

Bulletin 521

UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS

AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION in cooperation with ILLINOIS STATE NATURAL HISTORY SURVEY . . . January, 1947

GALESBURG SHELDON

URBANA
SULLIVAN

ALHAMBRA

DIXON SPRINGS

Location of 1946 test fields

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Acknowledgment is due the following persons for their collaboration in these tests: Parm advisers and assistants in four counties: D. E. Warren, and J. R. Kinsinger, Ogle; A. R. Kemp, G. C. Engel, and M. D. Vesaas, Khox; K. R. Imig, Iroquois; and P. M. Krows, Moultric. Vocational agriculture teachers: K. E. Weiner, Rochelle; Ray Dunn, Galcsburg; and ED. J. Dunphy, Sullivan. Also to George E. McKibben, a member of the Station staff at Dixon Springs.

Urbana, Illinois January, 1947

# ILLINOIS HYBRID CORN TESTS 1946

By G. H. Dungan, J. H. Bigger, A. L. Lang, BENJAMIN KOEHLER, and R. W. JUGENHEIMER<sup>1</sup>

N THE MAJOR corn-producing counties of Illinois, all cornland was planted to hybrid seed in 1946. In the state as a whole 992 percent of the crop was hybrid corn. These figures show how great has been the change in the type of corn grown in the last 15 years.

In 1946 the average yield was 57 bushels an acre, an all-time high. Two things are responsible for such a high average: good distribution of rainfall in highly favorable amounts in most sections of the state, and a high percentage of cornland planted to high-producing hybrids.

#### PLAN OF THE TESTS

Number of hybrids and their sources. Two hundred sixtysix hybrids were grown on six regular test fields. Six single-cross and three double-cross hybrids were grown on two special test fields which differed in productivity. Forty-four companies and individuals and the Illinois Station furnished seed for the tests (see pages 368-369).

Seventy-two hybrids were grown on each of the fields except at the Dixon Springs Experiment Station, where 60 entries were planted (Table 1, page 342).

A representative of the Illinois Station took about half the seed for planting the test fields directly from the warehouses of the producers entering the corn. A number of producers delivered small quantities to the Station. Seed of Illinois and U. S. hybrids

Plant Genetics, Himois Agricultural Experiment Station, J. 11. Brooks, Associate Entomological, Illinois State Natural History Survey.

<sup>2</sup> Estimates for the acreage of hybrid corn and the average yield for the state were furnished by the Illinois Cooperative Crop Reporting Service, Illinois State Department of Agriculture cooperating with the U. S. Department of Agriculture.

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Table 1. — GENERAL INFORMATION: Illinois Cooperative Hybrid Corn Tests, 1946

Field	County and location of	r Date	Date harvested		erage -yield	Average mois- ture in	Average erect
	in state entri		narvested	Total	Sound	grain	plants
				bu.	bu.	perci.	perci.
Kings	Ogle (N) 72	May 27	Nov. 14	88.9	88.3	27.5	92.9
Galesburg	Knox (WNC) 72	May 23, 24	Nov. 8	106.0	105.6	21.9	91.7
Sheldon	Iroquois (ENC) 72	May 28	Nov. 7	100.4	99.9	25.8	92.6
Sullivan	Moultrie (SC) 72	June 4	Nov. 12	89.8	89.2	24.2	94.2
Alhambra	Madison (S) 72	June 12	Oct. 24, 25	51.5	51.1	30.5	72.0
Bennett Bottom)	Pope (Ex.S) 60	June 6	Nov. 26, 27	69.1	68.1	19.4	94.7

COOPERATORS: ELMER HAYES, Ogle county; EARL and WEBSTER GEHRING, Knox county; JOHN B. RICE, Iroquois county; R. B. VANDEVEER, Farm Manager, Illinois Masonic Home Farm, Moultrie county. The Alhambra field in Madison county is managed by the Illinois Station. The Pope county field at Robbs is part of the Dixon Springs Experiment Station, of which R. J. Webb is superintendent and J. M. Lewis is assistant superintendent.

in commercial production was obtained from the Illinois Crop Improvement Association.

Most of the hybrids selected for testing are extensively grown in the state. Some experimental hybrids were included because they had shown promise for commercial production in preliminary tests. A few hybrids were put in the tests mainly to meet the field-performance requirement for certification.

Soil characteristics of fields. The test fields were medium to high in productivity, and each represents a soil type common to the region where it is located. Each field was selected carefully for uniformity in soil type, productivity, and drainage. The Alhambra field contained a number of "slick spots" and was the most variable in productivity.

In 1946 the tests were conducted on the same farms as in 1945. No test on upland in extreme southern Illinois was made. The approximate locations of the test fields are shown on the map on the inside front cover. General information on soil characteristics and soil management is given in Table 2.

Method of planting. All test plots were planted by hand on land prepared in the regular way for corn. Each plot consisted of 2 rows 10 hills long, except at Dixon Springs, where the plots were only 8 hills long. Three kernels were dropped in each hill except on the field at Dixon Springs, where only 2 kernels were planted. Six plots of each entry were planted in controlled random order on each field except at Kings, where only five plots were planted.

Table 2. — TESTING FIELDS: Soil Characteristics and Management Practices

Soil type	Lime require- ment	Available phosphorus	Available potassium	Previous crops and soil management
		Northern	: Kings	
Tama silt loam	tons 1	Very high	Very high	Corn 1943; oats 1944; sweet clover 1945; rock phosphate 1943; manure 1945.
	We	est north-cent	ral: Galesb	urg
Muscatine silt loam	. 2	Low to medium	Very high	Corn 1943, 1944; oats-and-rape hog pasture 1945.
	E	ast north-cen	tral: Sheldo	on
Lisbon silt loam	0	Very high	Medium to high	Corn 1943; oats 1944; mixed sweet clover, alsike-clover, and timothy hog pasture 1945; 2 tons lime 1944; ½ ton rock phosphate 1943; manure 1945.
		South-centra	ıl: Sullivan	
Flanagan silt loam	2	High	High	Corn 1943; oats 1944; sweet-clover pasture 1945; rock phosphate 1939; 2 tons lime 1946.
		Southern:	Alhambra	
Putnam silt loam	0	Very high	Very low	Corn 1943; oats 1944; sweet clover 1945; limed and phosphated.
	Extreme	southern: Re	obbs (Dixon	Springs)
Bonnie silt loam	0	Very low	Very low	Corn 1942; uncropped 1943, 1944; corn 1945; manured spring of 1946.

Data from all plots except those having more than 5 missing hills were included in the results. The tables indicate where data were omitted because of missing hills. The only correction for imperfect stand was the following adjustment for missing hills:

Ear weight in field 
$$\times \left(1 + \frac{\text{missing hills}}{\text{hills present}} \times .6\right) =$$
 adjusted ear weight.

## WEATHER CONDITIONS

Wet weather delayed corn planting beyond the usual date in all but the northern and northwestern sections of the state. None of the test fields was planted as early as recommended for highest yields, and three fields — Sullivan, Alhambra, and Dixon Springs — were not planted until June. Good stands were obtained on all

fields except at Sullivan, where ground squirrels and moles reduced the stand considerably.

A plentiful supply of moisture favored plant growth and grain formation in central and southern Illinois, altho too much rain during August hurt the crop on the Alhambra field. Dry weather during parts of July and August reduced yields in northern and north-central Illinois.

Temperatures during the growing season were generally below average thruout the state. As a result, plant development was slow. Because September and October were dry, comparatively hot months, the crop in most sections of the state matured satisfactorily. Had the weather been less favorable, there would have been a great deal of soft corn.

In August there were hail storms in some areas, but none of them struck the test fields. Lodging, consisting mainly of broken stalks on all fields except Alhambra, was not severe on any test field. Most of the lodging at Alhambra was root lodging.

The yield, moisture content, and percentage of erect plants on each field are summarized in Table 1.

## **INSECT PESTS**

European corn borer. North of Streator and west of Aurora conditions early in 1946 were favorable for the development of the European corn borer, *Pyrausta nubilalis* (Hbn.). The moths emerged and laid their eggs earlier than at any time in the history of the corn borer in Illinois. Between June 14 and 18, eggs were laid in very large numbers. A heavy rain, however, accompanied by strong winds beat most of these eggs off the plants. As a result of this storm, infestation by first-generation borers was less than one per plant.

Conditions were even more favorable for the development of second-generation borers. The average infestation in the fall of 1946 was 2 to 2½ borers per plant, approximately the same as in the fall of 1945.

The test field at Kings, in the middle of the most heavily infested area in the state, suffered material loss from borers. The percentage of plants broken below the ear and of ears dropped because of borers is shown in Table 6, page 352. The data show that some hybrids are significantly more susceptible to breakage following borer attack than other hybrids. A few show a definite tendency to drop ears when the ear shanks are burrowed. A summary of the results on the two fields in this area for 1943 and 1946 is given in Table 7.

The test field at Galesburg was on the edge of the most heavily infested area in the state. This field showed an average of 2.9 percent of the plants broken by borers. A summary of how individual hybrids withstood borers in 1943 and 1946 is given in Table 10. In susceptibility to breakage, the hybrid ranking first is not significantly different from that ranking twenty-first. The hybrids apparently best able to withstand borer attacks are those that are already widely used.

Other insects. Examination of the fields at Kings, Galesburg, Sheldon, Urbana, and Sullivan showed that there were not enough corn-attacking insects present in 1946 to warrant detailed records.

## DISEASE DAMAGE1

Seedling diseases and seed treatments. In the seed-treatment experiment on the Station farm at Urbana, only one hybrid, Illinois 201, was planted. Nine disinfectants were applied, some of them new and still in the experimental stage.

The field chosen for this test was wet thruout May and could not be planted until June 3. Of the disinfectants used, Arasan S. F. (slurry formulation) was the most efficient. Despite late planting, the increase in yield of corn treated with it was 13.3 bushels an acre. The standard disinfectants, Barbak-C, Semesan Jr., and Spergon, in the order named, proved to be the next most efficient. Averages of tests for the last five years showed that Arasan ranked first in efficiency, Spergon second, and Semesan Jr. and Barbak-C tied for third place. Two years' tests with the slurry formulation indicate that Arasan S. F. is just as efficient as Arasan dust, if not more so.

Stalk rot diseases. From surveys in 41 counties, damage from stalk rot was estimated at 3.8 percent. The principal cause

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Estimates of losses are based in part on survey data obtained by G. H. Boewe, of the Illinois State Natural History Survey.

was Gibberella zeac. In previous years when enough stalk rots occurred to warrant a study of them, Diplodia zeac was always the chief cause. This year Gibberella appeared to be of some importance in every county. It was most damaging, however, in south-central Illinois, from Douglas and Scott counties to Jackson county. The amounts of infection from field to field varied greatly.

During the years that experiments with hybrids have been in progress, this is the first season in which Gibberella has caused



Center two rows, planted with inbred Ky27, were killed by Gibberella stalk rot in early September. At left is Illinois R30; at right is K64. This picture was taken in a corn test plot near Bluffs, Scott county, Illinois, 1946. (Fig. 1)

severe damage. Consequently, the relative resistance to or susceptibility of inbreds and single crosses to it had never been determined. Its prevalence the past season showed that inbreds K4 and Kys died or broke down early from Gibberella. These same inbreds are outstandingly resistant to Diplodia stalk rot. Inbreds L317 and Ky27 also proved very susceptible to this disease. Ky27 is shown in Fig. 1.

Ear rots. With some local exceptions in the southern half of Illinois, ear rots were of little importance in 1946. Of the six

Table 3. — ROT DAMAGE CAUSED BY FUNGI: Average of All Entries on Six Test Fields, 1946

(Figures based on laboratory tests)

D I-	1 Fungi causing —	Corn kernels damaged by rot								
Rank	damage	Kings	Galesburg	Sheldon	Sullivan	Alhambra	Dixon Springs			
		perci.	perct.	perct.	perct.	perct.	perct.			
1	Fusarium moniliforme	.26	.13	.06	.06	.33	.99			
2	Gibberella zeae	.05	.08	.06	. 30	.23	.12			
3	Diplodia zeae	.04	.08	.18	.01	.01	.23			
4	Alternaria spp	.14	.01	.04	.09	0	0			
5	Hormodendrum spp	.05	.03	.07	.06	.04	.01			
6	Penicillium spp	.04	.01	0	.02	.04	.01			
7	Nigrospora spp	.02	0	.04	.01	.02	.02			
	Others	.02	.01	.05	.04	.07	.06			
	Total	.62	.35	.50	.59	.74	1.44			

<sup>1</sup> Based on total damage on all fields.

test fields, only Dixon Springs had entries with enough rot-damaged kernels to cause corn to grade less than No. 2 (Table 17).

A laboratory test was made of representative rot-damaged kernels from each field to determine the causes. On the average, Fusarium moniliforme, as commonly happens, was the fungus most frequently found (Table 3). That Gibberella zeae should be second in importance is unusual. Altho the percentage of infection with Diplodia zeae was higher at Dixon Springs than at Sheldon, only at Sheldon was it the most important fungus. The total damage in the state was low, but surveys made in farmers' fields over the state showed that on the average six ears were rot damaged by Gibberella to one by Diplodia. In one Douglas county field, 12 percent of the ears were infected with Gibberella. This percentage is probably close to that at which hogs will not eat the corn if it is shelled and they cannot sort out the sound ears. They refuse to eat oats and barley infected with Gibberella when 10 percent of the grain is infected.

## MEASURING PERFORMANCE

The entries in the 1946 test are listed in the tables in the order of their total yields. Two or more entries having the same total yield are given the same rating, but the one having the higher yield of sound corn is placed first. Those having the same total yield and sound yield are placed in order by percentage of erect plants.

Erect plants. The percentage of erect plants in each plot of

each entry on each field was estimated at the time of harvest. The ratings for erect plants show how the percentage of erect plants for each hybrid compared with the percentage of erect plants on the field as a whole. (Each rating is obtained by dividing the percentage of erect plants for that hybrid by the percentage of erect plants on the field as a whole and multiplying by 100.)

