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A LABORATORY HAND-BOOK FOR DIETETICS

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A · LABORATORY HAND-BOOK FOR DIETETICS ·

 \mathbf{BY}

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PREFACE.

Investigations into the quantitative requirements of the human body have progressed so far as to make dietetics to a certain extent an exact science, and to emphasize the importance of a quantitative study of food materials. It is the purpose of this little book to explain the problems involved in the calculation of food values and food requirements, and the construction of dietaries, and to furnish reference tables which will minimize the labor involved in such work without limiting dietary study to a few food materials.

Only brief statements of the conditions affecting food requirement have been made, the reader being referred to general text-books on the subject of nutrition for fuller information, but such data have been included as seem most useful in determining the amount of food for any normal individual under varying conditions of age and activity.

Most of the available information in regard to food values is in terms of percentage composition, or of a single unit, as the 100-Calorie portion or the individual serving. The two latter are very useful, but too limited in scope and too inelastic in form to serve the needs of the general student. The former involves calculations which are always tedious and rob the student of time for a more comprehensive comparative study of food values. To lighten this labor, tables are included, giving the food values for the 100-Calorie Portion, which is taken as the Standard Portion in the sense that it serves as a convenient unit in building up a day's ration to yield a stated number of Calories; for the gram, which is the unit of weight for all scientific workers; for the ounce, the common unit of the small family group; and for the pound, the unit of the large family or institutional group. These tables have been in practical use for several years in the author's classes, and their value in relieving the student of monotonous clerical labor has been demonstrated.

While it is desirable to encourage the use of labor-saving devices, the student of dietetics ought to know the processes involved in dietary calculation, for these must be applied frequently in estimation of the food values of mixtures of food materials. Experience has shown that every step must be explained in detail, and no apology is offered for the exceeding simplicity of some of the problems presented.

No attempt has been made to give measures corresponding to different weights of food materials, because this is properly a part of laboratory work in dietetics, and ample space has been provided for records of original observations. Such data must always be used with caution, for there is great diversity in the capacity of measuring vessels unless officially standardized, and much more in foods of different qualities, localities, and seasons.

The author gratefully acknowledges the helpful criticism of Professor Henry C. Sherman in the preparation of this work.

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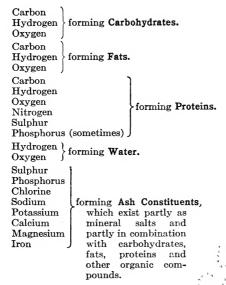


PART I.

FOOD VALUES AND FOOD REQUIREMENT.

THE COMPOSITION OF FOOD MATERIALS.

The nutritive value of any food material depends largely upon its chemical composition. Through food must be supplied all the elements which enter into the structure of the living body, which afford energy for its activities, and which so regulate the vital processes as to produce that harmonious interaction which means health. The chief elements which food must furnish are carbon, hydrogen, oxygen, nitrogen, sulphur, phosphorus, iron, sodium, potassium, calcium, magnesium, and chlorine. The body can use these elements only in the form of certain definite compounds; charcoal and diamonds are forms of carbon, but no one would take them for food. The most important combinations of elements available for the welfare of the body are shown in the following table:



With the exception of water, which can be supplied independently of other substances in such quantities as may be necessary, the essential constituents of food are proteins, fats, carbohydrates, and ash constituents.

In case of many food materials, there is more or less inedible material, such as the rind of fruits, the shells of nuts, bone, connective tissue, and sometimes fat in meat, which is discarded as refuse. It is customary for food analysts to report their findings on a food which contains refuse in two ways:

- 1. As Purchased, the amount of material which is ordinarily rejected being included in the total weight on which the percentage of each constituent is calculated.
- 2. Edible Portion, the refuse being entirely discarded before taking the weight on which the calculations are made.

A single example will serve to make this clear. An average banana, weighing about five and one-half ounces, will lose on peeling nearly two ounces, or approximately thirty-five per cent of its original weight. The total weight of each of the foodstuffs in such a banana is as follows:

Water,	Protein,	Fat,	Carbohydrate,	Ash,
ounces	ounces	ounces	ounces	ounces
2.69	0.04	0.02	0.79	0.03

If these values are expressed in percentages of the original weight of the unpeeled fruit (5.5 ounces), the results are reported "As Purchased":

Refuse,*	Water,	Protein,	Fat,	Carbohydrate,	Ash,
per cent	per cent				
35.0	48.9	0.8	0.4	14.3	0.6

If they are expressed in terms of the peeled fruit (3.57 ounces), the results appear somewhat different, and are reported as "Edible Portion":

Refuse,	Water,	Protein,	Fat,	Carbohydrate,	Ash,
per cent	per cent				
	75.4	1.1	0.6	22.1	0.8

In which of the above ways food values shall be expressed is merely a matter of convenience, provided the amount of refuse is not far

^{*} The average per cent of refuse in a number of the more common food materials is shown in Table XV.

from the average. A greater degree of accuracy as to nutritive value is insured by first removing the inedible portion, and then basing calculations on the weight of edible substance, but it must be borne in mind that the refuse affects estimations of cost made in this way. Thus if three bananas are purchased for five cents, and are found to weigh one pound in their skins, the weight of edible material will be about ten ounces; at the rate of ten ounces for five cents, the cost per pound of edible material will be nearly eight cents. Knowing the percentage of refuse, we can convert the weight of edible material into weight as purchased by the following proportion:

Weight of edible portion: Per cent of edible portion: x : 100. x =weight of material as purchased.

Thus, in the case above,
Weight of edible portion Per cent of edible portion

10.4 ounces : 65 :: x : 100. x = 16 (ounces of material as purchased).

Water is present in all food materials, with the exception of a few pure fats, sugars and starches. The amount may be anywhere from two to ninety-five per cent, crackers averaging about seven per cent, bread about thirty-five per cent, most meats from sixty to seventy-five per cent, and fresh fruits and vegetables from seventy-five to ninety-five per cent. Since water can be added to the diet without cost, its presence or absence is most significant from the economic standpoint. A pound of fresh tomatoes and one of rolled oats can often be bought for the same price, but the tomatoes will contain fifteen ounces of water and one ounce of dry matter, whereas the oats will furnish fifteen ounces of dry matter and one ounce of water; in other words, the dry matter in the tomatoes in this case may cost eighty cents per pound, while that in rolled oats costs five and one-third cents per pound.

PROTEIN is not determined directly, but is estimated from the amount of nitrogen which the given material contains. The average amount of nitrogen in protein is estimated as about sixteen per cent. If we assume that sixteen parts of nitrogen correspond to one hundred parts of protein, then for one part of nitrogen, there will be six and one-fourth parts of protein. Analyses made

in this way report the crude protein as "N imes 6.25." This method is not strictly accurate for two reasons; first, because the nitrogen present may not be altogether in the form of true proteins, but partly as simpler compounds of lower value; second, because individual proteins differ considerably in the per cent of nitrogen which they contain, some having as low as fifteen per cent, and a number having seventeen to eighteen per cent. Hence, to secure strict accuracy, different factors are needed for the different food materials; but inasmuch as calculations of food values made on average analyses are only approximately correct in any given case, the convenient factor 6.25 has been widely adopted, and is satisfactory if it be borne in mind that estimations of protein in food materials made in this way tend to indicate somewhat more protein than is probably available to the body. For such reasons as these, it is customary in experimental work, to compare the intake and output of nitrogen rather than to try to express that in food in terms of protein.

Fat is determined by extraction of the food material with ether, and hence is more accurately designated "ether extract." Besides true fat and fatty acids, this extract may contain other acids, waxes, coloring matter or other substances. Thus the amount of fat is exaggerated, especially in some food materials low in fat, such as fresh fruits and green vegetables, in which as much as fifty per cent of the ether extract may be substances other than fat. In cases where the amount of fat is relatively greater, errors due to this cause are practically negligible.

Carbohydrates, as ordinarily reported, are estimated "by difference," that is, by subtracting the sum of the percentages of protein, fat, ash and water from one hundred. Here again, the results are only approximately accurate, partly because all the errors in the other estimations are charged against the carbohydrates, and partly because carbohydrates may be included which are not available for food, as woody fiber and certain gums.

Ash is obtained by burning off all the combustible substances and weighing the residue. It is chiefly significant in showing what proportion of a dry foodstuff is not available for fuel; consequently reports of total ash are not very important in dietary calculation. The nature of the mineral matter is, however, a matter of considerable importance, and while it is not necessary to calculate

the total amount of each of the different mineral constituents in every dietary, familiarity with their distribution in food materials should be acquired by frequent reference to such data as in Tables XX and XXI.

THE FUNCTIONS OF FOOD.

The human body is a working machine, for which the fuel is food; it is an aggregation of living cells in which chemical changes are continually occurring, old material being thrown out to be replaced by new, which must be obtained from food; it is an organism capable of building itself up from a single cell by conversion of food into body substance. It cannot, however, perform these functions without the proper balance of chemical compounds in all its tissues and fluids, and these compounds must be derived from a well-balanced diet. It may be said, therefore, that food has three important functions; namely, to supply energy; to build body substance; and to regulate body processes.

FOOD AS A SOURCE OF ENERGY.

Proteins, fats and carbohydrates have the great common function of supplying the body with energy, which is the power to do work. This power is manifested in various ways, such as motion, heat, light, chemical or electrical activity. Our bodies are energy-transformers; their sole source of energy is food, and the most important result of the changes which foods undergo in the body is the evolution of energy in the form of work or heat. The work may be internal, as that of digestion, respiration, circulation, and muscular tension; or external, as in walking, running, or other muscular activity; the heat is chiefly a by-product of these various forms of work, but under certain circumstances, when heat loss is very rapid, energy may be converted into this form, to maintain the normal body temperature.

Since energy is easily transformed into heat, and this form is readily measured, a heat unit, the Calorie, has been adopted as the most convenient measure of energy. One Calorie is the amount of heat required to raise one kilogram (2.2 pounds) of water one degree Centigrade, or one pound of water four degrees Fahrenheit. Expressed in terms of work, it represents that required to lift one pound through the distance of 3087 feet or 3087 foot-pounds

The total energy value of each of the fuel foodstuffs (proteins, fats, and carbohydrates) has been determined by burning it in a calorimeter in pure oxygen, under such conditions that all the heat evolved is taken up by water surrounding the vessel in which the combustion occurs, and the increase in the temperature of the water measured by a delicate thermometer. In the body, combustion of protein is not quite so complete as in the calorimeter, and there are usually some losses due to failure of complete digestion of each kind of foodstuff, so that the available energy is somewhat less than the total energy value. In a healthy human being, on an ordinary mixed diet, the fuel value of each foodstuff is on the average as follows:*

Protein, 4 Calories per gram, Fat, 9 Calories per gram, Carbohydrate, 4 Calories per gram.

Knowing the percentage composition of any food material, it is possible by means of these factors to compute its probable yield of energy to the body, as illustrated in Problem III, page 52.

FOOD AS BUILDING MATERIAL.

During the period of growth, which extends over the first twenty-five years of life, the body increases in weight usually from fifteen to twenty times. The source of the new body substance is food. In adult life, growth ceases, except in special cases, as when the body tissues have been depleted through disease or accident or where unusual exercise or pregnancy induces muscle formation; but in all living substance there is a constant loss of old material, to be replaced by new, small in amount, but essential to life. Hence there is never a time when building material can be dispensed with entirely, though it becomes less prominent after maturity. The foodstuffs which play a specific rôle in body building are the proteins and certain ash constituents, the most important being phosphorus, iron, and calcium.

Protein supplies nitrogen, essential for the protoplasm of all active cells and especially for the making of muscle. It is also a source of sulphur for body protein.

^{*} Most of the calculations of fuel value previously made are slightly higher than those in this book, owing to the use of Rubner's factors (protein 4.1, fat 9.3, carbohydrate, 4.1) which are now known to allow too little for losses in digestion.

Phosphorus, like nitrogen, is essential to the development of every cell. It is also one of the chief elements giving rigidity to the bones. It occurs in chemical combination with protein and fat in milk and eggs, as simpler organic compounds in grains and legumes, and chiefly as inorganic salts in meat, fish, fruits and green vegetables. The organic forms, especially phospho-proteins and phospho-fats, seem to be used to the best advantage in body-building.

Iron is an essential element of the hemoglobin of the blood, and of all cell nuclei. Oxidation and cell development are therefore dependent on its presence. Food iron is in the form of iron-protein compounds, found especially in egg yolk, green vegetables fruits, legumes and whole grains.

Calcium as building material is found chiefly in the bones, and teeth. It occurs in food in combination with protein, as in milk, or as inorganic salts in whole grains, legumes, fruits and vegetables.

FOOD IN THE REGULATION OF BODY PROCESSES.

The chief constituents of food participating in the regulation of body processes are the ash constituents and water.

The most important mineral elements besides phosphorus, iron, calcium and sulphur, are magnesium, potassium, sodium and chlorine. Upon the presence of the salts formed by these elements depend the neutrality of the blood, the acidity or alkalinity of the digestive juices, the solvent power and osmotic pressure of different body fluids, and the elasticity and irritability of nerve and muscle. They form such combinations as tend to protect the body against harmful substances when present, and to aid in their elimination.

FOOD REQUIREMENT.

THE ENERGY REQUIREMENT OF NORMAL ADULTS.

The first requirement of the body is for energy to replace that lost in its constant internal work, and more or less irregular and variable external work. The greater the amount of muscular work, the higher the energy requirement. By use of the following tables it is possible to determine with considerable accuracy the energy requirement of any adult.* Tables I and II give the aver-

^{*} For detailed discussion of the factors influencing the energy requirement, and interpretation of the terms indicating different degrees of muscular activity consult Sherman's Chemistry of Food and Nutrition; Lusk's Science of Nutrition; or Von Noorden's Metabolism and Practical Medicine.

TABLE I.

Symonds's Table of Height and Weight for Men at Different Ages.*
(Based on 74,162 accepted applicants for life insurance.)

Ages	15-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64	65-69
5 ft. 0 in.	120	125	128	131	133	134	134	134	131	
1 "	122	126	129	131	134	136	136	136	134	
2 "	124	128	131	133	136	138	138	138	137	
3 "	127	131	134	136	139	141	141	141	140	140
4 "	131	135	138	140	143	144	145	145	144	143
5 "	134	138	141	143	146	147	149	149	148	147
6 "	138	142	145	147	150	151	153	153	153	151
7 ''	142	147	150	152	155	156	158	158	158	156
8 "	146	151	154	157	160	161	163	163	163	162
9 "	150	155	159	162	165	166	167	168	168	168
10 ''	154	159	164	167	170	171	172	173	174	174
11 "	159	164	169	173	175	177	177	178	180	180
6 ft. 0 "	165	170	175	179	180	183	182	183	185	185
1 "	170	177	181	185	186	189	188	189	189	189
2 "	176	184	188	192	194	196	194	194	192	192
3 "	181	190	195	200	203	204	201	198		

^{*} Medical Record, Sept. 5, 1908.

TABLE II.

Symonds's Table of Height and Weight for Women at Different Ages.*
(Based on 58,855 accepted applicants for life insurance.)

Ages	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35–39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64
4 ft. 11 in. 5 " 0 " 1 " 2 " 3 " 4 " 5 "	111 113 115 117 120 123 125	113 114 116 118 122 125 128	115 117 118 120 124 127 131	117 119 121 123 127 130 135	119 122 124 127 131 134 139	122 125 128 132 135 138 143	125 128 131 134 138 142 147	128 130 133 137 141 145 149	128 131 134 137 141 145 149	126 129 132 136 140 144 148
6 " 7 " 8 " 9 " 10 "	128 128 132 136 140 144	132 135 140 144 147	135 139 143 147 151	137 143 147 151 155	143 147 151 155 159	146 150 155 159 163	151 154 158 163 167	153 157 161 166 170	153 156 161 166 170	152 155 160 165 169

^{*} McClure's Magazine, Jan. 1909.

age weight in proportion to height, for men and women of different ages, and Tables III, IV, V and VI afford data for calculating the energy requirement according to this weight. Thus a man weighing 70 kilograms, at light exercise, will require 2450–2800 Calories according to Table III, or if we state his day's activity more definitely, assuming that he sleeps 7 hours, works at his desk 10 hours, does exercise equivalent to walking 7 hours, we may then calculate his requirement according to Table IV:

Sleeping, 7×65 Calories = 455 Calories. Sitting, 10×100 Calories = 1000 Calories. Walking, 7×170 Calories = 1190 Calories. Total for day, 2645 Calories.

This corresponds very well with our previous estimate, and with Atwater's average for a sedentary occupation, Table V.

If the subject under consideration is an adult of normal physique but weighs more or less than 70 kilograms, the total energy requirement is calculated as proportional to weight. Thus for a person of 55 kilograms (man or woman), with the same degree of activity, the proportional energy requirement would be 2078 Calories. In the strictest sense the smaller subject would probably have a somewhat larger energy output per unit of weight, as metabolism is more nearly proportional to surface than to weight.

TABLE III.

VON NOORDEN'S ALLOWANCE PER KILOGRAM FOR NORMAL NUTRITION OF YOUNG AND MIDDLE AGED ADULTS.

At complete rest30-35	5 Calories per kilogram per day.
With light exercise35–40	Calories per kilogram per day.
With moderate exercise40-45	Calories per kilogram per day.
With hard muscular labor45-60	Calories per kilogram per day.

TABLE IV.

ATWATER AND BENEDICT'S HOURLY FACTORS.*

Man sleeping	65 Calories per hour.
Man sitting at rest	100 Calories per hour.
Man at light muscular exercise	170 Calories per hour.
Man at active muscular exercise	290 Calories per hour.
Man at severe muscular exercise	450 Calories per hour.
Man at very severe muscular exercise	600 Calories per hour.

^{*} Calculated for the average man weighing 70 kilograms (154 pounds).

TABLE V.

ATWATER'S ESTIMATE ACCORDING TO DEGREE OF MUSCULAR ACTIVITY.*
Man at moderately active muscular work (like carpenter or mason)3400 Calories.
Man at hard muscular work (1.2 the food of a man moderately
active)4080 Calories.
Man at light muscular work (0.9 the food of a man moderately
active)3060 Calories.

Man at sedentary occupation	
Man at sedentary occupation	2720 Calories.
ately active)	
Woman at light work (0.7 the food of a man moderately active)	2380 Calories.

*Calculated for the average man weighing 70 kilograms (154 pounds) and the average woman weighing 56 kilograms (123 pounds).

TABLE VI. TIGERSTEDT'S ESTIMATE ACCORDING TO OCCUPATION.*

Occupation	Calories per Day
Shoemaker	2001–2400
Weaver	2401–2700
Carpenter or mason	2701–3200
Farm laborer	3201-4100
Excavator	4101–5000
Lumberman	Over 5000

^{*} Calculated for a man of average weight, 70 kilograms or 154 pounds.

THE ENERGY REQUIREMENT OF CHILDREN.

The energy requirement of children is higher in proportion to body weight than that of adults. In youth the metabolism is more intense and there is a great storage of food materials in the body in the process of growth, as is evident from the fact that a baby doubles in weight in the first 180 days of life. The muscular activity of children is also frequently greater than that of adults, so that their food requirement may be increased further in this way.

To calculate the energy requirement of any child, it is necessary to know the requirements per unit of weight at different stages of growth, *i. e.*, different ages, and the weight of the normal child at corresponding periods. Such data will be found in Tables VII–XI. Thus a normal boy, five years old, 42 inches high, should weigh 41 pounds or 18.6 kilograms, and will require at least 80 Calories per kilogram, making a total per day of 1488 Calories. With more than moderate activity, as much as 90 Calories per kilogram may be required, a total of 1674 per day.

If a child is below normal weight, he should not be fed according to his present weight, but regarded as undernourished and treated as nearly as possible in harmony with what his weight ought to be. Standards for children should in general be considered as representing the minimum rather than the maximum food requirement.

TABLE VII.

AVERAGE ENERGY REQUIREMENT OF CHILDREN PER KILOGRAM OF BODY WEIGHT

Calories per Kilogram
100
100-90
90-80
80-70
70–60
60-45

TABLE VIII.

AVERAGE TOTAL ENERGY REQUIREMENT OF CHILDREN.

	The state of Children
Age in Years	Total Calories
1–2	900-1200
2-5	1200-1500
6-9	1400-2000
10-13	1800-2200
$1417\left\{ egin{array}{l} ext{girls} \\ ext{boys} \end{array} ight.$	2200-2600
boys	2500-3000

TABLE IX.

AVERAGE WEIGHTS OF CHILDREN FROM BIRTH TO THE FIFTH YEAR.*

	W	eight
Age	Pounds	Kilograms
At birth	7.5	3.4
6 months	15.0	6.8
1 year	21.0	9.5
2 years { boys	30.3 29.2	13.8 13.3
3 years { boys	34.9 33.1	$15.9 \\ 15.0$
4 years { boys	37.9 36.3	$17.2 \\ 16.5$

^{*}Sill, New York Medical Journal, January 14, 1911, p. 70 (from tables by Koplik).

TABLE X.

AVERACE WEIGHT AND HEIGHT OF BOYS AT DIFFERENT AGES.*

The figures represent weight in pounds.

Ht.	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	13	17	18	19	20
In.	Yrs.	Yrs.	Yrs.	Yrs.	Yrs.	Yrs.	Yrs.	Yrs.	Yrs.	Yrs.	Yrs.	Yrs.	Yrs.	Yrs.	Yrs.	Yrs.
39 40 41 42 43 44 45 50 55 55 55 56 66 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73	35 38 39 41 42 46	36 30 41 42 44 46 48	42 43 46 48 49 54	45 48 50 53 54 57 59	50 53 55 58 60 62 62 65	53 55 58 60 62 65 68 69 71	61 61 65 68 71 77 77 78	63 67 70 75 76 79 84 84 85	67 71 75 80 85 86 91 98 99 100	67. 71 76 79 82 86 90 94 97 103 107 114 122	79 82 87 91 95 106 112 118 121 128 133 134 136	90 96 104 112 120 125 129 133 140 140	104 110 117 122 125 130 130 143 146	118 120 126 131 136 143 144	120 126 129 134 136 139 144 146 149	125 139 132 136 145 146 154

^{*} Taken from the Ninth Yearbook of the National Society for the Study of Education, Part I, *Health and Education*, by Thomas Denison Wood, A.M., M.D., 1910, with the permission of the author.

TABLE XI.

Average Weight and Height of Girls at Different Ages.*

The figures represent weight in pounds.

Ht.	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	
In.	Yrs.	Yrs.	Yrs.	Yrs.	Yrs.	Yrs.	Yrs.	Yrs.	Yrs.	Yrs.	Yrs.	Yrs.	Yrs.	Yrs.	Yrs.	Yrs.	
39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65	34 37 38 41 41 45	35 37 39 41 43 45 48	39 42 44 45 47 50	42 45 47 49 51 53 56	49 51 53 56 59 63	54 57 58 62 64 69	60 62 63 68 70 75	63 66 69 71 75 78 83 88 94	65 68 73 76 80 86 89 94 99 104	78 83 88 96 100 104 107 112 114	89 97 100 102 106 118 118	100 104 109 111 116 116	109 109 110 110 117 125	103 106 107 112 114 120	99 105 111 113 119 123	99 111 114 115 125	

^{*} Taken from the Ninth Yearbook of the National Society for the Study of Education, Part I, *Health and Education*, by Thomas Denison Wood, A.M., M.D., 1910, with the permission of the author.

THE ENERGY REQUIREMENT OF THE AGED.

In old age, the activity of the cells diminishes, decreasing the rate of metabolism and the amount of internal work. External work is usually less than in middle life, and the ability of the body to deal with an excess of food is lessened. For these reasons, the energy requirement per unit of weight gradually declines as old age comes on, usually after the 60th year, and sometimes earlier. While senility cannot be measured exactly in years, we may, for convenience, divide this period into three parts, (1) from 60 to 70; (2) from 70 to 80; (3) from 80 to the end of life, as a basis for estimating food requirements.

The energy requirement is most satisfactorily calculated by

using one of the methods suggested for obtaining the energy requirement of an adult* when the weight of the individual is known and suitable allowance is made for lessened activity. After the requirement has been calculated as if for a middle aged person, a deduction should be made for the decreased metabolism according to the following table, adapted from suggestions by Von Noorden.

TABLE XII.

VON NOORDEN'S REDUCTIONS IN	ENERGY REQUIREMENT IN OLD AGE.
Age in Years	Per Cent of Reduction
60–70	10
70–80	20
80	30

THE PROTEIN REQUIREMENT.

The protein requirement cannot be stated with the same exactness as the energy requirement. We know that some proteins will support growth; others serve merely to maintain the body at constant weight, and still others will by themselves neither maintain nitrogen equilibrium nor support growth. It is necessary therefore to choose proteins with some care if we try to limit the amount very closely, especially in childhood when they are so important for growth; or to take food materials of many kinds, so that different types of protein are represented in the diet.

The total amount of protein required is independent of the amount of muscular activity. In the adult it depends rather upon the amount of active tissue in the body. In the case of an adult man of ordinary physique weighing seventy kilograms, while the energy requirement may vary from 2400 to 4000 Calories according to occupation, a protein supply of about one gram per kilogram of body weight per day will be adequate. In the child the requirement is much higher in proportion to weight, owing to the use of protein as building material, especially for the muscles. At the time of most rapid growth nature provides about two and one-half grams of protein per kilogram of body weight per day. This is about ten per cent of the fuel requirement per kilogram, and it will be observed that a man at moderately active work, taking one gram of protein per kilogram is also getting about ten per cent

^{*} Cf. Tables I-VI.

of his calories in the form of protein. In old age, when new body substance is not being built, the existing cells are less active, and the body is less capable of disposing of an excess, so that less than one gram per kilogram of body weight is needed, we find that there is also a decreased demand for total fuel, affording again a parallelism between energy and protein requirement. It seems safe to say therefore, that except at complete rest, from ten to fifteen per cent of the total fuel in the form of protein is sufficient for any age when the energy requirement is fully met.

When the protein in the diet is excessively high, it raises the metabolism without any beneficial and possibly with harmful effects. It is at least a wasteful excess, and should be avoided. On the other hand, while it is possible to satisfy the requirements for nitrogen with less than ten per cent of the fuel in the form of protein, such a supply does not afford much reserve for such emergencies as loss in digestion, or inability of the body to utilize to good advantage the type of protein supplied, and is usually inadvisable.

THE FAT AND CARBOHYDRATE REQUIREMENT.

Assuming that from ten to fifteen per cent of the total fuel is derived from protein in satisfying the nitrogen requirement of the body, the remainder of the daily fuel supply will have to be provided from carbohydrates and fats. The amount of fat which can be digested differs with the individual and the form in which it is taken, but the average man's maximum capacity for digestion of fat is about 200 grams per day. The amount of carbohydrates which can be taken to advantage depends largely upon the form, starch being capable of good digestion in amounts up to or even above 500 grams per day. The assimilation limits for sugar vary with the kind, but are lower than that for starch.

Under certain circumstances carbohydrates have a greater protein-sparing power than fats, but unless more than one-half of the total calories of the day's ration be derived from fats, the protein sparing action of a fat calorie or a carbohydrate calorie is practically the same. In the ordinary diet of a healthy individual the carbohydrates tend to predominate, so that there is no necessity for estimating fat and carbohydrate separately; the relative proportions will be determined largely by questions of

bulk and ease of digestion. In special cases it is sometimes necessary to calculate each separately, as in diabetes where the carbohydrate must be limited. The tables of food values will make these calculations comparatively simple.

THE ASH REQUIREMENT.

In a diet selected from a wide range of food materials, or a more limited one containing some kind of fruit and some green vegetable every day, and having milk as a prominent constituent, the needs of the individual for body-building and body-regulating ash constituents will probably be satisfactorily met. The ash requirement has not yet been determined with the same accuracy as the energy requirement, but there is abundant evidence that attention must be paid to the mineral elements of the diet, some of which are as important as protein even though needed in much smaller amounts. The ones which it seems most unwise to leave to chance are phosphorus, iron and calcium, diets which supply protein and fuel in adequate amounts not necessarily carrying a sufficiency of all of these. The quantities per day believed to be adequate for an average healthy man are as follows:

Phosphoric acid	2.75	grams
Calcium oxide	0.7	gram
Iron	.0.015	gram

The calculation of the ash constituents is laborious, and inasmuch as the amounts required are comparatively small, it is simpler to see that the foods rich in these elements are well represented, *i. e.*, milk, eggs, whole grains, peas, beans, green vegetables and fruit, any excess of ash not being likely to do harm.

When for any reason there is scarcity of the above foods, or a diet especially rich in any particular ash constituent is desired, the quantitative estimations of the various elements may be made by means of Tables XX and XXI.

PART II.

PROBLEMS IN DIETARY CALCULATION.

PROBLEM I.

STUDIES IN WEIGHT, MEASURE AND COST OF SOME COMMON FOOD MATERIALS.

In the following table (XIII) are grouped those common food materials which are purchased and used by measure more frequently than by weight. The food values are given for all the customary units of weight, namely, the gram for scientific accuracy, the ounce for the small family and the pound for the larger institution, the data being calculated, unless otherwise stated, from Bulletin 28, Office of Experiment Stations, U. S. Department of Agriculture, using the Atwater factors for energy values. Since estimates of food values made on average proximate analyses cannot be absolutely accurate, the number of digits in this table (and in Table XIX) has been limited to one or two decimal places except on the gram, where the food values serve also to indicate the percentage composition as given in the original report. These can be used in cases where the closest concordance in results is desired.

For weighing the food materials, a Harvard Trip Scale with weights from one gram to one-half kilogram will be found most satisfactory, although any reliable household scale accurate to one-fourth ounce can be used. A number of standard or 100-Calorie portions of food materials representing the different classes of foodstuff should be weighed, carefully measured, and the result recorded in the blank space provided in the measure column of the tables. The total weight of the market unit, as the quart, can or package, should also be recorded in the blank space under the data on food values, and the cost of this and the 100-Calorie portion recorded in the cost column. Other useful data are the weight of one cupful or one tablespoonful, etc., of foods used by these measures in cookery, such as flour, sugar, butter, and milk. Comparison of the cost of 100-Calorie portions will give a true idea of

3

the relative economy of the different food materials as sources of fuel, and will save much time in dietary calculation. A complete record of a food material will appear as follows:

Example of a Food Record.

Food	ď.		Weigh	nt	Pro-	Fat,	Carbo-	Fuel	Cost,	
Ma- terlal	αi	lb.	oz.	gms.	tein, Grams	Grams	hydrate, Grams	Value, Calories	Dollars	Measure
Bread,				1	0.093	0.012	0.527	2.59		
white,			1		2.63	0.34	14.94	73.4	0.0041	
miscel- lane-		1			42.18	5.44	239.05	1174	0.0666	
ous.	1		1.36	38.6	3.6	0.46	20.39	100	0.0056	{1 thick slice
			12.00	340.0	31.56	4.08	179.28	880	0.05	1 loaf

TABLE XIII.

FOOD VALUES OF FOOD MATERIALS REQUIRING STUDY OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES, AND OF COMPARATIVE COST ON THE BASIS OF FUEL VALUE.

Calculated principally from Bulletin 28, Office of Experiment Stations, U. S. Department of Agriculture.

- A. P. denotes "as purchased."
- E. P. denotes "edible portion."
- S. P. denotes "standard" or "100-calorie" portion.

The Per Cent of Refuse in common food materials is given in Table XV.

When it is impractical to weigh certain food materials some idea of the relation between weight and measure may be gained by reference to tables in the following publications:

Flora Rose-Human Nutrition, Part I, Cornell University, 1909.

Locke-Food Values, New York, 1910.

Pattee-Practical Dietetics, New York, 1910.

Food	P.		Weigh	t	Protein,	Fat,	Carbo-	Fuel	Cost,	Approxi-
Material	αi	1b.	oz.	gms.	Grams	Grams	hydrate, Grams	Value, Calories	Dollars	mate Measure
Almonds,				1	0.115	0.302	0.095	3.56		
A. P.			1		3.26	8.56	2.69	100.9		
		1			52.16	136.96	43.09	1614		
	1		0.99	28.1	3.23	8.49	2.67	100		
Almonds,				1	0.210	0.549	0.173	6.47		
E. P.			1		5.95	15.56	4.90	183.5		
		1			95.25	249.03	78.47	2936		
	1		0.54	15.5	3.24	8.48	2.67	100		
,										
Apples,				1	0.016	0.022	0.661	2.91		
dried,			1		0.45	0.62	18.74	82.4		
A. P.		1			7.25	9.93	299.83	1318		
	1		1.21	34.4	0.55	0.75	22.74	100		
	l									

TABLE XIII.

FOOD VALUES OF FOOD MATERIALS REQUIRING STUDY OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES, AND OF COMPARATIVE COST ON THE BASIS OF FUEL VALUE.—Continued.

