PAGES 1 - 79 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA BEFORE THE HONORABLE JEFFREY S. WHITE, JUDGE CAROLYN JEWEL, ET AL., PLAINTIFFS,) NO. C-08-4373 JSW VS. FRIDAY, MAY 19, 2017) OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA NATIONAL SECURITY AGENCY, ET AL., FURTHER CASE MANAGEMENT CONFERENCE DEFENDANTS. REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS APPEARANCES: FOR PLAINTIFFS: RICHARD R. WIEBE, ESQUIRE 44 MONTGOMERY STREET, SUITE 650 SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA 94104 ELECTRONIC FRONTIER FOUNDATION 815 EDDY STREET SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA 94109 BY: CINDY COHN, ESQUIRE KEKER & VAN NEST & PETERS

633 BATTERY STREET

SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA 94111

BY: PHILIP J. TASSIN, ESQUIRE

(APPEARANCES CONTINUED)

REPORTED BY: DIANE E. SKILLMAN, CSR 4909, RPR, FCRR

OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER

TRANSCRIPT PRODUCED BY COMPUTER-AIDED TRANSCRIPTION

	i e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e		
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3		BY:	THOMAS E. MOORE, III, ESQUIRE
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6			20 MASSACHUSETTS AVENUE N.W. WASHINGTON, DC 20530
7		BY:	JAMES GILLIGAN, TRIAL ATTORNEY RODNEY PATTON, TRIAL ATTORNEY
8			CAROLINE J. ANDERSON, TRIAL ATTORNEY
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<u>11:17</u> A.M. FRIDAY, MAY 19, 2017 1 2 PROCEEDINGS 3 THE CLERK: CALLING CIVIL 08-4373 CAROLYN JEWEL, ET 4 AL. VERSUS NATIONAL SECURITY AGENCY, ET AL. 5 COUNSEL, PLEASE STEP FORWARD TO THE PODIUMS AND STATE YOUR 6 APPEARANCES. 7 MR. WIEBE: GOOD MORNING, YOUR HONOR. RICHARD WIEBE 8 FOR THE PLAINTIFFS. 9 THE COURT: GOOD MORNING. 10 MR. GILLIGAN: GOOD MORNING, YOUR HONOR. JAMES 11 GILLIGAN FOR THE GOVERNMENT DEFENDANTS. THE COURT: LET ME HEAR ALL THE PLAINTIFFS FIRST. 12 13 MR. GILLIGAN: OH, I'M SO SORRY. THE COURT: IT'S OKAY. 14 15 MS. COHN: CINDY COHN FOR THE PLAINTIFFS. 16 THE COURT: GOOD MORNING. 17 MR. MOORE: GOOD MORNING, YOUR HONOR. TOM MOORE ALSO 18 FOR THE PLAINTIFFS. 19 THE COURT: GOOD MORNING. 20 MR. TASSIN: GOOD MORNING, YOUR HONOR. PHILIP TASSIN 21 FOR THE PLAINTIFFS. 22 THE COURT: GOOD MORNING. 23 WILL YOU RESTATE YOUR APPEARANCES? 24 MR. GILLIGAN: NOW TAKING MY PROPER TURN, JAMES 25 GILLIGAN WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE, FOR THE GOVERNMENT

DEFENDANTS. AND WITH ARE ME....

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MR. PATTON: GOOD MORNING, YOUR HONOR. RODNEY PATTON WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FOR GOVERNMENT DEFENDANTS.

THE COURT: GOOD MORNING.

MS. ANDERSON: CAROLINE ANDERSON, DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE, FOR THE GOVERNMENT DEFENDANTS.

THE COURT: GOOD MORNING.

COUNSEL CAN TAKE THEIR SEATS BEFORE WE -- BEFORE I ENGAGE COUNSEL.

WHAT I THOUGHT WOULD BE HELPFUL TO DO, BECAUSE JUST PREPARING FOR THIS FOR ALL OF YOU AND FOR THE COURT HAS BEEN A TASK UNTO ITSELF, JUST TO REMIND ONE'S SELF ABOUT WHAT'S HAPPENED IN THIS CASE, WHAT THE POSITIONS ARE, THE CHANGING, POTENTIALLY CHANGING LEGAL AND FACTUAL LANDSCAPE, AND ALL OF THE CASES SWIRLING AROUND BOTH THE COUNTRY AND THROUGH THE CIRCUITS AND THROUGH THE NINTH CIRCUIT, DISTRICT COURTS, AND WITH THE BENEFIT OF THE SUBMISSIONS THAT THE COURT ORDERED COUNSEL TO PROVIDE, WHICH WERE HELPFUL, I THOUGHT I WOULD JUST HAVING DONE THAT, KIND OF GIVE YOU THE COURT'S SUMMARY OF THE LANDSCAPE, TELL YOU WHERE I THINK THIS NEEDS TO GO IN TERMS OF PROCEDURALLY, AND THEN I'M GOING TO ASK SOME SPECIFIC QUESTIONS THAT HAVE BEEN KIND OF NAGGING AT THE COURT HAVING REVIEWED THE DOCKET, AND MAYBE YOU CAN ANSWER IT, MAYBE NOT, MAYBE WE NEED BRIEFING ON IT, AND THEN I WILL TELL YOU HOW I THINK THE CASE SHOULD GO FROM HERE.

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AND THEN, OF COURSE, I'LL GIVE YOU AN OPPORTUNITY ONCE I GET THROUGH THE QUESTIONS TO REFLECT UPON WHAT THE COURT HAS SAID AND WHETHER YOU THINK THE COURT'S PROPOSAL, WHICH WILL RESULT IN AN ORDER UNLESS YOU TALK ME OUT OF IT, IS FEASIBLE AND APPROPRIATE.

SO AFTER MANY YEARS AND MUCH MOTION PRACTICE AND TWO SEPARATE APPEALS AND REMANDS, THIS CASE PRESENTS ITSELF TO THE COURT FOR A COMPREHENSIVE RESOLUTION.

THE SOLE REMAINING CLAIMS IN THIS MATTER ARE PLAINTIFFS' STATUTORY CLAIMS FOR DAMAGES UNDER THE WIRETAP ACT AND THE STORED COMMUNICATIONS ACT. THE PARTIES BRING THE ISSUE OF DISCOVERY IN THE DIFFICULT CONTEXT OF NATIONAL SECURITY BEFORE THE COURT FOR DETERMINATION. THAT'S ONE OF THE MOST RECENT THINGS THAT'S HAPPENED.

HAVING REMANDED THE CASE BACK TO THE COURT WITH SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS TO RESOLVE THIS MATTER OR BRING IT BEFORE THE NINTH CIRCUIT AFTER COMPREHENSIVE ADJUDICATION, THIS COURT IS TASKED WITH ENGAGING IN THE PROCESS OF DISCOVERY AND RESOLVING THE REMAINING LEGAL CLAIMS. THE COURT HAS TWICE ADMONISHED THE PARTIES TO SEEK RESOLUTION OF ALL REMAINING MATTERS BY SUMMARY ADJUDICATION ON THE MERITS WITH THE BENEFIT OF ANY POTENTIALLY AVAILABLE DISCOVERY.

NOW -- AND, OF COURSE, THE PARTIES HAVE FILED SOME OF THOSE MOTIONS ON OTHER CLAIMS.

NOW, IN AN EFFORT TO ADDRESS THE NINTH CIRCUIT'S MANDATE

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TO THIS COURT, THE COURT SHALL SET THE GUIDELINES FOR SUCH AN OMNIBUS MOTION PRACTICE.

HERE, IN THE LATEST CASE MANAGEMENT CONFERENCE FILING, THE DEFENDANTS HAVE PROPOSED FILING DUAL MOTIONS, A MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT ON THE PLEADINGS AND A MOTION FOR A PROTECTIVE ORDER WITH THE EXPRESS PURPOSE OF ADDRESSING A COMPREHENSIVE DISPOSITION WITHOUT DISCLOSURES AS REQUESTED BY PLAINTIFFS.

DEFENDANTS ALSO OFFERED TO PRODUCE TO THE COURT FOR IN CAMERA REVIEW A SELECTION OF ADDITIONAL CLASSIFIED DECLARATIONS AND DOCUMENTS RELATING TO THE ISSUE OF STANDING.

THE NINTH CIRCUIT HAS EXPLICITLY CAUTIONED THIS COURT NOT TO DISPOSE OF THE ISSUE OF STANDING AT THE PLEADING SCHEDULE, SEE JEWEL VERSUS NSA 673 F. 3D 902 AT PAGE 911, DECIDED BY THE CIRCUIT IN 2011, ALTHOUGH QUOTE, ULTIMATELY JEWEL MAY FACE PROCEDURAL EVIDENTIARY AND SUBSTANTIVE BARRIERS, AT THIS INITIAL PLEADING STAGE THE ALLEGATIONS ARE DEEMED TRUE AND ARE PRESUMED TO EMBRACE THE SPECIFIC FACTS NEEDED TO SUSTAIN THE COMPLAINT. AND THAT'S CITING THE SAME CITATION FROM JEWEL WHICH IN TURN WAS CITING LUJAN, L-U-J-A-N VERSUS NATIONAL WILDLIFE FOUNDATION 497 U.S. 871 AT 888 DECIDED BY THE SUPREME COURT IN 1990.

THE NINTH CIRCUIT HAS FOUND IN THIS MATTER THAT QUOTE, "CONGRESS SPECIFICALLY ENVISIONED PLAINTIFFS' CHALLENGING GOVERNMENT SURVEILLANCE UNDER THIS STATUTORY CONSTELLATION." THAT IS AGAIN THE JEWEL VERSUS NSA CASE AT PAGE 913.

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INSTEAD OF TWO PROPOSED MOTIONS ON PRELIMINARY LEGAL ISSUES, THE COURT WANTS AND IS GOING TO ORDER THE DEFENDANTS TO PREPARE AN OMNIBUS MOTION FOR JUDGMENT ON THE PLEADINGS, AND IN THE ALTERNATIVE, FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT. DISCOVERY SHALL BE STAGED TO ADDRESS THE THRESHOLD STANDING ISSUE AT THE OUTSET.

THE COURT IS NOT CONVINCED THAT THERE'S ANY NEED FOR A MOTION FOR A PROTECTIVE ORDER AND EXPECTS THE DOCUMENTS RELATING TO STANDING TO BE DISCLOSED. TO THE EXTENT THEY ARE CLASSIFIED, THEY SHALL BE PRODUCED TO THE COURT FOR AN IN CAMERA REVIEW. AND TO THE EXTENT THEY ARE NOT CLASSIFIED, THEY SHALL, IN ADDITION, BE PRODUCED DIRECTLY TO PLAINTIFFS.

THE COURT MUST DIRECTLY ADDRESS THE NINTH CIRCUIT'S MANDATE THAT IT NOT RESOLVE THE THRESHOLD ISSUE OF STANDING MERELY BY RELYING ON THE ALLEGATIONS IN THE PLEADINGS. BOTH PARTIES AGREE THAT THE STANDING ANALYSIS DOES NOT CHANGE UNDER THE SUPREME COURT'S RECENT RULING IN SPOKEO S-P-O-K-E-O, INC. VERSUS ROBBINS 136 SUPREME COURT 1540 DECIDED IN 2016.

NOW, DEFENDANTS OFFERED TO SUBMIT TO THE COURT QUOTE, "A MANAGEABLE SAMPLE OF CLASSIFIED DOCUMENTS AND INFORMATION ADDRESSING ISSUES THAT REMAIN", UNQUOTE, WHILE SIMULTANEOUSLY SUBMITTING A CLASSIFIED DECLARATION TO EXPLAIN WHY DISCLOSURE OF THE INFORMATION REQUESTED WOULD RISK EXCEPTIONALLY GRAVE DAMAGE TO NATIONAL SECURITY. DEFENDANTS SHALL BE REQUIRED TO

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MARSHAL THE EVIDENCE TO SUBMIT FOR AN IN CAMERA REVIEW REGARDING THE QUESTION OF STANDING TO PURSUE THE REMAINING STATUTORY CLAIMS.

IN RESPONSE TO THIS OMNIBUS MOTION, THE PLAINTIFFS MAY COUNTER THE GOVERNMENT'S POSITION ON THE SCOPE OF DOCUMENTS PRODUCED TO THE COURT AS REPRESENTED IN NONCLASSIFIED SUBMISSIONS IN THE CASE OR OTHERWISE AND THE LEGAL STANDARD PROFFERED TO ESTABLISH STANDING.

IN RESPONSE, THE COURT MAY REQUIRE FURTHER ADDITIONAL EVIDENCE OR MAY DETERMINE THAT DEFENDANTS HAVE SUBMITTED SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE TO RESOLVE THE THRESHOLD LEGAL MATTERS.

SO WHAT I AM GETTING AT THERE IS, THE GOVERNMENT, BECAUSE OF THE NATURE OF THE CLASSIFICATION ISSUES, WOULD LIKE TO SAY TO THE COURT, HERE ARE ALL THE DOCUMENTS YOU NEED TO DETERMINE DEFINITIVELY THE ISSUE OF PLAINTIFFS' STANDING TO PURSUE THE REMAINING CLAIMS. THE PLAINTIFFS MAY SAY, NO, NO, THOSE DOCUMENTS THAT THE GOVERNMENT PROPOSES TO SUBMIT IN RESPONSE TO THE COURT'S ORDER REALLY ARE NOT SUFFICIENT TO GIVE THE COURT THE APPROPRIATE RECORD FOR MAKING THE RULING.

SO I DECIDED THAT THE GOVERNMENT WOULD BE REQUIRED TO BASICALLY DEFINE IN SOME WAY THE STANDARD UPON WHICH THEY ARE DETERMINING WHICH DOCUMENTS TO PRODUCE WITHOUT GETTING INTO CLASSIFIED MATTERS OR MATTERS THAT ARE APPROPRIATELY MAINTAINED ONLY TO THE COURT, BUT IF THE PLAINTIFFS FEEL THAT THE GOVERNMENT IS BEING TOO NARROW IN THEIR PROPOSAL OR ARE

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NOT ADDRESSING THE APPROPRIATE LEGAL STANDARD FOR STANDING GIVEN THE REMAINING CLAIMS, THIS IS THE WAY I PROPOSE TO GIVE THE PLAINTIFFS AN OPPORTUNITY TO WEIGH IN ON THEIR POSITION. AND I MAY SAY, YES, BASED UPON THAT ARGUMENT, THE STANDARD THAT THE GOVERNMENT PROPOSES THAT THE COURT APPLY IS NOT CORRECT AND I AM GOING TO WANT ADDITIONAL DOCUMENTS OR DECLARATIONS SO THAT THE PLAINTIFFS ARE NOT COMPLETELY PRECLUDED FROM PARTICIPATING IN SOME WAY IN THIS PROCESS WITH DUE REGARD TO THE ISSUES OF NATIONAL SECURITY CLASSIFICATION AND THE LIKE. SO WHAT I AM GOING TO DO IS, I AM GOING TO ADOPT -- THIS IS UNDER THE HEADING OF "BE CAREFUL WHAT YOU WISH FOR", BECAUSE THE COURT SHALL ADOPT THE DEADLINES PROPOSED BY THE DEFENDANTS FOR ITS PROPOSED MOTIONS BUT NOW FOR THE OMNIBUS MOTION FOR JUDGMENT ON THE PLEADINGS AND IN THE ALTERNATIVE FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT. SHOULD EITHER PARTY REQUIRE ADDITIONAL TIME, THE COURT IS POTENTIALLY AMENABLE FOR GOOD CAUSE TO AN ADJUSTED SCHEDULE.

SO HERE IS THE SCHEDULE TAKEN FROM THE CASE MANAGEMENT CONFERENCE STATEMENT.

SO JULY 21ST, 2017 IS THE DEADLINE FOR OPENING BRIEFS AND EVIDENTIARY SUBMISSIONS.

SEPTEMBER 22ND IS THE DEADLINE FOR OPPOSITION AND OCTOBER 20TH FOR REPLIES AND POSSIBLY OTHER EVIDENCE. SO THAT IS JULY 21, SEPTEMBER 22, AND OCTOBER 20TH.

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THE COURT WILL THEN SET A MOTION SCHEDULE FOR HEARING, IF NECESSARY, BY SEPARATE ORDER WHICH WOULD BE CONCOMITANT WITH THE COURT'S SCHEDULE ESPECIALLY AS IT RELATES TO THE NECESSARY ARRANGEMENTS THAT NEED TO BE MADE.

NOW, THERE IS A POSSIBILITY, AND, AGAIN, THIS IS NOT IN ANYTHING THAT THE COURT HAS DECIDED, BASED UPON WHAT IS SUBMITTED, THAT THE COURT MAY REQUIRE AN IN CAMERA EX PARTE HEARING IN A CLASSIFIED SETTING WHICH WOULD ONLY BE ATTENDED BY THE GOVERNMENT.

I DON'T EXPECT THIS TO HAVE TO HAPPEN BECAUSE I BELIEVE THAT IF THE GOVERNMENT COMPLIES WITH THE APPROPRIATE STANDARDS IN THE COURT'S ORDER, THEY SHOULD BE ABLE TO PROVIDE ADEQUATE INFORMATION TO PROVIDE THE DOCUMENTS AND TO EXPLICATE THEIR RESPECTIVE POSITIONS ON THE DOCUMENTS. IN THE FOURTH AMENDMENT -- WITH RESPECT TO THE FOURTH AMENDMENT DISPOSITIVE MOTIONS, THE COURT -- THE GOVERNMENT FILED CLASSIFIED LEGAL BRIEFS WHICH THE COURT REVIEWED AND THEN RELIED UPON CATEGORICALLY OR GENERALLY IN ITS ORDER ON SUMMARY JUDGMENT ON THOSE CLAIMS.

BUT, AGAIN, I'M JUST THROWING THAT OUT THERE AS SOMETHING THAT THE COURT MAY DO. I DON'T EXPECT TO DO IT, BUT IT HAS HAPPENED IN OTHER CASES OF THIS KIND.

