

Honorable Marsha J. Pechman

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON
AT SEATTLE

11	ROBERT C. WARDEN,)	No: 2:09-cv-01686-MJP
12	Plaintiff,)	
13)	PLAINTIFF'S REPLY TO
14	vs.)	DEFENDANTS' RESPONSE RE
15)	MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY
16	GREGORY J. NICKELS and)	INJUNCTION
17	CITY OF SEATTLE,)	
18	Defendants.)	NOTED ON MOTION CALENDAR:
19	_____)	Friday, January 22, 2010

21 Plaintiff hereby replies to Defendants' January 19, 2010
22 Response (Dkt. No. 14).

23 In addition to the arguments already made in Plaintiff's
24 Motion for Preliminary Injunction (Dkt. No. 8), and in
25 Plaintiff's January 19, 2010 Response to Defendants' Motion to
26 Dismiss, which are hereby incorporated by reference, Plaintiff
27 asserts the following in direct reply to Defendants' January 19
28 Response:

29 Plaintiff's motives and reasons for presenting himself
30 armed with a concealed pistol at the Southwest Community Center
31 on November 14, 2009 are utterly irrelevant. The uncontested
32 fact is that Plaintiff was refused entry, and that such refusal
33 was based solely on Plaintiff's exercise of a fundamental

1 constitutional right.

2 It is irrelevant that Plaintiff does not regularly or
3 frequently carry a concealed pistol on Seattle Park property.
4 How often one chooses to exercise a right cannot coherently be
5 relevant to the legality of a policy that denies the right when
6 one does choose to exercise it. If an individual did not
7 regularly exercise a free speech right would that make it okay to
8 deny him that right when he did choose to exercise it?

9 Irreparable harm is experienced each and every time an
10 individual is improperly denied the exercise of a right. The
11 fact that other Seattle Parks properties may allow exercise of
12 the right is also irrelevant. Would a rule banning free speech
13 in some public parks be permissible so long as free speech were
14 permitted in other parks?

15 Though Plaintiff regretably misstated the applicable
16 legal standard for preliminary injunctive relief, Plaintiff has
17 already demonstrated that the new Winter standards are easily
18 met.

19 No evidence of irreparable harm or injury is necessary as
20 the fact of such is not reasonably in dispute - Plaintiff was
21 denied entry. On November 14, 2009 a right was denied that
22 cannot be monetarily compensated.

23 Statements made by Plaintiff in his deposition testimony
24 related to interpretation and/or applicability of law and caselaw

1 are obviously irrelevant. Whether or not a given statute or
2 precedent applies or not in a given situation is a determination
3 that is independent of Plaintiff's response to any question in a
4 deposition.

5 Defendants cite a 2009 survey of no demonstrated or even
6 suggested statistical significance or validity that purports to
7 suggest that only 4 percent of Seattle voters have concealed
8 pistol licenses. Assuming only for the sake of argument that
9 that is true, who cares? If only 4 percent of Seattle voters
10 wanted to exercise their right to peaceably assemble, would that
11 justify a policy forbidding peaceable assembly? I bet at least
12 some children are afraid of large crowds. Everyone knows that
13 large crowds of peaceably assembled persons can become
14 unpeaceful. Shall we just prohibit large crowds?

15 Defendants continue to hide behind absolutely baseless,
16 heart-string-pulling, smoke-and-mirrors rhetoric about children
17 and families. Where is the beef? Where is any evidence of any
18 kind that anyone is endangered in any way by lawful concealed
19 pistol carrying in Parks properties? Defendants advance the
20 trivially obvious fact that gun violence cannot happen without
21 guns. It is also uncontroversially true that young single males
22 commit the vast majority of all violent crimes. Would the city
23 be justified in simply banning all young single males from so-
24 called "sensitive" areas?

1 Defendants continually question Plaintiff's motives and
2 even personality traits. Defendants continually use empty
3 emotional arguments that have no rational basis or substance
4 behind them. Perhaps most offensively, Defendants continue to
5 claim that the preferences and bigotry of a purported majority
6 justifies significant abrogation of a fundamental individual
7 right. Defendants like to speak of irony. The ultimate irony in
8 this case is that this tyranny of the majority was invented and
9 implemented by a single municipal bureaucrat (Parks Department
10 head) at the direction of a single man who had already been
11 unequivocally voted out of office by the very majority he claims
12 to represent: Defendant Greg Nickels.

13 DATED this 22nd day of January, 2010.

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Respectfully submitted,

s/ Robert C. Warden

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