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The good Fight of Faith, in the Cause of GOD against the Kingdom of SATAN.

Exemplified in a

SERMON

Preach'd at the Parish-Church of

St. Clements Danes, Westminster, On the 24th of March, 170;

ATTHE

FUNERAL

O F

Mr. JOHN DENT.

Who was barbarously murder'd in the doing his Duty, in the Execution of the Laws against Profaneness and Immorality.

I Tim. VI. Ver. 12.

Fight the good Fight of Faith, lay hold on Eternal Life.

whereunto thou art also Called, and hast profess da

Good Profession before many Witnesses.

By Thomas Bray, D. D. Minister of St. Botolph, Aldgate.

Published at the Request of the Justices of Peace, of the Societies for Reformation of Manners, and other Gentlemen that heard it.

London: Printed by H. Hills, in Black-fryars, near the Water-side. For the Benefit of the Poor. 1709.

Yes to Ministry the Late of the Parket

To the Justices of the Peace, and other Gentlemen, at whose Request the following Sermon was made Publick.

Gentlemen;

Wish I might have been excus of the Publishing a Discourse composed with so much hast, and amidst so much hurry, as must needs render it too crude and undigested to appear in Print; but the Consideration which gave force to your Commands, is the Occasion which may be here taken to publish to the Werld, that great Countenance which so many Persons of Distinction have given to the CAUSE OF GOD IN THE REFORMATION OF MANNERS, by attending the Funeral of a Martyr in this blessed Couse.

It was a glorious Sight, and will be of fingular Uje undoubtedly, as well to animate those excellent Pensons, who have devoted themselves to this, the best Service to God and their Country, as to discourage the impious and immoral Wretches of both Sexes; to have seen upwards of 30 Constables and Beadles; A also between 20 and 30 of the venerable Clergy to preced the Corps; 12 Justices of the Peace bolding up the Pall, and immediately following it; and a great Train of other Gentlemen of Quality. Among them, some Aldermen, and lastly above 1000 worthy Citizens and other conducting thus blessed Saint to his Grave. It was a sight, at which the Powers of Darkness, I am persuaded, did Tremble; and I believe is no small rever to those Evil-Doers, who are in Nature also themselves Devils, as much as they can be in humane Shape; for hereby they may conclude, that as much as Impiety and Immorality have advanced of late Tears; yet God has those, who will also advance on to meet them whatever they suffer by it;

And as fo noble an Appearance was a comfortable Sight, as it reforts the Caufe, fo likewife as it regards the Perfon who suffered thus gloriously in it It was not his Birth and Quality, nor his Estate and Posts in Publick, while be lived, (for you knew him to have been but a mean Man) that could induce you to give him such uncommon Respects at his Death. But several Gentlmen in the Commission, which you do so much adorn, found in him, throughout his many Years Service in the Great bufiness of Reformation of Manners, i.e. in bringing before you the lewd and diforderly Criminals, a most extraordinary Zeal, with a perfect Integrity, and a fingle Aim at the Glory of God and the Good of his Fellow Creatures. And this made you fo greatly value and respect him, whilft he lived; and to bonour him, as you have done, when dead. And upon the whole, when the Magistracy of this Nation, shall come universally to appear thus publickly. as, for ever bleffed be the Almighty, you more and more do, in the Cause of God and Good Men. (And when they shall have read Mr. Disney's most incomparable Estay upon the Execution of the Laws, as I hope all will) in the midfle of our Melancholy on the Occasion of so publick a Degeneracy both in Prinsiples and Practice; it gives a comfortable Prospect of an happy Recovery of the Church of God its primitive State of Piety and Virtue, and that the Kingdom of Satan will not fland long; nor Satanical Men wilifie, infult and murder the Servants of Christ without End.

'And that the Almighty may increase the Number of such Ministers of God for Good, as you show your selves to be, is the hearty Prayer of, Gentlemen, Your most Affectionate and Obedient humble Servant, T. BR 423

I TIM. VI Ver. xii. B827G

Fight the good Fight of Faith, lay hold on Eternal Life, whereunto thou art also called, and hast profess da Good Profession before many Witnesses.

Little thought, that a late Discourse I made before many of you, should be a Prologue to so fatal a Tragedy as we have here presented to us. As I then told you that there are two Powers in the World contending for Dominion over Mankind; God, and our Lord Jesus Christ our Rightful Lord and Sovereign, and the Devil that Arch-Rebel, and Usurper; And that in this War the whole World is engaged, and none can stand Neuter; So now our sad experience shews us this Truth, that we who profess our selves the Servants of Jesus Christ, must fight the good Fight of Faith as we will lay hold on Eternal Life that thereunto we are called, and have professed in our Baptismal Covenant a good Profession before many Witnesses.

But to illustrate this matter the better to you, I shall proceed as

follows.

Firf, I will remind you of your Christian Profession, Covenant and Engagements; shewing you that as the State of one in Covenant with God, is a State of Warfare; so our Baptismal Covenant, is a Military Oath taken by us, to be faithful Soldiers under the great Captain of our Salvation Jesus Christ, in his and our War against Satan, and

the Powers and Works of Darkness.

