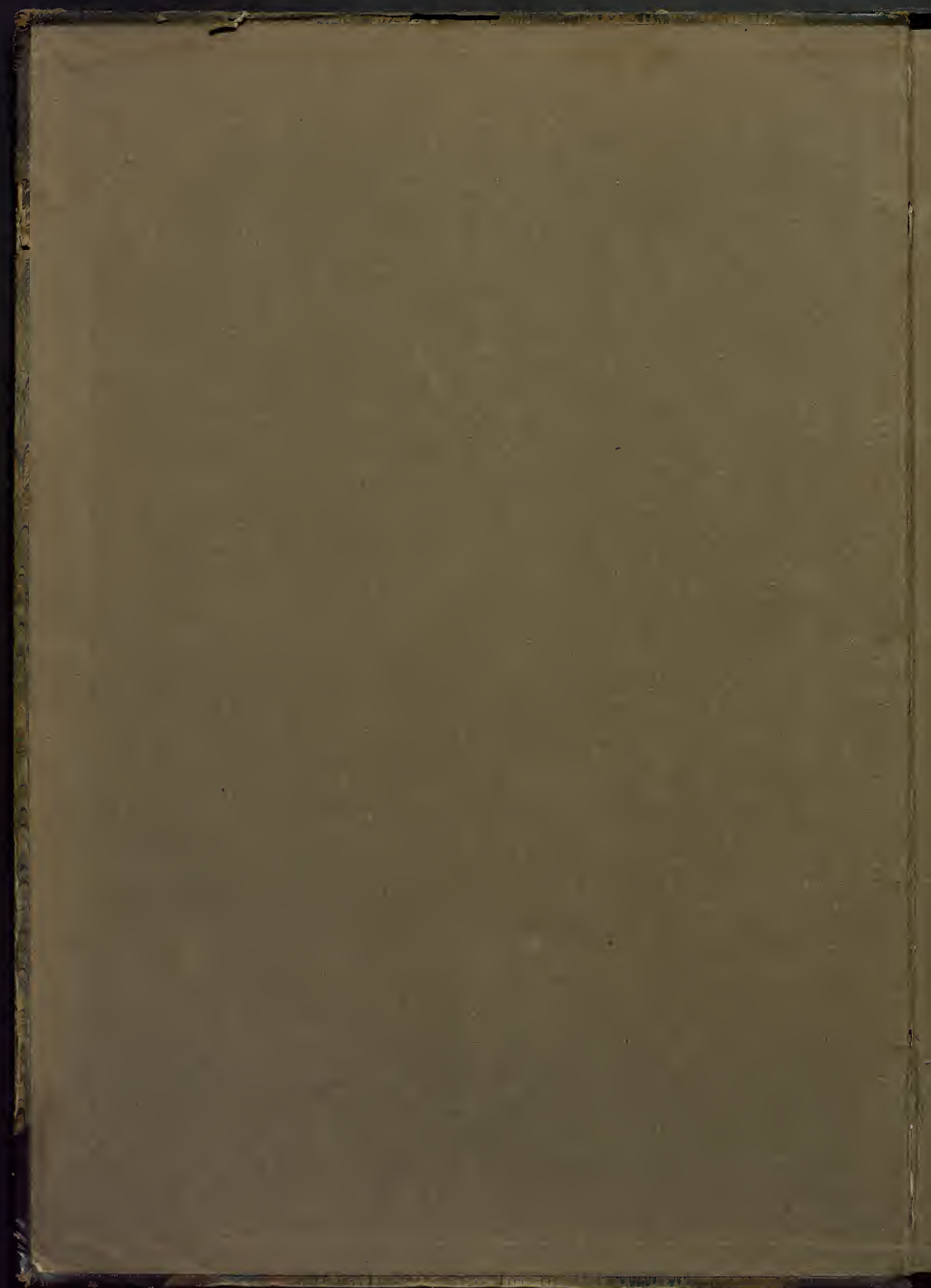
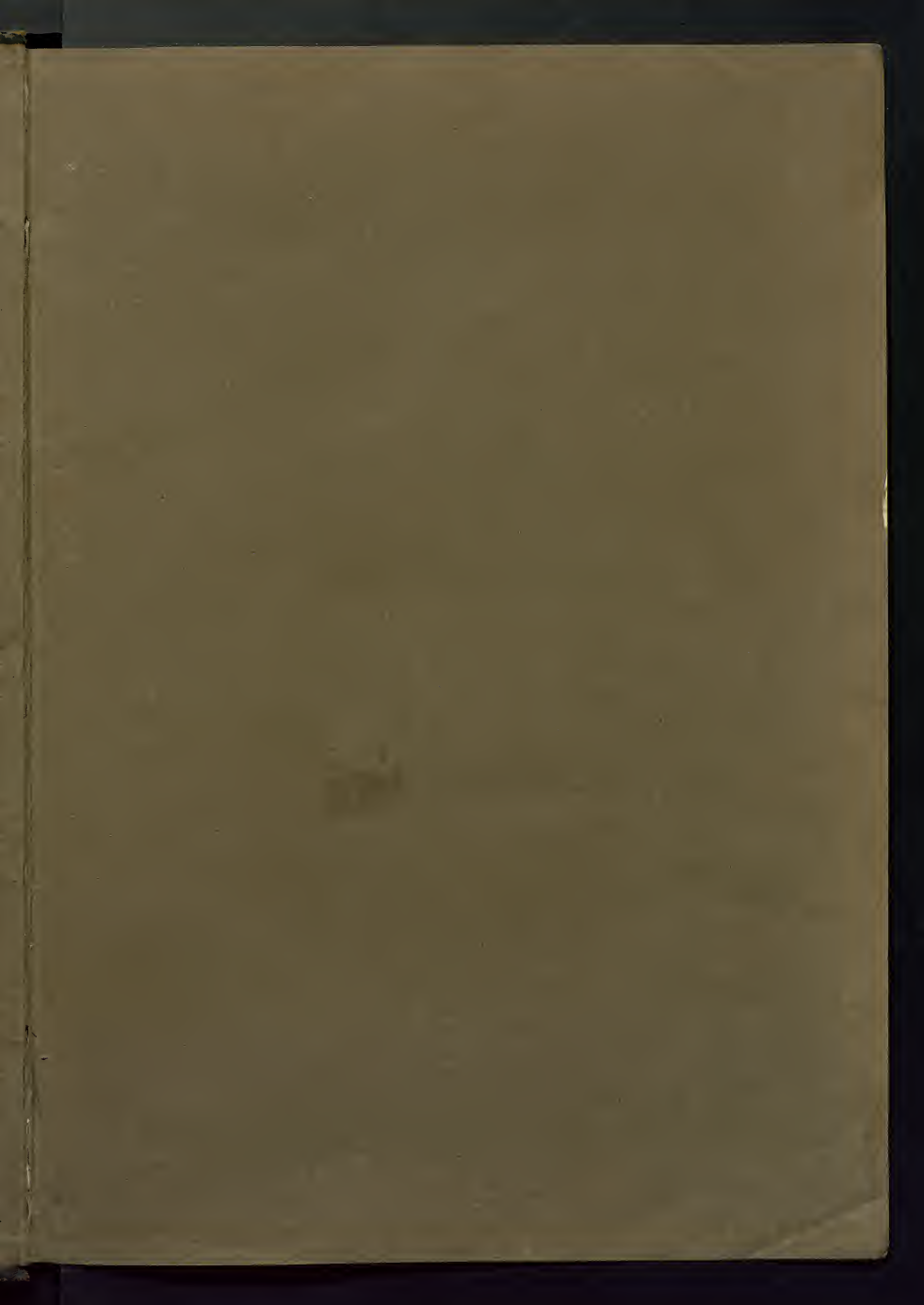




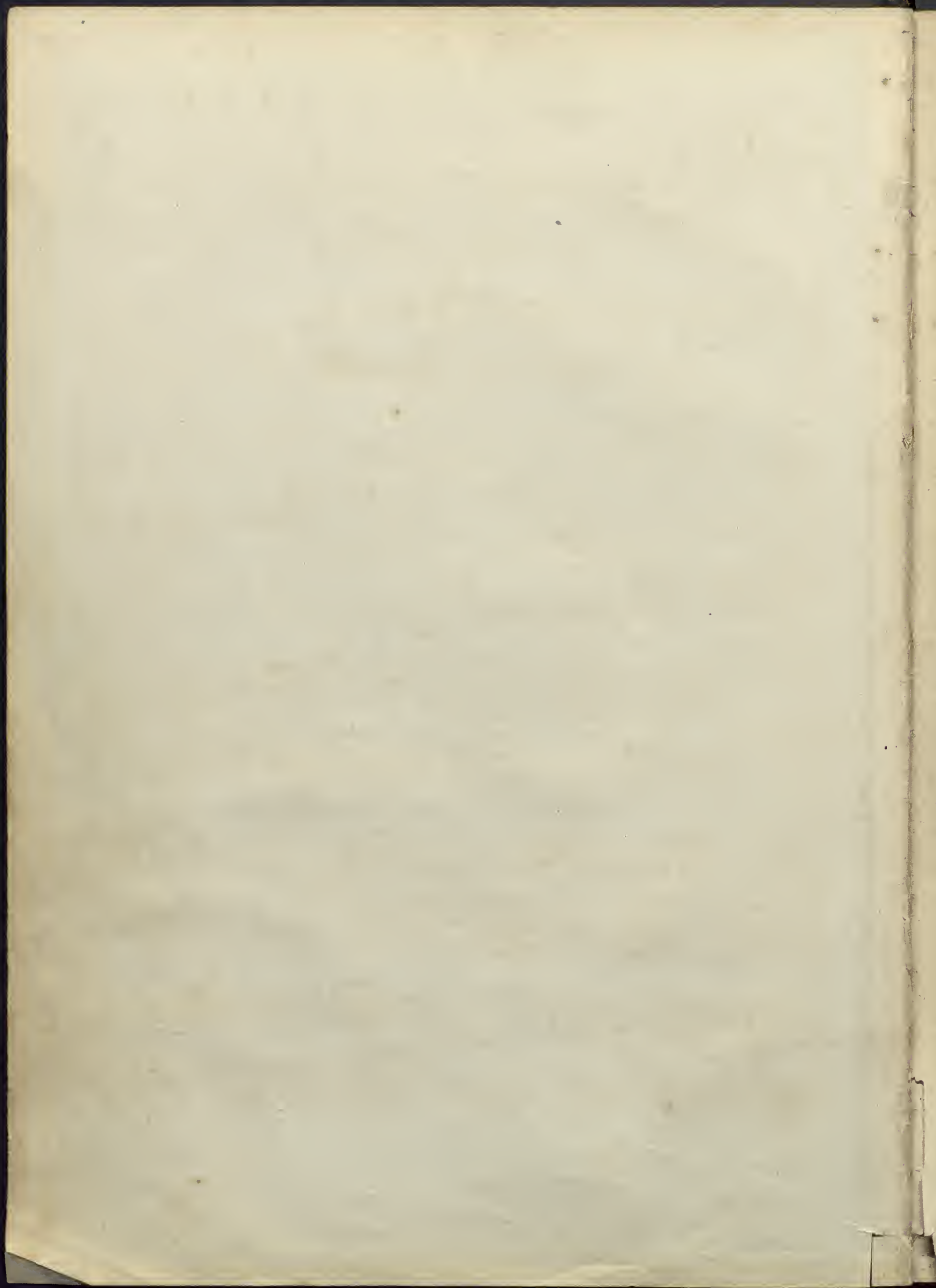
MISS GRAHAM





00590996

Index		Page	
Overture to Guy Ranninging	7		H. K. Bishop
Overture to Gampa	8		Herald
Overture to St. Tancredi	17		Hopini
Overture to Fra Diavolo	23		Huber
La Cachucha	33		Charles Czerny
Nel Cor Più Non Mi Sento	41		L. J. Beethoven
The celebrated Galop from Gustave	47		W. Gropé
Finale Nuptial Wägen	50		Johann Strauß
La Rosa Wägen	56		Johann Strauß
Philomela Wägen	62		Johann Strauß
The Favorite March from	70		Strauß' Le Bonquet
Les plaisirs de la Pension (quadrilles)	77		Charles Chautien
Les plaisirs de la Pension (quadrilles)	87		Charles Chautien
Archer Quadrilles	97		J. S. Crawford



DALMAINE & CO'S NEW EDITION OF BISHOP'S OVERTURES.

OVERTURE

(alla Scizzese)
TO

GUY MANNERING

OR THE

Gypsy's Prophecy

PERFORMED AT THE

Theatre Royal, Covent Garden, Drury Lane, &c.

Composed, Selected & Arranged

FOR THE

PIANO FORTE,

BY

HENRY R. BISHOP.

Pl. 2/

Kat. Str. Hall.

LONDON: DALMAINE & CO SOHO SQUARE.

$\text{♩} = 56$ of Maelzel's Metronome.

Adagio.

The musical score is written for piano and consists of three systems of music. The first system is marked 'Adagio' and begins with a forte (ff) dynamic. The second system continues with a piano (p) dynamic. The third system features a 'Calando' section, marked with a 'dol.' (dolando) dynamic and a 2/4 time signature. The score includes various musical notations such as slurs, accents, and dynamic markings.

♩ = 100 Andante.

smorz.

♩ = 108 Allegretto Moderato.

p *rf* *f*

cres.

p

ff

Guy Mannering.

First system of music, featuring a treble and bass clef. The treble clef part has a melodic line with many accidentals. The bass clef part has a rhythmic accompaniment. The instruction *dim: p* is written above the treble clef.

Second system of music. The treble clef part continues the melodic line. The bass clef part has a dense, rhythmic accompaniment. The instruction *pp* is written above the treble clef, and *cres:* is written above the bass clef.

Third system of music. The treble clef part has a melodic line with many accidentals. The bass clef part has a rhythmic accompaniment. The instruction *f* is written below the treble clef, and *gva.....* is written above the treble clef.

Fourth system of music. The treble clef part has a melodic line with many accidentals. The bass clef part has a rhythmic accompaniment. The instruction *loco* is written above the treble clef, and *rf rf rf rf p* is written below the bass clef.

Fifth system of music. The treble clef part has a melodic line with many accidentals. The bass clef part has a rhythmic accompaniment. The instruction *f* is written below the bass clef.

Sixth system of music. The treble clef part has a melodic line with many accidentals. The bass clef part has a rhythmic accompaniment.

Seventh system of music. The treble clef part has a melodic line with many accidentals. The bass clef part has a rhythmic accompaniment. The instruction *Segue Subito.* is written below the bass clef. The system ends with a double bar line and a 3/4 time signature.

♩ = 60

Larghetto

Cantabile

p dol. *p* *f*

p dol. *rf* *cres.* *f* *p* *pp*

f

ff

♩ = 108

Allegretto

Moderato

cres.

p *gva*

loco *solo*

Guy Mannering.

Solo Violin. *Donald*

$\text{♩} = 50.$

Andantino
Espressivo

dol.

$\text{♩} = 152$
Allegro
Vivace.

The musical score consists of seven systems of music, each with a violin part on the top staff and a piano part on the bottom staff. The tempo is marked as $\text{♩} = 152$, Allegro, and Vivace. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). The score includes various dynamic markings: *gna* (pizzicato), *loco* (ritardando), *f* (forte), *p* (piano), and *ff* (fortissimo). There are also articulation marks such as accents and slurs. The piece concludes with a double bar line and repeat signs.

Guy Mannering.

12

Six

OPERA OVERTURES,

Changed in a familiar Style

for the

Piano Forte.

- | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------|---|
| N ^o 1, MASANIELLO, | Auber. | 2 |
| — 2, ZAMPA, | Hérold. | 2 |
| — 3, FIORELLA, | Auber. | 2 |
| — 4, ELIZABETTA, | Rossini. | 2 |
| — 5, LA DONNA DEL LAGO, | Rossini. | 2 |
| — 6, ARMIDA, | Rossini. | 2 |

By

A. DIABELLI.

Print. Str. Hall.

R. 2

LONDON,

Printed & Sold by

R. COCKS & CO

Publishers of all the Theoretical Works of

ALBRECHTS BERGER,

in Two Vols. N^o Translated by A. Merrick Esq. Price 2. 2. 6,
21, Drury Street, Lancaster Square.

Where may be had arranged by **DIABELLI** for Small hands on the *Pianoforte*.

Right 15 Six Overtures of H. Tancredi, La Cenerentola, Il Barbiere, Eduardo E. Cristina, La Gazza Ladra,
and L'Italiano in Algeri, each 2/- each

OPERA IN THREE ACTS

ACT I

The image displays a page of a musical score, likely for an opera. At the top, the text "OPERA IN THREE ACTS" is printed. Below this, the word "ACT I" is written. The score consists of several systems of musical notation. Each system includes a vocal line (soprano or tenor) and a piano accompaniment. The notation is in a historical style, possibly from the 18th or 19th century. The page is numbered "1" in the upper left corner. The music is written on five-line staves with various note values, rests, and clefs. There are also some markings that appear to be lyrics or performance instructions, though they are difficult to read due to the image's orientation and resolution.

OVERTURE to ZAMPA — Herold.

Arranged by Diabelli.

Allo vivace ed impetuoso.

8va

ff

8va

fz

8va

p

8va

cres

8va

f

8va

fz

ff

Andante.

term

pp *ff* *pp* *ff* *pp* *ff* *pp* *ff* *pp* *ff*

Poco più mosso.

fp *f* *pp*

cres *f*

Andante

p

p *pp* *p*

pp

poco a poco animato e cres

dim. p

animato

poco a poco cres

sf sf sf sf sf sf sf sf sf sf

f *

ff *

ff * * *ff Allo vivace assai con gran forza.

1. *sva*

sva

sva

sva

loca

ff

3 3 4 4 4 5

ff

ff

Piu lento.

p espressivo.

cres

cres

prall

6 Un poco Allegro.

First system of musical notation, featuring a treble and bass clef. The music is in a key with one sharp (F#) and a 2/4 time signature. The piece begins with a piano (*pp*) dynamic. The first measure of the bass line contains a *p* dynamic marking. The notation includes sixteenth-note patterns and slurs.

Second system of musical notation, continuing the piece with similar rhythmic patterns and dynamics.

Third system of musical notation, featuring a piano (*pp*) dynamic marking in the middle of the system.

Fourth system of musical notation, featuring a *cres* (crescendo) marking in the bass line.

Fifth system of musical notation, featuring a *gva* (ritardando) marking in the treble line and a *loco* marking in the bass line. The system also includes *poco a poco*, *f*, and *pp* dynamic markings.

Sixth system of musical notation, concluding the piece with various rhythmic patterns and dynamics.

7

First system of musical notation, consisting of a treble and bass staff. The treble staff contains a complex melodic line with many sixteenth notes. The bass staff provides a harmonic accompaniment. A dynamic marking of *pp* (pianissimo) is present in the bass staff.

Second system of musical notation, continuing the piece. The treble staff has a melodic line with some slurs. The bass staff has a steady accompaniment. A dynamic marking of *cres poco* (crescendo poco) is written above the bass staff.

Third system of musical notation. The treble staff features a melodic line with a *8va* (octave) marking above it. The bass staff has a steady accompaniment. Dynamic markings include *a poco* (a poco) and *f* (forte).

Fourth system of musical notation. The treble staff continues with a melodic line, with a *8va* marking above it. The bass staff has a steady accompaniment.

Fifth system of musical notation. The treble staff has a melodic line with a *8va* marking above it. The bass staff has a steady accompaniment. Dynamic markings include *loco* and *ff* (fortissimo). The tempo marking *Un poco piu Allegro.* is written above the bass staff.

Sixth system of musical notation. The treble staff has a melodic line with a *4* marking above it. The bass staff has a steady accompaniment. Dynamic markings include *ff* (fortissimo).

3 X 5

Handwritten musical score for piano, consisting of seven systems of two staves each. The music is in G major and 3/4 time. It features complex textures with rapid sixteenth-note passages in the right hand and block chords in the left hand. Dynamics include *ff*, *pp e leggiero*, and *cres*. The score concludes with a double bar line and a final *ff* dynamic. At the bottom of the page, the number 2156 and a bracketed 3 are visible.

ff

sya loco

Con tutta la forza.
ff sf

sf sf sf sf sf sf sf

sf sf sf sf fz

fz ff

trem ff fz Fine.

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO
LIBRARY

DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY

RESEARCH REPORT

BY
J. H. VAN VAN
AND
J. H. VAN VAN

RECEIVED

APR 20 1954

CHICAGO, ILL.

UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO PRESS



ITALIAN OVERTURES.



- | | |
|--|---|
| N ^o . 1. <i>Italiani in Algeri.</i> | N ^o . 4. <i>Il Barbiere di Siviglia.</i> |
| - 2. <i>La Gazza Ladra.</i> | - 5. <i>La Cenerentola.</i> |
| - 3. <i>Eduardo e Cristina.</i> | - 6. <i>Il Tancredi.</i> |



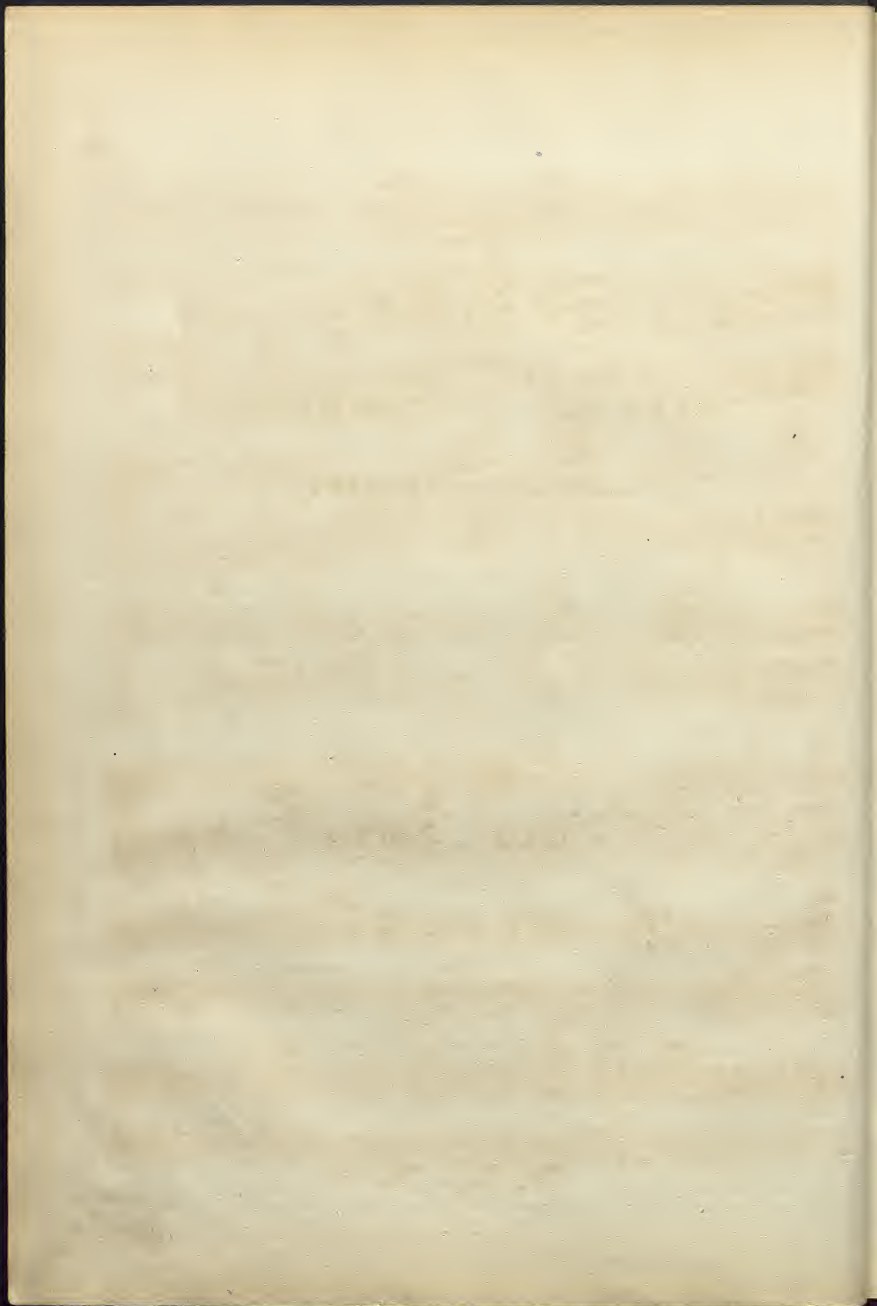
BY
A . DIABELLI .

