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11	Interim Co-Lead Counsel and Counsel for Plain	tiffs	
12	[Additional Counsel Listed On Signature Page]		
13	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
14	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
15			
16	IN RE SONY PS3 "OTHER OS" LITIGATION	CASE NO. CV-10-1811-RS	
17 18		CONSOLIDATED CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT	
19		DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL	
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23	Plaintiffs Anthony Ventura, Jonathan Huber, Antal Herz, Jason Baker, and Elton Stovell,		
24	on behalf of themselves and all others similarly situated, based on personal knowledge, the		
25	investigation of their counsel, and on information	n and belief, allege the following against	
26 27	Defendant Sony Computer Entertainment America LLC:		
28		1	
	CONSOLIDATED CLAS	SS ACTION COMPLAINT	

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NATURE OF ACTION

Defendant Sony Computer Entertainment America LLC, formerly Sony Computer
 Entertainment America, Inc. ("Defendant" or "SCEA"), is one of the world's leading
 manufacturers of advanced video gaming and computer entertainment systems. Defendant's Sony
 PlayStation® 3 video game console (hereinafter referred to as the "PS3") has been purchased by
 approximately 35.7 million consumers across the globe.

2. Since it first introduced the PS3 in 2006, Defendant has engaged in an extensive 8 advertising campaign in an effort to beat out competitors in the game console and video game 9 10 markets. Defendant has advertised, promoted, marketed, warranted, and sold the PS3 as more than 11 just a video game console. It specifically advertised the PS3's "Other OS" feature as an essential 12 and important characteristic, which enabled users to install Linux or other operating systems on the 13 PS3 and use the PS3 as a personal computer. Defendant also specifically advertised the unified 14 online gaming service called the PlayStation Network ("PSN"). The PSN enables online gaming, 15 16 access to the PlayStation Store, PlayStation Home and other services. Defendant has consistently 17 used the PS3's ability to serve as a personal computer, in addition to its other advanced features 18 such as the PSN and the capability of playing Blu-ray discs, to market the PS3 and distinguish it 19 from its competitors, such as Microsoft's X-box 360 and Nintendo's Wii. 20

3. The ability to run other operating systems, such as Linux, allowed PS3 users to
 operate the PS3 not simply as a gaming console, but also as a personal computer. For example, if
 PS3 users install other operating systems like Linux, they have the ability to browse the Internet,
 install media unsupported by the PS3's native operating system, and make their own computer
 programs.

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4. On April 1, 2010, Defendant released a Firmware version 3.21 software update 1 (hereinafter referred to as the "Update 3.21") for the PS3, intentionally disabling the entire "Other 2 3 OS" feature that enabled the PS3 to be operated as a personal computer. Defendant offered this 4 firmware update for purported "security reasons." Defendant could have taken other less intrusive 5 or extreme measures, other than disabling the "Other OS" feature, to address its purported 6 "security" concerns. Defendant's removal of the "Other OS" feature eviscerated one of the PS3's 7 primary purposes, *i.e.*, its use as a personal computer, and constitutes breaches of Defendant's 8 express and implied warranties, conversion, and violations of California and federal consumer 9 10 protection laws as alleged herein. 11 5.

5. Defendant's decision to implement Update 3.21 placed Plaintiffs and Class members in an untenable position. PS3 owners who did not install Update 3.21 could no longer access many of the important PS3 features including the PSN, play games online, access online features, or play PS3 games and/or Blu-ray discs that require Update 3.21. On the other hand, PS3 owners who did install Update 3.21 lost all access to the "Other OS" feature and were effectively locked out from accessing a substantial portion of the memory on their PS3's internal hard drive, as well as information and data that users installed on that portion of the hard drive.

6. Plaintiffs and other purchasers paid for the advertised features of the PS3, including
the "Other OS" feature, but Update 3.21 prevents such purchasers from using all of these
advertised features.

7. Defendant intentionally accessed PS3 systems and intentionally transmitted Update
3.21 with the knowledge and intent of disabling its advertised "Other OS" feature.

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8. Plaintiffs paid for PS3 features and functions that Defendant has rendered
 inoperable as a result of Update 3.21. Plaintiffs have suffered injury in fact and have lost money
 and property as a direct result of Defendant's acts.

9. Plaintiffs bring this action on behalf of a nationwide class of all similarly situated
individuals and entities who purchased any new PS3 model containing the "Other OS" feature.
Plaintiffs, on behalf of themselves and the proposed Class, hereby seek damages and other relief
the Court deems just.

PARTIES

10 10. Plaintiff ANTHONY VENTURA is a citizen of California and resides in Santa 11 Clara, California. Mr. Ventura purchased a PS3 in or around July 2007 for \$499.00 plus tax. He 12 uses the PS3 for personal, family and household uses. Before purchasing the PS3, Mr. Ventura 13 performed extensive research on the Internet. Among other things, Mr. Ventura reviewed and 14 relied on the statements on Defendant's website with regard to the PS3's "Other OS" feature, as 15 16 well as the PS3's other advertised features such as the ability to access the PSN, play video games, 17 watch movies, and listen to music, among other things. Defendant's representations about the 18 PS3's features, including the "Other OS" feature, played a substantial factor in influencing 19 Plaintiff's decision to purchase a PS3 over the Xbox 360 and Wii. Prior to the release of Update 20 3.21, Mr. Ventura not only used his PS3 to play games, watch Blu-ray discs and access the PSN, 21 22 but he also extensively used his PS3 as a computer, including browsing the Internet, using the Blu-23 ray data drive, and playing Linux-specific games.

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11. Mr. Ventura has not installed Update 3.21 so that he can continue to use the "Other OS" functions. As a result, he is no longer able to play online games, access the PSN, or play new

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games or Blu-ray discs. As a result of Defendant's actions, Mr. Ventura has suffered injury in fact and has lost money and property.

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12. Plaintiff JONATHAN HUBER is a citizen of Tennessee and resides in Knoxville, 4 Tennessee. Mr. Huber purchased a PS3 on or around December 26, 2006 for \$599.00 plus tax. He 5 uses the PS3 for personal, family and household uses. Before purchasing the PS3, Mr. Huber 6 performed extensive research on the differences between PS3 and Xbox 360. Among other things, 7 Mr. Huber reviewed and relied on Defendant's statements with regard to the PS3's "Other OS" 8 feature, as well as the PS3's other advertised features such as the ability to access the PSN, play 9 10 video games, watch movies, and listen to music, among other things. Defendant's representations 11 about the PS3's features, including the "Other OS" feature, played a substantial factor in 12 influencing Plaintiff's decision to purchase a PS3 over the Xbox 360 and Wii. Prior to the release 13 of Update 3.21, Mr. Huber not only used his PS3 to play games, watch Blu-ray discs and access 14 the PSN, but he also extensively used his PS3 as a computer, including by browsing the Internet on 15 16 his main television.

17 13. Mr. Huber downloaded and installed the Update 3.21 as he was not able to play 18 games online or otherwise access PSN unless he did so. This installation, as was Defendant's 19 intention, caused him to be unable to access the "Other OS" feature and the Linux operating 20 system he had installed. As a result of Defendant's actions, Mr. Huber has suffered injury in fact 21 22 and has lost money and property.

23 14. Plaintiff ANTAL HERZ is a citizen of California and resides in San Francisco, 24 California. Mr. Herz purchased a PS3 on October 11, 2008 for \$399 plus tax. He uses the PS3 for 25 personal, family and household uses. Before purchasing the PS3, Mr. Herz performed extensive 26 research on the Internet. Among other things, Mr. Herz reviewed and relied on the statements on 27

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Defendant's website with regard to the PS3's "Other OS" feature, as well as the PS3's other 1 advertised features such as the ability to access the PSN, play video games, watch movies, and 2 3 listen to music, among other things. Defendant's representations about the PS3's features, 4 including the "Other OS" feature, played a substantial factor in influencing Plaintiff's decision to 5 purchase a PS3 over the Xbox 360 and Wii. Prior to the release of Update 3.21, Mr. Herz not only 6 used his PS3 to play games, watch Blu-ray discs and access the PSN, but he also extensively used 7 his PS3 as a computer, including to browse the Internet, run word processor software, spreadsheet 8 software, email software, other productivity applications, and make his own programs. 9

10 15. Mr. Herz downloaded and installed the Update 3.21 as he was not able to play
11 games online or otherwise access PSN unless he did so. This installation, as was Defendant's
12 intention, caused him to be unable to access the "Other OS" feature and the Linux operating
13 system he had installed. As a result of Defendant's actions, Mr. Herz has suffered injury in fact
15 and lost money and property.

16 16. Plaintiff JASON BAKER is a citizen of North Dakota and resides in Grand Forks, 17 North Dakota. Mr. Baker purchased a PS3 the weekend of March 15-16, 2007 for \$599.99 plus 18 tax. He uses the PS3 for personal, family and household uses. Before purchasing the PS3, Mr. 19 Baker performed extensive research on the Internet. Among other things, Mr. Baker reviewed and 20 relied on the statements on Defendant's website with regard to the PS3's "Other OS" feature, as 21 22 well as the PS3's other advertised features such as the ability to access the PSN, play video games, 23 watch movies, and listen to music, among other things. Defendant's representations about the 24 PS3's features, including the "Other OS" feature, played a substantial factor in influencing 25 Plaintiff's decision to purchase a PS3 over the Xbox 360 and Wii. Prior to the release of Update 26 27

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3.21, Mr. Baker not only used his PS3 to play games, watch Blu-ray discs and access the PSN, but
 he also extensively used his PS3 as a computer, including browsing the Internet.

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17. Mr. Baker has not installed Update 3.21 so that he can continue to use the Other OS functions. As a result, he is no longer able to play online games, access the PSN, play new games or Blu-ray discs that require Update 3.21, nor can he access any of the funds that he has deposited into his PSN wallet, among other things. As a result of Defendant's actions, Mr. Baker has suffered injury in fact and lost money and property.

18. Plaintiff ELTON STOVELL is a citizen of California and resides in Springs Valley, 9 10 California. Mr. Stovell purchased a PS3 on November 24, 2007 for \$499 plus tax. He used the 11 PS3 for personal, family and household uses. Before purchasing the PS3, Mr. Stovell performed 12 extensive research on the Internet. Among other things, Mr. Stovell reviewed and relied on the 13 statements on Defendant's website with regard to the PS3's "Other OS" feature, as well as the 14 PS3's other advertised features such as the ability to access the PSN, play video games, watch 15 16 movies, and listen to music, among other things. Defendant's representations about the PS3's 17 features, including the "Other OS" feature, played a substantial factor in influencing Plaintiff's 18 decision to purchase a PS3 over the Xbox 360 and Wii. Prior to the release of Update 3.21, Mr. 19 Stovell used his PS3 to play games, watch Blu-ray discs and access the PSN. While Mr. Stovell 20 did not use the "Other OS" feature at the time of the release of Update 3.21, he bought it for the 21 22 purpose of doing so.