Secondly, That it being of ablolute Necessity that we continue Faithful in our Covenant unto our Lives end; and yet there being an Enmity, as between the Serpent himself, and the Seed of the Woman, so between the Seed of both, viz. The Wicked and Righteous, the latter are almost sure to undergo Persecutions from the former; and that therefore it is a Duty incumbent upon the Sons and Servants of God in Covenant with him, constantly to resist the Temptations of the Serpent, and his Seed to consess Christ and his Truths, and to stand firm in his Cause even unto Martyrdom.

Thirdly, I will thew you what Spiritual Weapons and Armour you must use in this sharp Conflict and Engagement; and how by using them you shall become Victorious. The Armour whereby we shall certainly become Victorious, if we put it on, and make use of it, is Faith. Fight

the good Fight of Faith. And,

Fourthly, I will move you by all means to Fight, to fland your Ground, and daily more and more to gain upon your Spiritual Adversaries, the Devil, the World, and the Flesh; and in a Word, to beat down Satan's Kingdom, in this your Christian Warfare. I will move you to this from the following Considerations,

iff, Because this is a good Fight, well worthy our Engagment in it,

and

and the fittest in the World to exercise our Courage and our Skill, Fight

the good Fight of Faith.

adly, Because if we become Victorious in this Fight, we shall lay hold on Eternal Life; we shall be crowned with greater Honours than in our Earthly Conquests, even with Eternal Life; Lay hold on Eternal Life.

3dly, I will excite you to be vigorous, resolute, and steady in your

adly, I will excite you to be vigorous, refolute, and steady in your Christian Warfare, because we are thereunto called; The Nature of our

Profession, engages us to be so: Whereunto we are also called.

4thly, Because we have so publickly and solemnly engaged to fight under Christ's Banner; and it will be our urmost Disgrace and Cowardis to fly from it our selves, and to give way in the Battle; especially having made such Publick and Solemn Engagements to the contrary; We

have profes'd a good Profession, &c.

And then, lastly, because the Examples of stour Leaders are of mighty Consequence to encourage those that follow them, to do their Parts also bravely, I will represent to you with what Courage, Resolution, and undaunted Magnanimity, the Martyrs that have gone before you have fought in this Christian Warfare; and particularly our good Brother here before us.

First, I will remind you of your Christian Profession, Covenant, and Engagements; Shewing you, that as the State of one in Covenant with God, is a State of Warfare; so our Baptismal Covenant is a military Oath taken by us to be faithful Soldiers under the great Captain of our Salvation Jesus Christ in this, which is both his and our War against

Satan, and the Powers and Works of Darkness.

I have been long of this Perswasion, and for any thing I can see, must ever continue of the same Opinion, that there is nothing within the whole Compass of our Religion of greater Consequence to be well understood and throughly apprehended by us, than the whole doctrine of the covenant of Grace, viz. the occasion thereof by Reason of the Fall, the Nature, Terms and Conditions of the same; By whose Medicalion it was obtained for us, by what Assistance we shall be able to perform it, and our Obligations thereunto. And that, as for many other Reasons, not here to be mentioned, and for which I must therefore refer you, (a) as well as for the knowledge of the thing it self, to what I have said essentially for this? That as the State of a Christian, as such, is a State of Warsare; so our Baptismal Covenant is a military Oath taken by us to be faithful Soldiers under the great Captain of our Salvation Jelus Christ, in this which is both his and our War against Satan, and the Powers and Works of Darkness.

That the State of a Christian is a State of Warfare, wherein the Sinner is on the fide of Satan, and the true Christian in the Cause of God, I did at large shew you on those Words of St. John, I Epist. 3. 8th Ver. He that committeeth Sin is of the Devil: For the Devil sinneth from the Beginning: And the whole Discourse being on that Subject, I shall not

⁽a) Lectures on the Prelimin, Quest, and Answ. of the Ch. Cat. or the short Discourse on the Baps. Cov.

(15%) repeat that matter her but rather refer you to the Discourse it sef for Satistaction.

But that our Baptismal Covenant is a Military Oath, taken by us to be faithful Soldiers under the great Captain of our Salvation Jesus. Christ, in this our War against Satan, and the Powers and Works of Darkness; As this is a point not yet spoken to; so it may well deserve our Consideration. That the Roman Soldiers were constantly wont to take a Military Oath to their General, is what every one who is any thing feen in their Antiquities, does very well know; as all that such their Oath was call da Sacrament, whence the Phrase Sacraments se obstringere, to bind ones self under the Oath or Sacrament, when they took such an Oath to be faithful to their General. And in allusion to this, it is, that both the Ordinances of Baptism and the Lord's Supper are also called Sacraments; Because in the one we did first enter, in the other we ratific such our Covenant with God, our Lord Jesus Christ; in the most so-lemn manner obliging our selves therein utterly to Renounce the Devil. and adhere to Christ our Rightful Lord and Master to our Lives ends

And here I cannot but admire the Wisdom of our Church above any whether Reform'd or others, that fo agreeably to the whole Tenor of Scripture, and to the Practice of the ancient Church, under the Form of a military Odth, the enters and binds down all her Children to an utter Abjuration of Satan, and a faithful Service and shrift Allegiance to Christ. Take the Scripture from one end to the other, and it consists of a History of a long and herce War between Christ and his Church on one fide, and Satan and his Adherents on the other; together with the Laws of Christ's Subjects; in conforming to which they must express their Allegiance to him, And the constant Phrase of the ancient Church in the entring of any of its Children by Baptism into Covenant with Christ, was altogether Military, as may be seen in Tertulian, the Constitutions, called Apostolical, St. Cyprian, Ambrose, Cyril of Jerusalem, and in whom not. So that from the beginning it has been always thought, and it continues full to be effeemed, that as the State of a Christian is a mere Warfare under Christ his General, against Satan that great Rebel, So our Baptifinal Covenant is the Oath of Allegiance we have taken to Christ our Saviour; the Military Oath whereby we have bound our felves to ferve faithfully under him. And thus much may suffice for the first. Proceed we on next to our next Head of Discourse: Namely to shew,;