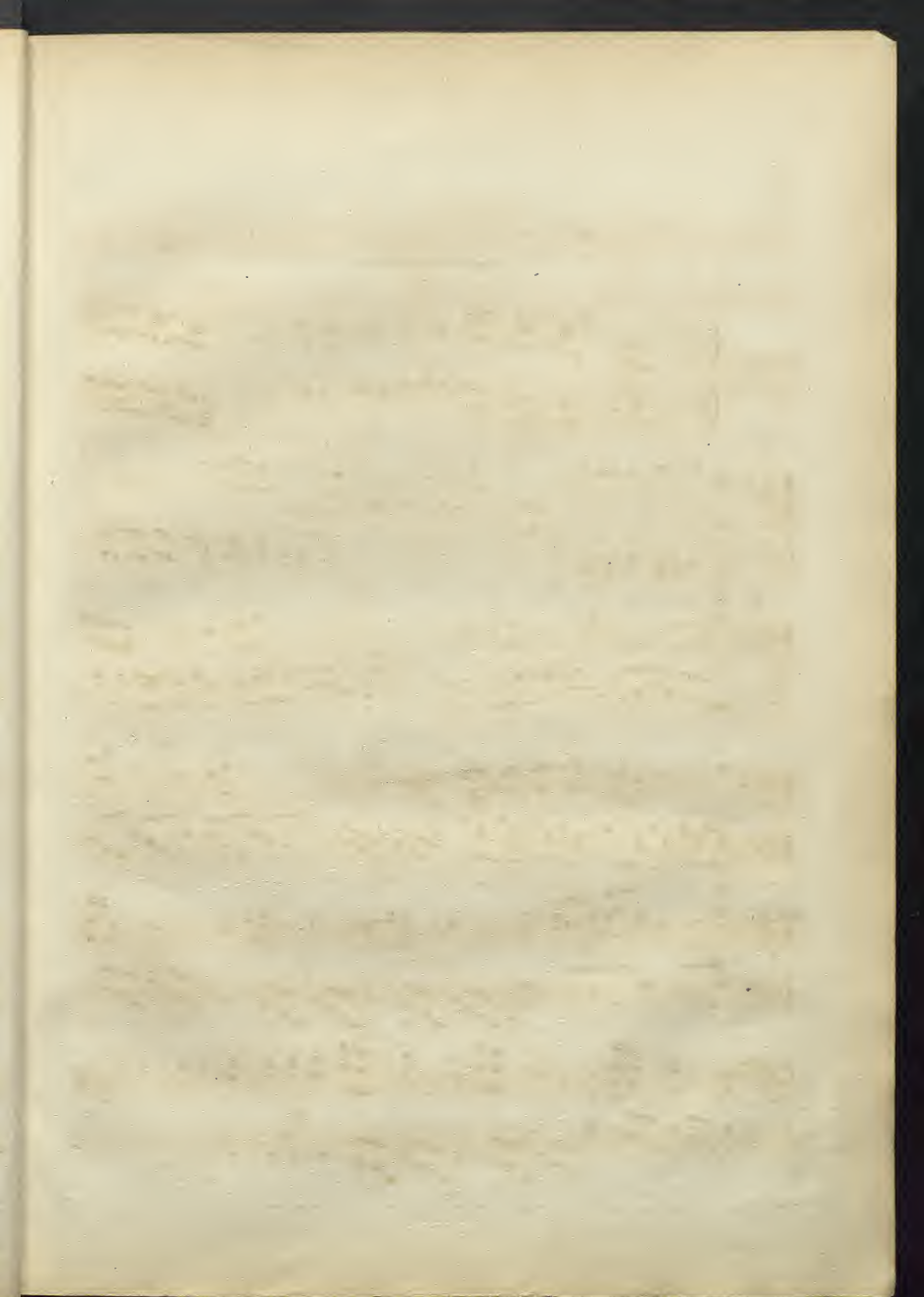
Ent. Sta. Hall.

Price 2/.

London, Printed by R. COCKS & C.^o Publishers of the Works of
Chaulieu, Czerny, Herz, Hummel, Hutton, Mayseder, Pleyel, (C.) Piccini, Weber, &c.
20, Princes Str: Hanover Sq:^{re}

Sold by
PATERSON & GRY
22, GEORGE STREET
EDIN^g





Overture to
IL TANCREDI.

Arranged by A. DIABELLI.

ANDANTE
MAESTOSO.

Allegro.

This musical score is written for piano and violin. It consists of seven systems of staves. The piano part is written in the left hand, and the violin part is written in the right hand. The music is in a key with two sharps (D major or F# minor) and a 3/4 time signature. The tempo is marked *Allegro*. The score features a variety of rhythmic patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and several triplet markings. Dynamic markings include *sf* (sforzando), *pp* (pianissimo), and *ff* (fortissimo). The piece concludes with a final cadence in the piano part.

4

The musical score consists of seven systems, each with a grand staff (treble and bass clefs). The key signature is one sharp (F#). The notation includes various rhythmic values, ornaments, and performance markings. The first system features a treble staff with a melodic line and a bass staff with a complex accompaniment. The second system includes a treble staff with a melodic line and a bass staff with a complex accompaniment. The third system features a treble staff with a melodic line and a bass staff with a complex accompaniment. The fourth system includes a treble staff with a melodic line and a bass staff with a complex accompaniment. The fifth system features a treble staff with a melodic line and a bass staff with a complex accompaniment. The sixth system includes a treble staff with a melodic line and a bass staff with a complex accompaniment. The seventh system features a treble staff with a melodic line and a bass staff with a complex accompaniment. Performance markings include *dim.*, *p*, *pp*, *f*, *dol.*, and *1 p*. There are also some handwritten annotations like 'X3' and '4'.

First system of musical notation, featuring a treble and bass clef. The treble clef contains a series of sixteenth-note runs, while the bass clef contains a steady eighth-note accompaniment. A fermata is placed over the final note of the treble staff.

Second system of musical notation, continuing the sixteenth-note runs in the treble and eighth-note accompaniment in the bass. A piano (*p*) dynamic marking is present in the treble staff.

Third system of musical notation, showing a change in the treble staff to a more melodic line with a fermata. The bass staff continues with eighth-note accompaniment. A *cres* (crescendo) marking is in the bass staff.

Fourth system of musical notation, featuring a treble staff with a melodic line and a bass staff with eighth-note accompaniment. Dynamic markings include *poco a poco* and *fz*.

Fifth system of musical notation, with the treble staff containing sixteenth-note runs and the bass staff containing eighth-note accompaniment. Dynamic markings include *fz* and *ff*.

Sixth system of musical notation, showing a treble staff with chords and a bass staff with eighth-note accompaniment. A fermata is present in the treble staff.

Seventh system of musical notation, featuring a treble staff with triplet and sixteenth-note patterns and a bass staff with eighth-note accompaniment. A piano (*p*) dynamic marking is in the bass staff.

The musical score consists of six systems, each with a treble and bass staff. The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 3/4. The notation includes various rhythmic patterns, including triplets and sixteenth-note runs. Dynamic markings include *p*, *dot.*, *cres.*, and *poco a poco*. There are also handwritten annotations such as '3', '4', and 'X' above certain notes.

This page of musical notation consists of seven systems of grand staff notation (treble and bass clefs). The music is in G major and 2/4 time. The first system features a forte (*ff*) dynamic. The second system includes *fz* (forzando) and *ff* markings. The third system has a *f* dynamic. The fourth system also features *ff*. The fifth system includes a *f* dynamic. The sixth system has a *f* dynamic. The seventh system concludes with a *Fine.* marking. The notation includes various rhythmic patterns, including sixteenth and thirty-second notes, and rests. There are also some handwritten annotations and a small '4' above a measure in the fourth system.



[The text on this page is extremely faint and illegible. It appears to be a list or a series of entries, possibly containing names and dates, but the characters are too light to be transcribed accurately.]

The favorite
Overture
 To the Opera of
FRA DIAVOLO,
 Composed by
AUBER.
 And Arranged for the
Piano Forte.
 With a **VIOLIN** Accompaniment
 ad libitum.

Ent.^d at Sta Hall.

L O N D O N.

Price for the Piano Forte with Violin Accomp. ^{ts}	3. 6
Price with Flute Violin & Violoncelle Accomp. ^{ts}	5. 0

Printed & Sold by CHAPPELL Music Seller to their Majesties, 50 New Bond Street.

No. This Work is Copyright.

R. & E. Williams, Sculp^r London.

4
OVERTURE TO FRA DIAVOLO.

Composed by AUBER.

ALLEGRO
MAESTOSO.

sempre dim:

f

pp

hr

hr

Cres.

poco a poco

p

X

cres poco a

poco

gva

gva loco

ff

mf

gva

4

6

3

3

3

3

3

Dim.

poco

poco

pp

sempre dim.

pp

pp

hr

hr

hr

ppp

3780.

Musical staff 1: Treble and bass clefs, key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). The treble clef contains a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes. The bass clef contains a rhythmic accompaniment with eighth notes. A dynamic marking *lr* is placed above the treble staff.

Musical staff 2: Treble and bass clefs. The treble clef has a melodic line with a dynamic marking *ppp* and a first ending bracket labeled *I*. The bass clef has a rhythmic accompaniment with a dynamic marking *pp*. The tempo marking *ALLEGRO.* is placed above the treble staff. Fingering numbers 3, 4, 3, 4 are written below the bass staff.

Musical staff 3: Treble and bass clefs. The treble clef has a melodic line with eighth notes. The bass clef has a rhythmic accompaniment with eighth notes.

Musical staff 4: Treble and bass clefs. The treble clef has a melodic line with eighth notes. The bass clef has a rhythmic accompaniment with eighth notes.

Musical staff 5: Treble and bass clefs. The treble clef has a melodic line with eighth notes and slurs. The bass clef has a rhythmic accompaniment with eighth notes. A dynamic marking *ff* is placed above the treble staff.

Musical staff 6: Treble and bass clefs. The treble clef has a melodic line with eighth notes and slurs. The bass clef has a rhythmic accompaniment with eighth notes. A dynamic marking *ff* is placed above the treble staff.

Musical staff 7: Treble and bass clefs. The treble clef has a melodic line with eighth notes and slurs. The bass clef has a rhythmic accompaniment with eighth notes. A dynamic marking *ff* is placed above the treble staff.

ff

p

p

9

First system of musical notation, consisting of a treble and bass clef staff. The treble staff contains complex chordal textures with many notes beamed together. The bass staff contains a simpler accompaniment with quarter and eighth notes.

Second system of musical notation. The treble staff continues with complex textures. The bass staff begins with a dynamic marking of *f* (forte) and later changes to *p* (piano).

Third system of musical notation. The treble staff has a dynamic marking of *p* (piano). The bass staff features a dense, rhythmic accompaniment with many beamed notes.

Fourth system of musical notation. Both treble and bass staves contain complex textures with many beamed notes and rests.

Fifth system of musical notation. The treble staff has a dynamic marking of *f* (forte) and *p* (piano). The bass staff has a dynamic marking of *f* (forte).

Sixth system of musical notation. The treble staff has a dynamic marking of *Cres.* (Crescendo). The bass staff continues with a steady accompaniment.

The musical score is arranged in seven systems, each with a treble and bass staff. The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 4/4. The first system begins with a fortissimo (*ff*) dynamic. The second system continues with similar textures. The third system features a more active bass line with arpeggiated chords. The fourth system introduces a piano (*p*) dynamic in the treble staff, with a melodic line. The fifth system continues with piano dynamics. The sixth system features a piano (*p*) dynamic in the bass staff. The seventh system concludes with a fortissimo (*ff*) dynamic. The score is characterized by dense harmonic textures and rhythmic patterns.

This page of musical notation consists of eight systems of staves, each with a treble and bass clef. The music is written in a key with one sharp (F#) and a 2/4 time signature. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamics. The first system shows a complex texture with many notes. The second system features a *Dim.* marking. The third system has a *p* marking. The fourth system has a *4* marking above a group of notes. The fifth system has a *ff* marking. The sixth system has a *p* marking. The seventh system has a *ff* marking. The eighth system has a *p* marking. The piece ends with a final chord.

10

12

First system of musical notation, measures 10-11. The right hand features a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes, while the left hand plays a steady eighth-note accompaniment. The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#).

Second system of musical notation, measures 12-13. The right hand continues the melodic line with some rests, and the left hand maintains the eighth-note accompaniment.

Third system of musical notation, measures 14-15. The right hand has a more active melodic line with sixteenth notes. The left hand accompaniment includes a *ff* dynamic marking.

Fourth system of musical notation, measures 16-17. The right hand has a complex, fast-moving melodic line. The left hand accompaniment includes *Cres.* and *ff* dynamic markings.

Fifth system of musical notation, measures 18-19. The right hand features a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes. The left hand accompaniment includes *ff* dynamic markings.

Sixth system of musical notation, measures 20-21. The right hand has a melodic line with some rests. The left hand accompaniment includes *ff* dynamic markings. The system concludes with a double bar line and a final chord.

PRESTO.

13

11

First system of musical notation, featuring a grand staff with treble and bass clefs. The music is in 12/8 time and marked *ff*. It begins with a series of chords in the bass and a melodic line in the treble. The treble part has several slurs and accents.

Second system of musical notation, continuing the grand staff. The bass part features a complex rhythmic pattern with triplets and sixteenth notes. The treble part continues with a melodic line. There are slurs and accents throughout.

Third system of musical notation, continuing the grand staff. The bass part has a steady accompaniment with triplets. The treble part has a melodic line with many slurs and accents. There are some handwritten annotations below the bass staff: "3 1 3 x 3 3 1" and "3 1 3 x 3 3 1".

Fourth system of musical notation, continuing the grand staff. The bass part has a steady accompaniment. The treble part has a melodic line with many slurs and accents. There is a *ff* marking in the bass part.

Fifth system of musical notation, continuing the grand staff. The bass part has a steady accompaniment. The treble part has a melodic line with many slurs and accents. There is a *l* marking above the treble staff.

Sixth system of musical notation, continuing the grand staff. The bass part has a steady accompaniment. The treble part has a melodic line with many slurs and accents. There are *ff* markings in the bass part.

[Faint handwritten text]

66

3



RONDOLETTO BRILLIANT.

pour le

Piano Forte.

sur la

Danse Espagnole favorite

LA CACHUCHA.

Dansée par

M^{lle}. Guvernoy.

Composée et Dediée à

MISS ARMSTRONG,

par

CHARLES CZERNY.

THIS WORK IS COPYRIGHT.

Ent. Sta. Hall.

OP. 475.

Price 3

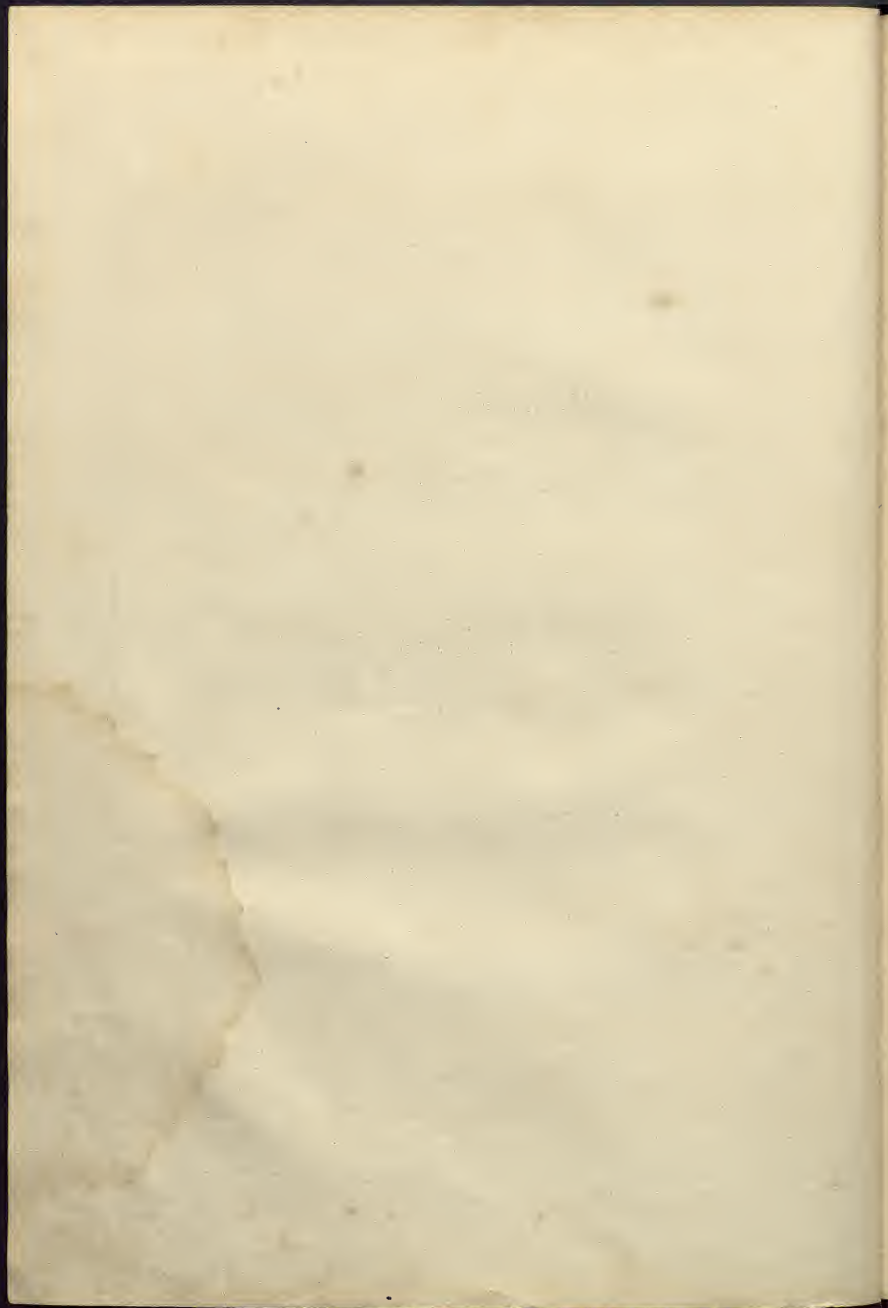
LONDON,

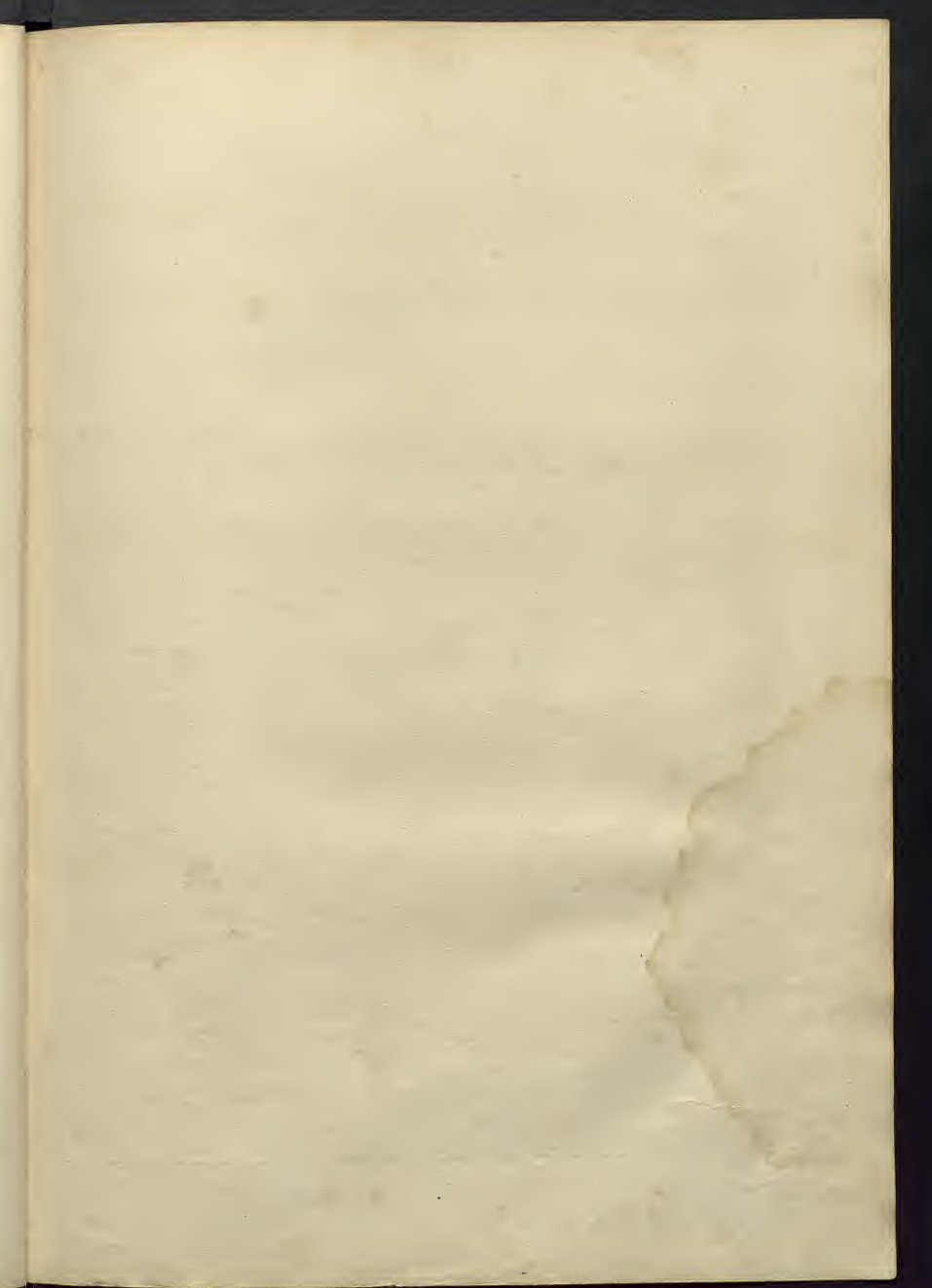
Printed & Sold, by

R. COCKS & C^o.

Sole Publishers of all the Theoretical Works of
ALBRECHTSBERGER, CHERUBINI, & HAMILTON,
20, Princes Street, Hanover Square.

And at Vienna, by A. Diabelli, & in Paris, by Schonenberger.





RONDOLETTO BRILLANT
SUR LA DANSE ESPAGNOLE,
LA CACHUCHA.

par C. CZERNY.

ALLEGRETTO
MODERATO.

f *p* *leggier:* *ff* *p* *leggier:* *gta* *loco* *5* *f* *p dolce grazioso*

First system of a musical score. The right hand (treble clef) features a melodic line with slurs and a fermata. The left hand (bass clef) plays a steady eighth-note accompaniment. A piano (*p*) dynamic marking is present in the right hand.

