ORIGINAL

IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

In re

Chapter 11

Chapter 11

Case No. 10-11054 (KJC)

INTERNATIONAL, INC. et al.,

Debtors.

Jointly Administered

Re: Docket No. 12

INTERIM ORDER (I) AUTHORIZING DEBTORS TO
OBTAIN POSTPETITION FINANCING ON A SUPER-PRIORITY AND
PRIMING BASIS PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 105, 361, 362 AND 364 OF
THE BANKRUPTCY CODE, (II) GRANTING PRIMING LIENS AND SUPERPRIORITY CLAIMS TO POSTPETITION LENDERS PURSUANT TO SECTION 364(c)
AND (d) OF THE BANKRUPTCY CODE, (III) AUTHORIZING
THE DEBTORS TO USE CASH COLLATERAL PURSUANT TO SECTION 363
OF THE BANKRUPTCY CODE, (IV) GRANTING ADEQUATE PROTECTION
TO PREPETITION SECURED LENDERS PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 361,
362, 363, AND 364 OF THE BANKRUPTCY CODE, (V) MODIFYING THE
AUTOMATIC STAY, AND (VI) PRESCRIBING FORM AND MANNER OF NOTICE
AND SCHEDULING FINAL HEARING PURSUANT TO BANKRUPTCY RULE 4001

Upon the motion, dated March 31, 2010 (the "Motion") of Electrical Components

International, Inc. and its debtor affiliates, as debtors and debtors in possession (collectively,

"ECI" or the "Debtors"), pursuant to sections 105(a), 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 507 and 552 of
chapter 11 of title 11 of the United States Code (the "Bankruptcy Code") and Rules 2002, 4001,
6004 and 9014 of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure (the "Bankruptcy Rules") and the
corresponding local rules of this District (the "Local Rules"), (a) seeking entry of this Order (the
"Interim Order") and the Final Order (as hereinafter defined) that, among other things: (i)

¹ The Debtors in these chapter 11 cases, along with the last four (4) digits of each debtor's federal tax identification number, are: Electrical Components International, Inc. (4361); FP-ECI Holdings Company (4246); ECM Holding Company (7759); Noma O.P., Inc. (5495). The address for each of the Debtors is 1 City Place Drive, Suite 450, St. Louis, Missouri, 63141.

authorizes the Debtors to obtain postpetition financing, cash advances and other extensions of credit (collectively, the "DIP Loans") in an aggregate principal amount of up to \$25.0 million in the form of a delayed draw term loan facility consisting of (A) a \$17.0 million commitment (the "Interim Commitment") to be made available to the Debtors in one drawing upon the first practicable date following entry of this Interim Order and (B) an additional \$8.0 million commitment (the "Additional Commitment" and, together with the Interim Commitment, the "DIP Commitments") to be made available to the Debtors in one drawing upon or following entry of an order of this Court (the "Final Order") granting final authorization of the DIP Loans, pursuant to sections 105(a), 363 and 364 of the Bankruptcy Code, from the Postpetition Lenders (as defined below) by entering into that certain Senior Secured Super-Priority Debtor-In-Possession Credit Agreement on a super-priority and priming basis (as the same may be amended, restated, amended and restated, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time, the "Postpetition Credit Agreement"), 2 substantially in the form annexed to the Motion as Exhibit A, among Electrical Components International, Inc. ("Borrower"), as borrower, FP-ECI Holdings Company ("Holdings") and certain other direct and indirect affiliates of ECI (including all of the Debtors), as guarantors (collectively, the "Guarantors" and together with ECI, the "Postpetition Loan Parties"), the lenders from time to time parties thereto (the "Postpetition Lenders"), and UBS AG, Stamford Branch, as administrative agent and collateral agent (in such capacities and together with its successors, the "Postpetition Agent", and together with the Postpetition Lenders and other holders of Secured Obligations, the "Postpetition Secured Parties"); (ii) authorizes the Debtors to execute and enter into the Postpetition Credit Agreement and all other agreements, documents, notes or instruments required to be delivered by

² Unless otherwise defined herein, all capitalized terms used herein shall have the meanings ascribed to such terms in the Postpetition Credit Agreement.

or in connection with the Postpetition Credit Agreement, including, without limitation, the Loan Documents (collectively, the "Postpetition Financing Documents"); (iii) authorizes and directs each Debtor to grant, pursuant to sections 364(c) and 364(d) of the Bankruptcy Code, priming liens and super-priority administrative claims to and on behalf of and for the benefit of the Postpetition Agent and the Postpetition Lenders in all DIP Collateral (as defined below) in accordance with the Postpetition Financing Documents, this Interim Order and the Final Order to secure any and all of the Postpetition Obligations (as defined below); (iv) authorizes the Debtors to use "cash collateral," as such term is defined in section 363 of the Bankruptcy Code (the "Cash Collateral") and the proceeds of the DIP Loans, subject to the terms and conditions set forth in the Postpetition Credit Agreement, this Interim Order and the Final Order; (v) grants adequate protection to the Debtors' Prepetition Secured Parties (as defined below), whose liens and security interests are being primed by the DIP Loans, as more fully set forth in the Postpetition Financing Documents, this Interim Order and the Final Order; and (vi) modifies and vacates the automatic stay imposed by section 362 of the Bankruptcy Code to the extent necessary to implement and effectuate the terms and provisions of the Postpetition Financing Documents, this Interim Order and the Final Order and to permit the Postpetition Agent to enforce the Liens securing the Obligations arising under the Postpetition Financing Documents, this Interim Order and the Final Order and to pursue the rights and remedies thereunder; (b) requesting, pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 4001 and the applicable Local Rules, that an emergency interim hearing (the "Interim Hearing") on the Motion be held for the Court (as defined below) to consider entry of this Interim Order which, pending a final hearing on the Motion (the "Final Hearing"), authorizes the Debtors to obtain an emergency postpetition DIP Loan in a principal amount not to exceed \$17.0 million under the Postpetition Credit Agreement; and (c) requesting,

in accordance with Bankruptcy Rule 4001 and the applicable Local Rules, that this Court schedule the Final Hearing to be held before this Court to consider entry of the Final Order as set forth in the Motion and approve notice with respect thereto; and having considered the Motion and the Exhibits attached thereto, including, without limitation, the Postpetition Credit Agreement, the Declaration of David J. Webster in Support of Debtors' Chapter 11 Petitions and Request for First Day Relief, and the evidence submitted at the Interim Hearing; and in accordance with Bankruptcy Rules 2002, 4001(b), (c), and (d) and 9014 and all applicable Local Rules, due and proper notice of the Motion and the Interim Hearing having been given; an Interim Hearing having been held and concluded on April 1, 2010; upon consideration of all pleadings filed with this Court and all objections, if any, to the interim relief requested in the Motion having been withdrawn, resolved or overruled by the Court; and it appearing that approval of the interim relief requested in the Motion is necessary to avoid immediate and irreparable harm to the Debtors pending the Final Hearing and otherwise is fair and reasonable and in the best interests of the Debtors, their creditors, their estates and their equity holders, and is essential for the continued operation of the Debtors' business; and after due deliberation and consideration, and for good and sufficient cause appearing therefor:

THE COURT HEREBY FINDS, DETERMINES, ORDERS AND ADJUDGES AS FOLLOWS:³

A. <u>Commencement of the Cases</u>. On March 30, 2010 (the "**Petition Date**"), each of the Debtors filed a voluntary petition for relief under the Bankruptcy Code with the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware (the "**Court**") commencing these chapter 11 cases (the "**Cases**"). Pursuant to sections 1107 and 1108 of the Bankruptcy Code, the

³ Findings of fact shall be construed as conclusions of law, and conclusions of law shall be construed as finding of fact, pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 7052.

Debtors have retained possession of their property and are authorized thereby, as debtors-in-possession, to continue the operation and management of their businesses. No statutory committee of unsecured creditors (to the extent such committee is appointed, the "Committee"), trustee or examiner has been appointed in the Cases.