Lodging may have been due to rootworm damage, weak or rotted roots, corn borer damage, stalk rots, or weak stalks. Stalks broken above the ear were not considered lodged.

Yield of grain. To determine shelling percentage, all the ears from one replicate of each entry were shelled. At Dixon Springs, however, because it was not practicable to shell all the ears in a replication, the shelling percentage of all entries was assumed to be 80 percent. A sample of shelled corn was taken from the Dixon Springs plots by gouging two rows of kernels from 12 to 15 ears of each entry.

From the shelled corn one sample was taken to determine the percentage of moisture at harvest<sup>1</sup> and to determine the percentage of damaged kernels. The percentage of damaged corn was determined according to the federal grain standards.

The total acre-yield was calculated as shelled corn containing 15.5 percent moisture, the upper limit allowable in No. 2 corn. The yield of sound corn was computed by deducting the amount of damaged corn from the total yield.

The rating of any hybrid for sound yield is the ratio, expressed as percentage, of the yield of sound corn from that hybrid to the average yield of sound corn from all the hybrids on the field.

Height of ear. Notes on comparative height of ear were taken at harvest time. Each plot of each entry was placed in one of the five following categories: low, mid-low (midway between low and medium), medium, mid-high (midway between medium and high), and high. Beginning with low and continuing progressively to high, these terms were assigned numerical values from 1 to 5 to permit the averaging of the plots.

Significance of yield differences. Too much confidence must

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> All moisture determinations were made with a Steinlite moisture tester except for a few samples from the Alhambra field, which were made with an electric oven.

not be placed in the particular ranking of a hybrid in the following tables, for chance has played a part in determining its position. Unaccountable variability in the soil and conditions on the field will cause differences in yield that are not inherent in the hybrids themselves.

The part played by chance in the 1946 tests has been calculated for total yield by the mathematical procedure known as "analysis of variance." At the bottom of each table is stated the approximate difference which there must be between any two entries in order for them to show a true inherent difference. Unless two hybrids differ by at least this amount, there is no assurance that one hybrid is inherently higher yielding than the other.

## RESULTS OF TESTS

Detailed results of the tests on six regular test fields and the two special soil-adaptation fields are given in Tables 4 to 19 on the following pages. See also Table 3 on page 347 on ear-rot damage.

Readers are urged to note the difference necessary for significance, as shown for each test field, and to keep that difference constantly in mind in all comparisons of hybrids on that field.

## Table 4. — NORTHERN ILLINOIS: Kings, 1946

(Averages based on plantings replicated five times instead of six)

		Acre-	yield	Damaged corn in	Mois- ture in	Erect	Ratin	g for—	Compa – tive
Ranl	k Entry	Total	Sound	shelled sample	grain at harvest	plants	Erect plants	Sound yield	heigh of ea
		bu.	bu.	perct.	perct.	perct.	percl.	perct.	
1	Nichols 5B	. 102.0	101.7	.3	25.1	95.4	102.7	115.2	Mediu
2.	Nichols 5A	. 99.0	98.6	.4	29.0	94.8	102.0	111.7	M-hig
3	DeKalb 609	. 98.4	98.0 95.6	.4	25.4 23.5	89.0 88.0	95.8 94.7	111.0 108.3	M-hig M-hig
4	Bear OK-20 Hunt 60(W). National 115A Sieben S-340 Blackhawk 111 Ainsworth X-23.	. 95.9	95.0	1.0	$\frac{25.3}{26.4}$	90.8	97.7	107.6	M-hig
6	National 115A	. 95.7	95.1	.7	25.1	95.2	102.5	107.7	M-hig
7	Sieben S-340	. 95.1	94.9	. 2	29.9	95.6	102.9	107.5	M-hig
7	Blackhawk 111	. 95.1	94.8	.3	24.4	94.4	101.6	107.4	Medit
) :	Ward 110	. 95.0 . 94.6	94.5 $94.1$	.5 .6	$\frac{28.1}{28.3}$	95.2 96.8	$102.5 \\ 104.2$	$107.0 \\ 106.6$	M-hig M-hig
1	Amsworth X-23. Ward 110. Nichols N-75. Frey 425. DeKalb 422. Producers 1015. Pioneer 341. Farmcraft FC-40. Pioneer 340. Ward 115a. Crow 407. Illinois 751. Nichols 202A.	. 94.2	93.8	.4	24.8	91.8	98.8	106.2	Medi
2	Frey 425	. 94.0	93.4	. 6	29.9	88.0	94.7	105.8	M-hig
3	DeKalb 422	. 93.8	93.2	.6	26.4	91.0	98.0	105.5	Medi
<del>1</del> 5	Producers 1015	. 93.7	92.3 93.0	1.5	$\frac{25.7}{27.2}$	$\frac{96.8}{92.8}$	104.2	104.5 105.3	Medi: Medi:
6	Farmeraft FC-40	. 93.3	92.1	1.2	25.9	87.2	93.9	103.3	M-hig
7	Pioneer 340	. 92.8	92.5	.3	26.6	91.6	98.6	104.8	Medi
3	Ward 115a	. 92.7	92.4	.4	27.8	86.0	92.6	104.6	Medi
)	Crow 407	. 92.5	92.3	.3	27.7	92.4	99.5	104.5	M-hi
)	Illinois 751	. 92.5	$92.0 \\ 91.8$	.6 .4	28.3	92.6 90.0	99.7 96.9	$104.2 \\ 104.0$	M-hi
2	Nichols 202A Funk G-29	. 91.3	90.6	.8	$\frac{27.2}{28.7}$	94.4	101.6	104.0	M-hi Medi
2	Hoosier Crost F-138	. 91.3	90.6	.8	26.7	87.2	93.9	102.6	M-hi
1	Blackhawk 98A	. 91.2	90.7	.6	25.0	92.6	99.7	102.7	Medi
5	Illinois 1091A	. 91.1	90.2	1.0	30.9	94.2	101.4	102.2	M-hi
5 7	Ferris F-11	. 91.0	90.7 90.5	.4	26.9	93.2	100.3	102.7	M-hi
3	Furr 23 Pfister 4897 Pfister 52 lowealth A.F11	. 90.5	89.9	.4	$\frac{24.8}{26.9}$	$94.4 \\ 94.4$	101.6 101.6	$102.5 \\ 101.8$	Medi M-hi
3	Pfister 52	. 90.5	89.7	.9	23.9	97.2	104.6	101.6	Medi
)	lowealth A.F11	. 90.4	90.0	. 4	25.9	96.0	103.3	101.9	M-hi
1	Funk G-114	. 90.3	90.3	0	29.0	96.8	104.2	102.3	Medi
2	Producers 1020	. 90.1	89.8 89.3	$\frac{.4}{.6}$	$\frac{26.9}{28.0}$	$88.4 \\ 94.0$	$95.2 \\ 101.2$	101.7 $101.1$	M-hi: Medi
1	Sieben S-450 Pfister 50A Pfister 366A Pride D-66	. 89.5	88.8	.7	22.7	92.8	99.9	100.6	M-hi
5	Pfister 366A	. 89.4	89.1	.4	27.3	93.2	100.3	100.9	Medi
5	Pride D-66	. 89.4	88.7	. 7	27.2	96.0	103.3	100.5	M-hi
7	Furr 67ANational 114-1Stiegelmeier S-360	. 89.3	89.2	.1	27.7	90.8	97.7	101.0	Medi
8 8	National 114-1	. 89.1 . 89.1	89.0 88.3	.1 .9	$\frac{28.4}{28.1}$	92.0 95.6	99.0 102.9	100.8 $100.0$	High M-hi
)	Doubet D-1	. 88.9	88.4	.6	26.2	93.0	100.3	100.0	Medi
1	Doubet D-1Farmcraft FC-42	. 88.6	88.0	.7	30.1	91.6	98.6	99.7	M-hi
2	Pioneer 322 Stiegelmeier S-379	. 88.5	87.6	1.0	27.3	95.2	102.5	99.2	M-hi
3	Stiegelmeier S-379	. 88.2	87.9	. 4	29.6	96.0	103.3	99.5	M-hi
4 5	Niebola 00	. 88.1 . 88.0	87.7 87.6	.5 .4	28.4	$\frac{91.2}{94.8}$	$98.2 \\ 102.0$	$\frac{99.3}{99.2}$	Medi Medi
6	Pfister 282	87.8	87.2	.6	$\frac{28.4}{25.1}$	92.4	99.5	98.8	Medi
7	Moews 14	. 87.8 . 87.7	86.5	1.4	29.0	91.0	98.0	98.0	Medi
8	Lowe 15. Nichols 99. Pfister 282. Moews 14. Holmes Utility 9.	. 87.3	86.7	.6	26.6	94.4	101.6	98.2	M-hi
9	DeKalb 458	. 86.9	86.5	.5	27.8	89.2	96.0	98.0	M-hi
) 1	Hoosier Crost F-140	. 86.5 . 86.4	86.2 85.2	$\frac{.4}{1.4}$	29.5 29.7	89.6 92.4	$\frac{96.4}{99.5}$	97.6 96.5	Medi Medi
2	Illinois 101	. 86.3	85.9	.4	27.5	92.8	99.9	97.3	Medi
3	Illinois 1240	. 85.3	84.1	1.4	28.1	96.6	104.0	97.3 95.2	Medi
4	Illinois 1240 Producers 1010 DeKalb 404A	. 85.2	84.7	.6	32.8	93.2	100.3	95.9	M-hi
5	DeKalb 404A	. 84.8	84.5	2.3	25.4	93.6	100.8	95.7	Medi
5 7	Crow 360	. 84.8 . 84.5	82.6 83.5	$\frac{2.5}{1.2}$	$\frac{30.4}{32.7}$	$95.2 \\ 93.4$	102.5 100.5	93.5 $94.6$	High High
7	DeKalb 615	. 84.5	83.2	1.6	28.7	93.2	100.3	94.2	M-hi
9	Doubet D-25	. 83.5	83.1	.5	29.4	95.8	103.1	94.1	M-hi
)	Illinois 269	. 83.3	83.2	. 2	29.0	95.4	102.7	94.2	M-hi
)	Ward 115C	. 83.3	83.1	.3	30.1	$\frac{90.8}{93.8}$	97.7 101.0	$94.1 \\ 93.9$	M-hi
2	DeKain 404A Producers 909 Crow 360 DeKalb 615 Doubet D-25 Illinois 269. Ward 115C Pioneer 353A Holmes Utility 19.	. 83.2 . 82.4	82.9 81.6	1.0	$\frac{25.7}{32.4}$	93.8	101.0	93.9	M-hi M-hi
			81.1	1.0	29.0	96.8	104.2	91.8	M-hi
ŝ	Illinois 1180	. 81.4	80.9	. 6	27.3	90.0	96.9	91.6	Medi
6	Illinois 1180	. 81.0	80.2	1.0	25.7	92.4	99.5	90.8	Medi
			80.5	.4	27.3	89.6	96.4	91.2	M-hi
8 9	Crow 514(W)	. 80.5 . 79.7	$\frac{80.0}{79.7}$	.6 0	$\frac{25.1}{25.4}$	90.0 90.8	$\frac{96.9}{97.7}$	90.6 90.3	M-hi High
9	Furr 44A	79.7	79.1	.7	27.2	90.8	96.9	89.6	Medi
1	Furr 33. Crow 514(W). Furr 44A. Huebsch 3. Illinois 219.	. 77.5	77.1	.5	26.9	94.6	101.8	87.3	Medi
2	Illinois 219	. 76.8	76.6	.3	29.2	96.4	103.8	86.7	M-hi
	Average of all entrie	s 88.9	88.3	.6	27.5	92.9			

A difference of less than 9.1 bushels between total yields of any two entries in this table is not significant.

