MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

A. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

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3 Pursuant to the Court's request during the hearing on June 24, 2013 on 4 Defendant Exist's Motion for Sanctions, D.E. 202, Plaintiff AVID's Motion to 5 6 Modify the Protective Order (filed as a Joint Stipulation for this contested motion), 7 D.E. 203, and Exist's Ex Parte Application for Sanctions, D.E. 218, EXIST hereby 8 submits this post-hearing supplemental memo to establish that AVID violated the 9 10 Protective Order, D.E. 26, when it filed the Rule 408 emails, D.E. 216-2. 11 The Protective Order Covers Data and Summaries of the Data 1. 12 The stipulated, agreed-to Protective Order, D.E. 26, confirmed by the Court 13 14 states that: 15 "Confidential Information," as used herein, means all information 16 in whatever form, such as oral, written, documentary, ... now or hereafter in existence that is designated "Confidential" or 17 "Confidential – Attorney's Eyes Only" pursuant to this Order and: 18 (a) is protected under the Uniform Trade Secrets Act, California Civil Code section 3426, et. seq., ... and (b) is the subject of 19 efforts that are reasonable under the circumstances to maintain its 20 secrecy; and (c) is otherwise regarded by a party as being confidential, private, or proprietary in nature; and (d) as illustrative 21 examples only, the parties anticipate that the following descriptive 22 categories will be designated as Confidential Information under this Order, including, but not limited to, customer lists, 23 confidential financial information of the parties, including profit 24 margins, pricing information, sales data, costs, profits, and retail sales summaries, vendor lists, order summaries, confidential 25 contracts, and proprietary fabric/style specifications. 26 D.E. 26, pg. 3, Section (A)(1)(emphasis added). 27 It cannot be disputed that summaries of Confidential Data fall within the 28 SUPPORT OF EXIST'S SUP ANCTIONS

scope of the Protective Order.

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2 Confidentiality Is Critical Under Fed.R.Evid. 408 Negotiations 2. 3 Fed.R.Evid 408(a)(1) states that "Evidence of the following is not admissible 4 ... (2) conduct or a statement made during compromise negotiations about the 5 6 claim..." The listed exceptions include (i) when offered in a criminal case, F.R.E. 7 408 (a)(2); (ii) in negotiations related to a claim by a public office in the exercise of 8 its regulatory, investigative, or enforcement authority; id. and (iii) when the court 9 10 determines that the 408 evidence should be admitted "for another purpose, such as 11 proving a witness's bias or prejudice, negating a contention of undue delay, or 12 proving an effort to obstruct a criminal investigation or prosecution." F.R.E. 408(b). 13 14 However, the Advisory Committee Notes make it clear that the prime purpose 15 of F.R.E. 408 is to promote confidential and constructive settlement negotiations 16

17 between parties in an effort to resolve disputes.

18 The amendment makes clear that Rule 408 excludes compromise evidence even when a party seeks to admit its own settlement offer or 19 statements made in settlement negotiations. If a party were to reveal 20 its own statement or offer, this could itself reveal the fact that the adversary entered into settlement negotiations. The protections of 21 Rule 408 cannot be waived unilaterally because the Rule, by 22 definition, protects both parties from having the fact of negotiation disclosed to the jury. Moreover, proof of statements and offers made 23 in settlement would often have to be made through the testimony of 24 attorneys, leading to the risks and costs of disqualification. See generally Pierce v. F.R. Tripler & Co., 955 F.2d 820, 828 (2d Cir. 25 1992) (settlement offers are excluded under Rule 408 even if it is the 26 offeror who seeks to admit them; noting that the "widespread admissibility of the substance of settlement offers could bring with it a 27 rash of motions for disqualification of a party's chosen counsel who 28

EXIST'S SUPPLEMENTAL BRIEF IN SUPPORT OF ITS MOTION FOR SANCTIONS AND CONTEMPT FOR VIOLATION OF PROTECTIVE ORDER

would likely become a witness at trial").