NOW, SO NOW I HAVE THESE BURNING QUESTIONS OR THE QUESTIONS. SOME OF THEM BURNING, SOME OF THEM NOT SO BURNING. SO, THE FIRST QUESTION IS, REGARDING THE DEFENDANTS' MOST

RECENT SUBMISSIONS WHICH HAVE TO DO WITH PRESERVATION OF 1 2 EVIDENCE AND THE CHANGED SCHEDULE AND ALL THAT, DO THE 3 PLAINTIFFS STILL MAINTAIN THAT THE NSA IS IN VIOLATION OF THE 4 REQUIREMENT TO PRESERVE EVIDENCE OF MATERIALS GATHERED UNDER 5 SECTION 702 OF FISA? SO THAT'S THE FIRST QUESTION. BECAUSE THERE WERE 6 7 ALLEGATIONS ABOUT -- IN THE PAST WE HAD INJUNCTIVE PROCEEDINGS 8 AND THE LIKE IN WHICH THE PLAINTIFFS CLAIM THERE WAS A 9 VIOLATION OF THE GOVERNMENT'S OBLIGATION TO PRESERVE 10 MATERIALS, PARTICULARLY UNDER 702 OF FISA. 11 IS THAT BASED UPON THE RECENT SUBMISSIONS? DO PLAINTIFFS STILL MAINTAIN THAT POSITION? 12 13 MR. WIEBE: WOULD YOU LIKE ME TO ADDRESS THAT, YOUR 14 HONOR? 15 THE COURT: YES, PLEASE. 16 MR. WIEBE: YES. AGAIN RICHARD WIEBE FOR PLAINTIFFS. 17 GOOD TO SEE YOU AGAIN, YOUR HONOR. ALWAYS A PLEASURE TO BE 18 HERE. THE COURT: THANK YOU. 19 20 MR. WIEBE: YES, WE DO. AND IF YOUR HONOR WILL 21 RECALL, THE BASIS FOR THAT MOTION GOES ALL THE WAY BACK TO THE 22 INITIAL PRESERVATION ORDERS THAT WERE ISSUED FIRST IN THE 23 HEPTING ACTION, THEN LATER ADOPTED IN THIS ACTION SHORTLY 24 AFTER IT BEGAN. 25 AND OUR VIEW WAS THAT UNDER THOSE PRESERVATION ORDERS, THE

GOVERNMENT WAS REQUIRED TO PRESERVE A WIDE SCOPE OF WHAT IT 1 2 WAS INITIALLY COLLECTING UNDER 702 AND PREVIOUSLY UNDER THE 3 PSP. AS YOU WILL RECALL, THE COLLECTION PROCESS IS A MULTI-STAGED PROCESS. WE HAD OUR FAMOUS DIAGRAM THE LAST TIME 4 5 WE WERE HERE WITH YOU, YOUR HONOR, OF THE DIFFERENT STAGES --6 THE COURT: RIGHT. 7 MR. WIEBE: -- AND OUR POSITION WAS THAT BECAUSE OUR 8 CLIENTS' INFORMATION WOULD BE IN THOSE INITIAL STAGES, THAT 9 INFORMATION THAT WAS BEING GATHERED AND COLLECTED IN THOSE 10 INITIAL STAGES NEEDED TO BE PRESERVED. 11 IT CAME OUT IN 2014 THAT THAT WAS NOT OCCURRING, AND 12 HASN'T BEEN OCCURRING, STILL IS NOT OCCURRING, AND OUR POSITION WAS THAT IN THE ABSENCE OF -- THAT THAT PRESERVATION 13 WAS REQUIRED, AND THE ABSENCE OF THE PRESERVATION OCCURRING, 14 15 THE COURT SHOULD OFFER OR IMPOSE AN ADVERSE EVIDENTIARY 16 INFERENCE. AND THAT REQUEST IS STILL BEFORE THE COURT AND 17 PLAINTIFFS ARE STILL MAINTAINING THAT. THE COURT: ALL RIGHT. SO JUST -- BEFORE I HEAR FROM 18 19 THE GOVERNMENT, REMIND THE COURT. I REMEMBER WE HAD THOSE 20 PROCEEDINGS. I REVIEWED THE DOCKET. 21 MR. WIEBE: YES. 22 THE COURT: THE COURT INITIALLY ACTUALLY ISSUED A 23 TEMPORARY RESTRAINING ORDER, AND THEN UPON FURTHER BRIEFING, 24 THE COURT FOUND, BASED UPON SUBMISSIONS BY THE GOVERNMENT,

THAT IT WOULD BE INAPPROPRIATE TO MAINTAIN THAT ORDER.

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I'M BEING VERY CAREFUL BECAUSE THE PROBLEM IS, YOU KNOW, THE COURT HAS SEEN A SUBSTANTIAL AMOUNT OF, MASSIVE AMOUNT OF CLASSIFIED INFORMATION, AND SO I'M TRYING TO AVOID SAYING WHY I FOUND WHAT I FOUND. IT MAY BE IN PUBLIC ORDERS, BUT I SOMETIMES GET THE TWO CONFUSED. SO DIDN'T THE COURT RULE THAT NOTWITHSTANDING YOUR

POSITION BECAUSE OF THE POSITION TAKEN BY THE GOVERNMENT AS TO THE CONSEQUENCES OF DOING, YOU KNOW, A MASS RETAINING OF DOCUMENTS, THAT THAT -- A CONTINUING INJUNCTION WOULD BE INAPPROPRIATE?

MR. WIEBE: NO, YOUR HONOR. THERE WAS NO FINAL DECISION BY THE COURT ON THAT POINT.

WHAT THE COURT DID WAS, THERE WAS THAT WEEK IN EARLY JUNE OF 2014 WHEN THE EVENTS YOUR HONOR IS REFERRING TO OCCURRED, AND THERE WAS A SEVERAL-DAY PERIOD WHERE THE COURT HAD IMPOSED A TEMPORARY RESTRAINING ORDER, IF YOU WILL. AND THEN AFTER THE HEARING, THE COURT HAD DENIED THAT BUT WITHOUT PREJUDICE.

AND THERE WAS FURTHER BRIEFING THAT EXTENDED INTO JULY OF 2014 BY THE PARTIES FURTHER GOING INTO THESE ISSUES, BUT THERE'S BEEN NO FINAL ORDER RESOLVING THAT AND IN PARTICULAR RESOLVING OUR REQUEST FOR AN ADVERSE EVIDENTIARY INFERENCE.

THE COURT: SO YOU'RE NOT -- THE PLAINTIFFS ARE NOT SEEKING FURTHER INJUNCTIVE RELIEF, BUT AN EVIDENTIARY, ESSENTIALLY EVIDENTIARY SANCTION?

MR. WIEBE: YES.

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THE COURT: ALL RIGHT. THE OUESTION WOULD BE --1 2 MR. WIEBE: JUST TO CORRECT, AND, AGAIN, I HAVEN'T 3 REVIEWED THOSE PAPERS IN DETAIL IN SOME TIME. THE COURT: RIGHT. AND IN FAIRNESS, I HIT YOU WITH 4 5 THIS OUESTION KIND OF BLINDLY. 6 MR. WIEBE: YES. 7 MY RECOLLECTION IS THAT THE STATE OF PLAY AS THINGS ENDED 8 WAS WE WERE STILL SAYING GOING FORWARD, THEY SHOULD PRESERVE 9 THIS MATERIAL, BUT AS TO THE LOST EVIDENCE FOR, I GUESS IT WAS 10 A EIGHT-YEAR SPAN, OR WHATEVER, THAT THERE SHOULD BE AN 11 ADVERSE EVIDENTIARY INFERENCE. 12 THE COURT: ALL RIGHT. 13 NOW HERE'S A QUESTION I WANT TO THROW AT YOU, AND I WILL HAVE A SIMILAR COLLOQUY WITH THE GOVERNMENT. AGAIN, I SAY 14 15 THIS WITH TRULY NOT KNOWING THE ANSWER TO THE QUESTION. 16 IS IT POSSIBLE THAT THE GOVERNMENT COULD SUBMIT 17 DOCUMENTATION TO THE COURT, CLASSIFIED OR OTHERWISE, PROBABLY 18 CLASSIFIED, IN WHICH IT CONVINCES THE COURT THAT, YES, THERE'S 19 AN EVIDENTIARY -- THERE'S A PRESUMPTION, AN ADVERSE INFERENCE, 20 AND OVERCOME THAT INFERENCE BY SHOWING THE COURT ACTUAL 21 DOCUMENTS THAT SHOW WHAT THE QUOTE-UNQUOTE REALITY IS OF THE 22 EVIDENTIARY -- THE ADVERSE EVIDENTIARY FINDING THAT YOU WOULD 23 HAVE THE COURT MAKE? 24 MR. WIEBE: I GUESS MY INITIAL REACTION TO THAT IS 25 THAT IT'S ALWAYS POSSIBLE TO PERSUADE A COURT WHEN YOU'RE THE

ONLY ONE WHISPERING IN THE COURT'S EAR. 1 2 THE COURT: RIGHT. 3 MR. WIEBE: AND THAT IS AN ISSUE THAT I THINK NEEDS TO BE CONFRONTED, NOT JUST WITH RESPECT TO THIS PARTICULAR 4 5 ISSUE, BUT THROUGHOUT WHAT THE COURT'S PROPOSED RESOLUTION IS. 6 THE COURT: SO PROCEDURALLY, HOW WOULD YOU, AT THIS 7 STAGE, BECAUSE WE ARE HERE AGAIN WITH THE MANDATE THAT I 8 MENTIONED FROM THE CIRCUIT, HOW WOULD YOU -- WHAT WOULD YOU 9 PROPOSE -- HOW WOULD YOU PROPOSE THE COURT ADJUDICATE THIS? 10 DO YOU PROPOSE THE COURT HAS ALL THE INFORMATION IT NEEDS 11 TO MAKE THIS DETERMINATION? 12 MR. WIEBE: ON THIS PARTICULAR ISSUE, I THINK THE 13 COURT HAS WHAT IT NEEDS TO DECIDE WHETHER TO MAKE THE 14 INFERENCE. AGAIN, WE WERE ASKING JUST FOR A PERMISSIBLE 15 INFERENCE FOR THE TRIER OF FACT, NOT A MANDATORY INFERENCE. 16 AND I THINK THAT PERMISSIBLE INFERENCE IS APPROPRIATE. I 17 THINK THE COURT CAN RULE ON IT, AND I THINK, IN FACT, GIVEN 18 THE PROPOSAL THAT THE COURT HAS LAID OUT, IT WOULD BE 19 NECESSARY FOR THE COURT TO RULE ON THAT BEFORE ANY OF THE 20 BRIEFING HAPPENS SO WE KNOW IF THERE'S AN INFERENCE OUT THERE 21 THAT WE CAN RELY ON OR NOT. BECAUSE OBVIOUSLY THAT WOULD 22 AFFECT OUR BRIEFING. 23 THE COURT: FAIR ENOUGH. 24 LET ME HEAR FROM GOVERNMENT COUNSEL NOW. YOU CAN STEP 25 BACK NOW IF YOU WANT.

WOULD YOU RESTATE YOUR NAME?

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MR. GILLIGAN: JAMES GILLIGAN.

THE COURT: YES, OKAY.

MR. GILLIGAN: WITH RESPECT TO THE PRESERVATION DISPUTE THAT YOUR HONOR WAS SPEAKING TO BACK IN 2014, IT IS OUR POSITION THAT THE GOVERNMENT HAS NO PRESERVATION OBLIGATIONS WITH RESPECT TO STATUTORILY-BASED INTELLIGENCE PROGRAMS THAT ARE NOT CHALLENGED IN THE COMPLAINT. THE COMPLAINT, BY ITS TERMS, CHALLENGES PROGRAMS THAT WERE OPERATED UNDER PRESIDENTIAL AUTHORITY AS PART OF THE PRESIDENT'S SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM. YOUR HONOR --

THE COURT: AND NOT IMPACTED BY THE PRESERVATION ORDERS THAT COUNSEL MENTIONED IN THE LITIGATION CONTEXT?

MR. GILLIGAN: CORRECT.

IN ADDITION, YES, AS YOUR HONOR CORRECTLY RECALLS, THE PLAINTIFFS MOVED FOR A TEMPORARY RESTRAINING ORDER TO ENFORCE THE COURT'S PRESERVATION ORDER AS TO COMMUNICATIONS DATA THAT THE GOVERNMENT HAD COLLECTED UNDER SECTION 702 AND WERE SUBJECT TO FISC ORDER AGE-OFF REQUIREMENTS. WE WERE ONLY PROTECTING THE CASE UPSTREAM PERMITTED TO KEEP THE DATA FOR TWO YEARS AFTER THE -- TWO YEARS FOLLOWING THE EXPIRATION OF THE CERTIFICATION UNDER WHICH THE COLLECTION WAS AUTHORIZED.

SO WE WERE SIMPLY TRYING TO COMPLY WITH COURT-ORDERED OBLIGATIONS REGARDING THE DESTRUCTION OF AGED-OFF DATA, AND ON THAT BASIS, AND IN ADDITION FOR THE REASONS THAT WE GAVE TO

THE COURT ABOUT THE OPERATIONAL CONSEQUENCES OF TRYING TO

COMPLY WITH THE PRESERVATION REQUIREMENT, ARGUED THAT WE

SHOULD NOT BE REQUIRED TO PRESERVE DATA. AND THE COURT

AGREED. AT LEAST I AGREE WITH MR. WIEBE THAT IT WAS A

DECISION WITHOUT PREJUDICE AT THE TIME, BUT AGREED AT LEAST AT

THAT TIME WE DIDN'T HAVE TO PRESERVE THE DATA --

THE COURT: SLOW DOWN, PLEASE.

MR. GILLIGAN: WE WERE NOT REQUIRED, THE COURT SAID

AT LEAST AT THAT TIME, TO PRESERVE THE DATA AS THE PLAINTIFFS

HAD REQUESTED.

WE ALSO BELIEVE THAT AN ADVERSE INFERENCE IS COMPLETELY
UNCALLED FOR HERE WHERE ALL THE GOVERNMENT HAS DONE, AND THIS
IS UNDISPUTED, IS SIMPLY COMPLY WITH ITS OBLIGATIONS UNDER THE
STANDING ORDERS OF ANOTHER ARTICLE III COURT THAT HAS
JURISDICTION OVER THESE INTELLIGENCE PROGRAMS.

THERE'S AN ADDITIONAL ISSUE --

THE COURT: HAS THE FINAL FISC ORDER ON THIS -- I

KNOW THERE WAS SOME DISPUTE ABOUT -- BACK IN WASHINGTON HAVING

TO DO WITH DISCLOSURE ABOUT WHAT WAS GOING ON IN THIS COURT,

IS -- ARE YOU AT LIBERTY TO SAY YES OR NO WHETHER THERE'S A

FISC ORDER -- YOU JUST SAID ANOTHER ARTICLE III JUDGE, THAT

BASICALLY COVERS THIS ISSUE?

MR. GILLIGAN: YES. YES. ON APRIL 28TH, THE FISC

DID ISSUE ITS ORDER APPROVING THE CHANGES TO THE 702 UPSTREAM

PROGRAM, AND THAT'S A MATTER OF PUBLIC RECORD. AND WHEN THAT

ORDER CAME OUT, WE THEN PLACED THE EX PARTE NOTICE THAT WE 1 2 PROVIDED TO YOUR HONOR ON THE PUBLIC RECORD AND THE PLAINTIFFS 3 HAVE THAT --THE COURT: EXCUSE ME. DOES THAT COVER RETENTION? 4 5 MR. GILLIGAN: YES, IT DOES. AND WHAT THAT REQUIRES 6 IS THAT ALL DATA ACCUMULATED, ALL RAW UPSTREAM INTERNET 7 COMMUNICATIONS DATA ACCUMULATED PRIOR TO THE CHANGES APPROVED 8 BY THE FISC BE DESTROYED AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE. THAT'S THE 9 ORDER WE ARE UNDER NOW. 10 THIS ACTUALLY TOUCHES ON A HOUSEKEEPING MATTER THAT I HAD 11 DISCUSSED WITH MR. WIEBE AND WANTED TO BRING UP WITH YOUR HONOR AT THE END OF THE PROCEEDING. 12 13 WE'VE ASKED THE PLAINTIFFS TO PROVIDE US BY THE END OF 14 NEXT WEEK THEIR POSITION ON WHETHER THEY OBJECT TO THE 15 ACCELERATED DESTRUCTION OF THIS PREVIOUSLY-ACQUIRED DATA. AND 16 IF THEY DO OBJECT, THEN IT SEEMS AN ISSUE, ANOTHER ISSUE THAT 17 THE PARTIES WILL HAVE TO BRIEF SOMEWHAT EXPEDITIOUSLY BECAUSE WE DO HAVE OBLIGATIONS UNDER FISC ORDERS THAT WE NEED TO 18 19 COMPLY WITH. 20 SO IF THE PLAINTIFFS OBJECT TO THAT, WE NEED TO HAVE THAT 21 RESOLVED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE. 22 THE COURT: WOULD YOU REMIND ME, I KNOW YOU MADE 23 REFERENCE IN YOUR CMC STATEMENT TO THE PENDENCY OF THE MOTION, 24 IS THE ORDER OF THE FISC COURT CLASSIFIED? 25 MR. GILLIGAN: IT HAS BEEN RELEASED IN DECLASSIFIED

FORM. THAT HAPPENED EARLIER THIS WEEK? LAST WEEK? RECENTLY. 1 2 THE COURT: HAS THAT BEEN PROVIDED TO THE COURT YET? 3 MR. GILLIGAN: I DO NOT BELIEVE SO. WE CAN CERTAINLY PROVIDE IT TO THE COURT --4 5 THE COURT: HOW ABOUT PLAINTIFFS' COUNSEL IF IT HAS 6 BEEN RELEASED, CAN YOU RELEASE IT TO THEM? 7 MR. GILLIGAN: CERTAINLY. YOU MAY HAVE IT ALREADY 8 FOR ALL I KNOW. 9 MS. COHN: WE FOUND IT. THEY DIDN'T SEND IT TO US. 10 THE COURT: FOR AUTHENTICITY PURPOSES, WHY DON'T YOU 11 SEND THEM THE OFFICIAL VERSION TO MAKE SURE WE ARE DEALING 12 WITH THE SAME ONE. PLEASE FILE IT WITH THE COURT BY MONDAY. 13 MR. GILLIGAN: NO PROBLEM. THE COURT: MS. OTTOLINI, WHAT DATE IS THAT FOR THE 14 15 MINUTES? 16 THE CLERK: THAT WILL BE MAY 22ND. 17 THE COURT: SO YOU WOULD RECOMMEND IF PLAINTIFFS 18 DON'T AGREE TO THE PROCEDURE -- THE EXPEDITED DESTRUCTION THAT 19 IS CONTEMPLATED BY THE FISC ORDER, THAT THE MATTER THEN BE 20 BRIEFED IN SOME FASHION, FOR EXAMPLE, AN ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE 21 RE PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION, OR WHATEVER BEFORE THIS COURT? 22 MR. GILLIGAN: YES. YES, YOUR HONOR. BECAUSE THE 23 BASIS ON WHICH THE PLAINTIFFS WOULD OBJECT ARE THE 24 PRESERVATION OBLIGATIONS THAT ATTACH TO THIS CASE, SO IT WOULD 25 BE A MATTER FOR THIS COURT TO RESOLVE.

