chem. E. 110. Advanced Chemical Engineering Calculations (3)—First semester. Three hours a week. Prerequisites, Math. 20, 21; Chem. E. 103.

A study of methods for analyzing chemical engineering problems along quantitative and mathematical lines, with the calculus and other mathematical aids. Emphasis is placed on graphical presentation and the engineering utility of the results. (Bilbrey.)

#### For Graduates

Chem. E. 201, f, s. Graduate Unit Operations and Processes (5, 5 or more)—One hour conference, three or more laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, permission of the Department of Chemical Engineering.

Advanced theoretical treatment of typical unit operations and processes in chemical engineering. Problems. Laboratory operation of small scale semi-commercial units and processes with supplemental reading, conferences and reports.

Laboratory fee \$8.00 per semester.

(Bonney.)

Chem. E. 202. Gas Analysis (3)—One lecture and two laboratory periods a week. One semester. Prerequisite, permission of Department of Chemical Engineering.

Quantitative determination of common gases, fuel gases, gaseous vapors, and important gaseous impurities. Problems.

Laboratory fee \$8.00 per semester.

Chem. E. 203. Graduate Seminar (1)—One hour a week. Required of all graduate students in Chemical Engineering.

The content of this course is constantly changing so a student may receive a number of credits by re-registration.

Students prepare reports on current problems in chemical engineering and participate in the discussion of such reports. (Bonney.)

Chem. E. 205. Research in Chemical Engineering—Credit hours to be arranged.

The investigation of special problems and the preparation of a thesis in partial fulfillment of the requirements of an advanced degree.

Laboratory fee \$8.00 per semester.

(Huff, Bonney.)

Chem. E. 207 f, s. Plant Design Studies (3,3)—Three conference hours a week. Prerequisite, permission of Department of Chemical Engineering.

Chem. E. 209 f, s. Plant Design Studies Laboratory (3,3)—Three laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, permission of Department of Chemical Engineering.

Laboratory fee \$8.00 per semester.

(Bonney.)

Chem. E. 210 f, s. Gaseous Fuels (2, 2)—Two hours a week. Prerequisite, permission of Department of Chemical Engineering.

An advanced treatment of some of the underlying scientific principles involved in the production, transmission and utilization of gaseous fuels. Problems in design and selection of equipment. (Huff.)

#### CHEMISTRY

Professors Drake, Svirbely, White; Associate Professors Pickard, Pratt, Reeve, Rollinson, Veitch, Wiley, Woods; Assistant Professors Aldridge, Brown, Carruthers, Dewey, Quagliano, Story and Stuntz.

Laboratory fees in Chemistry are \$10.00 per semester.

#### A. Analytical Chemistry

Chem. 15, 17. Qualitative Analysis (3, 3)—Two lectures and one three-hour laboratory period the first semester; one lecture and two three-hour laboratory periods the second semester. Prerequisite, Chem. 3.

Chem. 19. Quantitative Analysis (4)—First and second semesters. Two lectures and two three-hour laboratory periods per week. Prerequisite, Chem. 1, 3.

Chem. 21, 23. Quantitative Analysis (4, 4)—First and second semesters. Two lectures and two three-hour laboratory periods per week. Prerequisite, Chem. 15, 17.

This course includes a study of the principal operations of gravimetric and volumetric analysis. Required of all students majoring in Chemistry.

Chem. 166, 167. Food Analysis (3, 3)—First and second semesters. One lecture and two three-hour laboratory periods per week. Prerequisites, Chem. 19, 31, 32, 33, 34.

The qualitative and semi-quantitative analysis of essential food constituents. The qualitative determination of trace elements is emphasized. For students in agriculture, home economics and bacteriology.

Chem. 206, 208. Spectrographic Analysis (1, 1)—One three-hour laboratory period per week. Registration limited. Prerequisites, Chem. 188, 190 and consent of the instructor. (White.)

Chem. 221, 223. Chemical Microscopy (2, 2)—First and second semesters. One lecture and one three-hour laboratory period per week. Registration limited. Prerequisite, consent of instructor. Chem. 221 is a prerequisite for Chem. 223.

An advanced study of the principles of microscopic analysis. Chem. 223 is devoted to the study of the optical properties of crystals. (Stuntz.)

Chem. 225. Polarography (2)—Two lectures per week.

A course designed to present the fundamental principles of electrometric methods in general and to show the technique and application of polarography in the various branches of chemistry. This course and chemistry 207 will be offered in alternate years.

Chem. 226, 228. Advanced Quantitative Analysis (2, 2)—First and second semesters. Two three-hour laboratory periods per week. Prerequisite, consent of instructor.

A study of advanced methods chosen to meet the needs of the individual. (Stuntz.)

Chem. 266. Biological Analysis (2)—Second semester. Two three-hour laboratory periods per week. Prerequisites, Chem. 19, 31, 32, 33, 34.

(Wiley.)

## B. Biochemistry

Chem. 41. The Chemistry of Textiles (4)—Second semester. Two lectures and two three-hour laboratory periods per week. Prerequisites, Chem. 31, 32, 33, 34.

A chemical study of the principal textile fibers.

Chem. 81. General Biochemistry (2)—First semester. Two lectures per week. Prerequisites, Chem. 31, 32, 33, 34, or Chem. 35, 36, 37, 38.

This course is designed primarily for students in home economics. Chem. 82 MUST be taken concurrently.

Chem. 82. General Biochemistry Laboratory (2)—First semester. Two three-hour laboratory periods per week. Prerequisites, Chem. 32, 34, or Chem. 36, 38.

A course designed to accompany Chem. 81.

Chem. 161, 163. Biochemistry (2, 2)—First and second semesters. Two lectures per week. Prerequisites, Chem. 31, 33, or Chem. 35, 37.

This course is designed primarily for students in agriculture, bacteriology, or chemistry, and for those students in home economics who need a more extensive course of biochemistry than is offered in Chem. 81, 82.

Chem. 162, 164. Biochemistry Laboratory (2, 2)—First and second semesters. Two three-hour laboratory periods per week. Prerequisites, Chem. 32, 34, or Chem. 36, 38.

Chem. 261, 263. Advanced Biochemistry (2, 2)—First and second semesters. Two lectures per week. Prerequisites, Chem. 141, 143, or consent of the instructor. (Veitch.)

Chem. 262, 264. Advanced Biochemistry Laboratory (2, 2)—First and second semesters. Two three-hour laboratory periods per week. Prerequisite, consent of the instructor. (Veitch.)

Chem. 268. Special Problems in Biochemistry (2-4)—First and second semesters. Two to four three-hour laboratory periods per week. Prerequisites, Chem. 161, 162, and consent of the instructor. (Veitch.)

#### C. Inorganic and General Chemistry

Chem. 1, 3. General Chemistry (4, 4)—First and second semesters. Two lectures, one quiz and two two-hour laboratory periods per week.

Chem. 5. Introductory Qualitative Analysis (3)—Second semester. One lecture and two three-hour laboratory periods per week. Prerequisite, Chem. 3.

Chem. 11, 13. General Chemistry (3, 3)—Two lectures and one three-hour laboratory period per week.

An abbreviated course in general chemistry especially designed for students in home economics. This course is open only to students registered in Home Economics and Arts-Nursing.

Chem. 101. Advanced Inorganic Chemistry (2)—Second semester. Two lectures per week. Prerequisites, Chem. 23, 37, 38.

(One or more courses of the group 201-239 will be offered each semester depending on demand.)

Chem. 201, 203. The Chemistry of the Rarer Elements (2, 2)—First and second semesters. Two lectures per week. (White.)

Chem. 202, 204. Advanced Inorganic Laboratory (2, 2)—First and second semesters. Two three-hour laboratory periods per week.

Chem. 205. Radiochemistry (2)—Two lectures per week. (Rollinson.)

Chem. 207. Chemistry of Inorganic Complex Compounds (2)—Two lectures per week. This course and Chem. 225 will be offered in alternate years. (Quagliano.)

Chem. 210. Radiochemistry Laboratory (1 or 2)—One or two three-hour laboratory periods per week. Registration limited. Prerequisites, Chem. 205 (or concurrent registration therein) and consent of instructor.

(Rollinson.)

Chem. 239. Physical Techniques in Chemistry (2)—A survey of the tools available for the solution of chemical problems by means of physical techniques.

#### D. Organic Chemistry

Chem. 31, 33. Elements of Organic Chemistry (2, 2)—First and second semesters. Two lectures per week. Prerequisites, Chem. 1, 3.

Organic chemistry for students in agriculture, bacteriology and home economics.

Chem. 32, 34. Elements of Organic Laboratory (1, 1)—First and second semesters. One three-hour laboratory period per week. Prerequisites, Chem. 31, 33, or concurrent registration therein.

Chem. 35, 37. Elementary Organic Chemistry (2, 2)—First and second semesters. Two lectures per week. Prerequisites, Chem. 1, 3.

A course for chemists, chemical engineers, and premedical students.

Chem. 36, 38. Elementary Organic Laboratory (2, 2)—First and second semesters. Two three-hour laboratory periods per week. Prerequisites, Chem. 35, 37, or concurrent registration therein.

Chem. 141, 143. Advanced Organic Chemistry (2, 2)—First and second semesters. Two lectures per week. Prerequisites, Chem. 37, 38.

An advanced study of the compounds of carbon.

Chem. 142, 144. Advanced Organic Laboratory (2, 2)—First and second semesters. Two three-hour laboratory periods per week. Prerequisites, Chem 19 or 23, and Chem. 37, 38.

Syntheses and the quantitative determination of carbon and hydrogen, halogen, and nitrogen are studied.

Chem. 146, 148. The Identification of Organic Compounds (2, 2)—First and second semesters. Two three-hour laboratory periods per week. Prerequisites, Chem. 141, 143, or concurrent registration therein.

The systematic identification of organic compounds.

(One or more courses from the following group, 241-257, will customarily be offered each semester. Two of these courses will be presented in the academic year 1947-1948.)

Chem. 241. Stereochemistry (2)—Two lectures per week. (Woods.)

Chem. 245. The Chemistry of the Steroids (2)—Two lectures per week.

(Pratt.)

Chem. 249. Physical Aspects of Organic Chemistry (2)—Two lectures per week. (Woods.)

Chem. 251. The Heterocycles (2)—Two lectures per week. (Pratt.)

Chem. 254. Advanced Organic Preparations (2 to 4)—First and second semesters. Two to four three-hour laboratory periods per week.

Chem. 257. Organic Laboratory Methods (2)—Two lectures per week.
(Pratt.)

The theory and application of the laboratory methods of organic chemistry.

Chem. 258. The Identification of Organic Compounds, an Advanced Course (2 to 4)—First and second semesters. Two to four three-hour laboratory periods per week. (Pratt.)

Chem. 260. Advanced Organic Laboratory (1 or 2)—First and second semesters. One or two three-hour laboratory periods per week.

An orientation course designed to demonstrate a new student's fitness to begin research in organic chemistry. (Pratt.)

### E. Physical Chemistry

Chem. 181, 183. Elements of Physical Chemistry (2, 2)—First and second semesters. Two lectures per week. Prerequisites, Chem. 1, 3; Phys. 1, 2; Math. 10, 11.

A course intended primarily for premedical students and students in the biological sciences. This course must be accompanied by Chem. 182, 184.

Chem. 182, 184. Elements of Physical Chemistry Laboratory (1, 1)—First and second semesters. One three-hour laboratory period per week. May be taken ONLY when accompanied by Chem. 181, 183.

The course includes quantitative experiments illustrating the principles studied in Chem. 181, 183.

Chem. 187, 189. Physical Chemistry (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Three lectures per week. Prerequisites, Chem. 19 or 21; Phys. 20, 21; Math. 20, 21.

A course primarily for chemists and chemical engineers.

Chem. 188, 190. Physical Chemistry Laboratory (2, 2)—First and second semesters. Two three-hour laboratory periods per week.

A laboratory course for students taking Chem. 187, 189.

The common prerequisites for the following courses are Chem. 187, 189, and Chem. 188, 190, or their equivalent. One or more courses of the group, 281-313, will be offered each semester depending on demand.

Chem. 281, 283. Theory of Solutions (2, 2)—First and second semesters. Two lectures per week. Prerequisite, Chem. 307. (Svirbely.)

Chem. 285. Colloid Chemistry (2)—Two lectures per week. (Pickard.)

Chem. 295. Heterogenous Equilibria (2)—Two lectures per week.

(Pickard.)

Chem. 299. Reaction Kinetics (3)—Three lectures per week. (Svirbely.)

Chem. 303. Electrochemistry (3)—Three lectures per week. (Pickard.)

Chem. 304. Electrochemistry Laboratory (2)—Two three-hour laboratory periods per week. Prerequisite, consent of the instructor. (Pickard.)

Chem. 307. Chemical Thermodynamics (3)—Three lectures per week. (Svirbely.)

Chem. 311. Physicochemical Calculations (2)—Offered in summer session only. (Pickard.)

Chem. 313. Molecular Structure (2)—Two lectures per week. (Brown.)

F. Seminar and Research

Chem. 351. Seminar (1)—First and second semesters. (Staff.)

Chem. 360. Research—First and second semesters, summer session.

(Staff.)

#### CIVIL ENGINEERING

Professors Steinberg, Allen; Lecturer Walker; Associate Professors Gohr, Barber, Otts; Assistant Professors Wedding. Pickering; Instructors Spamer, Harden, Sunier, Yantis.

## For Advanced Undergraduates

C. E. 50. Hydraulics (3)—First and second semesters. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. To be taken concurrently with Mech. 50. Required of juniors in civil engineering.

Hydrostatic pressures on tanks, dams, and pipes. Flow through orifices, nozzles, pipe lines, open channels, and weirs. Use of Reynold's number. Measurement of water. Elementary hydrodynamics.

C. E. 51. Curves and Earthwork (3)—Second semester. One lecture and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisites, Surv. 1, 2 and concurrent registration in Surv. 100.

Computation and field work for simple, compound, and reversed circular curves and spirals; parabolic curves; earthwork computations; complete survey and map, including mass diagram, of a short route.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

C. E. 100. Theory of Structures (4)—Second semester. Three lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, Mech. 50.

Analytic and graphical determination of dead and live load stresses in beams and framed structures; influence lines; lateral bracing and portals; elements of slope and deflection. (Allen.)

C. E. 101. Soil Mechanics (3)—Second semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, Mech. 50 and 53.

An introductory study of the properties and behavior of soils as engineering materials. Soil physics, soil mechanics, and applications to engineering.

(Barber.)

C. E. 102. Structural Design (6)—First semester. Four lectures and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, C. E. 100.

Design and detailing of wood and structural steel members and their connections; wind stresses in building frames; structural frameworks.

(Allen.)

C. E. 103. Concrete Design (6)—Second semester. Four lectures and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, C. E. 100.

Design and detailing of plain and reinforced concrete structures, applications of slope-deflection and moment distribution theories; rigid frames.

(Allen.)

(Otts.)

C. E. 104. Water Supply (3)—First semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, C. E. 50.

Requirements of a municipal water supply—design, operation, maintenance, and administration. (Otts.)

C. E. 105. Sewerage (3)—Second semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, C. E. 50.

The collection, treatment and disposal of sewage.

C. E. 106. Elements of Highways (3)—First semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, C. E. 101.

Location, design, construction, and maintenance of roads and pavements.

Laboratory problems and field inspection trips. (Gohr.)

#### For Graduates

C. E. 200. Advanced Properties of Materials (3)—First or second semester. Prerequisite, Mech. 52 or equivalent.

A critical study of elastic and plastic properties, flow of materials, resistance to failure by fracture, impact, and corrosion, the theories of failure.

Assigned reading from current literature.

(Barber.)

C. E. 201. Advanced Strength of Materials (3)—First or second semester. Prerequisite, Mech. 50, 51, or equivalent.

Special problems in engineering stress analysis. Limitations of flexure and torsion formulas, unsymmetrical bending, curved beams, combined stresses, thin tubes, thick-walled cylinders and flat plates. (Barber.)

C. E. 202. Applied Elasticity (3)—First or second semester. Prerequisite, Math. 64 or equivalent.

Two dimensional elastic problems, general stress-strain analysis in three dimensions, stability of beams, columns, and thin plates. (Allen.)

C. E. 203. Soil Mechanics (3)—First or second semester. Prerequisite, C. E. 106 or equivalent.

A detailed study of the properties of engineering soils. Assigned reading from current literature. (Barber.)

C. E. 204. Advanced Foundations (3)—First or second semester. Prerequisite, C. E. 102, 103, 106 or equivalent.

A detailed study of types of foundations. Design and construction to meet varying soil conditions. (Barber.)

C. E. 205. Highway Engineering (3)—First or second semester. Prerequisite, C. E. 101 or equivalent.

An intensive course in the location, design, and construction of highways. (Gohr.)

C. E. 206. Theory of Concrete Mixtures (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, Mech. 52 or equivalent.

A thorough review of the methods for the design of concrete mixtures, followed by a study of factors affecting the properties of the resulting concrete. This course is intended as a background for work in the field of concrete, concrete aggregates, or reinforced concrete. (Walker.)

C. E. 207. Advanced Structures (4)—First and second semesters. Three lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisites, C. E. 102, 103.

The solution of statically indeterminate structures by classical and modern methods, with emphasis on the latter. (Allen.)

C. E. 208. Advanced Sanitation (3)—First or second semester. Prerequisite, graduate standing in civil engineering.

A detailed study of environment and its relation to disease, covering malaria and its control; rodent control; food sanitation; collection and disposal of municipal refuse; housing sanitation, including plumbing, ratproofing, etc.; rural water supply and excreta disposal; sanitary inspection procedure. (Otts.)

C. E. 209. Advanced Water Supply (3)—First or second semester. Prerequisite, C. E. 104 or equivalent.

A detailed study of the problems of water supply including recent developments in the treatment of water. (Otts.)

C. E. 210. Advanced Sewerage (3)—First or second semester. Prerequisite, C. E. 105 or equivalent.

A detailed study of the problems of sewerage, including recent developments in the treatment of sewage. (Otts.)

C. E. 211. Sanitary Engineering Design (3)—First or second semester. Prerequisite, C. E. 104, 105 or equivalent.

Practical problems in the design of sewer systems and appurtenances; sewage treatment plants; water collection and distribution systems; water purification plants. (Otts.)

- C. E. 212. Research—Credit in accordance with work done. First and second semesters. (Staff.)
- C. E. 213. Seminar—First or second semester. Credit in accordance with work outlined by the civil engineering staff. Prerequisite, graduate standing in civil engineering. (Staff.)

CLOTHING (See page 378)

#### CROPS

(See page 221)

#### COMPARATIVE LITERATURE

Professors Zucker, Cardwell, Prahl; Assistant Professor Parsons

Requirements for major include Comparative Literature 101, 102. Comparative Literature courses can be counted toward a major or minor in English when recommended by the student's major adviser.

Comp. Lit. 1. Greek Poetry (2)-First semester.

Homer's *Iliad* and *Odyssey* with special emphasis on the literary form and the historical and mythological background.

Comp. Lit. 2. Later European Epic Poetry (2)—Second semester.

Virgil's Aeneid, Dante's Divine Comedy, Nibelungenlied, Song of Roland, and other European epics, with special emphasis on their relationship to and comparison with the Greek epic.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Comp. Lit. 101. Introductory Survey of Comparative Literature (3)—First semester. (Zucker.)

Survey of the background of European literature through study of English translations of Greek and Latin literature. The debt of modern literature to the ancients is discussed and illustrated.

Comp. Lit. 102. Introductory Survey of Comparative Literature (3)—Second semester. (Zucker.)

Continuation of Comp. Lit. 101; study of medieval and modern Continental literature.

Comp. Lit. 103. The Old Testament as Literature (2)—Second semester. A study of the sources, development, and literary types. (Zucker.)

Comp. Lit. 104. Chaucer (3)—First semester.

Same as Eng. 104.

(Harman.)

Comp. Lit. 105. Romanticism in France (3)—First semester.

Lectures and readings in the French romantic writers from Rousseau to Baudelaire. Texts are read in English translations. (Staff.)

Comp. Lit. 106. Romanticism in Germany (3)—Second semester.

Continuation of Comp. Lit. 105. German literature from Buerger to Heine in English translations. (Prahl.)

Comp. Lit. 107. The Faust Legend in English and German Literature (3)—First semester. (Prahl.)

A study of the Faust legend of the Middle Ages and its later treatment by Marlowe in Dr. Faustus and by Goethe in Faust.

Comp. Lit. 108. Some Non-English Influences on American Literature (3)—Second semester. (Zucker.)

Comparative study of European, chiefly French and German, and American writers, illustrating our literary debt to the Old World and original features of the New.

Comp. Lit. 109. Cervantes (3)—Second semester.

Same as Spanish 109.

Comp. Lit. 112. Ibsen (2)—First semester. (Zucker.)

A study of the life and chief works of Ibsen with special emphasis on his influence on the modern drama.

Comp. Lit. 113. Prose of the Renaissance (3)—Second semester.

Same as Eng. 113.

(Zeeveld.)

Comp. Lit. 114. The Greek Drama (3)—First semester.

(Prahl.)

The chief works of Aeschylus, Sophocles, Euripides, and Aristophanes in English translations. Emphasis on the historic background, on dramatic structure, and on the effect of the Attic drama upon the mind of the civilized world.

Comp. Lit. 121. Milton (3)—Second semester.

Same as Eng. 121.

(Murphy.)

Comp. Lit. 129, 130. Literature of the Romantic Period (3,3)—First and second semesters. (Weber.)

Same as Eng. 129, 130.

Comp. Lit. 144. Modern Drama (3)—First semester.

Same as Eng. 144.

(Weber.)

Comp. Lit. 145. The Modern Novel (3)—Second semester.

Same as Eng. 145.

(Cardwell.)

Comp. Lit. 155, 156. Four Major American Writers (3,3)—First and second semesters.

Same as Eng. 155, 156.

(Gravely.)

#### For Graduates

Comp. Lit. 201. Bibliography and Methods (3)—First semester.

Same as Eng. 201.

(Mooney.)

Comp. Lit. 202. The History of the Theater (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, a wide acquaintance with modern drama and some knowledge of the Greek Drama. (Zucker.)

A detailed study of the history of the European theater. Individual research problems will be assigned for term papers.

Comp. Lit. 203. Schiller (3)—First semester.

Same as German 204.

(Prahl.)

Comp. Lit. 204. Medieval Romances (3)-First semester.

Same as Eng. 204.

(Cooley.)

Comp. Lit. 205, as by Georges Duhamel, Poet, Dramatist, Novelist (2, 2) First and second semesters. (Falls.)

Same as French 203, 204.

Comp. Lit. 206, 207. Seminar in Sixteenth Century Literature (3, 3)—First and second semesters. (McManaway.)

Same as Eng. 206, 207.

Comp. Lit. 208. The Philosophy of Goethe's Faust (3)—First semester. Same as German 208. (Zucker.)

Comp. Lit. 216, 217. Literary Criticism (3,3)—First and second semester.

Same as Eng. 216, 217.

(Cardwell.)

Comp. Lit. 227, 228. Problems in American Literature (3, 3)—First and second semesters.

Same as Eng. 227, 228.

#### A. DAIRY HUSBANDRY

Professors Cairns, Gould, and Shaw; Assistant Professor Larsen, Instructors Ellmore and Johnson

Dairy 1. Fundamentals of Dairying (3)—Second semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week,

This course is designed to cover the entire field of dairying. The content of the course deals with all phases of dairy cattle feeding, breeding and management and the manufacturing, processing, distributing and marketing of dairy products. Laboratory fees, \$3.00.

Dairy 30. Dairy Cattle Judging (2)—Second semester. Two laboratory periods a week.

This course offers complete instruction in the selection and comparative judging of dairy cattle. Trips to various dairy farms for judging practice will be made.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Dairy 100. Dairy Cattle Management (1)—First semester. One laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, Dairy 1.

A management course designed to familiarize students with the practical handling and management of dairy cattle. Students are given actual practice and training in the University dairy barns. (Ellmore.)

Dairy 101. Dairy Production (3)—Second semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisites, Dairy 1, A. H. 110.

A comprehensive course in dairy cattle feeding, breeding and herd management, designed for advanced students in dairy husbandry. (Cairns.)

Dairy 105. Dairy Breeds and Breeding (2)—First semester. Prerequisites, Dairy 1, Zool. 104, A. H. 120.

A study of the historical background; characteristics, prominent blood lines; noted families and individuals of the major dairy breeds. A survey of breeding systems; genetic and environmental factors as applied to dairy cattle. The use of the pedigree, various indices, herd and production records in selection and formulating breeding programs. (Cairns.)

Dairy 120, 121. Dairy Seminar (1, 1)—First and second semesters. Prerequisites, students majoring in dairy production Dairy 1, 101; students majoring in dairy manufacturing Dairy 1, 108.

Presentation and discussion of current literature and research work in dairying. (Cairns.)

Dairy 114. Special Laboratory Methods (4)—Second semester. Two lectures and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisites, Dairy 1, 108, Bact. 1, 133, Chem. 1, 3, 19, 31, 32, 33, 34.

Application of analytical methods to milk, milk products and milk constituents. Laboratory fee, \$3.00. (Gould, Johnson.)

Dairy 115. Dairy Inspection (2)—First semester. One lecture and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisites, Dairy 1, 109.

Study and interpretation of dairy ordinances and standards; application to farm and plant inspection.

Dairy 116. Dairy Plant Management (4)—Second semester. Two lectures and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisites, at least three advanced dairy products technology courses.

Principles of dairy plant management, record systems; personnel, plant design and construction; dairy machinery and equipment. (———.)

Dairy 124. Special Problems in Dairying (2-4)—First and second semesters. Prerequisites, students majoring in dairy husbandry, Dairy 1, 101; students majoring in dairy products technology, Dairy 1, 108, 109. Credit in accordance with the amount and character of work done.

Special problems which relate specifically to the work the student is pursuing will be assigned. (Staff.)

## For Graduates

Dairy 201. Advanced Dairy Production (3)—First semester. Prerequisite, Dairy 101 or equivalent.

A study of the newer discoveries in animal nutrition, breeding, and management. Readings and assignments. (Cairns.)

Dairy 202. Advanced Dairy Technology (3)—First semester. Prerequisite, Dairy 108, 114 or equivalent.

Milk and milk products from physico-chemical and bio-chemical points of view, with attention directed to hydrogen ion concentration, electrometric titration, oxidation-reduction, electrometric conductivity, buffer system of milk, milk enzymes. (Gould.)

Dairy 204. Methods of Dairy Research (1-5)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, permission of Professor in charge of work. Credit in accordance with the amount and character of work done.

Methods of conducting dairy research and the presentation of results are stressed. A research problem which relates specifically to the work the student is pursuing will be assigned. (Staff.)

## B. DAIRY PRODUCTS TECHNOLOGY

Dairy 40. Grading Dairy Products (1)—Second semester. One laboratory period a week.

Market grades and the judging of milk, butter, cheese, and ice cream. Laboratory fee, \$3.00.

Dairy 41. Advanced Grading of Dairy Products (1)—First semester. Prerequisite, Dairy 40.

An advanced course in grading and judging of milk, butter, cheese, and ice cream. Open to students who participate in training for intercollegiate dairy products judging contests. Laboratory fee, \$3.00.

## Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Dairy 108. Dairy Technology (4)—First semester. Two lectures and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisites, Dairy 1, Bact. 133, Chem. 1, 3.

Composition standards for milk and milk products, critical interpretation and application of practical factory methods of analyses for fat and solids; quality tests. Laboratory fee, \$3.00. (Gould, Johnson.)

Dairy 109. Market Milk (4)—Second semester. Two lectures and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisites, Dairy 1, Bact. 1, 133, Chem. 1, 3.

Commercial aspects of the market milk industry relating to transportation, processing, and distribution; operation of a market milk plant; quality problems; chocolate milk, buttermilk and cottage cheese. Laboratory fee, \$3.00. (Gould, Johnson.)

Dairy 110. Butter and Cheese Making (4)—Second semester. Two lectures and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisites, Dairy 1, Bact. 1, Chem. 1, 3. (Alternate years, given in 1948-49.)

Commercial methods of manufacturing butter and cheese. Consideration is given to the physical, chemical, and biological factors involved; procedures of manufacture; quality control. Laboratory fee, \$3.00. (Larsen.)

Dairy 111. Concentrated Milk Products (2)—Second semester. One lecture and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisites, Dairy 1, 108, 114. (Alternate years, not given in 1948-49.)

Theories and practice of manufacturing condensed and evaporated milk and milk powder; plant processes; quality factors; utilization. Laboratory fee, \$3.00. (Larsen.)

Dairy 112. Ice cream Making (4)—First semester. Two lectures and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisites, Dairy, 1, 108, 114.

The ice cream industry; commercial methods of manufacturing ice cream; fundamental principles ;ingredients; controlling quality. Laboratory fee, \$3.00. (Larsen.)

Dairy 205. Seminar (1, 1)—First and second semesters.

Assigned readings on current literature on timely topics; preparation and presentation of reports for classroom discussion. (Staff.)

Dairy 208. Research (3-8)—First and second semesters. Credit to be determined by the amount and quality of work done.

Original investigation by the student of some subject assigned by the Major Professor, the completion of the assignment and the preparation of a thesis in accordance with requirements for an advanced degree. (Staff.)

# DRAMATIC ART (See page 373)

#### DRAWING

Dr. 1, 2. Engineering Drawing (2, 2)—First and second semesters. Two laboratories a week. Required of engineering freshmen.

Lettering, use of instruments, orthographic projection, auxiliary views, revolution, sections, pictorial representation, dimensioning, fasteners, and technical sketching.

Dr. 3. Advanced Engineering Drawing (2)—First semester. Two laboratories a week. Required of sophomores in Aeronautical, Civil, and Mechanical Engineering. Prerequisite Dr. 1 and Dr. 2.

Descriptive geometry with applications to drafting room problems. Working drawing and perspective.

#### **ECONOMICS**

Professors Ratzlaff, Dillard, and Gruchy; Assistant Professor J. Sylvester; Instructors Cole, Coogan, Debuque, McNaughton, and Palmer.

Econ. 4, 5. Economic Developments (2, 2)—First and second semesters. Freshman requirements in Business Administration Curriculums.

An introduction to modern economic institutions—their origins, development, and present status. Commercial revolution, industrial revolution, and age of mass production. Emphasis on developments in England, Western Europe and the United States.

Econ. 31, 32. Principles of Economics (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, sopohomore standing. Required in the Business Administration Curriculums.

A general analysis of the functioning of the economic system. A considerable portion of the course is devoted to a study of basic concepts and explanatory principles. The remainder deals with the major problems of the economic system.

Econ. 37. Fundamentals of Economics (3)—First and second semesters. Not open to students who have credit in Econ. 31, and 32. Not open to freshmen.

A survey study of the general principles underlying economic activity. Designed to meet the needs of special technical groups such as students of Engineering, Home Economics, Agriculture and others who are unable to take the more complete course provided in Economics 31 and 32.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Econ. 130. Economics of Consumption (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Econ. 32 or 37.

The place of the consumer in our economic system. An analysis of demand for consumer goods. The need for consumer consciousness and a technique of consumption. Cooperative and governmental agencies for consumers. Special problems.

Econ. 131. Comparative Economic Systems (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Econ. 32 or 37.

An investigation of the theory and practice of various types of economic systems. The course begins with an examination and evaluation of the capitalistic system, and is followed by an analysis of alternative types of economic systems such as fascism, socialism, and communism.

Econ. 132. Advanced Economic Principles (3)—First semester. Prerequisite, Econ. 32.

This course is an analysis of price and distribution theory with special attention being paid to recent developments in the theory of imperfect competition.

Econ. 134. Contemporary Economic Thought (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Econ. 32.

A survey of recent trends in American, English, and Continental Economic thought with special attention being given to the work of such economists as W. C. Mitchell, J. R. Commons, T. Veblen, W. Sombart, J. A. Hobson and other contributors to the development of economic thought since 1900.

Econ. 135. Economic Institutions and War (3)—First semester. Prerequisite, Econ. 32 or 37.

An analysis of the economic causes and problems of war. Industrial mobilization, theory and techniques of price control; war finance, international trade and foreign exchange controls; and the problems of readjustment in a post-war economy.

Econ. 136. International Economic Policies and Relations (3)—First semester. Prerequisite, Econ. 32 or 37. Econ. 131 recommended.

This course surveys and analyzes the basic economic, social and political factors that influence governments in the determination of their economic policies and practices in their relationship with other nations.

Econ. 137. Economic Planning and Post-war Problems (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Econ. 32 or 37. Econ. 131 recommended.

An analysis of the theory and practice of economic planning in the United States and other countries, and an investigation of the relation of economic planning to postwar economic problems and the stabilization of economic enterprise.

Econ. 140. Money and Banking (3)—First semester. Prerequisite, Econ. 32 or 37.

A study of the nature, functions, and operations of our financial organization, money and credit, commercial banking, domestic and foreign exchange, federal reserve system, non-commercial banking institutions, and recent financial developments.

Econ. 141. Theory of Money, Credit, and Prices (3)—Second semester. Prerequisites, Econ. 32 and 140.

A study of recent developments in the theory of money and credit, of domestic and international price problems, and of monetary and credit policies in their relation to the problem of full employment.

Econ. 142. Public Finance and Taxation (3)—First semester. Prerequisite, Econ. 32 or 37.

A study of government fiscal policy in regard to the nature of public expenditures, sources of public revenue, the tax system, the public debt, and government budgets.

Econ. 149. International Finance and Exchange (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Econ. 140, Econ. 141 recommended.

This course considers the theory and practice of international finance and exchange. The increased importance of public authority in foreign trade, international policies, and finance is given due emphasis.

Econ. 150. Marketing Principles and Organization (3)—First semester. Prerequisite, Econ. 32 or 37.

This is an introductory course in the field of marketing. Its purpose is to give a general understanding and appreciation of the forces operating, institutions employed, and methods followed in marketing agricultural products, natural products, services, and manufactured goods.

Econ. 151. Economics of Cooperatives (2)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Econ. 32 or 37.

Analysis of and contrast between economic problems and contributions of cooperative and other types of business organizations; the significance of cooperation in the free enterprise system. Nominal fees are collected to cover the expense of occasional field trips.

Econ. 160. Labor Economics (3)—First semester. Prerequisite, Econ. 32 or 37.

The historical development and chief characteristics of the American labor movement are first surveyed. Present day problems are then examined in detail: wage theories, unemployment, social security, labor organization, collective bargaining.

Econ. 161. Government and Social Security (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, G. & P. 4, Econ. 32.

An analysis of the Federal Social Security Act with special emphasis upon the background, purposes, administration, and deficiencies. Attention will be given also to employment assurance and relief agencies and policies, and to the efforts of European countries and the 48 states to provide a greater measure of security.

Econ. 170. Monopoly and Competition (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Econ. 32 or 37.

Growth of large-scale production, development of industrial combinations, the economies of vertical and horizontal combination, the anti-trust acts, and some conclusions as to policy in relation to competition and monopoly. Problems of small business.

Econ. 171. Economics of American Industry (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Econ. 32 or 37.

A study of the technology, economics and geography of twenty representative American industries.

#### For Graduates

Econ. 230. History of Economic Thought (3)—First semester. Prerequisite, Econ. 132.

A study of the development of economic thought and theories including the Greeks, Romans, canonists, mercantilists, physiocrats, Adam Smith, Malthus, Ricardo. Relation of ideas to economic policy.

Econ. 231. Economic Theory in the Nineteenth Century (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Econ. 230 or consent of the instructor.

A study of various nineteenth and twentieth century schools of economic thought, particularly the classicists, neo-classicists, Austrians, German historical school, American economic thought, and the socialists.

Econ. 235. Seminar in International Economic Relations (3)—(Arranged.) A study of selected problems in International Economic Relations.

Econ. 237, 238. Seminar in Economic Investigation (3,3)—First and second semesters.

Econ. 240. Comparative Banking Systems (3)—Second semester.

Econ. 242. Research in Governmental Fiscal Policies and Practices (3)—(Arranged.)

Individual research under faculty guidance of special problems in the field of government finance and taxation.

Econ. 270. Seminar in Economics and Geography of American Industries (3)—arranged.

Econ. 299. Thesis-arranged.

#### **EDUCATION**

Academic Education, see page 145.
Agricultural Education, see pages 69, 219.
Art Education, see page 148.
Business Education, see pages 149, 243.
Dental Education, see page 151.
Elementary Education, see page 152.
Health Education, see page 295.
Home Economics Education, see pages 153, 303.
Industrial Education, see pages 156, 311.
Nursery School Education, see pages 143, 154.
Nursing Education, see page 425.
Physical Education for Men, see pages 186, 346.
Physical Education for Women, see pages 186, 346.
Recreation Education, see pages 193, 366.

#### **EDUCATION**

Professors Benjamin, Benton, Brechbill, Brown, Burnett, Gipe, Hornbake, McNaughton, Prescott, Schindler; Associate Professors Meshke, Morgan, Newell, Patrick, Wiggin, Wall, Woods; Assistant Professors Bryan, Mershon, Winn; Instructors Drazek, Maley, Whitney.

## Courses Primarily for Freshmen and Sophomores

Ed. 2. Introduction to Education (2)—First and second semesters. Required of freshmen in Education and recommended for other freshmen who are interested in teaching. Open to freshmen only.

An exploratory or guidance course designed to help students choose wisely in their preparation for the teaching profession. Types of positions, teacher supply and demand, favorable and unfavorable aspects of teaching, and types of personal and professional competence required of teachers are among the topics included. The testing and observational program of the College of Education is begun in this course. Fee, \$1.00.

Ed. 3. Educational Forum (1)—First and second semesters. Required of sophomores in the College of Education.

In this course the prospective teacher is introduced in a variety of ways to problems and processes of education around which much of the work in later professional courses will be centered. Guidance is stressed. Open to sophomores only.

Ed. 4. Reading Clinic (2)—Second semester.

This course is intended for anyone wishing to improve reading and study skills. Reading exercises are provided to improve rate of comprehension and organization of ideas. Testing and diagnosis precede instruction. Fee, \$1.00. (Schindler.)

Ed. 52. Children's Literature (2)—Second semester and summer session. Prerequisite, English 1, 2. (Bryan.)

A study of literary values in prose and verse for children.

Ed. 91. Conservation of Natural Resources (3)—First semester.

This course, which is given in collaboration with the State Department of Research and Education, is designed to acquaint students with the necessity, means, and methods of protecting the soil, animals, plants, and mineral resources of the State and Nation. Credit for it is accepted as part of the science requirement of students in the College of Education.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Ed. 100. History of Education I (2)—First semester.

A study of educational institutions and thought through the ancient. mediaeval, and early modern periods. (Benjamin.)

Ed. 101 History of Education II (2)—Second semester.

Emphasis is placed on the post-Renaissance periods. (Benjamin.)

Ed. 102. History of Education in the United States (2)—Summer session.

A study of the origins and development of the chief features of the present system of education in the United States.

Ed. 105. Comparative Education-European (2)-Second semester.

A study of national systems of education with the primary purpose of discovering their characteristic differences and formulating criteria for judging their worth. (Benjamin.)

Ed. 106. Comparative Education—Latin American (2)—First Semester.

This course is a continuation of ED. 105, with emphasis upon the national educational systems of the Western Hemisphere. (Benjamin.)

Ed. 107. Philosophy of Education I (2)

A study of the great educational philosophers and their contributions to modern education. Earlier periods.

## Ed. 108. Philosophy of Education II (2)

Systems of thought affecting the development of education with emphasis on recent periods and the United States.

## Ed. 110. The Teacher and School Administration (2)

This course is designed to acquaint the classroom teacher with the general field of school administration. It considers the relationships of the teacher to the several administrative and supervisory officials and services in the system, with emphasis on the teacher's role in the organization.

## Ed. 121. The Language Arts in the Elementary School (2)

This course is concerned with present trends in the teaching of reading, spelling, handwriting, written and oral language, and creative expression. Special emphasis is given to the use of the skills in meaningful situations having real significance to the pupils.

## Ed. 122. The Social Studies in the Elementary School (2)

The emphasis in this course is on pupil growth through social experiences. Consideration is given to the utilization of environmental resources, curriculum, organization and methods of teaching, and evaluation of newer methods and materials in the field.

## Ed. 126. The Elementary School Curriculum (2)

A study of important developments in elementary education with particular attention to methods and materials which may be used to improve the development of pupils in elementary schools. Problems which are encountered in day-to-day teaching situations receive much attention.

## Ed. 130. Theory of the Junior High School (2)—Second semester.

This course gives a general overview of the junior high school. It includes consideration of the purposes, functions, and characteristics of this school unit; a study of its population, organization, program of studies, methods, staff, and other similar topics, together with their implications for prospective teachers. (Newell.)

## Ed. 131. Theory of the Senior High School (2)-Second semester.

The secondary school population; the school as an instrument of society; relation of the secondary school to other schools; aims of secondary education; curriculum and methods; extra-curricular activities; guidance and placement; teacher certification and employment in Maryland and the District of Columbia. This course is somewhat more general than Ed. 130.

(Newell.)

## Ed. 140. Curriculum, Instruction, and Observation (3)—Second semester.

This course is offered in separate sections for the various subject matter areas, namely, English, social studies, foreign language, science, mathematics, art education, business education, industrial education, and physical education. Registration cards must include the subject-matter area as well as the name and number of the course. Graduate credit is allowed only by special arrangement. (Staff.)

In each section the objectives, selection and organization of subject matter, appropriate methods, lesson plans, textbooks, and other instructional materials, measurement, and other topics pertinent to the particular subject matter area are treated.

Twenty periods of observation.

Ed. 141. High School Course of Study-English (2)-First semester.

This course is concerned with the selection and organization of content for English classes in secondary schools. Subject matter is analyzed to clarify controversial elements of form, style, and usage. (Bryan.)

Ed. 142. High School Course of Study-Literature (2)—Second semester. Literature adapted to the various grade levels of junior and senior high schools is studied. (Bryan.)

Ed. 143. Methods and Practice of Teaching (5)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, Ed. 140, grade point average of 2.275, and approval of faculty. Undergraduate credit only.

This course is identical with Ed. 149 except that the time spent in the high school consists of three half days per week throughout the semester. It is open only to physical education majors. (Brechbill, Burnett, and Staff.)

Ed. 144. Materials and Procedure for the Junior High School Core Curriculum (2)

This course is designed to bring practical suggestions to teachers who are in charge of core classes in junior high schools. Materials and teaching procedures for specific units of work are stressed.

Ed. 145. Principles of High School Teaching (2).

The class sessions of Ed. 149 but with no student teaching. (Brechbill.)

Ed. 146. The Teaching of Physics (3)—Second semester. Two lectures and one three-hour laboratory period a week.

This course is designed to acquaint the student with classroom and laboratory teaching of Physics.

Lecture demonstration and laboratory fee, \$6.00.

(R. Morgan.)

Ed. 147. Audio-Visual Education (2)—First semester.

Sensory impressions in their relation to learning; projection apparatus, its cost and operation; slides, film-strips, and films; physical principles underlying projection; auditory aids to instruction; field trips; pictures, models, and graphic materials; integration of sensory aids with organized instruction. Fee, \$1.00. (Brechbill.)

Ed. 148. Methods and Practice of Teaching (4)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, Ed. 140, grade-point average of 2.275, and approval of faculty. Undergraduate credit only.

Forty-five periods of observation, participation, and teaching in a high school class under the direction of the regular teacher and the university

adviser. Two hours of class sessions weekly, identical with those of Ed. 149, are included.

Students should arrange their university schedules so as to allow ample time for the student teaching assignment. Application forms for this course, properly filled in, must be submitted to the Director of Student Teaching not later than the time of registration, preferably earlier.

(Brechbill and Staff.)

Ed. 149. Methods and Practice of Teaching (9)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, Ed. 140, grade-point average of 2.275, and approval of faculty. Undergraduate credit only.

Students who register in this course serve as apprentice teachers in the schools to which they are assigned. One-half of each school day for not less than 15 weeks is devoted to this work, which is carried on under the direction of one or two teachers in the school and of the university adviser. Opportunity is afforded for experience in connection with school activities, guidance, reports, records, and other phases of school life as well as classroom teaching. Two hours weekly of class sessions are included in which study is made of the principles and methods of teaching.

Application forms for this course, properly filled in, must be submitted to the Director of Student Teaching not less than thirty days before registration. (Brechbill and Staff.)

Ed. 150. Educational Measurement (2)—First semester.

A study of tests and examinations with emphasis upon their construction and use. Types of tests; purposes of testing; elementary statistical concepts and processes used in summarizing and analyzing test results; school marks. (Brechbill.)

Ed. 151. Remedial Reading Instruction (2)—First semester.

Causes for reading disabilities; diagnostic techniques; and corrective methods are studied. Instructional materials are evaluated. The course is designed for both elementary and secondary school teachers. (Schindler.)

Ed. 152. The Adolescent: Characteristics and Problems (2)—Second semester.

This course deals with the intellectual, emotional, social, and vocational problems which arise in the transitional period between childhood and adulthood, the secondary school period.

## Ed. 153. The Improvement of Reading (2)

This course is intended for teachers working at the intermediate and secondary school levels. Attention is given to the teaching of reading in different school subjects, the selection of reading materials, the study of individuals with reference to causes of reading deficiencies, types of reading lessons, and certain elements of psychology essential to intelligent consideration of problems in this field. (Schindler.)

Ed. 155. Child Development and Guidance in the Elementary School (2)—First semester.

This course is concerned with (1) the characteristics of elementary school children and (2) their implications for teachers. It includes the following areas: significant characteristics of physical growth; factors which influence social, emotional, and intellectual development; how to gain a more adequate understanding of individuals; utilizing and modifying home influences; basic personality needs of children; how to work with children, including desirable pupil-teacher relationships. (Schindler.)

Ed. 158. (See H. E. Ed. 110, page 36.)

Ed. 160. Educational Sociology-Introductory (2)-First semester.

This course deals with data of the social sciences which are germane to the work of teachers. Consideration is given to implications of democratic ideology for educational endeavor, educational tasks imposed by changes in population and technological trends, the welfare status of pupils, the socio-economic attitudes of individuals who control the schools, and other elements of community background which have significance in relation to schools. (Schindler.)

Ed. 161. Guidance in Secondary Schools (2)-First semester.

This course is primarily designed for the classroom teacher in terms of the day-by-day demands made upon him as a teacher in the guidance of the youth in his classes and in the extra-class activities which he sponsors. The stress is upon usable materials and upon practical common-sense guidance procedures of demonstrated workability. (Schindler.)

Ed. 170. Introduction to Special Education (2)

This course is designed to give teachers, principals, attendance workers, and supervisors an understanding of the needs of all types of exceptional children. Preventive and remedial measures are stressed.

Ed. 171. Education of Retarded and Slow-Learning Children (2)

A study of retarded and slow-learning children, including discovery, analysis of causes, testing techniques, case studies, and remedial educational measures.

Ed. 183. Recent Trends in Curriculum and Methods in the Elementary School (2)

Emphasis in this course will be placed on recent trends in elementary education, newer instructional practices and classroom procedures, organization of learning experiences, and modern techniques of evaluation. New methods and materials will be critically evaluated. Opportunity for the study and discussion of individual problems will be given.

## Ed. 191. Principles of Adult Education (2)

The course includes a study of adult educational agencies, both formal and informal, with special reference to the development of adult education in the

United States, the interests and abilities of adults, and the techniques of adult learning. Emphasis is laid on practical aids for teachers of various types of adult groups. (Wiggin.)

#### For Graduates

Ed. 205. Seminar in Comparative Education (2)—Second semester.

(Benjamin.)

- Ed. 207. Seminar in Philosophy of Education (2)
- Ed. 209. Seminar in History of Education (2)—Second semester.
- Ed. 210. The Organization and Administration of Public Education (2)
  —Second semester.

The basic course in school administration. The course deals with the organization and administration of school systems—at the local, state, and federal levels; and with the administrative relationships involved. (Newell.)

Ed. 211. The Organization, Administration, and Supervision of Secondary Schools (2)—First Semester.

The work of the secondary school principal. The course includes topics such as personnel problems, supervision, school-community relationships, student activities, schedule making, and internal financial accounting.

(Newell.)

## Ed. 212. School Finance and Business Administration (2)

Public financing designed to provide improved educational opportunities. Among the topics considered are: basic principles of school finance; implications of organization and control; financing by the local board of education including local taxation, budgeting, purchase of supplies and equipment, and financial accounting; state grants for education; federal financing of education; and trends in public taxation. (Newell.)

## Ed. 213. Administration and Teaching in Junior High School (2)

This course is concerned with presistent problems and related administrative organization and policy. It is designed for teachers and administrators. Emphasis is placed on ways and means whereby junior high shoods may realize their functions fully.

## Ed. 214. School Buildings and Equipment (2)

This course emphasizes the selection and development of school sites, the planning and construction of school buildings, the selection and procurement of school furniture and equipment, and the administration of school plant programs.

#### Ed. 215. Public Education in Maryland (2)

A study of Maryland Public School system with special reference to school law.

## Ed. 216. High School Supervision (2)

This course deals with recent trends in supervision; the nature and function of supervision; planning supervisory programs; evaluation and rating; participation of teachers and other groups in policy development; school workshops; and other means for the improvement of instruction. Prerequisite, teaching experience. Fee, \$1.00. (Newell.)

Ed. 217. Administration and Supervision in Elementary Schools (2)—Summer Session.

A study of the problems connected with organizing and operating elementary schools and directing instruction.

Ed. 218. School Surveys (2-6)—First and second semesters.

This course includes study of school surveys with emphasis on problems of school organization and administration, finance and school plant planning. Field work in school surveys is required in this course. (Newell.)

Ed. 219. Seminar in School Administration (2)—First semester.

(Newell).

### Ed. 220. Pupil Transportation (2)

This course includes consideration of the organization and administration of state, country, and district pupil transportation service with emphasis on safety and economy. The planning of bus routes; the selection and training of bus drivers, and maintenance mechanics; the specification of school buses; and procurement procedures are included in this course.

## Ed. 221. Functional School Plant Planning (2)

This is an advanced course in school plant planning problems. Emphasis is given to analysis of the educational program and planning of physical facilities to accommodate that program. Ed. 214 is a prerequisite to this course. However, students with necessary background may be admitted without completion of Ed. 214.

Ed. 222. Seminar in Supervision (2)—Prerequisite, Ed. 216. Prerequisite may be waived upon approval of the instructor. (Newell.)

## Ed. 223. Practicum in Personnel Relationships (2-6)

Study of personnel relationships. Opportunities are provided for students to work with groups of laymen or school staff members on local school problems. (Newell.)

## Ed. 224. Internship in School Administration (12-16)

Internships in administration or supervision may be provided for a few students who have had teaching experience. The intern will be assigned to assist a principal, supervisor, or some other staff member in a school or school system. In addition to the experience in the school situation, a program of studies will be planned by the intern, the appropriate member of the school staff, and the sponsor from the university. The sponsor will maintain a close working relationship with the intern and the other persons involved.

- Ed. 229. Seminar in Elementary Education (2)
- Ed. 232. Student Activities in the High School (2)

This course offers a consideration of the problems connected with the so-called "extra-curricular" activities of the present-day high school. Special consideration will be given to (1) philosophical bases, (2) aims, (3) organization, and (4) supervision of student activities such as student council, school publications, musical organizations, dramatics, assemblies, and clubs. Present practices and current trends will be evaluated.