Second system of the musical score. The right hand continues the melodic line with slurs. The left hand accompaniment includes a crescendo (*cres*) and several asterisks (*) marking specific notes.

Third system of the musical score. The right hand features a series of chords with slurs. The left hand accompaniment includes a fortissimo (*sf*) dynamic marking and several asterisks (*) marking notes.

Fourth system of the musical score. The right hand has a melodic line with a decrescendo (*dim*) and a piano (*p*) dynamic marking. The left hand accompaniment includes a piano (*p*) dynamic marking and an asterisk (*) marking a note.

Fifth system of the musical score. The right hand has a melodic line with a crescendo (*cres*) and a piano (*p*) dynamic marking. The left hand accompaniment includes a piano (*p*) dynamic marking and an asterisk (*) marking a note.

Sixth system of the musical score. The right hand features a complex, rapid melodic passage with a fortissimo (*ff*) dynamic marking. The left hand accompaniment includes a fortissimo (*ff*) dynamic marking and a fortissimo (*ff*) dynamic marking.

1.

8^{va}

pp

cres

8^{va}

f

loco

dim

p

dolce

legato

pp delicatam:

8^{va}

loco

First system of a piano piece. The right hand features a melodic line with slurs and accents, while the left hand provides a rhythmic accompaniment with chords and single notes. The key signature has one sharp (F#).

Second system of the piano piece, continuing the melodic and accompanimental lines from the first system.

Third system of the piano piece, showing further development of the musical themes.

gva

pp delicatam:

cres

hr

Fourth system of the piano piece. The right hand has a more active, sixteenth-note texture. The left hand continues with a steady accompaniment. Dynamics include *pp*, *delicatam:*, and *cres*. There are also markings for *hr* (hairpins).

gva

pp

dolcissimo.

Fifth system of the piano piece. The right hand features a dense, sixteenth-note texture. The left hand has a simpler accompaniment. Dynamics include *pp* and *dolcissimo.*

gva

cres

loco

Sixth system of the piano piece. The right hand continues with a sixteenth-note texture. The left hand has a more active accompaniment. Dynamics include *cres* and *loco*.

6

Musical score for piano, consisting of six systems of music. Each system has a right-hand and left-hand part. The score includes various dynamics (f, fz, sf, ff, p, pp), articulations (accents, slurs, trills), and performance instructions (gva, loco, rall., riten., tempo, dolce).

System 1: Right hand starts with *f* and *fz*. Left hand starts with *fz*. Includes a trill marked "1+3 1".

System 2: Right hand starts with *fz*. Left hand starts with *fz*. Includes dynamics *dim* and *p*.

System 3: Right hand starts with *gva*. Left hand starts with *sf*. Includes dynamics *f* and *fz*. Includes instruction *loco*.

System 4: Right hand starts with *gva*. Left hand starts with *ff*. Includes dynamics *fz* and *dim*. Includes instruction *loco*.

System 5: Right hand starts with *fz*. Left hand starts with *fz*. Includes dynamics *dim*. Includes instruction *loco*.

System 6: Right hand starts with *p*. Left hand starts with *pp*. Includes dynamics *f* and *p dolce*. Includes instructions *rall.*, *riten.*, and *tempo.*

8

First system of musical notation, featuring a grand staff with treble and bass clefs. The music consists of sixteenth-note patterns in both hands. Dynamic markings include *fz* and *mf*. A star symbol is present in the right hand.

Second system of musical notation, continuing the sixteenth-note patterns. Dynamic markings include *fz*, *mf*, and *p*. A star symbol is present in the right hand.

Third system of musical notation, featuring a grand staff. The right hand has a *g^{va}* marking and a *loco* instruction. Dynamic markings include *sf* and *ff con fuoco*. A star symbol is present in the right hand.

Fourth system of musical notation, featuring a grand staff. Dynamic markings include *sf*. A star symbol is present in the right hand.

Fifth system of musical notation, featuring a grand staff. Dynamic markings include *fz* and *ff*. A star symbol is present in the right hand.

Sixth system of musical notation, featuring a grand staff. Dynamic markings include *sf*. A star symbol is present in the right hand.

gva..... *loco*

ff

Un poco ritenuto.

ff * 1 *ff* * 1 *p dolce*

smorz:

pp in tempo sempre

piu vivo e cres *cres* *f*

piu f *ff molto allegro.* *gva*..... *loco*

gva..... *loco*

ff *ff* * *FIN.*

ON THE THEORY OF MUSIC

ALBRECHT-BERGHEIM Complete Theoretical Works... 1
BACH (C. P. E.) (Master of Mozart), Scales and Modulations... 1
CHAULIEU's Grammaire du Violoncelle... 3
CHEUBRON'S Complete Course of Counterpoint and Fugue... 3
CLAIRGUY'S Grammaire du Violoncelle... 3
CLAIRGUY'S Grammaire du Violoncelle... 3
CORDELL'S Principles of Harmony and Thorough Bass... 3
FETIS'S Elementary and abridged Method of Harmony... 3
FORMY'S Essay on the Key in Music... 6
GRAVIN'S Art of Musical Composition... 6
HAMILTON'S New Method of Harmony... 6
1. On the Elements of Harmony and Thorough Bass... 6
2. On the Elements of Harmony... 6
This is an extremely concise and clear development of the principles of harmony... 6
3. On the Theory of the Instrument... 6
Key to the Thorough Bass Exercises in ditto, for the use of Teachers and of Scholars... 6
4. Catechism on Counterpoint, Melody, and Composition... 6
5. Catechism on the Theory of Musical Composition... 6
6. Catechism on the Art of Writing for an Orchestra and of Playing the Instruments... 6
7. Catechism on the Art of Writing for the Theatre... 6
HAMILTON'S Catechism on the Instrument, Exposition, Development, and Composition of Musical Subjects... 6
Historical, Descriptive, and Practical Catechism... 6
8. A New Dictionary of 2000 Musical Terms... 6
The Metaphysics, or the Art of Composing musical Subjects... 6
TERRI'S Complete Course of Harmony... 6
VERGHI'S Art of Pleading and of Extemporaneous Performance... 6

PIANOFORTE.

BINFIELDS' Pupils' First Exercises... 1
BURMEILIER'S Prescriptive Exercises... 1
CHAULIEU'S Method of the Piano-Forte... 3
CAMPAGNOLI'S One Hundred and One Easy Duettings... 3
FIORELLI'S Thirty-Six Studies... 3
GHY'S 'Orange Pattern'... 3
GURM'S Harmonic Studies... 3
HAMILTON'S Modern Preceptor... 3
KALBRECHT'S New Method of Studying the Pianoforte... 3
LIEZT'S Studies and Exercises... 3
MULLER'S Twenty Lessons for the acquisition of Time... 3
PACINI'S Easy Method... 3
PAGANINI'S Capricci... 3
RUBINSTEIN'S Twenty-four Easy Exercises... 3
RODE, BALLEWITZ, and KRUTZER'S Pianoforte... 3

PIANOFORTE.

KALKBRENNER'S Independent Scales and Exercises... 1
BETHOVEN'S Three Master-pieces... 4
CHAUILLIEU'S Etudes Préparatoires... 10
CZERNY'S 24 Studies... 10
GIESBACH'S (L. H.) Pianoforte Studies... 14
HARTNOCK'S Exercises on Double Notes... 14
HUMMEL'S Brilliant Sonata... 16
KALBRECHT'S New Method... 16
MULLER'S Twenty Lessons... 16
PACINI'S Easy Method... 16
PAGANINI'S Capricci... 16
RUBINSTEIN'S Twenty-four Easy Exercises... 16
RODE, BALLEWITZ, and KRUTZER'S Pianoforte... 16

EASY BONDOS FOR THE PIANOFORTE

CLARKE'S Six Rondos... 1
GLOVER'S (C.) Twelve National Rondos... 1
CARLISLE'S Twelve Rondos... 1
KIALLMARK'S Three Foreign Rondos... 1
FLUTE. ELEMENARY WORKS. 15
BERBIGUE'S octetted Instruction Book... 15
DROUE'S Celebrated Method of First-playing... 16
DRESSER'S New and Complete Instructions... 16
DRIN'S New and Complete Instructions... 16
BERBIGUE'S Forty-eight Preparatory Studies... 16
COCKE'S Study of the Keys... 16
JAMES'S Six Lessons... 16
JAMES'S Method for the First time... 16

STUDIES, ETC. FOR MORE ADVANCED PERFORMERS.

BERBIGUE'S System of Single and Double Tonguing... 4
CHAUILLIEU'S Studies... 3
HUGO'S Studies... 3
KALBRECHT'S Studies... 3
MULLER'S Studies... 3
PACINI'S Studies... 3
PAGANINI'S Studies... 3
RUBINSTEIN'S Studies... 3
RODE, BALLEWITZ, and KRUTZER'S Studies... 3

TENOR.

BRUNT'S Method... 1
FRAGIER'S Eighteen Studies... 1
Scales and Chorals in all the Keys, at one view... 1
Twenty easy Exercises... 1

VIOLONCELLO.

BAILLOT, LEVASSIUR, CATEL, and BAUDHOT's Method... 1
BREVIA'S Six Duets for the Study of the Clief, Op. 33... 1
DUPON'S Violoncello, with French Text... 1
HAMILTON'S Easy Method for the Violoncello... 1
HAMILTON'S New Instruction Book... 1
PRAEGER'S Eighteen Studies, figured... 1
Twenty-four National Airs... 1
Thirty-six Opera Aires... 1
Twenty-five Studies... 1
Thirty-two Exercises... 1
Twenty-five Exercises... 1
Twenty-five Exercises... 1

DOUBLE BASS.

TINE and FRIOLICH's Method, edited by Hamilton... 1

GUITAR.

AGUADO, The Guitar taught by a simple Method... 1
BENNETT'S Method... 1
SEW'TWENTY-four very easy Exercises... 1
CARLISLE'S... 1
CURRIE'S Easy Method... 1
GILBERT'S... 1
JAMES'S... 1
KROBICK'S... 1
VOICE. 15
APRILIS Modern Italian Method... 1
FORDE'S complete Treatise on Singing... 1
ROSSINI'S celebrated Solfege... 1
HAMILTON'S Practical Catechism... 1
KEYED BUGLE. 16
LOGIER'S Instruction Book... 1
CORNETTE. 16
CARNAUD'S Complete Instruction Book for the Cornet... 1
MULLER'S... 1

VIOLIN.

CAMPAGNOLI'S One Hundred and One Easy Duettings... 3
FIORELLI'S Thirty-Six Studies... 3
GHY'S 'Orange Pattern'... 3
GURM'S Harmonic Studies... 3
HAMILTON'S Modern Preceptor... 3
KALBRECHT'S New Method... 3
LIEZT'S Studies and Exercises... 3
MULLER'S Twenty Lessons... 3
PACINI'S Easy Method... 3
PAGANINI'S Capricci... 3
RUBINSTEIN'S Twenty-four Easy Exercises... 3
RODE, BALLEWITZ, and KRUTZER'S Violin... 3

ORGAN MUSIC.

ANDREWS' Introduction to the Use of the Pedals in Organ... 1
BRIDGES'... 1
CORDELL'S... 1
HAYDN'S... 1
MULLER'S... 1
PACINI'S... 1
PAGANINI'S... 1
RUBINSTEIN'S... 1
TERRI'S... 1
VERGHI'S... 1

New & Superior Edition.

NEL COR PIU.

Arranged with

VARIATIONS

for the

PIANOFORTE.

BY

L.V. BEETHOVEN.

Price 2/

London,

Published for the Proprietors, by

METZLER & SON, MUSIC SELLERS, 107, WARDOUR STREET.

NEL COR PIU NON MI SENTO,
WITH VARIATIONS.

Hope like a flattering tale

ANDANTINO

VAR. I.

Vars: Nel cor piu (Beethoven)

First system of musical notation, treble and bass clefs. The treble staff features a triplet of eighth notes. The bass staff includes dynamic markings *ffz*.

Second system of musical notation, treble and bass clefs. The bass staff includes dynamic markings *ffz*.

VAR: 2.

Third system of musical notation, treble and bass clefs, with a 6/8 time signature. The treble staff has a melodic line, and the bass staff has a rhythmic accompaniment.

Fourth system of musical notation, treble and bass clefs, with a 6/8 time signature. The treble staff has a melodic line, and the bass staff has a rhythmic accompaniment.

Fifth system of musical notation, treble and bass clefs, with a 6/8 time signature. The treble staff has a melodic line, and the bass staff has a rhythmic accompaniment.

Sixth system of musical notation, treble and bass clefs, with a 6/8 time signature. The treble staff has a melodic line, and the bass staff has a rhythmic accompaniment.

Seventh system of musical notation, treble and bass clefs, with a 6/8 time signature. The treble staff has a melodic line, and the bass staff has a rhythmic accompaniment.

Vars: No 1 cor pit (Beethoven)

4

VAR. 3.

First system of Variation 3, featuring treble and bass staves with a 6/8 time signature and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The music is marked with *fz* (forzando).

Second system of Variation 3, continuing the musical notation with treble and bass staves, marked with *fz*.

Third system of Variation 3, continuing the musical notation with treble and bass staves.

Fourth system of Variation 3, continuing the musical notation with treble and bass staves, marked with *fz*.

VAR. 4.

First system of Variation 4, featuring treble and bass staves with a 6/8 time signature and a key signature of two flats (B \flat , E \flat).

Second system of Variation 4, continuing the musical notation with treble and bass staves.

Voss: Nel cap più (Beethoven)

First system of musical notation, featuring a treble and bass clef. The music includes various notes, rests, and dynamic markings such as *f* and *p*.

Second system of musical notation, continuing the piece with similar notation.

VAR. 5.

Third system of musical notation, labeled "VAR. 5.". The music changes to a 6/8 time signature and a key signature of one sharp (F#). It features a complex, fast-paced melody with triplets and sixteenth notes.

Fourth system of musical notation, continuing the variation with similar notation.

Fifth system of musical notation, continuing the variation with similar notation.

Sixth system of musical notation, continuing the variation with similar notation.

Seventh system of musical notation, continuing the variation with similar notation.

6

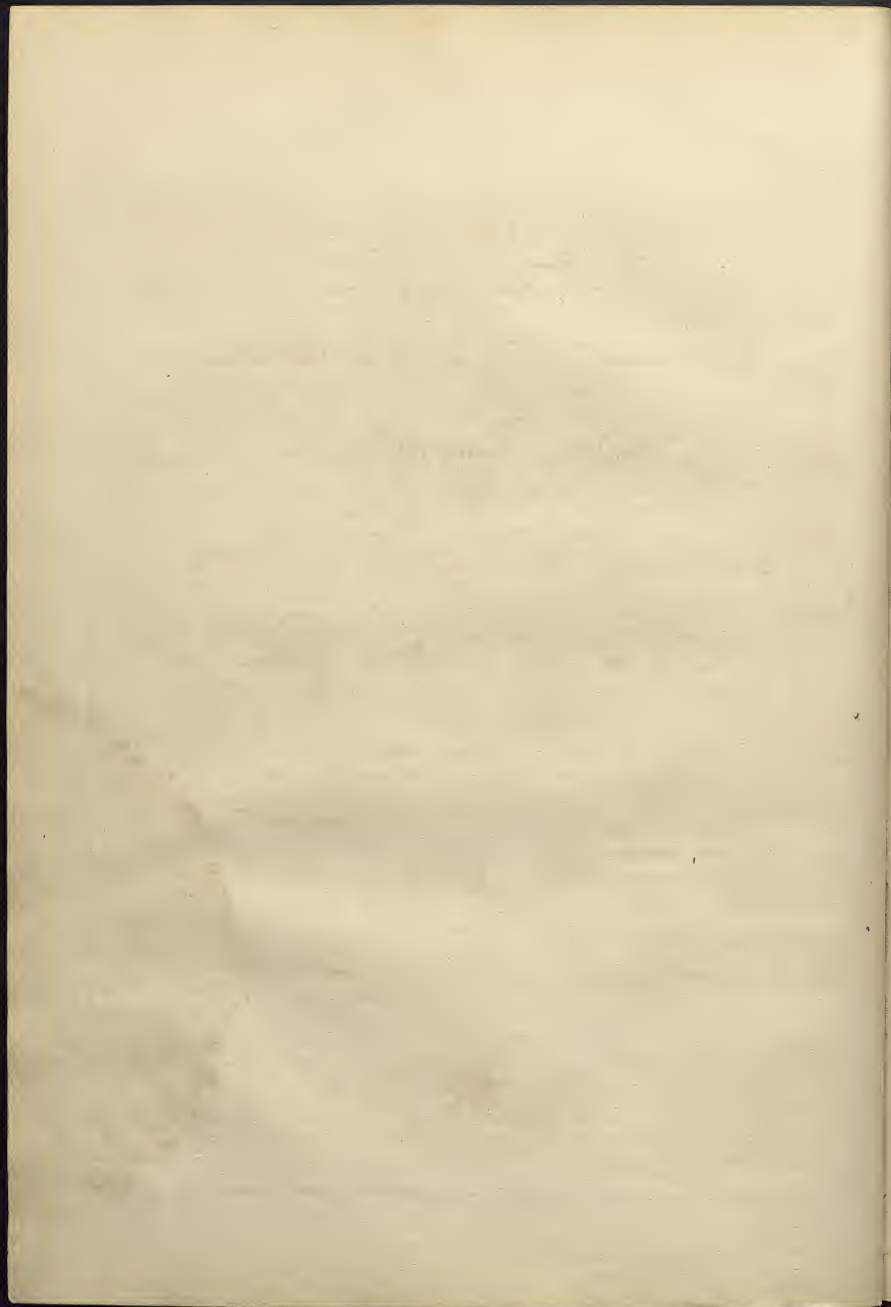
VAR. 6.

The musical score for Variation 6 is presented in six systems. Each system consists of a grand staff with a treble clef and a bass clef. The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 3/8. The first five systems feature a consistent eighth-note rhythmic pattern. The sixth system introduces a melodic line in the right hand, marked with a '4' above the staff, and a more complex accompaniment in the left hand. The piece ends with a final chord in the right hand and a sustained bass note in the left hand.

Vars: Nel cor piu (Beethoven)

7

Nel cor piu (Beethoven)



No. 1
RECREATIONS A-LA-MODE.

OR
La Bagatelle,
A Selection of
POPULAR WALTZES & RONDOS.

FOR THE
Piano Forte.
Containing

Nº 1. GALOP IN GUSTAVUS.

— 2. REICHSTADT WALTZ.

— 3. BEETHOVEN'S WALTZES.

— 4. HERZ WALTZES.

— 5. MY FATHERLAND.

— 6. JOCK O' HAZLEDEAN.

Nº 7. THE FAIR PURITAN.

— 8. THE SHEPHERDS BRIDE.

— 9. HART'S CELEBRATED GALLOPADE.

— 10. THE FLORENTINE AIR.

— 11. THE HUNTER OF TYROL.

— 12. THE ROSE OF ALLANDALE.

Ent. Str. Hall.

Pr. 1/6

LONDON,

• Leoni Lee, Music Seller to the Royal Family,

48. Albemarle Street.



THE CELEBRATED GALOP,

1

FROM:
GUSTAVE,

Arranged as a

Rondo.

FOR THE

PIANO FORTE,

BY

W. GROSSÉ.

Est. No. 167.

London, Leoni Lee, Music Seller to the Royal Family, 17, Old Bond Street

Pr. 1/6

ALLEGRO.

8^{va}

8^{va}

8^{va}

loco

loco

Galop in Gustave. (Grossé.)

THE CELEBRATED GALOP.

The first system of musical notation consists of a grand staff with a treble clef on the upper staff and a bass clef on the lower staff. The music is in 2/4 time and features a rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes with various articulations.

The second system of musical notation continues the piece. The upper staff has a treble clef and the lower staff has a bass clef. The word "Dolce." is written above the bass staff, indicating a soft and sweet playing style.

The third system of musical notation continues the piece. The upper staff has a treble clef and the lower staff has a bass clef. The dynamic marking "mf" (mezzo-forte) is written above the bass staff.

The fourth system of musical notation continues the piece. The upper staff has a treble clef and the lower staff has a bass clef. The dynamic marking "Crescendo - - - poco a poco" is written above the bass staff, indicating a gradual increase in volume.

The fifth system of musical notation continues the piece. The upper staff has a treble clef and the lower staff has a bass clef. The dynamic marking "Diminuendo." is written above the bass staff. The word "loco" is written above the treble staff, indicating a more relaxed and expressive playing style.

The sixth system of musical notation continues the piece. The upper staff has a treble clef and the lower staff has a bass clef. The dynamic marking "Crescendo." is written above the bass staff, indicating a final increase in volume.

Galop in Gustave. (Grosse.)

Musical score for "Galope in Gustave" (Grossi.) by Frédéric Chopin. The score is written for piano and consists of six systems of two staves each (treble and bass clef). The piece is marked with various dynamics and articulations:

- System 1: *p* (piano) in the bass staff, *ff* (fortissimo) in the treble staff.
- System 2: *ff* in both staves.
- System 3: *mz.* (mezzo) in the bass staff.
- System 4: *ff* in the bass staff, *p* in the treble staff.
- System 5: *8va* (octave) marking above the treble staff.
- System 6: *Dimin:* (diminuendo), *cal:* (crescendo), *smorz:* (smorzando), and *ff* in the bass staff.

The piece concludes with a final *ff* dynamic marking in the bass staff.

Galope in Gustave. (Grossi.)

SET 2

SECOND EDITION.

The Beauties
OF
JOHANN STRAUSS.
A Collection of Elegant Waltzes.

