

## JOHN TAYLOR \& CO'S

## ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE

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Bulky or heavy goods can be sent C. O. D. by freight, in care of the nearest bank, or by arrangement with Wells Fargo \& Co's Express.

Prices in this edition have all been carefully revised and in many cases lowered. On orders of twenty dollars and upwatds, on most articles, a discount will be allowed.

## OUR **** SPECIALTIES

Battersea (London) Crucibles, Muffles, Scorifiers, Furnaces, Etc.
Denver Fire Clay Company, Denver, Colorado.
Baker \& Adamson's C. P. Acids and Ammonia.
Ziegler Electric Company, Boston, Mass.
Denniston's Silver-Plated Amalgam Plates.
Oertling's, Becker's, Troemner's, Ainsworth's and Smith \& Thompson's Assay and Bullion Balances and Weights.

Bone Ash.-Prepared expressly for Assayer's use. We have three grades, viz.: No. 1 Extra, No. 1 and No. 2, all from carefully selected bones, well burnt and ground, such as we have sold for years, and well known as J. T. \& Co's Bone Ash.

Blowpipe Balances and Utensils.
Hoskins' Hydro-Carbon Blowpipes and Furnaces.
Fletcher's Blowpipes, Burners and Furnaces.
Litharge.-Chemically pure, put up in $25-1 \mathrm{~b}$. bags.
Pure Assay Lead.-Guaranteed, granulated, rolled in thin sheets, also in small bars.

Chemical Apparatus in all its variety. We are always prepared to make, at short notice, new apparatus for any special purpose.

Our Gold and Silver Tables, showing the value per ounce Troy at different degrees of fineness, and valuable tables for computation of assays in grains and grammes, will be sent free on application.

## JOHN TAYLOR \& CO.

Importers, Dealers
and Manufacturers of

# ASSAYERS' MATERIALS 

MINE AND MILL SUPPLIES

## SCHOOL PHYSCCL LAND CHEMCCL APPABATUS



CHEMICALS, ETC.

Books on Assaying, Mining and Chemistry

$$
\approx *
$$

UNION FOUNDRY BLOCK, COR. FIRST AND MISSION STS.

SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF.

## SEVENTH EDITION.

## * TO OUR PATRONS <br> and

WE again take pleasure in handing you our new and carefully revised CATAlogue and Price list, being our seventh edition. This catalogue is not alphabetically arranged, but articles are classified and put together as nearly as possible with a view for the convenience of buyers making selections.

We have taken great pains in preparing this edition; prices have all been thoroughly revised and made lower on many articles. We bespeak a careful comparison in this respect. Quite a list of new articles has been added, many of our own manufacture and modeled from our own designs and molds. We think all will be found fully up to the growing wants of the miner, assayer, chemist, and schools.

Acids, Bone Ash, Bluestone, Cyanide of Potash, Borax, Manganese, and many supplies and materials are manufactured here; and all articles, taking into consideration the quality and adaptation to the wants of the mining interests (which we can assure from our long experience in the line), can, we think, be supplied here as advantageously as elsewhere.

We keep a full stock of Mercks Pure Chemicals.
All our Boiling Flasks and Beakers are carefully selected from the best Bohemlan manufacturers, and are of uniform thickness and full size as per factory numbers.

All articles will be furnished as low as the same quality can be had in the market. Staple chemicals in quantity will be quoted at net prices; our customers will have the benefit of the lowest prices as the market fluctuates.

Our Crucibles, Glass, Porcelain Ware, etc., we import direct by sail vessel, at lowest freights, from the largest and best known manufacturers, and can sell on most favorable terms.

We are agents for the Pacific Coast for the Morgan Crucible Company (Battersea, London), whose goods are illustrated throughout the Catalogue. Also other agencies, see list elsewhere.

We aim to keep in stock all books used by chemists, assayers, and miners, and procure new books as published. We also import foreign publications.

Orders from strangers must be accompanied with the cash or a satisfactory reference.

On all orders to be sent C. O. D. a remittance will be required as a guarantee for expressage both ways. Boxing and cartage at cost. All goods packed with the utmost care by experienced hands. Our responsibility ceases upon delivery of goods to the carrier and obtaining a shipping receipt. We will not guarantee against breakage of goods in transit unless they are insured.

Having enjoyed the confidence of the mining community for over forty years, we may confidently promise that any orders intrusted to us will be filled with fidelity and dispatch, with the best quality of goods in our line.

Hoping to be favored with your continued orders,
We are, yours truly,

## ASSAY BALANCES.



No.
1100 Assay Balance, Oertling's No. 12, with a beam 10 inches long, of an improved construction, on a stand with double columns; to carry 2 grammes in each pan, and turn with riders. Beam divided into 50 parts. Takes a 5 milligramme rider which reads y/so milligramme, or takes a 1 milligramme rider which reads $x / 30$ milligramme, or takes a $1 / 2$ milligramme rider which reads $x /$ เoo milligramme. Rider arrangement on both arms of the beam; has agate knife edges working on agate planes: plate glass for the bottom of the case.

Price, without weights


1101

No.
1101 Assay Balance, Oertling's No. 12 A, with a beam 10 inches long, of an improved construction, with arms to support the beam and lift it and the pan hangers from the knife edges; to carry 2 grammes in each pan, and turn with 0.1 milligramme. Rider arrangement on both arms of the beam. Beam is divided into 50 parts. Takes a 5 milligramme rider which reads $\frac{1 / \mathrm{so}}{\mathrm{m}} \mathrm{milli-}$ gramme, or takes a 1 milligramme rider which reads $\frac{x / 50}{}$ milligramme, or takes a $1 / 2$ milligramme rider which reads $1 / 100$ milligramme. Has agate knife edges working on agate planes; plate glass for the bottom of the case.

Price, without weights


1102

No.
1102 Assay Balance, Oertling's No. 12 SB. Short beam, !same style and sensibility as No. 12. Beam is only 6 inches long; index pointer reaches down 5 inches below center of knife edge, which is made of agate and rests upon agate planes, so that a very slight movement of end of beam is multiplied, and easily read on graduated ivory scale. Beam divided into 50 parts. Takes a 5 milligramme rider which reads $5 / \%$ milligramme, or takes a 1 milligramme rider which reads $1 / 50$ milligramme, or takes a $1 / 2$ milligramme rider which reads $1 / 300$ milligramme. Rider arrangement on both arms of the beam; has agate knife edges working on agate planes; plate glass for the bottom of the case.

Price, without weights


1103

No.
1103 Assay Balance, Oertling's No. 12 C, with 8 -inch beam, of an improved construction, to carry 5 grammes in each pan, and turn with $x / x_{0}$ milligramme. Rider arrangement on both arms of the beam. The beam is fitted with agate knife edges, working on agate planes, and is divided into 100 divisions; 50 divisions on each arm, the last division at each end coinciding with the end knife edge; double rider-slide; plate glass to bottom of case; reflector for illuminating the divisions on the beam; polished mahogany glass case, with counterpoise weights to tront slide. This instrument is richly gilt. Takes a 5 milligramme rider which reads $1 / 10$ milligramme, or takes a 1 milligramme rider which reads $1 / 50$ milligramme, or takes a $1 / 2$ milligramme rider which reads $x /$ roo milligramme.

Price, without weights


1112


1113
No.
1111 Assay Balance, Becker's No. 1 A, with apparatus for rider. Rider can be placed on the center of the beam and used from the O point. Needle deviates 20 divisions on scale for one milligramme. Takes a 2 milligramme rider which reads $y / 1 / 2$ milligramme. Can be charged up to 25 grammes. Steel knife edges resting upon agate planes.

Price, without weights

1112 Assay Balance, Becker's No. 2, portable, in French polished glass case, 9 inches long, $93 / 4$ inches high and 3 inches deep, sliding frame counterpoised; packed in a light box, with strap for carrying, weighing, all boxed, $41 / 2 \mathrm{lbs}$. Needle deviates 20 divisions on the scale for 1 milligramme. Takes a 2 milligramme rider which reads $x / 10$ milligramme. With apparatus for rider, set of weights, 1 platinum gramme to $\frac{1 / 50}{}$ milligramme.

Price, with weights.

1113 Assay Balance, Becker's No. 5. Of improved construction, for a charge in each pan of 10 grammes, with apparatus to move riders upon beam; knife edges of steel resting upon agate planes. The beam is divided into 20 equal parts. The needle deviates 20 divisions on scale for 1 milligramme. Balance is provided with set of riders, 2 milligrammes, which reads to $1 / 10$ milligramme. Glass case with sliding door,

Price, without weights


No.
1114 Assay Balance, Becker's No. 5 A. Assay Balance improved, on plate glass base, with agate knife edges and agate planes. Both arms of beam are divided into 100 parts. Takes a 2 milligramme rider which reads $\mathrm{z} / 50$ milligramme. Needle deviates 20 divisions on the scale for 1 milligramme.

Price, without weights

1116 Assay Balance, Becker's No. 4. Short beam; in French polished mahogany, glass case, front sliding frame counterpoised, with glass top to admit light on beam. All parts of the balance are mounted and fastened on plate glass $\frac{5 / 16}{}$ inch thick, so that nothing can get out of order through warping of the wood. All bearings are agate planes with agate knife edges; the beam is graduated into $1 / 50$ milligramme, and in such a manner that the rider can be placed on the center of the beam and used from the $O$ point to either end of the beam. Needle deviates 50 divisions on the scale for 1 milligramme. Beam is divided into 60 equal parts. Takes a rider $1 / x 0$ milligrammes which reads 5/50 milligramme.

Price, without weights


1118

No.
1118 Assay Balance, John Taylor \& Co.'s. Sensible to $1 / 100$ of one milligramme, in polished mahogany glass case, plate glass base, glass top to admit light, sliding door counterpoised. The beam is made of aluminum, six inches in length and is divided into 50 divisions on each side of center. Takes a 1 milligramme rider which reads $1 / 50$ milligramme, or takes a $1 / 2$ milligramme rider which reads $1 / 100$ milligramme. The beam is open top, that is, the rider can be placed anywhere from the center division to the last divisions which are over the knife edges. This balance has agate knife edges, and agate bearings, fall-away pan rests, double rider attachment level and leveling screws. A most excellent balance in every respect.

Price, without weights.


1121


1122


1123
No.
1120 Assay Balance, Troemner's No. O. In glass case, with sliding door.

Price, including set of weights, either 10 grains to $1 / 100$ grain or 1 gramme to 1 milligramme

1121 Assay Balance, Troemner's No. 1. French polished mahogany case, and sliding door counterpoised. All bearings of agate with steel knife edges. Needle deviates 10 divisions on scale for 1 milligramme.

Price, without weights
1122 Assay Balance, Troemner's No. 2. Aluminum beam, arranged with rider apparatus. Beam is divided into 60 equal parts. Takes a rider, 6 milligrammes, which reads $1 / \mathrm{x}$, milligramme. All bearings of agate with steel knife edges. Needle deviates 20 divisions on scale for 1 milligramme.

Price, without weights
1123 Assay Balance, Troemner's No. 3. Of great sensibility: the needle indicating 40 full divisions for 1 milligramme. Beam is divided into 60 parts. Takes a rider, 6 milligrammes, which reads $x / 10$ milligramme. All bearings of agate. Open beam of pure aluminum; has new improved rest for riders; mahogany case with glass top, and bottom of heavy plate glass. Balance is sensible to $1 / 200$ milligramme.

Price, without weights


1124


1124

No.
1124 Assay Balance, Troemner's, portable. In a fine Freuch polished case; beam and needle not disturbed when packed up; case measures $91 / 2$ inches long, $93 / 4$ inches high and 4 inches deep. Packed in a light outside case, with strong leather hand-strap. Needle deviates 20 full divisions for 1 milligramme. A full set of weights, from 1 platinum gramme to $\mathrm{x} / \mathrm{o}$ omilligramme, included.

Price, with weights
1125 Assay Balance, Troemner's Extra Fine, No. 5 (new). Of the very finest and most delicate construction. Beam is of pure aluminum, with agate knife edges and all bearings of agate. Has a double column, with improved new eccentric lift that works perfectly smooth and regular. Beam divided on both arms. Beam divided into 50 parts, and takes a rider, 5 milligrammes, which reads $1 / 20$ milligramme, or takes a 1 milligramme rider which reads $x / \mathrm{so}_{0}$ milligramme, or takes a $1 / 2$ milligramme rider which reads $1 / 000$ milligramme. Glass case is large and roomy, with heavy plate glass bottom. The balance bas recently been improved and will indicate $x / 200$ of a milligramme. The sensibility has been vastly increased, and it is the equal of any balance made. This balance is inteuded for the skilful and careful assayer, and is too delicate for rough work or rough handling. Needle indicates 40 full divisions for 1 milligramme.

Price, without weights
$\$ 175.00$
Note.-This balance is used as an Umpire Balance at the U. S. Assay Office, New York, at the State School of Mines, Golden, Colorado, and at the San Francisco Mint.

Special attention is called to the superior quality of Agate Bearings. The small additional cost of agate bearings is merely nominal when compared with the manifold advantages attained. In damp or moist climates agate is invaluable, as it will not rust or corrode, and is indestructible.


1130


1131

No.
1130 Assay Balance, Plattner's Blowpipe. Packs in box $101 / 2$ inches long, $6 \frac{1}{4}$ inches wide, $13 / 8$ inches deep. Power 10 grains to $1 / 100$; beam $71 / 2$ inches long, with 2 pairs movable pans, and ivory spoon. With weights, 10 garins to $3 / 100$ grain, or 1 gramme to 1 milligramme.

Price.
$\$ 25.00$

1131 Assay Balance, Pocket. For traveling; when closed, measures 6 inches long, $23 / 4$ inches wide, and $11 / 4$ inch high. Is raised and lowered by means of drop-lever. Including weights, 10 grammes down to 1 milligramme, neatly fitted in box, as shown in cut. Shows 4 divisions for 1 milligramme. This balance can be supplied with a $1 / 2$ assay ton weight (if desired) in place of the 10 gramme weight, making it complete for a pulp scale or for assaying where $1 / 4$ milligramme is sufficient.

Price

## ASSAY WEIGHTS.



1150-1-2


No.
1183 Assay Weights. Made of aluminum wire.


SECOND QUALITY - Made of German Silver Sheet.
1184

1190 - Single, 0ertling's, as in set No. 1152, marked $1000=10$ grains.
Made of platinum wire.


1191

- as in set No. 1150 , marked $1000=1$ gramme.

Made of platinum sheet.

| Milligrammes, | 1000 | 500 | 200 | 100 | 50 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Made of aluminum sheet.

| Milligrammes, | 20 | 10 | 5 | 2 | 1 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each....... $\$ .70$ | .60 | .40 | .35 | .35 |  |

$\qquad$ as in set No. 1151 , marked $1000=1 / 2$ grammes.
Made of platinum sheet, gold plated.
Milligrammes, $1000-\mathrm{I} / 2 \quad 500-1 / 2 \quad 200-\mathrm{T} / 2 \quad 100-\mathrm{T} / 2 \quad 50-\mathrm{I} / 2$
Each....... \$1.30 $1.10 \quad 1.00$. 90 . 80
Made of aluminum sheet, gold plated.
Milligrammes, $\begin{array}{lllll}20-1 / 2 & 20-1 / 2 & 5-1 / 2 & 2-1 / 2 & 1-1 / 2\end{array}$
Each...... \$ . 70 . 60 . 50 . 40 . 35

## RIDERS FOR ASSAY AND ANALYTICAL BALANCES, MADE OF ALUMINUN.

No.



| 1198 |  |  | $12 / 10$ |  | 12 |  | milligrammes. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Each | \$ . 50 | . 50 |  |  |  |  |


| 1199 | Troemner's | 5/100 | 6/100 | 10 | rains. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Each | \$ . 35 | . 35 | 35 |  |

$1200 \quad$ - $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots{ }^{1 / 2} \quad 1 \quad 5 \quad 6 \quad 12$ milligrammes.

## EXTRA PANS FOR ASSAY BALANCES, IN PAIRS, BALANCED.



## ANALYTICAL BALANCES.



1205

No.
1205 Analytical Balance, with Non-Corrosive Weights. This balance combines features which are not to be had in any other balance for the same price. Short beam of aluminum, graduated for rider, with adjusting screws on both ends. Sensibility $1 / 10$ of a milligramme with a load of 100 grammes. Knife edges and planes of agate. Arrests for pans of most approved kind, with automatic stop. Bows and pans extra wide, admitting 4 inch dish. Mahogany case, with glass top; best American workmanship. The weights range from 1 milligramme to 50 grammes. The weights from 1 milligramme to 0.5 , and riders are of solid platinum; the large weights are platinum plated, making them non-corrosive. This set will be furnished in a fine mahogany box.

Price, balance and weights

1206 Analytical Balance, Troemner's No. 2, capacity 100 grammes in each pan. Sensible to $\frac{2 / 20}{}$ milligramme. Beam 10 inch, divided into $y / 10$ milligramme; pans $21 / 2$ inches. Improved arrest for pans; apparatus for specific gravity. In a fine French polished glass case, with counterpoised sliding door; all of the finest finish and best construction.

Price, without weights


1213

## No.

1210 Analytical Balance, Becker's No. 6. Improved. For charge up to 100 grammes in each pan, in French polished glass case, front sliding frame counterpoised, steel knife edges resting upon agate planes. Sensible to $1 / 4$ milligramme with its full charge, with arrest for pans.

Price, without weights
1211 Analytical Balance, Becker's No. 6, Improved. For charge up to 100 grammes in each pan, with apparatus for rider. Beam divided into 12 parts, and takes a rider, 12 milligrammes, which reads to 1 milligramme; there are half divisions, and $1 / 4$ milligramme can easily be read. Steei knife edges resting upon agate planes.

Price, without weights
1212 Analytical Balance, No. 6 A, Short Beam. In mahogany, French polished glass case, glass top for light on rider, front frame counterpoised, for a charge up to 100 grammes in each pan. Sensible to $1 / 10$ milligramme. Beam graduated in $1 / 5$ milligramme; provided with improved pan arrest, riders, agate bearings, etc. Price, without weights

1213 Analytical Balance, Becker's No. 7. For a charge up to 100 grammes in each pan, in fine French polished glass case, front sliding frame counterpoised. Agate knife edges resting upon agate planes, with new improved arrangement for arrest of pans and beam. Sensible to $x / 20$ milligramme with its full charge ; provided with apparatus for specific gravity, rider and weighing tubes. Beam divided into 120 equal parts, and takes a rider, 12 milligrammes, which reads to $x / 10$ milligramme; pans $23 / 8$ inches in diameter, with a pair of $23 / 4$ inch glass pans balanced.

Price, without weights.


1214
No.
Analytical Balance, Becker's No. 8 A. Short beam balance lor a charge up to 200 grammes in each pan and sensible to $1 / 20$ milligramme. In French polished mahogany and glass case, front sliding frame counterpoised, with glass top to admit light on rider. All parts of the balance are mounted and fastened on plate glass $5 / 16$ inch thick, so that nothing can get out of order through the warping of the wood. All bearings are agate planes, with agate knife edges. The beam is graduated, and in such a manner that the rider can be placed on the center of the beam and used from the O point to either end of the beam. Beam divided into 60 parts. Takes a rider, 6 milligrammes, which reads to $1 / \mathrm{yo}_{0}$ milligramme. This balance is provided with new improved arrangements for arrest of pans and beam, riders, apparatus for specific gravity and for weighing tubes. Pans $23 / 8$ inches in diameter. Width of pan support 4 inches; can be made wider if desired.

Price, without weights


No.
1215 Pulp Balance, Becker's No. 16. In French polished glass case ; with counterpoised front, sliding scale, provided with eccentric for lifting, bows, and movable pans for a charge up to 2 ounces in each pan. Sensible to $x / 50$ grain with its full charge.
Price, without weights.
1216 No. 18. Same as No. 1215, but for a charge up to 5 ounces in each pan. Sensible to $1 / 30$ grain.
Price, without weights.
1217 No. 20. Same as No. 1215, but for a charge of 10 ounces in each pan. Sensible to $1 / 30$ grain. Price, without weights
1218 Troemner's. This balance is one of the best and most reliable that can be used. For stability and endurance it has no superior. Mahogany case, counterpoised door, sliding upward; has solid nickel pans; has adjusting screw on beam to balance scale. Capacity 2 ounces in each pan. It is sensible to $1 / 50$ grain. Price, without weights
1219 Taylor's. Same as No. 1215, but with adjusting screws at each end of the beam.
Price, without weights


1223

No.
Pulp Balance, Becker's No. 14, on French polished box with drawer; eccentric for lifting, bows, and movable pans Can be charged up to 2 ounces in each pan. Sensible to $x / 50$ grain.

Price, without weights
Becker's No. 17, same as above. For 5 ounces in each pan, on French polished box with drawer, provided with eccentric for lifting, bows, and movable pans. Sensible to $1 / 30$ grain.

Price, without weights

Becker's No. 19, same as above. For 10 ounces in each pan, on French polished box with drawer, provided with eccentric for lifting; bows, movable pans, set screws and level. Sensible to $x / \mathrm{x}_{\mathrm{o}}$ grain.

Price, without weights.

1223 Levels, Spirit, for balances. Brass mounted.



1230


1232-3


1238

## No.

1224 Brushes, flat, camel's-hair. For cleaning scale pans.

| Inches | 1 | $11 / 2$ | 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each | \$ . 30 | . 35 |  |

1225 - pencils, camel's-hair. $3 / 36$ inch quills, per dozen..... \$ . 35
1230 Pulp Spoons, brass. Double end, $3 / 4$ and 1 inch bowls, each $\$ .50$

1232 - japanned tin. Double ends, with two size cups, each \$.25
1233 - japanned tin. With one spatula end, convenient for measuring and mixing fluxes, each......................... . \$ . 25

1235 Scale Pans, glass. Accurately balanced.


1236 - polished brass. Deep form, flattened at the bottom, balanced.
Diameter, $23 / 4$ inches; per pair
1238 Glass Feet, or circular discs, solid, for placing under the leveling screws of assay balances to give solidity. They have a conical recess to receive the point of screw; per dozen $\$ .75$

# WEIGHTS OF PRECISION FOR ANALYTICAL ASSAYING AND SCIENTIFIC USE. 



1242-4
No.

## Grain Weights.



## Gramme Weights.

1265 1266 1267 1269 1270 1271 1280
$\square$ Becker's, No. 6. . 200 grammes to 1 M G , with riders . . . $\$ 24.00$ " $5 . .100$ " " 1 MG , ".. .18 .00 " $4 . .50$ " " 1 MG , ".. .16 .00 " $13 . .100$ " " 1 M G ,........class 2. 10.00 " $12 . .100$ " "1C G,........class 2. 5.50 " $11 . .50$ " " 1 MG ,.... ...class 2. 9.00

Extra weights of aluminum and platinum, in parts of grains or grammes, in stock. See Catalogue, numbers 1180-1184.

No.
1290* Assay Ton Weights, Troemner's or Becker's.
4 A. T. down to $1 / 20$ A. T................... $\$ 6.00$
1 A. T. to $1 / 20$ A. T. .......................
375

1292* 1 A . T. to $1 / 20$ A. T. 375

1293* single, separate from full sets.

| Size.... | 4 | 2 | 1 | $1 / 2$ | $1 / 5$ | $1 / 10$ | $1 / 20$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Price... $\$ 1.25$ | 1.00 | 1.00 | .90 | .75 | .60 | .50 |  |

[^0]1295 Normal Sugar Weights, 26.048 or 13.024; each

## BULLION BALANCES.



1300-1

1300 Bullion Balance, Becker's No. 29. Bullion and specie scale, carrying 500 ounces in each pan. Sensible to 1 grain with that charge. All bearings planes, with new improved construction for the arrestation of the beam and pans, provided with set screws and level.

Price, without weights
1301 Becker's No. 31. Bullion and specie scale. For
2000 ounces in each pan. Sensible to 2 grains with
that charge.
Price, without weights . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 220.00$


No.
1310 Bullion Balance, Troemner's. Balance has brass beam, pans, and bows ; improved raising apparatus, provided with glass level and leveling feet; adjusting screws on beam, etc. A full set of weights included; large weights are of iron, bronzed ; those from 50 ounces and down are of brass, in a walnut block.

| Capacity | 500 | 1000 | 1500 ounces. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Price | \$ 95.00 | 120.00 | 150.00 |

13157 -_Troemner's. Balance has an iron beam and eccentric lift; adjusting screws on beam; brass pans ; price includes a full set of weights. Capacity, 500 ounces ; price..



1317


1320


No.

Balance of the very finest finish; in French polished glass case, with counterpoised door, sliding upward. Has open beam; 8 -inch nickel pans that are movable. Capacity 200 ounces, and sensible to $1 / 2$ grain. Has extra pan for loose matter. Inside measure of case is 35 inches high, 30 inches wide. Price includes a full set of weights, 50 ounces to 1 grain. These are neatly fitted in the drawer of case.

Price.
With weights, 100 ounces down (225 ounces in all).
Platform Bullion Scales, Howe's. Brass beam, graduated into $1 / 4$ ounce; capacity, 2880 ounces troy; brass weights, poise and counterpoise ; the platform $13 \frac{1}{2} \times 19$ inches. All packs in box $281 / 2 \times 18$ $x 51 / 2$ inches. Weight boxed, 90 pounds.

Price, boxed,
Scales, Fairbank's. Adjusted $1 / 4$ troy ounce, with set screw in poise; brass weights, poise and counterpoise. Weights marked in Troy ounces.
Capacity, 3200 to $1 / 4$ ounces, price $\ldots$. ........ 50.00
Scales, Fairbank's. " 120 ounces to 30 grains, price...... 20.00
" 2400 to $1 / 4$ ounces, price 30.00
" 7000 grains to 10 grains, price.
15.00

## MOISTURE AND TRIP SCALES.



1324


1327

1324 Quicksilver or Amalgam Scale Scoop. Russia iron; 14 inches long, $81 / 2$ inches wide, $51 / 2$ inches deep, with counterpoise weight. Price.

1325 Brass Scoop; 9 inches long, 7 inches wide, 3 inches deep, with counterpoise weight, for Bullion Balances Nos. 1300-1315. Price

1326 Moisture Scales. This scale is so constructed that on using a moisture charge of 2 pounds the sliding weight on the beamindicates the exact per cent of loss or moisture.

Price, including set of weights, 2 pounds to $1 / 2$ ounce

\footnotetext{
Example: Place a two-pound weight on left hand platform, counterpoise with ore to be tested for moisture on the right; then dry the sample so weighed and place on same platform as before; and counterpoise by sliding weight on beam, when you read off the ounces lost and per cent of loss. For absolute accuracy and simplicity it has no equal.

Any other weight or charge may be used, when a simple calculation gives correct per cent of moisture.

1327 Moisture Scales. For weighing mineral specimens, etc.



## No.

1329 Same as No. 1328 from 50 to $1 / 2$ ounce capacity, but has fractional graduation of $1 x^{2 / x o}$ per cent on tip end of the main beam, and both the main and fractional beams are fitted with patent latch poises25.00

Trip Scales. For manufacturing chemists. Has very large, shallow or saucer-shaped movable pan, made of hammered copper. All bearings are of steel. No. 0, Diameter of pan 19 in., capacity $40 \mathrm{lbs} . . . . . . .$. . . . . . . 14.00
" 1, " " 16 in ., " 25 lbs
For weights for these scales in avoirdupois, troy or grammes, see catalogue numbers 1340-1375.

Harvard Trip Scales. For laboratory work; with 2 six-inch porcelain plates and side beam ; 2 kilogrammes to $/ 1 / 0$ gramme.

## WEIGHTS.



1340


1344


No.
1340 Weights, Bullion, Troemner's. Brass, in oiled walnut blocks.


1341 - Bullion, Troemner's. Iron; single, from sets; adjusted.
100 ounce troy', each . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\quad 1.50$

200 " " "....................................... 2.50
300 " " 1 .......................................... . . . 3.50
500 " " " ....................................... . . 5.00
1342 - Troy Cup.
4 ounces down to $1 / 4$ ounce. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1.50
8 " " I/4 " ................................. 3.00
16 " " $1 / 4$ " ................................. 4.00
32 " $1 / 4$ " ................................. 5.50

64 " $1 / 4$ " ................................ 9.00
1343 -Troy Decimal. For bullion scales. Set of $4 / 100,3 / 10,7 / 1001 / 10,1$, $\quad 2.50$
1344 - Metric, of japanned iron. Nested.


5 " 6 " 5 ....................... 4.00
10 " " 5 "............... ...... 5.50


No.
1345 Weights, Gramme, brass. In polished block.
20 grammes down to 1 centigramme. . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ .70$
50 " " 1 "................... 1.10
100 " " 1 "................. 1.60
500 " " 1 gramme ................. 2.50
1000 " 1 " .................... 3.50

1346 - Iron, nickel-plated. Weights are of iron, polished and nickei-plated, making a very handsome and substantial weight, at much cheaper price than those of brass, and vastly cleaner and nicer to handle than the ordinary painted iron weights. In sets, complete :
1 pound and down to $1 / 2$ ounce; total weight, 2 pounds $\$ 2.80$

| 2 | " | " | $1 / 2$ | " | " | " | 4 | " | 4.00 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 4 | $"$ | $"$ | $1 / 2$ | " | " | " | 8 | " | 5.50 |
| 5 | $"$ | $"$ | $1 / 2$ | " | " | " | 13 | $"$ | 7.50 |
| 10 | " | " | $1 / 2$ | " | " | " | 23 | $"$ | 10.75 |


1 " " ............................................... . . . . . 35
2 " " 1 ............................................. . . . . . . 40
4 " 4 ................................................ . . . . 45
8 " 8 ................................................ . . . 50
1 pound, " ................................................. . . . . . . . . . . . . . 80
2 " 2 .............................................. 1.10
4 " 4 .................................................. 1.60
5 " 1 ................................................. 2.00
10 " 10 ............................................ 3.20
20 " " .............................................. 6.50



1371
No.
1365 - Troy, coin shape. Brass, marked ounces, pennyweights and grains.
$1 / 2$ ounce to $1 / 2$ grain, per set.......................... . . \$ . 75
1 " $1 / 2$ " " ............................. 1.00
2 " $1 / 2$ " " .............................. 1.25
4 " $1 / 2$ " " ............................... 1.50
8 " $1 / 2$ " $\quad$ " .............................. 2.50
1367 - Apothecary, coin shape. Brass, marked ounces, drams, scruples and grains.
1 ounce down to $1 / 2$ grain, per set... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$ 1.00
2 " " $2 / 2$ " "...................... 1.25

1368 - Metric, coin shape.
1 gramme to 1 centigramme, per set. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$ . 40
10 " 10 ".... ............. . 75
20 " 1 " " ..................... 1.00
1370 - Grain, Aluminum Wire, 5 to $1 / 2$ grain................... $\$ .50$
1371 - Sheet Aluminum, 10 to $1 / 2$ grain ................... . . 40
1375 - Decimal Grain, of German Silver Wire, one weight each $50,40,30,20$, and two of 10 grains, per set.

## HAND SCALES.




1385

No.
1376 Hand Scales, Troomner's. In lacquered tin box, with set of troy weights down to $1 / 2$ grain.

| Size. | 1 | 2 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each | \$2.50 | 3.00 | 3.50 |

1380 - German, in leather covered boxes, with troy weights down to $1 / 2$ grain.