1 Fed.R.Evid. 408, Committee Notes on Rules 2006 Amendment. 2 For AVID to argue that the F.R.E. 408 Emails (see D.E. 216-2) are NOT 3 4 confidential because the emails are not marked "Confidential" ignores the key 5 confidential provisions of F.R.E. 408, ignores decades of practice by opposing 6 counsel that, in order to effectively settle cases, one typically exchanges summaries 7 8 of confidential data and is a violation of the Protective Order. To require marking of 9 all confidential data in F.R.E. 408 communications is contrary to well established 10 law and practice. 11 12 3. The 408 Emails Contain Summaries of Confidential Data. 13 In its effort to show no bad faith when it made the remark "Just pay the 1.9" 14 (referring to the post-filing demand of \$1,900,000 made shortly after the filing of 15 16 the customer lawsuit, AVID v Whales), AVID filed a string of 18 emails exchanged 17 by counsel for the parties in February and March of 2012. D.E. 216-2. Ultimately, 18 co-defendant ROSS STORES was dismissed after the parties entered into a 19 20 confidential settlement agreement. 21 The F.R.E. 408 Emails included detailed discussions about (a) EXIST's 22 volume of sales to ROSS; (b) ROSS gross profits; (c) sales by ROSS of EXIST 23 24 garments; (d) proposed settlement terms and conditions with ROSS; (e) proposed 25 settlement terms and conditions with EXIST; and (f) EXIST's contractual 26 obligations to ROSS in connection with the present lawsuit. 27 28

BRIEF IN SUPPORT OF ITS MOT

FOR SANCTIONS

EXIST'S SUPPLEMENTAL

While the 408 Emails show an economic basis for AVID's "Just pay the 1.9" 1 2 post-Whales filing comment, it was completely unnecessary for AVID to disclose 3 all 18 emails and volume ratios of sales to ROSS by EXIST. A small selection of 1 4 or 2 emails support the economic justification for the "Just pay the 1.9" comment. 5 6 ROSS' volume of sales with EXIST is noted at the bottom of page 2 in the 7 redacted emails. D.E. 216-2, pg. 2. Key terms are on pages 4 and 5 wherein AVID 8 brags that "As you know, we have handled hundreds and hundreds of these cases 9 10 and have abided every confidentiality agreement we have entered into, including 11 substantial settlements with Ross." EXIST's contractual relationship with ROSS as 12 to the settlement is apparent and ROSS' profits are discussed on page 6 and 7. 13 14 Volume of EXIST's sales to ROSS is discussed on page 7. 15 Although the Pretrial Conference Order (PTCO) does identify EXIST's and 16 ROSS' net profit for accused goods (see PTCO, D.E. 97-1, pgs. 5 and 13, as an 17 18 example), the volume of sales to other EXIST customers and the percentage of 19 EXIST's sales to other customers as compared to retailer ROSS is not disclosed in 20 the PTCO. 21 22 **B.** Conclusion 23 The disclosure of 18 emails violated the confidential settlement and the 24 disclosure of summaries of EXIST's volume of sales to ROSS compared to EXIST's 25 26 other retail customers is a violation of the Protective Order. 27 28 BRIEF IN SUPPORT OF ITS MOT FOR SANCTIONS EXIST'S SUPPLEMEN

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1	Dated: June 26, 2012 By: //	s/ Robert Kain
	Robe	rt C. Kain, Jr.
2	Kain	& Associates
3	Ft. L	S.E. 3rd Ave. Suite 205 auderdale, FL
4	4 Tel: ((954) 768-9002
5		(954) 768-0158
6	6 Sean	E. Macias, SBN 201973
7		CIAS COUNSEL, INC. W. Colorado Blvd.
8	8	lena, California 91105
9		(626) 844-7707
10		(626) 844-7717 neys for Defendants
11	1	
12	2	
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15	5	
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