THE COURT: ALL RIGHT. ANYTHING ELSE TO SAY ON THIS 1 2 POINT? 3 MR. GILLIGAN: NO, ON THIS POINT, NO, YOUR HONOR. THE COURT: ALL RIGHT. MR. WIEBE -- YOU ARE OF 4 5 COURSE GOING TO AGREE TO THE EXPEDITED DESTRUCTION? 6 MR. WIEBE: NOT EXACTLY, YOUR HONOR. 7 THE COURT: I'M JUST KIDDING. I'M JUST KIDDING. 8 DON'T KNOW WHETHER YOU ARE OR NOT. 9 MR. WIEBE: I APPRECIATE THAT WE HAVE AN EASY 10 RELATIONSHIP WITH THE COURT. 11 THE COURT: YES. YES. 12 MR. WIEBE: MY UNDERSTANDING DIFFERS FROM THE 13 GOVERNMENT'S COUNSEL. I THINK YOUR INITIAL OUESTION WAS GOING 14 BACK TO THE EVENTS THAT OCCURRED IN 2014 WHEN THERE WAS 15 INITIALLY A FISC ORDER TO DESTROY EVIDENCE THAT --16 THE COURT: IT DID. IT WAS A LITTLE AMBIGUOUS 17 BECAUSE OBVIOUSLY IT'S IN THE CONTEXT NOW -- I TALKED ABOUT THE CHANGING LEGAL LANDSCAPE -- OF WHAT THE GOVERNMENT 18 DISCLOSED IN THE CMC STATEMENT. 19 20 MR. WIEBE: EXACTLY. 21 MY UNDERSTANDING OF HOW ALL THAT HAD PLAYED OUT IN THE 22 INTERPLAY BETWEEN THIS COURT AND THE FISC WAS THAT THE FISC 23 ENDED UP IN THE POSITION OF SAYING TO THE GOVERNMENT, NO, YOU HAVE TO COMPLY WITH LITIGATION HOLDS. 24 25 AND MY RECOLLECTION IS THAT THE MECHANISM FOR DOING THAT

IS INFORMATION WAS KIND OF TRANSFERRED INTO A DEEP FREEZE, IF 1 2 YOU WILL, THAT IS, IT WAS NO LONGER BEING SEARCHED BY THE 3 INTELLIGENCE AGENCIES AND WAS OFF THEIR ACTIVE LIST BUT WAS STILL BEING PRESERVED FOR LITIGATION PURPOSES. 4 5 THAT'S MY RECOLLECTION OF HOW -- OF WHAT THE FISC POSITION ENDED UP BEING. 6 7 THE COURT: RIGHT. 8 MR. WIEBE: I'M NOT AWARE OF ANYTHING IN THE CURRENT 9 ORDER -- THE APRIL 28TH, IS IT? 10 MR. GILLIGAN: YES. 11 MR. WIEBE: -- ORDER THAT ADDRESSES LITIGATION HOLDS 12 OR CHANGES THAT EARLIER POSITION. 13 THE COURT: WOULD YOU PROPOSE IN TERMS OF WHAT THE 14 GOVERNMENT -- ASSUMING, I AM NOT PREJUDGING WHAT YOU ARE GOING 15 TO DO, BUT LET'S ASSUME HYPOTHETICALLY THAT EVEN UNDER THE 16 FISC ORDERS AND THE CURRENT STATE OF AFFAIRS AS DISCLOSED BY 17 THE GOVERNMENT, THAT THE WAY TO DEAL WITH THIS IS TO HAVE SOME 18 SORT OF EXPEDITED BRIEFING ON THE ISSUE OF, GIVEN THE CURRENT 19 LEGAL LANDSCAPE, THE APPROPRIATENESS OF THE GOVERNMENT 20 COMPLYING BOTH WITH THE FISC ORDERS AND WITH THE STATUTE? MR. WIEBE: I'M SORRY, WITH THE STATUTE? 21 22 THE COURT: WELL, WITH THE STATUTE THAT PURPORTS --23 REQUIRE DESTRUCTION ON SET CERTAIN INTERVALS. 24 MR. WIEBE: I'M NOT SURE IF THAT IS A STATUTORY THING 25

OR PART OF THE MINIMIZATION PROCEDURES THEY HAVE AGREED TO

WITH THE FISC.

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2 THE COURT: YES.

> MR. WIEBE: BUT AS I SAID, THE WAY THE FISC HAS HANDLED THIS IN THE PAST IS TO -- IS TO INSTEAD OF ACTUALLY DESTROYING IT, PUT IT IN SEGREGATED STORAGE THAT'S INACCESSIBLE EXCEPT FOR POTENTIAL LITIGATION PURPOSES, AND I DON'T SEE WHY THAT COULDN'T NECESSARILY CONTINUE.

THE COURT: LET ME ASK THAT QUESTION. LET ME ASK THAT OUESTION.

WHAT'S -- MR. GILLIGAN, WHAT DO YOU HAVE TO SAY ABOUT THAT?

MR. GILLIGAN: WE ARE ALL GRAPPLING WITH OUR RECOLLECTION OF EVENTS NEARLY THREE YEARS AGO, YOUR HONOR. I THINK WHAT MR. WIEBE MAY BE RECALLING IS A SIMILAR BUT NEVERTHELESS SEPARATE DISPUTE OVER PRESERVATION OF DATA THAT WERE COLLECTED UNDER SECTION 215 OF FISA, NOT 702, THE BULK TELEPHONY METADATA RECORDS THAT THE AGENCY -- THAT THE NSA HAD COLLECTED UNDER A PROGRAM THAT IS NO LONGER IN OPERATION.

WE REACHED A SOMEWHAT DIFFERENT RESULT AS WE WERE DISCUSSING WHEN IT CAME TO THE SECTION 702 DATA BECAUSE THAT PRESENTED A VERY DIFFERENT AND MORE COMPLICATED SET OF PRACTICAL PROBLEMS WHEN IT CAME TO PRESERVATION.

THE COURT: WELL, THE COURT IS A LITTLE CONFUSED HERE, AND I AM TRYING TO THINK OF THE BEST WAY TO BRING THIS TO A HEAD.

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ONE -- I THINK WHAT MAY BE IMPORTANT HERE IS TO HAVE THE PARTIES TALK TO EACH OTHER AND TO TRY TO REACH CONSENSUS ON WHAT IS THE CURRENT STATE OF AFFAIRS AND THE RECORD, AND THEN PERHAPS MAYBE THE ANSWER IS, IF THE PARTIES STILL CAN'T AGREE ON ESSENTIALLY... LET'S SAY THE PLAINTIFF IS NOT SATISFIED FACTUALLY OR LEGALLY THAT THE GOVERNMENT IS PROPERLY COMPLYING WITH PRESERVATION ORDERS, CAN ASK THE COURT FOR RELIEF.

SO, IN OTHER WORDS, I WOULD CONTEMPLATE THAT YOU WOULD MEET AND CONFER TO TRY TO -- BECAUSE IT SOUNDS LIKE WE ARE SORT OF HAVING -- IT'S LIKE THESE NEWS TALK SHOWS WHEN THE POLITICIANS SAY, I'M NOT GOING TO NEGOTIATE WITH THE MODERATOR, YOU KNOW, RIGHT HERE ON NATIONAL TV, I'LL HEAR WHAT'S SAID.

TO BE ABLE TO FRAME THE ISSUE AND THEN FILE SIMULTANEOUS BRIEFS AND THEN RESPONSES AFTER MEETING AND CONFERRING TO DETERMINE EXACTLY WHAT THE PLAINTIFFS REAL CONCERN IS, WHETHER IT IS A REAL CONCERN FACTUALLY AND THE REALITY OF IT, AND THEN SECONDLY ON THE LEGAL ISSUES. IF YOU CAN'T AGREE, THEN GO AHEAD -- I'LL SET A DATE BY WHICH TO FILE SIMULTANEOUS BRIEFS ON THE ISSUE AND THEN I'LL GIVE YOU A CHANCE TO RESPOND. THEN I'LL DECIDE THAT ISSUE.

WHAT'S YOUR POSITION ON THAT?

MR. GILLIGAN: THAT SOUNDS REASONABLE TO US, YOUR HONOR. IT IS AN ISSUE THAT IF THE PLAINTIFFS OBJECT TO THE ACCELERATED DESTRUCTION OF THE 702 DATA, THEN, YES, WE NEED TO

1	ISSUE?		
2	MR. GILLIGAN: YOUR HONOR, WE WOULD HOPE THAT WE		
3	COULD GET A RESPONSE FROM THE PLAINTIFFS ON THEIR POSITION BY		
4	THE END OF NEXT WEEK.		
5	THE COURT: IS THAT ACCEPTABLE?		
6	MR. WIEBE: SO MEET AND CONFER		
7	MR. GILLIGAN: NEXT WEEK.		
8	MR. WIEBE: AND THEN IF NOT, FILING		
9	MR. GILLIGAN: TWO WEEKS		
10	MR. WIEBE: TWO WEEKS AFTER.		
11	THE COURT: TWO WEEKS AFTER NEXT FRIDAY?		
12	MR. GILLIGAN: YES.		
13	THE COURT: MS. OTTOLINI?		
14	THE CLERK: JUNE 9TH.		
15	THE COURT: THEN TWO WEEKS TO RESPOND.		
16	AND THEN THIS MAY PUSH BACK, I CAN IT ALREADY HAPPENING,		
17	THE OTHER SCHEDULE, BUT LET'S KEEP THAT IN PLACE FOR NOW		
18	BECAUSE AND THEN IF IT NEEDS TO BE ADJUSTED, IT MAY WELL		
19	BE I WANT TO DO IT PROPORTIONALLY. I DON'T WANT IT TO GO		
20	OFF INTO THE GREAT UNKNOWN.		
21	SO TWO WEEKS THEREAFTER FOR A RESPONSE.		
22	THE CLERK: JUNE 23RD.		
23	THE COURT: AND ONE WEEK FOR A REPLY.		
24	THE CLERK: JUNE 30TH.		
25	MR. WIEBE: IF I MAY, YOUR HONOR, SOMETHING JUST		

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OCCURRED TO ME. IT MAY BE AS WORTHLESS AS THE THOUGHT PASSING THROUGH MY HEAD. IT OCCURRED TO ME, AS I SAID, THE UNDERLYING ISSUE IS WHETHER THE DEFENDANTS ARE REQUIRED TO PRESERVE THIS MATERIAL IN ANY EVENT, THE ISSUE THAT WE BRIEFED AND IS PENDING BEFORE YOU FROM 2014. IT MAY BE THAT DEPENDING ON HOW THE COURT RULES ON THAT, THAT WOULD AFFECT THE OUTCOME HERE. THE COURT: UNLESS IT HAS BEEN SUPERSEDED BY EVENTS ON THE GROUND. YES, THE COURT COULD SAY, IF I WERE TO GO BACK IN TIME NOW AND LOOK AT THE BRIEFING AS OF THAT DATE, THE FINAL RULING IS X, BUT X MIGHT NOT REALLY REFLECT WHAT'S GOING ON IN TERMS OF THE FISC COURT, IN TERMS OF SOME OF THE POSITIONS THE GOVERNMENT IS NOW TAKING. SO I DON'T KNOW THAT THAT WOULD BE THAT HELPFUL AT THIS POINT. THAT MAY BE ONE OF THE ISSUES THAT YOU ARTICULATE. I'M MORE THAN HAPPY TO LOOK AT THAT. SO THAT'S THAT. NOW, NEXT QUESTION. THIS IS FOR PLAINTIFFS. DO THE

PLAINTIFFS ALLEGE THAT THEY WERE SUBJECT TO TARGETED SURVEILLANCE OF NON-U.S. PERSONS LOCATED ABROAD?

MR. WIEBE: I TAKE IT BY THAT YOU'RE THINKING OF A CLAPPER SITUATION?

THE COURT: IT'S NOT A TRICK QUESTION. IT'S JUST A FACTUAL QUESTION. IT'S A CONTENTION QUESTION.

DO YOU CONTEND THAT YOUR CLIENTS WERE SUBJECT TO TARGETED

SURVEILLANCE OF NON-U.S. PERSONS LOCATED ABROAD?

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MR. WIEBE: WHAT WE CONTEND, YOUR HONOR, IS THAT THE GOVERNMENT'S SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM IS A MASS SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM. IT STARTS OUT BY TAKING EVERYTHING, AND THEN THROUGH A GRADUAL WINNOWING PROCESS, AS WE DISCUSSED IN OTHER HEARINGS, THEN GETS DOWN TO THE TARGETED PEOPLE. IT GETS TO THE TARGETED PEOPLE BY TAKING IN UNTARGETED PEOPLE LIKE OUR CLIENTS.

SO, NO, OUR CLIENTS WERE NOT TARGETED. TO OUR KNOWLEDGE THEY WE WERE NOT COMMUNICATING WITH TARGETED PEOPLE, BUT OUR CONTENTION IS THAT DIDN'T SAVE THEM FROM THE GOVERNMENT'S SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM. THE GOVERNMENT SWEPT IN EVERYTHING, AND THEN NARROWED, WINNOWED, FILTERED, SEARCHED, SCANNED, SELECTED TO GET ULTIMATELY WHAT IT WANTED --

THE COURT: I GUESS WHAT YOU ARE SAYING IS, BASED UPON WHAT YOU JUST SAID, THE ANSWER TO THE COURT'S QUESTION OF NO, WE DON'T CONTEND TARGETING, THAT THE GOVERNMENT DIDN'T THEN FIND ANYTHING. BECAUSE YOU ARE SAYING YOUR CLIENTS WERE NOT SUBJECT TO THE KIND OF TARGETED SURVEILLANCE THAT I JUST REFERRED TO.

MR. WIEBE: BUT WE'RE SAYING BOTH THEIR FOURTH AMENDMENT RIGHTS AND STATUTORY RIGHTS WERE VIOLATED BY THE GOVERNMENT'S APPROACH OF SWEEPING AND EVERYTHING, SEARCHING EVERYTHING, AND THEN ONLY ULTIMATELY RETAINING A SMALL PORTION PERTAINING TO THE TARGETED --

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THE COURT: THAT'S BASED UPON THE GENERAL KNOWLEDGE AND WHAT YOU PUT FORWARD ON THE PROGRAM, RIGHT?

MR. WIEBE: YES, INCLUDING THE P-CLOUD REPORT, FOR EXAMPLE.

ONE THING TO ADD INTO THAT IS THIS LATEST FISC ORDER IS GETTING RID OF THE SO-CALLED "ABOUT SEARCHING" WHERE THE GOVERNMENT WAS SEARCHING THE CONTENTS OF COMMUNICATIONS TO SEE WHETHER IT HAD A TARGETED SELECTOR IN IT OR NOT, AND THAT THAT SEARCHING IS NOW SUPPOSED TO BE GOING AWAY.

BUT THAT MEANS THAT THEY WERE SEARCHING EVERY COMMUNICATION IN ORDER TO SEE WHAT WAS IN IT. AND THAT'S THE GRAVAMEN OF OUR COMPLAINT.

THE COURT: IS THERE -- I KNOW YOU'RE A LITTLE BIT --YOU MAY BE HAMSTRUNG, MR. GILLIGAN, IS THERE ANYTHING YOU WANT TO SAY IN RESPONSE?

MR. GILLIGAN: PERHAPS IN TERMS -- AS A FRIENDLY MIMIC, RICK, IF YOU DON'T MIND, I WOULD PROPOSE TO PROVIDE THIS TO THE COURT. IT IS THE AFOREMENTIONED BY MR. WIEBE GRAPHIC FROM THEIR SUMMARY JUDGMENT COMPLAINT OF THEIR CONCEPT OF HOW UPSTREAM COLLECTION WORKS. AND WE -- IT IS OUR UNDERSTANDING IT'S ALSO THEIR UNDERSTANDING OF HOW COLLECTION ALSO OCCURRED UNDER THE PRESIDENT'S SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM.

AS YOU SEE, YOUR HONOR, THERE ARE FOUR STAGES TO IT. THE FIRST ONE AT THE TOP WHERE COMMUNICATIONS IS IN THE STREAM OF INTERNET COMMUNICATIONS ARE SUPPOSEDLY COPIED. STAGE 2

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CHARACTERIZATION?

FILTERED TO ELIMINATE FULLY DOMESTIC COMMUNICATIONS AS OPPOSED TO THOSE THAT ARE INTERNATIONAL. AND THEN THE THIRD STAGE WHERE THEY ARE, AND THE PLAINTIFFS' UNDERSTANDING ELECTRONICALLY SCANNED TO FIND THOSE COMMUNICATIONS THAT CONTAIN TARGETED SELECTORS, AND THEN THOSE THAT DO CONTAIN TARGETED SELECTORS ARE ADJUSTED INTO A GOVERNMENT DATABASE IN STAGE FOUR. AS WE UNDERSTAND PLAINTIFFS' CLAIM, THEY ARE NOT CHALLENGING -- IT IS NOT BASED ON, ANYWAY, A CLAIM THAT ANY OF THEIR COMMUNICATIONS WERE ACTUALLY INGESTED INTO A GOVERNMENT DATABASE. THE CLAIM -- THE CLAIM WHEN WE WERE LITIGATING THEIR FOURTH AMENDMENT CHALLENGE WAS THAT THE COPYING AT 13 STAGE 1 WAS AN UNCONSTITUTIONAL SEIZURE AND THAT THE ELECTRONIC SCANNING AT STAGE 3 WAS AN UNCONSTITUTIONAL SEARCH. NOW WE ARE -- THE DISPUTE IS LARGELY THE SAME, ALTHOUGH WE HAVE A DIFFERENT VOCABULARY BECAUSE THE CLAIMS ARE STATUTORY. THE CLAIM NOW IS THAT THE COPYING THAT ALLEGEDLY OCCURS CONSTITUTES AN ACQUISITION UNDER THE WIRETAP ACT, AND THEN AT 19 STAGE 3, THAT THE ELECTRONIC SCANNING FOR SELECTORS CONSTITUTES A USE UNDER THE WIRETAP ACT OF THE ALLEGEDLY ACOUIRED COMMUNICATION. SO THAT IS WHAT WE UNDERSTAND IS THE GRAVAMEN OF THE CASE 23 NOW, AT LEAST AS FAR AS CONTENT COLLECTION IS CONCERNED. THE COURT: ALL RIGHT. DO YOU AGREE WITH THAT

MR. WIEBE: SUBJECT TO BEING BEAT UP BY MY COLLEAGUES, I DO.

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THE COURT: LET'S MOVE. I THINK I HAVE GOTTEN AN ANSWER THERE. AGAIN, TO SOME EXTENT I CERTAINLY AM -- I'M NOT INTENDING TO PREEMPT ANY BRIEFING THAT YOU MIGHT DO, BUT AS I'M -- I'M GOING TO BE THINKING ABOUT THIS -- BEEN THINKING ABOUT IT INCESSANTLY AND WILL CONTINUE TO, AS YOU DO YOUR BRIEFS AND AS I, AS YOU USE THE TERM, INGEST THE BRIEFS.

NOW, THE NEXT QUESTION I HAVE IS, MAY BE ADDRESSED ALREADY AND PROBABLY IS BY THIS INTERSTITIAL BRIEFING THAT WE'RE GOING TO HAVE DONE WITH RESPECT TO THE RETENTION, BUT I'LL LAY OUT THE QUESTION ANYWAY BECAUSE IT MIGHT HELP YOU WITH YOUR MEETING AND CONFERRING AS WELL AS YOUR BRIEFING.

SO THE QUESTION THAT I LAID OUT, AS I LAID IT OUT BEFORE THIS HEARING IS, WHAT IS THE IMPACT ON THIS MATTER, IF ANY, OF THE FISC'S ORDER TO FOLLOW MINIMIZATION PROCEDURES OF EITHER SIX YEARS OR TWO YEARS OR MOST RECENTLY SIGNIFICANTLY LESS TIME THAN THAT?

AND THEN THE SORT OF FOLLOW-ON QUESTION WHICH MAKES THIS A COMPOUND QUESTION BUT COURTS GET TO DO THAT, WHAT IMPACT WILL THERE BE WITH THE ANNOUNCEMENT THAT THE NSA IS HALTING COLLECTION PURSUANT TO SECTION 702?

