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12 13	Attorneys for Defendant FORD MOTOR COMPANY	
14 15	UNITED STATES DI	STRICT COURT
16	NORTHERN DISTRICT	Γ OF CALIFORNIA
17 18 19 20 21 22	In re: MYFORD TOUCH CONSUMER LITIGATION	Case No. CV 13-3072-EMC  FORD MOTOR COMPANY'S OBJECTIONS TO PLAINTIFFS' REPLY EVIDENCE IN SUPPORT OF CLASS CERTIFICATION  [Pursuant to Civil L.R. 7-3(d)]
23		
24   25   26   27	[PUBLIC REDACT	TED VERSION]
$\begin{bmatrix} 27 \\ 28 \end{bmatrix}$		
		FORD'S OBJ. TO PL.REPY EVIDENCE

CV 13-3072-EMC

1	Pursuant to Local Rule 7-3(d), Ford objects to certain new evidence submitted in the	
2	Berman Reply Declaration in support of class certification (ECF No. 250) as set forth below: <sup>1</sup>	
3	Objections to Dan Smith "Surrebuttal" Expert Report (Ex. 4 to Berman Reply Decl.):	
4	1. Mr. Smith's 93-page "surrebuttal" report improperly includes new opinions not	
5	encompassed within the opinions disclosed his opening report. Tovar v. United States Postal	
6	Serv., 3 F.3d 1271, 1273 n.3 (9th Cir. 1993) ("[T]o the extent that the [reply] brief presents new	
7	information, it is improper."); Provenz v. Miller, 102 F.3d 1478, 1483 (9th Cir. 1996) (new	
8	evidence presented in reply should not be considered absent an opportunity to respond):	
9	a.	
10	That opinion is not	
11	in his original report. All of Mr. Smith's surrebuttal opinions regarding	
12	should be stricken, including ¶¶ 15-18, 21, 23-53 & 185.	
13	b. Mr. Smith now opines that versions 1.08, 2.03, 2.11, 3.0, 3.2, and 3.5 of the Base	
14	Software are "substantively similar." $Id$ . ¶ 21. That opinion is not in his original report, which	
15	identifies only several "software bugs and design defects that are common across the Base	
16	Software." See ECF No. 197-8, Ex. 9 ¶ 7.	
17	c. Mr. Smith now opines that	
18	. That opinion is not in his original	
19	report, which does not analyze . In addition, the new	
20	opinion lacks foundation. Fed. R. Evid. 701-02.	
21	d. Mr. Smith now opines that	
22	E.g., id. ¶¶ 159, 160, and 162. Mr. Smith asserts that this "re-stat[es] my original opinion," (id. ¶	
23	162), but his original report did not include that opinion. To the contrary, he had proposed	
24		
25	ECF No. 197-8, Ex. 9 ¶ 129.	
26	e. Mr. Smith now opines that his primary criticism of the rearview camera is that it	
27		
28	<sup>1</sup> These objections are timely under Local Rule 7-3(d)(1) because Plaintiffs' unredacted reply papers were served vi email on May 2, 2016.	

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1	. Surrebuttal Rpt. ¶ 93. But in his original report, Smith instead
2	principally focused on
3	f. Mr. Smith now opines that
4	
5	That opinion is not in his original report which, to the contrary, emphasized
6	
7	
8	g. Mr. Smith now opines that the
9	
10	That opinion is not found in his original report which, to the contrary, even
11	expressly
12	h. Mr. Smith now opines that he has identified "a solution to resolve
13	That opinion is not in his original report.
14	i. Mr. Smith now opines that
15	
16 17	That opinion is not in his original report.  2. Mr. Smith's Surrebuttal Report includes assertions about Ford's expert Dr. Kelly that are
18	2. Mr. Smith's Surrebuttal Report includes assertions about Ford's expert Dr. Kelly that are untrue and should be excluded under Fed. R. Evid. 401-03 & 701-02.
19	
20	a. Mr. Smith falsely states that "Dr. Kelly testified that he doesn't know much about
21	Dr. Kelly never said that he does not know much about Dr. Kelly testified at the cited
22	page that he has
23	
24	b. Mr. Smith falsely states that
25	
26	
27	Dr. Kelly actually testified that Mr. Smith was merely speculating that
28	