Flood	P.		Welgl	nt	Protein,	Fat,	Carbo-	Fuel	Cost,	Approxi-
Food Material	Ω.	lb.	oz.	gms.	Grams	Grams	hydrate, Grams	Value, Calories	Dollars	mate Measure
Apples,				1	0.003	0.003	0.108	0.47		
fresh,			1		0.09	0.09	3.06	13.4		
A. P.		1	 		1.36	1.36	48.99	214		
	1		7.49	212.3	0.64	0.64	22.93	100		
					ļ 					
Apples,				1	0.004	0.005	0.142	0.63		
fresh,			1		0.11	0.14	4.05	17.8		
E. P.		1			1.81	2.27	64.6	285		
	1		5.61	159.0	0.64	0.79	22.58	100		
					<u></u>					
Apricots,				1	0.047	0.010	0.625	2.78		
dried,			1		1.33	0.28	17.72	78.7		
A. P.		1			21.32	4.54	283.50	1260 .		
	1		1.27	36.0	1.69	0.36	22.50	100		
Apricots,				1	0.010		0.126	0.54		
fresh,			1		0.28		3.57	15.4		
A. P.		1			4.54		57.16	247		
	1		6.48	183.8	1.84		23.16	100		

Apricots,				1	0.011		0.134	0.58		
fresh,			1		0.31		3.80	16.4		
E. P.		1			4.99		60.78	263		
	1		6.08	172.4	1.89		23.10	100		

Food	F.		Weigh	t	Protein,	Fat,	Carbo-	Fuel	Cost,	Approxi-
Material	υż	lb.	oz.	gms.	Grams	Grams	hydrate, Grams	Value, Calories	Dollars	mate Measure
Asparagus,				1	0.015	0.001	0.028	0.18		
canned,			1		0.43	0.03	0.79	5.1		
A. P.		1			6.80	0.45	12.70	82		
	1		19.49	552.5	8.29	0.55	15.47	100		
					•					
Asparagus,				1	0.018	0.002	0.033	0.22		
fresh,			1		0.51	0.06	0.93	6.3		
A. P.		1			8.16	0.91	14.96	101		
	1		15.89	450.5	8.10	0.90	14.85	100		
Bacon,				1	0.095	0.594		5.73		
smoked,			1	•	2.69	16.84		162.3		
A. P.		1.	•		43.09	269.44		2597		
	1	_	0.62	17.5	1.66	10.37		100		
					,					
Bacon,				1	0.105	0.648		6.25	·	
smoked,			1		2.98	18.37		177.2		
E. P.		1			48.63	412.08		2836		
	1		0.56	16	1.68	10.37		100		
····										
Bananas,				1	0.008	0.004	0.143	0.64		
A. P.			1		0.23	0.11	4.05	18.1		
		1		1500	3.62	1.81	64.80	290		
	1		5.51	156.2	1.24	0.62	22.32	100		

Food	P.		Weigh	t	Protein,	Fat,	Carbo-	Fuel Value.	Cost,	Approxi- mate
Food Material	αi	lb.	oz.	gms.	Grams	Grams	hydrate, Grams	Value, Calories	Dollars	Measure
Bananas				1	0.013	0.006	0.220	0.99		
E. P.			1		0.37	0.17	6.24	27.9		
		1			5.90	2.72	99.79	447		
	1		3.58	101.4	1.32	0.61	22.31	100		
Barley,				1	0.085	0.011	0.778	3.55		
pearled.			1		2.41	0.31	22.06	100.6		
		1			38.55	4.78	352.90	1610		
	1		0.99	28.2	2.38	0.31	21.78	100		
Beans,				1	0.225	0.018	0.596	3.45		
dried,			1		6.37	0.51	16.89	97.7		
A. P.		1			102.06	8.16	270.34	1564		
	1		1.02	29.0	6.53	0.52	17.30	100		
Beans,				1	0.040	0.003	0.146	0.77		
Lima,			1		1.112	0.09	4.14	21.9		
canned.		1			18.14	1.36	66.21	350		
	1		4.58	129.7	5.19	0.39	18.94	100		
Beans,				1	0.181	0.015	0.659	3.50		
Lima,			1		5.13	0.43	18.68	99.1 *		
dried.		1			82.10	6.80	298.92	1586		
	1		1.01	28.6	5.17	0.43	18.85	100		

TABLE XIII.

		_								
Food Material	S. P.	Hb.	Weigh oz.		Protein, Grams	Fat, Grams	Carbo- hydrate, Grams	Fuel Value, Calories	Cost, Dollars	Approxi- mate Measure
		ть.		gms.						
Beans,				1	0.032	0.003	0.099	0.55		
Lima,			1		0.91	0.09	2.81	15.6		
fresh,		1			14.52	1.36	44.91	250		
A. P.	1		6.40	181.5	5.81	0.54	17.96	100		
Beans,				1	0.071	0.007	0.220	1.23		
Lima,			1		2.02	0.20	6.24	• 34.8		
fresh,		1			32.21	3.17	99.79	557		
E. P.	1		2.88	81.5	5.79	0.57	17.93	100		
										
Beans,				1	0.021	0.003	0.069	0.39		
string,			1		0.59	0.09	1.96	11.0		
fresh,		1			9.52	1.36	31.30	176		
A. P.	1		9.11	258.4	5.43	0.78	17.83	100		
Beans,				1	0.023	0.003	0.074	0.42		
string,		-	1		0.65	0.09	2.10	11.8		
fresh,		1	_		10.40	1.36	33.60	189		
E. P.	1		8.50	241.0	5.54	0.72	17.83	100		
23. 1.	1		0.00	211.0	0.01	0=				
Beef, dried,				1	0.264	0.069		1.68		
salted,			1	1	7.48	1.96		47.5		
smoked.		1	1		119.75	31.30		760		
втокеа, А. Р.	1	1	0.11	50.7		4.11		100		
A. F.	1		2.11	59.7	15.74	4.11		100		
}	.	-	.							

TABLE XIII.

,-							DASIS OF	FUEL	VALUE.	1	
	Food Material	S. P.	_	Weigh	1	Protein, Grams	Fat, Grams	Carbo- hydrate, Grams	Fuel Value, Calories	Cost, Dollars	Approxi- mate Measure
1			lb.	oz.	gms.			Grams	Calories		Measure
1	Beef, dried,				1	0.300	0.065	0.004	1.80		
1	salted,			1		8.50	1.84	0.11	51.1		
ı	smoked,		1			136.08	29.48	1.81	817		
ı	E. P.	1		1.96	55.5	16.66	3.61	0.22	100		
	Beef,				1	0.236	0.277		3.44		
ı	roast,			1		6.69	7.85		97.4		
1	A. P.		1			107.05	125.64		1559		
		1		1.03	29.1	6.87	8.06		100		
1				1100	20.1	0.01	0.00		100		
1	••••••							-			
1											
	Beef suet,					0.047	0.010				
1					1	0.047	0.818		7.55		
1	A. P.			1		1.33	23.19		214.0		
ı			1			21.32	371.04		3425		
		1		0.47	13.2	0.62	10.83		100		
-											
1-											•
-											
]	Beets,				1	0.013	0.001	0.077	0.37		
ı	fresh,			1		0.37	0.03	2.18	10.6		
ı	A. P.		1			5.90	0.45	34.93	167		
		1		9.56	271.0	3.52	0.27	20.87	100		
-											
]	Beets,				1	0.016	0.001	0.097	0.46		
	fresh,			1		0.45	0.03	2.75	13.1	***************************************	
1	E. P.		1			7.26	0.45	44.00	209		
1		1	_	7.66	217.1	3.47	0.45	21.10			
1		_			~11.1	0.47	0.22	21.10	100		
5											

TABLE XIII.

7	P.		Weigh	t			Carbo-	Fuel		Approxi-
Food Material	αi	lb.	oz.	gms.	Protein, Grams	Fat, Grams	hydrate, Grams	Value, Calories	Cost, Dollars	mate Measure
Black-				1	0.013	0.010	0.109	0.58		
berries,			1		0.37	0.28	3.09	16.4		
fresh,		1			5.89	4.54	49.44	262		
A. P.	1		6.10	173.0	2.25	1.73	18.85	100		
Bread,				1	0.093	0.012	0.527	2.59		
white,			1		2.63	0.34	14.94	73.4		
miscel-		1	1.00		42.18	5.44	239.05	1174		
laneous.	1		1.38	39.0	3.60	0.46	20.39	100		
Butter.				1	0.010	0.850		7 69	v I	
Datter.			1	•	0.28	24.09		217.9		
		1	-		4.54	385.56		3488		
	1		0.46	13.0	0.13	11.05		100		
			V V.							
Cabbage,				1	0.014	0.002	0.048	0.27		
A. P.			1		0.40	0.06	1.36	7.5		
		1			6.35	0.91	21.77	120.6		
	1		13.26	376.0	5.26	0.75	18.05	100		
••••••										
	ļ									
Cabbage,				1	0.016	0.003	0.056	0.32		
E. P.			1		0.45	0.09	1.59	8.9		
		1			7.25	1.36	25.40	143		
	1		11.20	317.5	5.08	0.95	17.78	100		

Food Material	S. P.		Weigh		Protein, Grams	Fat, Grams	Carbo- hydrate, Grams	Fuel Value, Calories	Cost, Dollars	Approxi- mate Measure
<u> </u>	_	lb.	oz.	gms.	0.009	0.002	0.074	0.35		
Carrots,			1	1	0.009	0.002	2.10	9.9		
A. P.		1	1		4.08	0.91	33.56	159		
	1	1	10.08	285.7	2.57	0.57	21.14	100		
	1		10.00	200.1	2.0.	5.5.				
Carrots,				1	0.011	0.004	0.093	0.45		
E. P.			1		0.31	0.11	2.64	12.8		
		1			4.99	1.81	42.18	205		
	1		7.80	221.2	2.43	0.88	20.55	100		

Cauli-				1	0.018	0.005	0.047	0.31		
flower,			1		0.51	0.14	1.33	8.7		
A. P.		1			8.16	2.27	21.32	188		
1	1		11.57	327.9	5.91	1.64	15.41	100		
	-									
	-									
Celery,				1	0.009	0.001	0.026	0.15		
A. P.			1		0.26	0.03	0.74	4.2		
1		1			4.08	0.45	11.79	68		
	1		23.67	671.1	6.04	0.67	17.45	100		
		-								
1										
C-1		-								
Celery,		-	4	1	0.011	0.001	0.033	0.19		
E. P.			1		0.31	0.03	0.93	5.2		
1	1	. 1	10.07	E40.0	4.98	0.45	14.97	84		
	1		19.07	540.6	5.94	0.54	17.84	100		
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TABLE XIII.

Food	Р.		Weigh	it	Protein,	Fat,	Carbo-	Fuel	10	Approxi-
Material	αż	lb.	oz.	gms.	Grams	Grams	hydrate, Grams	Value, Calories	Cost, Dollarg	mate Measure
Cheese,				1	0.288	0.359	0.003	4.40	•	
Ameri-			1		8.16	10.18	0.09	124.0		
can pale,		1			130.64	162.84	1.35	1994		
A. P.	1		0.80	22.8	6.50	8.17	0.07	100		
Cheese,				1	0.187	0.274	0.015	3.27		
Neu-			1		5.30	7.78	0.42	92.8		
chatel,		1			84.82	124.30	6.80	1485		
A. P.	1		1.08	30.5	5.71	8.47	0.46	100		
Cherries,				1	0.009	0.008	0.159	0.74		
fresh,			1		0.25	0.23	4.51	21.1		
A. P.		1			4.08	3.63	72.12	338		
	1		4.74	134.4	1.21	1.08	21.37	100		
	·									
Cherries,				1	0.01	0.008	0.167	0.78		
fresh,			1		0.28	0.23	4.73	22.1		
E. P.		. 1			4.54	3.63	75.75	354		
	1		4.52	128.2	1.28	1.03	21.41	• 100		
Charalat					0.100	0.40	0.202	6.11		
Chocolate.				1	0.129	0.487	0.303	173.3		
		1	1		3.65 58.51	13.80 220.90	8.59 137.40	2772		
	1	1	0.58	16.4	2.11	7.97	4.95	100		
	1		0.08	10.4	۷.11	1.91	4.89	100		
•••••										
										¢

TABLE XIII.

Food	₽.i		Weigh	t	Protein,	Fat,	Carbo- hydrate,	Fuel Value,	Cost,	Approxi- mate
Material	σά	lb.	oz.	gms.	Grams	Grams	Grams	Calories	Dollars	Measure
Cocoa.				1	0.216	0.289	0.377	4.97	4~	
			1		6.12	8.19	10.69	141.0		
		1			97.98	131.10	171.00	2256	15	
	1		0.71	20.1	4.34	5.81	7.58	100		
Cod, salt,				1	0.277	0.003		1.14		
boneless,			1		7.85	0.09		32.2		
A. P.		1	9.10		125.65	1.36		515		
	1		3.10	88.0	24.40	0.26		100		
Corn,				1	0.028	0.012	0.190	0.98		
canned.			1		0.79	0.34	5.39	27.8		
		1			12.70	5.44	86.19	445		
	1		3.60	102.0	2.86	1.23	19.39	100		
Corn,				1	0.012	0.004	0.077	0.39		
green,			1		0.34	0.11	2.18	11.1		
A. P.		1			5.44	1.81	34.93	178		
	1		9.00	255.1	3.06	1.02	19.64	100		
Corn,				1	0.031	0.011	0.107	1 01		
green,			1	1	0.031	0.011	0.197 5.58	1.01 28.7		
E. P.		1			14.06	4.98	89.36	459		
	1		3.49	99.0	3.06	1.09	19.49	100		
				<u> </u>						·

TABLE XIII.

	P.		Weigh	t	Destale	T-4	Carbo-	Fuel		Approxi-
Food Material	αi	lb.	oz.	gms.	Protein, Grams	Fat, Grams	hydrate, Grams	Value, Calories	Cost, Dollars	mate Measure
Corn-				1	0.092	0.019	0.754	3.56		
meal,			1		2.61	0.54	21.38	100.8		
granular.		1			41.73	8.62	342.01	1613		
	1	-	0.99	28.1	2.59	0.53	21.20	100		
Corn-				1	0.055	0.015	0.810	3.60		
flakes,			1		1.56	0.43	23.00	102.1		
toasted.*		1			24.95	6.80	367.40	1631		
	1		0.99	27.8	1.53	0.42	22.53	100		
Corn-				1			0.900	3.60		
starch.			1				25.52	102.0		
		1					408.24	1632		
	1		0.99	27.8			25.0	100		
					0.100	0.004	0.738	4.20		
Crackers,				1	0.100	0.094 2.66	20.92	119.0		
graham.			1		2.84 45.36	42.64	334.76	1904		
	1	1	0.84	23.8	2.38	2.24	17.58	100		
_	1		0.84	20.8	2.33	2.24	11.00	100		
Crackers,				1	0.113	0.105	0.705	4.22		
oyster.			1		3.20	2.98	19.98	119.6		
0,5001.		1			51.26	47.63	320.10	1914		
	1		0.84	23.7	2.68	2.49	16.72	100		
		-	_							

^{*}Ont. Dept. of Agr., Bull. 162.

Food	P.		Weig	ht	Protein,	Fat,	Carbo- hydrate,	Fuel Value,	Cost,	Approxi- mate
Material	αį	lb.	oz.	gms.	Grams	Grams	Grams	Calories	Dollars	Measure
Crackers,				1	0.098	0.091	0.731	4.14		
soda.			1		2.78	2.58	20.74	117.2		
		1			44.45	41.27	331.64	1875		
	1		0.85	24.2	2.37	2.20	17.68	100		
~					0.004	0.000	0.000	0.45		
Cran-			4	1	0.004	0.006	0.099	0.47		
berries,			1		0.11 1.81	0.17 2.72	2.81 44.91	13.2 211		
A. P.	1	1	7.57	214.6	0.86	1.29	21.25	100		
	1		7.57	214.0	0.80	1.29	21.25	100		
Cream,				1	0.022	0.400	0.030	3.81		
thick,			1		0.62	11.34	0.85	107.9		
(40 %).		1			9.98	181.44	13.67	1727		
	1		0.93	26.3	0.58	10.47	0.78	100		
Cucum-				1	0.007	0.002	0.026	0.15		
bers,			1		0.20	0.06	0.74	4.3		
A. P.		1			3.17	0.91	11.79	68		
	1		23.53	666.7	4.67	1.33	17.33	100		

Cucum-					0.000	0.000	0.063			
bers,			1	1	0.008	0.002	0.031	0.17		
E. P.		1	1		0.23 3.63	0.06	0.88	4.9 79.0		
23. 1.	1	1	20.28	574.8	4.60	1.15	14.06 17.82	100		
			20,20	01-1.0	4.00	1.10	11.02	100		
					1				=1	
		_	-							

TABLE XIII.

Food	P.		Weigh	t	Protein,	Fat,	Carbo-	Fuel	Cost,	Approxi-
Material	αż	lb.	oz.	gms.	Grams	Grams	hydrate, Gram s	Value, Calories	Dollars	mate Measure
Currants,				1	0.024	0.017	0.742	3.22		
dried,			1		0.68	0.48	21.04	91.2		
(Zante),	 	1			10.89	7.71	336.58	1459		
A. P.	1		1.10	31.1	0.75	0,53	23.07	100		
Currants,				1	0.015		0.128	0.57		
fresh,			1		0.48		3.62	16.2		
A. P.		1			6.80		58.04	259		
	1		6.17	174.8	2.62		22.38	100		
Dates,				1	0.019	0.025	0.706	3.13		
dried,			1	1	0.54	0.71	20.01	88.6		
A. P.		1	1		8.62	11.34	320.20	1416		
	1		1.13	32.0	0.60	0.80	22.59	100		
Dates,				1	0.021	0.028	0.784	3.47		
dried,			1		0.60	0.79	22.23	98.4		
E. P.		1			9.53	12.70	355.60	1575		
	1		1.02	28.8	0.61	0.81	22.58	100		
								4.01		
Eggs,				1	0.119	0.093		1,31		
whole,			1.		3.37	2.63		37.2		
A. P.		1			53.98	42.18		595 100		
	1		2.69	76.2	9.06	7.08		100		
	-1					1		1	,	

Food	ם:		Weigh		Protein, Grams	Fat, Grams	Carbo- hydrate,	Fuei Value, Calories	Cost, Dollars	Approxi- mate
Material		lb.	oz.	gms.	Grams	Grams	Grams	Calories		Measure
Eggs,				1	0.134	0.105		1.48		
whole,			1		3.79	2.98		42.0		
E. P.		1			60.78	47.63		672		
	1		2.38	67.5	9.05	7.09		100		
Egg,				1	0.123	0.002		0.51		
white,			1		3.48	0.06		14.4		
E. P.		1			55.79	0.91		231		
	1		6.92	196.1	24.12	0.39		100		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·									-	
Egg, yolk,				1	0.157	0.333		3.63		
E. P.	-		1		4.45	9.44		102.7		
		1			71.22	151.05		1643		
	1		0.97	27.6	4.33	9.18		100		
Farina.				1	0.110	0.014	0.763	3.62		
			1		3.12	0.39	21.64	102.6		
		1			49.89	6.35	346.10	1641		
	1		0.97	27.6	3.04	0.39	21.09	100		
Eine 1 1								-		-
Figs, dried.				1	0.043	0.003	0.742	3.17		
			1		1.21	0.09	21.00	89.8		
		1			19.50	1.36	336.50	1437		
	1		1.12	31.6	1.36	0.09	23.44	100		

TABLE XIII.

Material	e.		Weigh	t	Protein,	Fat,	Carbo- hydrate,	Fuel Value,	Cost,	Approxi-
Food	vi	lb.	oz.	gms.	Grams	Grams	Grams	Calories	Dollars	mate Measure
Force.*				1	0.100	0.015	0.750	3.54		
			1		2.86	0.43	21.27	100.4		
		1			45.76	6.85	340.30	1605		
	1		1.0	28.3	2.82	0.42	21.19	100		
	-									
	-									
Gelatin.				1 .	0.914	0.001		3.67		
			1		25.91	0.03		103.9		
		1			414.59	0.45		1662		
	1		0.96	27.3	24.95	0.03		100		
•••••										
	-									
Graham				1	0.133	0.022	0.714	3.59		
flour.			1		3.77	0.63	20.24	101.7		
		1			60.32	9.98	323.87	1627		
	1		0.98	27.9	3.71	0.61	19.92	100		
	-									
Grapes,				1	0.010	0.012	0.144	0.72		
fresh,			1		0.28	0.34	4.08	20.5		
A. P.		1		.	4.54	5.44	65.32	328		
	1		4.87	138.1	1.38	1.66	19.89	100		
Grapes,				1	0.013	0.016	0.192	0.96		
fresh,			. 1		0.37	0.45	5.44	27.3		
E. P.		. 1			5.90	7.26	87.09	437		
	1		3.66	103.7	1.36	1.66	19.92	100		
		-	-							
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		-								

^{*} Ont. Dept. of Agr., Bull. 162.

			Weigh				Carbo-	Fuel	Continued.	Approxi-
Food Material	S. P.	lb.	oz.	gms.	Protein, Grams	Fat, Grams	hydrate, Grams	Value, Calories	Cost, Dollars	mate Measure
Grape-				1	0.115	0.010	0.790	3.71		
nuts.*			1		3.26	0.28	22.39	105.2		
		1			52.16	4.54	358.34	1683		
	1		0.95	27.0	3.11	0.27	21.33	100		•
Ham,				1	0.202	0.224		2.82		
smoked,			1		5.73	6.35		80.1		
boiled,		1			91.62	101.61		1281		
A. P.	1		1.25	35.4	7.15	7.93		100		
Hominy.				1	0.083	0.006	0.790	3.55		
			1		2.36	0.17	22.39	100.5		
		1			37.65	2.72	358.34	1608		
	1		1.0	28.3	2.35	0.17	22.32	100		
Lady				1	0.088	0.050	0.706	3.63		
fingers,			1		2.49	1.41	20.01	102.7		
A. P.		1			39.84	22.56	320.20	1643		
	1		0.97	27.6	2.43	1.40	19.47	100		
Lamb				1	0.104	0.007		0.14		
chops,			1	1	0.184 5.22	0.267		3.14		
broiled,		1	1		83.46	7.57 121.10		89.0 1425		-
A. P.	1		1.13	31.9	5.86	8.51		100		
- •			1.10	01.0	0.00	0.01		100		

^{*} Cnt. Dept. of Agr., Bull. 162.

TABLE XIII.

Food	P.		Weigh	ıt ,	Protein,	Fat,	Carbo-	Fuel		Approxi-
Material	vi	lb.	oz.	gms.	Grams	Grams	hydrate, Grams	Value, Calories	Cost, Dollars	mate Measure
Lamb				1	0.217	0.299		3.56		
chops,			1		6.15	8.48		100.9		
broiled,		1			98.43	135.63		1615		
E. P.	1		0.99	28.1	6.10	8.40		100		
T 1						1 000				
Lard, A. P.			1	1		1.000 28.35		9.00		
А. Г.		1	1			453.60		255.2 4082		
	1	1	0.39	11.1		11.11		100		
	1		0.00	11.1		11.11		100		
Lemon				1			0.098	0.39		
juice.			1				2.77	11.1		
Y Y		1					44.45	178		
	1		9.0	255.1			25.00	100		
Lentils,			-3	1	0.257	0.010	0.592	3.49		
dried,			1		7.29	0.28	16.78	98.8		
A. P.		1			116.57	4.54	268.52	1581		
	1		1.01	28.7	7.37	0.29	16.98	100		
Lettuce,				1	0.010	0.002	0.025	0.16		
A. P.			1	1	0.010	0.06	0.70	4.5		
		1	-		4.54	0.91	11.30	72		
	1		22.32	632.9	6.33	1.27	15.82	100		

TABLE XIII.

	or mention	-		ACCIONAL DESIGNATION OF THE PERSON OF THE PE						
Food Material	S. P.	lb.	Weigh	gms.	Protein, Grams	Fat, Grams	Carbo- hydrate, Crams	Fuel Value, Calories	Cost, Dollars	Approxi- mate Measure
Lettuce,		10.		1	0.012	0.003	0.029	0.19		
E. P.			1		0.34	0.09	0.82	5.4		
Д. Т.		1	1		5.44	1.36	13.15	87		
	1		18.47	523.6	6.28	1.57	15.18	100		_
				02010						
Macaroni.				1	0.134	0.009	0.741	3.58		
			1		3.80	0.25	21.00	101.5		
		1			60.78	4.08	336.12	1624		
	1		0.99	28.0	3.70	0.25	20.70	100		
Milk, con-				1	0.088	0.083	0.541	3.26		
densed,			1		2.49	2.35	15.34	92.5		
sweet-		1			39.95	37.65	245.40	1480		
ened.	1		1.08	30.6	2.70	2.54	16.58	100		
Milk, con-				1	0.096	0.093	0.112	1.67		
·densed,			1		2.72	2.63	3.17	47.3		
unsweet-		1			43.55	42.18	50.85	757		
ened.	1		2.11	59.9	5.75	5.57	6.71	100		
Milk,				1	0.034	0.003	0.051	0.37		
skimmed.			1		0.96	0.09	1.45	10.4		
		1			15.40	1.36	23.10	166		
-	1		9.61	272.5	9.26	0.82	13.90	100		

TABLE XIII.

Food	면.		Weigh	t	Protein,	Fat,	Carbo- hydrate,	Fuel Value,	Cost,	Approxi-
Material		1b.	oz	gms.	Grams	Grams	Grams	Calories	Dollars	Measure
Milk,				1	0.033	0.040	0.050	0.69		
whole.			1		0.94	1.13	1.41	19.6		
		1			14.96	18.14	22.68	314	***************************************	
	1		5.10	144.5	4.76	5.7 8	7.22	100		
			-;							
Molasses,				1	0.024		0.693	2.87		
cane,			1		0.68		19.65	81.3		
		1			10.88		314.40	1301		
	1		1.23	34.9	0,84		24.16	100		
Musk-				1	0.003		0.046	0.20		
melons,			1	1	0.003		1.30	5.6		
A. P.		1	1		1.36		20.86	88.9		
A. I.	1	1	18.00	510.2	1.53		23.47	100		
	1		13.00	010.2	1.00	•	20.11	100		
Musk-				1	0.006		0.093	0.40		
melons,			1		0.17		2.64	11.2		
E. P.		1			2.72		42.18	180		
	1		8.91	252.5	1.52		23.48	100		
Oats,				1	0.167	0.073	0.662	3.97		
rolled.			1		4.73	2.07	18.77	112.6		
		1			75.75	33.12	300.40	1803		
	1		0.89	25.2	4.20	1.83	16.67	100		
	-									

TABLE XIII.

	P.	1	Weigh		l		Carbo-	Fuel	Gt	Approxi-
Food Material	S.	lb.	oz.	gms.	Protein, Grams	Fat, Grams	hydrate, Grams	Value, Calories	Cost, Dollars	mate Measure
Olives,				1	0.008	0.202	0.085	2.19		
green,			1		0.23	5.72	2.41	62.1		
A. P.		1			3.63	91.60	38.55	993		
	1		1.61	45.7	0.36	9.22	3.88	100		
					}					
Olives,				1	0.011	0.276	0.116	2.99		
green,			1		0.31	7.82	3.29	84.8		
E. P.		1			4.99	125.18	52.61	1357		
	1		1.18	33.4	0.37	9.23	3.88	100		
Olive oil.				1		1.000		9.00		
			1			28.35		255.1		
		1				453.60		4082		
	1		0.39	11.1		11.11		100		-,
O-:					0.014					
Onions,			•	1	0.014	0.003	0.089	0.44		
fresh, A. P.			1		0.40	0.09	2.52	12.4		
А. Г.		1	0.00	007.0	6.35	1.36	40.37	199		
	1		8.03	227.6	3.19	0.68	20.27	100		
Onions,				1	0.016	0.003	0.099	0.49		
fresh,			1		0.45	0.003	2.80	13.8		
E. P.		1			7.26	1.36	44.80	220		-
	1		7.24	205.4	3.30	0.62	20.33	100		
						0.02	20.00	100		
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TABLE XIII.

Food	д.		Weigh	t	Protein,	Fat,	Carbo-	Fuel	Cost	Approxi-
Material	αi	lb.	oz.	gms.	Grams	Grams	hydrate, Grams	Value, Calories	Cost, Dollars	mate Measure
Oranges,				1	0.006	0.001	0.085	0.37		
fresh,			1		0.17	0.03	2.41	10.6	••••••	
A. P.		1			2.72	0.45	38.56	169		
	1		9.45	268.1	1.61	0.27	22.79	100		
Oranges,				1	0.008	0.002	0.116	0.51		
fresh,			, 1		0.23	0.06	3.29	14.6		
E. P.		1			3.63	0.91	52.61	233		
	1		6.86	194.6	1.56	0.39	22.57	100		
04				•	0.000	0.010	0.000	0.40		
Oysters,			4	1	0.060	0.013	0.033	0.49		
solids, A. P.			1		1.70	0.37	0.94	13.9	***************************************	
A. P.		1	7.01	004 5	27.22	5.90	14.97	222		
•	1		7.21	204.5	12.27	2.66	6.75	100		
Oysters, in				1	0.062	0.012	0.037	0.50		
shell,			1	1	1.75	0.34	1.05	14.3		
E. P.		1	1		28.14	5.44	16.30	229		
13.11	1	1	7.00	198.4	12.30	2.38	7.34	100		
	*		1.00	100.1	12.50	2.00	1.01	100		
Parsnips,				1	0.013	0.004	0.108	0.52		
A. P.			1	-	0.37	0.11	3.06	14.7		
		1			5.90	1.81	48.96	236		
	1		6.78	192.3	2.50	0.77	20.77	100		

Food	년.		Weign	t	Protein,	Fat,	Carbo- hydrate,	Fuel Value,	Cost, Dollars	Approxi- mate
Material	σi	lb.	oz.	gms.	Grams	Grams	Grams	Calories	Donars	Measure
Parsnips,				1	0.016	0.005	0.135	0.65		
E. P.			1		0.45	0.14	3.83	18.4		
		1			7.30	2.27	61.24	294		
	1		5.43	154.1	2.47	0.77	20.80	100		
Peaches,				1	0.007	0.001	0.108	0.47		
canned,			1		0.20	0.03	3.06	13.3		
A. P.		1			3.17	0.45	48.99	213		
	1		7.50	213.2	1.49	0.21	23.03	100		
							-			
Peaches,				1	0.005	0.001	0.077	0.34	·	
fresh,			1		0.14	0.03	2.18	9.6		
A. P.		1			2.27	0.45	34.92	153		
	1		10.47	296.7	1.48	0.30	22.85	100		
Peaches,				1	0.007	0.001	0.094	0.41		
${ m fresh},$			1		0.20	0.03	2.67	11.7		
E. P.		1			3.17	0.45	42.64	187		
	1		8.53	242.1	1.70	0.24	22.76	100		
•										
Peanuts,				1	0.195	0.291	0.185	4.14		
A. P.			1		5.52	8.25	5.24	117.3	3	
		1			88.36	131.87	83.82	1877	(C-	
	1		0.85	24.2	4.71	7.03	4.47	100		
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TABLE XIII.

Food	P.		Weigh	t	Protein,	Fat,	Carbo- hydrate,	Fuel Value,	Cost,	Approxi-
Material		lb.	oz.	gms.	Grams	Grams	Grams	Calories	Dollars	mate Measure
Peanuts,				1	0.258	0.386	0.244	5.48	WA.	
E. P.			1		7.31	10.94	6.91	155.4	p -	
		1			117.03	175.09	110.70	2487		
	1		0.64	18.2	4.69	7.03	4.44	100		
Peanut				1	0.293	0.465	0.171			
butter.			1		8.31	13.20	4.85	171.3		
		1			132.90	210.90	77.56	2741		
	1		0.58	16.5	4.85	7.70	2.83	100		
					0.000	0.000	0.100	0.70		
Pears,				1	0.003	0.003	0.180			
canned,			1		0.09	0.09	5.10	21.5 344		
A. P.		1	4.05	101.7	1.36	1.36	81.64	100		
	1		4.65	131.7	0.39	0.39	23.72	100		
Pears.				1	0.005	0.004	0.127	0.56		
fresh,			1	1	0.14	0.11	3.60	16.0		
A. P.		1	1		2.27	1.81	57.61	256		
71. 1.	1		6.25	177.3	0.86	0.71	22.52	100		
	1		0.20	2,,,,						
Pears,				1	0.006	0.005	0.141	0.63		
fresh,			1		0.17	0.14	4.00	17.9		
E. P.		1			2.72	2.27	63.96	287		
	1		5.57	158.0	0.95	0.79	22.28	100		

Food	٠ <u>.</u>		Weigh	t .	Protein,	Fat,	Carbo- hyurate,	Fuel Value,	· Cost,	Approxi- mate
Material	SQ.	lb.	0¥.	gms.	Grams	Grams	Grams	Calorics	Dollars	Measure
Peas,				1	0.036	0.002	0.098	0.55		
canned.			1		· 1.02	0.06	2.78	15.7		
		1			16.32	0.91	44.45	251		
	1		6.37	180.5	6.52	0.36	17.73	100		
Peas,				1	0.246	0.010	0.620	3.55		
dried,			1		6.97	0.28	17.57	100.7		
split,		1			111.6	4.54	281.40	1612		
A. P.	1		0.99	28.1	6.92	0.28	17.40	100		
							,			
		-,								
Peas,				1	0.036	0.002	0.098	0.55		
green,			1		1.02	0.06	2.78	15.7		
A. P.		1			16.33	0.91	44.45	251		
	1		6.37	180.5	6.50	0.36	17.69	100		
					···					
						·				
Peas,				1	0.070	0.005	0.169	1.00		
green,			1		1.98	0.14	4.79	28.3		
E. P.		1			31.70	2.27	76.66	454		
	1		3.52	99.9	6.99	0.50	16.88	100		
Dings1		-			0.00:	0.00=	0.00:			
Pineapple,				1	0.004	0.007	0.364	1.53		
canned, A. P.		1	1		0.11	0.20	10.32	43.5		
Λ. 1.	1	1	2.30	65.1	1.81 0.26	3.18 0.45	165.10 23.71	696		
	1		2.00	05.1	0,20	0.40	23.71	100		
		1								
	-	-								
	-1	-			-}					

Food	급.		Weigh	t	Protein,	Fat,	Carbo- hydrate.	Fuel	Cost,	Approxi-
Material	αi	lb.	oz.	gms.	Grams	Grams	Grams	Value, Calories	Dollars	mate Measure
Pineapple,				1	0.004	0.003	0.097	0.43		
fresh,			1 .		0.11	0.09	2.75	12.2	i	
E. P.		ï			1.81	1.36	44.04	196		
	1		8.18	232.0	0.93	0.70	22.5	100		
Plums,				1	0.009		0.191	0.80		
fresh,			1		0.25		5.42	22.7		
A. P.		1		407.0	4.08		86.64	363	-	
	1		4.41	125.0	1.13		23.87	100 -		
Plums,				1	0.010		0.201	0.84		***************************************
fresh.			1	1	0.010		5.70	23.9		
E. P.		1	1		4.54		91.16	383		
12. 1.	1	1	4.18	118.5	1.19		23.81	100		
· .	. 1		1.10	110.0	1.10		20.01			
Potatoes,				1	0.018	0.001	0.147	0.67		
raw,			1		0.51	0.03	4.17	19.0		
A. P.		1			8.16	0.45	66.68	304		
	1		5.27	149.5	2.69	0.15	21.97	100		
Potatoes,				1	0.022	0.001	0.184	0.83		
raw,			1		0.62	0.03	5.22	23.6		
E. P.		1			9.93	0.45	83.46	378		
	1		4.23	120.0	2.64	0.12	22.09	100		
		.								