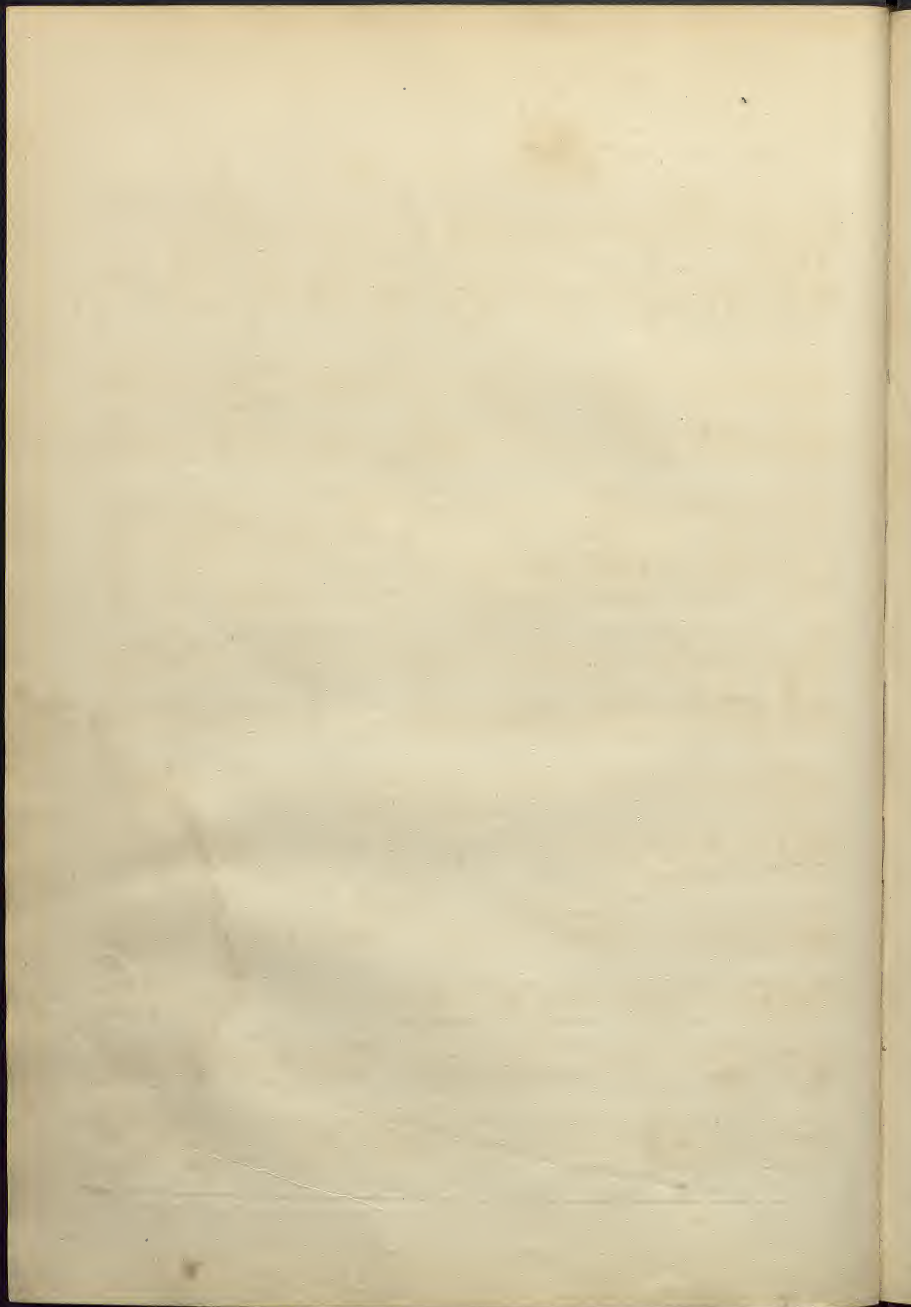
SET I. CHARMANT WALZER	OP. 51.	2/6	SET II. CARNEVAL WALZER	OP. 2.	2/6
2. TIVOLI RUTSCH WALZER	OP. 59.	2/6	11. DAS LEBEN EIN TANZ	OP. 49.	2/6
3. PFENNING WALZER	OP. 70.	2/6	12. VIVE LA DANSE WALZER	OP. 47.	2/6
4. IRIS WALZER	OP. 75.	2/6	13. MERKURS FLUGEL WALZER	OP. 83.	2/6
5. ROSA WALZER	OP. 76.	2/6	14. SOUVENIR DE BADEN	OP. 58.	2/6
6. GEDANKEN STRECHE WALZER	OP. 79.	2/6	15. GABRIELEN WALZER	OP. 68.	2/6
7. ALEXANDRA WALZER	OP. 55.	3/-	16. TIVOLI FEST WALZER	OP. 45.	2/6
8. ELIZABETHEN WALZER	OP. 71.	3/-	17. ERINNERUNG AN DEUTSCHLAND		2/6
9. HULDIGUNG'S WALZER	OP. 80.	2/6	18. FROHSINN MEIN ZIEL	OP. 63.	2/6

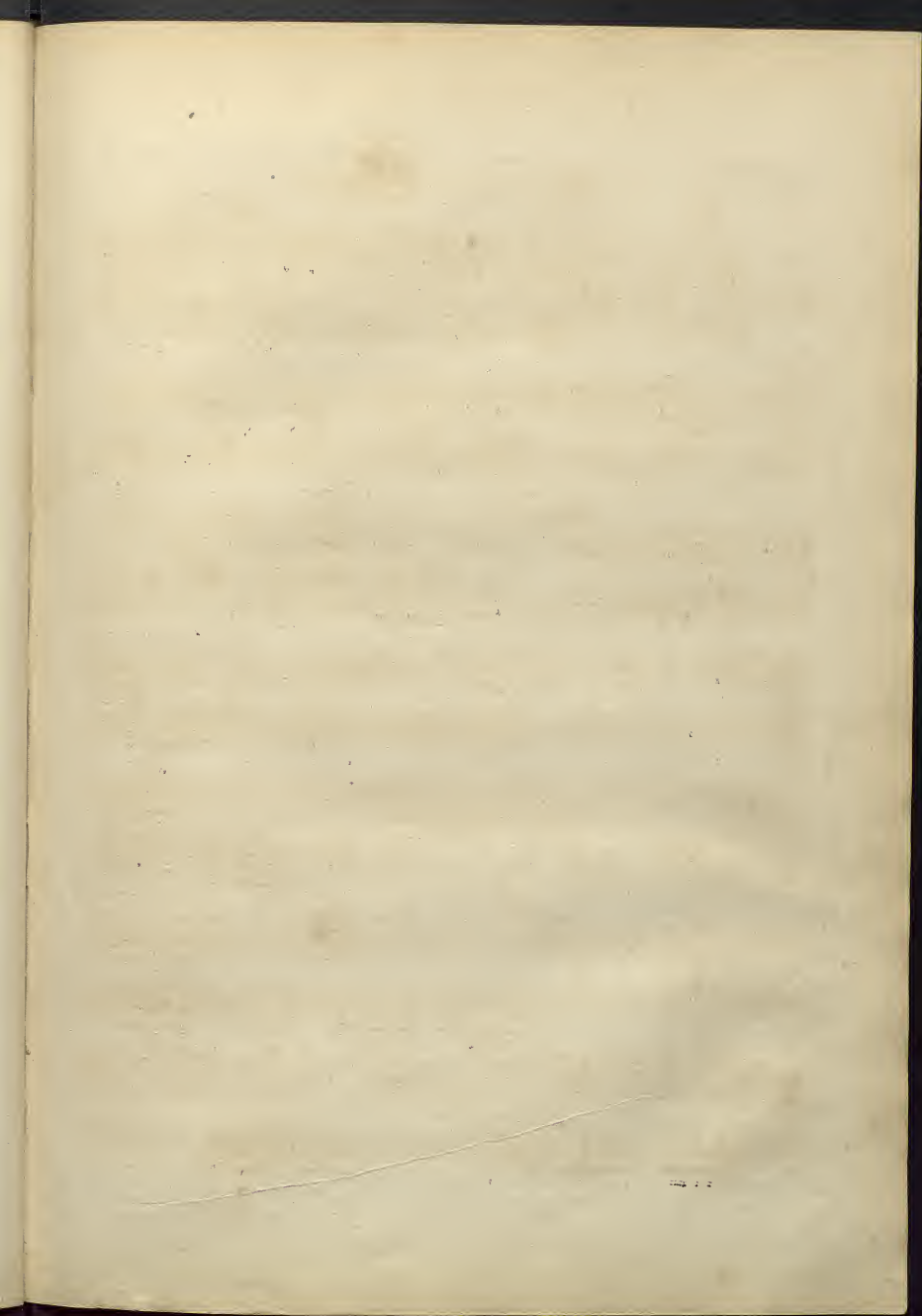
for the
PIANO FORTE.

Ent. Sta. Hall.

Price 2/6

Sole
CRAMER, ADDISON & BEALE,
201, Regent Street.





TIROLI RUTSCH WALZER.

JOHANN STRAUSS.

N^o 1.

The musical score is written for piano and consists of eight systems of music. Each system contains a treble and bass staff joined by a brace. The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 3/4. The score includes various musical notations such as slurs, accents, and dynamic markings. The dynamics range from piano (p) to fortissimo (ff). The piece features a mix of eighth and sixteenth notes, often beamed together, and rests. The first system starts with a piano (p) dynamic and includes a forte (f) marking. The second system has piano (p) markings. The third system features a forte (f) marking. The fourth system has piano (p) markings. The fifth system has a forte (f) marking. The sixth system has a fortissimo (ff) marking. The seventh and eighth systems continue with piano (p) markings. The score concludes with a final cadence.

3

First system of musical notation, measures 1-4. The music is in G major (one sharp) and 3/4 time. The right hand features a melodic line with slurs and accents, while the left hand provides a steady accompaniment of chords. A dynamic marking of *p* (piano) is present in measure 4.

Second system of musical notation, measures 5-8. The right hand continues the melodic line with slurs and accents. The left hand accompaniment remains consistent. A dynamic marking of *p* is present in measure 8.

Third system of musical notation, measures 9-12. The right hand continues the melodic line. The left hand accompaniment remains consistent. A dynamic marking of *p* is present in measure 12.

N^o 2.

Fourth system of musical notation, measures 13-16. The music changes to 3/8 time. The right hand features a more active melodic line with slurs and accents. The left hand accompaniment consists of chords. A dynamic marking of *p* is present in measure 13.

Fifth system of musical notation, measures 17-20. The right hand continues the melodic line with slurs and accents. The left hand accompaniment remains consistent. A dynamic marking of *p* is present in measure 20.

Sixth system of musical notation, measures 21-24. The right hand continues the melodic line with slurs and accents. The left hand accompaniment remains consistent. A dynamic marking of *f* (forte) is present in measure 24.

Seventh system of musical notation, measures 25-28. The right hand continues the melodic line with slurs and accents. The left hand accompaniment remains consistent. Dynamic markings of *p* and *f* are present in measures 25 and 26 respectively.

Eighth system of musical notation, measures 29-32. The right hand continues the melodic line with slurs and accents. The left hand accompaniment remains consistent. Dynamic markings of *p* and *f* are present in measures 29 and 30 respectively.

4

N^o 3. *f*

N^o 4. *p*

8^{va} loco

N^o 5.

6

N^o 6.

The score consists of seven systems of music. The first system is labeled 'N° 6.' and includes a piano part with dynamics *f* and *p*. The second system continues the piano part. The third system includes a conda part with dynamics *p*, *f*, and *fz*, and first and second endings. The fourth system continues the conda part. The fifth system includes a piano part with dynamics *f* and first and second endings. The sixth system is labeled 'Conda.' and includes a conda part with dynamics *f*. The seventh system continues the conda part.

Conda.

2536

Handwritten musical score for piano, consisting of seven systems of two staves each. The music is in G major and 2/4 time. It features various dynamics (p, f, ff), articulations (accents, slurs), and performance markings like "Dolce" and "hr". The piece concludes with a double bar line and repeat signs.

7

hr

f

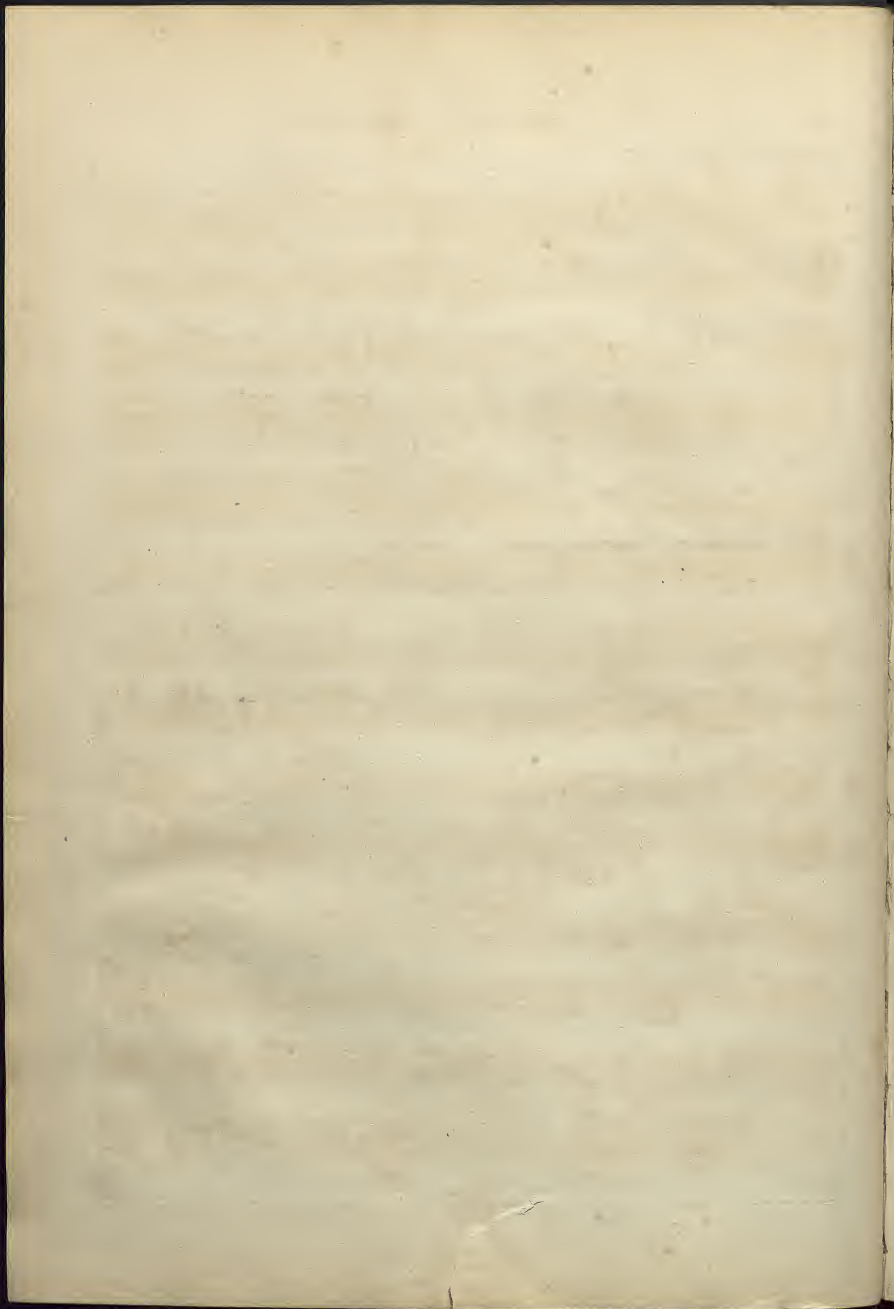
p

Dolce hr

hr

ff

2536



SET 5

COMPLETE IN ONE VOLUME CLOTH BOARDS 48/-

SECOND EDITION.

SET 19. SONNAMBULA WALZER 2/6

SET 22. THE MOSAÏQUE WALZER

20. PARIS WALZER 2/6

23. LE CARNIVAL DE PARIS - GALOP 1/-

21. LES BOUQUET DES DAMES 3/-

24. MITTEL GEGEN DEN SCHLAF WALZER 2/6

The Beauties

JOHANN STRAUSS

A Collection of Elegant Waltzes.

SET 1. CHARMANT WALZER	01:51	2/6	SET 10. CARNEVAL WALZER	02:22	2/6
2. TIVOLI RUTSCH WALZER	02:59	2/6	11. DAS LEBEN EIN TANZ	02:49	2/6
3. PFENNING WALZER	01:20	2/6	12. VIVE LA DANSE WALZER	02:47	2/6
4. IRIS WALZER	01:55	2/6	13. MERKURS FLUGEL WALZER	02:53	2/6
5. ROSA WALZER	02:26	2/6	14. SOUVENIR DE BADEN	02:58	2/6
6. GEDANKEN STRECHE WALZER	01:20	2/6	15. GABRIELEN WALZER	02:58	2/6
7. ALEXANDRA WALZER	02:55	2/6	16. TIVOLI FEST WALZER	02:45	2/6
8. ELIZABETHEN WALZER	02:21	2/6	17. ERINNERUNG AN DEUTSCHLAND		2/6
9. HULDIGUNGS WALZER	02:50	2/6	18. FROHSINN MEIN ZIEL	02:53	2/6

for the
PIANO FORTE

Ent. Str. Hall.

SETS 5, 7, 8, 9, 11, 13, & 15. MAY BE HAD FOR PIANO & FLUTE, BY FRISCH, Each 3/- D9 FOR PIANO & VIOLIN, Each 3/-

Price 2/6

J. D. W. D. O. V.

Printed & Sold by
R. COCKS & CO

Publishers of all the Theoretical Works of
ALBRECHTSBERGER.

in Two Vols. 8^{vo} Translated by A. Merrick Esq. Price 2/6 & HAMILTOVS Musical Catechisms.
20, PRINCES STREET, FIVEOVER SQUARE.

N.B. Sets 8, 13, 15, & 18. may be had as Duets.

Where may be had for the PIANO FORTE, SOUVENIRS DE STRAUSS, a new Collection of
WALTZES, GALOPS, &c by that Popular Author in Numbers. Each 1/- & 2/6



Handwritten title or heading at the top of the page.

Handwritten musical notation on multiple staves, including notes, clefs, and other musical symbols.

Handwritten text at the bottom of the page, possibly a signature or date.

LA ROSA WALZER.

DÉDIÉE À MADAME LA PRINCESSE FÉRTINX D'ESTERHAZY DE GALANTINA.

INTRODUCTION.

J. Strauss Op. 76.

ALLEGRO.

VALSE.

N^o 1.

N.B. These beautiful Waltzes are published by COOKS & C^o as Piano Duets $\frac{3}{4}$ Piano and Flute $\frac{3}{4}$ and for Piano and Violin $\frac{3}{4}$

N^o. 2.

p *fp*

ff *ff*

1^{ma} 2^{da} 1^{ma} 2^{da}

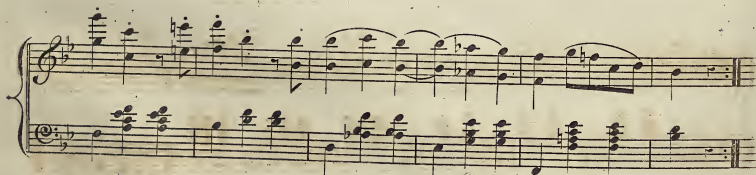
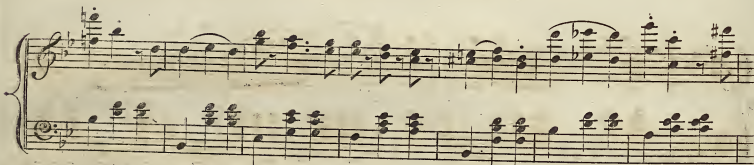
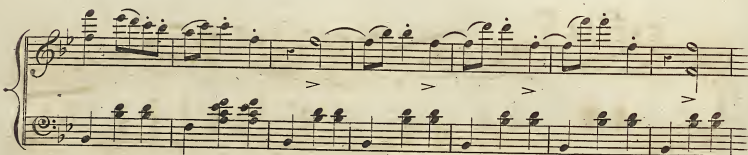
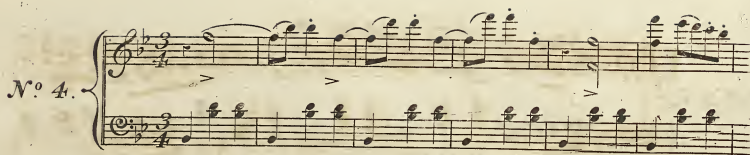
N^o 3.

Fine. p dolce.

3

4

N^o 4.



Nº 5.

The musical score consists of five systems, each with a piano (left) and treble (right) staff. The key signature is two flats (B-flat and E-flat), and the time signature is 3/4. The score includes various musical notations such as dynamics (f, p), articulation (>), and fingerings (3, 4). The first system begins with a forte (f) dynamic. The second system features a triplet of eighth notes in the piano part. The third system includes a piano (p) dynamic and a repeat sign. The fourth system has a triplet of eighth notes in the piano part. The fifth system features first (1^{ma}) and second (2^{da}) endings in the treble staff and a triplet of eighth notes in the piano part.

Coda. *ff*

p

p

p

The musical score is written for piano and right hand. It consists of five systems of music. The first system is marked *Coda.* and *ff*. The second system is marked *p*. The third system is marked *p*. The fourth system is marked *p*. The fifth system is marked *p*. The music is in a minor key and 3/4 time. The piano part features a steady accompaniment of chords, while the right hand part features a melodic line with various ornaments and dynamics.

1^{ma}
f

The first system of music features a treble clef with a melodic line and a bass clef with a chordal accompaniment. The key signature has two flats. A first ending bracket labeled '1^{ma}' spans the final measures of the system. A dynamic marking of *f* is placed above the bass line.

2^{da}
ff

The second system continues the piece with a treble clef and a bass clef. A second ending bracket labeled '2^{da}' is present. A dynamic marking of *ff* is placed above the bass line.

ff

The third system shows a treble clef with a melodic line and a bass clef with a chordal accompaniment. A dynamic marking of *ff* is placed above the bass line.

f *p*

The fourth system features a treble clef and a bass clef. Dynamic markings of *f* and *p* are placed above the bass line.

f 2

The fifth system shows a treble clef and a bass clef. A dynamic marking of *f* is placed above the bass line, and a fermata is placed over the final measure, which is numbered '2'.

First system of musical notation. The upper staff is in treble clef and the lower staff is in bass clef. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). Dynamics include *p*, *f*, and *ff*.

Second system of musical notation. The upper staff is in treble clef and the lower staff is in bass clef. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). Dynamics include *p*.

Third system of musical notation. The upper staff is in treble clef and the lower staff is in bass clef. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). Dynamics include *mf*.

Fourth system of musical notation. The upper staff is in treble clef and the lower staff is in bass clef. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). Dynamics include *p*.

Fifth system of musical notation. The upper staff is in treble clef and the lower staff is in bass clef. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). Dynamics include *p*.

N.B. The whole of MR STRAUSS' admired Waltzes, Galops, and Le Bouquet, are published only by R. COCKS and CO as Piano Duets, Piano and Violin, and for Piano and Flute, each set $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{3}{4}$ - and $\frac{3}{4}$ - 2550

SOUVENIRS DE STRAUSS.

A Collection of New
WALTZES AND GALOFS.

for the
Piano Forte.

Composed by

JOHANN STRAUSS.

BOOK 1. BRUSSLER-SPITZEN WALZER.

- Or Nº 1. of Queen Victoria's Royal Waltzes 2/6
- 2. BALL-RACKETEN WALZER. 2/6
- Or Book 2. of Queen Victoria's Royal Waltzes 2/6
- 3. THE CACHUCHA DANCE 1/-
- 4. KÜNSTLER BALL TÄNZE. Op. 94 2/6
- 5. VENÉTIANER GALOPPE 1/-
- 6. KETTENBRÜCKEN-WALZER 2/6
- 7. REISE GALOPPE 1/-
- 8. BALLNACHT GALOPPE 1/-
- 9. JUGENDFREIER GALOPPE 1/-
- 10. MEIN SCHÖNSTER TAG IN BADEN Walzer 2/6
- 11. HOF BALL TÄNZE Op. 51 2/6

BOOK 12. GRAZIEEN TÄNZE Op. 91

- 15. GESELLSCHAFTS GALOPPE 1/-
- 14. SEUFZER GALOPPE 1/-
- 15. CHAMPAGNER GALOPPE 1/-
- 16. CHINESER GALOPPE 1/-
- 17. ALPENKÖNIG GALOPPE 1/-
- 18. PHILOMELEN WALZER Op. 82 2/6
- 19. HEIMATH KLÄNGE WALZER Op. 84 2/6
- 20. PILGER AM RHIN WALZER Op. 97 2/6
- 21. LUST-LAGER-WALZER 2/6
- 22. ERINNERUNG AN PESTH WALZER 2/6
- 23. TROMPETEN WALZER 2/6
- 24. CORONATION WALTZES Op. 91 2/6

Engl. Sta. Hall.

Nºs 1, 2, 10, 18, 20, MAY BE HAD FOR PIANO & FLUTE, BY FRISCH, DO FOR PIANO & VIOLIN, 5/- EACH SET.