AND I TAKE IT YOU'VE COVERED AT LEAST THE FIRST PART OF THIS IN TERMS OF YOUR VIEW WITH HOW PERHAPS THE ORDER MAY EITHER CONFLICT WITH OR BE MOOT, THE FISC ORDER, IN LIGHT OF THE LITIGATION RETENTION ORDERS?

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MR. WIEBE: I THINK THAT'S RIGHT, YOUR HONOR. CLEARLY THE FISC HAS DISTINGUISHED BETWEEN THE PERIODS DURING WHICH THE GOVERNMENT CAN ACTUALLY USE THE DATA FOR ITS PURPOSES VERSUS HOLDING ON TO DATA FOR LONGER PERIODS FOR LITIGATION PURPOSES. AND, AGAIN, IT'S THE DEEP FREEZE CONCEPT. AND THE FISC HAS BEEN AMENABLE TO THAT WAY OF WORKING THINGS OUT.

I'M SORRY, I'VE LOST YOUR QUESTION.

THE COURT: THE SECOND PART OF THE QUESTION WAS, WHAT IMPACT, IF ANY, WILL THERE BE WITH THE ANNOUNCEMENT THAT THE NSA -- ON THE LITIGATION, WHAT IMPACT WILL THERE BE WITH THE ANNOUNCEMENT THAT THE NSA IS HALTING COLLECTION PURSUANT TO SECTION 702?

MR. WIEBE: I THINK IT'S IMPORTANT TO BE CLEAR THEY ARE NOT HALTING ALL COLLECTION PURSUANT TO 702, JUST THE SO-CALLED "ABOUT SEARCHING".

AND THE INITIAL COPYING WILL STILL OCCUR. THE... BASICALLY THE STAGES 1 AND 2 WILL STILL OCCUR IN THE CHART. AT STAGE 3, AS I UNDERSTAND, ALL THAT WILL BE HAPPENING IS THEY WILL BE LOOKING AT THE ADDRESSING INFORMATION OF AN EMAIL, FOR EXAMPLE, TO SEE IF IT'S TO OR FROM ONE OF THE TARGETS, AND THEY WILL NO LONGER BE LOOKING AT THE CONTENT TO SEE IF THERE'S A REFERENCE ABOUT THE TARGET IN THE CONTENT.

THE COURT: SO WITH THAT AMENDMENT, DOES THAT IN ANY

WAY CHANGE THE CONTOURS OF THE LAWSUIT?

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MR. WIEBE: I DON'T THINK IT CHANGES OUR REMAINING STATUTORY CLAIMS. AGAIN, WE THINK THAT THESE -- THE SPLIT ALONE OR STAGE 1 IS A WIRETAP ACT VIOLATION, AND THAT PART WE DON'T SEE BEING AFFECTED BY THIS. AND -- BUT, AGAIN, I HAVE TO JUST INTERJECT THAT WE'RE IN THE POSITION OF STILL NEVER HAVING HAD ANY DISCOVERY IN THIS CASE.

THE COURT: RIGHT.

MR. WIEBE: AND, YOU KNOW, TRYING TO TALK ABOUT WHAT WE THINK IS OR ISN'T HAPPENING WITHOUT THE BENEFIT OF DISCOVERY CERTAINLY PUTS US AT ENORMOUS DISADVANTAGE.

THE COURT: RIGHT. IF SOMEBODY CAME DOWN FROM MARS THEY WOULD THINK THIS IS PRETTY CAFTA-EST, HAVE LITIGATION OF THIS ILK, BUT THE PROBLEM IS -- IT'S NOT A PROBLEM, THE REALITY AND THE LAW IS THAT THAT'S WHAT HAPPENS IN THESE CASES WHERE NATIONAL SECURITY IS INVOLVED AND THERE'S CLASSIFIED INFORMATION. WE ALL HAVE TO, THE COURT, COUNSEL, PARTICULARLY THE COURT HAS TO OBEY THE LAW AND MAKE SURE THAT, YOU KNOW, IT TAKES INTO ACCOUNT THOSE ISSUES.

MR. WIEBE: CERTAINLY, YOUR HONOR. ALTHOUGH I DO THINK THAT SECTION 1806(F) GIVES YOUR COURT -- GIVES YOUR HONOR PERHAPS BROADER POWERS THAN YOU RECOGNIZE.

THE COURT: I'M EXERCISING THEM TO THE FULLEST WITH MY BRIEFING SCHEDULE. I EXPECT TO GET WHAT I NEED IN TERMS OF EVIDENCE.

MR. WIEBE: OKAY. 1 2 THE COURT: DO YOU HAVE ANYTHING TO SAY IN RESPONSE 3 TO THAT QUESTION -- OR THE ANSWER TO THAT QUESTION? MR. GILLIGAN: JUST A COUPLE OF POINTS, YOUR HONOR. 4 5 TO ECHO SOMETHING MR. WIEBE SAID JUST TO BE CLEAR, SECTION 702 COLLECTION IS CONTINUING UNDER THE CHANGES THAT WERE APPROVED 6 7 BY THE FISC IN ITS APRIL 26TH ORDER. AND, YOU KNOW, WHAT 8 IMPACT THOSE CHANGES HAS ON PLAINTIFFS TO THEIR CASE I, OF 9 COURSE, WILL LEAD TO THE PLAINTIFFS TO DECIDE. 10 AND I THINK IN APPROACHING THE QUESTION OF, YOU KNOW, WHAT 11 DATA WE CAN PRESERVE AND WHAT WE CAN'T, WITHOUT GETTING TOO DEEPLY INTO IT BECAUSE I WOULD HAVE TO EXAMINE THE VARIOUS 12 13 ORDERS MORE CLOSELY MYSELF, BEFORE GOING TOO FAR OUT ON A LIMB 14 HERE, BUT I THINK IT IS IMPORTANT TO DISTINGUISH BETWEEN DATA 15 THAT WAS COLLECTED IN THE PAST THAT THE GOVERNMENT HAS BEEN 16 ORDERED TO DESTROY AND THEN RETENTION REGARDING DATA GOING 17 FORWARD UNDER THE NEWLY APPROVED CHANGES BY THE FISC. 18 I DON'T KNOW WHAT MATERIAL DIFFERENCES THERE MAY BE THERE, 19 BUT I THINK THAT MAY BE A DISTINCTION WE NEED TO KEEP IN MIND 20 BEFORE MOVING FORWARD. 21 THE COURT: ANYTHING YOU WANT TO SAY ON THIS POINT? 22 MR. WIEBE: NO, YOUR HONOR. 23 THE COURT: THE NEXT QUESTION I HAVE HERE IS, THE COURT WENT BACK AND READ THE STATUTES INVOLVED HERE, 18 24 25 U.S.C., SECTION 2707(A) AND 18 U.S.C., SECTION 2525(A), A

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PLAINTIFF MAY RECOVER DAMAGES FOR VIOLATIONS OF THE WIRETAP ACT AND STORED COMMUNICATIONS ACT QUOTE "FROM ANY PERSON OR ENTITY OTHER THAN THE UNITED STATES" UNQUOTE.

SO WHILE THE CLAIMS AGAINST INDIVIDUAL DEFENDANTS IN THEIR INDIVIDUAL CAPACITIES ARE STAYED, ARE PLAINTIFFS ENTITLED TO DAMAGES AGAINST THE REMAINING DEFENDANTS? AND IF SO, ON WHAT BASIS?

MR. WIEBE: YES. AND THAT IS SECTION 2712. AND IF I MAY, YOUR HONOR --

THE COURT: I'M SURE BY THE WAY THIS WILL BE THE SUBJECT -- I SHOULDN'T PREJUDGE IF IT WILL BE THE SUBJECT OF ANYBODY'S MOTION, BUT I WAS JUST CURIOUS AS I WAS READING THE STATUTE --

MR. WIEBE: YES, IT DOES JUMP OUT. AND THE WAY THAT ALL CAME ABOUT IS PRIOR TO THE PATRIOT ACT IN YEAR 2000, ALL LIABILITY, BOTH INDIVIDUAL AND ENTITY, WAS IN THE TWO STATUTES YOU MENTIONED.

AND WHAT THE PATRIOT ACT DID WAS IT DISAGGREGATED THAT, IT SEPARATED OUT INDIVIDUAL LIABILITY FROM THE LIABILITY OF THE UNITED STATES. AND SO WE DO FIND IN 2712, ANY PERSON WHO IS AGGRIEVED BY A WILLFUL VIOLATION OF THIS CHAPTER, THAT IS THE STORED COMMUNICATIONS ACT, OR CHAPTER 119, THAT'S THE WIRETAP ACT, HAS AN ACTION AGAINST THE UNITED STATES TO RECOVER MONEY DAMAGES. AND THAT'S 2712(A).

THE COURT: ALL RIGHT. YOU AGREE WITH THAT?

MR. GILLIGAN: YES, YOUR HONOR, WE AGREE THAT THE STATUTORY CAUSE OF ACTION THAT THE PLAINTIFFS ARE BRINGING THEIR STATUTORY CLAIMS UNDER IS 18 U.S.C., SECTION 2712. OUR POSITION, OF COURSE, IS THAT THE ALLEGED ONLINE COPYING AND SCANNING WITHOUT ANY ACTUAL INGESTION INTO A GOVERNMENT DATABASE THAT THEY ARE RELYING ON, DOESN'T CONSTITUTE A VIOLATION OF THE --

THE COURT: I UNDERSTAND THAT. YOU ARE GETTING INTO THE CAUSE OF ACTION. I JUST READ THAT, AND IT DID JUMP OUT AT I'M THINKING, WELL, THAT'S KIND OF IN CONFLICT WITH OTHER ME. PROVISIONS OF THE STATUTE. NOW I UNDERSTAND CONGRESS DOESN'T ALWAYS ATTEMPT TO, SHALL WE SAY, MELT TOGETHER OBVIOUSLY CONFLICTING -- BUT I'M GLAD TO HEAR THE PARTIES SAY THAT AT LEAST THE AVAILABILITY OF DAMAGES POTENTIALLY AGAINST THE GOVERNMENT EXIST UNDER THE REMAINING CLAIMS.

YOU WOULD AGREE WITH THAT?

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MR. GILLIGAN: IN THEORY. AS THE GOVERNMENT WILL SEE IN OUR OMINOUS MOTION, WE DO NOT BELIEVE THAT THE COMPLAINT ALLEGES NECESSARY ELEMENTS IN ORDER TO STATE A CAUSE OF ACTION UNDER 2712.

THE COURT: I UNDERSTAND THAT.

I HAVE A QUESTION FOR YOU THEN. THIS IS A LITTLE BIT OF A, KIND OF A TWEAK ADMITTEDLY.

WHY DIDN'T THE GOVERNMENT FILE ON THIS EARLIER? THE COURT'S BRINGING THIS UP -- I KNOW DEFENDANTS ALWAYS LIKE, YOU

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KNOW, SINCE THEY ARE THE ONES AGAINST WHOM RELIEF IS BEING SOUGHT TO HAVE MATTERS ADJUDICATED, IT'S UP TO THE PLAINTIFF, WHY HASN'T THIS HAPPENED EARLIER IN THE CASE? "THIS" BEING AN ATTACK OF THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE COMPLAINT?

MR. GILLIGAN: WELL, YOUR HONOR, AS YOU WILL RECALL, OUR INITIAL ARGUMENTS PRECEDING MY INVOLVEMENT WITH THE CASE EVEN, WERE FOCUSED ON THE FACT THAT THE PLAINTIFFS CANNOT ESTABLISH THEIR STANDING TO PURSUE ANY OF THEIR CLAIMS, WHETHER CONSTITUTIONAL OR STATUTORY IN NATURE, WITHOUT REOUIRING DISCLOSURES OF CLASSIFIED INFORMATION THAT WOULD PLACE NATIONAL SECURITY INFORMATION AT GREAT RISK. THAT WAS THE CROSS-CUTTING ISSUE THAT WE FOCUSED ON BECAUSE IT WOULD DISPOSE OF THE ENTIRE CASE WHILE PROVIDING THE GREATEST PROTECTION AGAINST DISCLOSURES OF NATIONAL SECURITY INFORMATION.

YOUR HONOR, IN YOUR RULING OF JULY 2013, DECLINED TO DISMISS THE CASE ON THAT BASIS, WHICH WE ACCEPT, AND AFTER THAT, THE PARTIES' ENERGIES THEN TURNED AT THE PLAINTIFFS' INITIATIVE TO LITIGATING THEIR FOURTH AMENDMENT CHALLENGE TO UPSTREAM COLLECTION WHICH OCCUPIED US IN THIS COURT AND IN THE COURT OF APPEALS UNTIL 2016.

NOW WE ARRIVE AT OUR CURRENT CIRCUMSTANCES. THE PLAINTIFFS HAVE NOW WITHDRAWN ALL THEIR CONSTITUTIONAL CLAIMS. AND THE ONLY CLAIMS REMAINING, AS YOUR HONOR NOTED AT THE BEGINNING OF THE CONFERENCE, THE ONLY CLAIMS REMAINING ARE THE STATUTORY CLAIMS.

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SO, YES, NOW THE OCCASION COMES TO FOCUS THE SPOTLIGHT ON THOSE CLAIMS AND THERE ARE DEFECTS IN THOSE CLAIMS THAT RENDER THEM SUBJECT TO DISMISSAL ON 12(B)(6) GROUNDS.

THE COURT: ALL RIGHT. IS THERE ANYTHING FURTHER YOU WANT TO SAY ON THIS POINT?

MR. WIEBE: JUST THAT I DO THINK IT SPEAKS TO THE WEAKNESS OF THIS ARGUMENT.

THEY DID -- THEIR LEAD ARGUMENT IN THEIR INITIAL PLEADING BEFORE YOU WAS NOT STATE SECRETS, IT WAS SOVEREIGN IMMUNITY. AND CERTAINLY SOVEREIGN IMMUNITY IS A MUCH HEAVIER LIFT UNDER 2712 THAN FAILURE TO STATE A CLAIM. SO I THINK IT JUST DOES SPEAK TO THE WEAKNESS OF THE CLAIM.

THE COURT: AS I REACH THE END OF MY QUESTIONS, I'M GOING TO GIVE YOU AN OPPORTUNITY TO MENTION ANYTHING YOU THINK THE COURT SHOULD HEAR, BUT UNDERSTAND THAT THE -- THIS CASE HAS BEEN FOR THE LONGEST TIME, BELIEVE IT OR NOT, EVEN THOUGH THERE HAVEN'T BEEN ORDERED -- ISSUED OR WHATEVER, HIGH ON THE COURT'S RADAR SCREEN AND THE COURT IS VERY MINDFUL OF THE NINTH CIRCUIT'S MANDATE. AND ITS MANDATE IS TO ATTEMPT TO, IF POSSIBLE AND IF APPROPRIATE AND SUPPORTABLE, TO RESOLVE ALL OF THE CLAIMS IN THE CASE SO THAT THE CASE IS IN A POSITION FOR APPELLATE REVIEW.

NOW, THAT SAID, WE GET INTO A VERY DIFFERENT SITUATION OR A DIFFERENT SITUATION, IF, FOR EXAMPLE, THE GOVERNMENT DOESN'T

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PREVAIL ON ITS -- THE ARGUMENTS IT'S MAKING. LET'S ASSUME HYPOTHETICALLY THAT THE COURT FINDS THAT THERE IS STANDING AND THE COURT FINDS THAT THE DEFENDANTS -- PLAINTIFFS HAVE ADEQUATELY ALLEGED THEIR CLAIMS AND, THEREFORE, I'M NOT GOING TO DISMISS THE CASE ON SUMMARY JUDGMENT FOR THE DEFENDANTS, THE CASE GOES FORWARD PERHAPS, IN WHICH CASE IT WOULD NOT BE AN APPEALABLE ORDER, AND IN WHICH CASE AND ALMOST CERTAINLY GIVEN WHAT THE NINTH CIRCUIT HAS SAID, IT IS UNLIKELY THE COURT WILL CERTIFY ANY QUESTIONS BACK UP TO THE NINTH CIRCUIT BECAUSE THAT MAY BE IN VIOLATION OF THE SPIRIT IF NOT THE LETTER OF THE ORDER, I DON'T KNOW WHERE IT GOES AT THAT POINT. BY SAYING THAT, I'M NOT SAYING THAT THERE'S ANY SORT OF PRESSURE ON THE COURT TO RULE ONE WAY OR THE OTHER, JUST THAT THE COURT'S THINKING HAS NOT PROGRESSED THAT FAR. BECAUSE OTHER CASES THAT THE COURT HAS BEEN AWARE OF FROM PUBLIC FILINGS HAVE NOT GOTTEN TO THAT STAGE, AND I AM NOT SURE EXACTLY WHERE WE GO FROM THERE, ESPECIALLY WHERE I TAKE IT THAT MAYBE THE ANSWER WOULD BE, I'M JUST THINKING OUT LOUD HERE, THAT THE COURT WOULD THEN HAVE TO VERY SPECIFICALLY AND DIRECTLY FIGURE OUT A WAY TO ADJUDICATE THE DISCOVERY DISPUTE AND DETERMINE A WAY THAT DISCOVERY CAN OCCUR IN SOME FASHION TO THE PLAINTIFFS SO THE LAWSUIT CAN CONTINUE ON THE MERITS. IF WE GET TO THAT, WE WILL GET TO THAT. I JUST WANTED TO SAY IT IS THE COURT'S CURRENT GOAL UNDER THE CURRENT PROCEDURE AND ORDERS TO GET THE CASE AT LEAST TO THE POSITION WHERE THE

RECORD IS AS COMPLETELY AS POSSIBLE, WHETHER IT'S IN A 1 2 CLASSIFIED MODE OR OTHERWISE, CERTAINLY LEGALLY TO HAVE A 3 RECORD FOR REVIEW BY SOME OTHER COURT IF THAT IS APPROPRIATE. 4 SO WITH THAT SAID, THIS IS THE POINT WHERE I SAY DO THE 5 PARTIES HAVE ANYTHING FURTHER THEY WISH TO ADDRESS AT THIS 6 TIME? 7 MR. WIEBE: YES, YOUR HONOR, IF I MAY SPEAK TO THE 8 PLAN THE COURT HAS LAID OUT? 9 THE COURT: PLEASE DO. 10 MR. WIEBE: FIRST OF ALL, I MUST SAY WE HAVE A 11 THRESHOLD OBJECTION HERE WHICH IS THAT THIS OMNIBUS MOTION IS 12 PREMATURE. WE NEED DISCOVERY FIRST. THAT'S THE ORDINARY 13 SEQUENCE OF AFFAIRS. IT'S THE ONE THAT SHOULD HAPPEN HERE. 14 AND THERE ARE WAYS TO MAKE THAT HAPPEN IN A MANAGEABLE 15 FASHION. 16 THE COURT: HOW? TELL ME. I MEAN WITHOUT BREACHING NATIONAL SECURITY --17 18 MR. WIEBE: YES. 19 THE COURT: -- CLASSIFICATION. 20 MR. WIEBE: FORTUNATELY, THERE'S NOTHING I CAN SAY THAT WOULD BREACH NATIONAL SECURITY, SO I CAN SPEAK FRANKLY. 21 22 THE COURT: RIGHT. 23 MR. WIEBE: THE FIRST STEP WOULD BE TO RULE ON THE 24 DISCOVERY DISPUTE THAT'S BEFORE YOUR HONOR. THOSE RAISE 25 OBJECTIONS. THOSE OBJECTIONS CAN BE RESOLVED ON THE PUBLIC

TO ANSWER IN CAMERA, OR FURTHER INFORMATION TO PROVIDE.