Food	ď.		Weigl	nt	Protein,	Fat,	Carbo- hydrate,	Fuel Value,	Cost,	Approxi-
Material	σi	lb.	oz.	gms.	Grams	Grams	Grams	Calories	Dollars	Measure
Potatoes,				1	0.068	0.398	0.467	5.72		
cooked,			1		1.93	11.28	13.25	162.2		
chips,		1			30.85	180.50	211.80	2596		
A. P.	1		0.62	17.5	1.19	6.96	8.16	100		
Potatoes,				1	0.014	0.006	0.219	0.99		
sweet,			1		0.39	0.17	6.21	27.9		
A. P.		1			6.35	2.72	99.24	447		
	1		3.58	101.4	1.42	0.60	22.20	100		
Potatoes,	ī			1	0.018	0.007	0.274	1.23		
sweet,			1		0.51	0.20	7.77	34.9		
E. P.		1			8.16	3.18	124.29	558		
	1		2.86	81.2	1.46	0.57	22.26	100		
D										
Prunes, A. P.			1	1	0.018		0.622	2.56		
A. P.		1	-		0.51		17.63	72.6		
	1		1.37	39.1	8.16 0.70		282.10	1161		
	1		1.37	39.1	0.70		24.30	100		
Prunes,				1	0.021		0.733	3.02		
E. P.			1	1	0.60		20.78	85.5		
		1	_		9.53		332.48	1368		
	1		1.17	33.2	0.70		24.30	100		
				55.2			24.00	100		

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TABLE XIII.

	F.		Weigh	t	Protein,	Fat,	Carbo-	Fuel	G .	Approxi-
Food Material	S. E	lb.	oz.	gms.	Grams	Grams	hydrate, Grams	Value, Calories	Cost, Dollars	mate Measure
Radishes,				1	0.009	0.001	0.040	0.21		
A. P.			1		0.26	0.03	1.13	5.8		
		1			4.08	0.45	18.14	93		
	1		17.21	487.8	4.39	0.49	19.51	100		
Radishes,				1	0.013	0.001	0.058	0.29		
E. P.			1		0.37	0.03	1.64	8.3	***************************************	
		1			5.90	0.45	26.31	133		
	1		12.04	341.3	4.43	0.34	19.79	100		
Raisins,				1	0.023	0.030	0.685			
A. P.			1		0.65	0.85	19.42	87.9		
		1			10.43	13.61	310.70	1407		
	1		1.14	32.2	0.74	0.97	22.08	100		
					0.000	0.022	0.761	3.45		
Raisins,				1	0.026	0.033	21.57	97.7		
E. P.			1		0.74 11.79	14.97	345.19	1563		
		1	1.00	29.0	0.76	0.96	22.09	100		
	1		1.02	29.0	0.70	0.00	22.00	100		
Raspber-				1	0.017	0.010	0.126	0.66		
ries, black,			1	1	0.48	0.28	3.57	18.8		
fresh,		1	1		7.71	4.54	57.16	300		
E. P.	1		5.33	151.1	2.57	1.51	19.08	100		
					_					
	,									

Food Material	S. P.		Weigh		Protein, Grams	Fat, Grams	Carbo- hydrate, Grams	Fuel Value, Calories	Cost, Dollars	Approxi- mate Measure
		lb.	oz.	gms.	0.004	0.004		0.14		
Rhubarb,				1	0.004	0.004	0.022	3.9		
fresh,			1		0.11	0.11	0.62			
A. P.		1			1.81	1.81	9.98	62		
	1		25.20	714.2	2.86	2.86	15.71	100		
					0.000	0.007	0.026	0.92		
Rhubarb,				1	0.006	0.007	0.036	0.23 6.6		
fresh,			1		0.17	0.20	1.02			
E. P.		1			2.72	3.17	16.33	105		
	1		15.27	433.0	2.60	3.03	15.58	100		
Rice.				1	0.08	0.003	0.790	3.51		
			1		2.26	0.09	22.39	99.4		
		1			36.32	1.36	358.34	1591		
	1		1.01	28.5	2.28	0.09	22.52	100		
Salmon,				1	0.195	0.075		1.45		
canned,			1		5.53	2.13		41.2		
A. P.		1			88.45	34.02		660		
	1		2.41	68.7	13.40	5.15		100		
l										
Salmon,				1	0.218	0.121		1.96		
canned,			1		6.18	3.43		55.6		
E. P.		1			98.87	54.88		889		
1	1		.1.80	51.0	11.12	6.17		100		
	-									
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TABLE XIII.

Food	P.		Weigh	t	Protein,	Fat,	Carbo- hydrate,	Fuel Value,	Cost, Dollars	Approxi- mate
Material	αċ	lb.	oz.	gms.	Grams	Grams	Grams	Calories	Dollars	Measure
Saltines.				1	0.106	0.127	0.685	4.31		
			1		3.00	3.60	19.42	122.1		
		1			48.08	57.60	310.70	1954		
	1		0.82	23.2	2.46	2.95	15.90	100		
					·					
Sardines,				1	0.237	0.121		2.04		
canned,			1		6.72	3.43		57.7		
A. P.		1			107.50	54.89		924		
	1		1.73	49.1	11.64	5.94		100		
						-				
Sardines,				1	0.230	0.197		2.69		
canned,			1	1	6.52	5.58		76.3		
E. P.		1	1		104.32	89.28		1221		
ъ. г.	1	1	1.31	37.1	8.54	7.32		100		
	1		1.51	01.1	0.01	1.02		100		
Spinach,				1	0.021	0.003	0.032	0.24		
fresh,			1		0.59	0.09	0.91	6.8		
- E. P.		1	<u></u>		9.52	1.36	14.50	108		
	1		14.76	418.4	8.79	1.25	13.39	100		
Squash,				1	0.007	0.002	0.045	0.23		
fresh,			1		0.20	0.06	1.28	6.4		
A. P.		1			3.17	0.91	20.41	103		
	1		15.62	443	3.10	0.88	19.91	100		
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	-1		.1	.						

TABLE XIII.

Food	ם.		Weigh	t	Protein,	Fat,	Carbo- hydrate,	Fuel Value,	Cost,	Approxi- mate
Material	αi	lb.	oz.	gms.	Grams	Grams	Grams	Calories	Dollars	Measure
Straw-				1	0.009	0.006	0.070	0.37		
berries,			1		0.26	0.17	1.98	10.5		
fresh,		1			4.08	2.72	31.75	168		
A. P.	1		9.53	270.3	2.43	1.62	18.90	100		
					0.010	0.000	0.074	0.20		
Straw-				1	0.010 0.28	0.006	0.074 2.10	0.39 11.1		.'
berries, fresh,		1	1		4.54	0.17 2.72	33.57	177		
E. P.	1	1	9.04	256.4	2.56	1.54	18.97	100		
12. 1	•		0.01	200.1	2.00	1.01	10.01			
Sugar,				1			1.00	4.00	u i	
granu-			1				28.35	113.4		
lated:		1					453.60	1814		
,	1		0.88	25.0			25.00	100		-
1										140
Tapioca.				1	0.004	0.001	0.880	. 3.55		
			1		0.11	0.03	24.95	100.5		
	1	1	0.99	28.2	1.81 0.11	0.45	399.20	1608		
	1		0.99	28.2	0.11	0.03	24.83	100		
Tomatoes,				1	0.012	0.002	0.04	0.23		
canned.			1		0.34	0.06	1.13	6.4		
		1			5.44	0.91	18.10	103		
	1		15.63	442.5	5.31	0.88	17.70	100		
ļ										

TABLE XIII.

OI								VALUE.	-Continued.	
Food Material	S. P.		Weigh	ı	Protein, Grams	Fat, Grams	Carbo- hydrate,	Fuel Value,	Cost, Dollars	Approxi- mate
		lb.	oz.	gms.			Grams	Calories	Donais	Measure
Tomatoes,				1	0.009	0.004	0.039	0.23		
fresh,			1		0.26	0.11	1.10	6.5		
A. P.		1		-,	4.08	1.81	17.69	103		
	1		15.47	438.6	3.95	1.75	17.11	100		
						·				
Turnips,				1	0.009	0.001	0.057	0.27		
fresh,			1		0.26	0.03	1.62	7.7		
A. P.		1			4.08	0.45	25.85	124		
	1		12.92	366.3	3.30	0.37	20.88	100		
										·
Turnips,				1	0.013	0.002	0.081	0.39		
fresh,			1		0.37	0.06	2.30	11.2		
E. P.		1			5.89	0.91	. 36.74	179		
	1		8.95	253.8	3.30	0.51	20.56	100		
Walnuts,				1	0.049	0.173	0.035	1.89		
Cali-			1		1.39	4.94	0.99	53.6		
fornia,		1			22.21	78.40	15.87	859		
A. P.	1		1.86	52.8	2.59	9.14	1.85	100		
			-,00							
Walnuts,				1	0.184	0.644	0.130	7.03		
Cali-			1	1	5.22	18.26	3.69	200.0		
fornia,		1	1		83.46	292.10	58.97	3199		
E. P.	1	1	0.50	14.2	2.61	9.13	1.84	100		
г. г.	1		0.00	14.2	2.01	0.10				
	1									

TABLE XIII.

Food Values of Food Materials Requiring Study of Weights and Measures, and of Comparative Cost on the Basis of Fuel Value.—Continued.

Food	. P.		Weigh	t	Protein, Grams	Fat, Grams	Carbo- hydrate,	Fuel Value, Calories	Cost, Dollars	Approxi-
Material	ωi	lb.	oz.	gms.			Grams	Calories		Measure
Wheat,				1	0.134	0.014	0.743	3.63		
flaked,			1		3.80	0.39	21.06	103.0		
		1			60.78	6.35	337.00	1648		
	1		0.97	27.5	3.70	0.38	20.50	100		
Wheat,				1	0.138	0.019	0.719	3,60		
flour,			1		3.91	0.53	20.38	102.0		
entire.		1			62.60	8.69	326.14	1633	·	
	1		0.98	27.8	3.84	0.53	19.98	100		
Wheat,				1	0.112	0.010	0.749	3.53		
flour, high			1		3.18	0.28	21.24	100.2		
grade, roll-		1			50.80	4.53	339.75	1603		
er process.	1		1.0	28.3	3.17	0.28	21.19	100		
Wheat,				1	0.121	0.018	0.752	3.65		
shredded.			1		3.43	0.51	21.31	103.6		
		1			54.88	8.16	341.10	1657		
	1		0.97	27.4	3.51	0.49	20.59	100		
Zwiebach.				1	0.098	0.099	0.735	4.22		
			1		2.77	2.80	20.83	119.6		
		1			44.45	44.90	333.40	1916		
	1		0.84	23.7	2.32	2.35	17.41	100		

PROBLEM II.

GIVEN THE PERCENTAGE COMPOSITION, TO FIND THE WEIGHT OF PROTEIN, FAT, AND CARBOHYDRATE RESPECTIVELY, IN ANY WEIGHT OF FOOD MATERIAL.

In studying food values, it is necessary to be able to translate percentage quickly into terms of weight and vice versa. This is simple if it be clearly understood at the outset that percentage means parts per 100 parts, without regard to whether these parts be taken by English or Metric system. Cows' milk has the following percentage composition:

Protein	Fat	Carbohydrate
3.3 per cent	4.0 per cent	5.0 per cent

If we take as the basis for calculation a unit of weight, as one pound, we shall find the following weight of protein, fat and carbohydrate yielded by this amount of milk:

Protein	Fat	Carbohydrate
0.033 poun d	$0.04 \mathrm{pound}$	0.05 pound

The scientific unit of weight is the gram, and the food-stuffs are commonly reported in terms of this unit. In one gram of milk there will be by weight, according to the above analysis:

Protein	Fat	Carbohydrate
0.033 gram	$0.04 \mathrm{gram}$	$0.05~\mathrm{gram}$

in other words, dividing the figures representing the percentage composition by 100 (i. e., moving the decimal point two places toward the left) will give the weight in grams of protein, fat and carbohydrate in one gram of any food material.

The number of grams of protein, fat or carbohydrate in one ounce of any food material may be found most easily by multiplying the values for one gram by 28.35, the number of grams in one ounce. Thus one ounce of milk yields:

Protein	Fat	Carbohydrate			
0.9355 gram	$1.134~\mathrm{grams}$	$1.4175 \mathrm{\ grams}$			
(0.033×28.35)	(0.04×28.35)	(0.05×28.35)			

The number of grams of protein, fat, or carbohydrate in one pound will be found by multiplying the values for one gram by

453.6, the number of grams in one pound. Thus one pound of milk yields:

· Protein	Fat	Carbohydrate
14.9688 grams	18.144 grams	22.68 grams
(0.033×453.6)	(0.04×453.6)	(0.05×453.6)

In general, to find the weights of foodstuffs in any given amount of food material, find the weight of the material, express this in grams, and multiply the result by the food values for one gram. For example, to find the weight of each of the foodstuffs in quart of milk.

First, ascertain the weight-34.4 ounces.

Second, express this weight in grams— $34.4 \times 28.35 = 975.24$ grams.

Third, multiply the weight in grams by the food values for one gram, as follows:

Protein	975.24	X	0.033	=	32.183	grams.
Fat	975.24	×	0.04	=	39.0096	grams.
Carbohydrates	975.24	×	0.05	=	48.762	grams.

In actual practice it is not necessary to retain all of these figures in the decimal fractions, which imply greater accuracy than is possible in estimating food values from average analyses of the food materials, as already stated in Problem I. The discrepancies which occur from dropping decimals are within the limits of accuracy in this method of determining food values.

PROBLEM III.

TO FIND THE FUEL VALUE OF ANY GIVEN WEIGHT OF FOOD MATERIAL.

Since fuel values are expressed in terms of Calories per gram, one gram of protein yielding 4 Calories, one gram of fat 9 Calories, and one gram of carbohydrate 4 Calories, it is necessary to find first the amount of each nutrient in the given weight of food material in grams, and then to multiply these results by the respective factors for fuel values, the sum of the products being the total fuel value. For example, one gram of milk yields 0.033 gram of protein, 0.04 gram of fat and 0.05 gram of carbohydrate (cf. Problem II). Then

```
0.033 × 4 = 0.132 Calories from protein

0.04 × 9 = 0.360 Calories from fat

0.05 × 4 = 0.200 Calories from carbohydrate

Total. 0.692 Calories, fuel value of one gram of milk.
```

Similarly, the total fuel value for one quart of milk is obtained as follows:

```
Weight of protein = 32.18 \text{ grams}; 32.18 \times 4 = 129.72 \text{ Calories}

Weight of fat = 39.01 \text{ grams}; 39.01 \times 9 = 351.09 \text{ Calories}

Weight of carbohydrate = 48.76 \text{ grams}; 48.76 \times 4 = 195.04 \text{ Calories}

Total fuel value of one quart of milk = 675.85 \text{ Calories}
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PROBLEM IV.

TO FIND THE WEIGHT OF A STANDARD OR 100-CALORIE PORTION OF ANY SINGLE FOOD MATERIAL.

In order to obtain an intelligent idea of the relative value of different kinds of food materials, it is necessary to establish some common unit on the basis of which they may be compared. With regard to fuel value, such a unit has been devised in the Standard Portion, which is the amount of any food capable of yielding in the body energy equivalent to 100 Calories. Every student of dietetics should be familiar with the Standard Portions of all common food materials, and of the dishes which most frequently appear upon the table.

To find the weight in grams of any Standard or 100-Calorie Portion:

Determine the fuel value for one gram.

Divide 100 by the fuel value per gram, or in other words, solve the following proportion:

1 gram: Calories in one gram: x grams: 100 Calories.

Thus in the case of cows' milk, the fuel value per gram is 0.692 Calorie.†