Table 5. — NORTHERN ILLINOIS: Summary, Mt. Morris, 1944; Kings, 1945, 1946

_		Acre	-yield	Damaged corn in	Mois- ture in	Erect	Ratin	g for—	Compara-
Ran	k Entry	Total	Sound	shelled sample	grain at harvest	plants	Erect plants	Sound yield	heigh <b>t</b> of ear
		bu.	bu.	perct.	perct.	perct.	perct.	perct.	
1	Nichols N-75	87.5	87.1	.4	25.7	87.0	99.9	108.1	Medium
2	Nichols 5A	85.9	85.5	. 4	27.9	89.3	102.5	106.1	Medium
3	Pioneer 340	85.6	85.3	. 4	27.1	89.0	102.2	105.8	Medum
4	Pfister 4897	85.5	85.2	. 3	25.2	87.4	100.3	105.7	M-high
5	Pioneer 341	85.2	84.9	. 3	26.7	88.9	102.1	105.3	Medium
5	Frey 425	85.2	84.0	1.4	29.2	86.6	99.4	104.2	Medium
	Pfister 366A	84.8	84.6	. 2	26.0	83.7	96.1	105.0	Medium
8	Illinois 1091A	83.9	82.8	1.2	28.5	88.3	101.4	102.7	Medium
9	Illinois 751	83.6	83.3	. 4	28.0	87.3	100.2	103.3	Medium
9	DeKalb 609	83.6	83.0	.9	27.7	83.3	95.6	103.0	Medium
11	Funk G-114	83.5	83.3	.2	27.1	91.9	105.5	103.3	Medium
12	DeKalb 458	83.3	83.1	. 2	27.0	84.0	96.4	103.1	Medium
13	Blackhawk 98A	83.0	82.7	.3	26.1	83.8	96.2	102.6	Medium
14	Illinois 269	82.7	82.7	. 1	27.6	87.8	100.8	102.6	M-high
15	Nichols 202A	82.6	82.4	. 3	26.8	85.9	98.6	102.2	Medium
16	DeKalb 615	82.3	81.7	. 8	26.8	86.9	99.8	101.4	M-high
17	Stiegelmeier S-360	82.0	81.6	. 5	28.1	83.3	95.6	101.2	M-high
18	Farmcraft FC-42	81.9	81.5	. 5	28.5	85.4	98.0	101.1	Medium
19	DeKalb 422	81.2	81.0	. 3	27.5	85.1	97.7	100.5	Medium
19	Doubet D-1	81.2	80.9	. 4	26.3	87.5	100.5	100.4	Medium
19	Funk G-29	81.2	80.6	.8	30.1	91.2	104.7	100.0	Medium
	National 114-1	81.1	80.4	.9	26.4	86.7	95.5	99.8	M-high
23	Pioneer 330	80.8	80.3	. 7	27.9	94.2	108.2	99.6	Medium
24	Sieben S-450	80.4	80.2	. 3	25.4	85.0	97.6	99.5	Medium
25	Producers 1010	80.3	80.0	. 4	29.2	89.2	102.4	99.3	M-high
26	Ferris F-11	80.2	80.1	. 2	25.7	86.3	99.1	99.4	Medium
26	Hoosier Crost F-138	80.2	79.5	.8	26.9	82.1	94.3	98.6	Medium
28	Illinois 1180	80.0	79.8	. 3	25.9	86.3	99.1	99.0	Medium
28	Pioneer 322	80.0	79.0	1.1	26.2	89.7	103.0	98.0	M-high
30	Producers 1020	79.1	79.0	. 2	26.2	87.0	99.9	98.0	Medium
31	Pioneer 353A	78.9	78.8	. 2	24.0	85.4	98.0	97.8	M-high
32	Stiegelmeier S-379	78.4	78.2	.3	29.0	89.3	102.5	97.0	M-high
33	Producers 1015	78.3	77.6	.8	24.8	89.4	102.6	96.3	Medium
34	Morgan M-105	78.2	77.9	. 4	28.2	87.9	100.9	96.7	Medium
35	Doubet D-25	78.0	77.4	. 7	29.5	87.0	99.9	96.0	Medium
36	Illinois 101	77.4	77.1	.3	26.9	90.4	103.8	95.7	Medium
36	Producers 909	77.3	75.8	2.0	31.2	92.7	106.4	94.0	M-high
37	Moews 14	76.5	76.0	.7	28.2	88.6	101.7	94.3	Medium
38 39	DeKalb 404A	75.9	75.8	.2	26.3	87.0	99.9	94.0	Medium
	Crow 360	75.7	75.3	.5	29.7	84.5	97.0	93.4	M-high
40	Crow 514(W)	75.2	$75.1 \\ 75.0$	. 1	25.3	82.8	95.1	93.2	M-high
40	Lowe 15	75.2		.3	27.1	83.5	95.9	93.1	Medium
	Average of all entries	81.0	80.6	.5	27.2	87.1			

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm a}$  Averaged with Pfister 366, which appeared in the 1944 tests.  $^{\rm b}$  Averaged with National 114, which appeared in the 1944 and 1945 tests.

A difference of less than 4.0 bushels between total yields of any two entries in this table is not significant.

Table 6. — CORN BORER DAMAGE: Kings, 1946

Rank	Entry	Plants broken below ear <sup>1</sup>	Dropped ears	Rank	Entry	Plants broken below ear <sup>1</sup>	Dropped ears
		perct.	perct.			perct.	perct.
1	Ward 110	1.4	.9	37	Furr 67A	6.3	0
2	Stiegelmeier S-379	2.6	2.4	38	Nichols 5B	6.4	1.3
3	Funk G-114	2.7	1.4	39	DeKalb 458	6.5	. 4
4	Stiegelmeier S-360	2.8	. 9	40	Crow 360	6.6	1.5
4	Doubet D-25	2.8	2.0	40	Pioneer 322		. 4
4	Ferris F-11	2.8	. 4	42	National 115A	6.7	.9
4	Ainsworth X-23		2.2	43	Blackhawk 98A	6.8	0
8	Pride D-66		. 5	44	DeKalb 422		1.4
9	Iowealth AF-11		. 5	44	DeKalb 615	7.2	0
9	Furr 23	3.0	0	46	Producers 1015	7.3	0
11	Illinois 101		1.4	47	Ward 115A	7.5	.5
12	Moews 14		1.4	48	Nichols N-75		.9
12	Sieben S-450	3.6	. 4	48	Blackhawk 111		2.0
12	Illinois 219	3.6	1.4	50	Frey 425	7.8	. 4
15	Hoosier Crost F-140		. 9	51	Huebsch 10	8.0	. 5
16	Doubet D-1.	3.8	. 5	52	DeKalb 404A	8.1	2.0
17	Holmes Utility 19	3.9	. 4	52	Ward 115C	8.1	3.7
17	Illinois 1240	3,9	.4	52	DeKalb 609	8.1	.4
19	Morgan M-105		.9	55	Farmcraft FC-40		.4
19	Producers 909	4.0	. 5	56	Producers 1010	8.5	1.8
21	Bear OK-20	4.3	1.4	57 58	Prioducers 1020	8.6	1.6
22	Huebsch 3.		.4 1.4	58	Crow 407	8.8	.9
23	Illinois 1091A	5.0	.9	60	Crow 514(W)	9.0	.5
24 25	Nichols 5A		.5	61	Hunt 60(W)		1.4
26	Illinois 269		1.7	62	Lowe 15		.4
26	Pfister 52		1.0	63	Pioneer 330		1.3
28	Nichols 202A		1.4	64	Blackhawk 72A	9.4	.5
29	Holmes Utility 9		0	65	Pioneer 353A		.9
30	Funk G-29		3.7	66	Pioneer 341		1.3
31	Furr 44A	5.8	. 1	67	Pfister 282		1.3
31	National 114-1		. 4	68	Pfister 50A		.5
33	Nichols 99		.9	69	Hoosier Crost F-138	11.4	1.8
33	Farmeraft FC-42		1.8	70	Illinois 1180	11.7	1.5
35	Pfister 4897		1.0	71	Pioneer 340		.9
36	Illinois 751		3.0	72	Furr 33		ó
50		0 2	0.0		Average of all entries		.9

 $<sup>^1</sup>$  Includes only those plants broken below the ear at point of damage by the borer, Pyrausia nubilalis (Hbn.).

A difference of less than 4.6 in percent of plants broken below the ear or of 1.7 in percent of dropped ears is not significant.

Table 7.—CORN BORER DAMAGE: Northern Illinois Summary, Mt. Morris, 1943; Kings, 1946

Rank	Entry	Plants broken below eara	Rank	Entry	Plants broken below ear
2 4 5 5 7 8 9 10 11 11	Funk G-114 Moews 14 Iowealth AF-11 Hoosier Crost F-140 Doubet D-1 Producers 909 Illinois 219 Doubet D-25 Illinois 751 Funk G-29 Pfister 4897 Furr 44A Farmcraft FC-42 Illinois 101	perct 2.1 . 2.8 . 2.8 . 3.2 . 3.4 . 3.4 . 3.5 . 3.6 . 3.8 . 4.0 . 4.1 . 4.1	17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 24 24 27 28 29 30	Pioneer 322 Nichols 5A Crow 360 Producers 1020 DeKalb 422 Producers 1010 DeKalb 615 DeKalb 615 DeKalb 404A Pioneer 330 Lowe 15 Pioneer 341 Pioneer 353A Crow 514(W) Hoosier Crost F-138	perct 5.1 . 5.5 . 5.8 . 6.2 . 6.5 . 6.6 . 6.9 . 6.9 . 7.0 . 7.2 . 8.1
	DeKaib 458 Nichols 202A		31	Pioneer 340	

<sup>\*</sup> Includes only those plants broken below the ear at point of damage by the borer, Pyrausia nubilalis (Hbn.).

A difference of less than 3.0 in percentage figures is not significant.

Table 8. — WEST NORTH-CENTRAL ILLINOIS: Galesburg, 1946

	Р. /	Acre	e-yield	Damaged corn in	Mois- ture in	Erect	Ratin	g for—	Compar tive
Rank	Entry	Total	Sound	shelled sample	grain at harvest	plants	Erect plants	Sound yield	height of ear
	teer 339 ton M-380. ton M-380. tonal 126T. y H-50. meraft FC-47 ter 5807 teer 304 teer 304 teer 336. w 607 y K-374. ton M-12. ois 201. r 80. mes Utility 29. ter 390. l N-54. ois 1091A sworth X-21. i, 13 gelmeier S-1313. w 633	bu.	bu.	perct.	perct.	perct.	perct.	perct.	
1 Pion	ieer 339	114.0	113.8	. 2	21.4	95.0	103.6	107.7	M-high
1 Mor	ton M-380	114.0	113.8	. 2	$\frac{22.5}{20.7}$	87.8	95.8	107.7	M-high
3 Nati 4 Hue	ional 1261	113.4	$\frac{113.0}{112.7}$	.3	20.7	90.8 96.3	99.0 105.0	107.0 106.7	M-high M-high
5 Farr	ncraft FC-47	112.9	112.9	. 0	22.0	90.7	98.8	106.9	M-high
5 Pfist	ter 5897	112.7	112.7	ŏ	21.1	84.2	91.8	106.7	M-high
7 Pfist	er 1897	112.6	112.5	. 1	22.8	94.8	103.4	106.5	M-high
3 Pion	neer 304	112.0	111.9	. 1	$\frac{23.9}{21.7}$	86.2	93.9	106.0	M-high
Pion Crov	neer 336	111.7	$\frac{111.5}{110.4}$	. 2	21.7	90.2 91.0	$\frac{98.3}{99.2}$	105.6 104.6	High High
ı⁵ Kell	v K-374	111.0	110.8	. 2	21.2	89.8	97.9	104.9	High
25 Mor	ton M-12	110.5	110.2	. 3	22.7	94.0	102.5	104.3	High
25 Illin	ois 201	110.5	110.0	.4	21.2	$\frac{93.2}{96.7}$	101.6	104.2	M-hig
4 Furr	80	110.4	110.1 110.1	. 2	$\frac{20.3}{20.8}$	$\frac{96.7}{93.2}$	105.4 101.6	$104.3 \\ 104.3$	M-hig High
5 Holt 6 Pfist	tor 300	110.2	110.1	. 1	20.4	95.0	103.6	104.3	M-hig
6 Null	N-54	110.1	109.9	. 2	22.1	88.2	96.1	104.1	High
8 Illin	ois 1091A	109.9	109.4	.5	21.6	90.5	98.7	103.6	M-hig
9 Ains	sworth X-21	109.6	109.3	. 2	22.3	95.3	103.9 103.2	103.5	High
U.S	5, 15	109.5	109.2 109.3	.3	$\frac{22.4}{22.6}$	$94.7 \\ 92.5$	103.2	103.4	High
1 Stieg 1 Crov	germeier 5-1515	109.3	109.3	. 1	21.7	93.8	102.3	103.5 103.4	High M-hig
1 Moe	ws 550	109.3	108.8	.4	20.9	94.2	102.7	103.1	M-hig
4 Fun	k G-37	108.8	108.3	.5	21.5	97.3	106.1	102.5	M-hig
5 Fun	k G-74	108.4	108.3	. 1	22.3	93.0	101.4	102.5	M-hig
55 Sieb 7 Dou	en S-440	108.3	$108.1 \\ 108.0$	. 2	$\frac{20.0}{22.7}$	$89.3 \\ 91.2$	$97.4 \\ 99.4$	102.4 102.3	Mediu
7 Low	pet D-72	108.2	107.9	.3	21.4	94.8	103.4	102.3	M-hig M-hig
9 Hue	v H-42	107.6	107.6	0	22.7	95.7	104.3	101.9	High
9 Pfist	er 392	107.6	107.4	. 2	21.9	93.5	101.9	101.7	M-hig
1 Schv	wenk S-24	107.5	107.3	. 2	20.8	95.5	104.1	101.6	M-hig
Fun Key	k G-109	107.2	106.8 106.6	. 4	22.8 21.3	95.3 90.3	$\frac{103.9}{98.5}$	$101.2 \\ 101.0$	High M big
4 Holi	mes Utility 79	106.8	106.5	.3	22.3	75.8	82.8	100.8	M-hig High
5 Stew	vart S-11	106.7	106.4	. 3	23.5	0.1 5	103.0	100.8	High
5 DeK	Calb 816	106.7	106.2	. 4	23.2	93.7	102.1	100.6	High
5 DeK	Calb 847	106.7	106.0	.6	21.5	93.7 97.5 86.7	106.3 94.5	100.4	M-hig
8 App 94 Pion	1 A-330	106.3	106.3 106.0	0	21.1 21.8	81.0	88.3	100.7 $100.4$	High
9 Proc	lucers 1000	106.2	105.5	.2	22.4	90.7	98.8	99.9	High High
Ohio	C-92	106.0	105.7	.3	20.8	97.7	106.5	100.1	High
2 Holt	mes Utility 39	105.9	105.5	.4	23.0	90.5	98.7	99.9	High
3 Kell	y K-99	105.8	105.7	.1	21.6	95.0	103.6	100.1	High
4 Hue 5 Nati	y H-23	105.7	105.4 105.1	.3	$\frac{20.7}{22.7}$	95.3 90.2	103.9 98.3	99.8 99.6	High M-hig
5 War	d 115B	105.6	102.5	2.9	20.4	92.0	100.3	97.1	Mediu
7 Pion	neer 334	104.8	104.3	.5	23.6	89.5	97.6	98.8	M-hig
8 Illin	ois 273-1	104.7	104.3	. 4	21.3	95.7	104.3	98.8	M-hig
9 Mor	gan M-105	104.5	104.4	. 1	21.1	95.3 90.5	103.9	98.9	Mediu
9 Ferr 9 DeK	18 r-14	104.5	104.1 104.1	.3	22.0 23.1	90.8	$98.7 \\ 99.0$	98.6 98.6	M-hig M-hig
2 Dek	Calb 800A	104.4	101.1	3.2	22.8	96.8	105.6	95.7	M-hig
3 App	l A-13	104.3	104.3	0	22.4	94.3	102.8	98.7	High
3 U.S	5. 35	104.3	104.2	. 1	22.3	92.7	101.0	98.7	M-hig
5 Schy	wenk S-34	103.7	103.6	.1	21.5 21.5	92.3	100.7	$\frac{98.2}{97.7}$	High
6 Dou 6 Moe	we 15	103.2	103.2 102.6	.6	21.5	$\frac{94.2}{88.3}$	$\frac{102.7}{96.3}$	97.7	High Mediu
8 Frey	y 645	103.1	103.1	0	21.9	95.5	104.1	97.7	M-hig
9 War	d 120A	101.8	101.4	. 4	22.9	93.0	101.4	96.0	High
) Iow	ealth 16	101.5	101.1	. 4	21.9	93.7	102.1	95.8	M-hig
1 Stie	geimeier S-379	101.3	101.1 101.1	.2	$\frac{21.3}{22.5}$	$\frac{91.2}{79.7}$	99.4 86.9	$95.8 \\ 95.7$	M-hig
2 U. S 3 Dou	thet D-42	100.2	101.1	.6	22.5	94.0	102.5	94.9	High High
4 Blac	khawk 111	100.7	100.2	. 5	21.1	96.0	104.7	94.9	Mediu
5 Furi	r 67A	99.5	98.7	. 8	22.3	73.6	80.2	93.4	Mediu
6 Mor	gan M-546	98.9	98.6	. 3	21.3	96.2	104.8	93.4	High
7 Bear	r OK-77T	98.6	98.5	.1	23.4	86.8	94.7	93.3	High
<ol> <li>DeF</li> <li>Proc</li> </ol>	caro oou	96.6	95.7 96.5	1.4	$\frac{22.0}{22.0}$	93.7 $97.0$	102.1 105.7	$90.6 \\ 91.4$	M-hig High
0 Hoo	sier Crost 840	96.0	95.8	. 2	22.4	94.7	103.2	90.7	High
1 Iow 2 Mor	sworth X-21, 5, 13, 13, 13, 13, 13, 13, 13, 13, 13, 13	90.1	90.1	0	20.5	84.3	91.9	85.3	High
2 Mor	rgan M-52	79.3	79.1	. 2	23.7	80.3	87.6	74.9	M-hig
	verage of all entries	106.0	105.6	. 4	21.9	91.7			

<sup>5</sup> Five plots were included in the average yield instead of six.

