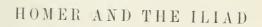






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HOMER AND THE ILIAD

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VOL II

THE ILIAD IN ENGLISH VERSE BOOKS L-XII.

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BOOK I.

ARGUMENT.

A god-sent plague invades the tented Greeks,
Which wakes among the chiefs contention dire;
Atrides reaves the maid with lovely checks,
And Peleus' son doth from the camp retire;
Thetis in grief the Olympian threshold seeks,
Where Fove's high will doth with her wish conspire.
The gods are soured; but soon with quenchless laughter
The limping grace of Vulcan shakes the rafter.

VOL. II.

Ye sons of Atreus, and ye Greeks with burnished greaves, give ear; You may the gods with conquest crown, and grant with mastering spear

To sack old Troy, and sail with joy to friends and country dear;
But me—my daughter dear restore, and let rich ransom follow,

Fearing the dread, far-darting god, the son of Jove, Apollo.

Whereto the Achaean host replied with loud-consenting cheer,

And bade him grant the old man's prayer, and his wreathèd staft revere:

But ill was Agamemnon pleased, and forth his anger brake;
Away he sent the priest, and thus with fell reproof he spake:
Old man, if near the hollow ships I find thee here again,
Or lingering now with laggard foot if thou shalt dare remain,
Thy hand shall show the sacred wreath, and bear the staff in
vail.

The maid I'll not restore; no, not till hoary age shall come

To her at Argos, in my house, far from her father's home:

There shall she tend the loom, and share my royal bed; but thou,
Begone! fret me no more! thy speed shall be thy safety now!

He spake; the old man feared; no word of sharp reply gave he,
But silent went to the billowy beach of the vast and voiceful sea.

There from the ships apart he stood, and poured the pleading
prayer

To the son of Jove whom Leto bore of the lovely-flowing hair:

Hear me, O god of the silver bow, who rightly claim'st for thine
Tenedos' isle, and Chryse's walls, and Cilla's towers divine!
Smintheus, if ere the well-roofed pile to worship thee I raised,
If with fat thighs of bulls and goats thy sacred altar blazed

from me, fulfil, O archer strong, the hope that now I cherish,
And may the Greeks who worked my wrong by thy sharp arrows
perish!

He spake, and Pheebus heard the priest, who called upon his name,
And from Olympus' summit down with wrath-stirred heart he came;
His lidded quiver and his bow he on his shoulder bare,
And fearfully his rattling shafts sounded, as through the air
With rapid swoop he travelled; and he came like glooming
night.

Then, planted close behind the fleet, he shot the arrowy might,
And terribly through the tainted air far twanged his silver bow.

First fell the mules, eftsoons the nimble dogs lie gasping low,
And then the men with the bitter barb of his immortal ire
He smote; and baleful blazed around the frequent funeral pyre.

Nine days throughout the camp the god showered forth his arrows
fleet;

But on the tenth Achilles called the general host to meet.

This thought heaven's white armed queen inspired, who in her heart was grieved

To see her dear loved Argive men of strength and life bereaved;

And when the gathering was complete and all were mustered, then Uprose Achilles, swift of foot, and spake to the king of men: Atrides! now both thou and I our weary way must shape Back o'er the broad and billowy brine, if death we haply 'scape; Here with a double foe we strive, grim war and pestilence dire. Thus I advise: of seer or priest behoves us well inquire, Or one that readeth dreams—for eke a dream from Jove descendeth— Why the far-darting Phœbus 'gainst the Achæan army bendeth His bow,—for lack of hecatombs, or for neglected prayer? Belike the savoury smoke from sheep and goats full-grown and fair May soothe his wrath, and move his heart our dwindled host to spare. He spake, and 'mid the host sat down. Rose in the assembly then Calchas the son of Thestor, best of all soothsaying men; Things past and present and to come he scanned with faultless ken, 70 And, a sure guide, to Troy had led the well-greaved Argive nation, A seer whose heart the god inspired with truthful divination. He with a friendly mien uprose, and thus his speech addressed: O son of Peleus, Jove-beloved, sith thou dost make request Why the far-darting god thus wings the sharp and arrowy pest, I'll tell thee now. But first do thou declare and swear it clearly That thou with word and work wilt aid the seer, when blamed

For truly one will fiercely fret, whose high command appalleth The subject host, and thousands march obedient when he calleth; Strong is a king, with meaner men when he in wrath contendeth: **

Though he to day his choler stay, and for the moment bendeth.

Doen in his heart he stores the gradge till-time shall make it.

Deep in his heart he stores the grudge, till-time shall make it clear

To whom he hates. Now swear thou wilt protect the truthful seer.

To whom Achilles swift of foot thus made the prompt reply:

Speak boldly forth the thing thou know'st, the truth, and not a
lie;

For by Apollo, Jove-beloved, whom in thy heart thou feelest, When to thy prayer he shows the doom that thou to men revealest, No man, while I beneath the sky shall look on lightsome day, On thee, beside the billowy tide, a heavy hand shall lay; No man of all the Greeks, not even if Calchas' mouth shall blame ⁹⁰ The foremost power in all the host, great Agamemuon's name! Thus bolder made and free to speak, the blameless priest uprose: Not from neglected hecatomb or stinted prayer, our woes Have ta'en their spring, but from the priest by Atreus' son abused, And from his daughter's ransom rare, with haughty seorn refused. For this the plague sent from the god works, and will work our bane:

Nor may his righteous wrath be stayed, nor cease his deathful rain.

Till to her sire thou give the maid with quick and glancing eyne,

Unransomed, and to Chrysè's isle across the sounding brine

Thou bring a horatomb. Thus moved, the god shall grant relief. ¹⁰⁰
He spake, and 'mid the host sat down. Then rose the mightful chief.

King Agameumon, who beneath his sway wide Argos held.

Sore vexed was he; his mighty heart within his bosom swelled,
Darkling; and from his eye the flame in lightning flashes brake.

And to the son of Thestor, looking harm, the monarch spake;
Prophet of harm, a blissful bodement ne'er yet came from thee.

But evil things the ill voice brings of Thestor's son to me.

Thy croaking throat still rang the note of deleful consummation
To Argos; now, too, thou dost stir dark looming divination.

And say'st that the far darting god doth strew the camp with laughter.

The costly ransom.—Her I long beside my Argive hearth
To keep, and her I prize even more than Clytennestra's worth
Wife of my youth, as fair to view, as quick of wit, as wire
To ply the work where all the praise of female fingers lies.
But if need be, for Greece I'll yield the maid I dearly cherish.
I love to be the people live, I loathe to see them perish
But find for me another prize; for if I empty handed
Alone am found of all the Greeks, your loyal fame were branded
With foul disgrace.—Be wither all, my portion is denied:
To whom the godlike Phthian chief, the swift of foot, replied:

O son of Atreus, first in power, and first in lust of gain,
How should the Argive camp for thee a second prize contain?
No common store the army owns, but, won by sinews' might,
His portion of the plunder holds each high-souled Grecian wight.
To take the booty back once given were most unmeet; restore
The maiden to the god; not long shalt thou such loss deplore;
Three times as rare, four times as fair a prize shalt thou enjoy,
When Jove to the conquering Greeks shall grant to raze the strong
walled Troy.

To whom the king of men supreme with wrathful speech replied: 120 O son of Peleus, brave art thou; to thee the gods denied

No warlike grace; but 'gainst my will thy subtle wit is plied. In vain. Shalt thou reap honour here, while Agamemnon lies. Reft of his portion, and beholds a stranger snatch his prize?

If that the valiant-hearted Greeks, who take my lot away.

Will honour show even as they owe, and fair with fair repay.

So well; if not, then will I seize the prize this very day.

Of Ajax or Laertes' son, or what thyself received;

And sorely he to whom I wend shall in his heart be grieved.

But of this more we'll talk anon: meantime, brave comrades mine,

Launch we the dark-hulled ships forthwith into the sea divine, And call our rowers to the oars, and in the good ship place A hecatomb, and eke the maid with cheeks of comely grace, And let some counsellor sail with you, through the broad and billowy brine,

Idomeneus, or Ajax, or Laertes' son divine,

Or thou, Pelides, of all men most hard to handle. Thus

May the far-darting god, appeased, remove the plague from us.

To whom the swift Achilles thus flung back the wrathful phrase:

O thou with impudence clad, and nursed in gainful crafty ways,

Which of the Greeks thy harsh command shall cheerfully obey, 150

To march on dusty road, or stand in battle's grim array?

Not I by Priam wronged or Troy, far from my country came,

And joined the fleet; no cause had I to blame the Dardan name;

No oxen from my stalls, no steeds from Phthia's fertile loam,

Mother of stalwart men, they drave to their far Phrygian home;

My crops they spoiled not, many a ridge of mountains rocky

breasted,

Divides us; dark woods nod between, and seas roll foamy-crested.

But for thy sake, that thou o'er fallen Troy may'st sing a pæan,

And for thy brother's dainty love, we crossed the broad Ægean,

Thou dog-faced! This thou reck'st not now; thou hast forgotten;

160

It suits to seize the hard-won prize the brave Greeks gave to me!

But when the Greeks, with bloody toil, shall sack fair-sited

Troy,

No equal portion of the spoil shall we with thee enjoy.

These hands—'tis they, as well thou know'st, and only they that guide

The tempest of the war; but when the booty we divide,

Heaps upon heaps shall rise to thee of wealth, while I. who bore
The brunt of battle, to the ships bear back my scanted store.
I'll hence: The curved ships shall swiftly bear me where to live
Unharmed is lawful; nor much here shall Agamemnon thrive,
While I from war repose me, far in Phthia's peaceful glen!

He spake; to him with wrathful words replied the king of men:

Go, if thy spirit goads thee! I will never bid thee stay;
Friends good and true 1'll count not few, when thou art far away.

Nor least great Jove, whose counsel sways all high and lowly things.

Hateful art thou the most to me of all the Jove-bred kings;
Rude strife was ever thy delight, grim war and fight thy joy:
Some god more strength thee gave than wit thy valiance to employ.
Hence now to Phthia! Steer thy ships beyond the sea, and there
Rule o'er thy Myrmidons! For thee and for thy lunes I care

No jot, howe'er thou fret. My will to all I thus declare:
Since bright Apollo takes away my lawful prize from me,
I'll send the maid without delay in a ship that ploughs the sea.
But, mark me! this Briseïs—ay, even her thou callest thine—
I to thy tent will go, and take that fair-checked maid for mine!

Thus shalt thou know my kingly right, that henceforth none may boast

To plant his might in my despite, through all the Grecian host.

He spake. Achilles heard his word, with yeasty passion tossed;

And in his shaggy breast the heart with doubtful anger swayed

Whether from well girt thigh to draw the bright and burning blade,

Break through their ranks whoe'er oppose, and lay Atrides low,
Or choke his swelling gall, and smooth his wrath's enchafed flow.
While thus the racking doubt possessed his darkly-brooding soul,
And grasped his hand the falchion huge, half-drawn — from heaven's
high pole

Athenè came; Jove's white-armed spouse had sent her from above, Herè, who felt for both the chiefs with equal weight of love.

Behind the chief the goddess stood, and seized his yellow hair,
Unseen by all, save only him; the rest saw empty air.

The startled hero at her touch turned round, and instant knew
Pallas, whose powerful eyne flashed forth strange terror to his view;

And from his awe-struck heart straightway the wingèd word out flew:
Daughter of ægis-bearing Jove, what brings thee now to earth?
To see how Agamemnon's pride has trampled on my worth?
Plainly I speak, and soon my words shall grow to ripe completion,
This haughty hearted king of slaves will work his own perdition!

Whereto Athenè; goddess of the flashing eyne, replied:
Godlike Pelides, I am come to lay the mounting tide
Of thy hot wrath. Me sent from heaven the white-armed spouse of
Jove,

Herè, who feels for both the chiefs with equal weight of love. Cease from this strife; the whetted knife give to its sheath, and light, 210 If fight ye must, with words, and wrangle to your heart's delight. This I declare, and what I say shall find completion: he Soon, very soon, shall send a prize three times as fair to thee. To quit this grievous wrong; meanwhile refrain and yield to me. She spake; and thus the swift of foot gave back the prompt reply:

Goddess, though in my heart the gall flows sharp, I dare deny No hest from thee and Herè; whoso fears the gods is wise; To him in need will they give heed, and answer when he cries. He spake; and on the silver hilt his heavy hand he laid, And in the scabbard plunged the weighty sword, nor disobeyed Athenè's word; she fled, and mingled with the gods above, Throned on Olympus' lofty ridge with ægis-bearing Jove. Then forth again in fiercer strain the hero's wrath outbrake, And with fell words of harsh disdain the swift Achilles spake:

Wine-laden king, with the eye of a hound, and the heart of a craven hind!

Never didst thou to the charge advance, but still didst lag behind

The host; and where each bravest Greek against the common for Lay ambushed, there thy heart did beat retreat without a blow! Far easier task from tent to tent to go with harsh command, And reave his prize who dares defy thy lawless-griping hand;

Thou tyrannous king, who dost consume with crude insatiate maw Thy crouching vassals, would that Greece now for the last time saw Thy ramping greed! But, mark me well, a mighty oath I swear: Even by this baton, which hath ceased or bud or branch to bear Long time, nor e'er again shall scent the breezy mountain side With reborn blossoms—for the axe hath lopped its lusty pride, Both bark and leaf, and in their hands 'tis borne at solemn tide By sons of the Greeks, who judge the right, and Jove's high will declare

To mortal men; even by this staff a mighty oath I swear:

Truly when Peleus' son is gone, desire shall sting the heart

Of all the host for me, and thou that day shalt sorely smart,

When from the hero-slaughtering Hector's hands, in gory woe,

The Greeks lie gashed, and pricks of sharp remorse thy heart shall know

Vainly; for that the bravest Greek from thee no honour found.

Thus spake Achilles, and down threw the baton on the ground,

Bright bossed with golden knobs; the heart of king Atrides glows

With swelling anger. Then the clear-voiced Pylian speaker rose,

Nestor, from whose wise lips the speech sweeter than honey flows.

He of word-moulding men two generations born and bred Had known, and seen them gathered to their troops of kindred dead In sacred Pylos; two were gone, and now he ruled the third. Rose he, I ween, with friendly mien and spake the winged word: Woe's me! great sorrow comes this day on all the Grecian clan; Old Priam's heart may blithely beat, and sing each Trojan man, When he shall learn that ye in brawls do spend your valorous mettle, Whom first we prize in counsel wise, and first in clash of battle. Be ruled by me; for ye are both by many summers younger; And soothly I my strength did try with mightier men and stronger 260 Than here I see, nor dared the best to slight wise rede from me. No better man mine eyes yet saw, nor better hope to see, Than godlike Polyphemus, Caineus, and Pirithous, Dryas, the shepherd of the folk, and stout Exadius. Mighty were these, no earth-born brood a mightier front did show To nurturing earth; and when they fought, how mightful was their blow

The mountain-loving Centaurs knew, who dared so stout a foe.

These men I knew, and with their band I fought to aid them; far,

From Pylos, from a distant land I came and joined the war,

And fought as best I might; but they such vasty strength did spend,

Treads not the earth, as men now are, who durst with them contend.

And yet my counsel when I gave, it did content them well;

They heard: so hear ye too; nor stiflly from your hearts repel

The well-meant word. Brave though thou be, from that fair maid refrain,

O king, thy hand, and let the prize so portioned, so remain;
Nor thou, Jove-born Pelides, seek in fruitless strife to prove
Thy strength against the monarch; kings do hold their right from
Jove.

Full strong art thou, and all men know a goddess-mother bore thee; ²⁸⁰ But he, whose sway more folk obey, takes place and power before thee.

Then rein thy wrath, Atrides, ancient Nestor prays thee so;
Against the stout Pelides let no rancorous passion glow,
Our bulwark and our bastion 'gainst the haughty Dardan foe.
To whom the king of men replied: Old man, thou givest token
Of wisdom's mellow fruit in all the words thy mouth hath spoken;
But this hot thane in high disdain would lord it o'er us all;
All men must stoop that he may mount, all hear when he doth call,
All run when he commands! But soon his pride shall find a fall.
Though by the grace of the deathless gods a weightier spear he
flings,

flings,

No grace they grant, with bitter taunt, to lash the Jove-born kings.

To whom, with rapid word abrupt, Achilles made reply:

A dastard and a slave, a mean unvalued wight were I,

If I should quake at every breath thy high-blown whim may vent.

Seek other warriors to command: thou shalt not cross my bent

So soon. I was not born to sink that thou mightst learn to float,
But mark me this, and in thy heart what now I tell thee note!

No hand I'll raise in bloody fend to claim the maiden. Ye,
If blushless ye can stretch the arm, to seize my prize are free.

But for all else in the dark-prowed ships, whate'er is counted mine,

This if thy lawless rapine seize, proud king, the risk be thine!

Try if thou wilt, that all may learn a lesson worth the knowing,

When from my spear-point they behold thy purple life stream flowing.

Thus the two kings with whetted words contended hostile-heart d,
And from beside the hollow ships the great assembly parted.

Then to his tent Achilles hied, his Myrmidons with him,
And dear Patroclus, where beside the salt sea's billowy brim
His well-poised ships were ranked. Not less Atrides, king of men,
Launched his swift bark, and chose a score of rowers good; and then
A hecatomb for the god he placed, and the maid of beauty rare
Aboard, even Chryses' daughter with the blooming cheeks and
fair.

The wise Ulysses rules the ship; hun all the crew obey;

And marshalled well the seamen sail across the watery way.

Then Agamemnon king enjoined the host to make ablution;

They cleansed the camp, and to the wave outfluing the foul pollution.

DL. II.

Next to the god a hecatomb full-grown and fair gave he
Of bulls and goats, beside the shore of the waste unfertile sea.
High rose to heaven the savoury steam, and the curls of wreathed smoke.

Thus sped the lustral work. But not Atrides might revoke

His wrathful threat; and now to deed was turned the word he

spoke.

His heralds twain, the ready pair that ever near him stand,
Talthybius and Eurybates he called, and gave command:

Hie to the tent beside the sea of Peleus' godlike son,
And bring that fair-cheeked maid to me, and let my will be done!

If freely, well; if not, I'll come with all my men, and take
The maid myself! Then let him fret his proud heart till it break.

Thus he; and sent the twain away, and a strong hest added he:
But they, not gladly, went to the shore of the waste unfertile sea,
To where the Myrmidons were camped; and there upon the ground
Sitting, beside his dark-hulled ship and his own tent, they found
Achilles: them the hero saw in no blithe-hearted mood;

They with a deep and awful fear, and humble worship stood
Before the king. No words they found; but he full clearly then
In his own heart read all their thought, and thus addressed the

Hail, messengers of gods and men! ye heralds good, not you! I blame; the king shall reap the crop from my just anger due.

Come now, Jove-born Patroclus, come, lead forth that maid so fair.

And let them take her! But, ye heralds, mark well what I declare:
By all the blissful gods, by all the tribes of mortal men,

And by this harsh unkindly king, the time approacheth, when 340

Even he shall know how weak his arm, unaided, back to roll

The flooding war, though now such baneful madness lords his soul.

To past and future blind, he strives miscounselled, nor perceives How he may fight, and spare the lives of the Greeks with burnished greaves.

He spake; and his dear friend's behest Mencetius' son obeyed,

And from the tent forthwith he led Briseïs, fair-cheeked maid,
And to the heralds gave her. They to the tent of king Atrides
Returned; and with them went ill pleased the maiden. But Pelides
Wept; and from all his comrades dear turned wofully aside,
And sat on a mound by the old grey sea, and looked on its waters

And stretched his hands, and prayerful thus to his mother dear he cried:

wide.

Mother, in me a fleet lived son ill-fated thou didst bear!

Though me the lofty pealing god, Olympian Jove, some share
Of honour owed, behold me now, the least of all the band!

The mightful king, who o'er the breadth of Argos holds command,
He, even he, doth wrest from me my prize with forceful hand!

He spake, and wept. His mother with quick ear his plaint did gather,

Where in the briny depth she sat beside her ancient father.

Forth from the old grey sea straightway, like a white mist, she rose

And sat beside him; from his eye the tearful sorrow flows.

360

Softly she touched him with her hand, and thus inquired his woes: Why weep'st thou, son? What bitter grief doth pierce thy mighty heart?

Freely thy woes to me disclose, that I may share the smart.

To whom Achilles swift of foot with deep-drawn sob replies:

Thou know'st; why tell the tale to thee, a goddess born, and wise?

To sacred Thebes we marched, where dwells Æetion, and wrought

The work of war: we sacked the town, and home the plunder brought,

And portioned out in seemly shares a prize to all the Greeks;

To Atreus' son, Chryseïs fair, with bright and blooming cheeks.

Then came the priest whose potent prayers with the archer-god prevail,

Even to the swift ships of the Greeks well cased in copper mail.

He on a golden sacred staff with outstretched arm displayed.

The wreath of the far-darting god, and all the host he prayed,

But chiefly the tway kings, who rule the great Achaean clan;

Through all the host with wide consent the applausive answer ran,

To take the ransom well content and right the much-wronged man.

But ill was Agamemnon pleased, and forth his anger brake;

Away he sent the priest, and words of sharp reproof he spake.

The old man went, and to the god forth poured the pleading player;

3so

His well-loved priest Apollo heard, and through the tainted air Shot the dread shaft that worketh woe; in heaps the people died. Nine days and nights, through all the camp, the wrathful Phœbus plied

The host with death; and why he raged wise Calchas showed, the seer

Who knows the archer's secret mind by divination clear.

Then I the first advised to appease Apollo's wrath severe.

But Agamemnon chafed, and stirred with haughty high ambition,

Uprose, and spake the threatful word, which now hath found completion.

The quick-eyed Greeks in dark-hulled ships have sent that maiden fair

To Chrysè's isle, and offerings to Apollo rich and rare;

But Briseus' daughter, whom the host assigned my special prize,
Her the twain heralds of the king have seized before mine eyes.

Thou to thy son swift aidance bring; in thee my safety lies.

Mount to Olympus, and implore great Jove,—if e'er his heart

By word or deed thou moved before—and plead with gracious art.

Oft from thy mouth the goodly vaunt, in my father's hall, was sounded.

How, when dark-clouded Kronos' son, by danger dire surrounded, Shook on his throne, thee true alone he found, thee only kind—What time the Olympians did conspire his puissant force to bind, Pallas and Herè, and the god who rules the billowy main:

Then thou didst come and save the sire from that despiteful chain. Thou to his aid the hundred-handed portent brought'st, whom all The Olympian gods name Briareus, but mortal men do call Ægreo.i, of stout-hearted sire the stouter son; he sate And warded harm from Kronos' son in prideful strength clate. Him the blest gods beholding quailed, and set the Thunderer free. These things in Jove's high car rehearse, and suppliant clasp his knee,

That by his aid the Trojans to the loud-up-surging sea

May drive the Greeks; and by the ships, when life's red tide is
flowing,

Death's bloody harvest let them reap of this proud tyrant's sowing, 410 And he himself his wrong shall know, when, with infatuate bent, His hand the prowest of the Greeks with lawless rapine shent!

Thus he; and, weeping, from her breast this cry the goddess sent: Woe's me! my son, my dear-loved son, why did I bear thee? why Nurse thee in sorrow? Surely here, without one needless sigh, Thy little hour might pass, thy span of life, till thou shalt die! 410

Now wretchedest of mortal men, and fleetest-fated, thee
Within my house 1 bore, beneath a dark-winged destiny.

Even as thou say'st, I'll wend to high Olympus, snowy-crested, 420

And spread my prayer to Jove who sits in volumed thunder
vested;

Meanwhile do thou beside the swift sea-furrowing ships remain,

Nursing thy wrath against the Greeks, and from the fight refrain.

For Jove, with all the train of gods, but yesterday did go

With blameless Ethiop men to feast, by utmost ocean's flow;

Nor till the twelfth day he returns; then will I go, and fall

Low at his feet, and him entreat in the copper-paved hall,

And pour my plaint; and he, I ween, will list to Thetis' call.

She spake, and sought her briny home, and left him chafing there,

That he had seen with sorrow and teen that well-zoned maiden

fair

Reft from his arms. Meanwhile Laertes' godlike son had come 4300 To Chryse with the dark hulled ships, and sacred hecatomb. And when they came within the horn of the deep dark-watered bay. The sails they lower, and let down the mast with slackened stay Into its crutch full lightly; and, with deftly sweeping oar, They bring the bark to a station sure upon the sounding shore, Fling out their mooring-stones, and make their cables fast, and land With light heeled leap where the arching wave breaks on the pebbly strand.

To the far-darting god they bring the hecatomb; the daughter Of Chryses, following, leaves with them the ship that ploughs the water

Then to the altar the deep-counselled hero led the maid. And gave her to her father's arms, and thus devoutly said: O Chryses, sent by Agamemnon, dread far-ruling king, Thy child to thee, and to the god this hecatomb we bring, If that we may the anger lay, by blood of bulls prevailing, Of sov'reign Phoebus, who hath filled the camp with woe and wailing. Thus he: and from Ulysses' hand the sire received his child Joyful. Then round the well-built altar of the god they piled The hecatomb, and washed their hands, and with religious pains For use of holy sacrifice uptook the barley grains. Then thus the hoary priest did pray, with high-uplifted hand: God of the silver bow, whose sway is strong in Chrysè's land, Cilla divine, and Tenedos, with sea-encircled strand, If, when I prayed to thee before, thou wert not slow to follow My word with deeds, and vengeance rained from thy hot wrath, Apollo,

Upon the Greeks, so hear me now, and crown my wishing heart
With fair fruition; from the host may this dire plague depart!
Thus he: Apollo heard his prayer and bade the plague depart.
They pray, and on the victim's head the barley grains they throw,

Draw back its neck, and smite it to the ground with forceful blow,

Then flay it, and cut out the thighs, and softly them encase 460

In double coil of fat; thereon raw bits of flesh they place.

Then the priest burns them on cleft wood, and pours the winy flood.

With five-pronged fork in hand the ministrant youths beside him stood.

But when the thighs were burnt, then they assayed the inwards good;

The rest they sliced in pieces, and with prongs they pieced it through,

Roasted it well, and from the fire with dexterous fingers drew.

And when from toil they ceased, and all the meal was well prepared,

The feast began, and every man the equal banquet shared.

But when their lust abated both for drink and strengthening food,

The ministrant boys did crown the bowls with wealth of the winy flood:

From hand to hand, through all the band, travelled the bumper good.

From morn to night the sons o' the Greeks the sacred strain prolong;

To appease the wrath divine in joyful paeans full and strong,

They hymn the archer-god. Well pleased, Apollo heard the song,

But when the sun low westering dips, and the darkening shadows creep,

Beside the stern ropes of the ships they lay them down to sleep.

- And when the rosy-fingered morn came forth and led the day,
- To sea they hove, and backwards steered and lightly dashed the spray;
- For Phæbus blew a favouring breeze, to speed their watery way.
- The mast they reared, and fixed it well; the broad white sails they spread;

 480
- Full blew the gale in the sounding sail, like a blast in the furnace red.
- To right, to left, the strong keel cleft the wave with rushing sound,
- And the swift ship ran like a courier man, through the purple deep profound.
- But when they reached the wide-spread tents, they leapt upon the strand,
- And with strong pull the dark-hulled ships upon the firm dry land,
- High on the sand they drew; beneath, strong-holding shores they placed;
- And each man to his separate tent his diverse way retraced.
 - But he, the swift of foot, remained beside the ships sea-faring,
- Divine Pelides, in his breast a bitter sorrow bearing.
- Not to the assembly now he goes, in prudent counsel sharing, 400
- Nor rides the fight with wild delight, but his dear heart inly pines,
- And sighs for the hour when he with power shall breast the bristling lines.

But when the twelfth fair morn with light bestrewed earth's fruitful floor.

Back to Olympus came the gods, who live for evermore,

Led by the Father. Thetis then in faithful memory bore

Her son's request; and from the depths of the dark embillowed

tide

She rose; and came with early morn to the vasty welkin wide.

There the far-viewing god she found; apart from all sat he,

On many-ridged Olympus' topmost peak. There halteth she,

And knelt her down before the god, and suppliant seized his knee,

With her left hand; and with her right she touched the Thunderer's chin;

And thus her suit the silver-footed Thetis doth begin:

Father, from me if e'er to thee came friendly word or deed,

So help me now, thy suppliant low, in mine extremest need!

A son is mine, above all mortal men fleet-fated; him

The mighty Agamemnon hath by passion's lordly whim,

Dishonoured, and with ravenous hand hath seized his portioned

prize;

Him thou avenge, great Councillor supreme of earth and skies.

Grant that the Trojans o'er the Greeks prevail in fight so long,

Till they give honour to my son, and quit this grievous wrong! 510

She spake: the cloud compelling Jove no word replied, but sate

Silent long time. She closer clung to his knees, nor did abate

Her earnest suit, but with more hot entreaty plied the god. Promise me truly, sire, and add thy dread all-sanctioning nod, Or spurn me with unkindly hands, and from thy presence east. That all may know how Thetis stands in grace of Jove the last. To whom, sore-vexed, the cloud-compelling son of Kronos said: Truly upon my shoulders now no lightsome load is laid, To brook the fretful Herè's gibes and hear her tongue upbraid. For evermore she flings her taunt, with wakeful sharp annoy, 520 And says that I in battle try to ward the fate from Troy, But hie thee to thy briny home, lest she with jealous eyne Note thee; to work thy righteous suit henceforth the eare be mine. My sanctioning nod I add, than which no surer pledge is given Of what I will and what I nill to all the gods in heaven. Irrevocable stands the word, unchanged the high intent. Certain the end, to which my all-confirming nod is lent. Thus he: and with his eyebrow dark the Father bowed assent. And the ambrosial locks down flowed profuse, when shook the god

His deathless head; and vast Olympus trembled at his nod.

Thus these together counsel took, and parted diverse, she
From shining-peaked Olympus to her deep home in the sea,
He to his lofty hall. The gods before their Father rose
Each from his seat with reverence meet, where high the Thunderer goes.

Then he upon his throne sat down. But Herè knew that Jove, With silver-footed Thetis, born of Nereus old, had wove. That morn some private parley; and, with cutting words and keen. Thus to the king of all the gods spake heaven's reproachful queen: Tell me, thou crafty-counselled king, this say, who now hath stirred.

Parley with thee, and in thine ear poured the clandestine word?

Still was thy wont to plot apart, nor hast thou dared to show

Thy plan to me, that I and all the blissful gods may know.

To whom the almighty sire of gods and mortals answered so:

Herè, deem not that all my heart may open lie to thee;

Albeit my wedded wife thou art, some things belong to me.

But if there be a purpose free to quit my bosom, none

Of gods or men shall sooner ken the mind of Kronos' son

Than Herè. What may not be told with me shall surely rest;

Nor taunts, nor tears, nor threats shall win my counsel from my breast.

To whom the large-eyed queenly Herè answer made: O king Of dreadful puissance, to thy words why add so sharp a sting? Not use is mine with curious eyne to scan thy lofty pleasure, Thy will serene hath ever been thy proper march to measure. But Nereus' silver footed daughter hath been here to-day, And much I fear fair Thetis stole Jove's better mind away. Early she came, and clasped thy knees, and daintily did pray,

And thou didst speak, and thou didst nod assent to Nereus' daughter,

That thou, to wreak her dear son's wrong, would'st scourge the

Greeks with slaughter.

To whom the cloud-compeller thus with sharp and wrathful phrase : $560

Nay, woman, but with jealous eye thou still dost watch my ways.

Fruitless! The more suspicion grows in thee, in me much more
Aversion; I will hold my counsel closer than before.

I speak my will. But be thou still, and mark well what I say;

Silence beseems thee when I speak; my high behest obey;

Else all the gods in the starry sphere shall vainly join their hands

To shield thee, when in wrath I rear my fell and forceful hands!

He spake: the large-eyed queenly Herè felt the fearful smart;

Silent she sate; and to his will she bent her struggling heart.

Then all the gods were sore displeased, till he whose potent art ⁵⁷⁰ Moulds every ore, Hephaestus, first uprose and silence brake; For his dear mother's love spake he, for white-armed Herè's sake: Surely this brawl will ruin all, if for the human rabble The gods shall fight, and fill Olympus with unseemly squabble! If god may banter god, and taunt for bitter taunt be given, The ambrosial feast shall lose the sweet, and all be gall in heaven. Dear mother mine, thou know'st the right full well. Submit thee now

To Jove, and smooth the thunderous from his immortal brow.

He, if he wills, can hurl us down from this Olympian dwelling ⁵⁸⁰
'Mid lightning's flash; for strength is his, above all gods excelling.

Wherefore with gentle words approach, and smooth his anger down;

And heaven shall smile when Jove, far-flashing god, hath ceased to frown.

He spake: and rose, and with a tway-cupped beaker coming near, He placed it in her hands, and thus addressed his mother dear:

Dear mother mine, in thine own breast seal up thy grudge, lest 1,

Who love thee well, behold the mighty arm that sways the sky

Lifted to smite thee; then too late my help will come; in heaven

No god may stand to stay the hand that flings the flaming levin.

Once, when to aid thee I assayed, and loose from hated thrall, 500

Me by the foot he hent, and hurled from heaven's nigh-flaming wall.

From morn to noon, from noon to night, I fell with headlong fall,

And lighted on the Lemnian isle; small life was in me then;

But I was saved, and tended well by the kindly Sintian men.

He spake: and with well pleased heart the white-armed Here smiled.

And took the tway cupped beaker from the hands of her faithful child.

Then he from left to right went round, and poured the nectar fine.

To all the gods: from a deep bowl he drew the draught divine.

With quenchless laughter then the gleeful gods were shaken all,

To see such goodly skinker limping deftly through the hall.

Thus, till the glorious sun went down, around the banquet rare

They sat; nor wanted any god his equal-portioned share.

Nor failed from Phæbus' festive lyre the hymn both sweet and strong,

Nor from clear-throated Muses' choir the rich responsive song.

But when the bright-descending sun had left the heavenly dome,

To taste sweet sleep each blissful god went to his separate home,

That home which lame Hephæstus' art and cunning toil had given,

A mansion for his dwelling meet, to every god in heaven.

Then to his couch too wended he, who wields the flashing levin,

Where still he lay, when sleep into his soul did gently slide;

And golden-thronèd Herè slept at the awful Thunderer's side.

воок н.

ARGUMENT.

Deep-scheming Jove to Agamemnon's tent
Sends baleful Dream, with message most untrue;
The erafty monarch tries the people's bent,
And to the ships run all the credulous crew;
Railing Thersites spurs their vile intent,
Whom stout Ulysses beats both black and blue;
The wise old minstrel, in four hundred verses,
The mustered force of Greece and Troy rehearses.

Vol. II.



воок Н.

Then all the gods, and every steed-compelling mortal wight,

Drew out the slumberous hours: but not the high throned Thunderer's might

Sweet sleep could bind: he brooded how to soothe Achilles' ire,

And through the Argive fleet to send destruction swift and dire.

Then of all thoughts that stirred his soul, this plan the best did seem,

To send to Agamemnon's tent a blinding baneful Dream.

Thus to the Dream he spoke, and launched his wingèd mandate so:

Go, baneful Dream, to the Greeian ships that plough the briny flow,

To the Atridan's tent, and near the sleeping monarch stand,

And speak each word true in his ear, as I now give command. 10

Tell him to arm the long-haired Greeks: for now is come the

When broad-wayed Himm's pride shall bend beneath the Argive power; No more the gods who dwell within Olympian halfs supreme
Waver with diverse will; but Herè's prayer hath made the beam
Sway to her wish; and Troy shall know sharp sorrow sent from
Jove.

He spake: his word Dream heard, and swift the yielding ether clove,

And to the dark-hulled ships he came, where he Atrides found
Stretched in his tent, with soft ambrosial slumbers spread around;
And stood above his head, like Neleus' son in face and size,

Whom of his elders sage and grave the king did chiefly prize;
Like him appeared the god-sent Dream, and through his slumber spake:

Son of the warlike-minded, steed-subduing Atreus, wake!

Shall languid sleep the monarch bind, through all the drowsy night,

Who rules the war with marshalling mind, and reins the stormy

fight?

Break slumber's bond, and hark to me! Jove's messenger am I,
Jove, who in ruth regardeth thee from his throne in the starry sky;
Thee now he bids to arm the long-haired Greeks; is come the hour
When broad-wayed Ilium's pride shall bend, beneath the Argive
power;

No more the gods who dwell within Olympian halls supreme 30 Waver with diverse will; but Herè's prayer hath made the beam Sway to her wish. Now Troy shall know sharp sorrow's bitter stream

From Jove; but thou, hold fast my words, nor let oblivion creep O'er thy dull sense, when thou art loosed from the honey-hearted sleep.

Spoke thus the Dream, and fled, and left King Agamemnon there, Brooding on thoughts, that Jove had doomed no timely fruit to bear; For Priam's town I will cut down, he said, this day. Fond fool:

Nor weeted what great Jove had schemed, who high in heaven doth rule;

For yet much care and teen remained to Greek and Trojan wight, By Kronos' mighty son ordained, in the tug of the stout-armed fight. 40 From sleep he woke, and in his ears the god-sent echoes float. Upright he starts; and first he donned his fine soft-tissued coat, Beautiful, new; then o'er his coat a mantle broad he threw, And to his shining feet the sandals bound, right fair to view; Then o'er his shoulders flung his silver studded sword, and then The immortal sceptre seized, with which his sires the Argive men, Had swayed, and swiftly sought the ships of the brave Greeks copper-mailed.

But now the rosy-fingered morn through all the sky prevailed. On Jove and all the blissful gods the light free-rushing brake; Then Agamemnon, king of men, to the clear voiced heralds spake, ⁵⁰ And bade them straight the tented host to general council call. They called them; and swift-trooping came the long-haired Argives

But first a council he invites of elders mighty souled, Close by the beach, beside the ship of Pylian Nestor old. Even there, before the Jove-bred kings, he poured the weighty word: Hear me, good friends: to me came Dream divine, and deeply stirred My soul, through the ambrosial night; in gait, and shape, and size, And every grace of reverend face, like Pylian Nestor wise; Beside my head his form was spread, and through my slumber spake: 60 Son of the warlike-minded, steed-subduing Atrens, wake! Shall languid sleep the monarch keep, through all the dreamy night, Whose lefty counsel guides the war, whose will controls the fight? Let slumber flee, and hark to me! Jove's messenger am I, Jove, who in ruth regardeth thee, from his throne in the starry sky. He bids thee arm the long-haired Greeks; for now is come the hour When Troy's high-towering might shall bend beneath the Argive power;

No more the gods, who dwell within the Olympian halls supreme, Waver with diverse will; but Here's suit hath made the beam Sway to her wish. Now Troy shall know sharp sorrow's bitter stream From Jove. But thou, not vainly hear my oracle. Thus he,

And clave the air and fled. Eftsoons fled gentle sleep from me. Come rouse we, then, the Achean men, and arm them for the fight. But I with words will prove them first, and urge them, as is right, In ships to sail with eager strain of the homeward-sweeping oar, While ye shall rede them to remain ou Ilium's deep-bayed shore.

He spake, and on his throne sat down. Then Nestor rose to say
His word; Nestor, who swayed supreme o'er Pylos' sandy bay;
He rose, and spake before the kings his thought, with friendly
air:

Ye chiefs, who lend the Argive host your guidance and your care, Had other Greek addressed the chiefs, as now the king supreme, ⁸⁰ I'd stand aloof and say, beware the false deceitful dream!

But now of Argive men the best hath bared his thought; and we Are wise to hearken to his hest. Come, rouse the host with me!

He spake; then from the council with no laggard pace went he; And all the sceptred kings behind the people's shepherd go,

While through the camp with busy tramp the swelling thousands flow.

Even as the tribes of honey-bees in trooping masses flock, Swarm after swarm, still fresh and strong, forth from the hollow rock,

And hang in clusters round the blooms of flower-abounding spring.

Some here, some there, borne through the air, on light unwearied wing;

Thus from the ships and from the tents the deep-stirred people pour

To the assembly, troop on troop, beside the deep-bayed shore; And Rumour, messenger of Jove, blazed round their path; and all Owned her hot spur, with eager stir, and gathered at her call. Huge turmoil reigned; beneath their feet echoed earth's firm-set frame;

Far roared the gathered throngs. Then nine shrill-throated heralds came,

And cried aloud, through all the crowd, their lawless din to stay,

And patient hear with subject ear what Jove-born kings might

say.

They ceased their din, and took their seats in ordered fair array. 100 Then kingly Agamemnon rose; the sceptre of his might Was in his hand, which lame Hephæstus made with curious sleight, And gave to Jove the sire of gods, and he the potent rod To Hermes gave, the message-speeding, Argus slaving god. To the steed-lashing Pelops then the gift from Hermes came, To Atreus, shepherd of the people, Pelops gave the same: The dying Atreus left it to Thyestes, rich in sheep; And from Thyestes Agamemnon now the rod doth keep, In Argos, and the scattered isles, the lord of many Greeks. Upon this sceptre leaning, thus the mightful monarch speaks: Dear friends, and heroes of the Greeks, servants of Mars, I bear A weight of woe from Jove; my feet he tangled in a snare; Harsh lord of heaven, who gave his high all-sanctioning nod to me, That Troy's strong wall should fall, and I my native land should see Victorious! Now he hath beguiled my soul, and bids me oar Inglorious home, when I have heaped with dead the Trojan shore.

Such the dread pleasure of the god, whose high decree brought down To earth the toppling battlements of many a high-towered town, And more shall bring; for strong in heaven above all gods is he.

Truly a shameful tale to us, and to our sons shall be.

That all the marshalled host of Greece around Troy's walls did spend

Long years of fruitless toil, nor caused the haughty strength to bend Of these few-numbered foes, nor found war's weary-waited end. For, mark me this: if both the camps should swear a sacred oath, Trojans and Greeks, to count the men, and tell the tale of both; If singly then the Trojans came and numbered every man, While into bands of ten were marched the whole Achaen clan, And to each band, to pour the wine, a Trojan were assigned, Full many a ten, believe me then, no cupbearer would find; So far beyond their scanty host our Argive numbers rise. But they from many a town can boast spear-brandishing allies; These make me stray from victory's way, that I must miss my joy To cast sheer down the lofty crown of strong fair-sited Troy. Nine years of mighty Jove have rolled, since first we knew this spot, Our twisted cables loose their bands, our jointed timbers rot; Far, far beyond the salt sea sweep our wives and children dear From their lone halls look out, and pine for us; while vainly here Our hopes attend the weary end, and drag blank hours away. Come, list me then, brave Argives, and your king's command obey, Flee we this day, o'er the broad sea's back, to our country dear!

The joy

May ne'er be ours with might to sack the strength of the broadwayed Troy!

He spake; and in the people's heart the mighty love he stirred For home; the many were not ware of the monarch's private word,

Spoke to the chiefs. Wide swayed the mass like the Icarian sea, When wave on wave, with enchafed roar, comes swelling wild and free,

And East and South strong-pinioned rush, dark-clouded Jove, from thee!

As when the west wind's fervent blast o'er ripening fields is borne Rapid, and with a wavy sweep far floats the yielding corn;

Thus all the multitude was swayed, and forthwith to the fleet,

With ringing cheers they rushed; the dust stirred by their hurrying feet

Rolled lofty; in one mighty cry the assembled thousands join,

To seize the ships, and hale them down to the surge of the sea divine.

And with homeward hearts they cleared the grooves where the black ships bedded lay,

Deep in the sand, and with hasty hand they knocked the shores away.

Then had the Greeks to Greece returned, and Heaven's high fate been broken,

Had Herè not to Pallas thus, with word indignant, spoken:
Daughter of ægis-bearing Jove, unvanquished maid, shall we
Unmoved behold the Greeks return o'er the broad back of the sea!
Shall Troy rejoice, and aged Priam's face grow bright with glee, 169
When Argive Helen shall remain in Paris' hands a prize,
For whom so many a Greek on plain of Ilium breathless lies!
Come, rouse thee, rouse thee! hie thee hence to the brave Greeks

Be every wavering wight by thee with wise reproof assailed, Nor let the swift ships, equal oared, touch with their keels the brine!

Thus she; with deed, not word, replied the maid of the flashing eyne,
And from Olympus' lofty crown with airy swoop came she,
And soon she reached the light-hulled ships beside the sounding
sea;

Ulysses there, wise chief, in counsel like to Jove, she found;
But still he stood; no hand lent he to shove from Trojan ground ¹⁷⁰
The Grecian ships; grief pricked his heart, vexation bound his breast.

Him, standing near, the flashing-eyed Athenè thus addressed: Jove-born Laertes' son, wise many-scheming chief, wilt thou Thus calmly see the Argives flee to their dear country now, In the well-oared ships of many tiers, across the sounding sea! Shall Troy rejoice, and aged Priam's face grow bright with glee, When Argive Helen shall remain in Paris' hands a prize, For whom so many a Greek on plain of Ilium breathless lies? Come, rouse thee, rouse thee! hie thee hence to the brave Greeks copper-mailed;

Be every wavering wight by thee with wise reproof assailed,

Nor let the swift ships, equal-oared, touch with their keels the brine!

She spake; the chief with open ear imbibed the voice divine,
And swiftly went, and doffed his cloak, which now the herald took,
Eurybates, of Ithaca, who watched his master's look.

To Agamemnon then he went, and from the monarch's hand
The immortal sceptre took, with which his sires the Argive land
Had ruled; with this he went to the ships o' the brave Greeks
copper-mailed.

And where he found a king, whose might amid the host prevailed,
Him, standing near, with words of wise reproof he thus assailed:

O shame that a king should droop his wing, like a craven loon!

come, stand

Thyself, and bid thy people hear their valiant chief's command.

Thou hast not known the monarch's heart; his outward word but seeks

To sound our worth; full soon his ire will sorely press the Greeks:

Not all were present, when he spake his private thought; in vain

The Greek will flee, when largely he shall give his wrath the rein.

A fearful thing is a Jove-born king, when wrath his breast may move;

The counsellor Jove the king doth love; his honour comes from Jove.

But where he found a low-born loon with loudly-clamouring throat, Him thus with angry word he chid, and with the sceptre smote:

O shame to see a loon, unnamed in counsel or in war,

Oppose the chiefs! come, sit thee down! men who are better far Shall speak, and thou shalt hear; from thee what wisdom shall we gain?

Not all are kings, within the camp who tread the Trojan plain.

Ill fares the state where numbers rule; to one the sway be given,
Who holds the sceptre and the right from the high-throned lord of
heaven.

Thus he with power the people chid, and swayed the host; but they

Back to the camp tumultuous hied from the ships and the billowy bay;

And loud they clamoured like the sea, when it swells with hollow roar,

And wave on wave comes hissing on, and smites the broad-faced shore.

Now, all the rest in order formed, in subject silence sate; Only Thersites dinsome stormed with never-ending prate, Words, words he knew; wild lawless words about him now he flings,

Nor aught abates, but fiercely rates the Jove-descended kings;

Content if he might laughter move with reckless jest: the most

Ill-favoured wight was he, I ween, of all the Grecian host.

With hideous squint the railer leered: on one foot he was lame;

Forward before his narrow chest his hunching shoulders came;

Slanting and sharp his forehead rose, with shreds of meagre hair;

He to Laertes' godlike son a deadly hatred bare,

And to Achilles: Agamemnon now this railer seeks,

And brays his shrill reproaches out; but not the well-greaved

Greeks

Might love the man, whose tongue defied the Jove-born king of men;

Thus clamouring loud Thersites cried to Agamemnon then:

O son of Atreus! what new greed doth now thy rage inspire?

Thy tents are full of copper bright: to glut thy heart's desire,

The fairest fair are still thy share; and when our valour brings

A strong fort down, the prime of all the prizes is the king's.

Or lusts thy heart for yellow gold, which, to redeem his boy,

Some horse subduing father, brings to thee from breezy Troy,

Whose son by me was captive led, or by some other hand

Of valiant Greek? Or doth thy lust some damsel fair demand

In love with her to mingle! O 'tis passing proper so,

That their own king to the Greeks should bring more harm than to the foe!

Soft-hearted Greeks! women, not men! if truth may pierce your ear,

Come sail with me across the sea, and leave this monarch here,

Alone in Troy to glean his joy, and to digest his prey,

When we who fight, to swell his might, are gone and far away!

The godlike son of Peleus' line, a better man by far,

He now defies, and takes the prize his brave hands won in 240

Soothly Achilles lacketh gall, and droops his princely wing, Or this were the last of insults, cast from the lips of this faithless king!

Such reckless words Thersites dared with bitter spite to fling
Against the monarch: but Ulysses darkly scowling came,
And swift pursued the railer rude, with words of bitter blame:
Thersites, sense-confounding fool, thy mouth of fluent prate
Learn now to gag: against the kings this ribald talk abate!
I tell thee true, of all the crew from Greece to Troy that came,
Vilest are thou! there breathes not one, who owns a fouler
fame!

Such a base mouth it well beseems with bitter froth to foam,

To point sharp stings against the kings, and talk of sailing home!

Fool! the deep sea more danger keeps than the shallow-sounding shore.

Thou dost not know what weal or woe the Olympians have in store For the returning Greeks; but here thou sittest, and dost pour Against Atrides floods of bile, because we honour most Him, who is shepherd of the folk, and first of all the host. But mark me this; and the sure deed shall follow what I say! If I shall find thee fooling here, as thou hast fooled to-day, Another time, let not my head upon my shoulders stand,

Nor I, Telemachus' father, rule the rocky Ithacan land,

If I shall fail to strip the robes from thy ill-favoured frame,

Cloak, coat, and vest, and to the gazing crowds make bare thy shame;

Then send thee hence mid shouts immense, and many a sturdy blow, To vent thy wail without avail, where the salt sea waters flow! He spoke; and o'erthe craven's back with sharp and well-aimed blow His sceptre came; Thersites winced; the bitter tears did flow Out from his eyes; a bloody bruise did on his back appear, Beneath the golden mace: he sat astonied with blank fear, And with a stupid gaze looked round, and wiped the bitter tear. His plight the folk with pity saw, yet laughed with laughter loud. ²⁷⁰ Then one to his neighbour turned, and thus outspoke amid the crowd: O bravely! bravely! many a deed Lacrtes' godlike son In council and in battle-field, of rare repute hath done!

But now the chief his praise hath topped with the bravest deed of all, When he this eager babbler stopt, that did so rudely brawl! I vouch my word not soon again his tongue will dare encroach On the high worship of the kings, with words of foul reproach. He spake; but wise Ulysses, with the sceptre in his hand, The city razing chief up stood before the Argive band; In herald's guise beside him stood Athenè flashing-eyed;

280
And to the Greeks, both high and low, with loud clear voice he cried,

And bade them hear, and from his words the well-weighed counsel take.

Then he with friendly mien began, and 'mid the people spake:
O son of Atreus! truly now thine old high-worshipped name,
The Greeks will make a taunt to men, and an inglorious shame.
From the horse-rearing Argos far, to Ilium when they came,
They swore to raze the well-walled Troy—I heard the public vow,
And, victors, then replough the main. Where is that promise now!
Like fitful babes they pule, like wives reft of their lords they wail,
And bid thee ship their worthless lives, and hoist the hasty sail,
Nor think what shame for who survives to tell so blank a tale.

One month I know is hard to bear from wife and home away,
Pent in a ship of many tiers, amid the dashing spray
Of billows, and rude blore of winds; but we nine summers pine
Beside the ships, nor reap the fruit of one year from the nine.

VOL. II,

Hard fate! but harder still to sail with brave men many banded,
And from nine years of war return to Argos empty-handed.
Hold yet awhile with patient toil; learn from one other year

If Calchas read the omen true, or was a lying seer.

This well we know, and ye can vouch my truthful word each one,

Whom Death's grim ministers have spared to greet the gladdening sun.

Nine years ago--but yesterday--in Aulis' rocky bay,

When fraught with harm to broad-wayed Troy our well-oared navy lay,

We by the sacred altar stood, beside the guggling well,

And perfect hecatombs did pay to the gods in heaven that dwell,

Beneath the plane-tree beautiful, where the clear fount was flowing.

Then came a wondrous sign; a snake, whose shining back was glowing

With bloody spots, a terrible snake, whom mighty Jove did send,

Forth from beneath the altar glides with many a supple bend, And to the plane-tree makes apace, where nestled high in air Eight sparrow-chicks upon the bough that topmost swayed, and

Beneath the thick leaves cowered; with them the mother that them

there.

Made nine; these eight the snake devoured, with ruthless twine prevailing;

Their shrill death cry the mother heard, and clapped her wing with wailing.

Her too by the wing the serpent seized, with deathful fang assailing.

When thus the vermeil-spotted worm devoured the sparrows nine,

The god that rules Olympus showed that he had sent the sign,

Changing the snake into a stone, and we with wondering awe 3:

From cunning-counselled Kronos' son the fateful portent saw.

Then Calchas rose prophetic, and forth voiced the heavenly law:

Why stand ye here in voiceless fear, ye long-haired Greeks! from heaven

A fateful sign, your hearts to cheer, the councillor Jove hath given.

Though late the fruit, by Jove's high hand the thing foredoomed shall be,

Far bruited o'er the Trojan strand, and all the Argive sea.

Even as the snake the sparrow-brood devoured mark well the sign

Eight sparrow-chicks, and she that bare the brood was counted nine;

So we, for summers eight and one, in that far strife shall pine;

But in the tenth year shall be won the broad-wayed Hium. Thus

The prophet spake; and now his doom's fulfilment waits on us. (20)

Hold on till twelve short moons are fled; another year's annoy,

And we shall tread on Priam's head, lords of the strong-walled Trov

He spake; and loud applausive shouts the Argive thousands raise,
The well-oared navy echoes back divine Ulysses' praise.
Then rises Nestor, Pylian knight, and thus the old man says:
O shame! like boys, a babbling crew, like very babes ye prattle,
Like tender babes, that never knew the tug o' the stout-armed battle;
Where now are fled the word and vow, and the strong will united!
Where now the oath, the pure wine poured, and the right hand
bravely plighted?

Fling them away, and let the power of fire consume them all!

Year after year we tent us here; but, though no fruit, or small,

Hath blessed our arms, 'mid war's alarms we still have time to

brawl!