```
Then 100 \div 0.692 = 144.5 grams; or,
1 gram : 0.692 Calorie : : x : 100 Calories.
```

 $0.692 \ x = 100$ $x = 144.5 \ \text{grams}$, weight of One Standard Portion of Milk.

Inasmuch as foods are purchased by English measure, it is necessary in estimating cost to express the Standard Portion in

^{*} Cf. Problem II.

[†] Cf. Problem III, and Table XIII.

ounces (or sometimes in pounds). This can be done by dividing the number of grams by 28.35 (the number of grams in one ounce), but much time can be saved by using Table XVI for converting grams to ounces. By reference to this 'able, we find that 144.5 grams = 5.1 ounces.

Examples for Practice.

Find the weight in grams and ounces of a Standard or 100-Calorie Portion of each of the following food materials:*

	Protein, Per Cent	Fat, Per Cent	Carbohydrate. Per Cent
Almond butter	21.66	61.50	11.59
Almond meal†	26.37	1.67	56.84
Angelica	0.05	0.07	87.34
Citron	0.09	0.07	77.62
Kidney beans, edible portion	41.06	1.62	42.14
Kidney beans, water free, edible port	ion43.65	1.72	44.80
Loquat, edible portion ‡	0.29		23.00
Malt breakfast food	11.80	0.46	75.32
Oyster plant (salsify), fresh, edible por	tion 4.26	0.33	6.85
Peppers, green, fresh, edible portion	1.60	0.15	4.54
Soy beans†	34.63	17.98	30.50
Soy bean meal§	39.87	19.06	25.09

PROBLEM V.

TO FIND THE FOOD VALUES FOR ANY COMBINATION OF FOOD MATERIALS.

In ordinary dietetic practice, it is necessary to deal frequently with combinations of two or more food materials. Sugar is added to fruit, milk and butter to vegetables, and the products of cook book recipes are often quite complex mixtures. To ascertain the food values of such dishes it is necessary to proceed as follows:

First, determine the weight of each ingredient in grams.

Second, compute separately the protein, fat and carbohydrate in grams, and the fuel value for each food material.

The sum of these will give the food values for the whole dish as the following illustration will show:

^{*} From Maine Agric. Exper. Sta., Bull. 158, 1909, unless otherwise stated.

[†] Friedenwald and Ruhräh, Am. Jour. Med. Sc., vol. 140, p. 793, 1910.

[‡] Ontario Dept. of Agric., Bull. 162, 1907.

[§] Conn. Exper. Sta. Report, 1906.

ONE EGG CARE.*

½ cup of butter	$\frac{1}{2}$ cup of milk
$\frac{1}{2}$ cup of sugar	$1\frac{1}{2}$ cups of flour
1 egg	$2\frac{1}{2}$ teaspoons of baking powder

^{*} Boston Cooking-School Cook Book.

The butter weighs 57 grams; calculating the nutritive value according to Problems II and III (or referring to the food values of one gram in Table XIII) we have the following results:

Protein, Fat, Grams Grams		Carbohydrate, Grams	Calories
0.57	48.45		438.3

The other food materials are weighed and their food values calculated in similar fashion. The sum of the values for each food as tabulated below will give the value of the whole dish. The cost may be calculated for each ingredient and recorded at the same time.

FOOD VALUES OF A RECIPE.*

		Weight		Pro-	Fat.	Carb	Cal-	Cost.
Material	Measure	Oz.	Gm.	tein, Gm.	Gm.	Gm.	ories.	Dollars
Butter	½ c.†	2.0	57	0.57	48.45		438.3	0.0450
Sugar	$\frac{1}{2}$ c.	3.9	105			105.00	420.0	0.0137
Egg	ī	2.0	57	6.78	5.30		74.8	0.0300
Milk (skimmed)	$\frac{1}{2}$ c.	4.3	122	4.15	0.36	6.22	44.7	0.0050
Flour	$1\frac{1}{2}$ c.	6.0	172	17.26	1.72	128.73	607.8	0.0132
Baking powder	$2\frac{1}{2}$ tsp.†	0.5	15					0.0156
Totals (uncooked) ‡	3 с.	18.7	528	30.76	55.83	239.95	1585.6	0.1225

^{*} The food values for a large number of recipes are published in The Dietary Computer, by Ellen H. Richards.

PROBLEM VI.

TO FIND THE DISTRIBUTION OF THE FOODSTUFFS IN A STANDARD PORTION OF A SINGLE FOOD MATERIAL.

While the standard portion is of most convenience in estimating the total energy value of a given dietary, it may also serve as a means of indicating the amount of protein, fat or carbohydrate furnished, if we calculate the weight of each foodstuff in the

[†] c. denotes cup; tsp. denotes teaspoon.

[‡] It is usually more satisfactory to take total weight and measure after the dish is cooked, so as to know the food value of a given amount of the finished product.

standard portion itself. Having determined the weight of each nutrient in one gram of the food material (according to Problem II), it is simply necessary to multiply these values by the weight of the standard portion in grams. Thus in the case of cows' milk,

;	Protein, Gm.	Fat, Gm.	Carbohydrate, Gm.
Weight of each food-stuff in one gram	0.033	0.04	0.05
Weight of one Standard Portion			
Total weight of each foodstuff in one			
Standard Portion	4.7685	5.780	7.225

These results may be verified by multiplying the weight of protein, fat and carbohydrate by the factors for fuel values (cf. Problem III); the sum of the products will be 100 Calories.

Protein	4.7685	$\times 4$	=	19.074 Calories.
Fat	5.780	$\times 9$	=	52.020 Calories.
Carbohydrate	7.225	$\times 4$	=	28.900 Calories.
Total				99.994 Calories.

It is often convenient to express the distribution of foodstuffs in a standard portion entirely in terms of energy value. From the calculations above it is evident that a standard portion of mills will yield, in round numbers, the following:

Calories from	Calories from	Calories from	Total
Protein	Fat	Carbohydrate	Calories
19	52	29	100

PROBLEM VII.

TO FIND A STANDARD PORTION OF ANY COMBINATION OF FOOD MATERIALS.

Standard portions of single food materials which are fairly constant in composition, may be permanently tabulated for reference, but in the case of mixtures great variation in food value is possible, even in recipes containing only three or four different ingredients, and the comparison of Standard Portions of various dishes in which the food values are purposely modified (as by using skim milk for whole milk, half water and half milk instead of milk only) is most profitable. It is necessary, therefore, to be able to calculate the food values for a standard portion of any mixture of food material.

The first step is to determine the total food values for the recipe, as described in Problem IV.

Having ascertained the total fuel value, the per cent of the whole required to give 100 Calories is found by dividing 100 by the total number of Calories yielded by the recipe. Taking this per cent of the total weight, measure, food values, etc., of the recipe, will give the measure, weight and distribution of foodstuffs in the Standard Portion.

For example, take the recipe for One Egg Cake in Problem IV. The totals are as follows:

Measure (Uncooked)	Weight (Uncooked),		Protein, Grams	Fat, Grams	Carbo- hydrate,	Calories	Cost
	Ounces	Grams			Grams		
3 с.	18.7	528	30.76	55.83	239.95	1585.6	\$0.1225

Dividing 100 by 1585.6, gives 0.063, *i.e.*, 6.3 per cent of the whole is required to yield 100 Calories.

Multiplying the totals by 0.063, we have the value for one Standard Portion, as follows:

Measure (Uncooked)	Weight (Uncooked). Ounces	Protein, Grams	Fat, Crams	Grams	Carbo- hydrate,	Calories	Cost
$\frac{1}{5}$ c.	1.18	33.3	1.94	3.52	Grams 15.12	100	\$0.0077

The total weight of the finished product is not the same as the combined weights of the ingredients in most cases, on account of changes in water content, but if the same *proportion* of the total weight or measure of cooked material is always taken for the

Recipe:	ke. Date:							
Material	Measure	We	ight	Pro-	Fat,	Carb.,	Cal-	Cost
		Oz.	Gm.	Gm.	Gm.	Gm.	ories	Dollars
Butter	1/4 c.	2.0	57	0.57	48.45		438.3	0.0450
Sugar	$\frac{1}{2}$ c.	3.9	105			105.00	420.0	0.0137
Egg	1	2.0	57	6.78	5.30	-	74.8	0.0300
Milk (skimmed)		4.3	122	4.15	0.36	6.22	44.7	0.0050
Flour	$1\frac{1}{2}$ c.	6.0	172	19.26	1.72	128.73	607.8	0.0132
Baking powder	$2\frac{1}{2} \text{ tsp.}$	0.5	15	-				0.0156
Totals (uncooked)	3 с.	18.7	528	30.76	55.83	239.95	1585.6	0.1225
Standard Portion	Per cent							
	of recipe							
	6.3	1.18	33	1.94	3.52	15.12	100	0.0077
1 Serving	12.5	2.34	66	3.84	6.98	29.99	198.2	0.0153

standard portion, no serious difficulties will be encountered. When a recipe is made, it is also well to consider the number of ordinary servings which it will make, and to calculate the food value for the individual portion. Such records are very useful in planning dietaries, saving time in calculation, especially if kept on uniform cards in a file. The foregoing shows a complete record on a convenient model.

PROBLEM VIII. TO ANALYZE A RECIPE.

In studying the economics of the dietary, it is interesting to know what proportion of the energy value is contributed by each ingredient, and how this compares with the percentage of the cost due to each, thus obtaining an idea of the comparative economy of each component. In the case of the One Egg Cake, in Problem V, we obtained the following fuel values and cost:

Food Material	Calories	Cost
Butter	438.3	\$0.0450
Sugar	420.0	0.0137
Egg	74.8	0.0300
Milk (skimmed)	44.7	0.0050
Flour.	607.8	0.0132
Bakıng powder	0.0	0.0156
Totals	1585.6	0.1225

Comparing the calories from butter with the total calories, we find that the former constitute 27.6 per cent of the whole (438.3 \div 1585.6 = 0 276). Comparing similarly the cost of the butter with the total cost, it is found to be 36.7 per cent of the total.

In like manner, the relative values for the other ingredients may be found, and the whole tabulated for reference on the back of the recipe card:

Food Material	Per Cent of Total	Per Cent of
	Calories	Total Cost
Butter	27.6	36.7
Sugar	26.5	11.2
Egg	4.7	24.4
Milk	2.8	4.0
Flour	38.3	10.8
Baking powder	0.0	12.7

From inspection of the above, it is evident that the egg is the most expensive item on the basis of fuel value, since the proportion

of energy contributed is only about one-fifth of the proportion of money expended for it, and flour is the cheapest, the per cent of fuel being about three and one-half times greater than the per cent of cost. Such studies are helpful in attempts to lower the cost or raise the fuel value of the ordinary cook-book recipe.

PROBLEM IX.

TO MODIFY COWS' MILK TO A PRESCRIBED FORMULA.

The modification of cows' milk for infants is accomplished in a variety of ways, according to the needs of the individual child, but these are all dependent upon a clear understanding of the percentage relations of the milk to be modified and the formula to be filled. The general principles are very simple.

First, select milk of such composition as to have the same ratio of fat to protein as is indicated in the formula.

Second, dilute this milk enough times to give the desired percentage of fat.

Third, add enough milk sugar to give the required percentage of carbohydrate.

Suppose the requirement for the baby to be as follows:

Number of Feedings	Amount at Each Feeding,		Composition.	
in 24 Hours	Ounces	Protein,	Fat,	Carbohydrate
		Per Cent	Per Cent	Per Cent
8	3	2	3.1	7

The ratio of fat to protein in this case is 3.1 to 2, or 1.6 to 1.0. In average whole milk it is 4.0 to 3.3, or 1.21 to 1; it is therefore obviously necessary to select a milk with a higher proportion of fat Inasmuch as cream rises to the top, the upper layers have relatively more fat and less protein and carbohydrate than the lower layers. The exact amount in any given layer can be obtained only by chemical analysis, but from a table of such analyses we can select a milk which will have the proper ratio with little difficulty, as shown below.

TABLE XIV.

Average Composition of Top Milk after Standing from Twelve to Twentyfour Hours in the Quart Bottle.*

	Fat, Per Cent	Protein, Per Cent	Sugar, Per Cent	Ratio of Fat to Protein
Upper 1 ounce	22.5	2.8	4.0	8.0 : 1
Upper 2 ounce	21.5	2.8	4.0	7.7 : 1
Upper 4 ounce	20.0	2.8	4.0	7.1 : 1
Upper 6 ounce	17.0	2.9	4.2	5.9 : 1
Upper 8 ounce	14.0	3.0	4.3	4.7 : 1
Upper 10 ounce	11.5	3.0	4.3	3.8 : 1
Upper 12 ounce	9.8	3.1	4.5	3.2 : 1
Upper 16 ounce	7.6	3.1	4.6	2.5 : 1
Upper 20 ounce	6.2	3.2	4.7	1.9 : 1
Upper 24 ounce	5.2	3.2	4.8	1.6 : 1
Upper 28 ounce	4.5	3.3	4.8	1.4 : 1
Whole quart	4.0	3.3	4.8	1.21:1

^{*} Included by the courtesy of Prof. H. C. Sherman.

Inspection of the above table shows that the upper 24 ounces will have the desired ratio. But this will have the following composition:

Protein	Fat	Carbohydrate
Per Cent	Per Cent	Per Cent
3.2	5.2	4.8

In other words, the percentage of fat is 1.67 times as high as required $(5.2 \div 3.1)$; consequently the 24 ounces of milk taken from the top of the bottle with a dipper will have to be diluted 1.67 times; *i. e.*, 24 ounces \times 1.67 = 40.0 ounces required in all. We must therefore add 16.0 ounces of water (40-24). Dividing the percentages of the undiluted 24 ounces by 1.67, the composition of the diluted solution will be:

Protein	Fat	Carbohydrate		
Per Cent	Per Cent	Per Cent		
1.9 +	3.1	2.87		
$(3.2 \div 1.67)$	$(5.2 \div 1.67)$	$(4.8 \div 1.67)$		

Having adjusted the protein and fat by selecting milk of the proper ratio of fat to protein, and diluting to give the desired percentage of fat, which also dilutes the protein to the desired percentage, it remains to adjust the carbohydrate.

The carbohydrate now present constitutes 2.87 per cent. Therefore we must add enough milk sugar to make an increase of 4.13

per cent (7-2.87) of the total amount of solution, 40.0 ounces:

4.13 per cent of 40 ounces = 1.65 ounces, the amount of milk sugar to be added.

When the desired ratio of fat to protein is less than 1.2, some of the upper layers will have to be removed, and the rest of the milk in the bottle throughly mixed for use.

For example, taking the upper one ounce from the bottle indicated above, will give a milk of approximately the following composition:

Protein	Fat	Carbohydrate	Ratio of
Per Cent	Per Cent	Per Cent	Fat to Protein
3.3	3.4	4.8	1.03:1

PROBLEM X.

TO FIND THE PERCENTAGE COMPOSITION OF A FOOD MIXTURE.

Since the feeding of infants is commonly conducted according to the percentage method indicated in Problem IX, the ability to determine the percentage of each of the foodstuffs in any prescribed diet is as necessary as ability to modify milk according to a prescribed formula.

Given, for instance, such a prescription as the following, what per cent of protein, fat, and carbohydrate does it contain?

Whole milk, 16 ounces (by volume).

Barley water, 16 ounces (containing 0.25 ounce of barley flour).

Milk sugar, 1 ounce.

It is first necessary to determine the total amount of each of the foodstuffs, as in Problem IV. The results are as follows:

Food Material	Measure	Weight		Protein,	Fat.	Carbo- hydrate,
rood Wateriai	Measure	Ounces	Grams	Grams	Grams	Grams
Milk Barley flour Milk sugar Water	2 cups ½ tbsp. 3 tbsp. 2 cups	17.2 0.25 1.0 16.0	487.60 7.08 28.35 453.60	16.09 0.74 —	19.50 0.16 —	24.38 5.10 28.35
Totals		34.45	976.53	16.83	19.66	57.83

Having the total weight of the mixture, it is now a simple matter to determine what per cent of this is represented by each ingredient:

Protein: $16.83 \div 976.53 = 0.0172$, or 1.72 per cent. Fat: $19.66 \div 976.53 = 0.0201$, or 2.01 per cent. Carbohydrate: $57.83 \div 976.53 = 0.0592$, or 5.92 per cent.

PROBLEM XI.

TO MAKE A COMPLETE DIETARY.

The dietary may be considered from two points of view: first, as a record of food actually consumed by a given number of persons in a given period; second, as a prescription of the food to be provided for certain individuals for a stated time. In either case, its value is increased by so arranging the report as to show not only the nutritive value of the diet, but also its cost and menu, thus presenting as clear a picture as possible of the food consumed, or a definite working plan for preparing the diet proposed. Since the data are frequently numerous, the work is much facilitated by suitable blanks, a convenient set consisting of five sheets, whose use is shown in the example of a complete dietary below.

Sheet Number I gives general information with regard to the subjects of the study; it shows their individual requirements and affords a means of comparing one study with another by reducing both to a uniform basis, either "per capita" or "per man" per day. The tables in the section on Food Requirements (Tables I–XII) will be of assistance in determining food requirements of individuals of different ages, weights and muscular activity.

Sheet Number II is designed to give as accurately as possible a picture of how the food will appear upon the table. The amounts should be stated for each dish in some way which will make the plan easy to follow in preparing the meals. Ordinarily, common measures (cups, tablespoons, etc.) will be most satisfactory, but in the laboratory it is frequently desirable that weights be stated, especially when several persons are engaged in preparing the day's ration, to avoid discrepancies due to inaccurate measurement. This careful statement of amounts serves also as a check against omitting in the computation of food values articles essential to the success of the menu.

Sheet Number III indicates the total quantities of each kind of material required for the dietary, summarized from sheets IV and V, and the market prices upon which the actual cost of the food materials on Sheet IV is based, giving the market unit which

it is necessary to purchase in order to obtain these prices. Thus it may serve to show the different results of buying in large and small quantities, if the net weight of the food materials is taken at the time of purchase. It also provides a useful check on the accuracy of the calculations of the cost of small quantities. The statements as to the place and date of purchase afford criteria as to whether good judgment has been exercised in marketing, inasmuch as cost varies so greatly with locality and season.

The special aim of this sheet is to furnish a convenient marketing list and to guard against attractive menus with that underestimation of cost which tends to discredit dietary calculations as impractical, especially among those who do not realize how much can be accomplished by skillful choice and preparation of food materials. When the dietaries are to be prepared and the students do not buy the materials, Sheet III can be used to advantage as a requisition sheet.

Sheet Number IV is the detailed statement of the nutritive value and cost of the whole dietary. Where cost is involved, it is usually easier to make the calculations on food materials as purchased; if the food values are for edible material this should be definitely stated. At the end, space is arranged for a summary and comparison with the standard proposed on the first sheet. Differences of not more than five per cent may be considered negligible, but a slight excess is always better than a deficit, especially if no allowance is made for kitchen or table waste, which often amounts to ten per cent or more.

Sheet Number V provides for a statement of food combinations used in the menu, and if the calculations on the original food materials are tabulated on Sheet IV nothing more than weights and measures of the different ingredients will be required. If the recipe is calculated in detail on this sheet, then only the totals need be copied on Sheet IV. When recipe cards are on file, they may be referred to by number. Without this sheet, it is difficult for any one but the persons who planned the dietary to know how the different dishes proposed are to be made, and often important ingredients are omitted entirely.

AN EXAMPLE OF A COMPLETE DIETARY.

DIETARY SHEET No. I.

Persons ser	rved: One C	hild.				
No. meals	served: Fou	×.				
No. days:	One.					
Place:	Vew York City	y.				
Date: A	lugust , 191	1.				
	Метноі	OF ESTIMATI	NG FOOD	Requiremi	ENTS.	
For energy	: 70 Calorii	es per Kilogr	am.			
For protein	n: 10-15 Per	x cent of total	fuel in fo	rm of Pro	teins.	

	P	roposed Indi	vidual St.	ANDARDS.		
Sex.	Age.	Lbs. We	ight. Kg.	Protein, Gms.	Fuel Value, Calories	Cost, Dollars
Boy	10 year	s 63	28.5	50-75.	1995	0.28
Proper	ED STANDARD	D C	,	9	' -	
FROPOSE	PER DAY.		PROI		ndard Per Day.	MAN
Protein, Gms.	Fuel Value, Calories	Cost, Dollars	Protein, Gms.		Value, lories.	Cost, Dollars
		,				

DIETARY SHEET NO. II.

MENUS.

Meal	Dishes	Amounts
Breakfast,	Canteloupe	1/2 small one
8:00 A. M.	Farina	3 4 c. cooked
	Top milk for mush	2 3 c.
	Toast	2 slices bread
	Butter	3 4 16.*
	Milk to drink	2 /3 c.
Dinner,		
12:00 P. M.	Creamed halibut	3 4 c.
	Baked potato	1 medium
	Sliced tomatoes	1 small one
	Bread	1 slice
	Butter	1/216.
	Milk sherbet	3/4 c.
Lunch,		
3:00 P. M.	Bread	1 slice
	Butter	3 4 1k.
Supper,		
6:00 P. M.	Poached egg	1 egg
	on	
	Toast	1 slice bread
	Apple sauce	1/2 c.
	Bread	1 slice
	Butter	1216.
	Cornstarch blanc mange	
	Milk 2/3 c. sugar	1 lsfr.

^{*}c. denotes cup; tb. denotes tablespoon.

DIETARY SHEET NO. III.

PRICE LIST.

Material	Total Required	Market Price	Weight of Market Unit. Ounces	Place of Purchase	Date
Canteloupe	1/2 melon	3 for 25 c.	36.0	Upper West	August,
Farina	1 0%.	15 c. per	29.0	Side, New	1911
		phy.		York City.	
Milk	1 qt.	De. per qt.	34.4		
Bread	1 3 loaf	5c. per loaf	12.6		
Butter	3 16. (1.6	320. her 16.	10.0		
	05.)				
Halibut steak	1 1 /2 oz.	18c. per 13.	16.0		
Polarces	1 medium	250. per fek.	150.0		
Eggs	1	36c. perdoz.	24.0		
Apples	1 small	12c. per qt.	32.0		
Cornstarch	2 16.	10c. per	16.0		
		jekg.			
Tomatoes	1 small	10c. per lb.	16.0		
Lemons	1	3 for 5c.	4 oz. juice		
Sugar.	2 3 4 og.	1/2 lb. for	56.0		
		20c.			
Vanilla	1/4 bp.	25c. per	20		
	,	bottle		-50	
Flour	5/4 tie.	24 1/2 lls.	3920		
		for 500.			
,	10	•	1		

DIETARY SHEET NO. IV.

NUTRITIVE VALUE AND COST.

Material	Oz.	eight Gms.	Protein, Gms.	Fuel Value, Calories,	Cost, Dollars
Canteloupe	6.00	170.00	0.54	33.6	0.0400
Farina	0.97	27.60	3.04	100.0	0.0049
Milk	17.20	487.50	18.09	337.5	0.0450
Bread	4.00	113.40	10.52	293.6	0.0164
Butter	1.25	42.6	0.35	272.4	0.0125
Creamed halilut	See				
	Sheet V.		11.45	210.5	0.0381
Potato	4.00	113.4	2.04	76.0	0.0032
Milk sherbet	See				
	Sheet V.	,	4.88	270.7	0.0249
Egg	2.00	56.7	6.74	74.3	0.0300
Apple sauce	See				
	Sheet V.		0.25	125.4	0.0227
Cornstarch blanc mange	See				,
v	Sheet V.		5.24	204.8	0.0222
Tomatoes	2.00	56.7	0.52	13.0	0.0200
Sugar (with blanc					
mange)	0.25	7.1		28.4	0.0006
Totals			63.66	2036.2	0.2805
Standard			50-75	1995.0	0.2800
Difference				+41.2	+0.0005
				(2%)	(0.2%)

DIETARY SHEET NO. V.

		RECIPES.					
			Wei	ght	Pro-	Total	0
Name	Materials	Measure	Oz.	Gms.	tein, Gms.	Cal- ories	Cost, Dollars
Creamed hali-							
but	Halibut flak <mark>ed</mark> .	$\frac{1}{3} c$.	1.50*	42.6	5.88	38.4	0.0186
	Milk	$\frac{1}{2} c$.	4.3 0	121.9	4.88	84.3	0.0113
	Flour	3 16.	0.18	5.3	0.60	18.6	0.0004
	Butter	$\frac{3}{4}$ tb.	0.35	9.0	0.09	69.2	0.0078
	Salt	To season					
Totals		$\frac{3}{4} c.$			11.45	210.5	0.0381
Milk sherbet	Milk	$\frac{1}{2}$ c.	4.30	121.9	4.88	84.3	0.0113
	Sugar	3 th.	1.50	42.6		180.4	0.0056
	Lemon juice	1 tb.	0.50	14.2		6.0	0.0080
Totals		$\frac{3}{4} c$.			4.88	270.7	0.0249
Apple sauce	Apple	_1 small	3.00	85.0	0.25	40.2	0.0200
,,	Sugar	$1\frac{1}{2}$ lb.	0.75	21.3		85.2	0.0027
	Water	2 16.	1.00	28.4			
Totals		$\frac{1}{2}$ c.			0.25	125.4	0.0227
Cornstarch							
blanc mange.	Milk	$\frac{2}{3} c$.	5.60	159.2	5.24	109.8	0.0148
U	Cornstarch	2 th.	0.65	18.5		66.6	0.0040
	Sugar	$\frac{1}{2}$ th.	0.25	7.1		28.4	0.0009
	Vanilla						0.0025
	Salt.	speck					
Totals					5.24	204.8	0.0222

^{*} As purchased.

PROBLEM XII. TO SCORE A DIETARY.

In the laboratory it is frequently desirable to set out and compare two or more dietaries at the same time, and inasmuch as there are many factors to be taken into consideration besides supplying a specified amount of fuel at a given price, such as the adaptation of the diet to the locality, season, idiosyncrasies of the individual, availability of the food materials as prepared for the table, some of these factors often being overemphasized at the expense of others more important, it is believed that a dietary score card will help to give a clearer idea of the relative importance of the points which must generally be taken into consideration.

A DIETARY SCORE C.	ARD.		
Name of person or group			
Place Date			
Price of dietary Annua			
Total Score100 Poi			
	Possible		Actual
FOOD VALUE	Score.	Deficient.	Score.
Fuel Value 40 Points			
Consider adaptation to weight, age and			
amount of muscular activity of each			
individual. Protein (considered as the source of nitrogen)	40		
10 Points	10		
Is it suitable in kind and amount with regard			
to age and weight?			
Ash Constituents 10 Points	10		
Are the following adequate? Phosphorus			
Iron			
Calcium			
FOOD SELECTION 22 Points		1	
Adaptation to Individual10 Points	10		
Digestibility—ease, rapidity, etc.			
Variety—in food materials, form, color, etc. Quality of food materials—sanitary condi-		1	
tions, etc.			
Bulk			
Adaptation to Income12 Points	12		
Is return on investment good? Is expenditure proportioned properly to total		1	
income?			
Is undue amount spent for flavor, form, color?			
FOOD PREPARATION AND SERVICE			
18 Points			
Cookery	12		
Does it increase or decrease digestibility? Is there a waste of materials?			
(through under or over-cooking?)			
Is there a waste of time?			
Of energy? Is flavor preserved?			
Is form preserved?			
Is color preserved?			
Menu			
Are combinations good physiologically and esthetically?			
Are sequences of dishes good, considering dis-			
tribution of nutrients, form, color and			
flavor?	3		
Service	,		
Is it neat?			
Is it orderly?			
Is it quiet?	1	1 1	

In judging the menus, the following general rules for the making of a menu should be borne in mind:

- 1. Conceive of the whole day as the unit, rather than the individual meal.
- 2. Endeavor to distribute the protein, fat and carbohydrate through the day, so that no meal will have a striking preponderance of one kind of foodstuff.

For example, meat served with macaroni and cheese concentrates the protein in one meal, potatoes with rice concentrate the starch, and fried potatoes and pie concentrate the fat.

- 3. With the exception of a few such staples as bread, butter and milk, try to avoid serving any food in the same form twice in the same day and serve it preferably only once in any form.
- 4. Try to avoid serving any food which gives character to a dish twice in the same meal, even in different forms. Do not, for instance, select tomato soup and tomato salad for the same meal.
- 5. At each meal, seek contrasts between successive courses, a bland course being followed by a more highly flavored course, and vice versa, to give a pleasing rhythm.