A difference of less than 8.1 bushels between total yields of any two entries in this table is not significant.

Table 9. — WEST NORTH-CENTRAL ILLINOIS: Galesburg Summary, 1944, 1945, and 1946

		Acre	-yield	Damaged corn in	Mois- ture in	Erect	Ratin	g for—	Compara-
Ran	k Entry	Total	Sound	shelled sample	grain at harvest	plants	Erect plants	Sound yield	height of ear
		bu.	bu.	perct.	perct.	perct.	perct.	perct.	
1	Pioneer 304	93.0	91.8	1.3	22.4	68.5	95.3	105.2	Medium
2	Farmcraft FC-47	92.2	90.5	1.8	20.3	68.6	95.4	103.8	Medium
3	Pfister 5897	92.0	91.8	. 2	20.3	69.4	96.6	105.2	Medium
4	Morton M-12	91.8	89.7	2.2	21.2	74.3	103.5	102.9	M-high
5	Holmes Utility 29	91.2	90.7	.5	20.2	75.2	104.6	104.0	M-high
5	Stewart S-11	91.2	90.6	. 6	21.0	75.8	105.5	103.9	M-high
7	Doubet D-72	91.0	87.7	3,2	20.8	71.3	99.2	100.5	M-high
8	Funk G-169	90.3	89.7	. 7	20.8	74.3	103.5	102.8	M-high
9	DeKalb 816	90.1	89.0	1.1	21.7	74.6	103.8	102.0	M-high
10	U. S. 13	90.0	89.7	. 3	21.8	75.9	105.6	102.8	M-high
10	Lowe 520	90.0	89.4	. 7	21.8	70.4	97.9	102.5	M-high
10	Crow 607	90.0	89.0	1.0	21.8	69.4	96.6	102.0	M-high
13	DeKalb 628A	89.3	88.6	.8	21.6	73.2	101.9	101.6	M-high
14	Holmes Utility 39	89.2	88.4	.8	21.8	70.8	98.6	101.4	M-high
14	DeKalb 847	89.2	86.8	2.6	19.8	74.2	103.2	99.5	Medium
16	Funk G-37	88.7	88.4	.3	19.9	75.1	104.5	101.3	M-high
16	DeKalb 800A	88.7	87.3	1.4	21.8	74.4	103.5	100.1	M-high
18	Kelly K-374	88.6	86.4	2.5	19.8	69.0	96.1	99.1	M-high
19	Illinois 201	88.5	88.1	. 4	20.7	68.4	95.2	101.0	M-high
19	Crow 633	88.5	86.7	2.0	20.5	75.8	105.5	99.4	Mediun
19	Illinois 1091A	88.5	86.7	2.0	21.0	68.5	95.3	99.4	Medium
22	Pfister 1897	88.4	87.9	.6	21.4	75.0	104.4	100.8	M-high
22	Pioneer 339	88.4	87.6	1.1	20.3	75.0	104.4	100.4	Mediun
24	Producers 1000	87.4	85.5	2.1	21.3	67.9	94.5	98.1	M-high
25	Moews 550	87.1	86.5	. 7	19.7	73.1	101.8	99.1	Mediun
26	U. S. 44-1	86.8	85.2	1.7	21.0	68.0	94.6	101.6	M-high
27	National 125	86.7	86.0	. 6	21.7	69.1	96.1	98.6	M-high
28	Doubet D-42	86.6	84.7	2.3	21.6	71.3	99.3	97.3	M-high
29	Frey 645	86.1	85.9	. 1	21.1	77.4	107.7	98.5	Mediun
30	Morgan M-546	85.7	84.5	1.3	21.1	73.4	102.2	96.9	M-high
31	Pioneer 307	85.6	84.8	1.0	20.5	67.4	93.9	97.2	M-high
32	U. S. 35	85.2	85.0	. 2	20.9	72.8	101.3	97.5	Mediun
33	Pioneer 334	84.8	83.5	1.4	20.9	72.3	100.6	95.8	M-high
34	DeKalb 680	81.6	79.9	1.9	21.6	69.4	96.6	91.6	Mediun
35	Morgan M-52	75.8	75.4	. 4	22.3	65.5	91.2	86.5	M-high
	Average of all entries	88.2	87.2	1.2	21.0	71.9			

A difference of less than 4.5 bushels between total yields of any two entries in this table is not significant.

Table 10.—CORN BORER DAMAGE: West North-Central Summary, Galesburg, 1943, 1946

Rank	Entry	Plants broken below ears	Rank	Entry	Plants broken below eara
•	II C 44 4b	perct.	1.7	)( 550	perct.
1	U. S. 44-1 <sup>b</sup>		15	Moews 550	
3	Hoosier Crost 840	1.3	15	DeKalb 680	
4	Holmes Utility 29		17	Pfister 5897	
5	Lowe 520	1.6	17	Farmeraft FC-47	2.4
6	Funk G-37		19	DeKalb 800A	2.5
7	Crow 633		20	National 125	2.9
7	Pfister 1897		21	DeKalb 628A	3.1
9	Doubet D-42	1.9	22	Funk G-169	3.2
10	Illinois 201	2.0	23	Morgan 52	3.7
10	Crow 607	2.0	24	DeKalb 816	3.8
12	Pioneer 339	2.1	25	Pioneer 334	5.9
13	Producers 1000	2.2		Average of all entries	2.3

<sup>a</sup> Includes only those plants broken below the ear at point of damage by the borer, *Pyrausla nubilalis* (Hbn.). <sup>b</sup> This entry was U. S. 44 in 1943 and U. S. 44-1 in 1946.

A difference of less than 2.3 in percentage figures is not significant.

Table 11. - EAST NORTH-CENTRAL ILLINOIS: Sheldon, 1946

	1	Y2	Acre	-yield	Damaged corn in	Mois- ture in	Erect	Ratin	g for—	Compa - tive
₹an		Entry	Total	Sound	shelled sample	grain at harvest	plants	Erect plants	Sound yield	heigh of ear
		313B. Utility 39. M-33. 20. 332. M-380. 21. D-47. k S-66. K-88T. th X-14A. 8. 4. T-22. 201. 300. 00 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10.	bu.	bu.	perct.	perct.	perct.	perci.	perct.	
1	Pioneer	313B	114.2	113.0	1.0	25.3	92.3	99.7	113.2	M-high
2	Holmes	Utility 39	110.9	110.0	.8	27.7	93.7	101.1	110.1	High
3	Morton	M-33	110.1	109.6 109.3	.5	25.0	93.8	101.3	109.7	M-hig
4 5	Lowe 54	20	100.3	109.3	.6	$\frac{23.3}{28.0}$	96.2 92.5	103.8	109.4 108.9	M-hig High
5 6	Morton	M_380	109.3	108.6	. 5 . 1	25.5	92.8	100.2	108.9	M-hig
7	Illinois	21	107.6	106.2	1.3	25.9	93.2	100.6	106.4	M-hig
8	Doubet	D-47	106.6	105.6	1.0	26.3	92.5	99.9	105.7	High
9	Schwen	k S-66	106.4	106.3	. 1	23.1	91.0	98.3	105.7 106.5	M-hig
0	Bear OI	ζ-88T	105.8	105.8	0	26.8	88.7	95.8	106.0	M-hig
0	Ainswor	th X-14A	105.8	104.7	1.0	30.6	91.8	99.2	104.9	High
2	Crow ot	)8	105.5	105.0 105.1	.5	$\frac{23.7}{28.3}$	$\frac{93.8}{90.8}$	101.3 98.1	105.1 105.3	M-hig
3 4	Trieler	Τ Γ	105.3	105.2	. 1	25.2	95.5	103.1	105.3	M-hig M-hig
5	Illinois	201	105.1	104.8	.3	25.8	94.7	102.2	105.0	High
6	Pioneer	300	104.9	104.5	. 4	26.6	87.0	93.9	104.6	M-hig
7	Sibley 7	00	104.7	101.5	3.1	27.1	96.5	104.2	101.6	M-hig
8	Produce	ers 1030	104.3	104.1	. 2	26.9	90.0	97.2	104.3	High
9	Funk G	-94	104.1	103.9	. 2	29.1	96.2	103.8	104.1	M-hig
9	Produce	ers FCXX(1045)	104.1	103.9 103.7	.2	$\frac{23.1}{25.6}$	88.7 87.5	95.8 94.5	104.1 103.9	High
2	Crow or	37	104.1	103.7	.5	24.3	97.2	104.9	103.9	High High
3	DeKalh	847	103.6	103.5	, 1	22.9	96.8	104.6	103.6	M-hig
4	DeKalb	800A	103.4	103.2	.2	26.6	96.5	104.2	103.3	M-hig
5	Pioneer	334	103.3	103.3	0	25.2	91.5	98.8	103.5	M-hig
5	Hoosier	Crost 668	103.3	103.2	. 1	25.8	91.5 90.0	97.2	103.4	M-hig
7	Frey 69	2	103.1	102.4	. 7	26.3	95.2	102.8	103.5	M-hig
8	DeKalb	817A	102.9	101.7	1.2	25.2	93.0	100.4	101.8	M-hig
9 D	Kelly K	374	102.8	102.7 102.0	.1	23.4	91.7	99.0	102.8	M-hig
1	Holmes	(Pfoifor)	102.2	101.7	.4	26.1 25.3	98.0	105.8 98.6	102.1 101.8	M-hig M-hig
2	Illinois	746	102.1	101.8	.2	29.5	$\frac{91.3}{90.2}$	97.4	101.9	High
3	Illinois	972A-1	101.8	101.4	.4	25.6	95.5	103.1	101.5	M-hig
4	Farmera	aft FC-69	101.7	101.5	. 2	27.5	90.2	97.4	101.6	High
4	Pioneer	304	101.7	100.8	.9	26.4	89.7	96.9	100.9	M-hig
4	Kelly K	-77 <i>.</i> . <u></u>	101.7	99.5	2.2	25.9	93.8	101.3	99.6	M-hig
7	Nationa	l 126T	101.6	101.2	.4	25.6	89.6	96.7	101.3	M-hig
8	U. S. 13	6384	101.5	101.2	.3	24.7	91.8	99.2 99.3	101.3	High
9	Moone	528A	101.4	101.0 100.9	. 4	25.0 25.6	$92.0 \\ 93.2$	100.6	101.2 101.1	M-hig High
1	Kovet or	343 10.38	101.4	101.1	. 2	26.9	95.5	103.1	101.1	High
1	Annl A-	201	101.3	100.8	.5	26.6	91.8	99.2	101.0	M-hig
3	Funk G	-53	100.9	100.9	Ö	24.3	96.0	103.7	101.0	M-hig M-hig
4	Crow 60	07(W)	100.8	100.5	.3	23.0	89.7	96.8	100.6	M-hig
5	Pfister 3	390	100.5	100.2	. 3	25.2	94.3	101.9	100.3	Medi
6	Funk G	-169	100.2	99.9	.3	25.5	91.8	99.2	100.0	M-hig
7	Produce	ers 1040	99.9	99.8 98.5	.1	25.0	94.7	102.2 99.5	100.0 98.6	M-hig
8 9	Sibley /	Crost 616	99.8	98.5	1.3	$\frac{24.1}{25.5}$	92.2 95.3	102.9	98.0	M-hig M-hig
0	Pheter :	380	98.5	97.3	2.2	26.4	92.5	99.9	97.5	Media
1	Ward 1	20B	98.1	97.9	.2	26.4	92.7	100.1	98.1	High
2	Kelly K	-88. 5. K-30. 128.	97.5	96.5	1.0	25.3	85.7	92.5	97.7	M-hig
3	Frey 64	5	97.2	97.0	. 2	24.0	94.7 95.5	102.2	97.2 97.1	M-hig
4	Bear Ol	K-30	97.0	97.0	0	25.8	95.5	103.1	97.1	M-hig
5	Appl A-	128	96.9	96.6	.3	27.8	92.0	99.3 $102.4$	96.8	High
6 7	Lowe 50	00	96.6 96.2	95.7 95.8	1.0	$\frac{27.2}{24.3}$	94.8 89.7	96.8	95.8 96.0	M-hig M-hig
8	Rear Ol	31t FC-42 K-315(W)	95.3	95.3	.4	26.3	87.5	94.5	95.4	M-hig
9	Crow 6	33	95.1	94.9	. 2	28.0	97.3	105.1	95.0	M-hig
ó	Nationa	50	94.7	94.1	.6	24.3	94.8	102.4	94.2	M-hig
1	Hoosier	Crost 840	94.1	94.1	0	24.9	95.7	103.3	94.2	M-hig
4	Moews	520 Crost F-170	94.0	93.6	. 4	26.6	94.2	101.7	93.8	M-hig
3	Hoosier	Crost F-170	93.9	92.9	1.0	27.0	92.2	99.5	93.0	M-hig
4	Stieggeln	noier \$ 360	03.6	93.5	. 1	21.5	91.3	98.6	93.6	M-hig
5	Funk G	-/4	93.3	92.9 92.5	.4	24.0	89.3	96.5	93.0 92.6	M-hig
6 7	U. S. 35	-74 5 14 840	$92.8 \\ 92.5$	92.5	.3 .6	$\frac{26.3}{22.3}$	$93.0 \\ 88.3$	$100.4 \\ 95.4$	92.0	M-hig Medii
8	DeKalh	840	90.7	90.6	.0	24.8	89.2	96.3	90.7	M-hig
9	Furr 67		83.7	83.3	.4	26.6	94.8	102.4	83.5	Medi
9	Frey 63	4(W) h AQ	83.7	82.7	1.2	26.1	89.5	96.6	82.9	High
1	Iowealt	h AQ	83.6	83.4	. 2	28.6	94.2	101.7	82.9 83.5	High
2	lowealt	h 25A	73.9	73.6	. 4	28.5	91.5	98.8	73.7	High
-						25.8	92.6			

A difference of less than 8.9 bushels between total yields of any two entries in this table is not significant.