Thou king of Atreus' godlike line, sway still with kingly might

The Argive host; still firmly lead the man ennobling fight.

And if there be who heed not thee, in all the Grecian host,

Some one or two, a separate few, their counsel shall be lost;

Even let them flee across the sea, before the time shall prove

Him true, who voiced the high decree of ægis-bearing Jove.

Believe me, comrades, Jove, who reigns with all-prevailing hand.

Ev'n when in galleys limber-oared we left our Argive land,

And, fraught with doom to Troy, our march upon the wave we

made,

Even then Jove's might, upon the right, the favouring flash displayed.

Therefore be wise: let none be keen to cleave the briny billow,
Till with some noble Trojan's mate he share the bridal pillow,
Wreaking fair Helen's rape and wrong, for which we crossed the
deep.

But if there be who needs must flee, this man we will not keep;
His well-oared galley let him trim, and leave this Trojan strand;
He'll find black death where fishes swim, as well as on dry land.
But thou, Atrides, use thy wit, and hear a word from me;
Not worthless is the well weighed word that Nestor speaks to thee.
Marshal the host in tribes and brotherhoods; let every man,
Counted in tribe and brotherhood, give help—what help he can.
Then thou shalt know the craven, and the man who loves the battle:

For in his clan each clansman proves his brother clansman's mettle. Then thou shalt see if Jove's decree thy lofty purpose mar, Or thou art baffled by faint hearts, and hands that shrink from war. He spoke; and thus with answering word King Agamemnon speaks:

O Jove, Athenè, and Apollo! give me only ten
Such counsellors as Nestor old, such wise and valiant men;
Then shall our hands from labour cease, and our eyes behold with joy,
When from its crown comes toppling down the pride of broadwaved Troy.

Truly, old man, in counsel thou outshinest all the Greeks.

But ægis-bearing Jove hath fated thus my fretful life,

That I on barren brawls should spend my strength, and deedless strife.

Myself and Peleus' godlike son for that fair maiden strove
With wrath of words; and I, the king, was first the strife to move.
If in our breasts one will did dwell, if people, chiefs, and king
Stood firm, not long would Troy repel the crushing force we bring. 380
Come, then, with food your strength enhance, for the sweatful battle-field,

Let each man point his ponderous lance, and trim his rounded shield; Eke let the fleet high-mettled steeds have ample corn; provide With gear for war each well-wheeled car, where noble warriors ride. For this I say, we will not slacken breath or blows, till night Come down, and cloudy darkness veil the foe, whom we would smite:

From off the thong of each man-sheltering shield the sweat shall pour

Adown the warrior's breast; the falchioned hand shall labour sore; And sweat shall flow from the strong-hoofed steed, that draws the armèd car.

But the dastard loon, whom I shall see back-shrinking from the war,
And skulking near the ships, trust me, no bulwark shall defend him,
But the dogs shall tear him limb by limb, and the strong beaked
birds shall rend him.

Thus he: the Argives shouted loud, as when a bristling wave Upon a sheer-uprising coast, where the strong-winged blast doth rave,

Breaks 'gainst a jutting rock—a rock that gives the sea no rest. But every wind brings waves, that lash his grim-indented crest; Uprose the crowds in haste dis-spread, and to the ships repair, And kindle fires in every tent, and strengthening food prepare. Then to their several gods they pray, the gods that live for ever, 400 From seath to save the host alway, and from black death deliver; But to great Jove that reigns above with all-embracing sway, A five-years' ox, a goodly beast, the king of men did slay. Then to his tent he called his best advisers; and there came, First, Nestor, then Idomeneus, that chief of Cretan fame, Then either Ajax, and the brave Tydides, and the wise Ulysses--wise as mighty Jove who rules the starry skies; The strong-voiced Menelaus too, nor needed special hest, For well the weighty cares he knew, that bound his brother's breast. Then round the victim-ox they stand, the barley grains they take, 410 And 'fore the chiefs the monarch stood, and with these words he spake:

Most glorious Jove, dark-clouded king, who dost in ether sway, May this strong sun not droop his wing, nor darkness dim the day, Till the tower that bears proud Priam's name in crashing ruin fall, And I shall see the dusk red flame wreathe through each gilded hall And Hector's vest with many a rent be pierced; and, him around, His brave men all, with prostrate fall, shall bite the gory ground!

Thus he: but to his prayer no favouring ear the Thunderer

The steaming sacrifice he took, but woes on woes he sent. 420

lent;

They prayed, and on the victim's head the barley grains they throw,

Draw back its neck, and smite it to the ground with forceful blow;

Then flay it, and cut out the thighs, and softly them encase

In double coil of fat; thereon raw bits of flesh they place;

Then burn them on the old dry logs, where the flame was freely spread;

But the entrails good on spits they held, above the embers red.

And when the thighs were burned, and the good entrails tasted too,

The rest they cut in pieces small, and with prongs they pierced them through,

And to themselves the roasted flesh with willing fingers drew.

Then, when from busy toil they ceased, and all was now prepared,

The feast began, and every man the equal banquet shared.

But when their souls with strengthening meat and drink were sated, then 430

Uprose Gerenian Nestor old, and spake to the king of men:
Most glorious king of Atreus' line, ruler of Argive men,

Rest we no more, stir every wight his strength; delay be none!

While the gods invite to prosperous fight, let timely deeds be done!

Straight hie the heralds to the ships, and let them loud and clear

Ring out their summons to the Greeks, to muster with us here!
While I and every kingly wight from tent to tent will go,
And stir the keen-souled Mars, in fight against the Dardan foe.

Thus Nestor; him the monarch heard, and bade without delay
Each clear voiced herald call the folk to join the purple fray.

The heralds call them; and the troops of long-haired Greeks obey.
The Jove-born kings the host reviewed; from rank to rank they went.

With ordering word; with them Athenè of the flashing eyne,
Holding the ægis priceless, deathless, of her sire divine;
A hundred tassels round its border shook, all golden fair,
Well plaited; worth a hundred beeves was every tassel there.
This ægis wide she spreads, and looks around with gleaming eyes,
And sweeps apace from rank to rank, and kindles, as she flies,
The lust of fight in every wight, and warlike strength supplies.
And now the war was sweeter far to each well-greaved Achæan,
Than to seek his home, across the foam of the billowy broad
Ægean.

As when destroying fire hath caught a stretch of dry old pines, High on a hill-top, and afar the blazing forest shines; So shone the copper-coated host, as rank on rank advances,

While flash quick brands in a thousand hands, and gleam the eager lances.

And as the uncounted tribes, that scour the sky with mighty vans, Of geese, or vagrant banded cranes, or the long-necked race of swans.

Where far the Asian lowland spreads, and by Cäyster's flow,

Freely on joyful pinions sail, and wander to and fro,

And with their clanging wings loud rings the mead, where they alight;

Thus swarmed the Greeks from ship and tent, to find the fateful fight

Far o'er Scamander's plain: and earth rebellowed to the sound,

As the mail-clad men, and the four-hoofed horse tramped o'er the hollow ground,

Till on the broad grass mead they stood, a marshalled multitude,

Countless as flowers in flowery spring, or leaves in a leafy wood.

And even as swarms of busy flies on buzzing wing are spread, 470

Drifting in clusters through the air, close by some shepherd's shed.

In the spring-time, when in the pail the creaming milk doth flow;

Not fewer then the Argive men in many a glittering row

foe.

Stood; while each long-haired warrior pants to pierce some Trojan

And as goatherds with swift sure glance their shaggy troops survey.

And sort them lightly, as across the pasture-ground they stray,

So for the fray the chiefs that day did range the multitude,

With wise-disposing ken; 'mongst whom King Agamemnon stood,

With eyes and head like mighty Jove's, the thunder-loving God,

With loins of Mars, and Neptune's breast, who wields the trident
rod.

And as among the hornèd herd, above the rest the bull
Stands high, and his huge bulk declares that he must bear the rule.
So high amid the host that day did Agamemnon show,
Such kingly grace on Atreus' son did mighty Jove bestow.

Say now, ye Muses, that sublime in halls Olympian dwell

For ye are goddesses, and ken all things, as each befell,

We but the faint far echoes hear, and nothing truly know

Tell me what chiefs then led the Greeks against the Trojan foe

Not 1 of mighty names may tell the long resounding line,

Though ten my tongues, and ten my mouths, and a voice of strength

divine,

And in my breast a heart of brass, if not the tuneful Nine Olympian maids, the daughters of high-thundering Jove, declare What ships for Ilium sailed, and who were proudly numbered there; By grace of these, I sound the roll of that brave muster rare.

Arcesilaus and Peneleus led the brave Beotian band, Prothenor, Clonius, Leitus shared with him the high command; The men that dwelt in Hyria and Aulis' rocky bay, And Eteonos' hilly slopes, Scolus and Thespiæ, Scheenus and Graia, and broad-fielded Mycalessus, and Eilesium and Harma, and the Erythræan land, 500 And they who dwelt in Eleon, Hyle, and Peteon, Ocalea, and thy castled steep, thou well-built Medeon, Copæ, Eutresis, Thisbe, where the frequent turtle breeds, And Coronea, and green Haliartus' grassy meads, And who in Glisas, and in fair Platæa's champaign dwell, And where Ismenus flows beneath Thebes' well built citadel, Sacred Onchestus, and the strong Poseidon's leafy shrine, Medea, and rich Arne, where thick hangs the clustered vine, Anthedon in the land's far end, and Nysa's seat divine; Five times ten ships these cities sent to Ilium; and from each 510 An hundred men and twenty leapt upon the Trojan beach.

Then those who in Aspledon dwelt, and old Orchomenus,

The Minyan force Ascalaphus led, and brave Ialmenus;

These valiant wights a maiden rare, that paced an upper floor,

Astyoche, Actor's daughter fair, divinely pregnant bore

To strong armed Mars; he privily that maiden did enjoy;

These sailed, with thrice ten hollow-bottomed ships, well manned,

for Troy.

Next the Phoceans came; their troops, in rank and file well banded, Brave Schedius and Epistrophus, sons of Iphitus, commanded. All who in Cyparissus dwelt, and Pytho's rocky shrine,

The Daulian steeps and Panopeus, and Crissa's fort divine.

Hyampolis and Anemoreia sent their men of mail;

Others divine Cephissus gave from his well watered vale;

Some from Cephissus' fountains came and the Lilean glen.

All these with famous Phocis ranked; their ships were four times ten,

Them their twain captains marshalled well, a seemly multitude;
And leftward of Becotia's power their goodly phalanx stood.

The Locrians next Oilean Ajax led; swift footed he,
But most unlike, thou large-limbed Telamonian, to thee.
A hempen coat for mail he wore; but, though of stature small,
At spear-cast topt the Achaean men and Panhellenians all.

530
The Opuntians, and the Cynians too, obeyed their leader's call,
Bessa, and Scarphe, and the fair Augeiæ sent their tale,
Tarphe and Thronium, where thy flood, Boagrios, ploughs the vale.
Him all obey; with forty ships the Locrians left the strand,
Which looks upon Eubea's sacred water-girded land.

Next the Abantes, from Eubea, breathing strength divine,

Eretria and Chaleis' sons, and they who train the vine
In Histiæa, and who hold steep Dion's citadel,
And who in Styra, and Cerinthus, and Carystus dwell.
Them Elephenor, shoot of Mars, with high command controlled; 510
Chalcodon's son, chief thane of the Abantians mighty souled,

Him followed the fleet Abantians, with floating hair behind;
Practised to fling the ashen spear, they came right well inclined
Deep in the Trojans' breasts to drive the lance's pointed head:
These men to Troy with forty dark-hulled ships their captain led.

Then came who in Erechtheus' hold, in high-rock'd Athens dwell, Erechtheus, whom Athenè nursed in her well-built citadel, High hearted king, to whom, sprung from the corn-producing ground, Athenè favoured lodgment gave, in her temple's holy bound, Where all the Attic tribes convene, Jove's daughter to revere, With the atoning bulls and lambs, from circling year to year; Them Mnestheus led, like whom of strong earth-treading mortals then

Was none to marshal harness'd steeds, or buckler-bearing men, Save only Nestor, who with use of years was wise. This man In fifty dark-hulled ships to Troy led all the Attic clan.

Next Ajax came from Salamis, with twice ten ships and tway.

Then who from Argos came, and well built Tiryns' walled array,
Hermione and Asinè, in the broad deep-bosomed bay,

Troezenè, Epidaurus, where the viny clusters smile,

Eïones, and Mases, and Ægina's sea-girt isle;

All these the strong-voiced Diomede with Sthenelus led on,

Brave Sthenelus, of Capaneus the well-belovèd son;

With them Euryalus was join'd, a man of strength divine,

Son of Mecisteus, goodly shoot of Talaon's princely line;

But godlike Tydeus' son hath sway the chiefest over all, And eighty dark-hulled ships obey their doughty leader's call.

Then they who hold the strong Mycene's well built citadel,
In Corinth rich, and in Cleone's castled keep who dwell;
The dwellers in Ornéiæ and in Arathurea fair,
And Sieyon, where Adrastus erst the kingly sceptre bare,
And who from Hyperesia came, and Gonoessa steep,
Who Ægium and Pallenè held, beside the sounding deep,
And all the sweeping coast, and Helicè broad-fielded. These
King Agamemnon swayed; an hundred ships across the seas
Atrides brought; none of the chiefs captained a larger crew,
None braver men; upon his breast the burnished mail he drew
With gallant pride; among the chiefs first of the first he stood,
And with commanding glance surveyed the goodliest multitude.

**The dwellers in Ornéiæ and in Arathurea fair,
And Sieyon, where Adrastus erst the kingly sceptre bare,
And with commanding glance surveyed the goodliest multitude.

Who hollow Lacedæmon held, with many a hill surrounding, From Pharis and from Sparta came, and Messè dove abounding, Who in Briseiæ boast their home, who in Ægeiæ dwell, Who hold Amyclæ and strong Elos' sea-built citadel, And who of Laas, and of steep-faced Œtylus love to tell; The strong-voiced Menelaus led these men of valiant heart In sixty ships; and from his Jove-born brother camped apart. In his brave heart he trusts; behind no foremost man he tarries; But chiefly in his soul the strong hot-spurred resolve he carries, For lovely Helen's rape and wrong, to work revenge on Paris.

Then came the Pylian men, and fair Arenè's sons, and those
Who Thrium held, steep Æpy's fort, and where Alpheüs flows;
Amphigencia sent her sons; and Cyparissus' bay,
Pteleos, Helos, Dorium, their warlike strength display,
That Dorium where the Muses met the insolent bard of Thrace,
Thamyris from Œchalia's land, who southward bent his face;
They his lyre lamed, and caused his song to creep with halting pace,
For he had vaunted that his lay high-resonant would prove
Victor against the Muses, daughters of loud-thundering Jove;
They maimed his hand, and dimmed his eye, and marred his song
divine;

He sought, but found no words to sway the lyre-commanding line; 600 All these that horseman good Gerenian Nestor led; his men From sandy Pylos sailed to Troy, in fourscore ships and ten.

Followed Arcadia's sons; from steep Cyllene's brow, and from The tomb of Æpytus the stiff close-handed fighters come,
From Pheneos and Orchomenos, where the sheep are fleecy-fair;
From Ripa, Stratia, and Enispa, with fresh breezy air;
Who dwelt in Tegea, and in Mantinea's lovely land;
Who held Stymphalus, and where high Parrhasia's mountains stand;
These kingly Agapenor led in fifty ships and ten,
Well furnished every ship with many stout Arcadian men,
Cunning to fight; Mycena's king to them the tale supplied
Of well oared ships, that they might cross the deep and purple tide;

For they were mountain-men, nor knew the ways of the waters wide.

Then in Buprasium who dwelt, and in sacred Elis found Their home; what lands the Olenian rock, and Alisium girdeth round, Hyrminè's distant cape, and Myrsinus' remotest bound; All these four admirals lorded; and each admiral counted ten Swift-sailing vessels, featly manned with brave Epean men. 620 Amphimachus, son of Cteatus, the first ten vessels led; Of Actor's line brave Thalpius of the second ten was head; The third the stout Diores led across the billowy brine; Lord of the fourth to Ilium sailed Polyxenus divine, Son of Agasthenes, of great Augeas' kingly line.

Then they who in Dulichium dwell, amid the salt sea's roar, And in the Echinades, sacred isles, that look on Elis' shore; Them Meges led, a warrior bold, a match for Mars in fight, The son was he of noble Phyleus, Jove-beloved knight, But from his father's wrathful face fled to Dulichium; he With forty dark-hulled ships to Troy crossed the far-sounding 630 sea.

Next they who dwelt in Ithaca, and the leaf-shaking wood Of Neritus, and Cephalonia's warriors stout and good; The men from craggy Ægilips and Crocyleia sent, Brave seamen, who from Samos and from woody Zante went, And who the wave-lashed shore possessed of the adverse continent: VOL. II.

All these Ulysses led; like Jove in counsel strong was he,

And twelve good ships with vermeil prows came with him o'er the

sea.

Thoas, Andremon's son, led forth the brave Ætolian band
From Pleuron, and from Olenus, and from Pylenè, and
From rocky Calydon, and Chaleis by the sounding shore.

For Œneus' sons—the mighty-hearted Œneus—were no more;
Himself was dead; the fair haired Meleäger too was gone;
All these, united now, obeyed Andremon's warlike son,
And in twice twenty ships they sailed with him to Trojan land.

Idomeneus, the stalwart spearman, led the Cretan band;
Who dwelt in Gnossus, and possessed the strong Gortynian hold,
White-eliffed Lycastus, Lyctus, and Miletus' warriors bold;
Phæstus and Rhytium sent their tale; and seamen many a score,
Whom hundred-citied Crete sent forth from her wide-peopled shore;

All these Idomeneus led, and joined with him in high command, 650 Brave Merion stood, a match for Mars, with hero-slaughtering hand

To mow the field; with eighty ships these leapt on Trojan strand.

The polemus, Heraclidan brave, of goodly stature tall,

Led forth the Rhodians; and nine ships obeyed their leader's call.

The noble Rhodians in three clans came marshalled for the fight,

From Lindus, Ialyssus, and Cameirus glancing white.

All these by brave Tlepolemus upon the Trojan shore
Were landed, whom to Hercules Astyochcia bore.
This maid he brought from Ephyrè, where Sellis' waters flow.
There many a Jove-bred youth he slew, and many a town laid low.
But while Tlepolemus in his sire's well-masoned house did stay,
Him chanced Alcides' uncle dear by hapless stroke to slay,
Licymnius, shoot of Mars, but waning now with life's decay.
Forthwith well timbered ships he manned, and with a goodly crew
Fled o'er the sea; for with keen cry for bloody vengeance due
The banded Heraclidan kin did hotly him pursue.
He, buffeted by adverse seas, to Rhodes his course achieved.
And in three tribes his Doric men he planted, and received
Much grace from Jove, of men and gods the all-dispensing lord;
Upon the isle rich rains of gold the son of Kronos poured.

Nereus from sea-girt Symè sailed, and ships he numbered three, The son of Charopus sovran chief, and fair Aglaia; he Of all the Achaean men, I wis, was the most fair to see; Only one man in all the camp, Pelides, him excelled In manly grace; but few the folk his feeble sway compelled.

The men who strong Nisyrus held, Casus, and Crapathus
Calydna's isles, and Cos, the town of brave Eurypylus;
Phidippus these and Antiphus led forth in brave array;
Tway sons of Thessalus, that Heraclidan chief, were they,
And with thrice ten strong-timbered ships they crossed the watery

The dwellers in Pelasgic Argos next well-marshalled stand,
The men of Alos, Alopè, and the Trachinian land,
Who Phthia held and Hellas, famed for maids of beauty bright,
With diverse names, Hellenes, Myrmidons, Achæans hight;
All these Achilles o'er the sea in fifty galleys brought.
But not to dismal-sounding war these turned their moody thought;
A headless troop they stand and wait; no leader they obey.
For near the fleet the swift of foot, divine Pelides, lay,
Chafing his heart, for love of that fair maid with flowing hair,
Briseïs, whom he chose, a prize from all the booty rare,

690
Then when Lyrnessus fell, and all the fence of Thebes was

And when he slew the spearmen Mynes and Epistrophus,
Sons of Evenus, kingly seed of king Selepius;
For this fair maid sore-vexed he lay, but soon should rise again.
The men of fertile Phylacè, and Pyrasus' flowery plain,
Demeter's shrine, and Iton, where white-fleecèd sheep are fed;
Antron sea-lashed, and Pteleum, richly green with grassy bed.
All these the brave Protesilaus led, while lightsome day
His eyes beheld; but now beneath the cold black earth he lay.
His spouse in Phylacè remained; thy lovely cheeks were torn,
Laodamia, with sharp grief; thy house was left forlorn.
Him with a spear of fatal force a Dardan man down bore,
When first of all the Greeks he leapt upon the Trojan shore;

700

Nor they without a head remained, when their brave leader fell;

By stout Podarces, shoot of Mars, their ranks were marshalled well.

Protesilaus' brother he, of the same blood and bone,

His sire was Iphiclus; his grandsire, Phylacus, did own

Rich flocks of sheep; Podarces was the younger son; the other

In warrior's worth, as in the tale of years, outstript his brother.

Full many a rolling tear they shed for him who bravely fell,

And forty dark-hulled ships had led across the salt sea swell.

Next who by Bæbe's reedy lake in Pheræ's town did dwell,

In Borbe, and in well-built Iolcus, and in Glaphyrae;

Ten ships and one Admetus' son to cross the watery way

Had manned with these, Eumelus hight, whom Pelias' daughter bare.

Divine of women, and of all his offspring fair most fair.

The men who held Methonè, and Thaumacia, and the land Of Melibaea, and Olizon's rough and rocky strand;

These Philoctetes led, a chief well-skilled to draw the bow,

In seven ships; and each good ship had fifty men to row;

Brave boatmen all, and bowmen wise to shoot the mortal arrow; $^{-20}$

But he their captain- in an island lay, and chewed his sorrow,

Ev'n Lemnos, where the Argives left him on a lonely shore

Bit by a venomous snake, and groaning with an ulcered sore.

There in much grief he lay; but soon the Greeks were forced to borrow

Aid for the capture of strong Troy from Philoctetes' arrow.

Him much his men bewailed; but found, to soothe their grievous sorrow,

Medon, Oïleus' bastard son, a stalwart eaptain rare,

Whom Renè to that strong town-capturing wight Oïleus bare.

From Tricca and Œchalia, where brave Eurytus held sway,
And from Ithomè's stony home who came did next display,
Their battailous might; them Podalirios and Machaon led,
Twain sons of Æsculapius, to famous leecheraft bred;
And thirty hollow ships by them to Troy were bravely sped.

Who held Ormenium's fort and Hypereia's fountain bright,
Asterium and Titanos, with cliffs all glancing white,
These brave Euæmon's noble son, Eurypylus commanded;
With forty dark-hulled ships upon the Ilian beach he landed.

The brave sons of Argissa, and the warriors of Gyrtonè,
Who from white Oloösson came, and Orthe and Elonè;
Them Polypætes led, in fight who never flinched a jot,
Son of Pirithoüs, whom the deathless lord of heaven begot;
Him to Pirithoüs bore the fair Hippodamia then
When the fierce Pheres knew his wrath, wild hairy-fronted men,
And eastward to the Æthices with fearful feet they ran—
Nor he alone; with him Leonteus led the marshalled van,

Son of Coronus, haughty-hearted son of Coeneus. These
Led forty dark-hulled ships to breezy Troy across the seas.
Gouneus from Cyphus came, and led twice ten good ships and two,
With him the Enienes and the stout Perræbian crew,
And they who held high wintry seats amid Dodona's snows,
And whoso tilled the ground, where lovely Titaresius flows,
And with full stream doth into broad Peneius bravely ride,
But with Peneius mingles not his silver-swirling tide;
Sundered like oil his floating stream the deep low floods upbear,
For that from awful Styx he flows by which the gods do swear.

Tenthredon's son, brave Prothoüs, led the stout Magnesian men; Who in leafy quivering Pelion dwelt, and in the shady glen Of slow Peneius; these fleet footed Prothoüs did command; With forty dark-hulled ships he sailed to the far Ilian strand.

These were the leaders of the Greeks. Now, heavenly Muse, declare 760

Their names to me, who were the best of all these captains rare,
And which was fleetest of the steeds, that snuffed the Trojan air.
Fleetest of all the steeds, as fleet as very birds, were thine,
Eumelus, matched in age and matched in mane of dainty shine,
And nicely even were their backs, as measured by a line.
Them in Perea silver-bowed Apollo bred, both mares,
And terror marched with them, where Mars his bloody game
prepares.

Bracost of all the chiefs was Ajax, son of Telamon,
While hot Achilles hugged his ire: for he in worth outshone
All eise and wind swift steeds like his no Jove-born king did own. 770
But he beside the curved ships that line the sounding shore
Lay, and within his moody breast a festering humour bore
'Gaiere Agamemnon, mightful king, whiles on the glancing sand
His men or porse the quoit, or fling the dart with rival hand,
Or wing the arrow: and their steeds, each near his chariot, feed
On lotas and on parsley green that loves the marshy mead.
Within the tents of the godlike chiefs the cars all trimly dight
Were plantsh; themselves, sore vexed for their great leader's slight,
With role good pared to and fro, and shunned the glorious fight.

And now like raging fire that feeds upon a parched heath, 789
So manched the loss across the plain. The firm earth groans because he

As when the blumder-loving god, whose anger frets the skies,
Lasher the earth with many a stripe, where prone Typheos lies
In Arimi – for there they tell his vexed bir is found—
So ground the hollow earth beneath the many tramping sound
Of the vost host; with rapid sweep they marched along the ground.

Then to the Trojan men, their ranks for instant war to move, The swift wind footed Iris came from agis bearing Jove.

They at the gates of Priam, lusty youths and elders gray.

In full assembly met, with grave debate consume the day;

To them the goddess came, and, standing near the elders, spake; 790 But first the voice of Priam's son, Polites, she did take; He, a fleet-footed scout, was posted on the lofty mound Where old Esetes buried lay, to view the field around, And send quick note of every move, made by the Argive clan; His form the swift wind-footed Iris took, and thus began: Old man, much talk is dear to thee; like water thou art pouring Thy peaceful prate, the while loud blast of bloody war is roaring. Truly full many a field I saw, where host was host defying, But never yet such troops I viewed with threatful muster nighing; Like sand upon the sandy shore, like leaves in the leafy wood, Rolls o'er the plain, with ominous roar, the uncounted multitude. Hector, to thee I chiefly speak; my wise commandment hear; Many the trusty brave allies that wield for Troy the spear, Diverse the tongues of mortals spread in dwellings far and near; To his own nation let each chief give note of coming fray, And forth to battle lead his folk in orderly array. Thus Iris: and her voice divine crest flickering Hector knew; Loosed the assembly; and to arms the willing people flew. Wide fly the gates; the bustling thousands rush to find their foes.

Footmen and riders; and to heaven huge din and clamour rose. ⁸¹⁰
Before the city, from the plain doth rise a little mound
With steep ascent, apart and free, that one may walk it round,

By mortals Batica hight; but gods in upper air
Call it Myrina's sepulchre, the nimble-bounding fair;
There, with their stout allies, the Trojan men were mustered
all.

Chief of the host the Trojan band, crest flickering Hector tall, The son of Priam led; he numbered most and eke the best Of mail-clad warriors, burning for the fight with eager zest.

The brave and good Æneas led the ranks of Dardan men,
Whom to Anchises Venus in a green-enfolden glen

Of Ida bare; the goddess there knew gentle love's delight
With a mortal man. Archilochus and Acamas unite
Their strength with him, Antenor's sons, well-versed in various fight.

Who in Zeleia dwelt, where many fountained Ida sank
Into the plain, and of Æsepus' darkling water drank;
A wealthy Trojan tribe; all these the noble Pandarus follow,
Who bent a bow, thy very gift, thou silver bowed Apollo.

The men who held Apæsus, and who dwelt in Adrasteia,
In Petyeia, and the steepy mountain of Tereia,
Adrastus and Amphios led, whose breast in flaxen coat

For mail was eased; their father was a seer of mighty note,
Percosian Merops, who with timely warning did essay
Far from the hero-slaughtering strife to hold his sons; but they
Spurned him. The Fates of darksome death had marked them for
a prev.

From Practium, and Percotè, and divine Arisbè's land;
From Sestos and Abydos came a well-appointed band;
Them Asius, son of Hyrtacus, leads, a knight of doughty deeds,
He to the battle rides with large-limbed fiery-mettled steeds,
Bred where Selleïs pours his flood through the Arisban meads.

The tribes of brave Pelasgic men that wield the mortal lance,

840

From fair Larissa's loamy fields, in bristling lines advance.

Them did Pylæus, shoot of Mars, and fleet Hippothoüs sway;

Both sons of Lethus, son of brave Teutamias, were they.

Brave Acamas and Peirous bring up the Thracian lines, Warriors whose land the rapid flow of Hellespont confines.

Euphemus leads to battle the Ciconian spearmen good, Son of Treezenus, son of Keas, of celestial brood.

Pyræchmes the Pæonians led with hugely-curvèd bows,

From distant Amydon they came, where Axius broadly streameth,

Axius, fairest flood whereon the sun's bright radiance beameth.

Pykemenes, a shaggy-hearted Paphlagonian, led
His stout men from the Heneti, where sturdy mules are bred.
Who in Cytorus, Cromne, and strong Sesamus did dwell.
Who held Ægialus and the Erythinian citadel,
He leads, and all around whose fields Parthenius' waters swel

He leads, and all around whose fields Parthenius' waters swell.

Next Odius and Epistrophus the Alizonians lead,

From Alyba far, whose soil doth nurse fair silver's costly seed

The Mysian men brave Chromis led, and Eunomus who knew

The flight of birds; but not all fateful birds 'neath heaven that

flew

Could from black Fate the seer redeem, when with the Dardan dead \$800

Achilles heaped the plain, and gorged the river's struggling bed.

Godlike Ascanius from Ascania brought the Phrygian band
Burning for battle; with him Phorcys shared the high command.
The brave Mæonians Antiphus and martial Mesthles rule,
Sons of Takemenes, whose dam was the Gygæan pool;
These the Mæonians led beneath the slopes of Tmolus bred.

The Carians next, of speech uncouth, the noble Nastes led,
Men from Miletus and the Phtheirian mount, with tree on tree
Far-waving, and from Mycale's steep that juts into the sea,
And from Mæander's banks; all these the captainship obey

Of Nastes and Amphimachus; Nomion's sons were they:
The witless Nastes, who, with gold prankt o'er and glistering gay,
Like to a dainty girl forth yode into the tearful stour.
But vain was gold, to break the Fate, in the darksome deadly hour;
Even by Achilles, swift of foot, where red the river rolled,
His life was reft; and Peleus' warrior-son usurped the gold.

Sarpedon last and Glaucus led their men to the field of slaughter, From Lycia far, where yellow Xanthus pours his swirling water.

воок пп.

ARGUMENT.

Roused by stout Hector, Paris calls to fight
The son of Atreus with the yellow hair.
Each nation swears to deem the issue right,
Proved by the prowess of that knightly pair.
Fierce Menclaus drags the Trojan wight;
But Venus wafts her darling through thin air,
And bids fair Helen do her dainty duty,
Healing the hero's bruises by her beauty.



BOOK III.

Now when the captains and the men for fight well-marshalled stood,

With clang and din, like trooping birds, the Trojan multitude Rushed to the fray; with clangour loud, even as the banded cranes, That shun the wintry tempest, and the black down-sweeping rains, And fly to ocean's distant flood, on swift air-cleaving wing, And to the small Pigmean men death and destruction bring, And wake the fight with grim delight, when the morning mist is

And wake the fight with grim delight, when the morning mist is gray;

But breathing silent strength the Greeks their steady lines display; Brother for brother sworn to die, they march to the crimson fray. As when the south wind a thick mist on the hill-tops hath

thrown,

Which shepherds hate, and only midnight thieves delight to own,
When sharpest eye no farther sees than one may cast a stone;
So from their feet in whirls the darkening dust-cloud rose, while
they

Marched o'er the plain; in sweeping lines advanced their vast array.

But when the hostile ranks were near, and small the middle space,
In front of all the Trojans godlike Paris reared his face.
A panther's hide, across his shoulders slung, the hero bore,
Likewise a sword and bow; a brace of spears, with copper ore
Pointed, he brandished in his hand, and braved the Greeks each
one

To prove their might in the stout-armed fight with Priam's princely son.

But him when fair-haired Menelaus, dear to Mars, espied,
Before the host advancing with a stout and lordly stride,
Even as a hungry lion's heart is glad, when he hath found
A hornèd stag, or a wild goat stretched huge on grassy ground,
And with an eager jaw devours, though well he snuffs the track
Of fleetest hounds, and hears the whoop of hunters at his back;
Thus Menelaus joyful viewed his proud and princely foe,
And said that false offender soon my sharp revenge shall know;
And from his car, well armed, straightway upon the ground he leapt.
But when the godlike Paris saw how manfully he stept

30
Before the host, his heart within his breast was smote with fear,
And with sudden start he drew him back; for he felt that death
was near.

Like as a traveller who hath seen a quick and lively snake

In the lush mountain grass; he starts; his limbs beneath him

quake;

And back he goes, while all the fearful paleness clothes his cheeks. Thus 'mid the troops of noble Trojans godlike Paris seeks
Fleet-footed safety, by the brave Atrides closely pressed.
Him Hector then, with high-reproachful bitter words addressed:
Ill-omened Paris, woman-mad, with that fair form and face,
Would thou hadst wiveless lived, and childless died, nor brought disgrace,

Thou glozing prater, on thyself and all the Trojan race!

'Twere better thus—far better! now the long-haired Greeks at thee
The finger point, and laugh with loud insulting scorn to see
The proudest knight whom Ilium owns, so fair and smooth of skin,
But with no marrow in his bones, nor pith of soul within.
A dainty hero, who in ships that plough the briny wave,
Embarked a crew of comrades true, and trusty seamen brave,
And sailed to a far land, and found a lady fine and fair,
And brought her home, with spearmen bold both name and blood
to share.

Harm thou hast brought to breezy Troy, much woe to Priam bred, ⁵⁰ A deed to fill our foes with joy, and make thee hang thy head; And now against Atrides' sword thou wilt not stake thy life, Nor know of what a valiant lord thou filched the blooming wife. Wisely! Smooth cheeks and shining locks, sweet lyre and warbled lay,

And Aphrodite's gifts are vain, when thou shalt kiss the clay.

Vol. II. F

Truly a pitiful-hearted race are we, or thou hadst worn Λ coat of stone long since, for all the sorrows we have borne.

He spoke; to him the godlike Alexander thus replies:

Hector, most just is thy reproach; thy words, though harsh, are wise;

Truly thy heart is sharp and strong, as any axe may be
In woodman's hand, for navy's need who fells the gnarlèd tree;
Swooping the cunning stroke comes down, when the stout axe swingeth he.

So sharp art thou, fell-purposed Mars within thy breast so mighty.

But, brother mine, blame not the gifts of golden Aphroditè;

Let none the glorious gifts despise, by gods to mortals given;

From Heaven's free will they fall; no man can claim a grace

from Heaven.

But if thou will that I should fight, and chance of war abide,
Bid every Greek and Trojan wight stand orderly aside.
Then Atreus' son with yellow hair, and I, the ranks before,
Will stand, and fight for Helen fair, and all her wealthy store;
Then he in fight who shows more might, the Spartan king or I,
Shall take both fair and treasure rare, and none his right deny.
But thou and all the Trojan men a sanctioned peace shall swear,
And dwell in gleby Troy, while they to Argos shall repair,
Renowned for steeds, and to Achaia, rich in maidens fair.

Thus Paris spoke; and Hector brave rejoiced in heart to hear,
And forth he stood, and with his hand he grasped his middle spear,
And drove the banded Trojans back; they sat in order due.
But the keen Argives, when they saw crest-flickering Hector, drew
Their bows at him with many a shaft, and many a stone they
threw.

But Agamemnon, king of men, with loud command out speaks:
Hold, Argives! fling nor shaft nor stone, ye valiant-hearted Greeks!
Some peaceful parley Hector brings, no warlike harm he seeks.
He spake; and all the Achæan men with willing speed obeyed
The monarch's word; then Hector thus to Greeks and Trojans said:
Ye Trojans brave, and well-greaved Greeks, hear me! I bring a
word

From godlike Alexander's mouth, by whom this strife was stirred: The Trojan and the Achæan men in orderly array

Upon the many-nurturing ground their shining arms shall lay;
Then Atreus' son with yellow hair, and he, the ranks before,
Shall stand, and fight for Helen fair, and all her wealthy store;
And of the two whose hand shall dare the most in equal fight.
Shall take both fair and treasure rare, and none dispute his right,
While all the rest with solemn oath a peace shall surely plight.

Thus he; but silence held the host, which none were bold to break,

Till strong voiced Menelaus rose, and thus approving spake:

Hear also me; for more than all the rest my inmost marrow
This matter moves; 'tis season ripe to put an end to sorrow
'Twixt Greeks and Trojans; truly we with woe have drugged your
life.

Since Alexander's might with me began the evil strife,

Seems well that I, or he should die. As fate shall rule the chance,
So be it. All the rest may cease to fling the deathful lance.
Ye to the Sun a white ram bring for holy sacrifice,
To Earth a black ewe; we a ram to Jove that rules the skies.
And bring the might of Priam; he shall make our treaty sure;
His faithless sons we may not trust, their oath may not endure.
Not light his sin who by avenging Jove doth lightly swear.
A young man's wits in fluttering fits are swayed, like tides of air;
But a wise old man with steady plan looks forward and behind,
And notes his path; for every chance he wears an equal mind.

He spake. The hearts of all the Greeks and Trojans swelled with joy,

As they thought of peace and swift release from toilsome war's annoy.

Back to the ranks their steeds they drew, and with a nimble bound Sprang from their cars, their armour doffed, and on the grassy ground

Piled it hard by; small space between was left upon the plain.

Then Hector to the city sent clear-throated heralds twain,

To eall old Priam, and the sheep for sacrifice to bring,
While to the ships with hollow hulls the great wide-ruling king
Talthybius sent, to bring the ram for Jove who rules the skies,
And sans delay his ordered way the faithful herald hies.

Then Iris sweeping from the sky to white-armed Helen came,
Like to thy wife, Antenor's son, in look and lovely frame,
Even mighty Helicaon's wife, a maid of beauty rare,
Laodice whom all confessed the fairest past compare
Of Priam's daughters. Her she found within the lofty room,
Weaving a broad and tway-plied purple tissue in a loom;
Full many a fight she broidered there, and valiant feats well-noted,
Of horse-subduing Trojan men, and brave Greeks copper-coated,
That in crimson war took many a scar for her dear beauty's sake.
Her, standing near, the zephyr-footed Iris thus bespake:
Come hither, lady fair, and well by thy bright eyne be noted,
These horse-subduing Trojans, and the brave Greeks copper-coated.
Warriors that o'er the gory ground the tearful battle woke,
And dealt around with heavy sound the dire death-bringing
stroke,

Now sit upon the grass—all hushed the battle's dismal bray. Upon their shields reclined, their long spears fixed into the clay. But the strong-voiced Atrides, and brave Alexander's might, With lances long for thee shall fight, and for their wedded right; Then of the conqueror shalt thou the yokefellow be hight.

She spoke; and in that fair one's heart the dear desire she poured For home and parents, and for him whom once she called her lord.

Eftsoons her face the lady hid in linen veil, and so

Went from the room, while down her cheeks the tender tear-drops

flow.

Nor went alone; but with her maidens twain, right fair to see,
Even Pitheus' daughter, Æthra, and the full-eyed Clymenè;
These followed her; and swiftly to the Scæan gates came she.
There Priam sat, Thymcetes old, and noble Panthoüs,
And Hiketaon, shoot of Mars, Lampus, and Clotius,
Antenor and Ucalegon, a prudent-minded pair;
These elders sate beside the gate, where passed that wondrous fair.
Them hoary eld had loosed from fight, but their voice was clear and
strong,

With mellow wisdom's word of might to sway the Trojan throng; Like the blithe cricket on the tree, that stirs the leafy bower With tremulous floods of whirring glee, in the bright and sunny hour, Close by the gate these elders sate, and looked down from the tower. And when they saw the lovely Helen tread the path below, They from their breast forth sent the wingèd words, and whispered so: Soothly nor Trojan men nor Greeks should reap great crop of blame, That they did suffer sorrow and teen so long for such a dame, Who like a goddess walks—not one from mortal womb who came.

Nathless we wish her gentle speed, across the briny waters,

That she no more may mischief breed, to our blameless sons and
daughters.

160

Thus they; then Priam rose, and thus to Helen fair spake he:

Come hither, daughter; sit thee down beside me; thou shalt see

Thy former spouse, and all that blood and love made dear to thee.

Think not that I with evil eyne behold thee, Helen; not

Thou, but the immortal powers divine have marred my mortal lot,

With tearful war! But who is he of goodly stature tall?

An Argive? Come, tell me his name, for well thou know'st them

all.

If some there be that lift a loftier head, a goodlier man

These aged eyne have failed to note, in all the Argive clan;

He bears much worship in his port; most like a king he shows.

To whom from Helen, godlike fair, the grateful answer flows:

Dear father mine, thy face to me brings reverence and deep awe;

Would I had wedded dark-destroying death, when first I saw
Thy gallant son, nor sailed with him across the salt sea swell,
Leaving my lord, my child, and all the friends I loved so well.
But so 'twas not to be; and I with tearful grief must pine.
The thing thou askest well I know, and what I know be thine:
Atrides Agamemnon is the man thine eye doth see,
A praiseful king of mickle sway, and a spearman strong is he.

My husband's brother once, if e'er such name from blushless me ¹⁸⁰
He knew. She said; and thus the aged king admiring speaks:
O blest Atrides, happy leader of uncounted Greeks,
A fate more proud by gods bestowed ou men my memory seeks
In vain. Once in the wine-abounding Phrygia I beheld
Brave riders who with dexterous hand their mettlesome steeds
compelled;

Otreus and Mygdon mustered then their far-careering ranks
Of horse-subduing Trojans, on deep-swirling Sangarus' banks.
These goodly kings I went to join, a chosen champion, when
They fought with Amazonian dames, a match for harnessed men;
But they were few; these quick-eyed Greeks, in vain I count their
crew.

Thus he; and lifting up his eyes beheld Ulysses. Who
Is this brave chief, whom now I see, dear daughter, tell me true?
A loftier head Atrides rears, where in his pride he goes;
But broader shoulders, and a broader breast this hero shows.
His brazen arms lie glittering on the many-nurturing ground,
While, like a ram, from rank to rank himself goes mustering round,
Even like a ram with weighty fell, that doth well-noted go
On grassy mead, amid the ewes with fleeces white as snow.
To whom the Jove-born fair replied: The man who meets thy
sight,

Ilis name Ulysses, hither sent from Ithaca's rocky isle.

A subtle wit he boasts, well versed in every various wile.

To whom Antenor, prudent-minded hero, answer made:

O woman, true, and very true, is each word thou hast said.

I well remember when to thee that chief of subtle fame

Brought special word; and with him Mars-loved Menclaus came.

Them Troy received; and I gave well-beseeming cheer to both,

And wondering knew their subtle wit, and eke their goodly growth.

And when they mingled with the assembled Trojan multitude,

Above them all Atrides tall by head and shoulders stood.

But, when he sat, more awe flowed from Ulysses calm and shrewd.

And when in grave debate they wove the weighty-wise discourse,

The Spartan king his thought did wing, with short well-pointed force,

Few words but clearly-voiced; not his the loose and rambling tongue

Of praters; or, belike, he spake more scantly, being young.

But when the Ithacan king uprose before the company,

He stood and looked, and on the ground he fixed his steady eye,

Nor to the left nor to the right he swayed his sceptre good,

But, rike some dull half-witted wight, he calmly stared and stood,

Or like a man that chews his thought in spleeny sullen mood.

220

But when from out his ample breast the deep strong voice he drew,

And thick as flakes of drifted snow the winged words out flew,

No greatest then of mortal men with him might be compared, Nor then for how he stood, I ween, or how he looked, we cared,

Again the old man looked abroad, and Ajax met his view: What brave high-statured chief is this, dear daughter? tell me true: With head and shoulders broad he stands 'bove all the Argive crew. To whom the long-stoled Helen fair, divine of women, says: The large-limbed Ajax here, of Greece the bulwark, meets thy gaze; And fronting him, the Cretan chief, the brave Idomeneus stands, ²³⁰ Like to a god; with him the Gnossian leaders and their bands. Him Menelaus, dear to Mars, in our palatial home Ofttime received, when far from Crete he crossed the briny foam. These I can tell, and many more among the quick-eyed Greeks; But tway brave marshallers of the host mine eye far-straining seeks In vain; steed-taming Castor's might, and Pollux, strong in fist, Born of one womb with me, I find not in the harnessed list, Kept they their lovely Spartan home, from war's wild tumult free? Or sailed they o'er the salt sea foam, in ships that plough the sea, 240 But shun perchance the great highways of battle, smit with shame To hear the frequent foul reproach mar their dear sister's name?

Thus Helen spake; but them the life-sustaining earth doth keep; Lodged 'neath their dear-loved Spartan sod the godlike brothers sleep.

But now the heralds in the town 'gan ply their sacred task; Two sheep they brought for sacrifice, and in a goat-skin flask, Great glory of the glebe, bright wine that maketh glad the soul.

Herald Idæus eke did bear a broad and burnished bowl,

And golden cups; and, standing near, the old king thus addressed:

Son of Laomedon, arise! thy Trojan men, the best

250

Steed-taming warriors, and the Greeks with copper mail bedight,

A faithful truce with them to swear, thee to the plain invite.

The godlike Alexander and strong Sparta's king before

The ranks shall stand, for Helen fight, and for her wealthy store;

Then of the two whose hand shall dare the most, and win the fight

Shall take both fair and treasure rare, and none dispute his right.

But thou and all the Trojan folk a sacred peace shall swear,

And dwell in loamy Troy, while they to Argos shall repair,

Nurse of good steeds, and to Achaia, rich in maidens fair.

Thus he; but chilly fear ran through the aged monarch's breast;

Nathless he bade them yoke the steeds; the youths obeyed his

hest.

Then mounted he the car, and held the reins with his old hands;

And on the shining car with him the wise Antenor stands.

And now the strong-hoofed steeds they drive right through the Scaan gates.

But when they came to where the host of Greeks and Trojans waits, Down from the shining car they leapt on the many-nurturing ground,

And stood in midst the ring of Greeks and Trojans gathered round.

Then to the centre space advanced Atrides, king of men,
With him Laertes' son divine. The noble heralds then
Led forth the victims, poured the wine, and mixed the lustral
wave

Of water in the bowl, and gave the kings, their hands to lave, 270 The same pure fountain. Agamemnon then drew forth the knife Which hung beside his sword's huge sheath, that rules the tearful strife.

And from the victim's head he cut the topmost hairs, which then
The heralds dealt out to the best of Greek and Trojan men.
Then with loud voice Atrides prayed, while high his hands he
hove:

Father, in Ida throned supreme, most great and glorious Jove, And thou, bright Sun, who seest all, and every word dost hear, Rivers, and Earth, and Powers beneath, that with your lash severe Chastise the perjured souls that break the strong religious vow, Be witness ye, while here with blood we swear this paction now '280 If Alexander stain his sword with Menelaus' gore, Then he shall claim the Spartan dame, and all her wealthy store; While we in swift sea-furrowing ships seek the Achean shore. But if the Spartan king lay valiant Alexander low, Then Helen fair, with all her wealth, the Trojan shall forego To us; and eke a forfeit pay to Greece, a seemly sum,

That men may praise the deed in generations yet to come;

And if, when Paris low shall lie upon the ensanguined clay, Priam, and Priam's sons, deny the seemly fine to pay, Myself will fight for injured right, till Troy her wrong amend, 290 And here will stand, with spear in hand, and wait war's fated end.

He spake; and pierced the victims' throats with the unsparing knife,

And laid them quivering on the ground, and reft their limbs of life. Then from the bowl into the cups they poured the wine, and made Libation due, and to the deathless gods devoutly prayed;

And one in either host in face of all the people said:

O Jove, most glorious and great, and other gods undying,

Whoso he be, whom thou shalt see these sacred vows denying,

So be his brains dashed on the ground, as now this wine, we spill, 300

He and his sons!—his wife obey some lustful captor's will!

Thus they: but not the cloud-compeller's will their wish allowed.

Then aged Priam thus bespake the listening Dardan crowd:

Hear me, ye Trojans, and ye Greeks with burnished greaves; I go
To Troy, around whose lofty towers the winds wide-sweeping blow.

These eyes are old, nor dare behold my son's imperilled life,
Where Menelaus dear to Mars upstirs the tearful strife;

Jove only, and the immortal band who hold the starry sky,

Know which shall live, and of the two whose doom is sealed to die.

Thus spoke old Priam: and the lambs within the car be laid. 310

Thus spoke old Priam; and the lambs within the ear he laid, ³¹⁰ Then mounted, and the shining reins with aged hand he swayed. Beside his lord Antenor stands within the chariot splendid,

And straight to Hinm's wind-swept towers their backward way they wended.

Then Hector and Laertes' son—most like a god was he—

Advanced and measured all the space where the fight should foughten be,

And in a brazen helmet shook the lots of sacred chance.

To know which of the champions first should hurl the weighty lance.

And all the people prayed, and high their suppliant hands they hove;

Then one in either host devoutly spake these words to Jove:

O Jove, most great and glorious king, who dost from Ida sway, 320

He of these twain, from whom did spring this long-drawn tearful fray,

Here let him die, and joyless dwell in Pluto's gloomy hall,

While true-sworn friendship bindeth well the Greeks and Trojans all.

Thus they; crest-flickering Hector tall then shook the helm, with sight

Averted; and the lot of Paris straightway leapt to light.

Then all the men of either host sat down in fair array,

Where stood their foot-uplifting steeds, and their sun-bright armour lay.

Then Paris, spouse of Helen with the lovely-flowing hair,

Upon his stout frame buckled well his gleaming armour fair.

And first upon his nimble shins he fitted featly round

330

His burnished greaves, with silver ankle-pieces nicely bound;

Then on his breast his brother's vest he drew, and buckled tight,

That vest which brave Lycaon wore, in the tug of the stout-armed fight.

Then o'er his shoulders slung the prince his silver-studded blade, Brazen; and eke his buckler round, with broad bright face displayed;

Then on his head the horse-hair-crested helm he gaily placed;

And terror nodded from his plume, where Alexander paced.

Then in his brawny hand he firmly grasped the ponderous spear.

Thus he. Nor less the brave Atrides donned his fighting gear.

Now all was ready; harnessed well, the adverse hosts between, 340

The chosen champions stand forth into the middle green,

And fate flashed from their eyne: and wonder seized each gazing wight,

When they beheld these mailèd kings for battle grimly dight.

Nearer the warriors came, and in the measured lists they stood,

And shook their spears, while in their hearts they nursed the spleenful mood.

First Paris flings his strong long-shadowed lance across the field, And drave it right on Menclaus' nicely rounded shield, But might not pierce its plies; with point bent back the ponderous lance

Was by the strong brass stayed. Then Menelaus did advance
With spear in hand; and thus to father Jove aloud did pray:
Great Jove, on Alexander's head thy hand of vengeance lay,
And grant that he who shamed my hearth may feel my spear, this day,
That when they hear of wrong redressed, all men with holy fear
May shun to sin like him; and every gnest his host revere.
He spoke; and hurled his strong long-shadowed spear across the

And pierced the godlike Paris' broad and equal-rounded shield. Right through the shining buckler drave the lance with brazen head, Right through his hauberk, made with mickle curious sleight, it

sped,

field,

Even to his vest it pierced, and grazed his flank; but godlike Paris Stept with quick jerk aside; and thus the deadly shaft miscarries.

Then from its sheath Atrides drew his silver-studded brand,
And waved it high, and smote his helmet's knob; but in his hand
The good sword brake in pieces four, and started far aside.

Then deep he groaned, and loud he cried, and looked to the welkin wide:

O father Jove, above all gods thou dost rejoice in harm!

To thee I prayed in faith to see him fall by my strong arm,

But now my sword in sunder leaps, and from the fangs of death

He slips secure, and I have flung my spear like wandering breath.

He spoke; and sprang, and seized him by the horse hair plume; and then

Back dragged him with remorseless gripe to the well-greaved Argive men ; $370

And the thoug, with curious needle's craft well-wrought, his chin beneath,

That braced his helm, marred his smooth neck, and almost choked his breath.

And now Atrides' might wellnigh great glory had achieved,

Had not fair Venus with quick eye his hopeless plight perceived,

And brake the thong, hide of an ox, which a stout man did slay.

With brawny hand Atrides bare the empty easque away,

Then tossed it far, with whirling speed, to his trusty comrades, who

The glittering prize within the ranks of well-greaved Argives drew.

Then to his foeman back he sprang, with copper headed spear,

Eager to rob his life; but Aphroditè, hovering near, 380

Snatched him as only gods can snatch), and drew a mist before him,

And to a perfume-breathing room in his own palace bore him.

Then went to call fair Helen; nor long sought; but straightway found her,

On the high tower, with many a lovely Dardan maiden round her:

And seized her by the robe, and shook its light ambrosial fold,

Masking her godhead in the guise of a Spartan woman old,

That trimmed her wool, when by Eurotas' flood she had her

dwelling,

And wove her delicate robes, and chiefly loved the lovely Helen;
In such a guise to Helen spake the Olympian queen of beauty:
Come hither! Paris calls thee; go, attend thy wifely duty;
On a well-carved couch he sits, and waits thee, fair as day,
And bravely clad in shining vest; soothly no knight would say
That from the dusty fight he came, but to the dance was going,
Or from the dance returned, to calm his blood too wildly flowing.