- Ed. 236. Curriculum Development in the Secondary School (2)
- Ed. 239. Seminar in Secondary Education (2)—First semester.
- Ed. 244. Applications of Theory and Research to Elementary School Teaching (2)—Second semester.

Implications of experimental practices, the proposals of eminent writers, and the results of research for the improvement of teaching in elementary schools. (Schindler.)

Ed. 245. Applications of Theory and Research to High School Teaching (2)—Second semester and summer session.

Implications of experimental practices, the proposals of eminent writers and the results of research for the improvement of teaching on the secondary level. (Brechbill.)

- Ed. 247. Seminar in Science Education (2)
- Ed. 248. Seminar in Vocational Education (2)—First semester.

(Hornbake.)

Ed. 250. Analysis of the Individual (2)

This course is concerned with the selection and administration of tests and inventories. Interpretation and use of data are stressed.

Ed. 261. Counseling Techniques (2)

This course deals with the various specialized techniques, procedures, and materials utilized by guidance specialists in the schools.

Ed. 262. Occupational Information (2)—Second semester.

This course is designed to give counsellors, teachers of social studies, school librarians, and other workers in the field of guidance and education a background of educational and occupational information which is basic for counseling and teaching.

Ed. 268. Seminar in Educational Sociology (2)—Second semester.

(Schindler.)

- Ed. 269. Seminar in Guidance (2)—First semester.
- Ed. 278. Seminar in Special Education (2)
- Ed. 279. Seminar in Adult Education (2)—First semester.

Ed. 280. Research Methods and Materials in Education (2)—First semester.

A study of research in education, the sources of information and techniques available, and approved form and style in the preparation of research reports and theses. (Meshke.)

Ed. 281. Source Materials in Education (2)—Second semester.

A course based on the text and work-book by Carter Alexander, "How to Locate Educational Information and Data." The work involves attendance at class for one hour with two additional hours of work in the library. Especially valuable for students interested in research. (Meshke.)

Ed. 289. Research (1-6).

Students who desire credit for thesis work should use this number. Registration for this purpose should be as follows: "Educ. 289—Thesis."

Students who desire credit on a research project not intended for a thesis should also use this number. Registration for this purpose should be as follows: "Educ. 289—Research Problem: Brief statement of the Problem."

## ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

Professors Corcoran and Reed; Lecturer Davies; Associate Professors Hodgins, Wagner, and Small; Assistant Professor Witkowski; Instructors, Baxter, Stuntz, and Beam.

E. E. 1. Electrical Engineering Fundamentals (4)—Second semester. Three lectures and one laboratory period. Prerequisites, concurrent registration in Math. 21 and Phys. 21. Required of sophomores in electrical engineering.

Basic concepts of electrostatics, circuit analysis, and electro-magnetism. Electric circuit and magnetic circuit experiments. Basic techniques employed in electrical measurements. (Witkowski and Baxter.)

## For Advanced Undergraduates

E. E. 50. Principles of Electrical Engineering (3)—Second semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisites, Phys. 20, 21; Math. 20, 21. Required of juniors in civil engineering.

Fundamentals of direct-current and alternating-current machinery; application of machines for specific duties; operating characteristics of generators, motors, and transformers. (Small.)

E. E. 51, 52. Principles of Electrical Engineering (4,4)—First and second semesters. Three lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisites, Phys. 20, 21; Math. 20, 21. Required of juniors in aeronautical, chemical and mechanical engineering.

Study of elementary direct-current and alternating-current circuit characteristics. Principles of construction and operation of direct- and alternating-current machinery. Experiments on the operation and characteristics of generators, motors, transformers, and control equipment. (Small.)

E. E. 60. Electricity and Magnetism (4)—First semester. Prerequisites, Math. 21, Phys. 21, and E. E. 1. Required of juniors in electrical engineering.

Electrostatics applied to capacitance calculations, electrochemistry, magnetism, and elementary transient phenomena in electrical systems. (Reed.)

E. E. 65. Direct Current Machinery (4)—Second semester. Three lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, E. E. 60. Required of juniors in electrical engineering.

Construction, theory of operation, and performance characteristics of direct-current generators, motors, and control apparatus. Experiments on the operation and characteristics of direct-current generators and motors.

(Hodgins.)

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

E. E. 100. Alternating-Current Circuits (6)—First semester. Five lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, Phys. 20, 21; Math. 20, 21. Required of juniors in electrical engineering.

Single- and polyphase-circuit analysis under sinusoidal and non-sinusoidal conditions of operation. Harmonic analysis by the Fourier series method. Theory and operation of mutually-coupled circuits. Elementary symmetrical components. (Hodgins.)

E. E. 101. Engineering Electronics (6)—Second semester. Five lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, E. E. 100. Required of juniors in electrical engineering.

Theory and applications of electron tubes and associated circuits with emphasis on equivalent circuit analysis of audio amplifiers, reactance tubes, feedback amplifiers, and oscillators. (Corcoran.)

E. E. 102, 103. Alternating Current Machinery (4, 4)—First and second semesters. Three lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, E. E. 65 and E. E. 100. Required of seniors in electrical engineering.

The operating principles of alternating-current machinery considered from theoretical, design, and laboratory points of view. Synchronous generators and motors; single and polyphase transformers; three-phase induction generators and motors; single phase induction motors; rotary converters and mercury-arc rectifiers. (Hodgins.)

E. E. 104. Communication Networks (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, E. E. 100. Required of juniors in electrical engineering.

Calculation of transmission-line inductance and capacitance and high-frequency resistance of electrical conductors. Long-line theory applied to telephone circuits and to ultra-high-frequency systems. Elements of filter theory and wave guide theory. (Reed.)

E. E. 105, 106. Radio Engineering (4,4)—First and second semesters. Three lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, E. E. 101. Required of seniors in electrical engineering.

Principles of radio communication from both theoretical and laboratory points of view. Amplification, oscillation, modulation, and detection, with particular emphasis on radio frequency amplication and broadcast-range reception. Elements of wave propagation and antenna systems. (Wagner.)

E. E. 108. Electric Transients (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, E. E. 101. Senior elective.

Current, voltage, and power transients in lumped-parameter networks. Transient phenomena in sweep circuits and inverters. Starting transients in transformers and short-circuit multi-vibrators transients in alternators with oscillographic demonstrations. Elements of square-wave testing.

(Reed.)

E. E. 109. Principles of Radar (3)—Second semester. Three lectures a week. Prerequisite, E. E. 105.

Elements of wave propagation, wave-guide transmission, u-h-f transmission lines, and high-frequency oscillators. (Wagner.)

E. E. 113. Electric Railways (3)—First semester. Prerequisites, E. E. 65, senior elective.

Mechanics of train motion. Application of electrical equipment to transportation. Construction and operation of control apparatus used in different fields of electrical transportation such as urban railways, trunk line railways, trolley busses and diesel-electrical equipment. Power requirements, distribution systems and signal systems. (Hodgins.)

E. E. 114. Applied Electronics (3)—First semester. Prerequisite, E. E. 101.

Analysis of gas tubes and associated circuits. Controlled rectifiers, power switching, electronic inversion of electric power, and industrial control circuits. Some time is devoted to problems in design of electronic apparatus with pertinent laboratory demonstrations. (Wagner.)

E. E. 116. Alternating-Current Machinery Design (3)—Second semester. Two lectures and one calculation period a week. Concurrent registration in E. E. 103.

Numerical design of transformers, synchronous machines, and induction machines. (Reed.)

E. E. 117. Transmission and Distribution (3)—First semester. Prerequisite, concurrent registration in E. E. 102.

Inductance and capacitance calculations of polyphase lines on a per-wire basis. Generalized parameters of four-terminal networks and long-line theory applied to power systems. Use of transmission line charts.

(Reed.)

#### For Graduates

E. E. 200, 201. Symmetrical Components (3,3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, E. E. 103.

Application of the method of symmetrical components to synchronous generators, transmission lines, transformers, static loads possessing mutual coupling, and induction motor loads. Methods of measuring positive, negative, and zero sequence reactance of synchronous generators and methods of calculating those component reactances of transmission lines. Complete network solution in terms of symmetrical components and comparison of those solutions with those obtained by classical methods. (Reed.)

E. E. 202, 203. Operational Circuit Analysis (3,3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, undergraduate major in either electrical engineering or physics.

Transient analysis of electrical and mechanical systems by the Laplace transform method. The correlation of Laplace transforms and Heaviside operators is made in a sufficiently large number of cases to acquaint the student with the Heaviside method of analysis. (Trent, Wagner.)

E. E. 204, 205. Advanced Circuit Analysis (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisites, undergraduate major in either physics or electrical engineering.

Advanced analysis and synthesis of networks covering such subjects as the characteristics of four-terminal networks, Foster's reactance theorem and its extension, Bartlett's theorem, energy functions, filter theory, and corrective networks.

(Trent, Corcoran.)

E. E. 206, 207. Ultra-High-Frequency Techniques (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Three lectures a week first semester and two lectures and one laboratory period a week second semester. Prerequisite, E. E. 106.

Field theory and applications which are pertinent to radio engineering.

Theoretical and experimental studies of ultra-high-frequency oscillators, detectors, wave guides, transmission lines, and antenna arrays. Most of the experimental work is performed at 200 megacycles and at 3000 megacycles. (Weber, Wagner.)

E. E. 210, 211. Advanced Radio Engineering (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, E. E. 106, or equivalent.

Theory of radio-frequency amplification, oscillation, modulation, and detection, including both amplitude-modulation systems and frequency modulation systems. Broadcast antenna systems and theory of radio frequency measurements. (Davies.)

E. E. 212, 213. Automatic Regulation (3, 3)—Three lectures a week, first and second semesters. Prerequisite, undergraduate major in electrical engineering, mechanical engineering, or physics.

The design and analysis of regulatory systems, emphasizing servomechanisms. Regulatory systems are analyzed first by means of the governing differential equations to provide background for more practical studies of frequency spectrum analysis. Characteristics of actual systems and practical considerations are studied. (Ahrendt.)

E. E. 215, 216—Radio Wave Propagation (3, 3)—Three lectures a week, first and second semesters. Prerequisites, undergraduate major in either physics or electrical engineering and an elementary knowledge of vector analysis.

Maxwell's equations, propagation over plane earth, underwater reception, propagation over spherical earth, ionospheric propagation, radar propagation and properties of radar targets, refraction and meteorological effects.

(Katzin.)

E. E. 217, 218. Theory of Servomechanisms (3, 3)—Three lectures a week first and second semesters. Prerequisite, E. E. 203 or the equivalent.

Analysis of electromechanical systems by reduction to equivalent electrical systems. Stability criteria. Mathematical analysis of automatic regulators and follow-up systems. (Wagner.)

E. E. 220. Electrical Engineering Research. Prerequisite, a course of study leading to the degree of Master of Science in electrical engineering.

A thesis covering an approved research problem and written in conformity with the regulations of the Graduate School is a partial requirement for the degree of Master of Science in electrical engineering. (Graduate Staff.)

E. E. 232, 233. Feedback Amplifier Theory (3, 3)—Three lectures a week, first and second semesters. Prerequisite, a degree in electrical engineering or physics with sound background in network theory.

Mesh and nodal equations for active systems employing vacuum tubes in generalized determinant form. Bode's feedback theory, Nyquists's criterion for stability, and feedback circuit arrangements. • (Trent, Corcoran.)

#### ENGINEERING

(General Engineering Subjects)

Aeronautical Engineering, see page 213. Chemical Engineering, see page 244. Civil Engineering, see page 251. Electrical Engineering, see page 272. Engineering Drawing, see page 259. Mechanical Engineering, see page 335. Mechanics, see page 340. Shop, see page 340. Surveying, see page 378.

## Engr. 1. Introduction to Engineering (1)—First semester.

A course of lectures by the faculty and by practicing engineers covering the engineering professional fields. The purpose of this course is to assist the freshman in selecting the particular field of engineering for which he is best adapted.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Engr. 100. Engineering Contracts and Specifications (2)—Second semester. Prerequisite, senior standing in engineering.

The fundamental principles of law relating to business and to engineering; including contracts, agency, negotiable instruments, corporations, common carriers, and their application to engineering contracts and specifications.

(Steinberg.)

## ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE

Professors Cardwell, Aldridge, Bode, J. Bryan, Harman; Lecturers Emrich, Hottel, McManaway; Associate Professors Ball, Cooley, Mooney, Murphy, Weber, Zeeveld; Assistant Professors Andrews, M. Bryan, Coulter, R. Fleming, Gravely, Manning, Schaumann, Ward; Instructors F. Adams, Beall, Bezanson, Birnbaum, Bopes, Broadley, Brockman, Byers Cervantes, Crafts, Edwards, Ewald, Fischer, M. Fleming, Harrison, Hartman, Haun, Hyde, Kahn, Kossoff, LeBert, Mangold, Martin, Miller, Moriarty, Morris, Nethken, Newall, Portz, Robinson, Rose, Sinclair, Stamper Stevenson, Teeter, Tenney, Thedieck, Upson; Graduate Assistants R. Adams, Anthony, Barnes, Booth, Bradley, Carman, daPonte, Kearney, Kenny, Moxley, Sachs, Schafer, Thearle, Wagner.

Eng. 1, 2. Composition and American Literature (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Required of freshmen. Both courses offered each semester. Prerequisite, three units of high school English.

Grammar, rhetoric, and the mechanics of writing; frequent themes. Readings will be in American literature.

Eng. 3, 4. Composition and World Literature (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, Eng. 1, 2. Eng. 3, 4, or Eng. 5, 6, or some combination of the two required of sophomores.

Practice in composition. An introduction to world literature, foreign classics being read in translation.

Eng. 5, 6. Composition and English Literature (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, Eng. 1, 2. Eng. 5, 6, or Eng. 3, 4, or some combination of the two required of sophomores.

Practice in composition. An introduction to major English writers; several foreign classics to be read in translation.

Eng. 7. Technical Writing (2)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, Eng. 1, 2.

For students desiring practice in writing reports, technical essays, or popular essays on technical subjects.

Eng. 8. College Grammar (3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, Eng. 1, 2.

An analytical study of Modern English grammar, with lectures on the origin and history of inflectional and derivational forms. (Harman.)

Eng. 9. Introduction to Narrative Literature (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Eng. 1, 2.

An intensive study of representative stories, with lectures on the history and technique of the short story and other narrative forms. (Harman.)

Eng. 10. News Reporting, I (3)—First and second semesters. Two lectures and one laboratory period each week. Prerequisite, Eng. 1, 2, and permission of instructor.

Practice in writing and analyzing simple news stories; fundamentals of journalistic principles. (J. Bryan, Beall.)

Eng. 11. News Reporting, II (3)—First and second semesters. Two lectures and one laboratory period each week. Prerequisite, Eng. 10 or permission of the instructor.

Practice in writing and analyzing the more specialized types of newstories; principles of journalism. (J. Bryan, Beall.)

## For Graduates and Advanced Undergraduates

Eng. 101. History of the English Language (3)—Second semester.

An historical and critical survey of the English language; its nature, origin, and development. (Harman.)

Eng. 102. Old English (3)-First semester.

Readings in Old English. The sounds, morphology, and syntax of Old English with particular reference to the development of Modern English.

(Ball.)

Eng. 103. Beowulf (3)—Second semester.

A literary and linguistic study of the Old English epic. (Ball.)

Eng. 104. Chaucer (3)—First semester.

A literary and language study of the Canterbury Tales, Troilus and Criseyde, and the principal minor poems. (Harman.)

Eng. 106. English and Scottish Ballads (3)—Second semester.

An introduction to the ballads in Child's edition. Attention given to analogues, imitations, American collections, and collecting. (Cooley.)

Eng. 110, 111. Elizabethan and Jacobean Drama (3, 3)—First and second semesters.

The most important dramatists of the time, other than Shakespeare.

Eng. 112. Poetry of the Renaissance (3)—First semester.

The chief poets from Skelton to Jonson, with particular attention to Spenser. Not offered in 1948-1949. (Zeeveld.)

Eng. 113. Prose of the Renaissance (3)—Second semester.

The chief prose writers from More to Bacon. Not offered in 1948-1949.

(Zeeveld.)

Eng. 115, 116. Shakespeare (3, 3)—First and second semesters.

Twenty-one important plays.

(Zeeveld.)

Eng. 120. English Drama from 1660 to 1800 (3)—Second semester.

The important dramatists from Etherege to Sheridan, with emphasis upon the comedy of manners. (Weber.)

Eng. 121. Milton (3)—Second semester.

The poetry and the chief prose works.

(Murphy.)

Eng. 122. Literature of the Seventeenth Century, 1600-1660 (3)—First semester.

The major non-dramatic writers (exclusive of Milton). (Murphy.)

Eng. 123. Literature of the Seventeenth Century, 1660-1700 (3)—Second semester.

The Age of Dryden, with the exception of the drama. (Aldridge.)

Eng. 125, 126. Literature of the Eighteenth Century (3, 3)—First and second semesters.

Special attention to major writers and to the historical and philosophical background. (Aldridge.)

Eng. 129, 130. Literature of the Romantic Period (3, 3)—First and second semesters.

In the first semester, the literature of revolt in England, with special attention to Wordsworth, Coleridge, Lamb, Hazlitt, and DeQuincey. In the second semester, special attention is given to Byron, Shelley, and Keats.

(Weber.)

Eng. 134, 135. Literature of the Victorian Period (3, 3)—First and second semesters.

The chief writers of prose and poetry from the close of the romantic period to the end of the nineteenth century. (Cooley, Mooney.)

Eng. 139, 140. The English Novel (3, 3)—First and second semesters.

The development of the novel; readings in the major novelists of the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries. (Aldridge, Mooney.)

Eng. 143. Modern Poetry (3)—First semester.

The chief English, Irish, and American poets of the twentieth century.

(Murphy.)

Eng. 144. Modern Drama (3)—First semester.

The drama from Ibsen to the present.

(Weber.)

Eng. 145. The Modern Novel (3)—Second semester.

Major English and American novelists of the twentieth century.

(Bode.)

Eng. 148. The Literature of American Democracy (3)—First semester. Literature which relates closely to the democratic tradition. (Bode.)

Eng. 150, 151. American Literature to 1900 (3, 3)—First and second semesters.

Representative American poetry and prose from colonial times to 1900, with special emphasis on the literature of the nineteenth century.

(Manning.)

Eng. 155, 156. Four Major American Writers (3, 3)—First and second semesters.

Two writers studied intensively each semester.

(Gravely.)

Eng. 157. Introduction to Folklore (3)-First semester.

Historical background of folklore studies; growth of the field; types of folklore. Emphasis upon American folklore: ballads; folk songs; folk tales; regional customs and beliefs. (Cooley.)

Eng. 160. News Editing, I (3)—First semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period each week. (J. Bryan.)

Eng. 161. News Editing, II (3)—First semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period each week. (J. Bryan.)

Eng. 164. Magazine Writing (3)—First semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period each week.

Study and practice in writing articles, short stories, and fillers for publication.

(J. Bryan.)

Eng. 165. Feature Writing (3)—Second semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period each week.

A continuation of English 164 with more stress on production of feature articles. (J. Bryan.)

Eng. 170. Creative Writing (2)—First semester. Prerequisite, permission of the instructor.

Theory and practice. Intended for students who have more than ordinary ability. (R. Fleming.)

Eng. 171. Advanced Creative Writing (2)—Second semester. Prerequisite, permission of the instructor.

A high level of performance expected; some attention to forms not studied in English 170. (R. Fleming.)

Eng. 172. Playwriting (2)—Second semester. Prerequisite, permission of the instructor.

Analysis of plays, and practice in writing at least one short play.

(R. Fleming.)

## For Graduates

Eng. 200. Thesis (3-6)—(Arranged). Credit in proportion to work done and results accomplished. (Staff.)

Eng. 201. Bibliography and Methods (3)—First semester.

An introduction to the principles and methods of research. (Mooney.)

Eng. 202. Middle English (3)—Not offered in 1948-1949.

A study of selected readings of the Middle English period with reference to etymology, morphology, and syntax.

Eng. 203. Gothic (3)—Not offered in 1948-1949.

Forms and syntax, with reading from the Ulfilas Bible; correlation of the Gothic speech sounds with those of Old English.

Eng. 204. Medieval Romances (3)—Second semester.

The Middle English metrical and prose romances and their sources, with emphasis on the Arthurian cycle. (Cooley.)

Eng. 206, 207. Seminar in Renaissance Literature (3, 3)—First and second semesters. (McManaway.)

Eng. 210. Seminar in Seventeenth-Century Literature (3)—Second semester. (Murphy.)

Eng. 212, 213. Seminar in Eighteenth-Century Literature (3, 3)—First and second semesters. (Aldridge.)

Eng. 214, 215. Seminar in Nineteenth-Century Literature (3)—First semester. (Mooney, Weber.)

Eng. 216, 217. Literary Criticism (3, 3)—First and second semesters. The practice and theory of criticism from Plato to Croce. (Cardwell.)

Eng. 225, 226. Seminar in American Literature (3, 3)—First and second semesters. (Bode.)

Eng. 227, 228. Problems in American Literature (3, 3)—First and second semesters.

Eng. 230. Studies in American Language (3)—Not offered in 1948-1949.

Eng. 257. Problems in Folklore (3)—Second semester.

Advanced study in folklore with special attention to scholarly problems of collection, research, and classification. Intensive collection and analysis of regional folklore; review of folklore study in Europe, South America, and the United States.

#### ENTOMOLOGY

Professor Cory; Lecturers Shepard, Snodgrass, Munson; Assistant Professors Abrams, Haviland, Vogt.

Ent. 1. Introductory Entomology (3)—First and second semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, one semester of college Zoology.

The position of insects in the animal kingdom, their gross structure, classification into orders and principal families and the general economic status of insects. A collection of common insects is required. Fee, \$3.00.

Ent. 2. Insect Morphology (3)—First semester. One lecture and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Ent. 1.

Intensive study of the external structures and less intensive study of the internal anatomy of representative insects with special reference to those phases needed for work in insect taxonomy and biology. Fee, \$3.00.

Ent. 3. Insect Taxonomy (3)—Second semester. One lecture and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Ent. 2.

Intensive study of the classification of all orders and the important families based on individual collections supplemented by typical material from the department collection. Fee, \$3.00.

Ent. 4. Beekeeping (2)—First semester.

A study of the life history, behavior and seasonal activities of the honeybee, its place in pollination of flowers with emphasis on plants of economic importance and bee lore in literature.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Ent. 100. Advanced Apiculture (3)—Second semester. One lecture and two three-hour laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Ent. 4.

The theory and practice of apiary management. Designed for the student who wishes to keep bees or requires a practical knowledge of bee management. Fee, \$3.00. (Abrams.)

Ent. 101. Economic Entomology (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, consent of the department.

An intensive study of the theory and problems of applied entomology, including life history, ecology, behavior, distribution, parasitism and control. (Cory.)

Ent. 103, 104. Insect Pests (3, 3)—Not offered in 1948-1949. (Cory.)

Ent. 105. Medical Entomology (3)—First semester. Two lectures and one three-hour laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, Ent. 1 or consent of the department.

The relation of the Arthropoda to disease of man, both directly and as vectors of pathogenic organisms. The fundamentals of parasitology and sanitation as they are related to entomology. The control of pests of man. Fee. \$3.00. (Vogt.)

Ent. 106. Advanced Insect Taxonomy (3)—First semester. Two three-hour laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Ent. 3.

Principles of nomenclature and intensive study of limited groups of insects. Fee, \$3.00. (Vogt.)

Ent. 107. Insecticides (2)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Ent. 1 and Elementary Organic Chemistry.

The development and use of contact and stomach poisons, fumigants and other important chemicals, with reference to their chemistry, toxic action, compatability, and host injury. Recent research emphasized. (Shepard.)

Ent. 109. Insect Physiology (2)—Second semester. Two lectures and occasional demonstrations. Prerequisite, consent of the department.

The functioning of the insect body with particular reference to blood, circulation, digestion, absorption, excretion, respiration, reflex action and the nervous system, and metabolism. (Munson.)

Ent. 110, 111. Special Problems (1, 1)—First and second semesters. Prerequisites, to be determined by the department.

An intensive investigation of some entomological problem, preferably of the student's choice. Required of majors in entomology. (Cory.)

Ent. 112. Seminar (1, 1)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, senior standing.

Presentation of original work, review and abstracts of literature. (Cory.)

Ent. 114. Insect Pests of Greenhouses (3)—Second semester. Two lectures and one three-hour laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, Ent. 1 or consent of the department.

The identification, life history and habits of insects affecting plants raised under glass; recognition of early injury and methods of control applicable under these specialized conditions will be considered. Fee, \$3.00.

(Haviland.)

#### For Graduates

Ent. 201. Advanced Entomology—Credit and prerequisites to be determined by the department. First and second semesters.

Studies of minor problems in morphology, taxonomy and applied entomology, with particular reference to the preparation of the student for individual research. (Cory.)

Ent. 202. Research-First and second semesters.

Required of graduate students majoring in Entomology. This course involves research on an approved project. A dissertation suitable for publication must be submitted at the conclusion of the studies as a part of the requirements for an advanced degree. (Cory.)

Ent. 203. Advanced Insect Morphology (2-4)—First semester. Two lectures, additional laboratory work and credit by special arrangement with the department.

Insect anatomy with special reference to function. Given in preparation for advanced work in physiology or research in morphology. (Snodgrass.)

Ent. 205. Insect Ecology (2)—Second semester. One lecture and one three-hour laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, consent of the department.

A study of fundamental factors involved in the relationship of insects to their environment. Emphasis is placed on the insect as a dynamic organism adjusted to its surroundings. (Vogt.)

# FOREIGN LANGUAGES (See page 317)

French, see page 317. German, see page 320. Hebrew, see page 325. Italian, see page 325. Portuguese, see page 325. Russian, see page 325. Spanish, see page 322.

# FOREIGN LITERATURE (See page 317)

## FOODS AND NUTRITION\*

Assistant Professor Taylor; Instructors Cornell, Le Grand and Sesson;
Assistant Tomberlin.

#### A. Foods

Foods 1. Introductory Foods (3)—First and second semesters. Three laboratory periods a week.

For students in other colleges and for majors in Crafts, Practical Art, Textiles and Clothing.

Foods 2, 3. Foods (3,3)—First and second semesters. One lecture and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, General Chemistry, Chem. 11, 13, to precede or parallel.

Composition, selection and preparation of food with a study of the scientific principles involved. Analysis of recipes and study of standard products.

Nut. 10. Elements of Nutrition (3)—First and second semesters.

For students in other colleges and for majors in Crafts, Practical Art, Textiles and Clothing.

### For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Foods 100. Food Economics (2)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, Foods 1, or 2, 3. One lecture and one laboratory period a week.

Sources of our food supply; buying of food for the family.

<sup>\*</sup> Tailored white uniforms are required for laboratory work in Foods 1, 2, 3, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 200, Nutrition 110, 111, 112.

Foods 101. Meal Service (2)—First and second semesters. Two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Foods 1, or 2, 3.

Planning and serving meals for family groups considering nutritional needs, and cost; includes simple entertaining.

Foods 102. Experimental Foods (3)—First semester. One lecture and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisites, Foods 2, 3; Organic Chemistry; Chem. 31, 32, 33, 34.

A study of food preparation processes from the experimental viewpoint.

Foods 103. Demonstrations (2)—First and second semesters. Two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisites, Clo. 20; Foods 1 or 2, 3; Pr. Art 20, Tex. 1.

Practice in demonstrations.

Foods 104. Advanced Foods (2)—Second semester. Two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Foods 1 or 2, 3.

Advanced study of manipulation of food materials.

Foods 105. Foods of Other Countries (3)—Second semester. One lecture and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Foods 1 or 2, 3 or equivalent.

Food preparation and food customs of the peoples of other countries.

## B. Nutrition

Nut. 110. Nutrition (3)—First semester. Prerequisite, Foods 2, 3; Organic Chemistry, Chem. 31, 32, 33, 34 to precede or parallel.

A scientific study of principles of human nutrition.

Nut. 111. Child Nutrition (2)—First and Second semesters. One lecture and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, Foods 1 or 2, 3, Nut. 10 or 110.

Principles of human nutrition applied to growth and development of children. Experience in a nursery school.

Nut. 112. Dietetics (3)—Second semester. One lecture and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Nut. 110.

A study of food selection for health; planning and calculating dietaries for children and adults; and methods of teaching food values.

Nut. 113. Diet and Disease (2)—First semester. Prerequisite, Nut. 110. Modifications of the Principles of human nutrition to meet the dietary needs in treating certain diseases.

#### For Graduates

Foods 200. Advanced Experimental Foods (3-5)—Second semester. Two lectures, three laboratories.

Includes experimental problems, special emphasis on use of Maryland products.

Nut. 210. Readings in Nutrition (3)-First semester.

Reports and discussion of outstanding nutritional research and investigation.

Nut. 211. Problems in Nutrition (3-5)—Second semester.

Experience in a phase of nutrition research which is of interest to the student by the use of experimental animals, human studies, or an extensive and critical survey of the literature.

Nut. 212. Nutrition for Community Service (3)-First semester.

Applications of the principles of nutrition to various community problems. Students may work on problems of their own choosing.

Foods and Nut. 220. Seminar (1, 1)—One hour a week, first and second semesters.

Reports and discussions of current research in the fields of foods and nutrition.

Foods and Nut. 221. Research—Two lectures and 1 laboratory period a week. First and second semesters.

Investigation in some phase of foods or nutrition which may form the basis of a thesis.

#### FORESTRY

Associate Professor Dengler

For. 1. Introduction to Forestry (2)—Second Semester. Prerequisite, Bot. 1.

A general survey of the field of forestry, including woodland values, conservation, protection, reproduction, management, utilization, mensuration, engineering, recreation, lumbering, and forest wildlife management.

#### GEOGRAPHY

Professors Baker, Crist, Hu, Van Royen, Joerg, Thornthwaite; Lecturer Hanson; Instructors Anderson, Battersby, Dillard, Hickman, and Watson.

Geog. 1, 2. Economic Resources (2, 2)—First and second semesters. One lecture and one two-hour laboratory period a week for Geog. 1; two lecture periods for Geog. 2. Freshman requirement in the Business Administration Curriculums.

General comparative study of the geographic factors underlying production economics. Emphasis upon climate, soils, land forms, agricultural products, power resources, and major minerals, concluding with brief survey of geography of commerce and manufacturing. (Staff.)

Geog. 4. Regional Geography of the Continents I. The New World (2)

—First semester.

Study of the Americas with emphasis upon human geography and the underlying physical factors. Discussion of some of the major problems arising therefrom. Of particular value to students in the field of education.

(Watson.)

Geog. 5. Regional Geography of the Continents II. The Old World (2)
—Second semester.

Study of Europe, Asia, Africa and Australia with emphasis on human geography and the underlying physical factors. Discussion of some of the major problems resulting therefrom. Intended especially for students and teachers in the field of education. (Watson.)

Geog. 20. Elementary Cartography (2)—First or second semester. One lecture and one two-hour laboratory period a week.

Principles of cartography and study in laboratory and in the field of various types of maps and related means of presenting geographic materials. (Watson.)

## Geog. 30. Principles of Physical Geography (3)-First semester.

A systematic study of the physical features of the earth's surface, including subordinate land forms. The course is designed to give an understanding of major physiographic processes and of the genesis of various types of land forms. (Van Royen.)

Geog. 31. Problems of Cartographic Representation (3)—First or second semester. Two hours lecture and two hours laboratory a week. Prerequisite Geog. 30.

Introduction to theory of projections. Study of principles and problems of representation of natural features according to map scales, and of generalization and symbolization; also of classification, representation, and generalization of cultural features, including place-name selection.

(Davies, Army Map Service.)

#### Geog. 41. Weather and Climate (3)—Second semester.

A study of major meteorological phenomena and of methods of observation as related to climatology. Systems of climate and characteristics of the major climatic regions of the world.

Geog. 60, 61. Economic Geography (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Can be taken by students in the Division of World Economics and Public Affairs instead of Geog. 1 and 2; required for all major and minors in geography; recommended for students in the social sciences.

A comparative study of the geographic factors which enter into the economics of regions or countries. (Staff.)

Geog. 90. Problems of Cartographic Procedure (3)—First or second semester. Two hours lecture and two hours laboratory a week. Prerequisite Geog. 30.

Study of compilation methods and their relationship to drafting and reproduction methods, including basic concepts of compilation, criteria used in the selection of methods of transfer, relationships of reproduction methods to the degree of accuracy, drafting methods in compilation and in color-separation work, and analysis of type styles and their uses.

(Nichols, Army Map Service.)

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Geog. 100, 101. Regional Geography of the United States and Canada (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisites, Geog. 1, 2 or Geog. 60, 61, or permission of instructor.

The climate, land forms, soils and minerals, forests, agriculture, industries, and commerce; the people and their occupations, by regions. Several all-day field trips are required. (Baker.)

Soc. 120, 121. Population. See Sociology.

(Baker.)

Geog. 102. The Geography of Manufacturing in the United States and Canada (3)—First semester.

The geographic factors which are associated with the location of manufacturing industries. One or more field trips. (Clemens.)

Geog. 110, 111. Latin America (3, 3)—First and second semesters.

Regional geography of the Latin American republics; an analysis of the natural and human resources and the economies. (Crist.)

Geog. 115. The Peoples of Latin America (2)—Second semester.

Population distribution, composition and growth, trends in fertility and mortality; migration, rural-urban and interregional, cultural, ethnic and political aspects. (Crist and Lecturer.)

Geog. 120. Economic Geography of Europe (3)—First semester.

Physical resources and the existing stages of economic development, economic potentialities. (Van Royen.)

Geog. 122. Economic Resources and Development of Africa (3)—Second semester.

Physical resources and the existing stages of economic development, economic potentialities. (Van Royen.)

Geog. 123. Problems of Colonial Geography (3)—First or second semester.

Problems of development of colonial areas, with special emphasis upon the development of tropical regions and the possibilities of white settlement in the tropics. (Van Royen.)

Geog. 130, 131. Economic and Political Geography of Southern and Eastern Asia (3, 3)—First and second semesters.

A study of China, Japan, Asiatic Russia, India, Burma, Indo-China and the Dutch East Indies; natural resources, population and economic activities. Comparisons of physical and human potentialities of major regions and of their economic, social, and political development. (Hu.)

Geog. 140, 141. The Natural Resources of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics (3, 3)—First and second semesters (not offered in 1947-48).

Geog. 150. Problems of Map Evaluation I. Topographic Maps (3)—First and second semesters. Two hours lecture and two hours laboratory a week. Prerequisite Geog. 30.

Review of status of topographic mapping with consideration of important schools of topographic concepts and practices. Theoretical and practical means of determining map reliability and utility, including studies of map coverage. Emphasis on methods of preparation of data for compilation purposes, including a study of types of source materials. Methods of map cataloging and bibliography are given brief consideration.

Geog. 151. Problems of Map Evaluation II. Non-topographic Specialuse Maps (3)—First and second semesters. Two-hour lecture and two hours laboratory a week. Prerequisite Geog. 150.

Deals exclusively with non-topographic special-use types of maps such as military-geographic, military-geologic, climatic, pedologic, isogonic, economic, water supply, terrain appreciation maps, etc.

(Brierly, Army Map Service.)

Geog. 160. Elementary Toponymy (3, 3)—First and second semester. Prerequisites Geog. 30 and one foreign language.

Problems of place-name analysis as related to cartography, especially those involved in making and interpreting foreign maps, the language aspects of gazetteers, and the problems of compilation of cartographic dictionaries. The course will close with a review of the linguistic aspects of air charts, hydrographic charts and the International Map of the World.

(Aiken, Army Map Service.)

Geog. 170. Field Studies in Geography (3)—First semester and approximately three weeks in the field immediately preceding the academic year. Required for majors in geography and graduate students.

Field studies of small areas for training in geographic methods of field observation and the writing of reports. (Staff.)

Geog. 180, 181. Principles of Geography (3, 3)—First and second semesters.

A comprehensive and systematic study of the history, nature, and basic principles of geography, with special reference to the major schools of geographic thought and a critical evaluation of some of the important geographical works and methods of geographic research. (Hu.)

#### For Graduates

Geog. 220. Geomorphology (3)-Second semester.

An advanced comparative study of selected geomorphic processes and land forms; theories of land forms evolution and geomorphological problems.

(Van Royen.)

Geog. 230. Micro-Climatology (3)—First semester.

The climates of the layer of air near the ground in which plants live.

(Thornthwaite.)

Geog. 231. Advanced General Climatology (3)—Second semester.

A study of the climates of the United States. (Thornthwaite.)

Geog. 250, 251. Recent Trends in Latin American Economics (3, 3)—First and second semesters.

An analysis of recent changes and trends in industrial development, exploitation of mineral resources and land utilization. (Crist.)

Geog. 260, 261. Problems in the Geography of Europe and Africa (3, 3)

—First and second semesters.

Analysis of special problems concerning the resources and development of Europe and Africa. (Van Royen.)

Geog. 270, 271. Special Studies in the Geography of China (3, 3)—First and second semesters.

Analysis of problems concerning the geography of China, with emphasis on techniques peculiar to Chinese geographical research. (Hu.)

Geog. 290, 291. Seminar in Geography (Credit to be arranged)—First and second semesters.

Special directed studies in various aspects of geography. (Staff.)

Geog. 292, 293. Research Work (Credit to be arranged)—First and second semesters and summer.

A. E. 212. Land Utilization and Agricultural Production—See Agricultural Economics. (Baker.)

In addition to individual research projects, the preparation of the "Atlas of the World's Resources," a joint project of the University of Maryland, the United States Department of Agriculture, and the Department of the Interior, as well as cooperative projects with other government departments, provide facilities for graduate students to study under the guidance of experts in government service. The University of Maryland is cooperating also with the National Central University, in Nanking, China, in the preparation of an "Atlas of China." These atlases and other projects in preparation, may provide a vehicle of publication for parts of students' research work.

#### GEOLOGY

Irwin C. Brown, Lecturer

Geol. 1. Geology (3)—Prerequisite, Chem. 1, 3.

A study dealing primarily with the principles of dynamical and structural geology. Designed to give a general survey of the rocks and minerals composing the earth; the movement within it, and its surface features and the agents that form them.

Geol. 2. Engineering Geology (2).

The fundamentals of geology with engineering applications.

## GERMAN (See page 320)

#### GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS

Professors Ray, Burdette, Mauck, and Steinmeyer; Assistant Professors Dixon and LaFuze; Instructors Brown, Misey, Richards, and Turano.

G. and P. 1. American Government (3)—Each semester.

This course is designed as the basic course in government for the American Civilization program, and it or its equivalent is a prerequisite to all other courses in the Department. It is a comprehensive study of governments in the United States and of their adjustment to changing social and economic conditions.

G. and P. 4. State Government and Administration (3)—First semester. Prerequisite, G. & P. 1.

A study of the organization and functions of state government in the United States, with special emphasis upon the government of Maryland.

G. and P. 5. Local Government and Administration (3)—First semester. Prerequisite G. & P. 1.

A study of the organization and functions of local government in the United States, with special emphasis upon the government of Maryland cities and counties.

G. and P. 7. The Government of the British Empire (2)—First semester. Prerequisite G. & P. 1.

A study of the governments of the United Kingdom and the British Dominions.

G. and P. 8. The Governments of Continental Europe (2)—Second semester. Prerequisite G. & P. 1.

A comparative study of the governments of France, Switzerland, Italy, Germany, and the Scandinavian countries.

G. and P. 9. The Governments of Latin America (2)—First semester. Prerequisite G. & P. 1.

A comparative study of Latin American governments, with special emphasis on Argentina, Brazil, Chile, and Mexico.

G. and P. 10. The Governments of Russia and the Far East (2)—Second semester. Prerequisite G. & P. 1.

A study of the governments of Russia, China, and Japan.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

G. and P. 101. International Political Relations (3)—First semester. Prerequisite G. & P. 1.

A study of the major factors underlying international relations, the influence of geography, climate, nationalism, and imperialism, and the development of international organization, with emphasis on the United Nations.

G. and P. 102.—International Law (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite G. & P. 1.

A study of the principles governing international intercourse in times of peace and war, as illustrated in texts and cases.

G. and P. 105. Recent Far Eastern Politics (3)—First semester. Prerequisite G. & P. 1.

The background and interpretation of recent political events in the Far East and their influence on world politics.

G. and P. 110. Principles of Public Administration (3)—First semester. Prerequisite G. & P. 1.

A study of public administration in the United States, giving special attention to the principles of organization and management and to fiscal, personnel, planning, and public relations practices.

G. and P. 111. Public Personnel Administration (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite G. & P. 110.

A survey of public personnel administration, including the development of merit civil service, the personnel agency, classification, recruitment, examination techniques, promotion, service ratings, training, discipline, employee relations, and retirement.

G. and P. 112. Public Financial Administration (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite G. & P. 110 or Econ. 142.

A survey of governmental financial procedures, including processes of current and capital budgeting, the administration of public borrowing, the techniques of public purchasing, and the machinery of control through preaudit and post-audit.

G. and P. 124. Legislatures and Legislation (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite G. & P. 1.

A comprehensive study of legislative organization, procedure, and problems. The course includes opportunities for student contact with Congress and with the legislature of Maryland. G. and P. 131, 132. Constitutional Law (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite G. & P. 1.

A systematic inquiry into the general principles of the American constitutional system, with special reference to the role of the judiciary in the interpretation and enforcement of the federal constitution; the position of the states in the federal system; state and federal powers over commerce; due process of law and other civil rights.

G. and P. 133. Administration of Justice (3)—First semester. Prerequisite G. & P. 1.

An examination of civil and criminal court structure and procedures in the United States at all levels of government, with special emphasis upon the federal judiciary.

G. and P. 141. History of Political Theory (3)—First semester. Prerequisite G. & P. 1.

A survey of the principal political theories set forth in the works of writers from Plato to Bentham.

G. and P. 142. Recent Political Theory (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite G. & P. 1.

A study of 19th and 20th century political thought, with special emphasis on recent theories of socialism, communism, fascism, and others.

G. and P. 144. American Political Theory (3)—First semester. Prerequisite G. & P. 1.

A study of the development and growth of American political concepts from the colonial period to the present.

G. and P. 154. Problems of World Politics (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite G. & P. 1.

A study of governmental problems of international scope, such as causes of war, problems of neutrality, and propaganda. Students are required to report on readings from current literature.

G. and P. 174. Political Parties (3)—First semester. Prerequisite G. & P. 1.

A descriptive and analytical examination of American political parties, nominations, elections, and political leadership.

G. and P. 178. Public Opinion (3)—First semester. Prerequisite G. & P. 1. An examination of public opinion and its effect on political action, with emphasis on opinion formation and measurement, propaganda, and pressure groups.

G. and P. 181. Administrative Law (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite G. & P. 1.

A study of the discretion exercised by administrative agencies, including analysis of their functions, their powers over persons and property, their procedures, and judicial sanctions and controls.

#### For Graduates

G. and P. 201. Seminar in International Political Organization (3).

A study of the forms and functions of various international organizations.

G. and P. 211. Seminar in Federal-State Relations (3).

Reports on topics assigned for individual study and reading in the field of recent federal-state relations.

G. and P. 213. Problems of Public Administration (3).

Reports on topics assigned for individual study and reading in the field of public administration.

G. and P. 214. Problems of Public Personnel Administration (3).

Reports on topics assigned for individual study and reading in the field of public personnel administration.

G. and P. 216. Seminar in Government Administrative Planning and Management (3).

Reports on topics assigned for individual study and reading in administrative planning and management in government.

G. and P. 217. Government Corporations and Special Purpose Authorities (3).

Reports on topics assigned for individual study and reading in the use of the corporate form for governmental administration. The topics for study will relate to the use of the corporate form as an administrative technique, as in the cases of the Tennessee Valley Authority, the Port of New York Authority, and local housing authorities.

G. and P. 221. Seminar in Public Opinion (3).

Reports on topics assigned for individual study and reading in the field of public opinion.

G. and P. 224. Seminar in Political Parties and Politics (3).

Reports on topics assigned for individual study and reading in the fields of political organization and action.

G. and P. 225. Man and the State (3).

Individual reading and reports on such recurring concepts in political theory as liberty, equality, justice, natural law and natural rights, private property, sovereignty, nationalism, and the organic state.

G. and P. 231. Seminar in Public Law (3).

Reports on topics assigned for individual study and reading in the fields of constitutional and administrative law.

G. and P. 251. Bibliography of Government and Politics (3).

Survey of the literature of the various fields of government and politics and instruction in the use of government documents.

G. and P. 261. Research in Government and Politics (3).

Credit according to work accomplished.

G. and P. 281. Departmental Seminar (No Credit).

Topics as selected by the graduate staff of the department. Registration for two semesters required of all doctoral candidates. Conducted by the entire departmental staff in full meeting.

G. and P. 299. Thesis Course (Arranged).

## HEALTH EDUCATION

For list of staff, see Physical Education, page 186.

- Hea. 2. Hygiene (2)—First semester. Required of all Freshman women. A course designed to acquaint women with health principles as applied to the individual.
- Hea. 4. Hygiene (2)—Second semester. Required of all Freshman women. A course concerned with health of people as a group, and with the organizations both private and governmental which attempt to improve health conditions.

## For Advanced Major Undergraduates and Graduates

- Hea. 40. Personal and Community Hygiene (3)—First semester. Prerequisite Zool. 16. A study of personal and community hygiene for major students. Emphasis on causitive factors of various diseases, means of transmission, and prevention.
- Hea. 50. First Aid and Safety (3)—First semester. Standard and Advanced Red Cross courses in First Aid; safety in the home, school and community.
- Hea. 110. Health Service and Supervision (3)—First semester. The supervision on health inspection and physical examinations of students by school nurses and physicians, including the sanitary inspection of the school plant.
- Hea. 112. Home Nursing (2)—First semester. A study of the use of household remedies and the care of house patients, bed making, preparation of invalid's food, use of thermometer, and care before the physician arrives.
- Hea. 114. Health Education for Elementary Schools (2)—Elective. Materials and methods in health education for the classroom teacher.
- Hea. 120. Teaching Health (2)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Hea. 40, or equivalent. A study of materials and methods in health education. Planning the health education curriculum.
- Hea. 130. Organization and Administration of Health Education (3)—Second semester. Elective. The planning of a graded school curriculum and the presentation of courses of study in hygiene to the classroom teachers.

#### For Graduates

Hea. 240. Advancements in Modern Health (3)—First and second semesters and Summers—Burnett.

Latest knowledge of the fundamental principles involved in Personal, Community, State and National Health; functions and relationships of the various health agencies cooperating with the educational faculties and their contributions to health; present status of Preventive Medicine and Sanitation.

#### HISTORY

Professors Gewehr, Chatelain, Wellborn; Associate Professors Bauer, Merrill; Assistant Professors Crosman, Gordon, Jashemski; Instructors Bates, Ferguson, Klose, Sensenig, Sparks, Wyllie,

H. 1, 2. History of Modern Europe (3, 3)—First and second semesters. The basic course, prerequisite for all advanced courses in European History.

A study of European History from the Renaissance to the present day.
(Bauer.)

- H. 3, 4. History of England and Great Britain (3,3)—First and second semesters. For freshmen and sophomores; open to upper classmen by special arrangement. (Gordon.)
- H. 5, 6. History of American Civilization (3,3)—First and second semesters. Required for graduation of all students who enter the University after 1944-45. Normally to be taken in the sophomore year. See page 26. for further explanation. (Staff.)

## For Graduates and Advanced Undergraduates

#### A. American History

H. 101. American Colonial History (3)—First semester. Prerequisites, H. 5, 6, or the equivalent.

The settlement and development of colonial America to the middle of the eighteenth century. (Ferguson.)

H. 102. The American Revolution (3)—Second semester. Prerequisites, H. 5, 6, or the equivalent.

The background and course of the American Revolution through the formation of the Constitution. (Ferguson.)

H. 105, 106. Social and Economic History of the United States to 1860 (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisites, H. 5, 6, or the equivalent.

A synthesis of American Life from the colonial period to the Civil War.

H. 107. Social and Economic History of the United States, 1860-1900 (3)—(Not offered in 1948-1949)—First semester. Prerequisites, H. 5, 6, or the equivalent.

The development of American life and institutions, with emphasis upon the period since 1876. (Chatelain.)

HISTORY 297

H. 108. Social and Economic History of the United States, since 1900 (3) —(Not offered 1948-1949)—Second semester. Prerequisites, H. 5, 6, or the equivalent.

A study of the outstanding social and economic problems and of the cultural changes of 20th Century America. (Chatelain.)

H. 115. The Old South (3)—First semester. Prerequisites, H. 5, 6, or the equivalent.

A study of the institutional and cultural life of the ante-bellum South with particular reference to the background of the Civil War. (Merrill.)

H. 116. The Civil War and Reconstruction (3)—Second semester. Prerequisites, H. 5, 6, or the equivalent.

Military aspects; problems of the Confederacy; political, social, and economic effects of the war upon American society. Post-bellum problems of reconstruction in North and South. (Merrill.)

H. 118, 119. Recent American History (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisites, H. 5, 6, or the equivalent.

Party politics, domestic issues, foreign relations of the United States since 1890. First semester, through World War I. Second semester, since World War I. (Merrill.)

H. 121, 122. History of the American Frontier (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisites, H. 5, 6, or the equivalent.

A study of the influence of the westward movement in shaping American institutional development. First semester, the trans-Alleghany West; second semester, the trans-Mississippi West. (Gewehr.)

H. 127, 128. Diplomatic History of the United States (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisites, H. 5, 6, or the equivalent.

An historical study of the diplomatic negotiations and foreign relations of the United States. First semester, from the Revolution to the Civil War; second semester, from the Civil War to the present. (Wellborn.)

H. 129. The United States and World Affairs (3)—(Not offered in 1948-1949)—Second semester. Prerequisites, H. 5, 6, or the equivalent.

A consideration of the changed position of the United States with reference to the rest of the world since 1917. (Wellborn.)

H. 133, 134. The History of American Ideas (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisites, H. 5, 6, or the equivalent.

An intellectual history of the American people, embracing such topics as religious liberty, democracy, and social ideas. (Wyllie.)

H. 135, 136. Constitutional History of the United States (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisites, H. 5, 6, or the equivalent.

A study of the historical forces resulting in the formation of the Constitution, and the development of American constitutionalism in theory and practice thereafter. (Gewehr.)

298 HISTORY

H. 141, 142. History of Maryland (3, 3)—First and second semester. Prerequisites, H. 5, 6, or the equivalent.

First semester, a survey of the political, social and economic history of colonial Maryland. Second semester, Maryland's historical development and role as a state in the American Union.

H. 145, 146. Latin-American History (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisites, 6 hours of fundamental courses.

A survey of the history of Latin America from colonial origins to the present, covering political, cultural, economic, and social development, with special emphasis upon relations with the United States. (Crosman.)

H. 147. History of Mexico (3)—First semester.

The history of Mexico with special emphasis upon the independence period and upon relations between ourselves and the nearest of our Latin-American neighbors. (Crosman.)

### B. European History

H. 151. History of the Ancient Orient and Greece (3)—First semester.

A survey of the ancient empires of Egypt, the Near East, and Greece with particular attention to their institutions, life and culture. (Jashemski.)