Table 12. — EAST NORTH-CENTRAL ILLINOIS: Summary, Milford, 1944 and Sheldon, 1945 and 1946

		Acre	-yield	Damaged corn in	Mois- ture in	Erect	Ratin	g for—	Compara - tive
Rank	k Entry	Total	Sound	shelled sample	grain at harvest	plants	Erect plants	Sound yield	height of ear
		bu.	bu.	perct.	perct.	perct.	perct.	perct.	
1 H	olmes Utility 39	97.1	96.4	. 7	24.6	73.3	97.9	108.1	M-high
2 F1	rey 692	94.2	93.5	.8	23.0	74.1	98.9	104.8	M-high
2ª Pi	ioneer 313B	94.2	93.4	. 7	24.2	71.2	95.1	104.7	M-high
4 M	lorton M-380	94.1	93.5	. 8	23.4	73.4	98.0	104.8	Mediun
5 Pr	roducers 1030	93.3	92.0	1.4	23.7	75.4	100.7	103.1	M-high
6 F1	unk G-94	93.2	92.7	. 6	24.6	77.9	104.0	103.9	M-high
7 111	linois 201	92.8	92.3	. 5	22.5	73.5	98.1	103.5	M-high
8 D	eKalb 628A	92.7	92.1	. 7	22.8	74.4	99.3	103.3	M-high
	rey 644	92.5	91.6	1.0	24.8	73.8	98.5	102.7	M-high
0 Pi	ioneer 300	92.2	91.8	.5	23.8	75.8	101.2	102.9	M-high
1 D	eKalb 800A	92.0	91.0	1.1	23.7	78.7	105.1	102.0	M-high
	ioneer 304	92.0	91.0	1.0	25.4	71.8	95.9	102.0	Mediun
3 Pi	ioneer 332	91.1	90.7	. 4	25.2	74.9	100.0	101.7	M-high
3 D	oubet D-47	91.1	90.4	. 8	23.2	78.7	105.1	101.3	M-high
5 C:	row 607	91.0	90.5	. 5	23.6	70.6	94.3	101.5	M-high
5 Fu	unk G-53	91.0	90.1	1.0	22.5	77.9	104.0	101.0	Mediun
	fister 380	90.9	90.3	1.0	23.2	74.6	99.6	101.2	Mediun
	eKalb 840	90.6	90.3	. 4	22.7	70.9	94.7	101.2	Mediun
9 III	linois 21	90.4	88.7	1.9	23.3	77.5	103.5	99.4	M-high
0 Cı	row 608	89.8	88.8	1.1	23.0	77.9	104.0	99.6	M-high
1 K	elly K-374	89.6	89.0	. 7	21.6	74.3	99.2	99.8	M-high
1b 111	linois 972A-1	89.6	88.8	.9	22.8	75.8	101.2	99.6	M-high
	unk G-37	89.4	88.5	1.1	22.0	79.2	105.7	99.2	M-high
4 Lo	owe 520	89.2	88.7	. 5	26.4	68.1	90.9	99.4	M-high
	iegelmeier S-360	89.1	88.7	.5	20.6	71.5	95.5	99.4	Mediur
6 U.	. Š. 13	88.9	87.5	1.6	23.9	72.6	96.9	98.1	M-high
7 P <sub>1</sub>	roducers 1040	88.7	87.8	1.2	22.4	81.1	108.3	98.4	M-high
8 D	eKaib 847	88.6	88.1	. 7	22.2	74.8	99.9	98.8	Mediun
	unk G-169	87.9	87.I	1.0	23.3	72.2	96.4	97.6	M-high
0 Fr	rey 645	87.5	87.1	. 4	22.4	77.7	103.7	97.6	Mediun
1 H	oosier Crost 668	87.4	87.1	. 3	23.9	75.1	100.3	97.6	M-high
2 D	eKalb 817A	87.3	86.3	1.1	23.5	73.9	98.7	96.7	M-high
	bley 753B	85.3	84.5	1.0	22.0	74.7	99.7	94.7	M-high
4 C1	row 633	85.2	84.4	1.0	24.7	78.6	104.9	94.6	Mediun
5 U.	. S. 35	83.8	83.4	. 5	22.9	81.3	108.5	93.5	Mediun
6 L	owe 560	82.0	81.5	. 6	23.3	77.2	103.1	91.4	M-high
7 C1	row 607(W)	81.5	81.0	. 7	23.0	68.0	90.8	90.8	M-high
	Average of all entries	89.9	89.2	.8	23.4	74.9			

<sup>\*</sup>Averaged with Pioneer 313D, which appeared in the 1944 tests. b Averaged with Illinois 972-1, which appeared in the 1944 tests, and with Illinois 972-2 (Appl.), which appeared in the 1945 tests. c Averaged with Sibley 753B-1, which appeared in the 1944 tests.

A difference of less than 4.1 bushels between total yields of any two entries in this table is not significant.

Table 13. - SOUTH-CENTRAL ILLINOIS: Sullivan, 1946

	D .	Acre	-yield	Damaged corn in	Mois- ture in	Erect	Ratin	g for—	Compar - tive
Rank	Entry	Total	Sound	shelled sample	grain at harvest	plants	Erect plants	Sound yield	height of ear
		bu.	bu.	perci.	perci.	perct.	perct.	perct.	
1 Bear	OK-40	105.8	105.6	.1	22.0	93.8	99.7	118.4	Mediu
2 Illino	0N-40 is 21 607 ceraft FC-81 K-374 eer 332 eet D-41 eis 206 (Pfeifer) vorth X-14A	104.9	104.5	.4	22.4	96.3	102.4	117.1	Mediu
3 Crow 4 Farm	607	102.4	101.9 100.0	1.8	25.1	91.0 89.2	96.7 94.8	$\frac{114.2}{112.1}$	M-high
54 Kelly	K-374	101.4	101.2	.2	23.7 21.5	96.7	102.7	113.4	Medius M-high
6 Pione	er 332	100.4	99.8	. 6	25.0	95.0	101.0	111.9	M-high
7 Doub	et D-41	100.1	99.7	. 4	23.4	94.3	100.2	111.7	M-high
8 Illino	is 206 (Pfeifer)	99.9	99.1 99.5	. 8	23.5	90.0	95.6	111.1	M-high
9 Ainsv	vortn X-14A	98.8	97.0	1.8	$24.3 \\ 24.0$	96.0 93.5	102.0 99.4	111.5 108.7	M-high Mediu:
14 Natio	eer 300	98.6	98.4	2	22.6	94.8	100.8	110.3	M-high
23 Mort	on M-12	98.1	97.6	.5	23.7	95.3	101.3	109.4	M-high
35 Huey	on M-12 H-23 eer 336 A-13 is 784 lecraft FC-88 805 lecraft 1000 G-94 eer 313B lecre Utility 46.	97.6	97.0	. /	22.4	93.8	99.7	108.7	M-high
4 Pione 5 Appl	er 336	97.5 97.4	96.3 97.2	1.3	23.5 23.0	92.5 95.8	98.3	107.9 109.0	M-high
5 Appi 54 Illino	A-13	97.4	97.1	.2	26.1	91.2	101.8 97.5	108.8	M-high High
75 Farm	craft FC-88	96.5	96.1	. 4	22.8	95.3	101.3	107.7	Mediu
35 Crow	805	96.1	95.8	.3	24.1	96.5	102.6	107.4	M-high
35 Prod	ucers 1000	96.1	95.7	. 4	21.8	95.5	101.5	107.3	M-hig
4 Funk	: G-94	95.7 $95.4$	95.1 94.2	. 6	$\frac{23.6}{23.7}$	95.3 95.5	101.3 101.5	106.6	M-hig
l Pione !5 Holm	ee Utility 16	94.7	94.2	1.3	22.1	94.0	99.9	$105.5 \\ 106.0$	Mediu M-hig
Trisle	er T-32	94.4	93.8	.6	21.5	96.2	102.2	105.1	Mediu
4 Prod	nes Utility 46 er T-32 ucers 1050	93.9	93.5	. 4	23.0	96.3	102.4	104.8	M-hig
5 Crow	ncers 1050 608 nand 831 rr 164 is 126 nand 905(W) es Utility 29 13 is 201 alb 898 OK-150 rr 392 is 200	93.6	93.2	. 4	23.5	98.5	104.7	104.4	M-hig
Whis Pfiste	nand 831	93.3 $93.1$	92.5 92.6	.8	23.5 22.6	94.2 96.2	100.1	103.7 103.8	M-hig
35 Illino	is 126	92.8	92.6	.5	22.8	93.0	102.2 98.8	103.8	Mediu M-hig
5 Whis	nand 905(W)	92.7	91.0	1.8	28.8	92.8	98.7	102.0	High
5 Holm	es Utility 29	92.6	92.2	. 4	21.9	95.0	101.0	103.4	Mediu
5 U.S.	.13	92.5	92.4	. 1	22.6	96.7	102.7	103.6	M-hig
Illino	18 201	92.5 92.4	92.2 92.0	.4	21.2 23.8	96.0 $94.8$	102.0 100.8	103.3 103.1	M-hig High
Bear Bear	OK-150	92.3	92.2	.1	22.4	94.3	100.3	103.1	Mediu
Pfiste	er 392	92.3	92.2	.2	23.4	94.3	100.2	103.3	Mediu
15 Illino	is 200	92.3	91.8	.5	23.8	89.5	95.1	102.9	M-hig
Pfiste	1 392 15 200 1 120A 1 120A	92.0	92.0	0	22.8	94.7	100.6	103.1	High
Ward Illino	1 120A	91.4 90.5	91.0 89.8	.4 .8	$24.1 \\ 24.1$	96.8 93.2	102.9 99.0	102.0 $100.6$	M-hig M-hig
) Appl	A 128	89.4	89.1	.3	26.9	92.2	98.0	99.9	M-hig
Funk	G-515(W)	89.2	88.7	.5	23.5	83.0	88.2	99.4	High
4 Natio	onal 129R	89.1	88.6	.6	24.1	95.5	101.5	99.2	M-hig
		89.1	88.5	. 7	24.0	97.0	103.1	99.2	M-hig
Pfeife Prod	er 1	88.9 88.8	88.4 87.3	.5 1.7	$\frac{26.9}{22.7}$	98.7 97.5	104.9 103.6	99.1 97.8	High M-hig
5 Stieg	elmeier S-102	88.3	87.9	.4	23.5	92.8	98.7	98.5	Mediu
Appl	A-201	88.0	87.9	. 1	23.7	94.7	100.6	98.5	Mediu
Kelly	K-99	87.6	87.3	. 3	21.9	93,2	99.0	97.9	M-hig
DeK:	alb 888	87.4	84.9	2.9	22.4	92.3	98.1	95.2	M-hig
Keys Hoos	A-201	86.7 86.6	86.3 86.3	.4	$\frac{24.7}{24.9}$	95.2 98.0	101.1 104.1	96.8 96.7	M-hig Mediu
Prod	er Crost 740	86.2	85.3	1.1	29.9	95.0	101.0	95.6	M-hig
Moev	vs 830	86.2	84.8	1.6	23.3	94.7	100.6	95.0	M-hig
Pfiste	er 1897	85.8	85.7	. 2	23.8	93.5	99.4	96.0	Mediu
Huey	H-73	85.6	85.1	.5	27.1	90.3	96.0	95.4	High
5 DeKa Pione	er 505(W)	85.2 84.4	84.2 83.3	1.2	22.8 25.5	96.5 $94.5$	102.6 100.4	$94.4 \\ 93.4$	Mediu M-hig
Illino	is 247-1	82.9	82.7	.2	25.6	95.3	101.3	92.7	M-hig
Morg	is 247-1	82.8	82.5	. 4	23.3	96.5	102.6	92.4	M-hig
5 Funk	G-80	82.8	82.5	. 4	26.6	95.8	101.8	92.4	M-hig
5 Hoos	G-80. ier Crost 840. • 855(W). alb 922(W). nand 917(W). alb 835. OK-321(W). is 972A-1.	82.4 82.0	82.0	. 4	24.4	94.5 92.5	100.4	91.9 91.7	Mediu
25 Lowe 3 DeK:	alh 922(W)	81.9	81.8 81.1	1.0	$\frac{23.4}{25.6}$	94.8	98.3 100.8	90.9	High M-hig
Whis	nand 917(W)	79.5	78.0	1.8	27.5	95.8	101.8	87.4	High
55 DeK	alb 835	78.3	78.3	0	21.5	95.0	101.0	87.8	M-hig
Bear	OK-321(W)	77.5	77.4	. 2	23.5	90.8	96.5	86.7	Mediu
75 Illind 84 Pfeife	01S 972A-1	$\frac{74.2}{74.1}$	73.8 73.5	.5 .7	$\frac{24.2}{28.5}$	91.3 89.7	97.1 95.3	$82.7 \\ 82.4$	M-hig
Ward	er A-243	70.3	70.2	.1	28.5	97.0	103.1	78.7	High M-hig
35 Hoos	ier Crost 707(W)	66.9	66.7	.3	27.1	86.7	92.1	74.7	M-hig
14 Iowe:	alth 25	64.8	64.7	. 4	26.8	92.5	98.3	72.5	Mediu
25 Iowe	alth 29A	60.3	59.8	.8	36.5	88.5	94.0	67.0	High
	erage of all entries	89.8	89.2	. 6	24.2	94.2			

<sup>3.4.4</sup> These figures beside the rank numbers indicate the number of plots averaged to get the data in this table.