1	Dr. Kelly also stated (¶ 320) that Mr. Smith had no basis to conclude that other manufacturers	
2		
3	Objections to Craig Rosenberg Rebuttal Expert Report (Ex. 6 to Berman Reply Decl.):	
4	1. Dr. Rosenberg's new opinions (pp. 6 & 31) that there is a "relatively equal distribution of	
5	bugs, lag, and human factors across the MFT system" and "the distribution of these system flaws	
6	are present across all features" should be excluded as new opinions not in his opening report.	
7	Provenz, 102 F.3d at 1483; Tovar, 3 F.3d at 1273 n.3. The opinions also lack foundation and any	
8	disclosed scientific basis. Fed. R. Evid. 701-02; Daubert v. Merrell Dow Pharms., Inc., 509 U.S.	
9	579, 589, 597 (1993); Claar v. Burlington N. R.R., 29 F.3d 499, 502 (9th Cir. 1994) ("mere[ly]	
10	subjective beliefs or unsupported speculation" fails <i>Daubert</i> standard).	
11	2. Dr. Rosenberg's new opinion (pp. 14-15) that	
12	should be excluded as a new opinion not in his	
13	opening report. The opinion also lacks foundation because he admittedly did not examine any	
14	software versions included in the class other than version 3.5. Fed. R. Evid. 701(a), 702(b)-(d);	
15	see also ECF No. 226 at Ex. 62 (Rosenberg Tr. at 44:14-22, stating that he only reviewed MFT	
16	versions 3.5.1 and 3.7).	
17	3. Dr. Rosenberg's new opinion (p.31) that "potential owners and lessees had insufficient	
18	disclosure on the serious deficiencies of the MFT system prior to purchase" should be excluded as	
19	a new opinion not in his opening report. The opinion also lacks foundation because he offers no	
20	basis having for any expertise regarding disclosures. Daubert v. Merrell Dow Pharms., Inc., 43	
21	F.3d 1311, 1315 (9th Cir. 1995) ("Daubert II"). In addition, Dr. Rosenberg offers no	
22	scientifically recognized basis for his subjective opinion about disclosures. Fed. R. Evid. 701-02.	
23	4. Dr. Rosenberg's new opinion (p.31) that named plaintiffs' different uses all resulted in	
24	dissatisfaction "validates their generalizability to the [putative] class" should be excluded as a	
25	new opinion not in his opening report. The opinion also lacks foundation under Fed. R. Evid.	
26	701-02. He previously testified that he was offering no opinion on whether there was widespread	
27	mistrust or dislike of the MFT system. (Rosenberg Tr. at 63:8-21)	
28	5. Dr. Rosenberg's opinion (p.25) that it was	