- B. <u>Jurisdiction and Venue</u>. This Court has core jurisdiction over the Cases, the Motion and the parties and property affected hereby pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 157(b) and 1334. This is a "core" proceeding within the meaning of 28 U.S.C. § 157(b)(2). The statutory predicates for the relief sought herein are sections 105, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 507 and 552 of the Bankruptcy Code, Bankruptcy Rules 2002, 4001, 6004 and 9014 and the applicable Local Rules. Venue of the Cases and proceedings on the Motion in this District is proper before this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1408 and 1409.
- C. Notice. The Debtors have provided notice of the emergency relief requested in the Motion and the Interim Hearing by facsimile, electronic mail, overnight courier or hand delivery to: (i) the Debtors' 30 largest unsecured creditors (on a consolidated basis); (ii) the Office of the United States Trustee for the District of Delaware (the "U.S. Trustee"); (iii) counsel to the Prepetition First Lien Agent (as defined below); (iv) counsel to the Prepetition Second Lien Agent (as defined below); (v) counsel to the Postpetition Agent; (vi) the Office of the United States Attorney for the District of Delaware; (vii) all other parties with recorded liens of record on assets of the Debtors as of the Petition Date (other than the Prepetition Secured Lenders) (as defined below); (viii) the Internal Revenue Service; (ix) all financial institutions at which the Debtors maintain deposit accounts; (x) the landlords for non-residential real properties occupied by the Debtors as of the Petition Date; and (xi) all parties signatory to the Plan Support Agreement (as defined below) (collectively, the "Notice Parties"). Under the circumstances,

such notice of the Motion, the relief requested therein and the Interim Hearing constitutes due and sufficient notice thereof and complies with Bankruptcy Rules 4001(b), (c) and (d) and the Local Bankruptcy Rules, and no further notice of the relief sought at the Interim Hearing and the emergency relief granted herein is necessary or required.

Debtors' Stipulations Regarding the Prepetition Financing Documents

- D. <u>The Prepetition First Lien Credit Agreement</u>. Without prejudice to the rights of parties in interest to the extent set forth in paragraph 34 below, the Debtors acknowledge, admit, confirm, stipulate and agree as of the Petition Date as follows:
 - (i) First Lien Credit Agreement. Pursuant to that certain Amended and Restated First Lien Credit Agreement, dated as of September 23, 2008 (as amended, restated, amended and restated, supplemented, or otherwise modified, the "Prepetition First Lien Credit Agreement"), by and among Borrower, as borrower, Holdings and the other Guarantors (as defined in the Prepetition First Lien Credit Agreement) party thereto, UBS AG, Stamford Branch, as administrative agent and collateral agent (in such capacities and together with its successors, the "Prepetition First Lien Agent"), and the lenders party from time to time thereto (collectively, the "Prepetition First Lien Lenders of Secured Obligations (as defined in the Prepetition First Lien Credit Agreement), the "Prepetition First Lien Secured Parties"), the Prepetition First Lien Lenders made loans, issued letters of credit and provided other financial accommodations to the Debtors.
 - (ii) <u>Prepetition First Lien Secured Obligations</u>. As of the Petition Date, the Debtors were truly and justly indebted to the Prepetition First Lien Secured Parties

pursuant to the First Lien Financing Documents (as defined below) without defense counterclaim or offset of any kind in the aggregate principal amount of not less than \$261,375,000 plus all accrued and unpaid interest thereon and any additional fees, costs, indemnities, expenses (including, without limitation, any attorneys', accountants', appraisers' and financial advisors' fees and expenses that are chargeable or reimbursable under the First Lien Financing Documents) and other amounts constituting Secured Obligations (as defined in the Prepetition First Lien Credit Agreement) now or hereafter due under the First Lien Financing Documents (collectively, the "Prepetition First Lien Secured Obligations").

Pursuant to the Security Documents (as defined in the Prepetition First Lien Credit
Agreement), including but not limited to that certain First Lien Security Agreement,
dated as of May 1, 2006 (as amended, restated, amended and restated, supplemented or
otherwise modified, the "Prepetition First Lien Security Agreement," and together
with the Prepetition First Lien Credit Agreement and all related Loan Documents (as
defined therein), the "First Lien Financing Documents"), among Borrower, Holdings
and the Guarantors (as defined therein) party thereto from time to time (collectively with
Holdings and Borrower, the "Prepetition First Lien Loan Parties"), and the Prepetition
First Lien Agent, the Prepetition First Lien Loan Parties granted to the Prepetition First
Lien Agent, for the benefit of itself, the Prepetition First Lien Lenders and the other
Prepetition First Lien Secured Parties, to secure the Prepetition First Lien Secured
Obligations, valid and perfected first-priority continuing liens on and security interests
(the "First-Priority Prepetition Liens") in substantially all of the Debtors' assets and

property (which for the avoidance of doubt includes Cash Collateral) and all proceeds, products, accessions, rents and profits thereof or in respect of any of the foregoing, in each case whether then owned or existing or thereafter acquired or arising, all as further described in the Prepetition First Lien Financing Documents. All collateral granted or pledged by the Debtors pursuant to any of the First Lien Financing Documents including, without limitation, the "Collateral" as defined in the Prepetition First Lien Security Agreement shall collectively be referred to herein as the "Prepetition First Lien Collateral". As of the Petition Date, the First-Priority Prepetition Liens (i) constitute valid, binding, enforceable and perfected first priority security interests in and liens on all of the Prepetition First Lien Collateral, including the Cash Collateral, (ii) were granted to, or for the benefit of, the Prepetition First Lien Secured Parties for fair consideration and reasonably equivalent value and (iii) are not subject to avoidance, reduction, disallowance, impairment, recharacterization or subordination pursuant to the Bankruptcy Code or applicable non-bankruptcy law (except for the priming expressly contemplated herein).

Obligations. The Prepetition Secured First Lien Obligations constitute the legal, valid and binding obligations of the Debtors, enforceable in accordance with the terms of the First Lien Financing Documents. The Debtors have no objections, setoffs, recoupments, offsets, defenses, cross-claims or counterclaims of any kind or nature to the Prepetition Secured First Lien Obligations. No portion of the Prepetition Secured First Lien Obligations, or any amounts previously paid to or on behalf of any of the Prepetition First Lien Secured Parties on account thereof or with respect thereto, are subject to avoidance,

reduction, disallowance, impairment, recharacterization, recovery, subordination, attack, offset, cross-claim, counterclaim, defense or "claim" (as defined in the Bankruptcy Code) of any kind pursuant to the Bankruptcy Code or applicable non-bankruptcy law.

(v) Release of Claims. Subject to the reservation of rights set forth in paragraph 34 below, each Debtor and its estate shall be deemed to have forever waived, discharged, and released the Prepetition First Lien Secured Parties, together with their respective affiliates, agents, attorneys, financial advisors, consultants, officers, directors, and employees (all of the foregoing, collectively, the "Prepetition First Lien Secured Party Releasees") of any and all "claims" (as defined in the Bankruptcy Code), crossclaims, counterclaims, causes of action, defenses, setoffs, recoupments, or other offset rights against any and all of the Prepetition First Lien Secured Party Releasees, whether arising at law or in equity, in connection with the Prepetition Secured First Lien Obligations, the First-Priority Prepetition Liens and any of the First Lien Financing Documents or any transaction contemplated thereby or in connection therewith, including, without limitation, (I) any recharacterization, subordination, avoidance, or other claim arising under or pursuant to section 105 or chapter 5 of the Bankruptcy Code, or under any other similar provisions of applicable state or federal law, and (II) any right or basis to challenge or object to the amount, validity, or enforceability of the Prepetition Secured First Lien Obligations, or the validity, enforceability, priority, or nonavoidability of the First-Priority Prepetition Liens securing the Prepetition Secured First Lien Obligations.

