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1 2	Brett L. Gibbs, Esq. (SBN 251000) Of Counsel to Prenda Law Inc. 38 Miller Avenue, #263	2012 AUG -2 AM 9: 42 CLERK U.S. DISTRICT COURT
3	Mill Valley, CA 94941 415-325-5900	CENTRAL DIST. OF CALIF.
4	blgibbs@wefightpiracy.com	B Y
5	Attorney for Plaintiff	
6	IN THE UNITED S	TATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE
8	CENTRAL	DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
9		0440 4446
0	INGENUITY13 LLC,	No. 1: V12-6660
11	Plaintiff, v.	No. C.V12-6660 Judge: GAF (AGRX)
12	JOHN DOE	COMPLAINT
13	Defendant.	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL
15)
16	Plaintiff Ingenuity13 LLC ("Plain	intiff"), through its undersigned counsel, hereby files this
17	Complaint requesting damages and injun	active relief, and alleges as follows:
18	NAT	URE OF THE CASE
19	1. Plaintiff files this action for	or copyright infringement under the United States Copyright
20	Act and related contributory infringeme	nt and negligence claims under the common law to combat
21	the willful and intentional infringemen	t of its creative works. Unidentified Defendant John Doe
22	("Defendant"), whose name Plaintiff exp	pects to ascertain during discovery, knowingly and illegally
24	reproduced and distributed Plaintiff's c	opyrighted Video by acting in concert with others via the
25	BitTorrent file sharing protocol and, upo	on information and belief, continues to do the same. In using
26	BitTorrent, Defendant's infringment acti	ons furthered the efforts of numerous others in infringing on
27	Plaintiff's copyrighted works. The resul-	t: exponential viral infringment. Plaintiff seeks a permanent
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this behavior.

THE PARTIES .

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Plaintiff Ingenuity 13 LLC is a limited liability company organized and existing under 2. the laws of the Federation of Saint Kitts and Nevis. Plaintiff is a holder of rights to various copyrighted works, and is the exclusive holder of the relevant rights with respect to the copyrighted creative work at issue in this Complaint.

injunction, statutory or actual damages, award of costs and attorney's fees, and other relief to curb

- 3. The copyrighted work at issue in this complaint is one of Plaintiff's adult entertainment videos, "Five Fan Favorites" (the "Video").
- 4. Defendant's actual name is unknown to Plaintiff. Instead, Defendant is known to Plaintiff only by an Internet Protocol address ("IP address"), which is a number assigned to devices, such as computers, that are connected to the Internet. In the course of monitoring Internet-based infringement of its copyrighted content, Plaintiff's agents observed unlawful reproduction and distribution occurring over IP address 75.142.52.147 via the BitTorrent file transfer protocol. Plaintiff cannot ascertain Defendant's actual identity without limited expedited discovery.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over Plaintiff's copyright infringement 5. claim under 17 U.S.C. §§ 101, et seq., (the Copyright Act), 28 U.S.C. § 1331 (actions arising under the laws of the United States), and 28 U.S.C. § 1338(a) (actions arising under an Act of Congress relating to copyrights). This Court has supplemental jurisdiction over Plaintiff's contributory infringement and negligence claims under 28 U.S.C. § 1367(a) because they are so related to Plaintiff's copyright infringement claim, which is within this Court's original jurisdiction, that the claims form part of the same case and controversy under Article III of the United States Constitution.

- 6. This Court has personal jurisdiction because, upon information and belief, Defendant either resides in or committed copyright infringement in the State of California. Plaintiff used geolocation technology to trace the IP address of the Defendant to a point of origin within the State of California. Geolocation is a method for ascertaining the likely geographic region associated with a given IP address at a given date and time. Although not a litmus test for personal jurisdiction, the use of geolocation gives Plaintiff good cause for asserting that personal jurisdiction is proper over the Defendant.
- 7. Venue is properly founded in this judicial district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b) and 1400(a) because Defendant resides in this District, may be found in this District, or a substantial part of the events giving rise to the claims in this action occurred within this District.