She spake; and in fair Helen's heart high-throbbing tumult rose;
But when that fairest neck she sees, and the true goddess knows,
And that desireful breast, and those bright beauty-beaming eyne,
Stounded she stood; and thus replied to that fair queen divine:
O goddess dire, dost thou desire again to cheat my heart?
And must I go, to reap new woe from thy sweet luring art,
In Phrygia or Mæonia fair, where peopled cities be,
And some word-moulding man hath sued the trick of love from thee?
Because Atrides with his spear pierced Paris in the fray,
And now would lead unblissful me home o'er the billowy way,
For this, with soul-deceiving smiles, my path dost thou belay?
Go, sit thyself beside him, and to nurse a mortal's love,
Let thine ambrosial feet forget to tread the halls of Jove.

Watch thou his comforts; weep the griefs of thy Dardan hero brave,

Till thee his wedded wife he make, his føir and favoured slave!

For me, I will not go; a curse from Troy were on my head,

If I for Alexander's joy the couch of dalliance spread;

The Trojan maids would jeer me; griefs more than enough I bear.

To whom, with wrathful accent, thus spake Aphrodité fair:
Nay, dare not thou, stiff necked, to thwart my will, lest I remove thee
Far from my grace, as now above all women fair I love thee;
Lest, while my anger burns, I bring new fuel to the strife
Of Greeks and Trojans, and thou end in grief thy wretched life.

Thus she; but fear held Alexander's Jove-begotten wife;
She went, and held her robe before her, white as argent day,
Silent; no Trojan dame beheld; the goddess led the way.

Eftsoons to Alexander's fairly garnished house came they.
Her maidens then, each to her task, them turned with lively bent,
While to the high-roofed chamber she, divine of women, went.
Then beauty's smile diffusing queen brought in her hand a chair,
Where right in Alexander's view might sit that fairest fair;
There Helen, daughter of the ægis-bearing Jove, did take
Her seat, but turned her eyes away, and chiding thus she spake:
Thou'rt come, a hero from the fight! would thou hadst died by sword

Of him, that Spartan man of might, who once was Helen's lord!

O bravely, bravely didst thou boast that thou with cast of spear 430 Wert better than that fair-haired king, whom Ares holdeth dear. Go, then, my very galliard knight, and try another bout Of blows with him, if thou must fight! but, to speak plainly out, I think that thou wert wiser now to nurse thy dainty life At home, nor with that fair-haired king renew the unequal strife, And for thy folly with thy head pay folly's worthy fine.

To whom, with gentle speech, replied great Priam's son divine:

Nay, woman, chide me not with keenly-pointed taunts; not he

By his own might, but by Athenè's aid hath worsted me.

We too have gods; another day another chance will see.

440

But come and lay thee on this couch, and taste sweet bliss of love;

For ne'er before did dear desire my soul so strongly move;
Not even when first from lovely Lacedæmon o'er the sea
Of women fair the fairest in my ship I bore with me,
And mingled first in love with thee, 'neath craggy Cranäe's brow;
Strong love me held transported then, but stronger holds me now.

Thus Paris spake; and to the couch he lightly led the way.

She followed; in the carvèd couch these twain together lay.

But fierce Atrides ranged the field—like a wild beast was he—

If far or near the godlike Alexander he might see;

But none of all the Trojans, or their brave allies could show,

The godlike Alexander to his vengeance-breathing foe.

BOOK HI. THE ILIAD. 101

Truly if they his place had known, they had not gagged their breath;

Him and his evil love they loathed no less than dismal death.

Then Agamemnon rose i' the midst, and thus to all he cries:

Hear me, ye Trojans, Dardans, and ye valiant thewed allies!

With Menelaus, dear to Mars, remains the victory; now

To us both fair and treasure rare restore; for so the vow

We swore to Jove; and pay what fine shall just and right appear.

That far posterities may praise your haviour when they hear.

Thus he; and all the Greeks replied with loud-consenting cheer.

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BOOK IV.

ARGUMENT.

Pandarns, at Athene's instigation,

Breaks the sworn truce with his perfidious bow;

To him Apollo grants an ill ovation,

And guides his shaft to no unvalued foe.

The king of men reviews the Argive nation,

And makes each heart with martial ardour glow;

Now man with man in desperate strife engages,

And o'er the field the fervid battle rages.



BOOK IV.

Meanwhile the gods in heaven's high banquet-hall, bright, golden floored,

Sat with far thundering Jove; to them the blooming Hebè poured Sweet nectar: they, from golden cups draining the draught divine, Pledged each the other, while on Troy they fixed regardful eyne. First 'mid the gleeful company the son of Kronos stirred. The pointed jest, and thus to Herè spoke the bantering word: Two brave allies in heaven, I ween, Atrides vaunts to-day, My Argive spouse, and Pallas, queen of Alalcomena; Ye twain sit here, and with good cheer delight your souls, while mighty

As Mars in battle field, the smile diffusing Aphrodite

Her Alexander saves; and, while his life was drooping low,
She, standing near, deceived the gripe of his ruthless-dragging foe.

Now Menelaus, dear to Mars, the victory claims; 'tis ours

To counsel how the fight shall go between the battling powers,
Whether more fierce to fan the strife, and londer swell the roar

Of deathful dire encounter, or the dear loved peace restore.

If this may be, and all agree to a sure peace ordered well,

Then Priam still may hold in pride his high-built citadel,

And Helen o'er the sounding tide her homeward path may measure.

Thus he; but Herè and Athenè muttered deep displeasure.

Together seated, in their hearts much harm to Troy they brewed;

All mute Athenè sat, and nursed a spleenful sullen mood

Against the Father; in her breast the swelling bile she pent.

But not could Herè gag her ire, and thus she gave it vent:

O son of Kronos, dreadful Jove, what harsh word hast thou spoken?

Shall all the toilsome chain I wove in every link be broken?

Vainly be sweated all my sweat? And did I yoke my car

To rouse all Greece against false Troy, that thou mightst lame the war?

Do—but from thee and from thy deeds the other gods be far! To whom with wrathful word thus spake the dark cloud-gather ing king: 30

Harsh hearted woman, tell me now what harm did Priam bring, Or Priam's sons, to thee, that thou with eager wrath dost swell, Clean to destroy of lofty Troy the high-towered citadel? If thou within the walls of Troy might go, with purpose fell, And seize on Priam and his sons, and sheer devour them raw, With all his folk—this feast, I ween, would glut thy ravenous maw! But have thy way: it suits not well that thou and I should brawl. That peace in heaven may surely dwell, let fated Hium fall!

But, mark me this; and what I say is sooth; some future day,
When I incline some town of thine in ruin low to lay.

Some town where tribes of faithful men on Argive Herè call,
Not thou my sharp wrath shalt disedge, but let my vengeance fall
Far-sweeping! I, against my will, to soothe thy fretful gall,
Do harm to Priam. 'Neath the sun and the welkin's starry portals,
Full many towns are dear to me of stout earth-treading mortals;
But of all peopled cities none was to my heart more dear
Than Troy, the pride of Priam with the ashen shafted spear.
Never from him mine altar lacked or freely-poured libation,
Or the fat savoury steam, the due of the celestial nation.

To whom the large-eyed gracious Herè made the mild reply: 50 Three famous towns are dear to me beneath the starry sky, Argos and Sparta and broad-wayed Mycena; one, or all Of these, when lists thy heart to smite, to sate thy wrath, may fall: Not I for them will woo thine ire, when Jove's decree is rife; Vain were my fretful heart's desire, and weak as breath the strife With thy strong will; for surely sovereign strength with thee remains

But I, too, claim to reap the crop that ripens by my pains;

I too was born a goddess; share with thee both race and right.

Of Kronos, cunning thoughted king, the eldest daughter hight.

If on Olympus is thy throne, and all gods yield to thee.

The sister and the spouse of Jove supreme they own in me.

Yield thou to me, and I to thee, by turns; when we are one
In supreme council, our decree may thwarted be by none
Of all the gods. Give order that thy strong spear-shaking daughter
Descend where now the peace-sworn lines divide the field of
slaughter,

And tempt some Dardan wight to break his plighted oath, that first From Troy fresh cloud of war on the high-hearted Greeks may burst. Thus she; nor her desire denied the sire of gods and men, But to his daughter flashing-eyed gave high commandment then:

Come, daughter, speed thee to the camp of Greek and Trojan men.

And tempt some Dardan wight to break his plighted oath, that first

From Troy fresh cloud of war on the high hearted Greeks may burst.

Thus he; and spurred with needless words Athenè's eager bent.

Down from Olympus' lofty brow with rapid swoop she went:

As when the Thunderer from the sky hath shot a meteor-star

To sailors toiling through the seas, and soldiers camped in war.

A flaring sign; and thick the trailing sparks are scattered far;

So in a trail of light to earth down shoots the maid divine,

And leaps between the hosts; while strange amazement held the eyne

Of horse subduing Trojans, and the stout well-greaved Greeks.

**One one, who saw the blazing sign, thus to his neighbour speaks:

Truly no more shall misty doubt the clear decision mar;

For Jove supreme, who holds the fateful keys of peace and war,

Or seals the truce, or lets Mars loose, by this portentous star!

Thus through the Greek and Trojan host the wondering murmur

Meanwhile the goddess stood in midst the harnessed Trojan clan;

The form of brave Laodoeus, Antenor's son, she took,
And sought for godlike Pandarus with eager-searching look,
Lyeaon's son; and soon she found that blameless hero stout,
Standing where strong well-marshalled lines did compass him
about,

Of brave broad shielded warriors, from Æsepus' swirling water.

Him, flashing-eyed Athenè thus bespoke on the field of slaughter:

Son of Lycaon, wilt thou dare, hast strength within thy marrow,

At Menelaus through the air to wing the deathful arrow?

This bold emprise if thou achieve, great honour shall be thine,

From all the Dardan men, and most from Priam's son divine.

Full many a goodly gift, I ween, he for thy meed will bring.

When on the bloody field is seen the fair-haired Spartan king,

Pierced by thy shaft, and to the flaming pyre's funereal glow

Stout arms upbear his corpse. Aim well; and pierce thy people's

foe.

But first to Phœbus, lord of light, god of the silver bow.

Vow from the firstlings of the flock a hecatomb to slay,
In strong Zeleia's sacred rock, when Troy hath won the day.
Thus spake Athene; and the unweeting silly chief obeyed.
Then in his hand the bow he took, all smoothly polished, made
From horn of mountain goat, which he with mortal shaft laid low
As from a rock it sprang, nor knew of him who lurked below,

And smote it on the breast; supine the breathless leaper lay.

Tway goodly horns of sixteen palms its forchead did display;

These a wise bowyer joined and smoothed, and carved full fair and fine.

And clasped the tip, to crown the work, with a ring of golden shine. This bow he took, and bent it well, and planted on the ground. His firm right knee; his comrades held their bucklers huge and round. Before him, lest the Achean men should rise, and rouse the fight, Before the sure-winged arrow pierced the fair haired kingly wight; Then from his quiver raised the lid, and forth he fetched an arrow, With virgin shaft, and feathered clean, and barbed with bitter sorrow:

Then nicely to the string he laid the arrow, winged with woe,
And vowed to Phœbus, lord of light, god of the silver bow,
From firstlings of the fleecy flock a hecatomb to pay,
In strong Zeleia's sacred rock, when Troy had won the day;
Then seized the nock, and the neat-leather string; and, aiming true,
Close to his breast the string, close to the bow the barb he drew.

And when the full strained horn in shape most like a circle grew,

Loud twanged the bow, the string resounded, and the arrow flew. Eager to drink the Argive blood, and clave the whistling air.

But not for Menclaus less the blest Celestials care;

Jove's booty-bearing daughter stood the princely chief beside,

And from his life she turned the bitter-piercing barb aside;

Even so the brass aslant she turned, as when a mother mild

Brushes the wanton fly, that frets her softly slumbering child,

And led the shaft to where the belt with golden clasps ybound,

And the strong corselet's double ply fenced his dear life around.

Into the belt's close-girdling zone the shaft sure-feathered flew,

With pointed force it pierced the richly-broidered belt right through;

And through the corselet bravely wrought travelled the deadly arrow;

The band that next his skin he bound, to ward his life from sorrow, Even this the ruthless iron found, and shore it sharply thorough. Nor there was stayed; but tore the skin of that most kingly man, That from the fretted vein beneath the purple current ran.

As when a Carian or Maconian maid distains the fair White ivory with crimson dye, for steeds a cheek-piece rare; In the rich store to view it lies; and many a noble knight Lusts to possess it; but the king alone shall drink delight, He and his steed alone, saith she, with this rare bravery dight:

Even so adown Atrides' thigh the crimson current flows

From the red wound; the sanguine dye down to his ankles goes.

But Agamennon, king of men, was chilled with sudden dread,

When from his brother's wound he saw life's fountain streaming red.

Nor Menelaus, dear to Mars, himself not fearful bled;

But when he saw both cord and barb by belt and band repelled,

Back to his breast the ebbing soul with quick revival welled.

But heavily Agamennon sobbed, and by the hand he took

His brother; and, while his comrades sobbed around him, thus he spoke:

Dear brother mine, I sware the truce, and to thy death did swear, When singly thee I set the brunt of faithless fight to bear.

Now thou art smitten; holiest oaths are trampled by the foe With perjured foot; but not in vain the blood of lambs did flow, Not vain the pledged right hand, nor bootless the pure wine's libation.

The righteous god, by whom we sware, reserves the consummation ¹⁶⁰ Of his just wrath; who now escape, when comes the avenging day, With sons and wives, their dear life-blood a heavy fine shall pay. For this I say, this in my heart's presaging pulse I know, The day draws nigh when sacred Troy from its top shall tumble low,

And Priam old, that spearman bold, and all his folk shall die. For Kronos' son, that sits high-throned, lord of the upper sky, Himself his dark storm-shield shall shake, and from his lucid seat

Hurl ruin on their perjured heads, who worked this foul deceit;But grief, sharp grief, O brother dear, shall pierce thy brother's soul,

If, thou now dying, thy dear life this faithless arrow stole.

Then I to Argos' thirsty soil must plough the briny foam
Inglorious. All the Greeks will raise the impatient cry for home;
Paris and Priam will rejoice, and Helen live the prey
Of lordly rape; and thy dear bones beneath the Trojan clay
Shall rot; and all our nine years' sweat and toil be cast away.
Then on thy tomb some Trojan man shall leap with insolent glee,

And fling this keen reproachful word of haughty scorn at me:

So may King Agamemuon's bile on every foe be spent,

As back to Argos now he steers this deedless armament!

Borne hence, in ships that bear no spoil, to his own Achæan ground,

Breathless he leaves, on Trojan soil, his brother spear-renowned.

This should I hear, yawn earth for me, and with her widest grave!

To whom the king with yellow hair this heartening answer gave:

Fear not, dear brother, nor with fear infect the people. Lo:

Not to a mortal depth hath pierced the arrow winged with woe,

VOL. II.

A triple guard hath fenced my life—the belt above, the band Beneath, and eke the plate, which smiths did work with cunning hand.

To whom from Agamemnon thus the wingèd word outflew: So be it, brother; grant the gods that what thou sayest be true! Λ wise physician, strong to heal, upon the wound shall pour 190 The soothing balm, and thou shalt feel the barbèd bite no more.

He spoke; and straight Talthybius, godlike herald, thus addressed:
Haste thee, Talthybius; to Machaon bear this urgent hest,
Son of Asclepius, blameless leech, that he may come and see
Brave Menelaus, dear to Mars, and brother dear to me!
For him some foeman, wise to wing the swift air-cleaving arrow,
Hath smote—great joy to faithless Troy, to us much teen and
sorrow.

Thus he; and him with willing ear the herald good obeyed,
And to the copper-coated host he sped, nor aught delayed,
And wistful looked for wise Machaon; him at length he found 200
Standing where strong shield-bearing men did compass him around,
Who followed him from Tricca, where rich-blooded steeds are bred.

Him he approached; and from his mouth the winged accents sped:

Son of Asclepius, hear the hest of Agamemnon king;

Haste thee, and to his brother dear thy healing aidance bring!

For him some foeman, wise to wing the swift air cleaving arrow,

Hath pierced—great joy to faithless Troy, to us much teen and sorrow,

Thus he; and stirred the pitiful will in wise Machaon's breast;

And through the long lines of the camp with loyal speed they

pressed.

And when they came to where the yellow haired Atrides lay
Wounded, and round him all the chiefest kings in sad array,

Not then, I wis, the cunning handed leech made long delay,

But from the well-wrought belt forthwith he drew the bitter arrow,

And, as he drew, were backward bent the stiff barbs tipped with sorrow.

Full gently then his hand unbound the belt above, the band

Beneath, and eke the plate which smiths did work with cunning hand,

And saw the red and wounded flesh, which the harsh iron tore,

And sucked the blood, and on the wound the soothing juice did pour,

Which to his father Chiron gave, the Centaur friendly-hearted.

Thus to the wounded king the leech his healing aid imparted. 220 Meanwhile the Trojans, with their long shield-bearing lines.

And eke the Greeks their harness don, and their hands burn for the lance.

Not then, I ween, thine eye had seen King Agamemnon slow, Or nodding with unwakeful eyne, or shrinking from the foe; But boldly, boldly marches he to the man-ennobling fight. His steeds he left, and chariot with brass all burnished bright, And gave it to Eurymedon, and bade him guide the car, And rein the steeds that snorted high, and snuffed the swelling war. With strict command to be at hand, and yield the ready aid, 230 If weariness his limbs might seize, while he the muster made Of all the host. Himself on foot from file to file proceeds; And whomsoe'er of all the Greeks that ride fleet-footed steeds Alert he found, to them with cheering word the monarch cries: Slack not your sinews, lusty Greeks, but to more manhood rise, Them Father Jove will never help, who help themselves with lies! Who broke the sacred truce the first, and who did falsely swear, Them Jove disowns; their tender flesh shall greedy vultures tear; Our wives above their crumbling towers shall lift a joyful pean, Their wives and children, captive led, shall cross the broad Ægean. But whomsoe'er of Argive name remiss he found, and slow, With words of bitter-biting blame, the king bespake them so: Brave Greeks, that fight with flying darts, where danger bides afar, Who now, like hinds, with quailing hearts, behold the coming war! Like hinds by hunter chased that flee o'er weary-stretching plains, And stand and pant with breathing scant when little pith remains, Even so ye gaze in blank amaze, with no Mars in your veins.

Wait ye till with all conquering charge the swarming foe shall reach

Our high pooped ships, whose long black line now guards the mounded beach?

And deem ye then that Jove's strong arm your craven lives shall shield?

Thus he from file to file did go, and mustered all the field.

First to the Cretan men he came, whose bands in fair array,
Led by the brave Idomeneus, their burnished arms display.

Strong as a mountain boar their chief amid the foremost stood,
The rearward ranks Meriones led of that brave multitude;
Whom when he saw, the king of men did in his heart rejoice,
And the brave Cretan leader thus bespake with friendly voice:
Idomeneus, best of the Greeks, who ride fleet-footed steeds,
Art thou, to dare stout feats of war, and work all worthy deeds;
And well beseems, when all the chiefs caronse with festive glee,
Of choicest wine a draught divine from cup well-brimmed for thee.

When all the other long-haired Greeks the festive bowl did drain,
The goodly beaker at thy hand was flowing full again,
As soon as quaffed; for thee and me the wine was sparkling ever;
Come, stir the fray the first to-day, as thou wert hindmost never.

To whom the Cretan warrior keen thus promptly made reply:

Thy trusty comrade I have been, and shall be till I die,

Atrides; me thou shalt not see false to my oath; but thou,

View all the camp, and stir the other long haired Argives now

To gird them for the fight; for Troy hath scattered holy breath 270

Of oaths like wind; and they shall find sad dreariment and death,

For that they falsely sware to Jove, and broke the word they plighted.

Thus he; and Agamemnon passed, with such brave speech delighted.

Then to the Ajax pair he came, whom, 'mid the warlike crowd
Donning their arms he found, with stout foot-soldiers, like a cloud,
Begirt all round. As when a swain hath from a tower espied
A cloud by whistling zephyr borne across the roughening tide;
Black and more black athwart the wave it spreads its bulk
enorm,

The shepherd fears, and drives his huddled flocks into a cave:

Close-massed like such a cloud around these Jove-bred heroes

As black as pitch it flings abroad its store of growling storm;

brave

The people trooped; their dark-blue mail glooms terribly, and

Bristles with lance and sword and shield the front of deadly war;
Whom when he saw, the Achean king did in his heart rejoice,
And to the twain the winged word forth gave with cheerful
voice:

Ye valiant twain that lead the troops of Greeks with copper mail,

Not needs that I with words of hot admonishment assail Your forward wills; yourselves, to catch the breeze, have spread the sail

Oh, Father Jove, Athenè, and Apollo! if, like you.

With patriot fire and high desire, burned all the Argive crew,

A speedy end we then should lend to toilsome war's annoy,

And from its crown bring toppling down the pride of broad-wayed

Troy.

Thus he, and went from rank to rank of that vast multitude,
Until he came where Nestor camped, that Pylian speaker good,
Clear-voiced, who then with ordering eye his marshalled men
reviewed.

Tall Pelagon, and Cromius, and Alastor swell his band,
Hæmon, and Bias, people's shepherd, both of wide command.
The knights of war, with horse and car he posted in the van.
While in the rear the foot he placed, the bravest of his clan,
Pith of the war; the middle place to each faint-hearted one
He gave, that he might stand and fight, where was no room to

First to the charioteers he spoke, and bade them wisely rein Their steeds, nor let them loosely drive across the sounding plain; Let no keen charioteer, he saith, with rash assurance vain, Ramp o'er the field; none leave the ranks with forward-lashing course,

Or lag behind; but with firm front, and even steady force,

Assail the foe; when ye advance close to the foeman's car,

Then hurl, with certain aim, the lance; for thus 'tis better far.

Such skill the knights of old renown, such Mars discreet displayed,

When many a fort and well-walled town low in the dust they laid.

Thus Nestor spoke, well skilled in war: the king of men was stirred

With joy to hear; and blithely thus he voiced the winged word:

O brave old man, with manfulness as thy breast overbrims.

Would that thy knees were stout no less, and firm thy manly limbs!

But fretful eld that comes to all hath come likewise to thee;

Would thou wert young, and only worthless louts might aged be!

To whom the brave Gerenian horseman prompt replied: I too,

Atrides, wish such rare exploits with sinewy arm to do

This day, as then when godlike Ereuthalion I slew.

But not all gifts at once to hold the blissful gods bestow.

Then I was young, now I am old, and what age brings I know;

But still in horsemen I delight, and horses; I with wise

Counsel will help, and use the old man's virtue, to advise.

The rapid spear in hot career to whirl I leave to younger

And lustier chiefs, whose tide of life is full, whose brawn is

stronger.

Thus he; and Agamemnon passed along with gladsome mood,
And came to where the brave steed-lashing son of Peteus stood,
Menestheus; round him the Athenian spears were brightly
gleaming,

And near him stood a helper good, Ulysses many scheming;
With him stout warriors in long lines, the Cephalonian crew

330
Were marshalled; they not yet the fresh-roused cry of battle knew,

Nor moved 'twixt Greeks, and horse-subduing Trojans, to renew
The hurtling strife, but waiting stood in deedless guise, till first
Some other troop with deadly swoop upon the foe should burst.
Them when he saw, the monarch felt his breast with anger stirred,
Cast in their teeth the keen reproach, and spoke the wingèd word:
O son of Peteus, Jove-bred king, and thou, the subtle-minded
Chief of the isles so wary-wise, how is thy counsel blinded!
Why stand ye here and crouch with fear, amid the loudest rattle ³⁴⁰
Of war, who should be first! Arise! where fiercest burns the battle,
In the hot van, let every man give proof of Argive mettle!
Not slow were ye to feast with me, when the bright wine was
pouring,

And all the elders tasted free of the good meat strength-restoring!

How pleasant then for valiant men well-roasted flesh to eat!

To sit and laugh and merrily quaff the wine so honey-sweet!

But now ye stand, a deedless band, in empty gazing lost,

To seize the keen unsparing brand the last of all the host!

To whom the many-scheming chief: O king, what word hath broken

The strong fence of thy teeth!—with causeless banter hast thou spoken;

Not slack are we to fight for thee; soon as the Argive men
In horrid war shall clash with horse-subduing Trojans, then
Thou shalt behold—if thou hast eyes that in the truth delight
The father of Telemachus still foremost in the fight.
But now thy words are light as wind, and causeless is the blame.
Whom when the king beheld enchafed, and stirred with noble shame.

He smiled, and with full kindly words thus made the quick reply:

Jove-born Laertes, subtle thoughted, many-scheming chief,
I chide thee not—for thou art wise—and spare to work thy grief;
For well I know how in thy breast both manful ardour glows

36
And mellow counsel dwells; thou hat'st, even as I hate, my foes.
If I to-day spoke words that jar, be Agamemnon kind
To morrow; and the gods fling far all vain words to the wind!

Thus he; and to the other bands passed on with eager speed,

And found brave Tydeus' son, the valiant-hearted Diomede,

Standing beside his steeds and car well-built for warlike use,
And near him Sthenelus skilled in war, the son of Capaneus;
Whom when he saw, the king of men with blameful tone addressed,
And thus in winged words he voiced the thought that stirred his

O son of warlike horse subduing Tydeus, why dost thou Muster the bridges of the war with deedless gazing now! Not thus, I ween, thy sire was seen to crouch or skulk; but far Before the rest he led abreast the marshalled ranks of war. Thus all declared who knew him; I myself did never see Tydeus in fight; but praised above all warrior-kings was he. Once with an army peacefully he to Mycenæ came, With Polynices, his ally, a prince of godlike fame; Against the sacred walls of Thebes their hostile march they made, And with much hot entreaty sought our high-accounted aid. Mycena heard; free help was given against the Theban foeman; 380 But Jove forbade, and high in heaven outhung the fateful omen. The heroes marched, and when they came to where meandering slow Through wavy reeds and grassy meads Asopus' flood doth flow, The Achæans then sent Tydeus with a message to the foe. He went, and found a goodly crew of brave Cadmean men, Who in the house of stout Eteocles were feasting then. There without fear the noble horse-careering Tydeus stood. A stranger and alone, amid that Theban multitude,

And challenged all to arms, and all he conquered in the fight,
Lightly; such potent aid Athenè lent her valiant knight.

Whereat the strong steed-pricking Thebans, wroth exceedingly,
Against the home-returning chief in secret ambush lie
With fifty youths; two leaders led the lurking band,—the one,
Like to immortal gods, was Mæon, noble Hæmon's son;
The other, sturdy field-maintaining Polyphontes: these
To dark unsightly death thy sire gave with light handed ease;
That banded crew to death he gave, and spared one only foeman,
For that the gods would Mæon save, and showed a warning
omen.

Such was Etolian Tydeus: not like to thy sire in might Art thou his son, whose words are strong, whose blows are weak in fight? 400

Thus he: but not one answering word from stout Tydides came; Silent, with loyal heart he heard the monarch's bitter blame.

But Sthenelus, the noble son of Capaneus, then replies:

Atrides, speak the truth; let not the king's mouth publish lies!

Not weaker than our sires we twain in knightly deeds are rated, Who took Beeotian Thebes by force, firm-founded, seven-gated.

Though fewer troops we led, the massive fort of Mars we razed, For from the skies on our emprise Jove's favouring omen blazed.

They by infatuate folly fell: a full-eared crop of sorrow

They richly reaped: not we from them a wise repute may borrow.

To whom with dark reproving eye stout Diomede replied:

Dear comrade mine, thy tongue refrain, and follow me, your guide.

If Agamemnon spurs the well-greaved Argives to the fight,

He is the shepherd of the folk; his care and his delight

Are they; he in his heart shall prove the king's peculiar joy,

When from its crown the Greeks cast down the pride of sacred Troy;

And he, if Troy unshaken stand, in blame shall most abound.

Come, then, and fight, where war's fierce-drifting current swells

Thus he; and from his chariot leapt, well harnessed, to the ground;

And terribly round the hero's breast rattled the brazen mail,

420

As down he sprang; the stoutest heart to hear that sound would quail.

As on the hoarse-resounding shore, when the west wind shrilly blows,

The billowy tide comes surging wide, where darkling ocean flows;

First in mid sea 'tis born, and swells and rages more and more,

And rolls with roughening breast, and roars as it comes nigh the

shore;

Then rears its climbing crest on high, and with tunultuous bray
Smites the stern front o' the rugged rock, and spits the briny spray:
So surging o'er the widespread plain the Greek host many-banded
Rolls to the fight; each captain brave his own brave men
commanded

Firm-voiced; the others silent went; thou hadst not deemed that men

With live breath in their breasts, so vast a host, were marching then.

With voiceless awe their leader's law they own; while shield and lance,

And various-burnished mail, far-gleaming, mark their sure advance. Not so the Trojans; but as some rich farmer's fleecy sheep At milking-hour within the crowded pen their station keep, Countless, and to the bleating lambs with baa and baa reply: So through the Trojan camp uprose the war-shout to the sky, With various accent blent; for not one voice doth rend the air, But diverse cries of strange allies a motley witness bear.

These Mars doth rouse; those Pallas with the flashing eyne; and

Were Terror grim, and ghastly Fear, and Strife insatiate,

Fell Strife, of hero-slaughtering Mars the sister and the mate;

Small she at first, but swells apace, and with firm-footed tread

Walks the broad earth, and with the sky confounds her lofty head.

there

She to the men of either host the seeds of wrath supplied,
And, where she came, were dreariment and dolour multiplied.
But now the hosts together rushed, and each did each assail,
And buckler upon buckler rang, and hurtled mail on mail;

And might of man did might oppose, flashed spear to spear, and rang.

The war-ery loud and shrill, and shield met shield with brassy clang;

And many a shout and many a yell to heaven commingled goeth, 450 From men who struck and men who fell; the field with crimson floweth.

As when fierce wintry torrents down some grey hill's deep-scarred side

Pour to the glen the headlong force of their foamy-hissing tide

Sheer through the black ravine, with fountains ever fresh supplied;

While perched on some high crag the swain hears the shrill

tempest's rattle;

So swelled from host to host the din, and rang the yell of battle!

And first the brave Antilochus a Trojan warrior slew,

The gallant Echepolus, 'mid the foremost fighting crew;

Him on his horse-hair-crested helmet's knob the chieftain shattered quite,

And through the forehead quivering sent the brazen spear-head right 460

Into his brain with deadly power; thick darkness veiled his sight;

And prone, as falls a tower, he fell, in the thick of the stout armed
fight.

Him fallen Elephenor seized, and by the feet did hold, Son of Chalcodon, chief of the Abantians mighty-souled, And haled the body o'er the field with eager haste to spoil

The armour from his back; but soon he slacked the greedy toil.

For where he dragged the corpse, high-souled Agenor quickly spied,

As down he bent, bared to the foe, his undefended side,

And lanced him with his polished spear, and loosed his bonds of

life.

Thus Elephenor died; and then began the sanguine strife
Around his corpse; like ravening wolves with pinch of hunger surly,
Man sprang on man, and wildly raged the murtherous hurly-burly.
Then Telamonian Ajax brave Anthemion's son did smite,
Clept Simoisius, young and lusty-blooded; from the height
Of Ida with her parents dear his mountain-mother came,
To tend the sheep where Simoïs flows; and here both life and

Her son received, but never lived to pay his mother dear

The nursing-fee—curtailed of breath by high-souled Ajax' spear.

He on the right breast smote him, as he raised his goodly frame 480

Amid the first; and 'neath the shoulder forth the spear-head came

Behind. He fell; and on the ground his breathless length he shows.

Even as some poplar tall, which from a marshy meadow rose

With smooth round trunk, but tufted high with leafy branches

green;

This tree a waggon-maker's hand with iron gleaming keen,

Hath felled, to warp it round the wheel of dainty chariot rare; Now prone it lies beside the stream to dry i' the breezy air. Even thus the Jove-bred Ajax felled the Simoisian wight.

Then Priam's son, brave Antiphus, with hauberk glittering bright,

Against the Telamonian hurled his brazen pointed spear;
But, missing him, the weapon struck Ulysses' comrade dear,
Brave Leucus piercing through his groin, just as he dragged away
The Trojan's corpse, which soon he dropped, and kissed himself the
clay.

This when Laertes' son beheld, his heart was wondrous sad;

Forth to the foremost ranks came he, in burnished mail yelad,

And standing nigh with rapid eye glanced round, and poised his spear.

Which when the high-souled Trojans saw, they shrank away with fear; And when the weapon left his hand, it whizzing sped right on, And pierced, well-aimed, old Priam's bastard son, Democoön, Who from Abydos came, where men do noble horses breed.

Him, wrathful for his comrade slain, with keen avenging speed Ulysses slew; right through the temple passed the brazen head Of the strong hero's shaft, and darkness o'er his eyes was spread; With heavy sound he smote the ground, and his armour rattled o'er him.

Shouted the Greeks; the Trojans flee, and fleeing drive before them Vol. II.

Even Hector's might; the Greeks drew back the dead, and onward hied

With eager victor's yell. But from the town Apollo spied
The Trojan rout; his heart was wroth, and thus aloud he cried:
Ye horse-subduing Trojans, rise! let not the Argives win
The glorious fight! not made of rock or iron is their skin;
Through mortal flesh the forceful lance will bravely enter in.
Fear not; the son of the silver-footed goddess of the sea

Thus spake the god; but the Tritonian maid, Jove's glorious daughter,

Now sits apart with sullen heart, and on his wrong broods he.

Came from her heavenly seat, and marched through all the field of slaughter,

And where she found them slack, inspired each Greek with lust of fight.

Then brave Diores yielded first to the battle's deadly might:

A huge sharp stone from a Thracian hand did smite that goodly wight

On his right shin; the smiter's name was Peiroös, who far From sea-washed Ænos came, to swell the ranks of Trojan war. Sinew and bone the shameless stone broke through, and crushed: and low

Stretched in the dust supine he fell, and, writhing with sharp
wee
520

Lay panting; and with outstretched arms he sought his comrades dear

To help his need; but lo! the son of Imbrasus was near.

And through his navel drave his lance, that on the gory ground

His bowels gushed out; his eyes were dimmed, and darkness veiled him round.

But Thoas the .Etolian saw the victor as he sprung.

And smote his breast above the pap, and pierced him through the lung;

Then forward the .Etolian came, and from his breast the strong Well-pointed lance forth drew, then took the sharp sword from his side.

And ripped the belly of his foe; and thus the Thracian died.

But not his armour he despoiled; for with long-shafted lances

The Thracian troop, with tufted crowns, to shield his corpse, advances:

And, though he was of stature tall, and of mickle pith and pride,

He might not stand, but backward stept with quick unequal stride.

Thus in the dust lay stiff and stark the Thracian chief well noted,

And he that led the Epean men, in copper harness coated:

And round these twain were many slain, with breathless limbs dispread.

O then, if Pallas by the hand some charmed man had led, Safe by her grace from cleaving brand, and piercing arrow-head, ⁵⁴⁶ Right through the lances' hurtling shower, and the sharp sword's fateful sway,

Not he had blamed in that hot hour the slackness of the fray.

Hundreds of Trojans then were slain, and brave Greeks many a score

Stretched flat upon the dusty plain lay weltering in their gore.

BOOK V.

ARGUMENT.

By grace of Pallas, Fove's spear-shaking daughter,

The battle burns in breast of Diomede;

With conquering lance he sweeps the field of slaughter,

Lays Pandarus low, makes Prince Æneas bleed,

And floods the plain with Trojan blood, like water,

While Pallas guides the rein, and spurs his speed.

Venus is pricked upon the wrist, and carries

Her plaint to Fove, along with wounded Ares.



BOOK V.

The son of Tydeus, Diomede, that he past all compare
Might shine among the Greeks, and for himself win worthy name.
High from his helmet rayed red fire, his shield unwearied flame
Shot round; like to the sultry star that blazes from the sky,
Strong from old ocean's billowy bath, when summer heat is high.
Thus from his head and shoulders broad blazed the celestial light.
When, by Athenè led, the chief searched out the thickest fight.

Among the Trojans was a priest of Vulcan, Dares hight.

A rich and blameless man; two sons had he on battle field,

Brave Phegeus and Idaus, both in craft of combat skilled.

These twain stept from the glistening lines, and fronted Diomede.

On foot was he, car-mounted they, lords of the prancing steed.

And when each foeman viewed his foe, and when they came full near.

First Phegeus launched at Diomede his dread far-shadowing spear. O'er the left shoulder of the chief the huge spear's brazen head Went glancing scathless; Diomede with well poised weapon dread Upstood; nor vainly flew, I ween, the well-directed spear,
But pierced his breast the paps between, that down he tumbled
sheer

Ideas from his glittering car, to shield his fallen brother,

Leapt to the ground, but not prevailed the blazing might to smother
Of stout Tydides; but himself black death had surely known,
Had not Hephæstus round his life a mirksome mist ythrown,
That the old priest might not be left all childless and alone.
His steeds the son of mighty hearted Tydeus seized, and he
Bade his brave comrades lead them to the ships beside the sea,
But when the mighty-hearted Trojans saw by stress of war
One brother fled, the other dead, beside the lordless car,
Fear held their hearts; meanwhile the flashing-eyed Athenè pressed
The hand of Mars, and thus the furious-hearted god addressed:

O Mars, fierce Mars, man-slaughtering god, wall-scaling, blood-delighting,

Leave either host, both you and I, to sate themselves with fighting;
Let Jove with victory crown the war to Greek or Trojan clan,
But keep we far from fight, nor mar his lofty-counselled plan!

She spoke, and led the impetuous god from the fierce bristling
ranks,

And placed him far from dusty war by Xanthus' grassy banks.

Then onward pressed the Danaan host; a ruthless strife began,

And every captain marked his foe, and slew the adverse man.

First Agamemnon, king of men, killed Odius strong and tall, The Halizonian chief, and hurled him with a mortal fall Down from his chariot; in the back he pierced his sturdy frame, 40 Between the shoulders; through the breast the brazen spear-head

With hollow sound he smote the ground, and his armour rattled

Then bold Idomeneus beheld brave Borus' son before him. Mæonian Phæstus, whom the fruitful Tarnè's glebe did rear; Him the bold Cretan chief empierced with his far-shadowing spear On the right shoulder, while his shining car he mounted. Sheer Down from the seat he fell; and hateful darkness veiled his eves;

The Cretan claimed his glittering arms; his comrades seize the prize.

50

Then Menelaus on the ground, with bitter-pointed spear Stretched Strophius' son, Scamandrius, a hunter without fear: All beasts that roam through forest glade, or lurk in rocky dell, His arrow reached; for dart rejoicing Dian loved him well. But now nor Dian's favouring grace could ward the fatal blow, Nor all his science of the chase disarm that kingly foe. For Menelaus on his track came instant, where he fled, And 'twixt the shoulders in his back infixed the strong spear head,

And drove it right through to the breast, and proudly overbore him; Prone on the ground the hero fell, and his armour rattled o'er him. Then Merion slew brave Phercelus, son of Armonides, A carpenter, whose hands could work all cunning work with ease; 60 For much to him, above all men, Athenè's grace abounded. His hands for Alexander shaped the ships all nicely rounded, Black ships, whence woes uncounted rose to all the Trojan clan, And to himself; but he knew not Jove's secret-counselled plan. His son brave Merion chased in fight, and with a steady aim, Pierced his right hip; the brazen spear-head through the bladder came.

Beneath the bone; the Trojan wight fell forwards on the ground; Groaning he lay with doubled knee, and darkness veiled him round.

Then Meges slew Antenor's son, Pedæus—bastard he,

But with a mother's pious care, Theano, raised by thee,

For his dear father's sake, and loved as her own children dear;

Him the spear-famous Meges marked for death, and, coming near,

Into his head, above the nape o' the neck, he drave the spear;

In shore the pitiless-pointed head, the hero's tongue beneath;

Forward he fell; and champed the cold sharp brass with elenching teeth.

Eurypylus then divine Hypsenor's generous soul released, The high souled Dolopíon's son, Scanander's holy priest, Whom like a god the people honoured; him Eurypylus slew,
As from the chase of death in vain with quick retreat he flew.

Stone on his heels he came, and with the keen-dividing brand
Lightly with one clean stroke he lopped the soldier's heavy hand.

The bleeding hand fell on the ground; himself now breathless lies;
Strong Fate the sturdy warrior binds, and dark Death veils his eyes.

Thus raged the fight where man with man his martial vigour

Thus raged the fight where man with man his martial vigour plies.

But Tydeus' son with such wild speed traversed the hot pell-mell, If he to Greece or Troy belonged thou couldst not lightly tell: So through the field his way he tore, as some black mountain torrent,

That bears both boat and bridge before its wintry-swelling current:

Vainly or dams its force abide, or bridges break the roar;

The shepherd's shed floats on the tide, the farmer's sheafy store

Sweeps seaward, when great Jove down rains his weighty floods from high.

And well piled works of lusty swains in drifted ruin lie:
So through the fight stout Tydeus' son with unresisted speed
Sweeps; and a hundred Trojans run from single Diomede.
Then looked Lycaon's noble son, and saw the Trojans run
In huddled flight before the might of that unconquered one;
His curved bow he seized, and shot the shaft that bringeth sorrow,
And the right shoulder of the chief transfixed with that sad arrow:

And clave his hauberk's hollow; the sharp point resistless sped ¹⁰⁰ To the other side, and where it passed, the blood came trickling red. Then through the host the archer cried, and thus high vaunting said: Come, rouse ye, rouse ye, horse-subduing Trojans, mighty-hearted! The best of all the Greeks is down, his pith is clean departed! Not he will brook a second look of the shaft that bringeth sorrow, If me indeed Apollo nerved to shoot the Lycian arrow!

Thus he; but not the archer's craft had pierced that hero's marrow.

Backward he went, and stood before the horses and the car,
And thus addressed brave Sthenelus, his comrade in the war:
Ho! son of Capaneus, hear me; from thy good car descend,
And draw this bitter copper barb from the shoulder of thy friend.

Thus he; and from his car brave Sthenelus leapt upon the earth, And from the shoulder of his friend he drew the arrow forth; Thorough his ringed mail the red blood spirted; undismayed The hero saw, and thus to flashing-eyed Athenè prayed: Daughter of ægis-bearing Jove, unvanquished maid divine, If ere my pious sire did prove thy present aid benign In wasteful war, to Tydeus' son thy willing ear incline; Grant me a fatal lance to whirl, and that proud man to slay, Who pierced me with his arrow first, amid the sanguine fray, And boasts that I no more shall look on the sun's delightsome

He spake; and Pallas with the deed answered his word discreet, And made him light in all his limbs, strong both in hands and feet;

Then, standing near, with words of might addressed strong Diomede:
Now cheerly, cheerly stir the fight, and ply the martial deed,
Thou son of Tydeus; in thy breast, behold, I fan the fire,
That erst the dauntless soul possessed of thy shield shaking sire!
Lo! from thy vision I remove the mist, that with clear ken
Thou in the heat of fight mayst know immortal gods from men;
And, whomsoe'er of all the gods thou viewest in the battle,
Dare not against immortal strength to stir thy mortal mettle;
Only, if Aphroditè dare to tread the field of slaughter,
Poise well thy lance; thou needst not spare Jove's smile-diffusing daughter.

Thus flashing-eyed Athenè spake, and instant fled; but he Into the foremost battle plunged with wild exultant glee; And, if before with martial rage he burned in every limb, Threefold such rage possessed him now; even as a lion grim Whom with his spear a shepherd grazed, but had not pith to quell. Leaps o'er the fenced fold, where all the fleecy people dwell: Fiercer the fretted beast doth rage; the shepherd fears to stay; Flies to his shed, and leaves his flock an undefended prey:

Huddled in hasty heaps now lies that bleating multitude; And at his will the prowler ramps, and feasts on gory food,

Then clears the fence with haughty leap, and runs with strength renewed.

Thus with wild speed strong Diomede the glorious fight pursued. Astynous and Hypeiron first his fiercer onset knew.

The one with brazen-pointed spear pierced in the breast he slew;

The other with strong-bladed sword athwart the clavicle

He smote; and from his neck engored the severed shoulder fell.

Abas and Polyidos next he breathless laid and gory,

Sons of Eurydamas were they, a dream-diviner hoary;

But the old man of that dark day had seen no vision clear.

150

160

When both his sons fell in the fray by strong Tydides' spear.

Xanthus and Thoön then he slew, the sons of Phænops, dear

As life to him; the father pined, with sorrow-stricken frame,

For other sons were none behind, to own his wealth and name.

That goodly pair strong Diomede of lusty life bereaved.

Nor cared to know, when he dealt the blow, how the old father grieved:

In vain for glancing helm he looked, and proudly-waving erest;

They came not; and a stranger heir his hoarded wealth possessed.

Two sons of Priam then he sent to gloomy death's abode,

Echemon and brave Chromius, while in one car they rode:

Even as a lion sudden springs on heifer or on fawn.

And gripes their necks, as they heedless graze on the broad and bosky lawn; Thus from their car these men of war the strong Tydides drave With woful plunge, and spoiled their arms, and bade his comrades brave

Their steeds lead to the ships beside the deep sea's briny swell.

But now .Eneas looked, and saw how troops of Trojans fell

Before that crushing foe; and through the stour of spears with speed

He sought for godlike l'andarus to haste and help their need.

Lycaon's noble son he found, that brave and blameless man,

And right before him stood; and thus with wingèd words began: 170

Brave Lycian chief, where now thy bow, and where thy arrow?

where

Thy fame—that fame which none with thee in Trojan land may share.

In Lycia none? Lift up thy hands to Jove, if he shall please
To quell that sturdy foeman 'neath thy wingèd shaft with ease.
Surely of many Trojan men this man hath loosed the knees;
If man he be, and not some god, for scanted vow, or prayer,
Or sacrifice incensed. The wrath of gods is hard to bear.
To whom Lycaon's noble son: O chief, for wisdom noted,
In counsel ripe above all other Trojans copper-coated.

Tis Tydeus' son that rages so, if my good eyes may guide
My judgment; well his shield I know, his visor hollow-eyed.
And his good steeds; and yet this mask some hostile god may hide.

But if that human wight it be, without some god, I trow,

Not through the battle rages he, careering madly so.

Some high immortal, wrapt in cloud, walks with him through the strife,

And turns my well-aimed shaft aside, that should have sucked his life.

On the right shoulder him I pierced, and through the breastplate hollow,

And deemed my arrow had been winged by Lycia's god, Apollo,

And said that I had hurled him hence, to find the dead man's judge:

But lo! he lives. Some puissant god doth bear us bitter grudge.

Nor car is mine, nor prancing steed to help my need to-day.

Ten cars and one my father counts within his halls; and they,

Screened from the sun 'neath awnings white in beautiful array,

Fair and fresh-timbered stand; two steeds beside each polished wain

Wait, and from high-heaped mangers champ spelt and white barley grain.

Full many a warning word my aged father gave me, when With warlike bent my feet I turned to the camp of the Trojan men.

And thus he said: On battle-car high mounted lead the van

Of horse-subduing Trojans 'gainst the well-greaved Argive clan, $^{200}\,$

But I not heard; to have obeyed had been the wiser plan.

For of my steeds I thought, lest they, well fed on pastures rare, Within beleaguered Troy should pine for lack of sapful fare. So they at home remained, and all on foot I came to Troy, With archer's craft; but here my bow hath wrought me scanty joy.

At tway of their most noble kings I shot my sure-winged arrow,

Atrides and Tydides; and I fetched the bleeding sorrow

From veins of both; but wounds in sooth but fret their bile;

They fight again. Truly with luckless hand my curved bow I from the peg took down, what time to pleasant Troy I came, ²¹⁰ Leading the Trojans, for the love of godlike Hector's name. If my good feet shall bear me home, and if these eyes shall see My fatherland, the high-roofed dome, and the wife that's dear to me;

Then let a strong man from the shoulders carve my head, if I Spare with these hands to split this bow, and, where the flame mounts high,

Cast it to burn; in ashes there the worthless wood may lie!

To whom Æneas, leader of the Trojans, answering, spake:

Nay, speak not so, brave Lycian! thou his force shalt surely break,

When thou and I together, mounted on this well made car,

With clattering speed of harnessed steed confront this man of

war.

VOL. II,

Climb thou the car, and ride with me, and thou shalt surely know

How Trojan horses dash with might against the Argive foe, Now here now there careering light, as the tide of war may flow.

They back to Troy shall bear us both, with flickering-footed speed,

If mighty Jove shall glory grant to strong-voiced Diomede.

Take thou the lash, if thou wilt drive, and the reins so smooth and

bright, .

And I with thee will mount, and face this forman in the fight;
Or thou take sword and spear, and I the stormy steeds will guide.

To whom Lycaon's noble son with ready word replied:

Seize thou the reins; thy steeds beneath thy well-known hand will run

With surer speed, should fate constrain to flee from Tydeus son,
Lest scared amid the battle's din they seek thy voice in vain,
Disown the stranger's hand, and beat with random hoof the plain.
Then Tydeus' son will rush, and slay remorseless thee and me,
And drive the hoofed steeds away to the ships beside the sea.
Thou, therefore, thine own steeds command, and drive the rounded

While I will stand with spear in hand, and prove that man of war.

Thus they: and mounted on the glittering car with forward speed,

And drove their snorting coursers full in face of Diomede.

240

Then Sthenelus, of Capaneus the noble-minded son,

Beheld, and feared for Diomede, and thus to speak begun:

O son of Tydeus, dearer to my soul than life, I see

A warrior pair, with threatful air drive o'er the plain to thee,

Both men of might; the one, who draws the bow with practised hand,

Is Pandarus, Lycaon's noble son, from Lycian land:

The other is . Eneas, whose high well of life hath started

From Aphroditè, queen of love, and Anchises mighty-hearted;

Move we apart a little space, this furious ardour cease,

Nor rashly fling in danger's face thy life so dear to Greece!

To whom, with dark disproving glance, the hero answer made:

Speak not of base unmanly flight; me thou shalt not persuade;

I was not born with the dull blood, that creeps through cowards' veins.

My foot the backward step disowns; while firm my strength remains,

Not I will mount the rapid car, but with my foot free planted

I'll fight; nor Pallas shall be far, when heavenly aid is wanted.

But for those chiefs with threatful air that scour the sounding plain,

Their nimble-footed steeds shall bear not both to Troy again.

But mark me this; and in thy breast with will submiss obey;

If many counselled Pallas give the glory of the day

To us, for my sure-footed steeds have thou no careful fear,
But fix the rein on the chariot rim, and leave the horses here.
Then seize Æneas' horses fleet, without one moment lost,
And drive them straight into the camp of the well-greaved Argive
host.

No better steeds beneath the sun now breathe; sprung from the breed.

Jove gave to Tros, a costly fine for the rape of Ganymede.

Anchises knew; and privily to them he sent his marcs,

And with Laomedon the breed of heavenly coursers shares.

Six foals of this celestial blood in his own stalls were bred,

Four for himself he kept, and with his own good clover fed;

Two to his son he gave, fleet counsellors of fear; the same

If we shall take, our hand hath wrought a deed of mighty name.

Thus they together spake; the while across the sounding plain, Lashing their nimble steeds the Trojan heroes drove amain.

Then first Lycaon's noble son brave Diomede addressed:

Thou son of Tydeus, of brave heart, and strong-enduring breast,

Thou didst not fall, when I did wing my well-aimed Lycian arrow,

But this strong lance which now I fling will work thee lasting

sorrow.

Thus he: and hurled his weighty lance, and through the air it flew,

And struck the shield of Tydeus' son, and rove it through and through,

And reached his hollow hauberk, with the brazen-pointed head.

Then with loud voice Lycaon's son outeried, and thus he said:

Thou hast it now; deep in thy maw lies my well missioned lance;

Small life in thee remains; thy wounds my glory shall advance.

To whom strong-hearted Diomede, no jot abashed, replied:

Nay, thou hast missed; but now give heed, so bravely as ye ride,

Or one or both shall fall with speed from that well-rounded car,

And with your red heart's blood shall feed the strong-mawed god

of war.

Thus he; and flung the well-poised spear; and Pallas drove it right

Thorough his nostril, 'neath the eye, behind the teeth so white;

To his tongue's root, the mouth within, the cold brass sharply sped,
Till in the neck, beneath the chin, forth peeped the brazen head.

Headlong he fell, and massy spear and mail and buckler round

Fell rattling o'er him; back in fear the startled steeds rebound;

Outflew his life; and in his limbs no bond of strength was found.

Then from the rounded chariot sprang Æneas, to defend
With spear and shield from spoiling Greeks the body of his friend;
And stood before him like a lion trusting in his strength,
And bravely showed his buckler broad, and his strong spear's
threatful length

Brandished, with strong desire to slay, and a voice of dread command, Shouting defiance. But the son of Tydeus in his hand Up took a stone, a mighty block, which two strong men in vain Would strive to lift—as men now are—but he with little strain Alone uphove it; and he struck Æneas with the stone
In the hip-joint, where in the socket turns the strong thigh-bone, And both the tendons tore, and with sharp force the socket broke, And rudely rove his skin. The godlike hero with the stroke Fell on his knee, and clutched the clay, and in a swimming swound Sank down. His eyes were closed on day, and darkness veiled him round.

And now Æneas, lord of men, had perished in the fight,
Had not his mother Aphroditè known his piteous plight,
Who to divine Anchises, herding kine in Ida, bore him;
She to her dear son-came, and threw her white arms fondly o'er
him,

And for a screen the fulgent folds of her peplos spread before him,
That no fleet-steeded Argive man might mark him for a prey,
And cast a dart into his heart, and filch his life away.

Thus did she bear with kindly care her dear son from the fray.

Nor did the son of Capaneus forget, with faithless heed,

The strict behest which bound him, from the strong-voiced

Diomede:

But took the car of Tydeus' son, and the steeds with sounding hoof,

And to the rim he fixed the rein, from battle's din aloof;

Then mounted on Æneas' car, and seized the supple reins.

And to the Greek camp drave the steeds with richly flowing manes,
And gave them to Deïpylus—the youth whom most he loved

Of all his mates, in every jarless humour well approved—

To lead them to the dark-hulled ships, beside the sounding sea;
Then on his own our mounted, and the shining reins took he,
And sought Tydides in the fight, with fiery-footed pace.

But he with the dispiteous brass the queen of love did chase,

For well he knew least strength had she of all the Olympian race,
And claimed no kinship with the powers, who rule in fields of slaughter,

Enyo, town-destroyer, and great Jove's spear-shaking daughter.