THAT YOU HAVE FURTHER QUESTIONS THAT YOU WANT THE GOVERNMENT

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MAY BE BASED ON THE DECLASSIFIED VERSIONS THAT WE HAVE 1 2 FOLLOW-UP WE WANT TO DO. 3 ONCE THAT IS COMPLETED, THEN I THINK IT MAKES PERFECT SENSE TO THEN HAVE MOTION PRACTICE OR EVEN -- IT'S IMPORTANT 4 5 TO REMEMBER THIS IS A CASE THAT WOULD BE TRIED TO THE COURT. 6 THAT IS ONE OF THE PROVISIONS UNDER 2712, NO JURY TRIAL. 7 I CAN SEE US HAVING NOT JUST SUMMARY JUDGMENT PROCEEDINGS, 8 BUT FULL PROCEEDINGS TO THE EXTENT POSSIBLE, YOU KNOW, ARGUING 9 WHATEVER IS PUBLIC, WHETHER IT'S QUESTIONS OF LAW OR ARGUING PUBLIC FACTS BEFORE YOU IN A TRIAL SETTING. 10 11 THE OTHER POINT I WOULD MAKE IS, I THINK IT IS ALSO 12 PREMATURE -- I DON'T THINK IT'S APPROPRIATE FOR THERE TO BE A 13 STANDING MOTION BASED ON JUDGMENT ON THE PLEADINGS AT THIS 14 STAGE. THAT'S EXACTLY WHAT YOU RULED ON IN 2013. YOU SAID WE'VE SHOWN OUR STANDING. AT THIS POINT IT WOULD HAVE TO BE 15 16 BASED ON AN EVIDENTIARY RECORD, AS YOUR HONOR JUST AVERTED TO. 17 AND THE WAY TO GET THAT MOST COMPLETE EVIDENTIARY RECORD 18 THAT YOU WERE JUST REFERRING TO IS BY GOING THROUGH THE 19 DISCOVERY PROCESS FIRST AND THEN GETTING TO THE MOTION 20 PRACTICE OR, AGAIN, EVEN A COURT TRIAL. 21 THE COURT: ALL RIGHT. MR. GILLIGAN: YOUR HONOR, LET ME BE VERY CLEAR. 22 23 ARE NOT SUGGESTING ON THE STANDING ISSUE THAT THE COURT DISMISS THE CASE ON THE BASIS OF THE PLEADINGS. 24

WHAT WE'RE SAYING IS, THAT AS THE COURT FOUND IN THE

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COURSE OF ADJUDICATING THE PLAINTIFFS' FOURTH AMENDMENT CHALLENGE TO UPSTREAM COLLECTION, THEY CANNOT PROVE THEIR STANDING WITHOUT DISCLOSURES OF CLASSIFIED INFORMATION THAT WOULD BE VERY DAMAGING TO NATIONAL SECURITY.

AND WE THINK THAT THE WAY TO -- IF THERE'S ANY DOUBT ABOUT THAT, THE WAY TO ADDRESS THE ISSUE IN THE MOST RESPONSIBLE FASHION POSSIBLE AND WITH THE LEAST BURDEN ON THE COURT IS TO NARROW THE SCOPE OF THE CASE AND THEREBY THE SCOPE OF THE POTENTIALLY RELEVANT EVIDENCE SO THE COURT CAN UNDERSTAND --BECAUSE THE CASE DOES HAVE MANY TENTACLES. FEWER NOW THAN AS BEFORE, BUT STILL QUITE A FEW, SO IT BECOMES EASIER FOR EVERYBODY TO WRAP THEIR HEADS AROUND, SO TO SPEAK, WHAT EVIDENCE IS AT ISSUE HERE, WHAT CLAIMS ARE AT ISSUE, AND CAN THE PLAINTIFFS PURSUE THESE CLAIMS IN LIGHT OF THE EVIDENCE THAT'S IN PLAY WITHOUT CAUSING DAMAGE TO NATIONAL SECURITY.

THAT'S WHY WE PROPOSED SIMULTANEOUS, A PARING OF MOTIONS BOTH FOR JUDGMENT ON THE PLEADINGS OR FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT, IF THE COURT WILL, AND A MOTION FOR A PROTECTIVE ORDER.

THE DISPOSITIVE MOTION COULD NARROW THE CASE DOWN TO THOSE CLAIMS THAT ACTUALLY PRESENT LEGALLY VIABLE CAUSES OF ACTION. BECAUSE THERE SHOULDN'T BE -- THE PLAINTIFFS HAVE NOT PLED A WIRETAP ACT CLAIM, THEN THERE IS, TO OUR MIND, NO JUSTIFICATION FOR DISCLOSURES OF CLASSIFIED INFORMATION SINCE WE ARE TALKING ABOUT INFORMATION THAT HAS BEEN CLASSIFIED AS EXCEPTIONALLY CONTROLLED INFORMATION THAT IS OF EXTRAORDINARY

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THOSE KINDS OF DISCLOSURES SHOULD BE MINIMIZED. AND THE WAY TO DO THAT IS FIRST WINNOW THE CASE DOWN TO THOSE CLAIMS THAT ARE LEGALLY VIABLE, AND THEN THE COURT CAN ADJUDICATE, OKAY, WHICH OF THESE DISCOVERY REQUESTS -- THERE'S STILL 140 OF THEM SEEKING ENORMOUS AMOUNTS OF CLASSIFIED MATERIAL, WHICH OF THESE REQUESTS ACTUALLY BEAR ON THE CLAIMS THAT ARE -- THAT ACTUALLY PRESENT CLAIMS UPON WHICH RELIEF CAN BE GRANTED. THAT WAS THE THINKING BEHIND OUR PROPOSAL.

THE COURT: LET ME REACT TO EVERYTHING YOU BOTH SAID. AND IT IS VERY HELPFUL BECAUSE YOU HAVE GIVEN ME SOME IDEAS HERE.

SO IN NO PARTICULAR ORDER, MR. GILLIGAN, ON YOUR POINT, I HAVE A -- ON THE STANDING POINT. THE FIRST QUESTION, THE ISSUE IS, THE COURT ARTICULATED AT THE BEGINNING OF THE HEARING WHAT'S LEFT OF THIS CASE, AND THOSE ARE STATUTORY CLAIMS. AND THE QUESTION IS, INITIAL QUESTION IS WHAT DOES THE PLAINTIFF NEED TO SHOW FOR STANDING ON THE STATUTORY CLAIMS.

THE COURT HAS NOT RULED ON STANDING ON THE STATUTORY CLAIMS. I HAVEN'T EVEN RULED ON WHAT THE STANDARDS ARE FOR STANDING UNDER THE STATUTORY CLAIMS. SO THAT'S NUMBER ONE.

NUMBER TWO, I'M NOT GOING TO WANT FROM THE GOVERNMENT A REHASH OF ANY MOTION FOR JUDGMENT ON THE PLEADING THAT'S BEEN MADE BEFORE ON THE ISSUE OF STANDING AS IT RELATES TO THE

ALLEGATIONS BECAUSE THE NINTH CIRCUIT HAS SAID DON'T DO THAT. 1 2 MR. GILLIGAN: WE'RE NOT. 3 THE COURT: IN FACT, WHAT I WOULD MAYBE -- WHAT I WOULD CONTEMPLATE IS THAT THE NINTH CIRCUIT WANTS THE COURT TO 4 5 PEEL BACK THE CURTAIN AND SAY, OKAY, YEAH, MAYBE THERE'S A THEORETICAL POSSIBILITY THAT IF THE ALLEGATIONS ARE TRUE, AND 6 7 THEY MUST BE TAKEN AS TRUE FROM THE PLEADINGS, THAT THE 8 PLAINTIFFS CAN SHOW STANDING. 9 WHAT I AM ASKING IS, WHAT I AM ORDERING IS TO GO BEHIND 10 THAT CURTAIN AND DRILL DOWN. AND SAY, OKAY, YES, IT'S 11 POSSIBLE. GIVEN THE ALLEGATIONS, WHAT IS THE REALITY? 12 AND SO I'M GOING -- I WANT TO KNOW -- I ALLUDED TO THIS IN 13 THE COURT'S ORDER WITH RESPECT TO THE FOURTH AMENDMENT. SAID I LOOKED AT CERTAIN DOCUMENTS, AND BASED ON THAT, I 14 15 CONCLUDE THE FOLLOWING LEGAL AND FACTUAL CONCLUSIONS. THAT'S 16 WHAT I WANT TO DO ON STANDING. 17 I WANT ALL OF THE DOCUMENTS THAT -- FROM THE GOVERNMENT THAT ARE CLASSIFIED -- OR I ASSUME THEY ARE ALL CLASSIFIED IN 18 19 THE FIRST INSTANCE, THAT BEAR ON THE ISSUE OF STATUTORY 20 STANDING. THEN I'M GOING TO LOOK AT THOSE AND I'M GOING TO 21 SAY THERE IS OR ISN'T STANDING, OR I WANT MORE. 22 NOW, IN RESPONSE TO THAT, THE PLAINTIFFS CAN COME BACK AND 23 SAY, YOU KNOW WHAT? AND THIS IS SORT OF -- I WAS ALLUDING TO 24 THIS MAYBE NOT AS ARTFULLY AS I WANTED TO, WHERE I SAID I 25 WANTED TO GIVE THE PLAINTIFF INPUT.

MR. WIEBE, IF YOUR ARGUMENT IS CORRECT, YOU CAN COME BACK 1 2 AND SAY, YEAH, THEY SAID THIS, THEY SUBMITTED THESE MATERIALS, 3 AND YOU COULD ASK UNDER RULE 56 TO SAY WE WANT DISCOVERY ON THAT ISSUE. WE DON'T -- YOU KNOW, WE THINK THAT IS NOT 4 5 ENOUGH. WE DON'T BELIEVE IT. WE OBJECT TO THE COURT ADJUDICATING ON THIS RECORD AND WE WANT ADDITIONAL DISCOVERY 6 7 ON THE FOLLOWING ISSUES, WHICH IS WHAT WOULD HAPPEN IN A, I 8 WANT TO SAY NORMAL, IN A MORE TYPICAL CASE. THE GOVERNMENT 9 WOULD PRESENT CERTAIN MATERIALS, DECLARATIONS, THE OTHER SIDE 10 WOULD COME BACK AND SAY, WAIT, WE HAVEN'T HAD DISCOVERY ON 11 THESE ISSUES, WE NEED MORE INFORMATION, AND THEN YOU WILL BE 12 ABLE TO DO THAT. 13 NOW, BEFORE YOU RESPOND, SINCE I THINK I'M ON A ROLL HERE, 14 I WANT TO ASK THE FOLLOWING QUESTION. MR. WIEBE JUST RAISED A 15 REALLY INTERESTING POINT, WHICH IS THIS. AND I THINK IT'S 16 UNDER THE RUBRIC OF WHAT THE COURT STATED ABOUT I WANT THE 17 PLAINTIFFS TO SEE AS MUCH AS POSSIBLE THAT'S NOT CLASSIFIED, 18 TO THE EXTENT THAT THE GOVERNMENT PROVIDES DECLARATIONS TO THE 19 COURT, WHY COULD THEY NOT BE REDACTED TO TAKE OUT THE 20 CLASSIFIED INFORMATION AND THEN THE REDACTED VERSIONS GIVEN TO 21 THE PLAINTIFFS? 22 MR. GILLIGAN: IN THEORY THAT'S POSSIBLE, YOUR HONOR, 23 BUT I WOULD NOT WANT TO RAISE ANY EXPECTATIONS ABOUT HOW MUCH CONTENT AS OPPOSED TO, YOU KNOW, BLACK PAGES WOULD ACTUALLY 24

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BECAUSE WE SIMPLY CONFIRMING OR DENYING WHETHER THESE INDIVIDUALS OR ANY INDIVIDUALS WERE SUBJECTED TO GOVERNMENT SURVEILLANCE PROGRAMS WOULD TEND TO REVEAL CLASSIFIED INFORMATION, THE DISCLOSURE OF WHICH WOULD BE POTENTIALLY HARMFUL TO NATIONAL SECURITY.

SO I UNDERSTAND YOUR HONOR'S DIRECTIVE THAT WE PROVIDE ANY UNCLASSIFIED INFORMATION THAT WE HAVE ABOUT STANDING TO THE PLAINTIFFS' COUNSEL, BUT TO BE HONEST, YOUR HONOR, I'M AT A LOSS TO CONJURE IN MY OWN MIND WHAT THAT WOULD BE.

THE COURT: WELL, THE FIRST THING TO DO IS DRAFT IT, WHICH IS WHAT YOU WOULD TYPICALLY DO, YOU AND I GUESS THE AGENCY HERE WITH THE CLASSIFICATION AS NSA, THEY WOULD LOOK AT IT AND THEY WOULD SAY THIS CAN'T BE REVEALED, OR WE ARE NOT UNCOMFORTABLE REVEALING THIS GIVEN THE COURT'S SHALL WE SAY NOT ORDER, BUT EXHORTATION, IF YOU WILL, THAT AS MUCH AS CAN BE SUBMITTED TO THE COURT AND PLAINTIFFS' COUNSEL UNCLASSIFIED BE DONE AT LEAST -- BE DONE SO THAT THE PLAINTIFFS CAN FRAME THEIR ARGUMENTS AND MAKE THEIR RECORD TO THIS COURT AND TO ANY OTHER COURT.

MR. GILLIGAN: UNDERSTOOD, YOUR HONOR. WE WILL COMPLY TO THE EXTENT POSSIBLE WITH THAT. IF I CAN MAKE TWO POINTS.

COMING BACK TO THE PLAINTIFFS' OWN GRAPHIC OF THEIR CLAIM, THE COURT HAS ALREADY RULED THAT THE PLAINTIFFS CANNOT ESTABLISH THEIR STANDING TO CHALLENGE THESE ALLEGED ACTIVITIES

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WITHOUT RISK OF EXCEPTIONALLY GREAT DAMAGE TO NATIONAL SECURITY. THEY ARE NOW CHALLENGING THE SAME ACTIVITY JUST UNDER A DIFFERENT LEGAL THEORY THAT IT VIOLATES THE WIRETAP ACT AND COMMUNICATIONS ACT RATHER THAN THE FOURTH AMENDMENT.

OUR POSITION, AND WE WILL MAKE THIS -- SPELL THIS OUT IN OUR BRIEFING, OUR POSITION IS THAT THE EXACT SAME REASONING APPLIES TO THE STATUTORY CLAIMS AS THE COURT FOUND IT DID TO THEIR FOURTH AMENDMENT CLAIM BECAUSE IT'S THE SAME ACTIVITY.

THE COURT: I UNDERSTAND THAT.

BUT -- AND MAYBE THIS IS NOT EVEN SEMANTICS, THE ISSUE OF STANDING HAS BEEN RAISED BEFORE THE NINTH CIRCUIT AS AN ALLEGATION MATTER, AS A PLEADINGS MATTER, AND THEY HAVE SAID IN NO UNCERTAIN TERMS THAT THE COURT SHOULD NOT RESOLVE THIS ISSUE BY RELYING ON ALLEGATIONS IN THE PLEADINGS. AND THE IMPLICATION, IF NOT EXPLICIT DIRECTIVE OF THE NINTH CIRCUIT WAS TO PEEL BACK THE ONION AND FIND OUT IF, IN FACT, FACTUALLY THE PLAINTIFFS DO HAVE STANDING UNDER THE STANDARD FOR STANDING THAT IS APPROPRIATE IN THE CASE, AND THEN THE SECOND ONE, A COROLLARY OF IT IS COULD THEY EVEN, EVEN ASSUMING THERE WASN'T ANY FACTUALLY THERE WAS NO STANDING, THE PLAINTIFFS CAN'T PROVE IT WITHOUT DOING VIOLENCE TO THE NATIONAL SECURITY.

MR. GILLIGAN: CORRECT, YOUR HONOR. I CAN ASSURE YOU, WE ARE NOT GOING TO FILE A BRIEF THAT SAID THEY HAVE FAILED TO ALLEGE STANDING. WE MAY HAVE OUR VIEWS ON THAT, BUT

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THAT IS NOT AN ISSUE WE WILL CONTEND. THE NINTH CIRCUIT HAS RULED. OKAY.

BUT WE WILL SAY IS THAT THEY CAN'T PROVE IT, JUST LIKE THEY COULDN'T PROVE IT WITH RESPECT TO UPSTREAM BECAUSE THAT WOULD REQUIRE DISCLOSURES THAT WOULD BE HARMFUL TO NATIONAL SECURITY.

THE COURT: BUT I'M ASKING YOU TO GO ONE STEP -- YOU CAN MAKE THAT ARGUMENT, AND I'M NOT GOING TO HELP WRITE THE BRIEFS RIGHT HERE AND NOW, BUT I EXPECT TO BE ABLE TO, AT LEAST IF IT'S POSSIBLE AND IF IT'S FACTUALLY SUPPORTABLE, TO BE ABLE TO SAY YES OR NO ABOUT THE ARGUMENT THEY CAN'T PROVE IT WITHOUT DOING DAMAGE TO THE NATIONAL -- GRAVE DAMAGE TO THE NATIONAL SECURITY, BUT IN FACT THE -- SO THE COURT -- IF THE COURT COULD FIND THAT WITHOUT VIOLATING CLASSIFICATION LAWS THAT THEY DO OR DON'T AS A MATTER OF FACT THEY DON'T HAVE STANDING OR AS A MATTER OF FACT THE COURT FINDS CONTRARY TO THE GOVERNMENT'S POSITION THAT THEY CAN PROVE STANDING, AND LET'S COME UP WITH A WAY NOW TO GET THE DISCOVERY OUT TO ENABLE THEM TO DO THAT, IF POSSIBLE.

SO I'M GOING TO EXPECT YOU TO GO FURTHER THAN WHAT YOU ARE PROPOSING.