BACKGROUND

- 8. BitTorrent is a modern file sharing method ("protocol") used for distributing data via the Internet.
- 9. Traditional file transfer protocols involve a central server, which distributes data directly to individual users. This method is prone to collapse when large numbers of users request data from the central server, in which case the server can become overburdened and the rate of data transmission can slow considerably or cease altogether. In addition, the reliability of access to the data stored on a server is largely dependent on the server's ability to continue functioning for prolonged periods of time under high resource demands.
- 10. Standard P2P protocols involve a one-to-one transfer of whole files between a single uploader and single downloader. Although standard P2P protocols solve some of the issues associated with traditional file transfer protocols, these protocols still suffer from such issues as scalability. For example, when a popular file is released (e.g. an illegal copy of the latest blockbuster movie) the initial source of the file performs a one-to-one whole file transfer to a third party, who

then performs similar transfers. The one-to-one whole file transfer method can significantly delay the spread of a file across the world because the initial spread is so limited.

- In contrast, the BitTorrent protocol is a decentralized method of distributing data. Instead of relying on a central server to distribute data directly to individual users, the BitTorrent protocol allows individual users to distribute data among themselves. Further, the BitTorrent protocol involves breaking a single large file into many small pieces, which can be transferred much more quickly than a single large file and, in turn, redistributed much more quickly than a single large file. Moreover, each peer can download missing pieces of the file from multiple sources—often simultaneously—which causes transfers to be fast and reliable. After downloading a piece, a peer automatically becomes a source for the piece. This distribution method contrasts sharply with a one-to-one whole file transfer method.
- 12. In BitTorrent vernacular, individual downloaders/distributors of a particular file are called peers. The group of peers involved in downloading/distributing a particular file is called a swarm. A server which stores a list of peers in a swarm is called a tracker. A computer program that implements the BitTorrent protocol is called a BitTorrent client. Each swarm is unique to a particular file.
- This file contains information about the files to be shared and about the tracker, the computer that coordinates the file distribution. Second, the user loads the torrent file into a BitTorrent client, which automatically attempts to connect to the tracker listed in the torrent file. Third, the tracker responds with a list of peers and the BitTorrent client connects to those peers to begin downloading data from and distributing data to the other peers in the swarm. When the download is complete, the BitTorrent client continues distributing data to other peers in the swarm until the user manually disconnects from the swarm or the BitTorrent client otherwise does the same.

- 14. The degree of anonymity provided by the BitTorrent protocol is extremely low. Because the protocol is based on peers connecting to one another, a peer must broadcast identifying information (i.e. an IP address) before it can receive data. Nevertheless, the actual names of peers in a swarm are unknown, as the users are allowed to download and distribute under the cover of their IP addresses.
- 15. The BitTorrent protocol is an extremely popular method for transferring data. The size of swarms for popular files can reach into the tens of thousands of unique peers. A swarm will commonly have peers from many, if not every, state in the United States and several countries around the world. And every peer in the swarm participates in distributing the file to dozens, hundreds, or even thousands of other peers.
- 16. The BitTorrent protocol is also an extremely popular method for unlawfully copying, reproducing, and distributing files in violation of the copyright laws of the United States. A broad range of copyrighted albums, audiovisual files, photographs, software, and other forms of media are available for illegal reproduction and distribution via the BitTorrent protocol.
- BitTorrent's decentralized nature. Because there are no central servers to enjoin from unlawfully distributing copyrighted content, there is no primary target on which to focus anti-piracy efforts. Indeed, the same decentralization that makes the BitTorrent protocol an extremely robust and efficient means of transferring enormous quantities of data also acts to insulate it from anti-piracy measures. This lawsuit is Plaintiff's only practical means of combating BitTorrent-based infringement of the Video.

ALLEGATIONS COMMON TO ALL COUNTS

18. Plaintiff is the exclusive rights holder with respect to BitTorrent-based reproduction and distribution of the Video.