1	lacks foundation and offers only speculation, even though he had access to the surveys'	
2	methodology and results and to declarations from Ford and Morpace (the survey company) abou	
3	the surveys' accuracy and methodology. Fed. R. Evid. 701-02.	
4	6. Like his initial report, Dr. Rosenberg's entire rebuttal report should be excluded because it	
5	contains opinions that do not fit Plaintiffs' breach-of-warranty and concealment theories of the	
6	case. Fed. R. Evid. 401-02, 702; Comcast Corp. v. Behrend, 133 S. Ct. 1426, 1433-35 (2013).	
7	Objections to Stefan Boedeker Rebuttal Expert Report (Ex. 41 to Berman Reply Decl.):	
8	1. Mr. Boedeker's rebuttal report (¶¶ 65 & 71, and App'x Table 2) includes an entirely new	
9	opinion purporting to present . It should be excluded	
10	as an improper reply opinion. <i>Provenz</i> , 102 F.3d at 1483; <i>Tovar</i> , 3 F.3d at 1273 n.3. This	
11	also lacks any reliable scientific basis because it fails to report the statistical	
12	significance (or lack thereof) of his estimates. Fed. R. Evid. 702; <i>Jones v. United States</i> , 933 F.	
13	Supp. 894, 900 (N.D. Cal. 1996), <i>aff'd</i> , 127 F.3d 1154 (9th Cir. 1997). Finally, it should be	
14	excluded because it does not fit Plaintiffs' allegations of uniform classwide impact. Fed. R. Evid.	
15	401-02, 702; Comcast, 133 S. Ct. at 1433-35. Even according to Mr. Boedeker's analysis,	
16		
17	. This disproves the classwide impact Plaintiffs assert.	
18	2. Mr. Boedeker's Rebuttal Report ¶ 14 cites new authorities as support for his conjoint	
19	analysis approach. This new evidence should be stricken as improper reply. <i>Provenz</i> , 102 F.3d at	
20	1483.	
21	Objections to Misleading Cites to Paul Taylor Depo. (Ex. 13 to Steve Berman Reply Decl.)	
22	1. In their Reply, Plaintiffs also provide incomplete and potentially misleading descriptions	
23	of the deposition testimony of Ford's expert, Dr. Paul Taylor. Ford objects to Plaintiffs' use of	
24	this testimony absent an opportunity for Ford to respond; "when one party has made use of a	
25	portion of a document, such that misunderstanding or distortion can be averted only through	
26	presentation of another portion," the other party may submit other parts that provide clarification	
27	and context. <i>United States v. Collicott</i> , 92 F.3d 973, 983 (9th Cir. 1996) (internal quotation	
28	omitted); cf. Fed. R. Evid. 106; Aslani v. Sparrow Health Sys., 2009 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 102142, at	

	II	
1	*72-74 (W.D. Mich. Nov. 3, 2009).	
2	Plaintiffs cite Dr. Taylor's testimony about limitations in his warranty-data analysis that	
3		
4		
5	ECF No. 250, Ex. 13 (Taylor Depo. at 288). But contrary to Plaintiffs' assertion, there is nothing	
6	"misleading" about Dr. Taylor's analysis, which is explicit about what it included. Further, as a	
7	legal matter, is irrelevant for the purpose it was offered because Plaintiffs' warranty	
8	claims require presentation of the vehicle to the dealer for <i>repairs</i> , not responding to an invitation	
9	to obtain an update Ford voluntarily offered. Fed. R. Evid. 403, 601. Plaintiffs also have no basis	
10	to attack as "misleading" the failure to include supposed dealer visits that resulted in no warranty	
11	service; visits without warranty service necessarily could not have been considered in Dr.	
12	Taylor's analysis of Ford's warranty records. <i>Id</i> .	
13	Plaintiffs also argue that Dr. Taylor "admitted that MFT has safety implications" but still	
14	denied an unreasonable safety risk	
15	Dr. Taylor's cited testimony is incomplete	
16	and taken out of context, and Ford objects to Plaintiffs' citations. Fed. R. Evid. 106, 401-03. Dr.	
17	Taylor's full testimony makes clear that while acknowledging that features like a rear-view	
18	camera can improve safety, his opinion about the lack of an unreasonable safety risk relies on	
19	quantifiable and ascertainable measures of safety, i.e., actual accident data, and not merely	
20	as Plaintiffs state. ECF	
21	No. 250, Ex. 13 (Taylor Depo. at 133, 177-78, 224-225, 227). Plaintiffs' questioning of Dr.	
22	Taylor based on hypotheticals and facts not in evidence, to which Ford objected, should be	
23	excluded. Fed. R. Evid. 401-03, 702.	
24		
25	Dated: May 12, 2016 O'MELVENY & MYERS LLP	
26	By: /s/ Randall W. Edwards	
27	Randall W. Edwards	
28	Attorneys for Defendant Ford Motor Company	