A difference of less than 8.9 bushels between total yields of any two entries in this table is not significant.

Table 14. — SOUTH-CENTRAL ILLINOIS: Sullivan Summary, 1944, 1945, and 1946

		Acre	-yield	Damaged corn in	Mois- ture in	Erect	Ratin	g for—	Compara-
Ran	k Entry	Total	Sound	shelled grain at sample harvest	plants	Erect plants	Sound yield	height of ear	
		bu.	bu.	perct.	perct.	perci.	perct.	perct.	
1	Crow 607	98.2	97.4	.8	21.0	77.1	93.2	108.0	M-high
	Pioneer 332		96.9	1.4	20.8	84.6	102.3	107.4	M-high
	Producers 1050		97.4	. 2	19.7	79.0	95.5	108.0	M-high
	Funk G-515(W)		96.0	. 5	21.0	63.1	76.3	106.4	High
5	Illinois 21	95.1	93.0	2.3	19.5	90.6	109.6	103.1	Medium
6	Illinois 201	94.9	94.4	.5	18.2	85.3	103.1	104.7	Medium
7	Farmeraft FC-81	93.7	92.8	.9	19.1	86.6	104.7	102.9	Medium
	Whisnand 831		92.8	. 5	19.3	81.8	98.9	102.9	Medium
	Pioneer 313B		92.2	1.0	20.0	79.5	96.1	102.2	Medium
10	Producers 1000	92.6	92.3	. 3	18.4	81.7	98.8	102.3	Medium
	Pioneer 300		90.6	2.1	20.0	85.5	103.4	100.4	Medium
	Producers 1040		91.7	. 7	19.0	91.3	110.4	101.7	Medium
12	Pfister 164	92.3	91.2	1.2	19.1	90.7	109.7	101.1	Mediun
14	Crow 608	92.0	91.5	.6	19.1	86.3	104.4	101.4	Mediun
14	Crow 805	92.0	91.4	. 7	19.9	86.2	104.2	101.3	Mediun
14	U. S. 13	92.0	91.3	1.0	18.9	86.3	104.4	101.2	Mediun
17	Funk G-80		90.6	1.1	22.6	84.9	102.7	100.4	M-high
18	Illinois 246	91.4	90.9	. 6	20.0	78.8	95.3	100.8	M-high
	Pfister 1897		90.5	. 8	19.5	89.9	108.7	100.3	Mediun
20	Morgan M-546		90.5	. 6	19.7	85.0	102.8	100.3	M-high
	Stiegelmeier S-102		90.6	. 4	18.9	89.1	107.7	100.4	Mediun
	Illinois 200		89.8	1.0	20.6	76.4	92.4	99.6	M-high
23	Farmcraft FC-88	90.8	90.1	.8	19.5	79.4	96.0	99.9	Mediun
24	Funk G-94	90.5	90.0	.6	19.6	82.9	100.2	99.8	Mediun
25	Whisnand 917(W)	90.3	89.6	. 9	21.8	75.2	90.9	99.3	High
25ь	Illinois 247-1	90.3	88.1	2.2	20.7	80.2	97.0	97.7	M-high
	Pioneer 336		89.3	. 9	18.9	86.4	104.5	99.0	Mediun
	DeKalb 816		88.2	1.4	20.0	86.3	104.4	97.8	Mediun
	DeKalb 835		87.3	.9	18.5	86.9	105.1	96.8	Mediun
	DeKalb 888		85.8	2.5	20.2	72.2	87.3	95.1	M-high
	Illinois 126		86.1	1.5	19.3	82.1	99.3	95.5	Mediun
	Hoosier Crost 746		86.7	.6	20.0	89.6	108.3	96.1	Medium
	Hoosier Crost 840		84.3	2.7	20.3	84.4	102.1	93.5	Mediun
	Lowe 855(W)		86.0	. 3	21.3	73.6	89.0	95.3	High
	Illinois 972A-1		84.0	2.7	19.3	87.5	105.8	93.1	Medium
36	DeKalb 922(W)		85.2	.6	21.4	83.8	101.3	94.5	M-high
37	Hoosier Crost 707(W)		80.0	.5	21.8	69.3	83.8	88.7	M-high
	Average of all entries	91.1	90.2	1.0	19.9	82.7			

a This entry was Pioneer 313D in 1944 tests. b This entry was Illinois 247 in 1944 and 1945 tests.
c This entry was Illinois 972-1 in 1944 tests.

A difference of less than 4.4 bushels between total yields of any two entries in this table is not significant.

(Correction for Table 13, opposite page)

Producers 1030, shown in Rank 52, should be in Rank 25. It had the following record: Total yield........ 93.6 bushels Sound yield...... 92.6 "
Moisture content..... 23.9 percent Rating for sound yield 103.8 "

Table 15. — SOUTHERN ILLINOIS: Alhambra, 1946

	D .	Acre-	yield	Damaged corn in	Mois- ture in	Erect	Ratin	g for—	Compa tive
lank	Entry	Total	Sound	shelled sample	grain at harvest	plants	Erect plants	Sound yield	heigh of ea
		bu.	bu.	perct.	perct.	perct.	perct.	perct.	
1 Ho	osier Crost 840	67.9	67.5	. 6	27.7	83.3	115.8	132.1	M-hig
Pio	osier 332 tional 125 ow 607 Kalb 875 Kalb 816	64.1	64.0	. 2	29.4	75.0	104.2	125.3	Mediu
Na	tional 125	62.0	61.8	. 2	28.0	59.2	$\frac{82.2}{97.3}$	121.1	Mediu
Cro De	1 oth 875	$\frac{61.9}{61.9}$	$\frac{61.4}{61.3}$	.9	28.9 30.0	70.0 77.5	107.7	$120.3 \\ 120.1$	M-hig Mediu
De	Kalb 816	61.2	61.0	.3	28.3	71.7	99.6	119.4	Mediu
111i	nois 126. ubet D-42. nois 972(Pfeifer)	60.2	60.0	. 3	27.1	65.0	90.3	117.4	Mediu
Do Illi	ubet D-42	60.0	59.7	. 4	28.6	75.8	105.4	116.9	Mediu
) Illi	nois 972(Pfeifer)	59.8	59.4	. 6	28.5	76.7	106.6	116.4	Medit
Ke Wi	nois 9/2(Pfetter) ystone 40 uisnand 834 rtton M-33 uisnand 917(W) ar OK-332(W) ey H-42 tional 126T nois 201	59.8	58.7	1.8	28.9	65.8	91.5	114.9	M-hig
Mo	ushanu 834	59.5 59.5	59.0 58.8	.8 1.1	32.1 29.2	$\frac{68.3}{71.5}$	95.0 $99.4$	115.5 115.2	Medit M-hig
Mo Wh	nisnand 917(VV)	58.6	58.5	1.1	33.4	65.8	91.5	114.6	M-hig
Bea	ar OK-332(W)	57.7	57.3	. 7	32.5	77.5	107.7	112.2	M-hig
Hu	ey H-42	57.6	57.1	.8	28.0	80.8	112.3	111.8	Medit
Na Na	tional 126T	57.5	56.9	1.0	27.9	70.0	97.3	111.5	Medit
Illi	nois 201	56.5 56.4	56.0	1.0	29.3	73.3	101.9	109.5	M-hig
Pio Pfis	oneer 313B	56.4	56.3	.1 1.5	$\frac{30.0}{32.8}$	84.2	117.0	110.3 108.1	Medi
De	Kalb 888	55.4	55.2 55.1	.6	30.6	62.5 65.0	86.9 90.3	107.8	M-hig M-hig
Fu	nk G-80	55.3	55.1	.4	33.3	80.0	111.2	$\frac{107.8}{107.8}$	M-hig
Do	ubet D-41	55.2	54.8	6	28.7	55.0	76.4	106.8	M-hig
Wa	nneer 313B. ster 612(W). Kalb 888. nk G-80. ubet D-41. ird 120A. S. 13.	54.9	54.7	. 4	30.0	70.0	97.3	107.0	Medi
U.	S. 13	54.0	53.7	. 6	28.2	76.7	106.6	105.2	M-hig
Wh	isnand 905(W)	53.9	53.3	1.1	34.1	78.3	108.9	104.3	M-hig
Mo Mo	organ M-540	53.8	53.3 52.8	1.0	$\frac{28.6}{27.4}$	$\frac{74.2}{79.2}$	103.1 $110.0$	104.3 103.3	Medi
Pfis	ster 630(W)	52.7	52.6	. 6 . 2	32.5	71.7	99.6	103.3	Medii M-his
Illi	nois 448	52.3	52.0	.5	32.7	76.7	106.6	101.8	High
Pio	neer 300	52.3	51.9	. 8	27.1	59.1	82.2	101.6	Medi
lov	rton M-12. ster 630(W) nois 448. neer 300. vealth 25. vw 608. rrd 125. ystone 38. tional 129R. nois 784(Pfeifer).	52.0	51.8	. 4	32.8	68.3	82.2 95.0	101.4	M-hig
Cro	ow 608	52.0	51.2	1.6	25.2	68.3	95.0	100.2	Medi
Wa	rd 125	51.8	51.3	. 9	31.8	75.8	105.4	100.4	High
Ke Na	tional 120R	51.7 51.6	$\frac{51.4}{51.2}$	. 7 . 8	$\frac{30.1}{32.2}$	70.8 82.5	$\frac{98.4}{114.7}$	$100.6 \\ 100.3$	Medi: Medi:
illi	nois 784(Pfeifer)	51.5	51.0	1.0	32.9	67.5	93.8	99.8	M-hig
	nisnand 831	51.5	50.9	1.2	29.6	65.0	90.3	99.7	Media
1111	noic 781	51.4	50.3	2.1	32.0	71.7	99.6	98.4	M-hig
Lo	we 840	51.1	50.7	. 6	32.1	66.7	92.7	99.3	Medi
Ain	sworth X-14A	50.1	49.9	.5	32.7	70.0	97.3	97.6	Medi
llli Ho	nois 200	50.1 50.0	$\frac{49.9}{49.4}$	1.2	31.0 30.0	68.3 67.5	95.0 93.8	$97.6 \\ 96.8$	Medi Medi
Em	we 840	50.0	49.2	1.6	26.6	68.3	95.0	96.4	Medi
Fu	nk G-90	49.6	49.5	. 2	30.1	78.3	108.9	97.0	Medi
Illi	nk G-90 nois 206(Pfeifer) nois 2184A(W) osier Crost 1010 S. 13(Pfeifer)	49.4	48.8	1.2	27.4	64.2	89.2	95.5	Medi
Illi	nois 2184A(W)	49.2	49.1	. 2	33.3	72.5	100.8	96.1	High
Ho	osier Crost 1010	49.2	49.0	.4	30.6	75.8	105.4	95.9	Medi
U. Na	S. 13(Pteiter)	49.1 49.1	48.9 48.6	1.0	30.6 28.3	$\frac{73.3}{73.3}$	101.9 101.9	95.7 $95.2$	Medi
Ho	tional 129	48.5	47.9	1.0	27.5	70.8	98.4	93.2	M-hig M-loy
Hu	ey H-73lly K-374osier Crost 1005Avealth 25A	48.2	47.8	.8	33.6	76.7	106.6	93.5	Medi
Ke	lly K-374	48.0	47.1	1.8	27.2	64.2	89.2	92.2	Medi
Ho	osier Crost 1005A	47.8	47.6	.3	30.5	65.0	90.3	93.3	Medi
Iov	vealth 25A	47.5	47.3	. 5	32.1	81.7	113.5	92.6	M-his
Pic	neer 510(W)	47.3	46.8	1.1	34.2	71.7	99.6	91.6	M-hi
Bea Pio	ar UK-321(W)	46.6 46.3	46.3	. 6 . 7	32.5	73.3 85.0	101.9	90.6 90.0	M-hig
Pfis	oter 170	46.1	46.0 45.7	1.0	$\frac{32.4}{28.0}$	65.8	$\frac{118.1}{91.5}$	89.4	Medi M-lov
En	hro 49	45.7	45.6	.1	30.8	68.3	95.0	89.3	Medi
Pic	neer 336	45.5	45.1	1.0	26.9	55.0	76.4	88.2	Medi
Ηu	ey H-23	45.2	44.1	2.3	30.3	70.0	97.3	86.4	Medi
En	weath 25A. meer 510(W) ar OK-321(W) meer 304 ster 170 bro 49 meer 336 ey H-23 bro 1020 ifer 2	44.9	44.3	1.4	30.5	56.7	78.8	86.7	M-lov
Pfe	eifer 2	$\frac{43.9}{43.7}$	42.6	.8	31.2	81.7	113.5	83.3	M-hig
De	Kaid 922(W)	45.7	43.6	.3	33.3	68.3	95.0	85.3	M-hi
Ke Bea	Kalb 922(W) ystone 45 ar OK-315(W)	$\frac{43.3}{42.7}$	$\frac{43.0}{42.5}$	. 6 . 4	$\frac{32.4}{32.2}$	$\frac{72.5}{81.7}$	$\frac{100.8}{113.5}$	84.2 83.3	Medi Medi
7 Pic	neer 505(W)	42.4	42.3	. 2	34.3	69.2	96.1	82.9	M-hi
Fu:	nk G-125	40.5	40.4	. 3	28.7	76.7	106.6	79.1	High
lov	vealth 29A	39.8	39.6	.5	37.7	81.7 73.3	133.5	77.5	M-hig
) De	Kalb 898	39.4	39.2	. 5	30.0	73.3	101.9	76.7	Medi
Pfi:	nineer 505 (W) nk G-125 yealth 29A Kalb 898 ster 660 ibro 1001	36.8	36.7	. 2	33.9	84.7	117.7	71.8	High
2 En	ibro 1001	35.4	35.3	. 2	34.4	78.3	108.9	69.2	M-hig
2 1511	Average of all entries	51.5	51.1	. 7	30.5	72.0			

A difference of less than 11.0 bushels between total yields of any two entries in this table is not significant.