- 19. The Video is currently registered in the United States Copyright Office (Copyright No. PA0001791654). (See Exhibit A to Complaint.)
- 20. The torrent file used to access the copyrighted material was named in a manner that would have provided an ordinary individual with notice that the Video was protected by the copyright laws of the United States.
- 21. Plaintiff employs proprietary peer-to-peer network forensic software to perform exhaustive real time monitoring of the BitTorrent-based swarm involved in distributing the Video. This software is effective in capturing data about the activity of peers in a swarm and their infringing conduct.
- 22. Defendant, using IP address 75.142.52.147, without Plaintiff's authorization or license, intentionally downloaded a torrent file particular to Plaintiff's Video, purposefully loaded that torrent file into his BitTorrent client—in this case, Azureus 4.7.0.2—entered a BitTorrent swarm particular to Plaintiff's Video, and reproduced and distributed the Video to numerous third parties.
- 23. Plaintiff's investigators detected Defendant's illegal download on 2012-07-07 at 03:06:19 (UTC). However, this is a simply a snapshot observation of when the IP address was *observed* in the BitTorrent swarm; the conduct took itself place before and after this date and time.
- 24. Defendant was part of a group of BitTorrent users or peers in a single swarm—a process generally described above—whose computers were collectively interconnected for the sharing of a particular unique file. The particular file a BitTorrent swarm is associated with has a unique file "hash"—i.e. a unique file identifier generated by an algorithm. The unique hash value in this case is identified as 0097432CC9634A7094B0FB24A6A0A97C993C58FF (hereinafter "Hash Tag."), and common to all of the participants in the swarm.

COUNT I – COPYRIGHT INFRINGEMENT

- 25. Plaintiff hereby incorporates by reference each and every allegation contained in the preceding paragraphs as if fully set forth fully herein.
- 26. Defendant's conduct infringes upon Plaintiff's exclusive rights of reproduction and distribution that are protected under the Copyright Act.
- 27. Defendant knew or had constructive knowledge that his acts constituted copyright infringement of Plaintiff's Video.
- 28. Defendant's conduct was willful within the meaning of the Copyright Act: intentional, and with indifference to the Plaintiff's rights.
- 29. Plaintiff has been damaged by Defendant's conduct, including but not limited to economic and reputation losses. Plaintiff continues to be damaged by such conduct, and has no adequate remedy at law to compensate the Plaintiff for all of the possible damages stemming from the Defendant's conduct.
- 30. Plaintiff hereby reserves the right, pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 504(c), to elect to recover statutory damages for each infringement, in lieu of seeking recovery of actual damages.
- 31. As Defendant's infringement was intentional and willful, Plaintiff is entitled to an award of statutory damages, exemplary damages, attorneys' fees, and the costs of the suit.

COUNT II – CONTRIBUTORY INFRINGEMENT

- 32. Plaintiff hereby incorporates by reference each and every allegation contained in the preceding paragraphs as if fully set forth fully herein.
- 33. When users in this unique swarm all possess the same infringing work with the same exact hash value, it is because each infringer possesses an exact digital copy, containing the exact bits and pieces unique to that specific file of Plaintiff's original copyrighted work. They only way this happens in a BitTorrent swarm is through the sharing of these bits and pieces of each same

unique file, with the same unique hash value, between the users in the swarm. In essence, although hundreds of users may be uploading the copyrighted work, a single user will receive only the exact parts of a singular upload through that exact swarm, not a compilation of available pieces from various uploads.

- 34. Defendant published the Hash Tag to the BitTorrent network.
- 35. Defendant downloaded, uploaded and distributed the Video to other BitTorrent users through use of the hash-specified protocol in the unique swarm.
- 36. As each of the thousands of people who illegally downloaded the movie accessed this illegal publication, they derived portions of their illegal replication of the file from multiple persons, including, but not limited to, Defendant.
- 37. Defendant knew of the infringement, was conscious of his own infringement, and Defendant was fully concsious that his actions resulted in multiple other persons derivatively downloaded the file containing Plaintiff's Video.
- 38. The infringement by the other BitTorrent users could not have occurred without Defendant's participation in uploading Plaintiff's copyrighted works. As such, Defendant's participation in the infringing activities of others is substantial and contributed, for profit, to the infringing activity of thousands of other peers over the Internet across the world.
- 39. Defendant profited from this contributory infringement by way of being granted access to a greater library of other infringing works, some of which belonged to Plaintiff and some of which belonged to other copyright owners.