Secondly, That it being of absolute Necessity, that we continue faithful in our Covenant unto our Lives end. And yet there being an Enmity, as hetween the Screent himself and the Seed of the Woman; So between the Seed of both, viz. The Wicked and the Righteons; the latter are almost fure to undergo Persecution from the former. And that therefore it is a. Duty incumbent upon the Sons and Servants of God, in Covenant with bim, confantly to relift the Temptation of the Serpent and his Seed; to, confess Christ and his Truths; and to stand firm to kis Cause even unta

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Having taken this Military Oath to Christ; it is of absolute Necessary, that we continue Faithful in our Covenant with him, to our Lives end. This is we do not, we shall come under the Guilt of being Covenant. Breakers, and such you will find among fearful Company, Rom. 7. 31. We shall be also guilty of the highest Perjury. And know, that as the Law is made for the Lawless and Disobedient, for the Ungodly, and for Sinners, for Unboly, and Profane, for Murderers of Fathers, and Murderers of Mothers, for Man Sayers, for Whoremongers for them who defile themselves, for Man steelers, for Lives; So for perjured Person, 1 Tim. 1.9, 10. And as the Law is made strict against them, so it will be one Day executed severely upon them. But then you are to consider withal,

That there being an Enmity, as between the Serpent himfelf, and the Seed of the Woman; fo between the Seed of both, viz. The Wicked and the Righteous, the latter are almost fure to undergo Persecution from the Former. The Serpent is the Devil, and the Seed of the Woman is the Meffish our Lord Christ; And as, soon after the revolt of Mankind from God to Satan, a perpetual and bloody. War proclaim'd between the Devil and his Vaffals, and Christ with his Subjects, in those remarkable Words. Gen. 3. 15. I will put Enmity between thee and the Woman, and between thy Seed and her Seed; it shall bruise thy Head, and thou shalt bruise his Heel; And in the same Words, it was forefold that Christ and his Followers should suffer severely from Saran and his Associates; so the Malice of the Satanical Crew did foon appear, and continues even unto this Day. The peculiar Character of Satan is that be is a Murderer; and those who are of a like murderous Disposition with him, are said to be his Children, John 5. 44. Te are of your Father the Devil, and the Lust of your father ye will do: He was a murderer from the beginning. And this Disposition both of him and them, was very early exemplified in his First born Cain, who was of that wicked one; and sew his Brother Abel.

And wherefore sew ye him? because his own Works were evil, and his Brother's Good. Ah! here is the true Cause generally of whatever Murders, and always of the Persecutions and Massacrees which have been in the World. Impious and wicked Men, horrible and outragious Swearers, Profaners of his facred Name and Word, Breakers of his Sabbaths, and Contemners of his Ordinances, as also those Sons of Belial, Adulterers, Whoremongers and Drunkards, These as well as Idolaters, are his profess'd Votaries, and are usually his more immediate Servants, who constantly attend his Chappel, the Play-House. And now the faithful Subjects, and true Servants of God, as they are the very reverse of all this in themselves; so they with an Heroick Zeal, for the Honour of their Lord and Mafter, labour all they can to bring off those wretched Men from their vile Servitude to Sin and Satan; and for this both Satan and Satanical Men rage horribly against them, revile and malign, and gnash their Teeth upon them, and if they can, will murder and deftroy them. Thus fiands the Truth of the Case, and then, marvel not, my Brethren, if

(7)

she World have you, I John 3. 13. nor be ye discouraged at it; for what says the great Captain of your Salvation, your Leader, John 15. 18, 19, 20, 21. If the the World hate you, ye know it hated me before it hated you. If ye were of the World, the World would love its own; but because you are not of the World, but I have chosen you out of the World; Therefore the World hateth you. Remember the World that I said unto you, the Servant is not greater than the Lord, if they have persecuted me, they will also persecute you; if they have kept my saying, they will keep yours also. But all these things will they do unto yeu, for my Name's sake, because they know not him that sent me. Thus you see in what noble Strains your great General does rouse up your Courage, and be not disheartned.

But let every Son and Servant of God, who is in Covenant with him. and so has taken the Military Oath to be faithful to, and to stick by him, look upon it as a Duty incumbent upon him, constantly to resist and repel the Temprarions of the Serpent and his Seed, so confess Christ and his Truths; Nay, and to ftand firm in his Caufe, even to Martyrdom it felf, if there should be occasion. You have entred into Covenant with him, to renounce the Devil and all his Works, the Pomps and Vanities of this wicked World, and all the finful Lusts of the Flesh; to believe all the Articles of the Christian Faith; and to obey God's holy Will and Commandments, and to walk in the same all the Days of your Life. And you must make it your first care, in your own Persons, to refist and repel whatever Temptations he himself, or his under Tempters, the World and the Flesh, shall ply you withal, to induce you to falsifie your Vows to God. And both his and their Temptations being very many, various and wilely, as I have already largely shew'd the World (b) you must be wery watchfal, and very Refolute, left you be enfnar'd and overcome by them. But when through the Affistance of God's Holy Spirit, which will not upon your earnest Prayer for it, be wanting to your Support, you shall find your Virtue pretty well established, proceed in the Name of God,