Price 2/6

LONDON.
Printed & Sold by
R. COCKS & CO

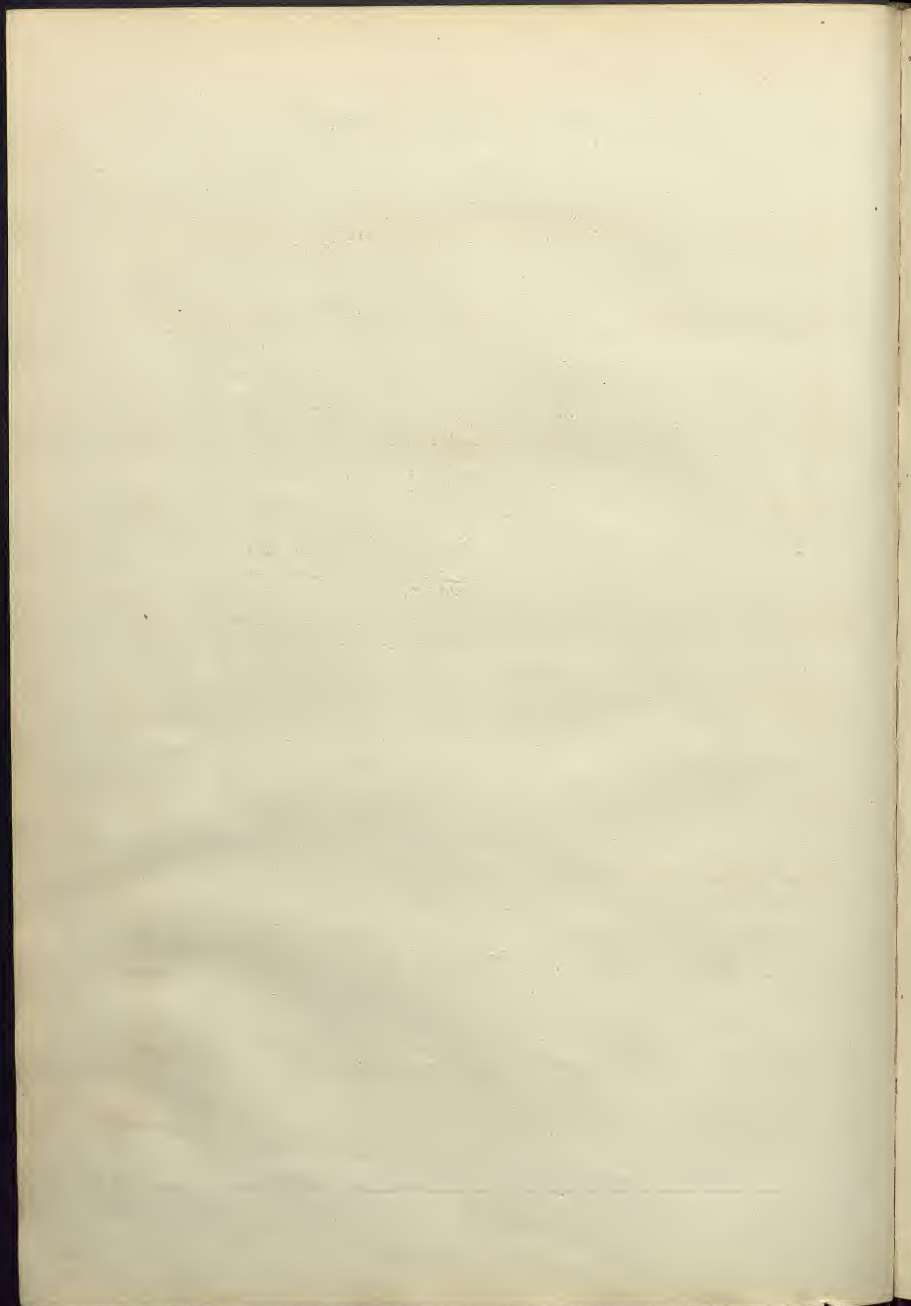
Sole Publishers of all the Theoretical Works of
ALBRECHTSBERGER, CHERUBINI, & HAMILTON,
20, Princes Street, Hanover Square.

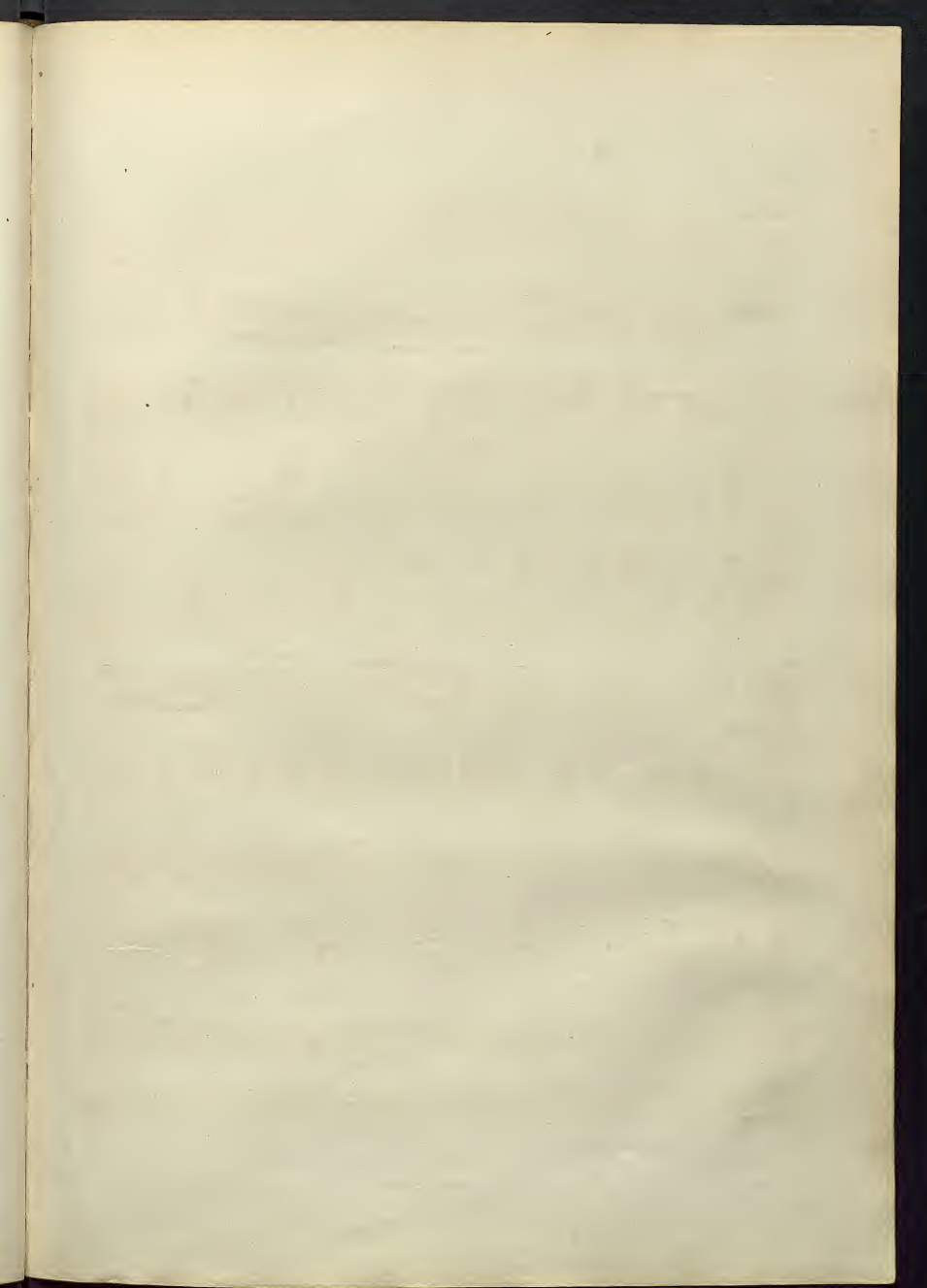
Just Published by the same Author as Piano Duets.

"La Mode de Vienne," 6 Sets of New Waltzes, each 4/- as Piano Solos.

"The Beauties of Strauss," 19 Sets of New Waltzes, each 2/6







PHILOMELM WÄLZER.

J. STRAUSS.

Op. 82.

INTRODUCTION.

PRISTO.

The musical score is written for piano and right hand. It begins with a treble clef and a 3/4 time signature. The piano part (left hand) starts with a series of chords, marked with a forte *f* dynamic. The right hand (treble clef) plays a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes, featuring a trill (*tr*) and a grace note (*gva*). The score is divided into five systems. The first system shows the initial melodic and harmonic material. The second system includes a *loco* marking and a trill. The third system features a *gva* marking and a piano (*p*) dynamic. The fourth system has a *gva* marking and a *loco* marking. The fifth system concludes with two first endings (*I*) marked above the staff.

32

N^o 1.
WALZER.

The first system of musical notation consists of a grand staff with a treble clef and a bass clef. The time signature is 3/4. The music begins with a repeat sign. The right hand plays a melody of eighth and sixteenth notes, while the left hand provides a harmonic accompaniment of chords. A dynamic marking of *p* (piano) is present.

The second system continues the melody and accompaniment from the first system. The right hand melody features a trill-like figure. The left hand accompaniment consists of steady chords.

The third system continues the piece. The right hand melody includes a trill. The left hand accompaniment features a rhythmic pattern of chords.

The fourth system introduces first and second endings. The right hand melody has a trill. The left hand accompaniment includes a dynamic marking of *p* and a first ending bracket. The first ending leads to a double bar line, and the second ending leads to a different section.

The fifth system continues the melody and accompaniment. The right hand melody has a trill. The left hand accompaniment consists of chords.

The sixth system concludes the piece with first and second endings. The right hand melody has a trill. The left hand accompaniment includes a dynamic marking of *f* (forte) and first and second ending brackets.

N.º 2.

This musical score is for a piece titled "N.º 2". It is written in 3/4 time and consists of six systems of music. The notation is in treble and bass clefs. The piece begins with a piano (*p*) dynamic. The first system includes a fermata over the first measure and a dynamic marking of *p*. The second system continues with piano dynamics. The third system features a first ending (*1st*) and a second ending (*2nd*), with a dynamic marking of *f* (forte) and the word "FINE." at the end. The fourth system starts with a dynamic marking of *f* and includes a fermata. The fifth system continues with piano dynamics. The sixth system includes a first ending (*1st*) and a second ending (*2nd*), with a dynamic marking of *f* and the instruction "D. C." (Da Capo) at the end.

N^o 3.

The musical score is written for piano and violin. It consists of six systems of music. The piano part is in the lower register, and the violin part is in the upper register. The key signature has one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is 3/4. The score includes various performance instructions: *gva* (glissando) and *loco* (loco) markings above the violin staff in the first and second systems; *p Dolce* (piano dolce) in the third system; and first and second endings in the fifth and sixth systems. The piece concludes with a double bar line and repeat signs.

6

N^o 4.

Musical score for N^o 4, Op. 3179, in G major, 3/4 time. The score consists of six systems of piano accompaniment. The first system includes a piano (*p*) dynamic marking. The music features a mix of chords and moving lines in both hands, with some trills and grace notes in the right hand. The piece concludes with a double bar line.

N^o 5.

The musical score is written for piano in 3/4 time. It consists of six systems of staves. The first system begins with a treble clef and a 3/4 time signature, followed by a grand staff. Dynamics include *f* and *p*. The second system continues the grand staff with dynamics *f* and *p*, and includes the instruction *g^{ra}*. The third system features a grand staff with dynamics *f* and *c*, and the instruction *g^{ra}*. The fourth system includes a *loco* instruction in the treble staff and dynamics *f* in both staves. The fifth system shows a treble staff with a melodic line and a grand staff with dynamics *f* and *p*, and a triplet of eighth notes in the bass staff. The sixth system concludes with dynamics *pp* and first/second endings in the treble staff.

Con. A.

f

8va

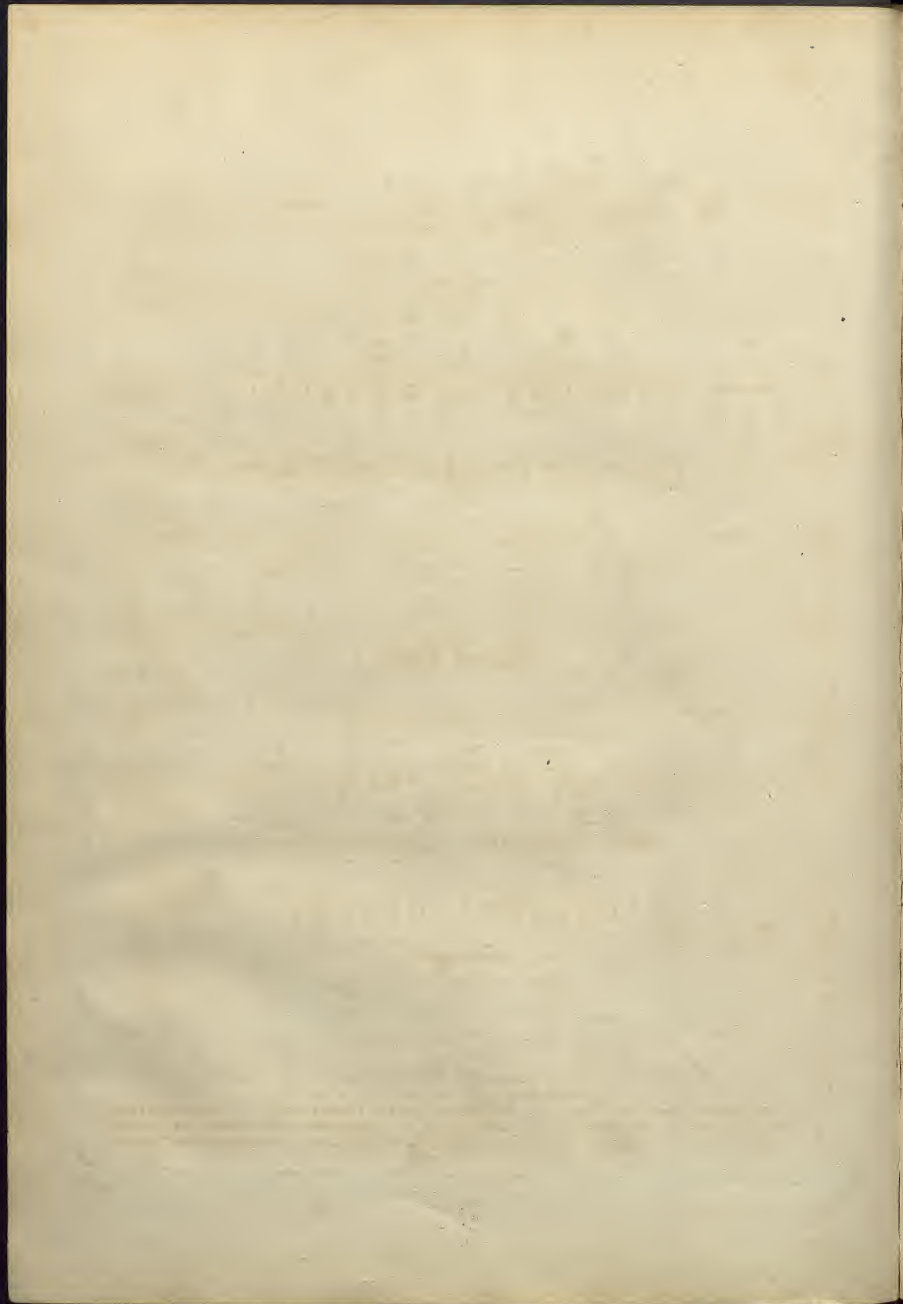
p

loco

3179

This page of musical notation consists of six systems of staves, each with a treble and bass clef. The music is written in a key with one sharp (F#) and a time signature of 3/4. The notation includes various dynamics and performance instructions:

- System 1:** Treble clef has a melodic line with slurs and accents. Bass clef has a chordal accompaniment starting with a forte (*ff*) dynamic.
- System 2:** Treble clef continues the melodic line. Bass clef features a first ending bracket labeled '1' and a piano (*p*) dynamic.
- System 3:** Treble clef has a melodic line with slurs. Bass clef has a piano-piano (*pp*) dynamic.
- System 4:** Treble clef has a melodic line with slurs and accents. Bass clef has a piano (*p*) dynamic.
- System 5:** Treble clef has a melodic line with slurs and accents. Bass clef has a piano (*p*) dynamic. Performance instructions include *8va* (octave up), *loco* (loco), and *Cres* (crescendo).
- System 6:** Treble clef has a melodic line with slurs and accents. Bass clef has a piano (*p*) dynamic. Performance instructions include *Presto.* and *ff* (fortissimo).



N° 1. SOLO 2|6

N° /

N° 2. DUET 3|

The Celebrated

M A R C H.

STRAUSS' LE BOUQUET,

Performed by him, & his Grand Orchestra,

at the

NEW PALACE, & AT ALL HIS CONCERTS.

Arranged for the

Piano Forte.

and Dedicated to

THE YOUNG LADIES,
OF THE

Miss Chapfield's Establishment.

BY

CHARLES CZERNY.

N°1 PIANO SOLO 2|6

N°2 THE SAME AS A DUET 3|

These Arrangements are Copyright.

Ent. Sta. Hall.

OP. 521.

Price 2|6

London, Printed and Sold, by R. COCKS & C^o. 20. Princes Street, Hanover Square.

Sole Publishers of all the Theoretical Works of

ALBRECHTSBERGER, CHERUBINI, & HAMILTON, BEETHOVEN'S 9 GRAND SYMPHONIES for the PIANO, by KALKBRENNER, CZERNY'S *New Edition* of J.S. BACH'S 48 Preludes, and 48 Fugues fingered. WESLEY'S *Edition* of RINCK'S ORGAN SCHOOL, CZERNY'S *Edition* of MOZART'S 6 GRAND SYMPHONIES as PIANO DUETS, & all STRAUSS' favorite VALSES.

Published for

In Paris, by Richault.

the Proprietors

10

1

THE FAVORITE MARCH FROM

I

Strauss' Le Bouquet.

Arranged by C. CZERNY.

Allegro
molto
vivace.

ff *sf* *loco* *p* *f* *cres.* *f* *p*

2

The musical score consists of seven systems, each with a treble and bass staff. The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 2/4.

- System 1:** Treble staff begins with a dotted quarter note. Bass staff has a *dot.* marking.
- System 2:** Treble staff has a *pizz.* marking. Bass staff has a *cres.* marking.
- System 3:** Treble staff has a *loco* marking. Bass staff has a *f* marking.
- System 4:** Treble staff has a *p* marking. Bass staff has a *cres.* marking.
- System 5:** Treble staff has a *pizz.* marking. Bass staff has a *f* marking.
- System 6:** Treble staff has a *loco* marking. Bass staff has a *p* marking.
- System 7:** Treble staff has a *cres.* marking. Bass staff has a *f* marking.

Musical score for piano, consisting of eight systems of two staves each (treble and bass clef). The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 3/4. The score includes various performance instructions and dynamic markings:

- System 1:** Treble clef starts with *pp* and *gva*. Bass clef starts with *p*. A measure rest is marked with a circled *3*.
- System 2:** Treble clef has *gva* and *loco*. Bass clef has *cres.*
- System 3:** Treble clef has *f*. Bass clef has *Ped.* with an asterisk.
- System 4:** Treble clef has *legger.* and *p*. Bass clef has *Ped.* with an asterisk.
- System 5:** Bass clef has *cres.*
- System 6:** Treble clef has *gva*. Bass clef has *f*, *sf*, *sf*, *sf*, *sf*, and *Ped.* with an asterisk.
- System 7:** Treble clef has *gva*. Bass clef has *sf*, *sf*, *dim.*, and *p*. A measure rest is marked with a circled *loco*.

4

Musical score for piano, consisting of six systems of two staves each. The score includes various musical notations such as dynamics (*f*, *p*, *dim.*, *cres.*, *p dol.*), articulation (accents, slurs), and fingerings (7, 3, 5).

First system of musical notation, featuring a treble and bass clef. The treble clef contains a melodic line with slurs and accents, while the bass clef provides a harmonic accompaniment. A measure number '5' is written above the final measure of the system.

Second system of musical notation. The treble clef continues the melodic line with various articulations. The bass clef accompaniment includes dynamic markings 'ff' and 'p'.

Third system of musical notation. The treble clef features a more active melodic line. The bass clef accompaniment includes dynamic markings 'ff', 'p', and 'cres.'.

Fourth system of musical notation. The treble clef includes markings for 'pizz.' (pizzicato) and 'loco' (loco). The bass clef accompaniment includes a dynamic marking 'f'.

Fifth system of musical notation. The treble clef includes markings for 'pizz.' and 'loco'. The bass clef accompaniment includes a dynamic marking 'p'.

Sixth system of musical notation. The treble clef includes a marking 'x' above a measure. The bass clef accompaniment continues with a steady harmonic pattern.

6

The musical score consists of six systems, each with a treble and bass staff. The notation includes various rhythmic patterns, including sixteenth-note runs and chords. Annotations include:

- System 1: *dot.* in the bass staff.
- System 2: *Ped.* and ** Ped.* in the bass staff.
- System 3: *dot.* in the bass staff.
- System 4: *Ped.* and ** sf p* in the bass staff.
- System 5: *Ped.* and ** sf p* in the bass staff.
- System 6: No specific annotations.

Handwritten notes and markings are present throughout, including 'L. 1. 1. 2' above the first system and 'C. 6. 8' to the right of the fourth system.

pp *loco* *ff* *mosso.* *Ped.* *ff* *Ped.* *sf* *Ped.* *ff* *Presto.* *Ped.* *sf* *pp* *sf* *Ped.*

Musical score for piano, consisting of six systems of two staves each. The notation includes various dynamics (pp, ff, sf, mosso, Presto), articulation (Ped.), and performance instructions (loco). The score is written in G major and 4/4 time.

DANCE MUSIC. A CATALOGUE OF MR. STRAUSS AND HIS GRAND ORCHESTRA, HANOVER SQUARE, LONDON.

Those sets marked with a star were performed by Mr. Strauss and his Grand Orchestra at the magnificent State Balls given by Her Majesty at Buckingham Palace.

PIANO SOLOS, BY STRAUSS.

Hommage à la Reine de la Grande Bretagne, a new Set of Waltzes, Op. 102, composed for and dedicated by gracious permission to Her Most Excellent Majesty. 4 0
Mons. R. Cozzani and Co. have had the honor to be appointed by Mr. Strauss to publish the above celebrated Waltzes, which have excited so great a sensation at Court, and in the highest circles (as both the *Revue* and *Le Figaro* do) in France, the most extraordinary assemblage of beautiful Airs in existence, in the form of a Fantaisie.

Les Bonquet des Dames, or Masquerade, founded on the beautiful Melodie from Beethoven's Fidelio! Auber's Dance, Bayadere, Masaniello; Bellini's La Straniera; Mozart's Don Juan; Czerny's English Coronation March; Her Majesty's new Original Chinese Chimes, God save the Queen; Strauss and Lanner's Waltzes, Music descriptive of an Earthquake, Post Horn, Crackling of Whips, Coronation Procession, Firing of Cannon, Flourishes of Trumpets, Ringing of Bells, and a Grand Triumphal National March. 5 0

Souvenir de Strauss, a Collection of new Waltzes and Galops.

No. 1. Bruesler-Spitzen	2 6
Ball-Racketten Walzer	2 6
3. The Cachuchas Dance	1 0
4. Kunderer-Bal-Tanz	1 0
* 5. Venetianer-Galopp	1 0
* 6. Katerbachener Walzer	2 6
7. Reize Galop	1 0
8. Ball-Nacht Galop	1 0
9. Jugendfreier Galop	1 0
* 10. Mein Schöner Tag in Baden	2 6
11. Hof Ball-Tanz	2 6
* 12. Grazian Tanz	2 6
13. Gesellschafts Galop	1 0
14. Stutzer Galop	1 0
15. Champagner Galop	1 0
16. Chineser Galop	1 0
17. Alpen König	1 0
18. Philomenen	1 0
19. Heimath Klänge Walzer	2 6
* 20. Pilger am Rhein Walzer	2 6
21. Lust-Lager Walzer	2 6
22. Erinnerung an Pauth Walzer	2 6
23. Trompeten Walzer	2 6
* 24. The Coronation Waltzes	2 6

N.B. The above 24 books may be had in one volume, cloth boards, price. 36 0

STRAUSS'S Beauties of; a Collection of elegant Waltzes, 24 books.