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19. Mr. Stovell downloaded and installed the Update 3.21 as he was not able to play games online or otherwise access PSN unless he did so. This installation, as was Defendant's intention, caused him to be unable to access the "Other OS" feature. As a result of Defendant's actions, Mr. Stovell has suffered injury in fact and lost money and property.

1	20. Defendant Sony Computer Entertainment America, LLC is a wholly-owned	
2	subsidiary of Sony Computer Entertainment, Inc. Defendant designs, markets, and sells	
3	PlayStation video game consoles throughout the United States, including the PS3 at issue here.	
4	Defendant is a Delaware entity with its principal place of business in Foster City, California.	
5	JURISDICTION AND VENUE	
6 7	21. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this action pursuant to the Class	
8	Action Fairness Act of 2005, 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d), because at least one Class member is of diverse	
9	citizenship from the Defendant; there are more than 100 Class members nationwide; and the	
10	aggregate amount in controversy exceeds \$5,000,000. This court has personal jurisdiction over the	
11	parties because Defendant conducts substantial business in this State, has had systematic and	
12	continuous contacts with this State, and has agents and representatives that can be found in this	
13 14	State.	
14	22. Venue is proper in this District under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(a) because a substantial part	
16	of the events or omissions giving rise to the claims occurred within this District, Defendant has	
17	caused harm to Class members residing within this District, and Defendant maintains its	
18	headquarters in this District.	
19	INTRADISTRICT ASSIGNMENT	
20	23. Pursuant to Local Rules 3-2(c) and 3-5(b), this action should be assigned to the San	
21 22	Francisco Division of California because Defendant resides in the County of San Mateo.	
23		
24	<u>CHOICE OF LAW</u>	
25	24. California law governs the state law claims asserted herein by Plaintiffs and the	
26	Class Members.	
27	25. Upon information and belief, SCEA's acts and omissions alleged herein were	
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	CONSOLIDATED CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT	

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1	orchestrated and implemented at Defendant's headquarters in California.
2	26. California has a substantial interest in protecting the rights and interests of
3	California and other U.S. residents against wrongdoing by a company based business in California,
4	which interest is greater than that of any other State.
5	27. Application of California law with respect to Plaintiffs' and the Class Members'
6	claims is neither arbitrary nor fundamentally unfair because California has significant contacts and
7 8	a significant aggregation of contacts that give California a substantial interest in the claims of the
9	Plaintiffs and the Nationwide Class.
10	FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS
11	SCEA and PS3 Background
12	28. Defendant, Sony Computer Entertainment America LLC, was founded in 1994 as
13	the North American division of Sony Computer Entertainment Inc. ("SCEI") and according to its
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15	website, is responsible for the "continued growth of the PlayStation® market in the United States
16	and Canada."
17 18	29. In 1995, the original PlayStation game console was introduced in the United States.
19	More than 100,000 units were sold during its debut weekend and more than one million units were
20	sold within the first six months.
21	30. On November 17, 2006, Defendant introduced the PS3, touting it as "the most
22	advanced computer system that serves as a platform to enjoy next generation computer
23	entertainment." Defendant advertised, marketed, and sold PS3 systems as including a built-in Blu-
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	CONSOLIDATED CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

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ray disc player, the ability to go online to access the PSN and play against other players, and the ability to install other operating systems.¹

3 31. The manufacturer's suggested retail price for the PS3 has ranged from
4 approximately \$300 to \$600, considerably higher than many of its competitors. Defendant has
5 reportedly sold approximately 23 million PS3 systems in the United States.

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32. The video game console and game industry is a multi-billion dollar market. Game
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33. Defendant periodically releases software updates to the PS3, called "firmware." On
Defendant's website, it represents that system software updates add new features "so you don't
have to worry about your PlayStation®3 system becoming outdated or missing out on cool new
features."

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SCEA Markets PS3 and Its "Install Other OS" Feature

34. From the time Defendant introduced the PS3 in November 2006 through 2010, it
 has consistently and aggressively advertised the PS3 as the most advanced computer entertainment
 system in the industry. Indeed, Defendant advertised, promoted, marketed, warranted, and sold the
 PS3 as more than just a video game console. Ken Kutaragi, former President of SCEI, stated

¹ Open Platform for PLAYSTATION®3, http://www.playstation.com/ps3-

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openplatform/index.html

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before the PS3's release, "Speaking about the PS3, we never said we will release a game console. It [the PS3] is radically different from the previous PlayStation. It is clearly a computer."²

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3 35. In remarks made to Japanese website Impress Watch, Ken Kutaragi has commented 4 in more detail on the concept that the PlayStation 3 is a computer, rather than a game console. Kutaragi pointedly commented, "We don't say it's a game console (*laugh*) - PlayStation 3 is 6 clearly a computer, unlike the PlayStations [released] so far." He went on to outline a scenario where many parts of the PS3 were upgradable, much more like a PC, noting, "[s]ince PS3 is a computer, there are no 'models' but 'configurations." The Sony CEO gave another example in 10 the interview: "As PS3 is a computer . . . it also wants to evolve."³

11 An important feature of the PS3 was its "Open Platform" or "Install Other OS" 36. 12 feature. As Defendant's website provides, "[t]here is more to the PLAYSTATION®3 (PS3TM) 13 computer entertainment system than you may have assumed. In addition to playing games, 14 watching movies, listening to music, and viewing photos, you can use the PS3TM system to run the 15 16 Linux operating system. By installing the Linux operating system, you can use the PS3[™] system 17 not only as an entry-level personal computer with hundreds of familiar applications for home and 18 office use, but also as a complete development environment for the Cell Broadband EngineTM 19 (Cell/B.E.)."⁴ 20

37. The "Other OS" feature allowed Plaintiffs and other PS3 users to run a number of 21 22 web browsers, which provide more functionality than the one browser Defendant has in its native 23 PS3 operating system. For example, users could also run word processor software, spreadsheet

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- 25 ² http://playstationlifestyle.net/2010/04/17/sony-refuses-ps3-linux-reimbursment/
- 26 ³ http://www.gamasutra.com/php-bin/news_index.php?story=9642
- 27 http://www.playstation.com/ps3-openplatform/index.html
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software, and email software on other operating systems, and media programs. The "Other OS" feature also allowed Cell programming and the operation of supercomputer clusters.⁵ The "Other 2 3 OS" feature essentially allowed users to operate the PS3 like a computer rather than simply a 4 gaming console.

5 38. Defendant touted this as a major feature of the PS3. In June 2006, Ken Kutaragi, 6 Sony's CEO, stated that "[the PS3] is radically different from the previous PlayStation. It is 7 clearly a computer. Indeed, with a game console, you need to take out any unnecessary elements 8 inside the console in order to decrease its cost.... This will of course apply to the PS3 as well."⁶ 9 10 He also stated that while ""[l]owering costs is important but more important is its capacity to 11 evolve." *Id.* "Everything has been planned and designed so it will become a computer. The 12 previous PlayStation had a memory slot as its unique interface. In contrast, the PS3 features PC 13 standard interfaces. Because they are standard, they are open." Id 14

39. In February 2007, Phil Harrison, the President of Sony Computer Entertainment 15 16 Worldwide Studios at the time, stated in an interview with *Newsweek* videogame journalist, N'Gai 17 Croal, that "[o]ne of the most powerful things about the PS3 is the 'install Other OS' option."⁷

- 18 40. The ability to install other operating systems was a built-in component of the core 19 functionality of the PS3 system and users were able to use this feature out of the box.
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²² ⁵Cell is a microprocessor which facilitates software development. The PS3 is the most accessible Cell platform. 23

⁶ Kutaragi Details PS3 'Computer' Claim, http://www.edge-online.com/news/kutaragi-details-ps3-24 computer-claim

²⁵ ⁷ 20 Questions With Phil Harrison At DICE, http://kotaku.com/235049/20-questions-with-philharrison-at-dice; DICE 2007 Phil Harrison Keynote Pt. 4,

²⁶ http://www.gametrailers.com/video/dice-2007-sony/17006.

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41. Defendant's affirmative representations about the PS3's features, including the 1 "Other OS" function, triggered Defendant's duty to disclose or adequately disclose that it reserved 2 3 the right to disable or remove advertised functions. At the point of sale, however, Defendant failed 4 to disclose, and/or adequately disclose, to Plaintiffs or Class members that it reserved the right to 5 remove an advertised, built-in feature, like the ability to run other operating systems through a 6 remote firmware update. Defendant's right to remove the "Install Other OS" feature is not 7 specifically disclosed in Defendant's Terms of Service or System Software License Agreement. 8

9 42. The "Install Other OS" feature was an important and material tool that many
10 consumers valued when purchasing a PS3. It gave consumers all of the functions of a personal
11 computer, including web browsing, storage, video and media entertainment, and word processing
12 capabilities.

43. Defendant's promises, representations, warranties and advertising regarding the
 various features available with the PS3, including the "Other OS", were material to consumers in
 deciding to purchase the PS3. The falsity of SCEA's promises, representations, warranties, and
 advertising were material to Plaintiffs and Class members and have injured Plaintiffs and the
 Class.

44. Defendant knew that the ability to run other operating systems was considered to be
important and material to users. On or around August 18, 2009, Defendant announced the release
of the PS3 "slim" model available on September 1, 2009. The PS3 slim did not include the ability
to install other operating systems. However, Defendant's PS3-Linux maintainer, Geoffrey Levand,
assured users via email that "SCE [Sony Computer Entertainment] is committed to continue the

support for previously sold models that have the 'Install Other OS' feature and that this feature will not be disabled in future firmware releases."8 2

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SCEA Consistently Advertises and Promotes the PS3's Unique Attributes

45. Since introducing the PS3 in November 2006, Defendant (through its agents, employees, subsidiaries, parent and sister companies and other representatives acting on its behalf) 6 has made numerous public statements promoting the "Other OS" feature as well as the PS3's other unique attributes:

9 PS3 Open Platform, 2006-2010: "In addition to playing games, watching movies, 10 listening to music, and viewing photos, you can use the PS3TM system to run the Linux operating 11 system. By installing the Linux operating system, you can use the PS3TM system not only as an 12 entry-level personal computer with hundreds of familiar applications for home and office use, but 13 also as a complete development environment for the Cell Broadband EngineTM (Cell/B.E.)." 14

http://www.playstation.com/ps3-openplatform/index.html 15

16 PS3 Manual, 2006-2010: "Install other system software on the hard disk. For 17 information on types of compatible system software and obtaining the installer, visit Open 18 Platform for PlayStation®3."