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- E. <u>Prepetition Second Lien Credit Agreement</u>. Without prejudice to the rights of parties in interest to the extent set forth in paragraph 34 below, the Debtors also acknowledge, admit, confirm, stipulate and agree as of the Petition Date as follows:
 - (i) Second Lien Credit Agreement. Pursuant to that certain Amended and Restated Second Lien Credit Agreement, dated as of September 23, 2008 (as amended, restated, amended and restated, supplemented or otherwise modified, the "Prepetition Second Lien Credit Agreement"), among Borrower, as borrower, Holdings and the other Guarantors (as defined in the Prepetition Second Lien Credit Agreement) party thereto, the lenders party from time to time thereto, (the "Prepetition Second Lien Lenders", and together with the Prepetition First Lien Lenders, the "Prepetition Lenders"), NexBank, SSB, 4 as administrative agent and collateral agent to the Prepetition Second Lien Lenders (in such capacities and together with its successors, the "Prepetition Second Lien Agent," and together with the Prepetition Second Lien Lenders and other holders of Secured Obligations (as defined in the Prepetition Second Lien Credit Agreement), the "Prepetition Second Lien Secured Parties") and other parties thereto, the Prepetition Second Lien Lenders made loans and provided other financial accommodations to the Debtors. For purposes of this Interim Order, (a) the Prepetition First Lien Agent and the Prepetition Second Lien Agent shall be referred to collectively as the "Prepetition Agents" and (b) the Prepetition First Lien Secured Parties and the Prepetition Second Lien Secured Parties shall be referred to collectively as the "Prepetition Secured Parties".

⁴ On or about April 4, 2009, UBS AG Stamford Branch resigned as Prepetition Second Lien Agent (as defined below) and was replaced by NexBank, SSB.

- (ii) Prepetition Second Lien Secured Obligations. As of the Petition Date, the Debtors were truly and justly indebted to the Prepetition Second Lien Secured Parties pursuant to the Second Lien Financing Documents (as defined below) without defense, counterclaim or offset of any kind in the aggregate principal amount of not less than \$60,000,000 plus all accrued and unpaid interest thereon and any additional fees, costs, indemnities, expenses (including, without limitation, any attorneys', accountants', appraisers' and financial advisors' fees and expenses that are chargeable or reimbursable under the Second Lien Financing Documents) and other amounts constituting Secured Obligations (as defined in the Prepetition Second Lien Credit Agreement) now or hereafter due under the Second Lien Financing Documents (collectively, the "Prepetition Second Lien Secured Obligations", and together with the Prepetition First Lien Obligations, the "Prepetition Secured Obligations") are due and owing by the Debtors.
- (iii) Second-Priority Prepetition Liens and Second Lien Collateral. Pursuant to the Security Documents (as defined in the Prepetition Second Lien Credit Agreement), including but not limited to that certain Second Lien Security Agreement, dated as of May 1, 2006 (as amended, restated, amended and restated, supplemented, or otherwise modified, the "Prepetition Second Lien Security Agreement," and together with the Prepetition Second Lien Credit Agreement and all related Loan Documents (as defined therein), the "Second Lien Financing Documents" and, together with the First Lien Financing Documents, the "Prepetition Financing Documents"), among Holdings, the Borrower, and the Guarantors (as defined therein) party thereto from time to time (collectively, with Holdings and Borrower, the "Prepetition Second Lien Loan

Parties"), and the Prepetition Second Lien Agent, the Prepetition Second Lien Loan Parties granted the Prepetition Second Lien Agent, for the benefit of itself, the Prepetition Second Lien Lenders and the other Prepetition Second Lien Secured Parties to secure the Prepetition Second Lien Secured Obligations, valid and perfected second-priority continuing liens on and security interests in (the "Second-Priority Prepetition Liens" and, together with the First-Priority Prepetition Liens, the "Prepetition Liens") the Prepetition First Lien Collateral all as further described in the Prepetition Second Lien Financing Documents (collectively, the "Prepetition Second Lien Collateral" and together with the Prepetition First Lien Collateral, the "Prepetition Collateral). As of the Petition Date, the Second-Priority Prepetition Liens (i) constitute valid, binding, enforceable and perfected second priority security interests in and liens on all of the Prepetition Second Lien Collateral, including the Cash Collateral, (ii) were granted to, or for the benefit of, the Prepetition Second Lien Secured Parties for fair consideration and reasonably equivalent value and (iii) are not subject to avoidance, reduction, disallowance, impairment, recharacterization, recovery or subordination by the Debtors pursuant to the Bankruptcy Code or applicable non-bankruptcy law (except for the priming expressly contemplated herein).

(iv) Prepetition Secured Second Lien Obligations are Legal, Valid and Binding Obligations. The Prepetition Secured Second Lien Obligations constitute the legal, valid and binding obligations of the Debtors, enforceable in accordance with the terms of the Second Lien Financing Documents. The Debtors have no objections, setoffs, recoupments, offsets, defenses, cross-claims or counterclaims of any kind or nature to the Prepetition Secured Second Lien Obligations. No portion of the Prepetition Secured

Second Lien Obligations, or any amounts previously paid to or on behalf of any of the Prepetition Second Lien Secured Parties on account thereof or with respect thereto, are subject to avoidance, reduction, disallowance, impairment, recharacterization, subordination, attack, offset, cross-claim, counterclaim, defense, or "claim" (as defined in the Bankruptcy Code) of any kind pursuant to the Bankruptcy Code or applicable non-bankruptcy law.

(v) Release of Claims. Subject to the reservation of rights set forth in paragraph 34 below, each Debtor and its estate shall be deemed to have forever waived, discharged, and released the Prepetition Second Lien Secured Parties, together with their respective affiliates, agents, attorneys, financial advisors, consultants, officers, directors, and employees (all of the foregoing, collectively, the "Prepetition Second Lien Secured Party Releasees", and together with the Prepetition First Lien Secured Party Releasees, the "Prepetition Secured Party Releasees") of any and all "claims" (as defined in the Bankruptcy Code), cross-claims, counterclaims, causes of action, defenses, setoff, recoupment, or other offset rights against any and all of the Prepetition Second Lien Secured Party Releasees, whether arising at law or in equity, in connection with the Prepetition Secured Second Lien Obligations, Second-Priority Prepetition Liens and any of the Second Lien Financing Documents or any transaction contemplated thereby or in connection therewith, including, without limitation, (I) any recharacterization, subordination, avoidance, or other claim arising under or pursuant to section 105 or chapter 5 of the Bankruptcy Code, or under any other similar provisions of applicable state or federal law, and (II) any right or basis to challenge or object to the amount, validity, or enforceability of the Prepetition Secured Second Lien Obligations, or the

validity, enforceability, priority, or non-avoidability of the Second-Priority Prepetition

Liens securing the Prepetition Secured Second Lien Obligations.

- F. <u>Cash Collateral</u>. The Debtors stipulate that all of the Debtors' cash, including the cash in their Cash Collection Accounts, wherever located, whether as original collateral or proceeds of other Prepetition Collateral, constitute the Cash Collateral of the Prepetition Agents and the Prepetition Lenders.
- G. <u>Default by the Debtors</u>. The Debtors acknowledge and stipulate that they are in default of their debts and obligations under the Prepetition Financing Documents.
- H. Purpose and Necessity of Financing. An immediate and critical need exists for the Debtors to obtain the DIP Loans and use Cash Collateral in order to continue the operation of their businesses, including, without limitation, for working capital and general corporate needs. The Debtors are unable to obtain adequate credit (i)(a) as unsecured credit or debt allowable under section 503(b)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, (b) in a form other than as an administrative expense pursuant to section 364(a) or (b) of the Bankruptcy Code, (c) as unsecured debt having the priority afforded by section 364(c)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, or (d) as debt secured only as described in section 364(c)(2) or (3) of the Bankruptcy Code, or (ii) on terms equal to or more favorable than those offered by the Postpetition Lenders under the Postpetition Financing Documents.
- I. <u>DIP Loans</u>; Good Cause. After considering all of their alternatives, the Debtors, in an exercise of their sound business judgment, have requested that, pursuant to the terms of the Postpetition Financing Documents, the Postpetition Lenders make the DIP Loans to the Debtors, and that the Prepetition Secured Parties consent, or do not object, to (i) the DIP Loans contemplated under the Postpetition Financing Documents, (ii) the use of the Cash Collateral, to

be used by the Debtors solely in accordance with the terms of the Postpetition Financing

Documents and the Budget and (iii) the granting of the DIP Liens (as defined below) having the priority and status contemplated by this Interim Order. The ability of the Debtors to continue their businesses under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code depends upon the Debtors obtaining the DIP Loans under the Postpetition Financing Documents and using such Cash Collateral. The Postpetition Lenders are willing to make such loans and advances and provide such other financial accommodations only on a super-priority and priming first priority secured basis, as more particularly described herein, pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Postpetition Financing Documents and this Interim Order. Accordingly, the relief requested in the Motion is necessary, essential and appropriate for the continued operation of the Debtors' businesses, the management and preservation of their assets and properties, and is in the best interests of the Debtors, their estates and creditors.