H. 153. History of Rome (3)—Second semester.

A study of Roman civilization from the earliest beginnings through the Republic and down to the last centuries of the Empire. (Jashemski.)

H. 155. Medieval Civilization (3)—First semester. Prerequisites, H. 1, 2, or H. 3, 4, or the permission of the instructor.

A survey of Medieval life, culture and institutions from the fall of the Roman Empire to the thirteenth century. (Jashemski.)

H. 161. The Renaissance and Reformation (3)—Second semester. Prerequisites, H. 1, 2, or H. 3, 4, or the permission of the instructor.

The culture of the Renaissance, the Protestant revolt and Catholic reaction through the Thirty Years War. (Jashemski.)

H. 166. Revolutionary and Napoleonic Europe (3)—(Not offered in 1948-1949)—Second semester. Prerequisites, H. 1, 2, or H. 3, 4.

The Old Régime in France and Europe; the changes effected by the French Revolution; the Napoleonic regime and the balance of power 1789-1815. (Bauer.)

H. 171, 172. Europe in the Nineteenth Century, 1815-1919 (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisites, H. 1, 2, or H. 3, 4.

A study of the political, economic, social and cultural development of Europe from the Congress of Vienna to the First World War. (Bauer.)

H. 175, 176. Europe in the World Setting of the Twentieth Century (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisites, H. 1, 2, or H. 3, 4.

A study of political, economic, and cultural developments in twentieth century Europe with special emphasis on the factors involved in the two World Wars and their global impacts and significance. (Bauer.)

H. 179, 180. Diplomatic History of Europe Since 1871 (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisites, H. 1, 2, or H. 3, 4.

A study of European diplomacy, imperialism and power politics since the Franco-Prussian War. (Prange.)

H. 181, 182. History of Central Europe (3, 3)—(Not offered in 1948-1949)—First and second semesters. Prerequisites, H. 1, 2, or H. 3, 4.

The history of Central Europe from 1600 to the present, with special emphasis on Germany and Austria. (Prange.)

H. 185, 186. History of the British Empire (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisites, H. 1, 2, or H. 3, 4.

First semester, the development of England's Mercantilist Empire and its fall in the war for American Independence (1783); second semester, the rise of the Second British Empire and the solution of the problem of responsible self-government, 1783-1867; the evolution of the British Empire into a Commonwealth of Nations, and the development and problems of the dependent Empire. (Gordon.)

H. 187. History of Canada (3)—First semester. Prerequisites, H. 1, 2, or H. 3, 4.

A history of Canada, with special emphasis on the nineteenth century and upon Canadian relations with Great Britain and the United States.

H. 191. History of Russia (3)—First semester. Prerequisites, H. 1, 2, or the equivalent.

A history of Russia from the earliest times to the present day. (Bauer.)

H. 193. History of the Near East (3)—Second semester. Prerequisites, H. 1, 2, or H. 3, 4.

A study of the Balkans and of Turkey from earliest times to the present.

(Gewehr.)

H. 195. The Far East (3)—First semester.

A survey of institutional, cultural and political aspects of the history of China and Japan, and a consideration of present-day problems of the Pacific area. (Gewehr.)

H. 199. Proseminar in Historical Writing (3)—Second semester.

Discussions and term papers designed to acquaint the student with the methods and problems of research and presentation. The students will be encouraged to examine those phases of history in which they are most interested. Required of history majors in senior year. (Sparks.)

#### For Graduates

- H. 200. Research (3-6)—Credit proportioned to amount of work. Arranged.
  - H. 201. Seminar in American History (3)—First and second semester. (Chatelain.)
- H. 205, 206. Topics in American Economic and Social History (3, 3)—First and second semesters.

Readings and conferences on the critical and source materials explaining our social and economic evolution. (Chatelain.)

H. 208. Topics in Recent American History (3)—First and second semesters.

Selected readings, research and conferences on important topics in United States History from 1900 to the present. (Merrill.)

H. 211. The Colonial Period in American History (3)—First semester. Readings and conferences designed to familiarize the student with some of the sources and the classical literature of American Colonial History.

(Forguson)

### H. 212. Period of the American Revolution (3)—Second semester.

Readings and conferences designed to familiarize the student with some of the critical literature and sources of the period of the American Revolution.

(Ferguson.)

## - H. 215. The Old South (3)

Readings and conferences designed to familiarize the student with some of the standard sources and the classical literature of the ante-bellum South.

(Merrill.)

## H. 216. The American Civil War (3)

Readings and conferences on the controversial literature of the Civil War. Attention is focused upon the conflicting interpretations and upon the social and economic impact of the war on American society. Opportunity is also given to read in the rich source material of this period.

(Merrill.)

#### H. 217. Reconstruction and Its Aftermath (3)

A seminar on problems resulting from the Civil War. Political, social, and economic reconstruction in South and North; projection of certain postwar attitudes and problems into the present. (Merrill.)

H. 221, 222. History of the West (3, 3)—First and second semesters.

Readings and conferences designed to give the student an acquaintance with some of the more important sources and some of the most significant literature of the advancing American frontier. (Gewehr.)

### H. 233, 234. Topics in American Intellectual History (3, 3)

Readings and conferences on selected phases of American thought, with emphasis on religious traditions, social and political theory, and development of American ideas. (Wyllie.)

H. 235. Problems in American Constitutional History (3)—First and second semesters.

Research in selected problems of constitutional history with much attention to bibliography. (Gewehr.)

H. 250. Seminar in European History (3)—First and second semesters. (Staff.)

### H. 255. Medieval Culture and Society (3)

Readings and conferences designed to acquaint the student with the important literature and interpretations on such topics as feudalism, the medieval Church, schools and universities, Latin and vernacular literature, art and architecture. (Jashemski.)

### H. 281. Topics in the History of Central Europe (3)

Readings and conferences in the history of Central Europe from Bismarck to the present, to acquaint the student with the leading primary and secondary sources. Special emphasis will be placed on the Bismarckian and Hitlerian periods. (Prange.)

H. 285, 286. Topics in the History of Modern England and Greater Britain (3, 3)

Readings and conferences on the documentary and literary materials dealing with the transformation of England and the growth and evolution of the British Empire since 1763. (Gordon.)

## H. 287. Historiography (3)—Arranged.

Readings and occasional lectures on the historical writing, the evolution of critical standards, the rise of auxiliary sciences, and the works of selected masters.

(Sparks.)

# HEBREW (See page 325)

#### HOME ECONOMICS

Professors Mount, Curtiss; Associate Professor Mitchell; Assistant Professors Akin, Crow, Cuneo, Eichelberger, Lawson, Taylor, Wilbur; Instructors Brown, Cassells, Cornell, Davis, Friemil, Le Grand, Palmer, Sesson, Young; Assistant Tomberlin.

Art, see page 179.

Foods and Nutrition, see page 176.

Home Economics Education, see page 153.

Home and Institution Management, see page 183.

Home Economics Extension, see page 302. Practical Arts and Crafts, see page 356. Textiles and Clothing, see pages 175, 378.

#### HOME ECONOMICS—GENERAL

H. E. 1. Home Economics Lectures (1)—First semester. Required of Home Economics freshmen.

Lectures, demonstrations, group and individual discussions on grooming and clothing budget for the college girl; personal adjustments; good study habits; social usage.

H. E. 2. Home Economics for Men (3)—Second semester.

Selection and care of clothing, considering design, durability and propriety to occasion. Selection of food for better nutrition, interesting menus and economy; analysis of accepted demeanor for host and guest. Selection and repair of household appliances; family budgeting and family relationships.

#### HOME ECONOMICS EXTENSION

Professors Mount and Kellar

H. E. Ext. 100. Methods in Home Economics Extension (3)—Second semester.

Three lectures. Given in cooperation with the staff in Home Economics Extension. Students must have senior standing in the College of Home Economics.

#### HOME AND INSTITUTION MANAGEMENT

Professor Mount; Assistant Professor Crow; Assistant Tomberlin

#### A. Home Management

Home Mgt. 150, 151. Management of the Home (3, 3)—First and second semesters.

The family and human relations; household organization and management; management of time, energy, and money; housing as a social problem; housing to meet family needs; selection and care of household equipment and furnishings.

Home Mgt. 152. Practice in Management of the Home (3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, Home Mgt. 150, 151.

Residence for one-third of a semester in the Home Management House. Experience in planning, guiding, directing, coordinating and participation in the activities of a household, composed of a faculty member and a small group of students.

### B. Institution Management

Inst. Mgt. 160. Institution Organization and Management (3)—First semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisites, Foods 2, 3; Home Mgt. 150, 151 to precede or parallel.

The principles of scientific organization and management applied to institution administration, personnel management, and supervision of food services.

Inst. Mgt. 161. Institution Purchasing and Accounting (3)—Second semester. Two lecturers and one laboratory period a week.

Purchasing of food, supplies, and equipment for institutional use, and the principles involved in accounting as applied to food services.

Inst. Mgt. 162. Institution Foods (3)—Second semester. One lecture and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisites, Foods 2, 3; Inst. Mgt. 160, 161.

Practical experience in preparing and serving food for large groups, including the use of standard recipes, calculation of food costs, use of institution equipment, and menu planning.

Inst. Mgt. 163. Practice in Institution Management (3)—Arranged. Three laboratory periods a week. Prerequisites, Inst. Mgt. 160, 161.

Practice work in food service under supervision.

Inst. Mgt. 164. Advanced Institution Management (2)—Second semester. One lecture and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisites, Inst. Mgt. 160, 161, 162.

Special problems in institution management.

Inst. Mgt. 165. The School Lunch (3)—Second semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisites, Foods 2, 3; Nut. 110, or equivalent.

Problems relating to the planning, organization and serving of the noon meal in schools and in child care centers.

## HOME ECONOMICS EDUCATION

### For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

H. E. Ed. 101. Curriculum, Instruction, and Observation (3)—Second semester. Required of juniors in Home Economics Education. Prerequisite, Psych. 110.

The place and function of home economics education in the secondary school curriculum. Philosophy of education for home and family living; characteristics of adolescence, construction of source units, lesson plans, and evaluation devices; directed observations in junior and senior high school home economics departments. (Meshke.)

H. E. Ed. 102.—Problems in Teaching Home Economics (3)—First semester. Required of seniors in Home Economics Education. Prerequisite, H. E. Ed. 101.

A study of the managerial aspects of teaching and administering a homemaking program; the physical environment, organization and sequence of instructional units, resource materials, evaluation, home projects. (Meshke.)

H. E. Ed. 103. Teaching Secondary School Vocational Homemaking (8)
—First or second semester. Prerequisite, H. E. Ed. 101 and 102 or 102
parallel.

Observation and supervised teaching in approved secondary school home economics departments in Maryland and the District of Columbia. Ten weeks of practicum in two schools and with both junior and senior high school classes. Students must reserve a half day in their schedule for the student teaching assignment. (Meshke.)

H. E. Ed. 110. Child Development (3)—First and second semesters.

The study of the child in relation to the physical, motor, emotional and social aspects of development; adaptation to the teaching of child care in high school; field trips to well-baby clinic; observation in nursery schools; reviews of current books. Laboratory fee, \$1.00. (McNaughton.)

H. E. Ed. 111. Curriculum, Instruction, Observation-Nursery School (3)
—First semester. Prerequisite, H. E. Ed. 110.

Guidance of children in relation to developmental needs; observation of children, teachers, and parents; participation in a nursery school.

(Whitney.)

H. E. Ed. 112. Play and Play Materials (2)—Second semester. Prerequisite, H. E. Ed. 110.

Study of play materials and play equipment in relation to use by different age levels; observation in nursery school; participation with a play group in a home.

(McNaughton.)

H. E. Ed. 113. Education of the Young Child I.

A study of the nature and needs of the child from two to six years of age, with emphasis upon learning tendencies; the child's relation to the materials, the experiences, and the people of his world at home and at school.

(McNaughton.)

H. E. Ed. 114. Education of the Young Child II—The Social and Emotional Needs of the Young Child (2-3 cr.).

The main emphases of the course will be: trying to understand what lies beneath outward behavior rather than on conformity as such; acceptance of the child's feelings; helping the child to live richly and fully on his own level; seeing the child as a whole; working with the parents and the home to bring about the most favorable adjustment of the child.

(McNaughton.)

H. E. Ed. 115. Curriculum, Instruction, Observation, Kindergarten (2)
This will be a study of the interests, needs and activities of children living together in the kindergarten. Discussion and workshop.

(McNaughton.)

H. E. Ed. 116, 117. Creative Expression; Art, Music, Dance (3, 3)—First and second semester. Prerequisite, P. E. 56, 58.

Correlation of arts as related to the abilities of the child in terms of his development. (Whitney.)

H. E. Ed. 118. Teaching Nursery School (4-8)—Second semester. Prerequisite, H. E. Ed. 111.

Teaching in an approved nursery school; participation in teachers' workshop; attendance at parents' meetings; observation in other nursery schools after teaching is completed. (McNaughton.)

- H. E. Ed. 119. Curriculum, Instruction, and Observation: Cooperative Nursery Schools (3). (Whitney.)
- H. E. Ed. 120. Evaluation of Home Economics (2)—Prerequisite, H. E. Ed. 101.

The meaning and function of evaluation in education; the development of a plan for evaluating a homemaking program with emphasis upon types of evaluation devices, their construction, and use. (Meshke.)

H. E. Ed. 159. Child Development II: The Child From Five to Ten Years (2) (McNaughton.)

Development, characteristics, and interests of the middle-age child; interpersonal relations as affected by home, school, and community.

H. E. Ed. 200. Seminar in Home Economics Education (2)—First semester. (Meshke.)

#### HORTICULTURE

Professors Haut, Link, Schrader, Walls; Associate Professor Shoemaker;
Assistant Professor Stark

Hort. 1. General Horticulture (3)—Second semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, Bot. 1.

A general basic course planned to give the student a background of methods and practices used in production of horticultural crops.

Hort. 5, 6. Fruit Production (3, 2)—First and second semesters. One or two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, Bot. 1.

A study of commercial varieties and the harvesting, grading, and storage of fruits. Principles and practices in fruit tree production.

Hort. 10, 11. Greenhouse Management (3,3)—First and second semesters. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, Bot. 1.

A detailed study of greenhouse construction and management.

Hort. 16. Garden Flowers (3)—Second semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week.

The various species of annuals, herbaceous perennials, bulbs, bedding plants, and roses and their cultural requirements.

Hort. 22. Landscape Gardening (2)—First semester.

The theory and general principles of landscape gardening and their application to private and public areas.

Hort. 54. Civic Art (2)—Second semester.

Principles of city planning and their application to village and rural improvements.

Hort. 56. Landscape Ornamentals and Floriculture (3)—Second semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week.

A course dealing with the basic principles in the use of trees, shrubs, broad-leaved evergreens, annual and perennial flowering plants in ornamental plantings. Designed for any students wishing a broad coverage in this field.

Hort. 58. Vegetable Production (3)—Second semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisites, Chem. 1, Bot. 1, and Soils 1.

A study of the principles and practices of commercial vegetable production.

Hort. 59. Small Fruits (3)—Second semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, Bot. 1.

A study of the principles and practices involved in the production of small fruits including grapes, strawberries, raspberries, blueberries, blackberries, and cranberries.

Hort. 61. Processing Industries (2).

Early history and development of the various types of preservation of horticultural crops, such as canning, freezing, dehydration, pickling or brining. The relative importance of these methods on state, national and worldwide bases are emphasized.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Hort. 101, 102. Technology of Fruits (2, 2)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, Hort. 6 and Bot. 101.

A critical analysis of research work and application of the principles of plant physiology, chemistry, and botany to practical problems in commercial production. (Haut.)

Hort. 103, 104. Technology of Vegetables (2, 2)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, Hort. 58 and Bot. 101.

For a description of these courses see the general statement under Hort. 101, 102. (Stark.)

Hort. 105. Technology of Ornamentals (2)—First or second semester. Prerequisites, Bot. 101 and Hort. 107.

A study of the physiological plant processes as related to the growth, flowering, and storage of floricultural and ornamental plants. (Haut.)

Hort. 106. World Fruits and Nuts (2)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Bot. 1.

A study of the tropical and subtropical fruits and nuts of economic importance. (Haut.)

Hort. 107, 108. Plant Materials (2, 3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, Bot. 1.

A field and laboratory study of trees, shrubs, and vines used in ornamental plantings.

Hort. 112. Canning Crops Technology (3)—First semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisites, Hort. 155, Bot. 101.

A course dealing with the technical physico-chemical methods used in the study of the fundamentals or factors influencing the quality of the raw and processed products; physiological processes prior to and after blanching; and grade of processed product.

Hort. 114. Systematic Pomology (3)—First semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, Hort. 5, 6.

A study of the origin, history, taxonomic relationships, and description of fruits. (Haut.)

Hort. 116. Systematic Olericulture (3)—First semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, Hort. 58.

A study of the classification and nomenclature of vegetable crops.

(Walls.)

Hort. 118, 119. Seminar (1, 1)—First and second semesters.

Oral presentation of the results of investigational work by reviewing recent scientific literature in the various phases of horticulture. (Staff.)

Hort. 121. Plant Operations (2)—One lecture and one laboratory period a week.

Course deals with arrangement of machinery and equipment in proper sequence to insure the most economical operation of commercial processing plants, providing for continuous flow through the factory. Field trips to commercial plants included.

- Hort. 122. Special Problems (2, 2)—First and second semesters. Credit arranged according to work done. For major students in horticulture or botany. (Staff.)
- Hort. 123. Grading and Judging of Canned and Frozen Products (2)—One lecture and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, Hort. 58.

Factors considered in grading. Actual grading of principal products and critical appraisal for quality improvement.

Hort. 124. Quality Control (3)—Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, Hort. 123.

This course covers the control of quality in canned and frozen vegetables and fruits, dealing with proper harvesting, grading of raw products and various phases of preparation and handling, as well as the evaluation of varities.

Hort. 126. Nutritional Analyses of Processed Crops (3)—One lecture and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Chem. 33 and 34, Bot. 101, Hort. 112.

A study and laboratory practice of standard methods for determining mineral, vitamin, carbohydrate, protein and other food values of various fruit and vegetable products.

Hort. 150, 151. Commercial Floriculture (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisites, Bot. 1, Hort. 10, 11.

Growing and handling bench crops and potted plants, and the marketing of cut flowers. (Link.)

Hort. 152. Landscape Design (3)—First semester. One lecture and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisites, Hort. 22, Eng. Dr. 1, 2.

A consideration of the principles of landscape design supplemented by direct application in the drafting room. (Shoemaker.)

Hort. 153. Landscape Design (3)—Second semester. Three laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Hort. 152.

Advanced landscape design.

(Shoemaker.)

Hort. 155. Commercial Processing I (3)—First semester. Two lectures and one-laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, Chem. 3.

The fundamentals of canning, freezing, and dehydration of horticultural crops. (Walls.)

Hort. 156. Commercial Processing II (2)—One lecture and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, Hort. 155 I.

A continuation of Commercial Processing I. Also includes actual work in laboratory of manufacture of jams, jellies, conserves, preserves, marmalades, and juices. (Walls.)

#### For Graduates

Hort. 201, 202. Experimental Pomology (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, Bot. 101.

A systematic review of scientific knowledge and practical observations as applied to commercial practices in pomology. (Schrader.)

Hort. 203, 204. Experimental Olericulture (2,2)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, Bot. 101.

A systematic review of scientific knowledge and practical observations as applied to commercial practices in olericulture. (——.)

Hort. 205. Experimental Pomology (3)—Second semester.

This course is a continuation of Hort. 201, 202.

(Schrader.)

Hort. 206. Horticultural Cyto-genetics (3)—Second semester. Prerequisites, Zool. 104, Bot. 101, Bot. 201, or equivalents.

A course dealing with the field of cyto-genetics in relation to horticulture.

(----.)

Hort. 207. Methods of Horticultural Research (3)—Second semester. One lecture and one four-hour laboratory period a week.

A critical study of research methods which are or may be used in horticulture. (Scott and Staff.)

Hort. 208. Advanced Horticultural Research (2 to 12)—First and second semesters. Credit granted according to work done. (Staff.)

Hort. 209. Advanced Seminar (1, 1)—First and second semesters. Five credit hours for five semesters can be obtained.

Oral reports with illustrative material are required on special topics or recent research publications in horticulture. (Haut and Staff.)

#### HUMAN DEVELOPMENT

The staff of the Institute for Child Study will offer a series of courses on human development and on the techniques of child study for members of the educational profession. The core of the offering is a group of six courses which describe the major processes and forces that shape the growth and development of human beings from conception to middle age. The first four of these courses may be taken in any combination or sequence but all of them should be completed before the last two are undertaken because the courses dealing with the emergence, development and adjustment of the Self require a basic synthesis of factual and conceptual knowledge from these other courses. These courses are open only to graduate students. Prerequisites are six semester hours of work in either biology or psychology or three semester hours in each. Each course carries two semester hours credit and should be accompanied or followed by the sequence of three courses called Laboratory in Human Development which involve the direct year-long study of children as individuals and in groups. (College of Education.)

## H. D. Ed. 100, 101. Principles of Human Development I & II (2, 2)

These courses give a general overview of the scientific principles that describe human development and behavior. Open to graduates or undergraduates.

H. D. Ed. 102, 103, 104. Child Development Laboratory I, II & III (2)—Prerequisite, General or Educational Psychology or any course in Human development.

This course involves the direct study of children throughout the school year. Each participant gathers a wide body of information about an indi-

vidual; presents the accumulating data from time to time to the study group for criticism and group analysis, and writes an interpretation of the dynamics underlying the child's learning, behavior and development.

## H. D. Ed. 200. Organic Processes and Factors in Human Development (2)

This course describes the major organic processes of: conception; biological inheritance; differentiation and growth of the body; capture, transmutation and use of energy; perception of the environment; coordination and integration of functions; adaptation to unusual demands and to frustration; normal individual variation in each of the above processes.

# H. D. Ed. 201. Affectional Relationships and Processes in Human Development (2)

This course describes the normal development, expression and influence of love in infancy, childhood, adolescence and adulthood. It deals with the influence of parent-child relationships involving normal acceptance, neglect, rejection, inconsistency, and over-protection upon health, learning, emotional behavior and personality development. It analyzes the affectional developmental tasks and adjustment problems of adolescence, youth and early maturity.

### H. D. Ed. 202. Socialization Processes in Human Development (2)

This course analyzes the processes by which human beings internalize the culture of the society in which they live. The major sub-cultures in the United States, their training procedures, and their characteristic human expressions in folk-knowledge, habits, attitudes, values, life-goals, and adjustment patterns are analyzed. Contrasts with other world cultures are examined to high-light the American way of life and to reveal its strengths and weaknesses.

# H. D. Ed. 203. Peer-culture and Group Processes in Human Development (2)

This course analyzes the processes of group formation, role-taking and status-winning. It describes the emergence of the "peer-culture" during childhood and the evolution of the child society at different maturity levels to adulthood. It analyzes the developmental tasks and adjustment problems associated with winning, belonging and playing roles in the peer group.

## H. D. Ed. 210. "Self"-developmental Processes in Human Development (2)

This course analyzes the nature of intelligence and of the learning processes, including the development of skills, concepts, generalizations, symbolizations, reasoning and imagination, attitudes, values, goals and purposes. It describes the nature and effects of individual variations in capacities and in experiences. The effects of various physical and growth processes, affectional relationships, socialization processes and peer group roles and status on the integration, devolpment and realization of the individual self are analyzed.

## H. D. Ed. 211. "Self"-adjustment Processes in Human Development (2)

This course analyzes the conditions, relationships, experiences and opportunities to function that are essential to full human development and the physical, emotional, mental and personality effects of the realization of these factors. It describes the more common adjustment problems experienced in our society at various maturity levels and analyzes the processes by which individuals adjust to them. It discusses the social and personal effects of the use of various adjustment mechanisms.

## H. D. Ed. 220, 221. Educational Implications of Human Development Research (2, 2)

Each student analyzes recent research in some aspect of human development, presents papers summarizing the research findings and discusses with the seminar the educational implications of the research he has analyzed. For advanced masters and doctors degree candidates. Prerequisite: consent of the instructor.

## H. D. Ed. 230, 231. Field Program in Child Study I & II (2, 2)

This course offers apprenticeship training preparing properly qualified persons to become staff members in human development workshops, consultants to child study field programs and coordinators of municipal or regional child study programs for teachers or parents. Extensive field experience is provided. In general this training is open only to persons who have passed their preliminary examinations for the doctorate with a major in human development or psychology. Prerequisite: consent of instructor.

#### INDUSTRIAL EDUCATION

For each semester hour of credit for shop and drawing courses two or three periods of lecture and practice are scheduled depending upon the specific needs of the course.

Ind. Ed. 1. Mechanical Drawing (2)—First semester. Two laboratory periods a week.

This course constitutes an introduction to orthographic multi-view and isometric projection. Emphasis is placed upon the visualization of an object when it is represented by a multi-view drawing and upon the making of multi-view drawings.

This course carries through auxiliary views, sectional views, dimensioning, conventional representation and single stroke letters. Laboratory fee, \$3.00.

Ind. Ed. 21. Mechanical Drawing (2)—Second semester. Two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Ind. Ed. 1.

A course dealing with working drawings, machine design, pattern layouts, tracing and reproduction. Detail drawings followed by assemblies are presented. Laboratory fee, \$3.00.

Ind. Ed. 31. Mechanical Drawing (2)—First semester. Two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisites, Ind. Ed. 1 and 21.

A course dealing with the topics enumerated in Ind. Ed. 21 but on a more advanced basis. The reading of prints representative of a variety of industries is a part of this course. Laboratory fee, \$3.00.

Ind. Ed. 41. Architectural Drawing (2)—Second semester. Two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Ind. Ed. 1, or equivalent.

Practical experience is given in the design and planning of houses and other buildings. Working drawings, specifications and blue-prints are featured. Laboratory fee, \$3.00.

Ind. Ed. 101. Operational Drawing (2)—Two laboratory periods a day. Prerequisite, Ind. Ed. 1, or equivalent.

A comprehensive course designed to give students practice in the modern drafting methods of industry. Laboratory fee, \$3.00.

Ind. Ed. 160. Essentials of Design (2)—First semester. Two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisites, Ind. Ed. 1 and basic shop work.

A study of the basic principles of design and practice in their application to the construction of shop projects. It treats the art elements of line, mass, color, and design. Laboratory fee, \$3.00.

Ind. Ed. 2. Elementary Woodworking (2)—First semester. Two laboratory periods a week.

This is a woodworking course which involves the use of hand tools almost exclusively. The course is developed so that the student uses practically every common woodworking hand tool in one or more situations. There is also included elementary wood finishing, the specifying and storing of lumber, and the care and conditioning of tools used. Laboratory fee, \$5.00.

Ind. Ed. 22. Machine Woodworking I (2)—Second semester. Two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Ind. Ed. 2.

Machine Woodworking I offers initial instruction in the proper operation of the jointer, band saw, variety saw, jig saw, mortiser, shaper, and lathe. The types of jobs which may be performed on each machine and their safe operation are of primary concern. The medium of instruction is school-shop equipment, hobby items, and useful home projects. Laboratory fee, \$5.00.

Ind. Ed. 42. Machine Woodworking II (2)—First semester. Two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Ind. Ed. 22, or equivalent.

Advanced production methods with emphasis on cabinetmaking and design. Laboratory fee, \$5.00.

Ind. Ed. 102. Advanced Woodfinishing and Design (2)—Summer. Two laboratory periods a day. Prerequisite, Ind. Ed. 22, or equivalent.

Advanced finishing room methods applied. The application of color and its use in the improvement of design. Laboratory fee, \$3.00.

Ind. Ed. 23. Are and Gas Welding (1)—Second semester. One laboratory period a week.

A course designed to give the student a functional knowledge of the principles and use of electric and acetylene welding. Practical work is carried on in the construction of various projects using welded joints. Instruction is given in the use and care of equipment, types of welded joints, methods of welding, importance of welding processes in industry, safety considerations, etc. Laboratory fee, \$3.00.

Ind. Ed. 24. Sheet Metal Work (2)—First semester. Two laboratory periods a week.

Articles are made from metal in its sheet form and involve the operations of cutting, shaping, soldering, riveting, wiring, folding, seaming, beading, burring, etc. The student is required to develop his own patterns inclusive of parallel line development, radial line development, and triangulation. Common sheet metal tools and machines are used in this course. Laboratory fee, \$5.00.

Ind. Ed. 104. Advanced Practices in Sheet Metal Work (2)—Summer. Two laboratory periods a day. Prerequisite, Ind. Ed. 24, or equivalent.

Study of the more complicated processes involved in commercial items. Calculations and pattern making are emphasized. Laboratory fee, \$5.00.

Ind. Ed. 105. General Shop (2)—Second semester.

Designed to meet needs in organizing and administering a secondary school general shop. Students are rotated through skill and knowledge developing activities in mechanical drawing, electricity, woodworking, and general metal working. Laboratory fee, \$3.00.

Ind. Ed. 26. Art Metal Work I (2)—Second semester. Two laboratory periods a week.

An introductory course in designing and constructing art products in aluminum, copper and brass. The processes covered include surface decoration (hammering, piercing, etching, enameling), heat treatment and finishing. Laboratory fee, \$5.00.

Ind. Ed. 66. Art Metal Work (2)—Summer. Two laboratory periods a day. Prerequisite, Ind. Ed. 26, or equivalent.

Advanced practicum. It includes methods of bowl raising and bowl ornamenting. Laboratory fee, \$5.00.

Ind. Ed. 106. Art Metal Work (2)—Summer. Two laboratory periods a day.

Simple operations in the art of making jewelry including ring making, stone setting, etc. Laboratory fee, \$3.00.

Ind. Ed. 67. Cold Metal Work (2)—Second semester. Two laboratory periods a week.

Metal in the form of bars, rods and tubes are shaped cold to produce "ornamental iron" and bench metal products. The use of the hacksaw, file, drill press, taps and dies, the designing and forming of scrolls and the finishes appropriate for cold metal work are representative of the course content. Laboratory fee, \$5.00.

Ind. Ed. 28. Electricity I (2)—First semester. Two laboratory periods a week.

An introductory course to electricity in general. It deals with the electrical circuit, elementary wiring problems, the measurement of electrical energy, and a brief treatment of radio such as may be offered at the junior high school level. Laboratory fee, \$5.00.

Ind. Ed. 48. Electricity II (2)—Second semester. Two laboratory periods a week.

Principles involved in A-C and D-C electrical equipment, including heating, measurements, motors and control, electro-chemistry, the electric arc, inductance and reactance, condensers, radio, and electronics. Laboratory fee, \$5.00.

Ind. Ed. 108. Electricity III (2)—Two laboratory periods a day. Prerequisite, Ind. Ed. 28, or equivalent.

Experimental development of apparatus and equipment for teaching the principles of electricity. Laboratory fee, \$3.00.

Ind. Ed. 69. Machine Shop Practice I (2)—Second semester. Two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Ind. Ed. 1, or equivalent.

Bench work, turning, planing, milling, and drilling. Related technical information. Laboratory fee, \$5.00.

Ind. Ed. 89. Machine Shop Practice II (2)—Second semester. Two laboratory periods a week Prerequisite, Ind. Ed. 69, or equivalent.

Advanced shop practicum in thread cutting, grinding, boring, reaming, and gear cutting. Work-production methods employed. Related technical information. Laboratory fee, \$5.00.

Ind. Ed. 110. Foundry (1)—First semester. One laboratory period a week.

Bench and floor molding and elementary core making. Theory and principles covering foundry materials, tools and appliances. Laboratory fee, \$3.00.

Ind. Ed. 94. Shop Maintenance (2)—Summer. Prerequisite, 8 semester hours of shop credit, or equivalent.

Skill developing practice in the up-keep and care of school shop tools and equipment.

Ind. Ed. 140 (Ed. 140). Curriculum, Instruction, and Observation (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Educational Psychology.

Major functions and specific contributions of Industrial Education; their relation to the general objectives of the junior and senior high schools; selection and organization of subject matter in terms of modern practices and needs; methods of instructions; expected outcomes; measuring results; professional standards. Twenty periods of observation. (Hornbake.)

Ind. Ed. 164. Shop Organization and Management (2)—First semester.

This course covers the basic elements of organizing and managing an Industrial Education program including the selection of equipment and the arrangement of the shop. (Wall.)

Ind. Ed. 165. Modern Industry (2)—Summer session.

This course provides an overview of factory organization and management. Representative basic industries are studied from the viewpoints of personnel and management organization, industrial relations, production procedures, distribution of products, and the like.

Ind. Ed. 166. Educational Foundations of Industrial Arts (2)—First semester.

A study of the factors which definitely place Industrial Arts education in any well-rounded program of general education. Lectures, class discussions, readings and reports. (Hornbake.)

Ind. Ed. 167. Problems in Occupational Education (2)

The purpose of this course is to secure, assemble, organize, and interpret data relative to the scope, character and effectiveness of occupational education.

Ind. Ed. 168. Trade or Occupational Analysis (2)—Second semester.

Provides a working knowledge of occupational and job analysis which is basic in organizing Industrial Education courses of study. This course should precede Ind. Ed. 169.

Ind. Ed. 169. Construction of Vocational and Occupational Courses of Study (2)—Summer session.

Surveys and applies techniques of building and reorganizing courses of study for effective use in vocational and occupational schools.

Ind. Ed. 170. Principles and Practices of Vocational Education (2)

The course develops the Vocational Education movement as an integral phase of the American program of public education.

Ind. Ed. 171. History of Vocational Education (2)—First semester.

An overview of the development of Vocational Education from primitive times to the present. The evolution of Industrial Arts is also considered.

Ind. Ed. 207. Philosophy of Industrial Arts Education (2)—First semester.

This course is intended to assist the student in his development of a point of view as regards Industrial Arts and its relationship with the total educational program. He should, thereby, have a "yardstick" for appraising current procedures and proposals and an articulateness for his own professional area. (Hornbake.)

Ind. Ed. 216. Supervision of Industrial Arts (2). (Hornbake.)

Ind. Ed. 220. Organization, Administration and Supervision of Vocational Education (2)

This course surveys objectively the organization, administration, supervision, curricular spread and viewpoint, and the present status of vocational Education.

Ind. Ed. 240. Research in Industrial Arts and Vocational Education (2)—Arranged.

This is a course offered by arrangement for persons who are conducting research in the areas of Industrial Arts and Vocational Education.

(Hornbake.)

Ind. Ed. 241. Content and Method of Industrial Arts (2)—Second semester.

Various methods and procedures used in developing courses of study are examined and those suited to the field of Industrial Arts education are applied. Methods of and devices for Industrial Arts instruction are studied and practiced. (Hornbake.)

Ind. Ed. 248. Seminar in Industrial Arts and Vocational Education (2)—Second semester.

This seminar deals with the issues and functions of Industrial Arts and Vocational Education, particularly in respect to the emerging changes in educational planning on the secondary school level. Opportunity is given to students majority in Industrial Education to write one of the seminar reports required for the degree of Master of Education. (Brown.)

## Industrial Education, Arts Crafts Sequence

Industrial Education 9, 10, and 11 constitute an art crafts sequence (Art Crafts I, II, and III). The courses are intended to assist persons who are preparing to teach art crafts in grade 7 of the public schools of Maryland or for teachers who have already undertaken this type of work in the schools. The work is appropriate also for persons who teach art crafts at any grade level and for those who teach art crafts in camps, clubs, adult evening classes, and the like.

Ind. Ed. 9. Art Crafts I (2)—Summer session. Two laboratory periods a day.

The materials used in Art Crafts I are woods, metals, leathers and plastics. Each student is provided the opportunity of doing a variety of types of work in the four media. Laboratory fee \$3.00.

Ind. Ed. 10. Art Crafts II (2)—Summer session. Two laboratory periods a day.

Art Crafts II offers work experiences in model building, ceramics, graphic arts, and paper construction. Laboratory fee, \$3.00.

Ind. Ed. 11. Art Crafts III (2)—Summer session. Two laboratory periods a day.

Art Crafts III provides instruction in the principles of design which are pertinent to craft work and takes up reed and raffia, threads (weaving, hooking, knitting), and seasonal activities. Laboratory fee, \$3.00.

#### INSTITUTION MANAGEMENT

(See page 303)

#### **ITALIAN**

(See page 325)

#### LANGUAGES AND LITERATURES, FOREIGN

Professors Zucker, Falls<sup>1</sup>, Prahl<sup>3</sup>; Associate Professors Kramer, Cunz<sup>2</sup>, Quynn, Bingham; Assistant Professors Parsons, Schweizer<sup>3</sup>, Rand, Rosenfield, Hammerschlag; Lecturer Juan Ramón Jiménez; Instructors Zenobia Jiménez, Dobert, Smith, Frank, Gilbert, Nemes, Wildstosser, de Marne, Brown, Hinrichs, Howe, Norton, Sedwick, Stevens, Tuck; Part-time Instructors Greenberg, Boborykine, Bulatkin, Margaretten, Velasco.

At the beginning of each semester a placement examination is given for all students who have had some foreign language in high school and wish to do further work in that language. By this means the Department assigns each student to the suitable level of instruction.

#### French

French 1, 2. Elementary French (3,3)—First and second semesters. Students who offer two units in French for entrance, but whose preparation is not adequate for second-year French, receive half credit for this course.

Elements of grammar; pronunciation and conversation; exercises in composition and translation.

French 3. Elementary Conversation (1)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, the grade of A or B in French 1. Qualified students who are interested in French should take this course in conjunction with French 2.

A practice course in simple, spoken French.

<sup>1.</sup> With the Graduate Year Abroad in Paris

<sup>2.</sup> With the Graduate Year Abroad in Zurich

<sup>3.</sup> On leave of Absence

French 4, 5. Intermediate Literary French (3,3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, French 1 and 2 or equivalent. Second-year French for students interested in literature or in fields related to literature. Students who expect to do major or minor work in French are required, however, to take French 17 in place of the second semester of this course.

Translation; conversation; exercises in pronunciation. Reading of texts designed to give some knowledge of French life, thought, and culture.

French 6, 7. Intermediate Scientific French (3,3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, French 1 and 2 or equivalent. Second-year French for students specializing in the sciences. Students who expect to do major or minor work in French are required, however, to take French 17 in place of the second semester of this course.

Translation; conversation; exercises in pronunciation. Reading of scientific texts.

French 8, 9. Intermediate Conversation (2, 2)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, consent of instructor.

Practical exercises in conversation, based on material dealing with French life and customs.

French 17. Grammar Review (3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, French 4, French 6, or permission of instructor. This course gives the same credit as do French 5 and French 7, and may be taken in place of these courses. Required of second-year French students who expect to major or minor in French.

An intensive review of the elements of French grammar; verb drills; composition; conversation.

## For Advanced Undergraduates

French 51, 52. The Development of the French Novel (3, 3)—First and second semesters.

Introductory study of the history and growth of the novel in French . literature; of the lives, works, and influence of important novelists. Reports. French 51 covers the 17th and 18th centuries, French 52 the 19th century.

French 53, 54. The Development of the French Drama (3, 3)—First and second semesters.

Introductory study of the French drama. Translation, collateral reading, reports. French 53 covers the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries, French 54 the 19th century.

French 55, 56. The Development of the Short Story in French (3,3)—First and second semesters.

A study of the short story in French literature; reading and translation of representative examples.

French 61, 62. French Phonetics (2, 2)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, French 1 and 2.

A practical course in the pronunciation of French: study of phonetics, oral exercises and ear training.

French 71, 72. Intermediate Grammar and Composition (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, French 17 or equivalent.

This course, more advanced than the Grammar Review (French 17), is designed for students who, having a good general knowledge of French, wish to become more proficient in the written and spoken language.

French 75, 76. Introduction to French Literature (3,3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, second-year French or equivalent.

An elementary survey of the chief authors and movements in French literature.

French 80, 81. Advanced Conversation (3,3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, consent of the instructor.

This course is intended for students who have a good general knowledge of French, and who wish to develop fluency and confidence in speaking the language.

French 99. Rapid Review of the History of French Literature (1)—Second semester.

Weekly lectures stressing the high points in the history of French literature. This course provides a rapid review for majors by means of a brief survey of the entire field.

## For Graduates and Advanced Undergraduates

French 100. French Literature of the Sixteenth Century (3)—First semester.

The beginning and development of the Renaissance in France.

French 101, 102. French Literature of the Seventeenth Century (3, 3)—First semester and second semester.

First semester, a survey of the great classical writers including Corneille and Racine. Second semester, devoted chiefly to Molière.

French 103, 104. French Literature of the Eighteenth Century (3,3)—First and second semesters.

First semester, a study of the drama, poetry, and novels of the period. Second semester, the philosophical and scientific movement from Saint-Evremond and Bayle to the French Revolution.

French 105, 106. French Literature of the Nineteenth Century (3,3)—First semester, drama and poetry from Romanticism to Symbolism to the present time. Second semester, the major prose writers of the same period.

French 107, 108. French Literature of the Twentieth Century (3, 3)—First and second semesters.

First semester, drama and poetry from symbolism to the present time. Second semester, the contemporary novel.

French 121, 122. Advanced Composition (3,3)—First and second semesters. Translation from English to French, free composition, and letter writing.

French 161, 162. French Life and Culture (3, 3)—First and second semesters.

An introductory study of the French people: their life and customs, their great men and women, their educational, literary and artistic tradition.

#### For Graduates

The requirements of students will determine which courses will be offered.

French 201. Research—Credits determined by work accomplished.

French 203, 204. Georges Duhamel, Poet, Dramatist, Novelist (2, 2)— First and second semesters. (Falls.)

French 205, 206. French Literature of the Middle Ages (2, 2)—First and second semesters.

French 207, 208. The French Novel in the First Half of the Nineteenth Century (2, 2)—First and second semesters. (Falls.)

French 209, 210. The French Novel in the Second Half of the Nineteenth Century (2, 2)—First and second semesters. (Falls.)

French 211. Introduction to Old French (3)-Second semester.

French 213, 214. Seminar (2, 2)—First and second semesters.

Required of all graduate students in French.

French 221, 222. Reading Course (2, 2)—One conference a week, first and second semester.

#### German

- German 1, 2. Elementary German (3,3)—First and second semesters. Students who offer two units in German for entrance, but whose preparation is not adequate for second-year German, receive half credit for this course.
- German 3. Elementary Conversation (1)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, the grade of A or B in German 1.
- German 4, 5. Intermediate Literary German (3,3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, German 1, 2, or equivalent.

Reading of narrative prose, grammar review, and oral and written practice.

German 6, 7. Intermediate Scientific German (3,3)—First and second semesters.

Reading of technical prose, with some grammar review.

German 8, 9. Intermediate Conversation (2, 2)—First and second semesters. Admission by consent of instructor.

The object of this course is to help the student acquire the ability to speak and understand simple colloquial German.

German 17. Grammar Review (3)—First and second semester. Prerequisite, German 4 of 6 or permission of instructor. May be taken in place of German 5 or 7.

For students who wish to major or minor in German.

### For Advanced Undergraduates

German 61, 62. German Phonetics (1,1)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, German 1, 2, or equivalent.

German 71, 72. German Grammar and Composition (3,3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, German 4, 5, or equivalent.

A thorough study of the more detailed points of German grammar with ample practice in composition work. This course is required of students preparing to teach German.

German 75, 76. Introduction to German Literature (3,3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, German 4, 5, or equivalent.

An elementary survey of the history of German literature.

German 80, 81. Advanced Conversation (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, consent of instructor.

Intensive drill in the spoken language.

German 99. Rapid Review of the History of German Literature (1)—First and second semesters.

Weekly lectures stressing the high points in the history of German literature, art, and music. Rapid review for majors.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

German 101, 102. German Literature of the Eighteenth Century (3, 3)—First and second semesters.

The earlier and the later classical periods.

(Prahl.)

German 103, 104. German Literature of the Nineteenth Century (3, 3)—First and second semesters.

Romanticism and young Germany.

(Prahl.)

German 105, 106. Contemporary German Literature (3,3)—First and second semesters.

The literature of the Empire and of the Twentieth Century. (Prahl.)

German 107, 108. Goethe's Faust (2,2)—First and second semesters. First and second parts of the drama. (Zucker.)

Attention is called to Comparative Literature 106, Romanticism in Germany, and Comparative Literature 107, The Faust Legend in English and German Literature.

German 121, 122. Advanced Composition (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, German 71, 80 or consent of instructor.

Translation from English and German, free composition, and letter writing.

German 161, 162. German Life and Culture (3,3)—First and second semesters. (Cunz.)

Introductory study of the literary, educational, artistic tradition, great men, customs and general culture.

#### For Graduates

(The requirements of students will determine which courses will be offered.)

German 201. Research-Credits determined by work accomplished.

German 202, 203. The Modern German Drama (3, 3)—First and second semesters. (Zucker.)

German 204. Schiller (3)-First semester.

German 205. Goethe's Works outside of Faust (2)-Second semester.

German 206. The Romantic Movement (3)-Second semester.

German 208. The Philosophy of Goethe's Faust (3)-First semester.

German 210. Seminar (3, 3)—First and second semester.

Required of all graduate students in German.

(Zucker.)

German 220, 221. Reading Course (2, 2)-First and second semesters.

Designed to give the graduate student the background of a survey of German literature. Extensive outside readings with reports and connecting lectures.

German 230. Introduction to European Linguistics (3)-First semester.

German 231. Middle High German (3)—Second semester.

## Spanish

Spanish 1, 2. Elementary Spanish (3, 3)—First and second semester.

Students who offer two units in Spanish for entrance, but whose preparation is not adequate for second-year Spanish, receive half credit for this course.

Spanish 3. Elementary Conversation (1)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, the grade of A or B in Spanish 1.

A practice course in simple, spoken Spanish.

Spanish 4, 5. Intermediate Spanish (3,3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, Spanish 1, 2, or equivalent. Students who do major or minor work in Spanish are advised to take Spanish 17 in place of the second semester of this course.

Translation, conversation, exercise in pronunciation. Reading of texts designed to give some knowledge of Spanish and Latin-American life, thought, and culture.

Spanish 8, 9. Intermediate Conversation (2, 2)—First and second semesters. Admission by consent of instructor.

The object of this course is to help the student acquire the ability to speak and understand everyday and colloquial Spanish.

Spanish 17. Grammar Review (3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite Spanish 4 or consent of instructor. Designed particularly for students who enter with three or more units in Spanish, who expect to do advanced work in the Spanish language and literature, but who are not prepared to take Spanish 71. May be taken in place of Spanish 5 or 7.

An intensive review of the elements of the Spanish grammar, verb drills, composition.

Spanish 61, 62. Spanish Phonetics (1,1)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, Spanish 1, 2, or equivalent, or consent of instructor.

A practical course in the pronunciation of Spanish; study of phonetics, oral exercises and ear training.

Spanish 71, 72. Review Grammar and Composition (3,3)—First and second semester. Prerequisite, Spanish 4, 5, or equivalent.

This course is more advanced than Spanish 17 and is designed to give the students a thorough training in the structure of the language. It is also intended to give an intensive and practical drill in Spanish composition.

Spanish 75, 76. Introduction to Spanish Literature (3,3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, Spanish 4, 5, or equivalent.

An elementary survey of the history of Spanish literature.

Spanish 80, 81. Advanced Conversation (3,3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, Spanish 8, 9, or consent of instructor. This course is more advanced than Spanish 8 and 9 and is intended to give the students the ability to speak fluently about subjects of general interest.

Spanish 99. Rapid Review of the History of Spanish Literature (1)—Second semester.

Weekly lectures stressing the leading concepts in the history of Spanish Literature. Especially designed for majors.

### For Graduates and Advanced Undergraduates

Spanish 101. Epic and Ballad (3)-First semester.

The legends and heroic matter of Medieval Spain.

Spanish 104. The Drama of the Golden Age (3)-First semester.

Spanish 105. The Spanish Novel of the Golden Age (3)—Second semester.

Spanish 106. The Poetry of the Golden Age (3)-First semester.

Spanish 107. The Spanish Mystics (3)-Second semester.

Spanish 108. Lope de Vega (3)-First semester.

Spanish 109. Cervantes (3)—Second semester.

Spanish 110. The Poetry of the XIXth Century (3)—First semester.

Spanish 111. The Novel of the XIXth Century (3)—Second semester.

Spanish 112. The Drama of the XIXth Century (3)—Second semester.

Spanish 113. The Novel of the XXth Century (3)—First semester.

Spanish 114. The Poetry of the XXth Century (3)—First semester.

Spanish 115. Spanish Thought in the XXth Century (3)—First semester.

Essays and critical writings of the XXth Century. The Generation of 1898.

Spanish 116. The Drama of the XXth Century (3)—Second semester.

Spanish 121, 122. Advanced Composition (3,3)—First and second semester.

Translation from English to Spanish, free composition, letter writing.

Spanish 151. Latin-American Novel (3)—First semester.

Spanish 152. Latin-American Poetry (3)—Second semester.

Spanish 153. Latin-American Essay (3)—First semester.

Spanish 161, 162. Spanish Life and Culture (3,3)—First and second semesters.

Introductory study of the literary, educational, artistic traditions, great men, customs and general culture.

Spanish 163, 164. Latin-American Civilization (3, 3)—First and second semesters.

Introductory study of the literary, educational, artistic traditions, great men, customs and general culture.

### For Graduate Students

Spanish 201. Research—Credits determined by work accomplished.

Spanish 202. The Golden Age in Spanish Literature (3)—First semester.

Spanish 203, 204. Spanish Poetry (3, 3)—First and second semesters.

Spanish 210. Seminar—(Arranged.)

Spanish 213. Introduction to Old Spanish (3)—Second semester.

Spanish 221, 222. Reading Course—(Arranged.)

French (see page 317).

### Hebrew

Hebrew 1, 2. Elementary Hebrew (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Elements of grammar; pronunciation and conversation; exercises in com-

position and translation.

Hebrew 4, 5. Intermediate Hebrew (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, Hebrew 1 and 2, or equivalent.

Translation; conversation; exercises in pronounciation. Reading of texts designed to give some knowledge of Hebrew life, thought, and culture.

### Italian

Italian 1, 2. Elementary Italian (3, 3)—First and second semesters.

Open to freshmen. Also recommended for advanced students in French and Spanish.

Elements of grammar; pronunciation and conversation; exercises in composition and translation.

Italian 3. Elementary Conversation (1)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, the grade of A or B in Italian 1.

A practice course in simple, spoken Italian.

### Portuguese

Portuguese 1, 2. Elementary Portuguese (3, 3)—First and second semesters.

Drill in pronunciation and in the elements of grammar; composition and translation.

Portuguese 3. Elementary Conversation (1)—Prerequisite, the grade of A or B in Portuguese 1. Qualified students who are interested in Portuguese should take this course in conjunction with Portuguese 2.

A practice course in simple, spoken Portuguese.

### Russian

Russian 1, 2. Elementary Russian (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Elements of grammar; composition; pronunciation and translation.

Russian 3. Elementary Conversation (1)—Prerequisite, the grade of A or B in Russian 1. Qualified students who are interested in Russian should take this course in conjunction with Russian 2.

Russian 4, 5. Intermediate Russian (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, Russian 1 and 2, or equivalent.

Translation; conversation; exercises in pronunciation. Reading of texts designed to give some knowledge of Russian life, thought, and culture.