In morocco boxes, velvet lined; apothecary weights, brass pans, silk suspending threads.

| Size............. | 5 | 6 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Each........ | $\$ 1.00$ | 1.25 |

$\qquad$ In polished cherry wood boxes; apothecary weights, brass pans, silk suspending threads.

| Size $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$. | 5 | 6 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Each $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$. | $\$ .75$ | 1.00 |

$\qquad$ Brass beams, horn pans, silk suspending threads; fine steel bearings very sensitive.

| Beam | $31 / 2$ | 4 | 5 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pans | $11 / 2$ | 2 | $21 / 2$ |  |
| Each | \$1.25 | 1.50 | 1.75 | 2.00 |

## GOLD SCALES.



1386


1387


1388

No.
1386 Gold Scales, Troemner's, indicator pointing downward; on a polished walnut box, with drawer; very accurately adjusted; a set of troy cup weights included.

| No | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Weight. | 8 | 16 | 32 | 64 ozs. |
| Beam. | 7 | 9 | 10 | 13 in. |
| Diam. of pans | $31 / 2$ | 4 | 5 | 6 in. |
| Each....... | \$10.00 | 12.00 | 15.00 | 24.00 |

1387 $\qquad$ German, with steel beam, pans suspended with chains.

| No | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Weight | 8 | 16 | 32 | 64 | 96 | 128 ozs. |
| Beam | $81 / 2$ | $91 / 2$ | 11 | $12 \mathrm{I} / 2$ | 15 | $16 \mathrm{x} / 2 \mathrm{in}$. |
| Diam. of pans | $41 / 4$ | $43 / 4$ | $51 / 2$ | $61 / 2$ | 7 | 8 in. |
| Each. | \$8.00 | 10.00 | 15.00 | 20.00 | 25.00 | 30.00 |

1388 Union Scales, brass beams, indicator points upward, movable pans; on polished walnut box; scale can be taken apart and packed in drawer of box. These scales are very accurate and useful for weighing small quantities of gold dust. With troy, apothecary, or gramme weights, coin shape.

| No. | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Beam | 53/4 | 7 | 8 |
| Diameter of pans. | 2 | $21 / 2$ | 3 |
| Each.... | \$3.50 | 5.00 | 6.00 |

## SPECIFIC GRAVITY BALANCES.



1390


1391

No.
1390 Specific Gravity Balance, Westphal's. Very exact and quick; beam and axis gilded; for liquids only; movable support; Reimann's patent thermometers; all packed in box.
Complete with rider weights $\$ 15.00$

1391
Mohr's. Very fine construction. Mounted upon mahogany box, 13 x $7 \times 31 / 2$ in., with lock drawer, which contains all the parts. This scale is designed for both liquids and solids. Beside the four sets of rider weights which indicate the specific gravity in $1, \frac{x}{10}, \frac{1}{1 / 00}$, and $x / 5000$, it has provided two pans, upon which ordinary weighing can be done.
Price


1392


1393

No.
1392 Specific Gravity Balance. Beam 10 inches long. Mounted upon brass stand; 11 inches high. Capable of being elevated to 18 inches. Hook under one pan from which to suspend solids.
Price, without weights. ............ \$ 7.00

1393
With beam 13 inches long, and a rest for it. All adjustable to 20 inches high.
Price, without weights.............. \$ $\$ 15.00$

## FORCEPS.




1398



1400-1


1402


No.
$\qquad$ French style, double, one end with platinum points, $51 / 2$ inches long225

1399
$\qquad$
English, of steel, platinum pointed, 4 inches long
1.50

1400
1401 $\qquad$
brass, ends bent, 4 inches long. .25
$\qquad$
nickel-plated.35
Forceps. For lifting assay and pulp weights, blowpipe beads, cupel buttons, etc.
brass, ivory tipped, 4 inches long. ..... \$ 1.75

- bone tipped. ..... 80
nickel-plated, with fine points ..... 50
Each . \$. 15 .20 . 25 ..... 8 in.
1403 - Gooseneck's, nickel plated, 6 inches long ..... \$. 50
1404

$\qquad$
nickel-plated, with fine points, non-magnetic ..... 35

## MORTARS.




1412


No.
1410 Mortars, iron; urn shape; light; with pestles; turned inside.

| Capacity, | $1 / 2$ | 1 | 2 pints | $1 / 2$ | 1 | 2 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| gal. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weight.. | $31 / 2$ | $51 / 2$ | $71 / 2$ | 11 | 23 | 45 |
| Each $\ldots \$ \$ 50$ | .60 | .75 | 1.25 | 2.25 | 3.50 |  |

1411 Bell Shape; heavy, solid bottom, for grinding quartz.
Capacity, $1 / 2 \quad 1 \quad 2 \mathrm{pt} . \begin{array}{ccccccc}1 / 2 & 1 & 1 / 2 & 2 & 3 & 4 & \text { gal. }\end{array}$
Weight. $\begin{array}{llllllllll}41 / 2 & 41 / 2 & 17 & 22 & 37 & 45 & 82 & 90 & \text { lbs, }\end{array}$
Each $\ldots . \begin{array}{llllllll} & \$ .75 & 1.00 & 1.25 & 1.75 & 2.50 & 3.00 & 4.75 \\ 7.50 & 9.00\end{array}$

1412 - Wedgewood. Best quality, pestles with wood handle.

| No. ........ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | $\begin{array}{llllllll}\text { Diam., inside } 33 / 4 & 41 / 2 & 51 / 4 & 6 & 63 / 4 & 71 / 2 & 83 / 8 & 91 / 4\end{array}$ in. Each...... \$ . $75 \quad .90 \quad 1.00 \quad 1.25 \quad 1.50 \quad 1.75 \quad 2.50 \quad 3.00$

1413 - porcelain. With pestles, for grinding fluxes, and for liquids. Unglazed inside, glazed outside.

| No. .......... 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Diam., inside $65 / 8$ | $53 / 4$ | $45 / 8$ | 4 | $31 / 4$ | $23 / 4$ | $21 / 4$ in. |
| Each...... $\$ 1.50$ | 1.25 | 1.00 | .85 | .75 | .60 | .50 |

- glass. With pestles.

| Capacity.... | 1 | 2 | 4 | 8 | 16 | 32 oz |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each...... | .25 | .30 | .40 | .60 | .75 | 1.00 |




1417


1418

## No.

1415 Mortars, Diamond. Plattner's form, for crushing small quantities of ore or for flattening silver buttons; made of the best tool-steel, hardened.
Small
$\$ 4.00$
Large . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 6.00

1416 Leed's form, without ring

1417 - Agate, with pestles, for grinding small specimens of ore.
$\begin{array}{lllllllll}\text { Diameter. } & 11 / 2 & 2 & 21 / 2 & 3 & 31 / 2 & 4 & 41 / 2 & 5\end{array}$ in.


1418 -amalgam. Buck's patent of cast iron. By the rotation of the muller a large sample of quartz can be ground, in contact with quicksilver.

| Diam........ | $61 / 2$ | $81 / 2$ | $81 / 2$ | $101 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| Weight...... | 30 | 40 | 72 | 120 lbs. |
| Wt. of muller | 16 | 28 | 42 | 72 lbs. |
| Each....... $\$ 6.50$ | 7.50 | 9.00 | 12.00 |  |



No.
1420 Mortars, crusher and pulverizer combined.
Diam . . . . . . . . . . . . . $10 \frac{1}{2}$ in.
Height.............. $81 / 2 \mathrm{in}$.
Weight complete. . . . 100 lbs .
" muller only. 65 lbs .
Each.
$\$ 25.00$
Cut No. 1 illustrates the Crusher aud Pulverizer with both handles in position, making it very easy to lift out the pestle to cleau the mortar. Another use for the handles in this position is when crushing very hard or large pieces of material, take hold of both handles and work backward and forwatd (or seesaw), which will crush large pieces much easier than with one handle, and as soon as the material is crushed sufficiently take out extra handle and go on with the rotary motion.
$A$-Cover. $B$-Rotating pestle. $C$-Casing or shell. $D$-Handle, of which there are two. $E$-Crushing post, which is corrugated and slightly oval, producing great crushing power. $F$-Conical corrugated opening in center of rotating pestle, where material is introduced. $G$-Spout where material is discharged as fast as pulverized. $H$-Is one of four lugs on the side of rotating pestle, which carry the pulverized material to spout.

The operation is as follows: The cover being removed, the coarse material is fed in at $f$, and pieces as large as will go in the opening can be crushed (unless of an exceptionally hard character). As the material is gradually crushed, it works down to bottom of conical opening, passing under the pestle, where it is pulverized. The centrifugal force carries the product to the sides, where it is caught by the lugs, $h$, which carry it to spout, $g$, and discharge it.
No.
1421 Bucking Board, circular 21 inches in diameter, 1 inch deep, planed for grinding fine. Weight, with $91 / 2$ pound muller, 95 pounds.
Price
\$ 9.00
and muller, upper surface planed, flanges at the side, curved muller.

| Size $\ldots \ldots \ldots$ | $18 \times 20$ | $20 \times 24$ | $24 \times 36$ in. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Each........ | $\$ 10.50$ | 13.00 | 17.50 |



1432

No.
1426 Bucking Board and muller, unplaned, on trunnions for tipping.

| Size $\ldots \ldots .$. | $7 \times 28$ | $15 \times 28$ in |
| :--- | ---: | :--- |
| Each $\ldots \ldots \ldots$ | $\$ 6.50$ | 9.00 |

1430 Brushes, for dusting mortars; round.

| Diameter $\ldots \ldots . .$. | $11 / 2$ | $21 / 2$ in |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Each $\ldots \ldots . . .$. | $\$ .90$ | .75 |

1431 - Flat, for cleaning bucking boards.

| Width $\ldots . . . . .$. | 3 | 4 in. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Each $\ldots . . . . . .$. | $\$ .50$ | .75 |

1432 - bench duster. 8 inches long; bristles, 3 inches.
Each

## TAYLOR'S PATENT ROCK FINE CRUSHER.



FIG. 1.
1433


FIG. 2.
1433

No.
1433 Rock Fine Crusher. Taylor's Patent. For assayers, prospectors and samplers, for working specimen ores, crusbing old crucibles, etc. The design of this small machine is to enable a person quickly and easily to bring by hand power to fine powder the hardest ores, to be assayed or sampled, and readily crush a larger sample than can be done in a mortar. Each machine has a cover (not shown) to prevent pieces of ore from flying out, and is furnished with a wrench and dust brush. Extra jaws and other parts can be had. Weight, complete, 100 pounds.

Price, complete.
Extra parts: $B$ and $C$, set of hard jaws, $\$ 1.25$; D, set of hard side straps, drilled, $\$ 1.50$; E , set of hard side plates, 50 cts . per pair; A, lever, drilled, $\$ 1.50$.

NOTE - The hard jaw C is sometimes called the Shoe. The hard jaw B is sometimes called the Die.

Send for special circular describing this crusher.

[^1]

1436-40

## No.

1436 Quartz Mill, one-stamp. With Day's Vacuum attachment. The stamp is 4 inches in diameter and drops with a force of 125 pounds. The stamp is raised 3 inches by the cam. The total weight of the mill is 335 pounds, and the whole height from the floor is 5 feet. Send for special circular describing this quartz mill.

Price .................. ...................................... . . $\$ 75.00$
1437 Copper Plates, silver-plated, for above, $12 \times 60$ inches. . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 10.00$
1438 Screens, Russia iron, for above, per set. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$ 1.50
$1439 \begin{gathered}\text { Sluice Box, for above mill, with copper plate four feet long by one } \\ \text { foot wide, silver-plated. } \\ \text { Price . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . } \$ 8.00\end{gathered}$
1440 Concentrator. For stamp mill, fourteen inches wide and eighteen feet long, including sluice blanket

## CYANIDE PLANT.



No.
Cyanide Plant. The above cut is our latest design of a small Cyanide Plant, having a capacity of 100 pounds of ore. The small tank shown at the highest elevation is to be used as solution tank, while the tank just below it is intended for leaching tank and is fitted complete with false bottom and duck filters. The zinc box shown below the leaching tank has six compartments and is fitted with wire screens ready for use. The lower tank is the sump tank, which is provided with an outlet which facilitates the drawing off of the weakened solution to be transferred to the solution tank again where it is made up to full strength. The pipe connection between the different tanks has been carefully studied out and has been arranged with the greatest convenience. A stop cock will be noticed just below the solution tank, a similar stop cock between the outlet from the leaching tank and the zinc precipitating box. The solution enters the leaching tank through the bottom and is drawn off through the same pipe; but to facilitate the discharging of the leached tailings a union connection will be found just below the leaching tank.

## SAMPLERS.



1443


1445


1446

This can be easily disconnected and the leaching tank may then be lifted off and the contents dumped out. In a similar way the zinc box can be easily removed by giving the elbow a quarter turn; the entire zinc box can then be taken out aud the contents of each compartment can be removed without any further diff. culty. The tanks have all been painted with a special acidproof paint, but before putting the same to actual use we would advise filling the tanks with water to enable them to swell up, as otherwise considerable gold solution might be lost before the tanks are tight.

Price, complete
No.
1442 Samplers, Tin, with handle.


| Size | $6 \times 8$ | $9 \times 12$ | $10 \times 10 \mathrm{in}$. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each | . 75 | 1.00 | 1.00 |

1445 - or Tryer. Of sheet iron, 19 inches long, with wood handle.
Each . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$ . 75
1446 - Cast Steel, polished handie.
Length 18 21 24 in.
Each............................ . 90 1.00 1.25

## SAMPLING PAPER, SHEET RUBBER, BAGS, BOTTLES.



1475
No.
1450 Paper, Glazed, Black. For sampling pulverized ores, etc. $24 \times 20$ in., per quire
\$ . 50
1455 Rubber, Pure Sheet. For mixing ore samples.

| Size | $18 \times 18$ | $36 \times 36$ in. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each. | . 85 | 2.50 |

1456 $\qquad$

| Size | $18 \times 18$ | $36 \times 36$ in. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each | . 30 | 1.00 |

1460 - Black Enameled Duck.
50 in . wide, per roll of 12 running yards ................ \$ 6.00
One sheet, $50 \times 50 \mathrm{in}$.
75
1465 Bags, Ore Sample. Manila paper, strong.

| Width, inches ...... | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | $73 / 4$ | 8 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Length, inches..... $63 / 4$ | $71 / 2$ | $81 / 2$ | $91 / 4$ | 11 | 12 |  |
| Per $1000 \ldots \ldots . . . \$ 2.50$ | 3.00 | 3.50 | 4.00 | 4.50 | 6.50 |  |

1470 Bags, rope manila. Extra heavy, for ground ores, with improved metal fastenings.
$43 / 8 \times 3$ inches, 1 ounce, per $100 \ldots \ldots . .$. . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$ . 65
$5 \mathrm{x} / 4 \times 3 \mathrm{y} / 2$ " 2 " " ................................ 80
$6 \times 4 \quad$ " 4 " 4 ............................... . . 95
$7 \times 41 / 2 \quad$ " 6 " 7 ".................................. 1.05
8 x5 " 8 " " $\quad$ "............................... 1.20
$9 \times 51 / 2 \quad$ " 10 " " .............................. 1.35
10 x 6 " 12 " " .............................. 1.60
1471 - duck.
No. $1,5 \times 8 \mathrm{x} / \mathrm{m}$ inches, per $100 \ldots .$. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 5.00$
" $2,6 \times 10$ " " .............................. 6.00
" $3,71 / 2 \times 12$ " " $\quad$ "............................... 8.50
" 4,8 x14 " " .................................. 10.00
" $5,9 \times 17$ " " 17 ................................... 12.50
" 6,10 x20 " "................................. 16.00
1475 Bottles. Wide mouth, with flat corks, for sampling ground ores, etc.

| Ounces $\ldots . .$. | 2 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 12 | 16 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Per dozen.... | $\$ .35$ | .40 | .45 | .50 | .75 | 1.00 |

## SPATULAS, SCOOPS.



1490
.1497



1491


1498

No.
1490 Spatulas, steel, with wood handle.


1491 - porcelain, double end.

| Length $\ldots \ldots \ldots$ | $71 / 8$ | $81 / 4$ | $111 / 4$ | $121 / 4$ | 14 in. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each $\ldots . . . .$. | $\$ .40$ | .50 | .60 | .75 | 1.00 |

$\qquad$ Single end.
Length
$51 / 2$
$81 / 4$
$111 / 4$
14 in.
Each
\$. 40
. 50
60
1.00
$\qquad$ bone.
Length
Each

| 5 | 6 | 7 | $81 / 2$ | $101 / 2$ in |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\$$ | .10 | .15 | .20 | .25 |

1494 $\qquad$ hard rubber.
Length

- 6

7 in.
Each
\$. 25 35

1495 horn.
Length
Each
$\$ .15$
8 in. 20

1497 Scoops, horn.

| No. | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bowl | $31 / 4 \times 21 / 2$ | $31 / 2 \times 3$ | $41 / 4 \times 31 / 4$ | $41 / 2 \times 31 / 2$ in |
| Each | \$ . 10 | 10 | . 10 | 15 |

1498 Spoons, horn.

| No. | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bowl. | $11 / 2 \times 1$ | $2 \times 11 / 4$ | $21 / 4 \times 11 / 2$ | $31 / 4 \times 2 \mathrm{in}$. |
| Each . | \$. 10 | 11 | 15 | 20 |

## WASHING PANS AND HORNS, BATEA.



1500


1507


1510


insian. Seamless, $161 / 2$ inches diameter,
extra heavy, per dozen

..... $\$ 10.50$

..... $\$ 10.50$

..... $\$ 10.50$

..... $\$ 10.50$ ..... 1502 ..... 1502 ..... 1502 ..... 1502
1503
1503
1503
1503 ..... 1504 ..... 1504 ..... 1504 ..... 1504
Silver-plated, each
Silver-plated, each
Silver-plated, each
Silver-plated, each ..... 6.50 ..... 6.50 ..... 6.50 ..... 6.50
1506
1506
1506
1506 Horns, Miners'. $\begin{gathered}1849 \text { style, made of hor } \\ \text { inside, selected, each }\end{gathered}$ Horns, Miners'. $\begin{gathered}1849 \text { style, made of hor } \\ \text { inside, selected, each }\end{gathered}$ Horns, Miners'. $\begin{gathered}1849 \text { style, made of hor } \\ \text { inside, selected, each }\end{gathered}$ Horns, Miners'. $\begin{gathered}1849 \text { style, made of hor } \\ \text { inside, selected, each }\end{gathered}$ ..... \$ 1.00 ..... \$ 1.00 ..... \$ 1.00 ..... \$ 1.00
1508
1508
1508
1508 ..... 1509 ..... 1509 ..... 1509 ..... 1509
Of Russia Iron, $91 / 2$ inches long
Of Russia Iron, $91 / 2$ inches long
Of Russia Iron, $91 / 2$ inches long
Of Russia Iron, $91 / 2$ inches long ..... 50 ..... 50 ..... 50 ..... 50
1510
1510
1510
1510
Gold Pans, Miners', Russia iron. Seamless, $161 / 2$ inches diameter,
Gold Pans, Miners', Russia iron. Seamless, $161 / 2$ inches diameter,
Gold Pans, Miners', Russia iron. Seamless, $161 / 2$ inches diameter,
Gold Pans, Miners', Russia iron. Seamless, $161 / 2$ inches diameter,
Polished iron, per dozen
Polished iron, per dozen
Polished iron, per dozen
Polished iron, per dozen ..... 3.50 ..... 3.50 ..... 3.50 ..... 3.50

## SIEVES.



1515


1519


1517
No.
1515 Sieves. Brass wire, tin frame.
$\begin{array}{lllllllllllll}\text { No.......... } & 10 & 20 & 30 & 35 & 40 & 50 & 60 & 70 & 80 & 100 & 120 & 150\end{array}$ Diameter, 5 in.$\$ .50$. 50.60 . 60 . 60 . 60 . 60 . 75 . 75 1.00 1.251 .50 $\begin{array}{llllllllllllll}\text { ، } & 6 \text { " } & .65 & .70 & .75 & .75 & .80 & .85 & .90 & 1.00 & 1.10 & 1 & 25 & 1.50 \\ 1.75\end{array}$


1516 Sieves. Tin frame, with cover and pan bottom to collect dust.
No............ $10 \quad 20 \quad 30 \quad 40 \quad 50 \quad 60 \quad 70 \quad 80 \quad 100$

Diameter, 5 in.. \$ . 65 . 65 . 75 . 75 . 851.001 .151 .251 .401 .60180 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| ".. | 1 | 25 | 1.25 | 1.25 | 1.25 | 1.35 | 1.50 | 1.75 | 2 | 00 | 2.25 | 2.50 | 2.75 | Larger sizes made to order.

1517 Sieves. Tin Frame, 5 inches diameter, in sets of 8, with one cover and pan bottom, interchangeable. Convenient for separating powdered ore into different grades of fineness. Nos. $10,20,30,40,50,60,80,100$; height, when together, 10 inches.

Price, per set. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$ 5.00
1518 - 3 inches diameter; price, per set of 3 sieves from 10 to 100 mesh
\$ : 1.50
1519 - Wooden rim.


## FURNACES.



1525

1525 Furnaces, Assay. California pattern; for muffle and crucible work. Iron, brick, lined, furnished with cast iron cover and sand bath.

| Numbe | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Internal diam. | 9 | 10 | 10 | 12 |
| Height | 20 | 23 | 25 | 28 |
| Weight | 52 | 75 | 125 | 205 |
| Uses muffle. | $8 \times 41 / 4 \times 3$ | $11 \times 41 / 4 \times 31 / 8$ | $101 / 2 \times 51 / 4 \times 37 / 8$ | $12 \times 6 \times 4$ |
| Each . | \$ 9.00 | 12.00 | 15.00 | 20.00 |

1526

1528

1531

1533
1534

- Melting, without muffle hole.

12 in. interior diameter
$\$ 19.00$
14 " " " 30.00

The 12 in. furnace takes a No. 16 black lead crucible. " 14 " " " " 25
$\qquad$ Extra parts for

| No. 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12 in . | 10 in . | 10 in. | 9 in . |
| heavy. | heavy. | light. | light. |
| \$ . 75 | 60 |  |  |
| 1.50 | 1.25 |  |  |
|  |  | 1.50 | 1.25 |
| 1.75 | 1.50 | 1.50 |  |
| 1.25 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 75 |


| Grate bars, wrought iron | 75 | 60 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tripod to support grate bars | 1.50 | 1.25 |  |  |
| Cast iron grate and tripod.. |  |  | 1.50 | 1.25 |
| Cast iron cover | 1.75 | 1.50 | 1.50 |  |
| Sand bath | 1.25 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 75 |



No.
1535 Furnaces, John Taylor \& Co.'s. Improved combined crucible and muffle furnace. Patented. Made of thick sheet iron, 12 inches square inside measurement, lined with heavy brick 2 inches thick. Complete weight, 250 pounds. It takes a $6 \times 12 \times 4$ muffle, allowing the use of 6 No. 9 Battersea or equivalent size crucibles while the muffle remains in place. Can also be used as a melting furnace and will hold a No, 16 black lead crucible. The front of this furnace is fitted with wrought iron doors for the muffle and ash pit, double cast iron feed doors and patented cast iron grate bars, which can be removed by inserting a square poker into openings at the end of the grate bars to lift them out. The top of the furnace is fitted with a cast iron frame with two flat cast iron covers (asbestos lined) sliding right and left from the center on a rail. If so ordered the furnace can be made with body in four separate sections for easy transportation, and fastened together with bolts.
Price
1536 - Extras for above.
Grate bars, per set. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 3.00
Covers . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2.50
Oval elbow, heavy iron, 6 iuches... ................... 1.25


No.
1537

1538 - Cupelling, Battersea. Of fire clay, iron bound. Without base. No.

## Height. Diameter. . Size Muffle.

Price.


1540
Furnace, Battersea Portable. For melting gold, silver, copper, etc. Made of fire clay bound with iron. For assayers' use.

Diam., Height, Weight, Each. Size Inches. Inches. Pounds.

- Bosworth. Of clay, in three sections, securely bound with heavy iron bands. Takes a $9 \times 15$ or $10 \times 16$ bigh side muffle.
Price, with 1 muffle


## FURNACES, BLOWPIPES.



No.
1542 Furnace, "Jackass." A very complete and satisfactory portable furnace, weighing 100 pounds. It is made of clay, in one piece and securely bound with steel, doors asbestos lined. Will take muffle $6 \times 12 \times 4$ inches.
With 1 muffle
Extra muffle
Extra grate.
1.00

1550 - Hoskins', Blowpipe No. 2, for gasoline, with halfgallon tank, made entirely of brass, very strong

1551 - Blowpipe No. 3, with 1-gallon tank, otherwise same as No. 2


No.
1552 Furnace, Blowpipe No. 4, with 6-gallon tank, made of heavy copper, suitable pump, pressure gauge, 10 feet of pipe, elbows, etc., and two burners, complete.

1553 'Taylor's Special Blowpipe. Eight-gallon tank, made of heavy
galvanized iron, guaranteed to stand 100 pounds pressure.
Complete, with one coal-oil or gasoline burner

1554 Burners, extra for above, each
1555 Coal-Oil or Gasoline Burner. (Patented.) Our new heating burner for assayers and chemists, or for brazing, in which coal-oil at $33^{\circ}$ to $45^{\circ}$ Beaume, and $150^{\circ}$ fire test can be used as fuel. This burner will melt an assay in a crucible or scorifier and will cupel in a muffle. One great advantage of this burner over others is that it can be used with either coal-oil or gasoline and is intended to take the place of the gasoline burner now in use. It has been thoroughly tested. We own the patent and are ready to furnish this burner singly or in quantities.
Each.

## FURNACES.



No.
1556 Furnace, Hoskins' Muffle, No. 2, taking a muffle $8 \times 43 / 4 \times 3$ inches.
Price
$\$ 10.00$

Extra muffles, each65
$\qquad$ Muffle, No. 3, taking a muffle $10 \times 6 \times 4$ inches.

- Price$\$ 15.00$

Extra muffles
Muffle, No. 4. Takes a high side muffle $9 \times 15 \times 6$ inches, which requires a blowpipe, (Catalogue numbers 1552-3), including all special interior fire bricks, with full directions for setting and bricking up with common brick.
Price, including muffle ..... $\$ 25.00$
Extra muffles ..... 1.65


1565-6



1570
No.
1565 道 Furnace, Hoskins' Crucible, No. 1, taking 20 gramme crucibles, or equivalent sizes, 4 inches diameter, $51 / 2$ inches deep inside

1566 - Crucible No. 2, taking Battersea " K " round crucibles, or equivalent sizes, 5 inches diameter, $61 / 2$ inches deep inside

1567 - Crucible No. 3, long form, taking two 20 gramme crucibles, or equivalent sizes. A very effective furnace. . . . \$

1568 - Crucible No. 4, taking four No. 9 crucibles, or equivalent sizes. This is a very efficient furnace for large quantities of work. This furnace can also be used for melting, and will take a No. 6 black lead crucible.... \$

1570 Combination No. 1. On the right in the above cut is shown the furnace prepared for crucible work. By lifting off the cover and substituting the part with the muffle opening and sliding in the muffle, the furnace is prepared as shown on the left. A scorification or two cupellations may be made in this furnace with perfect satisfaction. Weight, complete, is 24 pounds. The muffle is $6 \times 3 x / 2 \times 21 / 2$ and the crucible furnace is the same as cut No. 1565, No. 1.



1578-Sectional View.
No.
1571 Furnace, With No. 2 blowpipe ..... $\$ 30.00$
1572

$\qquad$ " " 3 " " ..... $\$ 33.00$
1576 Covers for No. 3 and 4 crucible furnaces, rectangular form; per pair ..... $\$ 1.00$
1577

$\qquad$
Plug for C or F muffle furnace, each ..... \$ . 50
1578

$\qquad$
Combination, No. 5, takes 1 crucible, 20 grammes or F , or equivaient size, and a muffle $6 \times 31 / 2 \times 21 / 2$, same as combination furnace No. 1, and measures 12 inches in length, $81 / 2$ inches in width and 16 inches in height. Weight, complete, 30 pounds; packed, 40 pounds.
Price$\$ 10.00$

1579 - Combination, No. 6, takes 4 crucibles, 20 gramme or F , or equivalent size (same as Crucible Furnace No. 4), and muffle $10 \times 6 \times 4$ (same as No. 3 Muffle Furnace), and measures $201 / 2$ inches in length, 12 inches in width and 19 inches in height. Weight, complete, 95 pounds; packed, 125 pounds.
Price

For assayers or prospectors who desire a portable, self-contained furnace, a Combination Furnace can be recommended. The combination furnaces, Nos. 5 and 6, have the advantage of any other form of combination furnaces heretofore suggested, inasmuch as the introduction of a cold crucible into the crucible chamber interferes in no way with operations being carried on in the muffle. It is economical because all of the heat is utilized. The crucible chamber is always hot and ready for use, independent of what may be going on in the muffle. The muffle is provided with a small chimney to create a current of air through the muffle and needs no further provision for draft, though the furnace may be connected with a chimney, if desired, in which a damper will probably be necessary. Both furnaces are provided with a shelf (not shown in the cuts) to protect the muffle entrance from the heat of the burner and serve as a resting place for cupels, etc., after and before use in the muffle. This will be found to be a great convenience; but no extra charge is made when purchased with a furnace. These furnaces require but one burner.


No.
1580 Furnace, Combination Crucible and Muffle Furnace. Takes 4 Battersea crucibles No. 9, or equivalent sizes, and one muffle $10 \times 6 \times 4$

1581 - Same. With Taylor's blowpipe, including gasoline or coal-oil burner, pipe connections, etc., (No. 1553), complete
$\qquad$ Same. With Taylor's blowpipe, including gasoline or coal-oil burner, pipe connections, etc. (No. 1553), complete

1585 Furnace, Fletcher's Crucible, No. 40. This furnace consists ofa simple pot-for holding the crucible-with a lid, anda blowpipe, all mounted on a suitable cast iron base. Gasfrom a $3 / 8$-inch supply pipe will work it efficiently. Thisfurnace uses about ten cubic feet of gas per hour, andwill take a black lead crucible No. 00.
Price, without blower ..... $\$ 3.00$
1586 - Extra Parts for above:
\$
\$ ..... 75 ..... 75
Furnace body
Furnace body
1.10
1.10
Furnace body and cover
Furnace body and cover
1.00
1.00
Burner only
Burner only
90
90
Stand, without burner
Stand, without burner ..... 25
1588 - No. 40 A, with improved gas burner. This burner is made of the same pattern as that used with the "Perfected" Injector Furnace. It is almost noiseless in its action and works with a very small gas supply; $3 / 8$-inch gas supply pipe required.
Price, without blower ..... \$ 3.50
1589 Extra Parts for above:
Furnace body ..... \$ . 75
Furnace body and cover ..... 1.10
Burner only ..... 1.50
Stand, without burner ..... 90
Black lead crucible No. 00 ..... 25
1590 - No. 40 B , with improved burner, for refined petroleum; gives almost as good results as the gas furnace. ..... $\$ 4.50$
1591 Extra Parts fur above:
Furnace body ..... \$75
Furnace body and cover ..... 1.50
Burner only ..... 2.50
Stand, without burner ..... 90
Black lead crucible No. 00 ..... 25

## ASSAY CRUCIBLES.



1600


1602


1604

Attention is drawn to the description of the crucibles below (Exterior Dimensions), and in ordering these, particulars should be given, to prevent errors.

No.
1600 Crucibles, Battersea, round form.

| No. | D | E | F | G | H | J | K | $L$ | N | P | R |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Height | 4 | $4{ }^{2 / 2}$ | 5 | 55/8 | 57/8 | 67/8 | 71/4 | $81 / 4$ | 93/4 | 11 | 13 in . |
| Diameter. | $23 / 8$ | 2/8 | 3 | 3/8/8 | $35 / 8$ | 41/2 | 43/4 | 5 \%/8 | 63/4 | 73/4 | $93 / 8$ |
| Price, per doz \$ | . 50 | . 75 | . 85 | 1.15 | 1.25 | 2.00 | 2.60 | 3.00 | 4.50 | 7.50 | 13.00 |

1601 - Covers, " $40.50 \quad .50$. 60 . $65 \quad .751 .001 .101 .251 .75$

1602 Crucibles, triangular form. Same form as the Hessian crucibles, more uniformly made, and much superior in quality.

T corresponds in size to large 5 s.
U " " " " small 5 s.

| No. | T | U | V |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Height | 4 | $31 / 2$ | $31 / 4$ |
| Width. | $33 / 4$ | $31 / 4$ | 27/8 |
| Price, per dozen...... $\$$ | . 90 | . 60 | . 50 |
| Covers, " | . 50 | . 50 | . 40 |

1604 - Battersea Fluxing.

| No $\ldots .$. | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 12 | 15 | 18 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Per doz. | $\$ .85$ | 1.00 | 1.25 | 1.75 | 2.75 | 4.50 | 6.50 |

1605

- Covers.

Per doz. $\$ .60 \quad .75 \quad .75 \quad .85 \quad 1.00 \quad 1.25 \quad 1.50$


1609

No.
1606 Crucibles, Colorado Pattern. Soft burnt; so called soft; low form, straight sides, to fit inside of muffles, as per cut No. 1610.

| No. | A2 | A1 | B |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Capacity | 5 | 10 |  |
| Height | 25/8 | 35/8 | 35/8 |
| Width | $23 / 8$ | $25 / 8$ | 3 |
| Per dozen | . 40 | . 50 | . 60 |

1607 - Hard Burnt, so called hard. Prices same as No. 1606.
1608 $\qquad$ Covers
A2
A1
B
Per dozen
$\$ .30$
.40
.50

## 1609 Muffiles, Battersea.

|  | In. Long | In. Wide. | In. High. | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Per Doz. } \\ \$ 8.00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C-Hoskins', small. | 8 | $41 / 4$ | 3 | 8.00 |
| E ................ | 9 | $51 / 2$ | $35 / 8$ | 11.00 |
| F-Hoskins', large. | 10 | 6 |  | 13.50 |
|  | $91 / 4$ | 45/8 | 31/8 | 10.00 |
| H , or $101 / 2$-in. Mint | $101 / 2$ | $51 / 4$ | 37/8 | 12.00 |
| G | 11 | $41 / 4$ | $31 / 8$ | 10.50 |
| 12-inch mint | 12 | $51 / 4$ | 37/8 | 13.50 |
| J | 12 | 6 | 4 | 15.00 |
| K | 14 | 8 | 5 | 18.00 |
| L | $151 / 2$ | 87/8 | 53/4 | 20.00 |

R. R. $12 \times 18 \times 73 / 4$
S. S. $12 \times 19 \times 73 / 4$

## SCORIFIERS, ROASTING DISHES, ANNEALING CUPS.



1615


1616


1617


No.
1615 Scorifiers, Battersea.
$\begin{array}{lllllllll}\text { Outside diameter...... } & 11 / 4 & 2 & 21 / 4 & 21 / 2 & 23 / 4 & 3 & \text { in. }\end{array}$
Per $1000 \ldots \ldots . .$.$\$ 12.00 \quad 12.00 ~ 12.00 ~ 13.00 ~ 16.00 \quad 20.00$
Barrel contains about. . . .......... $3500 \quad 3800$ 2400 $2200 \quad 1600$
Barrel weighs, each about, pounds. $\quad 300 \quad 425 \quad 475 \quad 500 \quad 525$ Special price in barrel lots.