MR. GILLIGAN: YOUR HONOR, WE WILL DO THAT. I CAN SAY THAT WE HAVE IN THE PAST PROVIDED THE COURT EVIDENCE ON WHY WE CAN'T CONFIRM OR DENY WHETHER THE PLAINTIFFS HAVE STANDING. AND THAT --

THE COURT: LET ME INTERRUPT YOU RIGHT THERE. THAT'S 1 2 A VERY GOOD POINT. THAT IS WHY I WAS VERY CAREFUL IN MY ORAL 3 ORDER TO SAY "MARSHAL THE EVIDENCE". THE PROBLEM IS, AND I DON'T THINK I'M TELLING ANY TALES 4 5 OUT OF SCHOOL HERE, I'M NOT. PROCEDURALLY, WHAT HAPPENS IS, I ASSUME THE NAME OF THE GUY WHO COMES WITH THE DOCUMENTS IS NOT 6 7 CLASSIFIED. HIS NAME IS SCOOTER BELIEVE IT OR NOT. HE COMES, 8 YOU KNOW, NOT FIGURATIVELY WITH HIS HANDCUFFS ON, PRESENTS THE 9 COURT WITH THE DOCUMENTS IN A SECURE FACILITY, EITHER A SCIF 10 OR SOME OTHER FACILITY WITH THE BLINDS CLOSED, AND THE CELL 11 PHONES TURNED OFF AND THE ALUMINUM HATS TURNED OFF OR TAKEN 12 OFF, AND THEN SAYS, OKAY, GO AT IT. 13 I REVIEW THIS MASSIVE AMOUNT OF DOCUMENTS. I TAKE NOTES. HE THEN PROMPTLY TAKES MY NOTES AND CLASSIFIES THOSE, AND THEN 14 15 HE COMES BACK, WHICH HE DID RECENTLY WHEN THERE WAS A 16 SUBMISSION, I LOOK AT MY NOTES, OH, YEAH, I REMEMBER THAT NOW. 17 SO THERE'S SO MUCH OF IT THAT IT NEEDS TO BE MARSHALED NOW 18 UNDER THE EXPLICIT DIRECTIVE OF THE COURT SO THAT I HAVE IN 19 ONE PLACE AND AT ONE TIME OR ONE SERIES OF TIMES ALL THE 20 EVIDENCE THAT I NEED TO MAKE THE DETERMINATION. 21 MR. GILLIGAN: YOUR HONOR, THAT GOES TO THE CORE OF 22 OUR CONCERN OR AT LEAST MY LACK OF CLARITY ON WHAT IT IS THAT 23 THE COURT IS EXPECTING US TO PROVIDE.

AND THIS IS NOT TO RESIST THE NOTION BUT TO UNDERSTAND IT.

BECAUSE THE COURT SAYS, PROVIDE ALL THE EVIDENCE ON STANDING

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TO THE COURT. THAT COULD IN THEORY BE, I CAN'T SAY FOR SURE, I WOULD HAVE TO CONFER WITH MY CLIENT, THAT COULD BE IN THEORY A VOLUMINOUS AMOUNT OF INFORMATION, ESPECIALLY GIVEN THE WIDE RANGE OF THE DISCOVERY REQUESTS. SO WE --

THE COURT: WELL, LOOK, LET ME JUST SAY THIS. YOU FOLKS HAVE BEEN AT THIS A LOT LONGER THAN THE COURT, ALTHOUGH IT SEEMS FOREVER THE COURT HAS BEEN AT THIS, YOU NEED TO FIGURE IT OUT.

AGAIN, I'M NOT GOING TO DRILL DOWN OR GET DOWN TO THE WEEDS, OR WHATEVER EXPRESSION YOU WANT TO TELL YOU HOW TO DO IT. BUT IF YOU SAY, IF YOU SAY, WELL, IF THE STANDARD WERE X, THEN WE'RE TALKING ABOUT GOING THROUGH 10 BILLION DOCUMENTS OR 10 BILLION PIECES OF DATA, IT'S PHYSICALLY IMPOSSIBLE TO DO THAT. THAT WOULD BE ONE THING.

BUT IF THE ISSUE WAS, FOR EXAMPLE, I'M MAKING THIS UP NOW BECAUSE I DON'T REMEMBER WHAT THE CLASSIFIED MATERIALS SAY, WE LOOKED THROUGH AND NO PLAINTIFF IN THIS CASE WAS EVER PICKED UP. NO PLAINTIFF WAS EVER TARGETED. YOU KNOW, IN AS MUCH DETAIL AS YOU CAN GIVE WITH THE HIGH POWERED COMPUTERS THAT THE NSA HAS, AS YOU WOULD URGE THE STANDARD FOR THAT -- YOU MAY SAY WE'RE NOT GOING TO LOOK AT, YOU KNOW, THE METADATA, WE ARE NOT GOING TO DO EXACTLY WHAT THE PLAINTIFFS ARE CONCERNED WE DO NOW AND TRY TO INGEST THAT INFORMATION, BECAUSE NUMBER ONE, THAT'S NOT THE PROPER STANDARD AND NUMBER TWO, THAT IS NOT POSSIBLE. AND YOU MAY URGE THAT AND SAY THAT TO THE

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I'M ASKING YOU TO DO WHATEVER IS POSSIBLE SO I FULFILL THE MANDATE OF THE COURT TO SAY YOU NEED TO DETERMINE WHETHER OR NOT YOU, THE COURT, THERE IS STANDING. PERIOD. YES, YOU SHOULD ALSO DETERMINE WHETHER THEY CAN PROVE IT UNDER, YOU KNOW, UNDER THE CLAPPER FOOTNOTE IN THE SUPREME COURT DECISION.

SO YOU GUYS, I'M SORRY, I DON'T MEAN THIS GENERICALLY, MEN AND WOMEN, NEED TO FIGURE THIS OUT BECAUSE I FEEL LIKE I NEED TO DISCHARGE MY OBLIGATION AS BEST AS I CAN AND YOU COME BACK WITH YOUR COMPLIANCE, AND THEN I WILL DETERMINE WHAT LEGAL CONSEQUENCE IT IS. SO THAT'S ALL I CAN SAY. I CAN'T GIVE YOU ANY MORE GUIDANCE.

MR. GILLIGAN: I APPRECIATE THAT GUIDANCE, YOUR HONOR, BECAUSE THERE IS A VERY LARGE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE COURT'S EXPLANATION JUST NOW WHICH I VERY MUCH APPRECIATE AND THE EARLIER REFERENCES TO PRODUCING ALL THE EVIDENCE.

I HAVE BEEN IN FRONT OF JUDGES WHO, WHEN THEY SAY "ALL", THEY MEAN ALL, AND THAT WOULD HAVE BEEN AN EXTRAORDINARILY BURDENSOME --

THE COURT: JUST A SECOND. I DON'T WANT TO BE PUT IN A CORNER HERE.

WHEN I SAY "ALL", I MEAN ALL. NOW, WHEN A COURT SAYS "ALL" AND A PARTY AGAINST WHOM THAT ORDER IS ISSUED SAYS, IT IS PHYSICALLY IMPOSSIBLE TO PRODUCE ALL, THIS IS ALL -- THIS

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IS OUOTE-UNOUOTE ALL WE CAN PRODUCE THAT MAY BE RELEVANT TO THE ISSUE OF STANDING AS WE BELIEVE THE ISSUE IS ARTICULATED.

BUT I'M NOT GOING TO GIVE THE GOVERNMENT A LICENSE, ESPECIALLY WHEN THE PLAINTIFF HAS LITTLE INPUT ON THIS, TO SAY, YEAH, I'M GOING TO INTERPRET WHAT THE COURT SAYS TO BE AS NARROW AS POSSIBLE. BUT I EXPECT THAT TO BE EXPLICATED; THE PROBLEMS, THE QUANTITY, ET CETERA. BUT THEN TO COME BACK WITH SOMETHING WHERE THE COURT CAN SAY ON THE PUBLIC RECORD OR THE COURT HAS THE OPPORTUNITY TO, AS YOU KNOW, TO FILE A CLASSIFIED OPINION OR ORDER SO THAT ONLY THE CIRCUIT SEES IT.

MR. GILLIGAN: I COMPLETELY AGREE WITH WHAT YOUR HONOR JUST SAID. WE UNDERSTAND OUR SPECIAL OBLIGATIONS AND CIRCUMSTANCES LIKE THIS TO TURN SQUARE CORNERS AND PLAY FAIR AND SQUARE.

SO TO THE EXTENT -- I THINK AT LEAST IN PRINCIPLE. TO THE EXTENT THAT WE DETERMINE THAT THERE MAY BE SOME LARGE BODY OF EVIDENCE THAT CANNOT BE PRODUCED OR CANNOT BE EVEN THOROUGHLY EXAMINED IN ORDER TO RESPOND TO THE COURT'S MANDATE, WE WOULD MAKE THAT CLEAR IN WHATEVER SUBMISSION WE MAKE.

ONE THING THAT OCCURS TO ME, ONE WAY THE CAT CAN BE SKINNED PERHAPS IS REPORT THROUGH SOME SORT OF DECLARATION OR OTHER WRITTEN RESPONSE THE RESULTS OF SOME SEARCH OF ONE DATABASE OR ANOTHER WITHOUT, OF COURSE, TURNING OVER THE ENTIRE DATABASE TO THE COURT.

THE COURT: AND THAT, FROM AN EVIDENTIARY

PERSPECTIVE, THAT MAY OR MAY NOT BE APPROPRIATE.

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LET ME JUST SAY, I HAVE BEEN THINKING ABOUT WHAT YOU SAID, MR. WIEBE, AND I WANT TO GO BACK TO SOMETHING I SAID AT THE VERY BEGINNING OF THESE PROCEEDINGS. AND THAT IS, I USED THE TERM "DISCOVERY" ADVISEDLY AT THE BEGINNING, NOT IN THE CONTEXT OF A MOTION FOR A PROTECTIVE ORDER. I SAID THERE SHALL BE DISCOVERY. THERE SHALL BE STAGED DISCOVERY. THERE SHALL BE STAGED DISCOVERY TO THE COURT.

SO WHAT THE COURT CONTEMPLATES, IT MAY VERY WELL BE THE CASE THAT DEPENDING UPON THE RULING ON THE MOTIONS AS PRESENTED, THE COURT MAY COME BACK AND SAY, NO, WE NEED TO OPEN UP DISCOVERY WIDER. AND WE NEED TO FIGURE OUT A PROCESS BY WHICH WE CAN DO THAT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROPOSAL YOU JUST OUTLINED FOR THE COURT.

THIS IS GOING TO BE STAGED DISCOVERY PRINCIPALLY ON THE ISSUE OF STANDING. AND, YOU KNOW, WHEN I THOUGHT OF THESE WORDS, "DISCOVERY", DOES IT REALLY APPLY WHEN IT'S GOING TO THE COURT? MAYBE NOT. BUT IT'S SORT OF ANALOGOUS TO WHEN THERE IS AN ISSUE OF PRIVILEGE OR SOME -- I HAVE ANOTHER CASE INVOLVING -- THAT THE CIRCUIT JUST SENT BACK DEALING WITH BRADY MATERIAL, WHERE THE COURT IS GOING TO SUBMIT -- REVIEW NOTES.

YOU CAN CALL THAT DISCOVERY. YOU CAN CALL THAT, YOU KNOW, JUST AN IN CAMERA REVIEW. THAT'S WHAT THE COURT HAD IN MIND. IT IS WITHOUT -- I DON'T BELIEVE IT'S APPROPRIATE OR NECESSARY

UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCE, AND YOU MAY HAVE THE ABILITY TO ARGUE 1 2 THAT TO ANOTHER COURT AT ANOTHER TIME, EVEN TO THIS COURT, I 3 DON'T THINK IT'S APPROPRIATE TO OPEN THE DISCOVERY PROCESS UP TO THE EXTENT YOU PROPOSE, MR. WIEBE. 4 5 I THINK THE WAY THE COURT HAS ARTICULATED THIS PROCESS IS THE WAY TO GO BECAUSE IT LEAVES THE COURT AND THE PARTIES THE 6 7 OPPORTUNITY, ESPECIALLY THE PLAINTIFFS, TO GO FURTHER AT A 8 LATER TIME. I FEEL LIKE I NEED TO DO THIS IN A WAY THAT IS 9 DIGESTIBLE TO THE COURT. 10 GO AHEAD. 11 MR. WIEBE: MAY I RESPOND? THE COURT: PLEASE. 12 13 MR. WIEBE: THANK YOU. FIRST OF ALL, WE HAVE HEARD A LOT ABOUT THE FOURTH 14 15 AMENDMENT RULING OVER AND OVER AGAIN TODAY. THE BIG KEY 16 DIFFERENCE IS, IN THE FOURTH AMENDMENT BRIEFING YOU DIDN'T 17 HAVE THE BENEFIT OF SECTION 1806(F). HERE YOU'VE GOT SECTION 18 2712 TELLING YOU TO APPLY 1806(F). 19 AND THE FIRST STAGE OF APPLYING IT IS GIVE US 20 OPPORTUNITIES TO PROPOUND DISCOVERY AND TO HAVE THE DISCOVERY 21 RESPONDED TO. TO THE EXTENT IT'S SECRET, GOES TO YOU THROUGH 22 1806(F). 23 THIS WILL ACTUALLY BE EASIER FOR THE COURT. THE COURT IS

FACED WITH THE DAUNTING PROSPECT OF TRYING TO DIGEST ON YOUR

OWN HUNDREDS, THOUSANDS, WHATEVER DOCUMENTS. AND IT'S MUCH

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EASIER TO DIGEST THE ANSWERS TO RFA'S AND INTERROGATORIES THAT WE HAVE ALREADY PROPOUNDED AND HAVE ALREADY NARROWED DOWN. THOSE ANSWERS, YOU KNOW, CAN BE EASILY READ AND COMPREHENDED BY THE COURT AS OPPOSED TO TAKING A DOCUMENT YOU HAVE NO IDEA WHERE IT CAME FROM, WHAT IT MEANS, AND TRYING TO DIGEST IT. SO WRITTEN RESPONSES FROM THE GOVERNMENT TO OUR WRITTEN DISCOVERY REQUESTS, THE RFA'S AND INTERROGATORIES, I THINK ARE ABSOLUTELY ESSENTIAL TO GOING FORWARD. AND, AGAIN, DECLASSIFIED TO THE EXTENT POSSIBLE AND PROVIDED TO US. THE OTHER REASON WHY IT'S ESSENTIAL TO DO IT THAT WAY IS IT GIVES US AN OPPORTUNITY TO RAISE THE FACTUAL ISSUES WE THINK ARE IMPORTANT. OTHERWISE YOU'RE JUST GETTING A ONE-SIDED VIEW OF THE MATTERS. THERE ARE ABLE LAWYERS ON THE OTHER SIDE. THEY ARE GOING TO DRAFT DECLARATIONS THAT PRESENT THE FACTS THAT THEY THINK SUPPORT THEIR CASE. AND, YOU KNOW, YOU MAY GET A DECLARATION AND HAVE NO IDEA WHAT THE ENTIRE UNIVERSE OF FACTS OUT THERE THAT'S NOT IN THE DECLARATION IS. BY GETTING RESPONSES TO OUR DISCOVERY, THE DISCOVERY WE'VE IDENTIFIED AS BEING RELEVANT, THAT WILL GIVE YOU OUR PERSPECTIVE ON THE CASE. THE COURT: ALL RIGHT. WHAT'S YOUR RESPONSE? MR. GILLIGAN: YOUR HONOR, THE PROBLEM IS, IS THAT THEIR DISCOVERY REQUESTS SEEK ENORMOUS VOLUMES OF INFORMATION THAT CERTAINLY HAVE NOTHING TO DO WITH THE STANDING ISSUE

AND -- AND DON'T EVEN HAVE TO DO REALLY WITH THE MERITS --

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THE COURT: COULD THERE BE A PROCESS WHEREBY -- AND I'M THINKING OUT LOUD HERE, I'M NOT ACCEPTING ONE POSITION RATHER THAN THE OTHER. WE DON'T ALLOW MOTIONS FOR PROTECTIVE ORDERS IN THIS COURT. THEY ARE LETTER BRIEFS. YOU SUBMITTED A LETTER. TO BE QUITE HONEST WITH YOU, THAT FAILED.

THAT EVIDENCED -- AND I'M NOT ASCRIBING -- I OFTEN ASCRIBE BAD FAITH MOTIVES TO CIVIL ATTORNEYS, NOT CRIMINAL ATTORNEYS, BUT CIVIL ATTORNEYS, BUT NOT IN THIS CASE. THERE ARE HUGE ISSUES AT STAKE. I'M NOT IMPUGNING COUNSEL AT ALL.

WHAT I GOT WAS, YOU KNOW, A HUGE NUMBER OF BROAD REQUESTS BY THE PLAINTIFF, PERHAPS NECESSARILY BECAUSE THEY DON'T KNOW WHAT'S OUT THERE, AND THEN THE GOVERNMENT'S RESPONSE SAYING, WELL, NOT ONLY ARE THEY OVERBROAD ON A PURE PERHAPS RULE 26 STANDPOINT, BUT ALSO WOULD DO GRAVE INJURY TO THE NATIONAL SECURITY, GRAVE HARM TO NATIONAL SECURITY.

AND SO IS THERE A PROCESS WHERE YOU COULD HAVE A MEET AND CONFER AND TRY TO AT LEAST NARROW DOWN THE REQUEST FOR ADMISSIONS, INTERROGATORIES, ET CETERA THAT ARE AT LEAST RELEVANT AS THAT TERM IS NOW DEFINED. THIS CASE HAS GONE ON SO LONG THAT RULE 26 HAS CHANGED, AND THEN THE GOVERNMENT COULD COME BACK AND SAY, YOU KNOW, YEAH, THESE ARE THE RELEVANT -- NOW WE AGREE THAT THESE ARE THE RELEVANT QUESTIONS. WE CAN'T ANSWER ANY OF THEM BECAUSE THEY WOULD HURT -- THEY WOULD DO GRAVE HARM, ET CETERA, TO NATIONAL SECURITY.

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SO COMING TO THE COURT NOW AND SAYING, WELL, IT'S TOO BROAD, THEY HAVE ASKED TOO MUCH, ET CETERA, YES, THAT'S A PROBLEM WE FACE ALL THE TIME BUT WE ALSO RESOLVE THOSE PROBLEMS.

COULD WE DO THAT TO PERHAPS CLARIFY THE RECORD IN ADVANCE OF SOME MOTION, THE OMNIBUS MOTION THAT THE COURT HAS CONTEMPLATED?

MR. GILLIGAN: YOUR HONOR HAS ALREADY GIVEN US A MANDATE. WE WOULD HAVE PREFERRED TO DEAL WITH THE ISSUE OF KIND OF WINNOWING DOWN THE BODY OF EVIDENCE THAT NEEDS TO BE LOOKED AT THROUGH THE DUAL MOTIONS PROCESS THAT WE SUGGESTED.

BUT TO CONTINUE WITH WHAT THE COURT DESIRES, YOU KNOW, WE -- YOU'VE GIVEN US A MANDATE TO MARSHAL THE EVIDENCE ONE WAY OR THE OTHER ON STANDING, AND THEN TO PRESENT IT TO THE COURT IN A FASHION THAT THE COURT WILL BE ABLE TO DIGEST AND WITH EXPLANATIONS OF WHERE WE HAD TO DO THINGS, PROVIDE THE COURT WITH RESULTS OF DATABASE SEARCHES IN A DECLARATION AS BEING THE MOST EFFICIENT WAY OF PRODUCING THE MATERIAL EVIDENCE.