Table 16. — SOUTHERN ILLINOIS: Alhambra Summary, 1944 and 1946

(Data for 1945 are omitted because the 1945 crop did not mature)

	_	Acre	-yield	Damaged corn in	Mois- ture in	Erect	Rating for—		Compara-
Ran	Rank Entry		Sound	shelled sample	grain at harvest	plants	Erect plants	Sound yield	height of ear
		bu.	bu.	perct.	perci.	perct.	perci.	perct.	
1	Hoosier Crost 840	49.0	48.7	.5	20.4	84.2	117.8	116.5	Medium
2	Illinois 200	48.9	48.4	1.0	22.2	65.8	92.0	115.8	Medium
3	Crow 607	48.8	47.7	2.7	21.6	71.7	100.3	114.1	Medium
4	Whisnand 917(W)	48.3	48.2	. 3	25.2	62.9	88.0	115.3	M-high
5	U. S. 13	48.2	48.0	.5	20.7	78.8	110.2	114.8	Medium
6	Funk G-80	47.5	47.1	1.0	23.5	78.8	110.2	112.7	Medium
7	Pioneer 332	47.4	47.2	. 6	22.1	78.3	109.5	112.9	Medium
8	DeKalb 816	46.3	45.9	. 3	21.1	79.0	110.5	109.8	Medium
9	DeKalb 888	45.8	45.6	.5	22.7	70.8	99.0	109.1	Mediun
10	Illinois 201	45.4	45.1	. 7	21.0	81.2	113.6	107.9	Mediun
11a	Illinois 206(Pfeifer)	43.8	43.3	1.1	20.4	67.1	93.8	103.6	Mediun
12	Illinois 448	43.4	43.1	.6	24.2	64.6	90.3	103.1	M-high
13	Illinois 126	43.2	42.9	1.0	21.0	66.7	93.3	102.6	M-low
14b	Pioneer 313B	42.9	42.8	.5	22.1	74.6	104.3	102.4	Mediun
15	Lowe 840	42.8	42.4	. 7	22.5	74.6	104.3	101.4	Mediun
16	Illinois 784	42.0	41.4	1.3	23.8	63.8	89.2	99.0	M-high
170	Hoosier Crost 1005A	41.3	41.1	.5	23.9	48.8	68.3	98.3	Mediun
18	Pioneer 304	41.2	41.1	.4	22.8	87.9	122.9	98.3	M-low
19	Pioneer 300	40.6	40.4	.5	19.2	72.5	101.4	96.7	Mediun
20	Pfister 612(W)	40.1	39.6	.9	23.4	71.7	100.3	94.7	M-high
21	Pioneer 336	38.2	38.0	. 7	19.9	65.4	91.5	90.9	Mediun
22	Hoosier Crost 746	38.0	37.7	. 7	22.2	67.9	95.0	90.2	M-low
23	DeKalb 922(W)	37.7	37.5	. 6	23.5	70.0	97.9	89.7	Mediun
24	Funk G-125	37.3	37.2	. 4	20.8	68.4	95.7	89.0	M-high
25	Embro 1020	37.1	36.8	.8	22.5	67.5	94.4	88.0	M-low
26	Iowealth 29A	36.8	36.6	.6	25.0	79.6	111.3	87.6	Mediun
27	Embro 1001	34.5	34.3	.6	25.5	68.7	96.1	82.1	M-high
	Average of all entries	42.8	41.8	.7	22.3	71.5			

Averaged with Illinois 206, which appeared in the 1944 tests.
 Averaged with Pioneer 313D, which appeared in the 1944 tests.
 Averaged with Hoosier Crost 1005, which appeared in the 1944 tests.

A difference of less than 7.1 bushels between total yields of any two entries in this table is not significant.

Table 17. — EXTREME SOUTHERN ILLINOIS: Dixon Springs
Bottomland, 1946

	En.	Acre-	yield	Damaged corn in	Mois- ture in	Erect	Ratin	g for—	Compara - tive
Rank	Entry	Total	Sound	shelled sample	grain at harvest	plants	Erect plants	Sound yield	height of ear
		bu.	bu.	perct.	perct.	perct.	perct.	perct.	
	Whisnand 917(W)	83.9	83.2	.8	18.8	98.3	103.8	122.2	M-high
	Keystone 106(W)	83.4 82.6	$\frac{82.7}{82.0}$	. 8 . 7	18.2 18.9	96.8	102.2	121.4	High
3	Ward 125 Ward 135(W)	79.1	78.6	.6	21.8	80.8 90.8	85.3 95.9	$120.4 \\ 115.4$	M-high M-high
5	Illinois 2019(W)	78.6	78.4	. 2	18.6	99.5	105.1	115.4	M-high
5 5	Illinois 1233-1	78.6	77.9	.9	18.7	95.7	101.0	114.4	Mediun
7	Whisnand 905(W)	78.2	77.7	.6	18.7	98.2	103.7	114.1	High
8	DeKalb 922(W)	77.7	75.4	2.9	19.3	98.3	103.8	110.7	M-high
9	Pfister 630(W)	76.5	75.6	1.2	21.3	95.2	100.5	111.0	M-high
	National 129-2	75.6	73.6	2.6	18.7	97.8	103.3	108.1	Mediur
	Funk G-708	75.1	74.9	. 3	23.5	96.7	102.1	110.0	High
	Illinois 200	74.3	74.0	. 4	19.5	90.1	95.1	108.7	Mediun
3	Illinois 448 Pfister 612(W)	74.2 73.8	73.9 73.5	.4	19.6 18.7	96.7 $97.5$	$102.1 \\ 102.9$	108.5 107.9	M-high M-high
	Lowe 840	73.4	73.0	.6	18.3	92.2	97.3	107.9	Mediur
	Doubet D-41	73.2	71.9	1.8	19.1	94.5	99.8	105.6	M-high
	U. S. 13	72.1	70.9	1.7	17.9	92.5	97.7	104.1	Mediur
7	U. S. 13 Bear OK-343(W)	72.1	70.0	2.9	18.7	93.8	99.0	102.8	Mediur
9	Funk G-711	72.0	71.7	. 4	28.4	91.5	96.7	105.3	M-high
0	Embro 49	71.6	67.6	5.6	17.7	100.0	105.6	99.3	Mediu
1	Lowe 855(W)	71.4	70.8	.9	19.3	97.8	103.3	104.0	High
	Pioneer 505(W)	71.2	69.3	2.6	18.5	96.2	101.6	101.8	M-high
	U. S. 13 (Pfeifer)	71.1	69.5	2.2	18.8	96.0	101.4	102.0	Mediu
	Hoosier Crost 707(W)	70.7 70.1	70.3 69.0	.6 1.5	$\frac{20.4}{20.4}$	95.0 96.7	$\frac{100.3}{102.1}$	$103.2 \\ 101.3$	M-high Mediu
	Keystone 45 Pioneer 313B	69.9	69.5	.6	18.1	99.0	104.5	101.3	M-low
	National 129R	69.9	69.5	.6	21.8	92.8	98.0	102.0	Mediu
	DeKalb 888	69.8	69.3	. 7	18.5	98.2	103.7	101.8	Mediu
9	Morgan M-546	69.4	68.3	1.6	18.7	99.7	105.3	100.3	Mediu
0	Pioneer 332	68.9	67.7	1.7	19.7	97.8	103.3	99.4	Mediu
15	Bear OK-321(W)	68.8	68.4	.6	19.3	86.7	91.5	100.4	Mediu:
2	Illinois 126	68.1	67.5	.9	18.9	95.3	100.6	99.1	Mediu
	Illinois 1238	68.0	67.0	1.5	18.5	93.2	98.4	98.4	Mediu
	Iowealth 29A	67.7	67.2	.8	20.9	91.0	96.1	$98.7 \\ 98.8$	High
	Pioneer 304	67.6 67.1	67.3 65.7	$^{.4}_{2.1}$	19.5 19.9	95.7 $92.0$	$\frac{101.0}{97.1}$	96.5	M-low M-high
	Illinois 2184A(W)	66.8	66.6	.3	17.9	97.7	103.2	97.8	M-high
	Doubet D-42	66.7	65.4	2.0	18.7	98.3	103.8	96.0	Mediu
	National 129	66.6	64.6	3.0	19.6	92.8	98.0	94.9	Mediu
Ŋ5	Illinois 2120(W)	66.5	64.5	3.0	17.9	97.2	102.6	94.7	M-high
1	Whisnand 834 Bear OK-315(W)	66.4	66.2	. 3	20.4	88.2	93.1	97.2	Mediu
2	Bear OK-315(W)	66.2	65.4	1.2	19.3	93.5	98.7	96.0	Mediu
25	Illinois 784 (Pfeifer)	66.2	62.1	6.2	20.9	90.2	95.2	91.2	M-hig
	Illinois 1239	66.0	64.7	1.9	18.3	96.8 98.7	102.2	95.0 96.6	M-hig
	Illinois 2119(W) Keystone 38	65.9 65.6	65.8 64.6	1.6	18.2 18.6	93.3	104.2 98.5	94.9	M-hig Mediu
7	Iowealth TX-1	65.2	65.1	.2	18.7	92.5	97.7	95.6	Mediu
8	Pfister 170	65.1	64.8	.6	17.5	91.8	96.9	95.1	Mediu
9	Pfeifer A-243	64.6	64.1	.7	20.9	91.3	96.4	94.1	M-hig
0	Pioneer 336	64.0	62.7	2.1	17.9	93.0	98.2	92.1	Mediu
1	Embro 1001	63.2	62.3	1.5	19.7	98.3	103.8	91.5	M-hig
2	Hoosier Crost 840	62.7	58.3	7.0	17.9	95.3	100.6	85.6	Mediu
3	Ward 120A	62.0	61.9	. 2	18.7	94.0	99.2	90.9	Mediu
45	Whisnand 831	61.2	60.6	1.0	21.7	93.7	98.9	89.0	Mediu
5	DeKalb 923(W)	60.7	59.9	1.4	19.7	97.2	102.6	88.0	Mediu
6 7	Hoosier Crost 1010	59.7 58.7	58.6	1.8	19.5 18.9	$\frac{95.2}{98.3}$	100.5 103.8	86.0	Mediu M-low
8	Pioneer 300	54.6	58.4 53.0	.5 3.0	20.2	98.3	99.5	85.7 77.8	Mediu
9	Embro 1020	53.2	52.6	1.2	18.5	91.5	96.6	77.2	M-low
				.4	19.4	90.0	95.0	75.5	Mediu
0	Hoosier Crost 1005A	51.6	51.4				95.0		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Five plots were included in the average yield instead of six.

A difference of less than 14.3 bushels between total yields of any two entries in this table is not significant.

Table 18. — EXTREME SOUTHERN ILLINOIS: Dixon Springs Bottomland, Summary for 1944, 1945, and 1946

		Acre	-yield	Daniaged corn in shelled sample	Mois- ture in grain at harvest	Erect plants	Rating for—		Compara- tive
Ran	k Entry	Total	Sound				Erect plants	Sound yield	height of ear
		bu.	bu.	perct.	perct.	perct.a	perct.	perct.	
1	Whisnand 905(W)	67.9	67.3	.8	21.6	86.1	106.0	118.5	M-high
2	Illinois 2120(W)	66.4	65.3	1.7	20.4	79.6	98.0	115.0	M-high
3	Funk G-711	64.7	64.1	1.0	30.0	76.8	94.7	112.9	M-high
4b	Illinois 2019(W)	62.8	62.0	1.2	21.1	84.3	103.8	109.2	M-high
5°	Illinois 1233-1	61.3	60.6	1.3	19.8	85.4	105.2	106.7	Medium
6	Lowe 855(W)	60.6	59.9	1.2	20.7	77.4	95.3	105.5	M-high
7	Illinois 2119(W)	60.3	59.8	.9	20.8	91.9	113.2	105.3	M-high
8	Whisnand 917(W)	59.9	59.1	1.4	21.2	86.2	106.2	104.0	M-high
9	DeKaib 888	57.4	56.7	1.3	20.2	82.6	101.7	99.8	Medium
10	Hoosier Crost 707(W)	57.1	56.7	.9	23.0	77.5	95.4	99.8	M-high
10	Illinois 784(Pfeifer)	57.1	54.8	3.9	22.5	66.6	82.0	96.5	M-high
12	Illinois 1239	57.0	55.6	2.5	19.9	79.9	98.4	97.9	M-high
13d	Illinois 448(Pfeifer)	56.6	56.1	1.1	20.7	80.9	99.6	98.8	M-high
14	Illinois 126	56.3	55.2	2.1	19.8	84.7	104.3	97.2	Medium
15	DeKalb 922(W)	56.2	55.1	1.7	20.8	86.7	106.8	97.0	Medium
16	Whisnand 834	55.4	54.4	1.8	22.1	71.6	88.2	95.8	Medium
17e	Illinois 1238	55.3	54.0	2.4	20.5	86.6	106.7	95.1	Medium
18	Illinois 200	53.4	52.5	2.0	21.0	71.6	88.2	92.4	Medium
19	Lowe 840	52.9	51.9	2.1	20.2	73.6	90.6	91.4	Medium
20	Funk G-708	51.5	51.0	1.2	29.7	86.9	107.0	89.8	High
20	U. S. 13	51.5	50.5	2.1	19.7	81.3	100.1	88.9	Medium
22	Hoosier Crost 840	48.8	46.3	4.8	18.9	87.7	108.0	81.5	Medium
	Average of all entries	57.7	56.8	1.8	21.6	81.2			

 $<sup>^{\</sup>bullet}$  Data on erect plants are averages of 1945 and 1946 only.  $^{b}$  This entry was Illinois 2019B(W) in 1944.  $^{\circ}$  This entry was Illinois 1233 in 1944 and 1945.  $^{d}$  This entry was Illinois 448 in 1944.  $^{\circ}$  This entry was 1238B in 1944.