Thorough the battle's deadly stour, with unrelenting pace,

The son of mighty-hearted Tydeus gives the goddess chase;

And, coming near, with his keen spear her hand so white and fine

He pierced. Right through the dainty skin of the Cyprian queen

divine

Shore its sharp way the pitiless brass, close by the wrist, and tore,
Wove by the Graces' hand, the ambrosial peplos which she wore.

Out flowed the immortal blood—not blood, but ichor, the pure
river

Which runs in veins of blissful gods, who live at ease for ever:

For gods nor eat of human food, nor drink the vine-juice glowing;

Immortal they; no nortal blood in their pure veins is flowing.

Shrill shrieked the goddess, and down threw her dear son on the ground;

Him in his hand Apollo seized, and wrapt him densely round With a dark cloud, lest some fierce Greek should mark him for a prey,

And cast a dart into his heart, and filch his life away.

Then through the battle loud outspake the strong-voiced Tydeus' son:

Daughter of Jove, not war, but love beseems thee; hence, begone! Women be thine with witching wiles to wheedle and deceive,

But on the field of spears to glean if thou shalt dare, believe,

350

The battle's roar, with miles between, thine car shall sorely grieve.

Thus he. Her heart was grieved sore, and from the field she field. Her the wind-footed Iris took, stung with sharp pangs, and sped Through viewless air; from her wan cheek was chased the lovely red.

Beyond the battle on the left the wounded goddess found

Dire-drifting Mars; him and his steeds a thick mist compassed
round.

Low on her knee she bends, and thus with pitcous-pleading prayer,

Entreats him for his steeds, ydight with golden frontlets rare:

Dear brother mine, lend me thy steeds to bear me to the portals,

Of high Olympus in the sky, where dwell the blest Immortals;

A wound doth fret my hand, a wound by a stout mortal given,

A man whose overvaulting might would war with Jove in heaven.

Thus she: and Mars gave her the steeds with golden frontlets rare.

She mounts: while many a painful pang shoots through her bosom fair.

Beside her Iris sits, assumes the ready rein, and wields

The lash, and guides the willing steeds, that paw the airy fields.

Quickly Olympus' lofty seat, the home of gods, they gained;

And there wind footed Iris her celestial coursers reined,

The traces loosed, and to them brought ambrosian food to eat.

Then Aphroditè suppliant sought Dionè's sacred feet,

Her mother; she with clasped arms her lovely daughter pressed,

And gently touched her with her hands, and with these words addressed:

Which of the gods, dear daughter, now hath marred thy fairest form t

No doer of ill works art thou what cause could bring thee harm?

To whom the smile-diffusing Aphrodite thus replied:

My skin from stout Tydides bleeds, whose overtopping pride

Brooked not that I from the deadly stour stole privily away

My son, my best-beloved, when sorely pressed in the crimson fray. Not man doth battle now with man, but mortal warriors try

Their lawless strength against the clan that wons in the starry
sky.

380

To whom divine Dionè spake: Daughter, endure the smart,
Albeit from men sharp wrong to take much grieves celestial heart.

Not few the ills that gods, who dwell in high Olympus, borrow

From mortal men, when, mingling in their brawls, we swell our

sorrow;

Such wrong Mars felt, when the huge-statured Aloïdian twain,
Otus and Ephialtes, bound him with a tyrannous chain;
Twelve moons and three in brazen keep he knew the close-barred pain.

And now sheer ruin had been thine, god of the bloody field,
Had not their stepdame Erybea, fairest dame, revealed
Thyplight to Hermes, who, while thou in durance vile didst smart,

Thy life from thrall redeemed, and bade the unworthy bond depart.

And Herè too from strong Aleides' arm much pain did borrow;
He her right breast invaded with a triple-barbèd arrow,
Mother of pangs; and sore her bosom heaved with bitter sorrow.
Like sorrow Hades knew full well, what time that son of Jove
With the portentous king of hell in mortal combat strove
At Pylos; him the hero laid supine, outstretched for dead;
But soon he rose, and to the halls of far Olympus sped,

The home of Jove and much his heart was fretted, for the arrow.

In his broad shoulder stood infixed, and pierced him through with sorrow.

Then Paeon dropt into his wound the juice that smothers wee,
And healed him; for no taste of death the blest Immortals know.
Such were thy deeds, Alcides fierce, who, in thy lustihood,
With baleful arrow-barbs didst pierce the ever-blessed brood
Of gods; and now hath Pallas this stout-armed .Etolian driven
'Gainst thee, nor to his witless mind this truth to know was given,
Not long he lives who impious strives with gods, who reign in
heaven:

Never shall he, from war returned, that dearest welcome claim, When children clamber round his knees, and lisp a father's name. Let Tydeus' strong-voiced son beware lest some god stronger far 410 Cross, with strong wrath, his haughty path, and crush him in the war; Lest through her dreams his prudent spouse, Adrastus' daughter, weep,

Start from her couch, and wailing rouse her maidens from their sleep:

Then for the best of all the Greeks shall bitter tears be poured, The horse-subduing Diomede, her young and lusty lord.

Thus she; and with both hands she wiped the ichor from the wound;

The hand was healed, and not a thrill of fretful pain was found.

Pallas and Herè saw and smiled, and plied the ready jest,

And with full many a taunting word the son of Kronos pressed.

Then thus outspake of thundering Jove the daughter flashingeved;

420

Father, if simple sooth I speak, wilt thou my speaking chide?

Surely the Cyprian, while she proved her arts of sweet annoy,

To fire some Argive maiden's heart with love for a Trojan boy,

Hath scratched her hand on the clasp of gold that bound the sun

bright weeds

Of the fair Greek; and now, behold, the dainty goddess bleeds!

Thus she: and to their wanton jest the Olympian Jove almighty
With smiles replied, and thus addressed the golden Aphroditè:

Dear daughter, not let war henceforth, nor warlike works delight
thee,

Let love and marriage be thy field, soft beds and rosy bowers;

Sharp swords let Mars and Pallas wield, when surly battle lowers.

Thus they with jest and banter fine span out the heavenly hours. Meanwhile the strong-voiced Diomede in hot pursuit did follow Æneas from the battle, borne by thy strong hands, Apollo. Right well the glorious god he knew, but not the less pursued To slay Æneas, and to spoil his sunbright armour good. Thrice he rushed on with hot intent the Trojan prince to slay, And thrice the strong Immortal pushed his shining shield away.

Once more he came, and like a god, with weighty onset pressed; Him then far-darting Pheebus thus with awful voice addressed: Back, son of Tydeus, wisely shy, and know thy mortal worth; 440 For not with gods that hold the sky, and powers of heavenly birth, Man's feeble-footed race may vie, who creep on lowly earth.

He said; and back a little space the stout Tydides trod,
The fatal anger to clude of the strong far-darting god.
Then from the battle Phœbus bore the Trojan prince to where
In sacred Pergamus, stood high his holy temple. There
Latona and the dart-rejoicing Artemis applied
The healing touch, and all his limbs with health were glorified.
Then the bright god o' the silver bow an airy image made
In form and feature like the prince, and in like arms arrayed;

And Greeks and Trojans chased this phantom shape about the ground;

Brass rings on brass, and with their neat's-hide buckler's ample round

Vainly they push, and with deft wrist their light-swung targets shake.

Then thus to furious-hearted Mars the bright Apollo spake:

O Mars, thou hero-slaughtering god, wall-scaling, blood-delighting,
Wilt thou not tread the sanguine sod, and stay this man from
fighting?

This Tydeus' son, 'gainst Jove, I ween, would shake his impious fist;

This Tydeus' son, 'gainst Jove, I ween, would shake his impious fist;

Lo! where he smote the Cyprian queen, and pricked her in the wrist,

And, like a god, with ponderous pike he pushes now at me.

Thus Phoebus spake. Then on the lofty Pergamus sat he.

But Mars through all the lines did pass, and marched with heavy pace,

Like to the Thracian Acamas, in manly form and face,
And thus the noble sons addressed of Priam's Jove-bred race:
O sons of Jove-descended Priam, shall we stand and see
The Argive foe our people mow, like grass upon the lea?
Even at our gates shall stout Achaeans fight, while bleeding lies
Anchises' son, whom even as godlike Hector's might we prize.
Rouse ye, and from the tumult wild that Jove-born hero save!

He said; and his strong word to each new strength and courage gave. 470

Sarpedon then the godlike Hector sharply thus addressed:

O Hector, where is now the strength that once did fill thy breast?
Fair was thy boast that thou, thy brothers, and thy kin would lack No aid from brave allies, to drive across the watery track
This Argive host. Now none of all thy heroes lead the fray,
But, like a ring of yelping hounds, whom a lion keeps at bay,
Back shrink, while we, the brave allies of Troy, from distance far,
Myself not least, for Priam's love, lead on the dusty war.
For truly Lycia is not near, nor near the swirling tide
Of Xanthus, where my wife so dear and infant son abide,

And all my wealth, the poor man's envy, and the owner's pride.

In the mid fight, with sweatful pains, my lusty Lycians toil.

Though Troy no goods of mine contains, which Argive hands may spoil;

But thou dost stand; no manful cry from thee the people hear.

With sinewy arm to fend from harm their wives and children dear.

As in the meshes of a net the silly fish are snared,

Even so for you, a deedless crew, is grisly death prepared,

And all the pride of peopled Troy shall lie in a shes gray. Art thou a man? be this thy theme to ponder night and day: $^{-4}$

Teach the allies to follow thee, and in great Hector's name,

Let all be strong; else reap thy due= reproach and public blame.

He said; his taunts stung Hector's heart, and with a sudden bound Down from his car the harnessed prince leapt on the gleby ground. And brandishing his pointed spear, from rank to rank he pressed. And roused the eager soul of war in every soldier's breast.

The Trojans wheel, and bravely face the fierce Achaean foe;
The Argives stand, nor yield a pace; no thought of fear they know. As when a strong wind blows across the sacred threshing-floor.

When yellow Ceres winnows well the farmer's husky store,
And all the ground is snowed with chaff; so the Achaeans bold. Are whitened o'er by the whirling dust, in rapid volumes rolled, The dust that from the hoofed might of war-steeds fiercely driven, Rose, through the rush of the fervid fight, to the brazen floor of heaven.

With lash and rein they charge amain, while the deathful god of fight,

Now here, now there, through the wide plain with folds of sable

night

Blinds all the fray. Him thus it pleased the high command to follow, On him enjoined by the bright golden-sworded god, Apollo;

Who sent Mars to the field, soon as he saw Jove's martial daughter,

Who fired the Greeks with valiance, leave the field that reeked with slaughter;

The whiles himself Æneas from his golden-gifted shrine

Brought back, and filled the godlike prince with reborn strength divine.

Æneas to his comrades came; and they, beholding him,

Rejoiced to see him hale, and fresh, and strong in every limb,

Whom dead they deemed; much marvelling they saw, but spake no word.

For now the god of the silver bow and murtherous Ares stirred More serious work, and sanguine Strife ruled all the troublous fray. But the brave Greeks the Ajax pair and Diomede obey,

And wise Ulysses' firm command; no jot, I ween, recked they, ⁵²⁰
The clattering charge o' the Trojan bands, the shrilling yell and shout.

But motionless they stand, like clouds, which high-throned Jove hangs out

On some hill top in a windless day, when not a whisper creeps
Of tremulous breeze around the brae, and all the bluster sleeps
Of Boreas and the gusty blasts, that come with whistlings shrill,
And chase the clouds, whose white veil shrouds the peak of the old
gray hill:

Thus motionless the Argives stood, with never a thought of fear.

Then Agamemnon paced the ranks, and spake that all might hear:

Come, rouse ye, rouse ye, comrades true, in lusty war delighting!

Yourselves, be men, and know that you with valiant men are
fighting:

530

He saves his life, who courts hot strife in the field of battle gory, But who shuns death finds double seath, reft both of life and glory.

He said: and flung his spear, and pierced the brave Deïcoön,
The son of Pergasus, than whom to good Æneas none
Was dearer in the host, and none by Troy was honoured more,
Still in the van the foremost man, in the loudest battle's roar;
Him through the shield the king of men pierced with the strong
spear-head,

And through the shield, and through the belt the mortal weapon sped,

And grided 'neath the navel, and with sharp force overbore him;

With hollow sound he smote the ground, and his armour rattled o'er him.

VOL. II.

Then brave Æneas slew two noble Argives in the fray,
Orsilochus and Crethon, sons of Diocles were they,
Whose sire in well-built Phera dwelt, a wealthy man was he,
Who from Alpheius' sacred stream drew his high pedigree,
The stream that pours through Pylian land its waters broad and free.
Alpheius gat Orsilochus who reigned o'er many men;
Orsilochus begat the noble Diocles; and then
Two goodly twins from Diocles were born to grateful light,
Orsilochus and Crethon, skilled in all the craft of fight.
These in the lusty prime of life, with shining armour mailed,
For Troy to tempt the deadly strife in dark-hulled galleys sailed,
To please the twain Achæan kings they came to the Hian shore;
But doomful death soon found them there, and darkness veiled them o'er.

As tway strong hearted lions bred in mountain solitude,

Nursed by their dam in the copsy bed of a wide and tangled wood,

Who sudden rush into the vale, and seize the fleecy prey,

And rend strong bullocks, and assail the shepherd's sheds, till they

Quelled by the spears of vengeful swains, their latest breath out

bray:

So from the Trojan prince these twain then took their deadly wound;

All prone they fell, like two tall pines that smite the hollow ground.

But Menclaus, dear to Mars, when prostrate in the fight

This pair he saw, sore vexed was he, and in gleaming armour dight

Forward he strode, and shook his lance; for so by Mars 'twas

planned,

That to the king might come mischance from brave Æneas' hand. Him Nestor's son, Antilochus saw, and rushed into the van, Fearing some harm might reach the life of that most kingly man, And all their toil be bootless; spear in hand the heroes stood, And each the other fiercely eyed, and nursed the hostile mood. But Nestor's son with faithful watch, at Menelaus' side 570 Stood near; which seen, the noble Trojan curbed his princely pride, Wise not to stake his single strength against the strength of two. Then to the Argive camp the corpses of the dead they drew, And gave them to the faithful care of their trusty comrades true; Then back returned, and joined the hottest battle in the van.

Atrides then Pylamenes slew, a stout shield-bearing man,
Brave leader of the mighty-hearted Paphlagonian clan,
A match for Mars; him with his spear did Menelaus slay;
Pierced neath the key-bone of the breast the breathless warrior lay.
Then Nestor's son slew Mydon, his good charioteer, while he

Wheeled round his strong-hoofed steeds, and fled, thou Spartan king, from thee;

Him in the elbow with a stone Antilochus shattered quite; And to the ground his reins down dropt, with ivory study ydight; Then with keen glaive his temple clave. Stunned with the wound severe,

From his well-timbered car he fell gasping; and headlong sheer He pitched, and with his forehead broad and shoulders smote the ground;

Long time he lay, sunk in the sand that swathed him thickly round,
Till his own horses tramped him out: no comely sight was he.
Them Nestor's son did swiftly lash to the camp beside the sea.

This Hector saw, and with a shout high-sounding o'er the fight,

Led to the fray in stern array his Trojan men of might.

Mars and Enyo marched with him, who in her sweeping train

Led Tumult wild, that blushless child, who loves the blood-soaked

plain;

But Ares in his giant grasp a lance portentous bore,

And now behind bold Hector strides, and now he stalks before.

Whom when strong-voiced Tydides saw, no blithesome face he wore:

As when a stout wayfarer, worn with hours of dusty toiling,
Comes to a river's brink, whose tide, with yeasty eddies boiling,
Runs foaming to the sea,—he shrinks, with sudden fear recoiling;
So shrank Tydides then, and thus his mind the hero shows:

Dear comrades mine, what strength divine in breast of Hector glows!

Perdition sheer comes with his spear, and death is in his blows!

Some mighty god is with him, sure he bears a charmed life.

Masked like a man, the murtherous Mars attends him through the strife.

Still face the foe; but backward bend with firm slow foot; not wise Are mortal men who dare contend with gods that rule the skies.

Thus he, The Trojans forward pressed, and held the yielded plain.

Then two brave warriors, skilled in fight, were by bold Hector slain:

Menesthes and Anchialus; one chariot held the twain.

This Telamonian Ajax saw, sore vexed; and, standing near, 610

Marked out a man, and, aiming well, pierced with his shining spear

Amphins, son of Selagus, who dwelt, a prosperous man,

In Pasus, rich in many roods; but, when the war began,

The harsh Fate sent his son to fight, and die for the Trojan clan.

Him in the baldrick Ajax pierced; and with resistless sway

The strong long-shadowed lance right through his bowels ploughed its way;

With heavy fall he fell. Forthwith the noble Ajax sprung,

Him to dismail; but thick and quick the gathering Trojans flung

Their pointed darts; his orbed shield received the bristling shower.

Then with his heel he trod the corpse, and forth he drew with

The brazen point, but not prevailed to reave the shining mail,
So fierce the Trojan swarms assailed, and flung their darts like hail.
For much he feared the valiant hearted Trojan wights, who stood
Around the dead, and shook their spears, a threatful multitude.
Though tall and stout, against a host he might not single stand,
But with backward pace and forward face he sought the Argive
band.

Thus in the tug of fight they toiled. But Fate's all-mastering might

Sent Hercules' son, Tlepolemus, a tall and valiant wight,
Against divine Sarpedon, battle's dreadful chance to try;
And when the heroes forward came, and when they stood full nigh, 630
Both son and grandson of great Jove, heaven's cloud-compelling king,
Then to the son the grandson this insulting taunt doth fling:
Thou Lycian wight, unskilled in fight, what cross fate brought thee
here,

To try thy strength against the length of my well-practised spear? They lie who call thee son of ægis-bearing Jove; I see
No trace of Jove-begotten kings, so famed of yore, in thee.
Far other was my father's might; his deeds high-sounded prove
That dauntless lion-hearted wight, yborn of very Jove.
He, when with six frail ships, no more, to Trojan land he came, 640
And with few men, from Troy's false king the bargained steeds to
claim,

Razed breezy Ilium's god-built wall; her streets dispeopled lay:
But thou in war art weak, and all thy people melt away;
No bulwark thou for Troy, I trow, Fate's surging flood to stay.
Strong be thy hand in Lycian land; but, if I reason well,
Here, slain by me, thou soon shalt see the gates of murky hell.
To whom Sarpedon, valiant Lycian leader, answered so:
Tlepolemus, full sure thy sire laid sacred Ilium low,
For that Laomedon unwise his bargained wage denied,
And, when with gentle phrase he begged, with bitter words replied,

And the good steeds withheld, for which he crossed the billowy tide.

But this I say, his son to day another tale shall tell,

Thou'lt win from me thy funeral weeds; and, if I reason well,

The god that rides on sable steeds shall bear thy soul to hell.

Thus spake Sarpedon; but the son of Hercules uprears

His ashen lance, and both together hurl their well-poised spears,
From their strong hands; Sarpedon's brazen-headed missile flew,
And in the middle neck empierced his sturdy foeman through,
And murky darkness wrapt him round, and his eyes in night were
shaded.

On the left thigh Tlepolemus with his strong spear invaded

The Lycian chief; even to the bone the greedy point did pass;

But from the dear son's life the sire withheld the deadly brass.

Then from the tumult of the fray his trusty comrades bore Godlike Sarpedon; in his limb the spear-head fretted sore The hero's flesh, as him they trailed along the ground; but they, Intent to lift him on the car, forgot to break away The brazen barb, so much their heart was centred in their care. Tlepolemus then back to the camp the well greaved Argives bare; Which when that much-enduring man, Laertes' son, beheld, The dear heart in his shaggy breast with mighty anger swelled. 670 Doubtful he swaved, and with himself a hot debate he held, Whether the son of lofty-pealing Jove to follow then, Or reave the life in crimson strife of some less-valued men. But not the fated lot was thine, Lacrtes' son, to prove Thy prowess on the seed divine of agis bearing Jove, Wherefore thy wrath Athenè stirred against the meaner crew. Alastor then, and Chromios, and Coiranus he slew; Alcander, Halios, Prytanis, and wise Noëmon too. And many more stout Lycians had that godlike hero slain, Had not the tall crest-flickering Hector spied him o'er the 680

And rushed into the van in mail of gleaming brass yelad,
A terror to the Greeks; whom seen, Sarpedon's heart was glad,
And thus, with sad beseeching voice, the Jove-born Lycian
speaks:

() Hector, leave me not a prey to the ruthless-hearted Greeks,

But bear my body from the fray; then let the Lycian die
On Trojan ground, since not my sire Olympian willed that I
My Lycian home again should see, and Xanthus stream, to cheer
The dear-loved wife who waits for me, and my infant children dear.
Thus he; but not one answering word crest flickering Hector
spake,

But like a storm his lofty form rushed past, in haste to break

The Argive line, and rob full many Greeks of lively breath.

Meanwhile his godlike comrades placed the wounded chief beneath
The green spread oak, that goodliest tree of agis-bearing Jove;
And Pelagon, who chiefly shared divine Sarpedon's love,

Drew from his thigh the ashen spear; down swooned that hero bold, And round his eyne as he kissed the clay, in rings the darkness rolled.

But not outright his soul took flight; for with reviving breath,

The strong-winged Boreas blew, and roused his sinking soul from

death.

But the brave Greeks, by Hector pressed, with brazen mail ydight,

Nor to the dark-hulled ships were turned in rout and shameful flight, 700

Nor dared to front the foe, but pace for pace retired, and slowly Backward they stept, for Mars they knew was with the Trojans wholly. Who now was reft of life and limb the first, and who the last,
When brazen Mars and Hector grim dealt forth that slaughter vast?
The godlike Teuthras, and Orestes, swift steed-lashing knight,
(Enomaus, and Ætolian Trechus, strong spear-hurling wight,
Brave Helenus and Oresbius with various-gleaming belt,
A man who gathered wealth with care, and in fat Hylè dwelt
By the Cephissian pool, one of a goodly multitude,
Of rich Beeotian men, who owned full many a loamy rood.

Thus were the Greeks on sanguine field by Mars and Hector quelled;

Which when the white-armed spouse of Jove with troubled eyne beheld,

To Pallas then in wingèd words her swelling spleen she vented:

Daughter of Jove, unvanquished maid, shall we behold contented

Such shame? False words to Sparta's king we spoke; our promise falls

Barren to ground, that he should raze Troy's lofty-builded walls, If we allow this baleful Mars to riot in the fray

Thus madly; but come, thou and I our greater might display.

Thus she; nor Pallas disobeyed, and for the field of slaughter Herè, that queen of heaven revered, of mighty Kronos daughter, ⁷²⁰ Went to equip the steeds that wear the golden frontlets rare. First Hebè to the chariot fixed the huge well-rounded pair Of wheels, eight-spoked, whose brazen weight an iron axle bare.

The felloes round the spokes were made of ever-during gold,
The tires of brass compacted well, a wonder to behold,
The silver nave, which cunningly the axle did enfold.
With golden and with silver bands the seated car was bound
To the axle-tree: on either side the rim swept bravely round.
A silver pole ran from the car; a yoke all golden fair,
Upon its farther end, with golden yoke-bands rich and rare,

730
The goldess fixed; while 'neath the yoke the nimble-footed steeds,

All eager for the dinsome strife, the white armed Herè leads.

The whiles Athenè, daughter of the ægis-bearing Jove,

Dropt on the threshold of her father's starry hall above

The delicate various-broidered stole, which her own fingers wove.

Then to her breast she bound the cloud-compeller's mail of might,

And buckled all her fighting gear, to join the tearful fight;

The ægis o'er the mail she threw, with tassels dark ybound,

Dreadful, and with a fringe of bristling terror girt around;

And Strife, and Strength, and hot Pursuit, and chilly Fear were

there.

And the dread Gorgon's snaky head, with eyes of stony glare, Dire deadly sign, which mighty Jove shakes through the thunderous air.

Then with a four-bossed golden helm her lofty head she crowns, Stronger than walls by soldiers lined of a hundred fenced towns. Then swift the flaming car she mounts, and seizes in her hand.

The long and ponderous spear, that quells full many a warlike band,

When with wrath divine the high heart swells of that strongfathered maid.

Then Herè swayed the lash; the steeds with nimble foot obeyed; Wide open flew on self-moved hinge the sounding gates of heaven, Kept by the Hours; for to their hands the lofty charge was given,

Open to fling the azure doors of Jove's bright hall above,
Or bar them with black cloud; through these the well-spurred
steeds they drove,

Till from the other gods remote they found dread Kronos' son Sitting on many-ridged Olympus' topmost peak alone.

Then white-armed Herè reined her steeds, and to the sovran sire,
Jove, lofty-throned, the goddess spake, and poured her heart's desire:

O Father Jove, wilt thou behold, nor check his lawless course,
Impetuous Mars, the blushless bold, who, with unruly force,
High heaps the slaughtered Greeks, and brings sharp woe to me;
the while

The Cyprian queen, and the silver bowed Apollo sit and smile,
And give this madman rein, who holds all law in proud despite?

Say, Father Jove, wilt thou be wroth with Herè, if she smite

766

This blustering Mars, and scare him from the field in sore amaze?

To whom with gentle word the cloud compelling father says:

Go; and with thee stout Mars assail my booty-bearing daughter,

Who oft hath caused his heart to quail in the tearful field of slaughter.

Thus spake the sire. Nor white-armed Herè disobeyed the god, But lashed the steeds; and they with nimble foot right bravely trod

The middle path 'twixt lowly earth and starry-twinkling sky;

Far as a man may pierce the hanging haze with noteful eye,

Perched on a watch-tower, when he looks on the face of the gleaming brine,

So far through ether sprang the lofty-snorting steeds divine,

With every stride. But when they came where Simoïs and Scamander

Down to the sea in one broad stream with mingled billows wander, There white armed Herè reined her steeds, and from the ear

Their well-yoked necks, and spread a thick wide-mantling vapour round;

While Simoïs for their food let spring ambrosia from the ground.

But the twain goddesses, like doves with gently-gliding flight,

Lighted, with high hearts all aflame to aid the Grecian fight;

And when they came to where round Tydeus' steed-subduing son 780

Was gathered of the warlike Greeks each best and bravest one,

A sturdy crew, like lions grim, the gory flesh devouring,
Or like the wild boar in the wood, whose strength is overpowering:
There Herè stood, and took the shape of Stentor brazen-throated,
Who roared, as loud as fifty Greeks with bright mail copper-coated;
Like him she stood, and with his brazen summons split the air:
Shame on you, Greeks! a pithless clan! so smooth and trim and
fair!

When brave Achilles led the van, his presence dashed the foe;
Against that godlike chief no man of Dardan name might show
His face without the gates; enough they saw, who saw his lanee. ⁷⁹⁰
But now their walls they leave, and to the dark-hulled ships advance.

She said: and fired the soul of war in every breast. With speed Meanwhile Athenè flashing-eyed sought strong-voiced Diomede, And found him by his car and steeds, soothing the bitter sorrow Of the sore wound, which Pandarus carved with keen-barbed Lycian arrow.

The copious sweat came streaming down, beneath the broad strong band

Of his well-rounded shield; the strength had left the hero's hand. The broad strong band he lifted up, and wiped the blood away; The goddess touched his horses' yoke, and thus to him did say:

O truly Tydeus gat a son unlike himself, for he,

Though small of stature, was a man as brave as brave may be;

For when he came to Thebes, apart from all the brave Achieans,

And stood a messenger alone amid the stout Cadmeans,

I bade him tame the blood, that through his fierce veins ran so wildly,

And court sweet thoughts of peace, and taste the Theban banquet mildly:

But he, all fearless, with the spur of his old heroic mood,

Challenged them all, and o'er them all a prize-crowned victor stood.

But thee, though I beside thee stand, and ward black harm away,

And thee command with forward hand the Dardan foe to slay,

Or sharp fatigue hath pierced thy bone, and slacked thy sinews'

might,

Or Fear sits on thy spirit's throne; henceforth no more be hight The son of Tydeus, who was son of Oineus strong in fight!

To whom stout Diomede with ready word thus made reply:
Daughter of agis-bearing Jove, who rules the starry sky.
I know thee well, and to thy quest will promptly make reply;
Nor craven fear doth hold my breast, nor sharp fatigue my frame,
But I remember thy behest, and fear thy righteous blame;
'Gainst all the other blissful gods thou didst behight me tame
My lust of fight; but if I saw on the red field of slaughter,

I need not spare, thou saidst, to lance Jove's smile-diffusing daughter. 820 For this I gather back my steps, and, being warned by thee, Have ordered all the well-greaved Greeks to shun the fight with me; For truly lord of all the fray, the fierce-souled Mars I see.

To whom Athenè flashing-eyed with mild address began:

O son of Tydeus, dear to me above the common clan

Of mortals, cast all fear aside for Mars, or any power

That rules the battle; I with thee stand in the deadly stour.

Against the war-god first direct thy hoofèd coursers; fight

Him hand to hand, and cool withstand his deadly-drifting might; *30

Madman, who in mere harm delights, blind strife and random blows:

For me to day he stoutly fights, to-morrow for my foes!

Herè and I both heard him swear the Greeks should capture Troy;

But now his words are wind; he sides with Priam's perjured boy.

She spake; and with her hand she drave from horse upon the ground

Brave Sthenelus; he owned her touch, and sprang with nimble bound.

Then on the car of godlike Diomede upmounted she,
In hot-spurred haste; and sorely creaked the oaken axle-tree,
That never bore such goddess dread and mightful chief before.
Then Pallas seized the shining reins, and through the battle's roar she
draye,

Who even then dismailing stood huge Periphas, the brave

Son of Ochesius, the best of all the Etolian men;

Him slaughter-loving Mars had slain, but Jove's strong daughter

Donned Pluto's viewless helm, to cheat the war-god's piercing ken. But when the hero-slaughtering Mars saw Tydeus' son, he left .Etolian Periphas in the field, where first his spear had reft His vasty frame of life; and now he came with headlong speed And when he marked the hero well, and when he stood full near,850 The hero slaughtering god his weighty brazen-pointed spear Thrust o'er the yoke and reins, in haste to make his life a prey; But Pallas stretched her hand, and made the rushing shaft obev Her will; and from the chariot turned its deedless point away.

Then rose the strong-voiced Diomede, and hurled with wellpoised might

His brazen spear; and the dread goddess so enforced its flight, That in the belly, 'neath the navel, where his zone he wore, It pierced the god, and in his flesh a gory wound it tore. Then back she drew the spear; but Mars such deep and brazen

Launched from his lungs, that not nine thousand warriors, or ten, 860 In clash of fight could roar with might, as did the war-god then; And terror seized both Greeks and Trojan men, when, sounding far, High o'er the fray, they heard the bray of the wounded god of war: As in a hot and sultry sky, 'mid vapour's yellow glow,

A huge black cloud its bulk uprears, and gusty humours blow,

Even so the mail-clad war-god showed to awe struck Diomede,

When to the sky sublime he rose in clouds with wrathful speed.

The high Olympus soon he reached, the seat of gods, and there,

Sore pained, sat down beside the king, who rules the storm rent

air,

And showed the wound, and blood, that from his veins immortal ran,

And wailing poured the wingèd words, and thus to speak began:

O Jove, wilt thou in peace behold what worst of woes we bear,
When gods to human brawls are sold, and party badges wear
Of mortal strife? but I to thee the plain truth will declare.
A witless daughter thou didst get, and this thy foolish child
Hath her employ and sole delight in wanton deeds and wild.
All other gods, around the throne, that dwell in blissful ease,
Are thy obedient thralls, to own what Jove's high will decrees.
But her nor warning word from thee, nor mighty hand restrains;
She is thy daughter, and shakes free destruction's sweeping

Even now, behold the over lusty Diomede she spurreth

To fight with gods, and in his breast the impious madness stirreth;

From him the delicate Cyprian showed on her white wrist a scar;

Now me he visits, and like a god he smites the god of war.

But me my nimble feet bore from the fray; else had I bled To death, could death be mine, 'neath heaps of dying men and dead,

Or pithless lain in gasping pain with half my spirit fled.

To whom with dark disfavouring glance spoke the cloud-gathering king:

Dare not, thou mischief-maker blind, thy whining plaint to bring Before my throne; of all the gods thee do I chiefly hate,

Whose greedy lust of fight, nor brawls, nor endless battles sate!

Thy mother's humour taints thy blood, that harsh and stubborn dame,

Herè, whom I with stern rebuke, and sharp reproof must tame.

Even she thy present woe did breed; with her shall dwell the blame!

But I with grief behold thee bleed, and I will soothe thy pain.

My blood art thou; thou shalt not plead a father's name in vain;

Else hadst thou known the Thunderer's ban, and long ere now hadst found

Hard lodgement with the Titan clan in the depths of the lightless ground.

Thus he; and ordered Paeon to make whole the smarting wound.

And Paeon mixed the healing drug, that brings relief to woe,

And healed the god, not mortal made the deathful pang to know.

As when a shepherd in a bowl of milk sharp fig-juice throweth,

And shakes it well; quick curdles run, and thick the liquid groweth,

So quick the touch of Pæon healed the war-god's bleeding wound.

Then Hebè bathed his limbs, and with fresh garments wrapt him round,

And by the throne of Jove he sat in lustihood and pride.

Eftsoons to the hall of the mighty sire who holds the welkin wide

Went Jove's strong daughter, Pallas, maid of Alalcomene,

And Argive Herè, when they forced stout Mars to quit the fray.

BOOK VI.

ARGUMENT.

The doughty Diomede in battle meets
Glaucus, the grandson of Bellerophon,
Each knight his foe with kindly greeting greets,
And buckles each the other's armour on.
A prayerful pomp parades the Trojan streets;
Hector of his dear wife and infant son
Takes a fond parting look, nor longer tarries,
But marches to the field with galliard Paris.



BOOK VI.

Thus all the gods departed; but with fierce impetuous strain
Still rolls the wave of tearful war o'er all the dinsome plain;
With eager rush the field resounds; far gleams the spearman's pride,

From silver Simoïs' swirling wave to Xanthus' rolling tide.

First Telamonian Ajax came, bulwark of Greece; and he Broke through the Trojan lines, and brought the light of victory; And smote a warrior who in fight surpassed the Thracians all, Eusorus' son, good Acamas, of manly stature tall; Him on his horse-hair-crested helm, ev'n where the bright knob

He smote in the mid forehead, and empierced him through the bone, ¹⁰ With his strong copper pointed spear; and darkness veiled his sight.

Then Diomede, whose voice was high o'er all the roaring fight.

Slew Teuthras' son, who in well-built Arisbè dwelt, a wight

Of mickle wealth, and kindliest heart to all the human clan:

He by the wayside lived; his house knew each wayfaring man;

But none, of all that knew his open door and friendly board,
Might shield him now, when his life was due to fell Tydides' sword.
Calesius too, his charioteer, with him in death was blent,
Master and man by Tydeus' son beneath the ground were sent.
Then Dresus and Opheltius, by Euryalus dismailed,

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Lay stark; Æsepus next and valiant Pedasus he assailed.
These twain fair Abarbarea bore to brave Bucolion;
A Naiad nymph was she, and he of King Laomedon
Born eldest, but in secret love, which law refused to own;
He with her, while he watched the sheep, love's kindly joyance knew.

And she from his embrace full soon brought goodly twins to view:

Their well-knit knees Euryalus loosed; their lusty sinews fail;

And from the shoulders of the slain he bore the burnished mail.

Then Polypætes, strong in fight, the strong Astyalus slew;

Pidates next, Percosian wight, from fierce Ulysses knew

Sharp death; proud Aretaon found from Tencer deadly woe;

Antilochus on gory ground laid stout Ablerus low;

And Elatus his dear life-blood poured to the king of men;

He dwelt in lofty Pedasus, where Satnius through the glen

Rolls his fair-flowing flood; then Leitus maimed stout Phylacus,

And of his mail Eurypylus made bare Melanthius.

Then Menelaus forward stept, and captive took in fight Adrastus, whose scared steeds had swept the plain in dire affright, And rushed against a tamarisk tree, and broke the rounded car

At the team end, and galloped wild o'er all the field of war,

40

Till to the town they came, where, scared no less, the crowds had

fled;

But from his seat upon the ground beside the wheel dispread.

The prostrate rider lay, his mouth rolled in the dust; while near

Atrides stood, and threatful held his long far-shadowing spear.

Adrastus rose, and seized his knees: O son of Atreus, spare

My life! he cries; thou shalt receive a precious ransom rare!

A wealthy house my father owns, and in it mickle store

Of well-worked iron, copper red, and gleaming golden ore;

My sire of these what thou shalt please a precious ransom rare

Will give, if thou in mercy now his dear son's life shalt spare.

He spoke; and moved soft-swelling ruth in the king's breast, that he

Wellnigh had sent unharmed the youth to the ships beside the sea, With his own brave attendants; but King Agamemnon came With hasty stride, and him did chide with words of bitter blame: O gentle hearted brother mine, that carest for thy foe, Say, wert thou then by Trojan men at Sparta treated so? False Trojans! may no man that bears that name escape the doom Our hands prepare—not even the babe that in its mother's womb Lies yet unborn—but one and all that our just rights deny With Troy shall fall—unhonoured here, unburied let them lie!

He spake; and roused his brother's heart to own his keen command,

And harsher wisdom. He straightway pushed with high spurning hand

Adrastus to the ground; and the far-swaying king of men

Right through the groin pierced him; he fell; the fierce Atrides then,

With heel firm planted on his breast, drew forth the ashen spear.

Then Nestor to the Argives cried aloud, that all might hear:

Dear friends, heroic Argive band, servants of Mars, let none

Rush on the spoil with greedy hand, till all the work be done!

Cumber not now your hands; but know the present moment's duty,

To slay our foes; to-morrow's sun shall shine on heaps of booty;

At leisure then we'll scan the field, and strip the harnessed dead.

He spoke; and stirring power from him through all the host was spread.

And now wellnigh behind their walls by yellow fear inspired,
At the dread charge o' the warlike Greeks the Trojans had retired,
Had not the seer, wise Helenus, who scans each ominous bird,
Roused brave Æneas with his call, and Hector with his word,
Æneas brave, and Hector bold, on whose stout shoulders lies
The weight of war, whom young and old as Troy's best champions

prize.

First in the fight the foe to smite, and first in grave debate;

Here stand, and rally with your cry the host; before the gate

8how manly front, that not behind the walls our soldiers flee

To herd with women, and fill the hearts of insolent Greeks with glee.

Then when the soul of war ye've roused in all our men of mettle, With sword in hand we'll stoutly stand and stiflly hug the battle. Sore is the press of fight; but we will keep the foe at bay. But Hector, thou to the city hie, and to our mother say. That she assemble all the matrons old, and lead them well To flashing eyed Athenè's shrine, that crowns the citadel. In her own house a chamber is, she knows it well, whose door, Yields to a key; and there is kept great wealth of broidered store; Thence let her take the richest robe, most beautiful to see.

And place it with a votive hand upon the sacred knee Of lovely-haired Athenè; then this vow let her declare, That she from Priam's herd will choose twelve oxen large and fair,

Twelve yearlings pure, free from abuse of goad, or yoke's annoy, So that she save the towers, the wives, and children of old Troy, And from our sacred citadel keep back the savage spear Of Tydeus' son, that forman fell, strong counsellor of fear.

Ay! strongest of the Argive host is Tydeus' son! not so
I fear Achilles, goddess born, when he the rushing foe

Leads reinless; but this Tydeus' son like madman rages sheer,

And of our bravest men not one will stand, when he is near.

Thus he; stout Hector owned his call, and with a ready bound Leapt from his chariot with his rattling armour on the ground, And, brandishing tway pointed spears, he traversed near and far The field of strife, and roused to life the fainting soul of war.

They with fresh lust for battle fired, in martial firm array

Came rolling back; the Greeks retired, and slacked the bloody fray.

A god, they said, with aid to Troy hath stooped from the starry sky.

Then Hector to the Trojans thus outspake with lusty cry:

Ye dauntless Trojans, and ye brave allies that come from far,

Quit ye like men, and in your hearts stir the fierce-hearted war,

While I to sacred Ilium haste, and tell our elders gray,

Wise counsellors, and matrons chaste, destruction's tide to stay

By solemn prayers, and sacred vows, and hecatombs the best.

He spoke; and went, and in the air far waved his glittering crest;

And as he moved, his bossy buckler's huge black leathern round Smote with one rim the hero's neck, the other kissed the ground.

Then forth between the bristling lines in bold advance were seen,

Glaucus, and stout Tydides, both for instant battle keen.

And when they reached the middle space, and when they came full near,

Then outspoke strong-voiced Diomede, that Glancus well might hear:

Say, who art thou, most noble chief, thy name, and what thy race? For to this hour, in the deadly stour, I chanced not on thy face. Certes, a valiant man art thou, to plant thy body here, Before the ranks where Diomede shakes his far-shadowing spear; For only sons of hapless sires approach to borrow fear From me. But if belike thou be'st a god in mortal guise, I will not fight with blissful gods, that dwell in the lucid skies. 130 For even Dryas' kingly son, Lycurgus stout and strong, Who, mortal, strove with gods above, I ween he lived not long; He with sharp persecution drave o'er Nyssa's hill divine The frantic Manad maids, that nursed the infant god of wine. They on the ground their thyrsi flung, when with an ox-goad he Pricked them in impious rage; the god beneath the billowy sea. Evanished; sea born Thetis in the bosom of the brine Concealed him; while limb shaking fear possessed his heart

Wherefore the gods that live at ease avenged the impious wrong, The son of Kronos smote him blind; nor lived Lycurgus long, When all the blest celestials joined their strength to work his woe. Not 1, like him, my pride will brim, to make great Jove my foe.

But art thou a food-eating man, approach, and know with fear, Thy life hath but a little span, when Diomede is near.

To whom brave Glaucus made reply: High-hearted Argive foe,
Why should my race concern thee—why my lineage care to know?
The race of men is like the race of leaves upon the tree:
One crop the blast hath rudely cast upon the frosted lea,
Another clothes with green the wood, when the soft spring breezes
blow:

Even thus the race of mortal men bloometh, and fadeth so.

But sith thou askest my descent, that thou mayst truly know,

I'll truly tell: I own a name well known in many lands.

In rich horse-rearing Argos, far i' the north, a city stands,

Clept Ephyre; there King Sisyphus lived, than whom more subtle

none

Ere trod the earth; the father he, and Glaucus was his son.

From Glaucus sprang Bellerophon, to whom the gods in heaven
A person fair, a gallant air, and manly worth had given;
Him Prœtus hated; 'gainst the knight an evil deed he planned,
And drove him from his hall; for Jove into the monarch's hand
Had given a rod of strength, to sway the breadth of the Argive land;
For fair Antea, Prætus' wife, when she beheld the knight,
With no sane fire was fired, to know the secret sweet delight
Of love with him; but he refused; whereat, with passion blinded,
She to her lord did falsely charge the brave knight prudent-minded:

O Practus mine, be death my fine, if thou refuse to kill Bellerophon, who would abuse my love against my will! She said; his heart black bile possessed; yet he feared himself to slay

His knightly guest; but o'er the sea he sent him far away

To Lycian land; and in his hand a tablet gave, where he

Had graven lines of hidden harm, and deadly signs to see:

Take this, he said; and, when thou com'st to Lycian land, the

sire

170 Of my chaste wife will entertain thee, to thy heart's desire. Forth sailed Bellerophon; the gods their holy convoy gave. And when to Lycian land he came, and Xanthus' flowing wave, With kindliest welcome him the Lycian king received; nine days He spread the hospitable board; each day an ox he slays. But when the rosy-fingered morn, the tenth, appeared; he sought To see the tablet, and to learn what word the stranger brought. The tablet seen, forthwith he gave the valorous knight command To slav Chimera, monster dread, the pest of Lycian land, 180 Portentous, born of brood divine, and of no human kind, With lion's front, goat's body, and a sealy snake behind. This monster, breathing vasty power of dusky-glowing flame, He slew—for Jove gave favouring signs—and gained immortal fame. Next with the far-famed Solvmi he joined the bloody fray, And said he ne'er had crossed a spear with bolder men than they.

Then low he laid the Amazons, a match for harnessed men; And, as he homeward came unscathed, the king against him then Planted a snare: he chose the best of all the Lycian men To lie in wait; they journeyed forth, but ne'er came back again. For brave Bellerophon slew them all; and now the king did see 190 That blood of gods was in the knight; wherefore with courtesie He kept him there; and for a mate gave him his daughter fair, And of his kingly name and state and wealth an equal share. The Lycians too for him assigned a lot of land, where grew Long lines of ruddy grapes and waving corn, right fair to view. To brave Bellerophon his spouse three goodly children bare, Hippolochus, Lysander, and Laodamia fair; Her Jove the counsellor embraced; and she to lively light Brought forth divine Sarpedon, that well-harnessed Lycian knight. 200 But brave Bellerophon, being old, found every god a foe, And, eating his own grieved heart, from path of men did go, And, wandering o'er the Aleian plain, he nursed his moody woe. Lysander then insatiate Mars did in grim battle slay, When with the valorous Solymi he joined the unequal fray; Laodamia Dian golden-reined in anger slew; From brave Hippolochus myself my fount of being drew; Who sent me to the Trojan land, and this last word he gave— Still foremost with the first to stand, and bravest with the brave:

Nor with unequal deeds to shame my sires, whose wide command Held Ephyre, and with their fame filled all the Lycian land:

210
Thou hast it now—my race, my name, and all my lineage clear.

He spoke; and strong-voiced Diomede rejoiced in heart to hear:
He stood; and in the nurturing ground fixed his well pointed spear;

Then to the chief of Lycian blood with friendly word spake he: Truly the son of my father's father's guest I greet in thee! The noble (Encus entertained the brave Bellerophon With kindly cheer in friendly hall, for nineteen days and one. Then each to other gifts they gave, as host and guest beseemeth, (Eneus to him a various belt that with bright purple gleameth, 220 Bellerophon to Eneus gave a golden beaker rarest, Now kept in my ancestral stores, amid most fair the fairest. Tydeus I not remember: me a child he left at home. What time the Achaean chiefs with blood made fat the Theban loam; Therefore a kindly host to thee in midmost Argive land Am I: the like be thou to me on Lycia's distant strand. Beseems not us to cross the hostile lance in deadly fray! Full many Trojans, and allies in battailous array A god shall give into my hand, whom I may justly kill, As Greeks there be reserved for thee, to prove thy warlike skill. Exchange we then our armour bright, that all the host may see, ²³⁰ How I revere the sacred right of host and guest in thee.

He spake; and as friend meets with friend, they from their steeds alighted,

Each other's hand with hearty grasp they seized, and faith they plighted.

But Kronos' son brave Glaucus in his wits did surely fine,

Who gave Tydides, for base brass, bright mail of golden shine,

And armour worth a hundred beeves, for armour worth but nine.

But Hector to the Scaan gates, and to the oak-tree came,

Where many a Trojan daughter hied, and mothers without blame,

And him sore pressed with eager quest for sons and husbands dear,

240

And brothers. Hector bade them all before the gods appear,

To pray their aid; for many a cloud of woe was lowering near.

Hence to the palace straight he hied, and all the proud display

Of porch and gallery and hall, where Priam's glory lay.

Here in a row were fifty rooms of polished marble white,

Where with their wedded wives the sons of Priam slept the night;

Within the court, in the adverse side, with white stone polished well,

Twelve covered chambers were, where Priam's blameless daughters dwell:

There slept the old king's sons-in-law beside their spouses dear. ²⁵⁰ Here Hector came, and mildly fair his mother met him here, Leading Laodice, than whom of all his daughters none

Were fairer named, and clasped his hand, and thus bespake her

son:

My son, my son, why hast thou left the field of strife? Prevail
The sons of evil-omened Greece, and do our warriors fail,
And art thou come, with pious feet to climb the citadel,
And lift up holy hands to Jove, who guards the city well?
But stay, and I sweet wine will bring, that thou to Father Jove
Mayst make libation, and to all the blessed gods above.
Then of the draught thyself the strong restoring virtue prove;
For truly wine gives strength divine to each toil-wearied man,
As thou art weary, warding harm from all the Trojan clan.

To whom crest-flickering Hector tall thus made the wise reply:

Dear mother, pour not wine for me, whose honey-hearted power

Might rob my limbs of strength to rule the battle's deadly stour!

Not with unwashen hands dare I to pour the pure libation,

Nor thus, with blood and gore besprent, to stand in supplication

Before dark cloud engirdled Jove who rules the deathless nation.

But thou forthwith hie to the shrine of Pallas booty bearing,

And take with thee Troy's matrons grey, the pious duty sharing.

Within thy halls of all thy store the robe most fair to see

Take thou, and place with votive hand upon the sacred knee

Of beautiful-haired Athenè; then this holy vow declare.

That thou from Priam's herd wilt choose twelve oxen large and fair,

Twelve yearlings pure, free from abuse of goad or yoke's annoy,
So that she save the towers, the wives, and children of old Troy,
And from our sacred citadel back drive the savage spear
Of Tydeus' son, that foeman fell, strong counsellor of fear.
Go straightway to the sacred shrine of Pallas booty-bearing,
While I to Paris hie, and him to deeds of manly daring

280
Rouse with my voice. Would that the earth might yawn and
whelm him, whom

Jove nursed to overcast our land with clouds of baleful gloom!

Him if I knew in Hades housed, where dim ghosts wander sight less,

I'd soon forget the toil and fret that makes these days delightless!

Thus he. But she to the palace went, and did her maidens call;
And they, obedient to her hest, the honoured matrons all

Assembled; then her chamber sought, fragrant with cedar wood,
Where lay a various woven store of robes both fair and good,
Worked by Sidonian women—robes which godlike Alexander

From Sidon brought, as o'er the bed of the deep sea he did wander,
What time his high-born bride he led from Sparta to Scamander;
One of these robes Queen Hecuba with careful hand forth brought,
The largest and the fairest, with much curious 'broidery wrought,
And like a star it shone: beneath the rest well stowed it lay.

Then, followed by the matrons all, to the shrine she took her
way.

Now to the citadel they came, and stood the shrine before,

And beautiful-cheeked Theano oped to them the sacred door

Daughter of Cisseus, spouse of Prince Antenor, strong to tame

The coursing steed - in Pallas' fane a priestess without blame.

Then with shrill wailing cry they rear their prayerful hands;

and she

The beautiful cheeked Theano, took the robe so fair to see.

And placed it with a votive hand upon the sacred knee

Of beautiful-haired Athenè; then with pions vow she prayed

To the goddess of the flashing eyne, the dread strong-fathered maid:
Gracious Athenè, who in need dost shield the Trojan town,

Break thou the spear of Diomede, and cast him grovelling down

Before the Scaean gates; and hear the vow we now declare:

We at thy shrine forthwith will slay twelve oxen large and fair,

Twelve yearlings pure, free from the touch of goad or yoke's annoy.

If thou the towers and wives wilt save, and little ones of Troy.

She spoke; but not her words might move the dread strong
fathered maid.

And to the daughter of great Jove in vain the matrons prayed.

But Hector came to Paris' house, a beautiful house, which he.

Had made by help of men, in craft of stone and carpentry

The skilfullest in Troy—house, hall, and court they built him well,

Near Hector's own and Priam's house, close by the citadel;

There entered Hector, dear to Jove, in his hand a goodly spear,
Eleven cubits long, its point of copper glancing clear,
Clasped with a golden ring. The godlike Alexander there

He found, his armour furbishing, buckler and corselet fair,
And his good bow assaying; there too Argive Helen sate,
And cunning-handed maidens, who her skilful orders wait.
Him Hector then with winged words, and sharp reproach addressed:
Truly not wisely, brother mine, doth anger sway thy breast.
The people fall; the gates are blocked with dead; and for thy cause
The battle round the god-built wall now blazes without pause;
Thyself wouldst chide a laggard loon; hear now thy brother's
call:

Come, rouse thee to the fight, or soon thick flames will fold the wall!

To whom, with answering word, the godlike Alexander said:

Hector, sith thou dost wisely chide, nor without cause upbraid

Thy brother, I will nothing hide, but simple sooth will tell;

No anger 'gainst the Trojan men, no grudge with me doth dwell;

Only at home a little space I gave my sadness rein.

But now, since Helen in my breast the lust of fight again

With suasive speech hath roused, I to the fateful fight will go;

For Victory, swift to change, doth shine to-day upon the foe,

On us to-morrow. Wait thou, then, till in my harness hollow

My breast I case; or, if thou wilt, go first, and I will follow.

Thus he; the tall crest thekering prince to him no answer made;

But Argive Helen thus with honeyed words to Hector said:

Dear brother, would that I had died—to die had then been gain

Even in that hour when I was born, to all my friends a bane!

Me, blushless! would that the evil sweep of the darkly-swelling blast

Had whirled me to some steep faced crag, or in deep ocean east,

And whelmed me in the sounding brine, ere I had known such woe!

But sith with blame I marred my name, and Jove lath willed it so,

Would that some manlier-hearted wight had owned me for his

wife,

A man who feared reproach from men more than he loved his life!

But this man's wit is light; his thoughts no steady purpose keep;

Right soon destruction he shall know, and as he sowed shall reap.

But come, good brother, rest awhile; for chiefly upon thee

The sore weight lies of the tearful toil, which sprang from blush less me,

And 'Alexander's sin. For us Jove had this doom in store,

In the minstrel's song our shame and wrong shall live for evermore.

To whom, with answering word, the tall crest flickering Hector said.

Set thou no seat for me; not ev'n from thee shall words persuade Me now to rest; my heart's affame to join my comrades dear,

Now sorely pressed. Thou shalt not blame Hector for loitering

here.

But rather thou thy husband rouse, and whet his martial mettle,
To overtake me, ere I pass the gate to join the battle.
For I a little hour must go, whiles I am here, to see
My wife, my infant son, and all the home so dear to me.
Who knows if e'er my feet shall pass these dear-loved streets
again,

Or if the gods by Argive brass shall stretch me on the plain?

He spoke; and from her sight the godlike hero sped amain,

Spurning delay; and to his pleasant-sited house came he,

But found not there his white-armed spouse, Andromache; for she

Forth, with her son and well tired maid, unto the lotty tower

Had gone, to stand and weep, and look on the battle's deadly

stour.