### LIBRARY SCIENCE

Associate Professor Rovelstad; Instructors Baehr, Holladay, Jacob, Phillips and Urban

# L. S. 1, 2. Library Methods (1, 1)—First and second semesters.

This course is intended to help students to use libraries with greater facility and effectiveness. Instruction, given in the form of lectures and practical work, is designed to interpret the library and its resources to the students. The course considers the classification of books in libraries, the card catalog, periodical literature and indexes, and certain essential reference books which will be found helpful throughout the college course and in later years.

# L. S. 101. School Library Administration (2)—First semester.

The organization and maintenance of effective library service in the modern school. Planning and equipping library quarters, purpose of the library in the school, standards, instruction in the use of books and libraries, training student assistants, acquisition of materials, repair of books, publicity, exhibits and other practical problems.

L. S. 102. Cataloging and Classification (2)—Second semester. One lecture; one two-hour laboratory.

Study and practice in classifying books and making dictionary catalog for school libraries. Simplified forms as used in the Children's Catalog, Standard Catalog for High School Libraries, and Wilson printed cards are studied.

### MATHEMATICS

Professors Martin, Hall, Lewis, Weinstein\*; Associate Professors Jackson, Mitchell; Assistant Professors Good, Massey, Truedell\*, Polachek\*, Vanderslice; Lecturers Barker, Kales, Lancaster, Marston, Wehausen, Weller; Instructors Boyer, Brandt, Brewster, Callegary\*, Cheston, Dantzig, Dare\*, Hilsenrath\*, Holland, Huck, Jamieson\*, Jennison, Loomis, McLean, Meade, Meals, Menneken, Shepherd, Snyder and Waters.

The Mathematics Club meets once a month under the direction of Professor Jackson for the discussion of mathematical topics of interest to the undergraduate.

The following courses are open to students who offer one unit of algebra for entrance: Math. 1, 5, or 10.

The following courses are open to students who offer two or more units of algebra for entrance: Math. 14, 15.

Students are enrolled in Math. 5, 10, or 15 provided they pass the Mathematics section of the general classification test given to incoming students during registration. Students who fail this test should enroll in Math. 0 if

<sup>\*</sup> Part time.

their curriculum calls for Math. 5 or 10, and in Math. 1 if their curriculum calls for Math. 15. Students taking Math. 1 are not eligible to take Math. 14 concurrently.

In general students should enroll in only one course in the groups below. In case this rule is not followed credit will be assigned as indicated.

Math. 5, 10, 15. Credit for only one course.

Math. 11, 14. Math. 11—1 1/2 credits; Math. 14—2 credits.

Math. 11, 17. Math. 11—1 1/2 credits; Math. 17—4 credits.

The department strongly recommends that a student who receives a grade of D in a course in mathematics repeat the course to raise his grade before going on to a more advanced course.

Math. 0. Basic Mathematics (0)—First and second semester. Required of students who fail the qualifying examination for Math. 5 or 10.

The fundamental principles of algebra.

Math. 1. Introductory Algebra (0)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, one unit of algebra. Open to students of engineering and required of students who fail in the qualifying examination for Math. 15.

A review of the topics covered in a second course in algebra.

Math. 2. Solid Geometry (0)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, plane geometry. Open to students who enter deficient in solid geometry.

Lines, planes, cylinders, cones, the sphere and polyhedra, primary emphasis on mensuration. Intended for engineers and science students.

Math. 5. General Mathematics (3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, one unit of algebra. Open only to students in the College of Business and Public Administration, the College of Agriculture, and the Department of Industrial Education.

Fundamental operations, ratio and proportion, percentage, simple interest, linear and quadratic equations, exponents and radicals, logarithms, the slide rule, functions and graphs, progressions, binomial theorem.

Math. 6. Mathematics of Finance (3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, Math. 5, or equivalent. Open to students in the College of Business and Public Administration.

Simple and compound interest, discount, amortization, sinking funds, valuation of bonds, depreciation, annuities, and insurance.

Math. 10. Algebra (3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, one unit each of algebra and plane geometry. Open to biological, premedical, predental, and general Arts and Science students.

Fundamental operations, factoring, fractions, linear equations, exponents and radicals, logarithms, quadratic equations, variation, binomial theorem, theory of equations.

Math. 11. Trigonometry and Analytic Geometry (3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, Math. 10 or equivalent. Open to biological, premedical, predental, and general Arts and Science students. This course is not recommended for students planning to enroll in Math. 20.

Trigonometric functions, identities, addition formulas, solution of triangles, coordinates, locus problems, the straight line and circle, conic sections, graphs.

Math. 13. Elements of Mathematical Statistics (3)—First semester. Prerequisite, one of Math. 5, 10, 15.

Frequency distributions, averages, moments, measures of dispersion, the normal curve, curve fitting, regression and correlation.

Math. 14. Plane Trigonometry (2)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, Math. 15 or concurrent enrollment in Math. 15. Open to students in engineering, education, and the physical sciences.

Trigonometric functions, identities, the radian, graphs, addition formulas, solution of triangles, trigonometric equations.

Math. 15. College Algebra (3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, high school algebra completed, and Plane Geometry. Open to students in engineering, education, and the physical sciences.

Fundamental operations, variation, functions and graphs, quadratic equations, theory of equations, binomial theorem, complex numbers, logarithms determinants, progressions.

Math. 16. Spherical Trigonometry (2)—First and second semesters. Prerequisites, solid geometry and plane trigonometry.

The solution of spherical triangles, with applications to the terrestrial and astronomical triangles.

Math. 17. Analytic Geometry (4)—Three lectures and two one-hour laboratory periods a week, first and second semesters. Prerequisite, Math. 14 and 15, or equivalent. Open to students in engineering, education, and the physical sciences.

Coordinates, locus problems, the straight line and circle, graphs, transformation of coordinates, conic sections, parametric equations, transcendental equations, solid analytic geometry.

Math. 20, 21. Calculus (4, 4)—Three lectures and two one-hour laboratory periods a week, first and second semesters, second and first semesters. Prerequisite, Math. 17, or equivalent. Open to students in engineering, education and the physical sciences.

Limits, derivatives, differentials, maxima and minima, curve sketching, rates, curvature, kinematics, integration with geometric and physical applications, partial derivatives, space geometry, multiple integrals, infinite series.

Differential Equations for Engineers (3)-First and second semesters. Prerequisite, Math. 21 or equivalent. Required of students in mechanical and electrical engineering.

Ordinary and partial differential equations of the first and second order with emphasis on their engineering applications.

Math. 66. Applied Calculus (3)-First semester. Prerequisite, Math. 21 or equivalent.

The fundamental mathematical principles underlying problems of flow, thermodynamics and physical chemistry.

## A. Algebra

### For Graduates and Advanced Undergraduates

Math. 100, 101. Higher Algebra (3, 3)-First and second semesters. Prerequisite, Math. 20, 21 or equivalent.

Selected topics in algebra will be taken up from a point of view designed (Good.) to strengthen and deepen the grasp of the subject.

Math. 102. Theory of Equations (3)—(Not offered 1948-49)—Prerequisite, Math. 20, 21, or equivalent.

Solution of equations of third and fourth degree, construction of regular (Good.) polygons, trisection of an angle, symmetric functions.

Math. 103. Introduction to Modern Algebra (3)—(Not offered 1948-49). -Prerequisite, Math. 20, 21, or equivalent.

Linear dependence, matrices, groups, vector spaces.

# (Good.)

# For Graduates

Math. 200, 201. Modern Algebra (3, 3)-First and second semesters. Prerequisite, Math. 103 or consent of instructor.

Matrices, groups, rings, fields, algebraic numbers, Galois theory. (Good.)

Math. 202. Matrix Theory (3)—(Not offered 1948-49). Prerequisite, Math. 103 or consent of instructor.

(Good.) The theory of vectors and matrices with applications.

Math. 271. Selected Topics in Algebra (3)—(Arranged).

# B. Analysis

# For Graduates and Advanced Undergraduates

Math. 110, 111. Advanced Calculus (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, Math. 20, 21, or equivalent.

Limits, continuous functions, differentiation and integration with application to mechanics, infinite series, Fourier series, functions of several variables, differential equations with applications to mechanics and physics, multiple integrals, the theorems of Gauss and Stokes, the calculus of variations.

Math. 114, 115. Differential Equations (3, 3)—(Not offered 1948-49). Prerequisite, Math. 20, 21, or equivalent.

Ordinary differential equations, symbolic methods, successive approximations, solutions in series, orthogonal functions, Bessel functions, Sturmian theory. Partial differential equations of first and second order, characteristics, boundary value problems, Pfaffians, systems of equations, applications. (Lewis.)

Math. 116. Introduction to Complex Variable Theory (3)—First semester. Prerequisite, Math. 20, 21, or equivalent. Open to students of engineering and the physical sciences. Graduate students of mathematics should enroll in Math. 210, 211.

Fundamental operations in complex numbers, differentiation and integration, analytic functions, conformal mapping, residue theory, power series. (Vanderslice.)

Math. 117. Fourier Series (3)—First semester. Prerequisite, Math. 114 or equivalent.

Representation of functions by series of orthogonal functions. Applications to the solution of boundary value problems of some partial differential equations of physics and engineering. (Mitchell.)

### For Graduates

Math. 210, 211. Functions of a Complex Variable (3, 3)—(Not offered 1948-49). Prerequisite, advanced calculus.

Complex numbers, infinite series, Cauchy-Riemann equations, conformal mapping, complex integral, the Cauchy theory, the Weierstrass theory, Riemann surfaces, algebraic functions, periodic and elliptic functions, the theorems of Weierstrass and Mittag-Leffler.

Math. 213, 214. Functions of a Real Variable (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, advanced calculus.

The real number system, point sets, the Heine-Borel theorem, continuous functions, derivatives, infinite series, uniform convergence, the Riemann integral, Jordan content, the Lebesgue integral, Fourier series.

(Lewis.)

Math. 215, 216. Analysis (3, 3)—(Not offered 1948-49). Prerequisite, advanced calculus and a course in complex variable theory.

Theory of residues, infinite series, asymptotic expansions, trigonometrical series, differential and integral equations, transcendental functions.

Math. 272. Selected Topics in Analysis (3)—(Arranged).

# C. Geometry and Topology

For Graduates and Advanced Undergraduates

Math. 124, 125. Introduction to Projective Geometry (3, 3)—(Not offered 1948-49). Prerequisite, Math. 20, 21, or equivalent.

Elementary projective geometry largely from the analytic approach, projective transformations, cross ratio, harmonic division, projective coordinates, projective theory of conics, Laguerre's definition of angle. (Jackson.)

Math. 126. Introduction to Differential Geometry (3)—(Not offered 1948-49). Prerequisite, Math. 20, 21, or equivalent.

The differential geometry of curves and surfaces with the use of vector and tensor methods, curvature and torsion, moving frames, curvilinear coordinates, the fundamental differential forms, covariant derivatives, intrinsic geometry, curves on a surface, dynamical applications. (Vanderslice.)

Math. 128, 129. Higher Geometry (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, two years of college mathematics. Open to students in the College of Education.

This course is designed for students preparing to teach geometry in high school. The first semester is devoted to the modern geometry of the triangle, circle and sphere. In the second semester emphasis is placed on the axiomatic development of Euclidean and Non-Euclidean geometry.

(Jackson.)

### For Graduates

Math 220, 221. Differential Geometry (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, Math. 126 or equivalent.

Curves and surfaces, geometry in the large, the Gauss-Bonnet formula, ovaloids, surfaces of constant curvature, projective differential geometry.

(Jackson.)

Math. 222. Foundations of Geometry (3)—(Not offered 1948-49). Prerequisite, Math. 124 or consent of instructor.

The course will develop the elements of projective geometry from the postulational point of view, laying emphasis on the logical basis of the results obtained. Desargues configuration, and Pappus configuration, perspectivities, conics, and construction of coordinate systems will be among the topics studied. (Jackson.)

Math. 223, 224. Combinatorial Topology (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, Advanced Calculus.

Homology and Homotopy theory of complexes developed from a group theoretic basis. (Hall.)

Math. 225, 226. Set-theoretic Topology (3, 3)—(Not offered 1948-49). Prerequisite, Advanced Calculus.

Foundations of mathematics based on a set of axioms, metric spaces, convergence and connectivity properties of point sets, continua and continuous curves, the topology of the plane. (Hall.)

Math. 227. Tensor Analysis (3)—(Not offered 1948-49). Prerequisites, Advanced Calculus and differential equations.

Algebra and calculus of tensors, Riemannian Geometry and its extensions, differential invariants, applications to physics and engineering, the theory of relativity.

(Vanderslice.)

Math. 273. Selected Topics in Geometry and Topology (3)—(Arranged).

### D. Applied Mathematics

### For Graduates and Advanced Undergraduates

Math. 130, 131. Analytic Mechanics (3, 3)—(Not offered 1948-49). Prerequisite, Math. 20, 21, or equivalent.

Statics, kinematics, dynamics of a particle, elementary celestial mechanics, Lagrangian equations for dynamical systems of one, two, and three degrees of freedom, Hamilton's principle, the Hamilton-Jacobi partial differential equation.

Math. 132, 133. Advanced Mathematics for Engineers and Physicists (3, 3)—(Not offered 1948-49). Prerequisite, Math. 64, or equivalent.

Designed to introduce the student to advanced mathematical methods and their applications to problems arising in the fields of aeronautical, electrical and mechanical engineering, and in the physical sciences. (Mitchell.)

Math. 134. Vector Analysis (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Math. 20, 21, or equivalent.

Vector algebra with applications to geometry and mechanics.

(Vanderslice.)

Math. 135. Numerical Analysis. (3)—First semester. Prerequisites, Math. 114 or equivalent.

Survey of high-speed calculators; applicability of numerical techniques. Evaluation of errors in extended calculations; round-off and truncation errors. Finite differences; smoothing; divided differences; central differences; uniform intervals. Newton's interpolation formula; inverse interpolation. Numerical differentiation and intergration. Systems of simultaneous equations. Solution of typical problems. (Polachek.)

Math. 139. Operational Calculus (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Math. 64, or equivalent. Intended for students of engineering and physics.

Operational solutions of ordinary and partial differential equations. Fourier and Laplace transforms. (Mitchell.)

### For Graduates

Math. 230, 231. Applied Mathematics (3, 3)—(Not offered 1948-49). Prerequisite, advanced calculus and differential equations.

The subject material for this course will be chosen from the fields of dynamics, elasticity, hydro-dynamics, or the partial differential equations of mathematical physics.

Math. 232. Partial Differential Equations of Mathematical Physics (3)—(Not offered 1948-49). Prerequisites, Advanced Calculus and Differential Equations.

The characteristic properties of elliptic, parabolic, and hyperbolic partial differential equations with special reference to problems in potential theory, the flow of heat, hydrodynamics and elasticity. (Lewis.)

Math. 233. Non-Linear Mechanics (3)—(Not offered 1948-49). Prerequisites, advanced calculus and consent of instructor.

The subject matter will be chosen from the following topics: The existence and stability of periodic motions in non-linear conservative and non-conservative dynamical systems. Perturbation theory, integral invariants, non-holonomic systems. The ergodic theorem, central motions, applications to problems in engineering and physics. (Lewis.)

Math. 234. Potential Theory (3)—Second semester. Prerequisites, Math. 110, 111, or equivalent.

The equations of Laplace and Poisson, flux, the theorems of Gauss and Green, potential of volume and surface distributions, harmonic functions, Green's function, the problems of Dirichlet and Neumann, introduction to the linear integral equations of potential theory. (Weinstein.)

Math. 235. Advanced Numerical Analysis (3)—Second semester. Prerequisites, Math. 115, and Math. 135, or equivalent.

Review of numerical differentiation and integration, solution of ordinary differential equations. Construction of multivariate tables. Properties of elliptic, hyperbolic and parabolic partial differential equations. Conversion of partial differential equations to system of difference equations; determination of mesh sizes and convergence. The relaxation method of R. V. Southwell. Integral equations. Solution of typical problems. (Polachek.)

Math. 236. Mathematical Theory of Hydrodynamics (3)—First semester. Prerequisite, a course in complex variable theory.

Equation of continuity, rotational and irrotational flows, Bernouilli's theorem, Helmholtz's theory of vorticity, flux of momentum; the plane motion of an incompressible perfect fluid, including stream function, complex potential, Joukowski's theory, the formula of Blasius, Kármán's vortex street. Prandtl's theory of a finite wing, and an introduction to the theory of viscous fluids. (Weinstein.)

Math. 237. Mathematical Theory of Elasticity (3)—Second semester. Prerequisites, Math. 110, 111, or equivalent.

Stress and strain, deformation of columns, bending torsion, and flexture of beams, Euler-Bernouilli formulas, Saint-Venant's Principle, Airy's function, strain and potential energy, buckling problems, minimum principles, Betti's reciprocity law. (Weinstein.)

Math. 238. Mathematical Theory of Continuous Media (3)—Second semester. Prerequisites, vector or tensor analysis and consent of instructor.

Kinematics of continuous media, conservation of mass, momentum and energy, theromodynamics, heat conduction, elastic bodies, plates and shells, fluid mechanics (non-linear theory), rarefied gases, viscous fluids, plasticity.

(Truesdell.)

Math. 239. Mathematical Theory of Electricity and Magnetism (3)—First semester. Prerequisites, vector analysis and consent of instructor.

Maxwell's equations electrostatics, condensers, dielectrics, conductors and potential distributions, electric current, linear conductors, flow in two and three dimensions, magnetostatics, electromagnetic inductance, transients, alternating currents, stress and energy, electromagnetic forces and energy; plane, cylindrical and spherical electromagnetic waves, radiation.

(Truesdell.)

Math. 274. Selected Topics in Applied Mathematics (3)-(Arranged).

### E. Statistics

# For Graduates and Advanced Undergraduates

Math. 150, 151. Probability (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisites, differential and integral calculus.

Combinatory analysis, total, compound and inverse probability, continuous distributions, theorems of Bernoulli and Laplace, applications to statistics and the theory of errors.

(Massey.)

Math. 152, 153. Mathematical Statistics (2, 2)—(Not offered 1948-49). Prerequisites, differential and integral calculus.

Frequency distributions and their parameters, multivariate analysis and correlation, theory of sampling, analysis of variance, statistical inference.

(Massey.)

Math. 154, 155. Applications of Statistics (3, 3)—(Not offered 1948-49). Two lectures and one two-hour laboratory period per week. Prerequisites, Math. 20, 21, or equivalent.

This course is intended for those who desire a working knowledge of statistical methods without going into the finer points of the mathematical theory. Tools of probability theory, testing hypotheses, power of tests, tests of goodness of fit, estimation, design of experiments, moments, curve fitting, regression, and correlation. (Massey.)

Math. 156. Biological Statistics (2)—Second semester. Prerequisite, consent of instructor.

This course is intended for students of agriculture and the biological sciences. Topics will be selected from the following: Multiple correlation, multiple regression, analysis of variance and covariance, statistical design, in accordance with the needs and interests of the class. Illustrations will be drawn mainly from agriculture and the biological sciences. (Massey.)

### F. Colloquium and Research

### For Graduates

Math. 290. Colloquium-First and second semesters.

The colloquium meets weekly for reports on the research of the faculty and graduate students, and for expository lectures on papers published in current mathematical journals.

Math. 300. Research—(Arranged).

### MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

Professor Sherwood; Associate Professors Shreeve, Jackson, Martin, Flodin, Hoshall; Assistant Professors Read, Slingluff; Instructors Allen, Arborgast, Clark, Conklin, Guard, Hayleck, Hennick, Rivello, Young, Vial, Crichton.

## For Advanced Undergraduates

M. E. 50. Principles of Mechanical Engineering (3)—First semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisites, Phys. 21 and Math. 21. Required of juniors in Civil Engineering.

Elementary thermodynamics and the study of heat, fuel and combustion in the production and use of steam for generation of power. Supplemented by laboratory tests and trips to industrial plants. (Martin.)

M. E. 51. Thermodynamics (4)—First semester. Three lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisites, Math. 21, Phys. 21. Required of seniors in Electrical Engineering.

The theory and application of thermodynamics to the steam engine, steam turbine, etc. (Martin.)

M. E. 52. Power Plants (4)—Second semester. Three lectures and one laboratory period a week. Required of seniors in Electrical Engineering.

The theory and operation of steam engines, boilers, condensers, steam turbines, and their accessories. (Martin.)

M. E. 53. Metallography (3)—First and second semesters. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, to be taken concurrently with Mech. 52.

A study of the structure of metals and alloys as related to their properties. Study of crystallization, plastic deformation, constitution diagrams, manufacturing processes, heat treatment and effect of alloying elements on ferrous and non-ferrous materials. Laboratory work in thermal analysis, microscopy, heat treatment and testing of metals. (Jackson.)

M. E. 54. Fluid Mechanics (3)—Second semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week.

A study of fluids under all possible conditions of rest and motion. The approach is analytical, rational, and mathematical rather than empirical. Applications to turbine and centrifugal pump design and flow of gases.

M. E. 55. Fluid Mechanics and Aerodynamics (3)—Second semester. Three lectures a week. Prerequisites, Math. 21 and Phys. 21. Required of juniors in Mechanical Engineering, Aeronautical Option.

A study of the fundamental principles of the flow of air and of water. Applications with special reference to the airplane; airfoil and propeller theory; theory of model testing in wind tunnels; design performance, calculation of airplanes.

### For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

M. E. 100. Thermodynamics (3)—First semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisites, Phys. 21, Math. 21. Required of juniors in Mechanical and Aeronautical Engineering.

The properties, characteristics, and fundamental equations of gases and vapors. An analysis of basic heat engine, air compression, refrigeration, and vapor cycles. Flow and non-flow processes for gases and vapors. Theory supplemented by laboratory tests.

M. E. 101. Heat Transfer (2)—First semester. Two lectures a week. Prerequisites, M. E. 54 and M. E. 100. Required of seniors in Mechanical Engineering.

Basic principles of heat transfer including a study of conduction by steady state and variable heat flow, free and forced convection, radiation, evaporation and condensation of vapors, and the application of the principles of heat transfer to design problems.

(Martin.)

M. E. 102. Heating and Air Conditioning (3)—First semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisites, M. E. 101.

Required of seniors in Mechanical Engineering. The fundamentals of heating and cooling load computations. Basic information on heating and air conditioning systems for residential and industrial use. (Martin.)

M. E. 103. Refrigeration (3)—Second semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, M. E. 100, taken concurrently with M. E. 101. Required of seniors in Mechanical Engineering.

Problems involving the different methods and processes of refrigeration. Air conditioning for offices, buildings, factories, and homes. (Read.)

M. E. 104, 105. Prime Movers (4, 4)—First and second semesters. Three lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisites, Mech. 52, M. E. 101. Required of seniors in Mechanical Engineering.

The study of internal combustion cycles such as Otto, Diesel, and Brayton. Analysis of the effects of fuels, combustion, detonation, carburetion, injection and supercharging on engine operation. General features of the gas turbine and the effect of its various components. Analysis and design of the various components of steam power stations, including: condensers, boilers, heaters, and turbines. (Shreeve.)

M. E. 106, 107. Mechanical Engineering Design (4, 4)—First and second semesters. Two lectures and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Mech. 52, M. E. 53, M. E. 101.

A study of velocity, acceleration and displacement of linkages; cam motions and design; statics, inertia and friction forces in machines; gears and miscellaneous motions. Study of stresses and vibrations in machine parts; design of machine members including fastenings, hoisting and power transmission devices, cylinders, springs, shafts, bearings, etc. Design of a complete machine. (Jackson.)

M. E. 108, 109. Mechanical Laboratory (2, 2)—First and second semesters. One lecture and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, senior standing. Required of seniors in Mechanical Engineering.

Experiments on fuels and lubricants, steam engines and turbines, air compressors, gasoline and diesel engines and various other mechanical equipment. Written reports are required on all tests. (Shreeve.)

### For Graduates

M. E. 200, 201. Advanced Dynamics (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisites, Mech. 52, Math. 64, M. E. 107; M. E. 109.

Mechanics of machinery. Dynamic forces. Balancing of rotating parts. Vibrations and vibration damping. Critical speeds.

M. E. 202, 203. Applied Elasticity (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisites, Mech. 52, Math. 64, M. E. 107.

Advanced methods in structural and experimental stress analysis. Advanced strength of materials involving beam problems, curved bars, thin plates and shells, buckling of bars, plates and shells, etc. Advanced work in stress concentrations, plastic deformations, etc. and problems involving instability of structures. (Jackson.)

M. E. 204, 205. Advanced Thermodynamics and Heat Transfer (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Three lectures a week. Prerequisites, M. E. 101, M. E. 108, Math. 64.

Advanced problems in thermodynamics on compression of gases and liquids, combustion and equilibrium, humidification and refrigeration and availability. Problems in advanced heat transfer covering the effect of radiation, conduction, and convection, steady and unsteady flow, evaporation and condensation. (Shreeve.)

M. E. 206, 207. Advanced Machine Design (3, 3)—First and second semesters. One lecture and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Math. 64, M. E. 107.

Application of advanced methods of stress analysis to design of special stationary and moving machine parts, including rotating disks, bearings, thick wall cylinders, screw fastenings, crankshafts, etc. Application of linear and torsional vibration and balancing in the design of machine members. Complete design of a machine. (Jackson.)

M. E. 208, 209. Steam Power Plant Design (3,3)—First and second semesters. One lecture and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisites, M. E. 105.

The design and specifications of steam power plants for specific purposes. Each student will carry out complete design including detail drawings.

(Shreeve.)

M. E. 210, 211. Advanced Fluid Mechanics (3,3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisites, M. E. 54, Math. 64.

Advanced theory of the flow of fluids and gases. Hydrodynamic theory. Engineering applications.

M. E. 212, 213. Advanced Steam Power Laboratory (2,2)—First and second semesters. One lecture and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, registration in M. E. 204, 205.

Research on advanced steam power problems to illustrate and advance steam power theory. Power plant heat balances.

M. E. 214, 215. Advanced Applied Mechanics Laboratory (2, 2)—First and second semesters. One lecture and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisites, registration in M. E. 200, 201 and M. E. 202, 203.

Illustrative experiments and research on difficult problems in stress analysis. Photoelasticity. Mechanical vibrations. Critical speeds. Dynamic stresses. Fatigue of materials. (Jackson.)

M. E. 216, 217. Advanced Internal Combustion Engine Design (3, 3)—First and second semesters. One lecture and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisites, M. E. 106, 107; M. E. 108, 109; and registration in M. E. 200, 201 and M. E. 204, 205.

Each student will carry out complete designs of internal combustion engines. (Shreeve.)

M. E. 218, 219. Advanced Internal Combustion Engine Laboratory (2, 2)—First and second semesters. One lecture and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, registration in M. E. 216, 217.

Advanced laboratory tests and problems in the design of internal combustion engines. (Shreeve.)

- M. E. 220. Seminar—Credit in accordance with work outlined by mechanical engineering staff. Prerequisite, graduate standing in mechanical engineering.
- M. E. 221. Research—Credit in accordance with work outlined by mechanical engineering staff. Prerequisite, graduate standing in mechanical engineering.

Research in any field of mechanical engineering as applied mechanics, heat transfer, thermodynamics, heat, power, etc.

M. E. 222. Advanced Metallography (3)—First and second semesters. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, M. E. 53, Mech. 52.

Advanced study of the structure and properties of metals and alloys. Study of the latest developments in ferrous and non-ferrous alloys including stainless steels, high temperature steels, tool steels, aluminum, magnesium and copper alloys. Study of the physical properties of metals and inspection methods including X-rays, spectograph, metallograph and magniflux. Review of current literature. (Jackson.)

M. E. 223, 224. Steam and Gas Turbine Design (3, 3)—First and Second semesters. Three lectures a week. Prerequisites, M. E. 101, M. E. 104, M. E. 105, Math. 64.

Study of nozzles and blades, with application to all types of turbines and compressors. Design of steam and gas turbines and compressors based on detailed heat calculations. Design of regenerators and combustors for gas turbines. Applications to jet propulsion. Fundamentals of rocket, pulse jet and ram jet design. (Shreeve.)

M. E. 225, 226. Advanced Properties of Metals and Alloys (2, 2)—First and second semesters. Two lectures a week. Prerequisite, Mech. 52, M. E. 53, M. E. 106, M. E. 107.

Mechanical properties of alloys and the equilibrium diagram. Effects of mechanical deformation and methods of fabrication on mechanical properties. Effect of extreme temperature. Theory of plastic deformation. Fatigue, creep and damping capacity. Speed effects and stress concentration. (Loring.)

M. E. 227, 228. Theory of Elasticity (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Three lectures a week. Prerequisites, Mech. 52, M. E. 53, M. E. 106, M. E. 107, Math. 64.

Stress and strain at a point. Relation between stresses and strains, general equations of elasticity, plane strain and plane stress, torsion, bending, axially symmetric distribution of stress, plates, thermal stresses, strain energy and approximate methods. (Osgood.)

M. E. 229, 230, 231. Jet Propulsion (2, 2, 2)—Prerequisites, M. E. 101, M. E. 104, M. E. 105.

Types of thermal jet units Fluid reaction and propulsive efficiency. Performance of rockets, aerothermodynamics, combustion chemical kinetics, aerodynamics of high speed air flow. Principles and design of solid and liquid propellant rockets. Design of turbojets and aerojets, ramjets and hydroduct units, including combustion chambers, turbines and compressors. (Russell.)

### Mechanical Engineering Shop

Shop 1. Machine Shop Practice (2)—First semester. One lecture and one laboratory period a week. Required of sophomores in Aeronautical and Mechanical Engineering.

Study and practice of fundamental principles of machine tools.

Shop 2. Machine Shop Practice (1)—Second semester. One laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, Shop 1. Required of sophomores in Aeronautical and in Mechanical Engineering.

Advanced practice with standard machine tools. Exercises in thread cutting, fluting, cutting spur and helical gears, jig work, and cutter and surface grinding.

Shop 3. Foundry Practice (1)—Second semester. One combination lecture and laboratory period a week. Required of sophomores in Mechanical Engineering.

Lectures and recitations on foundry products and layouts, materials and equipment, molding, casting, etc.

### MECHANICS

Mech. 1. Statics and Dynamics (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Math. 21, Phys. 21.

Solutions of force systems; graphic statics; friction, centroids and moments of inertia; kinematics and kinetics; work, power, energy, impulse and momentum.

Mech. 2. Statics and Dynamics (5)—First semester. Prerequisite, Dr. 3, Math. 21, Phys. 21. Required of juniors in Mechanical and Aeronautical Engineering.

Solution of force systems in stationary and moving bodies; study of the free body, graphical statics, three dimensional force systems, distributed forces, friction, centroids and moments of inertia; study of the dynamics of bodies including velocity, acceleration, translation, rotation, work and energy, impulse and momentum.

Mech. 3, 4. Statics and Dynamics (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisites, Math. 21, Phys. 21. Required of seniors in Chemical Engineering.

Solutions of force systems; graphic statics; friction, centroids and moments of inertia; kinematics and kinetics; work, power, energy, impulse and momentum. Thin-wall cylinders, joints, torsion; stresses and deflections in beams and columns; combined loading.

### For Advanced Undergraduates

Mech. 50. Strength of Materials (4)—First semester. Prerequisite, Mech. 1 or 2, or equivalent. Required of juniors in civil engineering.

Thin-walled cylinders; riveted and welded joints, torsion; stresses in beams; design of columns; use of structural steel handbook. Beam deflections; statically indeterminate beams; combined loadings; composite beams; impact and energy loadings.

- Mech. 51. Strength of Materials (3)—First semester. Prerequisite, Mech. 1 or 2, or equivalent. Required of juniors in electrical engineering. A shorter course than Mech. 50.
- Mech. 52. Strength of Materials (5)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Mech. 2. Required of juniors in Mechanical and Aeronautical Engineering.

Study of the stresses and strains in members under various types of loadings including tension, compression, shear, torsion, bending and combined loads. Study of cylinders, joints, beams, statically indeterminate members, columns, curved bars and shafts. Work in strain energy methods, photoelastic theory, fatigue and strain hardening. (Flodin.)

Mech. 53. Materials of Engineering (2)—Second semester. One lecture and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, Mech. 50 or taken concurrently with Mech. 50.

The composition, manufacture, and properties of the principal materials used in engineering; performance of standard tests; interpretation of test results and of specifications.

### MILITARY SCIENCE AND TACTICS

Professor Johnson; Assistant Professors Minion, Maull, Davis, Hollingsworth, Clark, Miller, Harper, Chase, Brown, Markham, Peterson; Instructors Dodson, Buckley, Felber, McFarland, Norris, Foelker, Doran, Riggle.

# PHYSICAL EDUCATION (See page 346)

# HEALTH EDUCATION (See page 295)

# RECREATION EDUCATION (See page 366)

M. S. 1, 2. Basic R. O. T. C. (3)—Each semester.

One two-hour period of Leadership, Drill and Exercise of Command, Three one-hour classroom periods. Subjects: National Defense Act, Individual Weapons, Rifle Marksmanship, Hygiene and First Aid, Maps and Aerial Photographs, Military Organization.

M. S. 3, 4. Basic R. O. T. C. (3)—Each semester.

One two-hour period of Leadership, Drill and Exercise of Command, and three one-hour classroom periods. Subjects: Browning Automatic Rifle, Evolution of Warfare, Military Administration, Physical Development Methods, Machine Guns, Maps, Aerial Photographs and Sketching, Military Law and Boards.

M. S. 1011, 1021. First Year Advanced (Infantry) (3)-Each semester.

One two-hour period of Leadership, Drill and Exercise of Command, and five one-hour classroom periods. Subjects: Tactics and Technique of Infantry to include, Communications, Gunnery, Technique of Fire and Fire Control, Motors, and Transportation, Geographical Foundation of National Power, Military Leadership, Psychology and Personnel Management, Military Law and Boards, Organization, the Military Team and Troop Movement.

M. S. 101A, 102A. First Year Advanced (Air Force) (3)—Each semester. One two-hour period of Leadership, Drill and Exercise of Command, and five one-hour classroom periods. Subjects: Tactics and Technique of Air Corps to include, History of Army Air Force, Navigation, Aeronautics, Guided Missiles, Military Problems of the United States, Military Leadership, Psychology and Personnel Management, Geographical Foundation of National Power, Military Law and Boards.

M. S. 101S, 102S. First Year Advanced (Signal) (3)—Each semester.

One two-hour period of Leadership, Drill and Exercise of Command, and five one-hour classroom periods. Subjects: Tactics and Technique of Signal Corps to include, Organization of the Signal Corps, Signal Communications for all Arms and Services, Field Wire Communications, Field Radio Communications, Message Center and Signal Center Procedure, Communication Security, Signal Corps Photography, Military Law and Boards, Geographical Foundation of National Power.

M. S. 101T, 102T. First Year Advanced (Transportation Corps) (3)—Each Semester.

Five one-hour periods. Subjects: Geographical Foundations of National Power, Leadership, Drill, and Exercise of Command, Military Law and Boards, Military Leadership and Psychology and Personnel Management. Tactics and Techniques of the Transportation Corps to include; Organization and Functions of the Transportation Corps, Transportation Services, Transportation Control Agencies, Zone of the Interior, Military Freight Movements, and Military Passenger Movements in the Zone of the Interior, Military Motor Transport, Ports, Zone of the Interior, Amphibian Trucks (DUWKS) and Harbor Craft, Stevedore Operations, the Place of the Transportation Corps in the Military Team, and Transportation Services, Theater of Operations.

M. S. 103I, 104I. Second Year Advanced (Infantry) (3)—Each semester. One two-hour period of Leadership, Drill and Exercise of Command, and five one-hour classroom periods. Subjects: Command and Staff, Military Teaching Methods, Psychological Warfare, Military Problems of the United States Military Mobilization and Demobilization, Tactics and Technique of Infantry, to include, Supply and Maintenance, Technique of Fire, Fire Control, New Developments, Troop Movements, and Communications.

M. S. 103A, 104A. Second Year Advanced (Air Corps) (3)—Each semester.

One two-hour period of Leadership, Drill and Exercise of Command, and three one-hour classroom periods. Subjects: Command and Staff, Military Teaching Methods, Psychological Warfare, Geographical Foundation of National Power, Military Mobilization and Demobilization, Tactics and Technique of Air Force (this will be a major subject in Aircraft Maintenance Engineering or Air Force Supply, whichever field is more closely related to the student's college).

M. S. 103S, 104S. Second Year Advanced (Signal) (3)-Each semester.

One two-hour period of Leadership, Drill and Exercise of Command, and five one-hour classroom periods. Subjects: Command and Staff, Military Teaching Methods, Psychological Warfare, U. S. Military Problems, Combined and Joint Operations, Military Mobilization and Demobilization, Tactics and Technique of Signal Corps, Wire Communication, Signal Supply and Repair, Higher Echelon Communications including; Fixed Station Radio, Radar, VHF, Direction Finding Equipment and Television.

M. S. 103T, 104T. Second Year Advanced (Transportation Corps) (3)—Each semester.

Five one-hour periods. Subjects: Command and Staff, Military Teaching Methods, Psychological Warfare, Military Problems of the United States, Leadership, Drill, and Exercise of Command, Military Mobilization and Demobilization, Combat Intelligence, and Tactics and Techniques of the Transportation Corps to include; Ports, Zone of the Interior, Ports, Theater of Operations, Highway Transport Service, Theater of Operations, Military Railway Service, Theater of Operations, Inland Waterways, Theater of Operations, Transportation Logistics, Transportation Corps Supply, and Movement Control, Theater of Operations.

M. S. 151. Military Logistics (3)—First semester.

Three one-hour classroom periods. A study of organization, troop movements by Motor, Rail, Air, Water. Evacuation replacements and prisoner of war, characteristics of materiel, supply. Staff, procedure to include organization, duties and actions.

M. S. 153. Military Policy of the United States (3)—First semester.

Three one-hour classroom periods. A study of our military history and our military policy and the effects of the latter on the former.

M. S. 152. Military Leadership (3)—Second semester.

Three one-hour classroom periods. The study of the great leaders of history and an analysis of qualities which attributed to their success.

#### MUSIC

Professor Randall; Instructors Sykora, Haslup, Burton, and Power

Music 1. Music Appreciation (3)-First semester.

A study of all types of classical music (not including opera) from the time of Hadyn, with a view to developing the ability to listen and enjoy.

Music 2, 3. History of Music (1, 1)—First and second semesters.

A course in the history of music covering the development of all forms of music (not including opera) from the Greeks to the present.

Music 4. Men's Glee Club (1)—First and second semesters.

A total of six credits may be earned.

Music 5. Women's Chorus (1)—First and second semesters.

A total of six credits may be earned.

Music 6. Orchestra (1)—First and second semesters.

Music 7. Fundamentals of Music (2)—First and second semesters.

This course is a prerequisite to Harmony and includes a study of major and minor scales, intervals, basic piano technique, sight singing, simple musical form and theory. A student must have the permission of the instructor to register for this course and must achieve a grade of B in order to continue with the study of Harmony.

Music 9. Survey of Opera (3)—Second semester.

The object of this course is to acquaint the student with the librettos, music and the composers of the standard operas.

Music 10. Band (1)—First and second semesters.

(For discussion of Student and R. O. T. C. Bands, see pages 59 and 190.)

A total of six credits may be earned.

Music 100, 101. Harmony (2, 2)—First and second semesters.

This course includes a study of harmonic progressions, triads in root position and inversions and continues through altered and mixed chords to modulation.

# NUTRITION

(See page 284)

### PHILOSOPHY

Phil. 1. Fundamentals of Philosophy (3).

Problems pertaining to the study of man, presented with a constant regard for the needs of prospective students of medicine.

Phil. 2. Ethics (3)—Open to freshmen only by special permission.

An introductory course in philosophy, stressing its function in daily-life, in education, in society, and in statecraft.

Phil. 11, 12. The Occidental Tradition (6)—Open to sophomores and upperclassmen who attained a 2.5 average in the previous semester. Open to others only by special permission of their Dean and of the Department of Philosophy. By special permission, a student who has had one course in philosophy may register and get credit for either of the two semesters separately.

An introductory survey of the history of ideas in the Occident. First semester: Ancient and medieval thought. Second semester: Modern thought. The purpose of the course is to give students the conceptual means by which to integrate their collegiate growth, and to train them in the method of such integration.

## For Advanced Undergraduates

Phil. 51. Metaphysics (3)—Prerequisite, one course in philosophy. May be taken simultaneously with the second semester of Phil. 11, 12.

A course in philosophical thinking, designed for students desiring a clearer conception of basic reality, and for the needs of prospective teachers and theologians.

### For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Phil. 181, 182, 183, 184. Proseminar in Philosophy (3)—Two-hour seminar session, one hour tutorial. Or three lectures. Open to undergraduates only by special permission of the Department of Philosophy, and to graduates only after consultation with the Head of the Department of Philosophy.

The philosophical proseminar is designed for specially qualified undergraduates who have had the necessary preliminary work, and for graduate students desiring the help of philosophy in the study of their respective fields. The content of the course will be chosen so as to serve the needs of the group of students enrolled.

Phil. 191, 192. Readings in Philosophy (2, 2)—Individual library work and tutorials. Prerequisite, three courses in philosophy, and the permission of the Department of Philosophy.

Individual work for especially qualified advanced students under supervision and with tutorial advice. Regular written reports and essays.

## PHYSICAL EDUCATION, HEALTH, AND RECREATION

Professors Burnett, Benton, Gloss; Associate Professors Miller, Tompkins, Woods; Assistant Professors Cronin, Emmett, Field, Kehoe, Meade, Shipley, Snell, Snow, Wyre; Instructors Davis, Flinchbaugh, Krouse, Richards, Tingey; Assistants Arbes, Beauman, Cudmore, Lombardy.

### GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

All freshmen and sophomore students, except those having had military service, those who are listed as Special or Graduate, or those over thirty years of age, must successfully complete four semesters of required physical activity classes as a prerequisite for graduation.

The freshmen men's activities consist of vigorous calisthenics, wrestling, boxing, judo, guerilla exercises, tumbling, grass drills, and relay races. The sophomore activities consist mainly of calisthenic drill and practice in the skills of games and some experience in combatives and tumbling. The purposes are to develop and raise physical capacity and to teach game skills.

Every man student is tested at least five times at extended periods using the five standard Army tests for agility, coordination, skill, speed, stamina, and strength. A profile graph is made to show improvement.

### HEALTH EDUCATION

(See page 295)

# RECREATION EDUCATION

(See page 366)

### PHYSICAL EDUCATION

Courses open only to Men are given odd numbers.

Courses open only to Women have even numbers.

Courses for Men and Women have numbers ending with zero.

### Required Physical Activities for Men

- P. E. 1. Physical Activities (1)—Three hours weekly. (First term.) Basic work in physical conditioning activities including calisthenics, running, guerilla exercises, grass drills, mass combatives, and tumbling. (Open to physically qualified men only.)
- P. E. 3, 7, 11, 21. Adaptive Activities (1, 1, 1, 1)—Three hours weekly. (Four terms.) To be taken successively by men not physically qualified to take full course of activities. Each man will be given individually assigned activities as prescribed by the University Health Service. (Open only to men not physically qualified to take full course of activities.)
- P. E. 5. Physical Activities (1)—Three hours weekly. (Second term.) Prerequisite P. E. 1. Continuation of basic conditioning work of P. E. 1 with the addition of work in boxing, wrestling, and judo. (Open to physically qualified men only.)
- P. E. 9. Physical Activities (1)—Three hours weekly. (Third term.) Prerequisite P. E. 5. Continuation of basic conditioning work of P. E. 1 and P. E. 5. (Open to physically qualified men only.)
- P. E. 13. Touch Football, Wrestling (1)—Three hours weekly. (Third term.) Prerequisite P. E. 5. Instruction and practice in the skills of touch football and wrestling. (Open only to physically qualified men with PFR of 300 or higher.)

- P. E. 15. Soccer, Boxing (1)—Three hours weekly. (Third term.) Prerequisite P. E. 5. Instruction and practice in the skills of soccer and boxing. (Open only to physically qualified men with PFR of 300 or higher.)
- P. E. 17. Gymnastics (1)—Three hours weekly. (Third term.) Prerequisite P. E. 5. Instruction and practice in the skills of tumbling and apparatus work. (Open only to physically qualified men with PFR of 300 or higher.)
- P. E. 19. Physical Activities (1)—Three hours weekly. (Fourth term.) Prerequisite P. E. 9. Continuation of basic conditioning work of P. E. 1, P. E. 5, and P. E. 9. (Open to physically qualified men only.)
- P. E. 23. Basketball, Track and Field (1)—Three hours weekly. (Fourth term.) Prerequisite P. E. 9. Instruction and practice in the skills of basketball and track and field. (Open only to physically qualified men with PFR of 300 or higher.)
- P. E. 25. Volleyball, Tennis (1)—Three hours weekly. (Fourth term.) Prerequisite P. E. 9. Instruction and practice in the skills of volleyball and tennis. Each student will be required to furnish his own tennis racket and balls. (Open only to physically qualified men with PFR of 300 or higher.)
- P. E. 27. Tumbling, Trampoline, Softball (1)—Three hours weekly. (Fourth term.) Prerequisite P. E. 9. Instruction and practice in tumbling, use of the trampoline, and softball. (Open only to physically qualified men with PFR of 300 or higher.)

# Required Physical Activities for Women

P. E. 2, 4. Physical Activities (1, 1)—First and second semesters. Three periods a week. Required of all freshmen.

This course provides instruction and practice in the fundamentals of sports and rhythms, training in basic skills of movement, and physical conditioning.

P. E. 6, 8. Physical Activities (1, 1)—First and second semesters.

Sophomores may elect activities from the following: Soccer, speedball, hockey, field ball, volleyball, touch football, softball, basketball, bowling, tennis, fencing, golf, dance, body mechanics, and recreational games.

P. E. 12, 14, 16, 18. Adaptive Activities (1, 1, 1, 1)—Three hours weekly. (Four terms.) To be taken successively by those not physically qualified to take full courses 2, 4, 6, 8.

### Majors

# Courses Primarily for Majors in Physical Education

P. E. 30. History and Introduction to Physical Education (3)—First semester.

Designed to give an overview of physical education from primitive to modern times.

- P. E. 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38. Sports Skills (2 points each course)—First and second semesters, Freshman and Sophomore years. Progressive techniques and practice of individual and team contests, recreational games, stunts and gymnasium activities.
- P. E. 40. Elementary Gymnasium Activities (1)—First semester. Teaching of free hand exercises, marching, elementary gymnastics, and tumbling, and the organization of gymnasium classes.
  - P. E. 41, 43, 45, 47. Varsity Sports.

A study and practice of the fundamental skills; organization and the theory and strategy of team play. P. E. 41 Football (2)—Fall; P. E. 43 Basketball (1)—Fall; P. E. 45 Track (1)—Spring; P. E. 47 Baseball (1)—Spring.

- P. E. 50. Intermediate Gymnasium Activities (1)—Second semester. Teaching of games, contests, relays, achievement tests, and intermediate gymnastics.
- P. E. 51. Recreational Sport Skills (1)—First semester. Minor games of skill and strength played indoors and outdoors suitable for elementary grades, camps and picnics.
- P. E. 52, 54. Dance Techniques (2, 2)—First and second semesters. Three laboratory and one lecture period a week. A basic course which includes movement techniques of modern dance and analysis of form and composition.
- P. E. 55. Tennis (1)—Second semester. The technique, strokes, strategy and practice of tennis.
- P. E. 56, 58. Dance Techniques (2, 2)—First and second semesters. Three laboratory and one lecture period a week. A continuation of P. E. 52, 54. More advanced movements of the modern dance techniques are studied. Students are given the opportunity to create and participate in simple group dances. Theory in teaching methods.
- P. E. 57. Combative Sports Skills (1)—Second semester. Two hours weekly. A block of courses which cover the fundamental skills, rules, and strategies of boxing, wrestling, and judo.
- P. E. 60. Advanced Gymnastics—Elective (not required) (3)—First and second semesters. Practice and theory in gymnastics, pyramids, trampoline, springboard and exhibition activities appropriate for secondary school students.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

### P. E. 100. Kinesiology (3)—First semester.

The study and analysis of human motion and posture conforming to the laws of mechanics and principles of physiology and anatomy.

- P. E. 101, 103. Organization and Officiating in Intramurals (2, 2)—First and second semesters. Organization, administration, and promotion of intramurals at various school levels. Types of tournaments, units of competition, handling of student leader personnel, etc.
- P. E. 102, 104. Sport Skills (2, 2)—First and second semesters. Three laboratory and one lecture period a week. A continuation of P. E. 66, 68. Tennis, stunts, tumbling, apparatus, marching, recreational games.
- P. E. 106, 108. Sport Skills (2, 2)—First and second semesters. Three laboratory and one lecture period a week. A continuation of P. E. 102, 104. Track, badminton, swimming. For recreation majors golf is substituted for track.
- P. E. 112. History of Dance (3)—First semester. Prerequisites, P. E. 52, 54, 56, 58. Elective (not required). Designed to give an overview of the development of dance from primitive to modern times. Students have experience in planning dances for specific historic periods.
- P. E. 122. Individual Sports (2)—Elective. Theory and practice in the techniques and teaching of badminton, golf, and tennis.
- P. E. 124, 126. Coaching and Officiating (2, 2)—First and second semesters. Three laboratory and one lecture period a week. Prerequisites, P. E. 32, 34, 36, 38. Theory in coaching and officiating sports for women. Opportunity for National Officials Rating.
- P. E. 138. Advanced Modern Dance (2)—Second semester. Three laboratory and one lecture a week. Prerequisites, P. E. 52, 54, 56, 58. Elective. Advanced techniques and practice in teaching dance.
- P. E. 140. Therapeutics (3) (adaptives)—Second semester. Prerequisite P. E. 100. A study of common structural abnormalities, corrective exercises, and massage. Causes, prevention and correction of postural defects. Testing methods. Theory and practice.
- P. E. 160. Golf (1)—First semester. Selection of equipment; rules of golf. Techniques of drive, approach and putt. Instruction in golf as a competitive game; intramural and interscholastic.
- P. E. 170. Principles and Practice of Physical Education (3)—Second semester. Principles of physical conditioning and development studied in the classroom; put into practice in the gymnasium and sports areas.
- P. E. 180. Tests and Measurements in Physical Education (3)—First semester. The theory and use of achievement standards and tests of physical fitness, motor ability, sport skills, etc., with emphasis on the analysis and interpretation of results and their application to school programs of physical education.
- P. E. 181. Training and Conditioning (1)—First semester. The training and physical conditioning of athletes. Treatment of athletic injuries by taping, massage, hydrotherapy, and electro-therapy.

P. E. 190. Organization and Administration of Health and Physical Education (3)—Second semester. The problems of coordinating health, physical education, and athletics in a school program. Professional responsibilities of the Director and Coach are emphasized. Scheduling, public relations, care and purchase of equipment, etc., are discussed.

### For Graduates

P. E. 200. Departmental Seminar (1)—Second semester and summer, Gloss and Benton.

In this Seminar each candidate for the Master's Degree will present to the group, including departmental and invited authorities, (1) a mimeographed outline of his (or her) thesis topic; (2) a verbally delivered digest; the main thesis problem, sub-problems and the tentative solutions. This must be presented and defended as to criticism in a manner satisfactory to the faculty and, or authorities present or again repeated in another term.