- 6. In each course endeavor to have harmonious combinations, as to flavor, color, form and texture.
- 7. As the number of courses increases, decrease the number of dishes and size of the servings in each.

Distribution of credits to the sub-topics has been left to the judgment of the person using the score card.

PART III.

REFERENCE TABLES.

TABLE XV.

Approximate Amount of Refuse in Common Food Materals as Purchased.*

		PER CENT.			PER CENT.
BEEF.		9		Peaches	18
	Brisket, medium fat	23		Pears	
	Corned			Plums	
	Chuck, lean			Prunes, dried	
	Flank, lean			Raisins, dried	
	Flank, medium fat			Strawberries	
	Heart			Watermelons	
	Kidney		LAMB.		
	Liver			Breast	19
	Loin, lean			Chops (broiled)	
	Loin, medium fat			Leg, hind, medium fat	
	Neck, lean			Loin	
	Neck, medium fat			Neck	
	Plate, medium fat			Shoulder	
	Porterhouse steak		MUTTO		
	Ribs, medium fat		III O L L C	Chuck, medium fat	21
	Round, medium fat			Flank, medium fat	
	Rump, lean			Leg, medium fat	
	Rump, medium fat			Loin, medium fat	
	Shank, fore, medium f			Neck, medium fat	
	Shank, hind, medium			Shoulder, medium fat.	
	Sirloin steak		NUTS.	Diodiaci, incaram inc	
	Top sirloin		110 15.	Almonds	45
	Tongue			Beechnuts	
EGGS.	1 Onguo			Brazil nuts	
Edds.	Hens'	11		Butternuts	
FISH.	Tiens			Chestnuts, fresh	
rion.	Bass, black, whole	55		Chestnuts, dried	
	Bass, striped, whole			Coconuts	
	Blackfish, whole			Filberts	
FRUIT	•			Hickory nuts	
FRUIT	Apples	25		Peanuts	
	Apricots			Pecans	
	Bananas			Walnuts, black	
	Cherries.			Walnuts, soft shell	
	Dates, dried		PORK.	Trumato, 2010 211011111	
	Grapes		· OILIL	Bacon, smoked, mediu	m fat 8
	Lemons			Feet, fresh	74
	Muskmelons			Feet, pickled	
	Nectarines			Ham, fresh, lean	1
	Oranges			Ham, fresh, medium fa	at11
	Oranges				

^{*}The figures are taken to the nearest whole number from Bull. 28, Office of Experiment Stations, U. S. Dept. Agriculture.

PER CEI	NT.	PER	CENT.
Ham, smoked, lean	11	Shank, fore	40
Ham, smoked, medium fat		Shank, hind, medium fat .	62
Head cheese		Shoulder, lean	
Loin chops, medium fat		Shoulder, medium fat	23
Shoulder, fresh		VEGETABLES.	
Shoulder, smoked		Beans, butter, green	50
Side (not including lard and		Beans, lima, fresh	55
kidney)	12	Beans, string	7
• •		Beets	20
POULTRY AND GAME.	40	Cabbage	15
Chicken Broilers		Carrots	20
Fowl		Celery	20
Goose, young		Corn, green	61
Turkey	23	Cucumbers	15
SAUSAGE.		Lettuce	15
Bologna		Okra	12
Summer	7	Onions	10
VEAL.		Parsnips	20
Breast, medium fat	20	Peas, green	45
Chuck, medium fat	19	Potatoes	
Leg, medium fat	14	Pumpkins	50
Loin, lean	22	Radishes	30
Loin, medium fat	16	Rhubarb	40
Neck	32	Rutabagas	30
Rib, medium fat	25	Squash	50
Rump	30	Turnins	30

TABLE XVI.

Conversion Table—Grams to Ounces.

Grams	Ounces	Grams	Ounces
1	0.035	56	1.975
2	0.071	57	2.010
3	0.106	58	2.046
4	0.141	59	2.081
5	0.176	60	2.116
6	0.212	61	2.151
7	0.247	62	2.187
8	0.283	63	2.222
9	0.317	. 64	2.257
10	0.353		2.293
		65 66	2.328
11	0.398		
12	0.423	67	2.363
13	0.458	68	2.398
14	0.494	69	2.434
15	0.529	70	2.467
16	0.564	71	2.504
17	0.599	72	2.539
18	0.635	73	2.575
19	0.670	74	2.610
20	0.705	75	2.645
21	0.741	76	2.681
21 22	0.776	77	2.716
	0.811	78	2.751
23	0.846	79	2.786
24	$0.840 \\ 0.882$	80	2.822
25			
26	0.917	81	2.857
27	0.953	82	2.892
28	0.998	83	2.927
29	1.023	84	2.963
30	1.058	85	2.998
31	1.093	86	3.033
32	1.128	87	3.068
33	1.164	88	3.104
34	1.199	89	3.139
35	1.234	90	3.174
36	1.269	91	3.210
37	1.305	92	3.245
38	1.340	93	3.280
39	1.376	94	3.315
40	1.411	95	3.351
1	1.446	96	3.386
41		97	3.421
42	1.481	98	3.457
43	1.517	99	3,492
44	1.552	100	3.527
45	1.587	l .	
46	1.622	113	4 7
47	1.658	200	
48	1.693	$2\overline{2}7$	8 8.8
49	1.728	250	
50	1.764	300	10.5
51	1.799	400	14
52	1.834	453.6	16
53	1.869	500	17.6
54	1.905	907	32
55	1.940	1000	35.2

TABLE XVII.

CONVERSION TABLE—OUNCES TO GRAMS.

Ounces	Grams	Ounces	Grams
1/16	1.77	. 2	56.70
1/15	1.89	3	85.05
1/14	2.02	4	113.40
1/13	2.19	5	141.75
1/12	2.36	6	170.10
1/11	2.58_{-}	7	198.45
1/10	2.84	8	226.80
1/9	3.15	9	255.15
1/8	3.54	10	283.50
1/7	4.05	. 11	311.84
1/6	4.73	12	340.20
1/5	5.67	13	368.54
1/4	7.09	14	396.90
1/3	9.45	15	425.25
1/2	14.17	16	453.60
1	28.35	,	

TABLE XVIII.

Conversion Table-Pounds to Grams.

Poun is.	Grams.
1	453.6
2	907
2.2	1000
3	1361
4	1814
5	2267
6	272 2
7	3175
8	3629
9	4082
10	4536

TABLE XIX.

Food Values of Food Materials used Chiefly by Weight in Terms of Standard Units.*

Food Material	S. P.	lbs.	Weigh		Protein, Grams	Fat, Grams	Carbo- hydrate,	Fuel Value,	Cost, Dollars
		lbs.	oz.	gms.			Grams	Calories	
Bass, striped,				1	0.088	0.022		0.55	
whole, A. P.			1		2.49	0.62		15.6	
		1			39.92	9.98		249	
	1		6.41	181.8	16.00	4.00		100	
Bass, striped,				1	0.186	0.028		1.00	
whole, E. P.			1		5.27	0.79		28.2	
whole, E. 1.					84.38	12.70		452	
	1			100.4	i I	2.81		100	
							0.100	1.00	
Beans, baked,				1	0.069	0.025	0.196	1.29	
$_{ m canned}$					1.96	0.71	5.56	36.5	
1		1 1			31.30	11.34	88.90 15.25	583 100	
	1		2.74	77.8	5.37	1.95	15.25	100	
Beans, kidney,				1	0.070	0.002	0.185	1.04	
red, canned,					1.98	0.06	5.24	29.4	
lou, camea,		1 . 1				0.91	83.84	470.08	
	1		3.39	96.1	6.73	0.19	17.78	100	
							0.000	0.01	
Beans, string,				1	0.011	0.001	0.038	0.21	
canned	1		1			0.03	1.08	5.83 93	
					4.98	0.45	17.23	100	
	1		17.21	487.8	5.37	0.48	18.53	100	
Beef, corned,				1	0.143	0.238		2.71	
A. P.			1		4.05	6.75		76.9	
21. 1.					0400	107.96		1231	
	1		1.30			8.77		100	
					0.150	0.262		2.98	
Becf, corned,		1		1	0.156	7.43		0.4.5	
E. P.		1 .	1			118.84			
	. :		1.10	22.5		8.79		100	
	1		1.18	33.5	0.23	0.10	1		
Beef, flank,				1	0.170	0.190			
medium fat			1		4.82	5.39			
A. P.	"				77 11	86.18			
1	1	· -	1.47	41.8	7.11	7.95		100	
					0.040	0.006		0.25	5
Beef juice				1	0.049 1.39	0.000			
					00.04	2.72			
	1.1		14 11	400.0	1	2.40			
	1		1.1.1	100.0				0.7	
Beef, kidney,	1			. 1	0.137	0.019	1	. 0.73	2
A. P.			1			0.54		$\begin{array}{c c} 20.4 \\ 326 \end{array}$	
						8.62	1	100	
	1		4.9	l 1 39.	1 19.06	2.64		100	
		1							

^{*}Calculated principally from Bulletin 28, Office of Experiment Stations, U. S. Department of Agriculture. For other foods see Table XIII.

TABLE XIX.

FOOD VALUES OF FOOD MATERIALS USED CHIEFLY BY WEIGHT IN TERMS OF STANDARD UNITS.—Continued.

Beef, kidney,		P.		Weigh	t	Protein,	Fat,	Carbo- hydrate,	Fuel Value,	Cost,
E. P.	Food Material	νi	lbs.	oz.	gms.	Grams	Grams	Grams	Calories	Dollars
E. P.	Beef. kidney.				1	0.166	0.048	0.004	1.11	
Beef, liver, A. P.				1		4.71	1.36	0.11	31.5	
Beef, liver, A. P. 1 0.202 0.031 0.025 1.19 A. P. 1 5.73 0.88 0.71 33.7 1 2.97 84.2 17.00 2.61 2.11 100 Beef, liver, E. P. 1 0.204 0.045 0.017 1.29 1 92.53 20.41 7.71 584 1 92.53 20.41 7.71 584 1 2.73 77.6 15.83 3.49 1.31 100 Beef, loin, lean, A. P. 1 1 0.171 0.111 1.68 1 2.09 59.4 10.16 6.59 100 Beef, loin, lean, E. P. 1 0.197 0.127 1.93 1 1.83 51.8 10.18 6.59 100 Beef, loin, medium fat, A. P. 1 1 0.197 0.127 1.93 1 1.83 51.8 10.18 6.57 100 Beef, loin, medium fa			1			75.30				
A. P.		1		3.17	89.9	14.92	4.31	0.36	100	
Beef, liver,	Beef, liver,				1	0.202	0.031			
Beef, liver, E. P. 1 0.297 84.2 17.00 2.61 2.11 100 Beef, liver, E. P. 1 0.204 0.045 0.017 1.29 1 5.78 1.28 0.48 36.5 1 2.73 77.6 15.83 3.49 1.31 100 Beef, loin, lean, A. P. 1 0.171 0.111 1.68 4.77 1 2.09 59.4 10.16 6.59 100 100 Beef, loin, lean, E. P. 1 0.197 0.127 1.93 100 Beef, loin, medium fat, A. P. 1 0.197 0.127 1.93 100 Beef, loin, medium fat, A. P. 1 0.161 0.175 2.22 2.22 1 1.53 51.8 10.18 6.57 100 100 Beef, loin, medium fat, A. P. 1 0.161 0.175 2.22 2.22 1 1.59 45.1 7.26 7.89 100 Beef, loi	A. P.			1		5.73				
Beef, liver, E. P. 1 0.204 0.045 0.017 1.29 E. P. 1 5.78 1.28 0.48 36.5 1 92.53 20.41 7.71 584 1 0.273 77.6 15.83 3.49 1.31 100 Beef, loin, lean, A. P. 1 0.171 0.111 1.68 47.7 1 2.09 59.4 10.16 6.59 100 Beef, loin, lean, E. P. 1 0.197 0.127 1.93 1 1.83 51.8 10.18 57.61 876 1 1.83 51.8 10.18 6.57 100 Beef, loin, medium fat, me			1			91.62				
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		1		2.97	84.2	17.00	2.61	2.11	100	
Beef, loin, lean, E. P.	Beef, liver,				1	0.204	0.045	0.017	1.29	
Beef, loin, lean, A. P.				1		5.78	1.28	0.48	36.5	
Beef, loin, lean, A. P. 1 0.171 0.111 1.68 1 4.85 3.15 47.7 1 77.57 50.35 763 1 2.09 59.4 10.16 6.59 100 Beef, loin, lean, E. P. 1 0.197 0.127 1.93 1 5.58 3.60 54.7 1 89.36 57.61 876 1 1.83 51.8 10.18 6.57 100 Beef, loin, medium fat, A. P. 1 4.56 4.96 62.9 222 A. P. 1 1.59 45.1 7.26 7.89 100 Beef, loin, medium fat, E. P. 1 0.185 0.202 2.56 2.56 E. P. 1 83.71 91.62 1160			1			92.53	20.41	-7.71	584	
lean, A. P. 1 4.85 3.15 47.7 1 2.09 59.4 10.16 6.59 100 Beef, loin, lean, E. P. 1 0.197 0.127 1.93 1 5.58 3.60 54.7 1 89.36 57.61 876 1 1.83 51.8 10.18 6.57 100 Beef, loin, medium fat, A. P. 1 1.59 45.1 72.6 7.89 1007 Beef, loin, medium fat, a. I. 1 0.185 0.202 2.56 Beef, loin, medium fat, a. I. 1 0.185 0.202 2.56 Beef, loin, medium fat, a. I. 1 0.185 0.202 2.56 Beef, loin, medium fat, a. I. 1 0.185 0.202 2.56 Beef, loin, medium fat, a. I. 1 0.185 0.202 2.56 Beef, loin, medium fat, a. I. 1 0.185 0.202 2.56 Beef, loin, medium fat, a. I. 1 0.185 0.202 0.26 Beef, loin, medium fat, a. I. 1 0.186 0.91 1160<	i	1		2.73	77.6	15.83	3.49	1.31	100	
lean, A. P. 1 4.85 3.15 47.7 1 2.09 59.4 10.16 6.59 100 Beef, loin, lean, E. P. 1 0.197 0.127 1.93 1 1.83 51.8 10.18 6.57 100 Beef, loin, medium fat, A. P. 1 1.53 51.8 10.18 6.57 100 Beef, loin, medium fat, A. P. 1 1.59 45.1 7.26 7.89 100 Beef, loin, medium fat, A. P. 1 1.59 45.1 7.26 7.89 100 Beef, loin, medium fat, A. P. 1 1.38 39.1 7.25 72.5 72.5 E. P. 1 1.38 39.1 7.23 7.90 100 Beef, lungs, A. P. 1 1.38 39.1 7.23 7.90 100 Beef marrow 1 0.022 0.928 8.44 1 0.062 26.31 239.3 1 0.022 0.928 8.44 1 0.062 26.31 239.3 1 <t< td=""><td>Beef, loin,</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1</td><td>0.171</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Beef, loin,				1	0.171				
Beef, loin, lean, E. P. 1 0.197 0.127 1.93 Beef, loin, lean, E. P. 1 5.58 3.60 54.7 1 1.83 51.8 10.18 6.57 100 Beef, loin, medium fat, A. P. 1 0.161 0.175 2.22 A. P. 1 1.59 45.1 7.26 7.89 1007 Beef, loin, medium fat, E. P. 1 0.185 0.202 2.56 Beef, loin, medium fat, E. P. 1 0.185 0.202 2.56 E. P. 1 0.185 0.202 2.56 Beef, loin, medium fat, E. P. 1 0.185 0.202 2.56 E. P. 1 0.185 0.202 2.56 Beef, loin, medium fat, E. P. 1 0.185 0.202 2.56 Beef, loin, medium fat, E. P. 1 0.185 0.202 2.56 Beef, loin, medium fat, E. P. 1 0.185 0.202 2.56 Beef, loin, medium fat, E. P. 1 0.185 0.202 0.256 Beef, loin, medium fat, E. P. 1 0.164	lean, A. P.			1		4.85				
Beef, loin, lean, E. P. 1 0.197 0.127 1.93 1 5.58 3.60 54.7 89.36 57.61 876 1 1.83 51.8 10.18 6.57 100 Beef, loin, medium fat, A. P. 1 0.161 0.175 2.22 2.22 A. P. 1 1.59 45.1 7.26 7.89 100 Beef, loin, medium fat, E. P. 1 1 0.185 0.202 2.56 E. P. 1 83.71 91.62 1160 1 1.38 39.1 7.23 7.90 100 Beef, lungs, A. P. 1 0.164 0.032 0.94 0.94 A. P. 1 0.164 0.032 0.94 0.94 0.00 Beef marrow 1 0.022 0.928 8.44 0.94 0.00 0.00 Beef, navel, lean, A. P. 1 0.42 11.8 0.26 11.00 100 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	1		1			77.57	50.35		763	
lean, E. P. 1 5.58 3.60 54.7 1 1.83 51.8 10.18 6.57 100 Beef, loin, medium fat, A. P. 1 0.161 0.175 2.22 A. P. 1 73.03 79.38 1007 1 1.59 45.1 7.26 7.89 100 Beef, loin, medium fat, med		1		2.09	59.4	10.16	6.59		100	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Beef, loin,				1	0.197	0.127		1.93	
Beef, loin, medium fat, A. P. 1 0.161 0.175 2.22 2.22 2.22 2.22 2.22 2.22 2.22 2.22 2.22 2.22 2.22 2.22 2.22 2.22 2.22 2.22 2.22 2.22 2.24 2.22 2.25				1		5.58	3.60		54.7	
Beef, loin, medium fat, A. P. 1 0.161 0.175 2.22 A. P. 1			1			89.36	57.61		876	
medium fat, A. P. 1 4.56 4.96 62.9 A. P. 1 73.03 79.38 1007 1 1.59 45.1 7.26 7.89 100 Beef, loin, medium fat, E. P. 1 0.185 0.202 2.56 E. P. 1 83.71 91.62 1160 1 1.38 39.1 7.23 7.90 100 Beef, lungs, A. P. 1 1.64 0.032 0.94 A. P. 1 4.65 0.91 26.8 1 3.74 106 17.37 3.39 100 Beef marrow 1 0.022 0.928 8.44 1 0.42 11.8 0.26 11.00 100 Beef, navel, lean, A. P. 1 0.298 0.006 1.25 1 1 0.298 0.006 1.25 1 35.17 2.72 565		1		1.83	51.8	10.18	6.57		100	
A. P.	Beef, loin,				1	0.161	0.175		2.22	
Beef, loin, medium fat, I	medium fat,			1 .		4.56	4.96		62.9	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	A. P.		1							
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		1		1.59	45.1	7.26	7.89		100	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Beef, loin,				1	0.185	0.202		2.56	
Beef, lungs, A. P. 1 0.164 0.032 0.94 A. P. 1 0.164 0.032 0.94 1 26.8 1 0.74.39 14.51 428 1 0.022 0.928 844 1 0.022 0.928 844 1 0.022 0.928 844 1 0.022 0.928 844 1 0.022 0.928 100 Beef marrow 1 0.022 0.928 1239.3 1 0.042 11.8 0.26 11.00 100 Beof, navel, lean, A. P. 1 0.298 0.006 1.25 1 1 8.45 0.17 35.3 1 1 1 1.517 2.72 565				1						
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	E. P.		. 1							
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		1		1.38	39.1	7.23	7.90		100	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					1					
Beef marrow	A. P.	1		1			0.00			
Beef marrow 1 0.022 0.928 8.44 1 0.62 26.31 239.3 1 9.92 420.94 3828 1 0.42 11.8 0.26 11.00 100 Beef, navel, lean, A. P. 1 0.298 0.006 1.25 1 8.45 0.17 35.3 1 135.17 2.72 565										
Beef, navel, lean, A. P. 1		1		3.74	106	17.37	3.39		100	
Beof, navel, lean, A. P	Beef marrow		.		_					
Beof, navel, lean, A. P. 1 0.42 11.8 0.26 11.00 100 1 0.298 0.006 1.25 1 8.45 0.17 35.3 1 35.17 2.72 565	1	1		1						
Beef, navel, lean, A. P. 1 0.298 0.006 1.25 1 8.45 0.17 35.3 135.17 2.72 565			- 1							
lean, A. P		1		0.42	11.8	0.26	11.00		100	
1		1			_					
	lean, A. P.		-	1						
1 2.83 80.3 23.92 0.48 100	1			0.00	00.0					
		1		2.83	80.3	23.92	0.48		100	

TABLE XIX.

	Д.		Weigh	nt.			Conha	77	1
Food Material	70			1	Protein, Grams	Fat,	Carbo- hydrate,	Fuel Value,	Cost,
	-	lbs.	oz.	gms.	Grams	Grams	Grams	Calories	Dollars
Beef, navel,				1	0.307	0.006		1.28	
lean, E. P.			1		8.70	0.000		36.4	
,		1	-			2.72		582	
	1		2.75	78.0	23.95	0.47		100	
	-		2		20.50	0.47		100	
Beef, neck,				1	0.151	0.059		1.14	
lean, A. P.			1		4.28	1.67		32.2	
		1			68.50	26.76		515	
	1		3.11	88.1	13.30	5.20		100	
Beef, neck,				1	0.214	0.084		1.61	
lean, E. P.			1		6.07	2.38		45.7	
		1			97.08	38.10		731	
	1		2.19	62.0	13.27	5.21		100	
Beef, neck,				1	0.145	0.119		1.65	
medium fat,			1		4.11	3.37		46.8	
A. P.		1			65.76	53.98		749	
	1		2.14	60.6	8.78	7.21		100	
				_					
Beef, neck,				1	0.201	0.165		2.29	
medium fat,	1		1		5.70	4.68		64.9	
E. P.		1			91.18	74.84		1038	
	1		1.54	43.7	8.78	7.21		100	
Beef, plate,				1	0.130	0.155		1.92	
lean, A. P.			1	1	3.69	4.39		54.3	
ican, A. I.		1	1		58.98	70.30		869	
	1		1.84	52.2	6.79	8.09		100	
	1		1.01	02.2	0.13	0.00		100	
Beef, plate,				1	0.156	0.188		2.32	
lean, E. P.			1		4.42	5.33		65.7	
		1	_		70.73	85.28		1051	
	1		1.52	43.2	6.74	8.12		100	
	_				_				
Beef, plate,				1	0.138	0.244		2.75	?
medium fat,			1		3.91	6.92		77.9	
A. P.		1			62.60	110.69		1247	
	1		1.28	36.4	5.02	8.88		100	
								0.00	
Beef, plate,		1	-	1	0.165	0.291		3.28	
medium fat,			#1		4.68	8.25		92.9	
E. P.		1			74.84	132.00		1487	
	1	1	1.08	30.5	5.03	8.87		100	
Poof monte				1	0.191	0.179		2.38	
Beef, porter-			1	1	5.41	5.07		67.3	
house steak, A. P.		1	1		86.64	81.19		1077	
л. г.	1		1.48	42.1	8.04	7.54		100	
	1		1.40	72.1	0.01				

FOOD VALUES OF FOOD MATERIALS USED CHIEFLY BY WEIGHT IN TERMS OF STANDARD UNITS.—Continued.

	. P.		Weigh	t	Protein,	Fat,	Carbo- hydrate,	Fuel Value,	Cost,
Food Material	ιχi	lbs.	oz.	gms.	Grams	Grams	Grams	Calories	Dollars
Beef, porter-				1	0.219	0.204		2.71	
house steak,			1		6.21	5.78		77.1	
E. P.		1			99.34	92.53		1230	
	1		1.30	36.9	8.07	7.52		100	
Beef, rib roll,				1	0.202	0.105		1.75	
lean, A. P.			1		5.73	2.98		49.7	
		1			91.62	47.63		795	
	1		2.01	57.0	11.52	5.99		100	
Beef, rib roll,				1	0.193	0.167		2.28	
medium fat,			1		5.47	4.74		64.5	
A. P.		1			87.54	75.75		1032	
	1		1.55	44.0	8.48	7.34		100	
Beef, ribs,				1	0.152	0.093		1.45	
lean, A. P.			1		4.31	2.64		40.97	
		1			68.95	42.18		655	
	1		2.44	69.2	10.52	6.43		100	
Beef, ribs,				1	0.196	0.120		1.86	
lean, E. P.			1	_	5.56	3.40		52.8	
10011, 13. 1		1			88.90	54.42		845	
	1		1.89	53.6	10.51	6.44		100	
Beef, ribs,				1	0.139	0.212		2.46	
medium fat.	1		1	1	3.94	6.01		69.9	
A. P.		1	1		63.03	96.16		1118	
11. 1.	1	1	1.43	40.6	5.64	8.60		100	
	1		1.10	10.0	0.01	0.00			
Beef, ribs,				1	0.175	0.266		3.09	
medium fat,			1		4.96	7.54		87.7	
E. P.		1			79.38	120.66		1403	
	1		1.14	32.3	5.66	8.59		100	
Beef, round,				1	0.195	0.073		1.44	
lean, A. P.			1		5.53	2.07		40.7	
		1			88.45	33.11		652	
	1		2.45	69.6	13.57	5.08		100	
Beef, round,				1	0.213	0.079		1.56	
lean, E. P.			1		6.04	2.24		44.3	
		1			96.62	35.84		709	
	1		2.26	64.0	13.63	5.05		100	
Beef, round,				1	0.190	0.128		1.91	
medium fat,			1		5.39	3.63		54.2	
A. P.		1			86.18	58.06		867	
	1		1.85	52.3	9.94	6.70		100	
		1		1					

TABLE XIX.

Food Material zz lbs. oz. gms. Grams Grams hydrate, Grams Caloric	
Beef, round, 1 0.203 0.136 2.	04
medium fat. 1 5.76 3.86 57.	7
E. P. 92.07 61.69 923	
1 1.73 49.1 9.96 6.68 100	
Beef, rump, 1 0.191 0.110 1.	75
lean, A. P. 1 5.42 3.12 49.	7
86.64 49.90 796	
, 1 2.01 57.0 10.89 6.33 100	
Beef, rump, 1 0.209 0.137 2.	07
lean, E. P 1 5.93 3.88 58.	7
94.80 62.14 938	
1 1.70 48.3 10.10 6.62	
Beef, rump, 1 0.138 0.202 2	.37
medium fat, 1 3.91 5.73 67.	.2
A. P. 1 62.60 91.62 1075	
1 1.49 42.2 5.82 8.52 100	
Beef, rump, 1 0.174 0.255 2	.99
medium fat. 1 4.93 7.23 84	.8
E. P. 1 78.92 115.68 1357	
1 1.18 33.4 5.82 8.53	
Deel, Shank,	.86
hind, me- 1 2.72 1.50 24	
dium fat, 1 43.55 24.04 391	
A. P. 1 4.09 116.1 11.15 6.16 100	
Deel, snank,	.87
hind, me- 1 5.92 3.26 53	
dium fat, 1	
E. P. 1 1.88 53.4 11.17 6.15 100	
1 0 104 0 044	.05
Beer, shoulder	
and clod, 1	
lean, A. P 1	
1 3.35 95.0 15.59 4.18 100	***************************************
Post shoulder 1 0 204 0.054 1	.30
Beer, shoulder	
and clod, 1	
lean, E. P 1	1
1 2.71 76.8 15.67 4.15 100	
Beef shoulder 1 0.164 0.098 1	.55
Beer, shoulder 2 278 278	.9
and clod, 1 709	
medium 1at, 1	
A. P. 1 2.28 64.6 10.59 0.53	

FOOD VALUES OF FOOD MATERIALS USED CHIEFLY BY WEIGHT IN TERMS OF STANDARD UNITS.—Continued.

	P.		Weigh	ıt	Protein,	Fat,	Carbo- hydrate,	Fuei Value,	Cost,
Food Material	zó	lbs.	oz.	gms.	Grams	Grams	Grams	Calories	Dollars
Beef, shoulder				1	0.196	0.113		1.80	
and clod,					5.55	3.20		51.1	
medium fat,		1			88.90	51.26		817	
E. P.	1		1.96	55.5	10.88	6.27		100	
Beef, sirloin				1	0.165	0.161		2.11	
steak, A. P.			1		4.68	4.56		59.8	
		1			74.84	73.03		957	
	1		1.67	47.4	7.82	7.63		100 -	
Beef, sirloin				1	0.189	0.185		2.42	
steak, E. P.			1		5.36	5.24		68.6	
		1			85.73	83.91		1098	
	1		1.46	41.3	7.87	7.64		100	
Beef, sweet-				1	0.168	0.121		1.76	
breads,			1		4.76	3.43		49.9	
A. P.		1			76.20	54.90		799	
	1		2.00	56.8	9.54	6.87		100	
Beef, tender-				1	0.162	0.244		2.84	
loin			1		4.59	6.92		80.6	
10111		-	-		73.48	110.69		1290	
	1		1.24	35.2	5.69	8.58		100	
Beef, tongue,				1	0.141	0.067		1.17	
fresh, A. P.			1		4.00	1.90		33.1	
110011, 111 1		1	-		64.02	30.39		529	
	1		3.02	85.7	12.08	5.74		100	
T					0.400				
Beef, tongue,			1	1	0.189	0.092		1.58	
fresh, E. P.		1			$5.36 \\ 85.73$	$2.61 \\ 41.73$		44.9	
1		1	2.23	63.1	11.93	5.88		718 100	
	1		2.20	05.1	11.90	3.00		100	
Beef, tongue,				1	0.119	0.192		2.20	
pickled,			1		3.37	5.44		62.5	
A. P.			1.00	45.4	53.98	87.09		1000	
	1		1.60	45.4	5.40	8.71		100	
Beef, tongue,				1	0.128	0.205		2.36	
pickled,			1		3.63	5.81		66.8	
E. P.	1	1	1.40	49.4	58.06	92.98		1069	
	1		1.49	42.4	5.43	8.70		100	
Beef, top				1	0.133	0.423		4.34	
sirloin,			1		3.77	11.99		122.9	
A. P.		1			60.33*	191.88		1968	
	1		0.81	23.1	3.06	9.75		100	
	_								

				. 1	1				
	Ч.		Weigh	t	Protein,	Fat,	Varbo-	Fuel	Cost,
Food Material	ω.	lbs.	oz.	gms.	Grams	Grams	hydrate, Grams	Value, Calories	Dollars
Beef, top				1	0.138	0.437		4.49	
sirloin,			1		3.91	12.39		127.1	
E. P		1	-		62.60	198.21		2034	
2.1	1		0.79	22.3	3.08	9.74		100	
	-							100	
Blackberries,				1	0.008	0.021	0.564	2.48	
canned,			1		0.23	0.60	15.98	70.2	
A. P.		1	_		3.63	9.53	255.83	1124	
	1		1.43	40.4	0.32	0.85	22.77	100	
	-		21.23						
Blueberries,				1	0.006	0.006	0.128	0.59	
canned,			1	_	0.17	0.17	3.63	16.7	
A. P.		1	_		2.72	2.72	58.08	268	
	1		5.98	169.5	1.02	1.02	21.70	100	
	-		0.00	100.0	1.02			200	
Bluefish, fresh,				1	0.100	0.006		0.45	
entrails			1		2.84	0.17		12.9	
removed,		1	1		45.36	2.72		206	
A. P.	1		7.77	220.4	22.04	1.32		100	
Α. 1.	1			220.1	22.01	1.02		100	
Bluefish, fresh,				1	0.194	0.012		0.88	
entrails			1		5.49	0.34		25.1	
removed,		1	1		87.99	5.44		401	
E. P.	1		3 90	113.1	21.95	1.36		100	
E. F.	1		3.33	110.1	21.30	1.00		100	
Bouillon				1	0.022	0.001	0.002	0.11	
Boullion			1		0.62	0.03	0.06		
1		1	1		9.98	0.45	0.91	47.6	
	1	1	33.6	952.0	20.95	0.95	1.90	100	
	1		35.0	102.0	20.00	0.00	1,00	100	
Brazil nuts,				1	0.086	0.337	0.035	3.52	
A. P.			1		2.43	9.55	0.99	99.7	
A. F.	1	1 -	1		39.01	152.86	15.88	1595	
	1	1	1.01	1	2.44	9.58	0.99	100	
	1		1.01	20.1	2.11	0.00			
Brazil nuts.				1	0.170	0.668	0.070	6.97	
E. P.		1	1	1	4.81	18.93	1.98	197.6	
E. F.		1 -	1		77.11	303.10	31.75	3162	
	1	. 1	0.51	14.3		9.58	1.00	100	
1	1		0.51	14.0	2.11				
Drond brown				1	0.054	0.018	0.471	2.26	
Bread, brown	1		1	1	1.53	0.51	13.35	64.1	
			1		24.48	8.16	213.60	1026	
1	1	1	1.56		1	0.79	20.82	100	
	1		1.50	11.2	2.00				
Droud som				1	0.079	0.047	0.463	2.59	
Bread, corn		-	1	1	2.24	1.33	13.13	73.5	
		1	1 1		35.83	21.32	210.00	1175	
	1	1	1.36	38.6		1.81	17.87	100	
	1		1.50	30.0	0.00				
	1		-			The second second			

TABLE XIX.

Food Values of Food Materials used Chiefly by Weight in Terms of Standard Units.—Continued.

Food Material	S. P.		Weigh		Protein, Grams	Fat, Grams	Carbo- hydrate,	Fuel Value,	Cost, Dollars
		lbs.	oz.	gms.	Grams	Grains	Grams	Calories	Donais
Bread, gluten				1	0.093	0.014	0.498	2.49	
			1		2.64	0.40	14.12	70.6	
		1		40.0	42.18	6.35	225.90	1130	
	1		1.42	40.2	3.74	0.56	20.09	100	
Bread,				1	0.089	0.018	0.521	2.60	
graham			1		2.52	0.51	14.77	73.8	
		1			40.37	8.16	236.40	1180	
	1		1.35	38.4	3.42	0.69	20.03	100	
Bread, rye				1	0.090	0.006	0.532	2.54	
			1		2.55	0.17	15.08	72.1	
		1			40.82	2.72	241.30	1153	
	1		1.39	39.3	3.54	0.24	20.93	100	
Bread, rye				1	0.119	0.003	0.515	2.56	
and wheat			1		3.37	0.00	14.60	72.7	
			-		53.98	1.36	233.60	1163	
	1		1.38	39.0	4.64	0.12	20.09	100	
D 1 19				.	0.001	0.010	0 500	0.04	
Bread, white,				1	0.091	0.016	0.533	2.64	
home made		1	1		$\frac{2.58}{41.27}$	$0.45 \\ 7.26$	15.11 241.75	74.8 1198	
			1.34	37.9	3.45	0.61	20.19	100	
	1		1.04	37.9	3.43	0.01	20.19	τογ	
Bread, white,				1	0.098	0.009	0.550	2.67	
cream			1		2.78	0.26	15.59	75.8	
		1			44.45	4.08	249.50	1212	
	1		1.32	37.4	3.67	0.34	20.58	100	
Bread, white.				1	0.096	0:014	0.511	2.55	
milk			1		2.72	0.40	14.49	72.4	
		1			43.55	6.35	231.75	1158	
	1		1.38	39.2	3.76	0.55	20.01	100	
Bread, white.			8	1	0.094	0.012	0.541	2.65	
Vienna		i	1		2.67	0.34	15.34	75.1	
		1			42.64	5.44	245.39	1201	
			1.33	37.9	3.55	0.45	20.43	100	
Bread, whole				1	0.007	0.009	0.407	0.40	
wheat			1	1	$0.097 \ 2.75$	0.009	$0.497 \\ 14.09$	$\frac{2.46}{69.7}$	
WIICAU		1	1		44.00	4.08	$\frac{14.09}{225.44}$	1115	
	1		1.44	40.7	3.95	0.37	20.23	100	
Du alambaa (0.00:	0.045			
Buckwheat, flour				1	0.064	0.012	0.779	3.48	
nour		1	1		1.81	0.34	22.08	98.7	
	1	1	1.01	28.7	29.03 1.84	$\frac{5.48}{0.34}$	353.40 22.39	1577 100	
	1	1	1.01	20.1	1.04	0.54	22.39	100	

TABLE XIX.

FOOD VALUES OF FOOD MATERIALS USED CHIEFLY BY WEIGHT IN TERMS OF STANDARD UNITS.—Continued.

	Ъ.		Weigh	ıt	Protein.	Fat.	Carbo-	Fuel	G4
Food Material	Ω.	lbs.	oz.	gms.	Grams	Grams	hydrate, Grams	Value, Calories	Cost, Dollars
Buckwheat,				1	0.041	0.004	0.841		
farina and			1		1.17	0.11	23.84	101.0	
groats		1			18.59	1.81	381.48	1617	
	1		0.99	28.1	1.15	0.11	23.60	100	
Butterfish,				1	0.103	0.063		0.98	
whole, A. P.			1		2.92	1.79		27.8	
		1			46.74	28.58		444	
	1		3.61	102.2	10.52	6.43		100	
Butterfish,				1	0.180	0.110		1.71	
whole, E. P.			1		5.10	3.12		48.5	
		1			81.64	49.90		776	
	1		2.06	58.5	10.53	6.43		100	
Butter milk,				1	0.030	0.005	0.048	0.36	
			1		0.85	0.14	1.36	10.1	
		1			13.61	2.27	21.82	162	
ľ	1		9.86	279.6	8.39	1.40	13.42	100	
Butternuts.				1	0.038	0.083	0.005	0.92	
A. P.			1		1.08	2.35	0.14	26.1	
		1 -			17.24	37.65	2.27	417	
*	1		3.84	108.8	4.14	9.03	0.54	100	
Butternuts.				1	0.279	0.612	0.035	6.76	
E. P.			1		7.91	17.35	0.99	191.8	
					126.55	277.60	15.86	3068	
	1		0.52	14.8	4.13	9.05	0.52	100	
Calf's-foot				1	0.043		0.174	0.87	
jelly, A. P.		1	1		1.22		4.93	24.6	
1,0,,		1			19.50		78.92	394	
	1		4.06	115.2	4.95		20.05	100	
Catfish,				1	0.116	0.166		1.96	
A. P.			1		3.29	4.71		55.5	
		1			52.62	75.30		888	
	1		1.80	51.1	5.92	8.48		100	
Catfish,				1	0.144	0.206		2.43	
E. P.		-	1		4.08	5.84		68.9	
		. 1			65.32	93.44			
	1		1.45	41.2	5.93	8.48		100	
Cereal coffee				1	0.002			0.06	
(infusion)			1		0.06			1.8	
(111101011)		. 1			0.91		6.35	29	
1	1		55.06	1561.0	3.13		21.88	100	
		1	1						

FOOD VALUES OF FOOD MATERIALS USED CHIEFLY BY WEIGHT IN TERMS OF STANDARD UNITS.—Continued.

	P.		Welgi	ht	Protein,	Fat,	Carbo- hydrate,	Fuel Value,	Cost,
Food Material	νi	lbs.	oz.	gms.	Grams	Grams	Grams	Calories	Dollars
Cerealine				1	0.096	0.011	0.783	3.62	
Coronnas			1		2.72	0.31	22.20	102.5	
		1			43.55	4.99	35.52	1640	
	1		0.98	27.7	2.66	0.30	21.66	100	
Cheese,				1	0.277	0.368	0.041	4.58	
cheddar			1		7.85	10.43	1.16	130.0	
		1			125.64	166.90	18.60	2079	
	1		0.77	21.8	6.04	8.03	0.89	100	
Cheese,				1	0.209	0.010	0.043	1.10	14
cottage,			1		5.92	0.28	1.21	31.1	
A. P.		1			94.80	4.54	19.51	498	
	1		3.21	91.1	19.04	0.91	3.92	100	
Cheese.				1	0.159	0.210	0.014	2.58	
Fromage de			1	-	4.51	5.95	0.40	73.2	
Brie, A. P.		1			72.12	95.25	6.35	1171	
Dire, 11. 1.	1		1.36	38.7	6.16	8.13	0.54	100	
	•		1.00	90.1	0.10	0.10	0.01	100	
Cheese, full				1	0.259	0.337	0.024	4.17	
cream,			1		7.34	9.55	0.68	118.0	
A. P.		1			117.48	152.84	10.88	1888	
	1		0.85	24.0	6.22	8.09	0.58	100	
Cheese,				1	0.299	0.389	0.026	4.80	
pineapple,			1		8.48	11.04	0.74	136.1	
A. P.		1			135.60	176.44	11.79	2178	
,	1		0.73	20.8	6.23	8.10	0.54	100	
Cheese,				1	0.226	0.295	0.018	3.63	
Roquefort.			1		6.41	8.36	0.51	102.9	
A. P.		1	•		102.50	133.80	8.16	1647	
21. 1.	1		0.97	27.5	6.22	8.13	0.49	100	
Character Cart				,	0.072	0.040	0.010	4.00	
Cheese, Swiss,				1	0.276	0.349	0.013		
A. P.			1		7.82	9.89	0.37	121.8	
		1	0.00		125.18	158.30	5.90	1949	
	1		0.82	23.3	6.42	8.12	0.30	100	
Cherries,				1	0.005	0.002	0.862	3.48	