Then Hector, when his blameless spouse within he failed to see, Stood in the threshold of his house, and to the maids spake he: Now tell me truly, trusty maids, the whole truth tell me, where Is gone white-armed Andromachè? to see my sisters fair? Or to my brothers' well-tired wives? or to the shrine, to pay Her vows, where all the Trojan dames in full assembly pray?

To whom the stewardess, the good deft-handed dame, replied: Hector, sith thou the truth wilt know, thou shalt not be denied: Not to thy sisters, nor thy brothers' wives she went to-day,

Nor to the shrine, where all the dames in full assembly pray

To the dread daughter of great Jove, the tearful war to stay;

But to the lofty Ilian tower went she, the truth to know,

If that indeed the Trojan power from the might of the Argive foe

Had fled: like one distraught she went, her foot could not be

stayed;

Thy infant son she took with her in the arms of the nursing-maid.

Thus spoke the trusty dame; nor tall crest-flickering Hector tarried,

But back returning through the wide and well-paved way he hurried.

Right through the peopled town he went, until he reached again

The Scæan gate, through which the road led to the dinsome
plain.

Here his rich dowered spouse he met; with hasty foot came she, Æetion's daughter fair—the mighty-hearted king was he Of Thebes, that lay beneath the woody Placus, fair to see, And o'er the brave Cilician men with sceptre's might prevailed; His daughter lived, the wedded wife of Hector copper-mailed.

Her Hector met; beside her stood the faithful nurse, and bare
In her arms his son, a rosy child, an innocent suckling, fair

Even as a star. Scamandrius his father called the boy,
But hight the young Astvanax by all tongues else in Troy.

His sire, they said, is Ilium's ward. The noble Hector smiled
When with a silent look of love he eyed the dear-loved child.
Beside him stood Andromachè, in her eye the swelling tear,
And grasped his hand, and looked and spoke, and named her
husband dear:

Hector, thy strength unreined and wild will ruin thee; for me
Thou hast no pity, and this child that soon will orphaned be,
While I am widowed; for the Greeks in the hot rush of war
Will surely kill thee; and for me, 'twere better-fated far
Beneath the ground to go, than live without thee; stay is none
On earth for me, nor joy, nor hope, when I have lost the one,
Who is my all. My father and my mother both are gone.
My father fell by godlike fierce Achilles' vengeance, then
When he the pleasant-sited town of the Cilician men,
High-gated Thebes, cast down: even then he slew him; but not
dared

To spoil his arms; this shame supreme with pious heart he spared.

Him on a pyre he burned, with all his shining arms prepared,

And piled a mound, where Oread nymphs, Jove's pitiful daughters,

made

Elm-trees to grow, a leafy fence, and spread their circling shade. 420 Seven brothers brave I named, and loved in my father's house; but

Went in one day beneath the clay, to Hades' gloomy hall.

They, as they watched the snow-white sheep and trailing-footed kine,

Found deadly grief from that fell chief, even Peleus' son divine.

My mother too, who dwelt beneath the woody Placus, here

With other weeping captives, came to grace his conquering spear;
But her he ransomed, in her father's house to nurse her grief,

Till dart rejoicing Dian's shaft brought gentle death's relief.

Now, Hector, thou art mother kind and father fond to me,

Brother and husband dear I find, and all my love in thee.

Stay here; this tower thy fortress be; some ruthful pity show,

Nor orphaned make thy boy, and me to die in widowed woe.

Beside the fig tree plant our valiant men; for chiefly there

The wall invites the assaulter's might, and our defence is bare:

'Twas here the twain Atridae first essayed the bold advance,

And here far-famed Idomeneus stood, and shook his Cretan lance;

Whether some wise diviner told the warriors here to try

Their strength, or our weak point themselves discerned with watch
ful eye.

To whom crest-flickering Hector tall thus made the wise reply; 440
Woman, these thoughts me too have moved; but how could Hector
bear

The taunts of Trojan men, and long trained Trojan women fair, If in the rear of sword and spear 1 skulk, myself to spare!

No craven soul is mine; I go, at my own heart's command, First in the shock of foe with foe for sacred Troy to stand, And for myself and for my sire reap glory. Well I know The day shall be, when sacred Troy from its top shall tumble low; And Priam old of the ashen spear by Argive hand shall die, 450 With all his folk. But not for them so inly moved am I, For Priam not, with all his folk, and Hecuba, mother mine, Nor all my brothers, whom the Greeks in their dear lives did fine, As I for thee am moved, to think upon the evil day, When Argives copper-mailed on thee the violent hand shall lay, Nor reck thy tears, and bear thee hence, a captive far away To Argos. There thy hand shall weave a web for others' pleasure, And from Messeïs well, or Hypereia's, thou shalt measure Thy toilsome way with water, meekly bearing scapeless woe. Then thou shalt weep; and one shall say, when he sees the salt

tears flow:

This woman once was Hector's wife, a valiant-hearted wight,

'Mong the horse-taming Trojans age the foremost in the fight.

Thus shall one say; and bitter tears afresh thy cheeks shall furrow,

That near to thee no more is he, whose love should heal thy sorrow.

But o'er my head black earth be spread, before on Trojan plain I hear thy cry, when captive led, and see thy dragging chain!

Thus he; and stretched his arm, to clasp his infant son so dear,

But on the breast of his well-zoned nurse the babe shrunk back

with fear.

Scared at the gleam of the burnished brass, which cased that warrior dread,

And screamed to see the horse-hair crest high nodding o'er his head.

The father laughed, the mother smiled; then Hector brave unbound.

The helmet from his head, and laid it glittering on the ground.

And kissed his son, and dandled him aloft with fondest joy;

Then to great Jove, and all the gods, thus prayed to bless the

boy:

Jove, and ye mighty gods, grant this my son, one day, may be,
As I am now to Trojan men—the bulwark of the free,
Ruling o'er Troy by valorous might; then from the hostile fray
Shall some one see him home return, and thus shall proudly say:
From a good sire a better son hath rescued Troy to-day!
And when he bears proud trophics, through the sounding streets of
Troy.

His mother shall behold her son, and her heart shall leap for joy!

He spake; and to his dear wife's hands he gave the lovely child:

She took him to her balmy breast, and, through her weeping, smiled. Then Hector touched her with his hand, and spoke, and soothed her so:

Too tender wife, why wilt thou fret thy heart with fruitless woe;

No hand of man, beyond the plan of Fate, can strike a blow

At me; the coward and the brave from birth to deathful gloom

Live but to ripen to its seed their fixed forewoven doom.

But go thou home with quiet heart, and in thy peaceful room

490

Ply works that suit a woman's part—the spindle and the loom;

And bid thy maidens toil; for me, and all the men of Troy—My care shall be to fight for thee, and this our darling boy!

Trov

Thus he; and his horse-hair-plumèd helm the godlike chief of

Took from the ground; then homeward went Æetion's daughter dear.

And oft she stopt, and oft she turned, and dropt the frequent tear.

Soon to the goodly house she came of her dear lord; and there Found all her maids, and bade them rend with mournful cries the air.

For Hector living, as though dead, the sad wail they prepare; ⁵⁰⁰
For never more his loved return these eyes, they said, shall know,
'Scaped from the power of the deadly stour, and the gripe of the
Argive foe.

Nor then his lofty hall to leave was Alexander slow;

His fine-wrought mail he deftly dight, all burnished fair to view,

And with winged feet, from street to street, right through the town he flew.

Even as a horse in stall confined, and fed with barley grain,

Snaps his harsh bond, and, neighing, beats with sounding hoof the plain;

Oft hath he gone to lave his flanks, in the deep smooth river's bed.

And now the well known stream he seeks, and high he rears his head;

Adown his shoulders floats his mane, proud of his strength is he, 510

Then flings his limbs light o'er the turf, where the haunts of horses he

Thus Priam's son from Troy came forth, all eager for the fray,

Far-gleaming in his burnished brass, like the light that lords the

With jubilant speed he trod the ground, and soon did overtake

His godlike brother at the gate, where with his wife he spake.

Then to stout Hector first these words did godlike Paris say:

Dear brother mine, thy strength divine may justly rate to-day

My laggard foot, when thy voice calls to join the glorious fray.

To whom crest flickering Hector tall, with friendly word, replied:

Dear brother mine, no man, whose heart knows truth and right, will chide Thy deeds; in all a warrior's part thou spotless art from blame.

But thou dost slack the rein ill-timed; and I must burn with shame,

When Trojan men, who bear the brunt of sweatful war with me,

Fret with keen taunts my faithful heart, and heap reproach on thee.

But hie we hence; we'll turn all loss to gain, if mighty Jove

And all the deathless gods who reign in blissful ease above,

Shall grant that we round blazing hearths may pour the free libation.

Then when from Ilium's walls we drive the well-greaved Argive nation.

BOOK VII.

ARGUMENT.

Apollo and Athenè stay the fight,

That two stout champions may decide the cause.

Hector and Ajax try their strength; but night

Descends, and gives the balanced battle pause.

A truce is made, that Greek and Trojan wight

May burn the dead, by functal's sacred laws.

The Greeian rampart raised makes Neptune jealous,

While from the sky Jove's bodeful thunder bellows.

VOL. II



BOOK VII

Thus saying, through the gates with rapid foot stout Hector goes.

And godlike Paris by his side; with eager ardour glows

The breast of each to lead the ranks, and man with man to close.

As when seafaring men long time have smote the sounding seas

With limber oars, and now no bond of strength is in their knees,

When to their hoping hearts a god sends forth the favouring

breeze;

So to the wishful Trojans now this warlike pair appeared.

Then Paris first Menesthius slew, in well-built Arnè reared,
Whose mother was a full-eyed dame, Phylomedusa hight,
She bore him to Arithoüs, a stout club-bearing wight.

Then Hector pierced Eïoneus in the neck beneath the rim
Of his brazen helm, and loosed the bond of lusty life in him.

Then Glaucus, the brave leader of the Lycian men, did smite
Iphinoüs, son of Dexias, with his good spear in the fight,
Athwart the shoulder, as his car he mounted with a bound;
Down from the seat he fell, and smote with failing knee the
ground.

But when the flashing-eyed Athenè in the sturdy fight
Saw how the bleeding Argives died beneath the Trojan's might,
She from Olympus' summit hied, with airy-rushing flight,
To sacred Hium. Her descent the bright Apollo knew,
From Pergamus, and counsel took to help the Trojan crew;
And swiftly came, and at the oak-tree met the heavenly maid;
Her first Apollo, son of Jove, addressed, and thus he said:
Daughter of Jove, strong-fathered maid, what cause might move
thee now

To come to sacred Troy, and leave Olympus' shining brow?

The Greeks in rout are loosely spread; this moves thy partial fear;

Doubtless, were all the Trojans dead, thou wouldst not drop one tear.

But I a better plan propose; do thou with willing ear

Receive my word. This strife of blows cause we to cease to-day;

To-morrow let them stir anew the hero-slaughtering fray.

Till Ilium fall, if fall it must, and ye in heaven have joy,

To cast sheer down from its lofty crown, the pride of broad-wayed

Troy.

To whom with ready word replied the maid with the flashing eyne:

So be it, thou far-darting god, as is thy thought, so mine,

When from Olympus' shining brow with airy-rushing flight

I came. But say, how wilt thou stay the hero-slaughtering fight?

To whom Apollo, son of Jove, thus made the prompt reply:

Stir we the soul of horse subduing Hector to defy

The Grecian host, and bid them choose the bravest of their clan
In deadly fight to prove his might, all singly, man to man;

And when the well-greaved Greeks shall hear stout Hector's chal
lenge, they

Will choose the best of all their host to fight with him to-day.

Thus he; nor Pallas disobeyed; but as they reasoned thus.

Their words in his prophetic heart were known to Helenus,

Priam's dear son, whose eye intent pierced the celestial plan;

He straight to godlike Hector went, and parley thus began:

Hector, in wisdom like to Jove who rules the starry sky,

Wilt thou obey my rede to-day? thy mother's son am I.

Let Greeks and Trojans rest their sword, then stand thou and defy

The general host of Greece to choose the foremost of their clan, ⁵⁰ In deadly fight to prove his might, all singly, man to man. Not now the fate is thine to die; the gods that live for ever Have willed it so in heaven; and I their sacred law deliver.

Thus he; and Hector's soul was glad: he grasped his weighty spear,

And marched into the ranks, and bade the circling Trojans clear
The middle space: they at his word did seat them on the ground,
And Agamemnon bade the well-greaved Greeks be seated round.
Athenè and the archer-god, sublimely perched, survey
From the oak tree of ægis-bearing Jove that vast array.

In form like vultures, and behold, through all the crowded field,

The ranks of war thick bristling far with spear, and helm, and
shield.

As when the rising west wind sweeps fresh o'er the roughening main, And wave on wave with darkling swell curls o'er the watery plain, So thick the bristling lances rose of Trojans and of Greeks

Far o'er the field; then in the midst the godlike Hector speaks:

Hear me, ye Trojans, and ye Greeks with burnished greaves, that I

May speak the thought which in my heart doth move me mightily;

The son of Kronos, mighty-throned, made void our sanctioned oath,

And in his dark breast hath foredoomed uncounted woes to both, ⁷⁰
Woes without end, till ye shall mount the walls of high-towered
Troy,

Or we shall stand with fire in hand, and all your ships destroy.

Yours is the flower of all the Panachaean chiefs; let him

Of all the host who feels the most his soul with strength o'erbrim

Stand forth, and prove his might against my godlike force; and

may

Great Jove in heaven my witness be, and sanction what I say:
If me that noble Greek shall smite with his sharp-pointed sword,
Let him my limbs dismail, and bear my shining arms on board
The hollow ships; my body Trojan men and wives shall claim,
That I my portion may enjoy in the flesh consuming flame.

But if that noble Greek I slay, and Phoebus grant my prayer, I'll spoil his corpse, and bear away his arms to Troy, and there Hang the rare trophy on the silver-bowed Apollo's shrine; His body to the ships shall go that plough the billowy brine; That the long haired Achaean men may there anoint it duly, And, by broad-streaming Hellespont, to nurse his memory truly, Pile the high mound, which, when he sees in some far-distant day, The man who sails before the breeze o'er the salt flood shall say: This mound a hero doth contain, who in a foreign land Fell bravely fighting, being slain by noble Hector's hand;

He spoke; they silent stood long time, and no reply they made, Ashamed his challenge to refuse, and to accept afraid;

Till Menelaus rose, with bitter indignation stung,

And with sore smart within his heart these taunting words outflung:

O shame! brave talkers, Grecklings, women, and no men are ye!

A dire disgrace to our name and race, a foul reproach shall be,

If none to Hector's call shall rise of all this brave array;

Would ye might melt like water weak, and rot your lives away

In deedless ease inglorious, till ye mingle clay with clay;

But I will don my armour, and who us defies defy;

With gods above of victory the fateful issues lie.

Thus he; and donned his shining mail; and now, I ween, to thee The end of life, thou Spartan king, by Hector's bravery Was nigh—for stronger he than thou, and of more warlike skill—But that the other kings rushed in, and curbed thy forward will; With them Mycene's king, who rules with wide far-reaching sway, By the right hand his brother seized, and thus did sharply say:

Art mad, thou Jove-bred brother mine? Such bold hot-brained intent

Beseems not thee; thy passion curb, and rein thy plunging bent; ¹¹⁰
Sheer lust of strife spurs thee to fight against a stronger man,
The godlike Hector, justly feared by all the Achæan clan.
Him in the man-ennobling fray Achilles met not fearless,
And wilt thou fling thy life away, where failed that hero peerless?
Come, sit thee down amid the folk upon the grassy ground;
A stronger man to match that godlike hero shall be found.
Bold though he be, and though grim war's insatiate appetite
Devour his breast, he soon shall bend the willing knee for flight,
If not he find his fated end in the hero-slaughtering fight.

Thus to his brother, wisely, Agamemnon, king of men,

Spake with commanding speech; the chief obeyed; and blithely
then

The attendants from his shoulders broad the shining armour took; Then Nestor mid the Greeks uprose, and thus the old man spoke:

O shame! O shame! on the Argive name black sorrow comes and dole;

This, if the old knight Peleus knew, how he would groan in soul,-

He, first of all the Myrmidons in grave debate to plan,

And first with suasive word to stir the full-assembled clan!

Well I remember, in his hall, how once he questioned me

Of the Achean families all, and their high pedigree,

And heard delighted; now, if news invade the old man's ear.

That all the bravest chiefs refuse to cross stout Hector's spear.

He'll rear his arm to heaven, and pray that, from the flesh unbound,

His soul may flit to the lifeless pit of the shades beneath the ground.

O Jove, Athenè, and Apollo! would that my young blood Flowed fresh as when, upon the banks of Celadon's rushing flood,

The Pylian and the Arcadian men, whose spears delight in slaughter, Girt Pheia round with bristling war, by Jardan's flowing water. For them a godlike champion stood, brave Ereuthalion, who Upon his shoulders broad and strong the shining armour drew Of the divine Arithous, the club-bearer, so hight By men and well-zoned women fair, for that he in the fight Nor flung the spear, nor twanged the whizzing arrow from the

But with an iron club before him drave the drifting foe;

Him did Lycurgus with o'er-reaching wile surprise and slay.

In a narrow path, where space was none his weapon huge to sway.

how,

140

And ward the fate; Lyeurgus from his ambush with a bound Rose, and transfixed him with a spear,—he backward smote the ground;

Then spoiled his body of its mail, the gift of Mars, and wore
Himself the well-compacted brass, amid the battle's roar.
But when Lycurgus in his home waxed old and grey, he gave
This mail to Ereuthalion's might, his dear-loved comrade brave;
He in this armour cased, our prowest men defied to fight.

150
They feared and trembled; no man dared to meet that doughty knight.

But in my breast the burning zest of battle bade me try
My strength with his—the youngest then of all the chiefs was I.
I fought; and Pallas to my prayer gave victory for reply.

Strong-limbed was he, and huge of form; yet him this arm did slay;

Outstretched upon the plain enorm his breathless body lay.

Would I were young and lusty-blooded now, as then! the strong
Crest-flickering Hector for his match should not stand waiting long;
But ye who are both strong and young, the chiefs whom most we prize,

Hear that stout Trojan's challenge flung, and not a man will rise! 160

Thus Nestor chid them; and at once nine valiant chiefs uprose. First Agamemnon, king of men, his kingly semblant shows,

Then Tydeus' son, strong Diomede, his warrior-form upreared,
Then with impetuous strength yelad the Ajax pair appeared;
Next rose Idomeneus, and with him who crossed the Cretan water,
Meriones, a match for Mars who rules the field of slaughter;
Euæmon's noble son came next, Eurypylus; and then
Thoas, Andræmon's son, and he who rules the Ithacan men,
Divine Ulysses. These against stout Hector's might upstood.
Then Nestor rose, and spoke amid that mailèd multitude:

Shake now the lots, and shake them well! whoso the lot receives,
Great help, I trow, from him shall flow to the Greeks with burnished greaves,

To his own heart and soul great joy, if back he bring his life, Safe from the wasting war's annoy, and the hero-slaughtering strife.

He spake: each hero took his lot, and marked it with a sign:

And Agamemnon's helm received the lots of all the nine.

The people prayed the gods for aid, with hands uplifted high;

And thus one spake, and bent the while his gaze on the broad blue sky:

Great Jove, bring Ajax' lot to light, or Diomede's; or bring

Atrides' lot, the rich Mycenæ's sceptre-bearing king!

Thus he: old Nestor shook the helm, and then of all the nine
Out leapt the lot for which they prayed, the lot which bore the sign
Of Ajax; then from left to right the herald paced the ground,
And showed the lot to every wight, that stood expectant round;

All scan it with full curious eye, but all the lot disown.

But when he came to that right noble son of Telamon,

Whose mark had stamped it, Ajax stretched his open palm, and got

His token from the herald's hand, and keen perused the lot,

And knew the sign, and in his heart rejoiced exceedingly;

And at his feet he cast it, and with loud appeal spake he:

O friends, the lot is mine; within me swells my heart for joy,

That I to-day shall surely slay this godlike prince of Troy!

But, come! my shining armour I will buckle on straightway,

While to great Jove who reigns above the assembled host shall

Each in his breast with mute request, that Trojans none may hear,

Or loud and high, if so seem best, for I no Trojan fear.

Lives not the wight who or with might shall mate me with the dead,

Or with wise shifts of war; with wile my wit is well bestead,

For not in vain in Salamis' isle was Ajax born and bred.

Thus he: they prayed to Kronos' son; and from the circling crowd

One cast his eye to the wide blue sky, and thus he spake aloud:
Jove, through on Ida, sire supreme, most mighty and most glorious!
Help noble Ajax in the fight; make Greece in him victorious!
Or, if thou lovest Hector, and to harm his cause art loath,
To both be thou protector; strength and glory give to both.

Thus he: but Ajax round him drew his mail that brightly shone;

And when the hero to his frame the mail had buckled on,
Huge like the vasty Mars he strode, what time dread Kronos' son
Forth sends the furious god of war, to stir the conflict wild.

Where bitter strife doth reave the life of warriors blood besoiled.

Even thus the vasty Ajax stood, bulwark of Greece, and smiled
High-confident, and looked around with looks that lightened fear,
And strode with mighty strides, and shook his long far-shadowed spear.

Him when they saw the Greeks rejoiced; but through the Trojan clan

Sore trembling seized the sturdy knees of each good fighting man; Even Hector's heart did smite his ribs, and back he fain would go, Fearful, but he, the challenger, must meet the advancing foe.

Ajax approached; and in his hand, even as a tower, displayed His seven-plied copper-plated shield by cunning Tychius made, 220 The best of all hide-cutting men that dwelt in Hyla's bound; With seven strong hides of well-reared bulls he sewed the massy round,

And with a strong plate faced it well of burnished copper ore.

This massy shield before his breast the Telamonian bore,

And stood full near, and thus addressed his tall crest-flickering foe:

Hector, the thing thou most desired my prowess most shall show,

That Greeks in fight may plant their might, alone 'gainst thee alone,

Though lion-hearted, fierce, rank-breaking Peleus' son be gone.

He sits apart, and tarries by the rounded ships sea-faring,

'Gainst Agamemnon, king of men, a bitter rancour bearing;

But we are foemen many, sworn to give thee handling rough

In open fight, if thou shalt dare assay our Argive stuff.

To whom with ready word replied the tall crest-flickering Hector:
Stout son of Telamon, born of Jove, thou people's proud protector,
No child am I, no pithless boy, with whom thy strength may play
An easy game, no woman tame, unskilled in sanguine fray,
But in the battle's hurly-burly trained to smite and slay.
By every sleight of dexterous fight, to stem the warlike tide
I know; if need be to the right to turn the dry bull's hide,
Or to the left; or with sure hand to urge the rattling car
Against the foe; or firm to stand in stiff close-grappling war,
Hymning fierce Mars. But not in cunning strife to overreach

I wish, but here in open fight, by weight of lance, will teach thee.

Thus he; and his long-shadowed spear the hero poised full high,
And swung it through the air, and pierced the seven-hided round
Of Ajax' shield upon the disk with burnished copper bound;
And through six plies of leather passed the unwearied lance, but
found

Tough barrier in the seventh. Then Jove-bred Ajax did advance, And in stout Hector's buckler broad infixed his ponderous lance. ²⁵⁰ Right through the shining buckler shore the lance with brazen head,

Right through his hauberk, made with mickle curious sleight it sped,
Even to his vest it pierced, and grazed his flank; but Priam's son
Turned him with sideward dexterous jerk, and so black fate did
shun.

Then from their shields they pluck the spears, and both together run,

Fierce, like to lions in grim mood the gory flesh devouring,
Or like wild boars in prickly wood, whose strength is overpowering.
First Hector smote his middle shield, but his great force was spent
In vain to cleave the brass; the spear's strong point was backward
bent.

Then Ajax forward springing, pierced his buckler; the point came

Right through, and with the shock back drave the Trojan's sturdy frame,

And cut him in the neck, that forth the purple life-blood welled.

But not for this crest-flickering Hector's stubborn strength was quelled;

Backward he stept, and with firm gripe he seized a stony block,
That lay beside him on the ground, a huge black pointed rock;

With this stout Hector smote the fearful seven-hided round Of Ajax' shield upon the boss, that with loud-ringing sound, The brass replied. The Telamonian seized a larger block, And in it put such vasty force, that with the crushing shock He rove his shield; the Trojan fell beneath that millstone's sway; 270 His dear knees failed; and on the ground outstretched supine he lay Under his shield; but Phœbus came, and raised him from the clay. And now with sharp swords, stroke for stroke, had raged the fight close-handed,

Had not the heralds, messengers of Jove and men, commanded To stay the fight, Talthybius for the brave Greeks brazen-coated, Idaeus for the Trojan men, both for discreetness noted.

These stept between, and reared aloft their batons, and the wise Idaeus to the champions speaks, and thus the herald cries:

Brave sons of Greece, from combat cease, with swords forbear to strike!

For, certes, cloud collecting Jove doth love you both alike,

Both spearmen good, and none denies your prowess in the fight;

But night swoops down, and they are wise who yield to dusky night.

To whom the Telamonian spake with answer bold and free:
Idæus, if the fight must cease, let Hector speak, for he
Challenged the prowest knights of Greece to match him in the
fight;

Let Hector cry enough; then I will yield to dusky night.

To whom from tall crest-flickering Hector thus the answer came:

Ajax, since Jove hath added strength to thy high-statured frame,
And wisdom, and of all the Greeks thy hand this lance doth sway
The proudest, I am pleased to cease the buffeting strife to-day;
To-morrow in the sanguine fight our prowess we will try
Till a god part us, and with one of twain the victory lie.
Now night swoops down; and they are wise who yield to dusky night.

Thou to the swift sea-faring ships return, and bring delight
To comrades and to clansmen, and to friends that love thee well,
The whiles I haste to noble Priam's high-towered citadel,
That Trojans may rejoice, and long-trained Trojan women fair,
Who for my safety clasp the shrines, and vex the gods with prayer.
But come, be precious gifts exchanged 'twixt me and thee to-day,
That some brave Greek or Trojan man in after years may say:

300
These noble heroes fought in life-destroying strife together,
But parted, when the fray was done, as brother parts with brother.

Thus Hector spoke; and to that Telamonian hero brave
His silver-studded sword, with sheath and well-cut belt, he gave;
Ajax to him a baldrick rare, shining with purple: then
They parted, Ajax to the camp of the Achean men,
And Hector to the Trojans. They with mighty joy behold
Safe from the deadly stour returned that son of Priam bold,

VOL. II.

Unscathed by Ajax' force immense, and the hands that bear all down;

And, scarce believing their dear eyes, they led him to the town; ³¹⁰ Likewise the well-greaved Argive men with noble Ajax went To Agamemnon, king divine, rejoicing in his tent.

And when to great Atrides' tent they found the ready way,

The king of men before the kingly company did slay

A five-years' bullock to Kronos' son, who doth in strength excel:

The bull they flayed, and limb by limb the parts divided well;

Then cut the flesh in pieces small, and with spits they pierced it through.

And from the fire, when roasted well, the savoury flesh forth drew.

And when their sweaty toil was o'er, and the board was amply spread,

The heroes from the equal-portioned banquet freely fed;

Only to Ajax the far-ruling Agamemnon gave

The whole unbroken chine, for meed of his achievement brave.

But when their thirst was slaked, nor more they eraved for savoury food,

First 'mid that company Gerenian Nestor old upstood,

To weave wise counsel; he whose rede before had seemed the best;

He with full friendly mien uprose, and thus the chiefs addressed:

Atrides, and ye Panachæan chiefs of mickle might,

Full many of the long-haired Greeks have bravely died in fight;

Whose purple blood, now mingled with thy flowing tide, Scamander,

Fierce Ares spilt, and down to gloomy hell their souls did

wander.

330

Wherefore beseems thee, mighty king, when morn's first ray is shed,

To stop the fight; and we will bring together all the dead,
In wains, with oxen and with mules; the bodies then we'll burn
Close by the ships, that each may glean the bones, and in an urn,
With pious care, may store them, till the ships to Greece return;
And round the pyre for all who fell we'll rear a common mound.
High from the plain, and with strong towers we'll fence it round
and round.

And in the towers we'll make strong gates, that through the broadfaced barriers,

A way may lie both sure and free for the car careering warriors.³⁴⁰
And round our lines a ditch we'll dig, a ditch both wide and deep,
Both horse and man of the Argive clan in safest ward to keep,
When our high-hearted foes the fence would proudly overleap.

Thus he; and all the kings agreed. Meanwhile at Priam's gate, High in the citadel, the Trojan folk hold high debate.

A clamorous throng, I wis, was there; far swelled the murmur loud; Till rose Antenor, prudent prince, and thus addressed the crowd: Hear me, ye Trojans, and ye Dardan brave allies, while I Speak forth the thought, that in my breast doth move me mightily;

Bring Argive Helen forth, and all her costly gear deliver

To her just lords; the Trojan arms, trust me, may prosper never

While here we fight forsworn; we thus do but increase our woes.

Thus spoke Antenor, and down sat; then 'mid the crowd

Thus spoke Antenor, and down sat; then 'mid the crowd uprose
he godlike Paris, spouse of Helen with richly-flowing hair,

The godlike Paris, spouse of Helen with richly-flowing hair,
And thus with wingèd words his thought he clearly doth declare:
Antenor, of thy prudent heart thy tongue gives scanty token,
Deem not thy brother may have part in what thy mouth hath
spoken;

But if thou truly mean'st what thou hast spoken, every whit,
Truly the gods who reign in heaven have filehed away thy wit.

I to the horse subduing Trojans freely this declare,
My hand will never back deliver that godlike woman fair;
But all the gear and trappings fine she brought I will restore
Untouched, and costly gifts will add from Priam's golden store.

Thus Paris spoke; and sat him down. Then 'mid that multitude Dardanian Priam, like the gods in council wise, upstood,
And with mild look benignly eyed the crowd; and thus spake he:
Hear me, ye Trojans, and ye Dardan brave allies, while free
I speak the thought, that in my breast doth move me mightily.
Through all the town, even as before ye have been customed, take 370
The strengthening food, and through the night let faithful sentries wake.

But in the morning to the hollow ships let brave Ideus
Go, and to Agamemnon tell, and noble Menclaus,
The word that Paris spoke, who first upstirred the troublous fray,
And thus his prudent rede declare, that they shall please to stay
The dismal-sounding battle, till we bear our dead away,
And burn them; this being done, again we'll join the combat
glorious,

Till a god shall part the purple fray, and make one side victorious.

Thus he; they to his words with the prompt deed reply, and take

The strengthening food; and through the night the faithful sentries wake.

But with the dawn Ideus went to the hollow ships, and there, In full assembly, found the valiant Greeks with flowing hair Behind King Agamemnon's ship; and there before the kings His message with clear-throated power the faithful herald brings: Wide-ruling king, and Panachaean chiefs of mickle might, Priam, and all the princely leaders of the Trojan fight, Send you this word, that ye receive with glad assent to-day, The word that Paris spake, who first upstirred the troublous fray. The costly gear by Helen brought to Ilium's sounding shore, Would the deep sea had whelmed it?) all her wealth he will restore

Untouched, and goodly gifts will add, from Priam's golden store;

But Menelaus' lovely wife remains with him, he said,
Though Troy with one consenting voice should bid restore the maid.
Yet more; they ask if it may please the Grecian kings to stay
The dismal-sounding battle, till they bear their dead away,
And burn them; this well finished, they will stir the combat
glorious,

Till a god shall part the purple fray, and make one side victorious.

Thus he; they silent stood long time, and none to answer dared,
Till upstood strong-voiced Diomede, and thus his thought declared:

Be warned by me; nor Helen's treasure, no! nor Helen's self

From Alexander take,—a child, a little witless elf

Thus he; and all the Greeks with loud-consenting shout agreed,
Admiring much the words of horse-subduing Diomede.
Then the far-ruling Agamemnon to Idaus spake:

Might see perdition hangs o'er Troy—their ruin strides with speed.

Idaeus, thou hast heard the wishes of the Argives; take

Their answer back to Troy,- myself am minded even so.

As for the dead, I may not stint their lawful dues. Where low On dusty floor outstretched in gore they lie, with gracious glow Let fires be kindled. Now may Jove, the lofty pealing sire, The spouse of Herè, seal the yow that grants your heart's desire.

410

Thus he; and high his sceptre reared to the mighty gods that sway

In heaven. Then back to sacred Troy Idaens wends his way.

Meanwhile the valiant Trojans, and the men of Dardan name.

In full assembly waiting stood, till brave Idaeus came

Back from the ships. He came, and standing 'mid the throng declared

Atrides' will. The Trojans for the mournful work prepared

Forthwith, to drive the dead in wains, and bear the needful wood.

Like pions pains beside the ships the Achaean multitude

Displayed, to drive the dead in wains, and bear the needful wood.

Now from the deep smooth-flowing stream of ocean Helios rose, And on the well-ploughed fields the freshening beams of morning throws,

Climbing the welkin; then the Greeks and Trojans met together,
To glean their dead, so grimly spread, one scarce might know his
brother.

Then with pure water from each corpse they wash the clotty gore,

And lift the bodies on the wain, while burning tears they pour.

But Priam bade them cease their wail; then on the pyres they
heave

The dead with silent toil, and sorely in their hearts they grieve.

High mounts the flame; and back they wend their way to sacred Troy.

Likewise the Greeks with burnished greaves their pions pains employ 430 To pile the pyres with dead, the whiles their hearts are grieved sore.

High mounts the flame; and back they wend to the ships that line the shore.

But ere the morn through the mirksome night shot streaks of coming day,

A chosen band of Argive men did spend their vigils gray

Around the pyre, and from the plain they raised a mighty mound,

And with high towers and ramparts fenced it strongly round and round;

And in the towers made well-compacted gates, that through the barriers

A way might lie both sure and free, for the chariot-driving warriors;

And then, to make the fence more sure, a ditch about the mound 440 Both broad and deep they drew, and drove sharp stakes into the ground.

Thus did the Greeks with flowing hair their sweaty labour ply.

Meanwhile the gods beside great Jove, whose lightning rifts the sky,
Sat, and astonicd saw the works of the copper-coated Greeks;
To them Poseidon rose, and thus the strong earth-shaker speaks:

O Jove, on earth's unmeasured plain, what food-consuming man

Will now believe that the gods do reign with wise forecounselling
plan!

These Argive men—dost thou behold?—a mighty mound have made, And fenced it round with dyke and ditch, and lofty towers, nor paid

Due honours to the gods; and now this dyke shall famous be 450

Far as the morning beams are spread o'er boundless land and sea,

While all the massy tiers I piled with bright Apollo, then

When we for king Laomedon toiled, shall fade from thought of men.

To whom with indignation high spake cloud-compelling Jove:
Earth-shaking god, broad-breasted, let no thoughts unworthy move
Thy heart; to weaker gods than thou such pale conceits belong,
Whose will controls the sea, and reins the floods both loud and strong.
Far as the morning beams are spread, thy fame shall travel wide.
When back from Troy the long-haired Greeks across the billowy
tide

Shall turn their oars, and seek the shores of their dear-loved father— land, 460

Then lash the dyke, and with thy boisterous breakers beat the strand,

And roll thick pebbles on the shore, and heap with sand the plain, Till not a trace in all the place of that proud pile remain.

Thus cloud-compelling Jove to strong Poseidon spake. Meanwhile

The night came down upon the Greeks, and veiled their tristful toil.

Then in their tents they oxen slew, and took the strengthening food.

And in the roads were Lenmian ships laden with vine-juice good,
Not few, by brave Eunæus sent, he whom Hypsipylè fair
To the sea-wandering Jason, shepherd of the people, bare.

And to Mycenæ's king apart, and noble Menelaus.

470

A thousand measures of choice wine were sent by brave Eunæus.

And from these ships the long-haired Greeks now bought the glowing wine,

With ruddy copper some, and some with iron polished fine,

And some gave hides of beeves, and very beeves some did not spare,

And some did truck with slaves; and then they spread the banquet rare.

And all night long with laugh and song the jovial cup goes round, While from the town the merry notes of Trojan feast resound. But all night long the counsellor Jove, from high-surveying station Pealed evil-boding; yellow fear possessed the Argive nation:

And on the ground each drinker poured the copious free libation 480 To Kronos' puissant son, before he dared to quaff the wine.

Then each man laid him down, and took the gift of sleep divine.

BOOK VIII.

ARGUMENT.

Fove shows his power, and bids the gods refrain
From fight; his lightnings scare old Nestor's steeds;
Roused Agamemnon stirs the host in vain,
In vain by Teucer's shaft the Trojan bleeds.
Fove his almighty will declares again,
And gives large sway to Hector's valorous deeds.
Night parts the fray; the Trojan watch-fires burning
Keep the Achean camp in fear, till morning.



BOOK VIII.

AND now the morning saffron-stoled o'er earth's wide acres shone,

When Jove, the thunder-loving, called the gods around his throne, High on the topmost peak of many-ridged Olympus. Here The monarch speaks, and all the gods attend with loyal ear: Hear me, all gods and goddesses that reign in heaven, while I Speak forth the thought that in my breast doth move me mightily; And when I speak let every god of male or female kind Beware to cross my pleasure; but, when ye have heard my mind, Obey; that I with speed may weave the fateful consummation. What god or goddess from the plan of the celestial nation

10
Shall act apart, and help or Greek or Trojan in the fight, He marred by stripes shall back return to heaven in grievous plight; Or him I'll seize, and into pitchy Tartarus' depth profound Down fling, where deep its daugeon yawns beneath the firm-set ground;

Whose iron gates and brazen doors all hope of flight defy,
As far below grim Pluto's home as heaven from earth is high;

Then shall he know that strength remains above all gods with me.

Come, if ye please, your prowess prove ev'n now, that all may

see:

Down from high heaven a golden chain be hung, and from its end Let all the proud celestial train their gathered force suspend; 20 . But not your gathered force is such to pull into the plain,

Me, Heaven's high counsellor, though much with every nerve ye strain;

But I, if I my might put forth, and with my strong hand's hollow Embrace the chain, both sea and earth and all the gods will follow.

Then to a crag beneath my throne I'll bind the chain; and high The host of gods, with land and sea, shall swing 'twixt earth and sky;

So far beyond both men and gods is the might of mightiest Jove.

Thus he; they silent stood long while, and not a lip did move,

Astonied; for with weight he spake, and stood supreme confessed.

At length the maid with the flashing eyne her awful sire

addressed:

Dread father mine, strong Kronos' son, o'er heaven supremely swaying,

Like thee in vasty strength is none, whom there is no gainsaying; Yet for the Achæan spearmen brave a tearful care we cherish, Who fill the measure of harsh fate, and in the battle perish. But if thy will be so, our hands shall from their deed abstain, Only with friendly words we'll help their need on battle plain, That not the whole Greek host may die, when hot thine anger burns.

Thus she. The father, with a smile, this friendly word returns: Have thou good cheer, Tritonia dear, my best-beloved child, I have no harsh words meant for thee; to thee I'm only mild.

He said; and yoked the brazen-footed coursers to his wain,
That swift as wind the welkin scour, with golden-flowing mane,
And round his breast the golden vest he drew; and seized the good
And golden reins; and mounted on the heavenly car he stood;
Then lashed the steeds; and they with no unwilling feet were driven
On airy path, betwixt the firm-set earth and the starry heaven.
Then to the many-fountained Ida, nurse of wild beasts, he came,
And the Gargarian shrine, where mounts the fragrant-burning
flame

From his high altar; there his steeds he from the yoke unbound,

And in dark volumes where they stood he spread thick mist

around;

Then, glorying in his strength, down sat upon the rocky scat High-peaked, and looked on the Trojan towers, and all the Danaan fleet.

Now in his tent beside the shore each long-haired Argive wight Partakes the morning meal, then buckles on his harness bright. Likewise the Trojans in the town gird them for sturdy fight In numbers fewer; but not the less flung down their willing lives—Such high compulsion holds the brave—for children and for wives. And all the gates were opened; forth the stream of people flows, Footmen and horse; loud and more loud the clamorous tumult rose. And now the hosts together rushed, and each did each assail,

And buckler upon buckler rang, and hurtled mail on mail;

And might of man did might oppose, flashed spear to spear, and

The war-cry loud and shrill, and shield met shield with brassy clang:

rang

And many a shout and many a yell to heaven commingled goeth,

From men who struck and men who fell; the field with crimson

floweth.

So long the morn was bright, and brightly rose the sacred day,
Thick flew the darts, and thickly fell the people in the fray;
But when the sun through the mid-sky with noonday splendom
sails,

The sovran father then from high hangs out his golden scales:

And in the scales two Fates of stiff-outstretching death he placed⁷⁰

For the horse-subduing Trojans, and the brave Greeks copper-cased.

And in his hands the scales he took, and the fate of Greece sank down.

Meanwhile with mighty peals he pealed; and flashed from Ida's

Far-flaming lightnings through the camp; the Achæan people saw, In blank amaze; and pale-faced fear possessed their hearts with awe. Then nor Idomeneus stood, nor Agamemnon; from the fire Of Jove, the servants of fierce Mars, the Ajax pair, retire. Old Nestor only stood, the watcher of the Greeks, and he Perforce; for his steed laboured sore by an arrow sent from thee, Thou godlike Paris, spouse of Helen with locks of beauty rare. The arrow through the forchead passed, where grows the highest hair

Of the mane from out the skull, and deadliest strikes an arrow there.

Back sprang the steed; for the keen shaft had sunk into his brain, And scared the other steeds, and reeled, wild with the barbèd pain. Then forth the old man quickly drew his knife, to cut the traces, When swift as tempest Hector's steeds, with rapid ramping paces, Came storming through the battle, driven by that driver bold, Even Hector's self. And now, indeed, thy life, thou horseman old, 90 Was lost, had not stout Diomede the imminent peril spied, And through the fight with lungs of might thus to Ulysses cried: Jove-born Laertes' son divine, thou many-scheming wight, Beseems it thee to turn and flee, like a base loon in the fight? Have thou good care lest in the back some spearman's lance thee stay,

And from old Nestor drive with me that savage man away.

VOL. II.

Thus he; but not a word that much-enduring wight replied,
And to the ships beside the sea with rushing foot he hied.
But Tydeus' son rode bravely on to the foremost in the yan,
And stood abreast of Nestor's steeds, a firm and fearless man,
And him with wingèd words addressed, and thus to speak began:
Old man, in sooth these youthful riders press thee sore; thy
knees

Are frail, thy sinews cracked, thou canst not wield thy limbs with ease;

No forward will thy weak attendant shows; thy steeds are slow.

But come, thou son of Neleus, mount my car, that thou mayst
know

How swift as wind through all the fight with cunning paces go
My Trojan steeds, in chase or flight—behold, they wait thee here,
The steeds I from Æneas took, grim counsellor of fear.
Your horses let our brave men hold; against the Trojan band,
My steeds shall bear us, that wild Hector's self may understand 110
How for the fray my eager lance leaps madly in my hand.

Thus he; nor the Gerenian horseman disobeyed, but gave
His slow-paced horses to the charge of twain attendants brave,
Eurymedon, the kindly-souled, and Sthenelus, in war
Stout-hearted; then the Jove-bred kings mounted Tydides' car.
And Nestor in his hands did take the shining reins, and high
Lifted the sounding lash; and now stout Hector was full nigh.

Forthwith at him the strong Tydides hurled his massive spear.

But missed the warrior, and transfixed his faithful charioteer,

Eniopeus, son of mighty-souled Thebaus, while the reins

He held; the lance-head in his breast beside the pap remains.

Prone from the car he fell, the nimble-footed steeds back started;

The bond that knit his limbs was loosed, and all his strength departed.

Sore vexed was Hector, when he saw his charioteer laid low,
But forward pressed, and in his breast stifled the mounting woe,
And sought another charioteer through all the ensanguined ground.
Nor long the steeds a leader lacked; for soon the hero found
Bold Archeptolemus, Iphitus' son, who with an agile bound
Leaped on the rounded car, and seized the reins that freely flowed.

And now had gruesome work been done, and ruin walked abroad, ¹³⁰
And they, back driven to Troy, been cooped like sheep within a pen,
Had not the harm been seen in heaven by the sire of gods and men;
And terribly from the sky he pealed, and his hot-bolting levin,
Before the steeds of Diomede into the ground was driven;
And terribly rose the volumed power of flame and sulphurous smoke.
Back reared the dazzled steeds, and cowered beneath the creaking
yoke,

And from his hands with sudden start the reins old Nestor threw, Quailed his high heart, and from his breast the winged word outflew: O son of Tydeus, turn we now the one-hoofed steeds to flight,

Dwells not with thee and me, I trow, the Thunderer's helping

might.

Our fight the partial Jove doth mar, and glory gives to Hector To-day; to-morrow in the war he may be our protector, If so he please. No mortal can defy his fatal plan; Strong is the cloud-compelling Jove, above all might of man.

To whom the strong-voiced Diomede with ready word replies:

Truly, old man, thy heart is prudent, and thy words are wise,

But like a goad this ugly thought doth pierce my liver through,

That Hector will upstand, and boast thus 'mid the Trojan crew:

By me the son of Tydeus scared to the ships for safety fled;

Which when I hear, may broad earth yawn, and hide me with the dead!

To them thus Nestor: Strong-voiced son of Tydeus, warlike-hearted,

What word unworthy of thy name hath from thy mouth departed? Though Hector rate thee loon and knave, thou mayst his taunts despise;

No faith he'll find with Trojans, or with Dardan brave allies,
Or with the wives of Trojan men shield-bearing, mighty-hearted,
Whose husbands dear by thy strong spear to gloomy hell departed.

Thus he; and turned the one-hoofed steeds; they through the battle flew

Rapid. Then Hector's thundering might, and his fierce downbearing crew,

With shouts divine, a rattling rain of deathful arrows poured;
And far above the fight the tall crest-flickering Hector roared:

Tydides, the fleet-steeded Greeks thy warlike worth confessed
With savoury flesh, and brimming bowls, and a seat above the rest;
Now thou art naught, and terror haunts thee, woman! o'er the field;
Go, pithless minion! deem not thou that I to thee will yield;
Our walls thou shalt not mount, our wives across the sounding sea
Thou shalt not drag. My hand shall wing the god-sent fate to thee.

Thus he; Tydides' heart was torn two ways,—to urge the flight
As Nestor would, or turn the steeds to front the bristling fight.

Thrice he resolved faceward to wheel; but thrice from Ida's crown
Pealed counsellor Jove a terrible peal, and knocked his purpose
down.

Hector the favouring omen knew; the gods for Troy decide;
And through the fervid Trojan crew the godlike hero cried:
Trojans and Lycians, and ye Dardan warriors, who delight
In the close-handed fray, be men, and prove your martial might!
Jove becks from heaven his manifest will that he will grant to Troy
Glory and victory; but the Greeks his hand will sheer destroy:

Fools! that with ditch and dyke did fence their weakness round, vain barriers,

And weak as wind against the might of Ilium's rushing warriors.

My horses o'er the ditch shall leap with nimble bound; and when
Amid the hollow ships I stand, with my brave Dardan men,

Let every hand the flaming brand usurp with speed, and then
Amid the hurry and affray, and the flame and the choking smoke,

We'll mow them down in thick array with fell life-reaving stroke!

Thus to the men. Then to his steeds he called: Xanthus, and
thou.

Light-hoofed Podargos, Æthon, and the godlike Lampos, now
Repay Andromachè's love, requite the faithful tendance true,
Which she, the daughter of high-souled Æction, gave to you,
When with the honey-hearted corn your mettle she restored,
Before her hands the table spread for me, her blooming lord.

Make speed! make speed! that I this night as a sure prize may hold
That shield, whose fame to heaven hath clomb, the shield of Nestor
old;

That shield all golden, gold the disk, and handle of pure gold.

Likewise I from thy shoulders broad, stout Tydeus' son, will take

The curious mail, that with wise hands the Olympian smith did

make.

Oh! if these trophies in my conquering gripe might surely be, This very night in hurried flight the Greeks shall cross the sea! Thus he; but his fierce words the queenly Herè might not brook,

And stirred uneasy on her throne, that vast Olympus shook;
Then the great god Poseidon she with rousing words addressed: 200
Earth-shaking, widely-swaying god, say, doth thy mighty breast
Not swell with ruth, when thou dost see the Greeks so sorely pressed?

At Helicè and Ægæ they within thy temples glorious

Piled high the costly gifts, and thou didst wish their arms victorious.

If we, to whom the Greeks are dear, would make their cause our own

And drive the Trojans back, nor fear Jove thundering from his throne,

His heart might fret, where high he sits on Ida's peak alone.

To whom with angry word the strong earth-shaking god replied:

O queenly Herè, thou hast oped thy mouth to folly wide!

Not thou nor I may Jove defy, nor all the gods with thee;

For strength in heaven to Jove is given above all gods that be!

Thus Herè and Poseidon spake. Meanwhile the middle ground Between the ships, and where the dyke and rampart drew the bound, Swarmed with shield-bearing men; and steeds with hollow tramping sound

Came clattering on; and, storming like fierce Mars in battle gory, Came Hector, son of Priam, then when Jove gave him the glory. And now the black well-balanced ships his hand had surely fired,
Had not the large-eyed queen of heaven, the spouse of Jove, inspired
King Agamemnon, with sharp word to rouse the Grecian band.
Forth to the tents the monarch went, and the ships that line the
strand,

Holding his broad and purple cloak in his strong and sinewy hand;

And stood upon Ulysses' black huge hollow ship, which lay

In midst the fleet, that speaking, they might hear him either way,

Or at the tent of Ajax, where the fleet's right wing extended,
Or where Achilles on the left the farthest ships defended,
Heroes, whose valour and strong hands the might of Troy defied.
There Agamemnon stood, and thus with shrilling voice he cried:
O shame! O shame! fie on your name! smooth Greeklings, fair to view!

Brave braggarts! where be now the deeds, to prove those vauntings true,

Which, when in Lemnos' roads we lay, were blown about so fine?

Then when ye ate the savoury flesh of high-horned Lemnian kine,
And cheered your souls from brimming bowls of ruddy-glowing
wine,

A single Greek, ye then declared, were a just match in fight For a hundred Trojans !—now ye flinch before one hero's might, Even Priam's son, who soon will wreathe our dark-hulled ships in flame.

O Father Jove! was ever king of mighty-sounding name
Smitten by thee, as thou on me dost bring disgrace and shame?
When o'er the salt sea's billowy sweep my ship did lightly bound,
Not then with scanted pile of gifts I left thine altar crowned;
But from a thousand oxen thighs and fat to thee with joy
I burnt, and prayed that soon mine eyes might greet the falling
Trov.

Grant, Jove, this single prayer to me: since Troy indeed must stand, That safe to Greece some remnant flee of my dwindled Argive band, Nor Trojans burn our ships with fire on a far and foreign strand!

He said: the father saw his grief, and heard his tearful prayer,
And with a nod his will declared the people's lives to spare;
And sent his eagle, chiefest bird of all the wingèd kind,
That in its talons held a fawn born of fleet-footed hind.
Down to the ground it flung the fawn beside the altar beautiful,
Where to all-voicing Jove the Greeks performed the worship
dutiful.

But they, when they beheld the swoop of Jove's dark-wingèd bird, Turned on the Trojans; and their soul with martial might was stirred.

Then first of all the Achaean men, amid the countless brave, Sprang stout Tydides, and before the rest his coursers drave, And overleapt the ditch, and boldly faced the Trojan clan.

And first was he in fight to slay a harnessed Trojan man,

Brave Agelaus, Phradmon's son, who turned his steeds to flight;

Him in the spine, as back he turned, transfixed Tydides right

Between the shoulders; through the breast the lance-head drove,

and bore him

Sheer from his car against the ground, and his armour rattled o'er him.

Him followed the Atridæ twain, and joined the new-stirred fight;
With them the Ajax pair, with war's impetuous strength ydight;
Idomeneus next, and who with him fared o'er the Cretan water,
Brave Merion, a match for Mars, who loves the ruddy slaughter.
Eurypylus next, Euæmon's son, did face the Trojan foe.
Ninth, Teucer came, and in his hand he held the back-bent bow,
And close behind the Telamonian's rounded buckler stood.
Then Ajax drew his shield aside; forth came that archer good,
And looked with rapid glance around, and marked a Trojan foeman,

Who fell beneath the sure-sped shaft of the true-eyed Argive bowman, 270

Then back to Ajax ran, even as a child creeps to its mother;
The hero stretched his huge round shield, and safely hid his brother.

Whom then did Teucer slay the first of all the Trojan crew? Orsilochus first, and Amopaon, and Ormenus he slew;

Dætor, and Ophelestes, Chromius, Melanippus found

Black death from him, and godlike Lycophontes bit the ground.

Then Agamemnon, king of men, rejoiced to see the foe,

Fall in long lines beneath the shafts shot from that potent bow;

And up to Teucer close he came, and spoke him kindly, so:

280

Teucer, dear head, brave Telamonian, people's leader, smite

With thy sure arrow through the heart of Troy, and so bring light

To Greece and to thy godlike sire, who, when thy years were few,

Bred thee, a bastard, in his house, till thou to manhood grew;
Thy fame with honour and with joy will crown his hoary brow.
But, mark me well; and time will ripen what I tell thee now:
If Jove and the Olympian powers shall grant my soul this joy,
To see down fall the lofty towers of strong well-builded Troy,
The worthiest prize next to my share of all that booty rare,
I give to thee, a tripod, or a chariot with a pair

Of long-maned steeds, or a lovely maid thy hero couch to share.
To whom, with answer bold and free, spake Telamon's noble

Glorious Atrides, why to me, whose nature loves to run,

Apply the spur? Where there was field for archer's work, not
slack

My hand hath been; but from what time to Troy we drave them back.

With bended bow I crouch, and wait, the Trojan men to slay.

Eight good long-barbèd arrows from my well-strung bow to-day
I shot; and at each well-aimed shaft a stout youth bit the ground.

But Hector balks me; all my craft fails of that raging hound.

He said; and twanged his bow again, and winged his arrow's flight

At Priam's son—for much he longed to pierce that doughty wight—But missed him; to another son of noble Priam sped

The baleful shaft, and in Gorguthion's stomach sheathed its head.