P. E. 210. Comparative Problems in Physical Education (2)—First semester only—Gloss.

A comparative international survey of the present-day and possible future programs of Physical Education and Recreation.

P. E. 230. Contemporary Physical Education (3)—Second semester and alternate Summers—Burnett.

The present-day status and possible future developments of Community, State, Federal (including Military), Physical Fitness and Physical Education Programs.

P. E. 250. Survey in the Area of Health, Physical Education and Recreation (6)—First and second semesters and Summers—Gloss.

A Library Survey course, covering the total area of Health, Physical Education and Recreation, plus intensive research on one specific limited problem of which a digest, including a bibliography, is to be submitted.

P. E. 260. Research (1-6)—Either semester or summer—Burnett, Gloss.

This course is for advanced students who are capable of doing individual research on some topic other than the Thesis or the one chosen in P. E. 250. Approval of the instructor is required.

#### PHYSICS

Professors Morgan, Myers; Part-time Professors Brickwedde, Johnson, Kennard, McMillen; Visiting Professor Durkee; Associate Professors Cooper, Iskraut.

Phys. 1. Elements of Physics: Mechanics, Heat, and Sound (3)—First semester. Two lectures, and one recitation a week. The first half of a

PHYSICS 351

- survey course in general physics. This course is for the general student and does not satisfy the requirements of the professional schools. Prerequisite, successful passing of the qualifying examination in elementary mathematics. Lecture demonstration fee \$3.00.
- Phys. 2. Elements of Physics: Magnetism, Electricity, and Optics (3)—Second semester. Two lectures and one recitation a week. The second half of a survey course in general physics. This course is for the general student and does not satisfy the requirements of the professional schools. Prerequisite, Phys. 1. Lecture demonstration fee \$3.00.
- Phys. 10. Fundamentals of Physics: Mechanics and Heat (4)—First semester. Two lectures, one recitation, and one three hour laboratory period a week. The first half of a course in general physics. This course together with Phys. 11, satisfies the minimum requirements of medical and dental schools. Prerequisite, entrance credit in trigonometry or Math. 11 or concurrent enrollment in Math. 14 and 15. Lecture demonstration and laboratory fee, \$6.00.
- Phys. 11. Fundamentals of Physics: Sound, Optics, Magnetism, and Electricity (4)—Second semester. Two lectures, one recitation, and one three hour laboratory period a week. The second half of a course in general physics. Prerequisites, Phys. 10, or 20. Lecture demonstration and laboratory fee, \$6.00.
- Phys. 20. General Physics: Mechanics and Heat (5)—First semester. Two lectures, two recitations and one three hour laboratory period a week. The first half of a course in general physics. Required of all students in the engineering curricula. Math. 20 is to be taken concurrently. Lecture demonstration and laboratory fee, \$6.00.
- Phys. 21. General Physics: Sound, Optics, Magnetism, and Electricity (5)—Second semester. Two lectures, two recitations, and one three hour laboratory period a week. The second half of a course in general physics. Required of all students in the engineering curricula. Prerequisite, Phys. 20. Math. 21 is to be taken concurrently. Lecture demonstration and laboratory fee, \$6.00.
- Phys. 50, 51. Applied Mechanics (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Three lectures a week. Prerequisite, Phys. 11, or Phys. 21.
- Phys. 52. Heat (3)—First semester. Three lectures a week. Prerequisite, Phys. 11 or 21. Math. 20 is to be taken concurrently.
- Phys. 54. Sound (3)—Second semester. Three lectures a week. Prerequisite, Phys. 11 or 21. Math 21 is to be taken concurrently.
- Phys. 60. Intermediate Physics Experiments. 3 hours laboratory work for each credit hour. One or more credits may be taken concurrently. Prerequisites, Phys. 11 or 21. Laboratory fee, \$6.00 per credit hour.

### For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

- Phys. 100. Advanced Experiments. 3 hours laboratory work for each credit hour. One or more credits may be taken concurrently. Prerequisites, Phys. 52 or 54 and four credits in Phys. 60. Laboratory fee, \$6.00 per credit hour.
- Phys. 101. Laboratory Arts (1)—Second semester. Four hours laboratory a week. Prerequisite, 2 credit hours, Phys. 100. Laboratory fee \$6.00. (Nydegger.)
- Phys. 102. Optics (3)—First semester. Three lectures a week. Prerequisites, Phys. 11 or 21 and Math. 21. (Cooper.)
- Phys. 104, 105. Electricity and Magnetism (3, 3)—Second and first semesters. Three lectures a week. Prerequisites, Phys. 11 or 21 and Math 21. (Cooper.)
- Phys. 106, 107. Theoretical Mechanics (3,3)—First and second semesters. Three lectures a week. Prerequisites, Phys. 11 or 21 and Math. 21. (Morgan.)
- Phys. 112, 113. Modern Physics (2, 2)—First and second semester. Two lectures a week. Prerequisites, Phys. 102 or 104. (Cooper.)
- Phys. 116, 117. Fundamental Hydrodynamics (3, 3)—Three lectures a week. Prerequisite, Physics 107 and Math. 21.

### For Graduates

- Phys. 200, 201. Introduction to Theoretical Physics primarily for students planning to do graduate work (5, 5)—Five lectures a week, first and second semesters. Prerequisite, advanced standing in physics and mathematics. (Myers.)
- Phys. 202, 203. Advanced Dynamics (2, 2)—Two lectures a week. Prerequisite, Phys. 200. (Not offered in 1948-49.)
- Phys. 204. Electrodynamics (4)—Four lectures a week, second semester. Prerequisite, Phys. 201. (Not offered in 1948-49.) (Iskraut.)
  - Phys. 206. Physical Optics (3)—Prerequisite, Phys. 201. (Myers.)
- Phys. 208, 209. Thermodynamics (2, 2)—Prerequisite, Phys. 201 or equivalent. (Cooper.)
- Phys. 210, 211. Statistical Mechanics and the Kinetic Theory of Gases (2, 2)—Two lectures a week. Prerequisite, Phys. 112 and 201.
- Phys. 212, 213. Introduction to Quantum Mechanics (2, 2)—Two lectures a week, first and second semesters. Prerequisite, Phys. 201.

  (Brickwedde.)
- Phys. 214, 215. Theory of Atomic Structure and Spectral Lines (2, 2)— Two lectures a week. Prerequisite, Phys. 213. (McMillen.)

Phys. 216, 217. Molecular Structure (2, 2)—Two lectures a week. Prerequisite, Phys. 213. (Not offered in 1948-49.) (Brickwedde.)

Phys. 218, 219. X-rays and Crystal Structure (3, 3)—Three lectures a week. (Not offered in 1948-49.) (Morgan.)

Phys. 220. Application of X-ray and Electron Diffraction Methods (2)— Two laboratory periods a week. (Not offered in 1948-49.) (Morgan.)

Phys. 222, 223. Boundary-Value Problems of Theoretical Physics (2, 2)—Prerequisite, Phys. 201. (Not offered in 1948-49.)

Phys. 224, 225. Supersonic Aerodynamics and Compressible Flow (2, 2)—Prerequisite, Phys. 201. (Not offered in 1948-49.)

Phys. 226, 227. Theoretical Hydrodynamics (3, 3)—Prerequisite, elementary hydrodynamics. (Kennard.)

Phys. 230. Seminar (1)—First and second semesters.

Phys. 232, 233. Hydromechanics Seminar (1, 1)—(Not offered in 1948-1949.) (Kennard.)

Phys. 250. Research—Credit according to work done.

Phys. 228, 229. The Electron (2, 2)—Prerequisites, Phys. 204 and Phys. 213. (Not offered in 1948-49.) (Johnson.)

Phys. 234, 235. Nuclear Physics (2, 2)—Prerequisite, Phys. 213.

(Johnson.)

Phys. 236. Theory of Relativity (3)—Prerequisite, Phys. 200. (Iskraut.)

Phys. 238. Quantum Theory—selected topics (3)—Prerequisite, Phys. 236. (Iskraut.)

Phys. 240, 241. Theory of Sound and Vibrations (2, 2)—Prerequisite, Phys. 201. (McMillen.)

Phys. 242, 243. Theory of Solids (2, 2)—Two lectures a week. Prerequisite, Phys. 213. (Myers.)

### POULTRY HUSBANDRY

Professors Jull, Gwin; Associate Professors Quigley, Shaffner.

P. H. 1. Poultry Production (3)—First semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week.

This is a general comprehensive course covering all phases of modern poultry husbandry practices, including breeds, incubation, brooding, housing, feeding, culling, marketing, caponizing, and the economics of production and distribution of poultry products.

P. H. 2. Poultry Biology (3)—Second semester.

This course is designed to provide basic information as a foundation for other courses in poultry. The biology of the fowl is considered with respect

to fundamentals of cell development, the development and structure of the digestive, circulatory, respiratory, reproductive and endocrine systems, feathers, growth, and related problems.

P. H. 59. Advanced Poultry Judging (1)—First semester. Prerequisite, P. H. 1. One lecture or laboratory period per week.

Theory and practice of judging and culling by physical means. Correlation studies of characteristics associated with productivity.

Contestant for regional collegiate judging competitions will be selected from this class.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

P. H. 100. Poultry Breeding (2)—Second semester. Prerequisites, P. H. 1 or 2.

The inheritance of morphological and physiological characters of poultry are presented. Inheritance of factors related to egg and meat production and quality are stressed. Breeding plans are discussed. (Jull.)

P. H. 101. Poultry Nutrition (3)—First semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week.

Nutritive requirements of poultry and the nutrients which meet those requirements are presented. Studies are made of various nutritional diseases commonly encountered under practical conditions.

P. H. 102. Physiology of Hatchability (3)—Second semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week.

The physiology of embryonic development as related to principles of hatchability, and problems of incubation encountered in the hatchery industry are discussed. Laboratory exercises stressing fundamentals of hatchability are assigned. (Shaffner.)

P. H. 103. Commercial Poultry Management (2)—Second semester. Prerequisite, ten hours of poultry husbandry, including P. H. 1.

A symposium on finance, investment, plant layout, specialization, purchase of supplies, and management problems in baby chick, egg, broiler, and turkey production; foremanship, advertising, selling, by-products, production and financial records. Field trips required. (Quigley.)

P. H. 104. Poultry Marketing Problems (3)—First semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week,

Live and dressed poultry grades, poultry marketing channels, relation of transportation and distribution to quality, methods and costs of marketing live and dressed poultry, dressing, drawing, eviscerating and preparing poultry for the table. (Gwin.)

P. H. 105. Egg Marketing Problems (3)—Second semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week.

Exterior and interior egg quality factors, wholesale and retail grades of eggs, egg marketing channels, relation of transportation and distribution to quality, methods and costs of marketing eggs, candling and preparing eggs for the table.

(Gwin.)

Poultry Hygiene, see Veterinary Science, V. S. 107.

Avian Anatomy, see Veterinary Science, V. S. 108.

Preservation of Poultry Products, see F. Tech. 108.

P. H. 107. Poultry Industrial and Economic Problems (2) — First semester.

Relation of poultry to agriculture as a whole and its economic importance. Consumer prejudices and preferences, production, transportation, storage, and distribution problems are discussed. Trends in the industry, surpluses and their utilization, poultry by-products, and disease problems, are presented. Federal, state, and private agencies servicing the poultry industry and function performed by each agency are discussed. (Staff.)

P. H. 108. Special Poultry Problems (1-2)—First and second semesters. For senior poultry students. The student will be assigned special problems in the field of poultry for individual study and report. (Staff.)

### For Graduates

P. H. 201. Advanced Poultry Genetics (3)—First semester. Prerequisite, P. H. 100 or equivalent.

This course serves as a foundation for research in poultry genetics. Linkage, crossing-over, inheritance of sex, the expression of genes in development, inheritance of resistance to disease, and the influence of the environment on the expression of genetic capacities are considered. (Jull.)

P. H. 202. Advanced Poultry Nutrition (3)—Second semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, P. H. 101 or equivalent.

A fundamental study of the dietary role of proteins, minerals, vitamins, and carbohydrates is given as well as a study of the digestion and metabolism of these substances. Deficiency diseases as produced by the use of synthetic diets are considered. (Briggs.)

P. H. 203. Physiology of Reproduction of Poultry (3)—First semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, P. H. 102 or its equivalent.

The role of the endocrines in reproduction, especially with respect to egg production, is considered. Fertility, sexual maturity, broodiness, molting, egg formation, ovulation, deposition of egg envelopes, and the physiology of oviposition are studied. (Shaffner.)

P. H. 204. Poultry Seminar (1)-First and second semesters.

Oral reports of current researches by staff members, graduate students, and guest speakers are presented. (Staff.)

P. H. 205. Poultry Literature (1-4)—First and second semesters.

Readings on individual topics are assigned. Written reports required. Methods of analysis and presentation of scientific material are discussed. (Staff.)

P. H. 206. Poultry Research—First and second semesters. Credit in accordance with work done.

Practical and fundamental research with poultry may be conducted under the supervision of staff members toward the requirements for the degrees of M.S. and Ph.D. (Staff.)

P. H. 207. Poultry Research Techniques (3)—First semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week.

To acquaint graduate students with common basic research techniques useful in conducting experiments with poultry or poultry products. Methods of arranging and conducting an experiment, of interpreting results (including the use of statistics), of writing and publishing experimental results, of using laboratory equipment (pH meter, colorimeter, microscope, etc.), of purchasing equipment, and of using scientific periodicals are considered. Actual laboratory experiments with poultry are included. (Staff.)

PORTUGUESE (See page 325)

# PRACTICAL ART AND CRAFTS

Professor Curtiss; Assistant Professors Cuneo, Eichelberger, Lawson; Instructors Cassels, Brown, Davis, Palmer, and Young.

The Department of Practical Art reserves the right to retain one art problem, from each student, from each class, for illustrative purposes; however, it will retain only such problems as are needed by the department.

Pr. Art. 0. Professional Lectures (0)—Second semester.

Lectures by current merchandisers and designers.

### A. Practical Art

Pr. Art 1. Design (3)—First and second semesters.

Art expression through the use of materials, such as opaque water color, wet clay, colored chalk, and lithograph crayon, which are conducive to free techniques. Elementary lettering, action figures, abstract design and general composition study. Consideration of art as applied to daily living. Teaching methods are emphasized in the section for art education students.

Pr. Art 2. Survey of Art History (2)-First and second semesters.

A rapid survey of art, from prehistoric times to the twentieth century, showing the great human movements and art ideals, which each period has reflected. Emphasis is given to the philosophy and significance of art in today's living. Illustrated lectures; assigned readings, examinations.

Pr. Art 3. Creative Art Inspired by Primitive Art (2)—First semester. Two laboratory periods a week.

Modern design produced after the study of vigorous primitive art as found in the prehistoric art of Spain, France, and the Southwestern part of the United States; archaic Mesopotamia, Egypt, and Greece; Mayan, Aztec, and Peruvian cultures; past and present primitive tribes; provincial and peasant groups.

Pr. Art 4. Three-dimensional Design (2)—Second semester. Two laboratory periods a week.

Abstract and symbolic design emphasizing mass, volume, and depth in construction problems, which utilize paper, cork, screen, wire, thin sheet metal, fabric, wood, plastics, etc. This course stimulates resourcefulness and imagination in design; it is especially valuable to persons interested in display.

Pr. Art 20. Costume Design (3)—First and second semesters. Three laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Pr. Art 1, or equivalent.

Clothing selection with relation to personality. Adaptation of changing fashions to the individual. Designing of costumes in mediums, such as Conte and lithograph crayon, transparent and opaque water color, soft pencil, India ink, and three-dimensional materials. A minimum of fashion figure drawing. Survey of historic costume and of the fashion industry.

Pr. Art. 21, 22. Action Drawing (2, 2)—Second semester. Two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Pr. Art 1, or equivalent.

Quick sketching of live model, from poses and action. This course is basic for costume illustration and mural painting. Pr. Art 21 prerequisite to Pr. Art 22.

Pr. Art 30. Typography and Lettering (3)—First and Second semesters. Prerequisite, Pr. Art 1, or equivalent.

A study of typography, hand lettering, and their application. Brief survey of processes of reproduction.

Pr. Art 38, 39. Photography (2, 2)—First and second semesters. Three laboratory periods a week. Consent of the instructor.

Experimental effects in photography with special emphasis upon pictures for advertisements, store display, periodicals, murals and salon exhibits. Each student must have his own camera.

### B. Crafts

Cr. 2, 3. Simple Crafts (2, 2)—First and second semesters. Two laboratory periods a week.

Creative art expressed in clay modeling, plaster carving, wood burning, thin metal working, paper mache modeling, etc. Emphasis is laid upon inexpensive materials and tools and simple techniques, which can be pursued in the home. Excellent for teachers and directors of recreation centers.

Cr. 5, 6. Puppetry (2, 2)—Second semester. Two laboratory periods a week.

Making of marionettes and production of simple puppet shows. Valuable to teachers and directors of recreation centers.

Cr. 20, 21. Ceramics (2, 2)—First and second semesters. Three laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Pr. Art 1 or Cr. 2, if possible.

Elementary pottery-making, modeling in relief, intaglio and in the round, simple glaze effects. Good design is stressed.

Cr. 30, 31. Metalry (2, 2)—First and second semesters. Three laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Pr. Art 1, or Cr. 2, if possible.

Etching, repousse, and sawed filigree in metals, such as copper, aluminum, brass, pewter and German silver. Good design is stressed.

Cr. 40, 41. Weaving (2, 2)—First and second semesters. Three laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Pr. Art 1, if possible.

Hand weaving on simple looms. Good color, texture, and general design are stressed.

# Courses for Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Pr. Art 100, 101. Mural Design (2, 2)—First semester. Two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisites, Pr. Art 1, 2, 3, 21, or consent of the instructor.

Consideration of mural design with relation to propriety of setting. Study of traditional and contemporary techniques. Experiment in colored chalk, gouash, oil paint, and fresco; stone, glass, and tile mosaic.

Pr. Art 102, 103. Advanced Mural Design (2, 2)—First semester. Two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisites, Pr. Art 1, 2, 3, 21, 100, 101.

Advanced techniques in mural design.

Pr. Art 120, 121—Costume Illustration (2, 2)—First and second semesters. Two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisites, Pr. Art 1, 20, and 21, 22, if possible.

Advanced techniques in rendering of fashion illustration. Experience in use of Ben Day and Craftint. Organization of fashion shows.

Pr. Art 124, 125. Individual Problems in Costume (2, 2)—First and second semesters. Two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisites, Pr. Art 1, 20, 120, 121, and permission of the instructor.

Advanced problems in costume design or costume illustration for students who are capable of independent work.

Pr. Art 132. Advertising Layout (2)—First and second semesters. Two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisites, Pr. Art 1, 20, 30, and 21, 21 if possible.

Rough layouts and finished advertisements utilizing lettering, type specifications, and illustration. Air brush used in large work.

Pr. Art 134, 135. Individual Problems in Advertising (2, 2)—Second semester. Two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisites, Pr. Art 1, 20, 30, 120, 132, or equivalent, and permission of the instructor.

Advanced problems in advertising for students who are capable of independent work.

Pr. Art 136. Merchandise Display (2)—First and second semesters. Two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisites, Pr. Art 1, 20, 30; 120, 132 to precede or parallel.

Practice in effective display of merchandise. Cooperation with retail establishments.

Pr. Art 137. Advanced Merchandise Display (2)—First and second semesters. Two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisites, Pr. Art 1, 20, 30, 120, 132, 136 and permission of the instructor.

Advanced problems in the display of merchandise. Emphasis upon original atmospheric effects, which are within the bounds of good taste.

Pr. Art 138, 139. Advanced Photography (2,2)—First and second semesters. Three laboratory periods a week. Prerequisites, Pr. Art 38, 39.

Advanced problems in photography. Each student must have his own camera.

Pr. Art 140, 141. Interior Design (1, 3)—First semester, one laboratory per week; second semester, three laboratory periods per week. Prerequisites, Pr. Art 1, 2, to precede or parallel Pr. Art 140.

Analysis of interiors as backgrounds for various personalities. Study of good and poor interiors. Trips to historic homes, a furniture factory, and retail house furnishing establishments. Original floor plans and wall elevations drawn to scale and rendered in color.

Pr. Art 142, 143. Advanced Interior Design (2,2)—First and second semesters. Two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisites, Pr. Art 1, 140, 141, or equivalent.

Designing of rooms and furnishings; scale drawing and color rendering in plan, elevation and perspective, or making of maquettes. Study of furniture manufacture and merchandising. Planning of exhibition rooms or houses when possible.

Pr. Art 144, 145. Individual Problems in Interior (2, 2)—First and second semesters. Two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisites, Pr. Art 1, 140, 141, 142, 143, and permission of the instructor.

Advanced problems in interior design or construction for students who are capable of independent work.

Pr. Art 198. Store Experience (3)—160 clock hours, or 20 continuous eight-hour days, summer following the Junior Year, Practical Art curriculum.

Selling, buying, advertising, or executive work, done under supervision in a specified department store or studio. Arrangements to be made with the Head of the Department of Practical Art early in the spring semester, Junior year.

Cr. 120, 121. Advanced Ceramics (2, 2)—First and second semesters. Three laboratory periods a week. Prerequisites, Cr. 20, 21.

Advanced techniques in ceramics; preparation of glazes and handling of the kiln.

Cr. 124, 125. Individual Problems in Ceramics (2, 2)—First and second semesters. Three laboratory periods a week. Prerequisites, Cr. 20, 21, 120, 121, and permission of the instructor.

Advanced problems in ceramics. For students who are capable of independent work.

Cr. 130, 131. Advanced Metalry (2, 2)—First and second semesters. Three laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Cr. 30, 31.

Advanced techniques in metalry, including soldering, stone-setting, and fine etching.

Cr. 134, 135. Individual Problems in Metalry (2, 2)—First and second semesters. Three laboratory periods a week. Prerequisites, Cr. 30, 31, 130, 131, and permission of the instructor.

Advanced problems in Metalry for students who are capable of independent work.

Cr. 140, 141. Advanced Weaving (2, 2)—First and second semesters. Three laboratory periods a week. Prerequisites, Cr. 40, 41.

Advanced techniques in weaving.

Cr. 144, 145. Individual Problems in Weaving (2, 2)—First and second semesters. Three laboratory periods a week. Prerequisites, Cr. 40, 41, 140, 141, and permission of the instructor.

Advanced problems in weaving for students who are capable of independent work.

Cr. 198. Crafts in Therapy (2)—Second semester. Prerequisites, three courses in various crafts or art construction, consent of the instructor and junior standing.

Demonstration and discussion of the teaching of crafts to persons, who need physical and mental rehabilitation. Readings, field trips, a minimum of art activity. Excellent for persons who plan to work with disabled persons.

## **PSYCHOLOGY**

Professor Sprowls; Associate Professors Cofer, Smith; Assistant Professors Hackman, Sanford, Schaefer and Walker; Instructor Kershner.

University Counseling Bureau. The Department of Psychology maintains a Counseling Bureau, provided with a well-trained technical staff and equipped with an excellent stock of standardized tests of aptitude, ability, and interest. By virtue of payment of the annual "Advisory and Testing Fee," students are entitled to the services of the Counseling Bureau without further charge.

Psych. 1 Introduction to Psychology (3)—First and second semesters. Not open to Freshmen.

A basic introductory course, intended to bring the student into contact with the major problems confronting psychology and the more important attempts at their solution.

Psych. 2. Applied Psychology (3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, Psych. 1.

Application of research methods to basic human problems in business and industry, in the professions, and in other practical concerns of everyday life.

# For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Graduate credit will be assigned only for students certified by the Department of Psychology as qualified for graduate standing.

Psych. 106. Statistical Methods in Psychology (3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, Psych. 1. (Hackman, Schaefer.)

A basic introduction to quantitative methods used in psychological research; measures of central tendency, of spread, and of correlation. Majors in Psychology must take this course in the junior year.

Psych. 110. Educational Psychology (3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, Psych. 1. (Sanford.)

Researches on fundamental psychological problems encountered in education; measurement and significance of individual differences, learning, motivation, transfer of training.

Psych. 121. Social Psychology (3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, Psych. 1. (Sanford.)

Psychological study of human behavior in social situations; influence of others on individual behavior, social conflict and individual adjustment, communication and its influences on normal social activity.

Psych. 122. Advanced Social Psychology (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Psych. 121 and consent of instructor. (Sanford.)

A systematic review of researches and points of view in regard to major problems in the field of social psychology.

Psych. 125. Child Psychology (3)—First semester. Prerequisite, Psych. 1. (Schaefer.)

Behavioral analysis of normal development and normal socialization of the growing child.

Psych. 126. Developmental Psychology (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Psych. 1. (Schaefer.)

Genetic approach to human motivation and accomplishment. Research on simpler animal forms, the child, the adolescent and the adult in terms of the development of normal adult behavior.

Psych. 127. Psychology of Early Man (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Psych. 121. (Sprowls.)

A study of cultural and anthropological origins and continuities in man from Pithecanthropus to the historical period; interpretations of the artifacts and customs in the light of the mental processes involved in their evolution. Periodic observation trips to the Museum of Natural History in Washington.

Psych. 128. Human Motivation (3)—First semester. Prerequisite, Psych. 121. (Cofer.)

Review of research literature dealing with determinants of human performance, together with consideration of the major theoretical contributions in this area.

Psych. 130. Mental Hygiene (3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, Psych 1. Two lectures, one clinic. (Sprowls.)

The more common deviations of personality; typical methods of adjustment. A weekly clinic will be held at St. Elizabeth's Hospital.

Psych. 131. Abnormal Psychology (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Psych. 130. Two lectures, one clinic. (Sprowls.)

The nature, occurrence, and causes of marked psychological abnormalities, with emphasis on clinical rather than theoretical aspects.

Psych. 132. Psychological Aspects of Clinical Practice (3)—Second semester. Open only to seniors majoring in psychology. Prerequisite, Psych. 131. (Cofer.)

A survey course, intended for those who are considering work in state hospitals, veterans' hospitals, and other institutions which provide clinical facilities.

Psych. 140. Psychological Problems in Advertising (3)—First semester. Prerequisite, Psych. 1. (Hackman.)

Psychological problems that arise in connection with the production and field-testing of advertising; techniques employed in attacking these problems through research.

Psych. 142. Techniques of Interrogation (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Psych. 128. (Hackman.)

The interview, the questionnaire, and other methods of obtaining evidence on human attitudes and reactions, as viewed in the light of modern research evidence.

Psych. 150. Tests and Measurements (3)—First semester. Prerequisite, Psych. 106. Laboratory fee, \$4.00. (Smith.)

Critical survey of predictors used in vocational and educational orientation and in industrial practice, with emphasis on development and standardization. Laboratory practice in the use and interpretation of test and nontest predictors.

Psych. 155. Psychological Techniques in Vocational Counseling (3)— Second semester. Prerequisite, Psych. 150. (Smith.)

A survey course, intended for those who wish to qualify for junior positions involving a knowledge of counseling, but who are unable to undertake graduate study.

Psych. 161. Psychological Techniques in Personnel Administration (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Psych. 128. (Schaefer.)

A survey course, intended for those who plan to enter some phase of personnel work, but who do not plan to undertake graduate study.

Psych. 167. Psychological Problems in Aviation (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Psych. 1. (Walker.)

Techniques in selection and training of aircraft pilots; researches on special conditions encountered in flight.

Psych. 191, 192. General Experimental Psychology (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisites, 15 hours of Psychology and consent of instructor. (Hackman.)

A systematic review of the more fundamental investigations upon which modern psychology is based. Intended primarily for exceptional senior majors and for graduate students.

Psych. 194. Independent Study in Psychology (3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisites, senior standing and consent of instructor. (Staff.)

Integrated reading under direction, leading to the preparation of an adequately documented report on a special topic.

Psych. 195. Minor Problems in Psychotechnology (3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisites, senior standing and consent of instructor. (Staff.)

Prosecution of original research project under direction of staff. Intended primarily for exceptional senior majors.

Psych. 197, 198. Proseminar: Current Research in Psychotechnology (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisites, senior standing and consent of instructor.

A survey of recent and current researches of systematic importance. Intended primarily for exceptional senior majors and new graduate students.

### For Graduate Students

Psych. 200. Sources of Information; Preparation of Reports (3)—First semester.

Psych, 203, 204. Seminar: Review of Current Technological Researches (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, consent of instructor.

Psych. 205, 206. Historical Viewpoints and Current Theories in Psychology (3, 3)—First and second semesters. (Cofer.)

Psych. 210. Occupational Information (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Psych. 150. (Kershner.)

Psych. 211. Job Analysis and Description (3)—First semester. Prerequisite, Psych. 210. (Kershner.)

Psych. 220, 221. Counseling Techniques (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, Psych. 210. (Smith.)

Psych. 222. Rehabilitation Techniques (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Psych. 220. (Sanford.)

Psych. 223. Diagnosis and Correction of Reading Difficulties (3)—First semester. Prerequisite, Psych. 221. (——.)

Psych. 224. Counseling for Marital Problems (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Psych. 221. (Sanford.)

Psych. 225. Participation in Counseling Clinic (3)—First semester. Prerequisite, Psych. 221. (Smith.)

Psych. 230. Determinants of Human Efficiency (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Psych. 128.

Psych. 231. Training Procedures in Industry (3)—First semester. Prerequisite, Psych. 230. (Sanford.)

Psych. 233. Social Organization in Industry (3)—First semester. Prerequisite, Psych. 230. (Sanford.)

Psych. 234. Motivation in Industry (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Psych. 233. (Sanford.)

Psych. 240. Interview and Questionnaire Techniques (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Psych. 150. (Sanford.)

- Psych. 241. Controlled Publicity (3)—First semester. Prerequisite, consent of instructor. (Hackman.)
- Psych. 242. Measurement of Group Reaction (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, consent of instructor. (Hackman.)
- Psych. 250, 251. Development and Validation of Predictors (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisites, Psych. 150. (Schaefer.)
- Psych. 252, 253. Advanced Statistics (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, Psych. 106. (Hackman.)
- Psych. 254. Criteria: Standards for Appraisal of Performance (3)—First semester. Prerequisite, Psych. 150.
- Psych. 260, 261. Individual Tests (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Laboratory fee, \$4.00. Prerequisite, Psych. 150. (Cofer.)
- Psych. 262. Appraisal of Personality (3)—First semester. Prerequisite, Psych. 150. (Sanford.)
- Psych. 263. Appraisal of Interests (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Psych. 262. (Schaefer.)
- Psych. 264, 265. Projective Tests (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Laboratory fee, \$4.00. Prerequisite, Psych. 261. (Cofer.)
- Psych. 266, 267. Theories of Personality and Motivation (3, 3)—First and second semesters. (Cofer.)
- Psych. 270. Advanced Abnormal Psychology (3)—First semester. Prerequisite, Psych. 131. (Cofer.)
- Psych. 271. Special Testing of Disabilities (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Psych. 270. (———.)
- Psych. 272, 273. Individual Clinical Diagnosis (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, Psych. 261. (Cofer.)
- Psych. 274. Individual Therapy (3)—First semester. Prerequisite, Psych. 261. (Schaefer.)
- Psych. 275. Group Therapy (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Psych. 274. (Sanford.)
- Psych. 276, 277. Field Work in Clinical Psychology (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, Psych. 270. (Sprowls and Cofer.)
- Psych. 278. Seminar in Clinical Psychology for Teachers (3)—First semester. (Sprowls.)
- Psych. 280. Physiological Psychology (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Psych. 192. (———.)
  - Psych. 290, 291. Research for Thesis (3, 3)—First and second semesters.

## RECREATION EDUCATION

For list of staff, see Physical Education, page 186.

- Rec. 30. History and Introduction to Recreation (2)—Second semester. The beginnings and expansion of community recreation as fostered by individuals and organizations. Emphasis is placed on history, aims, leadership, areas, facilities and programs.
- Rec. 48. Recreational Dance (2)—Second semester. Elementary instruction in folk and social dancing for women who plan to be instructors.

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

- Rec. 100. Co-Recreational Games and Programs (2)—Second semester. Activities for social recreation in playgrounds, industries, camps, churches, and gymnasiums.
- Rec. 102. Recreational Games for the Elementary School (2)—Elective. Materials and Methods. Theory and practice in teaching games.
- Rec. 110. Nature Lore (1) (3)—Second semester. (An evening course during April and May given in Washington.) The conduct of nature trips for study and appreciation of plant, insect, and animal life, and astronomy.
- Rec. 120. Camp Administration and Leadership (3)—Second semester. The observation and practice in the conduct of summer camps for children and adults. A study of woodcraft, boating, and overnight trips, including outdoor cookery.
- Rec. 130. Principles and Practice of Recreation (3)—First semester. Theories of recreation and methods of conducting individual and group recreation put into practice with college students.
- Rec. 140. Observation and Service in Recreation (5)—First semester. Observation of recreation centers, city playgrounds, community and night centers. Leadership practice in these areas and written reports.
- Rec. 150. Recreational Dance (2)—First semester. Three laboratory periods and one lecture a week.

This course includes American square and country dances, folk and social dancing. Valuable to men and women interested in the social life of the school and community. Research in pertinent books and methods of teaching.

Rec. 160. Recreational Golf (1)—Second semester.

The game treated as a social pastime with practice in the etiquette and psychology of team play.

Rec. 170. Organization and Administration of Recreation (3)—Second semester.

A consideration of the management and the personnel required to conduct recreation activity programs by municipal, industrial, school, club, and social agencies.

#### For Graduates

Rec. 220. Contemporary Recreation (3)—First semester and alternate Summers—Burnett.

The present-day status and the possible future developments of Private, Public and Industrial Recreational.

RURAL LIFE (See page 219)

RUSSIAN (See page 325)

### SECRETARIAL TRAINING

Associate Professor Patrick; Instructors Brooks, Wagner, and O'Toole.

S. T. 1. Principles of Typewriting (2)—First and second semesters. Five laboratory periods per week. Laboratory fee, \$7.50.

The goal of this course is the attainment of the ability to operate the typewriter continuously with reasonable speed and accuracy by the use of the "touch" system. This course should be completed prior to enrollment in S. T. 12, Principles of Shorthand. (Patrick and Staff.)

S. T. 2. Intermediate Typewriting (2)—First and second semesters. Five periods per week. Laboratory fee, \$7.50. Prerequisite, minimum grade of "C" in S. T. 1 or consent of instructor.

The aim of this course is to teach the fundamentals of letter writing and to continue the development of speed typing. Problems in business letter styles and forms, arrangement of letters, tabulation, and exercises for improving stroking skill will be used. (Patrick and Staff.)

S. T. 10. Office Typewriting Problems (2)—First and second semesters. Five periods per week. Laboratory fee, \$7.50. Prerequisite, minimum grade of "C" in S. T. 2 or consent of instructor.

In this course the aims are to develop the highest degree of accuracy and speed possible for each student and to teach the advanced techniques of typewriting with special emphasis on production. (Patrick and Staff.)

S. T. 12, 13. Principles of Shorthand (4, 4)—First and second semesters. Five periods per week. Prerequisite, S. T. 1, and consent of instructor.

This course aims to develop the mastery of the principles of Gregg Shorthand. The reading approach is used, stressing reading and writing from copy and dictation. (Patrick and Staff.)

\*S. T. 16. Advanced Shorthand (3)—First semester. Five periods per week. Prerequisite, minimum grade of "C" in S. T. 13 and S. T. 2 or consent of instructor.

<sup>\*</sup> S. T. 10 should be completed prior to enrollment in Advanced Shorthand (S. T. 16): S. T. 16, Advanced Shorthand, and S. T. 17, Gregg Transcription, must be taken concurrently.

Advanced principles and phrases of shorthand; dictation covering vocabularies of representative businesses; development of dictation skill to maximum for each individual. (Brooks.)

S. T. 17. Gregg Transcription (2)—First semester. Four periods per week. Laboratory fee \$7.50. Prerequisite, minimum grade of "C" in S. T. 13 and S. T. 2 or consent of instructor. This course is to be taken concurrently with S. T. 16.

A course in intensive transcriptional speed building, and in the related skills and knowledges. (Brooks.)

S. T. 18. Gregg Shorthand Dictation (3)—Second semester. Five periods per week. Prerequisite, minimum grade of "C" in S. T. 16 and S. T. 17, or consent of instructor.

A special course in shorthand speed building with emphasis placed on the development of a special shorthand vocabulary. (Wagner.)

S. T. 110. Secretarial Work (3)—First semester. Six periods per week. Prerequisite, S. T. 111 and S. T. 112 or consent of instructor.

This course is designed to cover specific and general information in addition to the stenographic skills, needed by a secretary. Units will be assigned on communication procedures and cost, installation and revision of files, selection of office equipment and supplies, editorial duties, compilation of statistical data, and use of reference books. It is assumed that stenographic skills are obtained from other sources. (Patrick.)

S. T. 111. Office Machines (3)—First and second semesters. Six periods per week. Prerequisite, junior standing. Laboratory fcc, \$7.50. (Wagner.)

A course designed to give the students training in the use of modern office devices—duplicators, calculators, voice writing machines, and other common office appliances. Some attention is given to supervision of small groups of office workers.

S. T. 112. Filing (2)—Second semester. Four periods per week. Prerequisite, junior standing. Laboratory fee, \$7.50. (Brooks.)

The development of the principles, procedures, and systems of filing with the use of laboratory sets. Particular emphasis will be placed on how each system may be used.

S. T. 114. Secretarial Office Practice (3)—Second semester. Four times per week. Prerequisite, senior standing and completion of S. T. 110.

The purpose of this course is to give laboratory and office experience to senior secretarial students. A minimum of 90 hours of office experience under supervision is required. In addition each student will prepare a written report on an original problem previously approved. (Patrick.)

### SOCIOLOGY

Professors Hoffsommer and Lejins; Associate Professor Shankweiler; Assistant Professors Cussler, Fleming, Houser and Hutchinson; Instructors Ebersole, L. Fleming, L. Houser, Imse, and Willner.

Sociology 1 or its equivalent is prerequisite to all other courses in sociology.

Sociology 1, 2, 183, 186 and 196 or their equivalents are required for an undergraduate major in sociology.

Soc. 1. Sociology of American Life (3)—First and second semester.

Sociological analysis of the American social structure; metropolitan, small town, and rural communities; population distribution, composition and change; social organization.

Soc. 2. Principles of Sociology (3)—First and second semester. Prerequisite, Soc. 1 or sophomore standing.

The basic forms of human association and interaction; social processes; institutions; culture; human nature and personality.

- Soc. 5. Anthropology (3)—First semester. Prerequisite, Soc. 1.
- Introduction to anthropology; origins of man; development and transmission of culture; backgrounds of human institutions.
- Soc. 13. Rural Sociology (3)—First semester. Prerequisite, Soc. 1. Rural life in America; its people, social organization, culture patterns, and problems.
- Soc. 14. Urban Sociology (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Soc. 1. Urban growth and expansion; characteristics of city populations; urban institutional and personality patterns; relations of city and country.
- Soc. 51. Social Pathology (3)—First semester. Prerequisite, Soc. 1 and sophomore standing.

Personal-social disorganization and maladjustment; physical and mental handicaps; economic inadequacies; programs of treatment and control.

Soc. 52. Criminology (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Soc. 1 and sophomore standing.

Criminal behavior and the methods of its study; causation; typologies of criminal acts and offenders; punishment, correction, and incapacitation; prevention of crime.

Soc. 62. Social Institutions (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Soc. 1 and sophomore standing.

Nature and function of social institutions; the perpetuation of behavior through customs and societal norms; typical contemporary American institutions.

Soc. 64. Marriage and the Family (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Soc. 1 and sophomore standing.

Functions of the family; marriage and family adjustments; factors affecting mate selection, marital relations, and family stability in contemporary social life.

# For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Sociology 1 or its equivalent and junior standing are prerequisite to courses numbered 100 to 199.

Soc. 113. The Rural Community (3)—Second semester.

Comparative study of the structure and functions of rural communities; rural standards of living; rural social trends; rural planning.

(Hoffsommer.)

Soc. 114. The City (3)—First semester.

The rise of urban civilization and metropolitan regions; ecological process and structure; the city as a center of dominance; social problems, control, and planning.

(Houser.)

Soc. 115. Industrial Sociology (3)—Second semester. Social organization of American industry; functions of members of industrial organization, status, social structure, patterns of interaction and relations of industry and society. (Imse.)

Soc. 118. Community Organization (3)—Second semester.

Community organization and its relation to social welfare; analysis of community needs and resources; health, housing, recreation; community centers; neighborhood projects. (Shankweiler.)

Soc. 121, 122. Population (3, 3)—First and second semesters.

Population distribution, composition and growth in North America and Eurasia; trends in fertility and mortality; migrations; population prospects and policies. (Baker.)

Soc. 123. Ethnic Minorities (3)—First semester.

Basic social processes in the relations of ethnic groups within the state; immigration groups and the Negro in the United States; ethnic minorities in Europe. (Ebersole.)

Soc. 124. The Culture of the American Indian (3)—Second semester.

A study of type cultures; cultural processes; and the effects of acculturation on selected tribes of Indians in the Americas. (Hutchinson.)

Soc. 131. Introduction to Social Service (3)—First semester.

General survey of the field of social-welfare activities; historical developments; growth, functions, and specialization of agencies and services, private and public.

(L. Houser.)

Soc. 141. Sociology of Personality (3)—First semester.

Development of human nature and personality in contemporary social

life; processes of socialization; attitudes, individual differences, and social behavior. (Ebersole.)

Soc. 144. Collective Behavior (3)—Second semester.

Social interaction in mass behavior; communication processes; structure and functioning of crowds, strikes, audiences, mass movements, and the public. (Ebersole.)

Soc. 145. Social Control (3)—First semester.

Forms, mechanisms, and techniques of group influence on human behavior; problems of social control in contemporary society. (Ebersole.)

Soc. 147. Sociology of Law (3)—First semester.

Law as a form of social control; interrelation between legal and other conduct norms as to their content, sanctions and methods of securing conformity; law as an integral part of the culture of the group; factors and processes operative in the formation of legal norms; legal norms as determinants of human behavior. (Lejins.)

Soc. 153. Juvenile Delinquency (3)—First semester.

Juvenile delinquency in relation to the general problem of crime; analysis of factors underlying juvenile delinquency; treatment and prevention.

(Lejins.)

Soc. 154. Crime and Delinquency Prevention (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Soc. 52 or Soc. 153 or consent of instructor. (Offered in alternate years with Soc. 156.) (Lejins.)

Mobilization of community resources for the prevention of crime and delinquency; area programs and projects.

Soc. 156. Institutional Treatment of Criminals and Delinquents (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Soc. 52 or Soc. 153 or consent of instructor. (Offered in alternate years with Soc. 154.)

Organization and functions of penal and correctional institutions for adults and juveniles. (Lejins.)

Soc. 171. Family and Child Welfare (3)-First semester.

Programs of family and child welfare agencies; social services to families and children; child placement; foster families. (Shankweiler.)

Soc. 173. Social Security (3)—First semester.

The social security program in the United States; public assistance; social insurance. (Hutchinson.)

Soc. 174. Public Welfare (3)—Second semester.

Development and organization of the public welfare movement in the United States; social legislation; interrelations of federal, state, and local agencies and institutions. (L. Houser.)

Soc. 183. Social Statistics (3)—First semester.

Collection, statistical analysis, and interpretation of social data; problems of quantitative measurement of social phenomena. (Imse.)

Soc. 186. Sociological Theory (3)—Second semester.

Development of the science of sociology; historical backgrounds; recent theories of society. (Fleming.)

Soc. 196. Senior Seminar (3)—Second semester. Required of and open only to senior majors in sociology.

Scope, fields and methods of sociology; practical applications of sociological knowledge. Individual study and reports. (Hoffsommer.)

#### For Graduates

Prerequisites for entrance upon graduate study leading to an advanced degree with a major in sociology: either (1) an undergraduate major (totalling at least 24 semester hours) in sociology or (2) 12 semester hours of sociology (including 6 semester hours of advanced courses) and 12 additional hours of comparable work in economics, political science, or psychology. Reasonable substitutes for these prerequisites may be accepted in the case of students majoring in other departments who desire a graduate minor or several courses in sociology.

With the exception of Soc. 201, 291-292, individual courses numbered 200 to 299 will ordinarily be offered in alternate years.

Soc. 201. Methods of Social Research (3)-First semester.

Selection and formulation of research projects; methods and techniques of sociological investigation and analysis. Required of graduate majors in sociology. (Hoffsommer.)

Soc. 215. Community Studies (3)—First semester.

Intensive study of the factors affecting community development and growth, social structure, social stratification, and social institutions; analysis of particular communities. (Hoffsommer.)

Soc. 221. Population and Society (3)—Second semester.

Selected problems in the field of population; quantitative and qualitative aspects; American and world problems. (Staff.)

Soc. 224. Race and Culture (3)—Second semester.

Race and culture in contemporary society; mobility and the social effects of race and culture contacts and intermixture. (Staff.)

Soc. 241. Personality and Social Structure (3)—Second semester.

Comparative analysis of the development of human nature, personality, and social traits in select social structures. (Staff.)

Soc. 246. Public Opinion and Propaganda (3)—Second semester.

Processes involved in the formation of mass attitudes; agencies and techniques of communication; quantitative measurement of public opinion.

(Staff.)

Soc. 253. Advanced Criminology (3)—First semester.

Critical survey of the principal issues in contemporary criminological theory and research. (Lejins.)

Soc. 255. Seminar: Juvenile Delinquency (3)—First semester.

Selected research problems in the field of juvenile delinquency. (Lejins.)

Soc. 257. Social Change and Social Policy (3)—First semester.

Emergence and development of social policy as related to social change; policy-making factors in social welfare and social legislation. (Staff.)

Soc. 262. Family Studies (3)—Second semester.

Case studies of family situations; statistical studies of family trends; methods of investigation and analysis. (Shankweiler.)

Soc. 282. Sociological Methodology (3)—Second semester.

Logic and method of sociology in relation to the general theory of scientific method; principal issues and points of view. (Staff.)

Soc. 285. Seminar: Sociological Theory (3)—First semester.

Critical and comparative study of contemporary European and American theories of society. (Fleming.)

Soc. 290. Research in Sociology (Credit to be determined)—First and second semesters. (Staff.)

Soc. 291. Special Social Problems (Credit to be determined)—First and second semesters.

Individual research on selected problems.

(Staff.)

SOILS (See page 222)

SPANISH (See page 322)

## SPEECH AND DRAMATIC ART

Professor Ehrensberger; Assistant Professors Provensen\*, Wiksell, Niemeyer, M. White, Strausbaugh; Instructors Wood, Mayer, Hendricks, Larson, Smith, O'Sullivan, Bettenbender; Assistants McDonald, Hannon, Mitchell, Barraclough, V. White, Mason, Rogers, Pugliese, O'Connell, Winterfield.

The courses in this department have two main functions: (1) to provide work in public speaking and allied fields which will meet the needs of all students in the university; (2) to provide an integrated unit of work which will allow a student to major in Speech. A major shall consist of a minimum of 30 hours of which 15 hours must be in courses numbered 100 and above. A minor shall consist of 12-18 credits of which 6 must be in courses numbered 100 and above. All majors and minors must complete

<sup>\*</sup>On leave 1947-48.

Speech 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6. In meeting the Arts and Sciences Natural Science requirement it is recommended that Speech majors elect Zoology 16. A student majoring in Speech may concentrate in: (a) public speaking; (b) drama; (c) speech sciences; (d) radio.

Speech 1, 2. Public Speaking (2, 2)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite for advanced speech courses. Speech I prerequisite for Speech II.

The preparation and delivery of short original speeches; outside readings; reports; etc. It is recommended that this course be taken during the freshman year. Laboratory fee \$1.00 for Speech 1.

Speech Clinic-No credit.

Remedial work in minor speech defects. The work of the clinic is conducted in individual conferences and in small group meetings. Hours arranged by consultation with the respective speech instructor.

Speech 3. Fundamentals of Speech (3)—First semester.

Study in the bases and mechanics of speech. This course is designed for students who expect to do extensive work in speech. May be taken concurrently with Speech 1, 2. (Hendricks.)

Speech 4. Voice and Diction (3)—Second semester.

Emphasis upon the improvement of voice, articulation, and phonation. May be taken concurrently with Speech 1, 2. (Mayer.)

Speech 5, 6. Advanced Public Speaking (2, 2)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, Speech 1, 2, or consent of the instructor.

Advanced work on basis of Speech 1, 2. Special emphasis is placed upon speaking situations the students will face in their respective vocations.

(Strausbaugh.)

Speech 7. Public Speaking (2)—Second semester. Limited to freshman engineering students. The preparation and delivery of speeches, reports, etc., on technical and general subjects. Laboratory fee \$1.00.

Speech 8, 9. Acting (3, 3)—First and second semesters. Admission by consent of instructor.

Basic principles of histrionic practice.

(Niemeyer.)

Speech 10. Group Discussion (2)—First and second semesters.

A study of the principles, methods, and types of discussion, and their application in the discussion of contemporary problems. (Hendricks.)

Speech 11, 12. Debate (2, 2)—First and second semesters.

A study of the principles of argument, analysis, evidence, reasoning, fallacies, briefing, and delivery, together with their application in public speaking.

Speech 13. Oral Interpretation (3)—First semester.

The oral interpretation of literature and the practical training of students in the art of reading. (Provensen.)

Speech 14. Stagecraft (3)-First semester.

Fundamentals of technical production. Emphasis on construction of scenery. Laboratory fee, \$2.00. (Larson.)

Speech 15. Stagecraft (3)—Second semester.

Technical production. Emphasis on stage lighting. Prerequisite, Speech 14. Laboratory fee, \$2.00. (Larson.)

Speech 16. Introduction to the Theatre (3)—First semester.

A general survey of the fields of the theatre. (Mayer.)

Speech 17. Make-up (2)—Second semester. One lecture and one laboratory a week. (Mayer.)

A lecture-laboratory course in the theory and practice of stage make-up, covering basic requirements as to age, type, character, race, and period. Laboratory fee \$2.00.

Speech 18, 19. Introductory Speech (1, 1)—First and second semesters.

This course is designed to give those students practice in public speaking who cannot schedule Speech 1, 2. Speech 18 prerequisite for Speech 19. Laboratory fee \$1.00 for Speech 18.

Speech 20. History of the Theatre (3)—First semester.

A survey of dramatic production from early origins to 1800. (Niemeyer.)

Speech 21. History of the Theatre (3)—Second semester.

A survey of dramatic production from 1800 to the present. (Niemeyer.)

Speech 22. Introduction to Radio (3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite for all courses in Radio.

The development, scope, and influence of American broadcasting.

(Ehrensberger.)

Speech 23. Parliamentary Law (1)—First and second semesters.

A study of the principles and application of parliamentary law as applied to all types of meetings. Thorough training in the use of Robert's Rules of Order. (Strausbaugh.)

# For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Speech 101. Radio Speech (3)—First semester. Prerequisite, Speech 4.

The theory and application of microphone techniques. Practice in all types of radio speaking. Laboratory fee \$2.00. (Wood.)

Speech 102. Radio Production (3)—Second semester.

A study of the multiple problems facing the producer. Special emphasis is given to acoustic setup, casting, "miking", timing, cutting, and the coordination of personnel factors involved in the production of radio programs. Admission by consent of instructor. Laboratory fee \$2.00.