J. Good Faith Negotiations. Based upon the record before the Court, (i) the terms of the use of the Cash Collateral as provided in this Interim Order and (ii) the terms of the Postpetition Financing Documents, pursuant to which the DIP Loans will be made or provided to the Debtors by the Postpetition Lenders, have been negotiated by the Prepetition Secured Parties and the Postpetition Secured Parties (as the case may be) at arm's length and in "good faith," as that term is used in section 364(e) of the Bankruptcy Code, and are in the best interests of the Debtors, their estates and creditors. The Postpetition Secured Parties are extending financing under the Postpetition Financing Documents to the Debtors in good faith and the Prepetition Secured Parties are permitting the use of their Cash Collateral, in good faith, and consequently, the Postpetition Secured Parties and the Prepetition Secured Parties are entitled to the protections of the provisions of section 364(e) of the Bankruptcy Code in the event this Interim Order or any

other order or any provision hereof or thereof is vacated, reversed, amended or modified, on appeal or otherwise.

- K. No Objection to Priming and Use of Cash Collateral by Prepetition First Lien

 Lenders. The Prepetition First Lien Agent and the other Prepetition First Lien Secured Parties

 have either consented, or not objected, to (i) the priming of the First-Priority Prepetition Liens by
 the DIP Liens on the terms and conditions set forth in the Postpetition Financing Documents and
 this Interim Order and (ii) the Debtors' use of the Cash Collateral. Based upon the Motion and
 the record presented to the Court at the Interim Hearing, the terms of the adequate protection
 arrangements, use of Cash Collateral and the DIP Loans contemplated hereby are fair and
 reasonable, reflect the Debtors' prudent exercise of business judgment and constitute reasonably
 equivalent value and fair consideration.
- L. <u>Intercreditor Agreement</u>. The Prepetition First Lien Agent, as collateral agent for the First Lien Obligations (as such term is defined in the Intercreditor Agreement), and the Prepetition Second Lien Agent, as collateral agent for the Second Lien Obligations (as such term is defined in the Intercreditor Agreement) are parties to that certain Intercreditor Agreement, dated as of May 1, 2006 (as amended, restated, amended and restated, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time, the "**Intercreditor Agreement**"). The Intercreditor Agreement constitutes a "subordination agreement" under Section 510(a) of the Bankruptcy Code and is enforceable on its terms.
- M. <u>Budget</u>. The Debtors have represented that the Budget is achievable and will allow the Debtors to operate their Cases as a going concern. The Postpetition Lenders are relying on the Debtors' compliance with the Budget in accordance with the terms of the Postpetition Credit Agreement and this Interim Order in determining to enter into the

Postpetition Financing Documents and to authorize the use of Cash Collateral. The Budget is attached as Exhibit A to this Interim Order.

- N. <u>Section 552</u>. In light of the subordination of their Liens and super-priority administrative claims to (i) the Carve-Out (as defined below) in the case of the Postpetition Secured Parties, and (ii) the Carve-Out and the DIP Liens in the case of the Prepetition Secured Parties, each of the Postpetition Secured Parties and the Prepetition Secured Parties is entitled to all of the rights and benefits of section 552(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, and the "equities of the case" exception shall not apply.
- O. <u>Plan Support Agreement</u>. Pursuant to that certain Plan Support Agreement dated as of February 12, 2010 (the "Plan Support Agreement"), among the Debtors, the Prepetition First Lien Agent, the Prepetition Second Lien Agent and the Consenting Parties (as defined in the Plan Support Agreement), among other things, (x) the Debtors agreed to file and use commercially reasonable efforts to obtain approval and confirmation of, and to consummate, the Plan (as defined in the Plan Support Agreement), the principal terms of which are described in the Plan Support Agreement pursuant to the timetable set forth therein, (y) the non-Debtor parties thereto agreed to vote to accept the Plan, and to support the confirmation and consummation of the Plan and all transactions contemplated thereby, and (z) certain parties thereto agreed to provide commitments to provide the Exit Facilities (as defined in the Plan Support Agreement), to purchase the New Equity Securities (as defined in the Plan Support Agreement) and to elect the Cash Election (as defined in the Plan Support Agreement), all as further described in the Plan Support Agreement. In addition, the parties to the Plan Support Agreement have consented to, and agreed not to directly or indirectly object or oppose, and have otherwise acknowledged and agreed that the terms and conditions of the Postpetition Credit

Agreement are reasonably satisfactory to such parties. Nothing in this Interim Order shall modify any parties' rights or obligations under the Plan Support Agreement.

NOW, THEREFORE, on the Motion and the record before this Court with respect to the Motion, and with the consent or deemed consent of the Debtors, the Postpetition Secured Parties and the Prepetition Secured Parties to the form and entry of this Interim Order, and good and sufficient cause appearing therefor,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED:

1. <u>Disposition</u>. The Motion is granted in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in this Interim Order and the Postpetition Financing Documents. Any objections to the relief sought in the Motion that have not been previously resolved, settled or withdrawn, and all reservations of right included therein, are hereby denied and overruled on their merits. This Interim Order shall become effective immediately upon its entry.

Approval of DIP Loans, Postpetition Financing Documents and Authorization to Use Cash Collateral

2. <u>Borrowing Authorization</u>. The Debtors are hereby expressly and immediately (i) authorized to enter into the Postpetition Credit Agreement, substantially in the form filed with the Court, with such modifications as permitted by this Interim Order, and the other Postpetition Financing Documents and (ii) authorized to borrow funds, incur debt, reimbursement obligations and other obligations, grant Liens, make deposits, provide guarantees and indemnities and perform their obligations solely in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Postpetition Financing Documents and this Interim Order. The Postpetition Financing Documents may be amended, restated, amended and restated, supplemented or otherwise modified or the provisions thereof waived in accordance with their terms, without further order of this Court; provided,

however, that notice of any (i) increase in the aggregate of the DIP Commitments, (ii) increase in the applicable interest rates, other than increases described in the Motion or provided for in the Postpetition Financing Documents as filed with this Court, or (iii) modification of the maturity of the Obligations, financial covenants or financial events of default that are on terms materially more onerous or burdensome to the Debtors, other than modifications described in the Motion or in the Postpetition Financing Documents as filed with this Court, shall be provided to the U.S. Trustee, counsel to the Committee, if any, and counsel to the respective Prepetition Agents, each of which shall have five (5) days from the delivery of such notice within which to object in writing to such amendment, modification or supplement, and upon any such timely written objection, such amendment, modification or supplement shall only be permitted following entry of an order of this Court approving or authorizing such amendment, modification or supplement. For purposes of this Interim Order, all amounts owed to the Postpetition Secured Parties under or in connection with the Postpetition Financing Documents, including, without limitation, all Secured Obligations, loans, advances, and other indebtedness, obligations in respect of indemnity claims, whether contingent or otherwise, and fees and amounts, including, without limitation, any attorneys', accountants', appraisers' and financial advisors' fees and expenses that are chargeable or reimbursable under the Postpetition Financing Documents, owing from time to time under or in connection with the Postpetition Financing Documents, and any and all other obligations at any time incurred by any of the Debtors to any of the Postpetition Secured Parties under the Postpetition Financing Documents, are defined and referred to herein as the "Postpetition Obligations."

3. <u>Postpetition Financing Documents Valid, Binding and Enforceable Against the Debtors.</u> Upon execution and delivery of the Postpetition Financing Documents, the Postpetition

Financing Documents shall constitute legal, valid and binding obligations of the Debtors, enforceable against the Debtors in accordance with their terms; provided, however, that notwithstanding any other provision of this Interim Order or the Postpetition Financing Documents, the Debtors shall not, prior to entry of the Final Order or such other further orders as this Court may enter, incur Postpetition Obligations in the aggregate principal amount of more than \$17.0 million.