1616 Roasting Dishes, Clay, Battersea.

| Diameter ... | $2 \mathrm{I} / 2$ | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 8 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| in. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Per dozen... | $\$ .75$ | 1.00 | 1.25 | 1.50 | 2.50 | 6.00 |

1617 Annealing Cups, Battersea. These are perfectly smooth and of correct porosity.

| porosity. | A | B | C |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Height $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots .$. | $11 / 4$ | $13 / 8$ | $11 / 2$ |
| Diameter at top $\ldots \ldots \ldots$ | $11 / 8$ | $11 / 4$ | $11 / 2$ |
| Per dozen.................... | $\$ 1.00$ | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Covers, per dozen $\ldots \ldots$ | $\$ .25$ | .25 | .25 |

## CRUCIBLES, MUFFLES.



1623


No.
1619 Crucibles, Clay, Denver.

| Capacity ..... . . 5 | 10 | 12 | 20 | 30 | 40 | S |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Height . . . . . . . . 25/8 | 3 | $31 / 4$ | $33 / 4$ | 43/4 | 55/8 | inches |
| Diameter...... . 23/8 | 25/8 | $23 / 4$ | 3 | 31/4 | $33 / 8$ |  |
| Per 100....... . $\$ 2.50$ | 3.00 | 3.00 | 4.00 | 6.00 | 8.00 |  |
| Covers, per 100. 2.25 | 2.25 | 225 | 3.50 | 4.00 | 5.00 |  |

1621 - Clay, Denver. French pattern.

| No. | 6 | 8 | 9 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Height | 4 | 5 | $53 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. |
| Diameter | $21 / 4$ | $21 / 2$ | 3 " |
| Per 100 | \$3.50 | 7.00 | 8.00 |
| Covers, per 100. | 2.25 | 2.25 | 3.50 |

1623 - Clay, Denver, for open furnace.

| No............ D | E | F | G |  | K | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Height ........ 4 | $41 / 2$ | 5 | 55/8 | 65/8 | $7 \mathrm{I} / 4$ | 8 in. |
| Diameter ...... 21/4 | 3 | $31 / 8$ | $33 / 8$ | 43/8 | 45/8 | $51 / 4$ |
| Per 100.... . . . . \$3.50 | 5.50 | 600 | 8.00 | 12.00 | 13.50 | 24.00 |
| Covers, per 100. 2.25 | 3.50 | 4.00 | 5.00 | 6.00 | 8.75 | 875 |

1625 Muffiles, Clay, Denver.

| Width | Long | High | Each |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $31 / 2$ | 6 | $21 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. | \$ . 50 |
| 43/4 | 8 | 3 Hoskins'. | . 60 |
| $51 / 4$ | $10 \mathrm{x} / 2$ | 37/8U. S. Mint. | 75 |
| 6 | 10 | 4 Hoskins'. | 75 |
| 6 | 12 | 4 | . 90 |
| 8 | 12 | 5 high sides, very roomy. | 1.15 |
| 8 | 14 | $5 \frac{1 / 4}{4}$ "10 | 1.25 |
| 9 | 15 | 53/4 | 1.50 |
| 10 | 16 | 6334 | 1.75 |
| 11 | 18 | $73 / 4$ | 2.25 |
| 12 | 18 | $73 / 4$ | 2.50 |
| 12 | 19 | $73 / 4$ | 2.50 |
| 123/4 | 21 | $83 / 4$ | 2.75 |
| 14 | 18 | 7 | 2.75 |

## SCORIFIERS, ROASTING DISHES, ANNEALING CUPS.



1626


1627


1023
No.
1626 Scorifiers, Clay, Denver.

| Diameter...... | $21 / 4$ | $21 / 2$ | $23 / 4$ | 3 | $31 / 2$ | 4 in. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Price, per $100 . . \$$ | 1.20 | 1.30 | 1.60 | 2.00 | 2.50 | 3.00 | Special prices in barrel lots.

1627 Roasting Dishes, Clay, Denver.

| Diameter..... |  | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 in. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Price, per dozen | $\$$ | .80 | .90 | 1.10 | 1.75 |

1628 Annealing Cups, Clay, Denver.


## CRUCIBLES, CRUCIBLE RACKS AND FILLERS.



1635

1640


1641


1642
No.
1635 Crucibles, Hessian, triangular.

|  | Small 5 s | Large 5s | 6 s | 8 s |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. in nest | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| Height of largest | 4 | $41 / 2$ | $51 / 2$ | 7 |
| Width at top | 3 | $31 / 2$ | $43 / 4$ | $53 / 4$ |
| Price, per doz.nests | \$ . 65 | 1.40 | 2.75 | 4.50 |

- Small 5 s, outside piece only, per dozen
\$
.55
1637
- Small 5s, round, per dozen 55
1638 Covers, Triangular, Hessian.

|  | Small 5 s Large 5 s | 6 s | 8 s |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Diameter $\ldots . . . . . . . . .$. | 3 | $31 / 2$ | $43 / 4$ | $53 / 4$ |
| in. |  |  |  |  |
| Price, per dozen............ | $\$ .60$ | .90 | 1.25 | 2.25 |

1640 Racks, Crucible. Made of heavy sheet iron, black japanned, for

holding 10 assay crucibles while mixing the assay, each

hole numbered. Will hold Nos. 7 to 10 Battersea or
Denver crucibles.

Each

1641 - Iron. To support 4 assay crucibles in an inverted position
after pouring.
Each ..... 2.00
1642 Filler, Crucible, of Russia sheet iron, $161 / 2$ inches long, for pour- ing ore or fluxes into the crucible while in the furnace. Each ..... 75

# BLACK LEAD CRUCIBLES, ETC. <br>  <br> 1645 

No.
1645 Crucibles, Black Lead or Plumbago. Dixon's or Taylor's make.

| Nos. | Height Outside. Inches. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Diameter } \\ & \text { at the } \\ & \text { at the } \\ & \text { Outside. } \\ & \text { Inches. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Diameter } \\ & \text { atither } \\ & \text { ailige, } \\ & \text { Ounside. } \\ & \text { Inches. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Capacity } \\ \text { Liquid } \\ \text { Meanid. } \\ \text { Measure. } \end{gathered}$ | Prices. Each. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $31 / 4$ | 25/8 | 25/8 | 1/3 |  |
| 1 | 4 | 27/8 | 27/8 | 1/2 | \$ 30 |
| 2 | $41 / 2$ | $31 / 2$ | $31 / 2$ | 1 | \$. 35 |
| 3 | 5 | 4 | 4 | $11 / 4$ | 40 |
| 4. | $51 / 2$ | $41 / 8$ | $41 / 8$ | $13 / 4$ | 45 |
| 5 | $53 / 4$ | $41 / 2$ | $41 / 2$ | $21 / 4$ | . 55 |
| 6 | $63 / 4$ | 51/4 | 51/4 | 3 | 60 |
| 8 | 75/8 | 6 | $61 / 8$ | $41 / 2$ | . 70 |
| 10. | 8 | $61 / 2$ | $71 / 8$ | $53 / 4$ | . 80 |
| 12. | $81 / 4$ | 63/4 | $71 / 4$ | $61 / 2$ | . 90 |
| 14. | $83 / 4$ | 7 | $73 / 8$ | 8 |  |
| 16. | $93 / 4$ | $71 / 2$ | 8 | $91 / 4$ |  |
| 18. | $101 / 4$ | $73 / 4$ | $83 / 8$ | 10 |  |
| 20. | $101 / 2$ | $81 / 4$ | 9 | $121 / 2$ | No. 14 |
| 25. | $111 / 4$ | 85/8 | $91 / 2$ | 14 | No. 14 |
| 30 | 115/8 | 9 | 93/4 | $161 / 2$ |  |
| 35. | 121/4 | $91 / 2$ | 101/2 | 18 | and |
| 40. | 123/4 | 10 | 103/4 | $201 / 2$ |  |
| 45 | $131 / 2$ | 101/4 | $111 / 4$ | 24 | upwards |
| 50 | 14 | 101/2 | 113/4 | $261 / 2$ | $51 / 2 \mathrm{c}$ |
| 60. | 141/2 | 103/4 | 12 | 29 | $51 / 2 \mathrm{C}$ |
| 70. | 151/2 | $111 / 8$ | 123/8 | 31 |  |
| 80. | $161 / 4$ | 113/4 | 123/4 | $351 / 2$ | per No. |
| 100. | $161 / 2$ | 121/4 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | $131 / 2$ | 38 |  |
| 125. | 181/4 | 13 | 143/4 | 50 |  |
| 150. | 20 | $141 / 4$ | 16 |  |  |
| 200. | 21 | $151 / 4$ | 17 |  |  |
| 300.... . |  |  |  |  |  |

1646 - Covers, Black Lead.
$\begin{array}{llllllllll}\text { No } . . . . & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 8 & 10 & 12\end{array}$
Per dozen, \$ $2.002 .25 \quad 2.25 \quad 2.502 .502 .75 \quad 3.00 \quad 3.25 \quad 3.60$ Prices of all covers above No. 12, $21 / 2$ cents per number.
1647 Dippers, Black Lead.


1648 Stirrers, Black Lead.

| Size | Small. | Medium. | Large. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Per dozen | 8.00 | 9.00 |  |

Note. - The price of Black Lead Crucibles, Covers, etc., fluctuates according to the price of Ceylon Plumbago, and will be subject to change without notice. All black lead crucibles should be well annealed and kept in a dry, warm place before using.",

## SAMPLING PANS, GOLD DUST BLOWERS, MAGNETS, TONGS.



1649


1652


1651


1653


1654-5-6

No.
1649 Sampling Pans, for ore samples, seamless tin.
Diameter . . . . . . . . .
Per dozen . . . . . $\quad \$ .50$
$6 \quad 7 \quad 81 / 2$ in.
Agateware.
Diameter . . ......... 5
Per dozen ......... \$1.25

| 6 | 7 | $8 \mathrm{x} / 2 \mathrm{in}$. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1.50 | 1.75 | 2.00 |

1651 Blowers, Gold Dust. Polished sheet brass.

|  | $41 / 2 \times 6$ | $6 \frac{1}{2} \times 9$ | $9 \times 10$ | $101 / 2 \times 11$ | $11 \times 13$ in. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each.... $\$ .60$ | .90 | 1.00 | 1.25 | 1.75 |  |

1652 Magnets, Horse Shoe. Best English.

| Length.... | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each..... | $\$ .25$ | .35 | .50 | .75 | 1.00 | 1.25 | 2.00 | 2.25 |

1653 - Bar. In pairs, with 2 armatures.

| Length... | 4 | 6 | 8 | 10 in. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Per pair... | $\$ .50$ | .75 | 1.50 | 2.00 |

1654 Tongs, Crucible, steel.

| Length $\ldots \ldots .$. | 12 | 17 | 32 | 36 | 45 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each......... | $\$ .50$ | .60 | 1.00 | 1.25 | 1.75 |

1655 $\qquad$ Cupel, steel.
Length. . . . . . . .
$26 \quad 36$ in.

Each

$$
\$ .90 \quad 1.10
$$

1656

- Scorifiers, steel.

Length........ $30 \quad 36$ in.
Each
$\$ .90 \quad 1.10$


No.
1657 Tongs, For clasping crucibles in the muffle, same style as 1656.
Length
19
Each
$\$ 1.00$
36
45 in.
2.00

1658
$\qquad$
Crucible, Scorifier and Cupel combined, steel, 18 inches. \$ ..... 75
1659 - Crucible, iron, japanned, scissors form, single bent, 9 inches. ..... 60
1660 - Double bent, 9 inches ..... 75
1661 - Steel, nickel-plated, single bent, 9 inches ..... 1.00
1662

$\qquad$
Double bent, 9 inches ..... 1.25

1663 - Steel, polished, double bent, solid platinum tips, 8 inches, Price varies with weight of platinum tips.Approximate price6.00


1667-8-9


1670


1677


1675

No.
1664 Pokers, Iron, $1 / 2$ inch, round . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$ . 50
1665 Scrapers, Hearth, flat iron, 36 inches . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 35
$1666 \begin{aligned} & \text { Spoons, Granulating, for sampling melted bullion, } 4 \text { feet long, } \\ & \text { bowl } 1 \text { inch............................................................ } 1.50\end{aligned}$
1667 Skimmer, Crucible, round iron, $1 / 4$ inch, 36 inches long ........ . . 75
1668 - Perforated bowl, 36 -inch .................................. 1.50
1669 Shovel, Coal, iron, wooden handle. ................................... . . . 25
Norte. - 32 -inch Crucible, 29 -inch Scorifier and 26 -inch Cupel Tongs are the sizes commonly used with our assay furnaces.

1670 Tongs, Clasp, for lifting black lead crucibles. The numbers refer to size of crucible they are made to fit:

| Nos. $\ldots \ldots \ldots$ | 8 | 10 | 12 | 14 | 16 | 18 | 20 | 25 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each $\ldots \ldots$ | $\$ 2.00$ | 2.50 | 2.75 | 2.75 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.25 | 4.25 |
| Nos. . . . . | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 |
| Each $\ldots \ldots$ | $\$ 4.50$ | 5.00 | 6.00 | 6.50 | 7.00 | 7.50 | 8.00 | 9.00 | Larger sizes made to order.

1671 - With two side straps and rivet, with eye to hook in, for lifting large crucibles by pulley. Made to order.
1672 Gloves. Buckskin, heavy gauntlet, Nos. 9 or 10 ; per pair ..... \$1.75
1673 - Horsehide, fire and waterproof; per pair................. 1.75
1674 - Acid, rubber, long gauntlet, best quality; per pair...... 2.50
1675 Mittens, Melters'. Duck, padded, with gauntlet; per pair....... 1.25
1676 Finger Cots, Acid, rubber; per dozen............................... . . . 60
1677 Mittens, Asbestos, with thumb; per pair......................... 3.50

# GOGGLES, MOULDS, CHISELS. 




1682


1681


1683


1681

No.
1678 Asbestos Cloth for aprons for melters, cut in lengths of 1 yard and 1 yard 6 inches; per yard

1679 Goggles, for protecting the eyes at the fire. Each pair in tin box, assorted colored glasses-green, blue, smoke and white.
Per pair . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$ . 25
1681 Moulds, Bullion or Ingot, round corners.
Dimensions, inside measure.

| Oz . silver | 15 | 27 | 52 | 107 | 160 | 265 | 428 | 683 | 810 | 1200 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| " gold. | 28 | 50 | 107 | 200 | 300 | 495 | 800 | 1000 | 1500 | 2208 |
| In. long. | $21 / 2$ | 39/16 | $42 / 16$ | 5 | $53 / 4$ | 718 | $83 / 4$ |  | 11/8 | $12 \mathrm{z} / 2$ |
| " wide. | 17/16 | $151 / 86$ | $23 / 26$ | $23 / 4$ | 378 | $3{ }^{1 / 2}$ | $42 / 16$ |  | 478 | $51 / 4$ |
| " deep. | 1/36 | $13 / 8$ | $1{ }^{1 / 2}$ | 2 | $21 / 4$ | 27/8 | 3 |  | $41 / 8$ | $51 / 8$ |
| Each . | . 35 | . 50 | . 75 | 1.25 | 2.25 | 3.00 | 3.50 | 4.50 | 5.50 | 7.50 |

- Bullion or Ingot, with sliding bar; $11 / 2 \times 11 / 2 \times 8$ inches inside, with sliding bar to cast any length desired, capacity 150 ounces gold, 75 ounces silver- Quadruple, for sample bars60
1684 Chisels, Bullion.

| Length | $51 / 2$ | in. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Width, cutting edge | 1/2 |  |
| Each | \$ . 25 | 35 |



1691


1685


1689


1694-5


1693
No.
1685 Brushes, Wire, for scouring bullion; double end. Steel or brass \$ . 50
1687 Moulds, Assay Pouring. Deep, drilled, smooth, 2 boles ..... $1.01)$

1687 Moulds, Assay Pouring. Deep, drilled, smooth, 2 holes
1688

$\qquad$
Shallow, drilled, smooth, 2 holes ..... 75
1689

$\qquad$
Pouring, heavy solid iron, with 2 conical holes, $21 / 8$ inches
diameter, $15 / 8$ inches deep; for crucible and scorification
assays ..... 1.25
1690

$\qquad$
Assay Pouring. Single mould, Comstock Lode pattern,
conical, $25 / 8$ inches diameter, $25 / 8$ inches
deep ..... 1.00
1691
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$Same, shallow30
1696 ..... ——
Pouring, iron, with 6 conical holes and handle, bot- tom running down to a fine point; for scorification ..... 75


1696

1686 Bristle, in leather tube, $1 \frac{1 / 4}{}$ inches diameter
.90


## TRAYS.



1698


No.
1697 Trays, Cupel or Scorifier. Heavy sheet copper.

| Siz | $61 / 2 \times 9$ in., 6 holes. | $9 \times 9$ in., 9 holes. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each | \$1.50 | 2.00 |

1698 - Cast iron. $\quad \begin{aligned} & \text { Size................................. } \$ 1.00\end{aligned} \quad \begin{aligned} & \text { in., } 9 \text { holes. } 8 \times 10 \text { in., } 12 \text { holes. } \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \text { Each.......... }\end{aligned}$

1699 - 30 conical holes, without handles, $121 / 2 \times 14$ in $\ldots . . . .$.

1700 Cast iron, $8 \times 8$ in., 16 shallow square holes............... 1.25
$1701-$ With detachable handle. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1.25

1702 Iron, japanned, for carrying annealing cups, 12 holes, .... . 75

## STEEL ALPHABETS AND FIGURES, MALLETS.



No.
1715 Figures, Steel, for stamping bullion, in sets, best American make.


1717 Stamps, Steel, in one piece.

| Gold | \$1.50 | 2.00 | 2.75 | 3.50 | 4.00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Silver | 2.25 | 2.50 | 3.00 | 4.00 | 4.50 |
| Fine | 1.50 | 2.00 | 2.75 | 3.50 | 4.00 |
| Value | 2.25 | 2.50 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 4.50 |
| Total | 2.25 | 2.50 | 3.00 | 4.00 | 4.50 |
| No. | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.50 | 2.00 | 2.50 |
| Oz . | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.50 | 2.00 | 2.50 |
| \$. | . 75 | . 75 | 1.25 | 1.75 | 2.00 |

1718 - with name of mine or assayer in one piece, made to order of any size or style. Size $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$............ $1 / 8 \quad 5 / 32 \quad 3 / 16 \quad 1 / 4 \quad 3 / 8 \quad 1 / 2$ in. Prices on application.

Nors.-The above stamps are made of fine steel, well-tempered and durable, and can be used upon iron as well as upon soft bullion.
1720 Mallets, Hickory Wood.


## MOULDS, CUPELS, BRUSHES.



1721


1731

Mmin
1732-3

1722


1724-5

No.
1722 Moulds, Scorifier, iron.

| Diameter | 2 | 21/4 | $21 / 2$ | 23/4 | 3 in. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each | \$3.00 | 3.50 | 4.25 | 5.00 | 5.50 |
| Scorifier, brass. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Each. | \$5.00 | 5.50 | 6.00 | 6.75 | 7.50 |
| Cupel, iron. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diameter | 1/2 | 1 |  | $13 / 4$ | 2 in. |
| Each.... | \$. 7 | 1.25 | 50 | 1.7 | 2.25 | Larger sizes to order.

1725

- Brass.
$\begin{array}{llllllll}\text { Diameter...... } 11 / 2 & 1 & 11 / 4 & 11 / 2 & 13 / 4 & 2 & \text { in. }\end{array}$ Each......... $\$ 1.75 \quad 2.00 \quad 2.25 \quad 2.50 \quad 2.75 \quad 3.00$ Larger sizes to order.
1726 Cupels, Made of best Bone Ash.

| Diameter $\ldots$ | $1 / 2$ | 1 | $11 / 4$ | $11 / 2$ | $13 / 4$ | 2 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| in. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dozen $\ldots \ldots$ | $\$ .15$ | .25 | .25 | .35 | .40 | .50 |

1727 Pencils, Red Chalk, for marking cupels, crucibles, etc.
Per dozen
\$. 15
1728 - Red Chalk, or Reddle, in sticks, per pound .25

1731 Brushes, Button, Lingke's form, brass tube, with bristles at each end.
Diameter
$\begin{array}{cc}1 / 2 & 5 / 8 \\ \$ .40 & .50\end{array}$
50 $3 / 4$ in. Each

3 Rows
4 Rows
Size
\$. 25

## ANVILS, HAMMERS.



No.
1735 Anvils, Plattner's. Steel, mirror polished, $21 / 4 \times 11 / 4 x^{1 / 2}$ in ... \$ . 50

- Steel, square, with point.

Weight
Face
Each
$2 \times 2 \quad 21 / 2 \times 21 /$
1.75 \$1.30
$3 \times 3$ in. 2.50

## Size

1010 6 lbs. 3 in. square. 3.50

1740 Hammers, Blowpipe, Plattner's, with wood handle :............ \$. . 60

1741
$1742 \quad$
Button or Slag. One end wedge-shaped. for breaking ores. $\begin{array}{llllllll}\text { Weight...... } & 4 & 7 & 12 & 15 & 18 & 22 & \text { oz }\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{lllllll}\text { Per Doz..... } & \$ 5.50 & 5.75 & 6.25 & 6.50 & 7.00 & 7.50\end{array}$ Weights do not include handles.
1743 -Geological, Dana's. Square face; cutting edge parallel with handle. Face Weight $\begin{array}{ll}3 / 4 & 1\end{array}$ 21
$1 \frac{1 / 4}{}$ in. square.
1.50 Each
\$1. 25
Geological, Dana's. Cutting edge at right angle with handle Face
Weight
Each
$\qquad$
ach $\qquad$$3 / 4$
10
$\$ 1.25$

| 1 | $11 / 4$ in. square. |
| :--- | :--- |
| 21 | 32 oz. |
| 1.50 | 2.25 |.



1748

No.
1746 Hammers, Geological, for prospecting. Combined hammer, with chisel edge and walking cane, with spike at lower end to assist in climbing. Weight, 2 lbs . Capable of giving heavy blows, fine tempered steel, handle graduated for measuring.
Each
$\$ 2.50$

1747

- Ball Pean, solid cast steel.


1748 Pick, Prospector's, solid cast steel, adze edge.

| Nos. | 1 | 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Face | 7/8x $7 / 8$ | 1 x 1 in . |
| Weight. | $11 / 2$ | $21 / 2 \mathrm{lbs}$. |
| Each | \$1.25 | 1.50 |

## PLIERS.



1750
$\qquad$ Flat tapering nose; for holding buttons while brushing. Polished steel, 5 inches$\$ .60$

1754 -Turned down nose; for holding buttons while brushing. Polished steel, 5 inches60
1755 - With finer point; for gold bead ..... 60
1760 Shears, Snip. Cast steel, bright, polished.

1761 Scissors. Steel; $61 / 2$ inches ..... $\$ .40$1762 - Blowpipe. Polished; for cutting thin metal, with two fileedges; cutting edge, $11 / 8$ inches; each40


No.
1765 Vise, Bonney. Cast iron, to fasten to the bench with one screw. No. 2, jaw 2 inches wide, opens $21 / 2$ inches, each
" 3 , " 2 " " " $\quad$ " ment to take a taper piece, each . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1.00

1766

- and Anvil combined, improved, with adjustable jaw to grasp taper form.
No. 10, face of anvil $41 / 2 \times 2$ inches, jaws $21 / 2$ inches wide, open
3 inches, weight, $81 / 2$ pounds, each......................... 3.50
No. 20, face of anvil $61 / 2 \times 3$ inches, jaws $3 x / 2$ inches wide, to open 4 inches, weight, 28 pounds, each.

No. 30 , face of anvil $8 \times 31 / 2$ inches, jaws 4 inches wide, open
5 inches, weight, 37 pounds, eacb

No. 40 , face of anvil $81 / 2 \times 4$ inches, jaws $41 / 2$ inches wide, open
6 inches, weight, 51 pounds, each............................. 6.50
Hand.

| Width of jaw $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ | $11 / 2$ | $15 / 8$ | $13 / 4$ | 2 |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fach $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ | $\$ .80$ | 1.00 | 1.15 | 1.25 |

## ROLLING MILLS.



1772

No.
1770 Rolling Mills, Hand. Improved single-geared, with flat rolls.


1772
Hand. Improved. Double-geared, with flat rolls.

| Nos $\ldots \ldots \ldots$. | 3 | 4 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Size $\ldots \ldots \ldots$ | $21 / 4 \times 3$ | $23 / 4 \times 4$ in. long. |
| Weight $\ldots \ldots$. | 180 | 225 lbs. |
| Each $\ldots \ldots .$. | $\$ 75.00$ | 100.00 |

These mills are made from newly designed patterns, very heavy, and with improvements that are very desirable. These improvements include the geared pressure screws, in connection with our patent lifting device, which will dispense with all springs and allow the rolls to be raised and lowered by turning the center pinion. The rolls also can be quickly removed from the frame without removing the boxes.


No
1773 Rolling Mill, The Crown. The illustration shows a newly designed mill. The rolls are 2 inches in diameter by 3 inches long, perfectly hardened, ground and polished. Cut pinions of steel. Geared pressure screws, with an improved lifting device without springs. The rolls can be quickly removed from the frame. Weight. 45 pounds.

[^2]
## FLASKS.



No.
1775 Flasks, Boiling. Flat bottom; vial mouth, best Bohemian glass, well annealed.
$\begin{array}{llllllllllll}\text { Capacity } \begin{array}{lllllll}1 / 2 & 1 & 2 & 4 & 6 & 8 & 12\end{array} & 16 & 24 & 32 & \text { oz. }\end{array}$ Dozen... $\begin{array}{llllllllll} & 1.10 & 1.25 & 1.50 & 1.80 & 2.25 & 2.60 & 3.25 & 3.60 & 4.00\end{array} 5.00$ $\begin{array}{lcccccc}\text { Capacity. } & 1 / 2 & 3 / 4 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 5 \\ \text { Each... } & \$ .60 & .75 & .85 & 1.25 & 2.00 & 3.50\end{array}$

1776 - Round bottom.
$\begin{array}{llllllllllll}\text { Capacity } & 1 / 2 & 1 & 2 & 4 & 6 & 8 & 12 & 16 & 24 & 32 & \text { oz. }\end{array}$ Dozen...$\$ 1.10 \quad 1.25 \quad 1.501 .80 \quad 2.25 \quad 2.60 \quad 3.25$

1777 - Wide neck.

$\begin{array}{lccccccc}\text { Capacity } & 1 & 2 & 4 & 6 & 8 & 16 & 32 \text { oz. }\end{array}$ | Dozen | $\ldots$ | $\$ 1.50$ | 1.75 | 2.25 | 2.50 | 3.00 | 4.50 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

1778 - Side tube.

| Capacity $\ldots \ldots$. | 4 | 8 | 16 oz. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dozen $\ldots . . .$. | $\$ 3.00$ | 4.00 | 6.00 |

1779 - Parting, or assay, conical form, with ring, flat ground top.
$\begin{array}{lcc}\text { Capacity } \ldots . . \text {. } & 2 & 3 \\ \text { Per dozen..... } & \$ 2.00 & 2.25\end{array}$
1780 - Parting.
Capacity ....... 1
Per dozen...... .
$\stackrel{1}{\$ 2.00}$
$\mathbf{2}$
2.25
4 oz.
2.75

1781 - Parting, Kennedy.
Capacity 1 ounce, dozen
$\$ 1.25$


1790


1785


1788


1782


1789


1783

No.
1782

Flasks, Fractional Distillation, with side tube.

| Capacity $\ldots \ldots$ | 4 | 8 | 16 oz. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Per dozen $\ldots .$. | $\$ 3.00$ | 4.50 | 6.00 |

- Copper determination. Pear shaped, wide mouth and broad flange. Capacity .............. 4 6 8 oz. Dozen.................... $\$ 1.60$. 1.80 2.00 3.00
- Bohemian, hard glass, for Kjeldahl's nitrogen determination. Capacity.............. 200 $500 \%$
Each.............. \$. 40 . 60
- Erlenmeyer.

Capacity .......

| 1 | 2 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 16 | 32 oz. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\$ 1.25$ | 1.50 | 2.00 | 2.50 | 3.00 | 4.00 | 5.00 |

- For gas evolutions, heavy glass, bulb shape, well formed lip, wide neck, flat bottom.

| Capacity $\ldots \ldots \ldots$ | 8 | 16 | 32 | 64 oz. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each $\ldots \ldots \ldots$. | $\$ .30$ | .40 | .60 | .90 |

- Wide mouth.

| Cap | 8 | 16 | 32 | 64 oz. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each | \$ . 25 | . 30 | . 45 | 70 |

- Fitted with rubber stopper; glass funnel and delivery tube for generating gases.

| Capacity $\ldots \ldots \ldots$ | 4 | 8 | 16 | 32 oz. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each $\ldots \ldots \ldots$. | $\$ .50$ | .65 | .90 | 1.15 |



1792


1794

No.
1791 Beakers, Bohemian Glass, Usual form, lipped or plain, made of best hard Bohemian glass, equally thin at bottom and sides, thoroughly annealed.

| Nos.... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Capacity, | 3 | $41 / 2$ | 7 | 11 | 16 | 22 | 36 | 46 | 64 | 90 | 120 | 150 oz. |
| Each... $\$$ | .10 | .15 | .20 | .25 | .30 | .35 | .40 | .45 | .55 | .65 | .75 | .90 |

1792̂ - In nests.
Nest Nos. 1 to 3 , in nests of 3 , capacity 3 to $7 \mathrm{oz} \ldots \ldots . .{ }^{\text {Per Nest }}$. 45
$\left.\begin{array}{cccccccccccc}" & 1 & " & 4, & " & 4, & " & 3 & " & 11 & " & \ldots\end{array}\right)$

1793 - Griffin's. Low, wide form, lipped.

| Nos.... $\ldots \ldots$ | 00 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Capacity $\ldots \ldots$ | $11 / 2$ | $21 / 2$ | 5 | 8 | 12 | 20 oz. |
| Each $\ldots \ldots \ldots$ | $\$ .09$ | .11 | .12 | .18 | .25 | .30 |
| Nos $\ldots \ldots .$. | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| Capacity $\ldots \ldots$. | .25 | .40 | .55 | .70 | .80 | 120 oz. |
| Each......... | $\$ .40$ | .50 | .60 | .70 | .80 | .90 |

1794 - Griffin's, in nests.
Nest Nos. 00 to 1 , in nests of 3, capacity $11 / 2$ to $5 \mathrm{oz} \ldots \ldots$. Per Nest


1795 - Copper lipped, thin, Griffin's form.
Capacity.

## ASBESTOS BOARDS, SAND BATHS, GLASS PLATES.



1799


No.
1796

1797 $\qquad$ Brass.

| Size | 4 | 5 | 6 | n. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each. | \$ . 10 | . 15 | . 20 |  |

1798 Asbestos Boards. In sheets $42 \times 44$ in.
$\qquad$ Each

 $3 / 32$
1.50 $5 / 8$
2.00

1798

- Pads. To support hot beakers, boiling flasks, etc. $1 / 56$ in. thick.
Size..................... 42 in. sq.

Each.
$\$ .05$
.10 . 20

1799 Sand Baths, shallow, Russia sheet iron.

| Diam... | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 14 in. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each... $\$ .12$ | .15 | .20 | .25 | .35 | .50 | .60 | .70 |  |

1801 Glass Plates. Light ground on one side for beaker covers. Air pumps, receivers, etc.


1802

- Ground upon one side and at the edges, with $3 / 8$-in hole through the center, to cover chemical vessels and insert stirring rod.
Size..... $31 / 2 \quad 4 \quad 51 / 8 \quad 61 / 4 \quad 7 \quad 81 / 4101 / 2 \quad 121 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. sq. Each..... \$ . 20 . 25 . 30 . 40 . 50 . 60 . 70 1.25


## BEAKER COVERS, BOTTLES, TUBES.



1810


1805


No.
1805 Glasses, Watch, or Beaker Covers, best imported well annealed glass, ground edges.
Diameter.............. $111 / 411 / 2 \quad 2 \quad 21 / 2 \quad 3$ in. Per dozen . . . . . . . . . . . $\$$. 20 . $25 \quad .25 \quad .30 \quad .75 \quad 1.25$
Diameter ............. $31 / 2 \quad 4 \quad 41 / 2 \quad 5 \quad 51 / 2 \quad 6$ in. Per dozen ............. $\$ 1.501 .752 .002 .503 .00 \quad 3.00$

1806 - Beaker Cover, concave, with hole at side to insert stirring rod. Diameter.............. $31 / 2 \quad 431 / 2$ in. Dozen.................. $\$ 2.50 \quad 3.00 \quad 3.50 \quad 4.00$

1807 Watch Glass Clamps, for holding in pairs two glasses either 2 or $21 / 2$ inches

1810 Bottles, Wash, Fresenius. Fitted with rubber stoppers.
Capacity ................... . 8 . 16

Each.
\$. 50
65
1811 - Same as No. 1810 ; of heavier glass.
Capacity

Each
1812 - With versatile movement.
Capacity 8

16
32 oz.
$\$ .75$
1.00
1.25

1813 Tubes, Wash Bottle. Separate from the bottles.

| Size | 8 | 16 | 32 oz . |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Per set | \$ . 25 | . 30 | . 35 |

## TEST TUBES, BRUSHES.



No.
1816 Test Tubes. Best imported glass; well annealed; free from lead. Each tube wrapped separately in paper.

| Size..3×3/8 | $4 \times 1 / 2$ | $5 \times 1 / 2$ | $5 \times 5 / 8$ | $5 \times 3 / 4$ | $6 \times 1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Doz. $\$ .20$ | .25 | .30 | .30 | .35 | .35 |
| Gross 1.75 | 2.50 | 2.75 | 3.00 | 3.50 | 3.75 |
| Size..6×5/8 | $6 \times 3 / 4$ | $7 \times 3 / 4$ | $7 \times 1$ | $8 \times 1$ | $10 \times 1 \mathrm{in}$. |
| Doz.. $\$ .35$ | .35 | .50 | .60 | .60 | 1.25 |
| Gross 3.75 | 4.00 | 5.00 | 5.00 | 6.50 | 12.00 |

1817

1818 $\qquad$



With side tube.

| Size............................... | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 in. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Doz........ | 1.00 | 1.30 | 1.75 |  |

1820 Ignition Tubes. Hard glass.
$\begin{array}{llllllll}\text { Size.... } & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 & 10 \text { in. }\end{array}$
Doz... \$ . 60 . . $65 \quad .75 \quad .85 \quad 1.00 \quad 1.50 \quad 2.50$

## RACKS.



1865


1830


1831

No.
1825 Racks. Test tube, for 4 test tubes and draining pins, each......... \$ . 25

1826 —— " 8 " " 1 " " $1 . \ldots \ldots$. 50

1827 —— " 13 " " " " "........ . 65

1828 —— " 13 " with 2 shelves.................... . 75

1830 - " 12 " and draining pins, also to support $\mathrm{Ca}, \mathrm{Cl}$, tubes U form, each. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 75

1831
Erlenmeyer's, for 18 tubes, with draining pins, shelves to hold four funnels, drawer for pipettes, glass stir rods, etc.