candied			1		0.14	0.04	24.43	98.6	
		1			2.22	0.68	390.80	1578	
	1		1.01	28.7	0.14	0.04	24.76	100	
Cherries,				1	0.011	0.001	0.211	0.90	
canned			1		0.31	0.03	5.98	25.4	
		1			4.99	0.45	95.62	407	
	1		3.93	111.5	1.23	0.11	23.52	100	
		1							

TABLE XIX.

	P.		Weigh	nt	Protein,	Fat.	Carbo-	Fuel	God
Food Material	σά	lbs.	oz.	gms.	Grams	Grams	hydrate, Grams	Value, Calories	Cost, Dollars
Chestnuts,				1	0.081	0.053	0.564	3.06	
dried, A. P.			1		2.30	1.50	15.99	86.6	
		1			36.74	24.04	255.81	1386	
	1		1.15	32.7	2.65	1.73	18.45	100	
Chestnuts,				1	0.107	0.070	0.742	4.03	
dried, E. P.			1		3.03	1.98	21.04	114.2	
		1			48.54	31.75	336.58	1828	
)	1		0.87	24.8	2.66	1.74	18.44	100	
Chestnuts,				1	0.052	0.045	0.354	2.03	
fresh, A. P.			1		1.47	1.27	10.04	57.5	
		1			23.58	20.41	160.57	920	
	1		1.74	49.3	2.56	2.21	17.25	100	
Charte					0.000	0.05:	0.105		
Chestnuts,				1	0.062	0.054	0.421	2.42	
fresh, E. P.			1		1.76	1.53	11.94	68.6	
		1	1 40	41.0	28.12	24.49	190.96	1097	
	1		1.46	41.3	2.56	2.23	17.39	100	
Chickens,				1	0.128	0.014		0.64	
broilers,			1		3.63	0.40		18.1	
A. P.		1			58.06	6.35		289	
	1		5.53	156.7	20.06	2.19		100	
Chickens,				1	0.215	0.025		1.09	
broilers.			1	1	6.10	0.025		30.8	
E. P.		1	1		97.60	11.36		492.3	
г. г.	1	1	3.27	92.6	19.91	$\frac{11.30}{2.32}$		100	
	1		3.29	32.0	13.31	2.02		100	
Chicken				1	0.247	0.014		1.11	
gizzard,			1		7.00	0.39		31.6	
A. P.		1			112.00	6.35		505	
	1		3.17	89.8	22.18	1.26		100	
Chicken		l		1	0.207	0.055		1.32	
heart,		1	1		5.87	1.56		37.5	
A. P.		1			93.88	24.95		600	
	1		2.67	75.6	15.65	4.16		100	
Chicken liver.				1	0.224	0.042	0.024	1.37	
A. P.			1		6.35	1.19	0.68	38.8	
		1			101.60	19.05	10.88	621	
	1		2.58	73.0	16.35	3.07	1.75	100	
Citron dried				1	0.005	0.015	0.781	3.28	
Citron, dried, A. P.			1	1	0.003	0.42	22.14	93.0	
A. F.		1	1		2.27	6.80	354.30	1487	
	1	1	1.08	30.5	0.15	0.46	23.82	100	
	1		2.00	55.5					

 ${
m Food}$ Values of Food Materials used Chiefly by Weight in Terms of Standard Units. — Continued.

Clams, long, in shell, A. P.	Food Material	S. P.	Weig	ht gms.	Protein, Grams	Fat, Grams	Carbo- hydrate, Grams	Fuel Value, Calories	Cost, Dollars
A. P.									
Clams, long, in shell, E. P.			1		22.68	2.72	4.99	136	
in shell, 1 2.44 0.28 0.57 14.6 E. P. 1 6.86 194.6 16.74 1.95 3.89 100 Clams, round, in shell, 1 0.065 0.004 0.042 0.46 in shell, 1 1.84 0.11 1.19 13.1 E. P. 1 29.48 1.81 19.05 210 Cocoanut, prepared, A. P. 1 0.063 0.574 0.315 6.68 A. P. 1 0.53 15.0 0.94 8.59 4.69 100 Cocoanuts, A. P. 1 0.53 15.0 0.94 8.59 4.69 100 Cocoanuts, A. P. 1 0.053 15.0 0.99 0.259 0.143 3.02 K. P. 1 0.53 15.0 0.99 0.259 0.143 3.02 S. S. P. 1 0.02 0.259 0.143		-							
E. P. 1									
Clams, round, in shell, E. P.			1 1	1					
Clams, round, in shell, E. P.	E. P.								
in shell, E. P. 1 1 1.84 0.11 1.19 13.1 1.1		1	0.80	194.0	10.74	1.95	3.89	100	
E. P.	Clams, round,			. 1		1			
Cocoanut, prepared, A. P.									
Cocoanut, prepared, prepared, A. P. 1 0.063 0.574 0.315 6.68 189.3 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 110 100 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 <td< td=""><td>E. P.</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	E. P.								
prepared, A. P. 1 1 1.79 16.27 8.93 189.3 A. P. 1 0.53 15.0 0.94 8.59 4.69 100 Cocoanuts, A. P. 1 0.029 0.259 0.143 3.02 A. P. 1 0.82 7.34 4.05 85.6 1 1.17 33.1 0.96 8.58 4.74 100 Cocoanuts, E. P. 1 1.057 0.506 0.279 5.90 E. P. 1 1.62 14.34 7.91 167.2 1 0.60 16.9 0.97 8.58 4.73 100 Cod, dressed, A. P. 1 1 0.111 0.002 0.46 0.46 A. P. 1 7.63 216.4 24.02 0.42 100 10 Cod, salt, A. P. 1 1 0.190 0.004 0.80 0.80 A. P. 1 2.66 23.87 0.50 100		1	7.61	215.5	14.01	0.86	9.05	100	
prepared, A. P. 1 1 1.79 16.27 8.93 189.3 A. P. 1 0.53 15.0 0.94 8.59 4.69 100 Cocoanuts, A. P. 1 0.029 0.259 0.143 3.02 A. P. 1 0.82 7.34 4.05 85.6 1 1.17 33.1 0.96 8.58 4.74 100 Cocoanuts, E. P. 1 1.0057 0.506 0.279 5.90 E. P. 1 1.62 14.34 7.91 167.2 2. D. 1 0.60 16.9 0.97 8.58 4.73 100 Cod, dressed, A. P. 1 0.111 0.002 0.46 0.46 A. P. 1 7.63 216.4 24.02 0.42 100 Cod, salt, A. P. 1 0.190 0.004 0.80 A. P. 1 0.254 0.003 1.04 E. P. 1 7.20 0.09 29.6 1 1.0254 0.003 1.04 <t< td=""><td>Cocoanut.</td><td></td><td></td><td>1</td><td>0.063</td><td>0.574</td><td>0.315</td><td>6.68</td><td></td></t<>	Cocoanut.			1	0.063	0.574	0.315	6.68	
A. P.		ì	1 .		1.79	16.27	8.93	189.3	
Cocoanuts, A. P. 1					28.58	260.35	142.88	3028	
A. P.			0.53	15.0	0.94	8.59	4.69	100	
A. P.	C			,	0.090	0.950	0.149	2.00	
Cocoanuts, E. P. 1			1 1			1			
Cocoanuts, E. P. 1	A. P.	1							
Cocoanuts, E. P.									
E. P.		1	1.17	33.1	0.90	0.00	4.74	100	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Cocoanuts,			1	0.057	0.506	0.279	5.90	
Cod, dressed, A. P. 1 0.60 16.9 0.97 8.58 4.73 100 0.46 0.48 0.00 0.11 0.50 0.50 0.80	E. P.		1		1.62	14.34	7.91	167.2	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					25.85			2675	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		1	0.60	16.9	0.97	8.58	4.73	100	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Cod, dressed.		·	1	0.111	0.002		0.46	
Cod, salt, A. P. 1 0.190 0.004 0.80 1 0.80 1 0.190 0.004 0.80 1 0.80 1 0.190 0.004 1 0.80 1 0.190 0.004 1 0.80 1 0.100 22.6 1 0.100 Cod, salt, E. P. 1 0.254 0.003 1.04 E. P. 1 0.254 0.003 29.6 1 1 0.296 1 1 0.254 0.003 Cod, salt, E. P. 1 0.254 0.003 1.04 29.6 1 1 0.254 0.003 Cod, salt, E. P. 1 0.254 0.003 1.04 1 0.254 0.003 Cod, salt, E. P. 1 0.170 0.005 0.73 A. P. 1 0.170 0.005 0.73 A. P. 1 0.170 0.005 0.73 A. P. 1 0.171 0.227 329			1		3.15	0.06		13.1	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			1		50.35	0.91		210	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		1	7.63	216.4	24.02	0.42		100	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Cod. salt.			1	0.190	0.004		0.80	_
Cod, salt, E. P. 1			1 1	- 1					
Cod, salt, E. P. 1 0.254 0.003 1.04 29.6 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.			1 1						
E. P			4.43	125.6	23.87	0.50			
E. P	Cod solt				0.054	0.000		1.04	
Cod, steak, A. P. 1									
Cod, steak, 1 3.38 95.8 24.33 0.29 100	19. 1.								
Cod, steak,									
A. P	Cod start				0.4=0	0.005			
77.11 2.27 329		1		1 -					
	A. P.		1 - 1	1					
1 4.00 157.9 25.44 0.09 100									
		1	4.80	157.9	23.44	0.69		100	

TABLE XIX,

	P.		Weigh	nt			Carbo-	Fuel	
Food Material	υż	lbs.	oz.	gms.	Protein, Grams	Fat, Grams	hydrate, Grams	Value, Calorics	Cost, Dollars
				gins.			Grams	Calorics	Donais
Consommé,				1	0.025		0.004	0.12	
$_{ m canned}$			1		0.71		0.11	3.3	
l	1	1	20.4	862.1	11.34		1.81	53	
	1		30.4	862.1	21.55		3.45	100	
Corn flour				1	0.071	0.013	0.784	3.54	
			1		2.01	0.37	22.23	100.3	
1		1			32.25	5.89	355.62	1604	
	1		0.99	28.3	2.01	0.37	22.17	100	
Cottolene				1		1.000		9.00	
Cottolono			1			28.35		255.2	
		1				453.60		4082	
	1		0.39	11.1		11.11		100	
Cracker-				1	0.109	0.060	0.729	3.89	
meal, A. P.			1		3.09	1.70	20.67	110.3	
		1			49.44	27.23	330.67	1765	
	1		0.91	25.7	2.80	1.54	18.73	100	
Crackers.				1	0.110	0.085	0.711	4.05	
Boston.	1		1		3.12	2.41	20.16	114.8	
A. P.		1			49.90	38.56	322.50	1837	
	1		0.87	24.7	2.72	2.10	19.04	100	
G 1				,	0.000	0.101	0.710	4.10	
Crackers,			1	1	$0.096 \\ 2.72$	$0.101 \\ 2.86$	0.716	4.16	
butter, A. P.		1	1		$\frac{2.72}{43.54}$	$\frac{2.80}{45.81}$	$20.30 \\ 324.77$	117.8 1885	
А. Г.	1	1	0.85	24.1	2.31	2.43	17.23	100	
	1		0.00	21.1	2.01	2.10	11.20	100	
Crackers,				1	0.097	0.121	0.697	4.27	
cream,			1		2.75	3.43	19.76	120.9	
A. P.		1			44.00	54.88	316.18	1935	
	1		0.83	23.5	2.28	2.84	16.34	100	
Crackers,				1	0.117	0.050	0.757	3.95	
water,			1	1	3.32	1.41	21.46	111.9	
A. P.		1			53.07	22.68	343.37	1790	
	1		0.89	25.3	2.96	1.26	19.18	100	
G					0.00*	0.107	0.045	1.05	
Cream,				1	$0.025 \\ 0.71$	0.185 5.24	0.045 1.27	1.95 55.0	
common,		1	1		11.34	83.85	20.41	881	
(18.5%)	1	1	1.81	51.4		9.50	2.31	100	
	1		1.01		1.20				
Cusumber				1	0.005	0.003	0.027	0.16	
pickles,			1		0.14	0.09	0.77	4.4	
A. P.		1			2.27	1.36	12.25	70 100	
	1		22.76	645.2	3.23	1.94	17.42	100	
		I	l	1					

	Р.		Welgh	nt	Protein,	Fat,	Carbo- hydrate,	Fuel Value,	Cost,
Food Material	υż	lbs.	oz.	gms.	Grams	Grams	Grams	Calories	Dollars
Doughnuts,				1	0.067	0.210	0.531	4.28	
A. P.			1		1.89	5.95	15.05	129.4	
		1			30.39	95.25	240.83	1942	
	1		0.82	23.4	1.56	4.91	12.40	100	
Eels, dressed,				1	0.148	0.072		1.24	
A. P.			1		4.18	2.04		35.2	
		1			67.13	32.66		562	
	1		2.85	80.6	11.94	5.81		100	
Eels, dressed,				1	0.186	0.091		1.56	
E. P.			1		5.27	2.58		44.3	
		1			84.36	41.27		709	
	1		2.26	64.0	11.90	5.82		100	
Egg plant,				1	0.012	0.003	0.051	0.28	
E. P.			1	_	0.34	0.09	1.44	7.9	
2		1			5.44	1.36	23.11	127	
	1		12.64	358.4	4.30	1.08	18.28	100	
Ein hans an				1	0.046	0.066	0.698	3.57	
Fig bars or biscuits.			1	1	1.30	1.87	19.79	101.2	
A. P.		1	1		20.86	29.92	316.61	1619	
А. Г.	1	1	0.99	28.0	1.29	1.85	19.55	100	
	-								
Filberts,				1	0.075	0.313	0.062	3.37	
A. P.			1		2.13	8.87	1.76	95.4	
		1			34.04	141.98	28.12	1526	
	1		1.05	29.7	2.23	9.30	1.84	100	
Filberts,				1	0.156	0.653	0.130	7.02	
E. P.			1	_	4.42	18.51	3.69	199.1	
		1			70.76	296.20	58.97	3185	
	1		0.50	14.2	2.22	9.30	1.85	100	
Flounder,				1	0.064	0.003		0.28	
entrails			1		1.81	0.09		8.0	
removed,		1			29.03	1.36		128	
A. P.	1		12.45	353.4	22.61	1.06		100	
Fowl, A. P.				1	0.137	0.123		1.66	-
- 5 111, 11. 1 .			1	1	3.88	3.49		46.9	
1		1	_		62.14	55.79		751	
	1		2.13	60.4	8.27	7.43		100	
Fowl, E. P.				1	0.193	0.163		2.24	
FOWI, E. P.			1	1	5.47	4.60		63.5	
		1	1		87.54	73.94		1016	
	1	1	1.58	44.7	8.62	7.28		1010	
			1.50	11.1	0.02	1.20		100	

TABLE XIX.

FOOD VALUES OF FOOD MATERIALS USED CHIEFLY BY WEIGHT IN TERMS OF STANDARD UNITS.—Continued.

	۳.		Weigh	nt	Protein.	Fat.	Carbo-	Fuel	
Food Material	Σ.	lbs.	oz.	gms.	Grams	Grams	hydrate, Grams	Value, Calories	Cost, Dollars
Frog's legs,				1	0.105	0.001		0.43	
A. P.			1		2.98	0.03		12.2	
		1			47.63	0.45		195	
	1		8.12	233.1	24.48	0.23		100	
Frog's legs,				1	0.155	0.002		0.64	
E. P.			1	_	4.39	0.06		18.1	
		1			70.30	0.91		289	
	1		5.53	156.7	24.30	0.31		100	
G:				,	0.000	0.000	0.004		
Ginger, crystallized				1	0.003	0.002	0.861	3.48	
crystamzed		1			0.10	0.05	24.42	98.5	
		_	1.00	90.0	1.54	0.82	390.60	1576	
	1		1.02	28.8	0.10	0.05	24.78	100	
Gingersnaps				1	0.065	0.086	0.760	4.07	
Gingershaps					1.84	2.44	21.55	115.5	
		1			29.48	39.00	344.65	1848	
	1	_	0.86		1.60	2.11	18.60	100	
	-		0.00	21.0	2100		10.00	100	
Gluten flour				1	0.142	0.018	0.711	3.57	
					4.03	0.51	20.16	101.3	
		1			64.41	8.16	322.50	1621	
	1		0.99	28.0	3.97	0.50	19.90	100	
Goose, young,					0.134	0.298		3.22	
A. P.			1		3.80	8.45		91.2	
					60.78	135.18		1460	
	1		1.10	31.1	4.16	9.26		100	
Goose, young,				1	0.163	0.362		3.91	
E. P.					4.62	10.26		110.8	
23. 2.		1			73.93	164.20		1774	
			0.90	25.6	4.17	9.26		100	
					0.00:	0.010	0.100	0.61	
Greens,					0.024	0.010	0.106	0.61	
dandelion,			1		0.68	0.28	3.00	$\frac{17.3}{277}$	
A. P.		1		1.00.0	10.88	$\frac{4.54}{1.64}$	48.08 17.38	100	
	1		5.78	163.9	3.93	1.04	17.50	100	
Grape juice				1			0.250	1.00	
Grape Juice				_			7.09	28.4	
		1	_				113.40		
	1		3.53				25.00	100	
					0.001	0.000		0.35	
Haddock,					0.084	0.002		10.0	
entrails			1			0.06		161	
removed,		1	0.00	000 5	38.10	$0.91 \\ 0.57$		100	
A. P.	1		9.96	282.5	23.73	0.57		100	
			1						

Food Values of Food Materials used Chiefly by Weight in Terms of Standard Units.—Continued.

	P.		Weigh	ıt	Protein,	Fat,	Carbo- hydrate,	Fuel Value.	Cost,
Food Material	αį	lbs.	oz.	gms.	Grams	Grams	Grams	Calories	Dollars
Haddock,				1	0.172	0.003		0.72	
entrails			1		4.88	0.09		20.3	
removed,		1			78.02	1.36		324	
E. P.	1		4.94	139.9	24.06	0.42		100	
Haddock,				1	0.158	0.001		0.64	
smoked,			1		4.48	0.03		18.2	
A. P.		1			71.67	0.45		291	
	1		5.50	156.0	24.65	0.16		100	
Haddock,				1	0.233	0.002		0.95	
smoked,			1		6.61	0.06		26.9	
E. P.		1			105.69	0.91		431	
2.1.	1		3.71	105.3	24.53	0.21		100	
Halibut.				1	0.193	0.140		2.03	
smoked,			1	1	5.47	3.97		57.6	
A. P.		1	1		87.54	63.50		922	
Λ. 1.	1	1	1.74	49.2	9.50	6.89	,	100	
	1		1.77	49.2	3.00	0.00		100	
Halibut,				1	0.207	0.150		2.18	
smoked,			1		5.87	4.25		61.7	
E. P.		1			93.89	68.04		988	
	1		1.62	45.9	9.50	6.89		100	
TT 121 /					0.150	0.044		1.01	
Halibut,				1	0.153	0.044		1.01	
steak, A. P.			1		4.33	1.25		28.6	
		1	9.40		69.40	19.96		457	
	1		3.49	99.2	15.18	4.37		100	
Halibut,				1	0.186	0.052		1.21	
steak, E. P.			1		5.27	1.47		34.4	
		1			84.36	23.58		550	
	1		2.93	82.5	15.34	4.29		100	
Ham, bone-				1	0.143	0.275		3.05	
less, A. P.			1	1	4.05	7.80		86.4	
		1			64.84	124.74		1382	
	1		1.16		4.69	9.03		100	
Ham, deviled				1	0.190	0.341		3.83	
I		1	1	1	5.39	9.67		108.5	
		1			86.18	154.68		1737	
	1		0.92	26.1		8.91		100	
Ham, fresh,					0.040	0.140		0.0=	
lean, A. P.			1	1	0.248	0.142		2.27	
теан, А. Р.		1	1		7.03	4.03		64.4	
	1	1	1.55	44.1	112.50	64.41		1030	
	1		1.55	44.1	10.93	6.26		100	
·		STATE OF							

TABLE XIX.

	Р.		Weigh	t	Protein,	Fat,	Carbo-	Fuel	Cost.
Food Material	si.	lbs.	oz.	gms.	Grams	Grams	hydrate, Grams	Value, Calories	Dollars
Ham, fresh,				1	0.135	0.259		2.87	
medium fat,			1		3.83	7.34		81.4	
A. P.		1			60.33	117.48		1302	
	1		1.23	34.8	4.70	9.02		100	***************************************
Ham, fresh,				1	0.153	0.289		3.21	
medium fat,			1		4.34	8.19		91.1	
E. P.		1			69.40	131.10		1457	
	1		1.10	31.1	4.76	9.00		100	
Ham,				1	0.175	0.185		2.37	
smoked,			1		4.96	5.26		67.05	
lean, A. P.		1			79.38	83.92		1073	
	1		1.49	42.3	7.40	7.82		100	
Ham,				1	0.198	0.208		2.66	
smoked,			1		5.61	5.90		75.5	
lean, E. P.		1			89.82	94.35		1207	
	1		1.32	37.5	7.43	7.81		100	
Ham.				1	0.142	0.334		3.57	
smoked.			1	1	4.03	9.47		101.3	
medium fat.		1	1		64.41	151.50	***************************************	1621	
A. P.	1		0.98	28.0	3.97	9.35		100	
					0.100	0.000		4.14	
Ham,				1	0.163	0.388		117.5	
smoked,			1		4.62 73.94	175.80		1880	
medium fat,	1	1	0.85	24.1	3.93	9.36		100	
E. P.	1		0.89	24.1	3.93	9.50		100	
Head cheese,				1	0.189	0.240		2.92	
A. P.			1		5.36	6.84		82.7	
		1			85.73	108.87		1323	
ł	1		1.21	34.3	6.48	8.23		100	
Head cheese,				1	0.195	0.338		3.82	
E. P.			1		5.53	9.58		108.3	
		1			88.45	153.30		1734	
	1		0.92	26.2	5.10	8.84		100	
Herring,				1	0.205	0.088		1.61	
smoked.			1		5.81	2.49		45.7	
A. P.		-			92.98	39.95		731	
1	1		2.19	62.0	12.72	5.46		100	
TT				1	0.369	0.158		2.90	
Herring,			1	1	10.46	4.48		82.2	
smoked, E. P.		1	1		167.37	71.67		1315	
E. P.	1	1	1.22	34.5		5.45		100	
	1		1.22	31.0					

Food Material		Р.		Weigh	ıt	Protein,	Fat,	Carbo- hydrate,	Fuel Value,	Cost,
whole, A. P. 1 3.18 1.11 22.6 A. P. 1 4.29 125.1 14.02 4.88 100 Herring, whole, E. P. 1 0.195 0.071 1.42 40.2 2.88 E. P. 1 5.53 2.01 40.2 2.88 644 4.22 2.88 100 100 1.42 40.2 2.89 644 4.22 2.88 100 100 1.42 40.2 2.89 644 4.2 2.20 644 4.2 2.25 644 4.2 2.20 644 4.2 2.20 644 4.2 2.20 644 4.2 2.20 644 4.2 1.2 76.5 5.2 76.5 5.2 76.5 5.2 76.5 5.2 76.5 5.2 76.5 5.2 76.5 5.2 76.5 5.2 76.5 5.2 76.5 5.2 76.5 5.2 76.5 5.2 76.5 5.2 76.5 5.2 76.	Food Material	αż	lbs.	oz.	gms.	Grams	Grams			Dollars
A. P.	Herring,				1	0.112	0.039		0.80	
Herring, whole, E. P.	whole,			1						
Herring, whole, E. P.	A. P.		1							
whole, E. P. I. 5.53 2.01 40.2 E. P. 1 88.45 32.20 644 I. 2.49 70.5 13.74 5.00 100 Hickory nuts, A. P. 1 0.058 0.255 0.043 2.70 I. 1.64 7.23 1.224 76.5 I. 1.64 7.23 1.224 I. 1.64 7.23 1.224 I. 1.31 37.1 2.15 9.44 1.59 100 Hickory nuts, E. P. 1 0.154 0.674 0.114 7.14 7.14 E. P. 1 4.36 19.11 3.23 202.4 202.4 Honey, A. P. 1 0.09 1.011 23.02 92.5 I. 0.49 14.0 2.16 9.44 1.59 100 Honey, A. P. 1 0.004 0.812 3.28 3.28 I. 1 0.011 23.02 92		1		4.29	125.1	14.02	4.88		100	
E. P.	Herring,				1	0.195				
Hickory nuts, A. P. 1	whole,			1		5.53			40.2	
Hickory nuts, A. P. 1	E. P.		1							
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		1		2.49	70.5	13.74	5.00		100	
A. P.	Hickory nuts.				1	0.058	0.255	0.043	2.70	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				1		4 1.64	7.23	1.22	76.5	
Hickory nuts, E. P.			1			26.31	115.67	19.51	1224	
E. P.				1.31	37.1	2.15	9.44	1.59	100	
E. P.	Higheory nuts				1	0.154	0.674	0.114	7 14	
Honey, A. P.				1	1					
Honey, A. P.	E. F.		1	-						
Honey, A. P.			- 1							
Company Comp		1		0.45	14.0	2.10	3.11	1.09	100	
Note	Honey, A. P.				1	0.004		0.812	3.26	
Koumiss, 1 1.08 30.6 0.12 24.88 100 A. P. 1 0.028 0.021 0.054 0.52 A. P. 1 0.79 0.60 1.53 14.7 1 1 12.70 9.53 24.49 235 1 6.82 193.4 5.42 4.06 10.44 100 Lamb, 1 0.154 0.191 2.34 breast, 1 4.37 5.41 66.6 66.6 A. P. 1 1.51 42.8 6.59 8.18 100 Lamb, 1 1.22 34.6 6.61 8.17 100 Lamb, 1 1.22 34.6 6.61 8.17 100 Lamb, leg, 1 1.54 4.51 3.86	,			1		0.11		23.02	92.5	
Koumiss,			1			1.81		368.30	1480	
A. P.		1		1.08	30.6	0.12		24.88	100	
A. P.	Koumiss				1	0.028	0.021	0.054	0.52	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		i	1	1	_					
Lamb, 1 6.82 193.4 5.42 4.06 10.44 100	Α. Ι.	ł		•						
breast, A. P. 1 4.37 5.41 66.6 A. P. 1 69.85 86.63 1057 1 1.51 42.8 6.59 8.18 100 Lamb, breast, breast, and breast, breast, and breast				6.82	193.4		1			
breast, A. P. 1 4.37 5.41 66.6 A. P. 1 69.85 86.63 1057 1 1.51 42.8 6.59 8.18 100 Lamb, breast, breast, and breast, breast, and breast										
A. P.			1		- :					
Lamb, 1 1.51 42.8 6.59 8.18 100 Lamb, 1 0.191 0.236 2.89 breast, 1 5.41 6.69 81.8 E. P. 1 86.63 107.04 1310 1 1.22 34.6 6.61 8.17 100 Lamb, leg, 1 0.159 0.136 1.86 hind, 1 72.12 61.69 844 A. P. 1 1.90 53.8 8.55 7.31 100 Lamb, leg, 1 0.192 0.165 2.25 hind, 1 5.44 4.68 63.9 medium fat, 1 87.08 74.84 1022		1		1				1	00.0	
Lamb, breast, 5.41 1 0.191 0.236 2.89 E. P. 1 1 5.41 6.69 81.8 I. 22 34.6 6.61 8.17 100 Lamb, leg, hind, medium fat, A. P. 1 1 1.90 53.8 52.7 Lamb, leg, hind, medium fat, a. 1 1 0.136 1.86 Lamb, leg, hind, medium fat, a. 1 1 0.192 0.165 844 Lamb, leg, hind, medium fat, a. 1 1 0.192 0.165 2.25 hind, medium fat, a. 1 87.08 74.84 1022	A. P.		1 -						1	
breast, E. P. 1 5.41 6.69 81.8 E. P. 1 1.22 34.6 6.61 8.17 1310 Lamb, leg, hind, medium fat, A. P. 1 0.159 0.136 1.86 A. P. 1 1.90 53.8 8.55 7.31 100 Lamb, leg, hind, medium fat, amedium fat, medium fat, amedium fat, medium fat, amedium fat		1		1.51	42.8	6.59	8.18		100	
E. P.	Lamb,				1				2.89	
Lamb, leg, hind, medium fat, leg, hind, medium fat, amedium fat, 1 0.159 0.136 1.86 Lamb, leg, hind, medium fat, amedium fat, amedium fat, amedium fat, 1 0.159 0.136 52.7 Lamb, leg, hind, medium fat, 1 0.192 0.165 2.25 Lamb, leg, hind, medium fat, 1 5.44 4.68 63.9 March of the control of the cont				1					81.8	
Lamb, leg, hind, medium fat, nedium fat, medium fat, nedium	E. P.		. 1						1310	
hind, medium fat, A. P. 1		1		1.22	34.6	6.61	8.17		100	
hind, medium fat, A. P. 1	Lamb, leg				1	0.159	0.136		1.86	
medium fat, A. P. 1		1	1	1	_					
A. P. 1 1.90 53.8 8.55 7.31 100		1								
hind,				1.90	53.8					
hind,	Lamb log				1	0.100	0.185		0.05	
medium fat, 1			-	1	1					
73 - 1			1	1						
100				1.57	44.4					
		1 ~	1	1		0.02	1		100	

TABLE XIX.

	P.		Weight		Protein.	Fat.	Carbo-	Fuel	
Food Material	αż	lbs.	oz.	gms.	Grams	Grams	hydrate, Grams	Value, Calories	Cost, Dollars
Lamb, loin,				1	0.160	0.241		2.81	
A. P.			_		4.54	6.83		79.6	
11. 1.		1	-		72.58	109.30		1274	
	1		1.26	35.6	5.70	8.58		100	
	1		1.20	00.0	0	0.00		100	
Lamb, loin,				1	0.187	0.283		3.30	
E. P.			1		5.30	8.02		93.42	
		1			84.82	128.37		1495	
	1		1.06	30.4	5.67	8.59		100	
	İ								
Lamb, neck,				1	0.146	0.204		2.42	
A. P.			1		4.14	5.78		68.6	
		1			66.22	92.53		1098	
	1		1.46	41.3	6.03	8.43		100	
Lamb, neck,				1	0.177	0.248		2.94	
E. P.			1		5.02	7.03		83.3	
		1			80.28	112.49	J	1334	
	1		1.20	34.0	6.02	8.43		100	
								[
Lamb,				1	0.144	0.236		2.70	
shoulder,			1		4.08	6.69		76.5	
A. P.		1			65.31	107.05		1225	
	1		1.31	37.0	5.33	8.74		100	
Lamb,				1	0.181	0.297		3.40	
shoulder,			1		5.13	8.42		112.5	
E. P.					82.10	134.70		1541	
	1		1.04	29.4	5.33	8.74		100	
1						0.150		0.10	
Lamb,				1	0.135	0.173		$\begin{array}{c c} 2.10 \\ 59.4 \end{array}$	
tongue,			1		3.83	4.91		951	
canned,					61.24	78.47 8.25		100	
A. P.	1		1.68	47.7	6.44	8.25		100	
I _	1	1			0.007	0.005	0.059	0.21	1
Lemons,		1		1	0.007	0.005	1.67	8.8	
A. P.			1		0.20	2.27	26.76	140	
		1	11.41	202.6	3.18 2.27	1.62	19.09	100	
	1		11.41	323.6	2.21	1.02	10.00	100	
1.				1	0.01	0.007	0.085	0.44	
Lemons,		4		_	0.01	0.007	2.41	12.6	
E. P.			1		4.54	3.18	38.56	201	
		1	7 00	225.7	2.26	1.58	19.24	100	
	1		1.90	220.1	2,20	1.00		1	
T - ' t				1	0.181	0.011	0.005	0.84	
Lobster,			1	1	5.13	0.31	0.14	23.9	
canned,		1	1		82.10	4.99	2.27	382	
A. P.	1	- 1	4.30	118.6		1.31	0.59	100	
	1		7.50	110.0	21.11				

Food Material	S. P.	lbs.	Weigh	gms.	Protein, Grams	Fat, Grams	Carbo- hydrate, Grams	Fuel Value, Calories	Cost, Dollars
		Ibs.	oz.	gms.			Grams	Calories	
Lobster,				1	0.059	0.007	0:002	0.31	
whole,			1		1.67	0.20	0.06	8.70	
A. P.		1			26.76	3.18	0.91	139	
	1		11.48	325.7	19.22	2.29	0.65	100	
Lobster,				1	0.164	0.018	0.004	0.83	
whole,			1	_	4.65	0.51	0.11	23.6	
E. P.		1	-		74.38	8.16	1.81	378	
	1		4.23	119.9	19.66	2.16	0.48	100	
3.6					0.005	0.170	0.050	4.24	
Macaroons,				1	0.065	$0.152 \\ 4.31$	0.652	120.1	
A. P.			1		$\frac{1.84}{29.48}$	68.95	$18.48 \\ 295.75$	1921	
		1	0.83	23.6	$\frac{29.48}{1.54}$	3.59	15.39	100	
	1		0.83	∠3.0	1.54	5.59	15.59	100	
Mackerel.				1	0.102	0.042	 	0.79	
fresh,			1		2.89	1.19		22.3	
whole,		1			46.27	19.05		357	
A. P.	1		4.49	127.2	12.98	5.34		100	
., , ,					0.107	0.071		1.00	
Mackerel,				1	0.187	0.071		1.39	
fresh,			1		$5.30 \\ 84.82$	$\frac{2.01}{32.20}$		39.3	
whole,	1	1	0.54	70.1				629	
E. P.	1		2.54	72.1	13.48	5.12		100	
Mackerel,				1	0.116	0.035		0.78	
fresh,			1		3.29	0.99		22.1	1
entrails re-		1			52.62	15.87		353	
moved, A.P.	1		4.51	128.4	14.89	4.49		100	
					0.100	0.00=			
Mackerel,				1	0.196	0.087		1.57	
salt,			1		5.56	2.47		44.4	
canned, A. P.	1	1	2.25	63.8	88.89 12.51	39.47 5.55		711 100	
А. Г.	1		2.20	05.0	12.51	5.55		100	
Mackerel,				1	0.139	0.212		2.46	
salt,			1		3.94	6.01		69.9	
dressed,		1			63.05	96.16		1118	
A. P.	1		1.43	40.6	5.64	8.60		100	
Mackerel,				1	0.150	0.004	,	9.07	
salt.			1	1	0.173 4.91	0.264		3.07	
dressed.		1	1		78.47	7.48 119.74		87.0 1392	
E. P.	1	1	1.15	32.6		8.61		100	
	-			32.0	, 3.31	0.01		100	
Mushrooms,				1	0.035	0.004	0.068	0.45	
A. P.			1		0.99	0.11	1.93	12.7	
					15.88	1.81	30.85	203	
	1		7.86	223.2	7.81	0.89	15.18	100	
AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO		1	_				1	1	A. Carlotte

TABLE XIX.

FOOD VALUES OF FOOD MATERIALS USED CHIEFLY BY WEIGHT IN TERMS OF STANDARD UNITS.—Continued.

	Р.		Weigh	t	Protein,	Fat,	Carbo-	Fuel	Cost.
Food Material	αż	lbs.	oz.	gms.	Grams	Grams	hydrate, Grams	Value, Calories	Dollars
Mutton,				1	0.117	0.300		3.17	
chuck,			1		3.32	8.50		89.8	
A. P.		1			53.07	136.08		1437	
	1		1.11	31.6	3.69	9.47		100	
Mutton,				1	0.146	0.368		3.90	
chuck,			1		4.14	10.43		110.4	
E. P.		1			66.22	166.80		1767	
	1		0.91	25.7	3.75	9.45		100	
Mutton,				1	0.138	0.369		3.87	
flank.			1	-	3.91	10.46		109.8	
medium fat.	1	1			62.60	167.38		1757	
A. P.	1	l	0.91	25.8	3.56	9.53		100	
	-								
Mutton,				1	0.152	0.383		4.06	
flank,			1		4.31	10.86		115.0	
medium fat,		1			68.94	173.70		1839	
E. P.	1		0.87	24.7	3.75	9.44		100	
Mutton, leg,				1	0.165	0.103		1.59	
hind, lean,			1	·	4.68	2.92		45.0	
A. P.		1			74.84	46.72		720	
	1		2.22	63.0	10.40	6.49		100	
N 44 1 1 1 1				1	0.198	0.124		1.91	
Mutton, leg,			1	1	5.62	3.52		54.1	
hind, lean, E. P.		1	1		89.82	56.24		865	
E. F.	1	1	1.85	52.4	10.38	6.50		100	
	1		1.00	32.4	10.00	0.00		100	
Mutton, leg,				1	0.151	0.147		1.93	
hind.			1		4.28	4.17		54.6	
medium fat.		1			68.50	66.68		874	
A. P.	1		1.83	51.9	7.84	7.63		100	
					0.107	0.100		2.36	
Mutton, leg,				1	0.185	0.180 5.10		66.9	
hind,		1 -	1		5.24 83.91	81.64		1070	
medium fat,		1	1.50	42.4	7.84	7.63		100	
E. P.	1		1.50	42.4	1.04	1.00		100	
Mutton, loin,				1	0.237	0.185		2.61	
free fat		1	1	1	6.72	5.25		74.1	
removed		1	1		107.50	84.12		1185	
Tomovod	1		1.35	38.3		7.08		100	
								9.00	
Mutton, loin,		.		1	0.135	0.283		0.00	
medium fat,	,		1		3.83	8.02		87.5	
A. P.		. 1			61.24	128.36		1400	
	1		1.14	32.4	4.37	9.17		100	
	1	1	1				1		

FOOD VALUES OF FOOD MATERIALS USED CHIEFLY BY WEIGHT IN TERMS OF STANDARD UNITS.—Continued.

Food Material	S. P.		Weigh		Protein, Grams	Fat, Grams	Carbo- hydrate,	Fuel Value,	Cost, Dollars
		lbs.	oz.	gms.			Grams	Calories	
Mutton, loin, medium fat,			1	1	$0.160 \\ 4.55$	0.331 9.38		$3.62 \\ 102.6$	
E. P.			1		72.58	150.14		1642	
L. I.	1		0.97	27.6	4.42	9.15		100	
Mutton, neck,			1	1	$0.123 \\ 3.49$	0.179		2.10	
medium fat, A. P.			1		55.80	$5.07 \\ 81.20$		59.6 954	
A. 1.	1		1.68		5.85	8.51		100	
	_								
Mutton, neck,					0.169	0.246		2.89	
medium fat,			1		4.79	6.97 111.58		81.9	
E. P.	1	1	1.22	34.6	$76.66 \\ 5.85$	8.51		1311 100	
	1		1.22	01.0	0.00	0.01		100	
Mutton,				1	0.137	0.155		1.94	
shoulder,					3.88	4.39		55.1	
medium fat,		1			62.14	70.31		881	
A. P.	1		1.82	51.5	7.05	7.96		100	
Mutton,				1	0.177	0.199		2,50	
shoulder,			1		5.02	5.64		70.8	
medium fat,					80.28	90.26		1133	
E. P.	1		1.41	40.0	7.08	7.96		100	
Nectarines,				1	0.006		0.148	0.62	
A. P.			1	1	0.000		4.20	17.5	
22. 1.		1			2.72		67.12	279	
	1		5.71	162.3	0.97		24.02	100	
							_		
Nectarines, E. P.			1	1	0.006		0.159	0.66	
Е. Р.		1	1		$0.17 \\ 2.72$		$\begin{array}{c c} 4.51 \\ 72.12 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 18.7 \\ 299 \end{array}$	
		1		151.5	0.91		24.09	100	
i .	-							100	
Oatmeal				1	0.161	0.072	0.675	3.99	
			1		4.56	2.04	19.13	113.2	
	1	1	0.88	25.1	$73.02 \\ 4.03$	32.65 1.80	$306.18 \\ 16.90$	1810	
	1		0.00	20.1	4.05	1.60	10.90	100	
Okra, A. P.				1	0.014	0.002	0.065	0.33	
			1		0.40	0.06	1.84	9.5	
		1	10 5 /		6.35	0.91	29.48	152	
	1		10.54	299.4	4.19	0.60	19.46	100	
Oleomarga-				1	0.012	0.830		7.52	
rine, A. P.			1		0.34	23.53		213.1	
		1			5.44	376.50		3410	
	1		0.47	13.3	0.16	11.04		100	
L							ntil talente		

TABLE XIX.

	P.		Welgh	t	Protein.	E-4	Carbo-	Fuel	
Food Material	S.	lbs.	oz.	gms.	Grams	Fat, Grams	hydrate, Grams	Value, Calorles	Cost, Dollars
Olives, ripe,				1	0.014	0.210	0.035	2.09	
A. P.			1		0.40	5.95	0.99	59.1	
		1			6.35	95.25	15.88	946	
	1		1.69	47.9	0.67	10.02	1.68	100	
Olives, ripe,				1	0.017	0.250	0.043	2.49	
E. P.			1		0.48	7.09	1.22	70.6	
12.1.		1			7.71	113.40	19.50	1129	
	1		1.42	40.2	0.68	10.04	1.73	100	
Orange juice				1			0.108	0.43	
			1				3.06	12.25	
·		1	8.17				48.98	196	
	1		8.17	231.5			25.00	100	
Oysters,				1	0.088	0.024	0.039	0.72	
canned,			1		2.50	0.68	1.11	20.5	
A. P.		1	_		39.92	10.89	15.38	328	
22. 2.	1		4.87	138.1	12.16	3.32	5.39	100	
Pecans,				1	0.051	0.379	0.082	3.94	
unpolished,			1		1.45	10.74	2.32	111.8	
A. P.		1			23.13	171.90	37.19	1788	