A difference of less than 6.1 bushels between total yields of any two entries in this table is not significant.

## SOIL ADAPTATION TEST

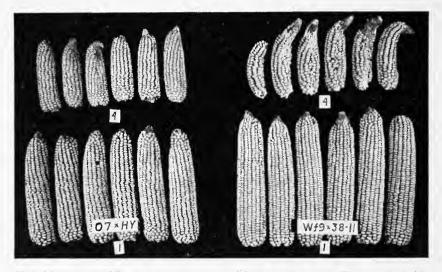
Six single-cross and three double-cross hybrids were tested at Urbana on fields of two different fertility levels. The three double-cross hybrids, Illinois 751, 972-1, and 246, were also tested in 1943, 1944, and 1945. The single-cross hybrids selected are commonly used as seed parents in producing commercial seed corn. Information on their yield and physical response to fertility is of practical value to the industry.

Soils. The two areas used for the tests are on the Agronomy south farm and differ in productivity as a result of long-continued use of different cropping systems. In the Southwest rotation a high state of productivity has been maintained by a systematic rotation of corn, oats, clover hay, and wheat with a red-clover catch crop. The South-Central area has been depleted of fertility by a rotation of corn, corn, corn, and soybeans. Both fields have received manure and phosphate. The predominating soil type on both fields is Sidell silt loam.

Season. Wet weather somewhat delayed planting. The highly productive field was planted May 22, the less productive, May 23. Growing conditions were favorable to high production thruout the season.

1946 results. The corn on the highly productive soil responded more favorably to the weather than that on the less productive (Table 19). The better field yielded 59 bushels an acre more than the less productive. The difference indicates that weather may help make the crop but that a crop cannot succeed without plenty of plant food. The 1946 results are in line with those of previous years. On the highly productive soil, Illinois 972-1 has a three-year average of 113 bushels an acre, on the less productive area a three-year average of 65 bushels an acre, a difference of 48 bushels an acre.

The average yield for all hybrids on the better land was 125 bushels an acre, the highest ever recorded in this study and 12



Hybrids behave differently under competition for nitrogen. The two hybrids shown here, WF9  $\times$  38-11 and Hy  $\times$  O7, were grown on land having a limited supply of nitrogen. When planted at the rate of one stalk per hill, both got enough nitrogen and WF9  $\times$  38-11 proved distinctly superior to Hy  $\times$  O7 in length of ear and total yield. When planted 4 stalks to the hill, Hy  $\times$  O7 was superior to WF9  $\times$  38-11 both in ear and kernel characteristics and in yield. (Fig. 2)

Table 19. — SOIL ADAPTATION TEST: Central Illinois, Urbana, 1946

		Total	Erect	Rating for—	
Rank	Entry	acre- yield	plants	Erect plants	Total yield
	HIGHLY PRODUCTIVE SOIL: Mostly rolling phase (\$300, Southwes	Sidell sil	t loam, sl	ightly	
		bu.	percl.	perci.	perct.
Hv	×07	141.4	92	126	113.1
Hv	× L317	134.9	57	78	107.9
	nois 246	132.4	62	85	105.9
	nois 972-1	130.9	79	108	104.
WF	9 × 38-11	126.1	79	108	100.9
	9 × Hy	124.1	86	118	99.
Illir	nois 751	117.6	66	87	94.1
3 WF	9 × M-14	117.1	60	82	93.7
5120	0 × Hy	100.5	75	103	80.4
	Average	125.0	73		
	A difference of less than 5.7 bushels bet any two of the above entries is n MEDIUM PRODUCTIVE SOIL: Mostly rolling phase (\$500, South-Cent	ot signifi Sidell sil	t loam, s		
l Hv	×07	77.2	96	107	116.8
	× L317	71.5	82	91	108.2
Illir	nois 246	70.7	85	94	107.0
WF	9 × Hy	69.2	98	109	104.
Illir	nois 972-1	65.2	95	106	98.8
WF	<sup>6</sup> 9 × M-14	65.1	97	108	98.5
' Illir	nois 751	64.6	91	101	97.
8 WF	<sup>6</sup> 9 × 38-11	56.8	82	91	85.9
5120	0 × Hy	54.6	88	98	82.6
	Average	66.1	90		
	A difference of less than 5.7 bushels bet any two of the above entries is n			of	

bushels above the 1945 yield. On the less fertile soil the average yield was 66.1 bushels an acre, which was .2 bushel under the 1945 yield for the same land.

WF9  $\times$  38-11 was the only hybrid showing striking difference in response to the different soils. On the better soil it was 1.1 bushels above the average yield of all hybrids on the field; on the poorer soil it was 9.3 bushels below the average. Ear and kernel characteristics of WF9  $\times$  38-11 and also of WF9  $\times$  M-14 were affected by fertility. Fig. 2 illustrates these differences in physical response on the part of WF9  $\times$  38-11.

 $Hy \times O7$  and  $Hy \times L317$  were outstanding single crosses on both soils, thus demonstrating their wide adaptability. The performance of these single crosses undoubtedly accounts for the wide adaptability of double-cross hybrids which have these single crosses as a part of their parentage.

### SUMMARY

In 1946 two hundred sixty-six hybrids were grown on six fields in Illinois. In addition, six single crosses and three double crosses were tested on two special fields differing in productivity. Wet weather delayed planting on the three southern fields until June. Good stands were obtained on all the fields, except on the Sullivan field where rodents destroyed many hills.

The results of these tests were briefly as follows:

- 1. The Galesburg field in west north-central Illinois had the highest average yield, 106 bushels an acre. On the other test fields the average yields per acre were: Sheldon, 100.4 bushels; Sullivan, 89.8 bushels; Kings, 88.9 bushels; Dixon Springs, 69.1 bushels; and Alhambra, 51.5 bushels. The average yield of corn on all six fields was 84.3 bushels an acre. This is 27.3 bushels, or 47.9 percent, more than the 1946 state average of 57 bushels an acre. (The locations of these fields are shown in Table 1, page 342, and on the inside front cover.)
- 2. Lodging was not severe on any field in 1946. On the Alhambra field an average of 28 percent of the corn was lodged, but most of the lodging there was due to weak roots. Lodging on the other fields was due mainly to stalk breakage. It amounted to an average of 8.3 percent on the Galesburg field, 7.4 percent on the Sheldon, 7.1 percent on the Kings, 5.8 percent on the Sullivan, and 5.3 percent on the Dixon Springs field.
- 3. Hybrids in the northern Illinois testing field at Kings suffered most from corn borers. Some hybrids injured by borers were particularly susceptible to stalk breakage and others to ear dropping. The range in breakage was from 15.6 to 1.4 percent, the range in dropped ears from 3.7 to 0 percent. The average stalk breakage at Kings was 6.5 percent.

At Galesburg corn borers caused only 2.9 percent of the stalks to break.

Little or no injury from corn borers occurred on the other fields.

4. Materials used for treating seed corn ranked in effectiveness in the following order: (1) Arasan, (2) Spergon, and (3) Semesan Jr. and Barbak-C. This ranking is based on averages of five-year tests.

Two years' tests with the slurry formulation indicated that Arasan slurry is just as efficient as Arasan dust, if not more efficient.

- **5.** Thruout the state *Gibberella zeae* was the principal cause of stalk rot. Inbreds L317, Ky27, K4, and Kys proved particularly susceptible to this disease.
- **6.** Ear rots were of little importance in 1946. The most common cause of rotted kernels was *Fusarium moniforme*. *Gibberella zeae* was the next most common fungus on all fields, except at Sheldon where *Diplodia zeae* was the next most common.
- 7. The yield of the nine hybrids tested on special fields at Urbana, averaged together, was 125 bushels an acre on the highly productive soil, and on the less productive soil, 66.1 bushels an acre.

On both the highly productive and less productive soil, single-cross Hy  $\times$  O7 made the largest yield and Hy  $\times$  L317 the next largest.

8. Single-cross WF9  $\times$  38-11 showed the most striking difference in response to the productivity of the soil. On the highly productive soil this cross yielded 1.1 bushels above the average; on the less productive soil, it yielded 9.3 bushels below the average. On poor soil, its ears were poorly filled at the tip; and under conditions created by thick planting, rows of kernels were missing or poorly developed thruout the length of the ears.

Readers are urged to study carefully the tables summarizing two- and three-year results of the tests. Hybrids that yield high for three years are more likely to prove dependable than those that yield high for only one year. A summary table for each test field immediately follows the 1946 table for the field.

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## PEDIGREES OF HYBRIDS

Following is a list of Experiment Station and U. S. hybrids whose performance is shown in this bulletin.

III. 21 (WF9 $\times$ 38-11) (Hy $\times$ 187-2)	III. 1091A (WF9 $\times$ M14) (Hy $\times$ 187-2)
III. $101(WF9 \times M14)(CC7 \times 187-2)$	III. 1180(WF9 $\times$ M14) (CC10 $\times$ CC24)
III. 126 (WF9 $\times$ 38-11) (Tr $\times$ L317)	III. 1233-1 (WF9 $\times$ 38-11) (940 $\times$ R59)
III. 200 (WF9 $\times$ 38-11) (K4 $\times$ L317)	III. 1238(WF9 $\times$ 38-11) (940 $\times$ G)
III. 201 (WF9 $\times$ 38-11) (187-2 $\times$ L317)	III. 1239(K166 $\times$ L317) (G $\times$ 38-11)
III. 219 (CC5 $\times$ CC7) (WF9 $\times$ Hy)	III. 1240(WF9 $\times$ M14) (R2 $\times$ 187-2)
III. 246 (WF9 $\times$ Hy) (187-2 $\times$ L317)	III. 2019(W)(Ky27 $\times$ R30) (33-16 $\times$ CI.61)
III. 247-1 $(187-2 \times 38-11)$ (Hy $\times$ R57)	III. 2119(W)(Ky27 $\times$ CI.61) (33-16 $\times$ K64)
III. 269 (CC10 $\times$ CC24) (WF9 $\times$ Hy)	III. 2120(W) (Ky27 $\times$ CI.61) (K6 $\times$ K64)
III. 273-1 (WF9 $\times$ 38-11) (187-2 $\times$ O7)	III. 2184Å(W) (K6 $\times$ 33-16) (K64 $\times$ CI.61)
III. $448$ (38-11 × Kys) (K4 × L317)	Ohio C92 (WF9 $\times$ 38-11) (Hy $\times$ O7)
III. 751 $(A \times 90)$ (WF9 $\times$ Hy)	U. S. 13 (Hy $\times$ L317) (WF9 $\times$ 38-11)
III. $784 \dots (H_{\rm Y} \times 5120) (K4 \times L317)$	U. S. 35 (WF9 $\times$ 38-11) (R4 $\times$ Hy)
III. 972A-1 (WF9 $\times$ O7) (Hy $\times$ L317)	U. S. 44-1 $(4-8 \times 187-2)$ $(Hy \times O7)$

#### CONTRIBUTORS OF SEED

Ainsworth Hybrids. Ainsworth Seed Co. Mason City Appl Hybrids. Appl's Hybrid Seed Co. St. Joseph Bear Hybrids. Bear Hybrid Corn Co. Decatur, Box 628 Blackhawk Hybrids Blackhawk Coop. Hybrid Corn Assn. Polo Crow Hybrids. Crow's Hybrid Corn Co. Milford DeKalb Hybrids DeKalb Agricultural Assn. DeKalb Doubet Hybrids E. W. Doubet. Hanna City Doubet Hybrids Ed. F. Mangelsdorf & Bro., Inc. 1020 S. 4th St., St. Louis, Mo.
Farmcraft Hybrids Farmcraft Seed Co. Oxford, Ind. Ferris Hybrids Princeton Frey Hybrids Frey Hybrid Corn Co. Gilman Funk Hybrids Funk Brothers Seed Co. Bloomington
Furr Hybrids Genoa Holmes Hybrids Edelstein Hoosier Crost Hybrids Edward J. Funk & Sons Kentland, Ind. Huebsch Hybrids L. A. Huebsch & Son Mundelein Huey Hybrids Huey Seed Co. Carthage
Hunt Hybrid
Kelly Hybrids
Moews Hybrids
National Hybrids National Hybrid Corn Co. of Ill. Normal Nichols Hybrids Nichols Brothers Hebron Null Hybrid Null Seed Farms Colchester Ohio Hybrid Carl Munson Galesburg, R. 3 Pfeifer Hybrids George L. Pfeifer Arcola Pfister Hybrids Pfister Assoc. Growers El Paso

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Seed supplied by the Association was obtained from samples of the hybrids submitted in 1945 for the laboratory test required for certification.

<sup>\*</sup> Seed supplied by the Association was obtained from samples of the hybrids submitted in 1945 for the laboratory test required for certification.

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Bear OK-40, OK-150	Funk G-37
Bear OK-77T8	Funk G-53
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Bear OK-321(W)	Funk G-80
Bear OK-332(W)	Funk G-90
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