http://manuals.playstation.net/document/de/ps3/current/settings/osinstall 20

- 21 PS3 Knowledge Center, 2006-2010: "The PlayStation 3 provides an option for 22 third-party system software to be installed on the PS3TM system instead of the system software 23
- 25 ⁸ Levand's email, as posted by a user on Defendant's blog: Posting of jayyy91, to http://blog.us.playstation.com/2010/03/28/ps3-firmware-v3-21-update/comment-page-33/ (March 26 29, 2010, 2:50 pm).
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1	provided by Sony Computer Entertainment Inc. Such third-party system software is referred to as	
2	an 'Other OS'." http://us.playstation.com/support/answer/index.htm?a_id=469	
3	• On the PS3's product packaging, Defendant also touted the PS3's features through	
4	affirmative representations and symbols. Defendant represented that the PS3 had a built-in Blu-	
5	ray Disk drive for high-definition games and entertainment, and broadband connectivity with	
6 7	access to the PSN, among other things.	
8	• Ken Kutaragi, June 2006: "Speaking about the PS3, we never said we will release a	
9	game console. It is radically different from the previous PlayStation. It is clearly a computer."	
10	http://www.edge-online.com/news/kutaragi-details-ps3-computer-claim	
11	Phil Harrison, President of Sony Computer Entertainment Worldwide Studios 2005-	
12 13	2008, May 2006: "We believe that the PS3 will be the place where our users play games, watch	
14	films, browse the Web, and use other computer functions. The PlayStation 3 is a computer. We	
15	do not need the PC."	
16	http://www.gamasutra.com/view/news/9547/Harrison_We_Do_Not_Need_The_PC.php	
17 18	• Phil Harrison, February 2007: "One of the most powerful things about the PS3 is	
10	the 'Install Other OS' option," http://kotaku.com/235049/20-questions-with-phil-harrison-at-dice	
20	• PS3 Linux Distributor's Starter Kit, 2006-2009: "The Linux Distributor's Starter Kit	
21	provides information, binary and source codes to Linux Distribution developers who wants to	
22	make their distro support PS3." http://www.kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/people/geoff/cell/ps3-	
23 24	linux-docs/ps3-linux-docs-08.06.09	
25	• Izumi Kawanishi, head of Sony's Network System Development Section, May	
26	2006: "Because we have plans for having Linux on board [the PS3], we also recognize Linux	
27	programming activities Other than game studios tied to official developer licenses, we'd like to	
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see various individuals participate in content creation for the PS3."

2 http://www.gamasutra.com/php-bin/news_index.php?story=9290

- Geoffrey Levand, Principal Software Engineer at Sony Corporation, August 2009:
 "Please be assured that SCE is committed to continue the support for previously sold models that
 have the 'Install Other OS' feature and that this feature will not be disabled in future firmware
 releases." Mailing list to PS3 customers using Linux.
- Even when it decided to remove the "Other OS" functionality from the new Slim
 PS3, Defendant reiterated its commitment to supporting the "Other OS" function in existing PS3
 models. In an interview with arstechnica.com in August, 2009, John Koller, SCEA's director of
 hardware marketing, stated that "[i]f anyone wants to use previous models and change the OS, they
 can do so."
- 46. Unlike an Xbox or Wii, the PS3 offered the "Other OS" feature as well as the
 unique PS3 features (such as the ability to play Blu-ray discs and access the PlayStation Network).
 As a result, the PS3 was substantially more expensive than these other gaming consoles.
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The Other OS Function Is A Valuable PS3 Feature.

47. When running the Linux software system, the PS3 can serve as a fully functional
home computer, loaded with more than 1,000 applications. But instead of having a suite of
applications, the computer offers users a choice of multiple mail clients, word processing
programs, spreadsheets, office applications, music and video players and games.

48. As a result, the "Other OS" function was extremely valuable to PS3 purchasers. As
Kai Staats, CEO of Terra Soft, a third party that developed Linux applications for the PS3, stated,
"[t]he PlayStation 3 places a supercomputer in the home . . . Yellow Dog Linux provides a
complete Linux OS for the PlayStation 3 resulting in a very powerful computing platform. We are

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thrilled to be working with RapidMind to make this platform more accessible for professional
developers and hobbyists alike . . . With our operating system, the Playstation could very easily be
your home CD player, DVD player, MP3 player and home computer, as well as a great game box .
. . This is not an application-limited appliance. This is a full-blown computer. There is no issue of
'can it do this or that?' It can do everything."

49. Moreover, the ability to run Linux on the PS3 provides users with an excellent
platform to develop applications for the PS3 or as a jumping off point for deployments to other
products, including those from IBM, Sony, or Mercury.

10 50. Perhaps more important, the ability to use Linux on a PS3 saves consumers money.
 11 Consumers who load a Linux operating system do not need to buy many additional electronic devices or applications.

14 51. Many consumers utilized the "Other OS" feature in order to use their PS3s as
15 computers, including browsing the Internet, using the Blu-ray data drive, and playing Linux16 specific games.

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Defendant Disables the "Install Other OS" Feature And Other PS3 Functions

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52. On or around March 28, 2010, Patrick Sebold, Defendant's Senior Director of
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53. On or about April 1, 2010, Defendant released Update 3.21. Defendant stated that
Update 3.21 would disable the "Install Other OS" feature. PS3 owners were not "required" to
install Update 3.21, but were essentially forced to do so or they would risk losing other important

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features of the PS3. For example, if a user failed to download Update 3.21, he or she would lose
the following features: (1) the ability to sign in to the PSN; (2) the ability to use online features
that require a user to sign in to the PSN, such as chat; (3) the ability to use the online features of
PS3 format software; (4) playback of new PS3 software or Blu-ray discs that require Update 3.21
or later; (5) playback of copyright-protected videos that are stored on a media server; (6) use of
new features and improvements that are available on PS3 Update 3.21 or later.⁹

54. Since the ability to play Blu-ray discs and play games online through the PSN were 8 features unique to the PS3 console and important to users, installing Update 3.21 was not optional 9 10 for users wishing to retain those features. Even Defendant's console games are increasingly reliant 11 on online updates, online content, and online play. Defendant did not present PS3 users with a 12 choice. Rather, users would either lose the ability to use other operating systems, an advertised 13 and important feature if they installed Update 3.21, or they would lose the ability to access online, 14 Blu-ray, and gaming features if they did not install Update 3.21. In other words, installing Update 15 16 3.21 renders the PS3 inoperable for its use as a computer; on the other hand, the failure to install 17 Update 3.21 renders a users' PS3 inoperable for its intended purpose as a gaming and Blu-ray disc 18 console. 19

55. Moreover, when consumers send a defective PS3 console to Defendant for repair, 20Defendant's repair service automatically installs Update 3.21. As Defendant states on its website: 21 22 Q: "I was using Linux and now my PS3 needs service. Can I use Linux after it comes back from repair? 23 A: No, we repair the PS3 system with the latest system software. Users will not be able to 24 use Linux after the repair." 25 26 ⁹ http://us.playstation.com/support/systemupdates/ps3/ps3_321_update1/index.htm 27 28 18 CONSOLIDATED CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

1 || http://us.playstation.com/support/answer/index.htm?a_id=469

Additional Injuries Caused By the Release of Update 3.21

56. Users that chose to install Update 3.21 lost any data stored in the "Other OS"
partition if they do not back up that data on another medium. Defendant did not adequately notify
its customers that all such data would be lost once they installed the update.

57. In addition, when Defendant originally sold the PS3s, the hard drive was partitioned
such that part of the hard drive was dedicated to the "Other OS" function. When consumers
installed Update 3.21, they not only lost whatever data was stored in that partition, they lost access
to that portion of the hard drive originally partitioned for the "Other OS" function. In other words,
an additional consequence of Defendant's disablement of the "Other OS" function was to reduce
the hard drive space available on the PS3 for which users had originally paid.

Many users purchased peripheral devices specifically for use with the "Other OS"
function, such as wireless keyboards and mice and external hard drives. Such devices are rendered
superfluous to users that install Update 3.21.

59. Users who chose not to install Update 3.21 were also damaged in that they lost 18 19 access to many attributes of PS3 including their PSN purchases other than gaming. For example, 20 Defendant offers Qore, an online service that offers a variety of content and news concerning PS3 21 functions. Users pay \$24.99 for an annual subscription. However, users that purchased Qore prior 22 to the release of Update 3.21 and who did not install the update are denied the benefit of their 23 annual subscription. Similarly, users who do not install Update 3.21 lose access to any prepaid 24 25 PSN account balances.

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60. Similarly, many consumers use their PS3 to watch streaming video from Netflix,
and they often pre-pay for an annual subscription. However, those users that do not install Update
3.21 are no longer able to stream Netflix using their PS3, and therefore they are damaged in the
amount of their pre-paid Netflix subscription.

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61. Many users who do not install Update 3.21 purchase new games for their PS3,
a unaware that new games cannot be played without the update. Users only become aware of that
fact when they open the package and try to play the game. Retailers do not accept returns on
g games that are not in their original packaging, and thus users are damaged in the amount they paid
for such games.

11 62. Since Defendant released Update 3.21, thousands of users have written complaints 12 on Internet websites and message boards, including the message board Defendant maintains on its 13 website, regarding Update 3.21 and its removal of the "Install Other OS" feature. Users complain 14 that Defendant's actions are similar to a bait and switch, where users purchased a product with a 15 16 specific feature and later had it taken away. Simply put, PS3 users paid for a product that included 17 certain features and regardless of whether they install Update 3.21, they will lose advertised and 18 paid-for features and full functionality of their PS3 consoles. Typical of those numerous 19 complaints are the following: 20

I bought a PlayStation 3 for \$600 US Dollars on November 17, 2006 advertised as a Computer Entertainment System with a feature that allowed consumers to install Linux as an operating system. This feature was called Other OS from system menu which allowed users to use the machine not just as a console but also as a computer. On April 1, 2010 Sony updated the console's firmware and removed this feature and no longer can the console be used as a computer. The console which I bought for 600 US dollars has now the same features as the newer cheaper low end models. . . . I am seeking a new firmware which will put back the promised feature that was once advertised as being part of the product or a refund.¹⁰

- ²⁷ ¹⁰ http://forums.gametrailers.com/thread/why-are-people-so-pissed-about/1045716?page=4
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I'll start by saying I have been a loyal sony customer and have bought all their systems at launch since the ps1. they have done a few dirty things but it wasn't until today until my eyes finally opened to see what an evil company full of liars sony really is. i mean this isn't the first time sony has lied to us, but to me this is the same as theivery. i bought a ps3, waited a week in freezing rain and paid 600 dollars for it under the impression i would have a system that could use linux, i've spent YEARS learning and playing with linux on my ps3, and 3 years later sony steals it back. A FEATURE THAT THEY ADVERTISED. I feel like I've been stabbed in the back by my best friend. i was the one who was defending the ps3 from all the haters during its first couple years when it had pretty much no games. I hope sony realizes they have pulled a benedict arnold and have betrayed the most loyal of their consumers with this move. now i have to buy a new ps3 to keep the feature? HA! no more, sony. enough is enough. I'm contacting the better business bureau today to see what can be done about this treason. also I'm not updating my system and i plan on selling it in the very near future if something isn't done.¹¹