Set 1. Charming Waltz, with the Neustadt	3 0
2. Trivoli Rutsch Walzer	2 6
3. Fleming Walzer	2 6
4. Iris Walzer	2 6
* 5. Rosa Walzer	2 6
6. Gedankentreiche Walzer	2 6
7. Alexandra Walzer	2 6
* 8. Ditzbahener Walzer, or la Plus Belle	2 6
* 9. Des Hommes, or Huldigungs Walzer	2 6
10. Coronel Walzer	2 6
* 11. Das Lobben on Tanz Walzer	2 6
12. Vire la Danse Walzer	2 6
* 13. Merkur's Flügel Walzer	2 6
14. Souvenir de Baden Walzer	2 6
* 15. Gahrissen Walzer	2 6
16. Trivoli Fest Walzer	2 6
17. Erinnerung an Deutschland Walzer	2 6
* 18. Frohsinn sein Ziel Walzer	2 6
19. Samambilla Walzer	2 6
* 20. Paris Walzer	2 6
* 21. Der Bonquet, &c.	2 6
* 22. Mosiague Walzer	2 6
* 23. The Carnival de Paris Galop, 1a.	2 6
* 24. Mittel gegen Scharf Walzer	2 6

N.B. The above 24 books may be had in one volume, cloth boards, price. 48 0

PIANO DUETS, BY STRAUSS.

His new Waltzes, entitled *Hommage à la Reine de la Grande Bretagne*, composed for and dedicated to Her Most Gracious Majesty. 5 0
La Mode de Vienne, twelve Sets of Waltzes, ea. 4 0
No. 1. Elizabeth No. * 7. La Rosa
2. Gabrielien No. * 8. Ball-Racketten
3. Philomenen No. * 9. Huldigungs, or Les
4. Mein Schöner Tag in Baden Homages
5. Philomenen No. 10. Huldigungs, or Les
6. Merkur's Flügel No. 11. Mein Schöner Tag
7. Ditzbahener No. 12. Merkur's-Flügel
Paris Galop, 2a.
Grand Triumphal March, from his Le Bonquet, arranged by Czerny. 2 6

STRAUSS'S WALTZES FOR PIANOFORTE, With an Accompt. for the Flute, ad lib.

Badinage M usicals, twelve elegant Sets of Waltzes, arranged by R. Friml, and dedicated to Mr. Wm. Gneiff Nishols, of Cambridge, 12 books. 3 6
No. 1. Bruesler Spitzzen No. 8. Das Lobben on Tanz
2. Ball-Racketten No. 9. Gahrissen
3. Philomenen No. 10. Huldigungs, or Les Homages
4. Pilger am Rhein No. 11. Mein Schöner Tag
5. Rosa Walzer No. 12. Merkur's-Flügel
6. Alexandra No. 13. Huldigungs, or Les
7. Elizabethen No. 14. Merkur's-Flügel

FLUTE AND PIANO, CONCERTANTE.

Seven Sets of popular Waltzes, arr. by V. Forde, each 3 0
No. 1. Hommage à la Reine de la Grande Bretagne
2. Rosa No. 6. Alexandria
3. Elizabethen No. 7. Philomenen

PIANO, with an Accompt. for the Violin.

Twelve Sets of the most elegant Waltzes, composed by STRAUSS, 12 books. 3 0
No. 1. Bruesler Spitzzen No. 8. Das Lobben on Tanz
2. Ball-Racketten No. 9. Gahrissen
3. Philomenen No. 10. Huldigungs, or Les Homages
4. Pilger am Rhein No. 11. Mein Schöner Tag
5. Rosa Walzer No. 12. Merkur's-Flügel

VIOLIN AND PIANOFORTE.

Charming Walzer. 3 0
STRAUSS'S WALTZES FOR VIOLIN & PIANO.
First Set, Hommage à la Reine de la Grande Bretagne
Second Set, Rosa Walzer
Third Set, Elizabeth Walzer
Fourth Set, Iris Walzer
Fifth Set, Pheonix Walzer
Sixth Set, Alexandra Walzer
Seventh Set, Philomenen Walzer

PIANO SOLOS.

STRAUSS'S WALTZES, arr. as Rondos, and with Vars. by C. Czerny.

Reminiscences of Strauss, six books, each	3 0
No. 1. Elizabethen	No. 4. Gabrielien
2. Bruesler Spitzzen	5. Alexandra
3. Philomenen	6. Ball-Racketten
Conversation de la Saison, with Variations. 4 0	
Coronation Waltz, as a Rondo. 4 0	
The Pheonix, with Variations. 4 0	
Souvenir de Peste, with ditto. 4 0	
L'Étoile d'Amour, with ditto. 3 0	
Le Bal des Artistes, with ditto. 4 0	
La Rosa Waltz, with ditto. 4 0	
The Grand Triumphal March from the Bonquet, by Czerny	2 0
DUPRÉNE. Queen Victoria's new Court Quadrilles, performed at Her Majesty's Grand Balls, 12 Sets. each	4 0
at Her Majesty's Grand State Balls, 12 Sets. each	4 0
No. 1. Victoria-Czerny	
2. Alexandra-Czerny	
3. Le Bon Gargon	
4. Le Biquin	
5. La Double Echelle	
6. Chate indiamorphose en femme	
7. Le Double Balcon	
8. L'Arrivé du Regiment	
9. Guise, an Overture, and Onslow's new Opera	
10. La Montgondard an Départ	
11. Gays Loirs	
12. Le Byvalere	

FOR A DANCE BAND.

Queen Victoria's Court Quadrilles, with other Instruments (ad lib.), performed by Mr. Strauss.
No. 1. La Victoria. Op. 459. Czerny. No. 1. 6 0
2. L'Alexandria. Op. 459. ditto. No. 2. 6 0
3. Le Double Balcon. Op. 459. ditto. No. 3. 6 0
4. La Double Echelle. Op. 459. ditto. No. 4. 6 0
5. Guise, from Onslow's new Opera. 4 0

FOR A MILITARY BAND.

STRAUSS. Hommage à la Reine de la Grande Bretagne, performed at Her Majesty's Grand Balls, arranged by Mr. Nicols, of Her Majesty's Private Band; introducing Rule Britannia and God save the Queen. 10 6
— Beauties of three sets of Elegant Waltzes, including the Coronation Waltzes, arranged by Bousquet of Paris, for 4 Cornets, 2 Horns, Flute, 3 Trombones, Bugle, 2 Clarinets, 2 Horns, Opheciade, Ophicleide in C (or Bassoon), Ophicleide in B flat, Trumpet, Large Drum and Small ditto, each book containing a complete set of Waltzes. 5 0

CZERNY'S Two Grand Marches, composed for the Coronation of Her Most Gracious Majesty, Queen Victoria, introducing God save the Queen and Rule Britannia, and arranged for 4 Clarinets, Piccolo-Flute, 2 Horns, 2 Bassoons, Cornets, Trumpet, Bass Trombone, Ophicleide, Large Drum, Small ditto; by Mr. Wactzlar, of Her Majesty's Private Band. 10 6
The above Quadrilles and Military Pieces are particularly well suited for Country Bands.

FOR ORCHESTRA.

STRAUSS'S FAVORITE WALTZES. PARIS EDITIONS.
Pilger am Rhein. 9 0 | Huldigungs, or Les Philomenen. 9 0 | Bruesler Spitzzen, or Les Ball-Racketten. 9 0 | Homages to Gabrielien. 9 0 | La Rosa. 9 0
The above are the most favorite Works of his gifted Author.

QUADRILLES, WALTZES, AND GALOPS.

BY VARIOUS AUTHORS.
PIANOFORTE SOLOS.

BRIILLANT QUADRILLES.	
BINFIELD, T. Original Quadrilles. 4 0	
CHAULIEU, Six Sets, Le Lalyrhine, Op. 146. 4 0	
First Set, Les Penitentes. 4 0	
Fourth Set, Les Françaises. 4 0	
Third Set, Quadrilles du Voyageur. 4 0	
Second Set, Quadrilles Militaires. 4 0	
First Set, Les Therosmes. 4 0	
ESAIN, Les Gracieuses. 4 0	
FERDZ, Irish National Quadrilles. 4 0	
Le Bol de Famille. 4 0	
HORZE, Quadrilles, Op. 35, the First Set. 4 0	

EASY QUADRILLES.

CHAULIEU, English Quadrilles, including the Air, "If I heart of a man" &c. 2 0	
First Set, with "There's no luck," and four other Airs. 2 0	
Second Set, with "The Campbells are coming," and four other Airs. 2 0	
Third Set, with "My love she's dead," and four other Airs. 2 0	
Fourth Set, with "There's no luck," and four other Airs. 2 0	
First Set, with "There's no luck," and four other Airs. 2 0	
Second Set, with "The Campbells are coming," and four other Airs. 2 0	
Third Set, with "My love she's dead," and four other Airs. 2 0	
Fourth Set, with "There's no luck," and four other Airs. 2 0	
CHAULIEU, English Quadrilles, including the Air, "If I heart of a man" &c. 2 0	
First Set, with "There's no luck," and four other Airs. 2 0	
Second Set, with "The Campbells are coming," and four other Airs. 2 0	
Third Set, with "My love she's dead," and four other Airs. 2 0	
Fourth Set, with "There's no luck," and four other Airs. 2 0	

The above Quadrilles may be put into the hands of juvenile pianists from ten years of age.

EASY QUADRILLES continued.

CHAULIEU, Quadrilles de la Clochette. 2 0	
COOMBE, Original Quadrilles. 2 0	
CLARKE, Hawkstone Quadrilles. 3 0	
ESAIN, Espanoles. 2 6	
HUNTEN, Les Six Swiss Waltzes, Op. 126, each set followed by a Waltz, with Flute or Violin Accompaniment. each 3 0	
HODGKS, Quadrilles d'Hillarie. 3 0	
LEMOINE, Quadrilles de Pirmas. 3 0	
Ditto from Carafa's Ballet, L'Origie, books 1 & 2. each 2 6	
Ditto from Carafa's Ballet, L'Origie, book 1. 2 6	
Ditto from Masanietto. 2 0	
Ditto from Les Pré aux Clercs. 2 0	
Ditto from Le Joyeux. 2 0	
Ditto from Anna Boloni. 2 0	
Les Echos des Salons: No. 1, Les Therosmes (Chaillon). 2 0	
2. Les belles Fleurs (Herz). 2 0	
Quadrilles, Hommage aux Dames: No. 1, from Semiramide. 2 0	
2. From Madame Quatuor. 2 0	
3. Les Favorites. 2 0	
4. Les Elegantes, from Rosini. 2 0	
5. Les Gracieuses, from ditto. 2 0	
6. From Weber's Curyant. 2 0	
7. Le Favori. 2 0	
MUNDY, Eight easy Sets of original Quadrilles, each 3 0	
These are the most original and popular Quadrilles of the music of Amateurs and Professors of Music.	
TOLBEQUE'S Quadrilles from Zampa, 2 books, ea. 3 0	

EASY QUADRILES AS DUETS.

CZERNY, C. (of Vienna), Deux Quadrilles Royal, Op. 459. First Set, No. 1. 4 0	
Second Set, "La Victoria" &c. 4 0	
* These are the most original, pleasing, and striking, and at the same time the most popular, ever offered to the Public.— <i>Full Musical Review.</i>	
CHAULIEU, Les Plaisirs de la Pension, No. 1. 4 0	
2. Les Plaisirs de la Pension, No. 2. 4 0	
3. Les Plaisirs de la Pension, No. 3, with National Airs. 4 0	
4. Les Therosmes. 4 0	
5. Les Joyeux. 4 0	
6. Les Militaires. 4 0	
FORDE, Irish National Quadrilles, No. 1. 3 0	
Ditto. No. 2. 3 0	
Ditto. No. 3. 3 0	
LEMOINE, First Set, from Zampa. 3 6	
Second Ditto, with Variations. 3 6	
3. Ditto, for small hands. 3 6	
Quadrilles from Zelma. 4 0	
Original Quadrilles. 4 0	
Le Favori Quadrilles. 4 0	

WALTZES AS DUETS.

CHAULIEU, Three easy Bird Waltzes. each 3 0	
HUNTEN, F. Three Waltzes. 2 6	
LEMOINE, Three Waltzes. 2 6	
LANNER'S NEW LANNERS, Set Promethese. 4 0	
Second Set, Die Eipler Waltz. 4 0	
Third Set, Original Klänge Walzer. 4 0	

PIANOFORTE SOLOS.

WALTZES.
AMORE BALLERINO; a Collection of Waltzes, Polonaises, Galopades, elegantly engraved in the six-form. 1 to 26. 0 6
BEEHON'S Waltzes complete, by Czerny, 2 books. each 3 6
1. The Six Swiss Waltzes, by Huntén, 2 6
2. Post-horn Waltz. 1 6
CHAULIEU, Twelve brilliant Waltzes, in F, D, and C, ea. 3 0
Three Bird Waltzes, in C, G, and A. each 2 0
Six Waltzes and three Galops. 2 0
COULAN, Pas de deux, by Huntén. 2 6
CLARKE, Six beautiful Waltzes, three books, ea. 1 0
CZERNY, Waltzes di Bravura. 1 0
Invitation pour la Danse. 4 0
EUTERPE, La Colonne Polonoise, and the Waltz, a Waltz by Paer; and a Waltz from Freylichitz. 2 0
No. 2. A Waltz from Mend in Zurich, and a Waltz from Paris. 2 6
GLOVER, Three Waltz Rondos. each 2 0
No. 1. The Geneva Waltz
2. The Duke of Glendstadt Waltz
3. The Zurich Waltz
4. The Stop Waltz
5. Dieis Waltz
6. Four German Waltzes. 1 0

HERMANN, Four German Waltzes. 2 6
HERZ, Twelve Waltzes. 1 0
HODGKS, Clifton Waltz. 2 6
HUNTEN, F. Six Swiss Waltzes. 2 6
Six Saxon Waltzes. 2 6
Six original New Waltzes. Op. 126. 3 0
HUNTEN, F. Six Swiss Waltzes. Op. 126. 3 0
LANNER'S Promethese, Funken Walzer, Op. 123. 4 0
Die Eipler Walzer, Op. 124. 4 0
Orpheus Klänge Walzer, Op. 125. 4 0
Storming of Constantine, a new Galop. 2 0
MACDONALD, Three Bird Waltzes. each 1 0
No. 1. In C. 2 6
No. 2. In D. 2 6
No. 3. In F. 2 6
No. 1. In C. 2 6
No. 2. In D. 2 6
No. 3. In F. 2 6

MOSCHELES, Twenty-one Waltzes, Op. 16. 4 0	
MOZART, Six German Waltzes. 2 6	
MULLER, C. The Hawkstone Waltzes and Galop. 2 6	
PRAGER, Three ditto. 3 0	
REISSGER, Twelve new German Waltzes. 3 0	
SIRÉN, Six German Waltzes. 2 6	
Six French Galopades. 2 6	
The Reichstadt Waltz (Andrew). 2 6	
TOLEBEQUE, Waltzes, and 2. 2 6	

SET

LES PLAISIRS de la PENSION

OR
Boarding School Recreations.

Six Brilliant Sets

OF

QUADRILLES.

for the

Piano Forte.

COMPOSED AND DEDICATED TO

English Ladies.

By

CHARLES CHAULIEU.

These Quadrilles are Copyright.

Ent. Sta. Hall.

Price 4/.

LONDON,

Printed & Sold by

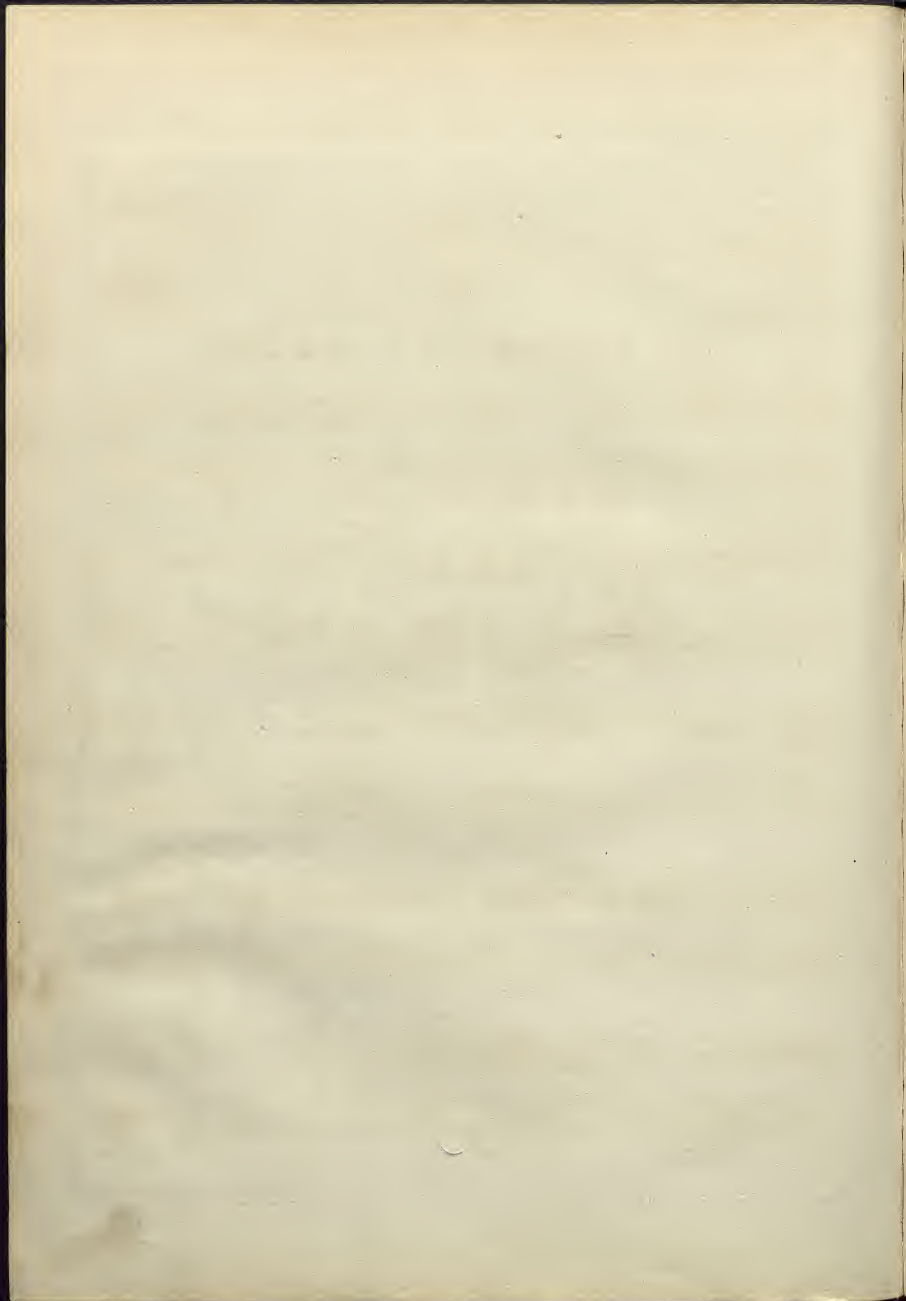
R. COCKS & CO

Sole Publishers of all the Theoretical Works of

ALBRECHTSBERGER, CHERUBINI AND HAMILTON.

20. Princes Street, Hanover Square.





ON DANCE-TUNES GENERALLY, CONSIDERED AS A MEANS OF STUDY FOR THE PIANOFORTE.

THE following remarks, by M. CHAULIEU, are intended to precede his Quadrilles, entitled "Les Plaisirs de la Pension;" or, indeed, any other set of Quadrilles, &c.

Fifteen or twenty years ago, every respectable professor used to say to his pupils, "do not practice country dances, for, if you do, you will spoil your ear, and contract bad habits of fingering."

And they were perfectly right; as the dances of that time, and even of a much later period, were so full of false harmonies, and of basses which it is impossible to finger with any regularity, that the practice of them cannot be otherwise than prejudicial to young pupils.

But, when the first sets of dances by H. LEMOINE appeared, though they were far from possessing the merit of those which he now arranges, both amateurs and professors were sensible of their superiority; and many, who had rejected with disdain the ordinary dances, welcomed with pleasure those of H. LEMOINE; which, indeed, are to be seen on the desks of almost all pianoforte players.

However, I am far from approving this method of turning into dances the subjects of all the popular operatic airs, whatever may be the dramatic situation whence they may be extracted. Such an abuse appears to me highly blameable; and the frequent necessity of changing the degree of movement, and occasionally, also, even the species of time, involuntarily reminds me of the fate of those luckless Greek travellers whom the tyrant Procrustes caused to be fitted to his iron bed. Who has not lamented to see converted into a dance, "Di tanti palpiti," and many other airs, full of grace and sentiment.

But, as it enters into my plan of musical education, to render young persons capable of contributing their share to the general fund of social entertainment as soon as possible, I shall consider the country dance under the double aspect of UTILITY and AMUSEMENT.

UTILITY.

This light species of composition has for its elements: first, a uniform period of eight bars, which accustoms the pupil betimes to regular rhythmic phrases; secondly, a uniformity of rhythm, which forces him to CADENCE his bars, and awakens an intuitive perception of *strong* and *weak* times or accents, ideas which it would be in vain to try to explain by any other means. This regular division of eight and eight bars has also this advantage, that it is favorable to study, as it only obliges the pupil to practice those particular phrases which contain some difficulty. By this means, I have frequently enabled young persons to play in strict time, who had experienced great difficulty in acquiring any exact notion of the relative values or durations of the notes.

AMUSEMENT.

Young ladies know as well as I do, how greatly they are appreciated in society, when, after having joined in the dance themselves, they can in turn enable their young friends to dance; but they do not so thoroughly know that, to enable others to dance well, it is not sufficient to play the notes correctly; but that they must, in addition to this, adopt a proper degree of movement, ($\text{♩} = 112$ of the metronome), keep the time with the greatest accuracy, and still further, observe a strongly accented rhythm; one that will, as it were, set the dancers feet in motion.

The savages, who are passionately fond of dancing, employ only a drum by way of music, because the rhythm is sufficient alone, anything beyond that is for the gratification of the ear. If, therefore, you wish to acquire the reputation of playing dances well, select such as contain a good share of melody, and which, in point of difficulty, are much within your powers of execution; you will then be mistress of your head and your fingers; you will play well, and will not risk being exposed to such an adventure as I shall relate.

A young lady was playing some magnificent Contre-Danses Variées, by a fashionable author, of whom some are apt to say with a sort of pride, "I play that author's music;" but without adding *how*:—to proceed; she played and played away, and the more she played, the more the dancers fell into confusion. At last, to get out of this labyrinth, and at the moment they were obliged to stop, a person present said to the lady, "you should play us some old dances, such as we may understand;" adding, by way of politeness to the player, though not very flattering to the author, "these dances are detestable, they have no melody, and are unfit for dancing." Upon this, the mistress of the house looked out some easy quadrilles, arranged from some new open; but, alas! though the poor girl had learned to murder the quadrilles of H. HERZ, she was not capable of making out the simple ones placed before her.

To the truth of this little anecdote I pledge myself as an eye witness.

Oh! ye young females, destined to form the ornament of society, listen to advice dictated by long experience. Believe that those long and difficult pieces, which you play in the drawing room, astonish sometimes, when they are perfectly well played (a rare occurrence), but hardly ever impart real delight to the hearers. They must be considered as objects of study, and as a means of enabling you to play with grace, precision, expression, and neatness, brilliant compositions of a secondary degree of difficulty, and above all, of a moderate length. You perhaps despise such, but you are in the wrong; for then you will please, you will charm your auditors; and those around you will no longer exclaim—"What, the piano again!"