To Confess openly and bravely your Adherence to Christ in the Vindication of his Cause, of his Truths, and of his Laws. And accordingly if any Impudent Blasphemer, shall vilifie and redicule the Scriptures, or arrogantly dispute against any the Fundamental Articles of your Faith; or shall deride Piety and Virtue, and be found in the breach of any the Capital parts thereof, by profane Cursing and Swearing, by the profanation of the Lord's-day, by Rioting or Drunkenness, by Chambering and Wantonness, if they appear incorrigible, and beyond the force of Persuation to reclaim, give them not only to understand, but to feel, that we live under a Christian Government, and that as yet, Thanks to our Law-makers, who are gone before us, there are Laws to restrain their

Madness.

And thus you must by Virtue of your Military Oath, or Covenant, dand firm in God's Cause, even to Martyrdom it self, if there bould be-

⁽b) See Gat, Lett. 9, 10, 11, 12, 13,

Occasion. It is a vulgar Error crept into Mens Heads, that in those Nations where Christianity is entertain'd, or at least profess'd in the purity thereof, there is no place for Martyrdom. Such suppose Martyrdom is a suffering to Death in the Protestion or Vindication, of the Dottrinal part of Christianity only, of all or of fom Article of their Creed , but that as to the practical part, to fuffer with reference to that, does not deferve the noble and glorious Title of a Martyr. But the Truth is otherwise. And Martyrdom properly fignifies a fuffering even to Death, in the Testimony and Acknowledgment of God's Sovereign Authority over us, be it with respect to any Truth he requires us to believe, or of any Duty he obliges us to discharge. And in this latter acceptation folin the Baptist was a Martyr, when he was beheaded from having frankly teprov'd Hered for marrying his Brother Philip's Wife : And I will be bold to affirm, our good Brother here before us, as he was murdered in the best Service in the World, the promoting a Reformation of manners, may also deferve the most noble of all Titles, that of Martyr. In both the Authority of God is equally afferted, in both therefore the Crown of Martyrdom is equally attain'd. And in either case, should any of us be providentially calld forth to give our Testimony to God's Authority; either by confessing him and his Divine Truths, or by yielding Obedience to his Commands, we must do it at the hazard of our Lives, and the expence of our Blood; Not fearing them which kill the Body, but are not able to kill the Soul: but rather fearing him which is able to destroy both body and Soul in Hell, Mar. 10. 28. And that this we might be able to do, should it be the Divine Will and Pleasure to call us forth, at the Expence; even of our Blood to afferthis Caufe, I shall proceed,

Thirdly, To shew you what Spiritual Weapons and Armour you must use in this sharp Conslict and Engagement. And how by using them, you shall become Victorious. The Armour whereby we shall certainly become Victorious, it we put it on, and make use of it, is faith. Fight the good Fight of Faith. This is the Direction of St. Paul in the very case we are upon, our Spiritual Warfare, or the Fighting God's Cause against all the Powers of Darkness, We wrestle not against Flesh and Blood, not only against Humane force and violence, and corrupt Nature, but against Principalities, against Powers, against the Rulers of the Darkness of this World, against Spiritual Wickedness in High Places: Wherefore take unto you the whole armour of God, that ye may be able to withstand in the Evil Day, and having done all, to stand. Stand therefore, having your Loyns gire about with Truth, and having on the breast place of Righter-onliness; and your feet shod with the Preparation of the Gospel of Peace, Above all, taking the shield of Fasth, wherewith ye shall be able to quench all the fiery darts of the wicked. And take the believe of Salvatin, and the Sword of the Spirit, which is the Word of God: Praying always with all Prayer and Supplication in the Spirit, and matching thereunto with all Perseverance, and Supplication for all Saints, Eph. 6. 12, 13, 14

(9)

whereby we may be able to fland against the Wiles of the Devil; and a noble Place of Scripture it is, worthy a Comment upon every Part of it, would Time permit. But that which the Apostle himself more particularly recommends to our Use, is Faith; Abave all, take the Spield of Faith, and the Force of that is what alont I can now speak to. And as without Faith it is impossible to please God, by discharging as we ought, our Covenant Engagements to him; so in Virtue of it there are no Difficulties in our Christian Warfare, be they never so great, but we may overcome; as appears by what others have done before us in the Strength of it; a noble Record of whose Glorious Atchievents, with a most pateric to the Hebrews; a Place of Scripture which will yield an exceeding great Support to those who are call d forth to the more rough and dangerous Services of Religion, and such as may probably bring them at last to Martyrdom, in the Cause of God against Satan; and which therefore I would particularly recommend to the serious Medication of many here.