COUNT III – NEGLIGENCE

40. Plaintiff hereby incorporates by reference each and every allegation contained in the preceding paragraphs as if fully set forth fully herein.

- 41. Defendant accessed, or controlled access to, the Internet connection used in performing the unauthorized copying and sharing of Plaintiff's Video, proximately causing financial harm to Plaintiff.
- 42. Defendant had a duty to secure his Internet connection. Defendant breached that duty by failing to secure his Internet connection.
- 43. Reasonable Internet users take steps to secure their Internet access accounts preventing the use of such accounts for an illegal purpose. Defendant's failure to secure his Internet access account, thereby allowing for its illegal use, constitutes a breach of the ordinary care that a reasonable Internet account holder would do under like circumstances.
- 44. In the alternative, Defendant secured his connection, but permitted an unknown third party to use his Internet connection to infringe on Plaintiff's Video. Defendant knew, or should have known, that this unidentified individual used Defendant's Internet connection for the aformentioned illegal activities. Defendant declined to monitor the unidentified third-party infringer's use of his computer Internet connection, demonstrating further negligence.
- 45. In the alternative, Defendant knew of, and allowed for, the unidentified third party infringer's use of his Internet connection for illegal purposes and thus was complicit in the unidentified third party's actions.
- 46. Upon information and belief, Defendant's failure to secure his Internet access account directly allowed for the copying and sharing of Plaintiff's Video over the BitTorrent protocol through Defendant's Internet connection, and interfered with Plaintiff's exclusive rights in the copyrighted work.
- 47. Upon information and belief, Defendant knew, or should have known of, the unidentified third party's infringing actions, and, despite this, Defendant directly, or indirectly, allowed for the copying and sharing of Plaintiff's Video over the BitTorrent protocol through

Defendant's Internet connection, and interfered with Plaintiff's exclusive rights in the copyrighted Video.

- 48. By virtue of his unsecured access, Defendant negligently allowed the use of his Internet access account to perform the above-described copying and sharing of Plaintiff's copyrighted Video.
- 49. Had Defendant taken reasonable care in securing access to this Internet connection, or monitoring the unidentified third-party individual's use of his Internet connection, such infringements as those described above would not have occurred by the use of Defendant's Internet access account.
- 50. Defendant's negligent actions allow others to unlawfully copy and share Plaintiff's copyrighted Video, proximately causing financial harm to Plaintiff and unlawfully interfering with Plaintiff's exclusive rights in the Video.

JURY DEMAND ·

51. Plaintiff hereby demands a jury trial in this case.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully requests Judgment and relief as follows:

- 1) Judgment against Defendant that he has: a) willfully infringed Plaintiff's rights in federally registered copyrights pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 501; and b) otherwise injured the business reputation and business of Plaintiff by Defendant's acts and conduct set forth in this Complaint;
- 2) Judgment in favor of the Plaintiff against Defendant for actual damages or statutory damages pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 504, at the election of Plaintiff, in an amount to be ascertained at trial;

1(

1	3)	Order of impoundment under 17 U.S.C. §§ 503 & 509(a) in	mpounding all infringing						
2	copies of P	laintiff's audiovisual works, photographs or other materials, v	which are in Defendant's						
3	possession or under his control;								
4	4)	On Count II, an order that Defendant is jointly and severally	liable to the Plaintiff in						
5	the full amo	ount of Judgment on the basis of a common law claim for con-	tributory infringement of						
6 7	copyright; f	for an award of compensatory damages in favor of the Plaintif	f and against Defendant,						
8	jointly and severally, in an amount to be determined at trial;								
9	5)	On Count III, an order that Defendant is jointly and severall	y liable to the Plaintiff in						
10	,	ount of Judgment on the basis of Defendant's negligence in allow							
11		s his Internet account and, through it, violate Plaintiff's copyrig							
12		atory damages in favor of the Plaintiff and against Defendant, jo							
13			mining and severany, in an						
14		be determined at trial;	d Di ' d'CC d						
15	6)	Judgment in favor of Plaintiff against the Defendant awardir							
16	fees, litigati	ion expenses (including fees and costs of expert witnesses), and	other costs of this action;						
17	and								
18	7)	Judgment in favor of the Plaintiff against Defendant, award	ling Plaintiff declaratory						
20	and injuncti	ive or other equitable relief as may be just and warranted under the	he circumstances.						
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28		11 COMPLAINT	CASE NO						