* * *

11 I don't know how you figure. It absolutely entered my cost benefit analysis when choosing between PS3 and Xbox360. The PS3 needed every advantage it could 12 get at launch and running linux was something the others could not claim. Remember, at the time there was no reason to believe that Blu Ray was going to be the standard. 13 The only real advantage the PS3 had over the Xbox was Other OS. Xbox had more 14 gamers and more games, still does. Xbox was already established in the market and many people had friends who were already using it. Both do High def 720p vs 1080p 15 big deal, regardless image quality has been proven exactly the same time and again at all the review sites.Both have online features, Xbox is paid but the PS3 cost twice as 16 much for the machine. Xbox had and still has the advantage with developers, see 17 Carmack's latest statement on PS3 development. PS3 could run Linux, Xbox had no answer. 18

It factored into my decision and you'd be silly to think that it didn't factor into other people's decision as well since the PS3 had many disadvantages.¹²

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 ¹¹http://boardsus.playstation.com/t5/PlayStation-3-Updates/Former-Sony ²⁴
 ¹¹http://boardsus.playstation.com/t5/PlayStation-3-Updates/Former-Sony ²⁵
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 ¹²http://boardsus.playstation.com/t5/PlayStation-3-Updates/conclusion-about-Other-OSremoval/td-p/45482145/page/4;jsessionid=C4EA02F5E4DC23A3D2BE40112FC6E8D7 (message 36; at 04-05-2010 01:30 PM)

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63. Defendant originally informed users that the release of Update 3.21 – in particular,
the disabling of the "Other OS" feature – was intended to protect the "security" of users systems.
In emails to PS3 users, Defendant later admitted that the update was released in order to "protect
the intellectual property of the content offered on the PS3 system." This is an admission that
Update 3.21 was released for Defendant's benefit at the expense of its customers.

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RULE 9(b) ALLEGATIONS

8 64. WHO: Defendant made material misrepresentations and failed to disclose, or
 9 adequately disclose, material facts as alleged herein. Except as provided herein, Plaintiffs are
 10 unaware of, and therefore unable to identify, the true names and identities of those individuals at
 11 SCEA who are responsible for such material misrepresentations and omissions.

12 65. WHAT: Defendant made affirmative material representations that the PS3 could be 13 used as a computer and that users could install other operating systems such as Linux. Defendant 14 also made affirmative, material representatives that the PS3 could be used to access the PSN, play 15 16 video games, watch movies, and listen to music, among other things. Defendant further 17 represented that firmware updates were for the purposes of providing new features. Defendant's 18 representations were untrue by virtue of Defendant's implementation of Update 3.21. Defendant 19 knew and intentionally failed to disclose or adequately disclose, the material facts as alleged 20 herein, such as that it reserved the right to unilaterally disable or remove the advertised PS3 21 22 features, including the "Other OS" feature to protect its intellectual property. Based on 23 Defendant's affirmative representations about the PS3's functions and firmware updates, 24 Defendant had a duty to disclose the material information alleged herein. 25

66. WHEN: Defendant made the affirmative material misrepresentations and non disclosures beginning in November 2006 through sometime around April 2010.

67. WHERE: Defendant's affirmative, material misrepresentations and non-disclosures
were made on the Internet, including on its website at www.usplaystation.com, in press releases,
on the product's packaging, in the PS3 owner's manual, and in its email communications with PS3
users, among other places.

5 68. HOW: Defendant heavily marketed the PS3's features, including the 6 ability to install other operating systems such as Linux, and the ability to access the PSN, play 7 video games, watch movies, and listen to music, among other things. Defendant, however, failed 8 to disclose or adequately disclose material information to Plaintiffs and Class members. 9 10 Defendant failed to disclose or adequately disclose in its advertising and marketing that it retained 11 the unilateral right to disable or remove the PS3's advertised functions. Defendant did not make 12 adequate disclosures sometime around April 2010 when Plaintiffs and Class members were 13 already locked into their PS3 purchases. 14

69. WHY: Defendant made the affirmative material misrepresentations and
omissions for purposes of inducing Plaintiffs and Class members to purchase the PS3 and its video
games over the game consoles and video games of its competitors.

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CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS

70. Plaintiffs bring this suit as a class action pursuant to Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of
Civil Procedure, on behalf of themselves and all other similarly situated persons. The Class is
initially defined as follows:

All persons who purchased, in the United States and its territories, a new PS3 with the Open Platform feature for personal use and not for resale and continued to own the PS3 on March 27, 2010. The second sec

72. Plaintiffs reserve the right to amend or modify the Class definition with greater
specificity or further division into subclasses or limitation to particular issues.

8 73. <u>Numerosity</u>. The proposed Class is sufficiently numerous, as Defendant has sold
 9 millions of PS3 systems to consumers and required those consumers to download the update at
 10 issue or forego the other advertised features. The members of the Class are so numerous and
 11 dispersed throughout the United States that joinder of all members is impracticable. The Class
 12 members can be identified through Defendant's and/or Class members' records.

14 74. <u>Common Questions of Fact and Law</u>. Common questions of fact and law exist as to
 15 all members of the Class and predominate over any questions affecting solely individual members
 16 of the Class, pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23(b)(3). Questions of fact and law that
 17 predominate over any individual issues include:

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- a. Whether Defendant breached its express warranties when it removed the "Install Other OS" feature;
- b. Whether Defendant advertised the PS3 as a computer and as having the ability to install and use other operating systems such as Linux, among other things;
- c. Whether Defendant had a duty to disclose material facts, such as that it reserved the right to disable or remove the PS3's advertised features, such as the "Other OS" feature;

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	 Case 4:10-cv-01811-YGR Document 76 Filed 07/30/10 Page 25 of 60 d. Whether Defendant failed to disclose or adequately disclose material facts to users, such as that it reserved the right to disable or remove the PS3's advertised features, such as the "Other OS" feature; e. Whether Defendant represented that firmware updates would not disable the "Install Other OS" feature; f. Whether Defendant knowingly transmitted Update 3.21 with the specific intent of disabling the "Other OS" feature; g. Whether Defendant's conduct violated the Consumers Legal Remedies Act, California Civil Code sections 1750, <i>et seq.</i> ("CLRA"); h. Whether Defendant's conduct violated the Computer Fraud and Abuse Act, 18 U.S.C. § 1030; i. Whether Defendant's conduct violated California's Unfair Competition Law, California Business and Professions Code sections 17200, <i>et seq.</i> ("UCL"); j. Whether Plefendant's actions violated other common law and statutory duties; k. Whether Plaintiffs and the members of the Class sustained damage and ascertainable loss as a result of Defendant's conduct as alleged herein; l. The amount of relief to which the Class is entitled; and m. The amount of attorneys' fees, prejudgment interest, and costs of suit to which the Class is entitled. 75. Typicality. Plaintiffs' claims are typical of the claims of Class members because 	
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26	wrongful conduct as detailed herein. Specifically, Plaintiffs and Class members' claims arise from	
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1 Defendant taking away advertised features of the PS3, such as the "Other OS" feature, through 2 Update 3.21.

3 76. Adequacy. Plaintiffs will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the Class and 4 has retained counsel competent and experienced in class action lawsuits. Plaintiffs have no 5 interests antagonistic to or in conflict with those of Class members and therefore will be adequate 6 as representatives for the Class. 7 77. Superiority. A class action is superior to other available methods for the fair and 8 efficient adjudication of this controversy since joinder of all the members of the Class is 9 10 impracticable. Furthermore, the adjudication of this controversy through a class action will avoid 11 the potentially inconsistent and conflicting adjudications of the claims asserted herein. There will 12 be no difficulty in the management of this action as a class action. 13 CAUSES OF ACTION 14

<u>COUNT I</u>

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Breach of Express Warranty

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78. Plaintiffs incorporate by reference and reallege all paragraphs previously alleged
herein.

79. Defendant expressly warranted via its advertising, statements, brochures, website 20information, public statements, owner's manuals, and other representations that the functionality of 21 22 the PS3 would include both the "Other OS" and the various other advertised functions. 23 Specifically, Defendant disseminated information to the general public, including Plaintiffs and the 24 Class, that the PS3 could be used as a personal computer using the "Other OS" function. The 25 statements made by Defendant are affirmations of fact that became part of the basis of the bargain 26 and created an express warranty that the goods would conform to the stated promise. Plaintiffs 27 28

1	placed importance on Defendant's representations.		
2	80. Upon application of the Update 3.21 and the disabling of the "Other OS" feature,		
3	the PS3 no longer conformed to these express representations of Defendant. Defendant produced		
4	and sold the PS3 based upon the representations that it was capable of performing both specified		
5	gaming and "Other OS" functions. Defendant currently maintains, by contrast, that the product		
6 7	cannot perform all functions and the user must choose between gaming on the PSN or the "Other		
8	OS" function. The inability of the PS3 to perform the PSN gaming and "Other OS" functions		
9	promised by Defendant constitutes a breach of warranty.		
10	81. As a result of SCEA's breach of the express warranty, Plaintiffs and the Class were		
11	injured.		
12	<u>COUNT II</u>		
13	Breach of the Implied Warranty of Merchantability		
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15	82. Plaintiffs incorporate by reference and reallege all paragraphs previously alleged		
16	herein.		
17	83. Defendant is a merchant as defined by applicable Uniform Commercial Code		
18 19	("U.C.C.") provisions and sold PS3 consoles to Plaintiffs and members of the Class.		
20	84. Defendant impliedly warranted to Plaintiffs and members of the Class that the PS3		
21	was merchantable and fit for personal or business computing. Specifically, Defendant impliedly		
22	warranted that the PS3 could utilize other operating systems (such as Linux) and be used as		
23	personal computer.		
24	85. Plaintiffs and the Class were in privity with Defendant as a result of Defendant's		
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26	express written warranties, or by Defendant acting in concert with other agents, servants, partners,		
27	aiders and abettors, co-conspirators and/or joint venturers that were direct sellers, such as sister		
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	CONSOLIDATED CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT		

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1	company Sony Electronics, Inc. and Defendant's authorized retail stores.		
2	86. As alleged herein, Defendant's Update 3.21 breached the implied warranty of		
3	merchantability because it eliminated the "Other OS" feature and the ability to use the PS3 as a		
4	personal computer. In addition, without Update 3.21, Plaintiffs and the Class lose access to the		
5	PSN which includes playing online games and access to other online features. Defendant's actions		
6	have rendered the PS3 unmerchantable and unfit for its intended purpose.		
7 8	87. Defendant's conduct in eliminating the "Other OS" functionality and failure to		
9	adequately disclose to the Plaintiff and the Class that the Update 3.21 would eliminate the "Other		
10	OS" feature, is a breach of SCEA's obligation of good faith and fair dealing.		
11	88. Defendant knew or should have known that the Update 3.21 had the aforesaid		
12	properties and would render the PS3 unmerchantable and unfit for its intended use or purpose.		
13	89. Defendant had reasonable and adequate notice of the Plaintiff and the Class		
14 15	Members' claims for breach of implied warranty of merchantability via the publicly available		
15	consumer complaints predating the filing of this pleading, and failed to cure.		
17			
18	90. As a result of Defendant's breaches of implied warranty, Plaintiff and members of		
19	the Class have been injured and are entitled to equitable/injunctive relief and/or damages in a		
20	measure and amount which are to be determined at trial.		
21	COUNT III		
22	Breach of the Implied Warranty of Fitness for a Particular Purpose		
23	91. Plaintiffs incorporate by reference and reallege all paragraphs previously alleged		
24	herein.		
25	92. Defendant is a merchant as defined by applicable Uniform Commercial Code		
26	("U.C.C.") provisions and sold PS3 consoles to Plaintiffs and members of the Class.		
27	93. Defendant impliedly warranted to Plaintiffs and members of the Class that the PS3		
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fit for personal or business computing. Specifically, Defendant impliedly warranted that the PS3 could utilize other operating systems (such as Linux) and be used as personal computer.