4. Authorization to Use Prepetition Secured Parties' Cash Collateral. Subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this Interim Order, the Debtors are authorized, pursuant to section 363 of the Bankruptcy Code, to use the Cash Collateral for the period of time from the date hereof until the earliest to occur of: (i) the termination of the DIP Commitments or acceleration of the Postpetition Obligations as set forth in the Postpetition Credit Agreement; (ii) this Interim Order ceases to be in full force and effect; (iii) immediately upon delivery of written notice to the Debtors by the Postpetition Agent of any breach or default by the Debtors of the terms and provisions of this Interim Order, which breach or default has not been cured by the Debtors or waived in a manner consistent with the terms and conditions of the Postpetition Credit Agreement; (iv) immediately upon delivery of written notice to the Debtors by the Postpetition Agent of an Event of Default under the Postpetition Credit Agreement, which Event of Default has not been cured by the Debtors or waived in a manner consistent with the terms and conditions of the Postpetition Credit Agreement; or (v) the conversion of any of the Cases to a chapter 7 case or appointment of a trustee or examiner with expanded powers (each such event described in (i) through (v) above being a "Cash Collateral Termination Event"). The Debtors' authority to use the Cash Collateral shall automatically terminate on a Cash Collateral Termination Event without further order or relief from the Court

- 5. <u>Use of Proceeds of DIP Loans and Cash Collateral</u>. Subject to the execution and effectiveness of the Postpetition Credit Agreement and at all times subject to the terms and conditions of the Postpetition Credit Agreement, the other Postpetition Financing Documents and this Interim Order, the Debtors are authorized to use Cash Collateral and the proceeds of the DIP Loans made under or in connection with the Postpetition Financing Documents subject to, and used in a manner consistent with, the Budget solely for payment of (i) postpetition and approved prepetition operating expenses and other working capital, general corporate needs and financing requirements of the Debtors, (ii) certain transaction fees, costs and expenses (including any fees payable in connection with the Postpetition Financing Documents), (iii) certain other costs and expenses of administration of the Cases and (iv) certain other amounts otherwise permitted under this Interim Order or the Postpetition Financing Documents. From and after the Petition Date, amounts loaned and advanced under or in connection with the Postpetition Financing Documents and all proceeds of DIP Collateral and Prepetition Collateral including, without limitation, all of the Debtors' existing or future cash and Cash Collateral (collectively, "Lender Funds"), shall not, directly or indirectly, be used to pay expenses of the Debtors or otherwise disbursed except for those expenses and/or disbursements that are expressly permitted under the Budget and pursuant to this Interim Order and/or the Postpetition Financing Documents. Except as set forth in this paragraph, the Postpetition Secured Parties have not consented or agreed to the use of Lender Funds.
- 6. <u>Limitations on Use of Lender Funds</u>. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, no Lender Funds (including, without limitation, any portion of the Carve-Out) may be used directly or indirectly by any of the Debtors, the Committee, if one is appointed, or any other person or entity to: (a) request authorization to obtain postpetition loans or other financial

accommodations pursuant to Bankruptcy Code section 364(c) or (d), or otherwise, other than from the Postpetition Secured Parties pursuant to the Postpetition Financing Documents; (b) seek authorization for any party to use any of the Cash Collateral of the Postpetition Secured Parties or the Prepetition Secured Parties except as set forth in this Interim Order; (c) investigate, assert, join, commence, support or prosecute any action for any claim, counterclaim, action, proceeding, application, motion, objection, defense, or other contested matter seeking any order, judgment, determination or similar relief against, or adverse to the interests of, in any capacity, any or all of the Postpetition Secured Parties, the Prepetition Secured Parties and their respective officers, directors, employees, agents, attorneys, affiliates, assigns, or successors, with respect to any transaction, occurrence, omission, action or other matter (including formal discovery proceedings in anticipation or in connection thereof), including, without limitation, (i) any Avoidance Actions (as defined below) or other actions arising under chapter 5 of the Bankruptcy Code, (ii) any so-called "lender liability" claims and causes of action, (iii) any action with respect to the amount, validity, enforceability, perfection, priority, characterization and extent of or asserting any defense, counterclaim or offset to the Postpetition Obligations or the Prepetition Secured Obligations, or the validity, extent, priority, enforceability, perfection and characterization of the DIP Liens or the Prepetition Liens (or the value of any of the DIP Collateral or Prepetition Collateral), (iv) any action seeking to invalidate, set aside, avoid or subordinate, in whole or in part, the DIP Liens, the Prepetition Liens, the Postpetition Obligations or the Prepetition Secured Obligations, (v) except to contest the occurrence and/or continuation of any Event of Default as permitted in paragraph 21 hereof, any action seeking, or having the effect of, preventing, hindering or otherwise delaying any or all of the Postpetition Secured Parties' or Prepetition Secured Parties' assertion, enforcement or realization of remedies

with respect to the Cash Collateral, the DIP Collateral or the Prepetition Collateral, as applicable, in accordance with the Postpetition Financing Documents, the Prepetition Financing Documents or this Interim Order, and (vi) any action seeking to modify any of the rights, remedies, priorities, privileges, protections and benefits granted to any or all of the Postpetition Secured Parties or the Prepetition Secured Parties hereunder or under the Postpetition Financing Documents or the Prepetition Financing Documents; provided, however, without prejudice to the rights of parties in interest to the extent set forth in paragraph 34 below, that nothing herein shall limit or otherwise affect the ability of the Committee, if any, or any other party-in-interest to investigate (but not prosecute) the extent, validity and priority of the Prepetition Secured Obligations or Prepetition Liens in any manner; provided, further, however, that the aggregate amount of the Lender Funds used by any Committee and its counsel in investigating the Prepetition Secured Obligations or Prepetition Liens may not exceed \$40,000.

7. Payment of Interest, Fees, Costs and Expenses in Connection with Postpetition Financing Documents. The Postpetition Obligations shall bear interest at the rates, and be due and payable (and paid), as set forth in, and in accordance with the terms and conditions of, this Interim Order and the Postpetition Financing Documents, in each case without further notice, motion or application to, order of, or hearing before, this Court. Any and all fees, costs and expenses incurred, paid or required to be paid in connection with the Postpetition Financing Documents, including without limitation, all arranging fees, agency fees, facility fees, closing fees, administrative fees, commitment fees, and attorneys', financial advisors', appraisers' and accountants' fees, expenses and disbursements whether incurred, paid or required to be paid prepetition or postpetition, are hereby affirmed, ratified, authorized and payable (and any funds held by the Postpetition Agent and/or its professionals for payment of such fees, costs, expenses

and disbursements may be applied for payment) as contemplated in the Motion or contained or referenced in the Postpetition Financing Documents filed with the Court, shall not be subject to further approval of this Court and shall be non-refundable.

Granting of Priming Liens and Super-priority Administrative Expense Claims

- 8. Priming and Other Liens on the DIP Collateral.
- (a) Effective immediately upon the entry of this Interim Order, as collateral security for the payment and performance in full of all Postpetition Obligations, the Postpetition Agent (as provided in the Postpetition Financing Documents and for itself and the ratable benefit of the other Postpetition Secured Parties) is hereby granted the following Liens (which shall immediately, and without any further action by any Person, be valid, binding, permanent, perfected, continuing, enforceable and non-avoidable) on all property of the Debtors, now existing or hereinafter acquired, including, without limitation, all Pledged Collateral (as defined in the Postpetition Security Agreement (as defined below)), all Cash Collateral, cash and cash equivalents (whether maintained with the Postpetition Agent or otherwise), and any investment in such cash or cash equivalents, money, inventory, goods, accounts receivable, other rights to payment, intercompany loans and other investments, investment property, contracts, contract rights, properties, plants, equipment, machinery, general intangibles, payment intangibles, accounts, deposit accounts, documents, instruments, chattel paper, documents of title, letters of credit, letter of credit rights, supporting obligations, leases and other interests in leaseholds, real property, fixtures, patents, copyrights, trademarks, trade names, other intellectual property, intellectual property licenses, capital stock of subsidiaries (subject to the restriction set forth below), tax and other refunds, insurance proceeds, commercial tort claims, membership interests and other equity ownership interests, in joint ventures and other non-wholly owned entities affiliated with the Debtors (collectively, the "Joint Venture Entities") (subject to the

restrictions set forth below), Avoidance Actions (as defined below and solely upon entry of the Final Order), all other Collateral and all other "property of the estate" (within the meaning of the Bankruptcy Code) of any kind or nature, real or personal, tangible, intangible or mixed, now existing or hereafter acquired or created, and all rents, products, substitutions, accessions, profits, replacements and cash and non-cash proceeds of all of the foregoing (except, in each case, Excluded Property as such term is defined in that certain Debtor-In-Possession Security Agreement by Borrower, as borrower, the Guarantors party thereto and the Postpetition Agent as collateral agent (the "Postpetition Security Agreement")); provided, however, that notwithstanding any provision herein or in any Postpetition Financing Documents to the contrary, no Debtor organized under U.S. law shall be required to pledge in excess of 66% of the voting capital stock of its direct foreign subsidiaries if such investment would or could result in an increase in the net income or reduction in the net losses of a United States shareholder of such subsidiary pursuant to Section 951 (or a successor provision) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (as amended from time to time) as reasonably determined by the Debtors (all of the foregoing collateral collectively referred to as the "DIP Collateral," and all such Liens granted to the Postpetition Agent as provided in the Postpetition Financing Documents and for the ratable benefit of the Postpetition Secured Parties pursuant to this Interim Order and the Postpetition Financing Documents, the "DIP Liens"):