But of what Nature, you will fay, is that Faith, by the Virtue of which we can do such mighty Things; and how shall we use it, so as to become Victorious by it? And to fum up, in as few Words as possible, what may be to our present Purpose; in short it is this, a well-grounded firm Perswasion, that it is God who gave us our Being, and all that we are, and all that we have, so that we are entirely his Property, and ought to live and die solely to his Glory. That he continually exercises a watchful Providence over us, such as a wife Prince does over his People; So that we are to look upon our felves as his Subjects, to yield our felves obedient to his Laws, and to recken upon both our Perions and Services as absolutely at his Appointment: That when at the Infligation of Satan, Mankied had revolted over from God to him; the divine Goodness, in m er Compassion to our ceptorable Condition, as Rebels to the best of Mafters, and Slaves to the cruellest of Tyrants, did fend his own Son into the World to bring us back to him our God, and to redeem and rescue us from under the Power of the Devil; So that we ought most devoutly to look up to him as our great Deliverer and Redeemer. That in order to compals a compleat Redemption for us, by mediating an entire Reconciliation between God and us; tho' himself in Nature God, he took upon him that of Men, and being God-Man, a middle Person between God and us, he put on a Treaty of Accommodation between us, for which furely we can never fufficiently blefs him : That under this Character of Mediator, he first rook upon him the Quality of a Prophet, to inlighten our benighted Minds in our Way home to God, and to preceribe us the Terms and Conditions of that Covenant, on whose Conditions alone he would receive us to Mercy. And furely this we ought to close with; And that He moreover, because the divine justice must be fully satisfy'd for so high an Affront done to God by our Revolt, rook upon him the Office of a Priest, to that Degree, as never was done before or fince; even so as to

[10)
Life, and offer his own most precious Blood a Sacrifice for us to actone and appeale the Wrath of his Father conceiv'd against us : to that we are his purchased Possession with a Witness. And after his Sufferings on Earth, having ascended into Heaven, and there being vested with all the Power and Authority of a King over his Church, were committed altogether to his Government, and we are under his Conduct; and must therefore look upon our selves as altogether his Subjects, Servants, and Soldiers; to fight his Battles against his and our Enemy the Devil In discharging our Parts well in which Warfare, as becomes us in the several Posts and Stations in which he shall allor us, we may assure our selves of being infinitely and unspeakably Rewarded by him, for so he has promis'd us ; But if we shall prove recreant and Renegadoes, and Revole again over to the Devil, he will most direfully punish us; for so be has plainly Threaten'd. And this may be sufficient at present to be spoke to, as to the master of that Faith whereby we may come off Victorious and

Conquerors in the Day of Battle.

But if you do demand farther, How are we to use this noble Weapon of Faith, and when most seasonably? Why, you are always with great Seriousness, and great Intensenss and Application of Thought, to meditate upon these awful Points now mentioned. But especially whenever you find your felf likely to be engag'd in the Refutance of any strong Temptation to violate any one Article of our Covenant with God, or in any Difficult and dangerous Service, whereby we are call'd forth to do him eminent Honour: Then especially be sure you have your Eye fixt upon those great Things, Praying withal all Prayer and Supplication in the Spirit; For so St. Paul advises us, that we should do in Concurrence with Faith, Eph. 6. 18. And being thus prepared and arm'd with Faith and Prayer, you may fafely throw your felves into the Heat of the Battle; and no doubt you will come off Conquerors. And fuch is the Nature of this Warfare, that you will be more the Conquerors should you fall and die in the Field. But this being a Service fo very formidable to humane Nature, it behoves me furely therefore to lay before you fome very urgent and powerful Reasons to engage you in it; And this was my fourth. Proposal. And I will move you to this from the following Confidence. rations.

1ft, Because this is a good Fight, well worthy our Engagement in it, and the fittest in the World to exercise our Courage and our Skill : Fight the good Fight of Faith. It is a good Fight upon a double account; first, because it tends to make our selves Good; And next, because it tends to make the World Good. And truly the Fight must begin first at home, and with our felves, or we shall have little Success abroad. But this I need not urge to you, who are sufficiently sensible, how warchtul an Eye the World has upon you, that you be your felves reformed, who so nobly en-deavour the Reformation of others. And it must be attributed to the peculiar Providence of God over your Undertaking that Malice it felf has not in fo long a time been able to find a flaw either in your felves or Con(11)

duct, with respect to that great Work, such as may deserve its Animad-

version. To pass on therefore.

Next. As it is a good Fight, well worthy our Engaging in, in that it tends to make us in our selves so good; so much more as it will do a great deal of Good in the World. The World, as it is, is bad, very bad, God he knows : And were He not infinite in his Patience, Forbearance, Long-Suffering, and Goodness, as he is in his Holiness and Justice, we had e'er this been in respect of Punishment, as well as of Sin, as Sodom, and made like unto Gemorrha. And undoubtedly we should e'er this have come up to the heighth both of their Sin, and Fate ; but that fo many excellent Persons (of which our Brother here before us was truly a great one) with the Zeal of Phiness, have brought fo many of the Criminals to exemplary Punishment, to the Terror of Evil doers; and so the Plague has stayed. And if this Fight of Faith then, does not good to the World, I know not what does. And it has been a Thousand times an Amasement to me, that any serious Christian should arraign it; That the Sens of Belial, the avowed Servants of the Devil, should gnash their Teeth against it, and take fo much Pains to mifrepresent and bely it, I do not in the least wonder; for why? The Devil is the Father of Lies, and the Works of their Father they will do: It is natural to them. But that any fincere Christian, and that any especially, who are thief Members in the Houchold of Faith, should express any evil Will to this noble Fight of Faith, and those who are so gloriously engaged in it; to speak my Mind freely, It perfectly confounds me whenever I think of it: for my Life I cannot account for it.