	1		0.89	25.4	1.29	9.61	2.08	100	
Pecans,				1	0.096	0.705	0.153	7.34	
unpolished.			1	1	2.72	19.99	4.33	208.1	
E. P.		1	•		43.55	319.79	69.40	3330	
12. 1.	1		0.48	13.6	1.31	9.62	2.08	100	
								0.50	
Perch, yellow				1	0.128	0.007		0.58	
dressed,			1		3.63	0.20		$\frac{16.3}{261}$	
A. P.		1	0.00	170.0	58.06	3.18		100	
	1		6.32	173.9	22.26	1.22		100	
Pickerel, pike,			-	1	0.107	0.003		0.46	
entrails			1	1	3.03	0.09		12.9	
removed.		1			48.54	1.36		206	
A. P.	1	1	7.75	219.8	23.52	0.66		100	
						0.000		1.05	
Pigs' feet,				1	0.102	0.093		$\frac{1.25}{35.3}$	
pickled,			1		2.90	2.64		565	
A. P.		1	0.00		46.27	$\frac{42.18}{7.50}$		100	
	1		2.83	80.3	8.20	7.50		100	
Pigs' feet,				1	0.163	0.148		1.98	
pickled,			1		4.60	4.20		56.2	
E. P.		1 -			73.94	67.13		900	
2	1	1	1.78	50.9	8.20	7.50		100	
	1								

	P.		Weigh	t	Protein.	Fat,	Carbo-	Fuel	Cost.
Food Material	αi	lbs.	oz.	gms.	Grams	Grams	hydrate, Grams	Value, Calories	Dollars
Pineapple				1			0.165	0.66	
juice			1				4.68	18.7	
,		1					74.84	299	
	1		5.34	151.5			25.00	100	
Pine nuts.				1	0.339	0.494	0.069	6.08	
pignolias,			1	-	9.61	14.00	1.96	172.3	
E. P.		1	-		153.77	224.10	31.30	2757	
2.1.	1		0.58	16.5	5.58	8.13	1.14	100	
Pistachios,				1	0.223	0.540	0.163	6.40	
shelled.			1		6.32	15.31	4.62	181.6	
E. P.		1	-		101.14	244.93	73.94	2905	
E. I.	1	- 1	0.55	15.6	3.48	8.43	2.55	100	
	1		0.55	10.0	0.40	0.40	2.00	100	
Pop corn				1	0.107	0.050	0.787	4.03	
			1		3.03	1.42	22.31	114.1	
		1			48.54	22.68	356.98	1826	
	1		0.87	24.8	2.66	1.24	19.55	100	
					0.074	0.001		0.40	
Porgy, whole,				1	0.074	0.021		0.49	
A. P.			1		2.10	0.60		13.8	
_		1			33.57	9.52		220	
ĺ	1		7.27	206.2	15.26	4.33		100	
Porgy, whole,				1	0.186	0.051		1.20	
E. P.			1	1	5.27	1.45		34.1	
13. 1.		1	1		84.36	23.13		546	
	1	1	2.93	83.1	15.46	4.24		100	
	1		2.90	00.1	15.40	4.24		100	
Pork, loin				1	0.155	0.145		1.93	
chops, lean,			1		4.39	4.11		54.6	
A. P.		1			70.31	65.76		873	
	1		1.83	51.9	8.05	7.53		100	
Pork, loin				1	0.203	0.190		2.52	
chops, lean.			1	1	5.76	5.39			
E. P.			1		92.08			71.5	
г. г.	1	_	1.40	39.7	92.08 8.05	86.18 7.53		1144	
	1		1.40	39.7	8.00	7.55		100	
Pork, loin				1	0.134	0.242		2.71	
chops,			1		3.80	6.86		76.9	
medium fat		. 1			60.78	109.78		1231	
A. P.	1		1.30	36.9	4.94	8.92		100	
Pork, loin				1	0.166	0.301		3.37	
chops.			1	1	4.71	8.53		95.6	
medium fat		1	1		75.30	136.53		1530	
E. P.	1		1.04	29.7		8.92		100	
	1		1	20	1.02	0.02		100	
	-								

TABLE XIX.

	P.		Weight		Protein,	Fat.	Carbo-	Fuel	Cost.
Food Material	si.	lbs.	oz.	gms.	Grams	Grams	hydrate, Grams	Value, Calories	Dollars
Pork, salt,				1	0.019	0.862		7.83	
clear fat,					0.54	24.44		222.1	
A. P.		1			8.62	391.00		3555	
	1		0.45	12.8	0.24	11.00		100	
1	1				-				
Pork, side not				1	0.080	0.490		4.73	
including					2.27	13.89		134.1	
lard and		1			36.28	222.25		2145	
kidney, A.P.			0.74	21.1	1.69	10.36		100	
maney ,	-								
Pork, side not				1	0.091	0.553		5.34	
including			1 1		2.58	15.68		151.4	
lard and		1			41.28	250.82		2423	
kidney, E.P.			0.66	18.7	1.70	10.34		100	
	-								
Pork, shoul-				1	0.130	0.266		2.91	
der smoked.					3.69	7.54		82.6	
medium fat,	1				58.98	120.66		1322	
A. P.	1		1.21	34.3	4.46	9.13		100	
	-								
Pork, shoul-				1	0.159	0.325			
der smoked.			1		4.51	9.21		100.9	
medium fat.	1				72.12	147.42		1615	
E. P.	1	1	0.99	28.1	4.47	9.13		100	
2	-								
Pork, tender-				1	0.189	0.130			
loin, A. P.			. 1		5.36	3.69		54.6	
2012, 22. 2					85.74	58.97		874	
	1		1.83	51.9	9.81	6.75		100	
1	1	1						0.10	
Pumpkins,				1	0.005	0.001	0.026		
A. P.			. 1			0.03	0.74	0.0	
		. 1			2.27	0.45	11.79	60	
	1		26.52	751.9	3.76	0.75	19.55	100	
	-						0.050	0.00	
Pumpkins,				1	0.010		0.052	0.2	
E. P.			. 1			0.03	1.47	7.3	
		. 1			4.54	0.45	23.59	117	
	1		. 13.72	389.1	3.89	0.39	20.23	100	
							0.094	0.38)
Raspberry							2.66	10.7	,
juice			1		1		42.64	171	
							25.00	100	
	1		9.38	266			20.00	100	
1					0.000	0.061	0.680	3,61	
Rice flour				. 1	0.086 2.43	1.72	19.28	102.4	
1						27.67	308.45	1639	
		- 1		07.6	-	1.68	18.82	100	
	1		0.97	27.6	2.38	1.00	10.02		
				1	-				

FOOD VALUES OF FOOD MATERIALS USED CHIEFLY BY WEIGHT IN TERMS OF STANDARD UNITS .- Continued.

Rolls, French	Food Material	S. P.		Weigh		Protein, Grams	Fat, Grams	Carbo- hydrate,	Fuel Value,	Cost, Dollars
Rolls, Vienna			lbs.	oz.	gms.			Grams	Calories	Donais
Rolls, Vienna	Rolls, French				1					
Rolls, Vienna	l			1						
Rolls, Vienna			_	1 96	95 0					
Rolls, water		1		1.20	99.0	3.04	0.90	13.34	100	
Rolls, water	Rolls, Vienna				1	0.085	0.022			
Rolls, water				1						
Rolls, water			- 1	1.00	05.5			1		
Rutabagas,		1		1.26	35.7	3.04	0.79	20.19	100	
Rutabagas,	Rolls, water	ĺl			1	0.090	0.030	0.542	2.80	
Rutabagas, A. P. 1				1				15.37	79.3	
Rutabagas,			1			40.82	13.61	245.82	1269	
A. P.		1		1.26	35.7	3.22	1.07	19.37	100	
A. P.	Putabagas				1	0.000	0.001	0.060	0.50	
Rye flour				1	- 1					
Rye flour	Α. 1.		1	1						
Rye flour 1 0.068 0.009 0.787 3.50 1 1 1.93 0.26 22.31 99.3 1 1 1.01 28.5 1.94 0.26 22.48 100 Salmon, 1 1.0153 0.089 1.41 whole, 1 4.34 2.52 40.1 fresh, A. P. 1 69.40 40.37 641 1 2.50 70.8 10.83 6.30 100 Salmon, 1 0.220 0.128 2.03 whole, 1 6.24 3.63 57.6 fresh, E. P. 1 99.80 58.06 922 1 1.75 49.2 10.83 6.30 100 Sausage, 1 1.0182 0.197 2.50 bologna, 1 5.16 5.59 70.9 A. P. 1 0.187 0.176 0.003 2.34 bologna, 1 0.187 0.176 0.003 2.34 bologna, 1			_	12.37	350.9					
Salmon, whole, fresh, A. P. 1		-								
Salmon, whole, fresh, A. P. 1	Rye flour				1					
Salmon, whole, fresh, A. P. 1 0.153 0.089 1.41 Salmon, whole, fresh, A. P. 1 0.153 0.089 1.41 1 4.34 2.52 40.1 1 2.50 70.8 10.83 6.30 100 Salmon, whole, fresh, E. P. 1 0.220 0.128 2.03 yhole, fresh, E. P. 1 99.80 58.06 922 1 0.175 49.2 10.83 6.30 100 Sausage, bologna, A. P. 1 0.182 0.197 2.50 A. P. 1 0.187 0.176 0.003 2.34 bologna, bolo				1						
Salmon, whole, fresh, A. P. 1 0.153 0.089 1.41 fresh, A. P. 1 4.34 2.52 40.1 1 2.50 70.8 10.83 6.30 100 Salmon, whole, fresh, E. P. 1 0.220 0.128 2.03 fresh, E. P. 1 99.80 58.06 922 1 1.75 49.2 10.83 6.30 100 Sausage, bologna, A. P. 1 0.182 0.197 2.50 A. P. 1 82.56 89.36 1134 1 1.41 40.0 7.28 7.88 100 Sausage, bologna, bologna, collapse, coll		1	1							
whole, fresh, A. P. 1 4.34 2.52 40.1 fresh, A. P. 1 69.40 40.37 641 1 2.50 70.8 10.83 6.30 100 Salmon, whole, here, E. P. 1 6.24 3.63 57.6 fresh, E. P. 1 99.80 58.06 922 1 1.75 49.2 10.83 6.30 100 Sausage, bologna, A. P. 1 5.16 5.59 70.9 A. P. 1 1.41 40.0 7.28 7.88 100 Sausage, bologna, E. P. 1 0.187 0.176 0.003 2.34 bologna, E. P. 1 84.82 79.83 1.36 1063 E. P. 1 84.82 79.83 1.36 1063 1 1.50 42.7 7.98 7.51 0.13 100 Sausage, frankfort, A. P. 1 0.196 0.186 0.011 2.50 Frankfort, Sausage, frankfort, Sausage, frankfort, Sausage, frankfort, Sausage, frankfort, Sausage, sausage, sausage, sausage, sausage, sausage, sausage, sausage, sausage, s		1		1.01	28.5	1.94	0.26	22.48	100	
whole, fresh, A. P. 1 4.34 2.52 40.1 fresh, A. P. 1 69.40 40.37 641 1 2.50 70.8 10.83 6.30 100 Salmon, whole, here, E. P. 1 6.24 3.63 57.6 fresh, E. P. 1 99.80 58.06 922 1 1.75 49.2 10.83 6.30 100 Sausage, bologna, A. P. 1 5.16 5.59 70.9 A. P. 1 1.41 40.0 7.28 7.88 100 Sausage, bologna, E. P. 1 0.187 0.176 0.003 2.34 bologna, E. P. 1 84.82 79.83 1.36 1063 E. P. 1 84.82 79.83 1.36 1063 1 1.50 42.7 7.98 7.51 0.13 100 Sausage, frankfort, A. P. 1 0.196 0.186 0.011 2.50 Frankfort, Sausage, frankfort, Sausage, frankfort, Sausage, frankfort, Sausage, frankfort, Sausage, sausage, sausage, sausage, sausage, sausage, sausage, sausage, sausage, s	Salmon	j l			1	0.153	0.089		1.41	
fresh, A. P. 1 2.50 70.8 10.83 6.30 641 621 630 661 661 661 662 663		1			•					
Salmon, whole, fresh, E. P. 1 0.220 0.128 2.03 Sausage, bologna, A. P. 1 0.182 0.197 2.50 Sausage, bologna, A. P. 1 0.187 0.197 2.50 Sausage, bologna, A. P. 1 0.182 0.197 2.50 Sausage, bologna, A. P. 1 0.182 0.197 0.003 2.34 Sausage, bologna,		1		_					641	
whole, fresh, E. P. 1 6.24 3.63 57.6 fresh, E. P. 1 99.80 58.06 922 1 1.75 49.2 10.83 6.30 100 Sausage, bologna, A. P. 1 51.6 5.59 70.9 A. P. 1 1.41 40.0 7.28 7.88 100 Sausage, bologna, E. P. 1 1.41 40.0 7.28 7.88 100 Sausage, bologna, E. P. 1 1.87 0.176 0.003 2.34 bologna, E. P. 1 84.82 79.83 1.36 1063 1 1.50 42.7 7.98 7.51 0.13 100 Sausage, frankfort, A. P. 1 0.196 0.186 0.011 2.50 Sausage, stankfort, Sausage, frankfort, Sausage, frankfort, Sausage, stankfort, Sausage,	· ·			2.50	70.8	10.83	6.30		100	
whole, fresh, E. P. 1 6.24 3.63 57.6 fresh, E. P. 1 99.80 58.06 922 1 1.75 49.2 10.83 6.30 100 Sausage, bologna, A. P. 1 51.6 5.59 70.9 A. P. 1 1.41 40.0 7.28 7.88 100 Sausage, bologna, E. P. 1 1.41 40.0 7.28 7.88 100 Sausage, bologna, E. P. 1 1.87 0.176 0.003 2.34 bologna, E. P. 1 84.82 79.83 1.36 1063 1 1.50 42.7 7.98 7.51 0.13 100 Sausage, frankfort, A. P. 1 0.196 0.186 0.011 2.50 Sausage, stankfort, Sausage, frankfort, Sausage, frankfort, Sausage, stankfort, Sausage,	~ ,									
fresh, E. P. 1 99.80 58.06 922 100 Sausage, bologna, A. P. 1 1 5.16 5.59 70.9 70.9 134 1134 100 100 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>- 1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					- 1					
Sausage,	,	1		_						
Sausage, bologna, A. P. 1 0.182 0.197 0.250 0.197 0.9 0.9 0.9 0.1134 0.186 0.1134 0.100 0.186 0.1134 0.100 0.186 0.1134 0.100 0.186 0.1134 0.100 0.186 0.1134 0.100 0.186 0.1134 0.100 0.186 0.1134 0.100 0.186 0.1134 0.100 0.186 0.1134 0.100 0.186 0.1134 0.100 0.186 0.1134 0.100 0.186 0.1134 0.100 0.186 0.1134 0.100 0.186 0.1134 0.100 0.186 0.1134 0.100 0.186 0.1134 0.100 0.186 0.1134 0.100 0.186 0.1134 0.100 0.186 0.1134 0.134 0	iresii, E. F.		- 1		49.9					
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				1.10	10.2	10.00	0.50	1	100	
A. P. 1 1 82.56 89.36 1134 100 Sausage, 1 0.187 0.176 0.003 2.34 1 5.30 4.99 0.09 61.5 1 1 84.82 79.83 1.36 1063 1 1.50 42.7 7.98 7.51 0.13 100 Sausage, 1 0.196 0.186 0.011 2.50 1 1 5.56 5.27 0.31 70.9 70.9 1 88.90 84.37 4.99 1134	Sausage,				1	0.182	0.197		2.50	
Sausage,				1						
Sausage, bologna, E. P. 1 -0.187 0.176 0.003 2.34 1 5.30 4.99 0.09 61.5 1 84.82 79.83 1.36 1063 1 1.50 42.7 7.98 7.51 0.13 100 Sausage, frankfort, A. P. 1 5.56 5.27 0.31 70.9 88.90 84.37 4.99 1134	A. P.		1							
bologna, E. P. 1 5.30 4.99 0.09 61.5 1 84.82 79.83 1.36 1063 1 1.50 42.7 7.98 7.51 0.13 100 Sausage, frankfort, A. P. 1 1 5.56 5.27 0.31 70.9 88.90 84.37 4.99 1134		1		1.41	40.0	7.28	7.88		100	
bologna, E. P. 1 5.30 4.99 0.09 61.5 1 84.82 79.83 1.36 1063 1 1.50 42.7 7.98 7.51 0.13 100 Sausage, frankfort, A. P. 1 1 5.56 5.27 0.31 70.9 88.90 84.37 4.99 1134	Sausage.				1	- 0.187	0.176	0.003	2.34	
E. P. 1				1						
Sausage, 1 1 0.196 0.186 0.011 2.50 1 0.1 N. P. 1 5.56 5.27 0.31 70.9 1 70.9 1134			1							
frankfort, 1				1.50	42.7	7.98	7.51		100	
frankfort, 1	Saugas					0.400	0.100	0.035		
A. P. 88.90 84.37 4.99 1134				1	_					
2 1100 2101			1	1						
1 1.12 40.0 7.83 7.43 0.44 100	*** * .	1		1.12	40.0					
112 10.0 1.00 1.10 0.11 100		1		1.12	10.0	1.00	1.40	0.11	100	***************************************

TABLE XIX.

	Ъ.		Weigh	t	Protein.	Fat.	Carbo-	Fuel	
Food Material	α	lbs.	oz.	gms.	Grams	Grams	hydrate, Grams	Value, Calories	Cost, Dollars
Sausage meat,				1	0.174	0.325		3.62	
pork, A. P.			1		4.93	9.21		102.4	
		1			78.93	147.41		1642	
	1		0.98	27.7	4.82	9.00		100	
Sausage,	 			1	0.130	0.440	0.011	4.52	
pork, A. P.			1		3.69	12.47	0.31	128.3	
		1			58.97	199.60	4.99	2052	
	1		0.78	22.1	2.86	9.73	0.24	100	
Sausage,				1	0.245	0.421		4.77	
summer,		·	1		6.95	11.94		135.2	
A. P.		1			111.13	190.98		2163	
	1		0.74	21.0	5.14	8.83		100	
Sausage,				1	0.260	0.445		5.05	
summer,			1		7.37	12.62		143.0	
E. P.		1			117.93	201.86		2289	
	1		0.70	19.8	5.15	8.82		100	
Scallops,				1	0.148	0.001	0.034	0.74	
A. P.			1		4.20	0.03	0.96	20.9	
		1 .	_		67.13	0.45	15.42	334	
	1		4.79	135.7	20.08	0.14	4.61	100	
Shad, whole,				1	0.094	0.048		0.81	
fresh, A. P.			1	1	2.67	1.36		22.9	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		1			42.64	21.77		367	
4	1		4.37	123.8	11.63	5.94		100	
Shad, whole,				1	0.188	0.095		1.61	
fresh, E. P.			1	ļ	5.33	2.69		45.6	
110011, 12. 1		1	_		85.12	43.04		728	
	1		2.19	62.2	11.70	5.91		100	
Shad roe,				1	0.209	0.038	0.026	1.28	
fresh, A. P.			1		5.93	1.08	0.74	36.3	
110011, 11. 1.		1			94.72	17.12	11.79	581	
	1		2.75	78.0		2.96	2.03	100	
Shrimp,				1	0.254	0.010	0.002	1.11	
canned.			1	1	7.20	0.28	0.06	31.5	
A. P.		1	1		115.20	4.53	1.81	504	
11.1.	1		3.17			0.90	0.18	100	
Smelt, whole,				1	0.101	0.010		0.49	
A. P.			1	1	2.86	0.28		14.0	
А. Г.		1	1		45.83	4.53		224	
	1	1	7.14	202.4		2.02		100	
	1				1				

	Р.		Weigh	ıt	Protein,	Fat,	Carbo- hydrate,	Fuel Value,	Cost,
Food Material	αi	lbs.	oz.	gms.	Grams	Grams	Grams	Calories	Dollars
Smelt, whole,				1	0.176	0.018		0.87	
E. P.			1		4.99	0.51 8.16		24.6	
	1	1	4.07	115.5	79.63 20.33	$\frac{8.10}{2.08}$		393 100	
	1		4.01	110.0	20.00	2.00		100	
Squash, fresh,				1	0.014	0.005	0.090	0.46	
E. P.			1		0.40	0.14	2.55	13.1	
		1		0100	6.35	2.27	40.82	209	
	1		7.65	216.9	3.04	1.09	19.52	100	
Strawberry				1			0.050	0.20	
juice			1				1.42	5.7	
,		1					22.68	91	
	1		17.6	500			25.00	100	
					0.151	0.010		0.75	
Sturgeon,			1	1	$0.151 \\ 4.28$	$0.016 \\ 0.45$		$0.75 \\ 21.2$	
anterior sections.		1	1		68.50	7.26		339	
A. P.	1	1	4.72	133.7	20.19	2.14		100	
	-								
Sturgeon,				1	0.181	0.019		0.90	
anterior			1		5.13	0.54		25.4	
sections,		1	0.04	1117	82.10	8.62		406	
E. P.	1		3.94	111.7	20.22	2.12		100	
Sugar, brown				1			0.950	3.80	
Sugar, Stown			1				26.93	107.7	
		1					430.92	1724	
	1		0.93	26.3			25.00	100	
G				٠,			0.000	0.01	
Sugar, maple			1	1			0.828 23.47	3.31 93.8	
		1	1				375.58	1502	
	1		1.07	30.2			25.00	100	
Syrup, maple,				1			0.714	2.86	
A. P.			1				20.24	81.0	
	1	1	1.23	35.0			$323.88 \\ 25.00$	$1295 \\ 100$	
	1		1.23	55.0			25.00	100	
Terrapin,				1	0.052	0.009		0.29	
A. P.			1		1.47	0.26		8.2	
		1			23.57	4.08		131	
	1		12.20	346.0	17.99	3.11		100	
Terrapin,				1	0.212	0.035		1.16	
E. P.			1	1	6.01	0.035		33.0	
		1			96.16	15.88		528	
1	1		3.03	86.0	18.23	3.01		100	
L									

TABLE XIX.

FOOD VALUES OF FOOD MATERIALS USED CHIEFLY BY WEIGHT IN TERMS OF STANDARD UNITS.—Continued.

	Ъ.		Weigh	ıt	D: 11		Carbo-	Fuel	
Food Material	So.	lbs.	oz.	gms.	Protein, Grams	Fat, Grams	hydrate, Grams	Value, Calories	Cost, Dollars
Tripe, A. P.	_			1	0.117	0.012			
Tipe, A. I.			1	1	3.32	0.012	*************	0.58	
		1	1		53.07	5.44		16.3	
	1	_	6.19	173.6	20.31			261	
	1		0.12	175.0	20.51	2.08		100	
Trout,				1	0.091	0.051	 	0.82	
salmon; or			1		2.58	1.45		23.3	
lake, fresh,		1			41.28	23.13		373	
A. P.	1		4.29	121.5	11.06	6.20		100	***************************************
Trout,				1	0.178	0.103		1.64	
salmon or			1	1	5.05	2.92		1.64 46.5	
lake, fresh,		1	1		80.64	46.72			
E. P.	1	_	2.15	61.0	10.86	6.28		743	
E. P.	1		2.15	01.0	10.80	0.28		100	
Turkey:				1	0.161	0.184		2.30	
A. P.			1		4.56	5.22		65.2	
1		1	_		73.03	83.46		1043	
	1		1.53	43.5	7.00	8.00		100	
	-		1.00	10.0		0.00		100	
Turkey,				1	0.211	0.229		2.91	
E. P.			1		5.98	6.49		82.4	
		1		l	95.71	103.88		1318	
	1		1.21	34.4	7.26	7.88		100	
		ļ							
Turtle, green,				1	0.047	0.001		0.20	
whole,			1		1.33	0.03		5.6	
A. P.		1			21.32	0.45		89	
	1		17.90	507.6	23.86	0.51		100	
Turtle, green,				1	0.198	0.005		0.84	
whole,			1		5.61	0.14		23.7	
E. P.		1	•		89.81	2.27		380	
1	1		4.21		23.66	0.60		100	
							0 ====		
Vanilla				1	0.066	0.140	0.716	4.39	
wafers			1		1.87	3.97	20.30	124.4	
		1			29.94	63.50	324.75	1990	
4	1		0.80	22.8	1.50	3.19	16.31	100	
Veal, breast,				1	0.157	0.062		1.19	
lean, A. P.			1	1	4.45	1.76		33.6	
lean, A. F.		1	1		71.05	28.14		538	
	1	1	2.97	84.3	13.24	5.23		100	
	1								
Veal, breast,				1	0.212	0.080		1.57	
lean, E. P.			1		6.01	2.27		44.5	
		1			96.16	36.29		711	
	1		2.25	63.8	13.52	5.10		100	
			l	1					

TABLE XIX.

FOOD VALUES OF FOOD MATERIALS USED CHIEFLY BY WEIGHT IN TERMS OF STANDARD UNITS.—Continued.

	P.		Weigh	ıt	Protein,	Fat,	Carbo-	Fuel	Cost,
Food Material	αį	lbs.	oz.	gms.	Grams	Grams	hydrate, Grams	Value, Calories	Dollars
Veal, breast,				1	0.156	0.110		1.61	
medium fat,			1		4.42	3.12		45.8	
A. P.		1			70.76	49.90		732	
	1		2.19	62.0	9.67	6.82		100	
Veal, breast,				1	0.194	0.138		2.02	
medium fat,			1		5.50	3.91		57.2	
E. P.		1			88.00	62.59		915	
	1		1.75	49.6	9.61	6.84		100	
Veal, chuck,				1	0.167	0.016		0.81	
lean, A. P.			1		4.74	0.45		23.0	
		1			75.75	7.26		368	
	1		4.34	123.1	20.57	1.97		100	
Veal, chuck,				1	0.206	0.019		1.00	
lean, E. P.			1		5.84	0.54		28.2	
100011, 121 11		1	_		93.44	8.62		451	
	1		3.54	100.5	20.70	1.90		100	
		li							
Veal, chuck,				1	0.197	0.065		1.37	
medium fat,			1		5.58	1.84		38.9	
E. P.		1			89.36	29.48		623	
	1		2.57	72.8	14.35	4.73		100	
Veal, chuck,				1	0.160	0.052		1.11	
medium fat,			1		4.54	1.47		31.4	
A. P.		1	_		72.58	23.59		503	
	1		3.18	90.3	14.44	4.69		100	
	_								
Veal, flank,				1	0.205	0.104		1.76	
medium fat,			1		5.81	2.94		49.8	
A. P.		1			92.96	47.04		797	
	1		2.01	56.9	11.65	5.92		100	
Veal, kidney,				1	0.169	0.064		1.25	
A. P.			1		4.79	1.81		35.5	
l '		1			76.64	28.96		568	
	1		2.82	79.9	13.50	5.11		100	
Veal, leg,				1	0.194	0.037		1.11	
lean, A. P.		1	1		5.50	1.05		31.4	
1		1	•		88.00	16.83		503	
	1		3.18	90.2	17.49	3.34		100	
Veal, leg,				4	0.919	0.041		1.00	
lean, E. P.			1	1	0.213	0.041		1.22	
lean, E. P.		1	1		6.04 96.64	1.16 18.56		34.6	
	1	. 1	2.89	81.9	17.45	3.36		554 100	
	1		2.09	01.9	11.10	0.00		100	
	_	_							

TABLE XIX.

I		٦.		Weigh	ıt.					
ı	Food Material	20.	lbs.	oz.	gms.	Protein, Grams	Fat, Grams	Carbo- hydrate, Grams	Fuel Value, Calories	Cost, Dollars
ı	Veal, leg,				1	0.155	0.079		1.33	
1	medium fat,			1		4.39	2.24		37.7	
1	A. P.		1			70.24	35.84		603	
1		1		2.65	75.1	11.64	5.93		100	
1										
ı	Veal, leg,				1	0.202	0.090		1.62	
1	medium fat,			1		5.73	2.55		45.9	
9	E. P.		1			91.68	40.80		734	
1		1		2.18	61.8	12.48	5.56		100	
i	Weel 15					0.100	0.050			
1	Veal, liver, A. P.				1	0.190	0.053		1.24	
ı	А. Г.		1	1		5.39	1.50		35.1	
1		1	-	2.85	80.8	86.24	24.04		562	
ı		1		2.00	80.8	15.36	4.28		100	
ı	Veal, loin,				1	0.159	0.044		1.03	
ı	lean, A. P.			1		4.51	1.25		29.3	
ı	10011, 11. 1.		1	•		72.12	19.96		468	
ı		1		3.42	96.9	15.41	4.26		100	
١		_		0.12	00.0	10.11	1.20		100	
1	Veal, loin,				1	0.204	0.056		1.32	
4	lean, E. P.			1		5.78	1.59		37.4	
1			1			92.53	25.40		599	
1		1		2.67	75.8	15.46	4.25		100	
1										
1	Veal, loin,				1	0.166	0.090		1.47	
ı	medium fat,			1		4.71	2.55		41.8	
ı	A. P.		1			75.30	40.82		669	
١		1		2,39	67.8	11.25	6.10		100	
ı	37 1 1 1					0.100	0.100		1 77	
1	Veal, loin,				1	0.199	0.108		1.77 50.1	
	medium fat, E. P.		1	1		5.64 90.24	$\frac{3.06}{48.99}$		798	
S	E. P.	1		1.99	56.6	90.24 11.25	6.11		100	
1		1		1.99	50.0	11.20	0.11		100	
ı	Veal, neck,				1	0.139	0.046		0.97	
1	A. P.			1	1	3.94	1.30		27.5	
ı	-1. 1.		1	•		63.05	20.87		440	
ı		1		3.63	103.0	14.33	4.74		100	
ı		_								
1	Veal, neck,				1	0.203	0.069		1.43	
1	E. P.			1		5.76	1.96		40.6	
ı			1			92.07	31.30		650	
ı		1		2.47	69.9	14.19	4.82		100	
1						0.15-	0.040		1.03	1
1	Veal, rib,				1	0.155	0.046		29.3	
١	medium fat,			1		4.39	$\frac{1.30}{20.87}$		469	
I	A .P.		1	3.41	96.7	70.30 14.98	4.45		100	
I		1		3.41	90.7	14.00	7.70		100	

	Ъ.		Weigh	ıt	Protein,	Fat,	Carbo- hydrate.	Fuel Value.	Cost,
Food Material	ω.	lbs.	oz.	gms.	Grams	Grams	Grams	Calories	Dollars
Veal, rib,				1	0.207	0.061		1.38	
medium fat,			1		5.87	1.73		39.0	
E. P.		1			93.88	27.67		625	
	1		2.56	72.6	15.03	4.43		100	
Veal, rump,	 			1	0.138	0.113		1.57	
A. P.			1		3.91	3.20		44.5	
		1			62.60	51.26		712	
	1		2.25	63.7	8.79	7.20		100	
Veal, rump,				1	0.198	0.162		2.25	
E. P.			1	_	5.61	4.59		63.8	
2		1	_		89.82	73.48		1021	
	1		1.57	44.4	8.79	7.19		100	
Veal, shank,				٠,1	0.122	0.031		0.77	
fore, A. P.			1	` ^	3.46	0.88		21.7	
1010, 11. 1 .		1	-		55.34	14.06		347	
	1		4.60	130.4	15.91	4.04		100	
*	1		1.00	100.1	10.01	1.01		100	
Veal, shank,				1	0.207	0.052		1.30	
fore, E. P.			1		5.87	1.47		36.7	
		1			93.89	23.58	ļ	588	
	1		2.72	77.2	15.98	4.01		100	
Veal, shank,				1	0.077	0.017		0.46	
hind,			1		2.18	0.48		13.0	
medium fat,		1			34.93	7.71		209	
A. P.	1		7.65	216.9	16.70	3.68		100	
Veal, shank,				1	0.207	0.046		1.24	
hind.			1	-	5.87	1.30		35.2	
medium fat,		1	_		93.89	20.87		563	
E. P.	1		2.84	80.5	16.66	3.70		100	
Veal,			-	1	0.169	0.039		1.03	
shoulder,			1	1	4.79	1.11		29.1	
lean, A. P.		1	1		76.66	17.69		466	
10011, 21. 1.	1		3.43	97.4	16.46	3.7 9		100	
Veal.				1	0.207	0.046		1.24	
shoulder,			1	1	5.86	1.30		1.24 35.2	
lean, E. P.		1	1		93.88	20.87		563	
lean, E. F.	1		2.84	80.5	16.67	3.70		100	
Veal,				1	0.151	0.110		1.59	
shoulder,			1	-	4.28	3.12		45.2	
medium fat,		1	1		68.48	49.90		723	
A. P.	1	1	2.21	62.7	9.47	6.90		100	
23.1.	1		2.21	02.7	9.47	0.90		100	

TABLE XIX.

	P.		Weight	;	Protein.	Fat.	Carbo-	Fuel	Cost,
Food Material	α	lbs.	oz.	gms.	Grams	Grams	hydrate, Grams	Value, Calories	Dollars
Veal,				1	0.197	0.144		2.08	
shoulder,			1		5.58	4.08		59.1	
medium fat,		1	1.00	47.0	89.36	$65.32 \\ 6.91$		945	
E. P.	1		1.69	47.9	9.45	0.91		100	
Walnuts.				1	0.072	0.146	0.030	1.72	. 0.00
black.			1		2.04	4.14	0.85	48.8	e., .
A. P.		1			32.66	66.22	13.61	781	7-1
	1		2.05	58.1	4.18	8.48	1.74	100	
					0.070	0.500	0.117	0.04	4 1 4
Walnuts,				1	0.276	0.563	0.117	6.64	18
black,			1		7.82	15.96	3.32	188.2	40
E. P.		1			125.19	255.38	53.06	3012	
	1		0.53	15.1	4.16	8.48	1.76	100	
Watermelons,				1	0.002	0.001	0.027	0.13	
fresh, A. P.			1	-	0.06	0.03	0.77	3.5	
Hesii, A. I.		1			0.91	0.45	12.25	57	
	1	1		800.0	1.60	0.80	21.60	100	
	1								
Watermelons,				1	0.004	0.002	0.067	0.30	
fresh, E. P.		 	1		0.11	0.06	1.90	8.6	
110011, 121 11		1			1.81	0.91	30.38	137	
	1		11.68	331.1	1.32	0.66	22.19	100	
				,	0.086	0.011		0.44	
Weakfish,		1		1	2.44	0.32		12.6	
whole,			1		39.01	4.99		201	
A. P.		1	7.06	225.7	19.41	2.48		100	
	1		7.90	223.1	19.41	2.40		100	
Weakfish,				1	0.178	0.024		0.93	
whole,			1		5.05	0.68		26.3	
E. P.		1			80.74	10.61		421	
13. 1.	1		3.80	107.8	19.18	2.59		100	
					0.111	0.017	0.755	3.62	
Wheat,				1	0.111	0.017	21.40	102.5	
cracked and			1		3.15	7.71	342.50	1641	
crushed		. 1		07.0		0.47	20.87	100	
	1		0.97	27.6	3.07	0.47	20.01	100	
Wheet				1	0.136	0.024	0.745	3.74	
Wheat,	1	-	1	1	3.85	0.68	21.14	106.0	
parched and			1		61.68	10.88	337.80	1696	
toasted	1	1	0.94	26.7		0.64	19.89	100	
					0.070	0.002	0.050	0.27	
Whey, A. P.				. 1	0.010		1.42	7.6	
1			. 1		0.28	0.09	22.68	121	
		1 4			4.54	1.36	18.73	100	
	1		13.2	374.5	3.74	1.12	10.75	100	

	F		Weight		Protein,	Fat.	Carbo-	Fuel	Cost.
Food Material	αi	lbs.	oz.	gms.	Grams	Grams	hydrate, Grams	Value, Calories	Dollars
Whitefish,				1	0.229 6.49	0.065		1.50	
fresh, whole,		1	1		103.84	$1.84 \\ 29.44$		$\frac{42.5}{680}$	
E. P.	1		2.35	66.6	15.26	4.33		100	*****************
Yeast, com-				1	0.117	0.004	0.210	1.34	
pressed			1		3.32	0.11	5.95	38.1	
		1			53.04	1.81	95.25	610	
	1		2.62	74.4	8.70	0.30	15.62	100	

TABLE XX.*

Ash Constituents of Foods in Percentage of the Edible Portion.

(Compiled from various sources.)

Almonds	Food.	CaO	MgO	K ₂ O	Na ₂ O	P_2O_5	CI	s	Fe
Apples	Almonds	.30	.35	.20	03	87	005	105	000
Approots	Apples	.014							
Asparagus		.018			1			.005	.0003
Bananas		.04						0.4	0010
Barley, pearled .025 .10 .35 .04 .46 .02 .0013 .0016 .0016 .22 .55 .06 .95 .02 .14 .004 .0016 .0021 .0070 .0016 .0021 .0016 .0021 .0016 .0021 .0016 .0021 .0022 .0		.01							
whole .06 .22 .50 .06 .95 .02 .14 .004 Beans, dried .22 .25 1.40 .26 1.14 .03 .22 .0070 lima, fresh .04 .11 .7 .12 .27 .009 .06 .0025 string .075 .043 .28 .03 .12 .00 .06 .0025 Beef (see Meat) Beer .007 .010 .059 .059 .089 .014 .0016 Beets .03 .033 .45 .10 .09 .04 .015 .0006 Blackberries .08 .035 .20 .08 .01 .01 .0006 Blueberries .045 .015 .05 .02 .08 .01 .01 .000 Bread, white .03 .03 .10 .20 .12 .000 .01 .001 .001 .001 .001 .001 .001		.025	.10					.013	
Beans, dried	whole	.06						14	
lima, dried	Beans, dried	.22							
Ilma, fresh		.10						1	
String	lima, fresh	.04		1					
Beef (see Meat) Beer							.009		
Beer. .007 .010 .059 .059 .089 .014 Beets. .03 .033 .45 .10 .09 .04 .015 .0066 Blackberries. .08 .035 .20 .08 .02 Blueberries. .045 .015 .05 .02 Bread, white. .03 .03 .10 .20 .12 .0009 .0015 .0016 Breadfruit. .12 .01 .28 .04 .16 .10			.010		.00	.12	1	.04	.0016
Beets		.007	.010	.059	059	080	014		
Blackberries								015	0000
Blueberries					.10		.04		.0006
Bread, white								.01	
whole wheat.** .04 .08 .27 .4 .0 .0015 Breadfruit .12 .01 .28 .04 .16 .10 .001 .0015 Buckwheat flour .02 .08 .16 .04 .40 .01 .01 .001 .001 .001 .001 .001 .001 .001 .001 .001 .001 .001 .002 .001 .02 .001 .002 .001 .002 .001 .002 .001 .002 .001 .002 .002 .000 .002 .002 .000 .002 .002 .000 .002 .000 .000 .000 .000 .000 .000 <				1				10	0000
Breadfruit	whole wheat ~	-	Contraction of the Party of the					.12	
Buckwheat flour .02 .08 .16 .04 .40 .01 Butter .02 .001 .02 .08 .08 .22 .10 Cabbage .068 .026 .45 .05 .09 .03 .07 .0011 Cocoa .14 .48 1.0 .05 1.1 .04 .024 Capers .17 .04 .25 .07 .14 .27 .024 Carrots .077 .034 .35 .13 .10 .036 .022 .0008 Cauliflower .17 .02 .27 .10 .14 .05 .085 Caviar .19 .13 1.2 .4 1.8 .02 Celery .10 .04 .37 .11 .10 .17 .025 .005 Cherse, hard 1.1 .06 .2 1 .145 1 Cottage cheese .3 .015 .02					04		10		.0015
Butter .02 .001 .02 .03 .03 Buttermilk .15 .026 .18 .08 .22 .10 Cabbage .068 .026 .45 .05 .09 .03 .07 .0011 Cocoa .14 .48 1.0 .05 1.1 .04 .0024 Capers .17 .04 .25 .07 .14 .27 .024 Caraway seed .9 .4 1.3 .3 1.2 .15 .022 .0008 Cauliflower .17 .02 .27 .10 .14 .05 .085 .022 .0008 Cauliflower .19 .13 .12 .4 1.8 .06 .022 .01 .04 .05 .085 .05 .05 .008 .022 .0008 .0005 .0005 .0005 .0005 .0005 .0005 .0005 .0005 .0006 .0006 .0006 .0006 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>									
Buttermilk					.04		.01		
Cabbage .068 .026 .45 .05 .09 .03 .07 .0011 Cocoa .14 .48 1.0 .05 1.1 .04 .0024 Capers .17 .04 .25 .07 .14 .27 .024 Carrots .9 .4 1.3 .3 1.2 .15 .0024 Carrots .077 .034 .35 .13 1.0 .036 .022 .0008 Cauliflower .17 .02 .27 .10 .14 .05 .085 Caviar .19 .13 1.2 .4 1.8 .02 Celery .10 .04 .37 .11 .10 .17 .025 .005 Chery .10 .04 .37 .11 .10 .17 .025 .0005 Chery .11 .06 .2 .1 .145 1. .0005 .0005 .03 .07				-	'00		10		
Cocoa .14 .48 1.0 .05 1.1 .04 .0024 Capers .17 .04 .25 .07 .14 .27 .024 Capers .17 .04 .25 .07 .14 .27 .27 Carrots .077 .034 .35 .13 .10 .036 .022 .0008 Cauliflower .17 .02 .27 .10 .14 .05 .085 Caviar .19 .13 1.2 .4 1.8 .02 Celery .10 .04 .37 .11 .10 .17 .025 .0005 Chese, hard 1.1 .06 .2 1. .145 1. .005 .005 .005 .005 .005 .005 .005 .005 .005 .007 .01 .005 .0005 Cherries .03 .027 .26 .03 .07 .01 .006 .001								07	0011