(I) pursuant to section 364(c)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code, a perfected, binding, continuing, enforceable, non-avoidable, first priority Lien on all unencumbered DIP Collateral, including, without limitation, but subject to entry of the Final Order, the Debtors' claims and causes of action under sections 502(d), 544, 545, 547, 548, 549, 550 and 553 of the Bankruptcy Code, and any other avoidance or similar action under the Bankruptcy Code or similar federal or state law and the proceeds thereof ("Avoidance Actions"), whether received by judgment, settlement or otherwise,

- <u>provided</u>, <u>however</u>, that the Avoidance Actions shall be the last DIP Collateral used to repay the Postpetition Obligations;
- (II)pursuant to section 364(c)(3) of the Bankruptcy Code, a perfected, binding, continuing, enforceable, non-avoidable, junior Lien upon all DIP Collateral that is subject to (x) valid, enforceable, non-avoidable and perfected Liens in existence on the Petition Date and which are identified on Schedule 6.02(c) of the Postpetition Credit Agreement, and that after giving effect to any intercreditor or subordination agreement are senior to the Prepetition Liens securing the Debtors' obligations under the Prepetition Financing Documents, and (y) valid, enforceable and non-avoidable Liens in existence on the Petition Date that are perfected subsequent to the Petition Date as permitted by section 546(b) of the Bankruptcy Code and which are identified on Schedule 6.02(c) of the Postpetition Credit Agreement, and that after giving effect to any intercreditor or subordination agreement are senior to the Prepetition Liens securing the Debtors' obligations under the Prepetition Financing Documents, in each case other than, in the case of clause (II)(x) or (II)(y), Liens which are expressly stated to be primed by the Liens to be granted to the Postpetition Agent described in clause (III) below (subject to such exception, the "Prepetition Senior Liens"); and
- (III) pursuant to section 364(d)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, a perfected, binding, continuing, enforceable, non-avoidable, first priority, senior priming Lien on all DIP Collateral (including, without limitation, Cash Collateral) that is senior and priming to (x) the Prepetition Liens securing the Debtors' obligations under the Prepetition Financing Documents and (y) except for the Prepetition Senior Liens, any other Liens in favor of any other person or entity, including, without limitation, all Liens junior to the Prepetition Liens (the Liens referenced in clauses (x) and (y), collectively, the "**Primed Liens**"), which Primed Liens, together with any Liens granted on or after the Petition Date to provide adequate protection in respect of any Primed Liens, shall be primed by and made subject and subordinate to the perfected first priority senior priming DIP Liens; provided, however, that the Liens described in this clause III shall be subject and subordinate to the Carve-Out and the Prepetition Senior Liens.
- (b) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Interim Order or the Postpetition Financing Documents, and for the avoidance of doubt, the DIP Liens granted to the Postpetition Administrative Agent for the ratable benefit of the Postpetition Secured Parties shall in each and every case be first priority senior Liens that (i) are subject only to the Prepetition Senior Liens and, to the extent provided in the provisions of this Interim Order and the Postpetition Financing Documents, shall also be subject to the Carve-Out, and (ii) except as provided in clause (i) above, are senior to all other prepetition and postpetition Liens of any other

person or entity (including, without limitation, the Primed Liens and the Adequate Protection Liens (as defined below)), except to the extent such other Liens are otherwise expressly permitted to be senior to the DIP Liens pursuant to the Postpetition Credit Agreement. The DIP Liens and the DIP Super-Priority Claims (as defined below) (i) shall not be subject to sections 510, 549, 550 or 551 of the Bankruptcy Code or subject to entry of the Final Order, section 506(c) of the Bankruptcy Code, or the "equities of the case" exception of section 552 of the Bankruptcy Code, (ii) shall not be subordinate to, or <u>pari passu</u> with, (x) any Lien that is avoided and preserved for the benefit of the Debtors and their estates under section 551 of the Bankruptcy Code, or (y) any intercompany or affiliate Liens of the Debtors, and (iii) shall be valid and enforceable against any trustee or any other estate representative appointed in the Cases, upon the conversion of any of the Cases to a case under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code or in any other proceedings related to any of the foregoing (each, a "Successor Case"), and/or upon the dismissal of any of the Cases. Except as otherwise expressly permitted pursuant to this Interim Order or the Postpetition Credit Agreement, no claim or Lien having a priority superior to or pari passu with those granted by this Interim Order with respect to the Postpetition Obligations shall be granted or allowed until (x) all Postpetition Obligations have been paid in full in cash and (y) all Commitments under the Postpetition Financing Documents have been irrevocably terminated (the conditions described in clauses (x) and (y), collectively, "Paid in Full" or "Payment in Full").

(c) The Postpetition Financing Documents shall constitute and evidence the valid and binding Postpetition Obligations of the applicable Debtors, which Postpetition Obligations shall be enforceable against such Debtors, their estates and any successors thereto (including, without limitation, any trustee or other estate representative in any Successor Case), and their

creditors, in accordance with their terms. No obligation, payment, transfer or grant of security under the Postpetition Credit Agreement, the other Postpetition Financing Documents or this Interim Order shall be stayed, restrained, voidable, avoidable or recoverable under the Bankruptcy Code or under any applicable law (including, without limitation, under sections 502(d), 544, 547, 548 or 549 of the Bankruptcy Code or under any applicable state Uniform Fraudulent Transfer Act, Uniform Fraudulent Conveyance Act or similar statute or common law), or subject to any avoidance, reduction, setoff, recoupment, offset, recharacterization, subordination (whether equitable, contractual or otherwise) counterclaim, cross-claim, defense or any other challenge under the Bankruptcy Code or any applicable law or regulation by any person or entity.

9. Super-priority Administrative Claims for Postpetition Lenders. In addition to the DIP Liens granted herein, effective immediately upon entry of this Interim Order, all of the Postpetition Obligations shall constitute allowed super-priority administrative expense claims pursuant to section 364(c)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, which shall have priority, subject only to the payment of the Carve-Out to the extent specifically provided in the Postpetition Financing Documents and this Interim Order, over all administrative expense claims, adequate protection and other diminution claims, including the Adequate Protection Claims, unsecured claims and all other claims against the applicable Debtors, now existing or hereafter arising, of any kind or nature whatsoever, including, without limitation, administrative expenses or other claims of the kinds specified in, or ordered pursuant to, sections 105, 326, 328, 330, 331, 503(a), 503(b), 506(c) (subject to the entry of the Final Order), 507(a), 507(b), 546, 726, 1113 and 1114 or any other provision of the Bankruptcy Code, whether or not such expenses or claims may become secured by a judgment Lien or other non-consensual Lien, levy or attachment (the "DIP Super-

Priority Claims"). The DIP Super-Priority Claims shall for purposes of section 1129(a)(9)(A) of the Bankruptcy Code be considered administrative expenses allowed under section 503(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, shall be against each other Debtor on a joint and several basis, and shall be payable from and have recourse to all prepetition and postpetition property of the Debtors and all proceeds thereof, including, without limitation and upon entry of the Final Order, all Avoidance Actions. Other than as expressly provided pursuant to the Postpetition Credit Agreement and this Interim Order with respect to the Carve-Out, no costs or expenses of administration, including, without limitation, professional fees allowed and payable under sections 328, 330, and 331 of the Bankruptcy Code, or otherwise, that have been or may be incurred in these proceedings, or in any Successor Case, and no priority claims are, or will be, senior to, prior to or on a parity with the DIP Liens and the DIP Super-Priority Claims or the Postpetition Obligations, or with any other claims of the Postpetition Secured Parties arising hereunder.