But yet, the many will not with that diabolical Emnity and Fury as some very visibly do, outrage this blessed and good Work, and those who are so signally engaged in it; yet too many of those who take themselves for very good Christians, think they may excuse themselves from this the roughest part of this Fight of Faith, as not being called to it; but to rouse up these Persons out of so dangerous a Sloth and Indisference in the long and extended War between God and Satan; That I may keep close to the Method I have proposed, having,

adly, Shewed that the Crowns of Glory belong only to those who shall endure Hardships and Sufferings in this spiritual Warfare; And withal, of what a lustrous Nature those Crowns will be, far beyond the sading Garlands which are obtained by Earthly Conquests; I will proceed to shew, that there is no baptized Christian (and I am not Latitudinarian energh, to reckon those who despise and affront the Ordinance of Baptism, in the Number of Christians) but is called, even to this Degree of Warfare.

But first of all let me tell you, that those who are piously, ambitious of Growns of Glory, must endure many Hardshipe, and grievous Sufferings in this spiritual Warsare. The Apostle indeed in the Account which he gave of the Gospel, saying, that me must, through much Tribulation, enter into the Kingdom of Heaven, Acis 14,22, seems to intimate, that Christianity brings many Tribulations necessarily along with it; and

10

(12)

to our learned Hammond understands these Words. And truly the' to Hades a Man may go with a whole Skin, yet I much doubt, whether in the ffreight and narrow way to Heaven, that more unfrequented and ungrodden Path, he shall not inevitably meet with briars and Thorns, and receive fome Scratches and Scars, at least. But admit in the more baleion and peaceable Days of the Church, it may be otherwife; fo that an Admittance into the lower Stations of Blifs (as there are many Manfions in our Farher's House) may be obtained by those who have suffered nothing either in Life, Goods, or Reputation; yet the Crowns of Glory will, I fear, fall to none of their Share. Bur that diffinguished Remard, seems all along referved for those who are content, through much Tribulation to make their way to Heaven. Such a one was St. Paul, he had four he a Good Fight, he had finished his Course, he had kept the Faith; and thenceforth he became assured, there was laid up for him a Crown of Righteousness, 2 Tim. 4.7, 8. And such is he to whom that Degree of Bleffedness is declared, Fames 1. 12. Bleffed in the Man that endureth Temptation, that is, Affliction; for when he is tried, he fall receive & Crown of Life, which the Lord hath promiled to them that love bim. And fuch was the Church of Swyrna, Rev. 2, 9, 10. I know thy Works and Tribulation, faies the First and the Last, Fear not those things which then shalt suffer. Behold, the Devel shall cast some of you into Prison. that ye may be tried, and ye hall have Tribulation ten Days; be thouse faithful unto Death, and I will give thee a Crown of Life. But how shall I describe how full of Lustre those Crowns will be? How

far beyond the fading Gleries obtained by earthly Conquests? How fading how uncertain these Latter are, may be easily made appear. It is what we see every Day. One unfortunate Action shall esface the Memory of many triumphant Campaigns: Nay the mere Envy of those worthless Creatures who lie foking at Home, in Ease and Luxury, shall rear off the Laurels, tho' fresh and verdant, from the Brows of the most glorious Heroes returning from the Toils of War. But the Crown of Confessors and Martyrs in the Cause of God, is not of so transitory a Nature, former Fight to obtain a corruptible Crown, but thele an incorruptible. i Cor. 9. 25. No, thefe shall receive a Crown of Glory that fadeth non. away. And if you want to be further fatisfied in the blifsful State of those who have come out of Tribulation, you have it noby described, Rev. 7. 15, 16, 17, Therefore are they before the Throne of God, and ferve him Day and Night in his Temple ; And he that fitteth on the Throne fall twell among them. They fall hunger no more, neither thirst any more neither shall the Sun light on them, nor any heat; for the Lamb which is in the midst of the Throne shall feed them; and shall lead them unto living Fountains of Waters; and God shall wipe away all Tears from

their Eyes.

Such are the glorious Rewards of all who shall fignalize themselves in the Service of God against the Dominion of Saran. And hence it is, that our Saviour prongunces such blessed, Matth. 5. 10. Blessed are they which

(13)

are perfecuted for Righteousness Suke. Nay, and hence it is, that they are bid to rejoice; nay, and to leap for Joy in the parallel Place, Luke & 23. Accordingly hence it is that the Apostles, when they were beaten before the Sanhedrim for giving their Testimony for Christ, departed from the Presence of the Council, rejoicing that they were counted worthy to fuffer shame for his sake, Afts 6. 41. And lastly, hence it is that Christians, in the primitive Times, even crouded the heathen Tribunals to receive the Crows of Martyrdom, of which we have Instances innumerable in Ecclefiaftical History.