THAT SEEMS TO US, ESPECIALLY IF WE ARE TO DO THIS ON A SHORT TIMELINE WITH SIMULTANEOUS BRIEFING OF SOME COMPLICATED LEGAL ISSUES TO GET TO WHERE THE COURT WANTS TO GO ON THE TIMELINE THAT WE HAVE SUGGESTED, IF WE HAVE TO DIVERT OUR ENERGIES TO, YOU KNOW, HUNTING DOWN -- JUST ONE OF THEIR DOCUMENT REQUESTS, YOUR HONOR, ASKS US TO -- NO, CREDIT WHERE

CREDIT IS DUE, FOUR TOTAL DOCUMENT REQUESTS, FOUR OF THE 40, 1 2 ASKS US TO PRODUCE ALL DOCUMENTS THAT WOULD SUPPORT OUR 3 RESPONSES TO THEIR 52 RFA'S AND THEIR 43 INTERROGATORIES. THAT'S CLEARLY NOT AN EFFICIENT WAY TO GO ABOUT GETTING TO 4 5 THE GIST OF THE STANDING ISSUE AND IT'S ALSO GRATUITOUSLY, WE SUBMIT, PLACING LARGE VOLUMES OF CLASSIFIED INFORMATION AT 6 7 RISK THROUGH UNNECESSARY DISCLOSURE. 8 SO IT SEEMS TO US THE MOST EFFICIENT WAY, THE WAY IT'S 9 MOST PROTECTIVE OF NATIONAL SECURITY IS FOR US TO TAKE THE 10 COURT'S MANDATE THIS AFTERNOON AND TO PROCEED IN THE MANNER THE COURT HAS SUGGESTED. 11 THE COURT: ALL RIGHT. ANYTHING FURTHER YOU WANT TO 12 13 SAY? 14 MR. WIEBE: I'M GOING TO JUST COME BACK TO VERY BASIC 15 DUE PROCESS. 16 ONE-SIDED SECRET EVIDENCE IS NOT DUE PROCESS. AND 17 CONGRESS HAS SOLVED THE CONUNDRUM FOR THE COURT. AS THE COURT SAID IN IT'S 2013 ORDER, SECTION 1806(F) QUOTE: 18 "STRIKES A BALANCE BETWEEN EXECUTIVE ACTION AND 19 20 JUDICIAL OVERSIGHT. THE LEGISLATIVE HISTORY MAKES 21 CLEAR THAT CONGRESS INTENDED TO FORMULATE A BALANCE 22 LEGISLATIVE SOLUTION TO THE NATIONAL SECURITY 23 PROBLEMS RAISED IN LITIGATION OVER POSSIBLE UNLAWFUL 24 EXECUTIVE SURVEILLANCE PROGRAMS." 25 THAT'S EXACTLY WHERE WE ARE NOW HERE TODAY. BUT THE FIRST

STEP OF THAT 1806(F) PROCESS PROPERLY HAS TO BE GIVING US DISCOVERY RIGHTS. WE CAN MEET AND CONFER AND ARGUE AND WINNOW DOWN AND GET -- DECIDE WHAT THAT PROPER SCOPE OF DISCOVERY IS, BUT, YOUR HONOR, WE'VE GOT TO HAVE SOME DISCOVERY.

IF WE GO BACK TO THE NINTH CIRCUIT AND THE FIRST THINGS OUT OF MY MOUTH ARE, WE NEVER GOT ANY DISCOVERY RESPONDED TO, I DON'T THINK THEY ARE GOING TO THINK THAT IS A COMPLETE RECORD FOR THEM TO DECIDE THE CASE ON.

THE COURT: I'LL GIVE YOU ONE LAST CHANCE. I WANT TO TAKE A RECESS -- WE HAVE BEEN GOING A LONG TIME -- FOR EVERYBODY'S BENEFIT AND ALSO TO KIND OF INGEST, DIGEST WHAT YOU ALL HAVE PUT FORTH AND SEE HOW I WANT TO PROCEED.

MR. GILLIGAN: OBVIOUSLY, YOUR HONOR, MUCH OF THE

INFORMATION --

YES, GO AHEAD.

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THE COURT: HOW ARE YOU GOING TO ANSWER THE QUESTION WHEN ONE OF MY ESTEEMED COLLEAGUES ON THE NINTH CIRCUIT SAYS, WELL, HOW CAN WE LET THIS CASE PROCEED WHEN THE PLAINTIFFS HAVE NEVER HAD -- PUTTING ASIDE THE ISSUE, THE WHOLE CLAPPER ARGUMENT, THEY HAVE NEVER REALLY TESTED THE GOVERNMENT'S POSITION BECAUSE THE DISTRICT COURT NEVER GAVE THEM DISCOVERY? HOW ARE YOU GOING TO RESPOND TO THAT?

MR. GILLIGAN: YOUR HONOR, I WAS GOING TO ADDRESS THAT ONE FIRST, WHICH IS THAT OBVIOUSLY THE INFORMATION THAT WE PROVIDE TO YOUR HONOR UNDER THE COURT'S MANDATE, WOULD

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OBVIOUSLY BE INFORMATION THAT WOULD BE RESPONSIVE TO DISCOVERY REQUESTS OF THE PLAINTIFFS.

I THINK WHAT THE PLAINTIFFS NEED TO DO HERE IS DECIDE WHICH THEY ARE GOING TO RELY ON, THE RULES OF CIVIL PROCEDURE OR 1806(F). IF IT'S THE RULES OF CIVIL PROCEDURE, THEN IT'S THEIR OBLIGATION TO MOVE TO COMPEL. AND -- IF THEY BELIEVE OUR OBJECTIONS ARE NOT WELL-TAKEN.

IF IT'S 1806(F), THEN IT IS THEIR OBLIGATION, AS WE HAVE BRIEFED BEFORE, THIS IS AN ISSUE THAT THE COURT WILL PROBABLY SEE AGAIN IN THE MOTIONS TO COME, IT'S THEIR OBLIGATION BEFORE THEY INVOKE 1806(F) TO PROVE THAT THEY ARE AGGRIEVED PERSONS WITHOUT FIRST RELYING ON CLASSIFIED EVIDENCE.

SO WHAT THEY ARE ATTEMPTING TO DO IS TO USE THE STATUTE TO DETERMINE WHETHER THEY ARE AGGRIEVED PERSONS ENTITLED TO INVOKE THE STATUTE IN THE FIRST PLACE.

THE COURT: IT'S A LITTLE BIT OF A CHICKEN AND EGG. HOW DO THEY KNOW IF THEY'RE AGGRIEVED -- HOW DO THEY PROVE THAT IF THEY DON'T EVER GET DISCOVERY?

MR. GILLIGAN: WELL, THERE'S NOTHING IN 1806(F) THAT SAYS THEY ARE ENTITLED TO DISCOVERY.

AND IF -- ANTECEDENT TO THEM BEING ABLE TO PROVE THAT, THE RULES OF DISCOVERY INCLUDE THE GOVERNMENT'S ABILITY TO WITHHOLD CLASSIFIED INFORMATION ON THE BASIS OF, AMONG OTHER THINGS, STATE'S SECRET PRIVILEGES AS WELL SECTION 6 OF THE NATIONAL SECURITY AGENCY ACT.

THE COURT: ALL RIGHT.

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MR. WIEBE: THE RULES OF CIVIL PROCEDURE AND 1806(F) WORK IN TANDEM. UNDER THE RULES OF CIVIL PROCEDURE, FOLLOWING THIS COURT'S STANDING ORDERS, WE DID BRING A MOTION TO COMPEL IN THE FORM OF THE JOINT DISCOVERY LETTER BRIEF. THAT'S WHAT THAT IS ALL ABOUT. THEY MADE OBJECTIONS. WE SAID THESE OBJECTIONS ARE NOT FOUNDED, PLEASE RULE ON BY THE COURT.

ON 1806(F) THIS AGGRIEVED PERSON ARGUMENT, WE BATTED THAT DOWN TIME AND TIME AGAIN. AS JUDGE WALKER SAID IN THE MDL, FOR PURPOSES OF THIS, PROOF OF PLAINTIFFS' CLAIM IS NOT NECESSARY AT THE AGGRIEVED PERSONS STAGE. INSTEAD, ALL THAT IS REQUIRED IS QUOTE "ALLEGATIONS THAT ARE SUFFICIENTLY DEFINITE, SPECIFIC, DETAILED, AND NONCONTEXTUAL TO ENABLE THE COURT TO CONCLUDE THAT A SUBSTANTIAL CLAIM IS PRESENTED.

AND WE'RE WAY PASSED THAT IN THIS LITIGATION. THIS AGGRIEVED PERSON ARGUMENT CAME UP IN THE 2013 BRIEFING, CAME UP IN 2009, CAME UP BEFORE JUDGE WALKER. THAT IS WATER UNDER THE BRIDGE.

THE COURT: I'M JUST GOING TO SAY, COUNSEL ARE EXPECTED TO SCOUR THE ORDERS OF THE COURT IN THIS CASE AND NOT MAKE THE SAME ARGUMENTS AGAIN THAT HAVE ALREADY BEEN RULED ON IN THE PROPER CONTEXT. IF IT WAS MADE IN A DIFFERENT CONTEXT THAT DOESN'T APPLY NOW, THAT'S ONE THING.

I'M GOING TO TAKE A SHORT RECESS, GIVE EVERYBODY A CHANCE TO CATCH THEIR BREATH, AND I WANT TO CONTEMPLATE THIS A LITTLE

FURTHER BECAUSE YOU HAVE CERTAINLY GIVEN THE COURT GOOD INPUT, 1 2 AND I WANT TO THINK ABOUT IT AND GET BACK TO YOU IN A FEW 3 MINUTES. MR. WIEBE: THANK YOU, YOUR HONOR. APPRECIATE YOUR 4 5 PATIENCE. THE COURT: THANK YOU. 6 7 (RECESS TAKEN AT 12:45 P.M.; RESUMED AT 1:20 P.M.) 8 THE COURT: COUNSEL CAN STAY SEATED. 9 ONE, I'M GOING TO ASK PERHAPS PLAINTIFFS' COUNSEL, THE 10 DOCUMENT THAT -- THIS IS JUST A HOUSEKEEPING MATTER. 11 THE DOCUMENT SHOWING THE SURVEILLANCE PROCESS WHICH WAS 12 IN -- HAVING TO DO WITH THE PURPORTED STAGES OF SURVEILLANCE, 13 CAN YOU STATE FOR THE RECORD WHERE THIS PARTICULAR DOCUMENT 14 CAN BE FOUND IN THE RECORD? 15 IT'S ALSO IN DOCUMENT 261 FILED ON JULY 25TH, 2014, BUT I 16 WANTED THE RECORD TO BE CLEAR WHERE THE ACTUAL DOCUMENT OR AT 17 LEAST WHAT THIS IS A COPY OF. 18 MR. WIEBE: THIS IS AN ILLUSTRATION WE CREATED FOR 19 PURPOSES OF THE FOURTH AMENDMENT BRIEFING. AND IT'S IN OUR 20 FOURTH AMENDMENT BRIEF. SO THAT IS --21 THE COURT: ALL RIGHT. 22 MR. WIEBE: -- HOW CAME TO BE. THIS IS NOT A 23 GOVERNMENT DOCUMENT. THIS IS WHAT WE CREATED TO ILLUSTRATE 24 OUR FOURTH AMENDMENT --

THE COURT: SO IT'S IN THE FOURTH AMENDMENT BRIEF.

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SO THE RECORD WILL SO STATE.

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LET ME ASK, MR. GILLIGAN, I HAD ONE QUESTION THAT THE GOVERNMENT ALLUDED TO IN ITS RESPONSE TO THE COURT'S QUESTION, THIS IS SOMEWHAT OFF OF THE TOPIC, BUT I WANT TO MAYBE PURSUE IT A LITTLE BIT.

IN REVIEWING CERTAIN -- WHAT OTHER COURTS HAVE DONE OR PROCEDURALLY, I MEAN, IN THESE KINDS OF CASES, THERE HAVE BEEN OCCASIONS WHERE -- AND THIS IS ALLUDED TO IN THE COURT'S OUESTIONS -- WHERE CAREER LAW CLERKS HAVE BEEN GIVEN SECURITY CLEARANCE SO THEY CAN ASSIST THE COURT WITH DOCUMENT REVIEW.

ARE YOU AWARE THAT THAT'S BEEN DONE AND IS THERE ANY WAY THAT THAT CAN BE DONE IN THIS CASE?

MR. GILLIGAN: WE HAVE LOOKED INTO THIS, YOUR HONOR, AND THERE HAVE BEEN CASES WHERE IT HAS OCCURRED.

USUALLY IN CASES INVOLVING VOLUMINOUS AMOUNTS OF MATERIAL WHERE THE COURT REQUIRED THE ASSISTANCE OF THE COURT PERSONNEL IN ORDER TO COMPLETE THE REVIEW.

I CAN'T SAY FOR CERTAIN, I WOULD HAVE TO DOUBLE-CHECK WHETHER THAT INVOLVED MATERIAL THAT HAD BEEN DESIGNATED AS EXCEPTIONALLY CONTROLLED INFORMATION SUCH AS SOME OF THE MATERIAL WE TALKED ABOUT HERE TODAY WOULD INVOLVE.

THIS IS SOMETHING WE DON'T WANT TO TAKE OFF THE TABLE, BUT IT IS A DECISION THAT WE WOULD ASK THAT WE RETURN TO, AN ISSUE THAT WE RETURN TO ONCE WE SEE WHAT VOLUME OF INFORMATION IT IS THAT WE WOULD BE PROVIDING TO THE COURT.

THE COURT: WHY CAN'T WE DO IT THE OTHER WAY AROUND 1 2 WITHOUT COMMITTING OR ACTUALLY CLEARING ANYBODY TO FIND OUT 3 WHAT WOULD BE INVOLVED. I DON'T WANT TO DELAY THIS CASE BECAUSE I KNOW IT TAKES 4 5 QUITE A WHILE TO GET SOMEBODY CLEARED, AND IT MAY NOT BE PRACTICABLE. IT WAS IN THE COURT'S REQUEST, SO I WOULD LIKE 6 7 TO GET A RESPONSE WITHIN TWO WEEKS FROM TODAY, DEFINITIVE 8 FILED ECF DOCUMENT SAYING IT CAN BE DONE, IT CAN'T BE DONE, TO 9 WHAT LEVEL IT CAN BE DONE, AND ON WHAT TIME FRAME IT CAN BE 10 DONE. 11 WITHOUT COMMITTING ANYBODY, THE COURT MAY NOT EVEN TAKE 12 YOU UP ON THE OFFER, BUT AT LEAST I WILL KNOW WHAT THE ANSWER 13 IS IF IT SHOULD COME UP. 14 ALL RIGHT? 15 MR. GILLIGAN: IN OTHER WORDS, WHETHER IT WOULD BE --16 IS IT SIMPLY A MATTER OF GETTING -- DID YOUR HONOR SAY A 17 PERMANENT LAW CLERK? THE COURT: YES. WE DON'T --18 19 (SIMULTANEOUS COLLOQUY.) 20 THE COURT: -- FOR EMPLOYMENT LAW REASONS, WE NEVER 21 SAY PERMANENT, WE SAY CAREER. MR. GILLIGAN: CAREER. OKAY. I APPRECIATE THAT. 22 23 SO WE WOULD BE ADDRESSING THE QUESTION IN THE CONTEXT OF A 24 CAREER LAW CLERK AND IT WOULD BE SIMPLY WHETHER A SECURITY 25 CLEARANCE, NECESSARY SECURITY CLEARANCE WOULD BE POSSIBLE,

SETTING ASIDE THE OUESTION OF WHETHER THERE WOULD BE A DETERMINATION THAT A CAREER LAW CLERK COULD HAVE ACCESS TO THE PARTICULAR --

THE COURT: WELL --

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MR. GILLIGAN: -- MATERIALS YOU ARE TALKING ABOUT? THE COURT: SORRY TO INTERRUPT. THE OUESTION IS WHETHER OR NOT A HYPOTHETICAL CAREER LAW CLERK. I'M NOT

ASKING PEOPLE TO COMMIT THAT ANY ONE WE CALL A CAREER LAW CLERK CAN BE CLEARED, ASSUMING THEY CAN MEET THE BACKGROUND CHECK.

MR. GILLIGAN: RIGHT.

THE COURT: TO REVIEW THE DOCUMENTS, SUBSTANTIAL PORTION, ANY OF THE DOCUMENTS, WHATEVER, THAT ARE INVOLVED IN THOSE THINGS THAT THE COURT WILL BE, AND COULD BE ASKED TO REVIEW IN THIS CASE. THAT WOULD BE THE QUESTION.

MR. GILLIGAN: THAT'S ACTUALLY TWO QUESTIONS, YOUR HONOR. THAT'S MY POINT.

THERE'S A QUESTION OF WHETHER A CAREER LAW CLERK CAN BE GRANTED WHAT WE WOULD CALL A TSSCI SECURITY CLEARANCE AND THEN WHETHER -- WHETHER THEN THERE CAN BE A DETERMINATION THAT THAT INDIVIDUAL HAS A NEED TO KNOW THE INFORMATION AT ISSUE.

I'VE HAD A TSSCI SECURITY CLEARANCE FOR SOMETHING ON THE MATTER OF -- ON THE ORDER OF EIGHT YEARS, BUT I WOULD NEVER HAVE BEEN GRANTED ACCESS TO THE KIND OF MATERIALS THAT ARE INVOLVED IN THIS LITIGATION UNTIL I ACTUALLY STARTED WORKING ON THE CASE.

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THE COURT: WELL, ON THE ASSUMPTION THAT THIS PERSON, SHE, NEEDS TO KNOW. SO ASSUMING THAT DETERMINATION CAN BE MADE, AND I'M SAYING THAT IF I WOULD NOT BE ASKING FOR THIS HAVING REVIEWED THESE DOCUMENTS AND THE PROCEDURES WE REVIEWED, WE HAVE BEEN FOLLOWING IN THIS CASE, IF I DIDN'T BELIEVE THAT THERE IS A NEED FOR THAT PERSON TO KNOW.

I DON'T KNOW WHAT YOUR DEFINITION IS "NEED TO KNOW". MY DEFINITION IS I NEED HER TO KNOW BECAUSE IT WILL HELP ME.

NOW, THAT MAY BE SOME NATIONAL SECURITY QUESTION WHEREBY THE AGENCY CAN MAKE ITS OWN DETERMINATION ABOUT -- GIVEN WHAT'S INVOLVED IN THE CASE, SO -- THERE'S NO BENEFIT TO THE COURT FOR YOU TO COME BACK AND SAY, YES, YOUR CAREER LAW CLERK CAN RECEIVE THIS CLEARANCE BUT SHE CAN'T SEE THE DOCUMENTS FOR SOME OTHER REASON.

I JUST WANT TO MAKE IT SO IF THERE IS ANY WAY SHE CAN LEGALLY SEE THE DOCUMENTS IS THAT POSSIBLE AND ON WHAT TIME FRAME. THAT'S ALL I AM ASKING FOR.

MR. GILLIGAN: WE WILL DO OUR BEST, YOUR HONOR.

TO BE CANDID WITH YOU, "NEED TO KNOW" IS A TERM OF ART IN THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY THAT REFERS TO CERTAIN STANDARDS THAT ARE SET FORTH IN GOVERNING EXECUTIVE ORDERS, AND IT MAY DIFFER FROM A COURT'S INTERPRETATION OF NEED TO KNOW AND --

THE COURT: I UNDERSTAND THAT. BUT I'M ASKING FOR THE AGENCY'S POSITION. YOU'VE HEARD WHAT THE COURT'S POSITION

IS AND THE COURT'S WISHES ARE AND WHY. IF THAT DOESN'T MESH WITH THE AGENCY'S VIEW AND THE AGENCY'S VIEW IS THE ONE THAT PREVAILS, THEN THAT'S THE END OF THE STORY.