- 10. <u>Carve-Out Expenses</u>. Subject to the terms and conditions contained in this paragraph 10, each of the DIP Liens, DIP Super-Priority Claims, Prepetition Liens, Adequate Protection Liens and Adequate Protection Claims (as defined below) shall be subject and subordinate to payment of the Carve-Out:
- (a) For purposes of this Interim Order, "Carve-Out" means, collectively: (i) all unpaid fees required to be paid in these Cases to the clerk of the Bankruptcy Court and to the office of the United States Trustee under 28 U.S.C. §1930(a), whether arising prior to or after the delivery of the Carve-Out Trigger Notice (as defined below); (ii) (x) all unpaid fees, costs and disbursements set forth in the Budget incurred by professionals retained by the Debtors or the Committee in these Cases (collectively, the "Professionals") (but excluding the fees and expenses of professionals retained by the individual members of any Committee), in each case,

that are incurred prior to the delivery by the Postpetition Agent of a Carve-Out Trigger Notice, are finally allowed by the Court under sections 105(a), 330 and 331 of the Bankruptcy Code, and that remain unpaid after application of available funds remaining in the Debtors' estates for payment of such Professionals, and (y) all unpaid fees, costs and disbursements of Professionals (but excluding the fees and expenses of professionals retained by individual members of any Committee) that are incurred after the delivery of a Carve-Out Trigger Notice, are finally allowed by the Court under sections 105(a), 330 and 331 of the Bankruptcy Code, and that remain unpaid after application of available funds remaining in the Debtors' estates for payment of such Professionals in an aggregate amount not to exceed \$1,000,000 (the "Carve-Out Cap"). The term "Carve-Out Trigger Notice" shall mean a written notice delivered by the Postpetition Agent to the Debtors' lead counsel, lead counsel to the Committee, if any, counsel to the respective Prepetition Agents and the U.S. Trustee, which notice may be delivered at any time following the occurrence and during the continuation of any Event of Default under the Postpetition Financing Documents, expressly stating that the Carve-Out and the Carve-Out Cap is invoked.

(b) Following delivery of the Carve-Out Trigger Notice, any payments actually made pursuant to Bankruptcy Code sections 327, 328, 330, 331, 503 or 1103 or otherwise, to such Professionals shall (i) not be paid from the proceeds of any Lender Funds, DIP Loans, DIP Collateral, Prepetition Collateral or Cash Collateral until such time as all retainers, if any, held by such Professionals have been reduced to zero (which reduction shall reduce the Carve-Out Cap on a dollar-for-dollar basis), and (ii) in the case of any payments made on account of any fees and expenses described in clause (ii)(y) of the definition of Carve-Out, including payments made from funds remaining in the Debtors' estates for payment of such Professionals, reduce the

Carve-Out Cap on a dollar-for-dollar basis. So long as no Carve-Out Trigger Notice has been delivered, the Debtors shall be permitted to pay compensation and reimbursement of expenses, as applicable, of the Professionals finally allowed and payable under sections 328, 330 and 331 of the Bankruptcy Code and in accordance with the Budget, as the same may be due and payable, and any such compensation and expenses previously paid, or accrued but unpaid, prior to the delivery of the Carve-Out Trigger Notice shall not reduce the Carve-Out or the Carve-Out Cap.

- (c) Notwithstanding any provision in this paragraph 10 to the contrary, no portion of the Lender Funds, Carve-Out, Cash Collateral, DIP Collateral, Prepetition Collateral or proceeds of the DIP Loans shall be utilized for the payment of professional fees and disbursements to the extent restricted under paragraph 6 hereof.
- (d) Nothing herein shall be construed as consent to the allowance of any professional fees or expenses of any of the Debtors, any Committee, any other official or unofficial committee in these Cases, or of any other person or entity, or shall affect the right of any Postpetition Secured Parties or Prepetition Secured Parties to object to the allowance and payment of such fees and expenses.
- 11. Waiver of Section 506(c) Claims. Subject to entry of the Final Order and as a further condition of the Postpetition Credit Agreement and any obligation of the Postpetition Secured Parties to make credit extensions pursuant to the Postpetition Financing Documents (and their consent to the payment of the Carve-Out to the extent provided herein), no costs or expenses of administration of the Cases or any Successor Case shall be charged against or recovered from or against any or all of the Postpetition Secured Parties, the Prepetition Secured Parties, the DIP Collateral, the Prepetition Collateral or the Cash Collateral pursuant to section 506(c) of the Bankruptcy Code or otherwise, without the prior written consent of the Postpetition

Agent or the respective Prepetition Agents, as applicable, and no such consent shall be implied from any other action, inaction, or acquiescence of any or all of the Postpetition Secured Parties or the Prepetition Secured Parties, as applicable, or otherwise.

- 12. After-Acquired Property. Except as otherwise provided in this Interim Order, pursuant to section 552(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, all property acquired by the Debtors on or after the Petition Date is not, and shall not be, subject to any Lien of any person or entity resulting from any security agreement entered into by the Debtors prior to the Petition Date including, without limitation, in respect of the Prepetition Financing Documents, except to the extent that such property constitutes proceeds of property of the Debtors that is subject to a valid, enforceable, perfected, and unavoidable Lien as of the Petition Date which is not subject to subordination under the Bankruptcy Code or other provisions or principles of applicable law.
 - 13. <u>Protection of Postpetition Secured Parties' Rights.</u>
- (a) Unless the Required Lenders under the Postpetition Credit Agreement, or such other Lenders as may be required under the Postpetition Credit Agreement, shall have provided their prior written consent or all Postpetition Obligations have been Paid in Full, there shall not be entered in these Cases, or in any Successor Case, any order which authorizes any of the following: (i) the obtaining of credit or the incurring of indebtedness that is secured by a security, mortgage, or collateral interest or other Lien on all or any portion of the DIP Collateral and/or that is entitled to administrative priority status, in each case which is superior to or <u>pari passu</u> with the DIP Liens, DIP Super-Priority Claims and the other priorities, protections and rights granted pursuant to this Interim Order to the Postpetition Secured Parties; or (ii) the use of Cash Collateral for any purpose other than Payment in Full of the Postpetition Obligations or as

otherwise permitted by the Budget and pursuant to this Interim Order and/or the Postpetition Financing Documents.

- (b) The Debtors (and/or their legal and financial advisors in the case of clauses (ii) through (iv) below, subject to attorney-client privilege and/or attorney work product privilege) will: (i) maintain books, records and accounts to the extent and as required by the Postpetition Financing Documents; (ii) cooperate, consult with, and provide to the Postpetition Agent and the Prepetition Agents all such information as required or allowed under the Postpetition Financing Documents, the Prepetition Financing Documents and the provisions of this Interim Order, as applicable; (iii) at reasonable times and as often as reasonably requested, permit representatives of the Postpetition Agent and the Prepetition Agents such rights to visit and inspect any of the Debtors' respective properties, to examine and make abstracts or copies from any of their respective books and records, to conduct a collateral audit and analysis of their respective inventory and accounts, to tour the Debtors' business premises and other properties, and to discuss, and provide advice with respect to, their respective affairs, finances, properties, business operations and accounts with their respective officers, employees and independent public accountants as and to the extent required by the Postpetition Financing Documents and the Prepetition Financing Documents, as applicable; and (iv) permit representatives of the Postpetition Agent and the Prepetition Agents to consult with the Debtors' management and advisors on matters concerning the general status of the Debtors' businesses, financial condition and operations.
- 14. <u>Proceeds of Subsequent Financing.</u> Without limiting the provisions and protections of paragraph 13 above, if at any time prior to the Payment in Full of all Postpetition Obligations (including subsequent to the confirmation of the Plan or any other Chapter 11 plan

or plans with respect to any of the Debtors), the Debtors' estates, any trustee, any examiner with enlarged powers or any responsible officer subsequently appointed shall obtain credit or incur debt pursuant to sections 364(b), 364(c), 364(d) or any other provision of the Bankruptcy Code in violation of the Postpetition Financing Documents or the terms and conditions of this Interim Order, then all of the cash proceeds derived from such credit or debt and all Cash Collateral shall immediately be turned over to the Postpetition Agent for application to, and until Payment in Full of, the Postpetition Obligations pursuant to the Postpetition Financing Documents.