Each

## DISHES.



1835


1838


1841


1843

No.
1835

- Same, in sets of 6, Nos. 4 to 9 , per set $\$ 1.35$

$$
9, \quad \text { " } 1 \text { to } 9,
$$

Dishes, Evaporating, Royal Meissen, porcelain, glazed inside and upper half outside, with lip.

| Nos ......... 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Diam ........ $2^{11 / 2}$ | $31 / 2$ | $41 / 2$ | 5 | $51 / 2$ | $61 / 2$ | 8 in. |
| Capacity ..... 1 | 2 | 4 | 6 ozs. | 1/2 | 1 | $11 / 2 \mathrm{pts}$. |
| Each ........ \$ . 15 | . 20 | . 30 | . 40 | . 50 | . 75 | 1.00 |
| Nos . ........ 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 00 | 000 |
| Diam ....... 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | $131 / 2$ | 15 | 18 in. |
| Capacity ..... 2 | 3 pts . | 1/2 | 1 | $11 / 8$ | 11/4 | 2 gals. |
| Each . . . . . . $\$ 1.40$ | 1.75 | 2.00 | 2.65 | 3.65 | 5.50 | 6.50 |

- Deep form.

$$
2.70
$$

1843

1838

- Evaporating, German porcelain, with lip, glazed inside.

| Nos | 000 | 00 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Diam | 3 | $31 / 2$ | $41 / 4$ | $51 / 4$ | $61 / 2$ | $71 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. |
| Capacity. | 2 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 8. | 16 oz . |
| Each | \$ . 20 | . 25 | . 30 | 40 | . 50 | 65 |
| Nos. | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| Diam. | $91 / 4$ | $101 / 2$ | $111 / 2$ | 12 | $12 \mathrm{I} / 2$ | $131 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. |
| Capacity | 32 | 48 | 64 | 80 | 96 | 128 oz. |
| Each | \$ . 75 | 1.00 | 1.25 | 1.50 | 1.75 | 2.00 |
| Nos | 10 |  |  |  |  | 12 |
| Diam. | $141 / 2$ |  |  |  |  | 17 in . |
| Capacity. | $11 / 2$ |  |  |  |  | 3 gals. |
| Each . | \$2.50 |  |  |  |  | 4.50 |


| Nos....... | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Diam..... | $25 / 8$ | 3 | $31 / 4$ | $35 / 8$ | $43 / 8$ | $43 / 4$ | $51 / 8$ | $55 / 8$ | 6 in. |
| Capacity... | 1 | $11 / 2$ | 2 | 3 | $41 / 2$ | 5 | 8 | 10 | 15 oz. |
| Each..... | $\$ .12$ | .15 | .20 | .25 | .30 | .35 | .40 | .45 | .50 |

- With lip, flat form.

| Nos...... | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Capacity... | 1 | 2 | 4 | $41 / 2$ | $51 / 2$ | $71 / 2$ | $.81 / 2$ |
| Ez. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Each..... | $\$ .20$ | .25 | .30 | .35 | .40 | .45 | .50 |

## CASSEROLES, CAPSULES.



1845


1846


1850



1851


No.
1845 Dishes, Glass, with lip, round bottom.

| Diam $\ldots \ldots$ | $21 / 2$ | 3 | $31 / 2$ | 4 | $41 / 2$ | 5 | 6 | 7 | $81 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each...... $\$ .15$ | .15 | .25 | .30 | .35 | .40 | .60 | .80 | 1.00 |  |

1846 - Dishes, crystalizing, glass. Fine Bohemian, flat bottom, straight sides.

| Diam $\ldots \ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 in. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Each |  |  |  |  |  |  |

1850 - Evaporating, agate ware.
$\begin{array}{lccccccccc}\text { Capacity.. } & 1 / 8 & 1 / 4 & 1 / 2 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 \mathrm{gal} . \\ \text { Each.... } \$ .50 & .75 & 1.00 & 1.65 & 3.00 & 4.00 & 5.75 & 8.50 & 11.00\end{array}$
1851 Casseroles, Royal Berlin porcelain. With porcelain handle.

| Nos..... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 3 a | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dia.... | 2 | 3 | $3 y$ | 4 | $41 / 2$ | $51 / 2$ | 6 in. |
| Capacity | 1 | 3 | 5 | 8 | 13 | 24 | 44 oz. |
| Each... $\$ .35$ | .40 | .50 | .70 | .85 | 140 | 1.75 |  |

1852 - With cover and wooden handle.

| Capacity $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ | $1 / 10$ | $1 / 8$ | $1 / 4$ | $1 / 2$ | $3 / 4$ | 1 liter. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Diam $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ | 3 | $31 / 2$ | 4 | $45 / 8$ | 6 | $63 / 4$ in. |
| Each $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ | $\$ .50$ | .65 | .75 | 1.00 | 1.50 | 1.75 |

1855 Capsules, Royal Meissen porcelain, with covers.

| Nos....... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| Diam.... | $31 / 4$ | $23 / 4$ | $21 / 2$ | $21 / 4$ | $13 / 4$ | $15 / 8$ | $13 / 8$ | $11 / 4$ | 1 in. |
| Capacity.. | 6 | $41 / 2$ | $31 / 2$ | 2 | $11 / 2$ | $11 / 4$ | 1 | $1 / 2$ | $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz}$. |
| Each.... $\$ .60$ | .50 | .40 | .35 | .30 | .25 | .20 | .15 | .15 |  |

## CRUCIBLES, TRAYS.



1857


1858


1859


1862

No.
1856 Capsules, Royal Berlin porcelain, with covers.

| Nos........ | 000 | 00 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Diam ...... | 1 | $11 / 4$ | $11 / 2$ | $13 / 4$ | 2 | $21 / 2$ in. |
| Capacity.. | $1 / 4$ | $-1 / 2$ | $5 / 8$ | 1 | $13 / 4$ | $31 / 2$ oz. |
| Each...... | $\$ .15$ | .20 | .25 | .30 | .40 | .50 |

1857 Crucibles, Rose or Reduction. Unglazed porcelain, perforated covers with tube.

| Capacity | 1/2 | 1 | 2 oz |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each | \$ .75 | 1.00 | 1.50 |

1858 - Light Spun Iron, with cover.


1859 - Normal School, Skidmore's. For making oxygen from Mn. O . . Calcination of chalk with recovery of the expelled CO.x. Manufacture of soda from Cryolite, preparation of Ammonia, destructive distillation of coal, wood or other organic substances.
Capacity .............................. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1 112 oz.
Each
$\$ 1.00$
1860 $\qquad$ - Same, single tube
\$ . 75
1861 Trays, Acid of Lead, square, for etching on glass with hydrofluoric acid.

| Diam $\ldots \ldots \ldots .$. | 3 | 4 | 5 in |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each............. | $\$ .40$ | .50 | .60 |

1862 - Rectangular.
Size..
$1 \times 2 \times 4$
$1 \times 4 \times 4$
$1 \times 5 \times 6$ in. Each $\$ .50$

## LAMPS.



1865


1870


1868


1781


No.
1865 Lamps, Rose's. For alcohol or coal-oil, with sliding rod, chimney, triangle, and two brass rings on mahogany base; Mueller's modification. Price.
1868 Luhmes', Brass. For general laboratory work. Price
1870 - Russian. Self-acting, for high heating. Steam or alcohol vapor from upper boiler blows through flame of lamp, making a strong, horizontal blast.

| Nos | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Height | $51 / 4$ | 53/4 | $61 / 4$ inch. |
| Each | \$2.00 | 2.50 | 3.00 |

1871 - Heavy Copper, vertical blast, self-acting, for alcohol. Heigh

1872 - White's, Copper. Downward blast through separate flame, adjustable.

Each


1875


1877

$188 u-82$

No.
1875 Lamps, Dangler's Gasoline Laboratory. The most intense heat can be obtained by this burner, which can be easily and instantly regulated at will. The sliding grate allows the article to be placed as near the flane as desired. Pressure regulated by rubber bulb.

Each

- Extra rubber bulbs, each35

1877 - Blowpipe, Plattner's form, mounted on support, can be taken apart to carry in pocket. Screw cap to prevent leakage of oil, with swivel to incline for downward flame.

Price without support, D and E, nickel-plated
——Blowpipe, Fletcher's, improved, polished brass
$\qquad$ " " nickel-plated75
1882 - Tin, for tallow ..... 30



1890


1892


1895

No.
1885 Lamps, Spirit, brass, with pull-off cap.

| Capacity $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ | 2 | 4 | 8 oz. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$. | $\$ .30$ | .50 | .60 |

1887 - Brass, with winch to raise and lower wick.

Capacity 4 7 oz.
Each
$\$ .50$
75
1888
-
Nickel-plated.
Capacity
4
7 oz.
Each . ..................... \$ 60
.85

1890 - Spirit, glass, globe shape, ground caps fitted with tube and wick.
Capacity
2
4
8 oz.
Each
$\$ .30$
.35
.50

1892 - Spherical, mounted, nickel-plated, metal cup, universal movement for downward flame when using a blowpipe.

| Capacity $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ | 2 | 8 oz. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Each $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ | $\$ 1.00$ | 1.50 |

1895 - Simplicity, wlth 9 facets on the fount; may be readily adjusted to any required position. Useful for assayers and chemists.

| Capacity | 2 | 4 | 4 oz . |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Burner, diam. of wick. | 3/56 | 1/4 | $1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. |
| Each. | \$. 60 | . 75 | 85 |

## LAMPS, WATER BATHS.



1896


1900


1902

No.
1896
Lamps, Parting. By W. H. Leavens; for alcohol; galvanized iron, very strong; shelves for sand bath and annealing cups; upper shelf perforated for holding test tubes.

| Burners $\ldots \ldots . . . .$. | 6 | 8 | 12 in. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each $\ldots . . . . . .$. | $\$ 3.00$ | $3 . e_{0} 0$ | 4.50 |

1897 - Parting. Same as preceding, except upper shelf is left out so as to use flasks instead of test tubes. Hood and pipe attached for carrying off fumes.

| Burners $\ldots . . . . . . .$. | 6 | 8 | 12 in. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each........... | $\$ 3.50$ | 4.00 | 5.00 |

1900 Water Baths. Heavy polished copper, tin lined, with concentric rings, cover and steam escape.
Diam.
No. of rings
\$

| 4 | 5 |
| :--- | :---: |
| 3 | 4 |
| .90 | 1.15 |

6
5
1.60

8
6
10 in.

Each
$\$ .90$
1.15
1.60
2.50

7
5.00

1902 - With constant water level.
Diam...................

## DRYING BATHS.



1905


1908


1910
No.
1905 Water Baths with test tube rack as used by Dr. Blair in iron analysis, made of polished copper.

7 inches in diameter
Heavy copper, arranged to be heated by steam; stove or burners with eight openings, all provided with concentric rings and cover, pipe and stop-cock; also has Kekule's constant regulator.

Size, 26x14 in. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 2000$
1910 Drying Baths or Ovens. Double walls with inlet for water, made of polished copper, with openings for thermometer and gas regulator, movable shelf, extra sheet iron bottom to prevent burning out, and four detachable iron legs.

| Outside dimensions ..... | $6 \times 8$ | $8 \times 10$ | $10 \times 12$ in. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each................. | $\$ 6.50$ | 9.00 | 12.00 |

1915 - Same, of tin, with double walls, with inlet for water, two openings for thermometer, etc.
Size, $6 \times 8$ in., each

## BLOWPIPES.



1924
192

1928


$1926^{\circ}$

No.
1920 Blowpipes, Jewelers' Form. Brass, with moisture bulb........... \$ . 30
$\qquad$ "
"without moisture bulb20
$\qquad$ " nickel-plated, with moisture bulb40
$\qquad$ John Taylor \& Co's, with wooden mouth-piece and threaded tip to screw on50
$\qquad$ Plattner's, brass trumpet mouth-piece, moisture bulb and movable platinum tip; takes apart for cleaning.2.00
$\qquad$ Same, nickel-plated2.25
1928 Tips, Blowpipe, made of platinum. Apertures $4 / 10,5 / 50,9 / 10$ millimeters, ..... 75
1929 - Hard rubber mouth-pieces, trumpet shape, each ..... 30

Note. - Our platinum tips are swaged from one piece of metal and are not soldered; are durable. We true the holes in line with the axis, and polish the end, so a correct stream of air and best results are obtained. We make them with different size aperture, as laid down by Plattner: $4 / 10$ millimeter wide for qualitative assays, and $5 / 10$ millimeter for such qualitative assays as require a strong flame, and for all quantitative assays; also $\%$ millimeter for Harding's Furnace 279.


1935


1938


1936

1939


## No.

1935 Blowpipes, Fletcher's Hot Blast, No. 30 specially designed for jewelers, dentists, chemists, etc. Has nearly double the power of the old blowpipe.
Taper shaft, brass

1936 No. 30 b, straight shaft, with hard rubber mouth-piece. . . 75

1938 No. $30 c$; jointed with both hot and cold blast jets, folded in case

1939 No. 31. Hot blast chemical. A pattern of the ordinary chemical blowpipe, with the patent hot blast arrangement, with hard rubber mouth-piece

1940 Hard rubber mouth-piece, separately.................. 25

1945 No. 42 , with both cold blast and patent hot blast, two jets, nickel-plated mouth-piece. In case1.50
1946 Ross'. Mouth-piece C, separately, for use with other blowpipes ..... 60


1960

No.
1950 Blowpipes, Fletcher's Special Chemical, No. 32a, with folding staud, adjustable at any height or angle. It can be used either with the mouth, or the small hand-blower can be attached and the blowing done by the fingers. With this blow-pipe is supplied one jet with and one without the patent coil, to enable a larger variety of flame to be obtained. The lamp or a weight should be placed on the stand when in use. Complete, as illustrated. $\$ 4.75$ No. 32, blowpipe only . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1.00
1951 Hand blower only, as illustrated, catalogue No. 1950, No. 32a, in case, with extra rubber dish . 3.25

1953

- With stop-cock.
1954 $\qquad$ With stop-cock and lime-holder 8.00
1955 Prepared Limes, for oxy hydric blowpipes.
Per dozen, in tin box
1960 Blowpipes, Brazing, with 2 stop-cocks, one for gas, the other for air blast.
$1 / 4$ inch tube ..... 2.50
$1 / 2$ " " ..... 4.50


## GAS BURNERS.



1965


1965


1968


1970
No.
1965 Burners, Bunsen's. With air regulators.

| Tubes $\ldots \ldots \ldots$. | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 6 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each $\ldots \ldots \ldots . . \$ .50$ | 1.25 | 1.75 | 2.00 | 3.00 |  |

With tripod, to support dish
1969 Chaddock's. Of porcelain, incorrodible; for use in hoods where metal, on account of the smoky flame, soon corrodes. Complete, with support for dishes, chimney and 3 asbestos pads
1970 - Adjustable Bunsen, No. 5 G. For burning gas of variable quality, In this burner the size of the orifice through which the gas escapes, is adjusted by turning the milled cap-nut seen inside the arm which supports the upright tube. The air supply is adjusted by screwing the arm up or down, it being threaded and moving upon the stem which passes through its lower end. It follows that any desired quality of flame can be produced with it, and that it will burn any kind or quality of gas, rich or poor. Its adjustability renders it a favorite burner for those using gasoline gas, or the mixture of gasoline vapor and air made by gas machines. This burner is furnished, when required, with an adjustable support for holding small flasks or evaporating dishes. It is well made and strong, and is mounted upon a cast iron base. Total height, $61 / 2$ inches.
Each


No.

Burner Attachment. To set into the Bunsen burner.1.25- To set over the burner; with rest for the blowpipe25- Crowns. Giving a round flame for beating small dishes2550

- Tripods. For supporting dishes. .....  25
1985

Burners, No. 5 H. On brass base, turned and polished.- No. 5 K. Adjustable Bunsen; iron base, with support.$\$ 2.00$- Support only1.75

- Bunsen's. New self-adjusting burner for burning gasesof various qualities. The special features of this burnerare as follows:

By turning the knurled part A the flame can be increased or lowered, the flow of gas and air being regulated automatically, the burner will therefore always retain a blue flame. B is the set screw by which to regulate the burner tip C, supplying more or less air according to quality of gas. The supply of gas is regulated by inserting the screw into the next slot, either to the right or left. Care must be taken that the screw is not inserted into the slot too tightly, as this will interfere with the turning of the burner. If a yellow flame should be desired, separate the set screw B from the burner tip C, allowing the gas and air to be regulated separately

- Wing Top. For bending tubing, etc.25
- Bunsen's Blast. With two stop-cocks, movable in alldirections.4.50


## BLOWPIPE FURNACES.



1991



1999

Fletcher-Plattner Blowpipe Furnace, for capsules or crucibles $3 / 4$ inch diameter. This furnace is made of Fletcher's patent non-conducting fire-clay, and is almost indestructible. Two forms of furnace support are made, to be used in connection with the No. 5 Blast Bunsen. The Fletcher support is made of one casting, with a thin metal plate for the furnace to rest upon. The Lewis support is placed on a substantial tripod, and so arranged that the furnace is self-centering. The top plate on which the furnace rests can be turned aside without detaching it from the burner, when it is desired to use the burner for other purposes. The cap of the burner is also secured to the frame by a wire hinge, which prevents its being lost or misplaced.

When used in connection with the Blast Bunsen, the furnace has a hole in the bottom; it is also supplied with a side hole for use with a mouth blowpipe. With the Blast Bunsen No. 5, as shown in the cut, and a Fletcher foot blower, 100 grains of cast iron can be perfectly fused in two minutes; the temperature being, at the same time, under the most perfect control. In ordering, specify "bottom" or "side" hole.

## No.

1990 Blowpipe Furnace, No. 5c, blowpipe furnace, with Blast Bunsen and Fletcher Furnace Support
No. 5e, blowpipe furnace, with Blast Bunsen and Lewis Furnace Support
1992
No. 5, Blast Bunsen, alone
No. 5d, blowpipe furnace, alone, with bottom or side hole, and one crucible. ..... 25

## Fletcher Furnace Support, alone

601995 Lewis Furnace Support, alone, including cap. ..... 1.00
1996 Clay Crucibles, per dozen ..... 25
1997 Clay Capsules, ..... 25
1999 No. 7, low temperature burner, with blast pipe C ..... 2.00pipe C1.75

## BURNERS, COAL-OIL STOVES, WICKS.




2003


2004

No.
2001 Burners, Fletcher's Radial, No. 1, ring, $33 / 4$ in. diam.
$\qquad$
$\square$" 2 , " 5 in. "2.00
2003

$\qquad$
" 3 R , " ..... 1.00
2004 Coal-oil Stoves, with 1 flat wick, 4 in. Model, iron cistern. ..... 75
Defiance, ..... 1.00
Florence, ..... 1.25
Fairy, glass ..... 1.50
2005 Flat Wicks, for coal-oil stoves.
Width ..... 3 ..... 4 in.
Per dozen

## BLOWERS, FUNNELS.



No.
2006 Blowers, Fletcher's Foot Bellows. Giving a continuous blast of air.

| Nos... | 9, small | 9 A , med | 9 B , large |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Diameter | $71 / 4$ | - | 11 in. |
| Each | \$4.00 | 5.00 | 7.00 |

2007 - Foot Bellows, mounted on legs.


Note.-The Nos. 9 and 10 Bellows have a single disc; the Nos. 9 A and 10A double, and the Nos. 9 B and 10 B treble discs.


2009 - Extra Nets for above. 35

2015 Funnels, Best German Glass. Angle, $60^{\circ}$; long stems, ground to a point. Diameter.... $24 \begin{array}{llllll}1 / 2 & 3 & 31 / 2 & 4 & 41 / 2 & \text { in. }\end{array}$ Each ........ \$. 10 . 12 . 15 . 15 . 20 . 20 $\begin{array}{lllllll}\text { Diameter.... } & 5 & 51 / 2 & 7 & 9 & 101 / 2 & 12 \mathrm{in} \text {. }\end{array}$ Each....... \$ . 25 . 30 . 40 . 60 . 85 1.15

2016 Bunsen's, with edges ground even; angle, $60^{\circ}$; long stems, ground to a point. Diameter
Each
$\begin{array}{ccccccc}11 / 2 & 2 & 21 / 2 & 3 & 31 / 2 & 4 & 41 / 2 \\ \text { in. } \\ \$ .10 & .15 & .18 & .20 & .25 & .30 & .35\end{array}$


No:
2020 Funnels, Ribbed.

| Diameter.... | $311 / 2$ | 5 | 6 | 7 | $81 / 2$ in. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Capacity $\ldots \ldots$ | 4 | 8 | 16 | 32 | 64 ozs. |
| Each........ $\$ .15$ | .20 | .25 | .35 | .50 |  |

2022 - In sets of 3 , assorted, per set . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$ . 20
2024 - Hard rubber.

| Capacity $\ldots \ldots$ | 4 | 8 | 16 | 32 oz. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each $\ldots . . .$. | $\$ .25$ | .35 | .50 | .60 |

2025 - Separatory, open top, usual form, angle $60^{\circ}$, with stop-cock.

| Diam........ | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 9 in. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each $\ldots . . .$. | $\$ 1.25$ | 1.50 | 2.00 | 2.50 | 3.00 |

- Separatory, globe shape, heavy glass, stoppered.

| Capacity | 8 | 16 | 32 | 64 oz |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| Each...$\ldots$. | $\$ 1.50$ | 2.25 | 2.75 | 3.25 |

2032

- Separatory, globe shape, light glass, stoppered.

Capacity...... Each $\qquad$ $\$ .90$
1.00
1.25

8 oz. 1.50

## FUNNELS, THISTLE TUBES.





2050

## No.

2035
Funnels, Separatory, cylinder shape, open top.

| Capacity..... | 1 | 2 | 4 | 8 oz. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each....... | $\$ .80$ | 1.00 | 1.25 | 1.75 |

2036 Tin, Plantamour's, for hot filtrations, $5 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}$. on top side.. $\$ 1.75$
2040 - Tubes, conical top.


2041 $\qquad$ Tubes, spiral stem, conical top, length 12 in, each. \$40

2042

" conical top, safety bend ..... 25
2043 " thistle top, plain .....  20
2050 Filtering Rings, porcelain; 2 or 3 arms\$ . 35

## FILTER PAPER.



2059


No.
2055 Filter Paper, Prat-Dumas \& Co. (French), round cut, white.

| Nos..... | 7 | 10 | 13 | 15 | 19 | 25 | 33 | 40 | 45 | 50 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Diam $\ldots .$. | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 13 | 15 | 18 | 20 in. | Per 100. $\$ .10$. 18 . $20 \quad .25 \quad .30 \quad .40$. 60 . $70 \quad .90 \quad 1.10$ In sheets, size $21 \mathrm{x} 17 \mathrm{in} . . . . . . . . . . . .$. . ream, $\$ 4.75$; quire, $\$ .35$

2056

| Nos.... | 15 | 19 | 25 | 33 | 40 | 45 | 50 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Diam... | 6 | 8 | 10 | 13 | 15 | 18 | 20 in. |
| Per 100. | $\$ .25$ | .30 | .35 | .50 | .60 | .80 | .90 |

In sheets, size $21 \times 17 \mathrm{in} ; \quad . . . . . . . . . . . . .$. ream, $\$ 4.00$; quire, $\$ .30$

- Prat-Dumas \& Co. (French), round cut, gray.
——Baker \& Adamson's, washed in hydrochloric and hydrofluoric acid, giving the lowest ash of any filter paper on the market. Put up in boxes holding 100 round filters.

| Diam...... | $51 / 2$ | 7 | 9 | 11 | $121 / 2$ | 15 ctm. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ashes, 1 filter: | .00001 | .00002 | .00003 | .00005 | .000065 | .00009 grm. |
| Per $100 \ldots \ldots$. | $\$ .40$ | .50 | .65 | .80 | 1.00 | 1.20 |

- Baker \& Adamson's, washed in hydrochloric acid only.

| Diam. ...... | 7 | 9 | 11 | $121 / 2 \mathrm{ctm}$. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ashes, 1 filter: | .00002 | .00003 | .00005 | .000065 grm. |
| Per $100 \ldots \ldots$ | $\$ .25$ | .35 | .45 | .50 |

Munktell's Swedish. Is of the best quality manufactured, and has been recommended by the most prominent chemists throughout the world. The several grades are adapted to the various kinds of laboratory work.

- No. 0. Washed filters, washed with hydrochloric acid, removing traces of iron, alumina, lime, etc. The ash is reduced to a minimum, and a high standard of purity is secured. A uniform and quick filter, retaining fine precipitates, adapted to the most precise requirements of analytical work. Cut round; 100 sheets in package, 5 packages in a box.
Diam......... $51 / 2 \quad 7 \quad 9 \quad 11 \quad 121 / 2 \quad 15 \quad 181 / 2 \mathrm{ctm}$.
Ashes, 1 filter: $.00011 .00015 .00029 .00044 \quad .00056 .00081 .00124 \mathrm{grm}$. Per $100 \ldots . . \$ .20 \quad .27 \quad .41 \quad .55 \quad .63 \quad .85 \quad 1.25$


No.
2060 Filter Paper, Swedish, No. 1F. Uniform in thickness; best linen material; most perfect filtering paper made; leaves the smallest amount of ash of any unwasbed paper. Very strong, adapted to the bighest grade of chemical work. The finest precipitates are retained. Cut round; 100 sheets in a package, 5 packages in a box.

| D | $51 / 2$ |  | 9 | 11 | $12^{1 / 2}$ | 15 | $181 / 2 \mathrm{ctm}$. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ashes, 1 filter: | . 00025 | . 00040 | . 00066 | . 00098 | . 00127 | . 00183 | . 00278 grm |
| Per 100 | \$ . 11 | . 16 | 25 | . 30 | . 40 | . 50 | 72 |

2061 - Swedish, No. 2. A pure white linen paper, heavier than No. 1 F , and not as closely woven, therefore more rapid in filtration. A superior paper for all kinds of laboratory work. Cut round ; 100 sheets in a package, 5 packages in a box.

| Diam......... $51 / 2$ | 7 | 9 | 11 | $121 / 2$ | 15 | $181 / 2$ | ctm . |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Per $100 \ldots \ldots . \$ .10$ | .13 | .20 | .26 | .31 | .40 | .53 |  |

In sheets $48 \times 48 \mathrm{ctm} . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$. ream, $\$ 16.00$; quire, $\$ .95$

2062 - Swedish, No. 3. A pure white paper, heavier than No. 2; filters rapidly; fully equal to the high grade German papers, but at less cost than other paper of same quality and weight; cut round; 100 sheets in a package, 5 packages in a box.
$\begin{array}{llllllll}\text { Diameter. } & 51 / 2 & 7 & 9 & 11 & 121 / 2 & 15 & 185 / 2\end{array} \mathrm{ctm}$. Per 100. . \$ . 08 . 10 . $15 \quad .19$. 24 . 32.41
In sheets $48 \times 48 \mathrm{ctm} . . . . . .$. . . . . ream, $\$ 13.00$; quire, $\$ .75$

2065 - Schleicher \& Schull's. Pure, No. 595.
Diameter. $51 / 2 \quad 7 \quad 9 \quad 11121 / 21518 \mathrm{I} / 2 \quad 24 \quad 32 \quad 38 \mathrm{I} / 2 \mathrm{ctm}$. Per 100.. \$ . 12.15 . 20 . 23 . 25 . 30 . 40 . 60 1.00 1. 25
In sheets $47 \times 54 \mathrm{ctm} . . . . . . . .$. . . ream, $\$ 10.00$; quire, $\$ .60$

2066 Same. No. 597 is much heavier than No. 595; for rapid and clear filtration.



2069


2071


2074


2072


2075

No
2067 Filter Paper. Schleicher \& Schull's No. 589.

| Diameter..... | $5^{1 / 2}$ | 7 | 9 | 11 | $121 / 2$ | 15 ctm. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | Ashes, 1 filter, $0,000040,000070,000110,000170,000210,00025$ Per 100...... \$ . 60 . $70 \quad .90 \quad 1.10 \quad 1.35 \quad 1.60$

2068

- Same. No. 590.

Ashes, 1 filter, $0,000040,000050,000080,000130,000160,00019$ $\begin{array}{lllllll}\text { Per } 100 \ldots \ldots & .75 & 1.25 & 1.45 & 1.65 & 2.00\end{array}$

Nos. 589 and 590 , S. \& S. filter papers, are washed in hydrochloric acid and hydrofluoric acid, for quantitative analysis and for rapid filtering, and leave only the slightest trace of ashes

2069 Extraction Thimbles, Fat Free, Schleicher \& Schull's, for Soxhlet, Mohr \& Knofler's extraction apparatus for milk and other fat determinations, in boxes of 25 thimbles in each box.

| Sizes........ | $33 \times 80$ | $19 \times 90$ | $33 \times 94$ | $43 \times 123 \mathrm{~mm}$. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Per box of $25 \ldots .$. | $\$ 2.25$ | 2.00 | 3.00 | 4.00 |

2070 Bottles, for weighing filters. Very light glass; wide mouths ; ground, hollow stoppers.

| Height | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 mm . |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Diameter. | 25 | 30 | 30 | 35 |  |
| Each | \$ . 30 | 40 | . 50 | . 60 | 70 |

2071 Precipitating Jars, with lip.

| Capacity $\ldots \ldots \ldots$ | $1 / 4$ | $1 / 2$ | 1 | 2 | $4 \mathrm{pt}$. |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each........... $\$ .20$ | .25 | .35 | .50 | .75 |  |

2072 Precipitating Glasses, on foot.

| Capacity | 1/2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 6 oz. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \$. 15 | 20 | 25 | . 30 | 5 |  |

## 2073 Spoons, deflagrating or combustion.

Bowl, 1 in., each
\$ .25
Bottles, Woulf, of heavy German glass.


## BOTTLES, BELL GLASSES.



2085


2081


2080


2086


2082

No.
2076 Bent Tubes, for Woulf bottles.

|  | 16 | 32 joz. | $\mathrm{x} / 2$ | 1 | 2 gal. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Price, per set. $\ldots \$ .30$ | .40 | .50 | .60 | .80 |  |

2080 Bottles, Wash, wide neck, with varnished wood stoppers, packed with rubber; holes for the tubes lined with rubber; straight glass tubes to be connected by rubber tube.

| Capacity $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ | 1 | 2 | 4 | 8 pints. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ | $\$ 1.00$ | 1.50 | 2.00 | 2.50 |

Nore-These can be made in any style, with any number or size of tubes.
2081 Bottles, Aspirator, with outlet near bottom.


2082 - Same as No. 2081, with glass stopper and ground glass stop-cock.
Capacity .......... 1 2 pints. $1 / 2 \quad 1 \mathrm{gal}$.
Each ............. $\$ 2.75-3.50 \quad 4.00 \quad 5.00$
2085 Bell Glasses, low form, with knob, strong rim at the bottom, ground for use with the air pump.


| Height | 6 | 8 | 10 | $1 \%$ | 15 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Diameter. | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | $7 \mathrm{x} / 2 \mathrm{in}$. |
| Capacity | 1/8 | 1/4 | 1/2 | 1 | 2 gal . |
| Each | \$. 50 | . 65 | . 85 | 1.25 | 2.00 |

## BELL GLASSES, GLASS TUBING, GAUGE GLASSES.



2097


2088


2089

No.
2087 Bell Glasses, 0pen top, wide opening.

| Height............ 6 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 15 in. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Diameter.......... 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | $7 \mathrm{t} / 2 \mathrm{in}$. |
| Capacity . . . . . . . . . 1 1/8 | 1/4 | 1/2 | 1 | 2 gal . |
| Each ............. . $\$ .50$ | . 75 | 1.25 | 1.50 | 2.50 |

2088

- Swelled form, with knob.

| Base diameter...... | $41 / 2$ | 6 | $73 / 4$ | 9 in. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Capacity $\ldots \ldots .$. | $1 / 4$ | $1 / 2$ | 1 | 2 gal. |
| Each $\ldots . . . . .$. | $\$ .75$ | 1.00 | 1.50 | 2.75 |

2089 - Tubulated, with opening on top and tuberlature on side near bottom, for use with filtering pump.
Height.
Diameter
8 in.
Each $\qquad$ $\$ 3.00$
2100 Glass Tubing, Illustration page 108. Best German, lead free, made expressly for chemical use, for glass blowing and fitting up chemical apparatus, being strong and elastic. In lengths of 5 feet.
Size........ $1 / 8$ to $3 / 4$ inch. $3 / 4$ to 2 inches outside diameter. Per pound... \$. 60
.75
2101 $\qquad$ Bohemian Hard Glass for combustion, assorted diameters, per pound
$\$ 1.00$
2102 $\qquad$ Capillary, assorted sizes, per pound. 1.00

2103 - Barometer Tubes, sealed at one end, $1 / 8$ inch to $1 / 4$ inch bore, 30 inches long, each
2104 Stirring Rods, Glass. Solid and hollow, fused ends, for beakers, evaporating dishes, etc.