- 94. Plaintiffs and the Class were in privity with Defendant as a result of Defendant's
 express written warranties, or by Defendant acting in concert with other agents, servants, partners,
 aiders and abettors, co-conspirators and/or joint venturers that were direct sellers, such as sister
 company Sony Electronics, Inc. and Defendwant's authorized retail stores.
- 8 95. As alleged herein, Defendant's Update 3.21 breached the implied warranty of
 9 fitness for particular purpose because it eliminated the "Other OS" feature and the ability to use the
 10 PS3 as a personal computer. In addition without Update 3.21, Plaintiffs and the Class lose access
 11 to the PSN which includes playing online games and access to other online features. Defendant's
 12 actions have rendered the PS3 unmerchantable and unfit for its intended purpose.
- 96. Defendant's conduct in eliminating the "Other OS" functionality and failure to
 adequately disclose to the Plaintiffs and the Class that Update 3.21 would eliminate the "Other
 OS" feature, is a breach of Defendant's obligation of good faith and fair dealing.
- 17
 97. Defendant knew or should have known that the Update 3.21 had the aforesaid
 18
 properties and would render the PS3 unmerchantable and unfit for its intended use or purpose.

98. Defendant had reasonable and adequate notice of the Plaintiffs and the Class
Members' claims for breach of implied warranty of merchantability via the publicly available
consumer complaints predating the filing of this pleading, and failed to cure.

- 99. As a result of Defendant's breaches of implied warranty, Plaintiffs and members of
 the Class have been injured and are entitled to equitable/injunctive relief and/or damages in a
 measure and amount which are to be determined at trial.
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1	<u>COUNT IV</u>		
2	Violation of the California Consumers Legal Remedies Act		
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4	100. Plaintiffs incorporate by reference and reallege all paragraphs previously alleged		
5	herein.		
6	101. Defendant is a "person," as defined by Cal. Civil Code § 1761(c).		
7	102. Plaintiffs and the Class members are "consumers," within the meaning of Cal. Civil		
8	Code § 1761(d).		
9	103. The PS3 is a "good," within the meaning of Cal. Civil Code § 1761(a).		
10	104. Each Plaintiffs' purchase of the PS3 constituted a "transaction," as that term is		
11	defined in Cal. Civil Code § 1761(e).		
12 13	105. Before purchasing the PS3, Plaintiffs each reviewed and relied on Defendant's		
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16	Defendant would disable the "Other OS" feature. Defendant's acts and omissions, as alleged		
17	herein, violated the California Consumers Legal Remedies Act ("CLRA") and Cal. Civ. Code §		
18	1770(a)(5)'s proparintian against representing that goods have used characteristics or herefits		
19	they do not actually have; Cal. Civ. Code § 1770(a)(7)'s proscription against representing that		
20	goods are of a particular standard, quality, or grade when they are of another; and Cal. Civ. Code §		
21	1770(a)(9)'s proscription against advertising goods with an intent not to sell them as advertised.		
22	106. Since the 2006 introduction of the PS3 by Defendant, it advertised, promoted,		
23	marketed, warranted, and sold this system as a personal computer. This practice continued up to		
24			
25	the release of the Update 3.21 which disabled the "Other OS" feature and the ability to use the PS3		
26	as a personal computer.		
27 28	107. Further, Defendant failed to adequately disclose, at the time of purchase, that it		
20	30		
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might disable the "Other OS" feature. Defendant also failed to adequately disclose that the Update 3.21 would disable the "Other OS" feature when installed on a PS3, or give consumers a viable option of not installing the Update 3.21.

4 108. For those Class members who became aware of the crippling effect of the Update 5 3.21, and had the ability to choose whether or not to install the update, Defendant left them without 6 much of a choice. If the PS3 is not updated, many of the other promoted PS3 features are disabled, 7 such as: (1) the ability to sign into the PSN to play games online and use other online features; (2) 8 playback of PS3 software titles or Blu-ray discs that require version 3.21 or later; (3) playback of 9 10 the copyrighted protected videos that are stored on a media server; and (4) use of new features and 11 improvements that are available on version 3.21 or later.

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 109. The facts that Defendant had a duty to disclose but failed to disclose or adequately
 disclose, concealed, and/or misrepresented are material in that reasonable consumers would
 consider them important in deciding whether or not to purchase (and/or pay the same price for) the
 PS3. Had Plaintiffs and the Class known that Defendant was going to disable the "Other OS"
 feature and thereby preclude the PS3's use as a personal computer, they would not have purchased
 the PS3 or would have paid less for it.
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22 111. Defendant knew that it might disable the "Other OS" feature and that Update 3.21
23 would cripple the PS3.

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113. Defendant performed the acts herein alleged in connection with the design,

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1	marketing, advertising, warranty, and/or sale of the PS3 with a knowledge and intent to defraud		
2	and deceive Plaintiffs and the Class.		
3	114. Defendant also violated Civil Code §1770(19) by inserting one or more		
4	unconscionable provisions into a contract. Defendant's insertion of the following clauses into the		
5	System Software License Agreement was unconscionable to the extent that SCEA attempts to use		
6	this provision as a basis upon which to remove core features of the PS3s at issue:		
7			
8 9	• "Some services may change your current settings, cause a loss of data or content, or cause some loss of functionality."		
10	• "SCE, at its sole discretion, may modify the terms of this Agreement at any time, including		
11	any terms in the PS3TM system documentation or manual, or at http://www.scei.co.jp/ps3- license/index.html. Please check back on this website from time to time for changes to this		
12	Agreement. Your continued access to or use of the System Software will signify your acceptance of any changes to this Agreement."		
13	115. Defendant used its superior bargaining strength to impose those terms upon		
14			
15	customers, and customers had no meaningful choice whether to accept or reject these provisions.		
16	Thus, the System Software License Agreement was the product of oppression and the lack of		
17	negotiation, not any meaningful choice. SCEA's use of this provision to justify its removal of the		
18	"Other OS" feature would be similar to SCEA stating that it was removing the feature that allowed		
19 20	consumers to play PS3 games on the PS3.		
20 21	116. After entering into the contract for the purchase and sale of a PS3, Plaintiffs and		
21	other Class members had no ability to negotiate the System Software License Agreement's terms,		
23	which was only provided to them after they purchased their PS3s, including the terms allowing		
24	Defendant to remove functions at will, allowing it to unilaterally change the System Software		
25	License Agreement at will and forcing customers to either accept any changes in the System		
26			
27	Software License Agreement or cease their use of their PS3.		
28	32		
	CONSOLIDATED CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT		

1 117. In addition, Defendant included these provisions within its small-type, prolix form;
 2 disguised them under nebulous headings; and buried them among sundry other unrelated
 3 contractual terms.

118. These provisions are, accordingly, procedurally unconscionable.

In imposing these terms, Defendant sought to create for itself an unlimited ability to
alter the System Software License Agreement and the functions of the PS3 as it saw fit and without
any consideration to Plaintiffs or other Class members.

9 120. These provisions are one-sided and unreasonably favorable to Defendant. It
10 uniquely favors Defendant at the expense of customers, and Defendant clearly hid these terms in
11 its standard-form contract to gain unfair advantage over its consumers.

12 121. These terms are, as outlined above, substantively oppressive because they reallocate
risk between consumers and Defendant in an objectively unreasonable and unexpected manner by
permitting Defendant to change the System Software License Agreement and the PS3
functionalities to protect its interests in complete derogation of the rights of consumers.

17
122. Both procedurally and substantively, therefore, these provisions are unduly
oppressive and unconscionable.

123. Therefore, if Defendant asserts in this action a defense related to these provisions,
by reason of the foregoing, Plaintiffs and other Class members seek injunctive relief requiring
Defendant to cease enforcement of the foregoing unconscionable contract provisions.

124. Plaintiffs, on behalf of themselves and all others similarly situated, demand
judgment against Defendant under the CLRA for injunctive relief, restitution and/or disgorgement
of funds paid to Defendant to purchase the PS3, and/or an injunction requiring Defendant to enable
the "Other OS" feature of the PS3, free of charge, and an award of attorneys' fees and costs.

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1	125. Plaintiffs' counsel put Defendant on notice that it was in violation of the Consumers		
2	Legal Remedies Act. Attached hereto as Exhibit A are true and correct copies of demand letters		
3	from Plaintiffs Ventura, Huber, and Herz. As the thirty (30) day period has expired and Defendant		
4	failed to cure, Plaintiffs Ventura, Huber, and Herz seek actual and statutory damages on behalf of		
5	themselves and the Class. Plaintiffs Stovell and Baker will serve notice on Defendant and		
6 7	therefore do not seek damages at this time, but will do so and amend the complaint as appropriate.		
8	<u>COUNT V</u>		
9	Violation of the Computer Fraud and Abuse Act, 18 U.S.C. § 1030, et seq.		
10	126. Plaintiffs incorporate by reference and reallege all paragraphs previously alleged		
11	herein.		
12			
13	127. The PS3 is a "computer" within the meaning of 18 U.S.C. § 1030(e)(1).		
14	128. Plaintiffs' and Class members' PS3 consoles are used in interstate commerce or		
15 16	communication, and are "protected computers" within the meaning of 18 U.S.C. § 1030(e)(2)(B).		
10	129. Defendant knowingly caused the transmission of software and intentionally caused		
18	damage without authorization to Plaintiffs' and Class members' PS3 consoles; and/or intentionally		
19			
20			
21	authorization and caused damage and loss. Defendant's purpose was to protect its intellectual		
22	property although it informed Plaintiffs and Class members that the purpose was for security		
23			
24 25	reasons.		
26	130. Defendant knowingly caused the transmission of software code and intentionally		
27	caused damage without Plaintiffs' authorization to Plaintiffs' and Class members' PS3 consoles.		
28	34		
	CONSOLIDATED CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT		

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Defendant knowingly and admittedly released Update 3.21 for the specific purpose of removing
the "Install Other OS" feature – a feature that Defendant had advertised as part of the console and
for which Plaintiffs and Class members had paid. As a result of this knowing transmission,
Defendant intentionally caused damage by disabling the "Install Other OS" feature. The damage
was unauthorized because a failure to download Update 3.21 resulted in the loss of other features,
as described herein. Further, Defendant's stated purpose was for security reasons although in
reality it was to protect its intellectual property.