15. <u>Cash Collection</u>. From and after the date of entry of this Interim Order, cash collections (including, but not limited to, payments from customers with respect to accounts receivable) constituting collections and proceeds of any DIP Collateral, Prepetition Collateral or services provided by any Debtor and all Cash Collateral which shall at any time come into the possession, custody or control of any Debtor, or to which any Debtor is now or shall become entitled to any time, shall be directed to lock-box and/or deposit accounts ("Cash Collection Accounts") under the sole dominion and control of the Postpetition Agent in accordance with the Postpetition Financing Documents, this Interim Order or otherwise pursuant to a structure satisfactory to the Postpetition Agent. The Pre-Petition Control Agreements (as defined in the Postpetition Credit Agreement) have been amended so as to effectively grant "control" (within the meaning of the Uniform Commercial Code) to the Postpetition Agent for the benefit of the Postpetition Secured Parties over all accounts subject thereto, including but not limited to the Cash Collection Accounts, and so as to perfect the Postpetition Secured Parties' Liens on and interests in such accounts. Subject to the provisions of paragraph 21 of this Interim Order, upon the direction of the Postpetition Agent at any time after the occurrence and during the continuance of an Event of Default, all proceeds in the Cash Collection Accounts shall be

remitted to the Postpetition Agent for application to, and until Payment in Full of, the

Postpetition Obligations pursuant to the applicable Postpetition Financing Documents, and the

Postpetition Agent shall be authorized to take all action that is necessary or appropriate to

effectuate the foregoing. Unless otherwise agreed to in writing by the Postpetition Agent, the

Debtors shall maintain no accounts except those specifically identified in any order of the Court

approving the Debtors' cash management system (the "Cash Management Order"). The

Debtors and the financial institutions where the Debtors' Cash Collection Accounts are

maintained (including those accounts identified in any Cash Management Order), are authorized

and directed to remit funds in such Cash Collection Accounts upon receipt of any direction to

that effect from the Postpetition Agent.

- 16. <u>Disposition of DIP Collateral</u>. The Debtors shall not sell, transfer, lease, encumber or otherwise dispose of any portion of the DIP Collateral without the prior written consent of the Postpetition Secured Parties in accordance with the Postpetition Financing Documents (and no such consent shall be implied from any other action, inaction or acquiescence by any Postpetition Secured Party or any order of this Court), except (i) as permitted in the Postpetition Financing Documents and this Interim Order and (ii) approved by the Court to the extent required under applicable bankruptcy law. Except to the extent otherwise expressly provided in the Postpetition Financing Documents, all proceeds from the sale, transfer, lease, encumbrance or other disposition of any DIP Collateral shall be remitted to the Postpetition Agent for application to, and until Payment in Full of, the Postpetition Obligations pursuant to the applicable Postpetition Financing Documents.
- 17. <u>DIP Collateral Rights</u>. In the event that any party who holds a Lien on the DIP Collateral that is junior and/or subordinate to any of the DIP Liens in such DIP Collateral

receives or is paid the proceeds of such DIP Collateral, or receives any other payment with respect thereto from any other source, prior to Payment in Full of all Postpetition Obligations under the Postpetition Financing Documents, then, except as otherwise permitted under the Postpetition Financing Documents, such junior or subordinate lienholder shall be deemed to have received, and shall hold, the proceeds of any such DIP Collateral in trust for the Postpetition Agent and the other Postpetition Secured Parties, and shall immediately turnover such proceeds to the Postpetition Agent for application to, and until Payment in Full of, the Postpetition Obligations pursuant to the Postpetition Financing Documents

18. Reservation of Rights of Prepetition Secured Lenders and Prepetition Agents. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, this Interim Order is without prejudice to, and does not constitute a waiver of, expressly or implicitly, the rights of the Prepetition Secured Lenders and the Prepetition Agents to seek modification of the grant of adequate protection provided hereby so as to provide different or additional adequate protection at any time, including prior to a Cash Collateral Termination Event, subject, however, in all respects to the terms of the Postpetition Financing Documents, the Plan Support Agreement, the Intercreditor Agreement and this Interim Order, and nothing herein shall affect the rights of any other party or entity to seek or oppose such modification of the grant of the adequate protection provided hereby; provided, however, that if any additional adequate protection claims, liens or other rights are awarded at any time to or for the benefit of any of the Prepetition First Lien Secured Parties or the Prepetition Second Lien Secured Parties, as applicable, such claims, liens and/or other rights shall be at all times junior in all respects to the claims and Liens granted to or for the benefit of the Postpetition Secured Parties and shall not affect the priority, validity, binding nature, enforceability or perfection of any of such claims and Liens granted to or for the benefit

of the Postpetition Secured Parties; <u>provided</u>, <u>further</u>, <u>however</u>, that the foregoing is without prejudice to the right of the Debtors or any other party in interest, including the Postpetition Secured Parties, to challenge any such request.

- 19. Termination of Authority to Borrow Funds. Notwithstanding anything herein or in the other Postpetition Financing Documents, on the Maturity Date of the Postpetition Credit Agreement the Debtors shall no longer, pursuant to this Interim Order, the Postpetition Financing Documents or otherwise, be authorized to borrow funds or incur indebtedness hereunder or under the Postpetition Financing Documents or to use any proceeds of the DIP Loans already received, including Cash Collateral (and any obligations of the Postpetition Lenders to make loans or advances hereunder or under the Postpetition Financing Documents automatically shall be terminated).
- 20. Survival of Rights, Remedies, Benefits and Protections. Notwithstanding anything herein or the occurrence of the Maturity Date under the Postpetition Credit Agreement, all of the rights, remedies, benefits and protections provided (i) to the Postpetition Secured Parties under this Interim Order and the other Postpetition Financing Documents, and (ii) to the Prepetition Secured Parties under this Interim Order, shall survive the Maturity Date. Upon such Maturity Date, the principal of and all accrued interest and fees and all other Postpetition Obligations shall be immediately due and payable and the Postpetition Secured Parties shall have all other rights and remedies provided in this Interim Order, the Postpetition Financing Documents and applicable law, subject to, solely in the case of exercising enforcement rights or remedies in respect of the DIP Collateral, the notice requirement set forth in paragraph 21 below if applicable.

Additional General Provisions

21. Rights and Remedies Upon Event of Default; Automatic Stay Modified. The automatic stay provisions of section 362 of the Bankruptcy Code are hereby vacated and modified, without requiring prior notice to or authorization of this Court, to the extent necessary to permit the Postpetition Secured Parties to exercise, upon the occurrence and during the continuation of any Event of Default, all rights and remedies provided for in the Postpetition Financing Documents and this Interim Order, and to take any or all of the following actions: (a) terminate the Debtors' use of Cash Collateral; (b) declare all Postpetition Obligations to be immediately due and payable whereupon such amounts shall be immediately due and payable without presentment, demand, protest or other formalities of any kind, all of which are hereby expressly waived by the Debtors; (c) terminate the Interim Commitment or the Additional Commitment and any unfunded DIP Commitments under the Postpetition Credit Agreement and terminate the Postpetition Financing Documents as to any future liability or obligation of the Postpetition Secured Parties but without affecting any of the Postpetition Obligations or the DIP Liens securing the Postpetition Obligations; (d) set off and apply immediately any and all amounts in Cash Collection Accounts and any other accounts maintained by the Debtors with any Postpetition Secured Parties against the Postpetition Obligations, and otherwise enforce rights or remedies against the DIP Collateral in the possession of any of the Postpetition Secured Parties for application towards the Postpetition Obligations; (e) reduce any claim to judgment; and (f) take any other actions or exercise any other rights or remedies permitted under this Interim Order, the Postpetition Financing Documents or applicable law to effect the repayment and satisfaction of the Postpetition Obligations; provided, however, that the Postpetition Agent shall provide three (3) business days written notice (by facsimile, telecopy, electronic mail or otherwise) to the U.S. Trustee, counsel to the Debtors, counsel to the respective Prepetition