2105 Tubes, Scotch Glass Gauge for boilers, stills, etc., per dozen.

| Length. | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 16 | 18 | 24 in. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Diam., $1 / 2$ to $5 / 8$ | \$3.00 | 3.25 | 3.60 | 385 | 4.25 | 4.85 | 5.50 | 725 |
| $9 / 16103 / 4$ | 3.50 | 4.00 | 4.50 | 5.00 | 5.25 | 6.00 | 6.75 | 9.00 |

## GLASS CUTTERS, RUBBER TUBING, REDUCERS.


No
2106 Washers, Gauge Glass. For packing the ends of gauge tubes water tight. Per dozen ..... $\$ .25$
2107 Glass Catter, for tubing; will cut any length up to 10 inches ..... 1.50
Tubing, Rubber. Vulcanized, best quality, white.

| 2108 | Internal diam Light, per fo |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3 / 86 \\ & .05 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 4 \\ & .06 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 / 16 \\ & .08 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3 / 8 \\ .09 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 2 \\ & .12 \end{aligned}$ | 5/8 | $3 / 4 \mathrm{in}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2109 | Heavy, | . 05 | . 06 | 08 | . 10 | . 12 | . 15 | . 18 | . 20 |
| 2110 | Extra heavy |  |  |  |  | . 25 | . 35 | 40 | . 50 |

2111 - Black Rubber, pure gum.

| Internal diameter.... | $1 / 8$ | $3 / 6$ | $1 / 4$ | $3 / 8$ | $1 / 2$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| in |  |  |  |  |  |
| Per foot............ | $\$ .08$ | .10 | .12 | .18 | .22 |

2115 Red Covered. Sold only in lengths of $121 / 2$ feet.


2120 Reducers, glass. To connect rubber tubing of different sizes.

| 1/8 to $1 / 4 \mathrm{inch}$ | . 10 | $3 / 8$ to $5 / 8$ inch | 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1/4 $31 / 8$ " | 10 | $3 / 8 \times 3 / 4 \times$ | . 15 |
| 1/4 ${ }^{1 / 1 / 2}$ | 10 | 1/2 ${ }^{1} 3 / 4$ | 20 |
| 1/4 $\cdot 5 / 8$ | 10 | $1 / 2$ " 1 | 20 |
| $3 / 8 \times 1 / 2$ | 10 |  |  |



## GLASS TUBES, FILES, CORKS.



2123


No.
2122 Tubes, Three-way, T form.

| Each |  |
| :---: | :---: |

$1 / 4$
$\$ .20$
$3 / 8$
.25
$1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$.
30

2123 - Y form.
Diam
$1 / 8$
$\$ .25$
1/4
.30 38
$1 / 2$ in. .40

2125 Files, taper saw or three-cornered: flat, and round.

Length
Each
$\begin{array}{ll}3 & 4 \\ \$ .15 & 20\end{array}$

8 in. .35

2126 File Handles, per dozen $\$ .50$

2130 Corks, taper shape, of best selected wood, regular length.


2132 - Flat, for wide-mouth flasks, bottles, etc." $\begin{array}{llllllllllllll}\text { Dia.lg. end } 1 & 11 / 8 & 11 / 4 & 13 / 8 & 11 / 2 & 15 / 8 & 13 / 4 & 2 & : 21 / 4 & 21 / 2 & 23 / 4 & 3 \text { in. }\end{array}$ Gross ... \$ . 45 . $751.001 .251 .501 .752 .002 .50 \quad 3.00 \quad 3.504 .50 \quad 5.50$

## RUBBER STOPPERS, CORK BORERS, GLASS STOP-COCKS.



No.
2135 Stoppers, Rubber, best and softest pure rubber. Solid, one or two holes, tapering, for various chemical apparatus.

Our rubber stoppers are made in our own moulds. We do not, as formerly, give the diameter of the large end of these stoppers, the sizes being so graded that the size of the small end of each stopper is the same as the diameter midway between the top and bottom of the next smallest number.



2151


2154


2155


2156


2158


2159


2159
No.
2151 Stop-cocks, Brass, double ends, for tubing connection.
Bore $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$. $1 / 8$
Each $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$. $\quad$. 65
I/4 in. 1.00
2153 Unpolished................................................... . . 25
2154 Brass, one end for tubing, the other with male screw.

| Bore. | 1/8 | in. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each | \$ 75 | 1.00 |

2155 Brass, one end for tubing, the other with female screw.

2156 - Brass, with double male screws.


Each . ............
$\$ .75$
2157 - Brass, with double female screws.
 1 1/4in.

$$
\text { Each ............. } \quad \$ .75
$$

$$
1.00
$$

$\qquad$ Brass, with male and female screws.
Bore. . . . . . . . . . . .
Each . . . . .
1/8
$\$ .75$
$1.00^{1 / 4 \mathrm{in} .}$
$\qquad$ Nipples, with either male or female end . \$ . 25

## FAUCETS, SYPHONS, ACID PUMPS.



2165
No.
2160 Faucets, hard rubber, both ends for rubber tubing connections.

| Bore | 2/86 | 3/16 | 1/2 in |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each | \$. 30 | . 40 | 1.25 |

2161 Each ....................................................... \$1.00 $\$ 1.0$
2162 Syphons, glass, plain
Length, short arm. . . .
Each ..................

| 15 | 17 | 19 in. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\$ .25$ | .30 | .40 |

2163 - With exhaust tube.
Length, short arm. 16

19 in.
Each
\$. 40 50

2164 - With exhaust tube and glass stop-cock.
Length, short arm
Each
$\$ 1.25$
2165 Acid Pump, glass; for emptying carboys. Glass, no rubber to be injured; the flow under perfect control ; can fill large or small bottles with equal ease; durable and cheap.
Each

## SUPPORTS.



No.
2168 Supports, carboy, carrying and tilting device. To overcome the difficult and dangerous operation of carrying and tilting heavy carboys, we herewith introduce a simple device, whereby the cartying of carboys becomes easy and the pouring out of its contents can be done with safety. The illustration shows a stand with a carboy placed thereon, partly swung over, as in the act of pouring. It will be seen that while the carboy can be tilted or turned over with ease, and any quantity drawn from it without the danger of spilling, a considerable amount of labor and material can be saved.

## BOTTLES.




2173


2175


2174

As seen on the illustration, the carrying bars are fastened or clamped to the carboy by means of two screwbolts, which rest on the cleats of the box. These bars are of such lengths as to project beyond the ends of the box, and provide handles whereby the carboy may be carried. The stand can be folded up in a compact manner for transportation or storage. Price

No.
2170 Bottles, coin or acid test. 2 oz50

2171

- 

Cobalt. With ground glass cap, low form. $1 / 2 \mathrm{oz}$ ..... 35
$\qquad$ With ground cap, tall form

| $1 / 2$ |
| :---: |
| .35 |

1 2 4 oz .
Each.
.45
.55
65
2173 - Schuster's. With stopper. 2 oz. .......................... \$. . 25
With stopper to turn half around tn admit air. White or amber colored glass.

| Size | 1 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Each | 20 |

- Mixing. Graduated and glass stoppered.

Capacity . . . . . . . . . . 250 500
1000
2000\%
Each. ............... $\$ 1.50$ 2.00
3.00

## GRADUATES.



No.
2180 Graduates, glass, cone shape.

| Capacity $\ldots \ldots$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 16 | 32 oz. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Each $\ldots \ldots \ldots$. | .25 | .30 | .25 | .40 | .50 | .60 | 1.00 | 1.50 |

2181 Capacity $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots\left\{\begin{array}{cc}1 & 2 \text { drachms } \\ \text { Each } \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots\end{array} \begin{array}{c}120 \text { minims }\end{array}\right.$

2185 - Glass, double graduation, in grammes and ounces.

| Capacity $\ldots\left\{\begin{array}{ccccc} & 1 & 2 & 4 & 8 \\ 16 & 32 \text { oz. } \\ \text { Each...... } & 40 & 75 & 150 & 300 \\ 500 & 500 & 1000 \text { grms. }\end{array}\right.$. 40 | .50 | .70 | 1.10 | 1.45 | 2.50 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

2186 - Cone form.
Capacity ........ $25 \quad 50 \quad 100 \quad 200 \quad 300 \quad 500 \quad 1000$ grms.
Each ........... \$ . 35 . 45 . 60 . 75 1.00 1.25 2.00
2190 - Cylinder, with lip, double graduations in cubic centimeters, reading either up or down.

| Capacity....... | 5 | 10 | 25 | $50 \%$ |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each......... | $\$ .30$ | .35 | .50 | .65 |  |
| Capacity...... | 100 | 200 | 250 | 500 | $1000 \%$ |
| Each .......... $\$ .85$ | 1.00 | 1.25 | 1.50 | 2.50 |  |

2191 Cylinder.
Capacity ........ $\begin{array}{llllllll}500 & 1000 & 2000 & 3000 & 4000 & 5000 & \text { grains. }\end{array}$
Each.......... \$ . $50 \quad .75 \quad .90 \quad 1.00 \quad 1.15 \quad 1.25$
2192 Cylinder, glass-stoppered.
Each
$\$ 1.25$
1.75

2195 Cylinder, glass-stoppered, with 1 row of figures.

Capacity.
Each.
25
\$. 65
50
. 75
$100 \%$
Capacity.................
$250 \quad 500$
\$1.65
2.25
$1000 \%$
Each.
3.50

## TEST TUBES, BURETTES.



No.
2200 Test Tubes, graduated, on foot.

$$
\begin{array}{lcccc}
\text { Capacity } \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots . . & 5-1 / 2 & 10-1 / 2 & 15-1 / 2 & 25-1 / 2 \\
\text { Each. . . . . . . . . . . . } & \$ .25 & .40 & 45 . & .50
\end{array}
$$

2205 Tubes, Nessler's, for ammonia test. Made of clear glass, with polished bottoms.
Graduation.... $50 \quad 100 \quad 50$ and $100 \quad 50,100$ and $150 \%$ Each.......... \$ . 50 . 60 . 75 . 1.00

2210 Burettes, Mohr's. Accurately graduated for pinch-cocks; with tip and rubber connections.

| Capacity | 10 | 25 | 50 | $50 \%$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Graduation | 1/80 | 1/20 | 1/5 | 1/10 |
| Each. | \$.75 | . 90 | 1.15 | 1.30 |
| Capacity. | 100 | 100 | 200 | 200\% |
| Graduation | x/5 | 1/80 | 1/5 |  |
| Each. | \$1.75 | 2.00 | 2.50 | 2.00 |


| Capacity....... | 25 | 50 | 50 | 100 | $100 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Graduation.... | $1 / 10$ | $1 / 5$ | $1 / 10$ | $1 / 1$ | $1 / 2$ |
| Each.......... $\$ 1.50$ | 1.75 | 2.00 | 2.40 | 2.75 |  |

2215 - Gawalowsky's, with glass stop-cock and glass side tube with stop-cock, for filling from reservoir.

| Capacity....... | 25 | 50 | $100 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Graduation.... | $1 / 10$ | $1 / 10$ | $1 / 10$ |
| Each......... | $\$ 3.00$ | 3.50 | 4.25 |



No.
2216 Burettes, Schellbach's, with dark enameled stripe on white enameled background, giving a definite meniscus; with Geissler's stop-cock.

| Capacity....... | 25 | 50 | $100 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Graduation.... | $z / 10$ | $z / 10$ | $z / 10$ |
| Each......... | $\$ 1.50$ | 1.75 | 2.50 |

2217 - With Fresenius' stop-cock. Prices same as No. 2216.

2220 - Squibb's, complete, with reservoir. The most convenient form of self-filling automatic burette; filled by pressure; the overflow syphous back into the reservoir, thus avoiding the trouble of reading the zero point.

| Capacity | 25 | $50 \%$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Graduation. | 1/20 | 2/80 |
| Each | \$4.50 | 5.00 |

2225 - Mohr's, Graduated in grains, with Geissler's stop-cock.

| Capacity......... | 100 | 500 | 1000 grains. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Graduation $\ldots \ldots$. | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Each........... | $\$ 1.75$ | 2.25 | 2.50 |

2230 Float or Swimmer, each ............................... \$. . 30
2231 -" " with points to prevent sticking
to side, each

## BURETTES, CLAMPS.



2235

2238


2246


2245


2248-50
No.
2235 Burettes, Gay Lussac's, mounted on polished wood base.

| Capacity... | 25 | 25 | 50 | 50 | 75 | $100 \%$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Graduation. . | 1/3 | \%/xo | 1/3 | 1/20 | 1/15 | 5/5 |
| Each | \$1.15 | 1.25 | 1.50 | 1.75 | 1.75 | 2.00 |
| Capacity | 100 | 120 |  |  | 200 | $250 \%$ |
| Graduation. . | \% 10 | \% |  |  | \%/8 | 8/2 |
| Each | \$2.75 | 2.50 |  |  | 3.00 | 3.50 |

2238 - Bink's, English form.

| Capacity... | 10 | 25 | 50 | 50 | 100 | $100 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Graduation. | $1 / 1 / 0$ | $\frac{1}{10}$ | $1 / 5$ | $1 / 10$ | $1 / 2$ | $\frac{1 / 5}{1 / 5}$ |
| Each ...... | $\$ 1.00$ | 1.25 | 1.50 | 1.75 | 2.25 | 2.50 |

2245 Clamps; wood, for test tubes. With rubber band.
Each
2246 -Wood. With springs for holding large tubes or flasks. Each
2247 - Stoddard's, for test tubes. Of brass spring wire; very commendable. Each15
2248 - Chaddock's, for test tubes. Of japanned spring wire, rubber covered jaws. Each


2251


2252


2253


2254


2255


2256
No.
2249 Clamps, Chaddock's, for beakers. Of japanned spring wire, rubber covered jaws.

> Each
2250 Chaddock's, for evaporating dishes. Of japanned spring wire. Each ..... 25
2251

- Hofmann's, improved.

| Width............ | $3 / 4$ | 1 | $11 / 4$ | $11 / 2$ | 2 in. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each.......... | .25 | .30 | .40 | .60 | .75 |

2254 - Hofmann's latest design. Nickel-plated; for rubber tubing up to 1 in .

| Width | 3/4 | 1 in. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each | \$ . 30 | . 35 |

2255 - Bunsen's, for rubber tubing. Of brass; $11 / 2$ in. wide. Each$\$ .50$2256 - Bunsen's, for heavy rubber tubing. Can be screwedon table; to hold tubing up to 2 in.75


## No.

2258 Clamps, for burettes, etc., with set screws, iron, to attach to a retort stand................................................... . . \$
.50

2259 _ for burettes, with strong spring closing the movable jaw. . 75

2260 - Hofman's, improved, for two burettes or tubes. ........ 1.00

2261 - Bunsen's, for holding burettes, etc., with fastener, complete1.00

2262 - Bunsen's, for large tubes and condensers, with fastener, complete

## CLAMPS, PIPETTES.



2263



2265


2266


2270


2275

2263 Clamps, Bunsen's, for very large apparatus, the jaws adapting themselves to irregular shapes, with fastener, complete,

2264 Iron, for fastening apparatus to table.

| Size............ | $21 / 2$ | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 8 in. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each........ | $\$ .30$ | .40 | .50 | .60 | .80 | 1.30 |

2265 - Clamp Holders, for fastening clamps to supports.
Size..................... . Small.
Large.
Each . . . . ............... $\$ .20$
.25

2266 - Universal, to set at any angle......................... \$. . 40
2270 Pipettes, volumetric. Accurately graduated.

| Capacity $\ldots \ldots \ldots$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 10 | $15 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ | $\$ .10$ | .10 | .12 | .15 | .15 | .20 | .25 |
| Capacity $\ldots \ldots \ldots$ | 20 | 25 | 50 | 100 | $150 \%$ |  |  |
| Each $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ | $\$ .30$ | .35 | .40 | .60 | .75 |  |  |

2275 - Graduated. Thistle top, with sheet rubber top.
Capacity . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 10
Graduation
Each


No.
2276 Pipettes, Mohr's. Most accurately graduated in centimetres and fractions. Capacity..... $11 \quad 5 \quad 10 \quad 10 \quad 20 \quad 25 \quad 50 \quad 50$


2277 Dropping Tubes. Bent form, 11/4-inch bulb, each.................. \$. 15

2278
2280 Bottles, Specific gravity, with glass stoppers.

| Capacity....... | 100 | 250 | 500 | 1000 |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- |
| Each......... | $\$ .60$ | .75 | .90 | 1.00 |

2281
$2282-$

2284

2285 $\qquad$ With thermometer ground into neck, Fahr. scale, in box, with counterpoise weight.
Capacity
50
$\$ 2.50$
100 grammes.
Each


| Capacity ............ | 25 | 50 | 100 grammes, |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| Each............ $\$ 4.00$ | 4.50 | 5.00 |  |

2288 -

## FLASKS, PYROMETERS.



2290


2291


2292


2293


2295


No.
2290 Flasks, volumetric or liter, with glass stoppers.

| Capacity $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ | 50 | 100 | 150 | 200 | 250 | 500 | 1000 | $2000 \%$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Each $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ | .30 | .40 | .50 | .55 | .60 | .75 | 1.00 | 1.25 |

2291 - Without glass stoppers.

| Capacity $\ldots \ldots \ldots .$. | 50 | 100 | 150 | 200 | 250 | 500 | 1000 | $2000 \%$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :--- |
| Each $\ldots \ldots \ldots . . \$$ | .25 | .30 | .35 | .40 | .45 | .60 | .75 | 1.00 |

2292 - Sugar, with two graduations on neck.


2293 $\qquad$ For polarization, Kohlrausch's, one graduation on neck.

| Capacity $\ldots \ldots .$. | 50 | $100 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Each $\ldots \ldots .$. | $\$ .40$ | .50 |

2295 Dish, wrought German silver, with spout, polished, for sugar
analysis, 3 inches in diameter, with counterpoise weight.

Each

$\$ 3.50$

2296 - Aluminum
2300 Pyrometers, for noting high temperatures, melting points of metals, in crucibles and furnaces, heat of ovens, etc.; $5 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. dial, reading to $1200^{\circ}$ Fahr. The stem 30 in . long.
Price, either horizontal or perpendicular

## THERMOMETERS.




No.
2325 Thermometers, Self-registering, Fahr. scale, upon
polished wood, maximum, minus 40 to plus 120 .
Each
2326 Minimum, minus 40 to plus 120.
Each
2327 - Maximum and minimum, mounted on
neat hard-wood frame, with magnet.
Each
2328 Incubator, paper scale, inside of glass
Incubator, paper scale, inside of glass
tube, accurately graduated, with red line to show marking $103^{\circ}$. Cut full size.
Each1.75

2329
Full size. 2328


2327


2329
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Japanned tinned cases.

| Length............... | 7 | 8 | 10 | 12 in. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Per dozen..... | $\$ 1.50$ | 1.75 | 2.50 | 3.00 |

## HYGROMETERS.



2330


2332

Scales. Centigrade symbol "C"; Fahrenheit symbol "F"; Reaumur, symbol " $R$ ". The zero of the scales of Reaumur and Centigrade is freezing point of water marked, in each case, $0^{\circ}$, while the intervening space up to the boiling point of water is divided, in the former case into 80 parts, and in the latter into 100. In the Fahrenh=it scale the freezing point is represented by $32^{\circ}$ and the boiling point by $212^{\circ}$, the intervening space being divided into $180^{\circ}$, which admits of extension above and below the points named, a good thermometer being available for temperature up to $620^{\circ}$ Fabrenheit. The use of the Reaumur scale is confined exclusively to Germany and Rus-ia, while the Centigrade scale is used throughont the rest of Europe. The Fahrenheit scale is confined to England, her colonies and the United States of America.

A variety of circumstances arise in which it becomes necessary to convert readings from one scale into those of the others, in which case the following rules are to be observed:

1. To convert Centigrade degrees into degrees of Fahrenheit, multiply by 9 , divide the product by 5 and add 32 .
2. To convert Fahrenheit degrees into degrees of Centigrade, subtract 32, multiply by 5 and divide by 9 .
3. To convert Reaumur degrees into degrees of Fahrenheit, multiply by 9 , divide by 4 and add 32 .
4. To convert Fahrenheit degrees into degrees of Reaumur, subtract 32, multiply by 4 and divide by 9 .
5. To convert Reaumur degrees into degrees of Centigrade, multiply by 5 and divide by 4.
6. To convert Centigrade degrees into degrees of Reaumur, multiply by 4 and divide by 5 .
No.
2330 Hygrometers, Mason's. Mounted on wood back, plated scale. Each. ..... $\$ 3.50$2331 Daniels'. With burnt-in gold rings, mounted onpolished wood stand; fine German made.
Each. ..... 4.502332 Denoting humidity (percentage of moisture) withoutreference to tables. The simplest and best form,constructed entirely of metal and glass, finelynickel-plated. Diameter, 3 inches.


2334 —— Double Form, graduated, 1 to 15 minutes, reversible. \$ 1.25
2336 Hydrometers, Acid, Beaume's, 0 to 70.
Each . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 50
2337 - Pyle's make, graduated $\frac{20 \text { to } 30,30 \text { to } 40,40 \text { to } 50,50 \text { to } 60,60 \text { to } 70}{x / x_{0} \text { ths. }}$
Each 1.75
2338 Alkali, Beaume's, 0 to 50 .
2339 Alcohol, Tralle's and U. S. C. H. scale, 1 to 100 . $\quad$ Each........................................................... . 75
2340 - Same, with thermometer. $\quad$ Each......................................................... 1.50

2341 - Ammonia, Beaume's, 10 to 40.
2342 - Bark, Beaume's, 0 to 60.
2343 - $\quad \begin{aligned} & \text { Beer, Beaume's, } 0 \text { to 50. . } \\ & \text { Each.................................................... . . . . . . . . } 50\end{aligned}$
2344 - Cider, Beaume's, 10 to 30.
2345 Coal-oil, standard, as adopted by U. S. Petroleum Association, Beaume's scales, 10 to 90 , in $\frac{1 / \mathrm{o}}{}$. Each50

2346
$\qquad$
Same, with thermometer, combined, standard, as
adopted by U. S. Petroleum Association, Beaume's
scale, 10 to 90 , in $5 / 8,10$ inches.

Each

2.00

2347 Same as above, 12 inches.
Each
3.00

Note-Nos. 2345-2347 range for all grades. Petroleum, $18^{\circ}$ to $32^{\circ}$; Coal-oil, $33^{\circ}$ to $45^{\circ}$ Naphtha, to $74^{\circ}$; Gasoline, to $85^{\circ}$.
No.
2348
2349 Milk, Beaume's, 0 to 120.
2350 Whale-0il, Beaume's, 0 to 80 . $\quad$ Each....................................................... . . 50

| 2351 | Salt, Beaume's, 0 to 100. Each. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2352 | Sea water, or Salinometer, Beaume's, three scales on the stem, temperature 190,200 and $210^{\circ}$, and 0 to $3 / 33^{3}$. |
| 2353 | Syrup, Beaume's, 0 to 50 . Each. |
| 2355 | Saccharometers, Brix', graduated 0 to 30,30 to 60,30 to 90,60 to 90 |
|  | 0 to 5,0 to $15,0^{5}$ to 25,5 to 15,10 to 20,25 to 35 |
|  | -5 to $+5,0$ to 30,30 to 60,60 to 90,60 to 100 |
|  | Graduated for temperature of $171 / 2^{\circ}$ centigrade Each. |

2356 - | Specific gravity, for light liquids, 1.700 to 1.000, |
| :--- |
| Beaume and specific gravity scale. |
| Each....................................................................... 75 |

23572358
——Vinegar, 0 to 6 , in $\frac{1 / 10}{}, 0$ to 8 , in $1 / 2$.
Each.

## FIRE TEST, AREOMETERS, JARS.



2365


2371


2370


No.
2365 Coal-oil Fire Test. To find the temperature at which the oil will flash or explode. A thermometer suspended in copper vessel containing the oil, surrounded by copper cup containing water; lamp underneath surrounded by copper hood. Price, complete
2366 Extra glass cups for above. ..... 30

2370 Areometer, Nicholson's. For taking (without use of a balance) the specific gravity of specimens of ores, or any solid substance not weighing over 1000 grains.
Brass, with glass jar Price, without weights........ 4.50

2371 Glass. " " " " " 0 ....... 2.75

2372 Apparatus to Determine Amount of Water in Milk. Showing the percentage of water by volume, according to Fuchs.
Each.

2375 Jars, Hydrometer, on foot.

| Height..... 6 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 15 | 18 | 20 | in. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Diameter... | 1 | $11 / 2$ | $11 / 2$ | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| ". |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Each $\ldots \ldots . \$ .25$ | .35 | .40 | .55 | .60 | .85 | 1.00 |  |



2380 Triangles. Wire; pipe-stem covered ; small, medium and large.
Each.
\$. 10
2381 - With porcelain tubes, flanged, on tin wire.

| Sizes | Small. | Medium. | Large. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each | \$. 25 | 35 | 45 |

2382

- Not clayed.

Each
$\$ .05$
2383 Adjustable. This holder is nickel-plated and will accommodate any size triangle up to 100 cubic centimeters.
Each
$\qquad$ Solid platinum wire, inside of an iron ring, after Fresenius.
Assorted sizes
$\$ 1.00$ to 2.00
2390 Trip ds. Hard twisted wire ; japanned ; $51 / 2$ inches high.
2391 Brass; dissectable ; for alcohol lamp.
Each.
—— Iron.


2394 - With 7 rings and jacket complete. Each

## SUPPORTS FOR BURETTES,

 FUNNELS, ETC.


2400


## SUPPORTS.



No.
$\qquad$ Square. Base and rod only, for use with any clamp. Length of rod same as No. 2495.

| Size $\ldots \ldots \ldots$. | Small | Medium | Large |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each. $. \ldots .$. | $\$ .35$ | .50 | .75 |

- For burettes. Iron base, rod and clamps.

| With....... | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each....... clamps. | $\$ .90$ | 1.40 | 1.90 |

2398 - For burettes. Iron, with 1 double Hofmann clamp.... \$ 1.50

$\$ .60$
3
75
4
1.00

2403
Extra rings for above.

| Diameter of Ring.. | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each........... | $\$ .15$ | .20 | .25 | .30 |

2404 Supports, for burettes. Hard wood, lined with cork.


2405 - For 4 burettes, with perforated corks in lower arm...... \$1.25
2406 - For burettes, Chaddock's. With round milk glass plate, black walnut base with porcelain plate, clamp of japanned spring wire on turned maple upright; thumb opens the rubber covered V-shaped jaws, which close upon the burette and hold it firm and true.

Each

1
$\$ 1.75$
2 burettes 2.75



2407


2410


2408


2411


2412
No.
2407 Supports, One arm for 1 funnel.
Each
2408 - For funnels. Two arms, for 2 funnels, with extra plate for 2 smaller funnels.
Each1.50
2409 For 2 small funnels.
Each1.25
2410 With 1 double arm, for 4 small funnels. Each1.25
2411 With 2 separate adjustable arms for funnels. Each ..... 1.50
2412 - With movable screw clamps. Each1.50

## SUPPORTS, COMPASSES.



2415


2418
No.
2415 Supports, for funnels ; height adjustable, 6 funnels in one line.
Each
2418 Compasses. 4 inches diameter, needle 3 inches. With folding hook, with ball movement and hair sights; socket tor staff; each in mahogany box; metal faces, double dial, all graduated to single degrees; jeweled bar needles.
Each

## BRUNTON'S PATENT POCKET MINE TRANSIT.



Cut about one-half size.
2419.

## No.

2419. The accompanying illustration shows this valuable instrument as it appears to the operator when taking courses or horizontal angles. A tripod or Jacob's staff is unnecessary, as the sighting and reading are accomplished simultaneously. The lightest and most convenient pocket instrument on the market. Dimensions when folded for the pocket, $23 / 4 \times 23 / 4 \times 1$ inches.

Price


2420-Open.



2427

No.
2420 Compasses. For Miners. With folding down sights and clinometer for getting dip angle of a quartz ledge. Metal dial, graduated into single degrees; also cardinal points of the compass. Needles jeweled, all with socket and universal movement, to mount upon a Jacob staff. The top of the sights are provided with hooks, so they can be suspended upon a line stretched along the drift.

| Diameter, case.... ... | 3 | 4 | in. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Length of needle $\ldots \ldots$ | 2 | 4 | $"$ |
| Each $\ldots . . . . . . .$. | $\$ 9.00$ | 11.25 |  |

The above compass has no levels, as it is difficult to place them. With a clinometer, the needle always resting in a horizontal position, will serve for a level ordinarily; but we can furnish a circular level, to be placed upon the glass cover, which can be carried in the vest pocket.
Each
$\$ 1.00$
Pocket, with cardinal points.
A. Brass case, nickel-plated ; pull-off cover; $13 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. diameter ; paper dial reading single degrees.

Each

C. Same; $23 / 8$ in. diameter. Each1.25

2424 - D. Miner's Pocket. 2 in. paper dial, reading two degrees. All in mahogany case $3 x 3$ in., with hinge lid which when closed lifts the needle from point.
Each80

2425 $\qquad$ E. Same. Metal, silvered dial. Each1.25

Miner's Pocket, with clinometer. To find the inclination of quartz ledges. $2 \mathrm{I} / 2 \mathrm{in}$. diameter; 2 in . needle; jeweled, nickel-plated, in velvet lined case.
Each
2427
Clinometer, boxwood. With two levels, compass, inclination scale, and folding-down sights. In leather case for the pocket:
Each
2428 - Atwood's mining clinometer and compass, with a table of fall of angles, with two levels at right angles, with sights, all mounted in a rectangular metal open frame, $61 / 2 \times 3 \times 1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$., in leather case.
Each

## LEVELS, RETORTS, RECEIVERS, ADAPTERS, CONDENSERS.



No.
2430 Hand Level, Locke's, brass, for use in drawing lines in tunnels, in leather case

2435 Retorts, Bohemian glass, plain.

| Capacity... | 2 | 4 | 8 | 16 | 32 oz. | $1 / 2$ | 1 | 2 gal. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each $\ldots .$. | $\$$ | .20 | .25 | .30 | .35 | .45 | .60 | .90 |
| 1.50 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

2436 - Bohemian glass, with tubulature and glass stopper.


2440 Receivers, glass, plain or tubulated, same prices as glass retorts, catalogue numbers, 2435-6.

2445 Adapters, glass, for connecting retort with receivers, either bent or straight. $\begin{array}{lllllll}\text { Diameter at large end.. } & 1 / 2 & 1 & 11 / 2 & 2 & 23 / 4 & 3 \mathrm{in} .\end{array}$ Each

$$
\begin{array}{cc}
1 / 2 & 1 \\
\$ .25 & .30
\end{array}
$$

$$
\begin{array}{lllll}
\$ .25 & .30 & .35 & .40 & .45
\end{array}
$$

2450 Condensers, Liebig's, both outer and inner tube of glass, mounted on wood supports, universal movements.


## STILL AND CONDENSER, ALEMBICS, RETORTS.



2453


2454


2457


2455

No.
2452 Condensers, Inner tubes only, can also be used as adapters for glass retorts.

| Length....... | 19 | 26 | 33 | 40 | 50 in. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each........ | $\$ .25$ | .35 | .55 | .65 | .85 |

2453 Still and Condenser, combined, Liebig's, all glass, 10 inches long.
Each.
2454 Alembics, ground stopper.


2456 Retorts, German Porcelain, for very high heat, glazed inside, stoppered.

| Capacity $\ldots \ldots$ | 4 | 8 | 16 | 32 | oz. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each........ | $\$ .25$ | 1.50 | 1.75 | 2.50 |  |

2457 - Copper, for generating oxygen with iron clamp and brass delivery tube.

| Capacity $\ldots \ldots \ldots$ | $1 / 2$ | 1 | 2 | 4 pints |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each............... | $\$ 2.00$ | 2.25 | 2.75 | 3.50 |

## RETORTS, GAS BAGS, GASOMETERS, PUMPS.



2460


2462


2463


2465


2464

No.
2460 Retorts, Brass. The tube 6 inches long, $1 \frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter. A small portion of the chemicals can be reduced first, then the burner moved under fresh portion without generating too rapidly; mounted on board, with elevating device to suit the flame.
Each
Sheet iron, $12 \times 2$ inches, mounted upon iron stand, with Bunseu burner.
Each
$\$ 9.00$
2463 Gas Bags, rubber, bulb shape, for collecting oxygen, fitted with brass stop-cock and rubber stopper.
Capacity
1
2
3
4
5 gals.
Each
$\$ 200$
$2.50 \quad 300$
3.50
3.75

Prices will be given for larger sizes.
2464 Gasometers, of galvanized sheet iron, japanned, a new and cheap form simplified by Taylor. No escaping of gas, a convenient means for measuring quantity of gas contained or used.

| Capacity. | 5 | 10 | 20 | 25 | 40 | 50 | 80 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each..... $\$ 7.50$ | 10 | 00 | 12.50 | 14.00 | 16.00 | 20.00 | 25.00 |

2465 Transfer Pump, brass barrel, $11 / 2$ inch bore, 16 inches long, with cup leather packing, forcing both ways, in or out, Taylor's improved balance valve for inward and outward flows, all mounted upon footboards.
Each

## STILLS, CONDENSERS.



No.
2466 Stills and Condensers, copper, tin lined, for distilling water, tinctures, etc.