1	Respectfully Submitted,	
2	PRENDA LAW INC.	
3	DATED: July 24, 2012	
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5		
6	Brett L. Gibbs, Esq. (SBN 251000) Of Counsel to Prenda Law Inc.	
7	38 Miller Avenue, #263 Mill Valley, CA 94941 blgibbs@wefightpiracy.com Attorney for Plaintiff	
8	Attorney for Plaintiff	
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	COMPLAINT CASE	NO.

1	DEMAND FOR A JURY TRIAL						
2	Plaintiff hereby demands a jury trial as provided by FRCP 38(a).						
3	Training hereby demands a jury trial as provided by Tites 35(a).						
4							
. 5	By: /s/ Brett L. Gibbs						
6	Brett L. Gibbs, Esq. (SBN 251000)						
7	Attorney for Plaintiff						
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EXHIBIT A

WebVoyage Record View 1

http://cocatalog.loc.gov/cgi-bin/Pwebrecon.cgi?Search_Arg=Fi...



Public Catalog

Copyright Catalog (1978 to present)

Search Request: Left Anchored Title = Five Fan Favorites

Search Results: Displaying 1 of 1 entries



Labeled View

Five Fan Favorites.

Type of Work: Motion Picture

Registration Number / Date: PA0001791654 / 2012-05-29

Application Title: Five Fan Favorites.

Title: Five Fan Favorites.

Description: 7 electronic files (eService)

Copyright Claimant: Ingenuity 13 LLC. Address: Springates East, Government Road, Charlestown, Saint

Kitts-Nevis.

Date of Creation: 2012
Date of Publication: 2012-05-24
Nation of First Publication: United States

Authorship on Application: Ingenuity 13 LLC, employer for hire; Domicile: United States; Citizenship: United

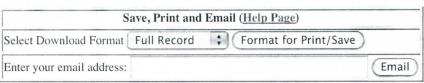
States. Authorship: entire motion picture, production/producer, direction/director,

script/screenplay, cinematography/cinematographer, editing/editor.

Copyright Note: C.O. correspondence.

Names: Ingenuity 13 LLC





Help Search History Titles Start Over

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT TO UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE FOR DISCOVERY

This case has been assigned to District Judge Gary A. Feess and the assigned discovery Magistrate Judge is Alicia G. Rosenberg.

The case number on all documents filed with the Court should read as follows:

CV12- 6660 GAF (AGRx)

Pursuant to General Order 05-07 of the United States District Court for the Central District of California, the Magistrate Judge has been designated to hear discovery related motions.

All discovery related motions should be noticed on the calendar of the Magistrate Judge

NOTICE TO COUNSEL

A copy of this notice must be served with the summons and complaint on all defendants (if a removal action is filed, a copy of this notice must be served on all plaintiffs).

Subsequent documents must be filed at the following location:

Western Division
312 N. Spring St., Rm. G-8
Los Angeles, CA 90012

Southern Division
411 West Fourth St., Rm. 1-053
Santa Ana, CA 92701-4516

Eastern Division 3470 Twelfth St., Rm. 134 Riverside, CA 92501

Failure to file at the proper location will result in your documents being returned to you.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA CIVIL COVER SHEET

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_	-				LIESS.