C. CHAULIEU.

(Translated by J. HAMILTON, Author of the Musical Catechisms.)

N.B. These Six Quadrilles are engraved so that such pupils as have made but little progress may play only the first part of each quadrille, repeating it four times, and at last concluding at ♩

LIST OF CHAULIEU, HUNTEN, AND LEMOINE'S QUADRILLES AND WALTZES,

COMPOSED EXPRESSLY FOR THE PUBLISHERS,

R. COCKS AND CO., 20, PRINCES STREET, HANOVER SQUARE, LONDON.

EASY QUADRILLES.	AS DUETS.	BY FRANCOIS HUNTEN.
Les Plaisirs de la Pension, 6 books..... each	Les Plaisirs de la Pension, 3 Numbers, each	Six Swiss Waltzes..... (very easy).....
Three Sets of Scotch Quadrilles..... each	Les Thernoises.....	4 0 Six Tyrolean ditto..... (ditto).....
Three Sets of Irish ditto..... each	Les Millaires.....	4 0
English Set.....	Les Voyageurs.....	4 0
Les Thernoises.....		EASY QUADRILLES BY H. LEMOINE.
Les Plaisirs du Soir.....	WALTZES BY THE SAME AUTHOR.	Homage aux Dames, 6 Sets..... each
Les Saisons, 4 books..... each	Twelve Waltzes.....	2 0
	Three easy Bird Waltzes..... each	2 0
	Three easy Snuff-Box Waltzes..... each	2 0
	Les Plaisirs de l'Hiver, 6 Waltzes, and 3 Galops.....	3 0
		BY FRANCOIS HUNTEN.
BRILLIANT QUADRILLES.		Set 1, on Airs from Semiramide
Six Sets..... each		2, Mosh in Ezto
No. 1. Les Thernoises.....		3, Les Favorites..... H. Lemoine
2. Les Militaires.....		4, Les Elégantes..... Rosini
3. Les Voyageurs.....		5, Les Gracieux..... Ditto
		6, Euryanthe..... C. M. Weber
		* Le Joueur for very small hands.....
		* Le Favori.....
		* Quadrilles on Airs from Zampa, 2 bks. ea.

2

LES PLAISIRS DE LA PENSION.

The Legacy.

PANTALON.

3^e Quadrille.

1.

1^{re} Figure.

p *f*

f

p

f

f

f

Ton:

First system, measures 1-4. Treble clef starts with a piano (*p*) dynamic, followed by a forte (*f*) dynamic. Bass clef accompaniment is consistent.

Second system, measures 5-8. Treble clef has a forte (*f*) dynamic and a "gva" (glissando) marking. Bass clef accompaniment continues.

Third system, measures 9-12. Treble clef has "loco" markings and a piano (*p*) dynamic. Bass clef accompaniment continues.

Fourth system, measures 13-16. Treble clef has a forte (*f*) dynamic. Bass clef accompaniment continues.

Fifth system, measures 17-20. Treble clef features sixteenth-note patterns with "1+1+1+" markings and a "Ten." marking. Bass clef accompaniment continues.

Sixth system, measures 21-24. Treble clef features sixteenth-note patterns with "1+1+1+" markings, a "Cres." marking, and a "D. C." marking. Bass clef accompaniment continues.

D. C.
pour les 3^e.
et 4^e Figures

4

E T E .

The British Grenadier's March .

2.

1^{re} et 3^e Figures.

Cres: ff

pp *ff*

2^e et 4^e Figures.

p

f

p

p *ff*

f

Au signe *z*.
pour les 3^e
et 4^e Figures.

6

POULE .

Welsh Air .

3. This system consists of two staves. The upper staff is in treble clef with a 6/8 time signature, starting with a piano (*p*) dynamic. The lower staff is in bass clef with a 6/8 time signature, also starting with a piano (*p*) dynamic. The music features a melody in the upper staff and a rhythmic accompaniment in the lower staff.

This system continues the piece. It includes a first ending bracket labeled "1^{re} et 3^e Figures." and a second ending bracket labeled "4". The dynamics range from piano (*p*) to forte (*f*).

This system features a complex texture with many chords in the upper staff. The lower staff continues the accompaniment. Dynamics include piano (*p*) and a section marked "Cres:" (Crescendo).

This system continues the accompaniment with a steady rhythm. The upper staff has a melodic line. Dynamics include piano (*p*).

This system includes a section with a forte (*f*) dynamic and a section with a fortissimo (*sfz*) dynamic. The lower staff has a dense chordal texture.

This system concludes the piece with a fortissimo (*sfz*) dynamic. The lower staff features a dense, rhythmic chordal accompaniment.

p

2^e et 4^e Figures .

f

p Crescendo. *gta*

loco

p

D. C.
pour les 3^e
et 4^e Figures.

8

TRÉNIS.

4.

f *p*

N. 1^{re} et 3^e Figures.

f *p*

f *p*

Scherzando. *Trem.* *f*

Detailed description: The score is for a piece titled 'TRÉNIS' in 6/8 time. It consists of five systems of piano accompaniment. The first system is marked '4.' and includes dynamics *f* and *p*. The second system is marked 'N. 1^{re} et 3^e Figures.' and includes dynamics *f* and *p*. The third system includes dynamics *f* and *p*. The fourth system includes dynamics *f* and *p*. The fifth system is marked 'Scherzando.' and 'Trem.' (trémolo), and includes dynamics *f*. The music is written in treble and bass clefs with a key signature of one sharp (F#).

f *p*

2^e et 4^e Figures .

f *p*

pp

Brillante.

Cres - - - - - do .

f *p*

p

Au signe $\%$.
pour les 3^e
et 4^e Figures.

10

FINALE.

The Plough Boy.

5.

p

ff

1re et 3e Figures.

p

Cres — cen

do — Di — mi — nuendo

p

ff

2^e et 4^e Figures.

f

Dolce.

Cres *Dimi*

D. C. al^o
pour les 3^e
et 4^e Figures.

Chassé - Croisé, 1^{er} Eté.

[The text on this page is extremely faint and illegible due to low contrast and blurring. It appears to be a page of handwritten or printed text, possibly containing a list or a series of entries.]

SET

LES PLAISIRS de la PENSION

OR
Boarding School Recreations,

Six Brilliant Sets

OF

QUADRILLES.

for the

Piano Forte,

COMPOSED AND DEDICATED TO

English Ladies.

By

CHARLES CHAILIEU.

These Quadrilles are Copyright.

Ent. Sta. Hall.

Price 4/.

LONDON,

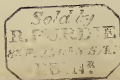
Printed & Sold by

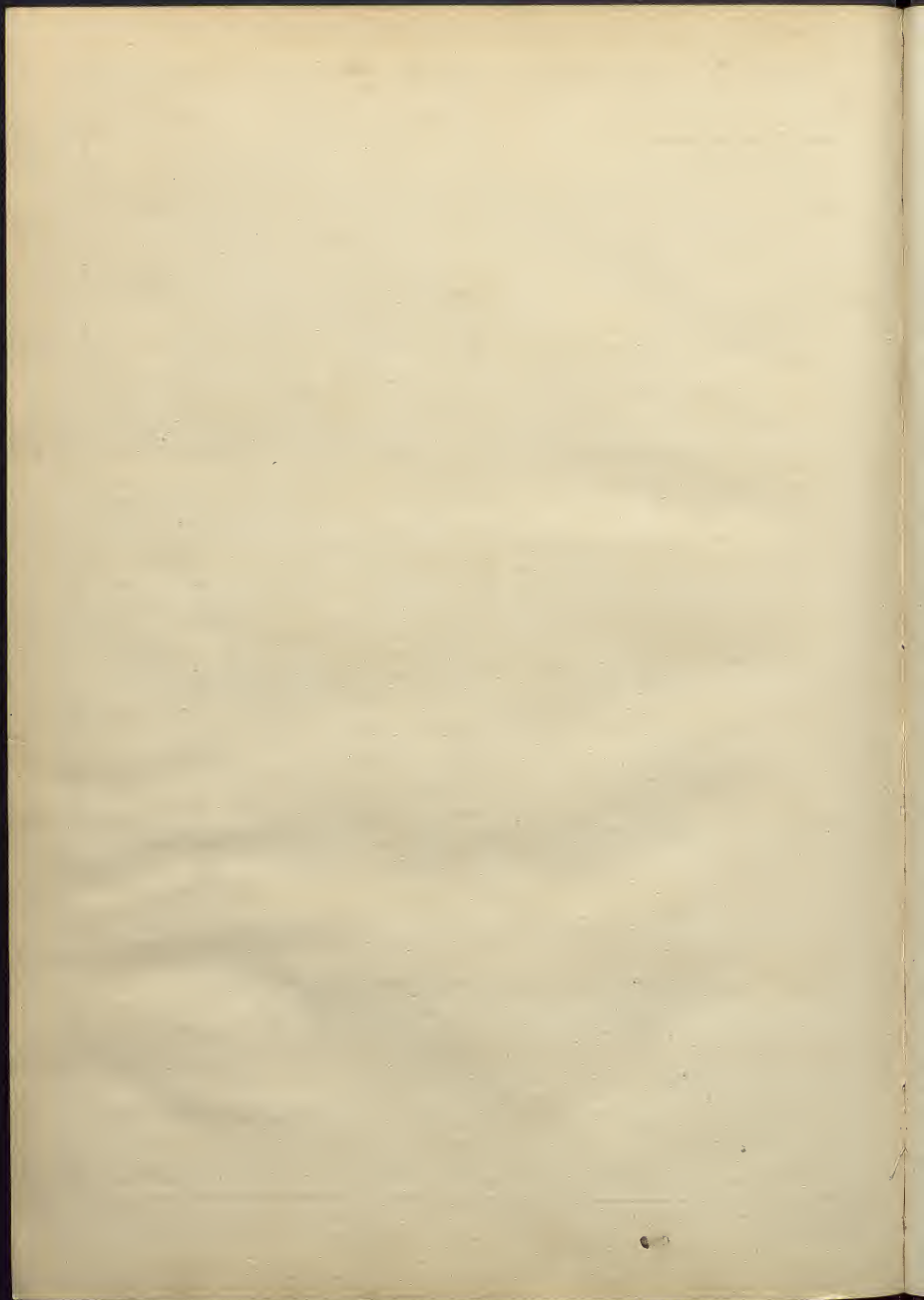
R. COCKS & CO

Sole Publishers of all the Theoretical Works of

ALBRECHTSBERGER, CHERUBINI AND HAMILTON.

20, Princes Street, Hanover Square.





ON DANCE-TUNES GENERALLY, CONSIDERED AS A MEANS OF STUDY FOR THE PIANOFORTE.

THE following remarks, by M. CHAULIEU, are intended to precede his Quadrilles, entitled "Les Plaisirs de la Pension;" or, indeed, any other set of Quadrilles, &c.

Fifteen or twenty years ago, every respectable professor used to say to his pupils, "do not practice country dances, for, if you do, you will spoil your ear, and contract bad habits of fingering."

And they were perfectly right; as the dances of that time, and even of a much later period, were so full of false harmonies, and of basses which it is impossible to finger with any regularity, that the practice of them cannot be otherwise than prejudicial to young pupils.

But, when the first sets of dances by H. LEMOINE appeared, though they were far from possessing the merit of those which he now arranges, both amateurs and professors were sensible of their superiority; and many, who had rejected with disdain the ordinary dances, welcomed with pleasure those of H. LEMOINE; which, indeed, are to be seen on the desks of almost all pianoforte players.

However, I am far from approving this method of turning into dances the subjects of all the popular operatic airs, whatever may be the dramatic situation whence they may be extracted. Such an abuse appears to me highly blameable; and the frequent necessity of changing the degree of movement, and occasionally, also, even the species of time, involuntarily reminds me of the fate of those luckless Greek travellers whom the tyrant Procrustes caused to be fitted to his iron bed. Who has not lamented to see converted into a dance, "Di tanti palpiti," and many other airs, full of grace and sentiment.

But, as it enters into my plan of musical education, to render young persons capable of contributing their share to the general fund of social entertainment as soon as possible, I shall consider the country dance under the double aspect of UTILITY and AMUSEMENT.

UTILITY.

This light species of composition has for its elements: first, a uniform period of eight bars, which accustoms the pupil betimes to regular rhythmical phrases; secondly, a uniformity of rhythm, which forces him to CADENCE his bars, and awakens an intuitive perception of *strong* and *weak* times or accents, ideas which it would be in vain to try to explain by any other means. This regular division of eight and eight bars has also this advantage, that it is favorable to study, as it only obliges the pupil to practice those particular phrases which contain some difficulty. By this means, I have frequently enabled young persons to play in strict time, who had experienced great difficulty in acquiring any exact notion of the relative values or durations of the notes.

AMUSEMENT.

Young ladies know as well as I do, how greatly they are appreciated in society, when, after having joined in the dance themselves, they can in turn enable their young friends to dance; but they do not so thoroughly know that, to enable others to dance *well*, it is not sufficient to play the notes correctly; but that they must, in addition to this, adopt a proper degree of movement ($\underline{\underline{J}}$ = 112 of the metronome), keep the time with the greatest accuracy, and still further, observe a strongly accented rhythm; one that will, as it were, set the dancers feet in motion.

The savages, who are passionately fond of dancing, employ only a drum by way of music, because the rhythm is sufficient alone; anything beyond that is for the gratification of the ear. If, therefore, you wish to acquire the reputation of playing dances well, select such as contain a good share of melody, and which, in point of difficulty, are much within your powers of execution; you will then be mistress of your head and your fingers; you will play well, and will not risk being exposed to such an adventure as I shall relate.

A young lady was playing some magnificent Contre-Danses, Variées, by a fashionable author, of whom some are apt to say with a sort of pride, "I play that author's music," but without adding *how*:—to proceed; she played and played away, and the more she played, the more the dancers fell into confusion. At last, to get out of this labyrinth, and at the moment they were obliged to stop, a person present said to the lady, "you should play us some old dances, such as we may understand;" adding, by way of politeness to the player, though not very flattering to the author, "these dances are detestable, they have no melody, and are unfit for dancing." Upon this, the mistress of the house looked out some easy quadrilles, arranged from some new operas; but, alas! though the poor girl had learned to murder the quadrilles of H. HERZ, she was not capable of making out the simple ones placed before her.

To the truth of this little anecdote I pledge myself as an eye witness.

Oh! ye young females, destined to form the ornament of society, listen to advice dictated by long experience. Believe that those long and difficult pieces, which you play in the drawing room, astonish sometimes, when they are perfectly well played (a rare occurrence), but hardly ever impart real delight to the hearers. They must be considered as objects of study, and as a means of enabling you to play with grace, precision, expression, and neatness, brilliant compositions of a secondary degree of difficulty, and above all, of a moderate length. You perhaps despise such, but you are in the wrong; for then you will please, you will charm your auditors; and those around you will no longer exclaim—"What, the piano again!"

C. CHAULIEU.

(Translated by J. HAMILTON, Author of the Musical Catechisms.)

N.B. These Six Quadrilles are engraved so that such pupils as have made but little progress may play only the first part of each quadrille, repeating it four times, and at last concluding at \curvearrowright

LIST OF CHAULIEU, HUNTEN, AND LEMOINE'S QUADRILLES AND WALTZES,

COMPOSED EXPRESSLY FOR THE PUBLISHERS,

R. COCKS AND CO., 20, PRINCES STREET, HANOVER SQUARE, LONDON.

RASY QUADRILLES.		AS DUETS.		BY FRANCOIS HUNTEN.		
Les Plaisirs de la Pension, 6 books.....	each 4 0	Les Plaisirs de la Pension, 3 Numbers, each.....	4 0	Six Swiss Waltzes..... (very easy).....	2 0	
Three Sets of Scotch Quadrilles.....	each 2 0	Les Théroïses.....	4 0	Six Tyrolean ditto..... (ditto).....	2 0	
Three Sets of Irish ditto.....	each 2 0	Les Militaires.....	4 0	EASY QUADRILLES BY H. LEMOINE.		
English Set.....	2 0	Les Voyageurs.....	4 0	Homage aux Dames, 6 Sets..... each 2 0		
Les Théroïses.....	2 0	WALTZES BY THE SAME AUTHOR.				
Les Plaisirs du Soir.....	2 6	Twelve Waltzes.....	3 0	Set 1, on Airs from Semiramide.....	2	
Les Saisons, 4 books.....	each 4 0	Three easy Bird Waltzes.....	each 2 0	2, Mosh le Egitte.....	2	
BRILLIANT QUADRILLES.		Three easy Three Sets of Waltzes.....	each 2 0	3, Les Favorites..... H. Lemoine.....	2	
Six Sets.....	each 4 0	Les Plaisirs de Péters, 6 Waltzes, and 3 Galops.....	3 0	4, Les Elegantes..... Rossini.....	2	
No. 1. Les Théroïses		BY FRANCOIS HUNTEN.				
2. Les Militaires		Les Petit Folles, three Sets of Quadrilles.....	3 0	5, Les Griacoux..... Ditto.....	2	
3. Les Voyageurs		* Le Joujou for very small hands.....				2 0
		* Les Favoris..... C. M. Weber.....				2 0
		* Quadrilles on Airs from Zampa, 2 bks. ea.....				2 0
		1 Triola.....				2 0

LES PLAISIRS DE LA PENSION.

1^{er} Quadrille.

(♩ = 112)

I. *f*

1^{ere} Figure.

mf

Scherz:

p

First system of musical notation, consisting of a treble clef and a bass clef. The music begins with a forte (*f*) dynamic marking. The right hand plays a melodic line with slurs and accents, while the left hand provides a rhythmic accompaniment of eighth notes.

Second system of musical notation, labeled "29 Figure:" and "Leggiero." The right hand features a complex, rapid melodic figure with various ornaments and slurs. The left hand plays a steady accompaniment of eighth notes.

Third system of musical notation, continuing the piece with a forte (*f*) dynamic marking. The right hand has a melodic line with slurs and accents, and the left hand continues with eighth-note accompaniment.

Fourth system of musical notation, labeled "Delicato." The right hand plays a more delicate melodic line with slurs and accents. The left hand accompaniment remains consistent with eighth notes.

Fifth system of musical notation, featuring a forte (*f*) dynamic marking. The right hand has a melodic line with slurs and accents, and the left hand accompaniment includes some chordal textures.

Sixth system of musical notation, ending with the name "PANTALON." The right hand has a melodic line with slurs and accents, and the left hand accompaniment continues with eighth notes.

4

L'ÉTÉ.

2.

f *mf* *p*

1^{re} et 3^e Figures.

Cres. *p*

Cres. *Dolce.*

Cres.

First system of musical notation. The treble clef part contains a melodic line with slurs and accents. The bass clef part features a rhythmic accompaniment of chords. Dynamics include *f* and *sfz*.

Second system of musical notation. The treble clef part has a melodic line with a first ending bracket labeled '1'. The bass clef part continues the accompaniment. The instruction "2^e et 4^e Figures." is written above the treble staff.

Third system of musical notation. The treble clef part shows a melodic line with slurs and accents. The bass clef part continues the accompaniment. Dynamics include *f*.

Fourth system of musical notation. The treble clef part has a melodic line with slurs. The bass clef part continues the accompaniment. Dynamics include *p*.

Fifth system of musical notation. The treble clef part has a melodic line with slurs. The bass clef part continues the accompaniment. Dynamics include *Cres - cen - do - - - f f f*. The instruction "D.C. Sine al" is written below the treble staff.

POULE .

3.

p *sfz*

sfz *f*

f *ff*

p *sfz* *sfz*

f *Dolce*

f

8. 1^{re} et 9^e Figures.

4 3

ff *ff*

1079

7

p *sfz* *sfz*

2^e et 4^e Figures. *f* *f*

p *Cres - cen - do* *Cres - cen - do*

pp *pp* *sfz* *sfz*

f *f*

p

sfz *sfz* *f*

Au signe //
pour les 3^e
et 4^e Fig.

8

LA TRENIS .

4. *p*

1^e et 3^e Figures.

f

pp

f *Cres.* *Dimin.*

First system of musical notation, consisting of a treble and bass staff. The treble staff contains complex chordal textures and melodic fragments, while the bass staff provides a steady accompaniment. Dynamics range from piano (*p*) to forte (*f*).

2^e et 4^e Figures.

Second system of musical notation, starting with the instruction "2^e et 4^e Figures." The treble staff features a melodic line with some trills and ornaments, while the bass staff has a rhythmic accompaniment. Dynamics include forte (*f*).

Third system of musical notation. The treble staff contains a melodic line with some trills and ornaments, while the bass staff has a rhythmic accompaniment. Dynamics include piano (*p*).

Fourth system of musical notation. The treble staff contains a melodic line with some trills and ornaments, while the bass staff has a rhythmic accompaniment. Dynamics include forte (*f*).

Fifth system of musical notation, consisting of a treble and bass staff. Dynamics include forte (*f*).

Au signe \otimes .
 pour les 3^e et
 4^e Figures.

FINALE .

5.

p

ff

1^{re} et 3^e Fig:

f

pp

ff

p

Musical staff system 1: Treble and bass clefs with notes and rests. Dynamics include piano (p).

Musical staff system 2: Treble and bass clefs with notes and rests. Dynamics include fortissimo (ff).

2^e et 4^e Figures.

Musical staff system 3: Treble and bass clefs with notes and rests. Dynamics include forte (f).

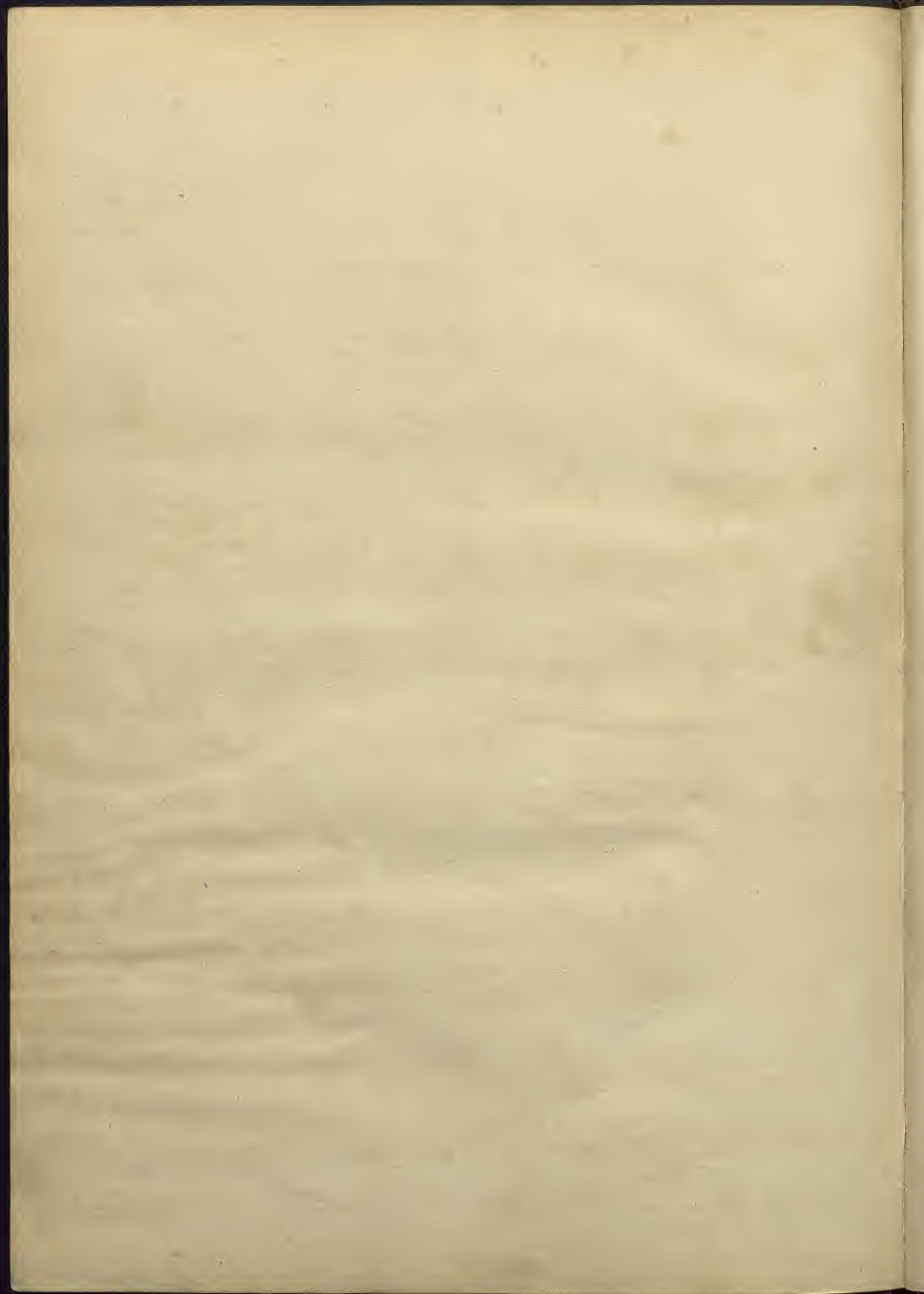
Musical staff system 4: Treble and bass clefs with notes and rests. Dynamics include loco and pianissimo (pp).