MR. GILLIGAN: ALL I WILL SAY, YOUR HONOR, IS I WILL GIVE YOU THE BEST ANSWER THAT WE CAN IN TWO WEEKS GIVEN THAT MUCH OF THIS WILL STILL REMAIN IN THE REALM OF THE HYPOTHETICAL AT THAT POINT.

THE COURT: I AGREE.

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MR. GILLIGAN: THANK YOU, YOUR HONOR.

THE COURT: AT LEAST WE WILL GET OVER THE PLENARY HURDLE.

SO BACK TO THE MATTERS WE TALKED ABOUT BEFORE. I WILL SAY THAT THAT'S WHY I THINK IT WAS HELPFUL TO HAVE THIS HEARING BECAUSE I THINK THE INPUT OF THE PARTIES HAS HELPED THE COURT TO COME UP WITH A PROCEDURE THAT I THINK COMPLIES WITH DUE PROCESS, COMPLIES WITH THE STATUTES AT ISSUE, IS IN CONFORMITY WITH THE SPIRIT OF THE DISCOVERY STATUTES AND GETS TO A POINT WHERE I THINK WE HAVE A BETTER RECORD.

SO, HERE'S WHAT WE ARE GOING TO DO. AND BY THE WAY, THIS IS THE END OF THE FUNNEL. SO UNLESS THE COURT TOTALLY MISSED SOMETHING, THIS IS NOT UP FOR ARGUMENT. THIS IS BASED UPON YOUR INPUT. THIS IS WHAT I HAVE DECIDED TO DO.

SO THE FIRST IS, THE COURT IS HEREBY ORDERING THAT DISCOVERY IN THIS CASE BE STAGED. NOW, BOTH PARTIES KNOW, IS EXPERIENCED LITIGATORS, THE COURT HAS THE AUTHORITY, IN FACT,

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THE MANDATE FROM RULE 26 WHERE POSSIBLE IN MANAGING LITIGATION TO STAGED DISCOVERY WITHOUT DOING HARM TO ANYBODY'S DUE PROCESS. BECAUSE IT'S ONLY STAGING IT, IT IS NOT PREJUDGING ALL OF THE DISCOVERY OR WHAT MAY OCCUR DOWN THE ROAD IN THE CASE.

SO -- AND MORE SPECIFICALLY, THE COURT IS GOING TO STAGE THE DISCOVERY SUCH THAT THE FIRST DISCOVERY THAT WILL BE MADE AVAILABLE IN THE MANNER THAT THE COURT WILL NOW ORDER WILL RELATE ONLY TO STANDING ON THE REMAINING CLAIMS IN THIS LAWSUIT, WHICH ARE THE STATUTORY CLAIMS.

NOW, THE NEXT QUESTION IS, HOW DO WE EFFECTUATE THIS STAGING WITH DUE REGARD TO DUE PROCESS AND THE ARGUMENTS --AND THE MATTERS THAT COUNSEL HAS BROUGHT TO THE COURT'S ATTENTION.

SO I'M GOING TO ORDER THAT THE PLAINTIFFS SHALL LIMIT THEIR DISCOVERY ONLY TO ISSUES OF STANDING TO BRING THE REMAINING CLAIMS, AND SO THAT -- THAT WOULD ESSENTIALLY BE A TWO-STEP PROCESS. THE FIRST WOULD BE, WHAT I WOULD CALL THE LOW-HANGING FRUIT TO SIMPLY SAY THESE REQUESTS DON'T RELATE TO STANDING. THEY ARE GOING TO BE PUT IN ABEYANCE UNTIL, IF EVER, THERE NEEDS TO BE A NEXT STAGE OF DISCOVERY.

AND THE PLAINTIFFS WILL BE ORDERED TO LIMIT THEIR -- THEN TO GO FORWARD WITH THE SECOND PIECE OF THAT AND TO LIMIT THOSE REQUESTS NOW THAT WE ARE, YOU KNOW, IN, SHALL WE SAY, CRUNCH TIME BASED UPON RULE 26 AND ITS DEFINITION OF RELEVANCE, ITS

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DEFINITION -- ITS POLICY WITH RESPECT TO NOT BEING OVERBROAD AND NOT CALCULATED TO BE SOMETHING THAT IS DOABLE FOR THE DEFENDANTS IN THIS CASE. SO IT'S WITH AN EYE TOWARDS SIGNIFICANTLY NARROWING THE REOUESTS. AND WE'LL GET INTO HOW THAT GETS ADJUDICATED AND PROCESSED DOWN THE ROAD. SO, FIRST THING, I'M GOING TO SAY THAT THE -- FIRST THING -- I SHOULD HAVE DONE THIS IN THE BEGINNING -- IT GOES WITHOUT SAYING, THE COURT IS GOING TO VACATE THE BRIEFING SCHEDULE THAT THE COURT HAS ORDERED AT THE BEGINNING OF THESE PROCEEDINGS BECAUSE I THINK THE COURT'S THINKING IS MOVED BY THE ARGUMENTS OF COUNSEL. SO, THE PLAINTIFF SHALL SERVE THEIR NARROWED REQUESTS ON THE DEFENDANTS WITHIN 30 DAYS FROM TODAY. MS. OTTOLINI? THE CLERK: JUNE 19TH. THE COURT: ALL RIGHT. THEN I'M GOING TO ORDER THAT IN THE THREE WEEKS THAT FOLLOWS THAT DATE, THE PARTIES SHALL MEET AND CONFER, PREFERABLY IN PERSON, BUT I UNDERSTAND GOVERNMENT COUNSEL IS IN WASHINGTON AND I AM NOT GOING TO REOUIRE THAT --MR. GILLIGAN: THANK YOU, YOUR HONOR. THE COURT: BUT I DON'T WANT EMAILS GOING BACK AND FORTH AND THE TYPICAL THING THAT GOES ON BECAUSE THEN IT

IMPELS US TO POSTURE AND ADVOCATE RATHER THAN TO REALLY TALK

TO EACH OTHER. 1 2 MR. WIEBE: I CAN ASSURE YOUR HONOR WE HAVE A GOOD 3 WORKING RELATIONSHIP. MR. GILLIGAN: BELIEVE IT OR NOT, WE DID THAT WITH 4 5 THE FIRST SET OF DISCOVERY. THE COURT: I'LL OPT TO THE NOT, BUT NOT THAT I DON'T 6 7 BELIEVE YOU DID IT, BUT YOU DIDN'T GET TO YES. 8 SO THE MEET AND CONFER TO ATTEMPT TO AGREE ON, IN A NORMAL 9 RULE 26 DISTRICT COURT MEET AND CONFER IN AN ATTEMPT TO AT 10 LEAST AGREE UPON A NARROWED, MORE NARROWED UNIVERSE OF 11 MATERIALS THAT ARE WITHIN THE DISCOVERY REQUESTS. 12 I CAN FEEL THE GOVERNMENT'S CONCERN ABOUT, WELL, WHAT 13 ABOUT NATIONAL SECURITY? WE'RE NOT THERE YET. THIS IS JUST STRAIGHT RULE 26 AND THE WAY WE DEAL WITH CIVIL CASES. 14 15 I'M GIVING YOU THREE WEEKS. HOPEFULLY YOU WON'T NEED IT 16 ALL, BUT THEY MAY NEED TO GO BACK TO CLIENTS, ESPECIALLY WITH 17 THE GOVERNMENT, AND SEE WHAT'S EVEN DOABLE BASED UPON THE 18 DISCUSSION. MS. OTTOLINI, WHAT WOULD BE, THE THREE WEEKS AFTER THE 30 19 20 DAYS? 21 THE CLERK: WOULD BE JULY 10TH. 22 THE COURT: JULY 10TH. 23 NOW, THEREAFTER, THE GOVERNMENT, 30 DAYS AFTER THAT --24 AFTER THAT THREE-WEEK DATE, SHALL FILE THEIR USUAL RULE 26 25 RESPONSES. THAT IS TO SAY, RESPONSES, SUBSTANTIVE RESPONSES,

AND WE WILL GET INTO THE ISSUE OF CLASSIFICATION AND ALL THAT, 1 2 SUBSTANTIVE RESPONSES, LEGAL RESPONSES -- AND I DON'T THINK I 3 WILL GET FROM THE QUALITY OF COUNSEL I HAVE HERE, IT'S OVERBROAD -- THE USUAL -- THE REASON I HATED DOING CIVIL 4 5 LITIGATION WHEN I DID IT, THE USUAL BOILERPLATE REAL 6 SUBSTANTIVE OBJECTIONS. 7 THE OBJECTION MAY BE -- I'M NOT MAKING THIS UP OFF THE TOP 8 OF MY HEAD, STATE SECRETS. IT MAY BE GRAVE NATIONAL SECURITY. 9 IT MAY BE IT'S OVERBROAD, IT'S BURDENSOME AND OPPRESSIVE, BUT REALLY MEAN IT AS OPPOSED TO MOST CIVIL LITIGATORS I GET. 10 11 AND I WANT AS MUCH AS POSSIBLE AND PRESUMPTIVELY I WANT AS 12 MUCH OF THAT RESPONSE FILED IN THE PUBLIC RECORD. UNLIKE 13 NORMAL DISCOVERY RESPONSES, I DON'T WANT -- I WANT IT SERVED ON THE OTHER SIDE, THE PLAINTIFFS, BUT I WANT IT FILED IN THE 14 15 PUBLIC RECORD. SO I WANT THERE TO BE A PUBLIC RECORD OF THE 16 GOVERNMENT'S POSITION, THE LEGAL POSITION WITH RESPECT TO THE 17 RESPONSES BEING MADE, EVEN AS NARROWED BY THE PLAINTIFFS. 18 TO THE EXTENT THAT THE GOVERNMENT NEEDS, AND I WOULD 19 PROBABLY EXPECT THIS WILL HAPPEN, TO FILE AN IN CAMERA OR 20 CLASSIFIED RESPONSES ON THE MERITS. SAY, YEAH, THIS IS 21 RELEVANT, WE CAN DO THIS, BUT THIS WOULD DO GRAVE HARM TO 22 NATIONAL SECURITY FOR THE FOLLOWING REASONS. 23 THAT CAN BE FILED, IF IT IS PROPERLY CLASSIFIED, OF COURSE, THE GOVERNMENT DOESN'T HAVE CARTE BLANCHE, IT'S THE 24

AGENCY, THEN THAT SHALL BE FILED, THAT PORTION WILL BE FILED

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IN THE EX PARTE IN CAMERA.

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BUT, AGAIN, THE DEFAULT IS AS MUCH AS POSSIBLE IN THE PUBLIC RECORD SO THERE'S A RECORD OF WHAT THE PLAINTIFF IS ASKING FOR, WHAT THE GOVERNMENT IS WILLING TO PROVIDE BOTH IN TERMS OF THE COURT FILING, IN CAMERA EX PARTE, AND IN THE PUBLIC FILING.

AND SO THEY WILL INCLUDE IN THE PUBLIC FILING A REFERENCE TO THE FACT THAT THE RESPONSE TO THIS REQUEST WOULD BE CLASSIFIED OR IS CLASSIFIED, AND THEN IT WOULD BE SUBMITTED TO THE COURT. SO AT LEAST THERE IS A RECORD ON THE GROUNDS UPON WHICH THE GOVERNMENT HAS OBJECTED TO EACH OF THE REQUESTS.

THE REMAINDER OF THE DISCOVERY RESPONSES, AS I MENTIONED BEFORE, WILL BE FILED IN CAMERA EX PARTE, TO THE EXTENT THEY ARE CLASSIFIED.

AND THIS UNIVERSE OF MATERIALS I WOULD IMAGINE WOULD BE LEGAL RESPONSES MEANING OBJECTIONS, ET CETERA, THAT THE MERE MAKING OF THE OBJECTIONS THEMSELVES WOULD BE INAPPROPRIATE AND SHOULD BE CLASSIFIED, BUT ALSO THE DOCUMENTS RESPONSIVE TO THE REQUESTS, AND INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE BREADTH OF DOCUMENTS THAT THE COURT ORDERED THE GOVERNMENT TO PRODUCE AT THE BEGINNING OF THIS HEARING.

I WANT THOSE DOCUMENTS AND I ALSO WANT RESPONSES TO THE PLAINTIFFS' REQUEST TO BE FILED WITH THE COURT. SO, IN OTHER WORDS, WHAT I AM DOING THAT'S DIFFERENT THAN BEFORE IS, I'M NOT ALLOWING THE GOVERNMENT TO UNILATERALLY DEFINE WHAT THEY

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BELIEVE IS RELEVANT AND WHAT THEY BELIEVE IS PERTINENT TO THE ISSUE OF STANDING.

I WANT EVERYTHING THAT THEY CONTEND IS -- COMES --UNDERSTANDING BECAUSE THERE MAY BE THINGS THAT THE, UNLIKELY, THAT THE PLAINTIFFS DIDN'T ASK FOR WHICH THE GOVERNMENT SAYS, NO, JUDGE, THEY DIDN'T ASK FOR THIS BUT YOU'VE GOT TO SEE THIS BECAUSE THIS BEARS ON THAT ISSUE. I WANT THAT TO BE SUBMITTED TO THE COURT. THEN THE COURT WILL THEN, AS IN ANY OTHER CASE, THE COURT IS GOING TO RULE ON ANY REMAINING DISPUTES.

SO, IN EFFECT, THE -- THERE WILL BE TRANSPARENCY TO A LARGE EXTENT AS POSSIBLE IN THAT THE COURT WILL ISSUE AN ORDER RESOLVING ANY DISPUTES AND SAY THE OBJECTION IS SUSTAINED, THE OBJECTION IS OVERRULED.

IN THAT CONTEXT, IT IS POSSIBLE THAT, FOR EXAMPLE, IF HYPOTHETICALLY THERE WAS AN OBJECTION WITH RESPECT TO THE STATE SECRETS DOCTRINE OR GRAVE NATIONAL SECURITY, AND THE GOVERNMENT SAYS, WE CAN'T PRODUCE THAT OR WE CAN'T EVEN ANSWER THAT, I MAY -- OR THEY MAY SAY IT'S NOT RELEVANT TO STANDING, I MAY SAY THE OBJECTION IS OVERRULED, PRODUCE EITHER TO THE PLAINTIFFS OR TO THE COURT, MOST LIKELY IT WILL BE TO THE COURT GIVEN THE REPRESENTATIONS THAT HAVE BEEN MADE, BUT I AM NOT GOING TO PREJUDGE THAT, SO THERE WILL BE A RECORD OF THE REQUESTS, OF THE RESPONSES, AND A RECORD OF THE COURT'S RULING.

TO THE EXTENT THE COURT NEEDS TO HAVE PART OF ITS RULING

GOVERNMENT, AFTER THE MEET AND CONFER PROCESS, WILL BE FILING

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OPEN FOR US TO COME BACK TO THE COURT AND MAYBE ASK FOR AN EXTENSION OF A WEEK OR TWO --

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THE COURT: I'M ALWAYS WILLING TO DO THAT. OBVIOUSLY YOU SHOULD CONFER WITH OPPOSING COUNSEL ON THAT. THERE'S NOTHING -- ON THIS THERE'S NOTHING SET IN STONE. I AM TRYING TO DO IT EXPEDITIOUSLY, YES, THIS DOES TAKE SEVERAL MONTHS, BUT I THINK IT'S REQUIRED.

ABSOLUTELY, FOR EITHER SIDE. IF THERE NEEDS TO BE AN ADJUSTMENT, I PREFER THAT YOU MEET AND CONFER AND COME UP WITH A STIPULATION AND, OF COURSE, I WILL BE AMENABLE TO THAT.

MR. GILLIGAN: AND THE OTHER QUESTION WE HAD IS, IF NOTWITHSTANDING THE PARTIES' BEST EFFORTS, AND I AGREE WITH MR. WIEBE WE HAVE A GOOD WORKING RELATIONSHIP, BUT IF THE PARTIES ARE MAKING THEIR BEST EFFORTS NEVERTHELESS THERE IS A DISPUTE OVER WHETHER CERTAIN DOCUMENTS, IF THEY STILL WANT US TO PRODUCE OR PROVIDE TO THE COURT ARE IRRELEVANT, IS IT THE COURT'S EXPECTATION THAT THE IRRELEVANT DOCUMENTS WOULD BE PROVIDED TO THE COURT PENDING THE --

THE COURT: NO, NO. I'M GOING TO RULE.

SO, IN OTHER WORDS, YOU ARE GOING TO SAY -- MR. WIEBE AND HIS COLLEAGUES ARE GOING TO SAY, I WANT X. YOU'RE GOING TO SAY, NO, NO, THAT'S IRRELEVANT. I AM THEN GOING TO SAY OBJECTION SUSTAINED THEY ARE IRRELEVANT OR OBJECTION OVERRULED PRODUCE THEM, EITHER TO THE COURT OR PLAINTIFFS. IT WILL BE LIKE A NORMAL DISCOVERY DISPUTE, BUT I'M TRYING TO CUT OUT THE

1	A YES OR NO OUT OF THAT, BUT I UNDERSTAND YOUR POSITION.
2	MR. WIEBE: YEAH. ONE THING IF I MAY ASK JUST
3	ANOTHER POINT OF CLARIFICATION.
4	LO THESE VERY MANY HOURS AGO WE TALKED ABOUT THE EVIDENCE
5	PRESERVATION ISSUE.
6	THE COURT: THAT STILL STANDS. ABSOLUTELY.
7	MR. WIEBE: THAT WAS OUR EXPECTATION, BUT WE JUST
8	WANTED
9	THE COURT: I APPRECIATE IT. IN FACT, MY WONDERFUL
10	COURTROOM DEPUTY CAME UP AND SAID DOES THAT STILL GO? I SAID,
11	YES, IT STILL GOES BECAUSE I DIDN'T VACATE EVERYTHING I SAID
12	BEFORE. YES, THANK YOU.
13	THE GOVERNMENT IS RIGHT. YOU ARE GOING TO GIVE YOUR
14	POSITION, AND YOU WILL HAVE SIMULTANEOUS BRIEFINGS, AND I WILL
15	DECIDE THAT ISSUE EXPEDITIOUSLY.
16	ALL RIGHT?
17	MR. WIEBE: THANK YOU, YOUR HONOR.
18	THE COURT: THANK YOU VERY MUCH EVERYBODY
19	MR. GILLIGAN: YOUR HONOR, I KNOW IT HAS BEEN A LONG
20	DAY, MAY I JUST ADDRESS ONE HOUSEKEEPING MATTER?
21	THE COURT: YES.
22	MR. GILLIGAN: I HAVE SPOKEN TO MR. WIEBE HOPEFULLY
23	IT WILL NOT BE CONTROVERSIAL.
24	THE PLAINTIFF STATE IN THEIR SECTION OF THE CASE
25	MANAGEMENT REPORT THEY ARE NO LONGER PURSUING THEIR

CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER I, DIANE E. SKILLMAN, OFFICIAL REPORTER FOR THE UNITED STATES COURT, NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA, HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE FOREGOING IS A CORRECT TRANSCRIPT FROM THE RECORD OF PROCEEDINGS IN THE ABOVE-ENTITLED MATTER. Disn E. Skillman DIANE E. SKILLMAN, CSR 4909, RPR, FCRR WEDNESDAY, MAY 31, 2017