Capers .17 .04 .25 .07 .14 .27 .27 .32 .33 1.2 .15 .35 .33 1.2 .15 .35 .33 .12 .15 .35 .33 .10 .036 .022 .0008 Cauliflower .17 .02 .27 .10 .14 .05 .085 .022 .0008 Caviar .19 .13 1.2 .4 1.8 .0005 .0006 .0006 .0006 .0006 .0006 .0006 .0006 .0006 .0006 .0006 .0006 .								.07	
Caraway seed .9 .4 1.3 .3 1.2 .15 .022 .0008 Carrots .077 .034 .35 .13 .10 .036 .022 .0008 Cauliflower .17 .02 .27 .10 .14 .05 .085 Caviar .19 .13 1.2 .4 1.8 .024 .08 .025 .02 .11 .10 .17 .025 .005 .005 .005 .006 .2 1. 1.45 1. .025 .0005 .0005 .0005 .0005 .0005 .0005 .0005 .0005 .0005 .0005 .0005 .0006 .0006 .001 .0005 .0005 .000 .0006 .001 .0006 .001 .0005 .001 .0008 .001 .0006 .001 .0006 .001 .0006 .001 .0006 .001 .0006 .001 .0006 .001 .0006 .001 .0006									.0024
Carrots .077 .034 .35 .13 .10 .036 .022 .0008 Cauliflower .17 .02 .27 .10 .14 .05 .085 Caviar .19 .13 1.2 .4 1.8 Celery .10 .04 .37 .11 .10 .17 .025 .0005 Cheese, hard 1.1 .06 .2 1. 1.45 1. .025 .0005 .0005 .0005 .0005 .0005 .0005 .0005 .0005 .0005 .0005 .0005 .0005 .0005 .0005 .0004 .006 .0005 .0005 .0004 .006 .001 .0005 .0005 .001 .0005 .001 .0005 .001 .0005 .001 .0005 .001 .0005 .001 .0005 .001 .0005 .001 .0005 .001 .0005 .001 .0005 .001 .0005 .001 .0006 .001 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>									
Cauliflower .17 .02 .27 .10 .14 .05 .085 Caviar .19 .13 1.2 .4 1.8 Celery .10 .04 .37 .11 .10 .17 .025 .0005 Cheese, hard 1.1 .06 .2 1 .145 1 . Cottage cheese .3 .015 .5 .5 . . .0005 Cherries .03 .027 .26 .03 .07 .01 .0005 Cherry juice .025 .02 .15 .02 .03 .004 .066 Cherry juice .025 .02 .15 .02 .03 .004 .066 Cherry juice .025 .02 .15 .02 .03 .004 .066 Chestnuts .04 .08 .50 .05 .20 .01 .068 .001 Chicory .05 .03 .27 <td></td> <td>- 1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>000</td> <td>0000</td>		- 1			1			000	0000
Caviar									.0008
			.02					.035	
Cheese, hard 1.1 .06 .2 1. 1.45 1. Cottage cheese .3 .015 .5 .5 Cherries .03 .027 .26 .03 .07 .01 .0005 Cherry juice .025 .02 .15 .02 .03 .004 .06 Chestnuts .04 .08 .50 .05 .20 .01 .068 .001 Chicory .05 .03 .27 .11 .09 .06 .01 .068 .001 Chicory .05 .03 .27 .11 .09 .06 .01 .068 .001 Chocolate .14 .48 .90 .06 .04 .06 .02 .08 .01 .00 .06 .00 .00 .05 .02 .08 .01 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .0			04					005	0005
Cottage cheese .3 .015 .5 .5 .0005 Cherries .03 .027 .26 .03 .07 .01 .0005 Cherry juice .025 .02 .15 .02 .03 .004 .006 Chestnuts .04 .08 .50 .05 .20 .01 .068 .001 Chicory .05 .03 .27 .11 .09 .06 .001 .068 .001 Chives .20 .05 .33 .04 .20 .04 .006 .054 .04 .006 .054 .04 .006 .054 .04 .006 .054 .04 .006 .054 .04 .006 .005 .008 .054 .04 .006 .0029 .006 .008 .055 .22 .8 .05 .16 .0029 .006 .008 .055 .137 .05 .22 .014 .044 .0008 .006 .								.023	.0005
Cherries .03 .027 .26 .03 .07 .01 .0005 Cherry juice .025 .02 .15 .02 .03 .004 .006 Chestnuts .04 .08 .50 .05 .20 .01 .068 Chicory .05 .03 .27 .11 .09 .06 Chives .20 .05 .33 .04 .20 .04 Chocolate .14 .48 .90 .06 .07 .00 .00 .00 Cotron .17 .03 .25 .02 .08 .01 .00 .00 Codfish (see Fish) .09 .10 .77 .10 .38 .25 .25 .00 .00 .04 .00 </td <td>,</td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td>.4</td> <td>1.</td> <td></td> <td>1.</td> <td></td> <td></td>	,	1		.4	1.		1.		
Cherry juice .025 .02 .15 .02 .03 .004 .006 Chestnuts .04 .08 .50 .05 .20 .01 .068 .001 Chicory .05 .03 .27 .11 .09 .06 .001 Chives .20 .05 .33 .04 .20 .04 .04 Chocolate .14 .48 .90 .06 .01 .06 .01 .05 .02 .08 .01 .06 .00 .06 .00 .06 .00 .06 .00 .0				96	0.2		01		0005
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$								006	.0005
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$									001
Chives .20 .05 .33 .04 .20 .04 Chocolate .14 .48 .90 Citron .17 .03 .25 .02 .08 .01 Cocoanut pulp .09 .10 .77 .10 .38 .25 Codfish (see Fish) .09 .10 .77 .10 .38 .25 Corn, sweet, dried .03 .20 .5 .2 .8 .05 .16 .0029 sweet, fresh .008 .055 .137 .05 .22 .014 .044 .0008 Corn meal .015 .13 .17 .03 .3 .116 .0011 Crackers, soda .028 .017 .12 .23 .12 .0015 Cranberries .024 .011 .09 .013 .03 .008 .006 Cream .14 .02 .15 .06 .18 .1 .03 .0002 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>.003</td> <td>.001</td>								.003	.001
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$									
Citron				.00	.04		.04		
				25	02		01		
		.09	•10	.11	.10	.00	.20		
Corn, sweet, dried .03 .20 .5 .2 .8 .05 .16 .0029 sweet, fresh .008 .055 .137 .05 .22 .014 .044 .0008 Corn meal .015 .13 .17 .03 .3 .116 .0011 Crackers, soda .028 .017 .12 .23 .12 .0015 Cranberries .024 .011 .09 .013 .03 .008 .0006 Cream .14 .02 .15 .06 .18 .1 .03 .0002		95	40	9.9	00	054	0.4		
sweet, fresh .008 .055 .137 .05 .22 .014 .044 .0008 Corn meal .015 .13 .17 .03 .3 .116 .0011 Crackers, soda .028 .017 .12 .23 .12 .0015 Cranberries .024 .011 .09 .013 .03 .008 .0006 Cream .14 .02 .15 .06 .18 .1 .03 .0002								16	0020
Corn meal .015 .13 .17 .03 .3 .116 .0011 Crackers, soda .028 .017 .12 .23 .12 .0015 Cranberries .024 .011 .09 .013 .03 .008 .0006 Cream .14 .02 .15 .06 .18 .1 .03 .0002					-				
Crackers, soda .028 .017 .12 .23 .12 .0015 Cranberries .024 .011 .09 .013 .03 .008 .0006 Cream .14 .02 .15 .06 .18 .1 .03 .0002		1					.014		
Cranberries .024 .011 .09 .013 .03 .008 .0006 Cream .14 .02 .15 .06 .18 .1 .03 .0002					.0ა				
Cream .14 .02 .15 .06 .18 .1 .03 .0002					012				
0104111							1		
Circumbers 1022 1015 117 1015 105 103 1024									.0002
040411001011111111111111111111111111111	Cucumbers	.022	.015	.17	.015	.08	.03	.022	

^{*} Reprinted from The Chemistry of Food and Nutrition, by Henry C. Sherman, by permission of the publishers.

TABLE XX.

Ash Constituents of Foods in Percentage of the Edible Portion. Continued.

(Compiled from various sources.)

Food.	CaO	MgO	K ₂ O	Na ₂ O	P2O5	Cl	s	Fe
G	05		95	.02	.10	01	01	0005
Currants, fresh	.05	.04	.25 1.0	.02	.3	.01	.01	.0005
Zante	.14 .03	.08	.2	•1	.05	.00		
Carrant juice	.03	.02	.2		.05			0007
Dandelion greens	.10				.12			.0027
Dates		.015	.165	.2	.37	.10	10	.003
Eggs	.093	.015	.105	.21	.03	.15	.19	.003
Egg white			1		1.0	1	.196	.0001
Egg yolk	.2	.02	.13	.1		.1	.157	.0085
Endive	.14	.02	.45	.15	.10	014	.03	0000
Figs, fresh	.074	.036	.365	.016	.082	.014		.0008
dried	.299	.145	1.478	.064	.332	.056		.0032
Fish,¹ cod	.015	.03	.40	.13	.4	.24	-00	.0004
haddock	.03	.04	.40	.13	.4	.24	.22	0000
halibut	.013	0.5			.4		00	.0003
herring	.08	.05			.55		.23	
herring roe	.012	.06			4.0			
pike	.05	.05	.4	.15	.48	.04	.22	0045
salmon	.011	.05	.32	.17	.42	.28		.0015
Flaxseed	.27	.42	1.04	.06	1.30		.17	
Flour (see under								
wheat, buckwheat,								
etc.)			-					
Gooseberries	.05	.02	.21	.03	.65	.01		
Grapefruit	.03	.02	.17		.04	.01		.0004
Grapes	.024	.014	.25	.03	.12	.01	.024	.0013
Grape juice (and	204							
must)	.021	.016	.20	.01	.04	.01		
Guava	.02	.013	.46		.07	.05		
Haddock (see Fish)	i							
Halibut (see Fish)	[
Hazelnuts		[_					.004
Honey	.005	.03	.5		.04	.03		.0010
Horseradish	.13	.065	.56	.08	.1	.02	.18	-
Huckleberries	.035	.025			.07			.0011
Infants' foods2								
Lamb (see Meats)								
Leeks	.08	.02	.24	.11	.15	.03	.08	
Lemons	.05	.01	.21	.01	.02	.01	.012	.0006
Lemon juice	.033	.01	.17	.01	.025	.01		
Lemon, sweet	.04	.01	.53		.10	.01		
Lentils	.12	.05	.75	.25	.66	.08		.0086
Lettuce	.05	.01	.42	.04	.09	.06	.014	.001
Limes	.08	.02	.42		.08	.04		
Mamey	.02	.02	.42		.06	.14		
Mango	.03	.01	.28		.04	.02		
Maple sap	.17	.06	.25	.01	.06			

 $^{^1\,\}rm Average$ fish flesh is calculated to contain per 100 grams protein 0.15 gram CaO, 0.2 gram MgO, 2.5 grams P₂O₅, 0.004 gram Fe.

² Ash analyses, more or less complete, of a number of proprietary foods are given in König's Chemie der Nahrungs- und Genüssmittel, 4th ed.

TABLE XX.

Ash Constituents of Foods in Percentage of the Edible Portion.

Continued.

(Compiled from various sources.)

Food.	CaO	MgO	K ₅ O	Na ₂ O	P_2O_5	Cl	s	Fe
Meat, beef, lean	.011	.04	.42	.09	.50	.05	.20	.0038
veal, lean	.016	.045	.46	.12	.50	.07	.23	.0036
ox tongue	.028	.02	.56	.06	.60	.01	.20	
chicken	.015	.06	.56	.13	.58	.06	.216	
pork, lean	.012	.046	.34.	.13	.45	.05	.20	
ham	.032	.04					.20	
rabbit's flesh	.026	.05	.48	.07	.58	.05	.20	
frog's flesh	.027	.04	.37	.07	.43	.04	.16	
Meat extracts ²								
Meat sauces								
Milk, cow's	.168	.019	.171	.068	.215	.12	.033	.00024
Molasses	.9	.3	1.7	.3	.2	.2	.000	.00024
Mushrooms	.024	.026	.46	.04	.24	.02	.03	
Muskmelons	.024	.020	.283	.082	.035	.041	.014	.0003
Mustard	.689	.430	.917	.076	1.729	.016	1.230	.0000
Mutton (see Meat)	.000	.100	.01.	.0.0	120	.010	1.200	
Oatmeal	.13	.212	.458	.109	.872	.035	.215	.0036
Olives	.17	.01	1.8	.17	.03	.01	.210	.0029
Onions	.06	.03	.23	.02	.12	.02	.06	.0005
Oranges	.06	.02	.23	.01	.05	.01	.013	.0003
Orange juice	.05	.02	.22	.01	.03	.01	.015	.0000
	.32	.27	2.5	.24	.78	.15		
Paprika	.09	.07	.70	.01	.19	.03		
Parsnips	.03	.02	.25	.02	.047	.01	.01	.0003
	.10	.28	.85	.07	.90	.04	.243	.0020
Peanuts			.16	.03	.06	.04	.240	.0003
Pears	.021	.019	1.06	.16	.91	.04	.23	.0056
Peas, dried	.14	.24	1.00	.10	.91	.04	.20	.0000
fresh (calc. from	0.4	.07	.30	.04	.26	.01	.06	.0016
dried)	.04	.07	1.01	.40	1.00	.02	.00	.0010
cow peas, dried	.18		.35	.02	.05	.02		
Persimmons	.03	.015	.55	.02	.2	.01		
Pie, mince	.04	.04			.15			
squash	.03	.02	1 20	.02	.06	.05	i	.0005
Pineapple	.02	.02	.38	.02	.00	.05	.007	.0000
juice	005	00	0.5	.03	.055	.03	.001	.0005
Plums	.025	.02	.25	.03	.000	.01		.0000
Pork (see Meat)	010	000	F9	.025	.140	.03	.03	.0013
Potatoes	.016	.036	.53	.023	.09	.12	.00	.0005
sweet	.025	.02	.47 1.2	.06	.09	.01	.03	.0029
Prunes, dried	.06	.08		.08	.11	.01	.02	.0020
Pumpkins	.03	.015	.08	.00	.035	.01	.02	
Quince juice	0.5	00	.18	.11	.033	.05	.05	.0006
Radishes	.05	.02	.17	.11	.29	.07	.06	.005
Raisins	.08	.15	1.0	.19	.12	.01	.00	
Raspberries	.07	.04	.21		.12			

¹ Average meat is calculated to contain per 100 grams protein 0.075 gram CaO, 0.2 gram MgO, 2.0 grams K_2O , 0.4 gram Na₂O, 2.3 grams P_2O_5 , 0.2 gram Cl, 0.9 gram S, 0.015 gram Fe.

² See König's Chemie der menschlichen Nahrungs- und Genüssmittel, 4th ed.

TABLE XX.

Ash Constituents of Foods in Percentage of the Edible Portion. Continued.

(Compiled from various sources.)

Food.	CaO	MgO	K ₂ O	Na ₂ O	P ₂ O ₅	Cl	s	Fe
Raspberry juice		.03	.17	.01	.03	.01	.007	
Rhubarb	.06	02	.39	.03	.07	.035		
Rice	.012	.045	.084	.028	.203	.05	.105	.0009
Rutabagas	.1	.03	.48	.11	.13			
Rye	.07	.22	.60	.04	.81	.02	.17	.004
Rye flour	.018	.13	.60	.03	.80			
Rye bran	.25	1.1	1.9	.1	3.4			
Salsify					.12		.04	
Sapato	.04	.02	.22		.02	.09	.01	
Soup, canned vege-								
table	.025	.02	.18		.11			
Spinach	.09	.08	.94	.20	.13	.02	.041	.0032
Squash		.01	.05	.05	.08	.01	.026	.0008
Strawberries	.05	.03	.18	.07	.064	.01		.0009
Tamarinds	.01	.03			.15	.01	.01	
Tomatoes	.020	.017	.35	.01	.059	.03	.02	.0004
Tomato juice	.01	.017	.35	.02	.034	.05		
Turnips	.089	.028	.40	.08	.117	.04	.07	.0005
Turnip tops	.48	.05	.37	.11	.11	.17	.07	
Vanilla (bean)	1.0	.5	.85	.35	.6	.03		
Veal (see Meat)								
Vinegar	.02	.02	.25		.05			
Walnuts	.108	.237	.44	.03	.77	.01	.195	.0021
Water chestnuts	.12	.25	.77	.03	.79	.01	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	.0021
Water cress	.26	.05			.07	•01		
Watermelon	.02	.02	.09	.01	.02	.01		
Wheat, entire grain	.061	.213	.519	.068	.902	.08	.17	.0053
Wheat flour	.025	.027	.146	.04	.20	.07	.17	.0015
low grade	.04	.07	.23	•••	.37	•••	•••	.5015
Wheat bran	.14	.84	1.5	.07	3.0		.26	
Whortleberries	.037	.024	.21	.03	.06			
Wine	.012	.019	.100	.018	.036	.01		
				.0.0	.000	.01		

TABLE XXI.*

Ash Constituents of Foods in Grams per 100 Calories of Edible Food Material.

(Estimated from preceding tables.)

Food.	CaO	MgO	K 2 O	Na ₂ O	P ₂ O ₅	Cl	s	Fe
Almonds	.046	.053	.030	.004	.132	.001	.020	.0003
Apples	.022	.022	.237	.03	.05	.006	.008	.0005
Apricots	.031	.031	.485	.10	.10	.005	.01	
Asparagus	.17	.09	88	.04	.39	.17	.17	.0043
Bananas	.01	.04	.50	.02	.055	.20	.013	.0006
Barley flour, patent					.083		.031	.00028
Barley, pearled	.007	.028	.097	.011	.127	.005		.00036
Beans, dried	.063	.072	.401	.074	.326	.008	.063	.0020
lima	.028	.087	.59	.092	.219	.007	.045	.00195
string	.177	.102	.663	.070	.284		.10	.0038
Beets	.06	.071	.965	.21	.19	.08	.032	.0013
Blackberries	.13	.059	.33		.13		.02	
Blueberries	.060	.020	.07		.03			
Bread, white	.011	.011	.04		.075		.05	.0003
"whole wheat"	.016	.032	.109		.16			.0006
graham	.019	.002	,100		.19	ĺ	1	.0013
Buckwheat flour	.006	.022	.045	.011	.114	.003	•	
Butter	.003	.0001	.003	.011	.004		1	
Buttermilk	.415	.072	.495	.22	.61	.275	1	
	.214	.081	1.425	.16	.28	.09	.22	.0035
Cabbage Cacao (cocoa)†	.027	.095	.20	.010	.22	.008		.0005
	.168	.074	.765	.28	.22	.078	.048	.0016
Carrots	.55	.06	.88	.32	.45	.16	.277	.0010
Cauliflower	.54	.22	2.00	.60	.54	.9	.13	.0027
Celery	1	.014	.05	.2	.329	.2		.002.
Cheese, hard	.25	.014	.05	1 .2	.4			
Cottage cheese	.3		.32	.04	.09	.01		
Cherries	.04	.034	.32	.02	.08	.004	.028	.0004
Chestnuts	.017		.21	.02	.14	.001	.020	
Chocolate	.02	.08	.076	.006	.024	.003		1
Citron			.129	.011	.063	.042		
Cocoanut pulp		.016	.134	.05	.21	.014	.042	.00075
Corn, green		.053	.05	.03	.08	.011	.032	.0003
Corn meal		.036	.03	.01	.054		.028	.00035
Crackers, soda		.004		.027	.06	-	.017	.0013
Cranberries	.051	.023	.19	.03	.10	.05	.01	.0001
Cream		.01	1.0	.03	.45	.2	.12	1.000
Cucumbers		.09	.43	.03	.17	.02	.02	.0009
Currants, fresh		.07		.03	.09	.02		
Zante		.02	.3	.00	.03	.02		.001
Dates		000	100	.1	.24	.06	.12	.0019
Eggs		.009	.108	.395	.05	.28	.370	.0002
Egg white		.028	ł.	.03	.27	.03	.043	.0023
Egg yolk		.005	.035	.03	.099	.017		.0010
Figs	.089	.043	.442	.18	.6	.34		.0006
Fish, cod	.021	.04	.57	.18	.5	.33	.30	
haddock	1	.05	.55	.10	.3			.0002
halibut	.010							

^{*} Reprinted from The Chemistry of Food and Nutrition, by Henry C. Sherman, by permission of the publishers.

[†] General average of samples of beans, nibs, and powdered sample.

TABLE XXI.

Ash Constituents of Foods in Grams per 100 Calories of Edible Food Material.—Continued.

(Estimated from preceding tables.)

Food.	CaO	MgO	K_2O	Na ₂ O	P_2O_5	Cl	s	Fe
Fish, herring	.05	.03			.38		.16	
pike	.06	.06	.5	.19	.60	.05	.27	
salmon	.005	.02	.15	.08	.20	.13		.0007
Grapes	.024	.014	.25	.03	.12	.01	.024	.0013
Grape juice and must	.021	.016	.20	.01	.04	.01	.021	.0010
Honey	.001	.01	.13	.01	.01	.01		.0003
Horseradish	.26	.129	.111	.16	.2	.04	.35	.0000
Huckleberries	.046	.033		•10	.09	•••	.00	.0014
Leeks	.24	.06	.73	.33	.45	.09	.24	.0011
Lemons	.12	.02	.46	.02	.04	.02	.027	.0013
Lemon juice	.083	.03	.43	.03	.063	.03		.0010
Lentils	.03	.01	.21	.07	.18	.02		.0024
Lettuce	.26	.05	2.1	.2	.47	.3	.07	.005
Maple sap	.06	.02	.09	.003	.02	.0		.000
Meats, bacon	.001	.003	.00	.000	.04			.0002
beef, lean	.009	.03	.35	.08	.42	.04	.17	.0032
veal, lean	.012	.033	.34	.09	.37	.05	.17	.0002
chicken	.007	.03	.24	.06	.25	.02	.08	
ham	.005	.014		.00	.18 *	.02	•••	.0011
frog's flesh	.042	.06	.57	.11	.67	.06	.25	.0011
Milk, cow's	.239	.027	.243	.097	.303	.17	.047	.00034
Molasses	.3	.1	.6	.1	.1	.1	.011	.00001
Mushrooms	.053	.057	1.01	.09	.53	.04	.06	
Oatmeal	.03	.052	.113	.027	.216	.009	.053	.0009
Olives	.06	.003	.6	.06	.01	.003	.000	.0009
Onions	.12	.06	.46	.04	.24	.04	.12	.0011
Oranges	.11	.04	.42	.02	.09	.02	.025	.0006
Orange juice	.12	.05	.51	.02	.07	.02	.020	.0000
Parsnips	.14	.11	1.07	.02	.29	.05		
Peaches	.02	.05	.60	.05	.113	.02	.02	.0007
Peanuts	.018	.049	.152	.012	.160	.007	.043	.00035
Pears	.032	.029	.25	.05	.09	.00.	.010	.0005
Peas, dried	.04	.07	.29	.04	.25	.01	.06	.0015
fresh	.032	.054	.29	.01	.24	.01	.06	.0016
Cowpeas	.05	.06	.29	.11	.29	.006	.00	.0010
Persimmons	.02	.011	.25	.01	.04	.01		
Pie, mince	.01	.01			.1	.02		
squash	.02	.01			.08			
Pineapple	.04	.04	.87	.04	.14	.11		.0011
Plums	.029	.02	.029	.03	.064	.01		.0006
Potatoes	.019	.042	.63	.030	.166	.04	.04	.0015
sweet	.020	.02	.37	.05	.08	.10		.0004
Prunes, dried	.02	.03	.4	.03	.08	.003	.01	.0009
Pumpkins	.11	.057	.30	.30	.42	.038	.08	
Radishes	.17	.07	.57	.37	.30	.17	.17	.0020
Raisins	.02	.04	.3	.05	.08	.02	.02	.001
Raspberries	.11	.06	.335		.18			
Raspberry juice	.08	.08	.45	.03	.08	.03	.019	
Rhubarb	.26	.09	1.69	.13	.30	.151		
Rice	.003	.013	.023	.008	.057	.01	.029	.0003
Rutabagas	.2	.07	1.16	.26	.31			
	1							

TABLE XXI.

Ash Constituents of Foods in Grams per 100 Calories of Edible Food Material.—Continued.

(Estimated from preceding tables.)

Food.	CaO	MgO	K_2O	Na ₂ O	P_2O_5	Cl	S	Fe
Rye flour	.005	.04	.17	.01	.22			
Soup (canned vege-								
table)	.18	.15	1.3		.8			
Spinach	.37	.33	3.905	.83	.54	.08	.170	.0133
Squash	.04	.02	.11	.11	.17	.02	.055	.0017
Strawberries	.13	.08	.45	.18	.162	.03		.0023
Tomatoes	.087	.074	1.52	.04	.257	.13	.09	.0017
Turnips	.222	.070	1.00	.20	.292	.10	.17	.0013
Turnip tops	1.00	.10	.77	.23	.23	.35	.14	1
Walnuts	.015	.033	.061	.004	.108	.001	.027	.00029
Watermelon	.06	.06	.29	.03	.06	.03		
Wheat flour		.007	.040	.01	.05	.02	.05	.0004
low grade		.02	.006		.10		1	
Whortleberries	.043	.028	.24	.03	.07		.02	
					1			

APPENDIX.

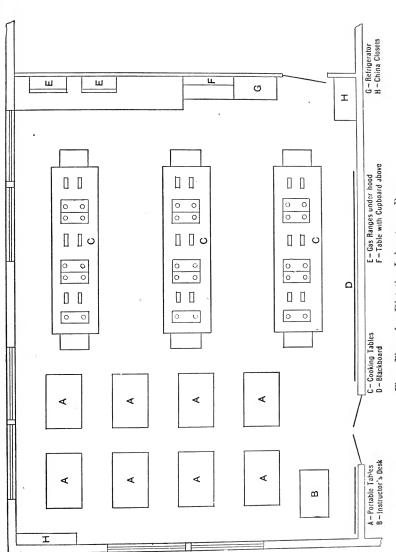
THE EQUIPMENT OF A DIETETICS LABORATORY.

It is essential that laboratory practice with actual food materials accompany instruction in the quantitative aspects of dietetics, and it is advantageous even in considering the qualitative side to present a dietary in concrete form. A place must therefore be provided where weighing and measuring of food materials and cooking and serving of days' rations for individuals and groups can be done by a whole class. The ordinary cooking laboratory can be made to answer the purpose by a few additions to its ordinary equipment, but a room definitely planned for the special problems involved is more satisfactory, and it is hoped that the following description of a laboratory which has been found to meet these needs will be suggestive to others.

The floor plan is shown in the accompanying drawing. The room is thirty-nine feet long and twenty-eight and one-half feet wide, and accommodates a class of thirty students.

One side of the room is occupied by three cooking tables with sinks at each end. These tables have on each side five drawers and five cupboards for utensils, and three deeper drawers for supplies such as flour and sugar. On each table are conveniently arranged five two-burner school stoves, and six Harvard trip scales with brass weights from one gram to five hundred grams. The usual individual arrangement of utensils in the desks has not been followed, owing to the fact that many problems in dietetics involve group work, but the three tables are equipped in identical fashion, so that three groups may prepare at once three family dietaries without students of one group having to go to another table for utensils, thus saving time and avoiding confusion. In each utensil drawer are placed knives, forks, spoons, holders and brushes, towels being provided from a common rack. In each cupboard is a single kind of utensil (or a group of small articles), the contents being plainly indicated on the door. This arrangement not only makes the different articles easy of access but also easy to replace.

The other side of the room is supplied with eight portable oak



Floor Plan of a Dietetics Laboratory—Rose.

tables three by four and one-half feet, with a single large drawer in each for storing paper, charts, cook books and other reference material. These tables serve a double purpose, being used for writing in the lecture hour, or for calculations, to which much time must be given in spite of all devices to eliminate mere clerical labor, and also affording space for the proper display of food materials, whether for the simple comparison of standard or 100-Calorie portions or for a critical study of days' rations for several families. The size of the tables makes the system very elastic. In setting out family dietaries one table will accommodate each meal for the group; by putting two together end to end, four individual days' dietaries can be set out parallel for comparison; two set side to side make a dining table of attractive shape for a meal to be eaten by a small group; or three side to side provide a large table of good proportions. For accommodating such a system doilies are more satisfactory than table cloths. Enough linen, silver, glass and china are provided that the whole class can be served in three groups to breakfast, luncheon and dinner at the same time, but no provision is made for elaborate service or fancy cookery.

A large amount of blackboard space is highly desirable for the purpose of recording the results of laboratory experiments or writing the menus and other details of dietaries which are being displayed. In this laboratory a single long board is provided (see drawing). Besides the blackboard a large cork bulletin board behind the instructor's desk affords a place to post charts, dietaries and other data.

The character of the equipment is shown in the following classified lists.

Classified fists.	
	Doilies, round, 10 inches in diameter
LINEN. Napkins	Towels, hand6dozenTowels, dish6dozenDishcloths6dozen
* Including 5 dozen in drawers of cooking tables. † Including 2½ dozen in drawers of cooking tables. ‡ Ordinarily paper napkins are used.	$\begin{array}{c cccc} & & & & & & & \\ \text{Bowls} & & & & & \frac{1}{4} \text{ dozen} \\ \text{Butter dishes, individual} & & & & 1\frac{1}{2} \text{ dozen} \\ \text{Cups} & \text{and saucers, after} \\ \text{dinner coffee} & & & & 1 \text{ dozen} \\ \end{array}$

Cups and saucers, tea $2\frac{1}{2}$ dozen	Aluminum baking dishes,
Oatmeal bowls $2\frac{1}{2}$ dozen	1 pint 3
Plates, bread and butter 3 dozen	Apple corers 2
Plates, breakfast $2\frac{1}{2}$ dozen	Cake turner 1
Plates, cake \frac{1}{4} \text{dozen}	Can openers 2
Plates, dinner 1 dozen	Carving set 1
Plates, tea $2\frac{1}{2}$ dozen	Chopping knives 2
Platters, large dozen	Christy knives 3
Platters, medium	Cork screws 2
Platters, small	Dover beaters15
Preserve dishes 2 dozen	Food chopper 1
Tea pots	Garbage can 1
Tiles dozen	Hammer 1
Vegetable dishes, round covered $\frac{1}{2}$ dozen	Ice cream freezer, 2 quart 1
$covered$ $\frac{1}{2} dozen$	Ice cream freezer, 4 quart 1
Vegetable dishes, oval un-	Ice picks2
$covered$ $\frac{1}{2} dozen$	Knives, palette, 5 inches
	long30
GLASSWARE.	Knives, paring30
1.	Knives and forks, steel30
Celery dishes dozen	Milk dippers, Chapin's im-
Compotes dozen	proved6
Cream pitchers	Milk sugar dippers 2
Infants' bottles, 3-ounce 1 dozen	Nutcracker1
Infants' bottles, 6-ounce 1 dozen	Potato mashers 2
Illiants bottles, c cancer	Potato ricer1
Infants' bottles, 10-ounce 1 dozen	Screw driver
Graduated glass cylinders,	Shears 1
16-ounce 1 dozen	Shot*15 pounds
Jars, wide mouth, screw top,	Tea balls3
8-ounce 1 dozen	Trays, nickel, 12 inch 3
Jars, wide mouth, screw top,	Harmon Warn
10-041100	EARTHEN WARE.
Jars, wide mouth, glass stop-	Bowls, 1 quart, yellow12
pers, 52-odificontained	Bowls, 2 quart, yellow12
Jars, wide mouth, glass stop-	Bowls, 3 quart, yellow
pers, or ounce	Bowls, 4 quart, yellow3
1 1	Bowls, 1 pint, white15
11400100	Bowls, 1 quart, white15
	Casseroles, round covered, 1
Salt and pepper shakers28 pairs* Sherbet glasses	quart2
Sugar bowls dozen	Casseroles, round covered, 1
Sugar bowls $\frac{1}{2}$ dozen Tumblers $\frac{1}{2}$ dozen	pint
Vinegar and oil cruets ¹ / ₃ dozen	
Vinegar and oil cruets $\frac{1}{3}$ dozen Watch glasses, † 3 inches in	Jars, covered, white, 1 quart 2 Nappies, round, white, 1
diameter5 dozen	pint 1
Watch glasses, 4 inches in	Nappies, round, white, 1
diameter	quart 1
Watch glasses, 5 inches in	Nappies, round, white, 2
diameter	quart2
Watch glasses, 6 inches in	Pitchers, 1 pint
diameter	Pitchers, 1 quart
Water pitchers $\frac{1}{4}$ dozen	Pitchers, 2 quart
Water promerous	Pitchers, 3 quart
Comment II annual DE	Pitchers, 4 quart
CUTLERY AND HARDWARE.	
Aluminum baking dishes,	ENAMELED WARE.
½ pint3	Baking pan, agate, 14 x 9½
*Including 18 pairs in drawers of	inches 1
cooking tables.	* To the state of state of scale.

* For counterpoising dishes on scale.

cooking tables.

† For covering food on exhibition.

Baking pan, agate, 16 x 11 inches 1	Strainers, small fine mesh15 Sugar boxes
Bowls, white, $\frac{1}{2}$ pint	24841 2010010
Bowls, white, 1 pint 3	WOODEN WARE.
Colanders, agate, medium 3	
Coffee pots, white, 8 cups 3	Bristle brush, short handle. 1
Custard cups, white36	Butter pats, pairs 2
Dishpans, agate10	Chopping bowls, round, 2
Double boilers, agate, 1	sizes
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Double boilers, agate, 3	Knife box 1
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inches15	Rolling pins
Pie pans, white, 10 inch36	Silver cleaning brush
Rinsing pans, agate10	Step chair
Sauce pots, convex, agate, 1	Tub, small 1
quart 7	-
Sauce pots, convex, agate, 2	Scales.
quart8	Harvard trip scales, with
Sauce pans, lipped, agate, 1	brass weights from 1 gram
pint 3	to 500 grams18
Sauce pans, lipped, agate, 1	Household scales, with
quart7	weights from $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce to 1
Sauce pans, lipped, agate, 2	pound 1
quart	Food scales (spring scales,
Sink strainers, white 6	capacity 1 kilogram) 1
Soap dishes, white	Fairbanks platform scales 1
Spoons, agate, large	
rea ketties, agate, o quart 3	STATIONERY.
TIN, WIRE AND IRON WARE.	Dietary forms.
	Paper squares, 6" x 6" (for
Baking sheets	scale platforms).
Biscuit cutters	Recipe cards.
Bottle racks, 9-bottle	riccipo caras.
Bottle racks, 4-bottle	Stoves.
Bread pans, ½ pound loaf 2 Bread pans, pound loaf 2	
Cake pans, shallow loaf 2	Fireless cooker 1
Cake pans, small layer 3	Gas ranges, 2 ovens each 2
Dust pan 1	School stoves, 2-burner15
Egg whips, flat15	
Flour boxes 15	Miscellaneous.
Flour dredges 3	Bottle brushes 6
Frying basket and kettle 1	Clothes hamper, square wil-
Graters, 5 inch	low 1
Grater, nutmeg 1	Dinner wagon 1
Measuring cups, 4-part30	Holders, asbestos60
Measuring cups, 3-part30	Refrigerator 1
Melon mould, 1 quart 1	Silver baskets, straw 2
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Muffin pans, individual24	Thermometers, double scale 2
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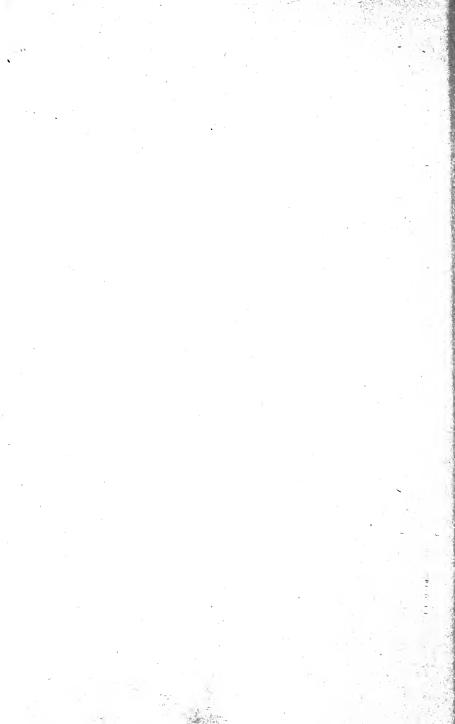
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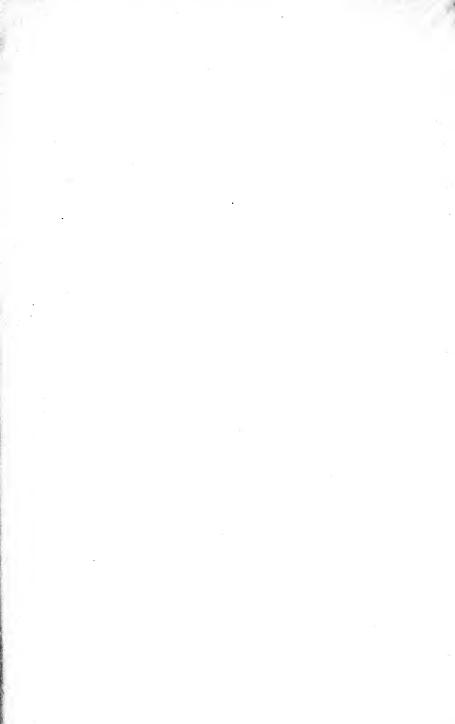
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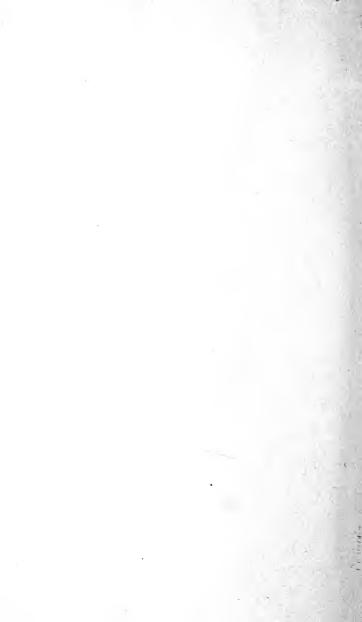
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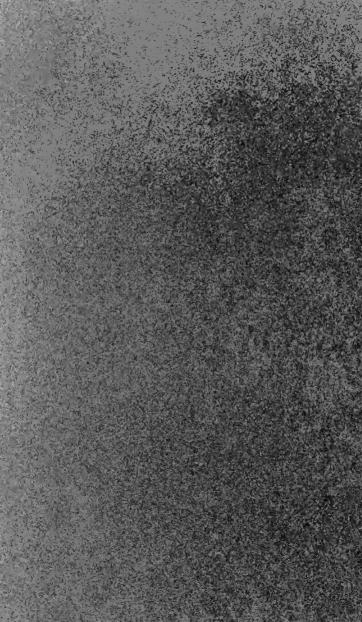
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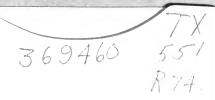


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