Musical staff system 5: Treble and bass clefs with notes and rests. Dynamics include forte (f).

Musical staff system 6: Treble and bass clefs with notes and rests. Dynamics include Leggiero.

Musical staff system 7: Treble and bass clefs with notes and rests. Dynamics include D.C.

Finale. Chassez croisez = en avant deux, dos à dos, balancez = Chaine des dames, que ne du chet. Chassez les lutt.



ADMIR'D
 ARCHER QUADRILLES.



RESPECTFULLY DEDICATED

MRS. FULFARTON,

of Fullarton.

B.

J. S. CRAWFORD,

Professor of Dancing.

Ent. & Sta. Hall,

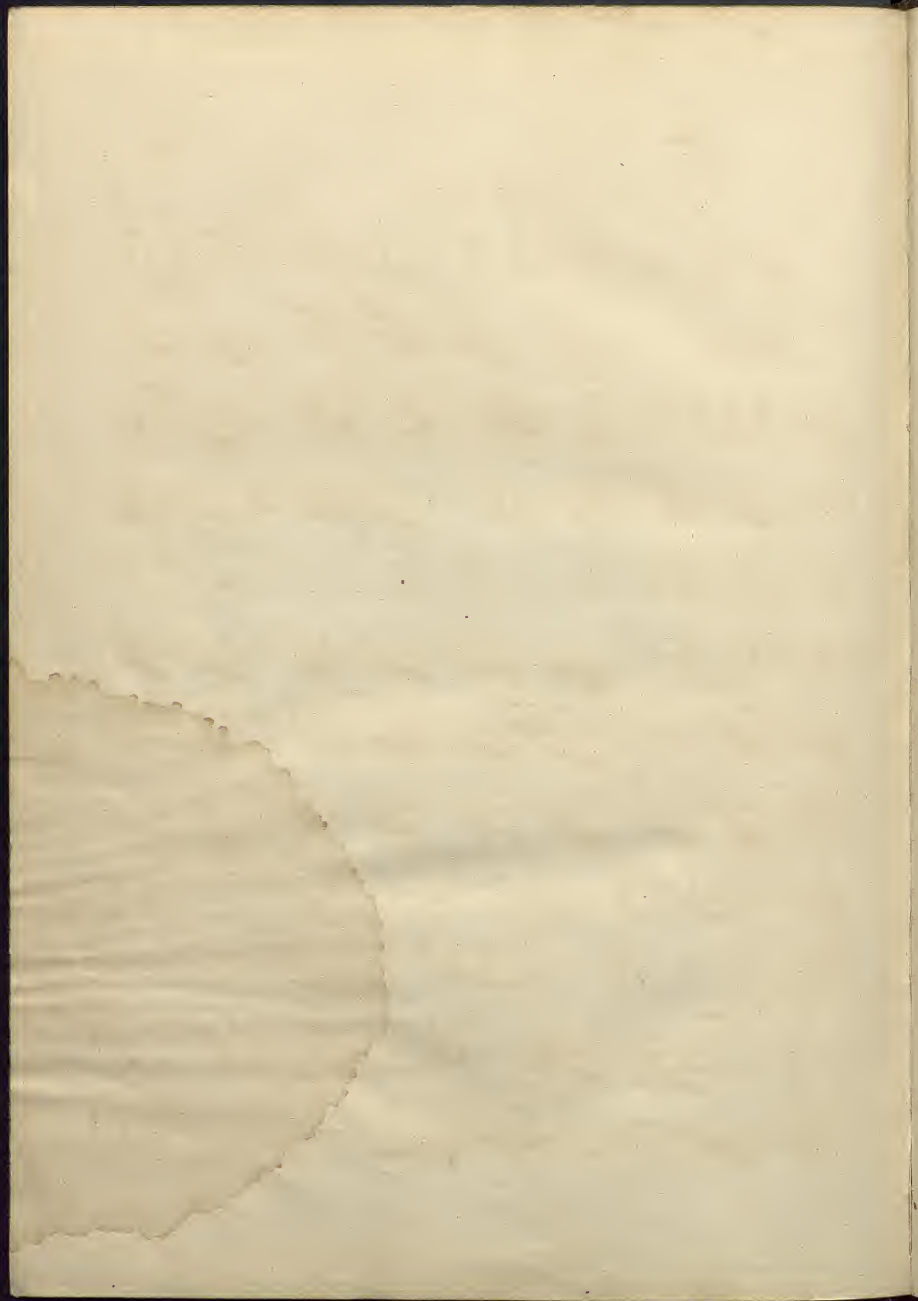
Price. 3/6

Harmonized for the PIANO-FORTE, by M. A. Hilpert.

GLAS GOWE,

Published by J. BROWN, 75 Wilson Street;
 and to be had at the Music shops.

J. Gardner Junr. Litho.



LA PANTALON.

1

1

for.

pia.

ped. *cres.* *for.*

* *dolce.*

The musical score is written for piano and features a variety of textures and dynamics. It begins with a forte (*for.*) section characterized by a rhythmic accompaniment of eighth-note chords in the right hand and a more active bass line. The middle section transitions to a piano (*pia.*) and features a melody in the right hand with a steady accompaniment in the left. The final section includes a crescendo (*cres.*) and returns to a forte (*for.*) dynamic, with a *ped.* (pedal) marking. The score concludes with a *dolce.* (dolce) section marked with an asterisk (*), featuring a more delicate and slower-moving texture.

2

L. B. B.

2

pia.

for.

f.

pia.

1st Time

2nd Time

LA POULIE.

3

3

The musical score is written for piano and consists of six systems of two staves each. The key signature is one flat (B-flat) and the time signature is 2/4. The score includes various dynamic markings and performance instructions:

- System 1:** Treble clef has a *p.* marking. Bass clef has a *ped.* marking with an asterisk and a *ped.* marking.
- System 2:** Treble clef has a *6* marking and a *pia.* marking. Bass clef has a *ped.* marking with an asterisk and a *ped.* marking.
- System 3:** Treble clef has a *for.* marking.
- System 4:** Treble clef has a *dim.* marking and a *s.* marking. Bass clef has a *pia.* marking.
- System 5:** Treble clef has a *f.* marking and a *dim.* marking. Bass clef has a *cres.* marking.

4

LA TRENTISE. *

4

The musical score is written for piano in 2/4 time. It consists of six systems of music, each with a treble and bass staff. The piece begins with a piano (*pia.*) dynamic and features a mix of eighth and sixteenth notes, often beamed together. There are several dynamic markings, including *f* (forte) and *mf* (mezzo-forte). The key signature changes from one flat (B-flat) to two flats (B-flat and E-flat) in the middle of the piece. The score concludes with a final chord in the bass staff.

* Trentise (smiling Ladies chain) and setting to partners, is now the most fashionable figure; but when Pastourelle is danced, this tune will require to be continued straight through from the commencement, but when used for Trentise, the third part must be left out.

LA FINALE.

5

5

p

p

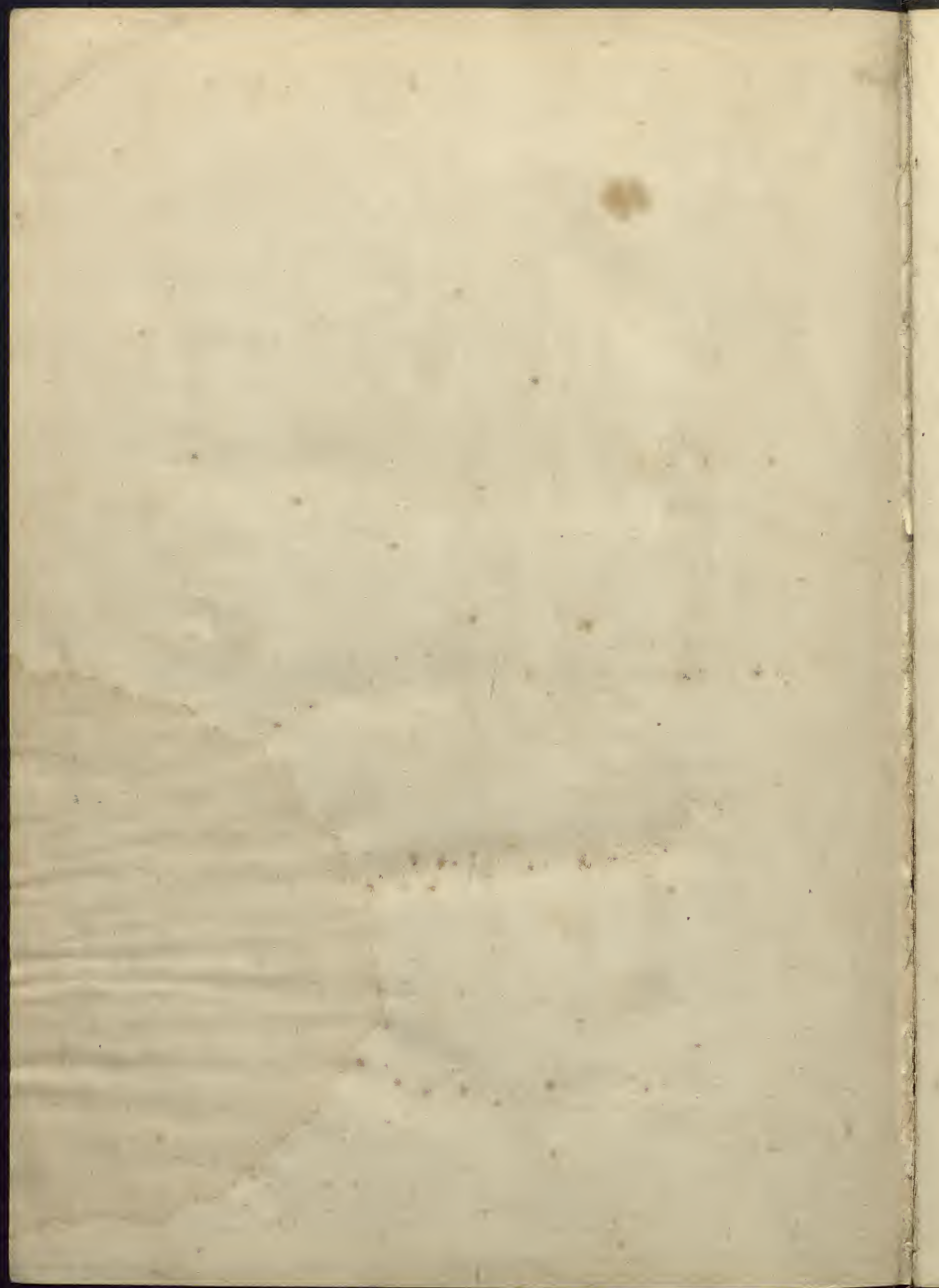
ff

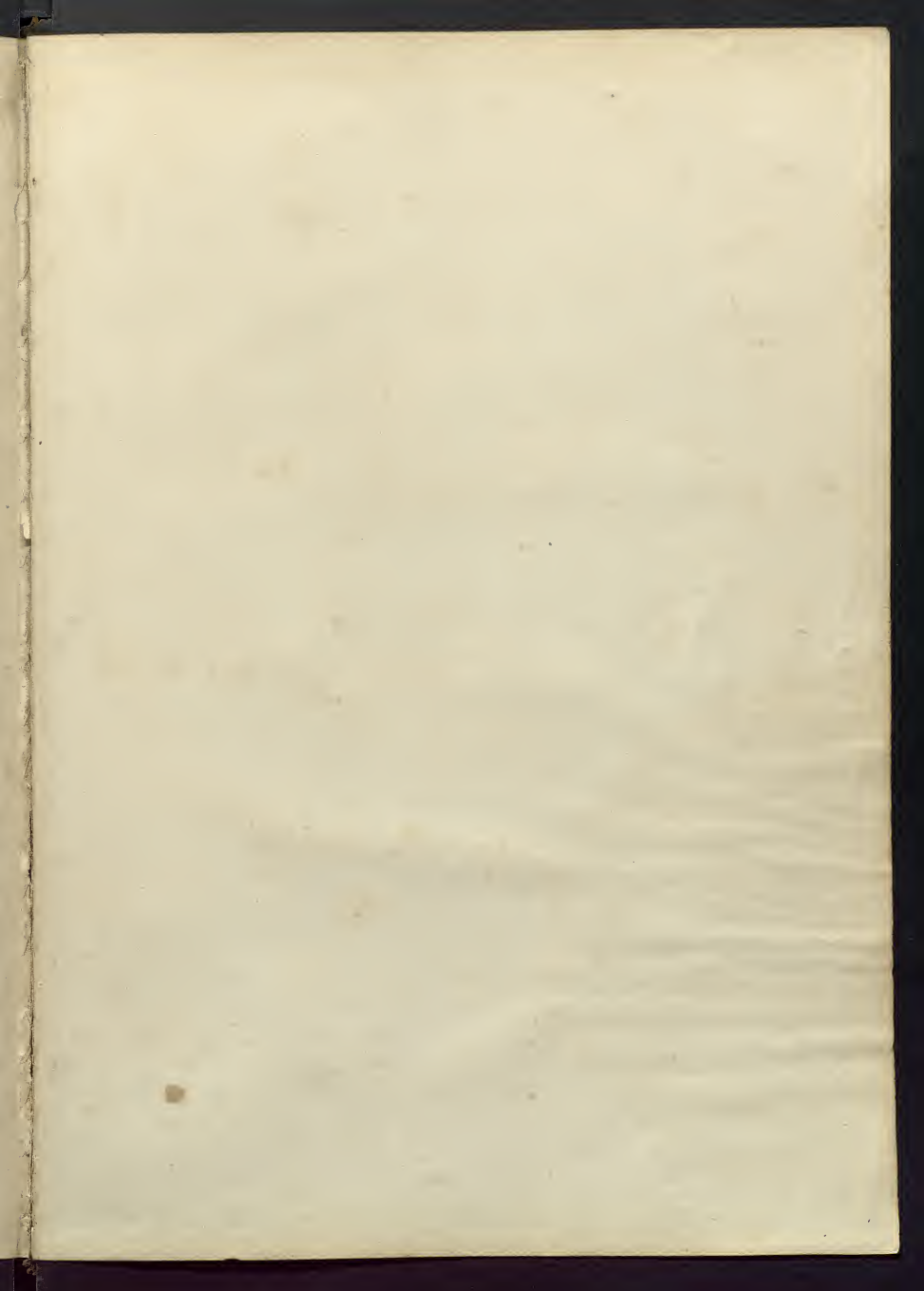
f

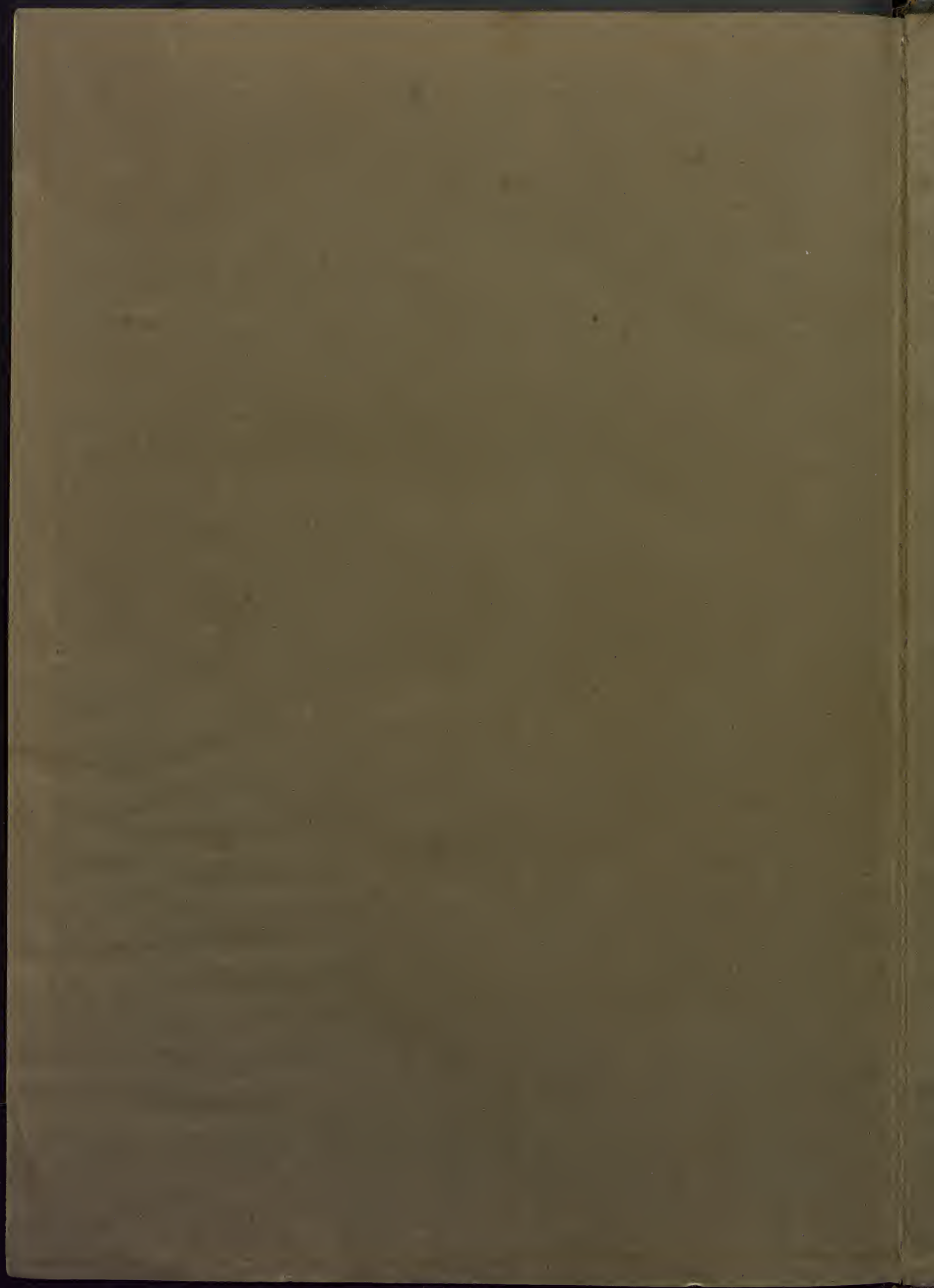
f

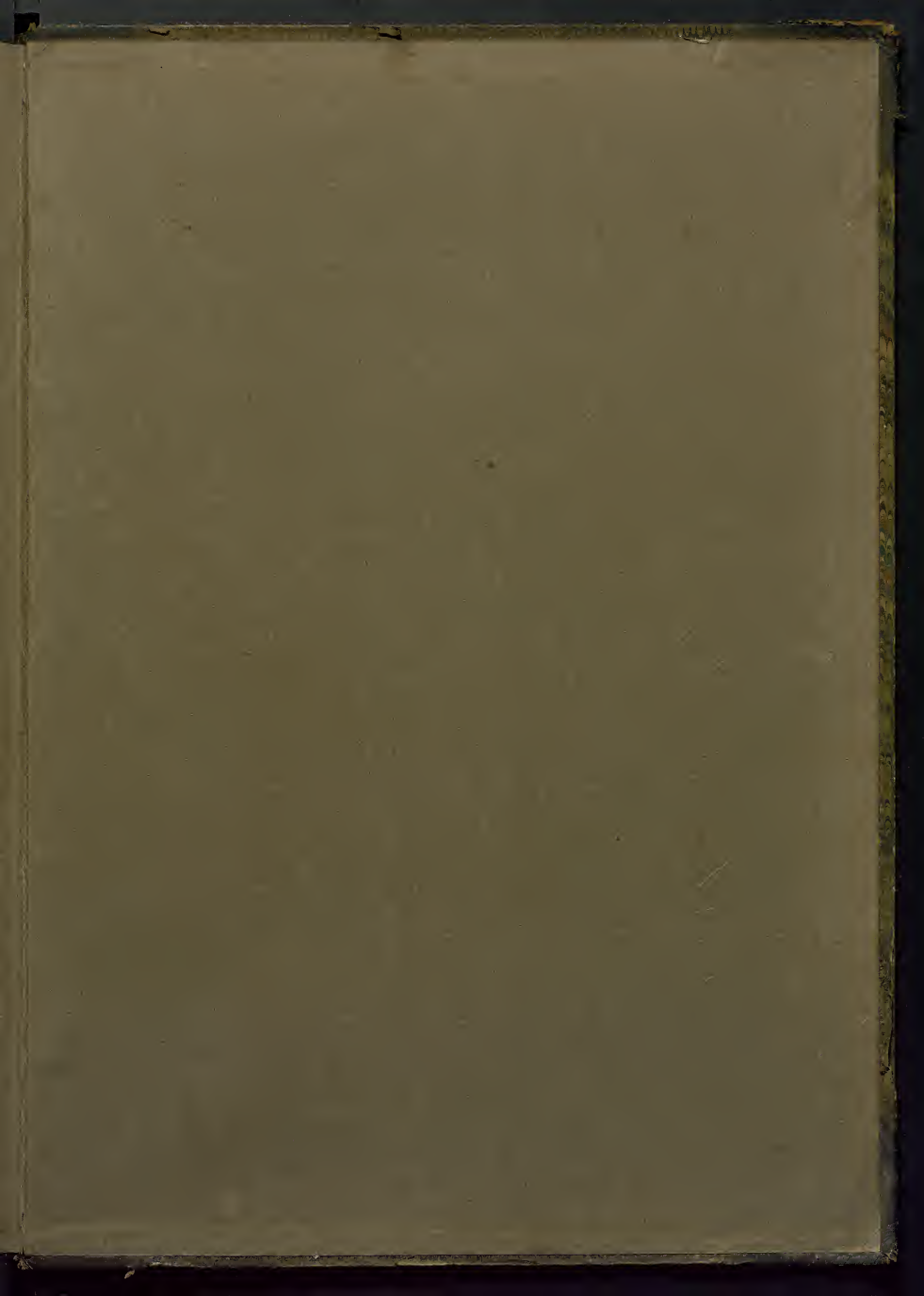
p

p













MUSIC