I (a) PLAINTIFFS (Check box INGENUITY 13 LLC	if you are representing yourself [DEFENDANTS JOHN DOE						
(b) Attorneys (Firm Name, Adyourself, provide same.)	dress and Telephone Number. If y	ou are representing	Attorneys (If Known)				,	
Brett L. Gibbs, Of Counse 38 Miller Avenue, #263 Mill Valley, CA 94941; To								
II. BASIS OF JURISDICTION	N (Place an X in one box only.)		NSHIP OF PRINCIPAL X in one box for plaintiff			s Only		
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2 U.S. Government Defendant	☐ 4 Diversity (Indicate Citize of Parties in Item III)	enship Citizen of And	other State	□2 □2	Incorporated and of Business in A		□ 5	□ 5
		Citizen or Sub	oject of a Foreign Country	□3 □3	Foreign Nation		□ 6	□6
IV. ORIGIN (Place an X in on	e box only.)							
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	e the U.S. Civil Statute under whice					atutes unless dive	ersity.)	
VII. NATURE OF SUIT (Plac	e an X in one box only.)				7			
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CA15-6660

AFTER COMPLETING THE FRONT SIDE OF FORM CV-71, COMPLETE THE INFORMATION REQUESTED BELOW.

FOR OFFICE USE ONLY: Case Number:

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA CIVIL COVER SHEET

VIII(a). IDENTICAL CASES: Ha If yes, list case number(s):	s this action been pr	reviously filed in this court a	and dismissed, remanded or closed? ☑ No □ Yes			
VIII(b). RELATED CASES: Have If yes, list case number(s):	e any cases been pre	eviously filed in this court th	nat are related to the present case? ✓ No			
□ C.	Arise from the sam Call for determinati For other reasons w Involve the same pa	e or closely related transaction of the same or substantia yould entail substantial duplicatent, trademark or copyrigh	ally related or similar questions of law and fact; or ication of labor if heard by different judges; or it, and one of the factors identified above in a, b or c also is present.			
(a) List the County in this District;	California County of	outside of this District; State	if other than California; or Foreign Country, in which EACH named plaintiff resides. f this box is checked, go to item (b).			
County in this District:*			California County outside of this District; State, if other than California; or Foreign Country St. Kitts and Nevis			
(b) List the County in this District; ☐ Check here if the government, i	California County of the agencies or emplo	outside of this District; State	if other than California; or Foreign Country, in which EACH named defendant resides. If this box is checked, go to item (c).			
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(c) List the County in this District; Note: In land condemnation c			if other than California; or Foreign Country, in which EACH claim arose.			
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* Los Angeles, Orange, San Bernal Note: In land condemnation cases, us			San Luis Obispo Counties			
X. SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY (OR PRO PER):	Brett gibbs	Date July 25, 2012			
Notice to Counsel/Parties: The or other papers as required by la	ne CV-71 (JS-44) C	Eivil Cover Sheet and the info ved by the Judicial Conferen	ormation contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings are of the United States in September 1974, is required pursuant to Local Rule 3-1 is not filed ating the civil docket sheet. (For more detailed instructions, see separate instructions sheet.)			
Key to Statistical codes relating to So	ocial Security Cases	:				
Nature of Suit Code	Abbreviation	Substantive Statement	of Cause of Action			
861	HIA	All claims for health insurance benefits (Medicare) under Title 18, Part A, of the Social Security Act, as amended. Also, include claims by hospitals, skilled nursing facilities, etc., for certification as providers of services under the program. (42 U.S.C. 1935FF(b))				
862	BL	All claims for "Black Lung" benefits under Title 4, Part B, of the Federal Coal Mine Health and Safety Act of 1969 (30 U.S.C. 923)				
863	DIWC	All claims filed by insured workers for disability insurance benefits under Title 2 of the Social Security Act, as amended; plus all claims filed for child's insurance benefits based on disability. (42 U.S.C. 405(g))				
863	DIWW All claims filed for widows or widowers insurance benefits based on disability under Title 2 of the Social Security Act, as amended. (42 U.S.C. 405(g))					
864	SSID	All claims for supplement Act, as amended.	ntal security income payments based upon disability filed under Title 16 of the Social Security			
865	RSI	All claims for retirement (old age) and survivors benefits under Title 2 of the Social Security Act, as amended. (42 U.S.C. (g))				

CV-71 (05/08) CIVIL COVER SHEET Page 2 of 2