Him Castianeira bare, a most exceeding lovely dame,

Like to immortal goddesses, who from Æsymè came.

And as a poppy round and ripe, when rainy skies do frown,

Bends to the shower, and o'er the bed droopeth its laden crown,

So sideward he did droop his head, and his helmet weighed him

down

Then Tencer twanged his bow again, and shot an arrow right

At Priam's son—for much he longed to pierce that doughty

wight—

But missed him; for Apollo turned the arrow in its flight
'Gainst Archeptolemus, Hector's charioteer, ev'n as he pressed
On through the eager strife of men, and smote him in the breast.

Down from the car he fell; the nimble-footed steeds back-started,
The bond that knit his knees was loosed, and all his strength departed.

Sore vexed was Hector when he saw his charioteer laid low,
But onward pressed, and in his breast stifled the swelling woe;
Then to Cebriones called aloud, his brother, who stood nigh,
To seize the reins; Cebriones heard, and mounted willingly.
Then Hector shouted high, and from his car all burnished bright 320
Leapt on the ground, and seized a stone, and through the battle,
right

To Teucer strode; for much he longed to quell that archer's might.

Then Teucer from his quiver drew the arrow winged with woe,

And placed it on the string; but while he backward bends the bow,

The tall crest-flickering Hector smote him near the shoulder, where The key-bone parts the neck and breast; and the wound is deadliest there.

Even there with the sharp-pointed stone he smote him; and in twain

He broke his bowstring, and his arm was numbed with the tingling pain.

Upon his knees he fell; and from his hand down dropt the bow.

But Ajax, when he saw the blood of his dear-loved brother flow, ³³⁰

Bestrode the fallen chief, and held his broad round buckler o'er him.

Then from the field two of his trusty best-loved comrades bore him—

Mecisteus, son of Echios, and Alastor, chief divine;

These bare him, groaning, to the ships beside the billowy brine.

Then the Olympian with new force the Trojan men inspired,
And to the ditch back driven, the scared Achæan host retired;
For Hector swept through all the van with strength immortal fired.
As when a hound to mountain-boar or lion wild gives chase,
And from behind him presses sore with hard unflagging pace
Close on his haunches, and with watchful eyes his winding race

340
Pursues; so closely Hector chased the long-haired Argive crew,
Far-drifting o'er the field, and still the hindmost man he slew.
But when beyond the ditch and stakes he drave their routed bands,

And many an Argive foeman took his death from Trojan hands,
Beside the hollow ships at length they mass their ranks; and there
One to another call, and all the gods besiege with prayer,
And, lifting up their hands, nor oath nor holy vow they spare,
While Hector lashed his full-maned steeds, and whirled his stormy
car,

Glaring like Gorgon or like Mars that gloats on grisly war.

But when the white-armed Herè saw the Greeks so sorely pressed,

Spear-shaking Pallas she straightway with wingèd words addressed:
Daughter of ægis-bearing Jove, while from our seats on high
Deedless we gaze, in utter need shall all the Grecians die?
The measure of an evil fate they fill before the sway
Of one fell-swooping warrior; truly Hector in the fray

Rages, as madmen rage, and spreads destruction waste and wide.

To whom the goddess with the strong dread-flashing eyne replied:

Him may perdition seize! some rude and violent Argive hand
Stretch him, the violent-hearted wight, dead on the Trojan strand!
But, for my sire, a heart he keeps with no sane passion swelling,
Inexorable, harsh, each gentle word from me repelling;
Nor now remembers, when Eurystheus vexed his moiling son,
How often I with aid was nigh, and the sweatful task was done.
Ofttimes he looked to heaven and wept; my father then would
borrow

My aid, and down from heaven I leapt, to heal Alcides' sorrow.

Oh, had I known what now I know, what time I helped to bring
Him to the lightless hall below of the brazen-gated king,
From hell to hale by his shaggy mane the grim three-headed hound,
He never then had crossed again the Stygian pool profound.

But now Jove hates me, and holds talk with Thetis; whom to
please,

For that she seized his chin, and grasped with suppliant hand his knees,

Her fierce town-sacking son he honours. But the hour is near, When he again shall crave my aid, and call me daughter dear. But come, and to the car yoke thou the one-hoofed steeds, while I Haste to the hall of agis-bearing Jove, who rules the sky,

And bind to my breast the mailèd vest, that I may surely know
If Hector of the flickering crest shall joy to front the foe,
When on the bridges of the war our harnessed forms we show,
Or then, some Trojan's fat and flesh shall spread the savoury food
To dogs and ravenous fowls, beside the salt sea's sounding flood. 380
She said; and white-armed Herè heard her words with willing mood.

Then forth went she, goddess revered, of mighty Kronos daughter,
And busily plied the work to harness, for the field of slaughter,
Her steeds of high celestial breed, with golden frontlets rare.
Meanwhile Athenè, seed of Jove, who rules the thunderous air,
Dropt on the threshold of her sire's star-pavèd hall above,
The delicate various-broidered stole, which her own fingers wove;
Then to her breast she bound the cloud-compeller's mail of might,
And buckled all her fighting gear, to join the tearful fight;
Then swift the flaming car she mounts, and seizes in her hand,
The long and weighty spear, that quells full many a bristling
band,

When with wrath divine the high heart swells of that strongfathered maid.

Then Herè swayed the lash; the steeds with nimble foot obeyed;
Wide open flew on self-moved hinge the sounding gates of heaven,
Kept by the Hours; for to their hands the lofty charge was
given,

To open clear the azure gates of Jove's bright halls above,

Or bar them with black clouds; through these the well-spurred steeds they drove.

But Jove from topmost Ida saw, and swelled his heart with ire;

Then thus to golden-winged Iris spake the almighty sire:

Go, nimble Iris, turn them back, and rein their steeds divine.

A perilous proof they shall not lack, whose will shall clash with mine.

400

This I declare, and all my words to deeds shall ripen; 1

Your airy-footed steeds will lame, and from the chariot high

Cast down yourselves, and dash your flaming battle-car in sunder:

And such sore wounds your frame shall catch from my hot-bolted thunder,

That not ten years shall heal them. Thus shall my bold daughter know

How vain the stroke that would provoke her father for her foe.

For Herè less I care, and less she moves my spleen; for still

With wayward mind was she inclined to thwart my sovran will.

Thus he; and breezy-footed Iris from the steepy height
Of Ida to the vast Olympus winged her airy flight;

Then at the portals of the many-gladed mount she stands,

Detains the car, and thus reveals the almighty sire's commands:

Where now! and by what madness driven? shall this not give you pause,

That Jove forbids all gods in heaven to aid the Argive cause?

Thus he declares, and all his words to deeds shall ripen. I

Your nimble steeds, he says, will lame, and from the chariot high

Cast down yourselves, and dash your flaming battle-car in sunder,

And such sore wounds your frame shall catch, from his hot-bolted thunder.

That not ten years shall heal them. Thus shalt thou, his daughter, know

How vain the stroke that would provoke the father for thy foe. For Herè less he cares, and less she moves his spleen, for still With wayward mind was she inclined to thwart his sovran will; But thou, fell virgin, if thou dare against his mandate now To lift thy spear, a very dog all blushless bold art thou.

Thus Iris; and with backward speed the yielding air she clove;

Then Herè to the daughter spake of ægis-bearing Jove:

Daughter of ægis-bearing Jove, when Jove forbids, not I

For love of mortal men advise all-daring to defy

His will. In fight let one man live, and let another die,

As chance may bring; but Kronos' son his own high purposed plan,

Rightful pursues, and weighs the fates of Greek and Trojan clan.

She said; and turns the one-hoofed steeds, and backward guides the reins;

Then from the car the Hours unyoked the steeds with flowing manes,

And bound them with well-twisted cords to ambrosian mangers fine,

And placed the chariots in the sheds that with clear whiteness shine

Then Herè and Athenè sat them down on golden seats

Amid the gods; but their dear hearts a sore vexation eats.

Then Jove from Ida drave his smooth-wheeled chariot through the air,

And to Olympus came, and found the Olympians seated there;

The strong sea-god unyoked the steeds, and to their stalls he led them.

And on the stand he placed the cars, and with fine cloths over spread them.

Then the far-seeing father on a throne all golden took

His lofty seat; and 'neath his feet the vast Olympus shook.

But Here and Athene from the lord that rules the sky

Sat sundered; nor one word they spoke, nor looked with welcoming eye.

But well the Thunderer knew their hearts, and thus bespake the pair:

Why sit ye twain apart, with pouting looks and glooming air? Ye hate the Trojans; but not faint with loss of blood, I trow, Ye from the sweaty toil return of the dinsome battle now. Strong are my hands when I will strike; nor shall my will be driven

From its high-purposed mark by all the banded gods in heaven.

But you—strong trembling seized your glorious limbs, lest ye should

mar

Your delicate eyne by grisly sights of grim-disfiguring war.

But, mark me well; and from my words fulfilment stands not far:

Once thunder-smitten by my bolt, your shattered car shall never

Back bring you to Olympus, seat of gods who live for ever.

Thus he; but they low muttering sat, from all the gods apart,

And 'gainst the Trojans nursed strong hate deep in their moody

heart.

Silent Jove's awful daughter sat, and in her soul repressed

The rising bile; against the sire high heaved her spleenful breast;

But Here's anger brooked no bonds, and him she thus addressed:

O son of Kronos terrible, what harsh word hast thou spoken?

Well know the gods that thou art strong; thy strength remains unbroken;

But for the Argive spearmen brave a tearful care we cherish,
Who fill the measure of harsh fate, and in grim battle perish;
But if thy will be so, our hands no work of war shall try;
Good counsel only we will give, that not the whole may die,
But some small rescued remnant live, when swells thine anger high.

To whom the cloud-compelling son of Kronos thus replied:

To morrow, if thy humour list, my queenly spouse full-eyed,

With day's first radiance thou shalt see great Jove, in strength excelling,

Send thousands of thy dear Greeks down to Pluto's hated dwelling. For doughty Hector in the fight must madly rage, till he Rouse keen Pelides, swift of foot, from the ships beside the sea, Even on that day when the hot fray beside the high-pooped ships Shall wildly spread, when breath hath fled from dear Patroclus' lips. So stands the fate; nor private hate nor love of thine may bend My will, once spoken, though to deepest roots thou shouldst descend Of earth and sea, where Iapetus and ancient Kronos spend The long drawn dreary time, divorced from clear Hyperion's light, 480 And from the freshening breeze, girt round by thick Tartarean night; Go there, and nurse in darkness now thy rancorous grudge un sated,—

No dog more impudent,—but thou canst never change the fated.

Thus he; but not a word to him his white-armed spouse replied.

And now the sun's far-westering light sank into ocean's tide,

And o'er the cornfields golden-eared drew darkness stretching wide.

Sad were the Trojans when he sank; but to the Greeks the night Brought comfort on his pitchy wing, and rest from weary fight.

Then Hector to th' assembly called each high souled Trojan wight:

Them to an open space beside the swirling stream he led, 450 Far from the ships, and where the field was clear from the frequent dead ;

They from their steeds leapt on the ground to hear the high command

From mouth of Hector, dear to Jove; he stood, and in his hand A lance he held eleven cubits long, whose head did shine With pointed copper, by a ring enclasped, both fast and fine. On this the hero leant, and thus from lusty throat he cries: Hear me, ye trusty Trojans, Dardan men, and brave allies; This day I to my heart had said, my hand shall sure destroy The Greeks, and victor back return to the wind-swept lofty Troy; But night came darkling down, and saved the well-greaved Greeks from me,

Else doomed to die, where the surf beats high the beach that bounds the sea.

Then yield we to the dusky night; and now with busy pains
Our evening meal prepare; and the fleet steeds with flowing manes
Unyoke, and freely heap their cribs with the healthsome nurturing
grains:

And from the town bring oxen fat, and sheep both stout and good,

Deftly; and from the wine-jar drain the honey-hearted flood; And from the store bring bread, and gather logs of dry old wood. That all night long the watch fires strong upon the field may blaze,

And the sky be bright with the shining light of their manyflickering rays,

Lest with the aid of night's dark shade the Greeks assay to flee ⁵¹⁰

To the far-off strand of their native land on the broad back of the sea.

But when they flee, let not their flight from war's annoy be free!

And, when they leap into the ship, from spear and barbèd arrow,

Let them bear tokens home, and there digest the bitter sorrow,

Long years; that henceforth none may dare who hear their shameful ruin

To bring the tearful Mars against the Trojans horse-subduing.

And let the heralds dear to Jove proclaim through all the town

That all the primest youth, and all the old men with hoary crown,

Shall to the god-built towers repair and keep strict watch, and

The delicate-footed women light within the well-built hall

A blazing fire, lest while the folk are absent, the Achaeans

Come by surprise, and through our sleep we hear their conquering preans.

And now, ye mighty-hearted Trojans, even as 1 advise So be it; this day's need ye know; what farther must be done To morrow I will clearly show, when shines to morrow's sun. But this I pray to Jove supreme, that I may drive from Troy
These hounds, whom baleful fiends sent here, to kill and to destroy.

Meanwhile a sure and sleepless watch beneath the dusky night
We'll keep, and with the dawn gird on our armour burnished
bright,

And by the hollow ships we'll rouse the keen-embittered fight.

Then shall I know if Tydeus' son from the ships beside the sea

Shall drive me back, or shrink from sight of my good spear, and flee;

Then I to Troy, with victor's joy, his blood-stained mail will

bear.

To-morrow's light shall prove his might, if he indeed may dare

To face my hurtling spear; but he amid the first, I trow,

With ugly wounds shall fall; and friends that love him dearliest

now

Shall leave the light with him. Oh, would that I so surely might From death be free, and peevish eld, and share the honours bright Of Pallas and Apollo, as I surely see that sorrow

540
Shall rise on all the Achaean host with the sun that mounts to-morrow'

Thus spake brave Hector; and the host with swelling shouts agreed.

Then each stout Trojan from the yoke unloosed his sweating steed, And with thongs bound him to the cars that served the warrior's need. And from the town fat beeves they drave, and sheep both stout and good,

Deftly, and from the wine-jar drained the honey-hearted flood,

And brought bread from the store, and heaped the logs of dry old wood.

Then on the bridges of grim war, elate with mighty hope,

All night they sat; and many a fire blazed 'neath the dusky cope.

As when the stars in the cloudless blue around the full moon bright

Far-twinkling shine, while not a breath bestirs the breezeless night,

And the shepherd notes each well-known sign, and pleased beholds the sight.

So twixt the ships that plough the main, and Xanthus' swirling stream,

560

From point to point far o'er the plain the frequent watch-fires gleam.

A thousand fires shone bravely out, and by each blazing flame

Sat fifty Trojan warriors stout, and men of Dardan name.

Meanwhile the steeds beside the cars, spelt and white barley grain

Stood champing, till the fair throned Morn streamed brightness o'er the plain.



BOOK IX.

ARGUMENT.

Pressed by the Dardan force the Greeks retire,
And council hold beside the hollow ships;
Three envoys, sent to soothe Achilles' ire,
Come to his tent, and plead with powerful lips;
He with indignant scorn their hearts' desire
Denies, and clouds their hope with dark eclipse.
All droop; but doughty Diomede doth borrow
Strength from himself, to fight again to-morrow



BOOK IX.

Thus held the Trojans their night-watch; but sense-confounding Flight,

Companion of blood-curdling Fear, possessed each Danaan wight; Grief smote the troubled hearts of all the chiefs of high degree.

As when two winds have rudely roused the fish-abounding sea, Boreas and Zephyr, when from Thrace in gusty fits they blow, Down darkling with a sudden swoop; forthwith the billowy flow Rolls on with roughened crest, and with thick sea-weed strews the sand;

So with dark doubt was tossed each heart in all the Grecian band.

Nor least in Agamemnon's breast the wintry sorrow rose;

Pricked with sharp grief, to the clear-throated heralds forth he goes,

And bids them, not with loud alarm of public-sounded call,
But privily summon to debate the chiefest captains all.
Himself amid the foremost toiled; and when each summoned

Was gathered to his call, and sat, his heart oppressed with grief,

Upstood the king, and poured salt tears, as some dark-watered fountain

Pours its sheer flood beneath the deep black chasm of the mountain. So groaning inly from his heart, King Agamemnon speaks:

Friends well-beloved, brave captains, and wise counsellors of the Greeks,

Truly with gives of heavy harm hath Jove now fettered me.

Harsh lord of heaven! with solemn nod, and promise spoken free,

Who filled my heart with hope to sack old Troy, and plough the

sea,

Homeward with conquering keel! but now with expectation cheated,
And armies lost, he bids me sail, and all my plans defeated.

Such the dread pleasure of the god, whose anger hath brought
down

To earth the crumbled battlements of many a high-towered town, And more shall bring; for strong in heaven above all gods is he. Come list me then, brave Argive men, and wisely follow me; Flee we this day o'er the briny way, to Argos; for the joy May ne'er be ours with baffled powers to take the broad-wayed Troy.

Thus he; but they in silence sat, nor breathed one murmuring word,

Long time; for with sharp stings of grief their mighty hearts were stirred.

At length outspake and silence brake the strong voiced Diomede:
Atrides, I with thee must strive, for 'tis my right indeed,
In free debate my voice to give, nor thou displeased be.
A barbed word of sharp reproach thou once didst cast on me,
A pithless and unwarlike wight is Diomede! so fell
Thy taunting phrase among the Greeks, as old and young can tell.
O king, the son of cunning-thoughted Kronos gave to thee
But half the kingship; sceptre's might and regal state we see
In Agamemnon; but whereon thy throne should chiefly rest,
Courage and pith, here thou dost lag a league behind the best.
Unkingly thought for a kingly wight, to deem that we should
mar,

By faint hearts and unwarlike flight this proud high-purposed war! But if thy thought from danger flees, and thou art loath to dare, Go! From the strand the path is plain; thy ships are waiting

But here we'll stay, I and the Greeks with richly-flowing hair,
Till Ilium fall; or, if they too refuse like men to stand,
Even let them flee across the sea to their dear-loved fatherland!
We will remain—myself and Sthenelus—till our hands destroy
These haughty towers; for not without a god we came to Troy.

there.

Thus he; and all the sons of the Greeks with loud acclaim agreed, 50

And with much marvel heard the rede of strong-voiced Diomede.

Then with wise words to speak the aged horseman Nestor rose;
Tydides, none with strength like thine can deal life-reaving blows,
And from thy mouth, above thy peers, the sagest counsel flows;
Wise were thy words; no Greek, I trow, will blame stout Diomede;
But now thou hast not spoken all that suits the moment's need.
Few are thy years, brave Tydeus' son, and thee I well might call
My youngest boy; but wholesome words from thee in council fall
Before the kings; thou marshallest brave thoughts in fair array.
But sith my years are more than thine, and sith my hairs are
grey,

I'll give my thought free vent; nor thou, nor any Greek shall blame,

Nor Agamemnon king, the word that from old Nestor came.

Outcast from law, from kin and clan and sacred hearth be far

Who loves the civil broil, and rends the state with native war!

But now the dusky night swoops down; beneath the dim grey sky

Spread we our evening meal, the while the appointed sentries

lie

Beside the ditch, without the dyke, and watch with sleepless eye.

These things I bid the young men do; but let the high command,

Atrides, come from thee, the kingliest king of all the band.

Spread thou a banquet for the chiefs; right well this suits the king;

Thy tents are full of costly wine, which thy brave sailors bring,

From Thrace to thee across the sea, when they plough the sounding brine;

Full many tribes thy sceptre sways, and ample stores are thine;

And when the chiefs are gathered round thy board, let each make bare

His thoughts; and what they counsel well, be thine to do and dare.

Truly a prudent word we need, when the fires of wakeful Troy

Flare through the night so near the ships; what Argive heart with

joy

Such sight may see? Certes, this night shall save us, or destroy.

Thus he; they blithely heard his word, and promptly forth they came,

A harnessed host of watchmen good, young men of gallant fame; so The son of Nestor, shepherd of the people, Thrasymede; Brave Aphareus, and Creon's son, the godlike Lycomede, Deïpyrus, Ascalaphus, and Ialmenus, sons of Mars, And Merion, who came from Crete to join the Trojan wars, Seven leaders brave; and each brave leader counted in his band A hundred youths; and each youth held a long spear in his

hand;
Between the ditch and dyke sat down each valiant-hearted wight,
And kindled fires, and made his meal beneath the cold grey night.
Then Agamemnon to his tent the elders led, and there

He set before each chief the grateful life-sustaining fare.

500

They stretched their hands with joy, and freely ate the viands good; And when their thirst was sated, and no more they craved of food, Uprose the Pylian horseman old to speak before the rest, Nestor, whose warning word before had seemed to all the best; Even he with friendly mien uprose, and thus the chiefs addressed: Thrice-glorious king of mighty sway, great Atreus' son, from thee Begins my speech, whate'er I say, and still returns to thee; For thou of many tribes art lord; the sceptre of command Jove gave to thee, and his most righteous laws are in thy hand. 'Tis thine to speak, and thine to hear what others say; but when 100 Each man his wisest thought makes clear, he from the king of men Awaits decision; without thee vain are the wisest schemes. But I will speak what to my soul the best advisal seems; For well I deem no man will show a wiser word to day Than what old Nestor tells thee now, and what he then did say, What time, O king, thy wrath took wing, and thy hand did invade

The fierce Achilles' tent to fetch that fair Brisean maid,

Not with my will; my inmost thought I frankly bared to thee

Then with plain words; but thou didst bid thy humour wander free,
And with disgrace didst brand the chief, the best in all the host, 110

Whom the gods honour, and didst seize the prize he loved the most.

But even now fair hope remains to heal this hurt, if he

Good words of soothing peace shall hear, with costly gifts, from thee.

He spoke; and Agamemnon thus, the king of men, replied:
Old man, thy words are wise, and well my fault thy mouth doth
chide;

Fool was my name, I own the blame, and for my folly smart.

Worth a whole army is the man whom Jove loves in his heart,
As him he loves, and for his sake hath laid our legionslow.

But sith such folly held my heart, and worked me mickle woe,
I for my fault will pay with deeds that show my sorrow true.

120

These costly gifts I send; behold, I tell their tale to you:
Seven tripods that ne'er knew the fire, ten golden talents fine,
And twenty caldrons large and round of burnished copper shine;
And twice six firm-fleshed steeds, that bore full many a prize away

With their swift feet; not poor the man who with true speech can say,

This store is mine; nor scant of envied wealth his state shall be Who owns the gold that in the race these coursers gained for me. Seven women too I'll give, well skilled in works of broidery rare, Seven Lesbian maids, above all tribes of fairest women fair,

Whom, when he took the Lesbian fort, I chose for mine own share. These will I give, and her likewise from whom this rancour grew, The fair Briseïs; and this solemn oath I swear to you:

Not I her couch have touched, nor knew with her sweet love's delight,

As man from maid by nature's due may claim, and human right.

These gifts I offer now; and, when the gods shall grant the joy
To sack the fort and raze the walls of the strong well-builded Troy,
And when the Greeks of Priam old divide the gathered store,
Then let him heap his ships with gold, and ruddy copper ore;
Twelve Trojan maids he eke shall choose, who next to Argive Helen
Are fairest found, and bear them home to his dear-loved Phthian
dwelling.

And when to Argos we return, with loamy fatness swelling,
I'll call him son, and shower my choicest love upon his head,
As on Orestes, my dear boy, in princely state ybred.
Three daughters in my strong well-timbered house were born to
me,

Chrysothemis, Iphianassa, and Laodicè;

For these no dower he shall pay; but of the three, the fairest
Bear to old Peleus' hall; and I the richest and the rarest
Of gifts will give that ever sire bestowed on daughter dearest.
And seven fair-sited forts I'll add; the strong Cardamylè,
Strong Enopè, and Hirè, where the lush green pastures be,
Pheræ divine, and thy deep-meadowed flowery stretch, Antheia,
And vine-empurpled Pedasus, and with fair front Æpeia.
On sandy Pylos' verge they lie, by the salt sea's billowy swell;
There many lords of lands, in flocks and herds abounding, dwell:
They to their king shall offerings bring, who rules with lawful sway,
And like a god shall own his nod, and with leal hearts obey.

This will I do, if I may see the hero's wrath abated.

Pray he may bend! Harsh is the lord of hell, the brazen-gated,

Unbending Hades; therefore he above all gods is hated

By mortal men; but Peleus' son should yield his will to me,

Lord of more people, and who count more summers flown than

he.

To whom Gerenian Nestor then, that horseman old, replied:
Glorious Atrides, king of men, in Argos swaying wide.
Right seemly are such gifts from thee to tame Achilles' pride.
Come! let us choose the choicest men, and let them now be sent.
And bear thy gracious message to the ficrce Pelidan's tent;
Myself will name them; in my choice thy will let them revere.
First of the band be Phenix old, to the son of Kronos dear;
With him divine Ulysses, Ajax, and the heralds twain,
Eurybates and Odius, shall wend in goodly train;
And bring ye water for our hands; and from words of ugly omen
Abstain, and pray that pitiful Jove may quell the rampant forman.
Thus he; and his well-pondered word their willing heart commands.

And the deft heralds brought straightway pure water for their hands:

And blooming boys did crown the bowls with wine; and then did reach

With busy-circling hand the bright and brimming cup to each

They to the gods libations poured, and to their hearts' content

They drank; then forth well pleased they went from Agamemnon's

tent.

And round them all with friendly word and wink old Nestor went;

But to Ulysses spake apart, that he with nice assay
Of soothing words to fierce Pelides' heart might win his way.

Then to the shore of the vast and voiceful sea the chiefs went forth,

And to the strong rock-smiting god, whose stream engirds the earth,

They prayed to teach them fierce Achilles' haughty heart to tame.

And soon to the tents and dark-hulled ships of the Myrmidons they came;

And found the chief where with the clear-toned lyre he did delight His soul—a lyre with silver bridge, and made with mickle sleight, Beautiful, which from spoils he chose of sacked Eëtion's town; With this his soul he soothed, and sang old gests of high renown, And fronting him Patroclus sat alone, his dear-loved friend,

Silent, and waiting till the chief the pleasing song might end.

Him thus they found. Ulysses led; before the chief they stand:

Amazed the godlike hero saw, and rose with lyre in hand.

From his high seat likewise Patroclus, when he saw the men,

Uprose; and thus the swift of foot welcomed their coming then:

All hail! dear friends are ye to me, what need hath brought you here?

Small cause have I to love the Greeks; but ye are very dear.

Thus the divine Pelides spake, and by the hand he led

The chiefs, and set them on a couch with purple bravely spread.

Then to Patroclus turning, thus with wingèd word spake he:

Bring forth a bowl, a broad deep bowl, thou dearest friend to me;

Mingle small water with the wine, and brim the cup; for they

Are dear men to my heart, who come beneath my roof to-day.

He said; Menœtius' son fulfilled his dear-loved friend's desire.

Then a flesh-board both broad and strong he placed before the fire.

And of a sheep and a fat goat he laid the chine thereon,
And of a hog the broad round back, that with rich fatness shone.
Automedon held the flesh; Achilles then with service due
Cut it full cleanly, and with spits he pierced it nicely through.

Mencetius' son, the godlike man, a blazing fire then kindled;
And when the fire was strong and clear, and the flickering flame

He stretched the flesh above the hearth, where the well-raked ashes shine,

had dwindled,

And propped the spits on stands, and freely strewed the salt divine.

And when the roast was browned full well, and laid on dressers

fine,

Patroclus on the table placed the bread all white and fresh,
In beautiful baskets; and Achilles carved the steaming flesh,
And dealt his share to each. He sat close to the adverse wall,
Fronting Laertes' godlike son; then with clear-throated call
He bade Patroclus give the gods their due; his friend's desire
The hero owned, and flung the sacred tribute on the fire:

220
Then forth they stretched their willing hands, to taste the savoury
feast.

And when no more sharp hunger urged, and eager thirst had ceased, Ajax to Phœnix nods; divine Ulysses knew his soul,

And poured the wine, and to Achilles pledged the brimming bowl:
Hail, son of Peleus! sure no lack we find of dainty cheer,
Or in King Agamemnon's tent, great Atreus' son, or here,
Beside the sounding sea; thy board with life-sustaining food
Groans liberal heaped; but we, alas, are strange to feasting mood.
Dark looms the time; this very day we fear to perish quite,
With all the ships, except thou rise, and clothe thee with thy might;
The haughty Trojans, and their brave allies that come from far,
Bestride our ramparts, and besiege our ships with battering war;
Their thick-sown fires gleam through the night, and with loud
vaunt they say,

Our galleys they will seize, and cut our homeward course away.

His flashing levin's favouring sign the partial Thunderer shows

Portentous; through the stirring camp high-hearted Hector goes,

And with exuberant valiance brims, boasting Jove's aid, and braves Both men and gods; with such mad strength possessed the hero raves,

And for the break of morn he burns, that he with mighty swoop ²⁴⁰
From the Achean ships may cut the crests of the lofty poop,
And with the strong jawed fire consume them, and when hugewreathed smoke

Involves the Greeks, then mow them down with keen death-dealing stroke.

Such threats instruct my heart to fear the gods may guide the war, To flaming Hector's wish, and our high-planted purpose mar, And leave us here to rot, from rich horse-rearing Argos far. But thou, brave comrade, if thou wilt, canst save us; rise and show Thy hands of might, and fiercely smite the dinsonne-driving foe. Now there is hope; anon the ripened sorrow will outgrow All reach of cure, and thou too late shalt weep. Let pity sway 250 Thy heart even now, and with thy might this evil-fortuned day Back drive from Greece. Brave friend, the words thy father spake, when thou

Left Phthia for the tearful war, I pray thee ponder now.

Dear son, said he, Pallas and Herè o'er the martial field

Can make thee lord; but o'er thine own high-vaulting spīrit wield

The sceptre thou; to gentle words ofttimes harsh humours yield.

From rancorous quarrels keep thee free, and evil-minded strife,

That Greeks both old and young may see, and praise thy honoured

life.

Thus spake old Peleus; but his words are gone from thee. O cease

This hour from spirit-fretting bile, and nurse sweet thoughts of
peace!

260

The king, if thou from wrath wilt cease, will thy rich stores increase With fair additions. Lend thine ear, and bend thy will to me, And hear what kingliest gifts the great Atrides proffered thee, This very night within his tent, if thou to him incline:

Seven tripods that ne'er knew the fire, ten golden talents fine, And twenty caldrons large and round of burnished copper shine; And twice six firm-fleshed steeds, that bore full many a prize away With their swift feet; not poor the man who with true speech can say,

This store is mine; nor scant of envied wealth his state shall be Who owns the gold that in the race these coursers gained for me; 270

Seven women too he'll give, well skilled in works of broidery rare, Seven Lesbian maids, above all tribes of fairest women fair, Whom, when he took the Lesbian fort, he chose for his own share.

These will be give, and her likewise from whom this rancour grew, The fair Briseïs; and this solemn oath will swear to you: Not he her couch has touched, nor known with her sweet love's delight,

As man from maid by nature's due may claim, and human right.

These gifts he offers now; and, when the gods shall grant the joy

To sack the fort and raze the walls of the strong well-builded

Troy,

And when the Greeks of Priam old divide the gathered store,

Then thou shalt heap thy ships with gold, and ruddy copper ore;

Twelve Trojan maids thou eke shalt choose, who next to Argive

Helen

Are fairest found, and bear them home to thy dear-loved Phthian dwelling.

dwelling.

And when to Argos we return, with loamy fatness swelling,
He'll call thee son, and shower his choicest love upon thy head,
As on Orestes, his dear boy, in princely state ybred.

Three daughters in his strong well-timbered palace boasteth he,
Chrysothemis, Iphianassa, and Laodicè;
For these no dower thou shalt pay; but of the three, the fairest
Bear to old Peleus' hall; and he the richest and the rarest
Of gifts will give that ever sire bestowed on daughter dearest.

And seven fair-sited forts he'll add: the strong Cardamylè,
Strong Enopè, and Hirè, where the lush green pastures be,
Pheræ divine, and thy deep-meadowed flowery stretch, Antheia,
And vine-empurpled Pedasus, and with fair front Æpeia.

On sandy Pylos' verge they lie, by the salt sea's billowy swell;
There many lords of lands, in flocks and herds abounding, dwell:
They to their king shall offerings bring, who rules with lawful sway,
And like a god shall own his nod, and with leal hearts obey.
This will he do if he may smooth displeasure from thy brow.
But if thy heart is set to hate Atrides, and if thou
Wilt scorn his gifts, O spurn not all the Greeks who pray thee now,
Sore worn by wasting war; for they shall honour thy loved name,
Even as a god, and thou for them shalt earn undying fame.
The raging Hector thou shalt slay; for high the flood doth brim
Of madness in his veins, and none, he says, is peer to him,
Of all the Achaean host that crossed the salt sea's billowy tide.

To whom Achilles swift of foot with ready word replied:

Jove-born Laertes' son, thou wise and many-scheming chief,

Beseems that when I speak to thee my words be clear and brief,

Even as I think, and as the deed shall bear fruit in the end,

That ye to storm my ears no more your bootless breath may spend.

That man I in my soul detest, even as the gates of hell,

Whose tongue speaks fair, but in his breast dark lies and treachery dwell.

The truth ye ask I'll plainly speak, as seemeth best to me.

No word from Agamemnon's mouth, nor any Greeks that be,

From its resolve my heart will sway; a toil without a joy

For me it was both night and day to sweat through war's annoy.

The laggard loon had praise the same with him who led the van,

One honour to the coward came, and to the valiant man.

He dies who worketh well, and whoso works not dieth too.

I 've staked my life in the tearful strife through nine long years for you,

And what's my fee? Even as a bird, that for its callow brood, Far o'er the plain gleans grubs and grain, and scents its proper food,

So I for you, a thankless crew, have freely sluiced my blood.

Toiled through the dusty day, and watched beneath the dewy sky,

That you might parley with your wives, and on soft-spread couches

lie!

Twelve cities of the Trojans I did with the ships destroy,

And with the foot-force stormed eleven, the pride of rich-glebed Troy ;

From these full many a prize I took, and with most loyal duty, 330 Touched none myself, but freely gave the high-heaped golden booty,

To Agamemnon; he the while, behind the tents remaining,
Portioned the spoil, still to himself the larger half retaining.

The other chiefs and Jove-born kings enjoy their shares; their right
No man denies; from me alone he took my prize with might,
And holds her for his own, the maid I loved. Well, be it so:

Let him enjoy her: But tell me this, against the Dardan foe

Why wage we war? why courts Atrides here rude battle's shocks, If not for Spartan Helen's sake with lovely flowing locks?

Of speechful men that walk the earth, are their wives dear alone 340 To the Atridæ? loves not each true-hearted man his own,

And cherishes his mate? as she to me was passing dear,

Above all maids, though I acquired her body with the spear.

But now, sith he hath seized my prize, and robbed me openly,

Let him not beat my ears with wind; I know him well; and he

May move me never! Thou, Ulysses, and the other chiefs,

May quench the hostile fire, and soothe that lordly monarch's griefs.

Without my aid the dyke he made, and dug the ditch around

Both broad and deep, and many a sharp stake drave into the ground;

But now both ditch and dyke are vain, from hero-slaughtering Hector To fend his ships: not so when I remained the Greeks' protector. Then not a Trojan neared the dyke, nor Hector then, I ween, In arms beyond the Scæan gate, and the old oak-tree was seen. There once he stood, and there before my sousing spear he ran. But sith I choose no more to fight against that godlike man, To Jove supreme I'll sacrifice, and all the powers divine, And with to-morrow's sun will launch my ships into the brine, And—if it likes thee—thou shalt see the flashing billow gleam, When my oars shall smite the waters bright of Hellè's fishful stream:

And if the god who shakes the land shall aid my watery toil,
On the third day from this I'll stand on Phthia's loamy soil.
Rich were the stores that there I left, when o'er the sounding sea
I hither sailed; and heaps of spear-won spoil I take with me,
Red copper, bars of gleaming iron, gold with yellow shine,
And well-zoned maids. That fairest maid that was most duly mine,
My just-apportioned lawful prize, Myeenæ's mightful lord
May keep. As I have told thee now, so tell him every word
Plainly, that all the Greeks may know his falseness, and beware 370
When from some other chief his hand shall itch to rob the share,
With blushless impudence clad. On me again he shall not dare,
Dog though he be, to look; nor I will parley hold again,
Nor counsel weave with him, nor work his work with bootless
pain.

Once is enough to have known his wiles; a second time were vain With glozing phrase to fool me. Now let him self-friended sit, And chew his bane, whom counsellor Jove robbed of his scanty wit!

His gifts I hate, himself and his I value not a whit.

Ten times as much, and twenty times were vain; the high-piled store

Of rich Mycenæ, and if he ransack wide earth for more,

Search old Orchomenus for gold, and by the fertile stream

Where, in Egyptian Thebes, the heaps of precious ingots gleam,

The hundred-gated Thebes, where twice ten score in martial state

Of valiant men with steeds and cars march through each massy
gate.

No! not though he shower on my head gifts thick as dust or sand,

Shall my obedient will be led within his haughty hand, So long the shame remains wherewith he, insolent, dared to brand My soul! And for his daughter fair, though she in beauty vied With golden Venus, and in skill with Pallas flashing eyed, I would not wed her: for his lovely daughter let him try Where he can find shaped to his mind some kinglier king than 1. For, if the gods shall safely bear me o'er the salt sea tide, Peleus himself, my dear loved sire, shall find for me a bride. In Hellas and in Phthia dwell fair maids of beauty bright Not few, whose sires defend their forts with arms of brawny might. Of these I'll wed who chiefly stirs my heart with rare delight. There on my native glebe my heart hath oft-time yearned from strife Remote and stormy war, to wed me to a seemly wife, 400 And from my sire's well-hoarded wealth to brook an easy life. Certes, my life hath price to me, 'gainst which all Priam's store Were weighed in vain, that high-heaped store which then was his before

The Achaen keels had ploughed the sea, or trenched the Trojan shore:

A price beyond the priceless worth of all the votive gold
Which Phœbus keeps within the girth of Pytho's rocky hold.
A man may plunder beeves and sheep, and yellow gold may buy,
The tripod and the good roan-steed, with proud neek arching high;
But no strong charm of plundering arm, nor gold in gleaning
masses,

Can back recall man's soul, when once his fence of teeth it passes.

Two fates to choose are mine, for so my mother told me, she The silver-footed nymph divine that skims the wavy sea: Here if on Ilium's plain I choose to fight the battle gory, My dear-loved fatherland I lose, but gain immortal glory; But if I backward plough the brine to Phthia, whence I came, A long and happy life is mine, but with a soundless name. The other Greeks, if they are wise, their way will homeward wend With me; scant hopes, I ween, are theirs to see the fateful end Of the steep-castled Troy; for heaven's far-seeing king doth hold His hand above the place, and all the people's hearts are bold. Go now, and bear my message back to the Achieans; well It doth beseem your years the bare unpainted truth to tell. Another counsel, with their best of wisdom, let them weave, How for the ships the long desired salvation to achieve, And for themselves; this present plan hath foiled their fond desire. And still shall foil, while I retain my righteous-minded ire. VOL. II.

Only let Phœnix stay behind, and lodge this night with me,
That with to-morrow's dawning he may sail across the sea
To dear-loved Phthia, if he will; but let his choice be free.

Thus he; but they astonied sat, nor for long space might break

The silence, for with words of power the godlike hero spake.

At length spoke Phœnix, horseman old, and dropt the burning tear,

For he thought of the ships and the Trojan fires, and his heart was

full of fear:

Noble Achilles, if thy will be so, and thou indeed
Wilt cross the seas, nor save the ships in their extremest need
From Trojan brands, for that thy wrath is stirred, O deem not
thou

My dear-loved boy, that I in Troy from thee may linger now
Divorced; thee to my care old Peleus gave, what time he sent
Thee from thy Phthian home, to join this goodly armament,
Then a mere youth, in levelling war untried, and in debate

440
Unknown, where on the wise-dropt word obedient thousands
wait.

For the which cause I came to school thee in both arts, to wield The well-poised word, and with hard blows control the fateful field.

Part of my life art thou; dear child, with thee I will remain, Even though a god should lend his oath to make me young again, That I might cast this slough of years, and use a lusty frame.

As when from Hellas, in fair maids abounding, first I came,

Fleeing my sire Amyntor's wrath, with me who sharply strove

About a maid with lovely locks, whom he did hotly love,

4.00

And wronged his wife, my mother. She did clasp my knees and pray

That I would prove the maiden's love, and bar my father's way.

I worked her wish; my father knew the deed; and, sore provoked,
Upon my head the Furies' hateful vengeance he invoked,
And cursed me; never child of mine upon his knees, he cried,
Should sit; nor they who hear such prayers his bitter suit denied,
The Jove who reigns beneath the ground, and the grim queen by
his side.

Fierce boiled my blood, and with sharp brass I sought to slay my sire;

But some kind god my choler soothed, and did my heart inspire
To ponder well the damning talk of men, and the blasted fame,

460
That I must bear, if I should wear a father-murderer's name.

Yet not within my father's halls I brooked to live, while he
Nursed all the greenness of his wrath, and glooming looked on me.

Clanship and kin together came, and hotly me besought

Beneath my father's roof to dwell, and crush the rebel thought.

Full many stout fat sheep, and trailing-footed hornèd kine

Were slaughtered, and full many hogs that with rich lard did shine

Were stretched before Hephæstus' flame, and freely was outpoured From many a jar the rich old wine in the old man's cellar stored.

Nine days they feasted, and nine nights stout watch around me keeping,

470

They changed the guard from hour to hour, and tway fires burnt unsleeping,

One 'neath the shining corridor, in the court well-fenced and wide, Another in the vestibule, my chamber-door beside.

But when the tenth night came, and from the pole thick darkness fell, I through my chamber-door, with solid beams compacted well,

Broke, and beyond the fence outsprang, and with my light-heeled leaping,

Deceived both men and maids, who there a weetless watch were keeping;

Then through broad-fielded Hellas fled, and lightly brushed the ground,

And to the rich-glebed Phthia came, where fleecy sheep abound.

Here Pelcus lived; he welcomed me with entertainment rare,

And loved me as a father loves the long-hoped late-born heir

Of all his lands. He gave me wealth and roods of fertile ground,

And bade me rule Dolopian men in Phthia's utmost bound.

And there wert thou my chiefest care, godlike Achilles; thee

I tended night and morn; and thou wouldst follow only me.

And when the fat feast in the hall was smoking, on my knee

I placed thee, and I cut for thee the dainty slices fine (Else hadst thou spurned the meal), and poured for thee the glowing wine.

And offtimes from thy wayward lips, and childish untaught throat,

The draught came dribbling o'er my breast, and drenched my goodly coat.

Not few my sorrows with thy youth, and keen my cares; to me No son was born—so willed the gods—I trained a son in thee, Godlike Achilles, in old age, my trusty help to be. Curb now thy mighty-mounting wrath; a stubborn lack-ruth heart Beseems thee not; the gods in heaven from their stern will depart, Though more of excellent state and strength, and honour high be theirs; Yet they with smoking incense, and the grateful breath of prayers, And pure libations, and the savoury steam of sacrifice, Are moved, when prideful mentransgress; such Pity sways the skies. Prayers are the daughters of great Jove; a limping tribe be they, Wrinkled their faces, and their cowering eyes they turn away With slant regard: in the dark track of Ate's march they go. She stout and sturdy-limbed doth march, and with her post of woe Runs on amain, and scatters pain o'er all the groaning land. The limping Prayers come up behind, and heal with helping hand. And whose fears those maids divine, of mighty Jove the daughters, His cry they hear, and from his eyne they wipe the tearful waters:

510 But the stiff-hearted man, whose ear no soft entreaty knows. He at the throne of Jove has them his powerful-pleading foes, That Ate's wrath may sow his path with harm, where'er he goes. Yield, then, Achilles, to the daughters of great Jove; for still The stoutest men have honoured them, and bent the haughty will. If Againemnon king had nursed his anger unrelenting, Nor proffered thee the costliest gifts, to prove his keen repenting, Not I would bid thee quell thy wrath, though all the Danaan nation Were gathered here to beat thine ear with stormy supplication. But now, since many gifts he brings, and more holds forth to view, And sends choice men and godlike kings of all the Argive crew 520 Most dear to thee; O do not thou, entreated thus, despise Their words, nor make their travel vain; be gentle and be wise. Thus gently wise, as story tells, have godlike heroes been Of yore, when for some high offence they nursed their mighty spleen,

But with rich gifts were soothed, nor spurned the piteous-pleading prayer.

So once it fortuned to a chief of worth and valiance rare,
If ye will hear with willing ear the tale I now declare.
The brave Curetes and the Ætolian war-delighting clan
Fought for the town of Calydon, and slain was many a man;

These from the foeman's gripe to hold their pleasant-sited town,
Those with the fell fierce-hearted Mars to bring its ramparts down.

For wrathful Artemis golden-throned had sent a fatal woe
On all the Ætolian lands, for that King Œneus had been slow
At harvest's mellow feast to soothe her heart with sacrifice,
While to all other gods the rolling incense kissed the skies.
Whether with wilful sin he sinned, or what to her belonged
Weetless withheld, robbed of her share she went, and, being
wronged,

Was wroth. Forthwith the dart-rejoicing maid with heavy hand
Sent forth a fierce and white-tusked boar to harry all the land,
Which laid the fields waste, and uptore the strong trees by the
roots,

And squelched beneath their reckless hoofs the richly-blossoming fruits.

Him Meleager, son of Œneus, with a fatal wound

Smote; many a hunter brave he called from all the country round
With trooping hounds; for not few men could quell such monster
dire.

And by his tusky strength not few were stretched on deadly pyre.

But the stern goddess stirred hot strife and mickle wild uproar,
About the head and shaggy hide of that wild wasteful boar,
Betwixt the brave Curetes, and the Ætolians mighty-souled.

They fought; and while stout Œneus' son the Ætolian fight
controlled.

Ill fared the brave Curetes, nor beyond their ramparts then
Dared push their pikes, though they could count full many valiant
men.

But when strong wrath and passion fell the hero's soul possessed (As gusty humour oft will swell even in the wisest breast), He, with his mother wroth, withdrew from the field of tearful strife, And with fair Cleopatra dwelt, his own true wedded wife, Marpessa's daughter, who from famed Evenus drew her birth; Her sire was Idas, of all men who trod the nurturing earth The strongest then, who with his bow a mighty god defied, 560 Phæbus Apollo, when he won his dainty-ankled bride; She from her father and her gracious mother had received The name Alcyonè, for that her sore-vexed mother grieved Even with the halcyon's wail, and from her wailing would not stay, When Phoebus from her dear-loved lord had snatched her far away: With her, digesting his sharp bile, stout Meleager lay, Bearing with fretful heart the curse of his passion-goaded mother, Who prayed the gods to harm the youth, for that he slew her brother.

With violent hand she smote the earth, and cried with wretched wail

To Hades, and to Proserpine whom gloomy terrors veil,

And on her knees she fell, and with the hot tears' briny flow

Bedrenched her breast, and prayed her son a speedy death might
know.

The Fury with the ruthless heart that walks in mirksome gloom.

Her prayer from Erebus heard, and perfect made the dismal doom.

Then with hot tunult round the gates the battle raged and roared, And rattled o'er the towers. Meanwhile the Ætolian lords implored The moody chief, and sent the priests, the first in all the land, With promise of rich gifts, to win the hero's helping hand. Where wide is spread the fertile loam of pleasant Calydon, There with free choice the chief might roam, and call the best his own,

Full fifty roods, twice ten and five, to trim the flushing vine,

Twice ten and five to sow with seed, and plough with horned

kine.

And (Eneus old, that horseman bold, came to his high-roofed hall, And shook the strong well-timbered floor, when he with prostrate fall

Did knee the ground, and him implore his recking wrath to smother.

With many tears his sister came, with tears and cries his mother;
But he the more denayed. Then to his threshold came the host
Of all his friends and brave compeers, whose love he prized the
most.

But words and tears were poured in vain, till from the hostile powers Rained the thick darts upon his roof, and on the battered towers Up clomb the foe, and through the town spread the devouring flame.

Then him his dear-loved wife besought, the fair and well-zoned dame,

With many tears, and to his mind with sad recital calls

The woes of captured cities, when the foemen hold the walls,

The butchered men, the sanguine streets, the flames that mount
and spread,

The innocent babes and low-zoned maids by lawless captors led.

His heart was pricked; he might not brook such horror-stirring tale.

He rose, and on his shoulders dight the sure and sun-bright mail.

Thus Mcleager from the land the day of slavery drave,

Curbing his ire; but they to him—the false Ætolians—gave

No guerdon for his risk; and yet his arm was strong to save.

Noble Achilles, turn from wrath, nor let a god inspire

600

Thy heart with wilful thoughts. When once the fierce far-spreading fire

Feeds on the ships, thy help were late; then take the gifts, and be
The saviour god, whom all the grateful Greeks shall own in thee!
Not without gifts to join the fight the mighty host implores thee,
And all thy claim, and all thy right, the king of men restores
thee.

To whom Achilles, swift of foot, thus made the prompt reply: Phenix, thou good old man, Jove-bred, guide of my youth, not I Need honour from the Greeks; my honour comes from Jove, who reigns

Aloft; his hand shall help me here, while lively breath remains

In my warm breast, and while my limbs with sinewy strength shall

bear me.

610

But this I say, and ponder well my words; I pray thee, spare me Henceforth that pitiful-pleading face, those words of whimpering woe,

Fashioned to win Atrides' grace; it ill beseems thee so.

For, loving him, to hate thou turn'st the love I bear to thee:

Thou doest well when thou dost care for them that care for me.

Reign then with me, and of my honour let the half be thine.

Let these my word bear to the king, while thou dost here recline

On soft-spread couch, and with the flush of day we will decide

If here we stay, or plough our way back o'er the salt sea tide.

Thus he; and with a silent nod he bade Patroclus show

A couch for Phœnix matted well, while they might quickly go

Forth from his tent, and back return. Then rose that godlike
man.

Ajax, the son of Telamon, and thus to speak began:

Jove-born Laertes' son, thou many-scheming chief, we spend

Our breath in vain; let us begone; of words I see no end,

As now we talk. The Greeks expect the message that we bring.

And though it wears no gracious face, we to the sceptred king

Must needs report it quickly. Proud Pelides here beside The sounding sea, in his high heart doth nurse a savage pride 630 Intractable, and spurns his dearest friends, who love him more Than all the leaders of the ships that fringe the billowy shore. Man without mercy! When a son was slain, or a dear brother, Blood-money oft the kinsman moved, his just revenge to smother; The blood-stained man within his clan remains, when he hath paid The atoning gold; the kinsman feels his vengeful ire allayed By a just fine. But thou—the gods within thy breast did place An evil and implacable wrath, because of a fair face, One only. Seven more fair than she, and many gifts beside, Here at thy feet we fling. O cast away that evil pride, Honour the friends beneath thy roof, thy friends who now im-640 plore

Thy puissant aid, thy nearest dearest friends, who love thee more
Than all the host whose black ships line the sweep of the Dardan
shore.

To whom Achilles, swift of foot, thus made the prompt reply: Ajax, thou son of Telamon, thou speakest well; and I Beneath my tented roof to thee thy suit may scarce deny. But my heart boils against Atrides, when I think how he In face of all the Argive host did cast reproach on me, As some unvalued nameless loon that roams from land to land. But go, and bear my message hence, and do the king's command.

I in my tent will here remain, nor join the ensanguined fray, $^{-650}$

Till warlike Priam's son, the godlike Hector, push his way,

Even to the tents and to the ships of the Myrmidons, and fire

The Argive fleet with brands, and slay the Greeks with slaughter dire.

When to my tent with madded bent the hero comes pursuing,

He'll stumble here upon my spear, and stop his work of ruin.

He spake; they took the tway cupped bowl, and each poured a libation,

And, by Ulysses led, went back to the tented Argive station.

Then brave Patroclus gave the maids his weighty hest, to spread

A warm soft couch, where Phœnix old might rest his weary

bead.

The maidens hear the master's word, and, as the hero spake,

A bed with fleeces, and stout quilts, and linen fine they make.

There slept the old man, waiting for the peep of dawn divine.

But in his well-built tent godlike Pelides did recline;

And with him Phorbas' daughter slept, a Lesbian maiden fair.

'Clept Diomedè, with bright cheeks of blooming beauty rare.

On the adverse side Patroclus lay; and in his couch her share

The well-zoned Iphis claimed, whom to his dear-loved comrade

When steepy Seyros owned his power, godlike Achilles gave.

brave.

Then to Atrides' tent returned Laertes' son divine;

Him welcomed all the Greeks with golden cups and glowing wine: 670

Eager they stood; and word on word with various haste they fling.

Then rose and spoke above the rest Mycenæ's mightful king:

What news, thou praiseful wight, great glory of the Greeks, what news?

Will he withstand the invading brand, or doth the chief refuse

Our suit, and hug his mighty spleen, and spur his vaulting pride?

To whom the godlike much-enduring Ithacan replied:

Glorious Atrides, king of men, he truly hath denied

Our prayer; his scornful bile doth flow; and his heart inly burns With well-fanned wrath; thy proffered grace and all thy gifts he spurns.

Some other plan he bids thee seek from wise-devising lips, 680 How from the brand in Hector's hand to save the dark-hulled ships. Himself will launch, even thus he threats, when day's first ray shall shine,

His well-benched vessels, equal-oared, into the billowy brine; The others too, if they are wise, their backward way will wend Across the main; scant hopes are ours to see the fated end Of the steep-castled Troy; for Jove, far-seeing king, doth hold His hand above the place; and all the people's hearts are bold.

Thus he; Ajax, who went with me, and the heralds tway clearthroated,

Both prudent men, report the same; for well his words we noted.

But Phœnix stays behind, and sleeps within his tent; for he

Would have it thus, with early dawn across the sounding sea

That both may sail, if Phœnix wills; yet shall his choice be free.

Thus spoke Ulysses; all that heard in tristful wonder stood

Long time; no voice was stirred to break their dark-distempered

mood;

At length the strong-voiced Diomede with lusty word replied:
Glorious Atrides, king of men, thou monarch ruling wide,
Would thou hadst never tried to bend the stiff Pelides' pride,
Nor sued with precious gifts; a haughty heart he always bore;
Now on thy grace he tramps, and ramps with insolent will the
more.