9
131. Defendant intentionally accessed Plaintiffs' and the Class' PS3 systems and
10
transmitted software without authorization and recklessly caused damage.

11

132. Defendant intentionally accessed Plaintiffs and the Class' PS3 systems without 12 13 authorization and caused damage and loss. Although Plaintiffs and Class members may have 14 authorized a firmware update for security reasons, they did not authorize the disabling of the 15 "Install Other OS" feature. Defendant did not present Plaintiffs and Class members with any 16 actual choice because either downloading Update 3.21 or not downloading the update would both 17 result in disabling certain advertised features. Defendant's unauthorized access caused damage to 18 19 Plaintiffs' and Class members' PS3 consoles and caused Plaintiffs and Class members to suffer 20 losses, including, but not limited to, the ability use other operating systems and the money paid for 21 this feature. Plaintiffs' and Class members' consoles were reduced in value by Defendant's 22 conduct because a gaming console that allows Defendant to remove and disable advertised and 23 material features is worth less than a gaming console that does not allow these unconsented-to 24removals. 25 26 27 28 35 CONSOLIDATED CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

1	133.	Through Defendant's intentional transmission of the software and the unauthorized
2	access of Plain	tiffs' and Class members' PS3 systems, Defendant impaired the integrity of
3	Plaintiffs' and	other individual Class members' systems and removed a feature that Plaintiffs and
4	Class members	s had paid for. As a direct result of engaging in such acts, Defendant caused damage
5	exceeding an a	ggregate of \$5,000 in value during a one-year period.
6 7		COUNT VI
8	Vio	lation of the Magnuson-Moss Warranty Act, 15 U.S.C. § 2301, <i>et seq.</i>
9		
10		Plaintiffs incorporate by reference and reallege all paragraphs previously alleged
11	herein.	
11	135.	The Magnuson-Moss Warranty Act ("Magnuson-Moss"), 15 U.S.C.§ 2301, et seq.,
13	nrovides a private right of action for purchasers of consumer products against manufacturers or	
14	retailers who, i	inter alia, fail to comply with the terms of a written or implied warranty. 15 U.S.C.
15	§ 2310(d)(1).	As demonstrated above, Defendant has failed to comply with the terms of its written
16	and implied wa	arranties with regard to the sale of its PS3s.
17	136.	Defendant's PS3s are "consumer products," as that term is defined in § 2301(1) of
18 19	Magnuson-Mo	ss.
20	137.	Defendant is a "warrantor," as that term is defined in § 2301(5) of Magnuson-Moss.
21	138.	Plaintiffs and each member of the Class are "consumers," as that term is defined in
22	§ 2301(3) of M	lagnuson-Moss.
23	139.	Defendant had reasonable and adequate notice of Plaintiffs' and the Class's claims
24		
25	of breach of Defendant's express written and implied warranties from the sale of its PS3s, and was	
26	given a reasonable opportunity to cure its failure to comply with those warranties. However,	
27	Defendant never cured. As a result of Defendant's breach of its written and implied warranties	
28		36
		CONSOLIDATED CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

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through Magnuson-Moss, Plaintiffs and members of the Class have been injured and are entitled to
 equitable/injunctive relief and/or damages in a measure and amount to be determined at trial.

COUNT VII

Violation of Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 17500, et seq. (False Advertising)

140. Plaintiffs incorporate by reference and reallege all paragraphs previously alleged herein.

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 141. Defendant has engaged in false advertising as it disseminated false and/or
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10 142. Defendant knew or should have known by exercising reasonable care that its
11 representations were false and/or misleading. Beginning in 2006 and continuing through sometime
12 around April 2010, Defendant engaged in false advertising in violation of Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code
13 §§ 17500, *et seq.*, by misrepresenting in its advertising, marketing, and other communications
15 disseminated to Plaintiffs, the Class, and the consuming public that the PS3 was capable of being
16 used as a personal computer via the "Other OS" feature.

17 143. Beginning in or about 2006 and continuing up to April 2010, Defendant engaged in
18 false advertising in violation of Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 17500, *et seq.*, by omitting, failing to
19 disclose, and/or concealing the material fact that it could disable the "Other OS" feature and that it
20 intended to do so via Update 3.21. The Update 3.21 disabled the ability of Plaintiff and the Class
22 to utilize the "Other OS" feature and utilize the PS3 as a personal computer.

144. By disseminating and publishing these statements in connection with the sale of its
goods, Defendant has engaged in and continues to engage in false advertising in violation of Bus.
& Prof. Code §§ 17500, *et seq.*

145. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant's conduct, as set forth herein,

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1	Defendant has received ill-gotten gains and/or profits, including, but not limited to money.							
2	Therefore, Defendant has been unjustly enriched. Pursuant to Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17535,							
3	Plaintiffs and members of the Class request restitution and restitutionary engorgement for all sums							
4	obtained in violation of Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 17500, et seq.							
5	146. Plaintiffs and the Class seek injunctive relief, restitution, and restitutionary							
6	disgorgement of Defendant's ill-gotten gains as specifically provided in Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code §							
7	17535.							
8								
9	147. Plaintiffs and the Class seek to enjoin Defendant from engaging in these wrongful							
10	practices, as alleged herein, in the future, including but not limited to disabling other features of							
11	the PS3. There is no adequate remedy at law and if an injunction is not ordered, Plaintiffs and the							
12 13	Class will suffer irreparable harm and/or injury.							
	COUNT VIII							
14								
15	Violation of Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 17200, et seq. (Unfair Competition)							
16	148. Plaintiffs incorporate by reference and reallege all paragraphs previously alleged							
17	herein.							
18	149. Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17200 prohibits acts of "unfair competition." As used in							
19 20	this section, "unfair competition" encompasses three distinct types of misconduct: (a) "any							
20 21	unlawful business act or practice;" (b) "any unfair or fraudulent business act or practice;"							
21	and (c) "any unfair, deceptive, untrue or misleading advertising."							
23	150. Defendant knew or should have known by exercising reasonable care that its							
24								
25	representations were false and/or misleading. Beginning in 2006 and continuing through sometime							
26	around April 2010, Defendant engaged in practices which violate Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code §§							
27	17200, et seq., by misrepresenting in its advertising, marketing, and other communications							
28	38							
	CONSOLIDATED CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT							

disseminated to Plaintiffs, the Class, and the consuming public that the PS3 was capable of being used as a personal computer via the "Other OS" feature.

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151. Beginning in or about 2006 and continuing through sometime around April 2010, Defendant engaged in practices which violate Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 17200, *et seq.* by omitting, failing to disclose or adequately disclose, and/or concealing the material fact that it could disable the PS3's advertised features, including the "Other OS" feature, and that it intended to do so via Update 3.21. Update 3.21 disabled the ability of Plaintiffs and the Class to utilize the "Other OS" feature and utilize the PS3 as a personal computer.

10 152. Defendant disseminated unfair, deceptive, untrue, and/or misleading advertising in
 11 violation of the Unfair Competition Law, Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 17200, *et seq.*, when it
 12 misrepresented, failed to disclose, and/or concealed the true defective nature of the PS3 in its
 14 advertising, marketing, and other broadly disseminated representations.

15 153. Defendant's above-described conduct is unlawful because it constitutes a breach of
express warranty, breach of implied warranties, conversion, and unjust enrichment. Defendant's
conduct is further unlawful because it violates the Consumers Legal Remedies Act (Cal. Civ. Code
\$\$ 1750, et seq.), the Magnuson-Moss Warranty Act (15 U.S.C. \$\$ 2301, et seq.), the Computer
Fraud and Abuse Act (18 U.S.C. \$ 1030), and the False Advertising Law (Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code
\$\$ 17500, et seq.).

154. Defendant's above-described conduct constitutes "unfair" business practices within
the meaning of the Unfair Competition Law insofar as the justification for Defendant's conduct is
outweighed by the gravity of the consequences to Plaintiffs and Class members and Defendant's
conduct is immoral, unethical, oppressive, unscrupulous or substantially injurious to consumers.
Defendant's conduct is further unfair because it violates the legislative policies and spirit of the

laws discussed in Paragraph 153, supra.

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2 155. Defendant's above-described conduct constitutes "fraudulent" business practices
3 within the meaning of the Unfair Competition Law insofar as SCEA's business practices alleged
4 herein are likely to deceive members of the public.

5 156. These above-described unlawful, unfair and fraudulent business practices and false
6 and misleading advertising by Defendant present an ongoing threat to Plaintiffs and the Class.
7 Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereon allege that Defendant has systematically
9 perpetrated deceptive and unfair practices upon members of the public and has intentionally
10 deceived Plaintiffs and the Class.

11
 157. In addition, the use of media to promote the sale of PS3 through false and deceptive
 representations constitutes unfair competition and unfair, deceptive, untrue, or misleading
 advertising within the meaning of the Unfair Competition Law.

15 158. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant's violation of the Unfair Competition
16 Law, Plaintiffs and the Class members have suffered injury in fact and lost money and property.
17 They would not have purchased or would have paid less for the PS3 if Plaintiffs and the Class had
18 known that Defendant reserved the right to disable or remove advertised features of the PS3,
19 including the "Other OS" feature, and that Defendant would, in fact, disable the "Other OS"
20 feature.

159. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant's violation of the Unfair Competition
Law, Plaintiffs and the Class members have suffered injury in fact and lost money and property in
that they purchased a PS3 that no longer works as a personal computer or no longer has the
advertised features, and have incurred or will be required to incur costs to replace or repair their
PS3 with a personal computer.

160. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant's violation of Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code 1 §§ 17200, et seq., Defendant has been unjustly enriched at the expense of Plaintiffs and the Class 2 3 and should be required to make restitution to Plaintiffs and the Class members or make 4 restitutionary disgorgement of its ill-gotten profits pursuant to Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17203. 5 161. The refusal to reverse Update 3.21 and the threat of future modifications to the 6 specifications as represented, advertised, and disseminated to the class constitute ongoing 7 violations of Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 17200, et seq., and justify an issuance of an injunction 8 requiring Defendant to act in accordance with the law. All remedies are cumulative pursuant to 9 10 Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17205. 11 Plaintiffs, on behalf of themselves and all others similarly situated, demand 162. 12 judgment against Defendant for injunctive relief in the form of restitution, and/or restitutionary 13 disgorgement, and/or injunctive relief in the form of enabling the "Other OS" function of the PS3, 14 and an award of attorneys' fees. 15 16 163. Plaintiffs and the Class seek to enjoin Defendant from engaging in these wrongful 17 practices as alleged herein, in the future. There is no other adequate remedy at law and if an 18 injunction is not ordered, Plaintiffs and the Class will suffer irreparable harm and/or injury. 19 **COUNT IX** 20 Conversion 21 22 Plaintiffs incorporate by reference and reallege all paragraphs previously alleged 164. 23 herein. 24 165. By purchasing a PS3, Plaintiffs and each member of the Class became owners of 25 their PS3 and all of their PS3's features. Thus, the PS3's features, including the "Other OS" 26 feature, which was designed, marketed, and built-in to the PS3, were Plaintiffs' and the Class's 27 28 41 CONSOLIDATED CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

property.