But notwithstanding these so glorious Promises, and noble Examples : Many, very many, fo they can but escape Hell, and barely enter the Kingdom of Heaven, will be contented to be Door keepers there, the' here they are eager enough of uppermost places. But this they would rather than pass through Briars and Thorns in the way, being of too tender and delicate a Constitution forfooth, to bear rough and hard Usage: And they hore they may at least enter the Kingdom of Heaven ; because as they suppose,

all Christians are not called to Sufferings. But,

III. I shall now thew them the contrary; and that they, even they, be they who they will, are thereunto called. And that I may be sure to comprehend all, I say, that there is no Mortal Man or Woman upon Earth, from the Prince upon the Throne to the Beggar upon the Dunghil, but is thereunto called. My Meaning is, there is no one Christian, but who in the Station he is in, some way or other, is bound to discountenance, discourage, and when milder Methods will not do, to bring to condign Punishment, the Workers and Works of Darkness, Blashemy, prefane Swearing and Curfing, Lewdnels, Profanation of the Lord's Day, excessive Drinking, and all diffolute, immoral and diforderly Practices, whereby God is fo highly difhonoured, and the Devil so directly servid; and this notwithstanding the ill Usage they meet with inthe way of their Duty; And this I would prove with respect to Princes, Ministers, Magistrates, and the People ; but that on a late Occasion, to which this is but a forrowful Appendage, I have already done it : And to that I must again refer you. And shall therefore, instead of particular Arguments to each Rank and Degree of Men, proceed to my

IV. Morive, which I am fure concludes all baptized Perfons under the Obligation; and that is, that all fuch have so publickly and solemnly engaged to fight under Christ's Banner; and it will be our utmost Disgrace, and the highest Degree of Comardice (pardon the Expression, for I think there can be nothing high and truly great in Cowardice) to fly from our baptifinal Covenant our felves, and give way in the Day of Battel; especially having made fo publick and folemn Engagements to the contrary. We have professed a good Profession before many Witnesses. And what are those solemn and publick Engagements made in Baptism? Why there we have in the Presence of God and his Church, renounced the Devit, and all his Works, the World alfo, and the Flesh; we have profess'd to believe (a thing quite different from the Infidelity and Profanenels fure which now reigns) all the Articles of our Christian Faith; And we have engaged to obey; what?

All Gods holy Will and Commandments, and to walk in the same, without Tergiversation, upon any difficulties and dangers, to our Lives End. And I am sure, among the principal of God's Commands those must take place, which put us upon promoting the Destruction of Satan, and the Advancement of Christ's Kingdom. Thus all have made a good Profession before many Witnesses; yea before many and great Witnesses, even God, Angels and Men. And this may be thought such a Covenant or military Oath, as I have explained it, as may be deem'd enough to oblige us to the good Profession, in what Field soever, be it a Field of Blood, into which Providence shall call upon us to fight it.

But further yet, the more firially to engage us; Our Holy Mother this. Church, from the Honour and Regard, it peculiarly bears to our Saviour. (as appears by its concluding every Collect, every Prayer, I had almost laid every Petition it makes, in his Name) Sings every baptized and covenanted Member of it, with the Sign of the Crofs : That being the Banner under which we are to fight : In token that hereafter he shall not be ashamed to confels the Faith of Christ crucified, and manfully to fight under his Banner against Sin, the World, and the Devil, and to continue Christ's faithful Soldiers and Servants unto our Lives End. And furely this Engagement of our baptismal Covenant and Oath so solemnized, is so strong, that Nothing can be more forcible. Thus you fee all baptiz'd Christians with us efpecially, are doubly concluded under an Obligation to fight the good Fight of Faith, But all you will fay are not in the peaceable Times of the Church shereunto called. In Times and Places of Perfecution, as under Pagan or hererical Powers, the true Servants of God are often called forth to Juffer. they will'own; but where orthodox Christianity is the national Religion, and by Law establish d, as God be prais'd it is with us, there is no Room to fuffer. No, what not for Righteoufness Sake? Martyrdom, as I before rold you, is a Testimony given to the Authority of God, as well with Respect to the Preceptive as the doctrinal Part of Religion. And that in an Mablish'd Church Men may be pointed out for Death, for afferting and standing up for his Laws, we have too fad an Instance before us. And as to an inferior Degree of fuffering; if any one shall attempt to do any uncommon or confiderable Good to the Advancements of Christ's Kingdom in the World: I am very much miliaken if he shall not foon bring the World about his Ears; as much Christian as it is supposed to be. A Gallio that cares for none of those things, may pass through the World peaceably enough, but whether with what Pace he shall reach Heaven, I very much doubt. For I think as he is listed in a War, where the utmost Vigour is required, he is called to fomething more, than what he thinks to be innocent but is in Reality to be good for nought. In thort, this is a War whereunto we are Call'd; and this is an Argument fo preffing to roule us from Sloth or Indifferency in it; that I need notadd more. However,

V. And Lastly, Because the Example of stout Leaders is of such mighity Consequence to encourage those that follow them to do their Parts also bravely, I will represent to you with what Courage, and undaunted Mag-

nanimity;

hanimity, the Martyre heretofore have fought in the hottest Parts of the Battle in this Christian Warfare; and particularly our good Brother here before us. And here I might lay before you a glorious Scene of triumphant Atchievement and Sufferings in the pulling down the Kingdom of Satan, by the Apostles; Confessors, Martyrs, in the several Ages of the Church, down throughout the Times of Pagan and Pagal Perfecution and Tyranny. But this would be to transcribe a Martyrology, and I must refer you to the History it self of the Martyrs. But as to the Manner of their heroick Bravery and Sufferings, I cannot better give it you, than in the very Words of the Apostle, Heb. 11. 12. The Capters I before so earnessly recommended to your most serious Cansideration, to fortify you in all your Undertakings, and to support you under whatever Sufferings in so glorious a Cause and Conflict: The Words are these beginning at the 33. v. By Faith they sub-dued Kingdoms, wrought Righteousness, obtained Promises, sopped the Mouths of Lions, quenched the Violence of Fire, escaped the Edge of the Sword, out of Weakness were made strong, waxed valiant in Fight, turned to flight the Armies of the Aliens. Women received their dead raifed to Life again; and others were torturd, not accepting Deliverance, that they might obtain a better Resurrection. And others had tryal of cruel Mockings and Scourgings, yea moreover, of Bonds, and Imprisonment. They were stoned, they were saun a sunder, were tempted, were sain with the Sword: They wandred about in speep-skins, and in Coat-skins, being destitute, afflitted, tormented. (Of whom the World was not worthy) they wandred in Deserts, and in Mountains, and in Dens and Caves of the Earth. And these all have obtained a good Report through Faith.