2467 $\qquad$ Copper Still only. Each $\$ 6.00$
8.50
9.00
10.00

2468
Condenser only.
Each.
$\$ 3.00$
3.50
5.00

Larger sizes furnished to order.
2470. - Jewell's No. 4. Capacity, one-half gallon per hour. Especially adapted for domestic use, and owing to its simplicity, ease of operation and durability, is generally preferred over any other form for use in the kitchen or pantry. It certainly cannot be excelled, and is not equalled by anything on the market. The Stills are fitted complete with brass, gas and water cocks, block tin pipe water connections, and adjustable bracket for holding bottle or other receptacle for distilled water. The burner is of the standard Bunsen type, with special gauze tip; does not "pop back" or smoke under any conditions, and burns a beautiful blue flame. The cover on the Still is made of pollshed copper. The "retort" and "condensing jacket" are in one piece. All parts are interchangeable and readily accessible.
Price

## CONDENSERS, EXTRACTION APPARATUS, TROUGHS.



2490


2500


2491


2503


2502


No.
2490 Condensers. For sulphuric acid. With one bulb and two stopcocks. Each

2491 Same. With two bulbs and three stop-cocks. Each

2495 Extraction Apparatus, Soxhlet's. Complete with flask and condenser.


2500 Troughs, pneumatic. Japanned tin, with sliding perforated shelf and overflow pipe.

| Size........... | $5 \times 7 \times 9$ | $7 \times 9 \times 12$ | $8 \times 9 \times 12$ | $8 \times 11 \times 15 \mathrm{in}$. |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each......... | $\$ 1.50$ | 2.00 | 2.50 | 3.00 |

2502 -- Mercury ; porcelain; cross form; holds 6 lbs. mercury. Each

2503 - Same; oblong.
Capacity . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 8


## PLATINUM.



## PLATINUM.

Our stock of platinum is the best. The crucibles and dishes are hammered up, not spun, consequently are solid, durable and will not blister. Our prices are the market rates, which fluctuate. The foil and wire sold by the grain.

Pure platinum being a very soft metal, scarcely harder than gold, it is essential for durability that it be alloyed with a small percentage of iridium. Every chemist will appreciate the superiority of utensils, made of this alloy, over pure platinum, since the former are much harder and more tenacious, besides offering a greater resistence to the action of chemical agents, an alloy of platinum with $10 \%$ iridium being but slightly attacked by aqua regia. This result seems to be due to the formation of a thin film of iridium upon the surface of the utensils in use, which renders them indifferent to most chemical action.

Estimates given for all kinds of platinum ware for chemical and laboratory purposes. Old dishes, crucibles, etc., repaired, reshaped, and purchased.
No.
2510 Crucibles, platinum. With covers, weighing approximately as many grammes as they hold cubic centimeters, as follows:
" " $\ldots \ldots$..... 10 " 10 ....... 10
" " $\ldots . . .15$...... 15 ". ....... 14
" " ....... 20 " ....... 18
" "....... 25 " "...... 24
" " $\ldots \ldots .{ }^{\prime} 30$ ".... 30 ...... 27
" " ....... 35 " "...... 33
" "...... 40 " " "..... 37
" "...... 45 ॥ ....... 44
" "...... 50 ". ....... 51
" " . ..... 60 " 60 ........ 62
" "..... 70 " "..... 65
" "...... 80 " " $80 . . .68$
" " ....... 90 " "...... 70
" "....... 100 " 10 ....: 80
" ...... 110 " ....... 90

Covers are always furnished with crucibles unless otherwise ordered. Crucibles of other weights and capacities made to order. Prices on application.

2511 Crucibles, According to Dr. Gooch, with perforated bottom, cover and extra cap.
Prices on application.
2512 Platinum. Gooch form, with covers and caps, weigh as follows: Capacity in $\%$. $\ldots \ldots .10$ Weight in grammes...... 13

12 " "..... 16
15 " " ...... 18
20 " " ...... 22
25 " " ...... 29
30 " "..... 34
Coarse or fine perforation. Covers are always furnished with crucibles unless otherwise ordered.
Prices on application.
Illustration No. 2512 full size from $12 \%$ to $30 \%$ inclusive.

No.
2513 Cones, platinum. Seamless Filter, $60^{\circ}$, coarse or fine perforations. Sold by the piece. Stock sizes as follows, others to order:

| Diameter $\ldots \ldots \ldots$ | $3 / 4$ | $7 / 8$ | $11 / 4$ | $11 / 2$ | $13 / 4$ | 2 inch. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Prices on application. |  |  |  |  |  |  |

2514-15 Flexible filter. Full or three-quarters circle, coarse or fine perforation, adjustable to any angle. Sold by the piece. Cut No. 2514 shows flexible cone before folding; cut No. 2515 shows cone folded to fit funnel. Stock sizes as follows:
$\begin{array}{llllllll}\text { Diameter, folded, } & 3 / 4 & 7 / 8 & 1 & 11 / 4 & 11 / 2 & 13 / 4 & 2 \text { inch. }\end{array}$ Prices on application.

2520 Dishes, platinum. With lips, best hammered ware. Platinum dishes weigh, approximately, $1 / 3$ as many grammes as their capacity in cubic centimeters.
 Prices on application.

2525 Boats, platinum. All sizes, shapes and weights, ranging from $3 \%$ to $10 \%$, and from 4 grammes to 8 grammes.
Prices on application.

2530 Spoons, deflagration, of platinum, for blowpipe analysis, with or without covers. Sold by the piece.

Prices upon application.

2532 - For qualitative analysis. This spoon will be found especially handy in fusion work.
Prices upon application.

2535 Spatulas, platinum, all shapes, weights and sizes-to sketch. Shapes and weight, ranging from 3 grammes to 15 and heavier, according to size, shape and thickness. Prices upon application.

## 2536 Sponge, platinum.

Each
$\$ .35$

2540 Platinum Cylinder and Spiral, for quantitative determination of copper by electrolysis. Standard forms, weights ranging from 10 to 30 grammes; other sizes, shapes or weights to order. Prices upon application.


2513


2515


2530-Fig. 1 Full Size.


2530-Fig. 3
Full Size.

2530-Fig. 2
Full Sizé.


No.
2545 Sheet or Foil, platinum.


2546 Wire, platinum.


Larger sizes up to $1 / 8$ inch or $125 / 3000$.
Prices upon application.
2550 Crucibles, silver, with covers, same shapes as platinum crucibles.
For sizes see illustrations page 142. Prices upon application.
2551 Dishes, silver, same shapes as platinum dishes. For sizes see illustrations page 145. Prices upon application.

## CRUCIBLES, CALCIUM CHLORIDE TUBES, COMBUSTION BOATS.



No.
2560
Dishes, Evaporating, of pure wrought nickel, with lip.

| Diameter $\ldots \ldots \ldots$ | 2 | $21 / 2$ | 3 | $33 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Capacity $\ldots \ldots \ldots$ | 35 | 70 | 125 | $225 \%$ |
| Each $\ldots . . . . .$. | $\$ .60$ | .70 | 1.00 | 1.40 |

2562 Crucibles, of pure wrought nickel.
Diameter ......
Capacity .....
Each........ .

| $13 / 8$ | $15 / 8$ | 2 in |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 20 | 30 | $75 \%$ |
| $\$ .75$ | .90 | 1.15 |

2565 Tubes, Combustion, Royal Meissen porcelain, glazed inside.

| Diameter. ..... | $1 / 2$ | $3 / 4$ | 1 | $11 / 4$ | $11 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Length $\ldots \ldots$. | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 in. |
| Each ....... | $\$ 1.10$ | 1.50 | 1.75 | 2.00 | 2.50 |

For glass combustion tubing, see page 106, catalogue No. 2101.
2568 Boats, combustion, porcelain.


2575 Tubes, calcium chloride. With one bulb.
Length. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 8 . 8 in. 20
Each. . . . . . . . . . . .

2576
-
Same. With two bulbs.
Length................... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 10 in.
Each
\$ . 25
2577

2578 $\qquad$
Same. U shaped, plain.
Length..................... . . 4
Each
\$ . 15
12 in.
........................ $\$ 15$. 25 . 40 . 50

Same. U shaped, with side tubes.
Length
6 in.
Each

- Same. Woehler's. With three bulbs.

Length 6 in.
Each $\$ .45$- Same. Marchand's.Length5 in.
Each ..... $\$ .50$

## TUBES, CYLINDERS, PRISMS.



No.
2582 Tubes, calcium chloride.


- Same. Liebig's form, one arm; double bend, $3^{1 / 2} \mathrm{in}$. bulb. Each $\$ .40$

2586

- Same. Double bend, 5 in. bulb. Each50

2587

- Same. Mitscherlich's form, one arm, double bend; one arm tubulated, 2 in . bulb.
Each
- Same, upright, jar form, side opening near the bottom. Height................................. 8 . 12 Each. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$ . 60 . 80 1.25

2592 - Elliot's.
Height
8 in.
Each $\$ .60$

2600 Prisms, finely polished, angle 60 degrees.

| Length $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 8 in. |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ | $\$ .30$ | .40 | .50 | .60 | .80 |

## BOTTLES.



2605


2606


2610


2612

No.
2605 Bottles, Wide mouth, ground glass stoppers.

| Capacity $\ldots$ | $1 / 2$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 8 oz. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dozen.... $\$ .75$ | 1.00 | 1.50 | 1.75 | 2.00 | 2.25 | 2.50 |  |

2606 - Narrow mouth, with ground glass stoppers.
$\begin{array}{llllllllll}\text { Capacity... } & 1 / 2 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 6 & 8 & 12 & 16 \mathrm{oz} .\end{array}$ Dozen.... \$ $.7 \begin{array}{lllllllll}75 & .75 & 1.00 & 1.15 & 1.25 & 1.50 & 1.75 & 2.25 & 2.50\end{array}$

2610 - Tincture, mushroom stoppered.


2612 - Salt Mouth, mushroom stoppered.

| 1 ounce, | eight | $31 / 8$ inches, per dozen |  |  | \$ 2.50 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 " | " | 37/8 | " | " | 2.50 |
| 4 | " | $51 / 8$ | " | " | 2.75 |
| 8 | " | 65/8 | " | " | 3.25 |
| 16 | " | 81/4 | " | " | 3.50 |
| 1 quart, | " | 93/4 | " | " | 450 |
| 1/2 gallon, | " | 121/8 | , | / | 8.50 |
| 1 " | " | $141 / 2$ | " | " | 15.00 |
| 2 " | " | 17 1/2 | " | - | 36.00 |



2615 Bottles, Reagent, with chemical names and equivalents in raised letters ground on the surface; made from glass containing no lead, zinc or other metallic flux. All letters ground to make them perfectly visible. Any names not on the list can be engraved on the bottles at small extra charge. Please order by numbers.
In sets of 4, labeled Hydrochloric, Sulphuric, Nitric Acid and Ammonium Hydrate.
Capacity.
4
Per set
$\$ 1.35$
8
16 oz.
2.00

|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
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Set of above, 40 bottles, packed in shipping order, per set. $\$ 7.50$

1 set of above, 40 bottles, filled with chemically pure reagents, according to Fresenius, per set.


No.
2625 Bottles, Same style as No. 2620.

| N |  | No. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 37 | Platinic Chloride. . . . . . . . $\mathrm{PtCl}_{4}$ | 97 | Ammonium Sulphydrate . . . $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{HS}$ |
| 58 | Fehling's Solution. | 100 | Mercuric Potassium Iodide. |
| 59 | Sodium Carbo sate. . . . . . . $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ | 401 | Barium Nitrate . . . . . . . . . . $\mathrm{Ba}\left(\mathrm{NO}_{3}\right)_{2}$ |
| 60 | Sodium Acetate . . . . . . . . $\mathrm{NaC}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ | 404 | Silver Sulphate ...... . . . . . . $\mathrm{Ag}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ |
| 61 | Sodium Hydroxide . . . . . . NaOH | 406 | Bromide Water. |
| 77 | Ammonia . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$ | 407 | Chloroform. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ |
| 81 | Stannous Chloride . . . . . . . $\mathrm{SnCl}_{2}$ | 408 | Cochineal. |
| 82 | Ammonium Molybdate ... $\left(\mathrm{NH}_{4}\right)_{2} \mathrm{MoO}_{4}$ | 409 | Coralline. |
| 83 | Carbon Disulphide . . . . . $\mathrm{CS}_{2}$ | 410 | Litmus. |
| 86 | Mercurous Nitrate. . . . . . . $\mathrm{Hg}_{2}\left(\mathrm{NO}_{2}\right)_{2}$ | 411 | Methyl-Orange. |
| 87 | Indigo Solution. | 412 | Phenolphtalein. |
| 88 | Nessler's Solution. | 413 | Turmeric. |
| 90 | Magnesia Mixture. | 414 | Iodine Solution. . . . . . . . . . . I + KI |
| 93 | Oxalic Acid ............ $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{C}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{4}$ | 415 | Methyl Alcohol . . . . . . . . . . . . $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OH}$ |
| 94 | Picric Acid. . . . . . . . . . . . . $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{OH}\left(\mathrm{NO}_{2}\right)_{3}$ | 416 | Sodium Cobaltic Nitrite. |
| 96 | Potassium Chromate . . . . . $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CrO}_{4}$ | 417 | Sodium Hyposulphite . . . . . . . $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{~S}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ | Per dozen

Note-The above bottles, Catalogue No. 2625, numbers 37 to 417 , are not kept in stock; will be furnished to order.

2630 Bottles Reagent. Capacity, $1 / 2$ pint $=8 \mathrm{oz} .=250 \%$; height, $61 / 2 \mathrm{in}$.

| N |  | No. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 101 | Sulphuric Acid, Con . . . . . . . $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ | 114 | Barium Chloride........... $\mathrm{BaCl}_{2}$ |
| 102 | Sulphuric Acid, dil . . . . . . . . . $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ | 116 | Blank. |
| 103 | Nitric Acid, Con . . . . . . . . . . . $\mathrm{HNO}_{3}$ | 122 | Ammonium Sulphide (amber)( $\left.\mathrm{NH}_{4}\right)_{2} \mathrm{~S}$ |
| 104 | Nitric Acid D11. . . . . . . . . . . . $\mathrm{HNO}_{3}$ | 126 | Alcohol .................... $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{OH}$ |
| 105 | Hydrochloric Acid, Con. . . . HCl | 129 | Sodium Phosphate......... $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{HPO}$ |
| 106 | Hydrochloric Acid, Dil . . . . HCl | 130 | Ammonium Oxalate......... ( $\left.\mathrm{NH}_{4}\right)_{2} \mathrm{C}$ |
| 107 | Hydrogen Sulphide (amber), $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$ | 131 | Acetic Acid............. $\mathrm{HC}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ |
| 108 | Ammonium Hydroxide. . . . . $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{OH}$ | 145 | Silver Nitrate (amber) .......AgNO ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| 109 | Ammonium Chloride....... $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{Cl}$ | 150 | Potassium Hrdroxide. . . . . . KOH |
| 110 | Ammonium Carbonate . . . . . $\left(\mathrm{NH}_{4}\right)_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ | 151 | Calcium Hydroxide . . . . . . . $\mathrm{Ca}(\mathrm{OH})=$ |
| 111 | Sodium Hydroxide . . . . . . . NaOH | 152 | Lead Acetate.............. $\mathrm{Pb}\left(\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{2}\right)$ |
| 112 | Sodium Carbonate.... ..... $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}$ |  |  |

Per dozen
$\$ 4.00$

2631 One set of above ( 23 bottles), filled with chemically pure reagents, according to Fresenius

2635 Bottles Reagent. Capacity, 1 pint $=500 \%$; height, $73 / 4$ in.


2640 Bottles Reagent. Wide mouth. Capacity, $1 \mathrm{oz} .=30 \%$ : height, $31 / 8 \mathrm{in}$.

| No. 350 | Sodium Carbonate. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 351 | Borax . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\mathrm{Na}_{2}{ }_{2} \mathrm{~B}$ |
| 353 | Sodium Acetate. . . . . . . . . . . $\mathrm{NaC}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ |
| 354 |  |
| 358 | Potassium Cyanide. . . . . . . . . KCN |
| 361 | Am. Sod. Phosphate.... $\mathrm{NaNH}_{4} \mathrm{HPO}_{4}$ |
| 364 | Copper............. . . . . . . . Cu |
| 365 | Ferrous Sulphate . . . . . . . . . $\mathrm{FeSO}_{4}$ |
| 366 | Ferrous Sulphide . . . . . . . . . . FeS |


| No. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 367 | Potassium Chlorate |  |
| 368 | Potassium Ferricyanide | $\mathrm{K}_{3} \mathrm{Fe}$ (C |
| 369 | Sodium Bitartrate... | NaHC4 ${ }_{4} \mathrm{O}$ |
| 370 | Sodium Nitrate | $\mathrm{NaNO}_{3}$ |
| 371 | Starch. |  |
| 372 | Test Paper. |  |
| 373 | Zinc. |  |
| 374 | Ammonium Phosphate. | $\left(\mathrm{NH}_{4}\right)_{2} \mathrm{HPO}$ |
| 375 | Blank. |  |

2641 Bottles Reagent. Wide mouth. Capacity, $4 \mathrm{oz} .=125 \%$; height, $47 / 8$ in.

| No. |  | No. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 301 | Sodium Carbonate . . . . . . . . $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ | 305 | Ferrous Sulphate |
| 302 | Potassium Nitrate . . . . . . . . . . $\mathrm{KNO}_{3}$ | 307 | Blank. |
| 303 | Potassium Cyanide. . . . . . . . . KCN | 312 | Test Paper. |
| 304 | Borax..........................Na, Na |  | Test Paper. |

> Per dozen
\$ 4.00
Note-The above bottles catalogue No. 2640-1. Numbers 350 to 375 and 301 to 312 are not kept in stock ; will be furnished to order.

2645 Bottle Caps, Reagent. Loose glass caps for covering the necks and lips of reagent bottles to protect stoppers and mouths of bottles from dust. Can be furnished as follows :


2650 Racks. Of polished wood for reagent bottles, with recess for each bottle ; to hold a set of $401 / 4$-pint bottles.
Each

2655 Bottles Reagent. Capacity, $1 / 4$ pint $=4$ ounce $=125 \%$. With acid-proof labels, symbols blown in the bottles and also in the stoppers. The main features of these reagent bottles are the hood stopper, the shape of the lip and the raised acid-proof label.
The object of the hood stopper is to prevent an accumulation of dust and the salts deposited from the atmosphere of chemical laboratories upon the lip of the bottle.


NOTE.-The above bottles are not kept in stock. Will be furnished to order.

## BLANK LABELS, CHEMICAL LABELS.



## No.

2660 Labels, Blank. Heavy, gummed on back, for marking ore samples, bottles, etc., 100 labels in a box.
Nos. 201, 2004, per box, each.
" $205,209,219,261,259,225$, per box, each

2665 Labels, Chemical. In books. Compiled by Prof. Chandler, including all the most important ehemicals and reagents; good paper, gummed on back and perforated; any one can be removed without destroying the book; with name and latest formula, tables of atomic weights, etc.

Per book

## ASSAY CERTIFICATES, HUMID ASSAY OUTFITS.

No.


Assayer.
Per 100. ................................................................... \$ ${ }_{3} .50$
With name, per 1000 . 3.50

The above form is on a reduced scale, the regular size of the Assay Certificate being $81 / 2 \times 51 / 2$ inches.


2672 - Bulb Pipette. 100 cubic centimeter graduations. Cemented to brass silver-lined cock, with air vent; all mounted upon iron bracket.
Each
1200
2673 - Black Rubber Tubing. 6 feet-to connect tank with pipette-with brass compressor.
Price
1.15

2674 -Twelve Humid Assay Shaking Bottles, with pure rubber stoppers; each bottle is numbered. Per Doz.



No.
2676 Humid Assay. Slaking Table. For 12 bottles; arranged to be driven by hand or power. Six of the bottles can be moved without disturbing the other six. All movable parts complete, and balanced for high speed. Bottom and top of each bottle cushioned.
Price, without bottles

Glass Bulb Pipette. 100\% to fill from the bottom with spray arrester and draining saucer, mounted upon wooden bracket. This pipette is recommended for rapid work.
Price
$\qquad$ Shaking Table. For 6 bottles to run by hand or power. Price

## CHLORINE GENERATORS.



No.
2687 Washing, Apparatus, for chlorine generator. Glass, about 12 gallons, with rubber stopper, bent glass tubes, and 5 feet of rubber tubing to connect with generator. Price

2688 Sand Bath, for above, sheet iron, water tight, for 22 -inch generator.
Price

## GENERATORS, PERCOLATORS.




2696


2697


2699

No.
2690 Generator, Chlorine. Test size, small, for experimental test of 20 or 30 pounds of the ore. The generator (a) contains 1 quart.
Price, complete as per cut
Note.-For full description of manner of using above generators, see "Kustell's Roasting of Gold and Silver Ores," among our text-book list. Also see price of manganese, sulphuric acid, etc., in our list of chmicals.

## 2691 Percolators.

| Capacity | 1/2 | 1 | 2 gal . |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each . | \$ .75 | 1.00 | 1.50 |

2696 Generator, Berzelius. For gas.
Capacity
Each
$\$ 6.00$
1/2 gal.
7.50

2697 - Fresenius', for generating oxygen and sulphuret of hydrogen.
Capacity, 32 -ounce
2698 - Kipp's Sulphuretted-Hydrogen. Most improved form for a constant supply of $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$; generator provided with Geissler's stop-cocks, safety tubes, etc., complete.

| Capacit | 1/2 pt. | 1 pt . | 1 qt . |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each | \$3.50 | 4.00 | 5.00 |

$\qquad$ Kipp-Wartha.
Capacity, 8-ounce
$\$ 5.00$

## GENERATORS.



No.
2700 Generator, Babos. Very convenient where frequent and limited quantities of $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$ is required. Made to generate by depressing the bulb containing the sulphuret of iron; upward movement of same stops generation. Complete, mounted on improved stand, with rubber stoppers, pinch-cocks and delivery tube.
Price, complete.

2701 - Glass, part only.
Each

2705 - Displacement, Hahn's, with glass stopper and faucet, $125 \%$.

Each ..... 2.50

2706 - Displacement, Robiquet's.
Capacity, lower vessel . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 16
32 oz.
Each $\$ 1.50$

2707 - With tube to connect upper and lower vessel, to stop evaporation.
Capacity . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 16 32 oz .
Each
$\$ 2.00$

## FILTER PUMPS, RAPID FILTER APPARATUS.



No.
2715 Pump, Filtering Richard's, for exhausting by water pressure to facilitate filtering.
Size........... Small, $1 / 8$ inch bore. Large, $1 / 4$ inch bore.
Each.......... $\$ 1.50$

2716

- Same, Chapman's.

Size. ..............
Each.............
Small.
$\$ 1.50$
Medium.
3.00
Large. 5.00

2717 Couplings, Chapman's.
Size. . . . . . . . . . . . Small.

Each
Small.
\$ . 50
Medium.
.60
Large.
.70
2720 Rapid Filtering Apparatus, Bunsen's, with a 1 gallon bell jar on ground glass plate, beaker, 8 ounce glass funnel, rubber stoppers, and platinum cone to support filter paper.
Price, complete
2725

2726


Same, with perforated platinum expanding cone for funnel.

| Capacity $\ldots \ldots$ | 4 | 8 | 16 oz. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each $\ldots \ldots .$. | $\$ 2.65$ | 3.25 | 400 |

## FILTERING BOTTLES, ALKALIMETERS.



2730






2740


2741


2742


2744




## FILTERING BOTTLES, ALKALIMETERS, REDUCTION TUBES.



No.
2730

2731 $\qquad$ Filtering, cane shape, with side tube for use with filter pump.
Capacity Each
$\$ .30$
8
16 oz.
.40 .50
2735 Alkalimeter, Bunsen's \$ 1.50

2736
-_ Fresenius' 75

2737

- Fresenius' \& Will's
.50


## 2738

__ Geissler's, with ground joints 1.50
2739

$\qquad$
" with stop-cock ..... 2.00
2740 - Kipp's, with stop-cock ..... 1.75
2741 - Mohr's, with pinch-cock ..... 75
2742 - " for carbonic acid determinations ..... 1.00
2743 - Rohrbeck's, with stop-cock ..... 1.75
2744 - Schroedter's, with stop-cock ..... 2.00
2745 - Peffer's, ..... 2.50
Note.-For full description of 2745 see Peffer's "Beet Sugar Analysis," see paragraph 54.
2750

$\qquad$
Marsh's, for detecting arsenic. Two bulbs, tubes $5 / 8$ inch opening ..... $\$ .50$
2751 _Same, with glass faucet and jet ..... 1.25
2752

$\qquad$
Same, with brass faucet and jet, all mounted on wooden support ..... 2.75
2753 - Condensing Plate, porcelain, for above ..... 30
2754 - To Make Assays of Oxide of Manganese. Capacity of flask 3 ounces. Price ..... 1.25
2755 Tubes, reduction, for arsenic test.
Form a, b, c, d, Doz ..... 75

## GAS REGULATORS, EUDIOMETERS.



No.
2760 Tubes, Gas
Tubes, Ga according to Reichert, almost lentirely of glass. Will regulate to $1 / 2$ of 1 degree. Being about the size and shape of a thermometer, it fits $1 / 2$-inch hole.
Price.


2766


2765



2770


No.
2780 Eudiometer. Decomposition of Water. With carbon electrodes.
Unmounted
Mounted

2781 - Same. With platinum electrodes.
Unmounted
Mounted... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 5.00
2790 Desiccators. Consisting of a porcelain acid dish with six partitions and bell glass ground air tight to heavy glass plate.


2791 Desiccator Dishes, or acid dishes, of porcelain, with partitions.

| Diameter........ | 4 | $41 / 2$ | 5 | 512 | 6 in. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Each.......... $\$ 1.00$ | 1.25 | 1.25 | 1.35 | 1.50 |  |

2795 Scheibler's. With knob top, ground air tight.

| D | 4 | $51 / 2$ | $61 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each | \$1.00 | 1.40 | 2.00 |

2798 $\qquad$ Fresenius'. Two jars ground together; with triangle.
Diameter ....................... . . . . . . . . 4 5 in.
Each .................................... $\$ 1.50$ 2.00

## DIGESTING FLASKS, POTASH BULBS, NITROGEN BULBS.


2800

2801

2802

2803

2804

2810

2811

2815

2816

No.
2800 Digesting Flasks, or flasks for fractional distillation. Flat bottom, confining delivery tube; 2 oz . Each$\$ .30$

2801

- Same. Bulb neck.
Each ..... 30
2802 - Same. 2 oz., with 2 necks. Each ..... 30
2803 Same. Round bottom, 2 oz., 2 necks. Each ..... 30
2804

$\qquad$
Same. Round bottom, 2 oz., side neck. Each ..... 30
2810 Potash Bulbs. Liebig's, with 5 bulbs. Each ..... 60
2811 - Mitscherlich's. Each ..... 65
2815 Nitrogen Bulbs. Will \& Varrentrapp's, with 3 bulbs, $11 / 2$ inch. Each ..... 40
2816 - Noliner's, 3 bottles, 2 oz. capacity, with funneland delivery tube.Each1.25

## LENSES, MAGNIFYING GLASSES.



No.
2820
Lenses, Coddington, very powerful, folding, nickel-plated frame.
Diameter....
Each.......
$\$ 1.50$
1
1.75
$11 / 4$
2.00
$11 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. 2.35

- With handle.
Diameter....
Each.
$1 / 2$
$\$ 1.00$
1
1.50
$11 / 2$ in. 2.00

2822

2825 Glasses, Magnifying, in rubber case, folding, best quality.
Glasses.....
Diameter ...
Each. . . . . .
1
$11 / 4$
$\$ .60$
2
3

| Diameter $\ldots$. |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Each........ | $\$ 11 / 4$ |
| .60 |  |

$11 / 8$ and $11 / 4$ 100
$3 / 4,7 / 8$ and 1 in . 1.25

- Reading, brass rim, with handle.

| Diameter $\ldots .$. | 2 | $21 / 2$ | 3 | $31 / 2$ | 4 | $41 / 2$ | 5 in. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each....... | .75 | 100 | 1.35 | 1.75 | 2.25 | 2.75 | 3 |
| 50 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Hard rubber rim, with handle. |  |  | $23 / 4$ | 2 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Diameter $\ldots$. | $11 / 2$ | in. |  |  |
| Each....... | $\$ .65$ | .75 | 1.00 | 1.25 |

## BATTERY SCREENS.



2850 -Diagona1 slot punched.


2852-Round punched.


2851-Slot cut or burred.


2853-Straight slot punched.

No.
2850 Screens, Battery, Russia Iron, for wet crushing; needle slot screens.
 Openings equal to number
of wire screen of mesh.. $12141618 \quad 20 \quad 25 \quad 30 \quad 35 \quad 40 \quad 50 \quad 55 \quad 60$

| Nos | 1-8 | 9 | 10 | 11-12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Price, per square foot | \$ . 60 | 70 | 75 |  |

Prices apply to all the above styles.


No.
2855 Cloth, Battery, Heary Steel Tempered Wire. Our list is carefully selected, embracing the desirable sizes of wire cloth for mining purposes. Any other sizes of mesh or wire can be made to order; all factory lists of wire cloth in the United States are the same, the price varies in each mesh according to size of the wire. No length less than 100 lineal feet shall be understood to be a roll. The mesh in the wire cloth is the distance from the center to the center of the wire. This grade of cloth is wove and kept in stock 18 and 24 inches wide. Other widths can be made to order if desired.


No.
2860 Cloth, Brass or Copper Wire. For battery screens. No length less than 100 lineal feet shall be understood to be a roll. The mesh, same as in steel, is the distance from the center to the center of the wire.


Nos. 2 to 20 inclusive, $19,24,36$ and 48 inches wide.
Nos. 22 to 80 inclusive, 36 and 48 inches wide.
Other widths can be made to order.

# TIN SCREENS, RESPIRATORS, RUBBER SCRAPERS, RETORTS. 



No.
2870 Screens, Tin, perforated.


2880 Respirators, Hurd's patent. The most complete device ever offered for protecting the lungs and throat from dust, poisonous gases and all other impurities.

Each
2885 Scrapers, Rubber, of pure gum, for cleaning amalgam plates.
$4 \times 4 \times 1 / 2$ inches. Each
2890 Retorts, Iron, for mercury distillation, etc.; movable cover fastened by screw clamp and milled smooth, making it absolutely tight-fitting.

| Capacity ... | $1 / 2$ | 1 | 2 | 4 | 8 | 12 | 16 | pts. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Weight.... | $31 / 2$ | $61 / 2$ | 9 | 17 | 33 | 57 | 74 | 1 bs. |
| Each ..... | $\$ 2.00$ | 3.00 | 4.00 | 550 | 8.00 | 15.00 | 18.00 |  |

## RETORTS, WATER JACKETS, BLANKETS, AMALGAM STRAINERS.



2895


2896

No.
2895
Retorts, Iron, Nevada or Oval Top, with pipe. The advantage of this retort over the old flat top pattern is that it can be filled full of amalgam, thereby holding more than the old style, besides avoiding all danger of explosion, owing to the crown space in the cover, which allows for the expansion. They are made extra heavy, well ground in the joints, and are furnished with a strong Norway clamp, having a wrought iron key, which can be driven in or out of place by a single stroke of a hammer.

| Capacity | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Holds quicksilver. | 121/2 | 25 | 38 | 50 | 63 | 75 | 125 lbs. |
| Weight | 10 | 15 | 18 | 25 | 31 | 44 |  |
| Each | \$4.50 | 5.50 | 7.00 | 8.00 | 9.00 | 10.50 | 12.00 |

2896 Jackets, Water, or condensers, for Flat Top or Nevada retorts and pipe.
Price, from
. 2.00 to 3.00
2898 Blankets, Sluice. All-wool, with long nap, made specially for catching gold.

> Per yard, 60 inches wide ${ }^{6}$ ". . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$$. $\$$. 30.00 1.75

2900 Strainers, Amalgam or Qnicksilver, of heavy duck, fastened to iron ring, with hood outside to prevent loss.


2901 Same, without ring.
Diameter ........... ${ }^{6} \quad 10 \quad 12 \mathrm{in}$.

## CHAMOIS SKINS, FUNNELS, SCOOPS, BUCKETS.



No.

2903 Funnels, Agate, for quicksilver.
Diameter. $41 / 2$ in.
Each $\$ .40$

2904 Scoops, Quicksilver or Amalgam, black iron, wood handle.

| Per dozen |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |

- Same. Flaring form, wood handle.

Length
Width

| 5 | $5 \mathrm{in}$. |
| :---: | :---: |
| $31 / 2$ | $41 / 2 "$ |
| 3.00 | 3.50 |

Each
$\$ .75$

- Russia iron, heavy riveted bottom, strong bolts; $61 / 2$ inches wide, 8 inches deep.
Each
2913 - Same. Spout strainer and guard; $6 \frac{1}{2}$ inches wide, 8 inches deep.
Each
Buckets, Quicksilver or Amalgam, iron, porceiain lined, with bale and spout. These have an Alaska handle, where grasped by the hand, not shown in the cut.
Capacity $\ldots \ldots \ldots r_{1}$ Price, per dozen. $\$ 7.20 \quad 7.80 \quad 9.0013 .5015 .6016 .8018 .00$


## QUICKSILVER DIPPERS, LADLES, MILL LAMPS, WICKS.



2914


2915

2920


2922


2914 Buckets, Amalgam. Flaring pattern, on 3 legs; 8 inches deep, $91 / 2$ inches wide at top, 6 inches wide at bottom.
Each.
$\$ 4.00$


2916 - Black Iron, heavy riveted, seamless, wood bandle. | Diameter, $4 \mathrm{x} / 2$ inches. |
| :--- |
| Dozen. . . . . .................................................. $\$ 15.00$ |

2920 Ladles, Iron. For melting zinc, antimony, lead, etc.

| Diameter | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 in. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Each | \$ . 30 | 40 | 50 | . 60 |

2921 Bullion. Forged from one piece of charcoal iron, 8 inches
in diameter, 4 inches deep.

Per dozen
2922 Lamps, Mine or Mill. Heavy galvanized sheet iron; japanned; cone shaped; neck tube 2 inches high, $1 / 2$ inch bore; holds $1 / 2$ pint oil. Each ..... 75
2923 Wicks. Extra wicks for above lamps, round woven.
Per dozen ..... 50

# BROOMS, PAILS, SPONGES, BRUSHES. 



2931

No.
2925 Brooms, Mill.

| Nos | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Per dozen | \$4.50 | 5.00 | 5.50 |

2926 Pails, Mill. Oak, solid bottom.
Per dozen . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 15.00$

2927 Sponges, Mill or Sluice.
Per pound, according to size and quality
$\$ 1.00$ to 1.25

2928 Brushes, Sluice or Broom. Strong.
Per dozen \$ 3.50

2929 - For cleaning amalgam plates; 12 inches long, with handle. Rows of bristles............ 3 . 4
Each.
\$. 45
.50
. 60
.80

2930 - Same. Platers brush made of Mexican fibre.
Size . ................................................ . . $3 \times 6$. $3 \times 8$ in.
Per dozen. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 1.50$ 3.25

2931 - Steel wire. For cleaning battery screens.
Size. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $3 \times 6$
$3 \times 9$ in.
Each.... .............................. $\$ 1.50$ 2.00

2932

- Steel round.