(White.)

Speech 103, 104. Speech Composition and Rhetoric (3, 3)—First and second semesters.

A study of rhetorical principles and models of speech composition in conjunction with the preparation and presentation of specific forms of public address. (Wiksell.)

Speech 105. Pathology (3)—First semester.

The causes, nature, symptoms, and treatment of common speech disorders.

Speech 106. Clinic (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Speech 105.

A laboratory course dealing with the various methods of correction plus actual work in the clinic both on and off the campus.

Speech 107. Advanced Oral Interpretation (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Speech 13.

Emphasis upon the longer reading. Program planning. (Provensen.)

Speech 108. Public Speaking (2)—Second semester. Limited to Junior Engineers. Prerequisite, Speech 7.

Continuation of Speech 7 with emphasis upon engineering projects that fall within student's own experience.

Speech 109. Speech Seminar for Senior Engineers (2)—Prerequisite, Speech 7, 108.

Speech 110. Teacher Problems in Speech (3)—Second semester. For students who intend to teach.

Every-day speech problems that confront the teacher.

Speech 111. Seminar (3)—Second semester. Required of speech majors. Present-day speech research. (Ehrensberger.)

Speech 112. Phonetics (3)—Second semester.

Training in the recognition and production of the sounds of spoken English, with an analysis of their formation. Practice in transcription. Mastery of the international phonetic alphabet. (White.)

Speech 113. Play Production (3)—Second semester.

Development of procedure followed by the director in preparing plays for public performance. (Larson.)

Speech 114. Costuming (3)—First semester. One lecture and two laboratories a week.

Consideration of the use of color, line, and texture in designing, constructing, and adapting costumes for the stage.

Speech 115. Radio in Retailing (3)—First semester. Limited to students in the College of Home Economics. Prerequisites, Speech 1, 2. English 1, 2. Junior standing. Laboratory fee \$2.00.

Writing and production of promotional programs for the merchandising of wearing apparel and housefurnishings. Collaboration with Washington and Baltimore radio stations and retail stores. (Wood.)

Speech 116. Radio Announcing (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Speech 101. (Wood.)

The theory and application of all types of announcing. Laboratory fee \$2.00.

Speech 117. Radio Continuity Writing (3)—First semester.

A study of the principles and methods of writing for broadcasting. Application will be made in the writing of the general types of continuity. Admission by consent of instructor. (White.)

Speech 118. Advanced Radio Writing (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Speech 117.

Advanced work with emphasis upon the dramatic form. Admission by consent of instructor. (White.)

Speech 119. Radio Acting (3)—Second semester.

A workshop course designed to give the student practice in radio acting. Admission by consent of the instructor. (Wood.)

Speech 120. Advanced Speech Pathology (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Speech 105.

A continuation of Speech 105, with emphasis on the causes and treatment of organic speech disorders.

Speech 121. Stage Design (3)—Second semester. Prerequisite, Speech 14, 15.

The planning of stage settings and the application of the principles of design to the dramatic production. Admission by consent of the instructor.

(Larson.)

Speech 122, 123. Radio Workshop (3, 3)—First and second semesters. A laboratory course dealing with all phases of producing a radio program. Admission by consent of instructor. Laboratory fee \$2.00.

(White.)

Speech 124, 125. American Public Address (3, 3)—First and second semesters.

The first semester covers the period from Colonial times to the Civil War period. The second semester covers from the Civil War period through the contemporary period. (Wiksell.)

Speech 126. Semantic Aspects of Speech Behavior (3)—First semester.

An analysis of speech and language habits from the standpoint of General Semantics.

(Hendricks.)

Speech 127, 128. Military Speech and Commands (4)—First and second semesters. Limited to students in the College of Military Science and Tactics.

The preparation and delivery of lectures dealing with military subjects. Effective execution of field orders, commands, etc. Extensive use of voice recordings. (Hendricks.)

#### SURVEYING

Surv. 1, 2. Plane Surveying (2, 2)—First and second semesters. One lecture and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, Math. 14. Surv. 1 required of sophomores in Aeronautical, Chemical, Electrical, and Mechanical Engineering. Surv. 1, 2 required of sophomores in Civil Engineering.

Theory and practice in the use of the tape, compass, transit, and level. General survey methods, traversing, area, coordinates, profiles, cross-sections, volume, stadia.

Surv. 100. Advanced Surveying (4)—First semester. Two lectures and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Surv. 1, 2.

Adjustment of instruments, latitude, longitude, azimuth, time, triangulation, precise leveling, geodetic surveying, together with the necessary adjustments and computations. Topographic surveys. Plane table, land surveys, and boundaries. Mine, tunnel, and hydrographic surveys. Aerial photogrammetry. (Gohr.)

## TEXTILES AND CLOTHING

Professor McFarland; Associate Professor Mitchell; Assistant Professors Akin, Wilbur; Instructor Friemel.

#### A. Textiles

Tex. 1. Textiles (3)—First and second semesters. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week.

Study of textile fibers; standardization and labeling of textiles; collection and analysis of fabrics.

### B. Clothing

Clo. 20a. Clothing Construction (3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, Tex. 1. Three laboratory periods a week.

Interpretation and use of commercial patterns; construction of garments adapted to students with sewing experience.

Clo. 20b. Clothing Construction (3)—First and second semesters. Prerequisite, Tex. 1. Three laboratory periods a week.

Interpretation and use of commercial patterns; construction of garments adapted to students without sewing experience.

Clo. 21. Personal Problems in Clothing (2)—First semester.

Care of clothing; wardrobe planning; selection and purchase of accessories and ready-to-wear.

Clo. 22. Clothing Construction (2)—First and second semesters. Two laboratory periods a week.

Continuation of Clo. 20a. or 20b. Construction of garments, including a renovation problem.

## Courses for Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

Tex. 100. Advanced Textiles (3)—Second semester. One lecture and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Tex. 1.

Study of physical and chemical properties of fibers, standard testing methods for serviceability of fabrics, textile finishes, color application, laundering and dry cleaning methods.

- Tex. 101 Problems in Textiles (3)—First semester. One lecture and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisites: Tex. 100, Organic Chemistry. Individual experimental problems in textiles.
- Tex. 105. Consumer Problems in Textiles (3)—Second semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisite: Tex. 1 or equivalent.

Economic and trade conditions that affect consumer-trade relationships; buying guides for purchase of household linens and clothing; performance tests of fabrics.

Tex. 108. Decorative Fabrics (2)—First semester. One lecture and one laboratory period a week.

Study of historic and contemporary fabrics and laces.

Clo. 120. Draping (3)—First and second semesters. Three laboratory periods a week. Prerequisites, Tex. 1, Clo. 22.

Demonstrations and practice in creating costumes in fabrics on individual dress forms; modeling of garments for class criticism.

Clo. 121. Pattern Design (2)—Second semester. Two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisites, Clo. 20a or b, Pr. Art 20.

Development and use of a basic pattern in dress making.

Clo. 122, 125. Tailoring (2, 2)—First and second semesters. Two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Clo. 20a.

Construction of tailored garments requiring professional skill.

Clo. 123. Children's Clothing (2)—First semester. One lecture and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, Clo. 20a or b, or equivalent.

Children's clothing from the standpoint of age, health, beauty, economy and personality; development of original designs.

Clo. 124. Projects and Reading in Textiles and Clothing (2)—Second semester.

Special projects; survey of current literature in the field or related fields.

Clo. 126. Fundamentals of Fashion (2, 3)—First semester. Prerequisite, senior standing.

Fashion history; current fashions, how to interpret and evaluate them; fashion show techniques; fashion promotion. The course includes oral and written reports, group projects, panel discussions and field trips.

Clo. 127. Apparel Design (3)—Second semester. One lecture and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, Clo. 120 and senior standing.

The art of costuming; trade and custom methods of clothing design and construction; original designing on a dress form.

### For Graduates

Tex. 200. Special Studies in Textiles (2-4)

Clo. 220. Special Studies in Clothing (2-4)

Tex. and Clo. 230. Seminar (1, 1)

Tex. and Clo. 231. Research

Tex. and Clo. 232. Economics of Clothing and Textiles (3)

## VETERINARY SCIENCE

Professors Brueckner and DeVolt; Associate Professor Coffin

## For Advanced Undergraduates and Graduates

V. S. 101. Comparative Anatomy (3)—First semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period.

Normal structure of the domesticated animals; normal physiological activities; interrelationship of structure and function. (Coffin.)

V. S. 102. Animal Hygiene (3)—Second semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period.

Nature of disease; immunity; prevention, and control; common diseases of farm animals. (Coffin.)

V. S. 103. Regional Comparative Anatomy (2)—First and second semesters. One lecture and one laboratory period.

Structure and function of the foot of domestic species. Common diseases and abnormalities of the foot; their correction and prevention. (Coffin.)

V. S. 108. Avian Anatomy (3)—First semester. Two lectures and one laboratory. Prerequisite, Zool. 1 s.

Gross and microscopic structure; physiological processes; dissection and demonstration. (DeVolt.)

V. S. 107. Poultry Hygiene (3)—Second semester. Two lectures and one laboratory. Prerequisite, Bact. 1; P. H. 1. (DeVolt.)

#### For Graduates

V. S. 201. Animal Disease Problems (2-6)—First and second semesters. Credit depending upon work done. Prerequisite, Veterinary degree or consent of Staff.

Laboratory and field work by assignment.

(Staff.)

V. S. 202. Animal Disease Research (2-6)—First and second semesters. Credit depends on work done. Prerequisite, Veterinary degree or consent of Staff.

Studies of practical disease phases.

(Staff.)

### ZOOLOGY

Professors Phillips and Burhoe; Assistant Professors Littleford, Negherbon, and Quimby; Instructors Werner and Tiller; Lecturer Reynolds

Zool. 1. General Zoology (4)—First and second semesters. Two lectures and two laboratory periods a week.

This course, which is cultural and practical in its aim, deals with the basic principles of animal life. Typical invertebrates and a mammalian form are studied. Laboratory fee \$6.00.

Zool. 2, 3. Fundamentals of Zoology (4, 4)—First and second semesters. Two lectures and two laboratory periods a week. This course satisfies the freshman premedical requirements in general biology. Freshmen who intend to choose zoology as a major should register for this course. Zoology 2 is a prerequisite for Zoology 3.

A thorough study of the anatomy, classifications, and life histories of representative animals. During the first semester emphasis is placed on invertebrate forms and during the second semester upon vertebrate forms including the frog. Laboratory fee \$6.00 each semester.

Zool. 4. Advanced General Zoology (4)—Second semester. Three lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, Zoology 1.

A continuation course for students who desire more advanced work after completing General Zoology. Emphasis is placed on the vertebrates and upon practical application of zoology. Laboratory fee \$6.00.

Zool. 5. Comparative Vertebrate Morphology (4)—First semester. Two lectures and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, one course in Zoology.

A comparative study of selected organ systems in certain vertebrate groups. Laboratory fee \$6.00.

Zool. 14, 15. Human Anatomy and Physiology (4, 4)—First and second semesters. Two lectures and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, one course in zoology. Zoology 14 is a prerequisite for Zoology 15.

For students who desire a general knowledge of human anatomy and physiology. Laboratory fee \$6.00 each semester.

Zool. 16. Human Physiology (4)—First semester. Two lectures and two laboratory periods a week. Not open to freshmen.

An elementary course in physiology. Laboratory fee \$6.00.

Zool. 20. Vertebrate Embryology (4)—Second semester. Two lectures and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisites, one course in Zoology.

The development of the chick to the end of the fourth day and early mammalian embryology. Laboratory fee \$6.00.

Zool. 53. Physiology of Exercise (2)—Second semester. One lecture and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, Zoology 15.

A detailed consideration of the mechanism of muscular contraction; the metabolic, circulatory, and the respiratory responses in exercise; and the integration by means of the nervous system. Laboratory fee \$6.00.

Zool. 55. Development of the Human Body (2)—First semester. Two lecture periods a week.

A study of the main factors affecting the growth and development of the child with especial emphasis on normal development. Open only to students for whom this is a required course.

Zool. 75, 76. Journal Club (1, 1)—First and second semesters. One lecture period a week. Prerequisite, a major in Zoology.

Reviews, reports, and discussions of current literature.

## For Graduates and Advanced Undergraduates

Zool. 101. Mammalian Anatomy (3)—Second semester. Three laboratory periods a week. Registration limited. Permission of the instructor must be obtained before registration. Recommended for premedical students, and those whose major is zoology.

A course in the dissection of the cat or other mammal. By special permission of the instructor a vertebrate other than the cat may be used for study. Laboratory fee \$6.00. (Werner.)

Zool. 102. General Animal Physiology (4)—Second semester. Two lectures and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisites, one year of Zoology and one year of chemistry.

The general principles of physiological functions as shown in mammals and lower animals. Laboratory fee \$6.00. (Phillips.)

Zool. 104. Genetics (3)—First semester. Three lecture periods a week. Prerequisite, one course in zoology or botany. Recommended for premedical students.

A consideration of the basic principles of heredity. (Burhoe.)

Zool. 106. Histological Technique (3)—Second semester. One lecture and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, one semester of Zoology. Permission of the instructor must be obtained before registration.

The preparation of animal tissues for microscopical examination. Laboratory fee \$6.00. (Werner.)

Zool. 108. Animal Histology (4)—First semester. Two lectures and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, one year of Zoology.

A microscopic study of tissues and organs selected from representative vertebrates, but with particular reference to the mammal. Laboratory fee \$6.00. (Werner.)

Zool. 110. Parasitology (3)—First semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, one year of Zoology.

A study of the morphology, physiology and life cycles of animal parasites with special emphasis on practical problems in parasite control and disease prevention. Laboratory fee, \$6.00. (Negherbon.)

Zool. 114. Field Zoology (4)—Second semester. Two lectures and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, one year of Zoology.

This course consists in collecting and studying both land and aquatic forms of nearby woods, fields, and streams, with emphasis on the higher invertebrates and certain vertebrates, their breeding habits, environment, and modes of living. Laboratory fee \$6.00. (Tiller.)

Zool. 116. Protozoology (4)—Second semester. Two lectures and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisites, Histology; Bacteriology desirable.

The taxonomy, morphology, eytology, physiology, and distribution of the unicellular animal organisms. Emphasis will be on the importance of the protozoa in present-day biological research. Therefore, considerable reading of current and recent literature will be expected. The course will endeavor to teach the student the techniques required to prepare protozoa for permanent study and their cultivation. Stress will be given to the forms responsible for human and animal disease. Laboratory fee, \$6.00.

(Negherbon.)

Zool. 118. Invertebrate Zoology (4)—First semester. Two lectures and two laboratory periods a week. Prerequisite, General Zoology and Vertebrate Embryology.

An advanced course dealing with the taxonomy, morphology, and embryology of the invertebrates, exclusive of insects. Laboratory fee \$6.00.

(Tiller.)

Zool. 121. Principles of Animal Ecology (3)—Second semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, one course in Zoology and one course in Chemistry.

Animals are studied in relation to their natural surroundings. Biological, physical and chemical factors of the environment which affect the growth, behavior, habits and distribution of animals are stressed. Laboratory fee \$6.00. (Littleford.)

Zool. 125. Fisheries Biology (3)—First semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisites, Comparative Vertebrate Morphology and Physiology.

Problems concerning fresh and salt water life in relation to their practical application in fisheries work. Laboratory fee, \$6.00. (Littleford.)

Zool. 130. Aviation Physiology (3)—Second Semester. Two lectures and one demonstration a week. Prerequisite, one course in Physiology and permission of the instructor.

A general course in applied physiology with special reference to physiological problems arising in aviation, including consideration of: respiration at high altitude, the design and use of O<sub>2</sub> equipment, the effects of mechanical forces such as radial and linear acceleration, protective devices, and various influences of pressure change on mammalian organisms.

(Reynolds.)

## For Graduates

Zool. 200. Ichthyology and Marine Zoology (4)—First semester. Two lectures and two laboratory periods per week.

A study of the anatomy, physiology, and habits of fishes and other marine animals of commercial importance. Laboratory fee \$6.00.

(Littleford.)

Zool. 201. Microscopical Anatomy (4)—Second semester. Two lectures and two laboratory periods a week.

A detailed study of the morphology and activity of cells composing animal tissues with specific reference to the vertebrates. Laboratory work includes the preparation of tissues for microscopic examination. Laboratory fee \$6.00. (Werner.)

Zool. 202. Animal Cytology (4)—First semester. Two lectures and two laboratory periods a week.

A study of cellular structure with particular reference to the morphology and physiology of cell organoids and inclusions. Laboratory is concerned with methods of studying and demonstrating the above materials. Laboratory fee \$6.00. (Littleford.)

Zool. 203. Advanced Embryology (4)—Second semester. Two lectures and two laboratory periods a week.

Mechanics of fertilization and growth. A review of the important contributions in the field of experimental embryology. Laboratory fee \$6.00. (Burhoe.)

Zool. 204. Advanced Animal Physiology (4)—First semester. Two lectures and two laboratory periods a week.

The principles of general and cellular physiology as found in animal life. Laboratory fee \$6.00. (Phillips.)

Zool. 205. Hydrobiology (4)—Second semester. Two lectures and two laboratory periods a week.

A study of the biological, chemical, and physical factors which determine the growth, distribution, and productivity of microscopic and near microscopic organisms in marine and freshwater environments with special reference to the Chesapeake Bay region. Laboratory fee \$6.00. (Littleford.) ZOOLOGY

385

Zool. 206. Research (credit to be arranged)—First and second semesters. Laboratory fee \$6.00 each semester (Staff.)

Zool. 207. Zoological Seminar (1)—First and second semesters. One lecture a week. (Staff.)

Zool. 208. Special Problems in General Physiology (3)—Second semester. Hours and credits arranged. Laboratory fee \$6.00. (Phillips.)

Zool. 220. Advanced Genetics (3)—Second semester. Two lectures and one laboratory period a week. Prerequisite, Zool. 104.

A consideration of salivary chromosomes, the nature of the gene, chromosome irregularities, polyploidy, and mutations. Breeding experiments with Drosophila and small mammals will be conducted. Laboratory fee \$6.00. (Burhoe.)

## SECTION V

# Resident Instruction at Baltimore

#### SCHOOL OF DENTISTRY

J. BEN ROBINSON, Dean

### History

The Baltimore College of Dental Surgery represents the first effort in history to offer institutional dental education to those anticipating the practice of dentistry.

The first lectures on dentistry in America were delivered by Dr. Horace H. Hayden in the University of Maryland, School of Medicine, between the years 1823-25. These lectures were interrupted in 1825 by internal dissensions in the School of Medicine and were discontinued. It was Dr. Hayden's idea that dental education merited greater attention than had been given it by medicine or could be given it by the preceptorial plan of dental teaching then in vogue.

Dr. Horace H. Hayden began the practice of dentistry in Baltimore in 1800. From that time he made a zealous attempt to lay the foundation for a scientific, serviceable dental profession. In 1831 Dr. Chapin A. Harris came to Baltimore to study under Hayden. Since Dr. Hayden's lectures had been interrupted at the University of Maryland and there was an apparent unsurmountable difficulty confronting the creation of dental departments in medical schools, an independent college was decided upon. A charter was applied for and granted by the Maryland Legislature February 1, 1840. The first Faculty meeting was held February 3, 1840, at which time Dr. Horace H. Hayden was elected President and Dr. Chapin A. Harris, Dean. The introductory lecture was delivered by Dr. Hayden on November 3, 1840, to the five students matriculating in the first class. Thus was created as the foundation of the present dental profession the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery, the first dental school in the world.

In 1839 the American Journal of Dental Science was founded, with Chapin A. Harris as its editor. Dr. Harris continued fully responsible for dentistry's initial venture into periodic dental literature to the time of his death. The files of the old American Journal of Dental Science testify to the fine contributions made by Dr. Harris. In 1840 the American Society of Dental Surgeons was founded, with Dr. Horace H. Hayden as its President. He continued as its President until his death in 1844. This Society was the beginning of dental organization in America, and was the forerunner of the American Dental Association, which now numbers approximately sixty-one thousand in its present membership. The foregoing description of important incidents in Baltimore suggests the unusual influence Baltimore dentists and the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery have exercised on the professional ideals and policies of American dentistry.

The Baltimore College of Dental Surgery became the Dental School of the University of Maryland in 1923.

## Building

The School of Dentistry is located at the northwest corner of Lombard and Greene Streets, adjoining the University Hospital. The building occupied by the Dental School provides approximately fifty thousand square feet of floor space, is fireproof, splendidly lighted and ventilated, and is ideally arranged for efficient use. It contains a sufficient number of large lecture rooms, classrooms, a library and reading room, science laboratories, technic laboratories, clinic rooms, and locker rooms. It is furnished with new equipment throughout.

### Library

The Dental School is fortunate in having one of the better equipped and organized dental libraries among the dental schools of the country. Library is located in the main building and consists of a stack room, offices and a reading room accommodating ninety-six students. Over 13,000 books and bound journals on dentistry and the collateral sciences, together with numerous pamphlets, reprints and unbound journals, are available for the student's use. More than 200 journals are regularly received by the Library. An adequate staff promotes the growth of the Library and assists the student body in the use of the Library's resources. The Library is financed by direct appropriations from the State, by the income from an endowment established by the Maryland State Dental Association and by the proceeds of the sale of books to students. One of the most important factors of the dental student's education is to teach him the value and the use of dental literature in his formal education and in promoting his usefulness and value to the profession during practice. The Baltimore College of Dental Surgery is ideally equipped to achieve this aim of dental instruction.

## Course of Instruction

The Baltimore College of Dental Surgery, Dental School, University of Maryland, offers a four-year course in dentistry devoted to instruction in the medical sciences, the dental sciences, and clinical practice.

# Requirements for Admission to the School of Dentistry

Applicants for admission must present evidence of having successfully completed two full years of work in an accredited college of arts and sciences based upon the completion of a four-year high-school course. No applicant will be considered who has not completed all requirements for advancement to the Junior year in the arts and sciences college from which he applies. His scholastic attainments shall be of such quality as to insure a high standard of achievement in the dental course.

The college course must include at least a year's credit in English, in biology, in physics, and in inorganic chemistry, and a half year's credit in organic chemistry. All courses in science should include both class and laboratory instruction. Formal credit in biology and physics, but not in

English and chemistry, may be waived in part or in whole in the case of exceptional students with three years or more of college credit earned in an accredited college or university.

The credentials of all students admitted to the Dental School, University of Maryland under the foregoing permissive regulation will be submitted for approval to the Council on Education of the American Dental Association.

## Requirements for Matriculation and Enrollment

In the selection of students to begin the study of dentistry the School considers particularly a candidate's proved ability in secondary education and his successful completion of prescribed courses in predental collegiate training. The requirements for admission and the academic regulations of the College of Arts and Sciences, University of Maryland, are strictly adhered to by the School of Dentistry.

## Fees and Expenses

A complete schedule of all fees and other expenses will be found in the separate Catalogue of the School of Dentistry, a copy of which may be obtained from the Dean, School of Dentistry, University of Maryland, Lombard and Greene Streets, Baltimore-1, Maryland.

## Advice to Predental Students

Students registered in the Predental Curriculum should secure a copy of the latest catalogue of the School of Dentistry early in their first year in college, in order to acquaint themselves with the requirements for admission.

#### The Faculty Council

MYRON S. AISENBERG, D.D.S.
GEORGE M. ANDERSON, D.D.S.
BRICE M. DORSEY, D.D.S.
GRAYSON W. GAVER, D.D.S.
WILLIAM E. HAHN, D.D.S., A.B., M.S.
HARRY B. MCCARTHY, D.D.S., B.S.
ERNEST B. NUTTALL, D.D.S.
KENNETH V. RANDOLPH, D.D.S.
J. BEN ROBINSON, D.D.S., D.SC.

#### Emeritus

BURT B. IDE, D.D.S., Professor of Operative Dentistry

#### Professors

MYRON S. AISENBERG, D.D.S., Professor of Pathology GEORGE M. ANDERSON. D.D.S., Professor of Orthodontics JOSEPH C. BIDDIX, Jr., D.D.S., Professor of Oral Diagnosis EDWARD C. DOBBS, D.D.S., Professor of Pharmacology BRICE M. DORSEY, D.D.S., Professor of Oral Surgery

GRAYSON W. GAVER, D.D.S., Professor of Dental Prosthesis

WILLIAM E. HAHN, D.D.S., A.B., M.S., Professor of Anatomy

HARRY B. McCARTHY, D.D.S., B.S., Director of Clinics

MARION W. McCrea, D.D.S., M.S., Professor of Embryology and Histology

ERNEST B. NUTTALL, D.D.S., Professor of Crown and Bridge

ROBERT H. OSTER, Ph.D., Professor of Physiology

KENNETH V. RANDOLPH, D.D.S., Professor of Operative Dentistry

J. BEN ROBINSON, D.D.S., D.Sc., Dean, Professor of Dental History and Dental Ethics

E. G. VANDEN BOSCHE, Ph.D., Professor of Biochemistry

### Associate Professors

PAUL A. DEEMS, D.D.S., Associate Professor of Dental Anatomy and
Instructor in Clinical Orthodontics

HAROLD GOLTON, D.D.S., Associate Professor of Oral Diagnosis

KARL F. GREMPLER, D.D.S., Associate Professor of Operative Dentistry

HUGH T. HICKS, D.D.S., Associate Professor of Periodontology

GEORGE C. KARN, D.D.S., Associate Professor of Oral Roentgenology

NATHAN B. SCHERR, D.D.S., Associate Professor of Dentistry for Children

DONALD E. SHAY, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Bacteriology Guy P. Thompson, A.M., Associate Professor of Anatomy

L. EDWARD WARNER, D.D.S., Associate Professor of Dental Prosthesis

J. HERBERT WILKERSON, M.D., Associate Professor of Oral Surgery

#### Assistant Professors

RUPERT S. ANDERSON, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of Physiology

BENJAMIN A. DABROWSKI, A.B., D.D.S., Assistant Professor of Clinical Oral Roentgenology

MEYER EGGNATZ, D.D.S., Assistant Professor of Clinical Orthodontics Josephine V. Ezekiel, Director of Visual Aid

GARDNER P. H. FOLEY, M.A., Assistant Professor of Dental History and Dental Literature

LEON M. MAZZOTTA, D.D.S., Assistant Professor of Operative Dentistry GEORGE McLean, M.D., Assistant Professor of Physical Diagnosis and Principles of Medicine

WILBUR O. RAMSEY, D.D.S., Assistant Professor of Clinical Dental Prosthesis

LEWIS C. TOOMEY, JR., D.D.S., Assistant Professor of Oral Surgery B. SARGENT WELLS, D.D.S., Assistant Professor of Dental Technics RILEY S. WILLIAMSON, JR., D.D.S., Assistant Professor of Dental Materials

## Special Lecturers

FREDERICK C. DYE, M.D., Associate Professor of Anesthesiology (School of Medicine)

HARRY M. ROBINSON, M.D., Professor of Dermatology (School of Medicine)

F. NOEL SMITH, D.D.S., Special Lecturer in Dental Prosthesis

JOHN S. STRAHORN, JR., A.B., LL.B., S.J.D., J.S.D., Professor of Law (School of Law)

GRANT E. WARD, A.B., M.D., Associate Professor of Surgery and Oral Surgery (School of Medicine)

#### Instructors

Children

CARL E. BAILEY, D.D.S., Instructor in Dental Materials and Prosthetic Technics

JOSEPH R. BEARD, D.D.S., Instructor in Clinical Crown and Bridge STERRETT P. BEAVEN, D.D.S., Instructor in Clinical Operative Dentistry DOUGLAS A. BROWNING, D.D.S., Instructor in Crown and Bridge SAMUEL H. BRYANT, A.B., D.D.S., Instructor in Clinical Oral Diagnosis MORRIS E. COBERTH, D.D.S., Instructor in Clinical Dentistry for

HARRY W. F. DRESSEL, JR., D.D.S., Instructor in Clinical Operative Dentistry

A. Bernard Eskow, D.D.S., Instructor in Clinical Periodontology Russell Gigliotti, D.D.S., Instructor in Clinical Oral Diagnosis Conrad L. Inman, D.D.S., Instructor in Anesthetics

STANLEY M. KOTULA, D.D.S., Instructor in Clinical Dental Prosthesis ALGERT P. LAZAUSKAS, D.D.S., Instructor in Clinical Operative Dentistry

RICHARD C. LEONARD, D.D.S., M.S.P.H., Instructor in Public Health Dentistry

ROBERT G. MILLER, D.D.S., Instructor in Dental Anatomy and Clinical Oral Roentgenology

EUGENE L. PESSAGNO, A.B., D.D.S., Instructor in Clinical Operative Dentistry

BURTON R. POLLACK, D.D.S., Instructor in Anatomy

LEONARD RAPOPORT, B.S., D.D.S., Instructor in Pharmacology

D. ROBERT SWINEHART, B.A., D.D.S., Instructor in Clinical Orthodontics EARLE H. WATSON, D.D.S., Instructor in Dental Materials and Prosthetic Technics

MILLICENT L. YAMIN, B.S., Instructor in Embryology and Histology

# Physician in Charge of Student Health

W. KENNEDY WALLER, A.B., M.D.

## Graduate Assistants

JOSEPH P. CAPPUCCIO, B.S., D.D.S., Graduate Assistant in Oral Surgery LAWRENCE J. EDBERG, B.S., Graduate Assistant in Biochemistry HOWARD M. JOHNSON, D.D.S., Graduate Assistant in Oral Surgery GEORGE W. SCHMERSAHL, B.B., Graduate Assistant in Bacteriology CHARLES I. SMITH, B.S., Graduate Assistant in Biochemistry

#### Fellow

NANCY W. KIEHNE, A.B., School of Dentistry Fellow in Visual Aids

#### Administrative Assistant

KATHARINE TOOMEY

### SCHOOL OF LAW

ROGER HOWELL, Dean

The School of Law is a member of the Association of American Law Schools, an association composed of the leading law schools in the United States, whose member schools are required to maintain high standards of entrance requirements, faculty, library and curriculum. It, also, has been officially recognized by the Council of Legal Education of the American Bar Association as meeting the standards of that association, and has been placed upon its approved list. It is registered as an approved law school on the New York Regents' list. It is the only school in Maryland so recognized or which offers what is regarded by those agencies as proper preparation for the practice of law and whose standards of admission and instruction meet with their approval.

#### History

While the faculty of law of the University of Maryland was chosen in 1813, and published in 1817 "A Course of Legal Study Addressed to Students and the Profession Generally," which the North American Review pronounced to be "by far the most perfect system for the study of law which has ever been offered to the public," and which recommended a course of study so comprehensive as to require for its completion six or seven years, no regular school of instruction in law was opened until 1823. The institution thus established was suspended in 1836 for lack of financial support. In 1869 the School of Law was reorganized, and in 1870 regular instruction therein was resumed. From time to time the course of study has been made more comprehensive and the staff of instructors strengthened. Graduates of the School now number more than thirty-five hundred, and include a large proportion of the leaders of the Bench and Bar of the State of Maryland and many who have attained prominence in the profession elsewhere.

#### Building

The Law School Building is located at the southeast corner of Redwood and Greene Streets, Baltimore. In addition to providing classrooms, and offices for the Law Faculty, it contains a large auditorium, practice-court room, students' lounge and locker rooms, and the law library, the latter containing a collection of some twenty thousand carefully selected textbooks, English and American reports, leading legal periodicals, digests, and standard encyclopedias. The library is open from 9.00 a. m. to 10.30 p. m. on weekdays.

### Organization

The School of Law has two divisions: the Day School for students devoting their full time to the study of law, and the Evening School for part-time students. The same curriculum is offered in each school, and the standards of work and graduation requirements are the same.

The Day School course covers a period of three years of thirty-two weeks each, exclusive of holidays. The class sessions are held during the day, chiefly in the morning hours. The Practice Court sessions are held on Monday evenings from 8.00 to 10.00 p. m.

The Evening School course covers a period of four years of thirty-six weeks each, exclusive of holidays. The class sessions are held on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday evenings of each week from 6.30 to 9.40 p.m. This plan leaves the alternate evenings for study and preparation by the student.

## Course of Instruction

The course of instruction in the School of Law is intended to equip the student for the practice of his profession. Instruction is offered in the various branches of the common law, of equity, of the statute law of Maryland, and of the statute and public law of the United States. The course of study is designed to give the student a broad view of the origin, development, and function of law, together with a thorough practical knowledge of its principles and their application. Analytical study is made of the principles of substantive and procedural law, and a carefully directed practice court enables the student to get an intimate working knowledge of procedure.

Special attention is given to the statutes in force in Maryland, and to any peculiarities of the law in that State, where there are such. All of the subjects upon which the applicant for the Bar in Maryland is examined are included in the curriculum. But the curriculum includes all of the more important branches of public and private law, and will prepare the student adequately for admission to the Bar of other States.

## Admission

The requirements for admission are those of the Association of American Law Schools. Applicants for admission as candidates for a degree are required to produce evidence of the completion of at least one-half the work acceptable for a Bachelor's degree granted on the basis of a four-year period of study by the State University of the State in which the pre-law work is taken, or other standard college or university in such State. Not more than 10 per cent of the credit presented for admission may include credit earned in non-theory courses in military science, hygiene, domestic arts, physical education, vocal or instrumental music, or other courses without intellectual content of substantial value. All pre-legal work must have been done in residence and must have been passed with a scholastic average at least equal to the average required for graduation in the institution attended

In compliance with the rules of the Association of American Law Schools, a limited number of special students, not exceeding 10 per cent of the average number of students admitted as beginning regular law students during the two preceding years, applying for admission with less than the academic credit required of candidates for the law degree, may be admitted as candidates for the certificate of the school, but not for the degree, where, in the opinion of the Faculty Council, special circumstances, such as the maturity and apparent ability of the student, seem to justify a deviation from the rule requiring at least two years of college work. Such applicants must be at least twenty-three years of age and specially equipped by training and experience for the study of law.

## Requirements for Graduation

The degree of Bachelor of Laws (or in the case of a Special Student, the certificate of proficiency in law) will be conferred upon a candidate who has successfully completed courses totalling at least 80 semester hours, in at least three-fourths of which he must have received a grade of C or higher; a candidate who has failed in not more than one subject will be be recommended for graduation if his general weighted average including such failure is at least 2.0 (C). A candidate with a general weighted average in all his work of not less than 3.15 will be recommended for graduation with honor. A candidate standing in the first tenth of the graduating class and with a general weighted average in all his work of not less than 3.25 is eligible for election to the Order of the Coif, the national lay-school honor society.

# Combined Program of Study Leading to the Degree of Bachelor of Arts and Bachelor of Laws

The University offers a combined program in liberal arts and law, leading to the degrees of Bachelor of Arts and Bachelor of Laws.

Students enrolled in this combined program spend the first three years of their course in the College of Arts and Sciences at College Park. For the fourth year they register in the School of Law, and upon the successful completion of the work of the first year in the Day School, or the equivalent work in the Evening School, are awarded the degree of Bachelor of Arts. The degree of Bachelor of Laws is awarded upon the successful completion of the work prescribed for graduation in the School of Law. For detailed information as to this combined course, see Section II, College of Arts and Sciences.

# Combined Program of Study Leading to the Degrees of Bachelor of Science and Bachelor of Laws

The University also offers a combined program in business and public administration and law leading to the degrees of Bachelor of Science and Bachelor of Laws.

Students pursuing this combined program are required to spend the first three years in the College of Business and Public Administration at College Park. For the fourth year they will register in the School of Law, and upon the successful completion of the work of the first year in the Day School, or the equivalent thereof in the Evening School, are awarded the degree of Bachelor of Science. The degree of Bachelor of Laws is awarded upon the completion of the work prescribed for graduation in the School of Law.

For detailed information as to this combined course, see Section II, College of Business and Public Administration.

# Admission to Advanced Standing

Students complying with the requirements for admission to the school who have, in addition, successfully pursued the study of law elsewhere in a law school which is either a member of the Association of American Law Schools or approved by the American Bar Association, may, in the discretion of the Faculty Council, upon presentation of a certificate from such law school showing an honorable dismissal therefrom, and the successful completion of equivalent courses therein, covering at least as many hours as are required for such subjects in this school, receive credit for such courses and be admitted to advanced standing. No student transferring from another law school will be admitted unless eligible to return to the school from which he transfers. No degree will be conferred until after one year of residence and study at the University of Maryland School of Law.

Fees and Expenses	Maryland	Non-
Tuition Fee, per semester:	Residents	Residents
Day School	\$100.00	\$125.00
Evening School	75.00	100.00
Other Fees: (Payable only once)		
Application fee, to accompany application	5.00	5.00
Matriculation fee, payable on first registration	10.00	10.00
Diploma fee, payable just before graduation	15.00	15.00

NOTE: The tuition fee is payable in full at the time of registration for each semester.

# The Faculty Council

RANDOLPH BARTON, JR., ESQ., A.B., LL.B. HON. W. CALVIN CHESNUT, A.B., LL.B. EDWIN T. DICKERSON, ESQ., A.M., LL.B. ROGER HOWELL, ESQ., A.B., Ph.D., LL.B. EDWIN G. W. RUGE, ESQ., A.B., LL.B. G. RIDGELY SAPPINGTON, ESQ., LL.B. HON. MORRIS A. SOPER, A.B., LL.B. JOHN S. STRAHORN, JR., A.B., LL.B., S.J.D., J.S.D.

# Faculty

BRIDGEWATER M. ARNOLD, A.B., LL.B., Professor of Law
GEORGE O. BLOME, LL.B., Director of Practice Court
J. Wallace Bryan, A.B., Ph.D., LL.B., Lecturer on Pleading
JAMES T. CARTER, A.B., LL.B., Ph.D., Lecturer on Contracts
RICHARD W. CASE, A,B., LL.B., Lecturer on Taxation
L. Whiting Farinholt, Jr., A.B., Ll.B., Associate Professor of Law
Hon. Eli Frank, A.B., Ll.B., Professor Emeritus of Law
GEORGE GUMP, A.B., Ll.B., Lecturer on Taxation
ROGER HOWELL, A.B., Ph.D., Ll.B., Dean and Professor of Law
FREDERICK W. INVERNIZZI, A.B., Ll.B., Associate Professor of Law
LAURENCE M. JONES, A.B., J.D., LL.M., S.J.D., Professor of Law
JOHN H. LEWIN, A.B., LL.B., Lecturer on Administrative Law
GERALD MONSMAN, A.B., LL.B., J.D., Supervisor Legal Aid Clinic
HON. EMORY H. NILES, A.B., B.A., B.C.L., M.A., Ll.B., Lecturer on
Admiralty and Evidence
REUBEN Oppenheimer, A.B., Ll.B., Lecturer on Administrative Law

REUBEN OPPENHEIMER, A.B., LL.B., Lecturer on Administrative Law RUSSELL R. RENO, A.B., LL.B., LL.M., Professor of Law EDWIN G. W. RUGE, A.B., LL.B., Professor of Law G. RIDGELY SAPPINGTON, LL.B., Lecturer on Practice JOHN S. STRAHORN, JR., A.B., LL.B., S.J.D., J.S.D., Professor of Law R. DORSEY WATKINS, A.B., Ph.D., LL.B., Lecturer on Torts

The School of Law publishes a special catalogue, and a copy of this, or any further information desired, may be secured from: Dean, School of Law, University of Maryland, Redwood and Greene Streets, Baltimore 1, Maryland.

### THE SCHOOL OF MEDICINE

H. BOYD WYLIE, M.D., Acting Dean

# History of the School of Medicine

The present School of Medicine, with the title University of Maryland School of Medicine and College of Physicians and Surgeons, is the result of a consolidation and merger of the University of Maryland School of Medicine with the Baltimore Medical College (1913) and the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Baltimore (1915).

Through the merger with the Baltimore Medical College, an institution of thirty-two years' growth, the facilities of the School of Medicine were enlarged in faculty, equipment and hospital connection.

The College of Physicians and Surgeons was incorporated in 1872, and established on Hanover Street in a building afterward known as the *Maternité*, the first obstetrical hospital in Maryland. In 1878 union was effected with the Washington University School of Medicine, in existence since 1827, and the college was removed to Calvert and Saratoga Streets. Through the consolidation with the College of Physicians and Surgeons, medical control of the teaching beds in the Mercy Hospital was obtained.

The School of Medicine of the University of Maryland is one of the oldest foundations for medical education in America, ranking fifth in point of age among the medical colleges of the United States. It was organized in 1807 and chartered in 1808 under the name of the College of Medicine of Maryland, and its first class was graduated in 1810. In 1812 the College was empowered by the Legislature to annex three other colleges or faculties: Divinity, Law, and Arts and Sciences; and the four colleges thus united were "constituted an University by the name and under the title of the University of Maryland."

The original building of the Medical School at the N. E. corner of Lombard and Greene Streets was erected in 1812. It is the oldest structure in this country from which the degree of doctor of medicine has been granted annually since its erection. In this building were founded one of the first medical libraries and one of the first medical school libraries in the United States.

At this Medical School dissection was made a compulsory part of the curriculum, and independent chairs for the teaching of gynecology and pediatrics (1867), and of ophthalmology and otology (1873), were installed for the first time in America.

This School of Medicine was one of the first to provide for adequate clinical instruction by the erection of its own hospital in 1823. In this hospital intramural residency for senior students was established for the first time.

# **Buildings and Facilities**

The original medical building at the N. E. corner of Lombard and Greene Streets houses the Office of the Dean, Office of the Assistant Dean and two lecture halls.

The Administration Building, to the east of the original building, contains the Baltimore offices of the Registrar and the Director of Admissions and two lecture halls.

The laboratory building, at 31 South Greene Street is occupied by the departments of Pathology, Bacteriology and Biochemistry.

The Frank C. Bressler Research Laboratory provides the departments of Anatomy, Histology and Embryology, Pharmacology, Physiology and Clinical Pathology with facilities for teaching and research. It also houses the research laboratories of the clinical departments, animal quarters, a laboratory for teaching Operative Surgery, a lecture hall and the Bressler Memorial Room.

This building was erected in 1939-1940 at 29 South Greene Street opposite the University Hospital. It was built with funds left to the School of Medicine by the late Frank C. Bressler, an alumnus, supplemented by a grant from the Federal government. The structure, in the shape of an I, extends east from Greene Street, just north of the original building.

### Medical Library

HOWARD ROVELSTAD, A.B., M.A., B.S.L.SActing Director of Librari	28
IDA MARIAN ROBINSON, A.B., B.S.L.SLibrario	n
MARY ELIZABETH HICKS, A.B., B.S.L.S	n
FLORENCE R. KIRK	n
EDITH R. McIntosh, A.M., A.B.L.S	er
CHARLOTTE JUBB	27

The Medical Library of the University of Maryland, founded in 1813 by the purchase of the collection of Dr. John Crawford, now numbers 27,854 volumes and several thousand pamphlets and reprints. Over three hundred of the leading medical journals, both foreign and domestic, are received regularly. The library is housed in Davidge Hall, a comfortable and commodious building in close proximity to classrooms and laboratories, and is open daily for the use of members of the faculty, the student body and the profession generally. Libraries pertaining to particular phases of medicine are maintained by several departments of the medical school.

The library of the Medical and Chirurgical Faculty of Maryland and the Welch Medical Library are open to students of the medical school without charge. Other libraries of Baltimore are the Peabody Library and the Enoch Pratt Free Library.

# Dispensary Building

The old hospital building has been remodeled and is occupied by the Out-patient Department. Thus the students have been provided with a splendidly appointed group of clinics for their training in out-patient work. All departments of clinical training are represented in this remodeled building and all changes have been predicated on the teaching function for which this department is intended.

The office of the Medical School Physician is located in this building. The Department of Art also occupies quarters here.

# University Hospital

The University Hospital, which is the property of the University of Maryland, is the oldest institution for the care of the sick in the state of Maryland. It was opened in September 1823, under the name of the Baltimore Infirmary, and at that time consisted of but four wards, one of which was reserved for patients with diseases of the eye.

In 1933-1934 the new University Hospital was erected and patients were admitted to this building in November 1934. The new hospital is situated at the southwest corner of Redwood and Greene Streets, and is consequently opposite the medical school buildings. The students, therefore, are in close proximity and little time is lost in passing from the lecture halls and laboratories to the clinical facilities of the new building.

This new building, with its modern planning, makes a particularly attractive teaching hospital and is a very valuable addition to the clinical facilities of the medical school.

The new hospital has a capacity of 435 beds and 70 bassinets devoted to general medicine, surgery, obstetrics, pediatrics, and the various medical and surgical specialties.

The teaching zone extends from the second to the eighth floor and comprises wards for surgery, medicine, obstetrics, pediatrics, and a large clinical lecture hall. There are approximately 270 beds available for teaching.

The space of the whole north wing of the second floor is occupied by the department of roentgenology. The east wing houses clinical pathology and special laboratories for clinical microscopy, biochemistry, bacteriology, and an especially well appointed laboratory for students' training. The south wing provides space for electro-cardiographic and basal metabolism departments, with new and very attractive air-conditioned or oxygen therapy cubicles. The west wing contains the departments of rhinolaryngology and bronchoscopy, industrial surgery, ophthalmology, and male and female cystoscopy.

The third and fourth floors each provide two medical and two surgical wards. The fifth floor contains two wards for pediatrics, and on the sixth floor there are two wards for ebstetrics. Each ward occupies the space of one wing of the hospital.

On the seventh floor is the general operating suite, the delivery suite, and the central supply station. The eighth floor is essentially a students' floor and affords a mezzanine over the operating and delivery suites, and a students' entrance to the clinical lecture hall.

In the basement there is a very well appointed pathological department with a large teaching autopsy room and its adjunct service of instruction of students in pathological anatomy.

The hospital receives a large number of accident patients because of its proximity to the largest manufacturing and shipping districts of the city.

The obstetrical service is particularly well arranged and provides accommodation for forty ward patients. This service, combined with an extensive home service, assures the student abundant obstetrical training.

During the year ending December 31, 1946, 2,092 cases were delivered in the hospital and 675 cases in the outdoor department. Students in the graduating class observed at least thirty-five cases, each student being required to deliver at least ten patients in their homes.

The dispensaries associated with the University Hospital and the Mercy Hospital are organized upon a uniform plan in order that the teaching may be the same in each. Each dispensary has the following departments: medicine, surgery, pediatrics, ophthalmology, otology, genito-urinary, gynecology, gastroenterology, neurology, orthopaedics, proctology, dermatology, laryngology, rhinology, cardiology, tuberculosis, psychiatry, oral surgery and oncology.

All students in their junior year work each day during one-third of the year in the departments of medicine and surgery of the dispensaries. In their senior year, all students work one hour each day in the special departments.

# Mercy Hospital

The Sisters of Mercy first assumed charge of the Hospital at the corner of Calvert and Saratoga Streets, then owned by the Washington University, in 1874. By the merger of 1878 the Hospital came under the control of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, but the Sisters continued their work of ministering to the patients.

In a very few years it became apparent that the City Hospital, as it was then called, was much too small to accommodate the rapidly growing demands upon it. However, it was not until 1888 that the Sisters of Mercy, with the assistance of the Faculty of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, were able to lay the cornerstone of the present hospital. This building was completed and occupied late in 1889. Since then the growing demands for more space have compelled the erection of additions, until now there are accommodations for 348 patients.

In 1909 the name was changed from The Baltimore City Hospital to Mercy Hospital.

The clinical material in the free wards is under the exclusive control of the Faculty of the University of Maryland School of Medicine and College of Physicians and Surgeons.

# The Baltimore City Hospitals

The clinical facilities of the School of Medicine have been largely increased by the liberal decision of the Department of Public Welfare to allow the use of the wards of these hospitals for medical education. The autopsy material also is available for student instruction.

Members of the junior class make daily visits to these hospitals for clinical instruction in medicine, surgery, and the specialties.

The Baltimore City Hospitals consist of the following separate divisions:

The General Hospital, 400 beds, 90 bassinets.

The Hospital for Chronic Cases, 575 beds.

The Hospital for Tuberculosis, 280 beds.

Infirmary (Home for Aged) 700 beds.

# The James Lawrence Kernan Hospital and Industrial School of Maryland for Crippled Children

This institution is situated on an estate of 75 acres at Dickeyville. The site is within the northwestern city limits and of easy access to the city proper.

The location is ideal for the treatment of children, in that it affords all the advantages of sunshine and country air.

A hospital unit, complete in every respect, offers all modern facilities for the care of any orthopaedic condition in children.

The hospital is equipped with 100 beds—endowed, and city and state supported.

The orthopaedic dispensary at the University Hospital is maintained in closest affiliation and cares for the cases discharged from the Kernan Hospital. The physical therapy department is very well equipped with modern apparatus and trained personnel. Occupational therapy has been fully established and developed under trained technicians.

# The Baltimore Eye, Ear, and Throat Hospital

This institution was first organized and operated in 1882 as an outgrowth of the Baltimore Eye and Ear Dispensary, which closed on June 14, 1882. The name then given to the new hospital was The Baltimore Eye and Ear Charity Hospital. It was located at the address now known as 625 W. Franklin St. The out-patient department was opened on September 18, 1882 and the hospital proper on November 1 of the same year. In 1898 a new building afforded 24 free beds and 8 private rooms; by 1907 the beds numbered 47; at present there are 60 beds, 29 of which are free. In 1922 the present hospital building at 1214 Eutaw Place was secured and in 1926

the dispensary was opened. In 1928 a clinical laboratory was installed. During 1943 the out-patient visits numbered 18,989.

Through the kindness of the Hospital Board and Staff, our junior students have access to the dispensary which they visit in small groups for instruction in ophthalmology.

# REQUIREMENTS FOR ADMISSION

# Method of Making Application

Application forms may be filed one calendar year before the next incoming class. These forms may be secured from the Committee on Admissions, School of Medicine, University of Maryland, Baltimore-1, Maryland.

# Application for Admission to the First Year

Application for admission is made by filing the required form and by having all pertinent data sent directly to the Committee on Admissions, in accordance with the instructions accompanying the application.

# Application for Admission to Advanced Standing

Students who have attended approved medical schools are eligible to file applications for admission to the second- and third-year classes. These applicants must be prepared to meet the current first-year entrance requirements in addition to presenting acceptable medical school credentials, and a medical school record based on courses which are quantitatively and qualitatively equivalent to similar courses in this school.

Application to advanced standing is made in accordance with the instructions accompanying the application form.

#### Minimum Requirements for Admission

The minimum requirements for admission to the School of Medicine are:

- (a) Graduation from an approved secondary school, or the equivalent in entrance examinations, and
- (b) Three academic years of acceptable college credit, exclusive of physical education and military sciences, earned in an approved college of arts and sciences. The quantity and quality of this course of study shall be not less than that required for senior standing by the institution where the college courses are being, or have been, studied.

The premedical curriculum shall include basic courses in

English
Biology
Inorganic Chemistry
Organic Chemistry
Physics
French or German

and such elective courses as will complete a balanced three-year schedule of study. The elective courses should be selected from the following three groups:

#### Humanities

English (an advanced course in English composition should be taken, if possible)
Scientific German or French (A reading knowledge of either language is desirable, although German is preferred)

# Natural Sciences

Vertebrate Embryology Comparative Vertebrate Anatomy Quantitative Analysis Physical Chemistry Mathematics

# Social Sciences

Economics
History
Political Science
Psychology (a basic course is desirable)
Sociology, etc.