1 By releasing Update 3.21 and thereby removing the PS3's advertised features, 166. 2 3 including the "Other OS" feature, Defendant intentionally and wrongfully exercised control over, 4 took, damaged, and/or interfered with Plaintiffs and the Class's property. 5 167. Plaintiffs are informed and believe, and thereon allege that Defendant's 6 aforementioned wrongful acts were willful and malicious in that Defendant intended to wrongfully 7 exercise control over, take, damage, and/or interfere with Plaintiffs' and the Class's property. 8 9 168. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant's conversion of Plaintiffs' and the 10 Class's property, Plaintiffs and each member of the Class have been injured and have suffered 11 damages in a measure and amount to be determined at trial. 12 COUNT X 13 14 **Unjust Enrichment** 15 169. Plaintiffs incorporate by reference and reallege all paragraphs previously alleged 16 herein. 17 170. Plaintiffs and the Class have conferred benefits on Defendant by paying value for 18 19 the "Other OS" function, as well as the other advertised functions, that they reasonably expected 20 Defendant to support for the life of the PS3s they purchased. In purchasing the PS3, Plaintiffs and 21 each member of the Class paid for the ability to use the "Install Other OS" feature, the ability to 22 Blu-ray discs, and the ability to access the PSN for online gaming and network features. By 23 issuing Update 3.21, regardless of whether a user downloads the software, he or she will lose 24complete functionality of his or her PS3 console as it was advertised. 25 26 171. Defendant knowingly and willingly accepted monetary benefits from Plaintiffs and 27 the Class, but Defendant did not honor its obligations. Rather, Defendant benefited from the sales 28 42 CONSOLIDATED CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

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1of PS3s with the "Other OS" function which it then forced purchasers to either disable or forgo2other important PS3 functions.

3 172. Under the circumstances described herein, it is inequitable for Defendant to retain
4 the full monetary benefit at the expenses of Plaintiffs and the Class.

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173. By engaging in the conduct described above, Defendant has been unjustly enriched
at the expense of Plaintiffs and the Class and is required, in equity and good conscience, to
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9 174. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant's unjust enrichment, Plaintiffs and
10 the Class have suffered injury and are entitled to reimbursement, restitution, and disgorgement by
11 Defendant of the benefit conferred by Plaintiffs and the Class.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

Plaintiffs, on behalf of themselves and all others similarly situated, request that the Court
 enter judgment against Defendant, as follows:

A. An order certifying the proposed Class, designating Plaintiffs as the named
representatives of the Class, and designating the undersigned as Class Counsel;

B. An order enjoining Defendant from further deceptive advertising, marketing,
distribution, and sales practices with respect to the PS3 and to enable the "Other OS" feature on
the PS3;

C. An award to Plaintiffs and the Class of compensatory, consequential, punitive and
 statutory damages, including interest thereon, in an amount to be proven at trial;

D. An order requiring the restitution and restitutionary disgorgement to the Class of all
 profits unlawfully obtained by Defendant;

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	Case 4:10-cv-01811-YGR Docu	ment 76 Filed 07/30/10 Page 44 of 60							
1	E. An award of attorneys' fees and costs, as allowed by law;								
2	F. An award of pre-judgment and post-judgment interest, as provided by law;								
3	G. For leave to amend the Complaint to conform to the evidence produced at trial; and								
4	H. Such other or further relief as may be appropriate under the circumstances.								
5	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL								
6 7	Plaintiffs, on behalf of themselves and all others similarly situated, demand a trial by jury								
8	of any and all issues in this action so triable.								
9	Dated: July 30, 2010	CALVO & CLARK, LLP							
10		/s/ James A. Quadra							
11		James A. Quadra							
12		Rebecca Coll One Lombard Street							
13		San Francisco, California 94111							
14	Telephone: 415-374-8370 Facsimile: 415-374-8373								
15	Dated: July 30, 2010 FINKELSTEIN THOMPSON LLP								
16									
17		<u>/s/ Rosemary M. Rivas</u> Rosemary M. Rivas							
18									
19 20		Tracy Tien 100 Bush Street, Suite 1450							
20		San Francisco, California 94104 Telephone: 415-398-8700							
21		Facsimile: 415-398-8704							
22 23	Dated: July 30, 2010	HAUSFELD LLP							
24		/s/ James Pizzirusso							
25		James Pizzirusso (Pro hac vice)							
26		1700 K St., NW, Suite 650							
27		Washington, DC 20006 Telephone: 202-540-7200							
28		44							
	CONSOLIDATE	D CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT							

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1	Facsimile: 202-540-7201
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8	HAUSFELD LLP
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10	Telephone: 415-633-1908 Facsimile: 415-358-4980
11	Bruce L. Simon
12	PEARSON, SIMON, WARSHAW &
13	PENNY, LLP 44 Montgomery Street, Suite 2450
14	San Francisco, California 94104
15	Telephone: 415-433-9000 Facsimile: 415-433-9008
16	Daniel L. Warshaw
17	PEARSON, SIMON, WARSHAW &
18	PENNY, LLP 15165 Ventura Boulevard, Suite 400
19	Sherman Oaks, California 91403 Telephone: 818-788-8300
20	Facsimile: 818-788-8104
21	Joseph G. Sauder
22	Matthew D. Schelkopf Benjamin F. Johns (<i>Pro hac vice</i>)
23	CHIMICLES & TIKELIS LLP
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25	Telephone: 610-642-8500 Facsimile: 610-649-3633
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	4.5
	CONSOLIDATED CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

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1	Ralph B. Kalfayan							
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4	San Diego, California 92101							
	Telephone: 619-232-0331 Facsimile: 619-232-4019							
5								
6	Jeffrey Carton (<i>Pro hac vice</i>)							
7	D. Greg Blankinship (<i>Pro hac vice</i>) MEISELMAN, DENLEA, PACKMAN, CARTON							
8	& EBERZ P.C.							
	1311 Mamaroneck Avenue White Plaing, New York 10605							
9	White Plains, New York 10605 Telephone: 914-517-5000							
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11	John D. Fohms (Due has size)							
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	LLP							
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14	Houston, Texas 77017 Telephone: 713-230-2200							
15	Facsimile: 713-643-6226							
16	Decement Ferreles Luzon							
	Rosemary Farrales Luzon SHEPHERD, FINKELMAN, MILLER & SHAH,							
17	LLP							
18	401 West A. Street, Suite 2350							
19	San Diego, California 92101 Telephone: 619-235-2416							
20	Facsimile: 619-234-7334							
21								
22	I, Rosemary M. Rivas, am the ECF user whose ID and password are being used to file this							
23								
24	CONSOLIDATED CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT. In compliance with General Order 45, X.B.,							
	I hereby attest that James A. Quadra and James Pizzirusso have concurred in this filing.							
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	CONSOLIDATED CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT							

AFFIDAVIT OF TRACY TIEN

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3								
4	1. I am an associate with the law firm Finkelstein Thompson LLP, one of the							
5	firms appointed as Co-Interim Lead Counsel for Plaintiffs in this consolidated action. I am							
6	admitted to practice law in California and before this Court, and am a member in good standing							
7	of the State Bar of California. This declaration is made pursuant to California Civil Code section							
8	1780(c). I make this declaration based on my law firm's research of public records and also							
9	upon personal knowledge and, if called upon to do so, could and would testify competently							
10	thereto.							
11								
12	2. Public records indicate that Defendant's principal place of business is within							
13	this District, as alleged in the accompanying Consolidated Class Action Complaint.							
14	I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States on this 30th day of							
15	July 2010 in San Francisco, California that the foregoing is true and correct.							
16 17	traff							
18	TRACY TIEN							
10								
20	State of California County of San: Francisco							
21	Subscribed and sworn to (or affirmed) before me on this 30 rd day of Tuly 2010 by Trogay Trees							
22	proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be the person(s) who							
23	appeared before me.							
24								
25	MARLYN ANO COMM. # 1840288							
26	NOTARY PUBLIC - CALIFORNIA SAN FRANCISCO COUNTY My Commission Expires March 21, 2013							
27	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A							
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	CONSOLIDATED CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT							
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EXHIBIT A

MEISELMAN, DENLEA, PACKMAN, CARTON & EBERZ P.C.

Attorneys at Law

I311 MAMARONECK AVENUE, WHITE PLAINS, NY 10605 TEL: (914)517-5000 | FAX: (914)517-5055

April 29, 2010

VIA CERTIFIED MAIL RETURN RECEIPT REQUIRED

Sony Computer Entertainment America, Inc. 919 East Hillsdale Boulevard Foster City, CA 94404-4249

Re: Ventura v. Sony Corporation of America, Inc.

Dear Sir or Madam:

This office represents Anthony Ventura, on behalf of himself and all those similarly situated, in the matter of *Ventura v. Sony Computer Entertainment America, Inc.* This letter constitutes a notification to you pursuant to California Civil Code § 1782.

As set forth in detail in the enclosed Complaint, Sony Computer Entertainment America, Inc. ("Sony") has violated, and continues to violate California Civil Code § 1770.

Background

The Sony Playstation®3 video game console (the "PS3"), which competes with Microsoft's Xbox 360 and Nintendo's Wii as part of the newest generation of video game consoles, was released in the United States with great fanfare on November 17, 2006.

At the time of its launch, the PS3 was the most expensive gaming console available, retailing for \$599.00 in part because it is capable of far more than merely playing games at home. With the growing homogenization of consumer technology and increased competition, Sony looked to market the additional features available in the PS3, such as the "Other OS" feature and the inclusion of Blu-ray technology, to distinguish its product from the others.

Meiselman, Denlea, Packman, Carton & Eberz P.C.

Ventura v. Sony Computer Entertainment America April 29, 2010

In fact, Sony's marketing and advertising of the PS3 highlighted the major features that distinguish the PS3 from other gaming consoles, including its unified online gaming service, the PlayStation Network, its robust multimedia capabilities, its use of a high-definition optical Blu-ray Disc as its primary storage medium, and the Bluray 2.0-compliant Blu-ray player.

An important PS3 feature Sony advertised was the Other OS function, which provides users with the unique ability to install another operating system, such as a Linux operating system, alongside the main PS3 system software.