But let him go, or let him stay; we will no longer tease

His humour with our prayers; himself will fight, when it shall

please

His own proud whim, and when his breast shall by a god be stirred

But now, hear me, and, when I speak, obey my well-timed word:

Stretch we our limbs for sleep; but first the weary body needeth

To taste of food and wine; for thence our power and pith

proceedeth.

And when the rosy-fingered Morn shall spread the lovely light, Array thou, then, our fighting men, and all our horses' might, Before the ships; and in the van thyself lead on the fight.

Thus he; and all the kings with one consenting voice agreed, ⁷¹⁰
And with much marvel heard the rede of strong-voiced Diomede;
And ate the food and poured the wine. Then to their tents went they,

And brooked the gift of sleep divine, till shone the gracious day.

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ARGUMENT.

King Agamemnon through the sleepless night
Rouses the chiefs for urgent consultation.
Ulysses, and the stout Astolian knight,
Fearless invade the tented Trojan nation.
Dolon the scout with ruthless brass they smite,
And seathless reach the Thracians' extreme station.
Their king they kill, and drive his sun-bright horses
Safe to the camp of the Achaan forces.

Vol. II.



BOOK X.

Now all the other captains bold of that Greek multitude

Slept through the night beside the fleet, by soft-winged sleep subdued;

The shepherd of the host alone no soothing sleep possessed,

But dark thoughts tossed him as he lay, and brooded on his breast.

As when the thundering spouse of Herè with the flowing hair

Lightens, and with broad-sweeping rain and sharp hail frets the air,

Or strews with plumes of drifted snow the green fields stretching far,

Or flings hot storm from the jaws enorm of bitter-raging war:

So stormy thoughts fetched many a groan deep from the troubled breast

Of Agamemnon; trembling fears his kingly soul possessed.

And now across the plain he cast his wistful-wandering eye,

And saw Troy's countless watch-fires gleam beneath the dusky sky,

And heard the din of pipe and flute, and warrior's fitful cry;

And now to the Greeks he turned his glance, and the ships that line the shore,

And from his head the rooted hair the wretched monarch tore
To Jove supreme, and groaned, and in his heart strong anguish bore.
And, as he pondered in his heart, it seemed the wisest plan
Forthwith to Nestor old to go, and with that Pylian man
Hold counsel, how to ward the woe from the Panachean clan;
Up from his couch he rose, and drew the goodly coat around
His breast, and to his shining feet the beautiful sandals bound;
Then o'er the coat the hide he flung of a lion huge and tawny,
Sweeping the ground; then grasped his spear with his hand so
broad and brawny.

Nor less King Menelaus feared; nor on his eyelids sate
Soul-soothing sleep; his heart was pricked with sorrow for the fate
Of the brave men, who for his sake had left their dear-loved home,
And roused grim war on a foreign strand across the salt-sea foam.
He rose; and on his shoulders broad a panther's skin he spread
Fair-spotted, and a brazen casque high on his princely head

30
He placed; and with his firm strong hand he grasped the ponderous spear.

Then forth with hasty stride he goes to rouse his brother dear,

Lord of the host, whom like a god the people all revere.

Him at his ship's dark poop he found, donning his armour bright;

And to the king, I wis, he came a passing welcome sight.

Then Menelaus, strong of lungs, thus first addressed the king:

Dear brother, why this armed haste? seek'st thou a man, to bring

News from the Trojan camp, a faithful scout? but much I fear

No man in such a strife will stake the life to mortals dear;

Amid the troops of hostile men through the ambrosial night

40

Alone to wander, this who dares were a stout-hearted wight.

To whom the mightful king of men this ready answer gave:

Truly great need have I and thou, my Jove-bred brother brave,

Of wise advice to help us now, and for the fleet to find

Quick rescue from swift harm; for mighty Jove hath turned his

mind

From Greece, to Hector's sacrifice with partial grace inclined.

Strange things I've seen, strange stories heard; but nor by fame nor sight

Knew I a man so strong to do such deeds of tristful might

As Hector, dear to Jove, this day against the Greeks hath done,

A mortal born, and whom no goddess calls her godlike son.

Yea, works of wail that Greece through all her lands shall weep for ages

Hath Hector done, and with unsated fury wildly rages.

But come, and haste thee to the ships beside the billowy brine;

Call Ajax and Idomeneus. I that aged man divine

Nestor will rouse, if he, belike, to the sacred chosen band

That keepeth watch will go, and give the word of wise command.

His son is captain there; with him the brave Meriones,

Squire of Idomeneus; I chiefly trust the watch to these.

To whom the strong-voiced Menelaus thus his answer made:

How dost thou mean? more clearly show the word that thou hast
said.

Shall I with them remain, and wait for the assured token Of thy return; or speed to thee, when I thy hest have spoken?

To whom with words of prompt reply King Agamemnon says:
Stay thou with them; lest, seeking me, thou lose thee in the maze
Of tangled paths; for through the camp lead many wandering ways.
Go, speak them kindly, man by man, through all the mustered roll,
And name their kin, and name their clan, and each man's deeds
extol

With praiseful style; shun lofty looks; lower thy kingly soul

Down to the mass; ourselves must sweat, no labour we must

scorn;

Such weight Jove on our shoulders laid in the hour when we were born.

Thus he; and to the watch forthwith his godlike brother sends.

Himself to Nestor, shepherd of the Pylian people, wends

His way direct. Him by the tent, and the ship that ploughs the

On a soft couch he found; beside him his rich armour fine, His shield and tway sharp pointed spears, and helm of copper shine; And near him lay his baldrick, made with mickle curious sleight,
Wherewith he girt him, when he fought in the man-destroying fight,
Nor cared to yield to irksome years, the hale and hardy knight.
He, leaning on his elbow, rose, and raised his hoary head,
And thus to Agamemnon king the wingèd words he sped:
What brings thee to the fleet, O king? what wandering watch art
keeping
Alone through murky-mantled night, when other men are sleeping?
Open thy heart to Nestor: to thy friend thy sorrows break.
To whom with words of prompt reply King Agamemnon spake:

To whom with words of prompt reply King Agamennon spake:

O glory of the Achaean bands, thou prudent old Nelides,

A wretched man before thee stands, the sorely-tried Atrides,

A man by Jove-sent burdens pressed, whose cup with sorrow brims.

So long as breath shall heave his breast, and life shall stir his

I through the mirksome night must toil, for that soul-soothing sleep

limbs.

Sits not upon my lids, the while for wretched Greece I weep.

Yea, for the safety of the host I tremble, that my heart

No more is rooted in my breast, but with strange leap will start

From its firm hold, and from their use my lusty limbs depart.

But wouldst thou help me—for thine eyes, like mine, from sleep

are free—

Come, go we to the sentries, and assure our hearts, and see

With our own eyes, if faithful at his post each watchman stands, Nor dire fatigue o'ermasters him, nor sleep lets drop his hands.

The foe is near; and who can tell if through the dusky night

They may not come with onslaught fell, and stir the slumbering fight?

To whom Gerenian Nestor old thus made the prompt reply:
Glorious Atrides, king of men, the god who rules on high,
Wise-counselling Jove, will not make ripe all swelling thoughts
that brim

In godlike Hector's heart; but he the more will heap on him Sharp cares and woes, when to the war that noble thane returns, Divine Achilles, whose fierce wrath now with hot fury burns. Thee will I follow; but with me rouse thou each bravest one, Ulysses, and stout Tydeus' son, than whom more skill hath none To fling the spear; swift Ajax too, and Phyleus' warlike son.

Likewise 'twere well to send some wight with words of high command.

To Telamon's son, and that stout knight who leads the Cretan band; For their black ships are stationed far on the extremest strand. These call; and one to me most dear, thy brother, whom I name With reverence meet: but, though thou blame old Nestor, I must blame

Him; for he sleeps, while thou with toil dost wear thy kingly frame. Beseemed him more than thee, O king, to importune the chiefs From tent to tent, for truly now we've scaled the top of griefs.

To whom King Agamemnon thus with winged word replied: Old man, ofttimes myself did blame him, and when thou didst chide.

Approved; when to my need I found his forward aid denied. Not that he loves to lag, or that his wit is dull to know, But that he deemed myself, being king, should ever foremost go. But now self-spurred he rose, and through the sleepless night he

To rouse me, and I sent him to the men whom thou didst name. But come, thou son of Neleus! thou and I together fare To the watch before the gates; the princes wait our coming there. To whom the Pylian horseman thus gave back the prompt reply:

'Tis well when Menelaus moves, and plies them gallantly

With manly words; what he approves no Argive will deny. Thus Nestor spoke, and straightway drew the well-wrought coat

130

His breast, and to his shining feet the beautiful sandals bound, And to his shoulders clasped the crimson mantle double-plied, Warm with thick shag, and falling free with ample folds and wide:

Then in his hand the massive brazen-pointed spear took he, And hied him to the copper-coated Greeks, beside the sea.

And first to stout Ulysses, like great Jove in counsel wise,

The Pylian horseman sped, and from deep slumber bade him rise

With rousing call; he through his sleep the piercing summons
heard,

Rose from his couch with nimble leap, and spoke the winged word:

Speak, friends! what brings ye to the ships, that all alone ye fare. Through the ambrosian night? the grief that stirs your heart declare.

To whom Gerenian Nestor old replied with answer brief:

Jove-born Laertes' son, thou subtle, many-scheming chief,

Be calm, for now we groan beneath an overtopping grief;

But up with me, and rouse the kings, that well our course be planned,

Homeward to flee across the sea, or fight on Trojan strand!

Thus he; eftsoons Laertes' son the buckler from his tent

Forth brought, and o'er his shoulders slung it well, and quickly went

With them to stout Tydides. Him without his tent they found, 150

With all his arms beside him; stretched around him on the ground

His comrades slept, their shields beneath their heads; their lances driven,

With butt-ends in the earth, beside them stood, and like the levin From Father Jove gleamed their brass points; but with strong slumber bound,

On a bull's hide Tydides lay, dispread on grassy ground.

Beneath his head a bright-hued rug did his good pillow make.

Him the Gerenian horseman old did from his slumber shake

With slight kick from his foot; and thus with stirring summons spake:

Come, rouse thee, rouse thee, Tydeus' son! should slumber seal thine eyes,

When, camped on the near rising ground, the Trojans with surprise 160

O'erhang our perilled fleet? small space, I ween, between us lies.

Thus he; and from his sleep the strong-voiced Diomede up started;

And from his mouth with eager breath the wingèd word departed:
Old man, a terrible force is thine; thou toilest night and day.

Are there not younger men than thou full many? Why should they

Not post from tent to tent and rouse the kings; but Nestor now Must go the rounds for all; a stiff all daring blade art thou.

To whom Gerenian Nestor old thus made the prompt reply:

Thou speakest wisely, son; and what thou say'st may none deny.

Brave sons I boast, and valiant men, no scanty-counted number ; 170

These through the sleepless night might watch, and rouse the kings from slumber;

But now strong need hath seized us; on a razor's edge doth lie Our fate; a little point decides if we shall live or die. But come, call the swift Ajax, rouse the valiant Phyleus' son, For thou art younger, and thy feet can bear thee swiftlier on.

Thus he; and stout Tydides his broad shoulders flung around A huge and tawny lion's hide, that reached down to the ground; Then seized his spear, and forth he went and roused the warlike pair

Whom Nestor named, and through the camp with urgent feet did fare.

Now to the guard they came; but not in bonds of slumber bound

They found them, but well armed, and wakeful, sitting on the ground.

As dogs that round a fold keep watch, when through the midnight still

The savage beast sends forth his howl, that from the dark pine hill Comes rushing, and the startled swains mingle loud shouts and cries

With din of yelling hounds, and sleep eschews their faithful eyes:
So from the eyelids of the guard the soothing sleep remained
Divorced; but through the mistful night both eye and ear they
strained

To catch or sight across the plain, or any sound that stirred.

Them Nestor, when he saw was fain, and spoke with cheering word:

Well watched, dear children! let your eyes no breath of slumber know,

Lest ye bring trouble to your friends, and triumph to the foe!

Thus saying, o'er the ditch he leapt; and with him all the kings
That to the council had been called, the Pylian horseman brings.

Stout Merion too, and aged Nestor's noble son, were there,
For them the kings invited all, their privy talk to share.

And, when they passed the well-dug ditch, an open space they found
Clear from the heaps of slaughtered men, and on the grassy ground

They sat them down; even there, where Priam's godlike son

turned back

To pause from blood, when night came down upon his deadly track.

There seated, free from mouth to mouth the eager parley ran,
But first Gerenian Nestor rose, and thus to speak began:
Dear friends and comrades, say, doth no man trust himself to go
With heart high-daring to the camp of our stout-minded foe
This night? if he perchance beyond the foe's extremest lines
Some straggler find, or rumour hear of how their thought inclines,
Whether beside the sounding sea they counsel to remain,
Or back to Troy return, content to leave such heaps of slain.

All this a venturous scout might ken, and to our host again
Scathless return; and of his deeds the fame shall reach to heaven,
And from the grateful Greeks to him shall no scant meed be given.

The captains of the dark-hulled ships that plough the billowy brine, A sheep shall give him each and all, with dark wool thick and fine,

A ewe with its sucking lamb—broad earth holds not a prize so rare =

And he shall feast with princes, and with kings the banquet share.

Thus he: they sat deep musing; not a word the heroes spoke,
Till up stood strong-voiced Diomede, and thus the silence broke:

Nestor, my heart doth spur me, and my mighty soul commands 220

Even now to go into the camp of the hostile Trojan bands

And spy their state. Myself alone will go; or, if another

With me will wend, I'll bide the risk more cheerly with a brother.

One makes but meagre counsel; safety surely lies with two; Λ readier wit is theirs to plan, a defter hand to do.

Thus he; and all the heroes strove with Diomede to fare;
Strove the stout ministers of Mars, the valiant Ajax pair;
Strove Merion, and Nestor's son strove hotly for the deed;
Strove Menelaus, skilled to fling the spear with hurtling speed;
Strove stout Ulysses, ever keen for glorious venture. Then
Uprose amid the host, and spake the mightful king of men:
O Diomede, dear to my heart, thou knight of valiant cheer,
Choose thee a fellow in this risk, what captain shall appear
To thee the best; for all are fain; to all is danger dear.

And whom thou choosest freely choose; nor let false reverence blind thee,

That thou shouldst choose a worser man, and leave the best behind thee;

Nor birth nor blood regard; nor let a kinglier man be spared.

Thus he; but inly feared for Menelaus yellow-haired.

Forthwith the strong-voiced Diomede his ready thought declared:

O king! in this brave venture sith thou bid'st me choose a brother,

Laertes' godlike son I name ; how should I choose another !

Ulysses, wise in heart and strong in hand, and with a will

Still resolute to bear, whom Pallas loves and helpeth still;

Fearless with him I'll force my plan through fire that brightly
blazes

Unscathed; a passing prudent man is he beyond all praises.

To whom divine Ulysses thus with winged word replied:

Tydides, let thy praise fly low; and, when thou chidest, chide

Mildly. Full well the Argives know what every wight is worth. 250

But come; the night is sinking fast; the morn will have her birth;

The stars have marched a goodly way; two-thirds and more of night

Are gone; one scanted third remains, till darkness yield to light.

Thus spake the heroes. Then their dreadful arms they domed with speed.

Tydides first received from warlike-minded Thrasymede

A two-edged sword—for in the ship his own he left—and on His head a casque he placed, a plain low bull's-hide morion, Which showed no lofty-waving crest, and shining knobs had none, But well doth ward the heads of lusty youths from mortal blow.

Then Merion to Ulysses gave a quiver and a bow,

And a bright blade; and with a leathern helm his head he crowned,
A goodly helm, with many thongs of leather firmly bound

Within; without, a huge-tusked boar the grinning terror shows
Of its white-serried teeth; between the felt well-padded goes.

This helm from Eleon deft Autolycus took, a vaunted prey,
What time into Amyntor's house he pierced his plundering way.

From him in fair Cythera's isle Amphidamas possessed

The casque; by him to Molus given, to grace his honoured guest.

He to brave Merion gave the gift, his valiant-hearted son,

From whom the wise Ulysses wears this goodly morion.

And now in shining arms were dight the limbs of both; and they

Leave the Greek camp, and through the night alone they steer their way;

And as they went Athenè sent a heron on the right

Well-omened; though they might not see the bird in mirksome night,

They heard the dull flap of its vans, as it oared its heavy flight.

Ulysses in the bodeful bird rejoiced, and thus he prayed:

Daughter of ægis-bearing Jove, whence still my surest aid

In slippery toil descends; O thou, who with all-piercing eye

Dost scan me through the dark, not now thy long proved aid deny! 280

In peril's path beside us stand, and bring us back with joy

To the Greek ships; and may this hand work woe to haughty Troy!

Thus he : and after him the strong-voiced son of Tydeus prayed :

Daughter of Jove, who reigns supreme, thou strong unvanquished maid,

Be with me thou my helper now, as to my father came

Thine aid, when he to Thebes was sent in the Achæans' name.

On dull Asopus' reedy banks the brazen-coated host

He left; and the Cadmean men did courteously accost

With gentle phrase; but terrible deeds he did, and works of harm.

On his return, when thou didst nerve that godlike hero's arm. 290

So nerve thou me, and guard me through the battle's deathful shocks,

And I to thee will sacrifice a stout broad fronted ox,

Which never knew or servile yoke or goad from ploughman's hand ;

Such goodly ox before thy shrine with gilded horns shall stand.

They prayed; and Pallas flashing-eyed received their supplication, Even she, the daughter of great Jove, who rules the deathless nation.

Then like tway lions young and strong their nightly march they sped

Through blood, and daubs of gore, and arms, and heaps of slaughtered dead.

Meanwhile the noble Hector from sweet sleep and dreamy bed

Roused the stout Trojans; every bravest, every wisest man

He called, and thus to all declared his prudent-minded plan:

Hear me, brave comrades! Who is he, of all this mighty host,

Who would achieve a bold emprise? his toil shall not be lost.

A goodly car, with yoke of steeds high-necked, with flowing manes,

Shall be his wage—the fleetest steeds that scour the Trojan plains—

Whoso shall dare—and, daring, to himself great glory earn—

Near to the swift sea-faring ships to venture, and to learn

If still beside the billowy tide the Argive multitude

Holds watch, as erst, or if, by our down-bearing hands subdued, 310

They slacken now the hopeless guard, and, from vain vigils free,

Consult to launch the home-bound fleet across the sounding sea.

Thus he; but breathless silence bound the gathered Trojan

Till Dolon rose, Eumedes' son, that herald good and true,
Who in rich store of gold and ruddy copper did abound.
No comely loon was he, I wot, but swift to skim the ground
With light-heeled foot; of goodly sisters five the pride and joy,
Sole brother—he to Hector spake amid the men of Troy:

crew,

Hector, my heart doth drive me to the well-oared ships to go,

Through the dark night, and bring thee news of the Achiean

foe;

But lift thy princely sceptre, and this mighty oath declare,

That the proud car with brass engrailed, and the swift steeds that bear

The fierce Pelides through the fight shall fall to Dolon's share.

A faithful scout I'll be to thee, nor cheat thy hope; my feet

Shall bear me fearless through the camp, even till I reach the fleet,

And Agamemnon's ship, where all the chiefs do hold debate, If they shall flee across the sea, or front the coming fate.

Thus he; and godlike Hector high his sceptre reared, and sware,

By Herè's spouse, who with loud-pealing thunder shakes the air:

Bear witness, these wind-footed steeds no man that breathes in

Shall ride but thou, for evermore thy glory and thy jov.

Trov

Thus he—with barren vow, but spurred the scout yet more to go.

Forthwith he o'er his shoulders flung the strong well-bended bow, Then on his back the hairy hide of a grisly wolf he spread, And of the weasel's skin a casque placed high upon his head, Then took his spear, and parted for the Argive ships; but never Back from the ships should he return, a live word to deliver.

And now he left the camp behind,—and o'er the plain he hied.

Him as he lightly skimmed the sod, Jove-born Ulysses spied

With keen, far-piercing eye, and thus his fellow did accost:

Hear me, brave Diomede! be sure, one cometh from the host,

Or by the wakeful Trojans sent, some news of us to gain,

Or as a midnight reaver bent to strip the helpless slain.

But let him pass a little space beyond us on the plain;

Then will we rush with sudden spring, and bear him to the ground,

Unweeting, or if he shall scour the plain with nimbler bound,

We'll hedge him in behind, and with our hurtling spears annoy,

Lest he escape us, and bring back his worthless life to Troy.

Thus he; and down among the dead the chiefs low-crouching lie,

While Dolon o'er the plain with silly speed doth pass them by. ³⁵⁰ But when he ran so far a space as well may be between Oxen and mules (for mules do use a faster pace, I ween), When both with stout well-timbered plough uptear the fallow land,

Upstarted they; he hears the sound, and with pricked ear doth stand,

And for a moment feeds his heart with the dear deceiving joy,
That they were friends whom Hector sent to call him back to Troy.
But when within a spear-cast's length, or less, they came, he knew
The hostile men; and spurred his pace, and o'er the plain he flew

Rapid, with limber knees; and they with keen close track pursue.

As when two harsh-fanged hounds, well-trained in every feint and sleight

Of venery, that chase or hare or pricket with strained might
O'er woody glades; it pants, and frets, and cries in piteous plight;
So stout Tydides and his godlike comrade hound their prey,
Close-straining o'er the narrowed field, and cut retreat away;
But when he came near to the guards, and in his eager flight
Approached the fleet, then Pallas fired thy heart with valorous might,
Tydides; lest some other of the brave Greeks copper-coated,
Might pierce this Trojan, to the spear of Diomede devoted.

Then rushed with lance in hand, and spake that hero lustythroated:

Halt, or this spear shall pierce thee! yield, or thou shalt find with speed 370

The death, from which no power may shield, in hand of Diomede.

Thus he; and flung the ponderous lance, but him with purpose missed;

O'er his right shoulder the well-pointed weapon sharply hissed,

And stuck in the ground. He stood aghast, and cried with stam

mering cry

(For in his mouth the chattering teeth their rightful use deny), By yellow fear possessed. The panting heroes now came near. And seized him by the arms. He spake, and poured the bitter tear: O save me, save me, Argive men! for I have goodly store
Of gold and copper, and of strong well-beaten iron ore;
From these my wealthy sire with joy a ransom rare will pay,

If ye beside the hollow ships my life shall spare to-day.

To whom the subtle-scheming chief thus gave the prompt reply:
Be of good cheer; thou art not doomed, if thou art wise, to die;
But tell me this, and truly tell: through the lone darkness why
Dost wander here, when other men are wrapt in slumbers light?
Say, art thou come to spoil the dead, a midnight-roaming wight?
Or sent by Hector as a spy into our camp to enter?
Or did thine own conceit beget this luckless lame adventure?

To whom thus Dolon, while his trembling limbs refuse to bear ³⁹⁰ His body up: 'Twas Hector, he who with a brilliant snare Juggled my wit; Achilles' single-hoofed steeds are thine, He said, and thine his well-wrought car engrailed with copper fine,

If through the dark fast-flitting night with fearless steps thou go Close to the Grecian tents to learn the counsels of the foe,
If still beside the dark-hulled ships the Argive multitude
Holds watch, as crst, or if, by our down-bearing hands subdued,
Their hopeless guard they slacken now, and, from vain vigils free,
Consult to launch the home-bound ships across the sounding sea.

To whom the many-scheming chief thus, smiling, made reply: 400 Truly a lofty heart is thine; thy spirit reacheth high,

To own Pelides' steeds, the brood of gods, whom none alive
Of mortal men may mount, or yoked to rattling car may drive,
Save that war-breathing captain, whom no mortal mother bare.
But tell me this, nor speak amiss, but all the truth declare:
Where now doth Hector, shepherd of the Trojan people, stay;
Where be his arms and martial weeds; and his horses, where be they?
Where sleeps the watch? what counsels now the Trojan people sway?

Here by the ships will they remain? or will they backward go

To Troy, having vanquished (so they deem) the banded Argive foe?

To whom Eumedes' son, fleet-footed Dolon, made reply:

Even as thou wilt I'll speak—the simple sooth, and not a lie:

Hector and all his counsellors brave forge now the warlike plan,

By the green mound that marks the grave of Ilus, godlike man,

Far from the dinsome camp. The watch—for this thou fain

wouldst know—

Is general o'er the host; no separate sentries ward the foe.

Each Trojan man that owns a blazing hearth this night is bound. To guard the camp, and fence the tented host with safety round, Sleepless; but slumber soothes the brave allies that from afar.

Bring aid, and to the Trojans leave the vigils of the war;

Nor children dear nor wives are near their careless sleep to mar.

To whom the many-scheming chief with eager word replies: Say, mingled with the Trojans sleep the troops of the allies; Or have they pitched their tents apart? this let me truly know.

To whom Eumedes' son, fleet-footed Dolon, answered so:
Behold, the truth I tell to thee, the simple truth I show:
Seaward the Carians, Leleges, and bow-bearing Pæonians,
And the divine Pelasgi camp; with them the brave Cauconians.
The Lycian troops by Thymbra lie, and the Mysian men of mettle, 430
With the Phrygian and Mæonian knights, whose steeds control the battle.

But why should I from point to point the tented train describe?

If ye with hasty prick of spear would pierce the hostile tribe,

Know that the Thracians stand apart beyond the utmost wing,

New-comers to the fray; with them stout Rhesus came, their king,

Whose steeds are fair and large of limb, so good were nowhere seen; Whiter than snow, and swifter than the wingèd winds they been. A chariot too he boasteth, bright with silver and with gold, And the armour casing his huge limbs, a wonder to behold, Is golden too; not mortal men beseems such harness fair,

But only blest immortal limbs these wondrous arms may wear. But send me now, I thee entreat, to the ships that plough the main, Or bind me here both hands and feet with harsh unfeeling chain, Till ye return a victor pair, within your hands the token

That I no treacherous mask did wear, but plain true words have spoken.

To whom with dark look Diomede replied, and ruthless mood:

No! dream not thou of safety now, although thy news be good;

A traitorous scout we found thee out; our hands have gripe of thee.

If we this tide let pity sway, and set false Dolon free, Some other day thou'lt find thy way to the ships beside the sea; 450

But if to-day thou kiss the clay from my death-dealing hands, Thy feet no more this plain shall scour to vex the Λ rgive bands.

Thus he; but Dolon stretched his hand to seize the hero brave In the chin with suppliant grasp; but he with keen and trenchant glaive

Cut through the tendons of his neck, and, while his stammering breath

For mercy cried, his sundered head rolled down in dusty death.

Then of his casque of weasel-skin they spoiled their lifeless foe,

And took his long spear and wolf's hide, and backward bended

bow.

Then did Ulysses pray to Pallas, booty-bearing maid,

And high he reared the spoils, and thus the godlike hero said:

Rejoice, thou booty-bearing maid, in this well-omened prize,

Won by thy grace! to thee before all gods in heaven shall rise

Our prayers. But lead us now to where the sleeping Thracian lies.

Thus he; and high the arms he hove, and where the tamarisks grew,

He hung them; and a mark he made, full sure and plain to view, Breaking the green twigs of the tree, and heaping reeds, to know The spot again, when backward through the swift dark night they go.

Right forward then through arms and blood the heroes pushed their way,

Until they came to where the fresh-come Thracian warriors lay. ⁴⁷⁰ They with the dusty toil foreworn of the weary-footed day, Slept, with their arms beside them, piled upon the grassy ground, In three bright rows; and by each man a yoke of steeds they found. In midst the troop King Rhesus slept, with his coursers swift and

Bound to his chariot's extreme rim by a smooth and shining thong. Him first Ulysses saw, and thus to Diomede spake he:

Here, comrade, lies the man we seek, and here his horses be!

strong

Even as the crafty knave declared, whom we from life set free.

But come, thy strength make known by deeds, no time is now to

stand

With swords unfleshed; thou from the steeds untie the supple band, 480

Or leave that work to me, and teach the Thracians thou to bleed.

Thus he; and Pallas filled the soul of doughty Diomede

With strength divine; so fiercely he dealt round the deadly blow; Groan rose on groan, and all the ground with bubbling blood did flow.

As when a lion springs—when the good shepherd's help is far—
On sheep and goats, and stoutly plies the ruthless-rending war;
So rushed the stout Tydides on the Thracians, till he slew
A goodly twelve; meanwhile his many scheming comrade true
Beside him stood, and, where he smote, the other backward drew
Each dead man by the foot; for this he warily provided,

490
That through clear ground the steeds with flowing manes might
well be guided,

And not, uncustomed to the fray, shy at the frequent dead.
But when Tydides came where soft the king reclined his head,
From him the honey-sweet life he stole, and left him in his blood
Convulsive gasping; for an evil dream beside him stood.
Meanwhile the prudent Ithacan chief the hoofed steeds unbound.
And led them by the leathern reins full surely o'er the ground,
Smiting them with his curved bow; for this escaped his thought,
500
To take the lash from out the car with curious beauty wrought:
Then whistled low, to give a sign to godlike Diomede.
But he stood brooding in his soul on some more venturous deed,
Whether to seize the shining car, where the sun-bright armour lay.
And drag it by the smooth straight pole, or with a mighty sway
Uplift it, or more Thracians smite, and give his sword free play.

Such thoughts in his brave breast he cast; but Pallas near him stood,

And with wise whisper in his ear she reined his violent mood:

Bethink thee now of swift return, thou godlike hero good,

Lest, while ye mow the Thracian foe, a pair of gory reapers,

Some jealous god that hateth Greece may rouse the Trojan sleepers.

510

Thus she; the stout Tydides heard the voice divine with glee,

And mounted on the car; and while Ulysses lustily

Urged with his bow the steeds, they flew to the ships beside the sea.

Meanwhile no blind man's watch, I ween, by silver-bowed Apollo Was kept, when he that Jove-born maid saw through the battle follow

Stout Tydeus' son. Into the camp where slept the Thracian clan, Wrathful he rushed, and roused from sleep a sagely-counselling man, Hippocoön, kin to the king. He from his sleep upstarted,

And when he saw the emptied space, and the wind-swift steeds departed, $520

And the dead that throbbed with panting life, and the streams of bubbling blood,

He groaned, and wailed for his comrade slain, and called his name aloud;

And a shrill sharp cry did rend the sky from the wildly-heaving crowd,

- When they saw what gruesome deeds were done by the men who now had fled
- Across the plain with wary speed, and left the weltering dead.

 But when the heroes reached the spot where Hector's scout they slew,
- Then wise Ulysses checked the steeds, and tightly backward drew

The shining reins; Tydides leapt to ground, and quickly threw

The gory armour to his friend; and then leapt up again,

And lashed the steeds. With willing feet they skirr the sounding plain.

530

Then first old Nestor heard, and cried with lusty voice amain:

O leaders of the Argives! sagely-counselling friends! to you

I will outspeak what moves me—be it vain conceit, or true.

There smites my car the tramp full near of nimble-footed steeds;

This very way from the venturous fray the backward travel leads

Our stalwart friends; would they were come! but much I fear that they

Have found sore harm from Trojan arm in this high-souled assay.

Scarce had the old man spoke the word when that stout-hearted pair

Entered the camp, and sprang to ground. The Greeks with greetings fair, And shouts of joy, and brave right hands received them. Then uprose

Old Nestor first; and from his mouth discourse thus sweetly flows:

Tell me, thou glory of the Greeks, Laertes' son, whom most

For wit we praise—whence hast these steeds? Say, didst thou
reach the host

Of Trojan men; or came some kindly god across your way
With these fair coursers? for their manes are bright as the bright
ray

Of the all-radiant sun. Well known is all the camp to me.

I'm an old soldier now; but not to skulk beside the sea

Was Nestor's use; such steeds not yet saw I in all the host;

Wherefore I deem some god your path with blessèd gift hath crossed;

For both are dear to Jove, whose nod controls the field of slaughter,

And to the maid with the flashing eyne, his strong spear-shaking daughter.

To whom the many-scheming chief with ready word replied:

O Nestor, thou of well-greaved Greeks the glory and the pride;
Truly the gods might give us steeds of rarer blood than these;
For strong are they to help our need, so their high grace shall please.
But these are earth born steeds, old man, but yesterday arrived
From Thrace; and him who was their lord stout Diomede deprived
Of dearest life, with other twelve, the best of all his crew;

560
Likewise a scout, that skulked not far from the black ships, we slew.

With sly intent him Hector sent even to the ships to go.

And spy the weakness of our camp, and work us mickle woe.

Thus spake Ulysses; and for thwith the one-hoofed steeds drave he $% \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) =\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) +\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) +\frac{$

Across the ditch exultant; and the Greeks with jubilant glee
Followed. Then to the firm-built tent of Diomede they fare,
And with the well-cut thongs they bind the Thracian horses there
Fast to the cribs, where the good steeds of doughty Diomede
Are kept, and on the wheaten store of fattening virtue feed.
Then Dolon's blood-smeared arms Laertes' godlike son displayed 570
On his ship's stern, a votive gift to the strong Jove-fathered maid.
Then to the sea each hero hies, and washes sans delay
From neck and shins and brawny thighs the sweaty dust away.
And when their dear souls were refreshed by the sea-wave pure and briny,

Into the hollow bath they went, so white and smooth and shiny;

And there they wash, and with sweet oil they rub their bodies o'er;

Then go to eat, and from the bowl's rich honey-hearted store

To Pallas of the flashing eyne a votive cup they pour.



BOOK XI.

ARGUMENT.

The king of men, in sun-bright armour dight,
Rides like a god, and sweeps the field with death:
But with a sore wound pierced in bloody fight
He leaves the field, and bates his conquering breath.
Hector pursues; and many a goodly knight
Of Greece, and leech Machaon, suffer seath;
Achilles sees from far the Trojans' daring,
And sends his friend to learn hove Greece is faring.

Vol. II.



BOOK XI.

Now from Tithonus' glorious couch, where she had slept the night,

Rose bright-thround Morn, on gods and men to pour the streaming light.

And Jove from heaven to earth sent down a fearful power divine, Fell Strife; and in her hand she held of war the blazing sign.

High on Ulysses' mighty-bulging, dark-hulled ship she stood,

Even in the midmost ship of all that masted multitude,

Whence or to Telamonian Ajax' tent her voice might reach,

Or where Achilles' ships were ranked on the broad-sweeping beach.

At the extremest wing; for there in strength and hardihood

High-confident the heroes held their posts. The goddess stood

And shouted high, and with shrill cry she breathed the lust of war ¹⁰

Into each galliard Argive breast; and thoughts of peace were far.

Then Agamemnon, king of men, called all the Argive crew To arms; and on his manly limbs the glittering armour drew. And first upon his shapely shins he fitted featly round His burnished greaves, with silver ankle-pieces nicely bound. His hauberk then he buckled well close to his ample breast,

That hauberk good which Cinyras gave to his kingly guest.

For o'er the sea to Cyprus flew loud runnour from the west,

That Greece across the sounding sea a mighty fleet did bring;

Therefore that hauberk good gave he to please the Argive king;

Ten bars of dark-hued mineral blue that goodly hauberk showed,

With twenty stripes of tin, and twelve of glittering gold, it glowed;

And round his neck a gorget ran, in which three serpents twine

Their various-glistering folds; as bright as that rich-coloured sign,

Which rainy Jove hangs out from heaven, their scaly volumes shine.

Then o'er his shoulders broad his golden-studded sword he flung, ³⁰ With silver sheath, that from a golden belt was aptly slung.

And in his hand the curious-wrought man-sheltering shield he swings,

Beautiful, forceful; round whose rim there ran ten copper rings; And, in its ample round, of shining tin the bosses stood

Twice ten; the midmost boss of all was mineral blue dark-hued;
And grim-faced Gorgon's awful form looked out with stony glare

From the huge round; and pale Alarm and yellow Fear were there.

The strap was silver; round the which a snake of mineral blue

Twisted its slippery shining folds, and from it fiercely threw

Three bristling heads, that from one neck of tunid lustre grew.

Then to his head the horse hair crested casque he tightly bound,

The casque, with four knobs guarded well, whose crest nods fear

around:

And in his hand two ponderous spears the mightful monarch sways.

Pointed with brass; and from their tips a stream of dazzling rays

Flashes; and Pallas, martial maid, and Herê, pealing far.

Pledged rich Mycene's lord their aid, as he buckled for the war.

Then every captain to his charioteer gave strict command

To range his horses by the ditch, and in firm order stand;

Themselves on foot well-harnessed rush to the dinsome-drifting fray.

And loud and high the shrill war cry pierced heaven, at dawn of day.

50

Close by the trench in glittering files the foot their strength display; The horse a space behind; but heaven's dark-clouded king did brew Wild hurlyburly in the sky, and rained a bloody dew Portentous; thus to men be showed his firm-set purpose fell How many heads of Greeks that day were due to murky hell.

Even so upon the swelling slope the mustered Trojans mass
Their hostile force with Hector tall, and brave Polydamas.

Æneas, honoured as a god, and thy three sons, Antenor.

Stout Polybus, and Acamas the youthful, and Agenor.

Like to immortal gods: but first through all the flashing field
The manly form of Hector burst, with his broad well-rounded shield.

As when an ominous star, whose fires bring deadly blight and bale, Looks with red eye, and quick retires behind the cloudy veil: So Hector mid the Trojans swift from rank to rank doth fly, Now dashing here, now flashing there, and swells the battle-cry; And his armour gleams like a forky flash from Jove in a sultry sky. As in a rich man's field where wheat or barley green doth grow, Tway adverse lines of reaping men their sweatful prowess show, And sheaf on sheaf behind them lies in many a tawny row: 70 So Trojan and Achæan shows the adverse-pointing spear Line against line, and neither knows a thought of craven fear. Man against man was counted; they like wolves with savage glee Rushed; and fell Strife, who hath her joy in harm, rejoiced to see; For she of all the gods alone had mingled in the war; The rest on high Olympus' slopes, from earth's contention far, Sat in their lucid halls; and much the cloud-encompassed sire They blame, whose purpose gave to Troy what Trojan hearts desire. But Jove their murmurs little recked; aloof in lofty state, Rejoicing in immortal strength, the cloud-robed Thunderer sate, And looked calm down on tower and town, and ships that fringe the main,

The harnessed knight, the flashing fight, the slayer and the slain.

And thus they fought till sacred day to noon's high brightness grew;

This way and that the missiles fly; death made the people few.

But at what hour the woodman stout who hews the tall old wood In mountain glades, deals feebler strokes, and flags with languid mood,

And strong desire o'ermasters him for the strength-restoring food;

Then the brave Greeks with valorous force bore down the Trojan clan,

And broke their lines; and Agamemnon fought the foremost man.

A shepherd of the people first, Bienor's might he slew,

Him and his stout steed-lashing mate, O'ileus brave and true;

He from his shining chariot leapt, and met the king's advance,

Who in his forehead as he stept his pitiless-pointed lance

Infixed; nor might the helmet's solid rim its course detain,

But through the brass, and through the bone it drave, and with the

Smeared all the helm within; and he lay powerless on the plain.

Them Agamemnon in their gore left recking on the clay,

And bared their white smooth breasts, and bore their glittering

arms away.

To Isus then and Antiphus the conquering monarch came,
Two sons of Priam, lawful one, and one of bastard fame,
Both in one chariot. The reins the bastard bore; and thus
The work of Mars with thee remains, thou spear-famed Antiphus.
Them once as they were herding sheep by Ida's grassy fold,
Achilles seized and bound with withes, but spared their lives for gold.

But not Mycene's monarch spared them now; he with sharp spear Right through the breast, above the pap, transfixed the charioteer, And with his sword the brother smote clean down behind the ear, And hurled him from the car. Their glittering mail the monarch bore

Victorious; well that princely pair his eye had marked before,
What time Achilles brought them bound to the ships that fringe
the shore

As when a lion, where a hind hath slept among the bushes,
And left its younglings, with a hunger-whetted fury rushes,
And lightly with his strong white teeth their tender life he crushes;
While she, the dam, beholding nigh, can bring her offspring dear
No needful help, for her own limbs are bound by trembling fear,
And with a sudden dread she starts, and flies with speed increased,
Through bush and wild wood all asweat, before that strong-jawed
beast;

So none could save the Trojans then from shame and dire dis grace,

But they left their dead, and like drift they fled from Agamemnon's face.

Then to Hippolochus, stanch in fight, and to the brave Pisander The monarch strode, Antimachus' sons, who erst from Alexander Much gold and glorious gifts received, and for this cause denied To Menelaus yellow-haired to yield his beauteous bride; These twain the mighty-sceptred king, whose sway extendeth far, Found guiding the fleet footed steeds, both in one battle car: For from their hands the flowing reins were shaken loose, and they Stood disarrayed and flurried. Like a lion on his prey Atrides sprang; they from the car thus prayed on bended knee: 130 O spare our lives, Atrides! spare! our godlike sire to thee Will send a ransom rich and rare, for he hath goodly store Of well-beat iron, gleaming gold, and ruddy copper ore. With these Antimachus will buy thy grace, if he shall hear That we beside the ships behold the sun with lively cheer. Thus with full-flowing eyne the pitcous-pleading plaint they frame To move the monarch--vainly. Thus the pitiless answer came: And if ye be Antimachus' sons, no blameless name ye bear; For he, when to the Trojan camp my brother dear did fare On peaceful mission with Laertes' godlike son, then he Advised to slay him, nor alive to the ships beside the sea Return him. Now the sons shall pay the father's debt to me. Thus he; and in Pisander's breast he digged a deadly wound

Thus he; and in Pisander's breast he digged a deadly wound With his sharp spear; backward the Trojan recled and smote the ground.

Down leapt the brother; but his eager-footed haste was vain;

Both head and arms with trenchant sword he lopped, and with

disdain

Spurned, like a heavy stone, his headless body o'er the plain.

Them there he left; and where the tide of battle hugest heaves

Rushes; and where he points the way the Greeks with burnished

greaves

Follow; foot soldiers urge the foot, and car gives chase to ear; 150 With clattering speed the hoofed steed doth beat the ground, and

The huge-wreathed dusty volumes roll of the hot and hurtling war.

far

And still the first in the battle's roar was Agamemnon's might, As he swept the shoals of dead before, and spurred the fervid fight.

As when strong fire leaps on a wood, where never woodman's stroke

Gave dint; far bears the strong-winged blast the whirling flame and smoke,

And flat before the crackling roar falls clm, and pine, and oak;
So to the strong Atrides' might the fleeing Trojans yield

Their drooping heads, and many a high-necked courser scours the field

Reinless, and wild from rank to rank the unlorded chariot drives; 160 Ill-fated lords! upon the gory ground they east their lives,

And there they lie, to kites more grateful now than to their wives.

Then Hector from the field of strife where men their mettle proved,

From blood and battle, dust and darts, the mighty Jove removed.

But from the face of the Argive men and Agamemnon bold

The Trojans flee to where the tomb of Ilus, monarch old,

Stood on the midmost plain, and thence hard by the fig-tree fly
Towards the city; them the king pursued with conquering cry,
Showing his forceful hands all red with blood of Trojan dye.
But when they reached the Seæan gate, and the old oak-tree, then 170
The boldest stood and faced them round to the rush of the Argive
men,

The rest far scattered o'er the plain, like trooping oxen fled,
On whom a lion, in the lull of night, with sudden dread
Pounces, and puts to flight; but one that lags he overtakes,
And fastening on him with an eager spring, his neck he breaks
With erunching tooth and powerful jaw, and laps his welling
blood,

And in his reeking entrails finds a rich and savoury food.

Even so the Argive monarch chased that Trojan multitude,

And still o'er-ran each lagging man, and still the rest pursued;

And many from their cars fell prone, and many fell supine,

Where with his raging spear was known that king of Atreus' line. 180

But when the Greeks pushed near and nearer to the city, then

Down from high heaven descending came the king of gods and

men,

And on the lofty peak of many-fountained Ida made
His rest, and in his hand the flashing thunderbolt displayed;
Then he to golden plumed Iris gave this high behest:
Hence, winged Iris; to stout Hector of the glittering crest

Bear this from me. While Agamemnon in the Achaen van Rages, and mows the foremost rows of the shaken Trojan clan, So long let Hector stand apart, and for the moment's need Let others deal the deadly blow, and dare the doughty deed.

But when sharp spear or arrowy barb shall pierce the king, and he Shall from the fight be borne, then comes stout Hector's hour from me:

I to the ships o'er heaps of dead will on his path attend,
Till the sun shall sink in his watery bed, and sacred night descend.

Thus he: nor Iris disobeyed the Thunderer's high decree,
But swift as wind from Ida's peak to broad-wayed Troy came she.
And found the godlike Hector, son of Priam, wise in war,
Standing behind his prideful steeds on his well-compacted car:
And, coming near, with accents clear thus spake the sire's decree:
Thou son of Priam, like to Jove in counsel, hear from me

The word that Jove sends from above with high command to thee.
Whiles thou shalt see Mycenæ's king first in the Argive van,
Raging, and mowing down the sons of the shaken Trojan clan,
So long thou wisely stand apart; and for the moment's need
Let others wing the deadly dart, and dare the doughty deed.
But when sharp spear or arrowy barb shall pierce the king, and

Shall from the fight be borne, then Jove doth pledge high help to thee; He to the ships o'er heaps of dead shall on thy path attend,

Till the sun shall sink in his watery bed, and sacred night descend.

Thus the wind footed Iris spake, and with an airy bound

Shot heavenward. Hector from his ear leapt harnessed to the

Shot heavenward. Hector from his car leapt harnessed to the ground,

And brandishing his pointed spear, he through the host did fly, From van to rear with lusty cheer, and swelled the battle-cry. Fired by his word the Trojans wheeled, and with firm face they

stood.

While man for man the Argive clan did mass their multitude;
Bristling with adverse spear and sword they stood; but still the

Of rich Mycene's kingly lord blazed in the foremost fight.

But tell ye now, ye Muses, who on high Olympus dwell,

Who next before the waxing might of Agamemnon fell,

Of Trojans or of brave allies; for ye alone can tell.

Antenor's son, well-built and tall, the brave Iphidamas,

Who in the loamy sheep-sustaining Thrace well-nurtured was;

His mother's father Cisses nursed his tender years; and he

A daughter had with lovely cheeks, Theano, fair to see.

And when the goodly boy had grown to the bloom of lusty life,

He gave this daughter fair to him to be his wedded wife.

Straight from the bridal chamber he the field of glory seeks,

With twelve well-rounded ships, to fight for Troy against the Greeks.

His ships he in Percotè left; himself, spurning delay,

Marched with the footed power to join the man-ennobling fray; 230

Such champion now against the king his strength doth proudly rear.

And when they were advanced, and each did mark the other near,

First Agamemnon flung; but sideward glanced the copper spear.

But him in the zone beneath the coated mail, with aim more true,

Iphidamas pierced, and all his weight into the cast he threw;

Yet not through all the various-plaited belt the weapon sped,

But on the plate of silver struck its blunted point, like lead.

Then the king seized the spear, and, like a lion fiery-eyed,

On rushed, and wrenched the weapon from his hand, and opened

wide

 Λ sluice in his throat, and from his knees the bond of strength untied.

Thus on the ground he fell, and slept the brazen slumber, far

From his new-wedded wife, vain helper in a thankless war,

The war which all his wedded joy and marriage gifts did mar.

For many gifts gave he, I ween, to win his lovely bride;

A hundred hornèd kine he gave, and his plighted word supplied

A thousand head of sheep and goats that cropt his pastures wide.

But when the praiseful Coön saw him stretched on gory bed,

Coön, Antenor's eldest son, he for his brother dead

Knew deadly grief; and dimmed his eye the bitter-streaming tear.

Sideward he plants his bulk, and at the unweeting king his spear

He hurled, and pierced him in mid arm, that the keen-pointed brass

Beneath his elbow cleanly ran, and through the flesh did pass.

Forthwith a thrilling pang shot through great Agamemnon's might.

But not sharp pain might him detain from urging the hot fight;

With strong breeze-hardened spear he rushed on Coön, fated wight,

Whose hand had seized Amphidamas by the foot, and backward drew

His breathless body, straining hard, and called to all his crew.

But him, as struggling through the host he dragged his brother dead.

The king pierced with his lance; and from his limbs the firmness fled.

Then on one brother's trunk he stood, and shore the other's head.

Thus both thy sons, Antenor, fell by Agamemnon king,

And down to Pluto's mirksome hall their joyless way they wing.

But foremost still the monarch fights, from rank to rank he goeth,

With lance and sword, and huge sharp stone his mighty strength

he showeth,

Nor recked his wound, so long hot blood from his hurt elbow floweth.

But when the wound was dry, nor more the crimson current ran, O then full sharply to the king the cutting pain began.

As when a woman in travail by the piercing throes is rent,

Keen as a lance, from the pang-bearing Eileithyæ sent,

Daughters of Herè, who to fruitful wombs sharp sorrows bring;
Such sharpness entered then the soul of Agamemnon king.
Into his car he leapt, and gave the charioteer behest
Right to the hollow ships to drive, for he with pain was pressed;
Then to his valiant men with shrill air-piercing voice cried he:
Rulers and leaders of the Greeks, brave Argives dear to me!
Now rests with you, my comrades true, from the ships beside the

To drive the rolling war, since Jove, the counsellor supreme,

Me from the fight withdraws, before the sun hath slacked his team.

Thus he; then lashed the charioteer the steeds with flowing

280

Right to the hollow ships, and they deftly obeyed the reins.

With dust their bellies are besprent, from reeking breasts they fling

The foamy flakes, while to his tent they bear the wounded king.

manes.

But when brave Hector saw King Agamemnon borne aside,
To Trojan men and Lycians thus from lusty lungs he cried:
Ye Trojan men and Lycians, and close-fighting Dardans, now
Quit ye like men, and of wild-sweeping force be mindful now!
The bravest Greek hath left the field, and now the Thunderer speeds
My cause and Troy's. Rouse now your strength, and drive your
hoofed steeds

Against the Greeks, and ye shall reap rich fruit from valiant deeds. Thus he; and stirred in every breast the battle's wild delight.

As when a hunter drives the hounds, with teeth both sharp and

white

east

Against a lion or wild boar, straining with eager might,

So Priam's son against the Greeks spurred the stout Trojan men;

Like to the hero-slaughtering Mars was godlike Hector then.

With lofty thoughts his proud heart swelled, as he swayed the foremost line;

Then right into the fight leapt he, as a storm with force divine Sweeps darkly down into the sea, and cuffs the gurly brine.

Now tell me, Muse, whom first, whom last King Priam's son undaunted

Gave to the death, when Jove to him the warlike glory granted. 300 Autonoös first, with stout Opites, and the brave Asæus, Opheltius then, Dolopian Clytides, and Agelaus,

Orus, Æsymnos, and Hipponoös, firm in press of fight;

These leaders of the Greeks he slew, and effsoons proved his might Upon the mass. As when the strong-winged Zephyr drives away Thick vapours, by white Notus bred, and sweeps the heaving bay, And lifts the big full-rounded wave, which high to heaven doth

The hissing spray before the sway of the shrill far-wandering blast; So fell the Greeks before the might of Priam's godlike son.

And Ruin now had come outright, and deathful deeds been done, 310 vol. II. Z

And many a Greek had spurred his flight to the ships with panting speed,

Had not the wise Ulysses thus bespoke stout Diomede:

O son of Tydeus, whither now? shall Mars and manhood flee

From thee and me? stand firm; great shame to Greece and Greeks shall be,

If the crest-flickering Hector seize the ships that plough the sea!

To whom with ready word replied the stalwart Diomede:

Come weal, come woe, I'll face the foe with thee! but valiant deed Vails not to day; for cloud-compelling Jove, who rules the fight,

Takes strength from us, and lends to broad-wayed Troy his partial might.

He spoke; and hurled Thymbraeus from his shining car, and drave,

Through his left breast his weighty lance; and then Ulysses gave

Like guerdon to his squire, divine Molion; on the clay

They left them both no more to swell the man-ennobling fray.

Then on the victors dash, as when two wild boars from the wood

Break through the fence of circling hounds that tempt their brist-

ling mood;

Thus through the battle's hurly-burly they with wild uproar,
Drive on. The Greeks breathe free, and fear stout Hector's might

Then from one car two chiefest men with all-prevailing spear

To ground they cast; their father was a wise far-sighted seer,

Percosian Merops, who with timely warning did assay

Safe from the hero-slaughtering strife to keep his sons; but they

Spurned him—the Fates of darksome death had marked them for a

prey:

Them on the ground cast Diomede, that spear-renowned knight,

And carved free passage for their souls, and reaved their armour

bright.

Hippodamus and Hypeirochus then the brave Ulysses slew.

Now Kronos' son from Ida looked, and with far-sweeping view, To either side with equal force the rope of contest drew.

Tydides pierced Agastrophus with copper pointed spear. In the hip-joint, brave Priam's son; for not to him were near $^{-340}$

His horses then, that should have saved his life with timely flight:

These to his squire he witless gave; himself, a footed wight, Raged through the van, and spent his soul in the man-destroying fight.

This with keen eye stout Hector spied, and like a tempest sped Shrill-shouting o'er the field; The Trojans followed where he led. Him knew the strong-voiced Tydeus' son, and thrilled with chilling fear,

And thus bespake his comrade true, Ulysses, standing near:

Here comes this man, this walking woe, and like a sea he rolls,

But while we may we'll front the foe, and scathless keep our souls!

Thus he; and with his hand the strong far-shadowed spear he
threw,

And aimed at Hector's head; direct the well-poised missile flew,

Nor missed the mark; but from the brass the brass recoiled, nor

drew

Blood from the skin. Him saved the goodly helm with visor hollow,

A triple plated helm, the gift of silver-bowed Apollo.

Stunned, he withdrew a space, where stout Tydides might not follow,

And on his knee he sank, and leant his strong arm's failing might Upon the ground; and darkness veiled the swooning hero's sight. But while the stalwart Diomede his eager way pursued In his spear's track, where quivering in the foremost field it stood, Then from his swound rose Priam's son, and, with reviving breath, Sprang on his car, and drove apart, and fled from dismal death. Sprang on his spear rushed Diomede, and spake with lusty cry: Evil was near thee, dog! nathless thou hast escaped to die. Not to thyself, but to a god, this tide, thy life thou owest, Even Phœbus, who thy vows doth hear, when thou to battle goest. Some other day in the crimson fray I'll make thee bite the sod, When firm by me as now by thee shall stand the friendly god!