# Philosophy

Careful attention should be given to the selection of elective courses in the natural sciences. Accordingly, it is suggested that the elective list given above be a guide in this connection and that the remainder of the college credits be accumulated from courses designed to promote a broad cultural development. Students should avoid the inclusion of college courses in subjects that occur in the medical curriculum, for example, histology, histological technique, human anatomy, bacteriology, physiology, neurology, physiological chemistry.

It is not intended that these suggestions be interpreted to restrict the education of students who exhibit an aptitude for the natural sciences or to limit the development of students who plan to follow research work in the field of medicine.

In accepting candidates for admission, preference will be given to those applicants who have acceptable scholastic records in secondary school and college, satisfactory scores in the Professional Aptitude Test, favorable letters of recommendation from their premedical committees, or from one instructor in each of the departments of biology, chemistry, and physics, and who in all other respects give every promise of becoming successful students and physicians of high standing.

Those candidates for admissions who are unconditionally accepted will receive a certificate of matriculation from the Office of the Dean.

### Combined Course in Arts and Sciences and Medicine

A combined seven years' curriculum leading to the degrees of Bachelor of Science and Doctor of Medicine is offered by the University of Maryland. The first three years are taken in residence in the College of Arts and Sciences at College Park, and the last four years in the School of Medicine in Baltimore. (See University of Maryland general catalogue for details of quantitative and qualitative premedical course requirements.)

If a candidate for the combined degree completes the work of the first year in the School of Medicine with an average of "C" or better, and if he has absolved the quantitative and qualitative premedical requirements set up by the University, he is eligible to recommendation by the Dean of the School of Medicine that the degree of Bachelor of Science be conferred.

Because the general commencement at College Park usually takes place before the School of Medicine is prepared to release grades of the firstyear class, this combined degree of Bachelor of Science is conferred at the commencement following the candidate's second year of residence in the School of Medicine.

### State Medical Student Qualifying Certificates

Candidates for admission who live in or expect to practice medicine in Pennsylvania, New Jersey or New York, should apply to their respective state boards of education for medical student qualifying certificates (Pennsylvania and New Jersey) or approval of applications for medical student qualifying certificates (New York).

Those students who are accepted must file satisfactory State certificates in the office of the Committee on Admissions, School of Medicine, before registration. No exceptions will be made to this requirement.

# Addresses of the State Certifying Offices

Director of Credentials Section, Pennsylvania Department of Public Instruction, Harrisburg, Pa.

Chief of the Bureau of Credentials, New Jersey Department of Public Instruction, Trenton, N. J.

Supervisor of Qualifying Certificates, The State Education Department, Examinations and Inspections Division, Albany, N. Y.

#### Definition of Residence Status of Students\*

Students who are minors are considered to be resident students if, at the time of their registration, the parents\* have been residents of this State for at least one year.

Adult students are considered to be resident students if, at the time of their registration, they have been residents of this State for at least one year, provided such residence has not been acquired while attending any school or college in Maryland.

The status of the residence of a student is determined at the time of his first registration in the university and may not thereafter be changed by him unless, in the case of a minor, his parents\* move to and become legal residents of this state by maintaining such residence for at least one full calendar year. However, the right of the student (minor) to change from

<sup>•</sup> The term "parents" includes persons who, by reason of death or other unusual circumstances, have been legally constituted the guardians of or stand in loco parentis to such minor students.

a non-resident to a resident status must be established by him prior to registration for a semester in any academic year.

#### CURRENT FEES

Matriculation fee (paid once)	\$10.00
Tuition fee (each year)—Residents of Maryland	450.00
Tuition fee (each year)—Non-Residents	600.00
Laboratory fee (each year)	25.00
Student health service fee (each year)	20.00
Maintenance and service fee (each year)	5.00
Student Activities fee (each year)	10.00
Graduation fee	15.00
Re-examination fee (each subject)	5.00
Transcript fee to graduates. First copy gratis, each copy	
thereafter	1.00

# Rules for Payment of Fees

No fees are returnable.

Make all checks or money orders payable to the University of Maryland.

When offering checks or money orders in payment of tuition and other fees, students are requested to have them drawn in the exact amount of such fees. Personal checks whose face value is in excess of the fees due will be accepted for collection only.

Acceptance.—Payment of the matriculation fee of \$10.00 and a deposit on tuition of \$50.00 is required of accepted applicants before the expiration date specified in the offer of acceptance. This \$60.00 deposit is not returnable and will be forfeited if the applicant fails to register, or it will be applied to the applicant's first semester's charges on registration.

Registration.—All students, after proper certification, are required to register at the Office of the Comptroller, Gray Laboratory. (See current Medical School bulletin for dates for the payments of fees, and the note regarding late registration fee.)

One-half of the tuition fee, the laboratory fee, the student health fee, the student activities fee, and the maintenance and service fee are payable on the date specified for registration for the first semester.

The remainder of the tuition fee shall be paid on the date designated for the payment of fees for the second semester. Fourth year students shall pay the graduation fee, in addition, at this time.

#### Penalty for Non-Payment of Fees

If semester fees are not paid in full on the specified registration dates, a penalty of \$5.00 will be added.

If a satisfactory settlement, or an agreement for settlement, is not made with the Business Office within ten days after a payment is due, the student

automatically is debarred from attendance on classes and will forfeit the other priviliges of the School of Medicine.

#### Reexamination Fee

A student who is eligible to reexaminations must pay the comptroller \$5.00 for each subject in which he is to be examined, and he must present the receipt to the faculty member giving the examination before he will be permitted to take the examination.

# Faculty of Medicine

#### EMERITI

J. FRANK CROUCH, M.D.

Professor of Clinical Ophthalmology and Otology, Emeritus HARRY FRIEDENWALD, A.B., M.D., D.H.L., D.Sc.

Professor of Ophthalmology, Emeritus

J. M. H. ROWLAND, M.D., D.Sc., LL.D.

Professor of Obstetrics, Emeritus; Dean, Emeritus J. DAWSON REEDER, M.D......Professor of Proctology, Emeritus HENRY J. WALTON, M.D..................Professor of Roentgenology, Emeritus PAGE EDMUNDS, M.D............Professor of Traumatic Surgery, Emeritus RUTH LEE BRISCOE......Librarian, Emeritus

ALBERTUS COTTON, M.A., M.D.

Professor of Orthopaedic Surgery, and Roentgenology, Emeritus JOSEPH E. GICHNER, M.D.

Professor of Clinical Medicine and Physical Therapeutics, Emeritus HARVEY G. BECK, M.D., D.Sc. Professor of Clinical Medicine, Emeritus IRVING J. SPEAR, M.D., ... Professor of Neurology, Emeritus

# Faculty Board

# H. BOYD WYLIE, Acting Dean

WILLIAM R. AMBERSON FRANKLIN B. ANDERSON JAMES G. ARNOLD, JR. WALTER A. BAETJER CHARLES BAGLEY, JR. J. McFarland Bergland Paul W. Clough CHARLES F. BLAKE OTTO C. BRANTIGAN · HOWARD M. BUBERT T. NELSON CAREY

C. JELLEFF CARR THOMAS R. CHAMBERS CARL DAME CLARKE ROSS MCC. CHAPMAN CLYDE A. CLAPP RICHARD G. COBLENTZ BEVERLY C. COMPTON CHARLES N. DAVIDSON ROSS DAVIES

CARL L. DAVIS LOUIS H. DOUGLASS FREDERICK C. DYE J. S. EASTLAND C. REID EDWARDS MONTE EDWARDS FRANK H. J. FIGGE LEON FREEDOM EDGAR B. FRIEDENWALD THOMAS K. GALVIN

MOSES GELLMAN ANDREW C. GILLIS HENRY F. GRAFF LEWIS P. GUNDRY FRANK W. HACHTEL O. G. HARNE HAROLD E. HARRISON HORACE HODES CYRUS F. HORINE HARRY C. HULL J. MASON HUNDLEY, JR. ELLIOTT H. HUTCHINS EDWARD S. JOHNSON F. L. JENNINGS C. LORING JOSLIN HUGH W. JOSEPHS WALTER L. KILBY EDWARD A. KITLOWSKI JOHN C. KRANTZ, JR. VERNON E. KRAHL LOUIS A. M. KRAUSE KENNETH D. LEGGE R. W. LOCHER G. CARROLL LOCKARD EDWARD A. LOOPER

WILLIAM S. LOVE, JR. JOHN F. LUTZ STANLEY H. MACHT HOWARD J. MALDEIS N. CLYDE MARVEL CHARLES W. MAXSON JAMES C. MCALPINE WALTER C. MERKEL ZACHARIAH MORGAN THEODORE H. MORRISON ALFRED T. NELSON H. W. NEWELL EMIL NOVAK THOMAS R. O'ROURK ROBERT H. OSTER C. W. PEAKE D. J. PESSAGNO H. R. Peters MAURICE C. PINCOFFS J. G. M. Reese CHARLES A.

REIFSCHNEIDER DEXTER L. REIMANN BENJAMIN S. RICH COMPTON RIELY

HARRY M.

ROBINSON, SR. HARRY L. ROGERS MILTON S. SACKS EMIL G. SCHMIDT ARTHUR M. SHIPLEY DIETRICH C. SMITH R. Dale Smith WILLIAM H. SMITH HUGH R. SPENCER THOMAS P. SPRUNT W. Houston Toulson RALPH P. TRUITT EDUARD UHLENHUTH HENRY F. ULLRICH ALLEN F. VOSHELL JOHN A. WAGNER GRANT E. WARD C. GARDNER WARNER HUNTINGTON WILLIAMS WALTER D. WISE THOMAS C. WOLFF ROBERT B. WRIGHT GEORGE H. YEAGER WAITMAN F. ZINN

# Executive Committee of the Faculty

# H. BOYD WYLIE, Acting Dean

Louis H. Douglass CHARLES REID EDWARDS FRANK W. HACHTEL

J. MASON HUNDLEY, JR. MAURICE C. PINCOFFS ARTHUR M. SHIPLEY

HUGH R. SPENCER

### FACULTY OF MEDICINE

#### **Professors**

WILLIAM R. AMBERSON, Ph.D., Professor of Physiology.

CHARLES BAGLEY, JR., M.A., M.D., Professor of Neurological Surgery.

CHARLES F. BLAKE, M.A., M.D., Professor of Proctology.

OTTO C. BRANTIGAN, B.S., M.D., Professor of Surgical Anatomy, Associate Professor of Surgery.

T. NELSON CAREY, M.D., Professor of Clinical Medicine and Physician in Charge of Medical Care of Students.

Ross McC. Chapman, M.D., Professor of Psychiatry.

CLYDE A. CLAPP, M.D., Professor of Ophthalmology.

RICHARD G. COBLENTZ, M.A., M.D., Clinical Professor of Neurological Surgery.

CARL L. DAVIS, M.D., Professor of Anatomy.

EDWARD C. Dobbs, D.D.S., Professor of Pharmacology, School of Dentistry.

BRICE M. DORSEY, D.D.S., Professor of Oral Surgery, School of Dentistry.

Louis H. Douglass, M.D., Professor of Obstetrics.

FREDERICK C. DYE, M.D., Professor of Anaesthesiology

CHARLES REID EDWARDS, M.D., Professor of Surgery.

MONTE EDWARDS, M.D., Clinical Professor of Surgery and Proctology.

FRANK H. J. FIGGE, Ph.D., Professor of Experimental Anatomy.

H. K. Fleck, M.D., Clinical Professor of Ophthalmology.

EDGAR B. FRIEDENWALD, M.D., Professor of Clinical Pediatrics.

THOMAS K. GALVIN, M.D., Clinical Professor of Gynecology.

ANDREW C. GILLIS, M.A., M.D., LL.D., Professor of Neurology.

FRANK W. HACHTEL, M.D., Professor of Bacteriology.

J. MASON HUNDLEY, JR., M.A., M.D., Professor of Gynecology.

ELLIOTT H. HUTCHINS, M.A., M.D., Professor of Surgery.

F. L. JENNINGS, M.D., Professor of Clinical Surgery.

C. LORING JOSLIN, M.D., Professor of Pediatrics.

WALTER L. KILBY, M.D., Professor of Roentgenology.

EDWARD A. KITLOWSKI, A.B., M.D., Clinical Professor of Plastic Surgery.

JOHN C. KRANTZ, JR., Ph.D., D.Sc., Professor of Pharmacology.

LOUIS A. M. KRAUSE, M.D., Professor of Clinical Medicine.

KENNETH D. LEGGE, M.D., Professor of Clinical Genito-Urinary Surgery.

G. CARROLL LOCKARD, M.D., Professor of Clinical Medicine.

EDWARD A. LOOPER, M.D., D.Oph., Professor of Rhinology and Laryngology.

THEODORE H. MORRISON, M.D., Clinical Professor of Gastro-Enterology. THOMAS R. O'ROURK, M.D., Clinical Professor of Otology, Associate Professor of Rhinology and Laryngology.

ROBERT H. OSTER, Ph.D., Professor of Physiology, School of Dentistry.

D. J. PESSAGNO, A.B., M.D., Professor of Clinical Surgery.

H. RAYMOND PETERS, A.B., M.D., Professor of Clinical Medicine.

MAURICE C. PINCOFFS, B.S., M.D., Professor of Medicine.

CHARLES A. REIFSCHNEIDER, M.D., Clinical Professor of Traumatic Surgery.

Compton Riely, M.D., Clinical Professor of Orthopaedic Surgery.

HARRY L. ROGERS, M.D., Clinical Professor of Orthopaedic Surgery.

HARRY M. ROBINSON, SR., M.D., Professor of Dermatology.

EMIL G. SCHMIDT, Ph.D., LL.B., Professor of Biological Chemistry.

ARTHUR M. SHIPLEY, M.D., D.Sc., Professor of Surgery.

HUGH R. SPENCER, M.D., Professor of Pathology.

THOMAS P. SPRUNT, A.B., M.D., Professor of Clinical Medicine.

W. HOUSTON TOULSON, M.Sc., M.D., Professor of Genito-Urinary Surgery.

RALPH P. TRUIT, M.D., Professor of Clinical Psychiatry.

EDUARD UHLENHUTH, Ph.D., Professor of Anatomy.

ALLEN FISKE VOSHELL, A.B., M.D., Professor of Orthopaedic Surgery. HUNTINGTON WILLIAMS, M.D., Dr. P.H., Professor of Hygiene and Public Health.

WALTER D. WISE, M.D., Professor of Surgery.

H. BOYD WYLIE, M.D., Professor of Biological Chemistry and Acting Dean.

WAITMAN F. ZINN, M.D., Clinical Professor of Rhinology and Laryngology.

#### Associate Professors

FRANKLIN B. ANDERSON, M.D., Associate Professor of Rhinology and Laryngology, and Otology.

JAMES G. ARNOLD, JR., M.D., Associate Professor of Neurological Surgery.

WALTER A. BAETJER, A.B., M.D., Associate Professor of Medicine.

J. McFarland Bergland, B.S., M.D., Associate Professor of Obstetrics.

J. EDMUND BRADLEY, M.D., Associate Clinical Professor of Pediatrics.

H. M. BUBERT, M.D., Associate Professor of Medicine.

C. Jelleff Carr, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Pharmacology.

THOMAS R. CHAMBERS, A.B., M.D., Associate Professor of Surgery.

CARL DAME CLARKE, M.A., Associate Professor of Art as Applied to Medicine.

PAUL W. CLOUGH, B.S., M.D., Associate Professor of Medicine.

CHARLES N. DAVIDSON, M.D., Associate Professor of Roentgenology.

Ross Davies, M.D., Associate Professor of Hygiene and Public Health.

J. S. EASTLAND, M.D., Associate Professor of Medicine.

A. H. FINKELSTEIN, M.D., Associate Clinical Professor of Pediatrics.

LEON FREEDOM, M.D., Associate Professor of Neurology.

Moses Gellman, B.S., M.D., Associate Professor of Orthopaedic Surgery.

T. CAMPBELL GOODWIN, M.S., M.D., Associate Professor of Pediatrics. Lewis P. Gundry, M.D., Associate Professor of Medicine.

O. G. HARNE, Associate Professor of Histology.

HAROLD E. HARRISON, B.S., M.D., Associate Professor of Pediatrics.

HORACE HODES, M.D., Associate Professor of Hygiene and Public Health.

CYRUS F. HORINE, M.D., Associate Professor of Surgery.

HARRY C. HULL, M.D., Associate Professor of Surgery.

ALBERT JAFFE, M.D., Associate Clinical Professor of Pediatrics.

EDWARD S. JOHNSON, M.D., Associate Professor of Surgery.

HUGH W. JOSEPH, M.D., Associate Professor of Pediatrics.

VERNON D. KAUFMAN, D.D.S., Associate Professor or Oral Surgery, School of Dentistry.

VERNON E. KRAHL, B.S., M.S., Associate Professor of Gross Anatomy.

R. W. LOCHNER, M.D., Associate Professor of Clinical Surgery.

WILLIAM S. LOVE, JR., A.B., M.D., Associate Professor of Medicine.

Howard J. Maldeis, M.D., Associate Professor of Legal Medicine and Associate in Pathology.

N. CLYDE MARVEL, A.B., M.D., Associate Professor of Surgery.

CHARLES W. MAXSON, M.D., Associate Professor of Surgery.

JAMES G. MCALPINE, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Bacteriology.

WALTER C. MERKEL, A.B., M.D., Associate Professor of Pathology.

H. W. NEWELL, M.D., Associate Professor of Psychiatry.

EMIL NOVAK, A.B., M.D., D.Sc., Associate Professor of Obstetrics.

C. W. PEAKE, M.D., Associate Professor of Surgery.

J. G. M. REESE, M.D., Associate Professor of Obstetrics.

BENJAMIN S. RICH, A.B., M.D., Associate Professor of Rhinology and Larnygology, Associate in Otology.

MILTON S. SACKS, M.D., Associate Professor of Medicine and Head of Clinical Pathology, Associate in Pathology.

DIETRICH CONRAD SMITH, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Physiology.

FREDERICK B. SMITH, M.D., Associate Clinical Professor of Pediatrics.

WILLIAM H. SMITH, M.D., Associate Professor of Clinical Medicine.

HENRY F. ULLRICH, M.D., D.Sc., Associate Professor of Orthopaedic Surgery.

GRANT E. WARD, A.B., M.D., Associate Professor of Surgery and Oral Surgery.

C. GARDNER WARNER, A.B., M.D., Associate Professor of Pathology.

WILLIAM H. F. WARTHEN, A.B., M.D., Associate Professor of Hygiene & Public Health

J. HERBERT WILKERSON, M.D., Associate Professor of Oral Surgery, School of Dentistry.

THOMAS C. WOLFF, M.D., Associate Professor of Medicine.

ROBERT B. WRIGHT, B.S., M.D., Associate Professor of Pathology.

GEORGE H. YEAGER, B.S., M.D., Associate Professor of Surgery.

#### Assistant Professors

THURSTON R. ADAMS, M.D., Assistant Professor of Surgery and Proctology.

H. F. BONGARDT, M.D., Assistant Professor of Surgery.

LEO BRADY, A.B., M.D., Assistant Professor of Gynecology.

SIMON H. BRAGER, M.D., Assistant Professor of Surgery and Associate in Proctology.

EDWARD F. COTTER, M.D., Assistant Professor of Medicine, Instructor in Neurology.

FRANCIS A. ELLIS, A.B., M.D., Assistant Professor of Dermatology. MAURICE FELDMAN, M.D., Assistant Professor of Gastro-Enterology.

WETHERBEE FORT, M.D., Assistant Professor of Medicine.

FRANK J. GERAGHTY, M.D., Assistant Professor of Medicine.

FRANCIS W. GILLIS, M.D., Assistant Professor of Genito-Urinary Surgery.

SAMUEL S. GLICK, M.D., Assistant Professor of Pediatrics.

HARRY GOLDSMITH, M.D., Assistant Professor of Psychiatry.

ALBERT E. GOLDSTEIN, M.D., Assistant Professor of Pathology.

HARRY K. IWAMOTO, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of Pharmacology.

H. VERNON LANGELUTTIG, M.D., Assistant Professor of Medicine.

JOHN E. LEGGE, M.D., Assistant Professor of Medicine.

PHILIP L. LERNER, Assistant Professor of Neurology.

HANS W. LOEWALD, Assistant Professor of Psychiatry.

JOHN F. LUTZ, A.B., M.D., Assistant Professor of Histology.

STANLEY H. MACHT, B.S., M.D., Assistant Professor of Roentgenology.

HOWARD B. MAYS, M.D., Assistant Professor of Genito-Urinary Surgery and Instructor in Pathology.

ZACHARIAH MORGAN, M.D., Assistant Professor of Gastro-Enterology. SAMUEL MORRISON, A.B., M.D., Assistant Professor of Gastro-Enterology.

HARRY M. MURDOCK, B.S., M.D., Assistant Professor of Psychiatry.

GEORGE McLean, M.D., Assistant Professor of Medicine.

ALFRED T. NELSON, M.D., Assistant Professor of Anaesthesiology.

JAMES W. NELSON, M.D., Assistant Professor of Surgery.

M. ALEXANDER NOVEY, A.B., M.D., Assistant Professor of Obstetrics.

DEXTER L. REIMANN, B.S., M.D., Assistant Professor of Pathology, Assistant in Medicine.

I. O. RIDGELY, M.S., M.D., Assistant Professor of Surgery.

HARRY M. ROBINSON, JR., B.S., M.D., Assistant Professor of Dermatology, Associate in Medicine.

JOHN E. SAVAGE, B.S., M.D., Assistant Professor of Obstetrics.

RICHARD T. SHACKELFORD, A.B., M.D., Assistant Professor of Surgery.

ISADORE A. SIEGEL, A.B., M.D., Assistant Professor of Obstetrics.

EDWARD P. SMITH, M.D., Ph.G., Assistant Professor of Gynecology.

R. Dale Smith, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of Gross Anatomy.

Sol Smith, M.D., Assistant Professor of Medicine.

JOHN H. TRABAND, M.D., Assistant Professor of Pediatrics.

J. RIDGEWAY TRIMBLE, M.D., Assistant Professor of Surgery.

JOHN A. WAGNER, B.S., M.D., Assistant Professor of Pathology and Neuropathology. Assistant in Medicine.

PHILIP S. WAGNER, M.D., Assistant Professor of Psychiatry.

W. WALLACE WALKER, M.D., Assistant Professor of Surgery and Surgical Anatomy.

GLENN S. WEILAND, Ph.D., Assistant Professor of Biological Chemistry.

THEODORE E. WOODWARD, M.D., Assistant Professor of Medicine. As A D. Young, M.D., Assistant Professor of Roentgenology.

### Associates

CONRAD B. ACTON, M.D., Associate in Medicine.

MARIE A. ANDERSCH, Ph.D., Associate in Medicine.

MARGARET B. BALLARD, M.D., Associate in Obstetrics.

DONALD J. BARNETT, M.D., Associate in Roentgenology.

EUGENE S. BERESTON, A.B., M.D., Associate in Dermatology.

DUDLEY P. BOWE, A.B., M.D., Associate in Obstetrics.

KENNETH B. BOYD, A.B., M.D., Associate in Gynecology and Assistant in Obstetrics.

M. PAUL BYERLY, M.D., Associate in Medicine.

BEVERLEY C. COMPTON, A.B., M.D., Associate in Gynecology.

W. A. H. COUNCIL, M.D., Associate in Genito-Urinary Surgery.

E. EUGENE COVINGTON, M.D., Associate in Surgical Anatomy and Surgery.

FRANCIS G. DICKEY, M.D., Associate in Medicine.

D. McCLELLAND DIXON, M.D., Associate in Obstetrics and Instructor in Pathology.

JOHN C. DUMLER, B.S., M.D., Associate in Gynecology.

WILLIAM W. ELGIN, M.D., Associate in Psychiatry.

J. J. ERWIN, M.D., Associate in Gynecology.

HOUSTON EVERETT, M.D., Associate in Gynecology.

L. K. FARGO, M.D., Associate in Genito-Urinary Surgery.

WILLIAM L. FEARING, M.D., Associate in Neurology.

JEROME FINEMAN, M.D., Instructor in Pediatrics.

SAMUEL L. Fox, M.D., Associate in Rhinology, Laryngology and Otology.

IRVING FREEMAN, M.D., Associate in Medicine.

GEORGE GOVATOS, A.B., M.D., Associate in Surgery.

RAYMOND F. HELFRICH, A.B., M.D., Associate in Surgery.

W. GRAFTON HERPSBERGER, M.D., Associate in Medicine.

JOHN T. HIBBITTS, M.D., Associate in Gynecology.

JOHN F. HOGAN, M.D., Associate in Genito-Urinary Surgery.

Z. VANCE HOOPER, M.D., Associate in Gastro-Enterology.

CLEWELL HOWELL, B.S., M.D., Associate in Pediatrics.

MEYER W. JACOBSON, M.D., Associate in Medicine.

JOSEPH V. JERARDI, B.S., M.D., Associate in Surgery.

D. FRANK KALTREIDER, A.B., M.D., Associate in Obstetrics.

ARTHUR KARFGIN, B.S., M.D., Associate in Medicine.

FAYNE A. KAYSER, M.D., Associate in Rhinology and Laryngology.

JOSEPH I. KEMLER, M.D., Associate in Ophthalmology.

F. EDWIN KNOWLES, JR., M.D., Associate in Orphthalmology.

FREDERICK R. KYPER, M.D., D.Sc., Associate in Rhinology, Laryngology, and Bronchoscopy, Instructor in Otology.

C. EDWARD LEACH, M.D., Associate in Medicine.

SAMUEL LEGUM, M.D., Associate in Medicine.

LUTHER E. LITTLE, M.D., Associate in Surgery.

EPHRAIM T. LISANSKY, M.D., Associate in Medicine.

H. EDMUND LEVIN, B.S., M.D., Associate in Bacteriology, Instructor in Medicine.

G. BOWERS MANSDORFER, B.S., M.D., Associate in Pediatrics.

I. H. MASERITZ, M.D., Associate in Orthopaedic Surgery.

LYLE J. MILLAN, M.D., Associate in Genito-Urinary Surgery.

FRANK K. MORRIS, A.B., M.D., Associate in Gynecology, Instructor in Obstetrics.

W. RAYMOND MCKENZIE, M.D., Associate in Rhinology and Laryngology.

HUGH M. McNally, B.S., M.D., Associate in Obstetrics.

ROBERT A. REITER, M.D., Associate in Medicine.

SAMUEL T. R. REVELL, M.D., Associate in Medicine.

WILLIAM F. RIENHOFF, JR., M.D., Associate in Surgery.

HENRY L. RIGDON, M.D., Associate in Surgery, Assistant in Surgical Anatomy.

KATHYRN L. SCHULTZ, M.D., Associate in Psychiatry.

THEODORE A. SCHWARTZ, M.D., Associate in Rhinology and Laryngology.

WILLIAM M. SEABOLD, A.B., M.D., Associate in Pediatrics.

LAWRENCE M. SERRA, M.D., Associate in Medicine.

WILLIAM B. SETTLE, M.D., Associate in Surgery, Instructor in Surgical Anatomy.

A. Albert Shapiro, B.S., M.D., Associate in Dermatology.

ARTHUR G. SIWINSKI, A.B., M.D., Associate in Surgery.

BENEDICT SKITARELIC, A.B., M.D., Associate in Pathology, Assistant in Medicine.

E. H. TONOLLA, M.D., Associate in Medicine.

WILLIAM K. WALLER, M.D., Associate in Medicine.

GIBSON J. WELLS, M.D., Associate in Pediatrics.

AUSTIN H. WOODS, M.D., Associate in Genito-Urinary Surgery.

ISRAEL ZELIGMAN, A.B., M.D., Associate in Dermatology.

# Lecturers

JONAS FRIEDENWALD, M.A., M.D., Lecturer in Ophthalmic Pathology.

CHARLES R. GOLDSBOROUGH, M.A., M.D., Lecturer in Medicine.

LEONARD KAREL, Ph.D., Lecturer in Pharmacology.

STEPHEN KROP, Ph.D., Lecturer in Pharmacology.

LESLIE B. HOHMAN, M.D., Lecturer in Psychiatry.

JOSEPH M. MILLER, M.D., Lecturer in Surgery.

MYRON G. TULL, A.B., M.D., M.P.H., Lecturer in Hygiene and Public Health.

#### Instructors

A. RUSSELL ANDERSON, M.D., Instructor in Psychiatry.

LEON ASHMAN, M.D., Instructor in Medicine.

CARL E. BAILEY, D.D.S., Instructor in Prosthetic Dentistry, School of Dentistry.

JOHN Z. BOWERS, B.S., M.D., Instructor in Medicine.

HARRY C. Bowie, B.S., M.D., Instructor in Surgery and Surgical Anatomy.

THOMAS S. BOWYER, A.B., M.D., Instructor in Gynecology and Assistant in Obstetrics.

GEORGE H. BROUILLET, B.S., M.D., Instructor in Surgery.

ANN VIRGINIA BROWN, A.B., Instructor in Biological Chemistry.

SAMUEL H. BRYANT, A.B., D.D.S., Instructor in Oral Diagnosis, School of Dentistry.

HAROLD H. BURNS, M.D., Instructor in Surgery.

LUCILE J. CALDWELL, M.D., Instructor in Dermatology.

TIMOTHY A. CALLAHAN, M.D., Instructor in Medicine.

MARY E. CHINN, A.B., Instructor in Physiology.

ERNEST I. CORNBROOKS, JR., A.B., M.D., Instructor in Gynecology.

STUART G. COUGHLAN, B.S., M.D., Instructor in Surgery.

J. G. N. Cushing, M.D., Instructor in Psychiatry.

JOHN R. DAVIS, M.D., Instructor in Medicine.

B. MATTHEW DEBUSKEY, M.D., Instructor in Pediatrics.

W. ALLEN DECKERT, A.B., M.D., Instructor in Gynecology and Assistant in Surgery.

WILLIAM K. DIEHL, B.S., M.D., Instructor in Gynecology.

EVERETT S. DIGGS, B.S., M.D., Instructor in Gynecology.

ERNEST S. EDLOW, A.B., M.D., Instructor in Gynecology.

PHILIP D. FLYNN, M.D., Instructor in Medicine.

WILLIAM L. GARLICK, A.B., M.D., Instructor in Surgery.

JASON H. GASKEL, M.D., Instructor in Orthopaedic Surgery.

SAMUEL J. HANKIN, M.D., Instructor in Medicine.

E. M. HANRAHAN, A.B., M.D., Instructor in Surgery.

ALVIN J. HARTZ, A.B., M.D., Instructor in Medicine.

MARY L. HAYLECK, M.D., Instructor in Pediatrics.

ROBERT F. HEALY, M.D., Instructor in Surgery.

WILLIAM G. HELFRICH, B.S., M.D., Instructor in Medicine.

BENJAMIN HIGHSTEIN, M.D.; Instructor in Dermatology.

F. A. HOLDEN, M.D., Instructor in Ophthalmology.

MARK B. HOLLANDER, M.D., Instructor in Dermatology.

HELEN A. HORN, A.B., M.D., Instructor in Pathology.

CALVIN HYMAN, M.D., Instructor in Surgery.

CONRAD L. INMAN, D.D.S., Consulting Dentist, School of Dentistry.

BENJAMIN H. ISAACS, A.B., M.D., Instructor in Rhinology and Laryngology.

WILLIAM R. JOHNSON, M.D., Instructor in Surgery.

EDWARD S. KALLINS, B.S., M.D., Instructor in Medicine.

WILLIAM H. KAMMER, JR., A.B., M.D., Instructor in Medicine.

CLYDE F. KARNS, B.S., Instructor in Surgery.

LESTER N. KOLMAN, M.D., Instructor in Dermatology.

A. KREMEN, A.B., M.D., Instructor in Ophthalmology.

Louis J. Kroll, A.B., M.D., Instructor in Medicine.

MILTON C. LANG, M.D., Instructor in Ophthalmology.

ARNOLD F. LAVENSTEIN, Instructor in Pediatrics.

KURT LEVY, M.D., Instructor in Medicine.

JOSEPH H. MARSHALL, M.D., Instructor in Psychiatry.

KARL F. MECH, B.S., M.D., Instructor in Gross Anatomy, and Pathology.

ISRAEL P. MERANSKI, B.S., M.D., Instructor in Pediatrics.

R. B. MITCHELL, JR., B.S., M.D., Instructor in Medicine.

J. DUER MOORES, B.S., M.D., Instructor in Surgery.

J. HUFF MORRISON, M.D., Instructor in Obstetrics.

S. EDWIN MULLER, M.D., Instructor in Medicine.

JOSEPH E. MUSE, JR., B.S., M.D., Instructor in Medicine.

RUTH MUSSER, M.S., Instructor in Pharmacology.

JOHN A. MYERS, M.E.E., M.D., Instructor in Medicine, Assistant in Gastro-Enterology.

FRANCIS J. McLAUGHLIN, M.D., Instructor in Psychiatry.

SAMUEL NOVEY, M.D., Instructor in Psychiatry.

M. PAUL PADGET, M.D., Instructor in Medicine.

WILLIAM A. PARR, M.D., Instructor in Otology.

RICHARD H. PEMBROKE, JR., A.B., M.D., Instructor in Psychiatry.

EUGENE L. PESSAGNO, A.B., D.D.S., Instructor in Operative Surgery, School of Dentistry.

LESLIE H. PIERCE, B.S., M.D., Instructor in Medicine.

SAMUEL E. PROCTOR, A.B., M.D., Instructor in Surgery.

HERBERT E. REIFSCHNEIDER, A.B., M.D., Instructor in Surgery and Surgical Anatomy.

DANIEL R. ROBINSON, M.D., Instructor in Surgery.

SEYMOUR W. RUBIN, M.D., Instructor in Pathology.

JOHN F. SCHAEFER, B.S., M.D., Instructor in Surgery.

ROBERT C. SHEPPARD, M.D., Instructor in Surgery.

M. S. SHILING, A.B., M.D., D.Sc., Instructor in Medicine.

Albert J. Shochat, B.S., M.D., Instructor in Gastro-Enterology.

HARRY A. TEITELBAUM, B.S., M.D., Assistant in Neurology.

DAVID TENNER, M.D., Instructor in Medicine.

LEWIS C. TOOMEY, D.D.S., Intructor in Oral Surgery, School of Dentistry.

WILFRED H. TOWNSHEND, JR., A.B., M.D., Instructor in Medicine.

WILLIAM D. VANDEGRIFT, M.D., Instructor in Pathology.

HAROLD L. VYNER, M.D., Instructor in Psychiatry.

FREDERICK J. VOLLMER, B.S., M.D., Instructor in Medicine.

HUGH G. WHITEHEAD, M.D., Instructor in Medicine.

MILTON J. WILDER, M.D., Instructor in Orthopaedic Surgery. DANIEL WILFSON, JR., A.B., M.D., Instructor in Medicine.

#### Assistants

J. WARREN ALBRITTAIN, B.S., M.D., Assistant in Obstetrics.

HARRY McB. BECK, M.D., Assistant in Gynecology.

ROBERT Z. BERRY, A.B., M.D., Assistant in Rhinology and Laryngology. Assistant in Surgery.

HENRY A. BRIELE, M.D., Assistant in Surgery.

JOSEPH G. BIRD, A.B., M.D., Assistant in Pharmacology.

WILLIAM J. BRYSON, A.B., M.D., Assistant in Pathology.

A. V. Buchness, A.B., M.D., Assistant in Surgery.

PAUL E. CARLINER, B.S., M.D., Assistant in Medicine.

JOHN W. CHAMBERS, M.D., Assistant in Surgery, and Neurological Surgery.

L. T. CHANCE, M.D., Assistant in Surgery.

ROBERT F. CHENOWITH, M.D., Assistant in Surgery.

JOSEPH M. CORDI, M.D., Assistant in Pediatrics.

SAMUEL H. CULVER, M.D., Assistant in Surgery.

RAYMOND M. CUNNINGHAM, A.B., M.D., Assistant in Surgery, and Proctology.

PRESTON R. CUTLER, A.B., M.D., Assistant in Surgery.

EDWIN O. DAUE, JR., B.S., M.D., Assistant in Surgery.

NACHMAN DAVIDSON, A.B., M.D., Assistant in Medicine.

E. HOLLISTER DAVIS, A.B., M.D., Assistant in Anaesthesia.

GEORGE H. DAVIS, M.D., Assistant in Obstetrics.

JOHN B. DEHOFF, M.D., Assistant in Medicine.

WILLIAM A. DODD, M.D., Assistant in Gynecology.

CHARLES H. DOELLER, JR., A.B., M.D., Assistant in Obstetrics and Gynecology.

WILLIAM C. DUFFY, A.B., M.D., Assistant in Gynecology.

WILLIAM C. DUNNIGAN, A.B., M.D., Assistant in Surgery.

MORRIS A. FINE, M.D., Assistant in Medicine and Genito-Urinary Surgery.

HERBERT M. FOSTER, M.D., Assistant in Surgery.

AUDREY M. FUNK, A.B., Assistant in Medicine.

L. CALVIN GAREIS, B.S., M.D., Assistant in Obstetrics.

WILLIAM R. GERAGHTY, B.S., M.D., Assistant in Surgery.

ROBERT L. GIBBS, A.B., M.D., Assistant in Medicine.

H. L. GRANOFF, A.B., M.D., Assistant in Gynecology

WILLIAM H. GRENZER, M.D., Assistant in Medicine.

JOSEPH B. GROSS, B.S., M.D., Assistant in Medicine.

JOHN S. HAINES, M.D., Assistant in Genito-Urinary Surgery.

DONALD B. HEBB, M.D., Assistant in Surgery and Proctology.

OSCAR HARTMAN, B.S., M.D., Assistant in Obstetrics.

JOHN S. HAUGHT, M.D., Assistant in Gynecology.

THOMAS A. HEDRICK, M.D., Assistant in Pediatrics.

L. ANN HELLEN, B.S., Assistant in Medicine.

JAMES W. HENDRICK, M.D., Assistant in Surgery, and Plastic Surgery.

JOHN H. HIRSCHFELD, M.D., Assistant in Rhinology and Laryngology.

JOHN V. HOPKINS, M.D., Assistant in Orthopaedic Surgery.

ROLLIN C. HUDSON, M.D., Assistant in Medicine.

JAROSLAV HULLA, M.D., Assistant in Obstetrics.

WILLIAM C. HUMPHRIES, M.D., Assistant in Rhinology and Laryngology.

JACOB R. JENSEN, B.S., M.D., Assistant in Obstetrics.

HUGH JEWETT, M.D., Assistant in Genito-Urinary Surgery.

HARRY F. KANE, M.D., Assistant in Gynecology.

MELVIN D. KAPPELMAN, B.S., M.D., Assistant in Obstetrics.

JAMES R. KARNS, B.S., M.D., Assistant in Medicine.

LAWRENCE KATZENSTEIN, M.D., Assistant in Medicine.

LAURISTON L. KEOWN, A.B., M.D., Assistant in Pediatrics.

IRVIN P. KLEMKOWSKI, M.D., Assistant in Obstetrics.

CHARLES W. KNERLER, M.D., Assistant in Medicine.

SCHUYLER G. KOHN, B.S., M.D., Assistant in Obstetrics.

ALFRED S. LEDERMAN, Assistant in Gastro-Enterology.

FRANK E. LESLIE, A.B., M.D., Assistant in Medicine.

ETTA C. LINK, B.S., M.D., Assistant in Pediatrics.

V. HARWOOD LINK, A.B., M.D., Assistant in Dermatology.

J. DOUGLAS LOCKARD, M.D., Assistant in Medicine.

F. FORD LOKER, B.S., M.D., Assistant in Surgery.

H. PEARCE MACCUBBIN, B.S., M.D., Assistant in Medicine.

JOHN W. MACHEN, M.D., Assistant in Neurology.

HELEN I. MAGINNIS, M.D., Assistant in Gynecology.

W. KENNETH MANSFIELD, JR., M.D., Assistant in Obstetrics.

CHARLES B. MAREK, M.D., Assistant in Gynecology.

A. ROBERT MARKS, A.B., M.D., Assistant in Pediatrics.

MAXWELL L. MAZER, M.D., Assistant in Obstetrics.

ROBERT B. MEARNS, M.D., Assistant in Medicine. GEORGE C. MEDAIRY, M.D., Assistant in Neurology.

WILLIAM A. MITCHELL, M.D., Assistant in Obstetrics.

JOHN H. MORRISON, B.S., M.D., Assistant in Obstetrics.

HOWARD B. McElwain, M.D., Assistant in Surgery.

JOHN W. OSBORNE, M.D., Assistant in Medicine.

FRANK J. OTANASEK, M.D., Assistant in Neurological Surgery.

MARGARET VIRGINIA PALMER, A.M., M.D., Assistant in Medicine.

PATRICK C. PHELAN, Jr., A.B., M.D., Assistant in Surgery.

ROSS Z. PIERPONT, M.D., Assistant in Surgery, and Surgical Anatomy.

SAMUEL E. PROCTOR, A.B., M.D., Assistant in Surgery.

J. EMMETT QUEEN A.B., M.D., Assistant in Medicine.

WILLIAM T. RABY, B.S., M.D., Assistant in Pathology.

FREDERICK M. REESE, A.B., M.D., Assistant in Ophthalmology.

JOHN O. ROBBENS, B.S., M.D., Assistant in Plastic Surgery. T. EDGIE RUSSELL, JR., B.S., M.D., Assistant in Obstetrics. WILLIAM J. RYSANEK, JR., M.D., Assistant in Gynecology. CLARENCE P. SCARBOROUGH, M.D., Assistant in Plastic Surgery. W. J. SCHMITZ, M.D., Assistant in Pediatrics. EARLE S. SCOTT, M.D., Assistant in Pediatrics. J. KING B. E. SEEGAR, JR., A.B., M.D., Assistant in Obstetrics. KENNETH C. SHARRETS, A.B., M.D., Assistant in Surgery. JOSEPH C. SHEEHAN, B.S., M.D., Assistant in Gynecology. E. RODERICK SHIPLEY, A.B., M.D., Assistant in Surgery. George Silverton A.B., M.D., Assistant in Medicine. JEROME SNYDER, B.S., M.D., Assistant in Ophthalmology. JUNE LINDA SNYDER, A.B., Assistant in Physiology. SAMUEL SNYDER, M.D., Assistant in Medicine. WALTER SPURRIER, M.D., Assistant in Pediatrics. EDWIN H. STEWART, JR., M.D., Assistant in Surgery and Plastic Sur-

gery.
WILLIAM J. SUPIK, M.D., Assistant in Proctology.

ADAM SWISS, M.D., Assistant in Medicine.

RAYMOND K. THOMPSON, B.S., M.D., Assistant in Neurological Surgery.

T. J. TOUHEY, M.D., Assistant in Surgery.

W. H. TRIPLETT, M.D., Assistant in Medicine.

ROBERT B. TUNNEY, A.B., M.D., Assistant in Gynecology.

STEPHEN J. VAN LILL, III, A.B., M.D., Assistant in Medicine.

FREDERICK J. VOLLMER, B.S., M.D., Assistant in Medicine.

SHOLOM O. WAIFE, M.D., Assistant in Medicine.

WILLIAM EARL WEEKS, M.D., Assistant in Pediatrics.

J. CARLTON WICH, B.S., M.D., Assistant in Pediatrics.

THOMAS L. WORSLEY, M.D., Assistant in Medicine.

ISAAC C. WRIGHT, A.B., M.D., Assistant in Pathology.

HOWARD L. ZUPNIK, M.D., Assistant in Surgery.

### SCHOOL OF PHARMACY

A. G. DUMEZ, Dean

### History

The School of Pharmacy of the University of Maryland, formerly the Maryland College of Pharmacy, was organized on July 20, 1840, by a forward-looking group of apothecaries and physicians then practicing in the State of Maryland, who recognized the necessity for more thoroughly educated and better-trained pharmacists if this rapidly growing phase of medical service was to be properly developed. It was incorporated on January 27, 1841, and the first course of lectures was begun in November of the same year. The College continued to operate as an independent institution until 1904, when it was amalgamated with the group of professional schools in Baltimore then known as the University of Maryland. It became a department of the State University when the old University of Maryland was merged with the Maryland State College in 1920. With but one short intermission just prior to 1856 it has continuously exercised its functions as a teaching institution.

#### Location

The School of Pharmacy is located at 32 South Greene Street, in close proximity to the Schools of Medicine, Law and Dentistry.

#### Aims

The School of Pharmacy provides systematic instruction in pharmacy, the collateral sciences, and such other subjects as are deemed to be essential in the education of a pharmacist. Its chief aim is to prepare its matriculants for the intelligent practice of dispensing pharmacy, but it also offers the facilities and instruction necessary for the attainment of proficiency in the practice of the other branches of the profession and in pharmaceutical research.

#### Recognition

The school is accredited by the American Council on Pharmaceutical Education, and holds membership in the American Association of Colleges of Pharmacy. The primary objective of these agencies is to promote the interests of pharmaceutical education; and all institutions accredited by the Council or holding membership in the Association must maintain certain minimum requirements with respect to number and qualification of faculty members, physical plant, laboratory and library facilities, curriculum, admission, graduation, etc.

The school is registered in the New York Department of Education, and its diploma is recognized by all the states.

### Requirements for Admission\*

The requirements for admission meet fully those prescribed by the American Council on Pharmaceutical Education, and the American Association of Colleges of Pharmacy.

# Admission to Freshman Class from Secondary Schools

An applicant from a secondary school may be admitted either by certificate, or by examination, or by a combination of the two methods.

Admission by Certificate: An applicant must be a graduate of a secondary school which is approved by the State Board of Education of Maryland or by an accrediting agency of at least equal rank, and which requires for graduation not less than 16 units, grouped as follows:

Distribution of Units between Required and Elective Subjects: Required subjects 8 units, elective 8 units, total, 16 units.

Required Subjects: English (I, II, III, IV), 4 units; algebra to quadratics, 1 unit; plane geometry, 1 unit; history, 1 unit; science, 1 unit, Total, 8 units.

Elective Subjects: Astronomy, biology, botany, chemistry, civics, economics, general science, geology, history, vocational subjects (agriculture, commercial drawing, home economics, shops, etc.), foreign languages, mathematics, physical geography, physics, zoology, or any subject offered in a standard high or preparatory school for which graduation credit is granted toward college or university entrance. Total, 8 units, of which not more than four shall be vocational units.

A unit represents a year's study in any subject in a secondary school, and constitutes approximately one-fourth of a full year's work. It presupposes a school year of 36 to 40 weeks, recitation periods of from 40 to 60 minutes, and for each study four or five class exercises a week. Double laboratory periods in any science or vocational study are considered as equivalent to one class exercise. Normally, not more than three units are allowed for four years of English. If, however, a fifth course has been taken, an extra unit will be granted.

A graduate of an approved secondary school in Maryland who meets the certification requirements of the State Department of Education, or the Department of Education of Baltimore City, will be admitted upon presentation of the proper certificate from the principal. A graduate who does not fully meet these requirements may be required to present further evidence of ability to undertake college work. At the discretion of the Director of Admissions, this may include an appropriate examination. Such examination will be given during the first week of each of the months of June, July, August and September at College Park, Md. Applicants concerned will be notified when and where to report.

The right is reserved to refuse admission to applicants with sufficient scholastic credit, whose presence in the School would in the judgment of the Faculty Council be detrimental to the best interests of the School.

An applicant for admission by certificate from a secondary school not located in Maryland must be recommended by the principal, and should have attained the certification-to-college grade of the school. If the school does not have such quality grade, then the applicant's school grades must be at least ten points or one letter higher than the lowest passing grade of the school.

Admission by Examination: An applicant from a secondary school who is not eligible for admission by certificate may seek entrance through either of two types of examination: (1) he may appeal to the Director of Admissions for permission to report at the University for an examination, the result of which will be used in conjunction with the secondary school record to determine whether the applicant should be admitted, or (2) he may be admitted on presenting evidence of having passed satisfactorily other approved examinations in the subjects required for graduation from an accredited secondary school. Such examinations are offered by the College Entrance Examination Board, 431 West 117th Street, New York City, the Regents of the University of the State of New York, Albany, and the Department of Public Instruction of the State of Pennsylvania, Harrisburg.

Applications for admission must be approved, not only by the Director of Admissions, but also by the Committee on Admissions of the Faculty Council of the School of Pharmacy.

# Admission With Advanced Standing

An applicant for admission with advanced standing must have made an average grade of "C", one letter or at least ten points higher than the lowest passing average, in the college from which he is transferring and must present official transcripts of his high school and college records and a certificate of honorable dismissal from the latter. Upon the satisfactory fulfillment of these requirements, the applicant may be admitted and given advanced standing as follows:

A student transferring from a college of pharmacy accredited by the American Council on Pharmaceutical Education may be admitted to advanced standing without examination and be given credit for that portion of the work of the first three years of the pharmacy curriculum which he may have completed.

A student transferring from a recognized non-pharmacy college may be admitted to advanced standing without examination and be given credit for the work completed in the general cultural or foundational subjects of the pharmacy curriculum.

No more than one year of credit in time will be given to any student applying for advanced standing from any institution other than a college of pharmacy, unless such credit shall be for graduate work in applied subjects done in a recognized graduate school or other educational institution.

In order that the training of the applicant for advanced standing may be equal to that of the members of the class which he seeks to enter, he will be

required to take those courses, which the class has completed but which he has not completed and such courses will be given precedence over the more advanced courses in preparing his schedule of studies.

An applicant for advanced standing will not be given more favorable classification than he would have received in the college from which he transfers.

# Special Students

An applicant who cannot furnish sufficient entrance credit and who does not desire to make up units in which he is deficient may enter as a special student and pursue all the branches of the curriculum, but will not be eligible for graduation and will not receive a diploma. The Faculty Council reserves the right to decide whether or not the preliminary training of the applicant is sufficient to permit admission under these conditions.

### Requirements for Graduation

The degree of Bachelor of Science in Pharmacy (B.S. in Pharm.) will be conferred upon a candidate who has met the following requirements:

- Completion of the full prescribed curriculum. The work of the last year must have been in courses offered by the school and must have been done in residence at the school.
- 2. A total semester credit of not less than 140, with a grade point count for each of the last two academic years of not less than twice the total semester hours of credit scheduled for the respective years.

# Matriculation and Registration

All students are required to report in person for enrollment at the office of the School of Pharmacy, 32 S. Greene Street, Baltimore, Maryland, during the registration period at the beginning of each semester. A student entering for the first time must matriculate before he will be permitted to enroll.

### Fees and Expenses

Application fee (With application)	\$ 5.00
Matriculation fee (First-year only)	10.00
Tuition fee (per semester):	
Residents of Maryland	115.00
Non-Residents	140.00
Laboratory fee (per semester)	35.00
Graduation fee (Senior year)	15.00

In addition to the regular fees, there are other expenses. Each student is required to pay \$6.00 each semester (Freshman students \$5.00) to the

"Students' Activity Fund" which is used to defray the cost of extracurricular activities. The expenditure of approximately \$75.00 per academic year is necessary for the purchase of books, weights, dissecting instruments, and incidentals.

The School of Pharmacy publishes annually a separate catalogue, and a copy of this, or any further information desired, may be obtained from Dean, School of Pharmacy, University of Maryland, Baltimore 1, Maryland.