Diameter
$21 / 2$ in.
Length of wires
41/4 "
Per dozen

## GALVANIC BATTERIES.



## No.

2950 Battery, Bunsen's, with rolled zincs, superior to cast ones.
$\qquad$
Jar $6 \times 8$ in.
Cell, complete. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 3.10$
Parts: Carbon
Carbon connection, Platina and clamp ..... 75
Glass jar ..... 50
Porous cup ..... 25
Zinc and connections ..... 1.50

DIRECTIONS-Amalgamate the zinc with mercury, and place in jar. Place the carbon in porous cup, and fill the porous cup with 40 degrees nitric acid to within a halfinch of the top; then place porous cell immediately within the zinc, and fill the glass jar with water to the same height as the fluid in the porous cell. If greater energy is required add sulphuric acid to the water in the glass jar, but not to a greater extent than one part acid to twelve parts of water. The acid should be added to the water before setting up the battery, and the acid water allowed to cool before using.

2952 - Crowfoot Gravity. $\quad \begin{aligned} & \text { Cell, complete.......................................... } \$ 1.10\end{aligned}$
Parts: Copper, 6 inches 20 Zinc, with hanger and connector ............... . . 50 Jar, $6 \times 8$ inches50

Directions-Pour enough water into the jar to cover the zinc, then add 32 ounces copper sulphate in small crystals. To hasten the action dissolve 2 or 3 ounces of zinc sulphate in as many ounces of water, and gently pour it on top of the copper solution. Finally connect the two electrodes of the series and let them so remain for a few hours, until the separation of the two solutions, which will be known by the blue observed in bottom of copper solution; this blue line should be maintained midway between the zinc and copper; when the "blue line" is too low, drop in a few crystals of copper sulphate; if it is too high, connect the battery in short circuit as before described until it goes down, or draw out some of the copper solution and add zinc solution or fresh water. As long as the battery remains in action there is an increase in quantity of zinc sulphate solution in the upper part of the jar.


No.
2954 Battery, Gravity, with amalgamated zinc. Price per cell, complete
" Zinc, with screw. 75
" Jar, $6 \times 8$ inches ....................................... . . . . . . . . . 50
" Copper . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 15
This Battery, with amalgamated zinc, is the very best gravity battery, and although the first cost is higher, yet it is the most economical. Same directions as No. 2952.

2956 Battery, Grenet. French imported.


Directrons. - To 3 pints of cold water add 5 fluid ounces of sulphuric acid; when this becomes cold add 6 ounces (or as much as the solution will dissolve) of finely pulverized bichromate of potash. Mix it well.
2958 Battery, Disk Cell, "Gonda."Complete$\$ 1.00$
Disk, porous only ..... 60
Jar. ..... 25
Zinc. ..... 15
Sal-Ammoniac. ..... 10

## BATTERY JARS, CELLS, BINDING SCREWS AND POSTS. PROSPECTORS' KIT.



No.
2960 Battery Jars. Round, of glass, best make.


2962 - Cells. Porous, round cups.

| Wid | $21 / 2$ | 3 | 3 in |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Heigh | $41 / 2$ | $5 \mathrm{I} / 2$ |  |
| Each. | \$. 15 | 20 | 25 |

2964 - Connections, Binding Screws. Finished.


2966 - Binding Post. American pattern.
Size........................... . . Small
Each . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
\$ . 08
Medium
12
Large 15

2970 What Every Prospector Should Have. The following little apparatus or kit of tools and chemicals, will enable one (without being a chemist) to make a quick and correct test of gold, silver and copper contained in any rock :

Hammer, one face flat, the other wedge-shape for splitting rocks
Iron Mortar and Pestle
Magnifying Glass
Sieve (No. 100)
Ore Measure
Acid Measure
Spirit Lamp
12 Test Tubes

## Test Tube Holder

3 Glass Funnels
Package Filter Paper
1-1b. Bottle Nitric Acid, C. P.
1-1b. Bottle Ammonia
1-oz. Bottle Chloride Tin
1-pint Bottle Alcohol
Small Box Salt

All the above packed in small box, 16 inches long, 8 inches wide, 9 inches high, with hinged lid, lock, and leather strap for carrying; weighs only 15 lbs .

## MINERS' GOLD WASHER OR ROCKER.



No.
2972 Miners' Gold Washer or Rocker, 5 feet long, 21 inches wide, weighs 63 pounds. The rocker rests and rides upon a wood frame not shown in cut. All well made and painted, furnished with dipper and amalgam scraper. There is a canvas (not shown) stretched upon a frame, placed at an angle under the screen of the rocker, upon which the first gold is collected. This is removable for cleaning.
Price

Same, made to take apart, packed for shipping for mule transportation.
Price

2973 Sluice Box, with riffles, for above, to extend the washing; 36 inches long, 22 inches wide, 3 inches deep, with No. 16 mesh brass wire sieve placed over upper end, removable to throw out coarse sand; provided, also, with copper plate $22 \times 18$ inches, silver plated upon upper side, and with a rubber amalgam scraper.
Price

## ASSAY OUTFITS.

## No.

2975 Assay Outfit for Prospectors. F. O. B. cars or steamer, San Francisco, for $\$ 125$.

1 Portable Button Balance and Weights.
1 Pulp Scale with assay ton Weights 1. A. T. to $1 / 20$.
1 10-in. Iron Furnace, No. 1525-2.
$1 / 6$ doz. Muffles.
1 pair Crucible Tongs.
1 " Scorifier "
1 " Cupel "
1 Cupel Mould.
4 doz . Crucibles.
$1 / 2$ " Crucible Covers.
100 Scorifiers.
1 Iron Mortar and Pestle, $1 / 4 \mathrm{gal}$.
1 Graduate, 4 oz .
1 Blowpipe.
1 pair Cutting Pliers.
1 " Button "
$1 / 2$ doz. Annealing Cups.
1/2 " Parting Flasks Kennedy.
1 Alcohol Lamp.
1 Nest Beakers (4).
1 Wash Bottle, 16 oz .

3 Glass Funnels, 4 oz.
100 sheets Filter Paper to fit.
1 Brass Wire Seive, No. 60.
1 Steel Spatula.
1 Tripod.
1 Polished Steel Anvil.
1 H. S. Magnet, best English.
1 lb. Acid Nitric, C. P.
1 " " Hydrochloric, C. P.
5 " pure Assay Litharge.
10 " Sodium Bi-Carbonate.
10 " Bone Ash.
10 "Borax.
1 "Argols.
1/4 oz. Proof Silver.
5 lb . Granulated Lead, C. P.
1 " Rolled Lead, C. P.
1 Magnifying Glass.
1/4 gal. Alcohol.
1 Button Brush.
2 Hammers.

2976 Assay Outfit for $\$ 300$. We are frequently requested by mining companies to prepare a list of apparatus, chemicals and fixtures for the assayers' use.

The following will be found to contain everything necessary and useful, and nothing unnecessary. Larger quantities of crucibles, scorifiers, and chemicals can be added as desired. We have also added a list for the analyst, and for volumetric determination.

We trust these new lists will be found convenient for our patrons. If an Oertling, Troemner or other assay balance is preferred to Becker's, the difference in cost can be ascertained by referring to our general Catalogue:

1. 1 Becker's No. 5 Assay Balance with 3 glass feet,
with 2 camel hair pencils,
" 6 watch glasses, $1, / 4 \mathrm{in}$.,
" 1 pair pincers,
" 3 riders, each 2 milligrammes.
2. 1 set Becker's Assay Weights, No. 1, 1 gramme to $/ 1 / 0$ milligramme.
3. 1 Becker's Pulp Balance, No. 16 , in glass case with sliding door, counterpoised.
4. 1 set Assay Ton Weights, 4 to $1 / 20$. Grain weights and riders instead of grammes, if desired, same price.
5. 1 Pulp Spoon, Japan tiuned, spatula end.
6. 1 pair Glass Scale Pans, $23 / 4$ in., for pulp scales.
7. 1 Wedge Wood Mortar and Pestle, No. 4.
8. 1 Buck's Pat. Amalgam Mortar, $61 / 2$ in.
9. 1 Mortar Dust Brush, $11 / 2$ in.
10. 1 Flat Camel Hair Brush, $1 \frac{1}{2}$ in.
11. 1 Tin Sampler, $9 \times 12$ in., 5 troughs.
12. 1 Rubber Sample Sheet, $36 \times 36$ in.
13. 1 " " " $18 \times 18$ in.
14. 100 Paper Sample Bags, metal clasp, $6 \times 4$ in,
15. 1 Taylor Pat. Hand Sampling Ore Crusher.
16. 1 10-inch Steel Blade Spatula.
17. 1 Pulp Spoon, Japan tinned, double end.

No.

## 2976 Assay Outfit for $\$ 300$-continued.

18. 1 Miners' Wash Horn, black rubber.
19. 1 " " Pan, Russia iron, $161 / 2$ in.
20. 1 Wood Batea, 12 in.
21. 1 Brass Wire Sieve, No. 40,8 -in., wood rim.
22. 1 Brass Wire Sieve, No. 60, 6-in1., wood rim.
23. 1 Brass Wire Sieve, No. 80,5 -in.
24. 1 Gold Dust Blower, $9 \times 10$ in.
25. 1 6-in. Horse Shoe Magnet.
26. 1 Muffle Furnace, sheet iron, brick-lined, 12 in. interior diameter. No. 1525.
27. 1 Elbow, for furnace.
28. 5-Joint Pipe, for furnace.
29. $1 / 4$ doz. Bat. Muffles, $12 \times 6 \times 4$ in.

Note-The following furnaces, Nos. 30,31 , if desired in place of Nos. $26,27,28$ and 29.

301 Special 8-gallon Tank, with 1 Gasoline or Coal-oil burner, pump, pressure gauge and connecting pipes complete.
31. 1 Combination Muffle and Crucible Furnace, holding four No. 9 Battersea crucibles, and one $10 \times 6 \times 4$ Muffle.
32. $1 / 4$ doz. Muffles, F. Bat., $10 \times 6 \times 4$ in.
33. 1 pair Buckskin Assay Gloves, one-half gauntlet.
34. 1 pair Assay Crucible Tongs, 32 in.
35. 1 " :" Cupel Tongs, 26 in.
36. 1 " " Scorifier Tongs, 29 in.
37. 4 doz. " Crucibles, No. 9, Battersea.
38. 1 " No. 2 B. L. Covers.
39. 1 Assay Crucible Rack to hold 10 crucibles while charging.
40. 48 -oz. Glass Stoppered Bottles, engraved "Nitric Acid, Muriatic Acid, Sulphuric Acid, and Ammonia."
41. 3 No. 10 Black Lead Crucibles for bullion.
42. 1 " 10 " " Cover.
43. 1 pair No. 10 Clasp Tongs.
44. 1 " Melters' Duck Mittens.
45. 1 Quadruple Bullion Mould.
46. $1 \quad 160-\mathrm{oz}$. Silver, $300-\mathrm{oz}$. Gold, Bullion Mould.
47. 1 Assay Pour Mould 3 holes.
48. 1 Iron Rack for draining assay crucibles.
49. 1 Scorifier Tray, cast iron, $8 \times 8$ in., 9 holes.
50. 1 Cupel Tray, sheet iron, $5 \times 7$ in.
51. 100 Scorifiers Bat., $21 / 2$ in.
52. $1 / 2$ doz. Clay Roasting Dishes, 4 in .
53. 2 B. L. Roasting Dishes, 5 in.
54. 1 Bullion Chisel, $1 / 2 \times 51 / 2$ in.
55. 1 Iron Cupel Mould, $11 / 2$ in.
56. 1 Wood Mallet for mould, $2^{1 / 2}$ in.
57. 1 doz. red Chalk Pencils, to number cupels, etc.
58. 1 Lingke Double End Button Brush, $1 / 2$ in.
59. 1 Polished Steel Anvil, flat, $3 \times 3$ in.
60. 1 Button Hammer, $6-\mathrm{oz}$.
61. 1 Slag Hammer, 22-oz.
62. 1 pair Flat Nose Pliers, 4 in.
63. 1 " End Cutting Pliers, 5 in.
64. 1 " Snip Shears, 6 in.
65. 1 " Flat Taper Nose, Bead Pliers, 5 in.
66. 1 " Scissors, B. P. size.
67. 1 doz. Flat Bottom Flasks, $2 \cdot \mathrm{oz}$.
68. $1 / 2$ " Cone Ring Flasks, 2 oz .
69. I pair Wood Mattrass Tongs.
70. 1 No. 2 Bonney Vise.
71. 1 Hand Vise, $11 / 2$ in.
72. 2 pieces, $6 \times 6 \mathrm{in}$. Iron Wire Gauze, No. 16.
73. $1 / 2$ doz. Gold Annealing Cups, B.
74. 1 Copper Water Bath, 5 in., 4 ring.
75. 1 Iron Sand Bath, 8 x 1 in.
76. 1 Nest, No. 1-6 Plain Beakers.
77. 1 Concave Beaker Cover, $31 / 2$ in.
78. 1 " " " 3 in.
79. 1 " " " $21 / 2$ in.
80. 1 " ". " 2 in.
81. 6 assorted 7 to 8 in. Hollow Glass Stirring Rods.
82. 1 16-oz. Washing Bottle, R. S.
83. 1 32-oz.
84. 1 doz. Test Tubes, $5 \times 5 / 8$ in.
85. 1 Test Tube Brush.
86. 1 Test Tube Rack, 8 holes, and drain pins.
87. 1 Wood Test Tube Holder.
88. 1 Nest, 3 Test Tube Funnels.
89. 1 Nest Nos. 1-9 Porcelain Evaporating Dishes.
90. 2 Porcelain Capsules and Covers, No. 7.
91. 1 Dangler's Gasoline Laboratory Lamp.
92. 1 Glass Spirit Lamp, 4-oz.
93. 1 Berzelius' Blowpipe, with platinum tip, bored to $5 /{ }^{\circ} \circ \mathrm{m} . \mathrm{m}$.
94. 1 Coal-oil Stove with two 4 -in. wicks.
95. 2 Glass Funnels, plain, 4 oz .
96. 2 " " " 8 oz .
97. 1 package S. \& S. Filter Paper, $181 / 2 \mathrm{ctm}$.
98. 1 " " " " 24 ctm .
99. $1 / 2-1 \mathrm{~b}$. Assorted Glass Tubing $1 / 8$ to $3 / 8$ inch diameter.
100. 2 feet Rubber Tube, $1 / 8$ inch.
101. 2 " " " $3 / 86$ inch.
102. 2 " " " $1 / 4$ inch.
103. 1 Combiued 8 -ounce and 250 C. C. Cone graduate.
104. 1 Chemical Thermoneter.
105. I Beaume Acid Hydrometer.
106. 1 Iron Stand, 3 rings.

## No.

## 2976 Assay Outfit for $\$ 300$--continued.

107. 1 Twisted Wire Tripod.
108. 1 Wood Funnel Support.
109. 1 Patinum Crucible, 12 C. C..., with cover.
110. 1 piece Platiaum Foil, $1 \times 2$ inches, $2 / 8000$ inch thick.
111. 6-inch Platinum Wire, ${ }^{5 / 1000}$ inch.
112. 1 Pocket Magnifying Glass, 2 lenses, No. 2825.
113. 1000 Blank Assay Certificates with name of assayer.
114. I Chlorine Generator, Test Size, complete.
115. 1 Glass Desiccator, 4 inches.
116. 1 Iron Quicksilver Retort, flat top; 1 pint, with pipe.

Chemicals and Fluxes.
117. 1 lb. Acid, Acetic, No. 8.
118. 1 '. Muriatic, C. P.
119. 1 " Sulphuric, C. P.
120. 7 " Nitric, C. P.
121. 1 qt. Alcohol, $95^{\circ}$.
122. 1 lb . Ammonium Hydrate C. P., $26^{\circ}$.
123. 1 "Ammonium Carbonate.
124. 5 " Argols, powdered.
125. 25 lbs. Bone Ash, No. 1.
126. 2 " Black Flux.
127. 20 " Borax.
128. 5 " Borax Glass.
129. 2 " Charcoal, powdered.
130. $1 / 2$ " Gran. Copper, C. P.
131. 2 " Sulphate Copper.
132. 1 " Ether Sulphuric.
133. 2 " Pulverized Glass.
134. 10 " Pure Assay Lead, gran.
135. 10 " " " " sheet.
136. 25 " " " Litharge.
137. $1 / 4$-doz. sheets Litmus Paper each, red and blue.
138. 1 lb. Quicksilver.
139. 1 " Potassium, Carbonate.
140. 2 " " Cyanide.
141. 4" " Nitrate.
142. 1 oz . Proof Silver Foil.
143. 15 lbs. Sodium Bi-Carbonate.
144. 10 " Sodium Hyposulphite.
145. 2 " Brimstone.
146. 1 gal. Distilled Water.

Total price of above outfit. . . $\$ 300$.
Weighs about 800 pounds gross.

## 2980 Assay Outfit for \$230. For Analytical and Volumetric Work.

147. 1 Becker's No. 7 Analytical Balance, with agate knives and plaues; power, 100 grammes to 1 milligramme, with 3 glass feet, 1 pair balanced glass pans, 3 inches diameter,
1 specific gravity apparatus,
1 flat camel hair brush, $11 / 2$ inches wide, 1 pair pincets.
3 Riders, each, 12 milligrammes.
148. 1 set Becker's Fine Weights, No. 5, 100 grammes to 1 milligramme, and riders.
149. 1 Moisture scale, with two balanced brass pans 7 inches diameter; power, 2 kilos.
150. 1 set Brass Weights, in wood block, 2 kilos down to $1 \mathrm{c} . \mathrm{g}$.
151. 1 Glass Mortor and pestle, 32 -oz.
152. 1 12-in. Steel Blade Spatula.
153. 2 16-oz. Boiing Flasks, flat bottom.
154. 2 32-oz.
155. 1 Copper Drying Oven, $8 \times 10$ iu., on legs, double walls.
156. 1 nest, Nos. 1 to 10, Plain Beakers.
157. 2 Concave Beaker Covers, 4 in. diameter.
158. 2 " " " 5 " "
159. $132-\mathrm{oz}$. Heavy Bulb Shape Washing Bottle.
160. 1 Porcelain Evaporating Dish, Royal Meissen, 12 in. diameter.
161. 1 Flat Porcelain Evaporating Dish, $81 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. diameter.
162. 1 Glass Evaporating Dish, with spout, $8 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}$. diameter.
163. 1 Porcelain Casserole with cover and wood handle, 5 in. diameter.
164. 1 16-oz. 2 Neck Woulf Bottle, fitted with tubes.
165. 2 Precipitating Glasses on Foot, 250 C . C.
166. 4 ft . $1 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. Rubber Tube.
167. 4 " $3 / 13_{6}$ in
168. 1 Glass Stop-cock, $1 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. bore, double end.
169. 1 Chemical Mixing Bottle, graduated, $500 \mathrm{C} . \mathrm{C}$.
170. 1 Graduated Cylinder, 1000 C. C.
171. 1 " " 250 "
172. 1 Glass Stoppered Burette, 100 C. C. $/$ / $\circ$ with float.
173. 1 Glass Stoppered Burette, 50 C. C. $1 / 10$
174. 1 Wood Support, cork lined, for 2 burettes.
175. 1 Graduated Bulb Pipette. 10 C. C.
176. 1 " " " 50 "
177. 1 " " " 100 "

## Assay 0ntfit for $\$ 230$-continued.


181. 1 Specific Gravity Bottle with thermometer and tare weight in box, 100 C . C.
182. 1 Specific Gravity Bottle with thermometer and tare weight in box, 50 C . C.
183. 1 Volumetric Flask, 1 liter, glass-stoppered.
184. 1 Volumetric " $1 / 2$ " " pered.
185. 1 Chemical Thermometer, $120^{\circ} \mathrm{Cel} ., 240^{\circ}$ Fah.
186. 1 Beaume Hydrometer for light liquids.
187. 1 " " " heavy
188. 1 Hydrometer Jar, on foot.
189. 1 Retort Stand, 3 adjustable rings.
190. 1 Wood Support for 3 assorted funnels.
191. 1 Glass Retort, 1 pt., stoppered.
192. 1 " Receiver, "
193. 1 Liebig's Condenser, 15 in. glass, mounted.
194. 1 Evolution Flask, 1 pt., fitted with rubber stopper and delivery tubes.
195. 2 Gas Bottles, 1 qt.
196. 1 Mercury Trough; 6 lbs.
197. 1 2-gallon Rubber Gas Bag with stop-cock.
198. 1 Platinum (pure hammered) Dish, $23 / 4 \mathrm{it}$., 80 C. C.
199. 1 set 40 (4-oz. reagent bottles). Catalogue No. 2615.
200. 1 Silver Dish, $21 / 2$ inches diameter, with spout.
201. 1 Box Blank Labels, gummed, $1 \times 21 / 2 \mathrm{in}$.
202. 1 Dialyser, 1 gallon.

2031 Carbon Determination Apparatus.
204. 1 Marsh Arsenic Test Apparatus, with mounting and plates.
205. 1 Richard's Filter Pump with connections.
206. 1 Hot Filtering Apparatus, 1 pint.
207. 1 Rapid Filtering Apparatus, $1 / 2$ pint, with perforated platinum cone, complete.
205. 1 Desiccating Apparatus, glass bell and plate, and porcelain acid dish, 5 in.
209. 1 Digesting Apparatus.
210. 1 Potash Bulb, Liebig's.
211. 1 Nitrogen Apparatus.
212. 1 Displacement Apparatus, 1 pint.

No.
2982 Memoranda of Outfit for Copper Assays by Cyanide Potassium Method.

1 Pulp Balance.
1 set Gramme Weights, 50 -gramme to 1 milligramme.
2 pair Pincets.
2 Spatulas.
1 1/2-gal. Iron Mortar.
180 -mesh Sieve.
1 doz. Copper Flasks.
$1 / 2$ " $31 / 2$-in. Funnels, Bunsen's,
1/2 " Sand Baths.
110 c. c. Cylinder.
410 c. c. Pipettes.
18 oz. Graduate.
$1 / 2$ doz. 8-oz Beakers.
$1 / 2$ doz. packages Gray Filter Paper, 7-in.
1/2 " "S.\&S. " " $18 \frac{1}{2}$ c. m.
1/2 doz. 12-oz. Beakers.
1 Dangler Blast Lamp, gasoline.
18 oz. Alcohol Lamp, glass.
$1 / 2 \mathrm{lb}$. Glass Rods and Tubing.
2 Burettes, 50 c. c., $1 /$ /ı glass stop-cock.
1 Retort Stand, 3-ring.
2 Funnel Stands, for 4 funnels.

1 Sampler and Scoop.
1 Buckboard and Muller.
1 Color Plate, porcelain.
$1 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$ Apparatus, small.
2 Empty Bottles.
6 ft . Rubber Tube, $1 / 4$ - in.
3 Pinch Cocks.
1 box Labels, blank.
1 book Labels, chemical.
2 books Litmus Paper.
$1 / 2$ doz. Capsules, No. 3 and Covers.
$1 / 2$ gallon Sulphuric Acid, com'l.
y/2 " Muriatic Acid, com'l.
1/2 " Nitric Acid, com'l.
7 " Nitric Acid, C. P.
5 lbs . Sheet Zinc, cut in strips, com'l.
8 " Ammonium, C. P., $26^{\circ}$.
1 " Potassium Cyanide, $98 \%-99 \%$.
6 sheets Copper Foil, C. P.
1/2 gallon Alcohol, 95\%.
1 " Distilled Water.
1 1b. Zinc, granulated, C. P.

Battery outfits for copper analysis can be furnished as desired.

## BLOWPIPE APPARATUS.

According to Prof. Plattner, for Qualitative and Quantitative Blowpipe Analysis.


1


5


3

No.
1 Anvil, Small, best polished steel, $21 / 4 \times 1 \frac{1}{4} \times 1 / 2$. $\$ .50$

3 Balance, Plattner's, for blowpipe analysis; especially arranged for traveling, sensible to $1-5$ milligramme, portable in polished wooden box, best German make, complete, with set of weights 1 gramme to 1 milligramme

5 - Becker's No. 2. In French polished glass case, 9 in. long $93 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. high and 3 in . deep, sliding frame counterpoised; packed in a light box, with strap for carrying, weighing, all boxed, $4 \mathrm{I} / 2 \mathrm{lbs}$. Needle deviates 20 divisions on the scale for 1 milligramme. Takes a 2 milligramme rider, which reads $1 / 10$ milligramme. With apparatus for rider, set of weights, 1 platinum gramme to $/ 1 /$ milligramme.

Price


No.

9 - Pulp. Brass beams, horn pans suspended by silk cord, with weights 10 grammes to 1 centigramme.

Price.
11 Beakers, lipped, 00 to 1 ............................................... . . . . 30
13 Blowpipe, brass, jeweler's form, plain . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 15
15 Same, with bulb............................................... . . . 25
17 - Fletcher's Special Chemical, No. 32. With folding stand, adjustable at any height or angle. It can be used either with the mouth, or the small hand blower can be attached and the blowing done by the finger. With this blowpipe is supplied one jet with, and one without the patent coil, to enable a larger variety of flame to be obtained. The lamp or a weight should be placed on the stand when in use.

Price-Blowpipe, alone.
Blower alone, with Elastic Chamber enclosed within a net, and stop-cock in box.
As illustrated ..... 4.75


No.

21 —— Same, brass̀s, nickel-plated . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2.25
23 Blowpipe Lamp, Plattner's nickel-plated, with patent swivel..... 4.00
$\qquad$ Support D. E. for platinum crucible, porcelain
evaporating dish, etc., of polished brass to fit
lamp, extra....................................... 1.25
Fletcher's, polished brass75Same, brass, nickel-plated.1.00
3033
Burner, Bunsen's, with tip and tube for blowpiping. ..... 8535 Button Brush Lingke's $5 / 8$ in
37 Capsules, porcelain capacity $8 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{c}$. ..... 1550
39 —— Same, capacity $15 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{c}$
41 Carbon blocks moulded ..... 30
-- Cylinders moulded $3 \times 11 / 8$ in. .....  20


45


49


53


57

47


51


59-61


63


67


65


69
No.
45 Borers, Charcoal, four-cornered, small\$. 45
$\qquad$ square and spatula end50
$\qquad$ square end and chisel end, magnetized50
$\qquad$ club shape75
53 Capsules, Charcoal.

| Diameter........ | 3/4 | $7 / 8$ | 1 in. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| Doz............. | .20 | .25 | .35 |- Same, $7 / 16$-in, 3 doz. in box\$. 20

57 Crucibles, Charcoal.

| Diameter $\ldots . . . . .$. | $3 / 4$ | $7 / 8$ | 1 in |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Doz................ | $\$ .25$ | .30 | .40 |

59 Charcoal Holder, for Charcoal Squares, with screw handle to fasten the coals in- Same, with platinum wire and shield2.25

63

- Saw, polished blade ..... 50
65
- Squares or Stoves, of prepared powdered charcoal, 30 mm . high, 32 mm . square, top face recessed to receive porcelain clay crucibles No. 75, doz ..... 1.00
67
- Same, Covers, 14 mm . thick, 32 mm . square, recessed to receive clay capsule No. 77, doz ..... 60
69 - Cakes or Sticks, natural, hard wood; willow, fine grain, size about $4 \times 1 \times 1$ inches, doz ..... 50
71 - Pressed, size $80 \times 20 \times 10$, mm., doz ..... 50
73 - $80 \times 20 \times 20$ ..... 75


109


115


125


123


119

## No.

107 Coal Chisels. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$ . 25
109 Cupel Holder, with two cupels and one mould ....................... 1.50
111 Moulds, $1 / 2$-inch brass . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1.75
113 " $\quad$ y/2-inch iron ................................... 75
115 Dishes, porcelain, 3 in a set . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 40
117 Dropping, or Cobait Bottles, glass stoppered, Schuster's, 2-ounce. . 25
119 Dropping Tubes . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 05
121 Files, round and triangular, with bandle ........................... . . 20
123 Forceps, polished nickel, Raynor's form, platinum pointed, $5 \frac{1}{2}$ inches 2.25
125 Cylinder, Wood, upon which to form soda paper cornets........... . 15
127 Filter Paper. See Catalogue, page 102.
129 Fuel, Alcohol, per pint................................................ . . . . . 50
_ Olive Oil, " ................................................... . . 90
——Nut Oil, " .................................................. . . . 30
_- Paraffine, per $1 \mathrm{~b} . \ldots .$. ................................................. 25



133


143


141


149



151

## No.

131 Funnels, glass, per nest of 3 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$ . 20
133 - Supports, 2 brass rings, adjustable vertically and sideways, wood base. Each.90
135 Hammers, Plattner's, wire handle ..... 75
137 wood " ..... 60
139 Holder, for chimney and funnel ..... 1.50
141

$\qquad$
Cupels, brass cups, held by twisted wire in handle. ..... 30
143 - " upright form ..... 30
145

$\qquad$
for platinum wire, hollow handle, milled screw, clamping point, etc ..... 90
147

$\qquad$
with six platinum wires ..... 1.75
149

$\qquad$
with sliding ring and flat jaw ; will hold wire or sheet.... ..... 35
151

$\qquad$
steel, wood handle, for charcoal cakes. ..... 35
153 Knife, for cutting cork ..... 25


## No.

157 Magnets, horseshoe, 3 inch ..... \$ . 25
159 Magnifying Glass ..... 1.00
161 Magnet, straight, with chisel end ..... 40
163 Mattrasses, extra hard Bohemian glass, with bulb, dozen ..... 75
$165^{\circ}$ - holders ..... 40
167 Mixing Capsules, brass, nickel-plated ..... 40
169- horn25
171 Mortars, agate, with pestles, for grinding small specimens of ore.

| Diameter... | $11 / 2$ | 2 | $21 / 2$ | 3 | $31 / 2$ | 4 | $41 / 2$ | 5 in. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| Each $\ldots .$. | $\$ 1.50$ | 2.00 | 2.75 | 4.00 | 5.50 | 7.50 | 9.00 | 12.00 |

173 - Diamond, Plattner's, of hard polished steel, with dust-tight ring and base piece.
Small ..... \$ 400
Large ..... 6.00
175 - Leed's, without ring, bottom part also used for small anvil. ..... 2.00177 - Combined Crushing and Cupel Mould; steel cylinder $11 / 4$inches diameter; one end flat and bardened for crushingore specimens; to be laid upon any flat anvil; the otherend formed for making $11 / 4$ inch cupels by reversing it inthe ring ; brass cap to fit each end to strike against.4.50
_- Diamond or Crushing; 1 inch diameter; plunger and ring only; to use upon any anvil


No.
181 Moulds, for making pressed coal stoves and covers, with two pestles and extra bottom piece, complete

- for making charcoal cakes, with extra bottom piece for two sizes, either $80 \times 20 \times 10$ or $80 \times 20 \times 20 \mathrm{~mm}$3.00
185

$\qquad$
hard wood, for making charcoal capsules, improved form,
with self-centering pestle ..... 75

187

- for making charcoal crucibles ..... 85
$\qquad$ polished brass, in sections to take apart for making clay crucibles.4.50- for clay capsules made of boxwood75
$\qquad$for clay crucibles, made of boxwood1.25
195 Pipette, glass bulb, 150 mm long ..... 15


219


197


199


201
No.
197 Pliers, flat nose, 5 -inch . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$ . 50
199 - flat taper nose, 5 -inch..... ........... . . 60
201 . for assay buttons, 5 -inch................ . 60
$\left.\begin{array}{lll}203 & \text { Platinum Foil } \\ 205 & - & \text { Wire } \\ 207 & - & \text { Tips } \\ 209 & - & \text { Crucibles } \\ 211 & - & \text { Dishes } \\ 213 & - & \text { Spoons } \\ 215 & - & \text { Spatulas }\end{array}\right\}$ Prices on application.

217 Paper, glazed, for mixing and sampling powdered ores; in sheets colored bronze, blue, black or white: size $20 \times 24$ inches; per quire.

219 Harkort's Ivory Scale, for measuring B. P. buttons to take the place of a balance

Directions-Treat with the B. P. one assay centner (equals $100 \mathrm{M} . \mathrm{G}$. ) of the powdered silver ore. If the resulting button measures 50 upon the scale, that is, just fits between the diverging lines at 50 , then the silver is $.03^{48 / 1000}$ per cent of the 100 M . G. of ore by weight.