Till then I'll roam the battle, and search out some surer prey.

He said, and bore from Paon's son the glittering arms away.

But Alexander, spouse of Argive Helen lovely-haired,

Against the life of Tydeus' son a feathered shaft prepared,

And on a pillar leant that on the strong-piled sepulchre stood,

Of Ilus, ancient chief revered of Dardan's royal blood.

And while Tydides bore thy mail, Agastrophus, from the field,

Thy coat of various-glittering mail, thy broad and rounded shield,

And weighty casque, then Alexander marked him well, and drew

His well-bent bow; nor vainly from his arm the arrow flew,

But pierced the instep as he stood of his right foot, clean through

And from his station sprang, and thus with boastful word spake he:

Even to the ground. Then Alexander laughed with lusty glee,

Thou hast it now; nor vainly flew my shaft! would I had driven ³⁸⁰
The brass into thy bowels, and to thy soul destruction given!
That had been joy to the men of Troy, who now must shrink from thee

As the scared goats upon the hill the strong-jawed lion flee.

Then outspake strong-voiced Diomede—no thought of fear had
he:

Brave archer! brilliant bowman! big in taunts! and strong in glances

Shot after dainty girls! but here, amid the fight of lances,

Front against front, and man to man, thou'lt win thee scanty joy
With these light shafts! Such scratch from thee brings me no
more annoy

Than if a pin had scratched my skin from wench or witless boy.

Small is the smart of nerveless dart flung by a worthless wight. 390

But from my arm a heavy harm, even if the wound were slight,

Would seize thee, and enwrap thy soul with shades of deathful night.

Woe to the man whom I shall pierce! his wife with passioned nails

Ploughs up her cheeks; his orphans rend the air with piteous wails;

His blood doth slake the thirsty ground; his flesh shall rot; and where

He lies shall vultures more abound than weeping women fair.

He spake; but now Laertes' son to shield his friend was there,

And stood before, while Diomede forth drew the bitter dart

Out of his foot; and through his flesh keen shot the sudden smart.

Then on his ear the hero sprang, and bade his driver go

Right to the black ships hollow-hulled; the pain did fret him
so.
400

Now in the fight the spear-renowned Ulysses stood alone, For fear had seized the host; his brave companions all were flown; Sore-vexed the hero saw, and thus to his brave heart spoke he:

O woe is me! great harm will be if I shall turn and flee

Before the Trojans! Greater harm if captive I be taken

Alone; while with god-sent alarm each Argive heart is shaken.

But why should I, a soldier, tease my heart with vain debate?

I know that fearful cowards flee, and, fleeing, find their fate.

A valiant man doth fear the least when most by foes surrounded,

And holds his post against a host, to wound or to be wounded.

Thus to himself he spake. Meanwhile, with keen attack un

Their narrowing lines close and more close the Trojan men shieldbearing

Display; he in the midst alone stood firm with perilous daring.

Even as a wild boar, mountain-bred, that from the shaggy wood

Came forth, confronts the clamorous charge of hounds and hunters

good,

Whets the white tusks in his savage jaws, and frets with wrathful mood;

They on the beast bear down; he grinds his teeth; and wisely they Recoil a space, but denser draw the lines of grim array:

So charged on stout Laertes' son the Trojan men; but he

To blameless Deiopites first gave dismal destiny;

Above the shoulder his sharp lance he fixed, and shore it through:

Then Eunomus and Thoön brave the enchafed hero slew.

Chersidamas next, as from his steeds he with a nimble bound
Was leaping, in the groin he pierced beneath his shield's huge
round:

He fell; and with convulsive clutch he grasped the gory ground.

Them there he left; and with his spear eftsoons he smote another, Charops, the son of Hippasus, the well-born Socus' brother.

The godlike Socus then came near to wreak his kinsman's death, And thus in wise Ulysses' ear he poured the ireful breath:

O wise Ulysses, much-bepraised, in wiles and toils unsated,

This day two sons of Hippasus by thee to death are fated,

A bloody harvest thou shalt reap when we in death are mated,

Or even now this spear shall heap thy hulk upon the ground.

He spoke: and pierced the hero through his buckler's ample round;

Right through the shining buckler passed the lance with brazen head,

Right through his hauberk, made with mickle curious sleight, it sped;

Clean from the ribs it peeled the flesh; but to life's seat to pass Pallas Athene's mighty grace forbade the harmful brass.

No mortal wound the hero knew, and thus made fierce reply:

Thou craven Trojan, sheer perdition yearns to find thee! I 440 Must quit the field to bind my wound; but thou shalt surely die:

This very day my spear shall drink thy base life's crimson well, And Pluto on his fleet black steeds shall bear thy soul to hell.

He spoke; and Socus, with swift pace fleeing retraced his track;
But, as he turned, Ulysses' spear transfixed him in the back,
Between the shoulders; to the breast the brass its path did make.
With hollow fall he fell; and thus divine Ulysses spake:
O Socus, son of Hippasus, brave horse-subduing man,

The end of death hath found thee; thou hast joined the shadowy clan!

Hapless! for neither sire nor gracious mother now shall close
Thine eyes; but thou shalt yield thy flesh to vultures and to crows
To rend thee; they above thy corpse shall flap their baleful wings,
While to my tomb each pious Greek the kindly offering brings.

He spoke; and drew from his own flesh, and from his buckler round

The spear by him infixed, who now lay breathless on the ground;

And as he pulled the red blood welled, and pained the hero sore.

But when the Trojan men beheld the purple-streaming gore,

From man to man they called, and urged the keen pursuit yet more.

Ulysses back retreats, and loudly calls to all his clan;
Three times he called, as far as voice from throat of mortal man
May reach; and thrice the Spartan king caught his air piercing cry;
And thus with eager haste he spoke to Ajax standing nigh;

O Telamonian, Jove-descended prince, dost thou not hear

The cry of that stout hearted wight, Laertes' son? I fear—

So sounds the voice—he stands alone by Trojan men surrounded,

From all his friends cut off—alone, in stress of battle wounded.

But come, join we the fight, and help, if help we may, our brother.

Oh, if grim death the light of his dear life shall darkly smother,

The Greeks will moan a wise man gone, but ne'er shall find another!

He spoke; and with the godlike Ajax went. Forthwith they

Divine Ulysses, dear to Jove, and, pressing him around,
The Trojans, even as tawny jackals in the track are seen
Of antlered stag, whom in the hills with barbèd arrow keen
A hunter pierced; the fleet-limbed beast scuds o'er the heath with
ease,

While blood and breath suffice to trim for flight his supple knees; But when his strength doth fail beneath the arrow's galling power, The jackals—gory banqueters—his quivering flesh devour In leafy shades: then to the spot some god a lion leadeth,

And lo! the jackals flee; alone the huge-maned robber feedeth.

So round the many-scheming wight the Trojan men advance,

Stout-hearted warriors not few; but he with busy lance

Still vexed the foremost foe, and still deceived Death's dark mischance.

But Ajax came, and like a tower planted his full-orbed shield. Him seen, the Trojans fled like drift across the dinsome field. Then warlike Menelaus by the hand Ulysses leads, While his attendant faithful knave drives back the willing steeds. But Ajax on the Trojans rushed, and brave Doryelus slew, Priam's bastard son; nor less, I ween, the stout Lysander too; Pylastes, Pyrasus, and Pandocus his coming rue. As when a mountain-torrent, fed by Jove's unwearied rain, Foams down the rocky glen, and rolls far o'er the flooded plain; And many a scraggy oak, with stock and stub and bristling pine, The gathered ruin of the vale, sweeps to the veasty brine: So through the fight with furious might did noble Ajax storm, And horse and man before him drave; nor Hector knew the harm. For far on the left wing fought he, beside the sacred swell Of strong Scamander's current, where the heads uncounted fell 500 Of valiant men, and harshly rang the battle's brazen jar Round Nestor and Idomeneus, that Cretan strong in war. There Hector his high hand did rear, and havoc wild he made; With horse and spear he scattered fear, that boldest hearts were frayed.

But not a foot the Greeks had flinched, for all stout Hector dared, Had not the archer prince, the spouse of Helen lovely-haired, To wise Machaon, shepherd of the folk, brought sharpest sorrow. In his right shoulder fixing fast the fangs of his barbèd arrow.

Then fear seized each Greek heart to think what harm the host might reach,

If, from his friends divorced, the foe should captive hold the leech.

Then thus the brave Idomeneus to godlike Nestor speaks:

O son of Neleus, wise in war, great glory of the Greeks!

Come quickly, quickly mount the car, and take the leech with thee,
And bravely lash the one-hoofed steeds to the ships beside the sea;

A cunning leech in stress of fight a hundred men outweighs.

Thus he. Nor the Gerenian horseman, Nestor, disobeys.

Straight on his car he mounts, and wise Machaon goes with him,

Son of Asclepius, famed for skill to bind the bleeding limb;

Then deftly lashed the one-hoofed steeds. With willing feet they flew

Right to the hollow ships; for well the trodden way they knew. 520

Then first Cebriones saw the Trojans by stout Ajax pressed,
And, coming nigh to Hector, thus that godlike prince addressed:
Hector, we on the outmost skirt of dismal-sounding war
Confound the Greeks; but from our aid the other Trojans far
In heaped confusion o'er the field are drifted by the fell
Offspring of Telamon; I know that burly warrior well
By his broad buckler's bossy round. Come, thither let us go
With all our force, both man and horse, where most prevails the foe,
Where in hot fight each Argive wight upstirs his martial mettle
Against the Trojans, while far swells the brazen bray of battle.

Thus he; and with shrill-sounding scourge the steeds with beautiful manes

He lashed; they felt their master urge, and owned the shaken reins.

Rattled the car wide o'er the field; with clattering hoof they sped, Trampling on corpses and on shields. The axle-tree was red With spattered blood; and all the chariot's rounded rim with gore From the high-splashing hoofs of the swift steeds was gouted o'er, And from the whirling wheels. With eager haste stout Hector flew Into the motley-mingled fray; and to the Argive crew Brought dire alarm; small rest from cast of spear the hero knew.

Brought dire alarm; small rest from cast of spear the hero knew. From rank to rank he drives; and Greek on Greek is overthrown ⁵⁴⁰ Beneath his hand by spear and brand, and huge sharp-pointed stone; Only from thee he kept aloof, stout son of Telamon.

But now high-seated Jove with fear smote fearless Ajax' mind:
Aghast he stood; and threw his huge seven-hided shield behind.
Trembling he sought the host; and glared like a wild beast around,
But showed small space from knee to knee, as back he paced the
ground.

As when the troops of hooting boors and yelping hounds surprise

A lion red, which near the stalls of well-fed oxen lies;

They through the mirksome night keep watch, lest on the flesh he

feed

550

Of the well-fatted herd; he stands without; cold whets his greed;

Full many a plunge he makes in vain; the eager-crowding bands

Hurl shaft on shaft his flesh to pain, and from their brawny hands,

Fling flaming fagots, that he fears what with bold look he faces;
And in the morn the baffled beast his sulky march retraces:
Thus Ajax went with gallèd heart, and with unwilling feet,
Back; for he feared the foe with fire might scath the masted fleet.
As when an ass, a stiff-willed brute, into a field hath gone
In face of boys, who pelt his hide with sturdy stick and stone;
Now on the fresh green corn he feeds; the boys with might and

Renew their buffets; but their blustering childish pith is vain; ⁵⁶⁰
He scorns their blows, and backs at ease, well packed with kindly food:

Even so the high-souled Trojans and the allied multitude
Press the tall Ajax, as he slowly yields the conquered field,
And with strong push of pikes bear down his huge seven-hided
shield.

And now he turned and faced the noble Trojans steed-subduing,
And dashed them back upon their track, and now from them pursuing
He fled, and barred their onward path, and with stout heart
undaunted,

570

Between the fleet and eager Troy his steady bulk he planted.

Full many a spear the hero bore upon the ample round

Of his good buckler; and, before his goodly flesh they found,

Lance after lance athirst for gore stood quivering in the ground.

Whom when Euæmon's noble son, Eurypylus, beheld,

Beneath thick-showering shafts, to slow unwilling flight compelled,

Full nigh he stood, and hurled his ponderous spear against the foe,

And laid the son of Phausias, princely Apisaon, low,

Pierced 'neath the liver, from his limbs the lively breath set free,

And from his body bore away the sun-bright panoply.

580

But when the godlike Paris saw this doughty hero slain,

And his good armour borne away, he drew with mighty strain

His curvèd bow, and smote Eurypylus with a barbèd arrow

On the right thigh; the shaft hung from his flesh with dragging

sorrow.

Then back to the host, avoiding death, the godlike chief withdrew, And shouted high with shrilling cry to all the Danaan crew:

Leaders and rulers of the Greeks, dear friends, wheel round and ward Death's pitiless hour from Ajax, whom the Trojan men pelt hard With deadly rain. Stand fast, lest dismal-sounding death destroy

This hero tall, who like a wall breaks the proud force of Troy.

Thus spoke the wounded captain; they with answering speed came near,

Each roofed his shoulder with his shield, and high uphove his spear,

Then took the king into their midst; with joy stout Ajax found Removed the foe's hot-heeled annoy, and only friends around.

Thus round the Telamonian tall, like blazing fire, they fought.

Meanwhile old Nestor from the field the steeds of Neleus brought,
Sweating, with wise Machaon. Him, as in the car he flew,
Godlike Achilles, swift of foot, the son of Peleus, knew.

For he upon the poop of his huge-bulging ship stood high,
And saw the hurrying hot pursuit of war with wistful eye,
And to Patroclus called aloud, his best-loved comrade dear.

Him from his tent his faithful comrade heard with willing ear,
And, like to Mars forth came; for now his evil day began.

Then first thus spake Patroclus to the chief of the Phthian clan:

Why dost thou call me, brave Achilles? speak thy will, and I
Attend. To whom the swift of foot thus made the prompt reply:
Friend of my heart, Patroclus, now the valiant Greeks, I trow,
Clasping my knee, I soon shall see; sore need doth press them
now.

Go, then, brave comrade, dear to Jove, from Nestor old inquire What man is he whom wounded back they bear from battle dire? Like to Machaon from behind of Æsculapius' race

He showed; for, though mine eyes were fain, I might not see his face;

So swift the coursers swept the plain, with fiery-footed pace.

Thus he. Mencetins' godlike son his comrade's voice obeyed,
And straight to the Achæan fleet his hasty march he made.

Meanwhile old Nestor reached his tent with that sore-wounded

Meanwhile old Nestor reached his tent with that sore-wounded wight,

And on the many-nurturing ground the wearied chiefs alight.

The trusty squire Eurymedon did from the yoke unbind

The recking steeds, whiles they outspread their tunics to the wind,

And cooled themselves beside the shore, in the light and breezy air.

Then to the tents they went, and sat on couches soft and fair,
While for the leech a mingled draught fair Hecamede prepared,
Born of high-souled Arsinoüs, a maiden beautiful-haired,
Whom, when the Greeks took Tenedos, Achilles gave a prize
To Neleus' son, above all Greeks in timely counsel wise.
A table beautiful she spread of finely-polished wood
And azure-gleaming feet, and on the board a ruddy-hued
Bright copper charger placed; then new-pressed paly honey fine,
And sacred barley grains, and flavorous garlic for the wine.

630
A quaint old beaker then she brings, with golden studs ychased.
Brought by the chief from Pylos; with four ears the bowl was
graced;

And on each ear two golden doves in act to peck their food
With delicate bill; and on two feet the broad based beaker stood,
VOL. II. 2 A

So massy that when brimmed with wine no other mortal wight Might move it, but with easy sway the old Gerenian knight Lifted its round. In this the lovely Hecamede did pour The Pramnian wine; and from a brazen grater sprinkled o'er The goat's milk cheese, and shook the dust of white-grained barley

Then bade the heroes slake their thirst with that well-mingled wine.

fine:

Well pleased the kindly cup they lift, their mighty thirst to slake,

And free the friendly talk they weave, while draught on draught they take.

Meanwhile before the tent arrived Mencetius' godlike son,
Whom when he saw, wise Nestor from his shining seat came
down,

And led him by the hand, and pointed where to sit; but he
Disowned the grace, and thus outspoke, thou ancient knight, to
thee:

Nay, tempt me not, Jove-nurtured king; no rest is here for me;

My fear he claims and loyal speed, who sent me to inquire

What man is he, whom thou hast brought wounded from battle

And now no quest I need, for here with mine own eyes I view Machaon, and may wend me back with news both sad and true. Thou knowest the master whom I serve, how keen and hot his will is:

For a small sin much blame to win, were light chance with Achilles.

To whom the old Gerenian horseman Nestor answered so:

Why asks Achilles of our griefs, what recketh he to know !

It costs not one throb of his heart, that we must pour the tear

For hundreds smitten by the dart, and thousands by the spear.

Wounded is stout Tydides; low the wise Ulysses lies,

ted is stout Tydides, for the wise Clysses hes,

And Agamemnon, from whose hand the spear unerring flies.

And now this new-disabled chief, Asclepius' offspring wise,

Who from an arrow caught the grief, I brought from battle dire.

But what cares Peleus' son for Greece? what recks him to inquire?

Beside the sea apart sits he, enwrapt with sullen gloom,

And there will wait till flashing flames from pitiless Troy consume

Our fleet, and we shall butchered lie, up-heaped line upon line;

For in my limbs no more there swells youth's supple force divine.

O would such lusty sinew and such firm knit nerve were mine, 670

As when betwixt the Eleans and our folk a feud arose

About some lifted cattle, when the bravest of the foes,

Itymoneus, I slew, who dwelt in the Elean land,

And seized his herds for quittance. He full stoutly did with stand.

But with a javelin from my arm he fell and kissed the clay;

And all the people feared, and ran with light legs from the fray.

A goodly booty we drove home, full fifty herd of kine,

As many flocks of sheep and goats, as many herds of swine;

The good bay coursers that we took were fifty and five-score,

All mares, and not a few with foals, that made the booty more.

Such plunder rare with joy we drove into the Pylian hold

At midnight hour; that in his heart exulted Neleus old,

To see such wealth of plunder won by his son so youthful bold.

Then the shrill-throated heralds, with Dawn's rosy-fingered shine,

Bade come whose had debts to claim from Elis' land divine;

And to divide the goodly speil was many a Pylian lord

Soon gathered, who in faithful hearts their ancient debts had stored,

Since when against our state their might the harsh Epeans poured. For we by Hercules' might divine in strength had dwindled

low,

Some summers then, and all our best were moved down by the foe.

Twelve goodly sons, fruit of his loins, could blameless Neleus tell;

Now I was left alone; the rest in tearful battle fell.

For the which cause the copper-mailed Epeans blown with pride,
With lawless taunt, and reckless wrong our folk did override.

So from the oxen and the sheep my aged father took

Three hundred head, with herdmen stout, the flocks to overlook,

His rightful share; for he against the Elean men had claims For four prize bearing steeds—both steeds and car—who at the games

Should run for prizes; a bright tripod stood for guerdon then 700 To the swift racers; but his steeds Augeas, king of men Unrightful kept; full sadly home the horseless rider came. Such wrongs to quit, my godlike sire a goodly share did claim Of that rare plunder; what remained by measured portion fair He to the people gave, that each might boast an equal share. So all was duly done; with sacrifice and sounding pæans We thanked the gods. But ere three days had rolled, the stout Epeans

Came back in troops, and with them Actor's sons - mere boys were they,

Not hardened by the use of years for the craft of the sturdy fray. ⁷¹⁰ Far on Alpheius' banks, high on a hill doth bravely stand A strong town, Thryoessa hight, at the end of the Pylian land; Against this town the Epeans camped, and brooded works of harm. Here, while they spread across the plain, with many a bristling swarm.

Down through the still hush of the night, sounding the wild alarm,

Athenè came: with willing hearts our god-stirred folk obeyed.

And donned their fighting gear; but me my careful father stayed

And hid my horses, and forbade to join the perilous war;

For yet my arm was weak, he said, to guide the impetuous car.

But even thus, a footed wight, amid the riders brave,

I shone; such gracious might to me strong-fathered Pallas gave.

A river, Minyeius hight, into the salt-sea wave,

Pours at Arenè; there for morning's rosy-glowing light

Our Pylian horsemen waited, and the foot's embattled might.

And thence we marched, with arms that shone in the cool morn's glancing beam,

There to great Jove with honour due we did the sacred rite;

A bull we to the river slew, a bull to Neptune's might,

And from the herd a cow we brought, to the maid of the flashing
eyne,

And then the strengthening food we took, through all the spear-

Till at the shining noon we reached Alpheius' sacred stream.

fenced line,

And in our armour slept beside the flood of the stream divine,
All dight for battle. But the mighty-souled Epean crew,
With eager hearts to sack the town their hot design pursue;
But, certes, first a mighty work of Mars was theirs to do.
For when the flaming sun uprose upon the works of men,
We joined the fight, and prayed to mighty Jove and Pallas then.

Fierce raged the strife; and man with man viel in no gentle deeds.

And first I slew a forman stout, and gained his hoofed steeds,

Mulios, whom king Augeas chose to wed his daughter fair,

His eldest born, hight Agamede, with golden flowing hair;

A leech was she, and well she knew all herbs on ground that grow;

740

Him with my spear I marked, and the strong spear-head laid him low.

To bite the dust. Forthwith I sprang upon his chariot seat,

And mid the foremost fought. Eltsoons, huddled with hurrying feet,

The Epeans fled, one here, one there, when they beheld the man

Dead and dismailed, the prowest knight in all their famous clan.

Then like the black-winged hurricane, from foe to foe I ran,

Full fifty cars I took, and in each car were warriors tway,

Who felt my brass through their warm blood pass, and fell and kissed the clay.

And Actor's sons that day my hand had stretched on dusty pillow, 750

Had not the strong earth-shaking god, who sways the boundless billow.

Swathed them in folds of friendly mist, and saved from harmful blow-

That day Jove on the Pylian men did mickle grace bestow,

For through the far-outstretching plain we chased them, where they fled,

And mowed them down, and reaped the shining harness from the dead,

Till to Buprasium's corn clad roods our clattering horses sped

And the Olenian rock, and old Aleisium's famous hill. But here we checked our speed; for such was dread Athene's will. There the last man I slew; and all the brave Achaens then 760 Back from Buprasium to the sandy Pylus turned again, Praising great Jove, the chief of gods, and Nestor, chief of men. So was I then—if 'twas not all a dream—but Peleus' son Hath valiance for himself alone, and shares its fruit with none. Yet bitter tears he'll weep, when slain lies all the Grecian band. Dear fellow-soldier, well to thee thy father gave command, What day for Agamemnon's cause thou left the Phthian land, While I beneath his sheltering roof, and Laertes' godlike seed Heard from thy father's kindly lips the prudent-minded rede. We to the home of Peleus came, and there with busy pains Levied brave men through all Achaea's people-nurturing plains. 770 Within we found Mencetius and thee, and that fleet wight, Achilles. Peleus, his good sire, the horse-careering knight, Was burning thighs of oxen to great Jove's high-thundering

In the court-yard. A golden cup above the sacred flame
He held, whence wine, devoutly poured, in foaming purple came.
You and your friend about the flesh were busy, whiles we stood
At the court-gate. Up sprang Achilles, and in friendly mood.
He takes us by the hand, and bids us sit, and nothing spares
Of gifts and tendance, which for guests a pions host prepares.

might,

780 But when the lust of food and drink our sated hearts forsook, I oped our mission to you twain; with willing ears ye took My speech; your sires agreed, and words of kindly warning spoke. The aged Peleus to his son this manly counsel gave, Still with the foremost to be first, and bravest with the brave. To thee thy father, Actor's son, thus spake the prudent rede: My son, Achilles tops thy state, as born of heavenly seed; But thou art elder; though in fight thy praise he far exceed, With the mild ministry of speech guide thou his gusty mood; He will obey a friend, who speaks a friendly word for good. So spake thy sire; but to this hour thy memory hath been slack Go even now, and to the host call fleet Achilles back. Who knows but that a god may go, and aid thy suit to bend His haughty will? Persuasion loves the lips of a faithful friend. And if so be some boded harm his warlike fire doth smother, Or heavenly hest from Kronos' son, brought by his gracious mother, Still let him send thee out, with all his myrmidons to shed Light on this black and wintry night that o'er the camp is spread. And let him lend his arms to thee, that, when they see from far That dreaded mail, the foes may flee, and slack the reins of war: And thus our sore-galled soldiers, son of Mars, may breathe a space;

Small time hath been to breathe. I ween, in this hot-hounding chase.

890

Ye being fresh will lightly drive the toil-worn phalanx back Far from our dark-hulled galleys, on their gory-trailing track.

He spake; and stirred the hero's heart, who turned and sought the strand

Where lay the curved keels that owned Achilles' high command.

But when he came to Ulysses' ships, and the public open space

Where all the people met, and awful kings with sacred mace

Speak righteous doom, and altars stand to the blest immortal race,

Even there he met Eurypylus; and his heart was pricked with

sorrow

To see Euæmon's Jove-born son, with in his thigh an arrow,

Come limping from the battle. Largely flowed the sweaty flood

From head and shoulders; from the wound trickled the purple blood,

But with a firm unshaken mind the halting hero stood.

Him pitiful thus with wingèd words Menœtius' son addressed:

Ah, wretched leaders of the Greeks, and counsellors unblest!

O evil doom! from friends divorced, and dear loved fatherland,

To gorge the dogs with your shining fat, on distant Trojan strand!

But tell me true, thou Jove-born chief, how doth the combat stand?

Do the Greeks withstand the hot advance of the huge-limbed terrible Hector?

Or do they fall beneath the lance of that remorseless victor?

To whom Euæmon's wounded son with woful voice replied:

Thou Jove-born chief, the Greeks no more the Trojan force may bide.

But with their gore will stain the shore, the dark hulled ships beside;

For all our chiefest captains, kings from whom our hope we borrow, Lie grimly gored by spear or sword, or by the barbèd arrow.

And wildly and more wildly swells the Trojan Mars; but thou Save me, I pray, and lead me to the ships with painted prow, And cut the arrow from my thigh, and wash the clotted gore With water warm, and drugs of soothing virtue sprinkle o'er,

And use the craft thy docile wit from wise Achilles drew,

Himself by Chiron taught, the justest of the Centaur crew.

For Podalirius fails my need, and wise Machaon too;

One in his tent doth lie, and from a sore wound bleedeth he,

And needs himself the leech, that he to fainting friend should be;

The other in the field of Mars doth stand, where many flee.

To whom with friendly word replied Menœtius' warlike son:

Alack, Machaon! but, dear friend, this thing may not be done,

That I should help him now; for I from the Gerenian knight

With hest to Peleus' son return, that nimble footed wight.

840

Nathless thy wound I'll heal, nor leave thee thus in piteous plight.

He spake; and round him wound his arm, and him supporting led To the tent, where for his couch the squire ox-hides did neatly spread;

And there they stretched him. Then divine Patroclus standing by,

With his good knife cut out the fretful arrow from his thigh,

And with warm water laved the wound, and gently did apply

A bitter root, bruised in his hand, which soon the smarting woe

Allayed; and from the vein's dry lip the red blood ceased to flow.

BOOK XII.

ARGUMENT.

The chariots left behind, stout Hector leads
His footed force, to breach the Trojan wail;
From bold assault Polydamas back recedes,
But the host hears adventurous Hector's call;
Pressed by the Lycians, brave Menestheus speeds
Swift word to Ajax, to prevent his fall.
Sarpedon shakes the dyke, and Hector glorious
Breaks down the gate, and mounts the breach victorious.



BOOK XII.

Thus in the tent Mencetius' stalwart son did tend thy wound.

Eurypylus; meanwhile the fight raged o'er the gory ground,

"Twixt Greeks and Trojans; for in sooth the ditch was made in vain,

Nor vailed the dyke against the foe, which Greeks with mickle
pain

Had piled to fend their fleet; and round the dyke a ditch they drew,

Nor paid the glorious hecatombs, which to the gods were due.

Vainly they deemed that they had raised a bulwark passing strong

To guard their booty and their ships; but the Olympian throng, Shorn of their due, decreed its fall; nor stood that bulwark long. While Hector lived, and fierce Achilles nursed his spleenful mood, ¹⁹ So long upon the plain the line of that strong rampart stood; But when the last and bravest of the Trojans sank in night, And many Greeks were slain, and some still looked on lovely light, When in the tenth year Priam's town down-toppled from its pride, And to dear fatherland the Greeks sailed o'er the billowy tide;

Then truly Phœbus, and the god, whose mace the strong rock shivers,

Brought down upon the dyke the force of fiercely-sweeping rivers, Even all the streams that seek the sea from Ida's sacred height, Rhesus, Caresus, Rhodius, Heptaporus' seven-mouthed might,

Granicus and Asepus, and divine Scamander's flood,

And Simoïs, which full many casques and bucklers in its mud
Rolled to the sea, with demigods, born of celestial brood:

Of all these streams the sounding strength, by thy high will, Apollo,
Poured for nine days against the dyke; Jove bade his rain to
follow

Unceasing, till the flood from view outwiped its latest trace.

To these the strong earth shaking god, who wields the threepronged mace,

Added his might, and with clean sweep gave to the yeasty main Logs, stones, and trunks of trees, piled by the Greeks with mickle pain.

Beside the Hellespont's strong-rushing tide no trace was found; ³⁰ The swathing sand Poscidon wreathed, and o'er the vanished mound Rolled the far-drifted pebbles; then he bade the streams to go Back to their beds, where their clear-swirling currents wont to flow.

Thus Phoebus and Poscidon vowed, when came the fated day,
To cast that barrier down; but now the clash of the clamorous
fray

Blazed round the dyke, and on the wooden towers a speary shower Came rattling; and the Greeks, subdued by Jove's sharp-scourging power,

Back to the black ships hollow-hulled in reeling troops were rolled,

Shunning that counsellor of fear, crest-flickering Hector bold,
Who, like a whirlwind, as before, swept through the battle then. 40
As when in face of long-breathed hounds, and troops of hunting
men,

A wild boar turns, or huge-maned lion, glorying in his might;
They in battalions densely massed dispose the weighty fight,
And adverse stand, a serried band, and pour a ceaseless flight
Of darts from countless hands; but he, with fierce and fearless eye,
Their firm-filed force defies, and hastes by scorn of death to die:
Against their bristling lines, now here, now there, a plunge he
makes,

And where he comes the circling fence of hostile men he breaks.

Thus through the battle Hector plunged, and spurred with lusty cheer

His men to clear the ditch; but his high mettled horses fear to make the leap, and rearing stand, and with sharp neighings shrink

Back from the edge; they might not look upon the yawning brink

VOL. II. 2 E

Of that broad foss, which with wet feet to cross, or dry to leap,
Was hard; on either side the bank rose slippery and steep
Above the water; and upon the edge a bristling sweep
Of sharp stakes ran, which the stout Greeks had set in horrid row,
For a strong fence to balk the ascent of rash-assailing foe.
No courser braced to well wheeled car so deep and broad a foss
Might lightly leap; but eagerly the footmen longed to cross.

Then thus Polydamas standing near to valiant Hector cries:

Hector, and all ye captains brave of Troy, and Troy's allies,
To drive the horses o'er the ditch me seemeth most unwise.

Such foss is passing hard to leap: where stake and pointed spike
Stand horrid on the jutting ledge of the Achæan dyke.

No space is here for chariot war; upon such narrow ground
Who reckless rides will back be flung with many a gaping wound.

If that the counsellor Jove indeed to Greece had voted harm,
And o'er the Trojans did outstretch his high-protecting arm,
I'd wing the watchword o'er the land to kill and to destroy,
And leave no trace of the hated race on the foodful plains of
Troy.

But if they gather heart anew, and with might repair the fray,
While we are floundering through the foss in lawless disarray,
Then not a man of all our clan to carry back the tale
Will live, when in the ditch the Greeks our tangled troops assail.
But lend your ears, brave friends, to me, and let my word prevail:

Here by the ditch let our good squires attend the steeds, while we Pursue the fight on foot, well eased in copper as we be 'Neath Hector's captainship; then back the Greeks will quickly veer.

When we shall press them, and they feel the deadly end is near. Thus he; and godlike Hector praised his brother's word discreet, so And from his car with rattling mail he leapt, and eager feet; Nor any Trojan now remained high-seated on his car, But to the ground leapt with a bound, where Hector led the war. And each man told his charioteer beside the ditch to stand, And keep his steed from wayward speed with cunning rein in hand. Then they, disparting right and left, their ordered ranks display, And in five bands they follow, each his leader, to the fray. The first troop owned Polydamas, and godlike Heetor's sway; These were the best and bravest, in whose heart the strong desire Burned to o'erleap the fence, and touch the Danaan ships with fire 90 With them Cebriones went; for him such valorous ardour moved, That Hector with his chariot left one less in fight approved. The second phalanx Paris led, Agenor, and Alcathous; Godlike Deïphobus the third, and augur Helenus, Two sons of Priam; and with them the son of Hyrtacus, Heroic Asius, whom two large-limbed steeds, with bright brown

Brought from Arisbe, and from Selle's swirling stream, to share

The chance of war with Troy. The fourth the good Æneas sways,

Son of Anchises; and with him two men of mickle praise,

Archilochus and Acamas, well skilled in warlike ways,

Antenor's sons. Divine Sarpedon led the allied band;

Glaucus and brave Asteropæus shared his high command:

For these, I ween, the bravest and the best he surely deemed

Of all his captains, save himself, whom all the first esteemed.

Then in their hands their stiff hide-shields these marshalled warriors hore

Close overlapped, and marched ahead, for they deemed the Greeks no more

Their charge would meet, but back retreat to the ships that line the shore.

Eftsoons the Trojans, and their brave allies, who came from far,
Obeyed the wise Polydamas, who counselled prudent war;
Only the son of Hyrtacus his own hot will obeyed,

Nor in the rear his charioteer with horse and chariot stayed,
But he would ride to the briny tide and the ships that plough the
sea.

Witless! for to destruction doomed, no more again shall he Bring back his chariot and his steeds in triumph and in joy To reap the guerdon of brave deeds in the streets of breezy Troy: For him the ill-divining Fate in deathy darkness bound, When from thy spear, Deucalion's son, he bit the gory ground. He to the left of the ships advanced, where the Achaean nation Back from the war with horse and car in hasty consternation Were fleeing; there his hoofed steeds he drove, and well-wheeled car,

Nor found strong gates to block his way, with massy bolt and bar;
But all the gates with vasty valves expanded stood, to save

Whose might seek the ships to show the Trains spear and

Whose might seek the ships, to shun the Trojan spear and glaive;

Even there his charge he made; with him followed his comrades brave,

With ringing shout; for the Greeks, they said, their charge would stand no more,

But back retreat to the masted fleet that lines the sandy shore.

Witless; for in the gates they found, to block their headlong speed.

Two men, of warlike Lapithæ the mighty-hearted seed;

The one, Pirithous' sturdy son, was Polypeetes hight,

With him Leontes, fierce as Mars who rules the murtherous fight. 130

These their huge bodies planted in the gates, and firmly stood. As when tway lofty-crested oaks in the leafy mountain wood Bear the long strain of wind and rain, to their high station bound By long and intertwisted fangs, that grasp the rocky ground; So they on strength of hands relied, and firmly stood, nor feared. When Asius fore the unbarred gates his stately bulk upreared.

He and his men before the dyke with shields of dry neat's hide Roofing their heads, marched forward, and with shrilling clamour

And with their leader, brave Orestes, and Iamenus,

Came on, with Thoon, Acamas, and bold Œnomaüs.

140

Till now that huge-limbed pair within the gates made manly stand.

And roused their men to fend the ships that line the sweeping strand:

But when they saw the Trojans rushing on the dyke, and heard The shrill air-shattering cry of the Greeks with sudden terror

stirred.

cried.

Then sallying out before the gates, their vast bulk they displayed,

And fought, as wild boars fight, that in the woody mountain glade

Of keen-set hounds and hunters bold the bickering onslaught bear.

And now to right, and now to left they plunge oblique, and tear

The trees sheer by the roots; harsh grate their teeth, in desperate strife,

Till some strong javelin cast shall rob their rabid breasts of life. 150

So harshly rang upon their breasts the copper armour bright,

Smitten by hurtling spears, for they with stout hearts plied the fight,

- Strong in themselves, and in the might of the Argive spearmen brave,
- Who from their well-built towers flung down huge stony blocks, to save
- Themselves, their tents, and the ships that plough the widecareering wave,
- From gripe of Trojan hand. Like as the thickly-whirling snows. Which on the many-nurturing earth the wintry welkin throws,
- When the dense grey cloud sweeps wildly by, and the blast shrill whistling blows.
- So thick the storm of darts which Greeks and Trojans fiercely fling,
- And 'neath the huge sharp stones hard helms and bossy bucklers ring. 160
- Loud groaned the son of Hyrtaeus, and smote his brawny thigh,
- And with sore indignation thus far through the fight doth cry;

 O Jove, thou art a lying god, and hast deceived me quite,
- Who trusted that the Greeks would shrink from stiff, close-handed fight,
- Soon as our fell and forceful hands displayed their sinewy might.
- But now like yellow-ringed wasps, or bees that lightly roam,
- Which on the craggy wayside build their nice suspended home.
- Nor leave their hollow-vaulted hall, when robber hands intrude,
- But stiffly stand a fretful band to guard their buzzing brood;

So at the gate these champions stand, and hold their ground, a pair Against a host, sworn or to kill, or to be captured there.

He spoke; but moved not Kronos' son, the battle's high director,

Whose dread all-sanctioning oath had given that day's renown to Hector.

But now Pirithous' son, stout Polypeetes, in the fray

Smote Damasus; right through the cheek the spear-head forced its way

Of his strong copper casque, and ploughed his face, and forceful shattered

The bones of his skull, that with the brain the brass within was spattered.

He, late all fire, now prostrate lay, a stark and moveless wight.

From Pylon then and Ormenus the armour he undight,

While stout Leontes, shoot of Mars, launched his huge spear with might

Against Hippomachus, and through the belt with bitter force

Pierced him; then from the sheath he drew his sword, and with straight course

Rushed on Antiphates, who straightway the hard-thrust falchion found

Too near his life, and back he fell, and smote the hollow ground.

Then Menon, and Orestes, and Iamenus he laid

Piled in one heap of death; all-nurturing earth their pillow made.

Then from the slain the victors bore the brightly-gleaning brass.

Meanwhile the youths who followed Hector and Polydamas,

The best and bravest of their men, who chiefly longed to pass

The rampart's bound, and wreathe the ships in folds of wasting fire,

Even they were troubled in their heart by heavenly omens dire, Where by the ditch they stood. For lot as they to cross prepare, A high-flown eagle on the left came swooping through the air, who in his claws a huge and crimson-banded serpent bore. Alive, that in his airy grasp wriggled and struggled sore. The worm against the bird upcoiled, and darting quickly round, Fixed in his throat its fang; the eagle, smarting from the wound, In midst the embattled army flung the snake upon the ground, and on the breeze far borne aloft on clanging wings he flew. Shuddered the Trojans when the Jove-sent dire portent they knew, and writhing mid the hosts beheld the strange and spotted snake.

Then thus Polydamas to tall crest-flickering Hector spake:

Hector, ofttimes when I would speak a timely word to thee,

Before the people, thou didst fling a sharp rebuff on me.

Seems not that I, plebeian born, against thy thought should wield

My private will; supreme art thou in counsel, and in field.

Nathless what seems me now I'll speak from free and fearless

lips.

Go not against the Greeks this day, to fire the hollow ships;

For this I say, and give all heed to what my lips declare,
If to the Trojans, when to cross the ditch they did prepare,
A high-flown eagle on the left came swooping through the air,
Which in his claws a huge and crimson-banded serpent bore
Alive, but cast it on the ground amidst the camp, before
He reached his nest, or gave the bait to feed his greedy young;
So we, though we may storm the gates, and in hot valour strong
O'erleap the rampart, soon of Greece the rallied force shall see,
And backward driven upon our troops with scattered ranks shall
flee

And sadly shall we number then the heaps of dead, whom they,

To shield their ships from harm, with keen unsparing blade shall

slay.

Thus I the bodeful bird expound, and that I read it truly

A prudent seer will say, whom all the people honour duly.

Whom then with frowning dark regard, stout Hector thus addressed: 230

Polydamas, for words like these my heart hath scanty zest;
Surely a wiser counsel far thou holdest in thy breast.
But if thou meanest sooth, and to thy tongue thy temper fits,
Then this I say, the gods this day have filched from thee thy
wits.

Who dost advise that what the nod of Jove enjoins on me, Pledged by his thunder, I should drop, and blindly follow thee, And bidst me trust in birds that cleave the light and fickle air

With broad far-wandering wings; for such no jot doth Hector

care,

Whether to right they wheel their flight, where rosy Morn doth reign, Or leftward, where the vaporous Night stretches her dim domain: 240 But we of Jove the hest obey who rules with sovran might Both gods and men; and for all birds that fly with bodeful flight This thing I know, and this from lips of Hector understand, One bird is best, or east or west, to fight for fatherland. But why shouldst thou shrink back and dread the issue of the fray? If all the rest their blood should shed in fight this very day, No crimson gout shall stain thy clothes, where thou art found in

Thou hast no stomach for hard blows, thou'rt made of softer mettle. But if thou now shalt turn thy back on the embattled line,

Tainting with fear the hearts of men, whose manhood toppeth thine.

Even with this lance I'll smite thee, and thy life shall pay the

battle:

fine.

Thus he, and led the way. His men with forward paces move,
And rend the air with shouts; the while the thunder-loving Jove,
From the Idean mountains launched a fiercely-flapping blast.
Which whirled black dust against the ships, and on the Achaeans
cast

Confusion, but with favouring sweep above the Trojans passed.

They in such omens trusting, and their own good arms and lances, March on; and all their swelling power against the dyke advances. Breastwork and battlement they stormed; and with lever's might in hand

Buttress and broad-faced bastion shook, which the Achean band Planted in front the towers, the battering onset to withstand. ²⁶⁰ At these they toiled and tugged, and hoped their force might soon prevail

To break the rampart. But the Greeks stand firm, and nothing quail;

With strong neats' hides the parapet they fence, and overpower Each man who nears, with stones, and spears, and logs in rattling shower.

Meanwhile the Ajax pair among the Greeks from tower to tower Went to and fro, and in their breasts they nursed the warlike flame To some with cheering words they spake, and some with bitter blame

They rated, gentle to the brave, to craven loons severe:

Dear friends, who with the bravest brave in martial roll appear,

And ye of weakest powers, and ye who stand betwixt the two,

(For all have not one price in war,) here's work for all to do.

Yourselves your worth and work well know; skulk not beside the ships;

But when ye hear your captain's call, draw courage from his lips;

Advance, and on the forman fall with strong contagious cry 'Belike that thundering Jove, who shoots the lightning from the sky,

Will fling new life into the strife, and drive the Trojans back.

Thus spoke the twain, and where they came the battle was not slack

Meanwhile, as swift and thick the white and plumy tempest falls

In wintry season, when the voice of Jove the counsellor calls

His snows to strew the ground, and forth his frosty stores he
flings,

And lulls the wind and sheds his flakes, till the broad face of things Is swathed in white, each lofty peak, each crag that crowns the glen,

The clover-bearing meads, the fields of harvest reaping men,
And harbours on the shelvy shore, where beats the briny tide;
Only the plashing wave disowns the whiteness; all beside
Lies pressed beneath the fleecy load which Jove spreads far and
wide:

Even thus 'twixt Greek and Trojan showers of stones and lances flew

Rattling; and far along the towers shrill rang the war-halloo.

But not with all his might had glorious Hector broken then

290

Through ponderous gate and massy bolt, that marred the march of

Had not the father roused his son, Sarpedon, king divine,
Against the Greeks, as lion grim against the hornèd kine:
He in his hand his buckler grasped, a broad and equal round,
Beautiful, brazen, hammered well, made by a smith renowned
For copper work; within thick plies of stout neat's hide he sewed,
And with a frame of golden rods made strong its circle broad.
This shield he showed, and in his other hand tway lances shook;
And strode like lion mountain-bred, which may no longer brook
Sharp hunger's sting, and forth he goes, with a stout heart and
bold,

Seeking the fleecy flock behind the close well-guarded fold.

And if him chance the shepherds there to find with serried show Of dogs and spears, to guard their flocks against their tawny foe, Not he for this with unfleshed fang from the strong fence will go; But, or with sudden spring will seize a bleating sheep, or they With swift-preventing steady lance his ravenous plunge will stay: Such strong desire Sarpedon seized with sudden spring to seale The rampart, and with battering force make every bulwark fail. Then to thy son, Hippolochus, with stirring word spake he: Glaucus, dear fellow-spearman, tell me truly, why are we Honoured with flesh and bowls of wine, and foremost seats, and all Fair show of reverence, meet for gods in high Olympus' hall? Why more than others count we roods where yellow Xanthus flows, Wheat-bearing fields, and sunny slopes, where ruddy vintage glows?

For this, me deems, that where the battle burns and blazes, there We more than meaner men may risk, and more than all may dare. Which, when he sees, some sturdy Lycian mail-clad man may say, Not an inglorious race of kings we Lycian men obey; Not they on savoury sheep may feast, nor quaff the choicest wine 320 For nought; but in their heart and hand there dwells a strength

divine.

And on the field of blood they stand first in the bristling line.

Dear comrade mine, if we from war's rude bickerment might flee,
And live for ever, like the gods, from age and death set free,
Then neither I in ruddy strife would fling my soul away,
Nor bid a dear friend stake his life in the man-ennobling fray;
But now—for life-destroying death in a thousand slippery shapes
Makes ambush round us, which no mortal-moulded wight escapes—
Face we the fight, and find our fate, to slay or to be slain!

He spake; nor fell his glowing words on Glaucus' ear in vain. Both to the strife advanced; and with them all the Lycian train. Which when Menestheus, son of Peteus, saw, he sorely feared; For 'gainst his tower he saw their power with hissing fury reared. Fearful he east his glance around through all the blackening storm. If any chief was nigh to ward his faithful band from harm. Then the stout Ajax pair he saw, insatiate of war, With Teucer, newly issued from his tent, not distant far; But vainly might he strain his throat to hail them through the jar

Of various battle; such wild din all hearing overwhelms,
Of clashing shields, and battered gates, and deeply-dinted helms.
For all was blocked and barred against the closely-circling foe,
Who with sharp force to shape their course were thundering blow
on blow;

Thus sorely pressed, Menestheus to the swift Thoötes spake:
Godlike Thoötes, herald of the host, this message take
To Ajax, one or both; in them lies all our hope; for here
Dark danger thickens, and perdition overhangs us sheer.
Forward the Lycian leaders press with fury overpowering,
Whose prowess bold was known of old in battle man-devouring;

And if there too the Danaan troops a doubtful battle bear,

Let the stout son of Telamon alone to us repair,

With Teucer, skilled to wing the barbèd arrow through the air.

He spoke; and well his urgent hest that trusty herald noted,

And sped with willing feet straightway to the brave Greeks copper-coated,

Along the dyke; then to the Ajax pair thus spoke in haste:
Stout Ajax pair, brave leaders of the Argives copper-cased,
From Jove-bred Peteus' son this word I bring, that ye shall go,
If but a moment, to repel the hard-besetting foe;
Or one, or both; in you lies all his hope; for danger there
Thickens apace; and ruin stands before him blank and bare.

Forwards the Lycian leaders press with fury overpowering,
Whose prowess bold was known of old in battle man-devouring; 360
And if here too the sore-pressed Greeks a doubtful battle bear,
Let the stout son of Telamon alone to him repair,
With Teucer, skilled to wing the barbèd arrow through the air.

He spoke; nor disobeyed his rede the Telamonian tall;
And to Oïleus' son he thus outspoke with eager call:
Ajax, do thou stay here, and with the stalwart Lycomede
Whet the sharp temper of the Greeks to make the Trojans bleed.
Myself will go, where brave Menestheus calls, and will return
Forthwith, when I have taught these haughty Lycian chiefs to
mourn.

Thus Ajax spoke; and hied to aid Menestheus 'gainst the foe; ³⁷⁰ With him his brother Teucer, in whose generous veins doth flow A common father's blood; for him Pandion bears the bow.

And when they came to where Menestheus stood in danger's face, They flung their bodies in the front of that imperilled place; Which, when they saw, the mighty-hearted Lycian captains, like To a rapid storm dark-rolling, poured on the Achaean dyke; The clash of armour swelled; more loud the roar of battle grew. And first a warrior of repute the Telamonian slew, The mighty-souled Epicles, stout Sarpedon's comrade true. For on his head a pointed stone the huge-limbed hero cast, Which on the dyke's high parapet lay, a rocky mass so vast, vol. II.

That with both hands no man—as men now are—though in his veins

Pulsed lusty youth, might heave it; but he hove it without pains, And smashed his helm, and crushed the bones of the skull, and to

And smashed his helm, and crushed the bones of the skull, and to the brains

Enforced its way; and, as a tumbler headlong falls, he fell

Back from the lofty tower; no breath doth in his body dwell.

Then Teucer with an arrow pierced brave Glaucus, Lycian wight,

Where with his hands he strove to grasp the rampart's topmost height;

His arm so bared stout Teucer smote, and made him cease from fight.

But from the wall the wounded chief leapt, that no Argive man, 390 Seeing his hurt, might rudely boast against the Lycian clan.

Grief seized Sarpedon when he saw, by Teucer's fatal quiver, Stout Glaucus maimed; though not for this he slacked his hot endeavour,

But in Alemaon's breast, stout Thestor's son, his stout lance found A lodgment; forth he drew the head; and prone upon the ground Fell the proud Greek, his harness rattling with a hollow sound. Then on the coping of the dyke the stout Sarpedon laid His iron hand; his mighty wrench the loosened blocks obeyed. Down rolls the huge disjointed load, the dusty ruin flies, And up the smoking breach a road for eager Trojans lies.

Him Ajax meets, and Teucer, who into the belt which held

His shield's man sheltering round athwart his breast a shaft
impelled

From his good bow; but Jove willed not his godlike son should meet

Black death that tide beside the range of the dark-hulled Danaan fleet.

Ajax then smote his buckler broad, and pierced its plates right through,

And drove the impetuous hero back amid the assaulting crew.

A little space he yielded, scarcely yielding; for in heaven

Jove to the Trojan side, he felt, had strength and glory given.

Then to his Lycians turned and spake that Jove-descended wight:

Ho! Lycians, should ye now be slack in the fervid-hearted fight!

Hard thing for me alone to stand, though I have brawn of might, 410

And scale the breach, and to the ships my forceful passage gain.

Up, comrades! ten will lightly win what one assays in vain.

He spoke; nor fruitless in their ears his words of rousing ring, Clad with new strength they press around their wisely-counselling king,

While close and closer still the Greeks their bristling phalanx drew Within the dyke; for well, I ween, their jeopardy they knew. Stiff was the strain of war; for not the stout-armed Lycian men With all their might could push the fight to the Greek galleys then; Nor could the Argive spearmen, when the Lycians once laid hands

Upon the shattered dyke, back drive their thick assailing bands. But as two men into a strip of border-land descend,
Each with his measuring rod in hand, a long dispute to end,
And, in a narrow space, about an equal share contend;
So them the battlements dispart, and o'er the narrow marge
The hugely-rounded buckler, and the lightly-wielded targe
Of arrows and of spears receive the incessant hot discharge.
And many by the pitiless-piercing brass were stricken low,
Or, when they backward turned, and bared their shoulder to the
blow.

Or when Death reached them through their shields, with face that fronts the foe.

And many a tower and bastion broad, and battlement was sprent ⁴³⁰ With blood from Greek and Trojan veins that found an angry vent. But doubtful still the battle swayed; nor Greek nor Trojan wins. As when a woman holds the scales, for sorry hire who spins, Setting the wool against the weights, with balance nice and true, For her dear children's cherished lives, to gain the scanty due; So raged that day with equal sway the fight 'twixt Greece and Troy, Till Jove, who reigns in heaven supreme, to Priam's godlike boy Gave glory, first to overleap the well-built Argive wall; He to the Trojans shouted then with loud air piercing call:

Up, fellows: storm the breach, ye horse-subduing Trojans! haste.

With blazing brands in eager hands, and make their galleys taste

The Dardan fire. Thus he; his words they drank with greedy cars.

And rushed pell-mell against the dyke, and grasped their glittering spears,

And high against the parapet each warrior bold appears

With fearless port. The godlike Hector in his hands uphove
A huge stone, broad and blunt below, but sharply jagged above,
Which lay before the gate: two men (as men now are) in vain
With crow and bar might strive and strain to lift upon a wain
So vast a block; but godlike Hector swung it without pain.

As when a shepherd lifts the fleece of a stout ram, and flings

It round his arm, and scarcely feels the burden which it brings.

So Hector lightly bore that block, and with straight course he came,

Up to the planks of which was made the gate's compacted frame,
Lofty, tway-valved; behind the planks two massy bars repel
The battering blow, and them behind a huge bolt fitting well.
Full near he came, and with fell force strained both his arms, and
strode

With legs well sundered, weightier thus to poise the injurious load;

And flung, and broke the hinges. The huge rock was borne within

With weighty plunge: wrenched from their hold the gates with

crashing din

Recled; the strong planks as under riven, one here, one there, were crushed

Beneath the tearing rock; and through the gap stout Hector rushed With looks dark as the night, while from his mail the brightness glances

Fearful, and in his hands a brace of copper-pointed lances

He shakes. None but a god had dared to meet his force divine,

When through the gaping gates he sprang, and fire flashed from his eyne.

Then turning round to his faithful crew, he bade them leap the wall;

Nor they delayed, for well they knew their leader's conquering call.

Forthwith right o'er the rampart's top some leap, while others pour

Down through the gates. Swift terror to the dark-hulled galleys

here

The drifting Greeks; far swelled around the battle's wild uproar.

END OF VOL. II.







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PA Homerus

Homer and the Iliad

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