# The Faculty Council

A. G. DUMEZ, Dean
B. OLIVE COLE, Secretary
CLIFFORD W. CHAPMAN
WALTER H. HARTUNG

A. W. RICHESON DONALD E. SHAY FRANK J. SLAMA J. CARLTON WOLF

### Faculty

CLIFFORD W. CHAPMAN, B.A., M.Sc., Ph.D., Emerson Professor of Pharmacology.

B. OLIVE COLE, Phar.D., LL.B., Professor of Economics and Pharmaceutical Law.

ANDREW G. DUMEZ, Ph.G., B.S., M.S., Ph.D., Professor of Pharmacy. Walter H. Hartung, B.A., Ph.D., Professor of Pharmaceutical Chemistry.

J. CARLTON WOLF, Phar.D., Sc.D., Professor of Dispensing Pharmacy. NORMAN E. PHILLIPS, B.S., Ph.D., Associate Professor of Zoology.

A. W. RICHESON, B.S., A.M., Ph.D., Associate Professor of Mathematics.

DONALD E. SHAY, B.S., M.S., Ph.D., Associate Professor of Bacteriology. FRANK J. SLAMA, Ph.G., Ph.C., B.S., M.S., Ph.D., Associate Professor of Botany and Pharmacognosy.

ADELE B. BALLMAN, A.B., Ph.D., Assistant Professor of English.

GAYLORD B. ESTABROOK, B.S., M.S., Ph.D., Assistant Professor of Physics and Physical Chemistry.

GEORGE PHILIP HAGER, JR., B.S., M.S., Ph.D., Assistant Professor of Inorganic and Organic Chemistry.

BENJAMIN FRANK ALLEN, B.S., Instructor in Pharmacy.

JOHN H. APPLEGARTH, B.S., M.A., Instructor in Zoology.

GEORGIANA S. GITTINGER, A.B., M.A., Instructor in Physiological Chemistry.

AUGUSTA SOLADAR NEISTADT, B.S., Instructor in Pharmacy (Hospital). HARRIET R. NOEL, Ph.G., B.S., Instructor in Pharmacy (Hospital).

CLAIRE STRUBE SCHRADIECK, A.B., Ph.D., Instructor in Modern Languages.

KENNETH E. STAHL, B.A., B.S., M.S., Instructor in Chemistry.

JAMES F. BATTEY, B.S., Assistant in Physics.

URSULA BIERMACHER, B.S., Assistant in Botany and Pharmacognosy. JOSEPH PAUL BOGGIO, B.S., Assistant in Pharmacology.

JEN-YAH HSIE, B.S., M.S., Assistant in Bacteriology.

ELSA F. JAHN, B.S., Assistant in Chemistry.
MORTON KAHN, B.S., Assistant in Economics.
HERMAN M. MUPSIK, B.S., Assistant in Pharmacy.
BERNARD H. REINCKE, B.S., Assistant in Zoology.
WILLIAM CHARLES ROSSBERG, B.S., Assistant in Pharmacy.
ALEX WEINER, B.S., Assistant in Pharmacy (Hospital).
PAUL R. YOUNG, B.S., Assistant in Pharmacology.

#### UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL

HAROLD A. SAYLES, Acting Superintendent

### Location and History

The University Hospital, located at Redwood and Greene Streets in Baltimore, adjacent to the medical school buildings, was originally opened as the hospital of the University of Maryland School of Medicine in 1823. At that time it contained four wards, and was gradually increased by additions from time to time until by 1875 it had reached a capacity of approximately 250 beds. It was continued at that capacity until 1934, when the present modern hospital building was opened for the reception of patients, and provides 435 beds and 70 bassinettes. In addition to furnishing the clinical facilities for the students of the University of Maryland School of Medicine, the hospital offers the services of a modern general hospital to residents of the State of Maryland

#### Present Facilities

During the fiscal year which ended June 30, 1947, there were admitted to the University Hospital, 13,104 patients (including 2,486 newborn babies) who were furnished with 167,051 days of hospital care. 91,214 patients were treated in the outpatient department of the hospital. The Accident Room of the hospital rendered emergency care to 17,915 patients for the same period. 12,358 visits were made by doctors, nurses, and senior medical students in connection with the home delivery service outside of the hospital.

### SCHOOL OF NURSING

FLORENCE M. GIPE, M.S., R.N., Director of the Division of Nursing Education and Nursing Service, University Hospital

The University of Maryland School of Nursing was established in the year 1889. Since that time it has been an integral part of the University of Maryland. The school is non-sectarian, the only religious service being morning prayers.

#### Programs Offered

The School of Nursing offers a program of study to two groups: (a) those who desire to complete their work in approximately thirty-six months; (b) those desiring to take a five-year combined academic study and special course in nursing education. Those who complete the latter course successfully will receive the degree of Bachelor of Science as well as a diploma in nursing.

Students who take the five-year program will be given an accelerated program of thirty months for the basic program. If they meet the requirements of the Professors in the Medical School who teach the biological sciences, they may be excused from certain classes if a pre-test is passed. The last six months of the three years may be used for electives. Special affiliations in Public Health and Contagious Diseases are given.

# SECTION VI

# Agricultural Extension, Research and Regulatory Agencies

#### EXTENSION SERVICE

### Administrative Staff

College Park

THOMAS BADDELEY SYMONS, M.S., D.Agr., Dean, College of Agriculture, Director.

ROGER B. CORBETT, Ph.D., Associate Dean and Associate Director, Administration.

EDWARD INGRAM OSWALD, B.S., Professor, Assistant Director.

VENIA MEREI KELLAR, B.S., Professor, Assistant Director.

ERNEST NEAL CORY, Ph.D., Professor and Head, Entomology, State Entomologist, Assistant Director.

Paul Edwin Nystrom, M.S., Professor, Deputy Director in Charge Farm Labor.

ADDISON HOGAN SNYDER, B.S., Professor, Editor.

Dorothy Emerson, Professor, Girls' Club Leader.

MYLO SNAVELY DOWNEY, M.A., Professor, Boys' Club Leader.

FLORENCE HARRIETT MASON, B.S., Professor, Home Furnishing, District Agent.

Elliott M. Elliott, Administrative Assistant.

### Subject Matter Specialists

GEORGE JENVEY ABRAMS, M.S., Assistant Professor, Apiculture.

RONALD BAMFORD, Ph.D., Professor and Head, Botany and Plant Pathology.

GEORGE MAX BEAL, Ph.D., Professor Agricultural Economics.

WALTER CROTHERS BEAVEN, Ph.B., Professor, Marketing Inspection.

URAL GUY BEE, M.S., Associate Professor, Animal Husbandry.

EDWARD KRUG BENDER, B.S., Assistant Professor Vegetable Crops.

THEODORE L. BISSELL, Ph.D., Associate Professor, Extension Entomology.

ROWLAND C. BRANDENBURG, B.S., Assistant in Entomology.

GEORGE McSpadden Briggs, Ph.D., Professor, Poultry.

RUSSELL GUY BROWN, Ph.D., Associate Professor of Botany.

GEORGE JOHN BURKHARDT, M.S., Associate Professor, Agricultural Engineering.

GORDON MANN CAIRNS, Ph.D., Professor and Head, Dairy Husbandry.

ROBERT PEARY CALLOWAY, M.S., Professor, Marketing.

RAY WILFORD CARPENTER, A.B., LL.B., Professor, Agricultural Engineering, State Drainage Engineer.

JOHN JULIAN CHISOLM II, B.S., Instructor, Entomology.

CARROLL EASTBURN Cox, Ph.D., Assistant Professor, Plant Pathology.

HARRY WILLIAM DENGLER, B.S., Associate Professor, Forestry.

SAMUEL HENRY DEVAULT, Ph.D., Professor and Head, Agricultural Economics and Marketing.

RANDOLPH HENRY DUFF, Instructor and Assistant in Visual Instruction. CHARLES OLIVER DUNBAR, B.S., Associate Professor, Horticulture.

ARTHUR EDSON DURFEE, B.S., Associate Professor and Assistant Extension Editor.

RUDOLPH SAMPSON FORRESTER, Assistant in Marketing.

JOHN ERWIN FOSTER, Ph.D., Professor and Head, Animal Husbandry.

GUY WATSON GIENGER, M.S., Associate Professor, Agricultural Engineering.

ENGEL LEE RUSSELL GILBERT, B.S., Assistant Professor, Entomology.

CASTILLO GRAHAM, Ph.D., Associate Professor, Field Entomologist.

JAMES MARTIN GWIN, M.S., Professor, Poultry Husbandry.

ARTHUR BRYAN HAMILTON, M.S., Associate Professor, Agricultural Economics and Farm Management.

IRVIN CHARLES HAUT, Ph.D., Professor and Head, Horticulture.

RUSSELL CHENEY HAWES, M.S., Professor, Marketing.

RAYMOND WILLIAM HOECKER, Ph.D., Professor, Agricultural Economics. LOUIS CASPAR HOLLAND, Marketing Inspector.

WALTER FULTON JEFFERS, Ph.D., Associate Professor, Plant Pathology. ROBERT ANDREW JEHLE, Ph.D., Professor, Plant Pathology, State Pathologist.

EBEN C. JENKINS, M.S., Assistant Professor and Extension Specialist in Distribution.

MORLEY ALLAN JULL, Ph.D., Professor and Head, Poultry Husbandry.

ALBERT VICTOR KREWATCH, M.S., E.E., Associate Professor, Agricultural Engineering, Rural Electrification.

ALBIN OWINGS KUHN, M.S., Associate Professor, Agronomy.

GEORGE SHEALY LANGFORD, Ph.D., Associate Professor, Entomology.

MARGARET THOMPSON LOAR, B.S., Associate Professor and District Agent County Home Demonstration Work.

JOHN WINFIELD MAGRUDER, M.S., Associate Professor, Agronomy.

JOHN EDWARD MAHONEY, B.S., Assistant Professor, Marketing.

ARTHUR FEHL MARTIN, B.S., Assistant Professor, Marketing.

CHARLES E. McCain, Assistant Professor, Marketing.

HAROLD SLOAN McCONNELL, M.S., Associate Professor, Entomology.

WILLIAM RUSSELL McKNIGHT, B.S., Associate Professor, Egg Inspection and Marketing. County Agent at Large.

MARGARET MCPHEETERS, M.S., Associate Professor, Nutrition.

CHARLES PERCIVAL MERRICK, B.S., Assistant Professor, Drainage Engineering.

JOHN E. MOORE, B.S., Instructor, Plant Pathology and Botany.

JAMES BURTON OUTHOUSE, M.S., Associate Professor, Animal Husbandry.

RALPH ALFRED PORTERFIELD, B.S., Instructor, Dairy Husbandry, Artificial Insemination.

WALTER BENJAMIN POSEY, M.S., Associate Professor, Agronomy, Tobacco. JOHN W. POU, M.S., Assistant Professor, Dairy.

GEORGE DEWITTE QUICLEY, B.S., Associate Professor, Poultry Husbandry.

WADE HAMPTON RICE, B.S., Associate Professor, Poultry.

EDWARD McGEE RIDER, B.A., Assistant Professor, Information Specialist. MARVIN EUGENE SENGER, B.S., Instructor, Dairy Husbandry, Artificial Insemination.

CLYNE S. SHAFFNER, Ph.D., Associate Professor, Poultry.

HELEN SHELBY, M.S., Associate Professor, Clothing.

MARK MERCER SHOEMAKER, A.B., M.L.D., Associate Professor, Landscape Gardening.

HELEN IRENE SMITH, B.A., Associate Professor, Home Management.

Delbert W. Squires, B.S., Assistant, Entomology.

Francis C. Stark, Jr., M.S., Assistant Professor, Vegetable Gardening. Howard Livingston Stier, Ph.D., Professor and Head, Marketing.

HOWARD JOHN TWILLEY, B.S., Assistant Professor, Marketing.

JOSEPH McNaughton Vial, B.S., Professor, Animal Husbandry.

ALBERT FRANK VIERHELLER, M.S., Associate Professor, Horticulture.

RUFUS HENRY VINCENT, B.S., Assistant Professor, Entomology, Japanese Beetle.

EDGAR PERKINS WALLS, Ph.D., Professor, Canning Crops.

EDWIN JOSEPH WEATHERBY, Ph.D., Associate Professor, Artificial Insemination.

DEVOE H. WILLARD, B.S., Assistant Professor, Marketing.

WALTER SHERARD WILSON, B.S., Associate Professor, Assistant Boys' Club Leader.

PAUL N. WINN, JR., B.S., Assistant Professor, Agricultural Eingineering.

#### County Agents (Field)

County	Name	Headquarters
Allegany	RALPH FRANK McHenry, B. S., Associate Professor	Cumberland
Anne Arundel	STANLEY EVERETT DAY, B. S., Associate Professor	Annapolis
Baltimore	HORACE BENNETT DERRICK, B.S., Associate Professor	Towson
Calvert	ROBERT M. HALL, A.B. Associate Professor	Prince Frederick
Caroline	Francis Marion Rogers, B.S., Associate Professor	Denton
Carroll	Landon Crawford Burns, B.S., Associated Professor	

Cecil	RICHARD SPENCER SUTTON, B.A., Associate Professor
Charles	PAUL DENNIS BROWN, B.S., Associate ProfessorLa Plata
Dorchester	HARRY WESLEY BEGGS, B.S., Associate ProfessorCambridge
Frederick	HENRY REESE SHOEMAKER, B.S., M.A., Associate ProfessorFrederick
Garrett	JOHN HURLEY CARTER, B.S., Associate ProfessorOakland
Harford	HENRY MORRISON CARROLL, B.S., Associate ProfessorBel Air
Howard	WARREN GRAHAM MYERS, B.S., Associate ProfessorEllicott City
Kent	JAMES DUNHAM McVean, B.S., Associate Professor
Montgomery	OTTO WATSON ANDERSON, M.S., Associate Professor
Prince George's	PERCY ELLSWORTH CLARK, B.S., Associate Professor
Queen Anne's	JAMES WALTER EBY, B.S., Associate Professor
St. Mary's	JOSEPH JULIUS JOHNSON, Associate ProfessorLeonardtown
Somerset	CLARENCE ZEIGLER KELLER, B.S., Associate Professor
Talbot	RUDOLPH STOCKDALE BROWN, B.S., Associate ProfessorEaston
Washington	MARK KERMIT MILLER, B.S., Associate Professor
Wicomico	JAMES PAUL BROWN, B.S., Associate Professor
Worcester	ROBERT THORNTON GRANT, B.S., Associate ProfessorSnow Hill
Assistant County	Agents
Allegany and	
Garrett	JOSEPH MATTHEW STEGER, B.S., InstructorCumberland

Anne Arundel and Calvert	W. B. VANDERFORD, B.S., InstructorAnnapolis
Baltimore	FRANK R. McFarland, Jr., B.S., InstructorTowson
Carroll	ROBERT HAROLD BENSON, B.S., Instructor. Westminster
Cecil	M. GIST WELLING, B.S., Instructor
Charles and	M. GIST WELLING, D.S., INSTITUTE
	SAMUEL BERNARD BURCH, B.S., InstructorLa Plata
Frederick	HUGH BRADLEY JONES, B.S., InstructorFrederick
Harford	FRANCIS ALEXANDER GRAY, JR., B.S., Instructor. Bel Air
Howard	BEATRICE STREAKER CISSEL, B.S., Instructor. Ellicott City
Kent	STANLEY BURR SUTTON, InstructorChestertown
Montgomery	ROSCOE NEWTON WHIPP, B.S., InstructorRockville
Washington	RAYMOND GEORGE MUELLER, B.S., Instructor. Hagerstown
Wicomico	JAMES AUDREY DUNCAN, B.S., InstructorSalisbury
	*** ,
Local Agents—No	egro Work
Southern Mary- land and East-	
ern Shore	MARTIN GREEN BAILEY, B.S., Instructor, District AgentSeat Pleasant
Eastern Shore	LOUIS HENDERSON MARTIN, InstructorPrincess Anne
Charles	MILBOURNE HULL, B.S., InstructorBryan's Road
Prince George's .	JAMES RUFUS TAYLOR, B.S.,
	Instructor Upper Marlboro
Assistant Local A	gents-Negro Work
Montgomery	WILLIAM ROGER BROGDEN, InstructorSpencerville
Anne Arundel	· ·
and Calvert	John Robert Jennings, B.S., InstructorOwings
O 4 W D	( ) ( ) ( (T' ) )
	monstration Agents (Field)
Allegany	MAUDE ALBERTA BEAN, Associate ProfessorCumberland
Anne Arundel	MIRIAM FRANCES PARMENTER, B.S., Associate Professor . Annapolis
Baltimore	ANNA TRENTHAM, B.S., Associate ProfessorTowson
Calvert	Mrs. Florence Elizabeth Buchanan, B.S.,
	Associate Professor Prince Frederick
Caroline	BESSIE MARGUERITE SPAFFORD, B.S.,
	Associate Professor
	The second of th

Carroll	EVELYN DAVIS SCOTT, B.S.,	
Carron	Associate Professor	Westminster
Cecil	Associate Professor	Elkton
Charles		
Charles	Associate Professor	La Plata
Dorchester	HATTIE E. BROOKS, Associate Professor	Cambridge
Frederick	Loa Elizabeth Davis, B.S., M.A.,	
	Associate Professor	Frederick
Garrett		
	Associate Professor	Oakland
Harford	ALGA DOROTHY WEAVER, B.S., M.S.,	
	Associate Professor	Bel Air
Howard	MILDRED JANE FLANAGAN, B.S.,	
	Associate Professor	Ellicott City
Kent	CLARA P. LAUSTERER, B.S.,	
	Associate Professor	Chestertown
Montgomery	EDYTHE MARGARET TURNER, B.S.,	
g <b>,</b>	Associate Professor	Rockville
Prince George's .	ETHEL MARY REGAN, B.S.,	
	Associate Professor	Hyattsville
Queen Anne's	ELLA NADEAN DAMON, B.S.,	
	Associate Professor	Centreville
St. Mary's	ETHEL MARY JOY, A.B.,	
	Associate Professor	Leonardtown
Somerset		
	Associate Professor	Princess Anne
Talbot	MARGARET SMITH, B.S.,	
	Associate Professor	Easton
Washington	ARDATH ELLEN MARTIN, B.S.,	
	Associate Professor	Hagerstown
Wicomico	NELL GRAY GRIM, M. S.,	
	Associate Professor	Salisbury
Worcester		
	Associate Professor	Snow Hill
Assistant County	Home Demonstration Agents	
	GLORIA ELIZABETH BOHN, B.S., Instructor	r Cumborland
amegany	GEORIA EDIZABETH DURIN, D.O., HISHIUCO	Oumberiand

Baltimore	LAURA J. WOOD, Instructor		
Carroll	RACHEL K. GARBER, B.S., Instructor Westminster		
Frederick	MIRIAM LOUISE LEITER, B.S., InstructorFrederick		
Hartford	DORIS P. KEPLINGER, B.S., InstructorBel Air		
Kent			
Montgomery	VIRGINIA LEE McLuckie, B.S., InstructorRockville		
Washington	MARGARET ANN WEBB, B.S., InstructorHagerstown		
Local Home Demonstration Agents-Negro Work			
Charles and St. Mary's	OCTAVIA HANEY STAVES, B.S., InstructorBryan's Road		
	ETHEL LAWRENCE BIANCHI, B.S., InstructorSeat Pleasant		
Somerset and Wicomico	Mrs. Omega Moore Jones, A.B.,		

## EXTENSION SERVICE

T. B. SYMONS, Director
ROGER B. CORBETT, Associate Director
ELLIOTT M. ELLIOTT, Administrative Assistant
ELSIE G. LINKOUS, Secretary to Director

Cooperative Extension work in agriculture and home economics, established by State and Federal Laws in 1914, is designed to assist farmers and their families in the problems of agriculture and rural homes. Most of the work is carried on in the local communities, on the farms and in the homes throughout the State. It is conducted under a Memorandum of Understanding between the Extension Service of the University of Maryland and the U. S. Department of Agriculture.

The Federal Government, the State, and the Counties contribute to the support of the Extension Service in Maryland. There is a County Extension Service in each county, with a County Agricultural Agent and Home Demonstration Agent in charge, and assistants where funds permit and the work requires. Backed by a staff of Specialists at the University, these Agents are in close contact with rural people and their problems.

Practically every phase of agriculture and rural home life comes within the scope of Extension work. The Extension Service teaches largely by demonstrations and carries the scientific and economic results of the Experiment Station and Department of Agriculture to rural people in ways that they understand and use.

In Maryland, the Extension Service works in close association with all rural groups and organizations. It assists especially in promoting better marketing of farm products and encourages the marketing of home supplies by rural women. Work with rural women is one of the most extensive phases of extension education, including both the practical problems of the home and the cultural, economic, and community activities in which present-day women are engaging.

In addition to work with adults, thousands of boys and girls are developed as leaders and given practical education in 4-H Clubs. Through their diversified activities, the boys and girls are given a valuable type of instruction and training, and are afforded an opportunity to develop self-confidence, perseverence and citizenship.

#### **Extension Short Courses**

The Extension Service arranges and conducts short courses in various lines, most of which are held at the University. Some of these courses have been held regularly over a period of years and others are added as the need and demand develop.

#### Canners' Short Course

For many years a short course has been held each year to aid canners in keeping abreast of the latest developments in their industry. It is usually held in February.

# Rural Women's Short Course

In response to requests of rural women for special training in a variety of subjects, the Rural Women's Short Course was inaugurated in 1922. Attendance at the course, extending for one week, has grown steadily, reaching more than one thousand women at recent sessions. The program offered has been broadened through the years and attracts women from all counties in the State. The third week in June is the date usually selected.

#### Other Short Courses

Courses for nurserymen, florists, poultry flock selection agents, and cow testers are among those held in recent years. Announcement of such courses is made to those who may be interested.

# Boys' and Girls' Club Week

Members and leaders of boys' and girls' 4-H Clubs come to the University for a week each year, usually in August. Class work and demonstrations are given by specialists, and a broad program of education, inspiration and recreation is provided.

#### STATE HORTICULTURAL DEPARTMENT

# College Park, Maryland

- T. B. Symons, Director of Extension Service.
- E. N. Cory, Assistant Director of Extension Service, State Entomologist.
- R. A. JEHLE, State Plant Pathologist.

The State Horticultural Law was enacted in 1898. It provides for inspection of all nurseries and suppression of injurious insects and diseases affecting plants of all kinds. The work of the department is conducted in close association with the departments of Entomology and Plant Pathology of the University. The regulatory work is conducted under authority of the law creating the department as well as the State Board of Agriculture. For administrative purposes, the department is placed under the Extension Service of the University because of the close association of the work.

Work in this field is designed to control insects and plant diseases and to protect the public in the purchase of products of nurserymen and florists. A considerable part of the time of the staff is occupied by inspection of orchards, crops, nurseries, greenhouses, and floral establishments. Cooperation with the Federal Government in the inspection and certification of materials that come under quarantine regulations is another major function of the department. The department enforces the provisions of the Apiary Law, including inspection of apiaries. All activities pertaining to control of insects is conducted under the direction of Dr. E. N. Cory, State Entomologist and Assistant Director of Extension. Activities of the department in the field of plant disease control are under direction of Dr. R. A. Jehle, State Plant Pathologist. This service includes control and eradication of diseases of strawberries and other small fruits, diseases of apples, peaches, etc., inspection and certification of potatoes and sweet potatoes for seed, control of white pine blister rust, Dutch elm disease, etc.

#### THE AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION

W. B. KEMP, Director

The Agricultural Experiment Station is for Maryland agriculture what the research laboratories are for large corporations. Maryland agriculture is made up of forty thousand small individual businesses, and there is not sufficient capital, or sufficient income so that any one of these businesses can conduct research. Yet the problems which face a biological business such as farming, are as numerous and perplexing as the problems of any business. Certainly our production of food would be much more costly if it were not for the research results that have been obtained by the Agricultural Experiment Station.

The station is a joint Federal and State undertaking. Passage of the Hatch Act in 1887, which made available a grant in aid to each state for the purpose of establishing an agricultural experiment station, gave a great impetus to the development of research work in agriculture. This work was further encouraged by the passage of the Adams Act in 1906, the Purnell Act in 1925, and the Bankhead-Jones Act in 1935.

The work of the Maryland Agricultural Experiment Station which is supported by these Acts and by State appropriations centers at College Park. On the University campus are to be found laboratories for studying insects and diseases, soil fertility problems, botanical problems, and others. This is also the location of the livestock and dairy barns with their experimental herds. About eight miles from the campus at College Park, near Beltsville, is located the Plant Research Farm of about 500 acres, devoted to work connected with soil fertility, plant breeding and general horticultural problems. There is also an experimental farm near Upper Marlboro, which is operated cooperatively by the Federal Government and the Maryland Agricultural Experiment Station, and which is given over exclusively to the problems of tobacco growing and curing. There is also a numbers of acres rented near Pocomoke on the Eastern Shore, used for testing new varieties of potatoes. This work is checked and other varieties used, on farms in Garrett County, Maryland. Near Ellicott City there is a farm of 234 acres which is devoted to livestock problems. different locations give a chance to conduct experiments in various parts of the state under conditions which exist where the results will be put into practice.

The Station, in general, exists as the "trouble-shooter" for Maryland farmers. When Maryland farmers have a problem, the first agency to attempt to meet this problem is the Agricultural Experiment Station. The solution of many difficult problems in the past has given the Maryland station an excellent standing with farmers of the State.

# AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION STAFF

WILLIAM BECK KEMP, Ph.D.......Director Agricultural Economics SAMUEL HENRY DEVAULT, Ph.D., Professor and Head, Agricultural Economics Professor, Agricultural Economics RAYMOND WILLIAM HOECKER, Ph.D. ARTHUR MONTRAVILLE AHALT, M.S., Professor, Agricultural Economics WILLIAM PAUL WALKER, M.S., Associate Professor, Agricultural Economics ARTHUR BRYAN HAMILTON, M.S., Associate Professor, Agricultural Economics PAUL ROUTZAHN POFFENBERGER, M.S., Associate Professor, Agricultural Economics STANLEY CABELL SHULL, M.S., Associate Professor, Agricultural Economics LUTHER BEECHER BOHANAN, M.S., Assistant Professor, Agricultural Economics HAROLD DAVID SMITH, M.S. ..... Assistant, Agricultural Economics JOHN HERSHEY HALL, B.S. Assistant, Agricultural Economics Agricultural Engineering RAY WILFORD CARPENTER, A.B., LL.B., Professor and Head, Agricultural Engineering, State Drainage Engineer GEORGE JOHN BURKHARDT, M.S., Associate Professor, Agricultural Engineering ALBERT VICTOR KREWATCH, M.S., Associate Professor, Agricultural Engineering HARRY JOHN HOFFMEISTER, B. S., Associate Professor, Agricultural Engineering Agronomy WILLIAM BECK KEMP, Ph.D......Professor and Head, Agronomy ROYLE PRICE THOMAS, Ph.D......Professor, Soils RUSSELL GROVE ROTHGEB, Ph.D..... Associate Professor, Agronomy ALBIN OWINGS KUHN, M.S. . . . . . . . . . . Associate Professor, Agronomy WALTER BENJAMIN POSEY, M.S......Associate Professor, Tobacco HOWARD BARR WINANT, M.S. . . . . . . . . . . . . Assistant Professor, Soils ... Assistant Professor, Soils JOHN HAROLD AXLEY, Ph.D. STANLEY PHILLIPS STABLER, B.S. . . . . . . . . . . . Associate Agronomist

ROBERT DAVIS BOYCE, B.S.	Instructor, Agronomy
FRANKLIN BERTON STEWART, M.S.	Assistant, Soils
HOWARD MILTON GROSS, B.S.	Assistant, Soils
THOMAS EDWARD BEATTY, B.S.	Assistant, Soils
Agronomy—Seed Inspection	
Forrest Shepperson Holmes, M.S	Chief Seed Inspector
Animal Husbandry	
John Erwin Foster, Ph.D. Professor James Burton Outhouse, M.S Associa Malcolm Henderson Kerr, M.S.,	
WILLIAM EVANS CROW, B.S.	,
JULIAN BRADLEY ANDERSON, B.S.	
Animal Pathology  ARTHUR LOUIS BRUECKNER, B.S., D.V.M	
HAROLD MOON DEVOLT, M.S., D.V.M  LEO JOSEPH POELMA, M.S., D.V.M  ROBERT EVERS SWOPE, V.M.D  CORNELIA M. COTTON, Ph.D	Professor, PathologyAssociate Professor
Botany, Plant Physiology, and Pathology	
RONALD BAMFORD, Ph.D	
•	Plant Pathology, State Pathologist
WALTER FULTON JEFFERS, Ph.D Ass	
RUSSELL GUY BROWN, Ph.D.	
HUGH GILBERT GAUCH, Ph.DAssociated Carroll Eastburn Cox, Ph.DAssociated Carroll Eastburn Cox, Ph.DAssociated Cox, Ph.D	
DELBERT THOMAS MORGAN, M.S.	
John Edwin Moore, B.S.	
ROBERT DUBUOIS RAPPLEYE, B.S	
JOHN JONES SMOOT, B.S	
NORMAN LOUIS HORN, B.S	
Dairy Husbandry	
GORDON MANN CAIRNS, Ph.D Prof	osser and Wood Dainy Husbanday
IRA A. GOULD, Ph.D	
JOSEPH CLEMENT SHAW, Ph.D.	

PAUL BYBEE LARSEN, M.S.....Assistant Professor, Dairy Manufacturing Matthew Franklin Ellmore, B.S.....Instructor, Dairy Husbandry Bruce Carley Johnson, B.S. Instructor, Dairy Manufacturing Emory Childress Leffel, M.S. Assistant, Dairy Husbandry Robert Eugene Stout, B.S......Assistant Inspector, Dairy Husbandry

#### Editorial

ADDISON HOGAN SNYDER, B.S.

Professor and Editor

### Entomology

ERNEST NEAL CORY, Ph.D.,

Professor and Head, Entomology, State Entomologist
LEWIS POLSTER DITMAN, Ph.D.......Associate Professor, Entomology
HAROLD SLOAN MCCONNELL, M.S......Associate Professor, Entomology
GEORGE JENVEY ABRAMS, M.S.

Assistant Professor, Apriculture

#### Horticulture

# Poultry

MORLEY ALLAN JULL, Ph.D. ..... Professor and Head, Poultry Husbandry James Martin Gwin, M.S. ..... Professor, Poultry Husbandry George McSpadden Briggs, Ph.D. .... Professor, Poultry Nutrition Mary Juhn, Ph.D. .... Professor in Poultry Husbandry George DeWitte Quigley, B.S. .. Associate Professor, Poultry Husbandry Clyne Samuel Shaffner, Ph.D. Associate Professor, Poultry Husbandry George Watts Newell, M.S. .... Assistant, Poultry Husbandry Morley Gordon McCartney, B.S.A. .... Assistant, Poultry Husbandry Frank Davis, M.S. .... Assistant, Poultry Husbandry Jay Oscar Anderson, B.S. Assistant, Poultry Husbandry Robert Edward Moreng, B.S. ... Assistant, Poultry Husbandry Husbandry

# MARYLAND STATE DEPARTMENT OF MARKETS Agriculture Building, College Park, Maryland

HOWARD L. STIER, Head of Department.

W. C. Beaven, Marketing Specialist in Charge of Federal-State Grading and Inspection Service.

R. S. Forrester, Assistant in Marketing; Federal-State Inspector, Dairy and Poultry Products.

RUSSELL C. HAWES, Marketing Specialist; Supervisor Maryland Fresh Egg and Egg Grading Law.

WILLIAM E. HEIFFNER, State Egg Inspector.

L. C. HOLLAND, Assistant in Marketing; Supervising Inspector of Fruits and Vegetables.

CHARLES E. McCain, State Egg Inspector.

W. R. Mcknight, Regional County Agent for Marketing.

JOHN E. MAHONEY, Assistant Marketing Specialist.

ARTHUR F. MARTIN, Assistant Marketing Specialist, Supervising Federal-State Inspector of Dairy and Poultry Products.

DAVID SMITH, Market News Reporter, Baltimore (U.S.D.A. Cooperative Agent).

H. J. TWILLEY, Assistant Marketing Specialist, Supervising Federal-State Inspector of Fruits and Vegetables.

DEVOE H. WILLARD, Assistant Marketing Specialist.

Helen Griffin, Secretary to Head of Department.

LILLIAN GUENTHER, Senior Stenographer.

MATTYE B. MILLS, Junior Stenographer.

RUBY MOWITT, Junior Stenographer.

SHIRLEY M. WIELAND, Senior Stenographer.

#### General

All of the activities of the State Department of Markets are geared to the importance in modern agriculture of the problems of marketing farm products. The Department endeavors to serve the every-day needs of the farmer in marketing his products and to insure a fair and equitable treatment of the farmer in all dealings which he may have concerning the marketing of his products. In the performance of these responsibilities, the Department carries out programs in extension marketing, conducts market surveys and certain types of market research, compiles and disseminates marketing information and market data, operates a market news service, provides an agricultural inspection and grading service, maintains a consumer information service and enforces and interprets the agricultural marketing laws of the state. The regulatory aspects of the Department's functions are carried out as the agent of the State Board

of Agriculture under the authority of various State laws relating to the marketing of farm products. A close working relationship is maintained with specialists in the Extension Service, all departments of the Agricultural Experiment Station, the Maryland Crop Reporting Service, and the Production and Marketing Administration of the U. S. Department of Agriculture. The voluntary and dynamic cooperation of the personnel in these various activities brings to bear on agricultural marketing problems an effective combination of research, education, and service.

The passage of the Federal Agricultural Research and Marketing Act gave additional impetus during 1947 to the study and solution of agricultures marketing problems. The State Department of Markets is largely responsible for developing the state program under Title II of this act.

Information and assistance in all phases of marketing is available to all interested persons. When a sufficient number of individuals is interested, marketing specialists hold meetings and demonstrations in local communities. Field offices are located in Baltimore, Salisbury, Hancock, Hagerstown and Pocomoke. Department headquarters is at the University of Maryland, College Park, Maryland.

# Market Price Reporting

Market reports covering more than 100 farm products are issued daily in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Agriculture whose nation-wide teletype facilities are utilized in this service. These reports contain information on market conditions and prices of crops, livestock and other agricultural products. The information in these reports is obtained from producing areas in Maryland and from terminal markets and shipping points all over the United States. The information is published in local newspapers, broadcast over all major radio stations in the state, and mailed in mimeographed form to anyone requesting it. Eleven different market price reports are currently issued covering prices of dairy products, livestock, truck crops, poultry, grain, and fresh fruits and vegetables.

A weekly Retail Market Report is issued in Baltimore, which gives current retail prices for approximately 100 commodities including fruits, vegetables, meats and dairy products.

# Marketing Information Service

In addition to the daily market reports, a periodic analysis of the agricultural marketing situation is prepared at the headquarters in College Park. This report contains information on market supplies, quality, price trends, storage holdings, and movement of farm products. Other periodic information available in the marketing information series includes the monthly truck crop news; the monthly poultry letter; truck receipts in Baltimore City of fresh fruits and vegetables, issued daily with a weekly summary; and a weekly report of the volume of broilers moved from farms to market in the Delmarva Peninsula.

# Grading and Inspection Service

Any Maryland producer or handler of farm products may avail himself of the official federal-state grading service that is maintained by the department. Thoroughly trained and federally licensed inspectors are employed to perform this official grading service. Products graded and inspected include apples, peaches, tomatoes, potatoes, sweet potatoes, cannery tomatoes, cannery peas, cannery corn, dairy products, poultry and eggs and other farm products. The State Department of Markets also issues final inspection and certification for the Seed Certification Board on Irish and sweet potatoes and tomato seed stock. Maryland canners frequently base their prices to farmers on the grades established by the grading and inspection service rendered by the department. Established U. S. grades and standards are usually used in this grading program, however, special grades and standards of quality may be used if the grower or processor so desires.

Certain personnel of the department are deputized by the State Department of Health to act as its agent in preventing the sale or shipment of fruits and vegetables containing excessive spray residue. As a service to growers and handlers, members of the department will obtain samples and have chemical analyses made to determine the amount of poisonous spray residue present.

# General Marketing Services

Through its Extension activities, the department endeavors to bring about a better understanding by producers, handlers and consumers regarding: (1) costs of distribution; (2) important changes in market outlets and consumer demand; (3) importance of efficiently producing high-quality products; (4) advantages of standardizing and grading; (5) the place that various marketing agencies play in the marketing system and the essentials for their success; (6) interpretation and utilization of marketing information and outlook reports and (7) the various phases and channels of the marketing system.

Meetings are held with growers and distributors throughout the state to discuss with them their special marketing problems. The marketing specialists work with other extension personnel or research personnel in the Experiment Station in the development of a program designed to solve these problems.

The department assists in planning and conducting short courses and special schools involving various aspects of marketing such as the annual Poultry Products Marketing School, short courses for canners and freezers, grading and inspection demonstrations, etc. Another aspect of the extension marketing program of the department is the assistance and advice given to marketing facilities such as farm markets and auctions.

#### Consumer Information

The Department maintains a full-time office in the city of Baltimore for the purpose of providing continuous consumer information. This service provides the consumer with information concerning best buys of perishable produce, and methods of utilizing surplus products. This service aids in the prompt movement of perishable produce at times of surplus production and market gluts. A weekly retail price report is issued as a part of this service in addition to a specially prepared radio script and press releases on best buys.

### Marketing Research and Demonstration

The department actively cooperates with other departments of the University in carrying out various projects dealing with such subjects as processing and packaging; methods of measuring quality and factors affecting it; marketing costs; storage and transportation; and consumer acceptability. All such studies are conducted for the purpose of solving existing problems in marketing farm products and to increase the efficiency of the marketing system as a whole. The results obtained enable the producer or handler to be more certain of success in marketing his products and thereby to obtain a greater net return. Current results and progress of such research are constantly carried to the producer or handler through the extension program of the University.

In order to apply the results of marketing research, the Department conducts from time to time demonstrations of certain marketing practices which research has shown to be more efficient. These demonstrations are frequently conducted in cooperation with retail and wholesale market organizations. When the effects of certain marketing research are important and far reaching, the Department conducts demonstrations of the application immediately following the research findings.

# Regulatory and Control Activities

From time to time the state has passed laws relative to the marketing of farm products which provide certain standards and controls deemed necessary for the common good of both the producer and the consumer. The department acts as the agent of the State Board of Agriculture in the enforcement of these laws which include (1) the Maryland Apple Grading Law, (2) the Maryland Fresh Egg and Egg Grading Law, (3) Poultry Sale and Transportation Law, (4) Cantaloupe Maturity Law, (5) the Trademark Law and (6) the Grading and Inspection Laws. The department has depended upon its educational activities and the cooperation of the grower or handler for the successful enforcement of the above laws. Legal action is taken, however, when such measures fail. The greatest activity has been directed in recent years to the enforcement of the Maryland Fresh Egg and Egg Grading Law. This law was revised by the State Legislature in 1945 in order to make it more effective in creating a better demand for higher quality Maryland eggs. Principal effort has been concentrated in Balti-

more City with retailers and wholesalers. Promising progress has been made during the past two years.

The State Department of Markets is also authorized by law to execute, as the agent of the State Board of Agriculture, the general powers of the Board relating to the inspection and regulation of weights and measures used in the sale and purchase of agricultural products.

#### STATE INSPECTION AND REGULATORY SERVICE

Chemistry Building, College Park, Maryland

Feeds, Fertilizers, Agricultural Liming Materials, Insecticides and Fungicides

L. E. Bopst, State Chemist

W. C. Supplee, Chemist

A. B. HEAGY, Chemist

H. R. WALLS.

Chemist and Micro-Analyst

R. E. BAUMGARDNER, Chemist

J. E. SCHUELER, Chemist

N. S. CHAPMAN, Chemist

R. G. FUERST, Chemist

E. C. Donaldson, Chemist

W. J. FOOTEN, Inspector

E. M. ZENTZ, Inspector

F. G. BAGGS, Clerk

Responsibility for enforcing the State Feed, Fertilizer, Agricultural Liming Material and Agricultural Insecticide and Fungicide laws is delegated to the State Inspection and Regulatory Service. These laws are classified as correct labeling acts.

Five distinct divisions of work are necessary in carrying out the enforcement program. First is the registration of the commodities concerned under specific brand names and definite guarantees of composition and minimum quality, which information must be clearly shown on the label; second, the collection of official samples by inspectors traveling the state; third, the chemical and physical examination of these samples to substantiate the accuracy of label representation; fourth, the publication of results of these tests, and making the reports timely and available to all interested persons; and fifth, the prosecution of those parties responsible for flagrant violations.

One phase of the work is concerned with gratuitous examination of feed, fertilizer and lime samples submitted by state purchasers. Several hundred of these tests are made annually.

Activities of the department have, in recent years, been expanded to include cooperation with federal agencies. As a result the scope of the program and the organization's prestige have become nation-wide. All of this has been accomplished with but slight increase in personnel.

It has always been the policy of this department to carry on constructive scientific control work, never losing sight of the basic aim of service; service to the buyer in assuring him of value received for money spent, and service to the manufacturer in supplying requested technical advice and safeguarding him from unfair competition.

The department depends primarily upon education to further its program. However, in those rare instances when this policy is unheeded, complete backing by the courts—federal and state—can be relied upon for enforcement assistance.

#### SEED INSPECTION SERVICE

# Horticultural Building, College Park, Maryland

F. S. Holmes, Inspector Olive M. Kelk, Analyst

The Seed Inspection Service, a division of the Agricultural Experiment Station, administers the State seed law; inspects seeds sold throughout the State; collects seed samples for laboratory examination; reports the results of these examinations to the parties concerned; publishes summaries of these reports which show the relative reliability of the label information supplied by wholesale seedsmen; cleans and treats tobacco seed intended for planting in the State; makes analyses, tests, and examinations of seed samples submitted to the Laboratory; and advises seed users regarding the economic and intelligent use of seeds. The Service also cooperates with the Production and Marketing Administration of the United States Department of Agriculture in the enforcement of the Federal Seed Act in Maryland.

Two and a half million dollars worth of seeds are planted annually in Maryland. Perhaps twenty-five percent of the field seeds and ninety percent of the vegetable seeds planted in the State pass through trade channels and are thus subject to the seed law. The work of the Seed Inspection Service is not restricted to the enforcement of the seed law, however, for State citizens may submit seed samples to the Laboratory for analysis, test, or examination. Specific information regarding suitability for planting purposes of lots of seeds is thus made available to individuals without charge. The growth of this service has been steady since the establishment of the Laboratory in 1912. Few Maryland home-owners, city or country, are not directly interested in seeds for planting in flower-bed, lawn, garden, or field.

# STATE DEPARTMENT OF DRAINAGE College Park, Maryland

RAY W. CARPENTER, State Drainage Engineer.

The State Department of Drainage was established in 1937. Its duties are to promote and encourage the drainage of agricultural lands in the State, to correlate the activities of the local drainage organizations in the State and to cooperate with State and Federal agencies in the interest of a permanent program of improved drainage.

## DAIRY INSPECTION SERVICE

Dairy Building, College Park, Maryland

I. A. GOULD, Chief Examiner

R. E. STOUT, Assistant Examiner

The Maryland Dairy Inspection Law became effective June 1, 1935. However, the present activities of the Dairy Inspection Service are based on Article 43 of the Annotated Code of Maryland, Chapter 403 of the Laws of Maryland, 1941. The dairy department, functioning under the Agricultural Experiment Station of the University of Maryland, is charged with the administration of this law.

The purposes of the Dairy Inspection Law are as follows: (a) To insure producers who sell milk and cream by measure, weight and butterfat test, that samples, weights and tests used as the basis of payment for such products are correct; (b) To insure dealers who purchase milk and cream that their agents shall correctly weigh, sample, and test these products; (c) To insure correctness of tests made for official inspections or for public record. To achieve these purposes the law requires the licensing of all dealers who purchase milk and cream from producers, whether the purchases are by measure, weight, or test, and the licensing of all persons sampling, weighing and testing milk and cream when the results of such samples, weights, and tests are to serve as a basis of payment to producers.

Duties of the Dairy Inspection Service, resulting from enforcement of the Inspection Law, deal with the calibration of that glassware used in testing milk and cream and the rejection of inaccurate items; examination of all weighers, samplers, and testers and the issuance of licenses to those satisfactorily passing the examination; and inspection of the pertinent activities of weighers, samplers, testers and dairy plants.

The Dairy Inspection Law benefits the entire dairy industry by preventing unfair competition and unfair trade practices which result from improper methods of weighing, sampling and testing milk and cream, and the use of inaccurate and improper equipment. Also, requirements governing the accuracy of scales, construction of weigh tanks, and proper procedures result in greater efficiency and thus less loss to dealers and producers alike. The licensing of weighers, samplers, and testers assures both the producer and the dealer that the men engaged in such work are competent.

The Dairy Inspection Law is administered on an educational basis with the view of promoting the mutual interests of dairy producers, dealers, and manufacturers. It is the belief of the administrating agency that since the producers of milk and cream and the dealers in these products both benefit by the law, they also should share in the responsibility for its enforcement. Such a responsibility involves close cooperation and harmony between all groups affected by the law.

During 1946, 118 permits were issued to dealers as follows: 10 plants in Class A (buying less than 500 pounds of milk daily); 21 in Class B

(buying from 500 to 2,000 pounds of milk daily); 70 in Class C (buying from 2,000 to 40,000 pounds of milk daily); and 17 in Class D (buying more than 40,000 pounds of milk daily). In addition, 255 licenses were issued to testers and 115 licenses were issued to weighers and samplers.

# Affiliated Agencies on the University of Maryland Campus at College Park

The following Federal, State and private agencies are located on the College Park campus but are *not* under the direction of the Board of Regents of the University of Maryland or the Maryland State Board of Agriculture:

#### FEDERAL AGENCIES

Army Service Forces. Corps of Engineers, Soils Stabilization Laboratory. Eastern Experiment Station, Bureau of Mines. U. S. Department of the Interior.

Production and Marketing Administration. U. S. Department of Agriculture.

Federal Crop Insurance Agency. U. S. Department of Agriculture.

Fish and Wildlife Service, U. S. Department of the Interior.

Water Resources Branch, U. S. Geological Survey, U. S. Department of the Interior.

Public Health Service. Public Health Clinic.

Maryland Crop Reporting Service, Bureau of Agricultural Economics. U. S. Department of Agriculture.

Bureau of Mines, U. S. Department of the Intérior. Statistical Service Station.

Maryland Headquarters of Agricultural Planning Field Service, Bureau of Agricultural Economics, U. S. Department of Agriculture.

Soil Conservation Service, U. S. Department of Agriculture.

Veterans Administration (Washington, D. C. Regional Office).

#### STATE AGENCY

Bureau of Control Surveys and Maps, Department of Public Works, State of Maryland.

## PRIVATE AGENCIES

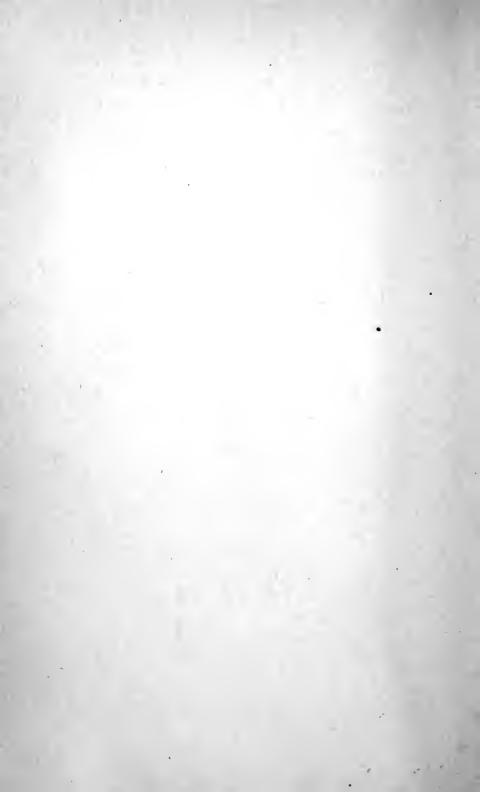
National Sand and Gravel Association Research Foundation. Aviation Division, American Society of Mechanical Engineers.



# SUMMARY OF STUDENT ENROLLMENT For the Academic Year 1947-48, as of April 1, 1948

Resident Collegiate Courses	*Colleg	e	r	otal L	ess
Academic Year	Park	Baltimo	re Du	uplicat	ions
College of Agriculture				759	
College of Arts and Sciences College of Business and Public Ad-	3056			3056	
ministration				1943	
School of Dentistry		301		301	
College of Education		• • •		867	
College of Engineering		406		$\frac{1662}{1938}$	
Graduate School		400		400	
School of Law		399		399	
School of Medicine		348		348	
Education and Recreation				36	
School of Nursing		187		187	
School of Pharmaey		247		247	
College of Special and Continuation	1				
Studies	. 951	977		1916	
Total		11,227	2,865		14,059
Duplications Baltimore Intercollege		9		9	
Duplications College Park and					
Baltimore		• • • •		30	
Net Total		11,227	2,856	0000	14,020
Summer School, 1947	. 3116	195		3306	
Grand Total		14,343	3,051		17,326
Duplications Summer and Academic		95		2066	
Year	. 1971	99		2000	
Park				114	
			0.050		15 140
TOTAL Less Duplications		12,372	2,956		15,146
* Classified as of first 1947-48 regis	tration				196
Mining Courses, Western Maryland Fire Service Extension					$\frac{136}{1,200}$
					1,200
Short Courses and Conferences					
Athletic Coaching School Canners', Freezers' and Fieldmen's				14	
Dairy Herd Improvement Association	Short C	ourse	Course	$\frac{350}{11}$	
Dairy Technology Conference	m reste	is framing t	Course	225	
Design of Concrete Mixes				34	
Firemen's Short Course				225	
Four-H Club Week				1036	
Greenkeepers' Conference				70	
Local 4-H Club Leaders' Training S	chool			87	
Maryland Congress of Parents and	Teacher	S		$\frac{234}{105}$	
Maryland Tax Assessors' School Model Legislature				195	
Ornamental Garden School				230	
Rural Women's Short Course				885	
Vocational Agriculture Field Day				250	
Workshop in Family Life Education				23	
Total Short Courses and Conf	erences				3,974
GRAND TOTAL, All Cours Less Duplications	es, Balt	timore and C	College	Park,	20.456
Licos Daplications					20,200





# ORGANIZATION OF THIS CATALOG

OPP Lan	mafatan	haa	0.001.000	maion	anotions	-	follows:
3.4430	CHUM	Tiens	SAAAA	melat	BOC MATTER	400	TAMOUNT .

- Section II. Resident Instruction at College Park. Pages 61 to 210

  The organization and curriculum requirements of the several colleges and departments
  of the University at College Park.
- Section IV. Course Offerings at College Park...Pages 213 to 385

  A listing of all courses offered at College
  Park, arranged alphabetically by departments.
- Section V. Resident Instruction at Baltimore... Pages 386 to 432

Table of Contents, Inside Front Cover.

An admission application form, or any further information desired concerning the University, will be gladly furnished, on request, by

THE DIRECTOR OF ADMISSIONS,

University of Maryland

College Park - Maryland