And now what have I more to do, but to give you some Account also of your dear Brother, whose Obsequies we do here solemnize, that you may fee how nearly he trod in the Steps, and has been honoured with the Fate of the preceeding Confessors and Martyrs. And that for your Example and Encouragement in this glorious Fight. And the Account I can

give of him with good Affurance is this.

That he has been above Thirty Years a strict Professor of Religion, and

led his Life accordingly.

That he had a gread Zeal for God's Honour, and the Salvation of Souls, and a great Hatred against Sin, which made him almost from the first engage himself in the Work of Reformation of Manners.

That in the 17 or 18 Tears, that he has been concern'd in it, none in all that Time could ever fix upon him, any Thing that was either wicked dishonest or even his worst of Enemies, the Whores, and Rogues, could not but give him a good Word; nay have been heard to fay, that they Believed him to act therein, merely from Conscience.

That he had been aiding and affifting to the apprehending and profe-cuting of feveral Thousands of lewd and profligate Persons, besides a vall

Number of Sabbath Breakers, prophane Swearers, and Drunkards.

That he was of a fweet, gentle and courteous Temper, and of a very modelt, and humble Behaviour ; very good natur'd, and always ready to ferve and affift every one, even his very Enquies; and he had a fingular Plainnels and Sincerity fhining thro' all his Actions; He was very courageous, and fear'd no

Encounter, yet had great Calmnels and Presence of Mind in Danger.

That he has often been much abused, bearen, mobbid, and wounded and in very great Danger of his Life in detecting, and bringing to Junice, the lewd and dilorde by Perions. And was the first, that rook into his Arms from among the Rioters, Mr. FOHN COOPER, a Consable, about Seven Years since murder'd in the Execution of his Office, in uppressing the publick Lewdness, and Diforders at MAY FAIR, thos there were then above Fourty Soldiers, with their Swords diams.

That the' he was almost continually in Danger, and Broils, and by his great Pains and constant Labour and Service in the Work, he had very much broke and im-

pair'd his Health, and Strength, yet he was unwearied in it to the very laft.

And in his lift Work you fee, he has fallen a Victim by the Sword of God's Enemies, being murdered by Three private Soldiers; a fort of Men, I am forty to speak it (of whom if we may judge by their horrid Oarhs and Curfes, and by their wicked Lives and Manners, which with too much Tolerance surely from their Commanders, they are permitted to lead) who, tho' they receive the Christians Pay, are Night and Day sighting the Devils Bartles. Thus this brave Soldier of Jesus Christians fallen. And this short and true Account I have given of him for your Example and Encouragement who survive him, that you also may proceed enquering, and to

conquer in the came glorious Fight.

It may feem indeed at first Sight to be rather a Discouragement to you, may remember what you have often heard, that the Blood of the Martyrs was the Seed of the Church. And the Church of God has indeed ever flourished the better for being watered by the Blood of the Martyr. And I believe also it will do the like amongst us. for the Innocent and precious Blood which has been lately seed in this Cause of Reformation of Manners. It is but a few Years since that hones Man Mr. COOPER sell a Martyr in the Cause, by the hands of an Athiest, assisting the sell of the Blood has cried, for ferching before Justice some of Satars Vassas out of that horrible Den of Impiety, May-Fair; and you have heard how that innocent Man's Blood has cried, and does still cry for Vengeance, so as to cause the worthy Magistrates and Junies, both of City and County, to petition to have that execuable Place of Debauchery and Impiety totally put down; and I hope the Cry both of it; and them, and of many other good Men throughout the Nation, joining with them, will be soon heard.

And now the Blood whilh has been fined on the like Occasion, and in the very fame Manner; how know you but that it also may cry so loudly, as to shake the very Foundations of the Play-House; a Seminary of A heisin, Impiety and Immorality, not at all inferior to the other. And would not its Fall rejoyce your Hearts? Courage, Courage, brave Soldiers of God, and of your Lord Jesus Christ. There is, no hurt yet, Our martyred Brother has lost nothing, I am sure, for he has received his Crown of Glory. And your blessed Cause, I am perswaded will suffer nothing by it; it will be more firmly established, it will be better cemented

by his Blood.

Upon the whole then, perfevere in the Name of God, to fight the good Fight of Faith, to lay hold on eternal Life, whereunto you are not only called, but have

witnessed a good Confession before many Witnesses.

Nay, and from the very Example of the Martyr before you, let me exhort you my beloved Beethren, that ye be fledfaft, unmoveable, always abounding in the Work of the Lord, forasmuch as you know, that your Labour is not in vain in the Lord. Amen, Amen,