Until recently, Sony promoted the Other OS feature in its marketing of the PS3. Indeed, Sony stated on its website "playstation.com" that when it designed the PS3, "it was fully intended that you, a PS3 owner, could play games, watch movies, view photos, listen to music, and run a full-featured Linux operating system that transforms your PS3 into a home computer."

Sony used a marketing strategy that persuaded consumers that the PS3 could be used as a home personal computer with a direct connection to the Internet, while retaining its other gaming and multimedia features.

On March 28, 2010, Sony announced that it would no longer honor its obligation to support the Other OS feature. On its playstation.com website, Sony announced that it would release software updated 3.21 ("Update 3.21"), which would disable the Other OS feature. PS3 owners are not technically required to install Update 3.21. However, Sony has built a vast and sticky web of restrictions that will prevent users from accessing many of the PS3's other features for anyone who declines the "upgrade." In particular, for users who do not install firmware 3.21:

It will be impossible for users to access the Playstation Network;

It will be impossible to play PS3 games online;

It will be impossible to play new PS3 games;

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It will be impossible to watch new Blu-ray videos;

New Blu-ray discs could disable the Blu-ray drive entirely if they contain an AACS Host Revocation List that affects the old software version; and

Videos on DTCP-IP media servers will be disabled.

By forcing users to choose between these features, collectively referred to as "Other Advertised Features," and the Other OS feature, Sony is effectively downgrading PS3s already sold and in the hands of consumers — when consumers purchased the console, the console could play games, play Blu-ray discs, and run Linux. After April 1, it is an inferior product.

MEISELMAN, DENLEA, PACKMAN, CARTON & EBERZ P.C.

Ventura v. Sony Computer Entertainment America April 29, 2010

Provisions of Consumer Legal Remedies Act Violated

In representing that the product would carry the foregoing features, including the Other OS feature and the Other Advertised Features, and failing to advise consumers such features would be removed, Sony violated California's Consumer Legal Remedies Act.

Specifically, Sony represented that the PS3 had characteristics, uses, or benefits which it did not have in violation of Civil Code § 1770(5) when it represented that the PS3 would have both the Other OS feature and the Other Advertised Features, while simultaneously omitting the material fact that users would be forced to choose between them.

To the extent Sony claims its licensing agreement is enforceable, Sony also violated Civil Code §1770(19) by inserting one or more unconscionable provisions into the licensing agreement, including the following clauses:

- "Some services may change your current settings, cause a loss of data or content, or cause some loss of functionality."
 - "SCE, at its sole discretion, may modify the terms of this Agreement at any time, including any terms in the PS3TM system documentation or manual, or at http://www.scei.co.jp/ps3-license/index.html. Please check back on this website from time to time for changes to this Agreement. Your continued access to or use of the System Software will signify your acceptance of any changes to this Agreement."

Request That Sony Remedy its Wrongful Conduct

Plaintiff Anthony Ventura, on behalf of himself and all those similarly situated, demands that Sony rectify the foregoing violations by (1) making the Other OS feature, together with the Other Advertised Features, available to all purchasers of the PS3 and/or arranging for a refund of all or part of the purchase price of the product to all owners of the PS3 system, and (2) removing the above-identified unconscionable provisions from PS3 license agreements, and agreeing not to seek the enforcement of these provisions under any circumstances.

Meiselman, Denlea, Packman, Carton & Eberz P.C.

Ventura v. Sony Computer Entertainment America April 29, 2010

Please provide a response within thirty days.

Very truly yours,

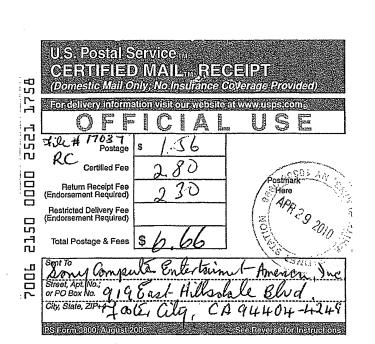
MEISELMAN, DENLEA, PACKMAN, CARTON & EBERZ P.C.

Rebecca Coll

(914) 517-5025 rcoll@mdpcelaw.com

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HAUSFELDLLP

202.540.7200 ph 202.540.7201 fax

1700 K Street, NW Suite 650 Washington, DC 20006

James Pizzirusso jpizzirusso@hausfeldllp.com

May 21, 2010 FOR SETTLEMENT PURPOSES ONLY

VIA CERTIFIED MAIL, RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Sony Computer Entertainment of America, LLC Office of General Counsel 919 East Hillsdale Blvd. Foster City, CA 94404

Re: Playstation 3 - Removal of "Other OS" function - Notice of Breach and Opportunity to Cure

To Whom It May Concern:

My firm, Hausfeld LLP, along with Pearson, Simon, Warshaw & Penny, LLP, represent Jonathan Huber of Knoxville, Tennessee, with regard to the PlayStation 3 ("PS3") that he purchased from Wal-Mart in December 2007 for \$599 plus tax. The PS3 was advertised, promoted, marketed, warranted and sold as containing an "Other OS" function that allowed users to install Linux and utilize the PS3 as a computer. This was a key feature distinguishing this product from competitors such as the Nintendo Wii and X-Box 360. Our client purchased his PS3, in part, for this reason and installed Linux on his system. SCEA's most recent firmware update, which our client installed in order to be able to continue playing games online, removed this important feature.

Our research and investigation have led us to the conclusion that there are numerous other PS3 customers who are also experiencing this same problem. Given that this issue has not been resolved, please be advised that we are filing a nationwide class action complaint on behalf of similar PS3 purchasers. We are bringing claims for breach of express and implied warranty; violations of the Magnuson-Moss Warranty Act; Violations of Cal. Bus. and Prof. Code, §§ 17200 and 17500; Violations of the Consumer Legal Remedies Act, Cal. Civ. Code § 1750; and conversion.

Pursuant to the California Consumer Legal Remedies Act ("CLRA"), California Civil Code §§ 1750, et seq. (specifically, §§ 1782(a)(1) and (2)), Jonathan Huber, on behalf of himself and all other similarly situated consumers nationwide (collectively, the "Class"), through their undersigned counsel, hereby notify you that Sony Computer Entertainment of America, LLC

HAUSFELD

Sony Computer Entertainment of America, LLC 5/21/2010 Page 2

("SCEA") is alleged to have violated the CLRA by warranting, marketing, advertising, and promoting PS3s with the intent not to sell them as advertised.

SCEA's misrepresentations in warranting, marketing, advertising, promoting, and selling PS3s constitute the following violations of the CLRA:

1. SCEA has represented that its goods have characteristics, uses or benefits that they do not have $(\S 1770(a)(5));$

2. SCEA has falsely represented that its goods are of a particular standard, quality or grade when they are of another (\S 1770(a)(7)); and

3. SCEA has advertised its goods with the intent not to sell them as advertised (§ 1770(a)(9)).

Pursuant to Section 1782 of the CLRA, and based on the foregoing, we hereby demand that within thirty (30) days of receiving this letter, SCEA agree to refund our client his entire purchase price, or, at the very least, provide our client with a firmware update that would allow him to maintain his use of the "Other OS" function, as well as all of the other advertised features of the PS3 (including online gaming). Our client further requests that SCEA provide a corrective advertising and notice campaign and pay all related attorneys' fees and costs.

If you have any questions, please contact my office. I look forward to hearing from you soon.

Sincerely,

<u>/S/</u> James Pizzirusso

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Sony Computer Entertainment of America, LLC Office of General Counsel 919 East Hillsdale Blvd. Foster City, CA 94404 Ildudddlulludddl

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FINKELSTEIN THOMPSONLLP

June 14, 2010

Reply to San Francisco, California Writer's Direct E-mail: ttien@finkelsteinthompson.com

VIA CERTIFIED MAIL

Sony Computer Entertainment America, Inc. 919 East Hillsdale Boulevard Foster City CA, 94404

Re: *Todd Densmore et. al. v. Sony Computer Entertainment America, Inc.* CV-10-1945 RS United States District Court, Northern District of California

To Whom It May Concern:

On behalf of Plaintiffs Todd Densmore and Antal Herz and all others similarly situated, this letter is to notify Sony Computer Entertainment America, Inc. ("Sony") that it has violated the California Consumers Legal Remedies Act ("CLRA") by employing or committing methods, acts, or practices declared unlawful by California Civil Code section 1770 as alleged in the complaint enclosed with this letter. *See* Cal. Civ. Code § 1782(a) and (b). Pursuant to California Civil Code section 1782(d), Plaintiffs Densmore and Herz have initiated an action in the United States District Court, Northern District of California for injunctive relief against Sony. Under the CLRA, Sony may provide an appropriate remedy or agree to provide an appropriate remedy within a reasonable time, within thirty (30) days after receipt of this notice. If Sony does not provide or agree to provide an appropriate remedy within 30 days after receipt of this notice, Plaintiffs Densmore and Herz will amend their complaint to include a request for damages.

The unlawful acts committed by Sony, in violation of the CLRA, include removing the "Install Other OS" function through dissemination of software update, Firmware 3.21 on April 1, 2010; failing to adequately disclose before the point of sale that Sony would remove the "Install Other OS," a function advertised by Sony and paid for by Plaintiffs and Class members; and requiring users to install Firmware 3.21 and lose the "Install Other OS" function or lose other advertised functions (such as the ability to ability to play Blu-ray discs and the ability to play games online).

Sony's actions violate California Civil Code sections 1770(a)(5), 1770(a)(7), and 1770(a)(9), which prohibit representing that goods or services have characteristics, uses, benefits or quantities which they do not have; representing that goods or services are of a particular standard, quality or grade when they are another; and advertising goods with the intent not to sell them as advertised. As a direct and

1050 30TH STREET, NW • WASHINGTON, DC 20007 • PHONE: 202.337.8000 • FAX: 202.337.8090 • TOIL-FREE: 877.337.1050

100 Bush Street • Suite 1450 • San Francisco, CA 94104 • Phone: 415.398.8700 • Fax: 415.398.8704 • Toll-Free: 877.800.1450 www.FinkelsteinThompson.com



proximate result of Sony's violations of the CLRA, Plaintiffs Densmore and Herz and members of the proposed Class have suffered damages.

Pursuant to California Civil Code section 1782(b), Sony may, within thirty (30) days after receipt of this letter, avoid a potential action for damages under the CLRA by agreeing to correct, repair and rectify its unlawful acts by: (1) providing all members of the proposed Class as defined in Paragraph 33 of the Complaint with notice of this action and the name of the attorneys for Plaintiffs Densmore and Herz; (2) restoring Plaintiffs' and Class members' PS3 consoles with the "Install Other OS" function; and (3) terminating its practice of requiring users to download firmware updates that remove paid-for and advertised functions.

Sincerely Tracy Tier

Class Action Complaint Enclosure:

CC:

Sony Computer Entertainment America, Inc. 989 East Hillsdale Boulevard Foster City CA, 94404

Sony Computer Entertainment America, Inc. 950 Tower Lane Foster City CA, 94404

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