In 1 ton of 2000 lbs . average there are 29.1666 Troy oz. . 0348 per cent of 29.1666 oz . equals 1.01499 oz . of pure silver to the ton. At $\$ 1.2929$ per oz., equals $\$ 1312.26$ per ton, the value of the sample assayed. If a button measures 25 on the scale, the value per ton will be $\$ 162.15$.


No. Scale of Hardness, consisting of nine specimens in large pieces, as follows:
221 ,

No. 1. Talc
 No. 2. Gypsum
" 3. Calcium
" 4. Fluoride
" 5. Phosphate lime
" 7. Quartz
No. 9. Corrundum.
Each lot of specimens in recess in a polished box $63 / 4 \times 41 / 4 \times 11 / 4$ inches with a file, chisel and streak plate; complete. ..... \$ 5.00
223 Scissors, blowpipe. .....  40
225 Spatulas, double end, steel, 4 inches long. ..... 25
227 - wood handle, blade 3 inches long. ..... 25
229 Spoon, Ivory, $31 / 2$ inches, each ..... 30
231 Shears for cutting metal. ..... 75
233 Sieves, nest of three, brass, tin frame, 3 inches in diameter, with cup at bottom. Nos. $30,50,100$, or any three numbers desired, per set ..... 1.50
235 Silver Foil, Proof Silver, per oz. ..... 1.60
237 Soda Paper, 40 sheets in box. ..... 25
239 sheets $10 \times 5 \mathrm{in}$. ..... 05
241 Stirrers, glass, dozen ..... 50
243 Streak Plates, of porous porcelain, for mineralogists, Royal Berlin.
$15 / 8 \times 23 / 4$ in. $\quad 21 / 4 \times 33 / 8$ i
$\$ .25$ $\times 4$ in
35 . 45
245 Test Lead Measure graduated into 5, 10, 15 and 20, blowpipe centners ..... 35


253-5
249


No.
247 Test Lead Sieve. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$ \$ . 30
249 Test Tubes, per dozen . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 25
251 holder . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 15
253 Support, 4 holes and drain pins ......................... . 25
255 Same, 8 holes and drain pins . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 50
257 Touch-stones, black............ Small, \$.50; medium, \$.75; large, 1.00
259 White .......... " . 50 " 75 " 1.00
261 Tubes, hard glass, open at both ends, per dozen ..... 50
263 - for arsenic reduction ..... 10
265 Wash Bottle, fitted with pure gum stopper and tubes, 4 ounce ..... 35
267 - Same, 8 ounce ..... 55
269 Watch Glasses, 2 -inch, dozen ..... 25
271 - Clips ..... 20
273 Wicks, for lamps, each ..... 10
275 Test Needles of Gold, 9 needles fastened to a ring, numbered, and containing gold upon their points of $4,6,8,10,12,14,16,18$ and 20 karats fine ..... 3.00
277 Trays, sheet iron, for carrying cupels or capsules, 12 depressions ..... 65

## HARDING'S PORTABLE BLOWPIPE OUTFIT.

No.
279 Portable Blowpipe Outfit, Harding's, for 50 assays, each 2 grammes, packed in box. $25 \times 91 / 2 \times 75 / 2$ inches, hinged lid, with straps for carrying, weighs 38 pounds.
Price, complete, with directions
The following articles are included in the above blowpipe outfit:
Mortar and Anvil combined.
Hammer and Pestle combined.
Tin Frame Sieve, 100 mesh.
Horseshoe Magnet.
Button Balance and Weights, 1 grm . to 1 mm .
Granulated Lead Measure.
" " Spoon.
Roasting Furnace, Asbestos Lined (Fig. 2).
Fifty-five Scorifiers.
Paraffine Lamp.
Blowpipe, adjustable mounting, rubber bellows, with platinum tip, $\%$ \% mm . bore.
Spirit Lamp.
Forceps.
FIRST, FUSION-Weigh two grammes of pulp or well mixed ore, and mix with it eight grammes of pure granulated lead in the scorifier, then cover the mixture with eight grammes more of the lead, then by means of the pipette add, drop by drop, concentrated phosphoric acid until the mixture is moist. The object of this is to cement the pulp into a compact mass to prevent its being blown away by the blast.

Place the scorifier ( $D$ ) with its charge into the furnace, as shown in Fig. 1, and let it rest quite level upon its asbestos bed with loose asbestos around the sides of the scorifier, even with the top, as at $E$. Now blow a smoky flame upon the surface of the assay so expel moisture, then add to the assay ten or twenty per cent of borax glass as the ore may require.

The cover $(A)$ is now placed upon the scorifier as shown, but care must be taken that the openings ( $A$ and $B$ ) are just large enough to let the flame in at $A$ and the gas escape at the opening $B$.

The most difficulty is experienced by beginners in obtaining a flame which is of sufficient volume and intensity to bring the ore to fusion. The paraffine in the lamp ( $G$ ) must first be melted, and the copper tube, which carries the wick, heated by means of an alcohol flame and mouth blowpipe before the lamp is lit. The wick should be cut to an angle of about thirty degrees. The flame when burning freely should be about five inches high.

Particular care must be taken with the platinum blowpipe tip. It is bored to the width of $\% / 10$ millimeters, and the hole is true and in line with the axis of the cone, and it should be preserved from injury. If this is not the case the flame will scatter and buzz, in which case it is impossible to obtain a fusion. The blowpipe flame must be perfectly smooth and silent, when the furnace, lamp and blowpipe are in the position shown in Fig. 1. The bellows are operated so as to produce a flame which is slightly yellow at $A$, but nearly blue at $C$. This flame is kept up until the fusion is completed, then the tip is moved a little in the direction of the furnace, which will shorten the flame so that the point will barely strike the surface of the molten lead. Care must, however, be taken that the temperature of the furnace does not drop to the extent as to chill the slag. The blast is kept up until the lead is oxidized to such an extent as to be nearly covered with slag. The scorifier is then removed from the furnace and allowed to cool.

SEcond, Cupeliling-The lead button is prepared in the ordinary way for cupellation.
The cupel is made by taking a new scorifier and filling it with dry bone ash and pressing down the surface as hard as you can, and smooth, with a depression in the center about $5 / 8$ of an inch in diameter and $y / 56$ of an inch deep. A wood former is provided for this operation.

The cupel, prepared in this way, is placed within the furnace (without a cover), as Fig. 2, and heated with the blowpipe flame until all the moisture is expelled. Then the lead button is placed in the cavity for cupellation.

The flame is held directly on the lead until the litharge begins to form. After this it is necessary to keep the point of the blue flame at one side of the molten lead. The object of this is to keep the bone ash at a sufficiently high temperature to absorb the litharge as fast as it is formed. Close attention must be paid to this part of the operation.

The flame should be directed to any point where litharge is inclined to accumulate, otherwise the operation is as the ordinary cupellation in the muffe furnace.



281-3-5

## BLOWPIPE APPARATUS IN SETS.

No.
281 Society of Arts Blowpipe Apparatus-These blowpipe cabinets are unequaled in cheapness and quality, compactness and portability, and in arrangement of apparatus.

Set A, in mahogany box, contains :

| Blowpipe. | Magnet. | Boiling Dish. | Borax. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Spirit Lamp. | File. | Open Tubes. | Bone Ash. |
| Grease Lamp. | Scissors. | Closed Tubes. | Fluor Spar. |
| Hammer. | Cupel Striker. | Glass Rod. | Assay Lead. |
| Anvil. | Bone Spatula. | Blue Glass. | Cobalt. |
| Pestle and Guard. | Platinum Wire. | Litmus Paper. | Nitrate. |
| Platinum Forceps. | Platinum Foil. | Tumeric Paper. | Potassium Bi-sulphate. |
| Brass Forceps. | Tin Foil. | Brazil Wood Paper. | Copper Oxide. |
| Lamp Tweezers. | Magnesium. | Soda Paper. | Silver. |
| Test Tube Holder. | Pastille and Cupl Holder. | Sodium Carbonate. | Chloride and Potassium |
| Clisel. | Pastilles. | Microcosmic Salt. | Iodide of Sulphur. |

## Price.

$\$ 14.00$

283 Blowpipe Apparatus, Set B, in polished mahogany box, with initial plate, contains, in addition to the above, platinum tip to blowpipe, agate mortar and pestle, and gold bead

Set C, contains same apparatus as B, in mahogany box, with the addition of 48 carefully selected test minerals in tubes arranged in a drawer. These minerals afford good examples in practice for both elementary and advanced students


287

No.
287 Fine Blowpipe Set for both qualitative and quantitative analysis. Made by C. Osterland, Freiberg, Germany. All contained in polished mahogany box, $131 / 2 \times 121 / 2 \times 41 / 2 \mathrm{in}$., with brass grip handle at one end. Enclosed in stout leather case with straps ; weighs complete, 22 lbs . Contains the following implements, all of finest construction, brass and nickel finish, packed in velvet lined recesses, in trays and in tin boxes:

1. Balance- $-31 / 2$ in. nickel-plated beam. New arrangement to arrest the pans. Beam support always vertical. Sensible to $\pi / 10$ M. G., with two pairs metal renovable pans and vial to take the specific gravity of ores.
2. Folding Glass Case for No. 1.
3. Set Weights of sheet platinum and aluminum, 1000 milligrammes to $/ x \circ$ M. G.
4. Pair Horn Pans, balanced.
5. Harkort's Ivory Scales for measuring cupel beads.
6. Pair Ivory Pointed Pincets.
7. " Platinum Pointed Pincets.
8. "Brass Pincets.
9. " Steel "
10. " Flat Nose Plyers.
11. "Polished Steel Scissors, with file back.
12. Magnifying Glass, 2 lenses, black horn frame.
13. Steel Chisel and Magnet combined.
14. " Hammer, wood handle.
15. Combined Steel Anvil and Diamond Mortar.
16. Agate Mortar, 2 in., and pestle.
17. Ivory Spoon.
18. Steel Spatula, double end.
19. Horn Mixing Capsule.
20. Brass
21. Camel Hair Pencil Rrush.
22. Box Soda Paper, cut to size.
23. Boxwood Cylinder for No. 22.
24. Granulated Lead Measure, graduated into $5,10,15,20 \mathrm{~B} . \mathrm{P}$. centuers.
25. Square Coals, with covers.
26. Coal Crucibles.
27. "Capsules or Dishes.
28. Porcelain Clay Crucibles.
29. " "Capsules.
30. Square Coal Holder, with platinum wire and guard plate.
31. Clay Holder for Nos. 26 and 27.
32. Coal Borer, spatula end.
33. " " for No. 23.
34. " " large, for No. 28.
35. Plattner's B. P. Lamp with folding stand.
36. Metal Lamp for Alcohol.
37. Supoort for Crucibles to fit stand No. 35.
38. Blowpipe, Berzelius form, trumpet mouth and platinum tip, bored to $4 / 20 \mathrm{M} . \mathrm{M}$.
38a. Extra Platinum Tip, boared to $5 / \mathbf{x}$. M. M.
39. Cupel Mould, with stamp and stand, after Plattuer.
40. Platinum Sheet.
41. Magnesium Ribbon.
42. Silver Strips.
43. Zinc "
44. Test Papers, blue and red Litmus.
45. Platinum Wire Holder, with hollow handle and wires.
46. Platinum Spoon, short handle, to be held by No. 7.
47. Button Brush, double end.
48. Open Tubes, hard glass.
49. Closed Tubes," "
50. B. P. Mattrasses, hard glass.
51. Set 4 Glazed Porcelain Capsules.
52. Two " "

## No. 287 Continued.

Also the following Reagents in glass-stoppered bottles, in turned polished wood boxes, with pull-off cover.

A-Arsenic.
B-Borax.
C-Soda.
D-Salt Phosphor.
E-Nitre.
F-Muriate Ammonia.
G-Plattner's Flux.
H -Chloride Soda.

> I-Oxide Copper.
> J-Test Lead.
> K-Starch Flour.
> L-Acid Oxalic.
> M-Sifted Bone Ash.
> N-Washed " "
> O-Irou.
P-Bi-Sulphate Potash.
Q-Nitrate Cobalt.
R-Borax Glass.
S-Iodide Potash and
$\quad$ Sulphur.
T-Acid Boracic.
U-Potassium Cyanide.

P -Bi-Sulphate Potash.
Q-Nitrate Cobalt.
R-Borax Glass.
S-Iodide Potash and Sulphur.
T-Acid Boracic.
U-Potassium Cyanide.
Price, complete ..... $\$ 140.00$
No.
289 Blowpipe Apparatus, as described in "Brown's Manual of Assaying."

11 Set (3) Porcelain Dishes.
21 Diamond Steel Mortar.
1 Pair Platinum Pointed Forceps.
1 " Heavy Tip Steel Forceps.
$5 \quad 1$ " Steel Forceps.
$6 \quad 1$ Steel Chisel.
71 Charcoal Borer, club shape.
81 " " with spatula.
91 Pair Scissors.
101 Platinum Holder, with 6 wires.
11 1 Plattner's Blowpipe Lamp, with swivel.
12 1. Charcoal Saw.
131 Mattrass Holder.
14 I Plattner's Blowpipe, nickel plated.
151 Platinum Tip for same.
16 Steel Hammer, with wire handle.
Test Lead.
Tin.
Phosphorous Salt.
Borax Powder. Borax Glass.
Boracic Acid, fused.
Boracic Acid, cryst.
Plattner's Flux.
Bismuth Flux.

171 Set Moulds and Stamps.
181 Pair Nippers.
19 1 Double Lense.
201 Knife.
211 Dropping Pipette.
221 Camel Hair Brush.
236 Mattrasses.
241 Glass Alcohol Lamp, with metal top.
251 Chamois Skin.
266 Glass Tubes.
27 1/2 Dozen Charcoals.
28 Coal and Ash Trays.
292 Books Test Papers.
30 Frame, with 18 glass-stoppered and labeled reagent bottles, containing the following reagents:

Carbonate Soda.
Potash Oxalate.
Salt.
Soda Nitrate.
Charcoal.
Bone Ash, sieved.
Bone Ash, washed.
Copper Oxide.
Bisulphate Potash.


291


No.

Diamond Mineral Collection, in box $111 / 2 \times 6 \times 11 / 2$ in. A set of 50 numbered specimens, averaging one inch in diameter. Polished hardwood box with automatic spring lock, as follows :

| 1. Native Sulphur. | 18. | Pyrite. |  | 35. | Rock Crystal. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2. Stibnite. | 19. | Pyrrhotite. |  | 36. | Amethyst. |
| 3. Graphite. | 20. | Hematite. |  | 37. | Milky Quartz. |
| 4. Auriferous Quartz. | 21. | Magnetite. |  | 38. | Chalcedony. |
| 5. Argentite. | 22. | Limonite. |  | 39. | Agate. |
| 6. Cinnabar. | 23. | Siderite. |  | 40. | Jasper. |
| 7. Chalcopyrite. | 24. | Pyrolusite. |  | 41. | Pyroxene. |
| 8. Cuprite. | 25. | Corundum. |  | 42. | Rhodonite. |
| 9. Malachite. | 26. | Cryolite. |  | 43. | Amiphibole. |
| 10. Azurite. | 27. | Wavellite. |  | 44. | Garnet. |
| 11. Galenite. | 28. | Fluorite. |  | 45. | Mica. |
| 12. Cerussite. | 29. | Gypsum. |  | 46. | Scapolite. |
| 13. Sphalerite. | 30. | Apatite. |  | 47. | Orthoclase |
| 14. Zincite. | 31. | Calcite. |  | 48. | Cyanite. |
| 15. Willemite. | 32. | Dolomite. |  | 49. | Talc. |
| 16. Calamine. | 33. | Barite. |  | 50. | Serpentine. |
| 17. Cassiterite. | 34. | Celestite. |  |  |  |

[^3]293 Students' Complete Mineral Collection. Three hundred specimens, in six trays or drawers, with recesses for each, all packed in box $123 / 4 \times 8 \times 81 / 2$ in., illustrating Dana's Manual of Mineralogy and Petrography. Antique oak cabinet, polished and paneled, chiffonier locks. The most complete mineral set ever offered. Any one of the six drawers can be pulled out and laid before the student.

Price, with Dana's Manual of Mineralogy and book of localities.

## MINERAL AND CHEMICAL SUBSTANCES

To illustrate the Important Re-action of Bodies before the Blowpipe.

295 The set of 50 , each in bottle, labeled and numbered, conveniently packed in box for carrying, in pocket $7 \times 5 \times 2$ inches. Following is the list:

26. Fluor Spar.
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33. Molybdic Acid.
34. Oxide of Cobalt.
35. " "Lead.
36. Oxalate of Nickel.
37. Pyrolusite.
38. Quartz.

39 Sulphate of Baryta.
40. " " Copper.
41. " " Magnesia.
42. " " Potassium.
43. Sulphur.
44. Sesqui Oxide of Chromium.
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46. Stibnite.
47. Strontianite.
48. Steatite.
49. Serpentine.

50 . Ulexite.

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| Ammonium. | Fluorine. | Potassium. |
| Bismuth. | Gold. | Silver. |
| Bromine. | Iodine. | Sulphur. |
| Baryta. | Iron. | Sulphuric Acid. |
| Boracic Acid. | Lead. | Strontium. |
| Copper. | Lithium. | Silica. |
| Chlorine. | Mercury. | Sodium. |
| Calcium. | Molybdenum. | Tin |
| Cobalt. | Manganese. | Tungstic Acid. |
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Keeping all our Chemicals listed in stock, we can fill orders promptly and without delay. All articles ordered that we do not keep, we will use our best exertions to obtain.

For the convenience of purchasers (assayers and others in remote places) we keep our Chemicals put up in bottles or cartons in convenient sizes, as noted. Prices on all in the list have been carefully revised and reduced in many cases.

Acids can be shipped by rail only on Mondays, as the railroad companies will only receive them on that day.

Commercial Acids, Blue Stone, Cyanide-Potash, Bone Ash, and many other staple articles that are produced here, we furnish at lowest market rates.

ALL GOODS PACKED BY EXPERIENCED HANDS.

## CHEMICALS.

Put up in Bottles or Cartons, which are included in the price, except where mentioned in Bulk.

Acid, Acetic, No. 8, Pure sp. gr ............... . . 1,040
_ 5 - 1 lb . bottles . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 35

- Acetic Glacial, C. P., $991 / 2 \%$. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 75
- Arcenous, powdered . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 30
$\overbrace{1 \mathrm{lb} .}^{1 / 2 \mathrm{lb} .}$ Prices per 1 b.
- Boracic, C. P., powdered....................... . . . . 60
—— Carbolic, C. P., loose, cryst . .................. . . 75
- Chromic, coml., for batteries, 5-1b. bottles. .. . . 50
\$.... \$.... \$....
.... .... ....
$.35 \quad .40$. 15
$.75 \quad .90 \quad .15$
.... .... ....

| Acid, Chromic, pure, cryst | Prices per 1 lb . |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Prices } \\ & \text { per oz. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \mathrm{lb} . \\ & \$ 1.00 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3 / 2 \\ \$ \ldots . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 3/4 } \mathrm{lb} . \\ & \$ \ldots . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1 \mathrm{oz} . \\ \$ .25 \end{array}$ |
| Citric | 1.40 | 1.60 | 1.75 | . 20 |
| Hydrochloric (Muriatic) coml., $22^{\circ}$ Beaume. In 6-1b. bottles, per bottle. \$ . 75 |  |  |  |  |
| coml., in carboys, about 120 lbs. Carboys, each, $\$ 2.25$. |  |  |  |  |
| strictly C. P., sp. gr., 1.20, free from arsenic, chlorine, iron and sulphur. |  |  |  |  |
| In 1-1b. bottles | . 40 |  |  |  |
| in 6-1b. bottles | . 30 |  |  |  |
| In carboys | . 15 |  |  |  |
| Carboys, each, \$2.25. |  |  |  |  |
| Hydrofluoric, in Rubber Bottle | 2.00 | 2.50 | 3.50 | 40 |
| Molybdic, C. P | 2.50 | 3.00 |  | . 35 |
| Nitric, coml., $38^{\circ}$ Beaume. |  |  |  |  |
| '، in carboys, about 140 lbs. |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Carboys, each, \$2. 25. <br> " strictly C. P., sp. gr., 1.42, free from |  |  |  |  |
| arsenic, chlorine, iron and sulphur. |  |  |  |  |
| in 7-1b. bottles |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| " in carboys . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 15 |  |  |  |  |
| Carboys, each, \$2.25. |  |  |  |  |
| " (fuming) | . 75 | . 80 |  | $\ldots$ |
| Oxalic, bulk ... |  |  |  |  |
| C. P., cryst | . 75 | . 85 | 1.00 | . 15 |
| Phospho Molybdic . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2.25 . 30 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| " (syrupy), 85\% | . 75 |  |  |  |
| Picric, C. P |  |  |  |  |
| Pyrogallic, resubl . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 50 |  |  |  |  |
| Sulphuric, com'l, $66^{\circ}$, Beaume. <br> In $9-1 \mathrm{l}$. bottles, per bottle . . . $\$ .75$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| - in iron tanks, 1600 lbs | . 01 |  |  |  |
| Tanks, each \$8.00. |  |  |  |  |
| Carboys, each, \$2.25 |  |  |  |  |
| Sulphuric, strictly C. P., sp., gr., 1,845, free from arsenic, nitrogen, organic matter and |  |  |  |  |
| $9-\mathrm{lb}$. bottle | . 30 |  |  |  |
| in carboys about 180 lbs | . 15 |  |  |  |
| Carboys, each, \$2.25 |  |  |  |  |
| Sulphuric, fuming. | . 65 |  |  |  |
| Sulphurous . . . | . 40 |  |  |  |



| Ammonium, Molybdate, ch | Prices per 1 lb . |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Pricics } \\ \text { per oz. } \\ \hline \text { pozi. } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 71 \mathrm{bb} . \\ & \$ 2.00 \end{aligned}$ | $\overbrace{4,2 \mathrm{~b} .0}^{3 / 2}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 / 1 \mathrm{lb} . \\ & \$ 2.50 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Nitrate, gran. | . 50 | . 70 | . 90 | 20 |
| - " fused | . 50 |  |  |  |
| - Oxalate, chem. pure | 1.00 | 1.25 | 1.50 | 20 |
| - Phosphate, pure. | 1.00 | 1.25 | 1.50 | 25 |
| - Succinate, pure, cryst. |  |  |  | 50 |
| - Sulphate, purified | 50 | . 60 |  | . 15 |
| - Sulphite, chem. pure. |  |  |  | 30 |
| - Sulphocyanide, pure | 1.00 | 1.25 | 1.50 | 20 |
| Tartrate ........... |  |  |  | 25 |
| Antimony, Metallic, b | 25 |  |  |  |
| - " chem. pure |  |  |  | 25 |
| - Chloride, pure cryst |  |  |  | 30 |
| -- Oxide, white, true |  |  |  | 25 |
| - Tartrate |  |  |  | 40 |
| Arsenic, Metallic, pure cryst | 60 | . 75 | . 90 | 20 |
| Argols, in bulk, Red powd. | 15 |  |  |  |
| - In bbls, quotations given. |  |  |  |  |
| Asbestos, long fiber | . 50 | .. |  |  |
| Barium, Metal, per gramme |  |  |  |  |
| - Acetate, chem. pure. | 1.75 |  |  | . 25 |
| - Carbonate, pure, prec. | . 50 | 60 | . 80 | . 20 |
| - Caustic, see Barium Oxide hydrated. |  |  |  |  |
| - Chlorate, chem. pure . | 90 | 1.00 | 1.25 | 15 |
| - " com'1, in bulk | . 16 |  |  |  |
| Chloride, chem. pure, cryst | . 50 | 60 | . 80 | 15 |
| Barium, Hydrated, pure, cryst. | . 60 | . 75 | . 90 | 20 |
| - Nitrate, pure, cryst... | . 50 | 60 | . 80 | 15 |
| Nitrite. . |  |  |  | 25 |
| - Sulphate, pure, precip | . 75 | . 85 | 1.00 | 15 |
| Sulphide, pure | 1.15 | 1.30 | 1.50 | 15 |
| Beeswax, bulk. | . 45 |  | .... |  |
| Bismuth, Metallic, pure, bulk | 3.00 | $\ldots$ |  | 25 |
| - Bromide. |  |  |  | 1.20 |
| - Nitrate, cryst | 3.00 |  |  | 30 |
| - Nitrite ...... |  |  |  | 40 |
| - Oxide Hydrated, pure. |  | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | . 50 |
| Oxychloride....... |  |  |  | . 50 |
| Bleaching Powder, Chloride Lime, in lbs . | 20 | . |  |  |
| - " " in bbls., quo |  |  | . |  |
|  | s given. |  |  |  |
| Bone Ash, No. 2, bulk | . $031 / 2$ | .... |  |  |
| - " $2,100-1 \mathrm{l}$. boxes.. | 03 |  |  |  |

Prices per 1 b .
" 1 , in bulk\$.042 $\$$\$.... \$
Bone Ash, No. 2, in bbls., special rates.04

- " 1 , in bbls., special rates.- " 1, Extra, in bulk06
- " 1, " $100-1 \mathrm{~b}$. boxes ..... $05 \frac{1}{2}$
" 1 , " in bbls., special rates.
- Washed ..... 15100-1b. boxes12
Note-The superior quality of our Bone Ash is wellknown. For many years we have supplied the miningtrade West of the Rocky Mountains; also, Mexico andAustralia.
Bone, Black, see Charcoal, animal.
Borax, conc ..... 10
- " sacks, per lb., special rates.—— Refined cryst., "12
- " " per bbl., special rates. — " " " ton,
- Powd ..... 12
- " " bbl., special rates.—— Glass, powd40
- " " in 25,50 and $100-1 \mathrm{~b}$. boxes ..... 35
Brazil Wood, Test Papers, per doz ..... \$. 50
Bromine, ..... 1.00 ..... 1.25 ..... 1.50 .....  25
Brimstone, see Sulphur.
Cadmium, Metal, in sticks ..... 2.25 ..... 25
- Bromide ..... 30
- Cbloride ..... 50
- Nitrate, pure, cryst ..... 40
- Sulphide ..... 30
Calcium, Bromide ..... 30
- Carbonate, bulk ..... 10
- Chloride, fused, lumps ..... 50
pure gran ..... 50
dry white ..... 60
—— Fluoride (fluorspar), bulk ..... 15
- Oxide, hydrated, from marble. ..... 60
65 ..... 90
65 ..... 90
- Phosphuret
85
- Sulphate, pure, precip
- Sulphide ..... 60
- Sulphite. ..... 50
Carbon, Bi-Sulphide, sol., highly rectified ..... 50 ..... 751560
100
1.15 100 ..... 1.15 ..... 1520



Prices $\overbrace{\underbrace{\text { per oz. }} .}$ ..... \$ 10 \$.... \$.... \$Graphite,

- finest, powdered, pure ..... 20
Iodine, resub ..... 50
Iridium, metal, 15 grain bottle ..... $\$ 2.00$
Iron, metal filings, coarse, ..... 10
fine, ..... 15
—— Wire, pure, for standardizing, $1-\mathrm{oz}$. spools. ..... 20
- Metal scrap sheet ..... 10
- " gran., chem., pure, by alcohol. ..... 50
- Acetate, in scales ..... 40
- Arsenate ..... 30
- Arsenite ..... 40
- C'hloride, dry ferric ..... $60 \quad .75 \quad .90$ ..... 20
- Iodide ..... 50
—— Oxide, black ..... 60 ..... 15
- " red anhydrous ..... $80 \quad 1.00 \quad 1.20$ ..... 15
- Phosphate ..... 30
——Sulphate (copperas) ..... 05
- " in bbls., special rates. refined, pure, cryst. ..... 15
- Sulphide (Sulphuret), bulk ..... 20
- Tannate ..... 30
—— Valerianate ..... 45
and ammonium sulphate, pure ..... 75 ..... 1.00
Kaolin, powdered ..... 10
Lead, metal, chem. pure, for assaying, in small bars ..... 15
- metal, chem. pure in foil, rolled thin. ..... 25
gran ..... 15
25 lb . hags ..... 12
Nore. - We guarantee our granulated test lead to contain not more than .05 troy ounces of silver to the ton of $2000 \mathrm{lb3}$., consequently if 40 grammes of it are used in assaying $1 / 10 \mathrm{~A}$. T. of ore, the silver assay is accordingly increased $7 / \%_{0}$ troy ounces per ton of ore.
Lead, Acetate (white), sugar lead, com'l ..... 20
chem. pure ..... 60 ..... 65 ..... 15
- Carbonate, pure ..... 10
Chloride, pure ..... 1.00 ..... 20
Chromate, pure, fused. ..... 1.40 ..... 30
Nitrate, pure, U. S. P ..... 50 . $60 \quad .25$ ..... 20
Phosphate ..... 40
- Protoxide (Litharge), J. T. \& Co., bulk ..... $121 / 2$
- " $25-1 \mathrm{~b}$. kegs ..... 10
chem. pure, bulk ..... 15
chem. pure, $25-1 \mathrm{~b}$. bags. ..... $131 / 2$
- Oxide, Red (Pb. 3 O4), minimum ..... 15
- Per Oxide (Pb. O2)15
Sulphate, chem. pure ..... 60







## REFERENCE TABLES AND INFORMATION.

## COMPARISONS AND EQUIVALENTS.

The U. S. Standard of weight is the Troy pound, and was copied in 1827 from the imperial Troy pound of England for the use of the U. S. Mint, and there deposited. It is standard in air at $62^{\circ}$ Fahr., the barometer at 30 inches.

## Troy Weight.

```
    24 grains= 1 dwt.
480" " = 20" " = 1 oz. 
```

Avoirdupois Weight.
437.5 grains $=1 . \mathrm{oz}$.
7.000. " = 16." = 1 lb .
700.000. " $"$ = 1600 . $"=100$. $"=1 \mathrm{cwt}$.
14.000.000. " $"=32.000 . "=2000 "=20 "=1$ ton.

## Apothecaries' Weight.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 20 \text { grains }=1 \text { scruple } . \\
& 60 \text { " }=3 \text { " }=1 \text { drachm. } \\
& 480 "=24 "=8 \text { " } \quad \text { " } 1 \mathrm{oz} \text {. } \\
& 5760 \text { " }=288 "=96 \text { " }=12 \text { " }=1 \mathrm{lb} \text {. }
\end{aligned}
$$

## Metric, or French Weights.

|  | Grammes. | Troy Grs. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 Milligramme | . $001=$ | . 01543 |  |  |  |  |
| 1 Centigramme | . $01=$ | . 15432 | Troy | Troy | Avoir. | Avoir. Lbs. |
| 1 Decigramme | . $1=$ | 1.5432 | Ozs. | Lbs. |  | Avoir. Libs. |
| 1 Gramme | 1. | 15.432 | . $032=$ | . $00267=$ | . $03528=$ | . 0022047 |
| 1 Decagramme. | 10. |  | . 321 = | . $02679=$ | . 3528 | . 022046 |
| 1 Hectogramme | 100. |  | $3.215=$ | . $26792=$ | $3.52758=$ | . 22046 |
| 1 Kilogramme. | 1000. |  | 32.150 $=$ | $2.6792=$ | 5.2758 $=$ | 2.2346 |
| 1 Myriagramme | 10000. |  |  | 26.792 | ......... | 22.046 |
| 1 Quintal. | 100000. |  | ... | 67.92 |  | 220.46 |
| 1 Tonneau. | 1000000. |  |  | 79.2 | , | 2204.6 |

## Metric, or French Linear Measure.



## Reference Tables and Information.-Continued.

## Metric, or French Cubic or Solid Measure.



## Assay Ton Weights.

The Assay Ton Weights is a system made up from a comparison of the Avoirdupois, Troy and Gramme Weights, and will be found extremely simple and useful, saving a vast amount of calculation and labor.

The unit of the system is the assay ton $=29.1666$ grammes. Its derivation will be seen at a glance.

1 lb . Avoirdupois $=7,000$ Troy grains.
$2,000 \mathrm{lbs} .=1$ ton.
$2,000 \times 7,000=14,000,000$ Troy grains, in one ton Avoirdupois.
480 Troy Grains $=1 \mathrm{oz}$. Troy.
$14,000,000-\div 480=29.1666$ Troy ozs. in $2,000 \mathrm{lbs}$. Avoirdupois.
There are 29.1666 milligrammes in one assay ton (A. T); hence $2,000 \mathrm{lbs}$. is to 1 A. T. as 1 oz . Troy is to 1 milligramme.

Therefore, if $1 \mathrm{~A} . T$. of ore assays 1 milligramme of gold or silver, the ton contains 1 ounce Troy.

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## 15 Apr'Gs





[^0]:    *(The weight denominated by Dr. Chandler "One A. T." equals 29.1666 grammes, and contains, consequently, as many milligrammes as there are troy ounces in a ton avoirdupois of 2000 pounds. The assay ton weights is a system made up from a comparison of the avoirdupois, troy and gramme weights, and will be found extremely simple and useful, saving a vast amount of calculation and labor. The unit of the system is the assay ton $=29,1666$ grammes. Its derivation will be seen at a glauce. 1 lb . avoirdupois $=7000$ troy grains; $2000 \mathrm{lbs}=1$ ton; $2000 \times 7000=14,000,000$ troy grains, in 1 ton avoirdupois; 480 troy grains $=1$ ounce troy; $14,000,000 \div 480=29,1666$ troy nunces in 20001 lbs . avoirdupois. There are 29,1666 milligrammes in one assay ton (A. T.); hence 2000 lbs . is to 1 A . T. as 1 ounce troy is to 1 milligramme. Therefore, if 1 A . T. of ore assays 1 milligramme of gold or silver, the ton contains 1 ounce troy.)

[^1]:    1434 Crusher. Bosworth. For laboratory and assayers' use. Hand Crusher$\$ 30.00$

[^2]:    Price

[^3]:    Price

